



(51) International Patent Classification:
G06F 3/048 (2013.01)

(21) International Application Number:
PCT/US2014/039144

(22) International Filing Date:
22 May 2014 (22.05.2014)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
13/902,560 24 May 2013 (24.05.2013) US

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(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

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(54) Title: USER-BASED INTERACTIVE ELEMENTS FOR CONTENT SHARING

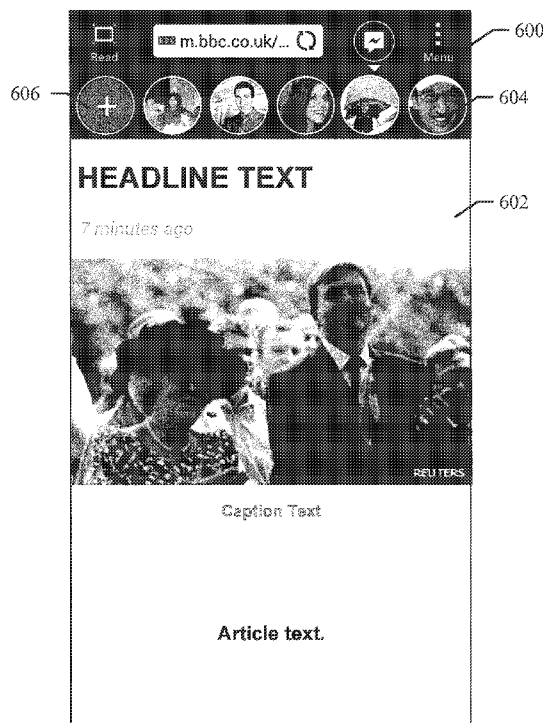


FIG. 6A

(57) Abstract: In one embodiment, a method includes providing for display to a user of a computing device a first user interface of a first application. The device provides for display in connection with the first user interface multiple interactive elements that each correspond to a node of a social graph associated with a social-networking system. The device receives user input selecting one of the interactive elements and in response to the user input provides for presentation to the user a second user interface of a second application for communicating with the node of the social graph corresponding to the selected interactive element. The second user interface provided for presentation is automatically associated with the user, the node of the social graph corresponding to the selected one of the interactive elements, and content associated with the first application.

**Declarations under Rule 4.17:**

— *as to applicant's entitlement to apply for and be granted a patent (Rule 4.17(ii))*

— *before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments (Rule 48.2(h))*

Published:

— *with international search report (Art. 21(3))*

USER-BASED INTERACTIVE ELEMENTS FOR CONTENT SHARING

TECHNICAL FIELD

[1] This disclosure generally relates to a user interface.

BACKGROUND

[2] A user interface (UI), in the industrial design field of human-machine interaction, is the space where interactions between humans and machines occur. The goal of the interactions between a human, often referred to as a “user”, and a machine at the user interface is the user’s control of the machine and its operations (e.g., through user input) and machine feedback (e.g., through program output). A graphical user interface (GUI) is a type of user interface that allows users to interact with software applications executing on electronic or computing devices through multimedia objects (e.g., images, videos, audios, etc.) rather than purely text commands.

SUMMARY OF PARTICULAR EMBODIMENTS

[3] In particular embodiments, a user may interact with a computing device via a user interface of an application running on the computing device. In connection with the user interface, the computing device may display to the user one or more interactive elements. Each of the interactive elements may correspond to a node of a social graph associated with a social-networking system (e.g., a user node or a concept node). The interactive elements displayed to the user may be determined based on a ranking of social graph nodes associated with the user. In particular embodiments, if the user selects an interactive element, the computing device opens a second user interface associated with a second application. As an example, the second user interface may be a messaging application that allows the user to share content associated with the first application with a user associated with the node of the social graph corresponding to the selected interactive element.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[4] FIG. 1 illustrates an example network environment associated with a social-networking system.

[5] FIGS. 2A and 2B illustrate two example mobile electronic devices.

[6] FIG. 3 illustrates an example social graph.

[7] FIG. 4 illustrates an example object hierarchy.

[8] FIG. 5 illustrates an example set of sharing intents.

[9] FIGS. 6A - 6B illustrate example interactive elements and user interfaces.

[10] FIGS. 7A - 7B illustrate example interactive elements and user interfaces.

[11] FIGS. 8A - 8B illustrate example interactive elements and user interfaces.

[12] FIG. 9 illustrates an example computer system.

DESCRIPTION OF EXAMPLE EMBODIMENTS

[13] A user interface (UI) may be incorporated into any type of software application, including, for example, a desktop application, mobile application, or web-based application, to enable users to interact with and control the application. A graphical user interface (GUI) is a type of user interface that enables users to interact with software applications through multi-media objects, including, for example, icons, buttons, menus, images, video, or audios.

[14] In particular embodiments, a software application may be associated with a social-networking system. FIG. 1 illustrates an example network environment 100 associated with a social-networking system. Network environment 100 includes a user 101, a client system 130, a social-networking system 160, and a third-party system 170 connected to each other by a network 110. Although FIG. 1 illustrates a particular arrangement of user 101, client system 130, social-networking system 160, third-party system 170, and network 110, this disclosure contemplates any suitable arrangement of user 101, client system 130, social-networking system 160, third-party system 170, and network 110. As an example and not by way of limitation, two or more of client system 130, social-networking system 160, and third-party system 170 may be connected to each other directly, bypassing network 110. As another example, two or more of client system 130, social-networking system 160, and third-party system 170 may be physically

or logically co-located with each other in whole or in part. Moreover, although FIG. 1 illustrates a particular number of users 101, client systems 130, social-networking systems 160, third-party systems 170, and networks 110, this disclosure contemplates any suitable number of users 101, client systems 130, social-networking systems 160, third-party systems 170, and networks 110. As an example and not by way of limitation, network environment 100 may include multiple users 101, client system 130, social-networking systems 160, third-party systems 170, and networks 110.

[15] In particular embodiments, user 101 may be an individual (human user), an entity (e.g., an enterprise, business, or third-party application), or a group (e.g., of individuals or entities) that interacts or communicates with or over social-networking system 160. In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may be a network-addressable computing system hosting an online social network. Social-networking system 160 may generate, store, receive, and transmit social-networking data, such as, for example, user-profile data, concept-profile data, social-graph information, or other suitable data related to the online social network. Social-networking system 160 may be accessed by the other components of network environment 100 either directly or via network 110. In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may include an authorization server that allows users 101 to opt in or opt out of having their actions logged by social-networking system 160 or shared with other systems (e.g., third-party systems 170), such as, for example, by setting appropriate privacy settings. In particular embodiments, third-party system 170 may be a network-addressable computing system that can host various third-party software applications (e.g., web-based applications). Third-party system 170 may generate, store, receive, and transmit various types of data, such as, for example, texts, images, videos, or audios. Third-party system 170 may be accessed by the other components of network environment 100 either directly or via network 110. In particular embodiments, one or more users 101 may use one or more client systems 130 to access, send data to, and receive data from social-networking system 160 or third-party system 170. Client system 130 may access social-networking system 160 or third-party system 170 directly, via network 110, or via a third-party system. As an example and not by way of limitation, client system 130 may access third-party system 170 via social-networking system 160. Client system 130 may be any suitable computing device, such as, for example, a personal computer, a laptop computer, a cellular telephone, a

smartphone, a television, or a tablet computer.

[16] This disclosure contemplates any suitable network 110. As an example and not by way of limitation, one or more portions of network 110 may include an ad hoc network, an intranet, an extranet, a virtual private network (VPN), a local area network (LAN), a wireless LAN (WLAN), a wide area network (WAN), a wireless WAN (WWAN), a metropolitan area network (MAN), a portion of the Internet, a portion of the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN), a cellular telephone network, or a combination of two or more of these. Network 110 may include one or more networks 110.

[17] Links 150 may connect client system 130, social-networking system 160, and third-party system 170 to communication network 110 or to each other. This disclosure contemplates any suitable links 150. In particular embodiments, one or more links 150 include one or more wireline (such as for example Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) or Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification (DOCSIS)), wireless (such as for example Wi-Fi or Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access (WiMAX)), or optical (such as for example Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) or Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH)) links. In particular embodiments, one or more links 150 each include an ad hoc network, an intranet, an extranet, a VPN, a LAN, a WLAN, a WAN, a WWAN, a MAN, a portion of the Internet, a portion of the PSTN, a cellular technology-based network, a satellite communications technology-based network, another link 150, or a combination of two or more such links 150. Links 150 need not necessarily be the same throughout network environment 100. One or more first links 150 may differ in one or more respects from one or more second links 150.

[18] In particular embodiments, data (e.g., data representing various types of information or content) may be sent between servers associated with social-networking system 160 and individual client systems 130 via network 110. When two electronic devices (e.g., a server and a client) are connected to a network (e.g., a computer or communications network, such as network 110), data may be transmitted between the two devices over the network using one or more suitable network protocols. A network may include any number of sub-networks. By transmitting data between the two devices, the two devices may communicate with each other.

[19] In network communications, there are two ways to send a communication (i.e., data) from one device to another device: push and pull. With push technology, the request for the

communication transaction is initiated by the sending device. That is, the sending device “pushes” the communication, so to speak, to the receiving device. In this case, the sending device may be considered the active party and the receiving device may be considered the passive party in the transaction. In contrast, with pull technology, the request for the communication transaction is initiated by the receiving device. That is, the receiving device “pulls” the communication, so to speak, from the sending device. In this case, the sending device may be considered the passive party and the receiving device may be considered the active party in the transaction. In particular embodiments, a server associated with social-networking system 160 may push data to a client system 130. A communication pushed from a server to a client may be referred to as a “push notification”. Similarly, a client system 130 may push data to a server associated with social-networking system 160.

[20] In particular embodiments, a client system 130 may be a mobile electronic or computing device. A mobile electronic device – such as a Smartphone, tablet computer, or laptop computer – may include functionality for determining its location, direction, or orientation, such as a GPS receiver, compass, or gyroscope. Such a mobile device may also include functionality for wireless communication, such as BLUETOOTH communication, near-field communication (NFC), or infrared (IR) communication or communication with a wireless local area networks (WLANs) or cellular-telephone network. Such a mobile device may also include one or more cameras, scanners, touch screens, microphones, or speakers. Mobile electronic devices may also execute software applications, such as games, web browsers, or social-networking applications. With social-networking applications, users may connect, communicate, and share information with other users in their social networks.

[21] In particular embodiments, a mobile electronic device (e.g., Smartphone or tablet computer) may include a touch screen capable of receiving touch input. FIG. 2A illustrates an example mobile electronic device 210 (e.g., a Smartphone) having a touch screen 215. Touch screen 215 may incorporate one or more touch sensors and a touch-sensor controller for detecting the presence and location of a touch (e.g., from a user’s finger) or the proximity of an object (e.g., a stylus). In particular embodiments, a specific touch detected via touch screen 215 may result in a touch input event.

[22] Different mobile electronic devices may have different designs. As a result, the size, shape, or aspect ratio of the touch screens of different mobile devices may differ. FIG. 2B illustrates another example mobile electronic device 220 (e.g., a tablet computer) having a touch screen 225. Similarly, touch screen 225 may incorporate one or more touch sensors and a touch-sensor controller for detecting the presence and location of a touch (e.g., from a user's finger) or the proximity of an object (e.g., a stylus). A specific touch detected via touch screen 225 may result in a touch input event. However, since mobile electronic devices 210 and 220 are two different types of devices, their respective touch screen 215 and 225 have different sizes and aspect ratios.

[23] There may be various types of touches or gestures, such as single tap, double tap, short press, long press, slide, swipe, flip, pinch open, or pinch close, corresponding to various types of touch input events. Different touch input events may result in different responses and this disclosure contemplates any applicable gesture.

[24] Social-networking system 160 may store various types of data including, for example, user data, application data, or social data. In particular embodiments, such data may be stored in a graph having any number of nodes and edges, where each edge connects two nodes. The graph is often referred to as a "social graph" or "open graph" as it contains, among others, social information.

[25] FIG. 3 illustrates example social graph 300. In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may store one or more social graphs 300 in one or more data stores. In particular embodiments, social graph 300 may include multiple nodes—which may include multiple user nodes 302 or multiple concept nodes 304—and multiple edges 306 connecting the nodes. Example social graph 300 illustrated in FIG. 3 is shown, for didactic purposes, in a two-dimensional visual map representation. In particular embodiments, a social-networking system 160, client system 130, or third-party system 170 may access social graph 300 and related social-graph information for suitable applications. The nodes and edges of social graph 300 may be stored as data objects, for example, in a data store (such as a social-graph database). Such a data store may include one or more searchable or queryable indexes of nodes or edges of social graph 300.

[26] In particular embodiments, a user node 302 may correspond to a user of social-

networking system 160. As an example and not by way of limitation, a user may be an individual (human user), an entity (e.g., an enterprise, business, or third-party application), or a group (e.g., of individuals or entities) that interacts or communicates with or over social-networking system 160. In particular embodiments, when a user registers for an account with social-networking system 160, social-networking system 160 may create a user node 302 corresponding to the user, and store the user node 302 in one or more data stores. Users and user nodes 302 described herein may, where appropriate, refer to registered users and user nodes 302 associated with registered users. In addition or as an alternative, users and user nodes 302 described herein may, where appropriate, refer to users that have not registered with social-networking system 160. In particular embodiments, a user node 302 may be associated with information provided by a user or information gathered by various systems, including social-networking system 160. As an example and not by way of limitation, a user may provide his or her name, profile picture, contact information, birth date, sex, marital status, family status, employment, education background, preferences, interests, or other demographic information. In particular embodiments, a user node 302 may be associated with one or more data objects corresponding to information associated with a user. In particular embodiments, a user node 302 may correspond to one or more web pages.

[27] In particular embodiments, a concept node 304 may correspond to a concept. As an example and not by way of limitation, a concept may correspond to a place (such as, for example, a movie theater, restaurant, landmark, or city); a website (such as, for example, a website associated with social-network system 160 or a third-party website associated with a web-application server); an entity (such as, for example, a person, business, group, sports team, or celebrity); a resource (such as, for example, an audio file, video file, digital photo, text file, structured document, or application) which may be located within social-networking system 160 or on an external server, such as a web-application server; real or intellectual property (such as, for example, a sculpture, painting, movie, game, song, idea, photograph, or written work); a game; an activity; an idea or theory; another suitable concept; or two or more such concepts. A concept node 304 may be associated with information of a concept provided by a user or information gathered by various systems, including social-networking system 160. As an example and not by way of limitation, information of a concept may include a name or a title;

one or more images (e.g., an image of the cover page of a book); a location (e.g., an address or a geographical location); a website (which may be associated with a URL); contact information (e.g., a phone number or an email address); other suitable concept information; or any suitable combination of such information. In particular embodiments, a concept node 304 may be associated with one or more data objects corresponding to information associated with concept node 304. In particular embodiments, a concept node 304 may correspond to one or more web pages.

[28] In particular embodiments, a node in social graph 300 may represent or be represented by a webpage (which may be referred to as a “profile page”). Profile pages may be hosted by or accessible to social-networking system 160. Profile pages may also be hosted on third-party websites associated with a third-party server 170. As an example and not by way of limitation, a profile page corresponding to a particular external webpage may be the particular external webpage and the profile page may correspond to a particular concept node 304. Profile pages may be viewable by all or a selected subset of other users. As an example and not by way of limitation, a user node 302 may have a corresponding user-profile page in which the corresponding user may add content, make declarations, or otherwise express himself or herself. As another example and not by way of limitation, a concept node 304 may have a corresponding concept-profile page in which one or more users may add content, make declarations, or express themselves, particularly in relation to the concept corresponding to concept node 304.

[29] In particular embodiments, a concept node 304 may represent a third-party webpage or resource hosted by a third-party system 170. The third-party webpage or resource may include, among other elements, content, a selectable or other icon, or other inter-actable object (which may be implemented, for example, in JavaScript, AJAX, or PHP codes) representing an action or activity. As an example and not by way of limitation, a third-party webpage may include a selectable icon such as “like,” “check in,” “eat,” “recommend,” or another suitable action or activity. A user viewing the third-party webpage may perform an action by selecting one of the icons (e.g., “eat”), causing a client system 130 to transmit to social-networking system 160 a message indicating the user’s action. In response to the message, social-networking system 160 may create an edge (e.g., an “eat” edge) between a user node 302 corresponding to the user and a concept node 304 corresponding to the third-party webpage or

resource and store edge 306 in one or more data stores.

[30] In particular embodiments, a pair of nodes in social graph 300 may be connected to each other by one or more edges 306. An edge 306 connecting a pair of nodes may represent a relationship between the pair of nodes. In particular embodiments, an edge 306 may include or represent one or more data objects or attributes corresponding to the relationship between a pair of nodes. As an example and not by way of limitation, a first user may indicate that a second user is a “friend” of the first user. In response to this indication, social-networking system 160 may transmit a “friend request” to the second user. If the second user confirms the “friend request,” social-networking system 160 may create an edge 306 connecting the first user’s user node 302 to the second user’s user node 302 in social graph 300 and store edge 306 as social-graph information in one or more of data stores (e.g., data stores associated with social-networking system 160). In the example of FIG. 3, social graph 300 includes an edge 306 indicating a friend relation between user nodes 302 of user “A” and user “B” and an edge indicating a friend relation between user nodes 302 of user “C” and user “B.” Although this disclosure describes or illustrates particular edges 306 with particular attributes connecting particular user nodes 302, this disclosure contemplates any suitable edges 306 with any suitable attributes connecting user nodes 302. As an example and not by way of limitation, an edge 306 may represent a friendship, family relationship, business or employment relationship, fan relationship, follower relationship, visitor relationship, subscriber relationship, superior/subordinate relationship, reciprocal relationship, non-reciprocal relationship, another suitable type of relationship, or two or more such relationships. Moreover, although this disclosure generally describes nodes as being connected, this disclosure also describes users or concepts as being connected. Herein, references to users or concepts being connected may, where appropriate, refer to the nodes corresponding to those users or concepts being connected in social graph 300 by one or more edges 306.

[31] In particular embodiments, an edge 306 between a user node 302 and a concept node 304 may represent a particular action or activity performed by a user associated with user node 302 toward a concept associated with a concept node 304. As an example and not by way of limitation, as illustrated in FIG. 3, a user may “like,” “attended,” “played,” “listened,” “cooked,” “worked at,” or “watched” a concept, each of which may correspond to a edge type or subtype. A concept-profile page corresponding to a concept node 304 may include, for example,

a selectable “check in” icon (such as, for example, a clickable “check in” icon) or a selectable “add to favorites” icon. Similarly, after a user clicks these icons, social-networking system 160 may create a “favorite” edge or a “check in” edge in response to a user’s action corresponding to a respective action. As another example and not by way of limitation, a user (user “C”) may listen to a particular song (“Ramble On”) using a particular application (SPOTIFY, which is an online music application). In this case, social-networking system 160 may create a “listened” edge 306 and a “used” edge (as illustrated in FIG. 3) between user nodes 302 corresponding to the user and concept nodes 304 corresponding to the song and application to indicate that the user listened to the song and used the application. Moreover, social-networking system 160 may create a “played” edge 306 (as illustrated in FIG. 3) between concept nodes 304 corresponding to the song and the application to indicate that the particular song was played by the particular application. In this case, “played” edge 306 corresponds to an action performed by an external application (SPOTIFY) on an external audio file (the song “Imagine”). Although this disclosure describes particular edges 306 with particular attributes connecting user nodes 302 and concept nodes 304, this disclosure contemplates any suitable edges 306 with any suitable attributes connecting user nodes 302 and concept nodes 304. Moreover, although this disclosure describes edges between a user node 302 and a concept node 304 representing a single relationship, this disclosure contemplates edges between a user node 302 and a concept node 304 representing one or more relationships. As an example and not by way of limitation, an edge 306 may represent both that a user likes and has used at a particular concept. Alternatively, another edge 306 may represent each type of relationship (or multiples of a single relationship) between a user node 302 and a concept node 304 (as illustrated in FIG. 3 between user node 302 for user “E” and concept node 304 for “SPOTIFY”).

[32] In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may create an edge 306 between a user node 302 and a concept node 304 in social graph 300. As an example and not by way of limitation, a user viewing a concept-profile page (such as, for example, by using a web browser or a special-purpose application hosted by the user’s client system 130) may indicate that he or she likes the concept represented by the concept node 304 by clicking or selecting a “Like” icon, which may cause the user’s client system 130 to transmit to social-networking system 160 a message indicating the user’s liking of the concept associated with the concept-

profile page. In response to the message, social-networking system 160 may create an edge 306 between user node 302 associated with the user and concept node 304, as illustrated by “like” edge 306 between the user and concept node 304. In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may store an edge 306 in one or more data stores. In particular embodiments, an edge 306 may be automatically formed by social-networking system 160 in response to a particular user action. As an example and not by way of limitation, if a first user uploads a picture, watches a movie, or listens to a song, an edge 306 may be formed between user node 302 corresponding to the first user and concept nodes 304 corresponding to those concepts. Although this disclosure describes forming particular edges 306 in particular manners, this disclosure contemplates forming any suitable edges 306 in any suitable manner.

[33] In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may determine the social-graph affinity (which may be referred to herein as “affinity”) of various social-graph entities for each other. Affinity may represent the strength of a relationship or level of interest between particular objects associated with the online social network, such as users, concepts, content, actions, advertisements, other objects associated with the online social network, or any suitable combination thereof. Affinity may also be determined with respect to objects associated with third-party systems 170 or other suitable systems. An overall affinity for a social-graph entity for each user, subject matter, or type of content may be established. The overall affinity may change based on continued monitoring of the actions or relationships associated with the social-graph entity. Although this disclosure describes determining particular affinities in a particular manner, this disclosure contemplates determining any suitable affinities in any suitable manner.

[34] In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may measure or quantify social-graph affinity using an affinity coefficient (which may be referred to herein as “coefficient”). The coefficient may represent or quantify the strength of a relationship between particular objects associated with the online social network. The coefficient may also represent a probability or function that measures a predicted probability that a user will perform a particular action based on the user’s interest in the action. In this way, a user’s future actions may be predicted based on the user’s prior actions, where the coefficient may be calculated at least in part a the history of the user’s actions. Coefficients may be used to predict any number of

actions, which may be within or outside of the online social network. As an example and not by way of limitation, these actions may include various types of communications, such as sending messages, posting content, or commenting on content; various types of observation actions, such as accessing or viewing profile pages, media, or other suitable content; various types of coincidence information about two or more social-graph entities, such as being in the same group, tagged in the same photograph, checked-in at the same location, or attending the same event; or other suitable actions. Although this disclosure describes measuring affinity in a particular manner, this disclosure contemplates measuring affinity in any suitable manner.

[35] In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may use a variety of factors to calculate a coefficient. These factors may include, for example, user actions, types of relationships between objects, location information, other suitable factors, or any combination thereof. In particular embodiments, different factors may be weighted differently when calculating the coefficient. The weights for each factor may be static or the weights may change according to, for example, the user, the type of relationship, the type of action, the user's location, and so forth. Ratings for the factors may be combined according to their weights to determine an overall coefficient for the user. As an example and not by way of limitation, particular user actions may be assigned both a rating and a weight while a relationship associated with the particular user action is assigned a rating and a correlating weight (e.g., so the weights total 100%). To calculate the coefficient of a user towards a particular object, the rating assigned to the user's actions may comprise, for example, 60% of the overall coefficient, while the relationship between the user and the object may comprise 40% of the overall coefficient. In particular embodiments, the social-networking system 160 may consider a variety of variables when determining weights for various factors used to calculate a coefficient, such as, for example, the time since information was accessed, decay factors, frequency of access, relationship to information or relationship to the object about which information was accessed, relationship to social-graph entities connected to the object, short- or long-term averages of user actions, user feedback, other suitable variables, or any combination thereof. As an example and not by way of limitation, a coefficient may include a decay factor that causes the strength of the signal provided by particular actions to decay with time, such that more recent actions are more relevant when calculating the coefficient. The ratings and weights may be continuously updated

based on continued tracking of the actions upon which the coefficient is based. Any type of process or algorithm may be employed for assigning, combining, averaging, and so forth the ratings for each factor and the weights assigned to the factors. In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may determine coefficients using machine-learning algorithms trained on historical actions and past user responses, or data farmed from users by exposing them to various options and measuring responses. Although this disclosure describes calculating coefficients in a particular manner, this disclosure contemplates calculating coefficients in any suitable manner.

[36] In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may calculate a coefficient based on a user's actions. Social-networking system 160 may monitor such actions on the online social network, on a third-party system 170, on other suitable systems, or any combination thereof. Any suitable type of user actions may be tracked or monitored. Typical user actions include viewing profile pages, creating or posting content, interacting with content, joining groups, listing and confirming attendance at events, checking-in at locations, liking particular pages, creating pages, and performing other tasks that facilitate social action. In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may calculate a coefficient based on the user's actions with particular types of content. The content may be associated with the online social network, a third-party system 170, or another suitable system. The content may include users, profile pages, posts, news stories, headlines, instant messages, chat room conversations, emails, advertisements, pictures, video, music, other suitable objects, or any combination thereof. Social-networking system 160 may analyze a user's actions to determine whether one or more of the actions indicate an affinity for subject matter, content, other users, and so forth. As an example and not by way of limitation, if a user may make frequently posts content related to "coffee" or variants thereof, social-networking system 160 may determine the user has a high coefficient with respect to the concept "coffee". Particular actions or types of actions may be assigned a higher weight and/or rating than other actions, which may affect the overall calculated coefficient. As an example and not by way of limitation, if a first user emails a second user, the weight or the rating for the action may be higher than if the first user simply views the user-profile page for the second user.

[37] In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may calculate a coefficient based on the type of relationship between particular objects. Referencing the social

graph 300, social-networking system 160 may analyze the number and/or type of edges 306 connecting particular user nodes 302 and concept nodes 304 when calculating a coefficient. As an example and not by way of limitation, user nodes 302 that are connected by a spouse-type edge (representing that the two users are married) may be assigned a higher coefficient than a user nodes 302 that are connected by a friend-type edge. In other words, depending upon the weights assigned to the actions and relationships for the particular user, the overall affinity may be determined to be higher for content about the user's spouse than for content about the user's friend. In particular embodiments, the relationships a user has with another object may affect the weights and/or the ratings of the user's actions with respect to calculating the coefficient for that object. As an example and not by way of limitation, if a user is tagged in first photo, but merely likes a second photo, social-networking system 160 may determine that the user has a higher coefficient with respect to the first photo than the second photo because having a tagged-in-type relationship with content may be assigned a higher weight and/or rating than having a like-type relationship with content. In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may calculate a coefficient for a first user based on the relationship one or more second users have with a particular object. In other words, the connections and coefficients other users have with an object may affect the first user's coefficient for the object. As an example and not by way of limitation, if a first user is connected to or has a high coefficient for one or more second users, and those second users are connected to or have a high coefficient for a particular object, social-networking system 160 may determine that the first user should also have a relatively high coefficient for the particular object. In particular embodiments, the coefficient may be based on the degree of separation between particular objects. The lower coefficient may represent the decreasing likelihood that the first user will share an interest in content objects of the user that is indirectly connected to the first user in the social graph 300. As an example and not by way of limitation, social-graph entities that are closer in the social graph 300 (i.e., fewer degrees of separation) may have a higher coefficient than entities that are further apart in the social graph 300.

[38] In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may calculate a coefficient based on location information. Objects that are geographically closer to each other may be considered to be more related or of more interest to each other than more distant objects.

In particular embodiments, the coefficient of a user towards a particular object may be based on the proximity of the object's location to a current location associated with the user (or the location of a client system 130 of the user). A first user may be more interested in other users or concepts that are closer to the first user. As an example and not by way of limitation, if a user is one mile from an airport and two miles from a gas station, social-networking system 160 may determine that the user has a higher coefficient for the airport than the gas station based on the proximity of the airport to the user.

[39] In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may perform particular actions with respect to a user based on coefficient information. Coefficients may be used to predict whether a user will perform a particular action based on the user's interest in the action. A coefficient may be used when generating or presenting any type of objects to a user, such as advertisements, search results, news stories, media, messages, notifications, or other suitable objects. The coefficient may also be utilized to rank and order such objects, as appropriate. In this way, social-networking system 160 may provide information that is relevant to user's interests and current circumstances, increasing the likelihood that they will find such information of interest. In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may generate content based on coefficient information. Content objects may be provided or selected based on coefficients specific to a user. As an example and not by way of limitation, the coefficient may be used to generate media for the user, where the user may be presented with media for which the user has a high overall coefficient with respect to the media object. As another example and not by way of limitation, the coefficient may be used to generate advertisements for the user, where the user may be presented with advertisements for which the user has a high overall coefficient with respect to the advertised object. In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may generate search results based on coefficient information. Search results for a particular user may be scored or ranked based on the coefficient associated with the search results with respect to the querying user. As an example and not by way of limitation, search results corresponding to objects with higher coefficients may be ranked higher on a search-results page than results corresponding to objects having lower coefficients.

[40] In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may calculate a coefficient in response to a request for a coefficient from a particular system or process. To

predict the likely actions a user may take (or may be the subject of) in a given situation, any process may request a calculated coefficient for a user. The request may also include a set of weights to use for various factors used to calculate the coefficient. This request may come from a process running on the online social network, from a third-party system 170 (e.g., via an API or other communication channel), or from another suitable system. In response to the request, social-networking system 160 may calculate the coefficient (or access the coefficient information if it has previously been calculated and stored). In particular embodiments, social-networking system 160 may measure an affinity with respect to a particular process. Different processes (both internal and external to the online social network) may request a coefficient for a particular object or set of objects. Social-networking system 160 may provide a measure of affinity that is relevant to the particular process that requested the measure of affinity. In this way, each process receives a measure of affinity that is tailored for the different context in which the process will use the measure of affinity.

[41] In connection with social-graph affinity and affinity coefficients, particular embodiments may utilize one or more systems, components, elements, functions, methods, operations, or steps disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 11/503093, filed 11 August 2006, U.S. Patent Application No. 12/977027, filed 22 December 2010, U.S. Patent Application No. 12/978265, filed 23 December 2010, and U.S. Patent Application No. 13/632869, filed 01 October 2012, each of which is incorporated by reference.

[42] In particular embodiments, a set of objects may be organized into a hierarchy based on, for example, how the individual objects are related to each other. An object hierarchy may have any number of levels, and at each level, there may be any number of objects. Parent-child or sibling relationships may exist between specific objects in the hierarchy. Within an object hierarchy, a parent object is one level above the level of its child objects. Two sibling objects are at the same level and share the same parent object. In addition, any portion of the hierarchy may also be considered a hierarchy in itself.

[43] FIG. 4 illustrates a portion of an example object hierarchy 400 that includes a number of objects 410. FIG. 4 is in fact a visual representation of an object hierarchy. Each node represents a specific object in the hierarchy, and each edge connecting two nodes represents a parent-child relationship between the two corresponding objects.

[44] In particular embodiments, an object in a hierarchy may or may not have a parent. If an object does not have a parent, it may be referred to as a “root” object (e.g., object 410A). Typically, the root object is positioned at the first or topmost level of the hierarchy. In particular embodiments, an object in a hierarchy may or may not have any children. If an object does not have any children, it may be referred to as a “leaf” or “terminal” object (e.g., object 410B). If an object does have children (e.g., object 410C), it may have any number of children. In addition, objects sharing the same parent may be referred to as each other’s “siblings”. For example, in FIG. 4, object 410C is the parent of objects 410D and 410B. Objects 410D and 410B are the children of object 410C and are siblings to each other. Thus, a hierarchy of objects (e.g., object hierarchy 400) not only includes the individual objects (e.g., objects 410) themselves but also indicates the relationships among the specific objects. Moreover, the position of a specific object within the hierarchy may indicate its relationships with other objects in the hierarchy.

[45] Objects 410 may be of various types, and this disclosure contemplates any applicable object types. For example and without limitation, the term “object” may refer to any type of content, including but not limited to images, videos, captions, text blocks or boxes, user-interface elements, clickable links, newsfeed stories, references to other objects, advertisements, calendar events, units for displaying open graph analysis that may be graphically rendered, applications, websites, web pages, books, chapters. In particular embodiments, given a hierarchy of objects, which may be a portion of another, larger hierarchy of objects, the hierarchical relationships (e.g., parent-child or sibling relationships, positions of the objects within the hierarchy) between specific objects may direct some aspects of how these objects behave in the context of a user interface or how the objects are presented to a user.

[46] As an example, in the context of the desktop of a computing device, the desktop may be a parent object, and sometimes the root object of a hierarchy, whose child objects are the individual software applications available on the desktop. A software application, while itself being one of the child objects of the desktop, is also the parent object of the individual components of that software application. Different software applications may include different components. For example, for a software application that manages digital books (e.g., a book reader application), its components may include the digital books available, the individual chapters of each book, the pages of each chapter, and the texts, images, videos, audios, or other

content or media elements on each page. Each of these also corresponds to an object (e.g., user-interface component) in the hierarchy. More specifically, within the hierarchy, the digital book application may be the parent object of the digital books. A digital book may be the parent object of the individual chapters of that book. A chapter, while itself being one of the child objects of the book, is also the parent object of the pages in that chapter. A page is the parent object of the texts, images, videos, audios, or other content or media elements on that page. A text block, image, video, audio, or other content or media element is one of the child objects of the page to which it belongs. Similarly, for a software application that manages news feeds, its components may include the individual news channels and the news stories within each channel. Each of these may correspond to an object. Within the hierarchy, the news-feed application, while itself being one of the child objects of the desktop, is also the parent object of the news channels. A news channel in turn is the parent object of the news stories included in that channel.

[47] As another example, in the context of the Internet or the World Wide Web, the Internet may be a parent object whose child objects are the individual websites. A website, while itself being one of the child objects of the Internet, is also the parent object of the individual web pages of that website. A web page, while itself being one of the child objects of the website to which it belongs, is the parent object of the texts, images, videos, audios, or links (e.g., Uniform Resource Locators (URLs)) included in the web page. Each text block, image, video, audio, or link may also correspond to a specific object in the hierarchy.

[48] As a third example, a website, such as a social-networking website implemented by social-networking system 160, may also be arranged in a hierarchical structure for navigating the content of the social-networking website. In this context, the social-networking website may be a parent object whose child objects are the components (e.g., photo albums, user profile pages, etc.) of the website. For example, a photo album, while itself being a child object of the social-networking website, may in turn be a parent object, and the individual photos within the album may be the child objects of the photo album. A user's profile page may be structured in such a hierarchical fashion as well. The profile page itself may be considered a parent object, and the individual objects on the profile page may be the child objects of the profile page. In particular embodiments, a profile page may be considered and rendered (e.g., for presentation to a user) as a linear timeline of objects, such as, for example and without limitation, photos, photo

albums, check-ins, comments from other users, attended events, tags, applications the user has added to the profile page, stories, songs the user has listened to, playlists. These various types of objects may all be children of the profile page, or may be further arranged into multiple levels. With some implementations, a user's profile page may include any number of sections, such as the user's education and employment information, the user's public "wall", or the user's social connections. Then the various types of objects above may be divided into specific sections.

[49] In particular embodiments, an object 410 may be a component of a user interface. In this case, object hierarchy 400 may correspond to the user interface, and each object 410 may correspond to a specific component of the user-interface. A user interface may have various types of components, and this disclosure contemplates any applicable user-interface component types. For example, a user-interface component (i.e., an object 410) may be a window, a section, a tab, an image, a video, an audio, a text block, a menu, an icon, a button, a checkbox, a website, a web page, a frame, a clickable link, a message, a post, or an input field. In particular embodiments, an object 410 may be consumed by a user if the user is able to, for example and without limitation, interact with, view, read, listen to, manipulate, or handle the object 410. For example, some user-consumable objects 410 may be texts, images, videos, audios, feeds, executables (e.g., application programs or games), websites, web pages, digital books, photo albums, posts, or messages.

[50] In particular embodiments, when the user interface corresponding to object hierarchy 400 is displayed (e.g., on a client system 130), the structure of the corresponding object hierarchy 400 may reflect the structure of the user interface. The relationships among the individual components in the user interface, as reflected in object hierarchy 400, may influence how these components are organized and presented to users. The user interface may have any number of layers, respectively corresponding to the individual levels of object hierarchy 400. Objects 410 (e.g., user-interface components) at a specific level of object hierarchy 400 are displayed in the corresponding layer of the user interface. With some implementations, the lowest or bottommost layer of the user interface corresponds to the first or topmost level of object hierarchy 400. Thus, root object 410A is displayed in the lowest layer of the user interface. Furthermore, in the user interface, each object 410 (e.g., user-interface component) is displayed in a layer immediately above the layer where its parent, if one exists, is displayed and

immediately below the layer where its children, if any, are displayed. Sibling objects 410 are displayed at the same layer. Thus, the position of a component in the user interface indicates its relationships (e.g., parent-child or sibling) with other components in the user interface.

[51] In particular embodiments, a user-interface component (e.g., an image, a video, a folder, etc.) may be displayed in various display modes. As an example, the user-interface component may be displayed in a “full-screen” mode, where the user-interface component occupies the entire or nearly the entire display area (e.g., the screen of an electronic device). As another example, the user-interface component may be displayed in an “on-page” mode, where the user-interface component is included in another user-interface component and displayed as a part of that other user-interface component (e.g., an image is displayed as a part of a web page). As a third example, the user-interface component may be displayed in an “index” mode, where the user-interface component is a part of a series of user-interface components (e.g., an image is displayed together with other images from the same album, or a chapter of a book is displayed in the table of content of the book together with other chapters from the same book).

[52] In particular embodiments, a hierarchical user interface may be used to present content to a user. Such a user interface may be referred to as a “content feed” or “news feed” user interface. The content may be of any type and format, such as, for example and without limitation, text, icon, image, video, audio, web page, post, or message. This disclosure contemplates any applicable content type and format. In particular embodiments, the individual content items (e.g., text, image, video, audio, web page, post, message, news piece, etc.) may be organized into various categories, referred to as content sections. For example, related content items may be categorized into the same content section. The user interface may include any number of content sections, and each content section may include any number of content items. Hierarchically, a content section may be the parent of the content items belonging to that section. For example, various photos taken during a holiday trip may be organized into the same album, and various photo albums may be organized into the photo section of the user interface.

[53] In particular embodiments, a user may consume or interact with a specific content item. For example, a user may consume or interact with a content item when the user scrolls, opens up, views, listens to, selects, reviews, comments on, clicks on, or taps the content item. This disclosure contemplates any applicable means for a user to consume or interact with a

content item.

[54] As described above, a user may interact with a computing device (e.g., a mobile device, a television, a personal computer, a smartphone, tablet computer, etc.) through an application running on the computing device. The application may be, for example, a news feed application associated with a social-networking website, a game, a web browser, a telephony or text-messaging application, a contacts or address book application, a camera or photo application, or any other suitable type of application. Within an application, a user may access one or more sharing intents, as illustrated in FIG. 5. In the example of FIG. 5, each sharing intent corresponds to an application on the computing device, including FACEBOOK, GMAIL, LINKEDIN, and messaging applications. In particular embodiments, while the user interacts with an application on the computing device, the user may be presented with one or more interactive elements (e.g. on a screen of the computing device such as touch screen 215 or 225). As an example, the interactive elements may be presented to the user in connection with a user interface associated with the application. The interactive elements may, for example, be presented in a persistent manner in connection with the user interface, such that the interactive elements are presented as long as the user interacts with the application (e.g., as long as the application is open or running on the computing device). As yet another example, the interactive elements may be presented to the user independent of any particular application (or associated user interface for a particular application), such that the interactive elements may be presented to the user regardless of which application, if any, the user interacts with. In particular embodiments, the user interface may not be associated with an object hierarchy. In yet other embodiments, the user interface may be associated with an object hierarchy 400, and the interactive elements may, for example, be in the same layer as other objects of the user interface (e.g., in the same level of object hierarchy 400) or in a different layer than other objects of the user interface (e.g., in a different level of object hierarchy 400).

[55] In particular embodiments, an interactive element may correspond to a node of social graph 300 (e.g., a user node 302 or a concept node 304). As an example, an interactive element may correspond to a user of social-networking system 160 (e.g., a friend of the user of the computing device), a group of users of social-networking system 160 (e.g., a group to which the user of the computing device belongs), or an entity (e.g., a business with which the user of

the computing device may be affiliated). The number N of interactive elements displayed to the user in connection with a user interface of an application may depend on the screen size or computing device (e.g., tablet, mobile phone, desktop, television, laptop, etc.), the application, or any other suitable criteria. In particular embodiments, the set of interactive elements displayed to a user may be determined based on a ranking of social graph nodes associated with the user in social graph 300. This ranking may, in particular embodiments, be determined based on a calculated coefficient, as described above. For example, the coefficient of each of the social graph nodes associated with the user may be calculated and the nodes ranked based on these calculated coefficients. The ranking may also, for example, depend on the application in question-- a photo application may have a different ranking of nodes than a browser or messaging application (the ranking based, e.g., in part on the activities of the user or other users of social-networking system 160). The interactive elements corresponding to the top N social graph nodes in a ranking may be displayed to the user. As an example, interactive elements corresponding to the top N (e.g., five) friends of the user may be displayed to the user. Additionally, the arrangement (e.g., location on the screen of the computing device, ordering, etc.) of the interactive elements may depend on the ranking of the social graph nodes corresponding to the interactive elements (e.g., the highest-ranked interactive element being in the top left corner of the screen). An interactive element may, in particular embodiments, not be associated with social graph 300 -- for example, an interactive element may correspond only to the opening of a second user interface (to be described further below).

[56] In particular embodiments, an interactive element may be selected by a user of a computing device. By way of example, user input selecting the interactive element may include clicking on the interactive element (using, e.g., an input/output device such as a mouse or a track pad), tapping the interactive element (using, e.g., a stylus or the user's finger), dragging the interactive element, or any other suitable touch or gesture (e.g. single tap, double tap, short press, long press, slide, swipe, flip, pinch open, or pinch close). Different user inputs may result in selection of the interactive element, and this disclosure contemplates any applicable user input for selection. Additionally, different types of user inputs may be mapped by the computing device to different types of behaviors. For example, the user may select the interactive element by pressing the element on a screen of the computing device. The user may, in particular

embodiments, reposition the interactive element for continued display on the screen by selecting the interactive element (e.g. by pressing it) and dragging it to a desired location on the screen. The user may also select the interactive element by tapping the interactive element, opening a second user interface to be described further below. The user may also open the second user interface by selecting and dragging an interactive element to a particular area of the screen (e.g., an area where a content item is presented). As yet another example, the user may drag and drop a content item from the user interface of the application (e.g., a photo, album, link, open graph edge or node, or any other content, as suitable) to an interactive element, opening the second user interface. In particular embodiments in which a second user interface is opened, when the second user interface is closed or otherwise dismissed by the user, the original user interface for the application may once again be displayed to the user. User input dismissing the interactive element may include any suitable touch or gesture, such as those described above. The user may, for example, provide input to dismiss the interactive element by pressing the interactive element and dragging it “off” (e.g. toward the edge of) the screen of the computing device. If the computing device receives user input to dismiss the interactive element, the interactive element may be removed from display to the user (e.g., removed from the screen display of the computing device). The interactive element, when dismissed, may gradually disappear (e.g., fade out) from the screen of the computing device.

[57] In particular embodiments, the display and function of each of multiple interactive elements are independent. For example, a first interactive element may be selected, dismissed, or otherwise interacted with independent of a second interactive element. In yet other embodiments, the movement or dismissal of one or more interactive elements causes the automatic repositioning of the remaining interactive elements.

[58] In particular embodiments, when the computing device receives user input selecting an interactive element (e.g., by any of the gestures or actions described above), a second user interface is opened by the computing device. The second user interface may, for example, be a contextual menu offering the user various options including sending a message or chat, sharing a content item (e.g., photo, album, link, open graph edge or node, etc.), or viewing a particular user’s profile. As another example, the second user interface may be associated with a messaging or chat application that enables the user of the computing device to interact or

communicate with the user(s) or concept, if any, associated with the node of social graph 300 corresponding to the selected interactive element. For example, the user of the computing device may read or reply to one or more messages received from a second user, create a message or chat to the second user, or share a content item with the second user (who may be represented by the user node corresponding to the selected interactive element). The interactive element may function as a sharing intent for sharing content with the user(s) or concept corresponding to the interactive element. In particular embodiments where the selected interactive element does not correspond to a node of social graph 300, the second user interface may allow the user to interact or communicate with any user or concept in social-networking system 160.

[59] In particular embodiments, the second user interface, when opened, may be automatically associated with information associated with the user of the computing device, the node of the social graph corresponding to the selected interactive element, or content associated with the application/first user interface displayed to the user. As an example, the user of the computing device may browse a website in a browsing application. The user may select an interactive element corresponding to a friend of the user in social-networking system 160. A second user interface corresponding to a messaging application may open, enabling the user to share content with other users. In this example, the second user interface may open with a message automatically including pre-populated information. The pre-populated information may, for example, include a “from” field with identifying information for the user of the computing device. The identifying information may be implicit and may not be displayed to the user of the computing device). The pre-populated information may also include a “to” field including identifying information for the friend of the user corresponding to the selected interactive element. Additionally, the pre-populated information may include content from the browsing application such as, for example, website content. The content may be included in-line in a message or as an attachment, for example. In the example of a second user interface corresponding to a messaging application, the messaging application may allow the user to include further information (such as a typed message), and the messaging application may also display to the user further information (e.g., recent message history with the friend, status of the friend, etc.)

[60] In particular embodiments, the second user interface opened by the computing

device may function independently of an application running on the computing device. As an example, if the user is browsing with a web browser application, an interactive element is displayed to the user, and the user selects the interactive element, the second user interface (e.g., a messaging application) may be opened and may function independent of the web browser application, without causing the web browser application to exit or otherwise alter its activity. In other embodiments, the second user interface may be a part of the same application as the original user interface (e.g., a part of the web browser application with sharing or messaging functionality).

[61] In particular embodiments, while the user interacts with a computing device on which no application is currently open or active, the user may be presented with one or more interactive elements (e.g. on a home screen or lock screen of the computing device) that may be associated with one or more nodes of social graph 300, as described in detail above. The interactive element or elements may be displayed in a persistent manner, and, in particular embodiments, when the computing device receives user input selecting an interactive element (e.g., by any of the gestures or actions described above), a user interface is opened by the computing device, as described in detail above.

[62] FIG. 6A illustrates an example user interface 600 associated with a browser application on a mobile computing device. Although a mobile computing device is shown in the example of FIG. 6A, any suitable computing device may be used including, for example, a personal computer, a television, a laptop computer, etc. Displayed in the user interface is content, including webpage 602. Additionally, displayed in connection with the user interface (in this example, as part of user interface 600) are multiple interactive elements, including interactive element 604, corresponding to a user of social-networking system 160, and interactive element 606, not corresponding to any particular user of social-networking system 160. Here, the interactive elements are displayed in a series and correspond to the top five friends of the user of the computing device within social-networking system 160 (e.g., based on a ranking scheme as described above). FIG. 6B illustrates an example second user interface that is entered (e.g., from the screen in FIG. 6A) when the user of the computing device selects (e.g., by tapping) an interactive element. The second user interface of FIG. 6B is a messaging application that shows the last several messages between the user associated with the selected interactive element

(Vikas) and the device user. The messaging application allows the device user to read prior messages and share content with user Vikas. In the example of FIG. 6B, message 608 is pre-populated with content from webpage 602 from the browser application displayed in the first user interface.

[63] FIG. 7A illustrates an example user interface 700 associated with a camera and photo application on a computing device (here, a mobile computing device). Displayed in the user interface is content, including photo 702. Additionally, displayed in connection with the user interface (in this example, as part of user interface 700) are multiple interactive elements, including interactive element 704, corresponding to a user of social-networking system 160, and interactive element 706, not corresponding to any particular user of social-networking system 160. Here, the interactive elements are displayed in a series and correspond to the top five friends of the user of the computing device within social-networking system 160 (e.g., based on a ranking scheme as described above, which may depend on the application currently open on the computing device). FIG. 7B illustrates an example second user interface that is entered (e.g., from the screen in FIG. 7A) when the user of the computing device selects (e.g., by tapping) an interactive element. The second user interface of FIG. 7B is a messaging application, and message 708 is pre-populated with content including photo 702 from the camera and photo application displayed in the first user interface.

[64] FIG. 8A illustrates an example user interface associated with a messaging application, which may or may not be the same messaging or sharing application that may be presented to the user as part of a second user interface entered after selection of an interactive element. FIG. 8B illustrates an example contact and address book application user interface, with a specific user's contact information being displayed. In this example, user Aaron's information may be displayed as a result of selecting an interactive element corresponding to Aaron in an application.

[65] The interactive element and user interface functionalities may be implemented as computer software and executed on a computer system. FIG. 9 illustrates an example computer system 900. In particular embodiments, one or more computer systems 900 perform one or more steps of one or more methods described or illustrated herein. In particular embodiments, one or more computer systems 900 provide functionality described or illustrated herein. In particular

embodiments, software running on one or more computer systems 900 performs one or more steps of one or more methods described or illustrated herein or provides functionality described or illustrated herein. Particular embodiments include one or more portions of one or more computer systems 900. Herein, reference to a computer system may encompass a computing device, and vice versa, where appropriate. Moreover, reference to a computer system may encompass one or more computer systems, where appropriate.

[66] This disclosure contemplates any suitable number of computer systems 900. This disclosure contemplates computer system 900 taking any suitable physical form. As example and not by way of limitation, computer system 900 may be an embedded computer system, a system-on-chip (SOC), a single-board computer system (SBC) (such as, for example, a computer-on-module (COM) or system-on-module (SOM)), a desktop computer system, a laptop or notebook computer system, an interactive kiosk, a mainframe, a mesh of computer systems, a mobile telephone, a personal digital assistant (PDA), a server, a tablet computer system, or a combination of two or more of these. Where appropriate, computer system 900 may include one or more computer systems 900; be unitary or distributed; span multiple locations; span multiple machines; span multiple data centers; or reside in a cloud, which may include one or more cloud components in one or more networks. Where appropriate, one or more computer systems 900 may perform without substantial spatial or temporal limitation one or more steps of one or more methods described or illustrated herein. As an example and not by way of limitation, one or more computer systems 900 may perform in real time or in batch mode one or more steps of one or more methods described or illustrated herein. One or more computer systems 900 may perform at different times or at different locations one or more steps of one or more methods described or illustrated herein, where appropriate.

[67] In particular embodiments, computer system 900 includes a processor 902, memory 904, storage 906, an input/output (I/O) interface 908, a communication interface 910, and a bus 912. Although this disclosure describes and illustrates a particular computer system having a particular number of particular components in a particular arrangement, this disclosure contemplates any suitable computer system having any suitable number of any suitable components in any suitable arrangement.

[68] In particular embodiments, processor 902 includes hardware for executing

instructions, such as those making up a computer program. As an example and not by way of limitation, to execute instructions, processor 902 may retrieve (or fetch) the instructions from an internal register, an internal cache, memory 904, or storage 906; decode and execute them; and then write one or more results to an internal register, an internal cache, memory 904, or storage 906. In particular embodiments, processor 902 may include one or more internal caches for data, instructions, or addresses. This disclosure contemplates processor 902 including any suitable number of any suitable internal caches, where appropriate. As an example and not by way of limitation, processor 902 may include one or more instruction caches, one or more data caches, and one or more translation lookaside buffers (TLBs). Instructions in the instruction caches may be copies of instructions in memory 904 or storage 906, and the instruction caches may speed up retrieval of those instructions by processor 902. Data in the data caches may be copies of data in memory 904 or storage 906 for instructions executing at processor 902 to operate on; the results of previous instructions executed at processor 902 for access by subsequent instructions executing at processor 902 or for writing to memory 904 or storage 906; or other suitable data. The data caches may speed up read or write operations by processor 902. The TLBs may speed up virtual-address translation for processor 902. In particular embodiments, processor 902 may include one or more internal registers for data, instructions, or addresses. This disclosure contemplates processor 902 including any suitable number of any suitable internal registers, where appropriate. Where appropriate, processor 902 may include one or more arithmetic logic units (ALUs); be a multi-core processor; or include one or more processors 902. Although this disclosure describes and illustrates a particular processor, this disclosure contemplates any suitable processor.

[69] In particular embodiments, memory 904 includes main memory for storing instructions for processor 902 to execute or data for processor 902 to operate on. As an example and not by way of limitation, computer system 900 may load instructions from storage 906 or another source (such as, for example, another computer system 900) to memory 904. Processor 902 may then load the instructions from memory 904 to an internal register or internal cache. To execute the instructions, processor 902 may retrieve the instructions from the internal register or internal cache and decode them. During or after execution of the instructions, processor 902 may write one or more results (which may be intermediate or final results) to the internal register or

internal cache. Processor 902 may then write one or more of those results to memory 904. In particular embodiments, processor 902 executes only instructions in one or more internal registers or internal caches or in memory 904 (as opposed to storage 906 or elsewhere) and operates only on data in one or more internal registers or internal caches or in memory 904 (as opposed to storage 906 or elsewhere). One or more memory buses (which may each include an address bus and a data bus) may couple processor 902 to memory 904. Bus 912 may include one or more memory buses, as described below. In particular embodiments, one or more memory management units (MMUs) reside between processor 902 and memory 904 and facilitate accesses to memory 904 requested by processor 902. In particular embodiments, memory 904 includes random access memory (RAM). This RAM may be volatile memory, where appropriate. Where appropriate, this RAM may be dynamic RAM (DRAM) or static RAM (SRAM). Moreover, where appropriate, this RAM may be single-ported or multi-ported RAM. This disclosure contemplates any suitable RAM. Memory 904 may include one or more memories 904, where appropriate. Although this disclosure describes and illustrates particular memory, this disclosure contemplates any suitable memory.

[70] In particular embodiments, storage 906 includes mass storage for data or instructions. As an example and not by way of limitation, storage 906 may include a hard disk drive (HDD), a floppy disk drive, flash memory, an optical disc, a magneto-optical disc, magnetic tape, or a Universal Serial Bus (USB) drive or a combination of two or more of these. Storage 906 may include removable or non-removable (or fixed) media, where appropriate. Storage 906 may be internal or external to computer system 900, where appropriate. In particular embodiments, storage 906 is non-volatile, solid-state memory. In particular embodiments, storage 906 includes read-only memory (ROM). Where appropriate, this ROM may be mask-programmed ROM, programmable ROM (PROM), erasable PROM (EPROM), electrically erasable PROM (EEPROM), electrically alterable ROM (EAROM), or flash memory or a combination of two or more of these. This disclosure contemplates mass storage 906 taking any suitable physical form. Storage 906 may include one or more storage control units facilitating communication between processor 902 and storage 906, where appropriate. Where appropriate, storage 906 may include one or more storages 906. Although this disclosure describes and illustrates particular storage, this disclosure contemplates any suitable storage.

[71] In particular embodiments, I/O interface 908 includes hardware, software, or both, providing one or more interfaces for communication between computer system 900 and one or more I/O devices. Computer system 900 may include one or more of these I/O devices, where appropriate. One or more of these I/O devices may enable communication between a person and computer system 900. As an example and not by way of limitation, an I/O device may include a keyboard, keypad, microphone, monitor, mouse, printer, scanner, speaker, still camera, stylus, tablet, touch screen, trackball, video camera, another suitable I/O device or a combination of two or more of these. An I/O device may include one or more sensors. This disclosure contemplates any suitable I/O devices and any suitable I/O interfaces 908 for them. Where appropriate, I/O interface 908 may include one or more device or software drivers enabling processor 902 to drive one or more of these I/O devices. I/O interface 908 may include one or more I/O interfaces 908, where appropriate. Although this disclosure describes and illustrates a particular I/O interface, this disclosure contemplates any suitable I/O interface.

[72] In particular embodiments, communication interface 910 includes hardware, software, or both providing one or more interfaces for communication (such as, for example, packet-based communication) between computer system 900 and one or more other computer systems 900 or one or more networks. As an example and not by way of limitation, communication interface 910 may include a network interface controller (NIC) or network adapter for communicating with an Ethernet or other wire-based network or a wireless NIC (WNIC) or wireless adapter for communicating with a wireless network, such as a WI-FI network. This disclosure contemplates any suitable network and any suitable communication interface 910 for it. As an example and not by way of limitation, computer system 900 may communicate with an ad hoc network, a personal area network (PAN), a local area network (LAN), a wide area network (WAN), a metropolitan area network (MAN), or one or more portions of the Internet or a combination of two or more of these. One or more portions of one or more of these networks may be wired or wireless. As an example, computer system 900 may communicate with a wireless PAN (WPAN) (such as, for example, a BLUETOOTH WPAN), a WI-FI network, a WI-MAX network, a cellular telephone network (such as, for example, a Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) network), or other suitable wireless network or a combination of two or more of these. Computer system 900 may include any suitable

communication interface 910 for any of these networks, where appropriate. Communication interface 910 may include one or more communication interfaces 910, where appropriate. Although this disclosure describes and illustrates a particular communication interface, this disclosure contemplates any suitable communication interface.

[73] In particular embodiments, bus 912 includes hardware, software, or both coupling components of computer system 900 to each other. As an example and not by way of limitation, bus 912 may include an Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) or other graphics bus, an Enhanced Industry Standard Architecture (EISA) bus, a front-side bus (FSB), a HYPERTRANSPORT (HT) interconnect, an Industry Standard Architecture (ISA) bus, an INFINIBAND interconnect, a low-pin-count (LPC) bus, a memory bus, a Micro Channel Architecture (MCA) bus, a Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI) bus, a PCI-Express (PCIe) bus, a serial advanced technology attachment (SATA) bus, a Video Electronics Standards Association local (VLB) bus, or another suitable bus or a combination of two or more of these. Bus 912 may include one or more buses 912, where appropriate. Although this disclosure describes and illustrates a particular bus, this disclosure contemplates any suitable bus or interconnect.

[74] Herein, a computer-readable non-transitory storage medium or media may include one or more semiconductor-based or other integrated circuits (ICs) (such, as for example, field-programmable gate arrays (FPGAs) or application-specific ICs (ASICs)), hard disk drives (HDDs), hybrid hard drives (HHDs), optical discs, optical disc drives (ODDs), magneto-optical discs, magneto-optical drives, floppy diskettes, floppy disk drives (FDDs), magnetic tapes, solid-state drives (SSDs), RAM-drives, SECURE DIGITAL cards or drives, any other suitable computer-readable non-transitory storage media, or any suitable combination of two or more of these, where appropriate. A computer-readable non-transitory storage medium may be volatile, non-volatile, or a combination of volatile and non-volatile, where appropriate.

[75] Herein, “or” is inclusive and not exclusive, unless expressly indicated otherwise or indicated otherwise by context. Therefore, herein, “A or B” means “A, B, or both,” unless expressly indicated otherwise or indicated otherwise by context. Moreover, “and” is both joint and several, unless expressly indicated otherwise or indicated otherwise by context. Therefore, herein, “A and B” means “A and B, jointly or severally,” unless expressly indicated otherwise or indicated otherwise by context.

[76] The scope of this disclosure encompasses all changes, substitutions, variations, alterations, and modifications to the example embodiments described or illustrated herein that a person having ordinary skill in the art would comprehend. The scope of this disclosure is not limited to the example embodiments described or illustrated herein. Moreover, although this disclosure describes and illustrates respective embodiments herein as including particular components, elements, functions, operations, or steps, any of these embodiments may include any combination or permutation of any of the components, elements, functions, operations, or steps described or illustrated anywhere herein that a person having ordinary skill in the art would comprehend. Furthermore, reference in the appended claims to an apparatus or system or a component of an apparatus or system being adapted to, arranged to, capable of, configured to, enabled to, operable to, or operative to perform a particular function encompasses that apparatus, system, component, whether or not it or that particular function is activated, turned on, or unlocked, as long as that apparatus, system, or component is so adapted, arranged, capable, configured, enabled, operable, or operative.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method comprising:
 - by a computing device, providing for display to a user a first user interface of a first application;
 - by the computing device, providing for display in connection with the first user interface a plurality of interactive elements that each correspond to a node of a social graph associated with a social-networking system;
 - by the computing device, receiving user input selecting one of the interactive elements; and
 - by the computing device, in response to the user input, providing for presentation to the user of the computing device a second user interface of a second application for communicating with the node of the social graph corresponding to the selected one of the interactive elements, the second user interface when provided for presentation being automatically associated with:
 - the user;
 - the node of the social graph corresponding to the selected one of the interactive elements; and
 - content associated with the first application.
2. The method of Claim 1, wherein an interactive element of the plurality of interactive elements corresponds to a node of the social graph associated with a user of the social-networking system.
3. The method of Claim 1, wherein an interactive element of the plurality of interactive elements corresponds to a node of the social graph associated with a group of users of the social-networking system.
4. The method of Claim 1, wherein providing for display in connection with the first user interface a plurality of interactive elements that each correspond to a node of a social graph associated with a social-networking system comprises:
 - ranking, with respect to the user, one or more nodes of the social graph;

selecting a plurality of nodes of the social graph based at least in part on the ranking; and
providing for display a plurality of interactive elements corresponding to the selected
plurality of nodes.

5. The method of Claim 1, wherein user input selecting one of the interactive elements
comprises:

- tapping;
- pressing;
- sliding; or
- swiping.

6. The method of Claim 1, wherein the user input selecting one of the interactive
elements comprises one or more of the following:

- dragging content associated with the first application to the interactive element; or
- dragging the interactive element to content associated with the first application.

7. The method of Claim 1, wherein the second user interface comprises a contextual
menu.

8. A system comprising:
a computing device comprising one or more processors; and
a memory coupled to the processors comprising instructions executable by the
processors, the processors operable when executing the instructions to:

- provide for display to a user of the computing device a first user interface of a
first application;

- provide for display in connection with the first user interface a plurality of
interactive elements that each correspond to a node of a social graph associated with a
social-networking system;

- receive user input selecting one of the interactive elements; and

- in response to the user input, provide for presentation to the user of the computing

device a second user interface of a second application for communicating with the node of the social graph corresponding to the selected one of the interactive elements, the second user interface when provided for presentation being automatically associated with:

- the user;
- the node of the social graph corresponding to the selected one of the interactive elements; and
- content associated with the first application.

9. The system of Claim 8, wherein an interactive element of the plurality of interactive elements corresponds to a node of the social graph associated with a user of the social-networking system.

10. The system of Claim 8, wherein an interactive element of the plurality of interactive elements corresponds to a node of the social graph associated with a group of users of the social-networking system.

11. The system of Claim 8, wherein the processors are further operable when executing the instructions to:

- rank, with respect to the user, one or more nodes of the social graph;
- select a plurality of nodes of the social graph based at least in part on the ranking; and
- provide for display a plurality of interactive elements corresponding to the selected plurality of nodes.

12. The system of Claim 8, wherein user input selecting one of the interactive elements comprises:

- tapping;
- pressing;
- sliding; or
- swiping.

13. The system of Claim 8, wherein the user input selecting one of the interactive elements comprises one or more of the following:

- dragging content associated with the first application to the interactive element; or
- dragging the interactive element to content associated with the first application.

14. The system of Claim 8, wherein the second user interface comprises a contextual menu.

15. One or more computer-readable non-transitory storage media embodying software that is operable when executed to:

- provide for display to a user of a computing device a first user interface of a first application;

- provide for display in connection with the first user interface a plurality of interactive elements that each correspond to a node of a social graph associated with a social-networking system;

- receive user input selecting one of the interactive elements; and

- in response to the user input, provide for presentation to the user of the computing device a second user interface of a second application for communicating with the node of the social graph corresponding to the selected one of the interactive elements, the second user interface when provided for presentation being automatically associated with:

- the user;

- the node of the social graph corresponding to the selected one of the interactive elements; and

- content associated with the first application.

16. The media of Claim 15, wherein an interactive element of the plurality of interactive elements corresponds to a node of the social graph associated with a user of the social-networking system.

17. The media of Claim 15, wherein an interactive element of the plurality of interactive elements corresponds to a node of the social graph associated with a group of users of the social-networking system.

18. The media of Claim 15, wherein the software is further operable when executed to:
rank, with respect to the user, one or more nodes of the social graph;
select a plurality of nodes of the social graph based at least in part on the ranking; and
provide for display a plurality of interactive elements corresponding to the selected plurality of nodes.

19. The media of Claim 15, wherein user input selecting one of the interactive elements comprises:

- tapping;
- pressing;
- sliding; or
- swiping.

20. The media of Claim 15, wherein the user input selecting one of the interactive elements comprises one or more of the following:

- dragging content associated with the first application to the interactive element; or
- dragging the interactive element to content associated with the first application.

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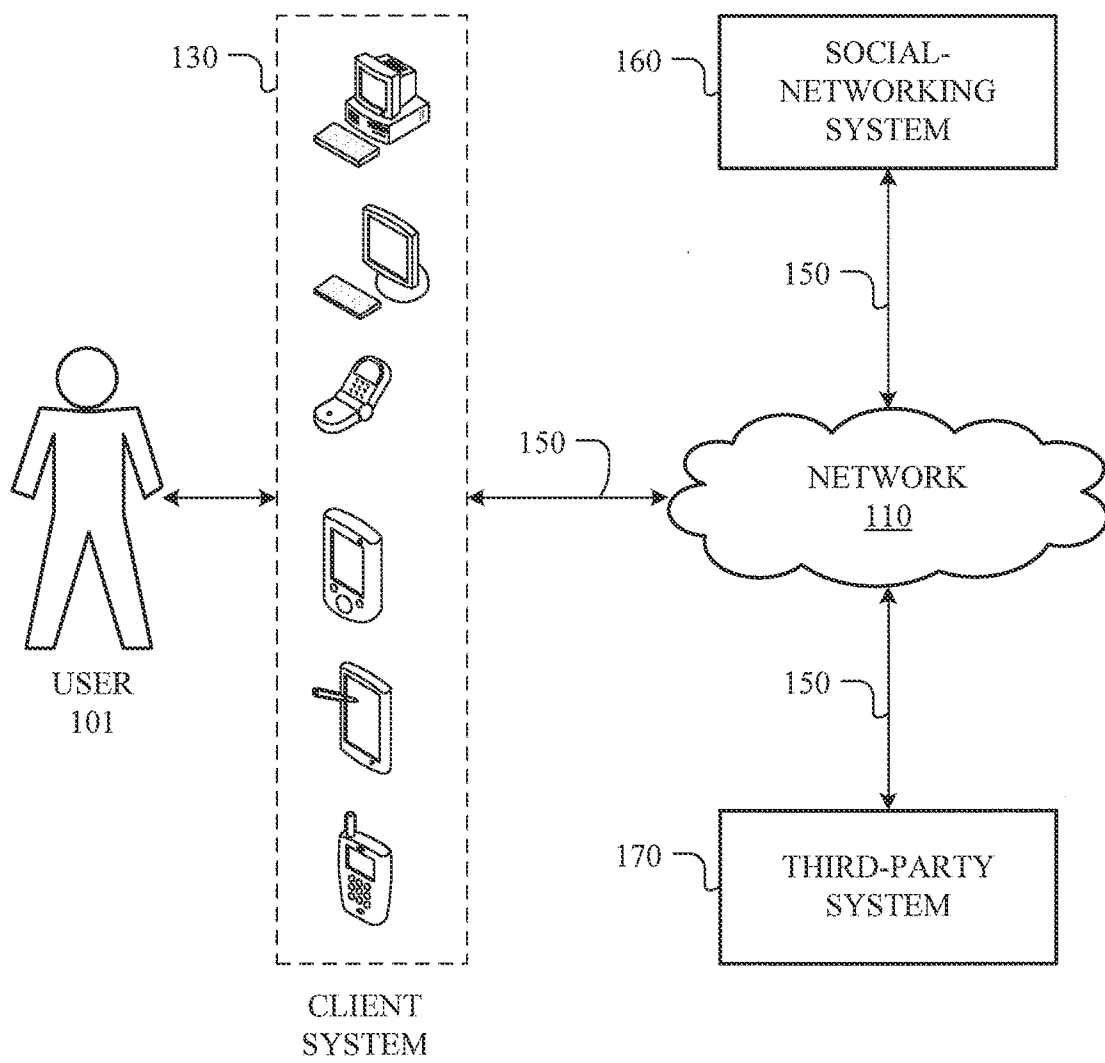


FIG. 1

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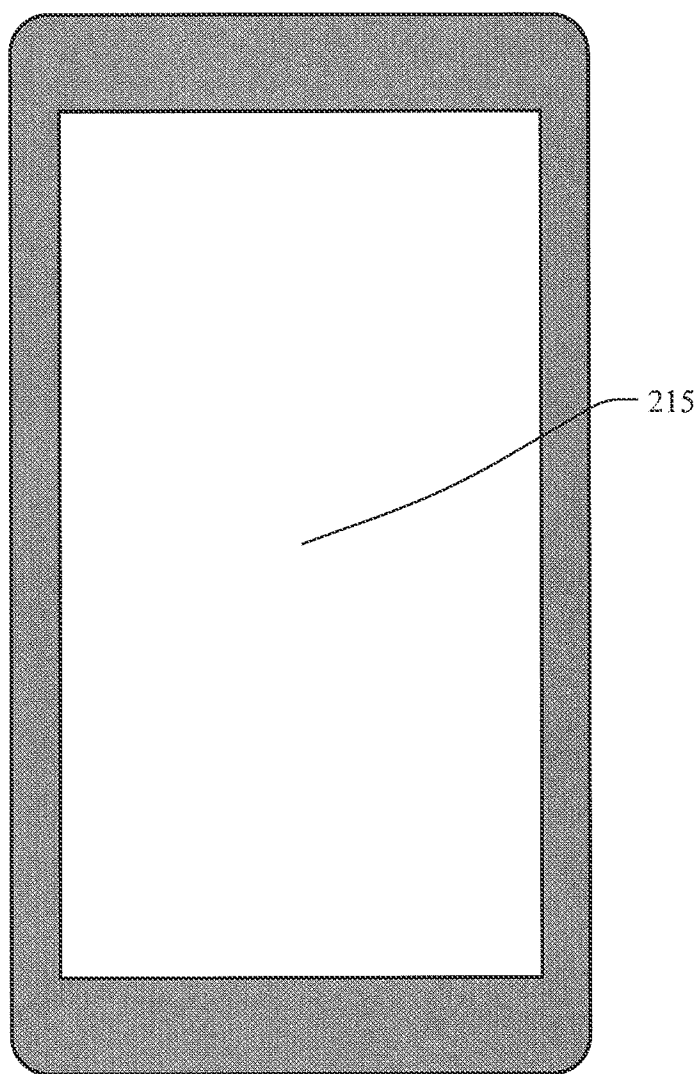
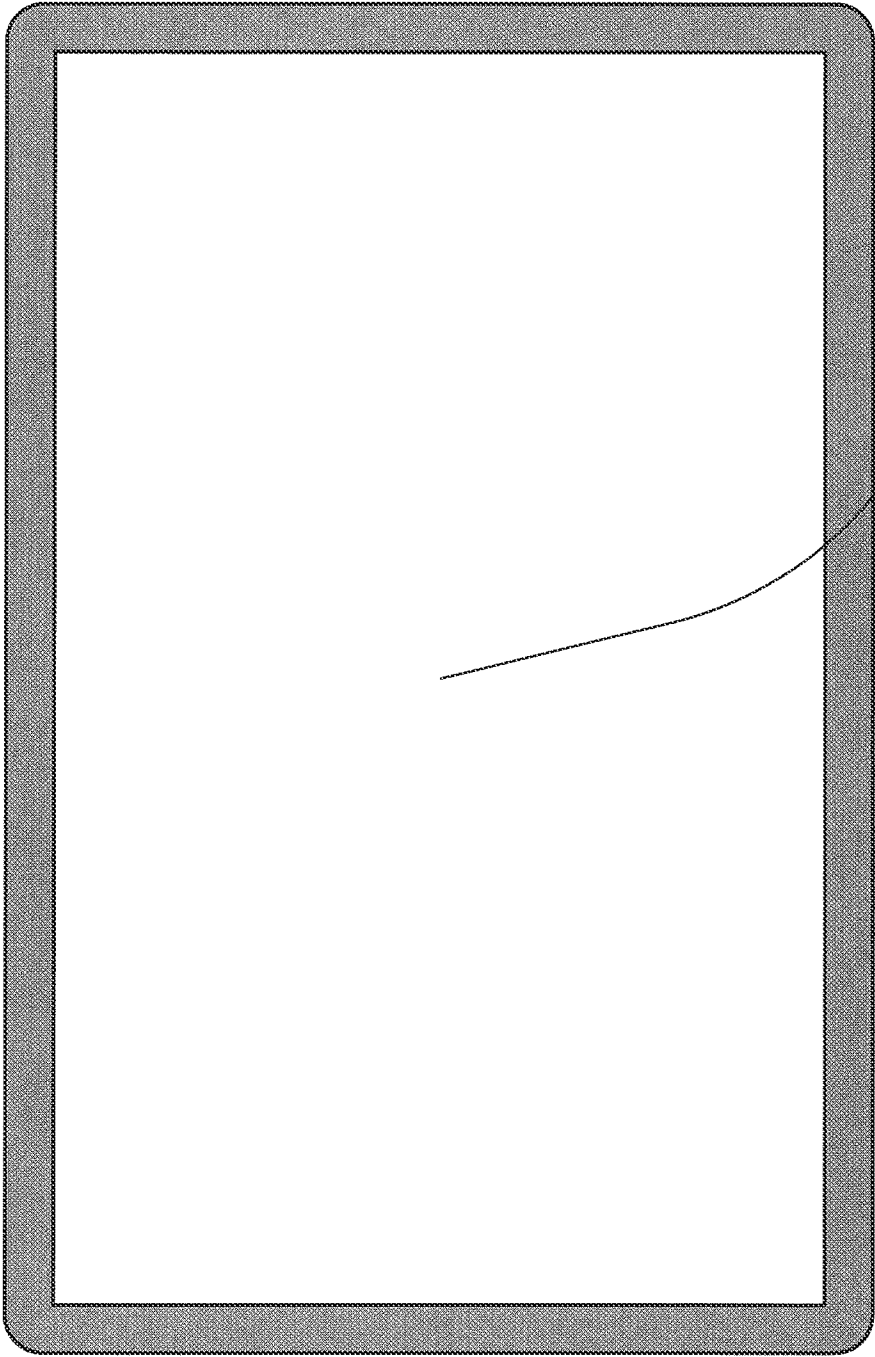


FIG. 2A

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FIG. 2B

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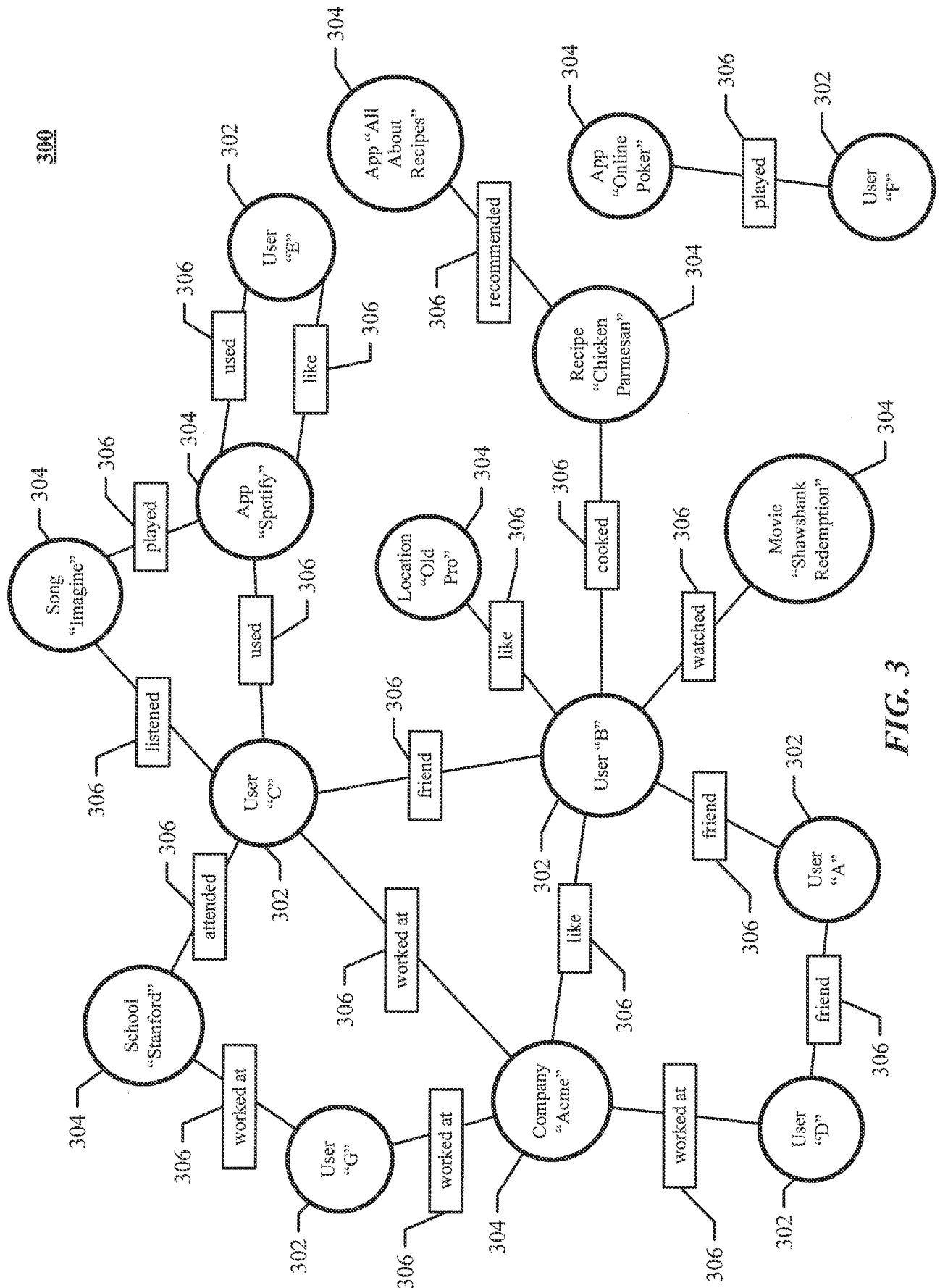


FIG. 3

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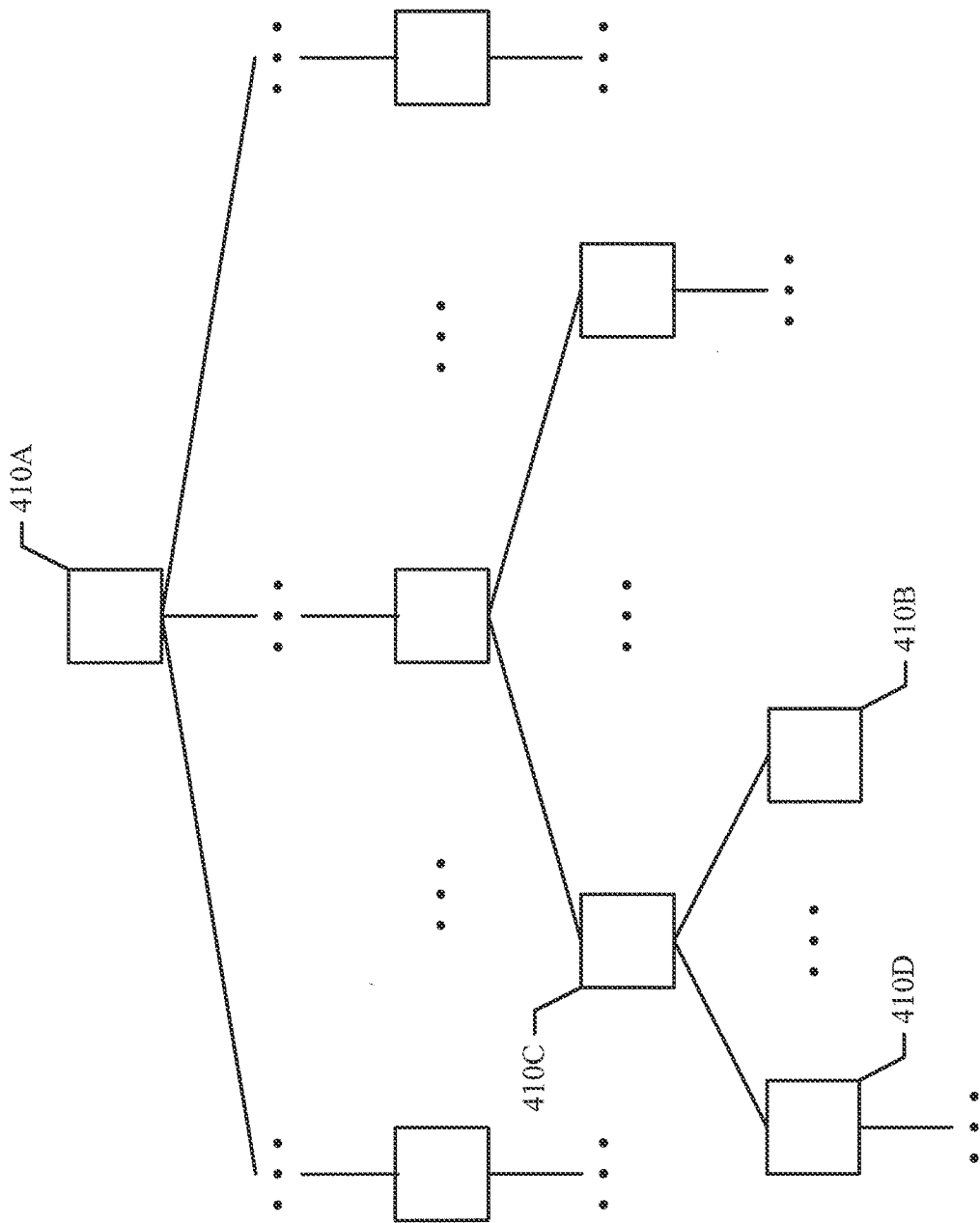
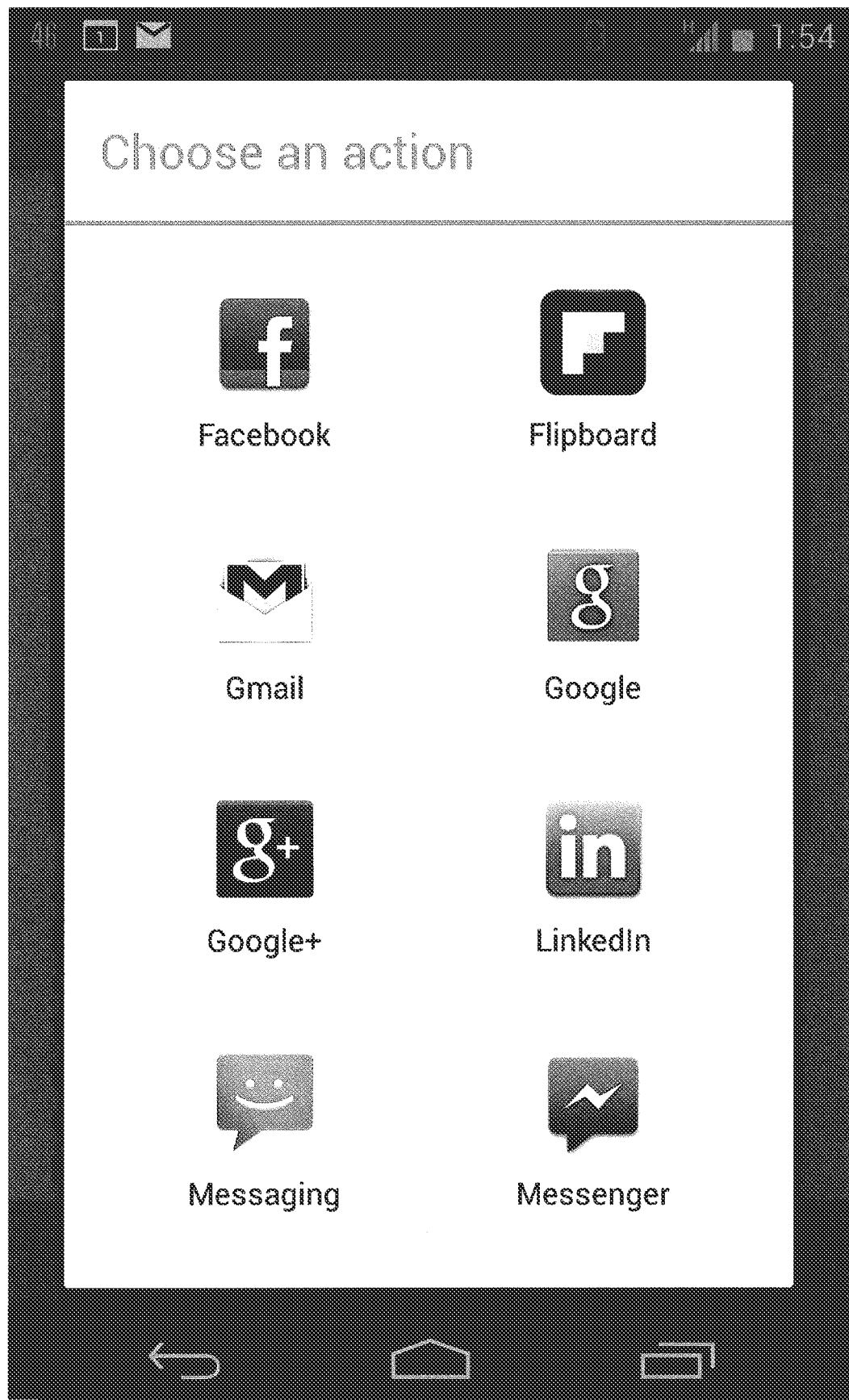


FIG. 4

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**FIG. 5**

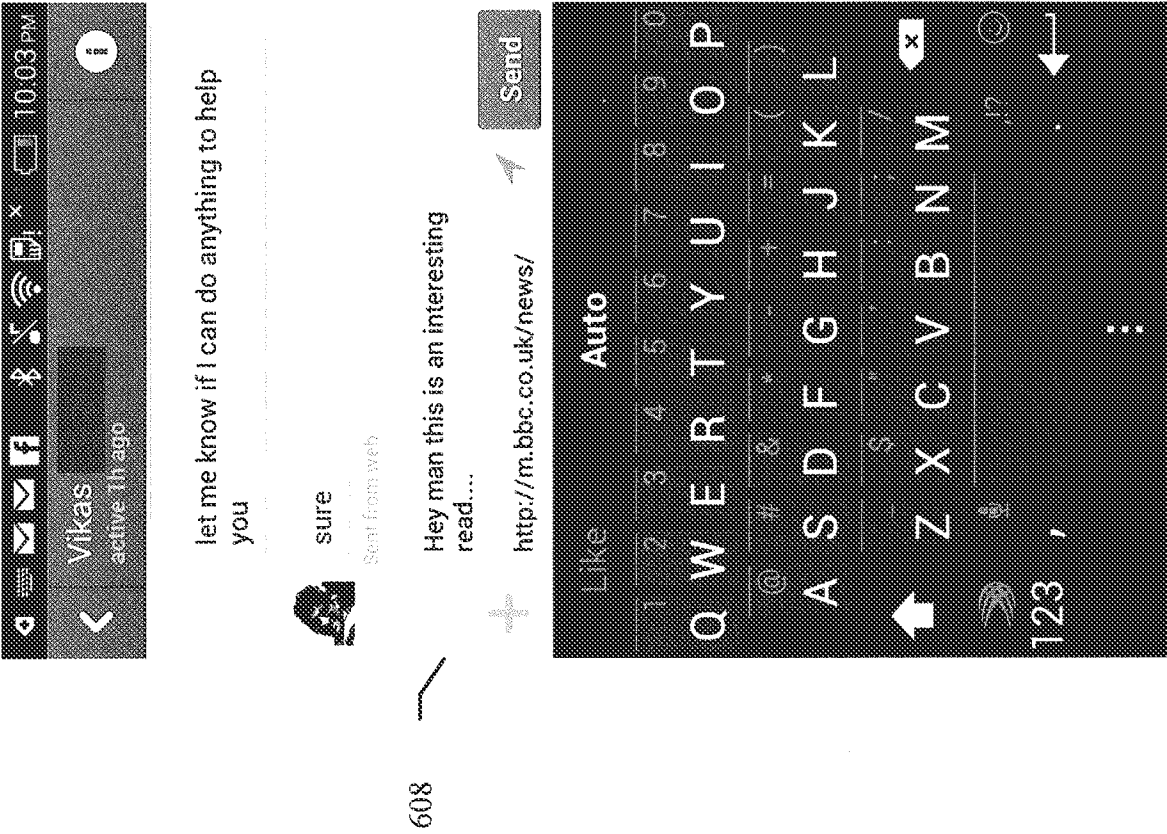


FIG. 6B

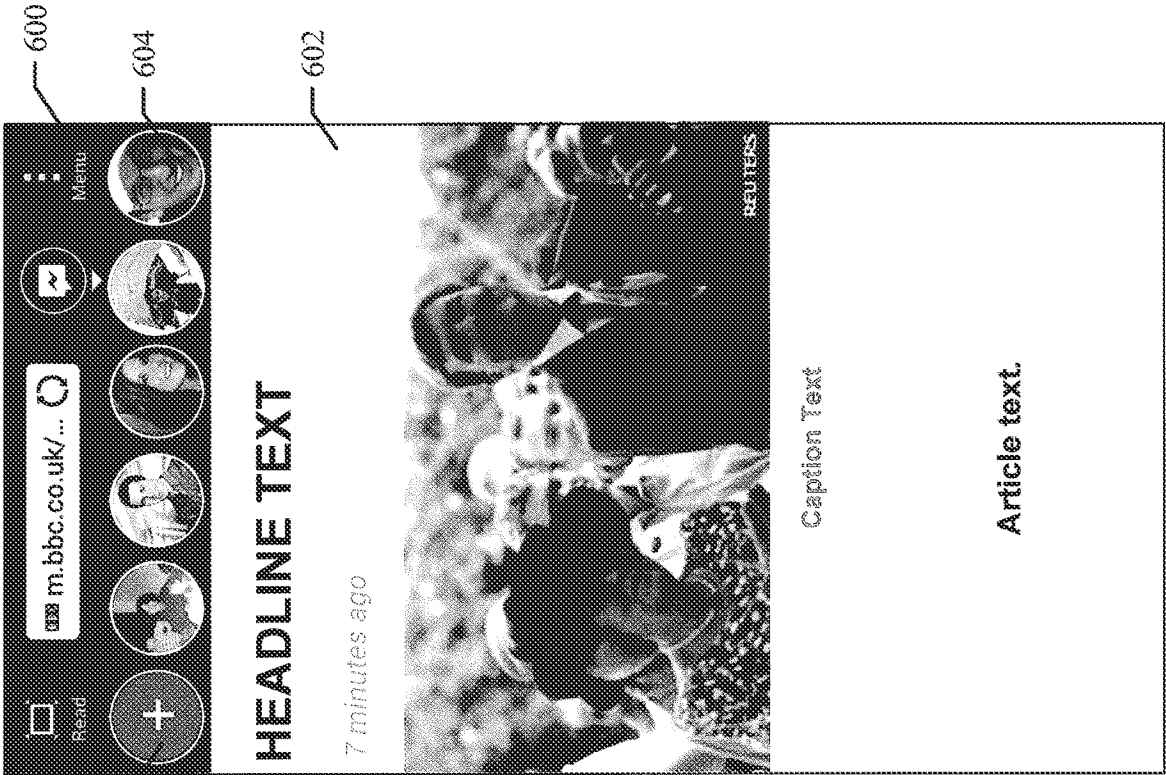


FIG. 6A



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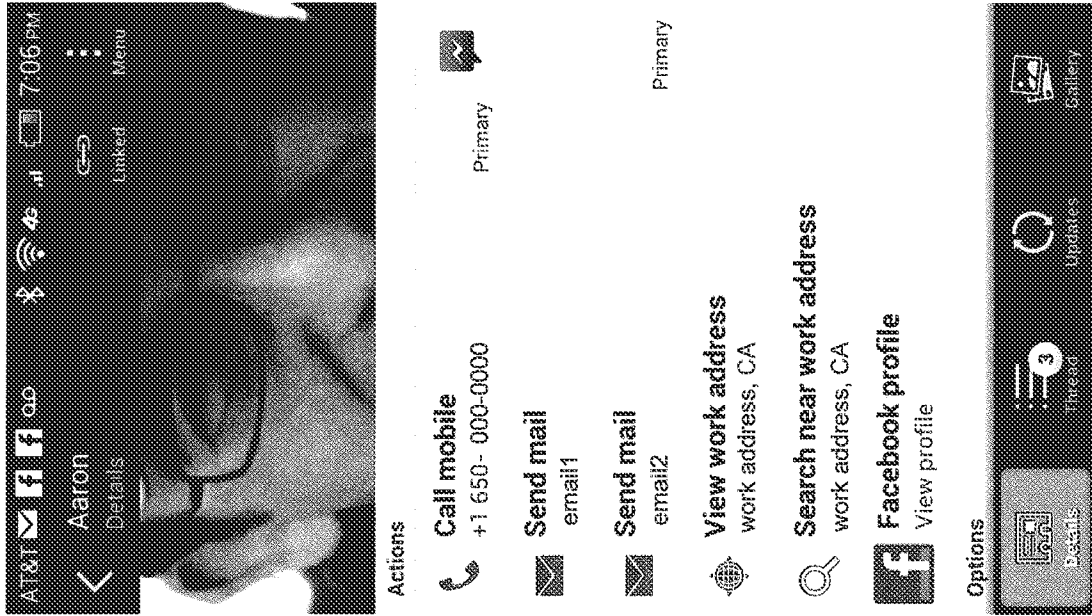


FIG. 8B

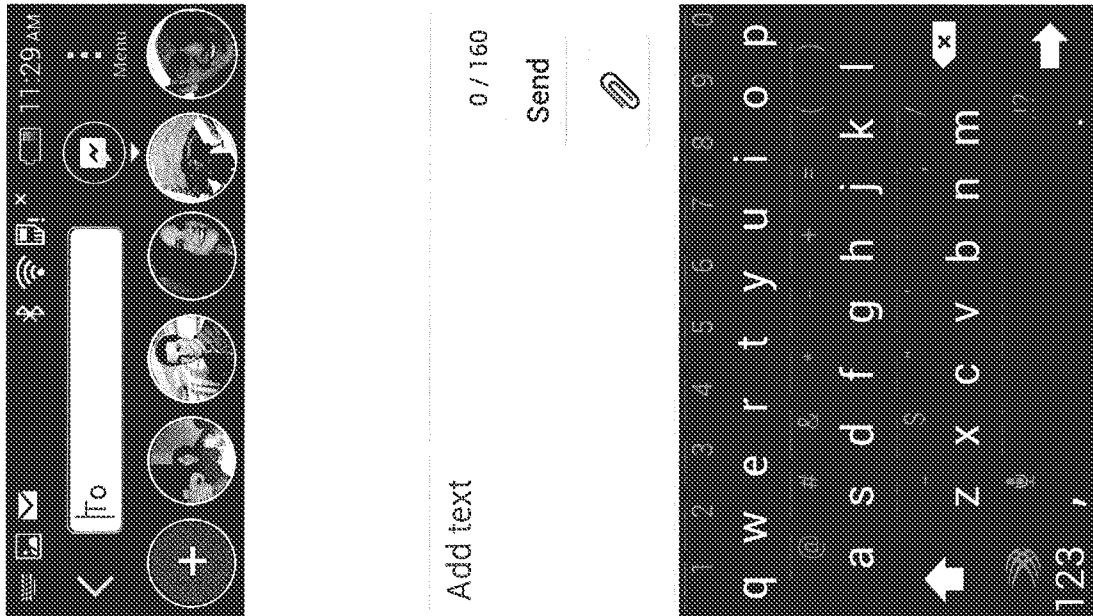
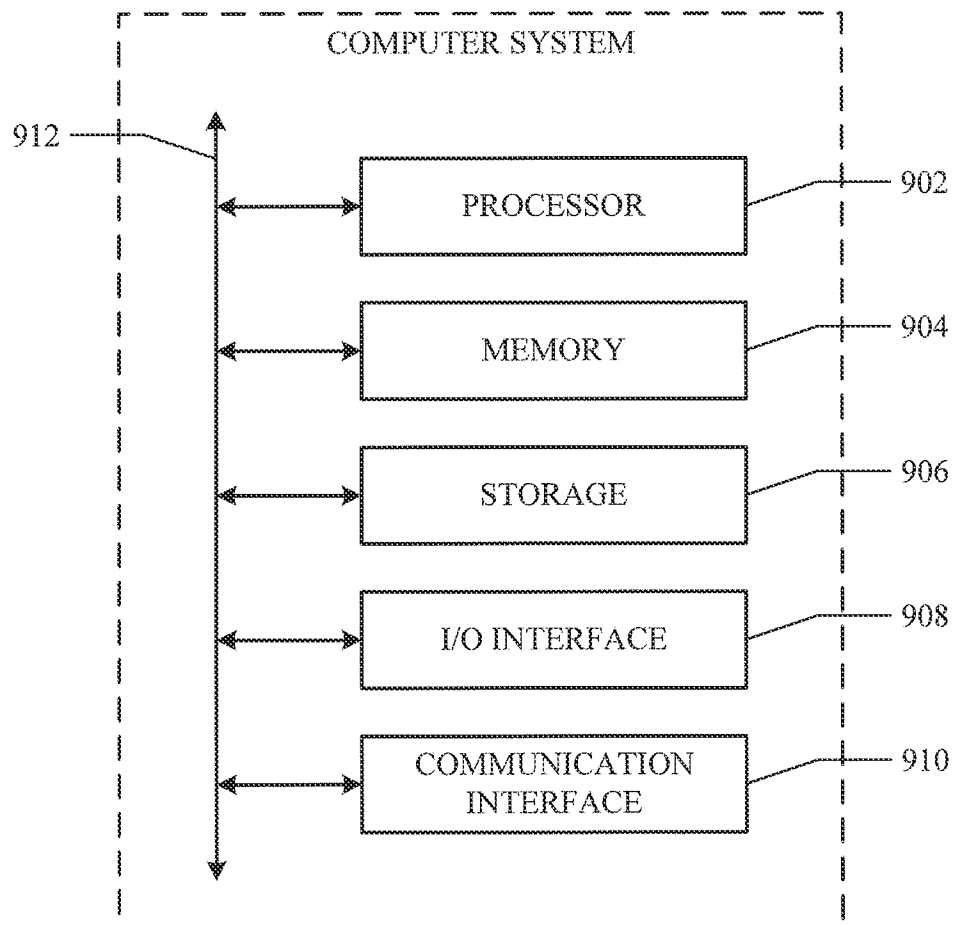


FIG. 8A

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900**FIG. 9**

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US2014/039144**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER****G06F 3/048(2006.01)i**

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

G06F 3/048; G06F 15/16; G06F 17/30; G06F 3/01

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Korean utility models and applications for utility models

Japanese utility models and applications for utility models

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

eKOMPASS(KIPO internal) & Keywords: user, interface, social, graph, content, input

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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Y	US 2013-0097180 A1 (ERICK TSENG) 18 April 2013 See paragraphs [0004], [0059]; and figures 3-4A.	1-20
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A		1-4, 7-11, 14-18
A	US 2013-0073985 A1 (DREW W. HAMLIN et al.) 21 March 2013 See paragraph [0026]; and figure 5A.	1-20
A	US 2013-0036164 A1 (PAUL FRANCOIS CARDUNER et al.) 07 February 2013 See paragraph [0005]; and figure 1.	1-20

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.☒ See patent family annex.

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"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

18 September 2014 (18.09.2014)

Date of mailing of the international search report

19 September 2014 (19.09.2014)

Name and mailing address of the ISA/KR

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