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## (54) FLORAL EASEL

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## ABSTRACT

The presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) relates to an erectable and/or collapsible floral easel for holding a floral object, and more particularly but not by way of limitation, to an erectable or collapsible floral easel for holding a floral object. In one aspect, the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) relates to a floral easel for holding and/or supporting a floral object. In yet another aspect, the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) relates to methods of shipping a floral easel, methods of using a floral easel, methods of storing a floral easel, and methods of placing a floral object on a floral easel.



Fig. 1 A


Fig. 1B






## Fig. 3B




Fig. 4B


Fig. 5A


Fig. 5B


Fig. 6


Fig. 7



Fig. 8B



Fig. 8D


Fig. 9


Fig. 10


Fig. 11A


Fig. 11B


Fig. 11D


Fig. 12A


Fig. 12B



Fig. 12D







Fig. 13A


Fig. 13B


Fig. 13C


Fig. 13D


Fig. 13E


Fig. 14A


Fig. 14B


Fig. 14C


Fig. 14D


Fig. 14E


Fig. 15A


Fig. 15B


Fig. 15C




Fig. 16A


Fig. 16B


Fig. 16C


Fig. 16D



Fig. 16F

## FLORAL EASEL

## CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] The present application is a continuation of U.S. Ser. No. 12/287,170, filed Oct. 7, 2008; which is a continuation of U.S. Ser. No. 12/150,258, filed Apr. 25, 2008; which is a continuation of U.S. Ser. No. 10/973,861, filed Oct. 26, 2004, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,426,813, issued Sep. 23, 2008; which is a divisional of U.S. Ser. No. 10/970,979, filed Oct. 22, 2004; which claims benefit under 35 U.S.C. $119(\mathrm{e})$ of U.S. Provisional Application Ser. No. 60/572,149, filed May 18, 2004. The entire contents of each of the above-referenced patents and patent applications are hereby expressly incorporated by reference herein

## STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

[0002] Not applicable.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] 1. Field of the Invention
[0004] The presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) relates to a floral easel for holding a floral object, and more particularly but not by way of limitation, to an erectable or collapsible floral easel for holding a floral object. In one aspect, the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept (s) relates to a floral easel for holding and/or supporting a floral object. In yet another aspect, the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) relates to methods of shipping a floral easel, methods of using a floral easel, methods of storing a floral easel, and methods of placing a floral object on a floral easel.
[0005] 2. Description of the Related Art
[0006] Easels have previously been used in industries such as, for example, art, photography, music, education, framing and the like to support and display designated items. These non-floral easels are expensive to fabricate and unsuitable for use as a floral easel. In the floral industry, floral easels are usually constructed of wood or non-wood materials, such as, for example, steel. Such floral easels are usually cumbersome and difficult to ship, transport, and store in that they do not have the ability to readily fold into a position that is compact and easily manageable. Typically, for example, at least two legs of current floral easels are in an open, fixed (erected) position making it impossible to fold the floral easel into a compact bundle for transportation. Currently, florists attach floral arrangements to wood or non-wood floral easels by affixing the floral arrangement to the two legs that are in the open, fixed (erect) position and transport the easels with only a third leg being collapsed. After a funeral visitation or service in the funeral home or chapel, the only collapsible leg of the current floral easel is collapsed while the other legs remain in the open and erect position. The easel is then transported to the cemetery where the collapsible leg is again erected, usually with the legs pressed several inches into the soil for anchoring purposes. The display is used again during a grave side service or as a decoration at the grave site after the service. These non-wood floral easels are frequently transported to various ceremonies and discarded after the ceremony. The transportability of current non-wood floral easels is therefore not maximized because of the bulky nature of
these easels, and recyclability of current non-wood floral easels is poor due to the bulky nature of current non-wood floral easels.
[0007] Further, shipping and/or freight costs currently reflect the cumbrous nature of shipping current non-wood floral easels. For example, depending on the freight zone, freight costs may range from $9.26 \%$ to $36.14 \%$ of the total manufacturing costs. This is because current non-wood floral easels are produced in a factory and shipped to a designated location with two of the three legs fixed in the erected position with only one of the legs being collapsible. Shipping these types of floral easels is costly due to the large amount of space the current floral easel requires because of its inability to fully collapse into a bundle. A floral easel that is fully or partially collapsible would dramatically decrease shipping costs; for example, fully or partially collapsible non-wood floral easels may reduce freight costs by up to $75 \%$ when compared to the freight costs of current non-wood floral easels.
[0008] Warehousing space must also be maximized to accommodate storage of such floral easels. For example, when arriving at a distributorship or flower shop, current non-wood floral easels require the manufacturer, distributor or florist to provide an excessive and unnecessary amount of storage space for the easel which is attributed to the inability of the floral easel to fully collapse. Also, the reuse of current non-wood floral easels by florists is poor or even non-existent due to the extreme difficulty of packing and transporting the easels.
[0009] Current wood floral easels are typically bulkier than non-wood floral easels and require more space even when the current wood floral easel is in a partially collapsed or fully collapsed position. Furthermore, wood is a scarce natural resource and alternative materials are more readily available for the construction of floral easels. Current wood floral easels are subject to warping upon continued use, especially when storing. These easels must be stored in a careful manner, avoiding exposure to certain conditions and must be disposed in a flat plane because of a tendency to conform to a non-linear plane. Current wood floral easels are also subject to insect infestation which requires irradiation when importing (or otherwise be subject to recall), and subject to splintering making the current wood floral easel difficult to transport in commerce as well as difficult to use and re-use. The wood of current wood floral easels must also be treated to provide the desired surface conditions (i.e., for sanding or painting) making the material prohibitively expensive when compared to other non-wood materials from which the floral easel could be constructed. Current wood floral easels also require assembly as well as articulation among the legs.
[0010] It is to this end that there is a need in the industry for a fully or partially erectable or collapsible floral easel that overcomes the disadvantages and defects of current floral easels and that is compact, easily transportable, less expensive to ship and store, and is fully reusable. It is to such a floral easel that the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) is directed.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

[0011] FIG. 1A is a perspective view of the erectable or collapsible floral easel constructed in accordance with the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0012] FIG. 1B is a perspective view of the erectable or collapsible floral easel constructed in accordance with the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0013] FIG. 1C is a perspective view of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position having a floral object placed thereon.
[0014] FIG. 2A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0015] FIG. 2B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0016] FIG. 3A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0017] FIG. 3B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0018] FIG. 4A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0019] FIG. 4B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0020] FIG. 5 A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0021] FIG. 5B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0022] FIG. 6A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0023] FIG. 6B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0024] FIG. 7A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0025] FIG. 7B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0026] FIG. 8A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0027] FIG. 8 B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0028] FIG. 8C is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0029] FIG. 8D is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0030] FIG. 9A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the present invention in the open position.
[0031] FIG. 9B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the present invention in the closed position.
[0032] FIG. 10A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0033] FIG. 10B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0034] FIG. 11A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0035] FIG. 11B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the closed position.
[0036] FIG. 11C is a perspective view of the joining member of the embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel as shown in FIGS. 11A-11B.
[0037] FIG. 11D is a perspective view of another embodiment of the erectable or collapsible floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) in the open position.
[0038] FIG. 12A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0039] FIG. 12B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0040] FIG. 12C is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0041] FIG. 12D is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0042] FIG. 12E is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0043] FIG. 12F is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0044] FIG. 12G is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0045] FIG. $\mathbf{1 2 H}$ is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0046] FIG. 121 is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0047] FIG. 13A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0048] FIG. 13B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0049] FIG. 13C is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0050] FIG. 13D is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0051] FIG. 13E is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0052] FIG. 14A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0053] FIG. 14B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0054] FIG. 14C is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0055] FIG. 14D is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0056] FIG. 14E is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0057] FIG. 15A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0058] FIG. 15B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0059] FIG. 15 C is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0060] FIG. 15D is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0061] FIG. 15E is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0062] FIG. 16A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0063] FIG. 16B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0064] FIG. 16C is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0065] FIG. 16D is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0066] FIG. 16E is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0067] FIG. 16F is a perspective view of another embodiment of the floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PRESENTLY DISCLOSED AND CLAIMED INVENTIVE CONCEPT(S)

[0068] It is to be understood that the invention is not limited in its application to the details of construction and the arrangements of the components set forth in the following description or illustrated in the drawings. The invention is capable of other embodiments or of being practiced or carried out in various ways which would be plain to one of ordinary skill in the art given the present specification, drawings and claims appended hereto. Also, it is to be understood that the phraseology and terminology employed herein is for purpose of description and should not be regarded as limiting and the claimed invention should be given its broadest possible meaning consistent with the terms and phrasing used in the claims.
[0069] The presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) is directed to a fully or partially erectable or collapsible floral easel for holding a floral object having at least two leg members, each of the leg members having a first end and a second end, the first end of each of the leg members being associated at a joining assembly, wherein the leg members are moveable from an open position to a second position wherein the leg members occupy a lesser volume of space in the second position and further wherein the at least two legs are self-erecting from the second position to the open position and a splay assembly capable of holding the leg members in the open position. The floral easel of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) may be self-erecting, selfcollapsing, self-erecting and self-collapsing, semi-self-erecting, semi-self-collapsing and/or semi-self-erecting and semi-self-collapsing. Additionally, the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) relates to methods of shipping an erectable or collapsible floral easel, methods of using an erectable or collapsible floral easel, methods of storing an erectable or collapsible floral easel, methods of placing a floral object on an erectable or collapsible easel, and methods of displaying a floral object on or about an erectable or collapsible floral easel.

## Description of FIG. 1

[0070] Referring now to FIGS. 1A and 1B, designated generally by the reference numeral 10 is a floral easel. All of the embodiments of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ described herein may be fully erectable and/or collapsible, semi-erectable and/or semi-collapsible, semi-self-erectable and/or semi-self-collapsible, and combinations thereof. Further, all of the embodiments of the floral easel 10 described herein may be erectable without being collapsible and vice-versa. The term "erectable", "erect", or "open" as used herein means that the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ is deployed fully for use as intended, i.e., the display of a floral object. The term "collapsible", "collapsed", or "closed" as used herein means that the floral easel 10 is positioned such that at least one of the plurality of leg members are capable of being in or are in a fully or partially collapsed position. The term "fully erectable" as used herein means that at least one of the plurality of leg members are capable of being in or are positioned in the open position. The term "partially erectable" or "semi-erectable" as used herein means that one of the plurality of leg members of the floral
easel is in a fully erected position or any number of the plurality of leg members are in a partially erected position. The floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ may be fully or partially collapsible. The term "fully collapsible" as used herein means that at least one of the plurality of leg members are capable of being positioned in the fully collapsed position. The term "partially collapsible" or "semi-collapsible" as used herein means that one of the plurality of leg members is in a fully collapsed position or any number of the plurality of leg members are in a partially collapsed position. Also, in one embodiment, the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ may be reversibly erectable or irreversibly erectable. It should also be understood that the floral easel 10 may only be capable of erecting yet not collapsing, collapsing yet not erecting, and erecting and collapsing.
[0071] The floral easel 10 has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodiment shown in FIGS. 1A-1C, the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ has a first leg member 20, a second leg member 30, and a third leg member $\mathbf{4 0}$. The floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ also includes a splay assembly $\mathbf{1 2}$ for sustaining the floral easel 10 in an open or erected position as shown in FIG. 1A.
[0072] As shown in FIGS. 1A-1C, the first leg member 20 has a first end 60 and a second end 70 . The second leg member 30 has a first end $\mathbf{8 0}$ and a second end 90 . The third leg member $\mathbf{4 0}$ has a first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ and a second end $\mathbf{1 1 0}$. The first end 60 of the first leg member 20 , the first end 80 of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$, and the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ of the third leg member 40 are associated at a joining member 120 . The second end 70 of the first leg member 20 , the second end 90 of the second leg member 30, and the second end $\mathbf{1 1 0}$ of the third leg member 40 are generally in contact with a substrate 45 to thereby support and hold the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ in a position suitable for use as a display for a floral object. The substrate $\mathbf{4 5}$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, tile, carpet, combinations thereof, or any surface capable of supporting floral easel 10 thereon.
[0073] All embodiments of the floral easel 10 described herein could be used with or without anchoring materials known in the art to prevent the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ from moving or tipping. Examples of anchoring materials include, but are not limited to, adhesive, cohesive, spikes (metal or plastic), rubber feet or pads, combinations thereof, or any other materials capable of anchoring the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ to the substrate 45. The anchoring material may be formed integrally or nonintegrally with the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ and may be constructed of the same or different material as the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$.
[0074] In all of the embodiments of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ described herein, the leg members may be constructed of any material such as, for example, steel rod (tubular, flat, or profile shaped) and/or wire (coated or uncoated), aluminum rod (tubular, flat, or profile shaped) and/or wire (coated, anodized or uncoated), stainless steel rod (flat or profile shaped) and/or wire (coated or uncoated), plastic pieces of material having cylindrical, tubular, triangular, square, rectangular, polygonal, or other profile shapes or cross-sections of profile shapes, hollow, tubular or profile shaped materials made of metals or polymers, solid or hollow wood, synthetic or man-made materials, natural materials, or any other suitable material. In a preferred embodiment, at least a portion of at least one of the leg members and/or the joining member 120 is constructed of a substantially flexible material, i.e., at least a portion of at least one of the leg members is capable of bending. The leg members may have any size diameter, width, or profile dimensions and/or any length that is desired and useful for the particular use the floral easel 10 is put. In general, however,
the floral easel 10 will have a height of from about $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ to $300^{\prime \prime}$, more preferably a height from about $10^{\prime \prime}$ to about $60^{\prime \prime}$, and most preferably a height from about $18^{\prime \prime}$ to about $36^{\prime \prime}$.
[0075] At least two of the first leg member 20, the second leg member 30, and the third leg member 40 may be formed as a single piece of material that is integrally connected (shown in FIGS. 1A and 1B as one piece of tubular material forming an arch $\mathbf{1 3 0}$ having a center area 140 ). Alternatively, the first leg member 20 and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$ may be formed of two or more pieces of material. If the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0}$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, the materials may differ or the materials may be the same. For example, if the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0}$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, one of the leg members may be formed of steel and the other may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example, a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member 20, the second leg member 30, and the third leg member 30 may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same material or a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg members may be constructed of aluminum.
[0076] The joining member 120 for connecting and/or receiving the first end of the leg members may be formed of the same material as the leg members or the joining member 120 may be formed of a different material than the leg members. Also, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ may be integrally connected to the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0}$ or formed separately from the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ of the third leg member 40. As shown in FIGS. 1A and 1B, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ is integrally connected to the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ of the third leg member 40 and is crimped around and pivotally connected to the arch $\mathbf{1 3 0}$ formed in the center area $\mathbf{1 4 0}$ thereby integrally joining the first end $\mathbf{6 0}$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0}$ and the first end 70 of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$ to define an apex 150. In an alternative embodiment, the joining member 120 need not be integrally connected to the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ of the third leg member 40, and alternatively, the joining member 120 may be welded, clamped, glued, or any other method of connecting the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ to the first end of each of the leg members. The joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ may also be, for example, a solid block holding device (as shown in FIGS. 11A-11D), or any other device capable of receiving the first ends of the leg members. Also, the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ of the third leg 40 need not be crimped around the arch 130. In an alternative embodiment, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ and the arch $\mathbf{1 3 0}$ are connected using materials that permit the floral easel 10 to erect and/or collapse. Also, the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ of the third leg 40 need not be pivotally connected to the arch $\mathbf{1 3 0}$. In an alternative embodiment, the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ may be flexibly connected to the arch 130 .
[0077] The splay assembly 12 for sustaining the floral easel 10 in the open or erected position has a bracing assembly 160 and a reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$. It should be understood that the splay assembly 12 may be formed separately from the legs or the splay assembly $\mathbf{1 2}$ may be integrally connected to the legs. Alternatively, the bracing assembly 160 may be formed non-integrally from the legs and the reinforcing member 170 may be formed integrally with the legs or vice-versa. The
bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0}$ has a first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0}$ and a second arm 190. The first arm 180 has a first end 200 and a second end 210. The second arm 190 has a first end 220 and a second end 230. The first end $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0}$ is connected to the first leg member 20. The first end $\mathbf{2 2 0}$ of the second arm 190 is connected to the second leg member 30. The second end 210 of the first arm 180 and the second end 230 of the second arm 190 are connected to the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0}$. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 1A-1C, the bracing assembly 160 is constructed of one continuous piece of material. The first end $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0}$ forms a loop $\mathbf{2 3 2}$ around the first leg member 20 and is slidably connected to the first leg member 20, the first end $\mathbf{2 2 0}$ of the second arm 190 forms a loop $\mathbf{2 3 4}$ around the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$ and is slidably connected to the second leg member 30, the second end 210 of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0}$ and second end $\mathbf{2 3 0}$ of the second arm 190 form a contiguous loop 236 around the third leg member 40 and the loop 236 is slidably and pivotally connected to the third leg member 40. It will be appreciated, however, that the first arm 180 and the second arm 190 may be connected to the leg members in any manner as long as the leg members are able to fully collapse.
[0078] The bracing assembly 160 may be a single piece of material, or more than one piece of material. For example, as shown in FIGS. 1A-1C, the bracing assembly 160 is a single piece of material wherein the second end $\mathbf{2 1 0}$ of the first arm 180 and the second end 230 of the second arm 190 form a continuous loop around the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0}$ wherein the looped area is slidably and pivotally connected to the third leg member 40. If the bracing assembly 160 is fabricated using sufficiently flexible and springy material, it need not be slidably or pivotally connected to any or all of the plurality of leg members.
[0079] The bracing assembly 160 may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the bracing assembly 160 may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material allows the bracing assembly 160 to sustain the floral easel 10 in the open or erected position.
[0080] If the third leg 40 is not pivotally connected to at least one of the first leg 20 and the second leg 30, or, if the third leg 40 is pivotally connected to at least one of the first leg 20 and the second leg 30 limiting its travel to positions of full erection, full collapse, or intermediate positions; and, if the first leg 20 and the second leg 30 are connected to limit travel to positions from full erection to full collapse, then at least one of the bracing assembly 160 and reinforcing member 170 can be eliminated from this embodiment of the floral easel 10.
[0081] A stop member 235 may be connected adjacent and underneath the second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0}$ of the bracing assembly 160 to prevent the bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0}$ from sliding down the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$ of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$. The stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5}$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg member or of a different material than the leg member. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 1A, the stop member 235 is a horizontal cross-piece connected adjacent and below the second arm 190 of the bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0}$. However, the stop member 235 may be connected to any of the leg members of the floral easel 10. It should be understood that the stop member 235 is not required; however, for embodiments in which the bracing assembly 160 is slidably or pivotally connected to at least one leg member, the stop member 235 aids in the erection and enhances the stability of the floral easel 10.
[0082] The reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$ has a first end 240 and a second end $\mathbf{2 5 0}$. The first end $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ is connected to the first leg member 20 and the second end 250 is connected to the second leg member 30. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 1, the first end $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ forms a loop $\mathbf{2 5 2}$ around the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0}$ and is slidably connected to the first leg member 20 and the second end 250 forms a loop $\mathbf{2 5 4}$ around the second leg member 30 and is slidably connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$. It will be appreciated, however, that the first end 240 and the second end $\mathbf{2 5 0}$ may be connected in any manner to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0}$ and second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$ of the floral easel 10.
[0083] For example, but not by way of limitation, the reinforcing member 170 may be selected from the group consisting of elastic, a rope, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, a wire, springs, tubing, plastic, profiles, wood, polymer/fiber, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, combinations thereof or any other device which allows the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ to be sustained in the open or erected position. The reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material allows the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$ to sustain the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ in the open or erected position. It will be appreciated, however, that the reinforcing member 170 is not necessary in alternate embodiments where a more flexible floral easel 10 is desirable or acceptable for use.
[0084] A stop member 255 may also be connected to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0}$ of the floral easel 10 and placed adjacent and underneath the first end $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ of the reinforcing member 170 for preventing the reinforcing member 170 from sliding down the first leg member 20 of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$. However, it should be understood that the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5}$ may be placed on either the first leg member 20 or the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$ of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$. The stop member $\mathbf{2 5 5}$ may be constructed of the same material as the designated leg member or of a different material than the designated leg member. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 1A, the stop member $\mathbf{2 5 5}$ is a horizontal cross-piece connected adjacent and below the first end 240 of the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$. However, the stop member $\mathbf{2 5 5}$ may be connected to either the first leg member 20, the second leg member 30, the third leg member 40 or any of the first leg member 20, the second leg member 30, and the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0}$ of the floral easel 10 It should be understood that multiple stop members may be used on the floral easel. It should also be understood that the stop members are not necessary to the erection, collapsibility, or stability of the floral easel 10; however, the stop members may enhance stability and facilitate erection of the floral easel 10. The reinforcing member 170 may also provide at least one location on the floral easel 10 to which floral objects and decorations may be fastened using wire clips, glue or any other fastening means capable of securing floral objects and decorations to the floral easel 10.
[0085] In all of the embodiments of the floral easel described herein, the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ may be employed to hold and/or support a floral object 260 (FIG. 1C) by placing the floral object $\mathbf{2 6 0}$ about the apex $\mathbf{1 5 0}$ of the floral easel 10. The term "floral object" as used herein will be understood to include any floral object which can be placed on a floral easel such as, but not limited to, a floral grouping, a floral decoration, a wreath, hanging potted plants, foam shapes (for example, a cross, words (i.e., mom), a flag), non-floral objects
such as, for example, a photograph, a piece of artwork, a flag or any other object that is capable of being displayed on a floral easel.
[0086] The term "floral grouping" as used herein refers to a single flower, foliage, a botanical item, a propagule, cut flowers, and/or other fresh and/or artificial plants or floral materials, including secondary plants, growing potted plants having a root portion and/or other ornamentation which adds to the aesthetic qualities of the overall floral grouping. The term "floral grouping" as used herein may also refer to a "floral grouping", as defined above, which is disposed within a pot or a flower pot.
[0087] A support member 270 (FIGS. 1A and 1B) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object 260 (or non-floral object), however, any portion of the floral easel 10 may hold or support the floral object $\mathbf{2 6 0}$ or non-floral object, such as, for example, the joining member 120, the bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0}$, the reinforcing member 170 or any other area of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ capable of supporting the floral object $\mathbf{2 6 0}$ or a non-floral object. The support member 270 may be connected to any area of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ such as, for example, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0}$, the leg members, or to the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$. The support member 270 may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object $\mathbf{2 6 0}$. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member $\mathbf{2 7 0}$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object $\mathbf{2 6 0}$. The support member 270, as shown in FIG. 1, is a hook connected to the joining member 120.
[0088] The support member 270 may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member 270 may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object 260.
[0089] All of the embodiments of the floral easel 10 described herein may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0}$ for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0}$ may be selected from the group consisting of elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0}$, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a loop, a hook, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member 280 may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member 280 may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. Alternatively, the retaining member 280 may be eliminated from the floral easel 10 and the plurality of leg members may be retained in the collapsed position by the joining member 120.
[0090] As shown in FIG. 1, the retaining member 280 is connected to the first leg member 20 ; however, for example, the retaining member 280 may be attached to any of the leg members, the bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0}$, the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$, or to any other area of the floral easel 10 that is suitable for connecting the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0}$ or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$.
[0091] To move the floral easel 10 from the open or erected position (shown in FIG. 1A) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 1B), the bracing assembly 160 is rotated about the loop 232 and the loop 234 to cause the loop 236 to slide in an upward direction toward the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ of the third leg member 40 thereby pivoting the third leg member 40 inward toward the area between the first leg member 20 and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$. The reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$ is also moved in an upward direction to cause the loop 254 of the second end 250 of the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$ to slide in an upward manner along the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$. The first end 60 of the first leg member 20 and the first end $\mathbf{8 0}$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$ are compressed together thereby decreasing the angle formed at the arch 130 between the center area 140 of the first leg member 20 and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$. The second end 70 , the second end 90 , and the second end 110 may then be inserted into the retaining member 280 forming the leg members into a bundle 290 (shown in FIG. 1B).
[0092] While methods of collapsing and methods of erecting the floral easel have been described herein, it is to be understood that other methods of collapsing the easels of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) will be evident to a person having ordinary skill in the art and therefore, such additional methods of collapsing and methods of erecting the floral easel are also within the scope of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s).
[0093] It is also to be understood that the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) also encompasses any embodiments described herein or modifications thereof with the skill of a person in the art. For example, any of the embodiments of the floral easel described herein may be self-erecting, self-collapsing, self-erecting and self-collapsing, semi-self-erecting, semi-self-collapsing, or semi-selferecting and semi-self-collapsing. Also, any of the embodiments of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) described herein may be made so that no more than one assembly must be accomplished to maintain the easel in the erect position, semi-erect position, collapsed position, or semi-collapsed position.

## Description of FIG. 2

[0094] Referring now to FIGS. 2A and 2B, designated generally by the reference numeral $10 b$ is a floral easel.
[0095] The floral easel $10 b$ has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodiment shown in FIG. 2, the floral easel $10 b$ has a first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} b$, a second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ and a third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} b$. The floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} b$ also includes a splay assembly $12 b$ that is capable of sustaining the floral easel $10 b$ in an open or erected position as shown in FIG. 2A. [0096] As shown in FIGS. 2A and 2B, the first leg member $20 b$ has a first end $\mathbf{6 0} b$ and a second end $\mathbf{7 0} b$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ has a first end $\mathbf{8 0} b$ and a second end $90 b$, and the third leg member $40 b$ has a first end $100 b$ and a second end $110 b$. The second end $70 b$ of the first leg member $20 b$, the second end $90 b$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$, and the second end $110 b$ of the third leg member $40 b$ are generally in contact with a substrate $45 b$ to thereby support and hold the floral easel $10 b$ in a position suitable for use as a display for a floral object. The substrate $45 b$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel $10 b$ thereon.
[0097] At least two of the first leg member 20 $b$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$, and the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} b$ may be formed
as a single piece of material that is integrally connected (shown in FIGS. 2A and 2B as one piece of tubular material) thereby forming a loop $\mathbf{1 1 2} b$ around a portion of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} b$. Alternatively, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} b$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ may be formed of two or more pieces of material. If the first leg member $20 b$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, the materials may differ or the materials may be the same. For example, if the first leg member $20 b$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, one of the leg members may be formed of steel and the other may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example, a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member $20 b$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$, and the third leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same material or a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg members may be constructed of aluminum.
[0098] The first end $100 b$ of the third leg member $40 b$ has an extended portion $114 b$ extending a distance beyond a juncture $\mathbf{1 1 6} b$ of the first end $\mathbf{6 0} b$ of the first leg member $20 b$ and the first end $\mathbf{8 0} b$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$.
[0099] The splay assembly $\mathbf{1 2} b$ for sustaining the floral easel $10 b$ in the open or erected position has a bracing assembly $160 b$ and a reinforcing member $170 b$. It should be understood that the splay assembly $\mathbf{1 2} b$ may be formed separately from the legs or the splay assembly $12 b$ may be integrally connected to the legs. Alternatively, the bracing assembly $160 b$ may be formed non-integrally from the legs and the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$ may be formed integrally with the legs or vice-versa. The bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0} b$ has a first arm $180 b$ and a second arm $190 b$. The first arm $180 b$ has a first end $200 b$ and a second end $210 b$. The second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0} b$ has a first end $220 b$ and a second end $\mathbf{2 3 0} b$. The first end $\mathbf{2 0 0} b$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} b$ is connected to the first leg member $20 b$. The first end $220 b$ of the second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0} b$ is connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$. The second end $210 b$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} b$ and the second end $230 b$ of the second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0} b$ are connected to the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} b$. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 2A and 2B, the bracing assembly $160 b$ is constructed of one continuous piece of material. The first end $200 b$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} b$ forms a loop $\mathbf{2 3 2} b$ around the first leg member $20 b$ and is slidably connected to the first leg member $20 b$, the first end $\mathbf{2 2 0} b$ of the second arm $190 b$ forms a loop $234 b$ around the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ and is slidably connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$, the second end $\mathbf{2 1 0} b$ of the first arm $180 b$ and second end $230 b$ of the second arm $190 b$ form a contiguous loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} b$ around the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} b$ and the loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} b$ is slidably and pivotally connected to the third leg member 40 b . It will be appreciated, however, that the first arm $180 b$ and the second arm $190 b$ may be connected to the leg members in any manner as long as the leg members are able to collapse.
[0100] The bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0} b$ may be a single piece of material or more than one piece of material. For example, as shown in FIGS. 2A and 2B, the bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0} b$ is a single piece of material wherein the second end $210 b$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} b$ and second end $\mathbf{2 3 0} b$ of the second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0} b$
form a continuous loop around the third leg member $40 b$ wherein the looped area is slidably and pivotally connected to the third leg member 40 b .
[0101] The bracing assembly $160 b$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the bracing assembly $160 b$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material allows the bracing assembly $160 b$ to sustain the floral easel $10 b$ in the open or erected position.
[0102] If the third leg $40 b$ is not pivotally connected to at least one of the first leg $20 b$ and the second leg $\mathbf{3 0} b$, or, if the third leg $40 b$ is pivotally connected to at least one of the first leg $20 b$ and the second leg $\mathbf{3 0} b$ limiting its travel to positions of full erection, full collapse, or intermediate positions, and if the first leg $20 b$ and the second leg $30 b$ are connected to limit travel to positions from full erection to full collapse; then at least one of the bracing assembly $160 b$ and reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$ can be eliminated from this embodiment of the floral easel $10 b$.
[0103] A stop member $235 b$ is connected adjacent and underneath the second arm $190 b$ of the bracing assembly $160 b$ to prevent the bracing assembly $160 b$ from sliding down the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ of the floral easel $10 b$. The stop member $235 b$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or of a different material than the leg members. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 2A, the stop member $235 b$ is a horizontal cross-piece connected adjacent and below the second arm $190 b$ of the bracing assembly $160 b$. However, the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} b$ may be connected to any of the leg members of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} b$. It should be understood that the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} b$ is not required, however, for embodiments in which the bracing assembly $160 b$ is slidably or pivotally connected to at least one leg member, the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} b$ aids in the erection and enhances the stability of the floral easel $10 b$.
[0104] The reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$ has a first end $\mathbf{2 4 0} b$ and a second end $\mathbf{2 5 0} b$. The first end $240 b$ is connected to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} b$ and the second end $\mathbf{2 5 0} b$ is connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 2, the first end $\mathbf{2 4 0} b$ forms a loop $\mathbf{2 5 2} b$ around the first leg member $20 b$ and is slidably connected to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} b$ and the second end $\mathbf{2 5 0} b$ forms a loop $\mathbf{2 5 4} b$ around the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ and is slidably connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$. It will be appreciated, however, that the first end $\mathbf{2 4 0} b$ and the second end $250 b$ may be connected in any manner to the first leg member $20 b$ and second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0 b}$.
[0105] For example, but not by way of limitation, the reinforcing member $170 b$ may be selected from the group consisting of elastic, a rope, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, a wire, combinations thereof or any other device which allows the floral easel $10 b$ to be sustained in the open or erect position. The reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the reinforcing member $170 b$ may be constructed from a different material than the leg members as long as the material allows the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$ to sustain the floral easel $10 b$ in the open or erect position. It will be appreciated, however, that the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$ is not necessary in alternate embodiments where a more flexible floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} b$ is desirable or acceptable for use.
[0106] A stop member $255 b$ may also be connected to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} b$ of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} b$ and placed adjacent and underneath the first end $240 b$ of the reinforcing
member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$ for preventing the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$ from sliding down the first leg member $20 b$ of the floral easel 10 $b$. However, it should be understood that the stop member $\mathbf{2 5 5} b$ may be placed on either the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} b$ or the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$ of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} b$. The stop member $\mathbf{2 5 5} b$ may be constructed of the same material as the designated leg member or of a different material than the designated leg member. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 2 A , the stop member $255 b$ is a horizontal cross-piece connected adjacent and below the first end $240 b$ of the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$. However, the stop member $\mathbf{2 5 5} b$ may be connected to either the first leg member $20 b$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$, the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} b$ or any of the first leg member 20b, the second leg member $30 b$, and the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} b$ of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} b$. It should be understood that multiple stop members may be used on the floral easel. It should also be understood that the stop members are not necessary to the erection, collapsibility, or stability of the floral easel $10 b$; however, the stop members may enhance stability and facilitate erection of the floral easel $10 b$. The reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$ may also provide at least one location on the floral easel $10 b$ to which floral objects and decorations may be fastened using wire clips, glue or any other fastening means capable of securing floral objections and decorations to the floral easel $10 b$.
[0107] A support member 270b (FIGS. 2A and 2B) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object (not shown) (or non-floral object), however, any portion of the floral easel $10 b$ may hold or support the floral object $260 b$ or non-floral object, such as, for example, the bracing assembly $160 b$, the reinforcing member $170 b$ or any other area of the floral easel $10 b$ capable of supporting the floral object $260 b$ or a non-floral object. The support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} b$ may be connected to any area of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} b$ such as, for example, the leg members, or to the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$. The support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} b$ may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object $\mathbf{2 6 0} b$. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member $270 b$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. The support member 270b, as shown in FIG. 2 , is a hook connected to the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} b$ of the third leg member $40 b$.
[0108] The support member $270 b$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member $270 b$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object.
[0109] The floral easel $10 b$ may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} 0$ for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} b$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} b$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $280 b$ may be constructed from a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member $280 b$ may be selected from the group consisting of elastic, a
clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a loop, a hook, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} b$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} b$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position.
[0110] As shown in FIG. 2, the retaining member $280 b$ is connected to the first leg member 20 $b$, however, for example, the retaining member $280 b$ may be attached to any of the leg members, the bracing assembly $160 b$, the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$, or to any other area of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} b$ that is suitable for connecting the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} b$ or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0 b}$.
[0111] To move the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} b$ from the open or erect position (shown in FIG. 2A) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 2B), the bracing assembly $160 b$ is rotated about the loop $232 b$ and the loop $\mathbf{2 3 4} b$ to cause the loop $236 b$ to slide in an upward direction through the loop $\mathbf{1 1 2} b$ toward the first end $100 b$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} b$ thereby pivoting the third leg member $40 b$ inward toward the area between the first leg member $20 b$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$. The reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} b$ is also moved in an upward direction to cause the loop $\mathbf{2 5 4} b$ of the second end $250 b$ of the reinforcing member $170 b$ to slide in an upward manner along the first end $100 b$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} b$. The second end $\mathbf{7 0} b$, the second end $\mathbf{9 0} b$, and the second end $\mathbf{1 1 0} b$ may then be inserted into the retaining member $280 b$ forming the leg members into a bundle $290 b$ (shown in FIG. 2B).

## Description of FIG. 3

[0112] Referring now to FIGS. 3A and 3B, designated generally by the reference numeral $\mathbf{1 0} c$ is a floral easel. The floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} c$ has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodiment shown in FIG. 3, the floral easel $10 c$ has a first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$, a second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$, and a third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} c$. The floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} c$ also includes a bracing assembly $50 c$ for sustaining the floral easel 10 in an open or erected position shown in FIG. 3A.
[0113] As shown in FIGS. 3A and 3B, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ has a first end $\mathbf{6 0} c$, a second end $\mathbf{7 0} c$, a first side $72 c$ and a second side $74 c$. The second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$ has a first end $\mathbf{8 0} c$, a second end $\mathbf{9 0} c$, a first side $\mathbf{9 2} c$ and a second side $94 c$. The third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} c$ has a first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} c$ and a second end $\mathbf{1 1 0} c$. The first end $\mathbf{6 0} c$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$, the first end $\mathbf{8 0} c$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$, and the first end $100 c$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} c$ may be integrally connected at a joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} c$. The second side $\mathbf{7 4} c$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$, the second side $\mathbf{9 4} c$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$, and the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} c$ are generally in contact with a substrate $45 c$ to thereby support and hold the floral easel $10 c$. The substrate $\mathbf{4 5} c$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel $10 c$ thereon. The third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} c$ extends a distance $125 c$ perpendicular to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$.
[0114] At least two of the first leg member $20 c$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$, and the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} c$ may be formed as a single piece of material that is integrally connected (shown in FIGS. 3A and 3B as one piece of tubular material
forming an arch $130 c$ having a center area $\mathbf{1 4 0} c$ ). Alternatively, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the second leg member $30 c$ may be formed of two or more pieces of material. If the first leg member $20 c$ and the second leg member 30c are formed of two or more pieces of material, the materials may differ or the materials may be the same. For example, if the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, one of the leg members may be formed of steel and the other may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example, a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$ may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same materials or a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg members may be constructed of aluminum.
[0115] The joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} c$ for connecting and/or receiving the first end of the leg members may be formed of the same material as the leg members or the joining member $120 c$ may be formed of a different material than the leg members. Also, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} c$ may be integrally connected to the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} c$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} c$ or formed separately from the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} c$ of the third leg member $40 c$. As shown in FIGS. 3A and 3B, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} c$ is integrally connected to the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} c$ of the third leg member $40 c$ and is looped around and pivotally connected to the arch $\mathbf{1 3 0} c$ formed in the center area $\mathbf{1 4 0} c$ thereby integrally joining the first end $\mathbf{6 0} c$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the first end $\mathbf{7 0} c$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$ to define a juncture $150 c$. However, the joining member 120 c may be for example, a solid block holding device, or any other device capable of receiving the first ends of the leg members.
[0116] The bracing assembly $\mathbf{5 0} c$ has a first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} c$ and a second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0} c$. The first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} c$ has a first end $\mathbf{2 0 0} c$ and a second end $\mathbf{2 1 0} c$. The second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0} c$ has a first end $\mathbf{2 2 0} c$ and a second end $\mathbf{2 3 0} c$. The first end $\mathbf{2 0 0} c$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} c$ is connected to the first leg member 20 $c$. The first end $\mathbf{2 2 0} c$ of the second arm $190 c$ is connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$. The second end $210 c$ of the first arm $180 c$ and the second end $\mathbf{2 3 0} c$ of the second arm $190 c$ are connected to the third leg member $40 c$. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 3A and 3B, the bracing assembly $\mathbf{5 0} c$ is constructed of one continuous piece of material. The first end $\mathbf{2 0 0} c$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} c$ forms a loop 232 $c$ around the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and is slidably connected to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$, the first end $\mathbf{2 2 0} c$ of the second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0} c$ forms a loop 234 $c$ around the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$ and is slidably connected to the second leg member 30 $c$, the second end $\mathbf{2 1 0} c$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} c$ and second end $\mathbf{2 3 0} c$ of the second arm $190 c$ form a contiguous loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} c$ around the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} c$ and the loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} c$ is slidably and pivotally connected to the third leg member $40 c$. It will be appreciated, however, that the first arm $180 c$ and the second arm $190 c$ may be connected to the leg members in any manner as long as the leg members are able to fully collapse.
[0117] The bracing assembly $\mathbf{5 0} c$ may be a single piece of material or more than one piece of material. For example, as shown in FIGS. 3A and 3B, the bracing assembly 50 c is a single piece of material wherein the second end $\mathbf{2 1 0} c$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} c$ and the second end $\mathbf{2 3 0} c$ of the second arm
$190 c$ form a continuous loop around the third leg member $40 c$ wherein the looped area is slidably and pivotally connected to the third leg member $40 c$.
[0118] The bracing assembly $50 c$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the bracing assembly $50 c$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material allows the bracing assembly $50 c$ to sustain the floral easel $10 c$ in the open or erected position. [0119] If the third leg member $40 c$ is not pivotally connected to at least one of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$ or, if the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} c$ is pivotally connected to at least one of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$ limiting its travel to positions of full erection, full collapse, or intermediate positions and, if the first leg $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the second leg $\mathbf{2 0} c$ are connected to limit travel to positions from full erection to full collapse; then the bracing assembly $50 c$ can be eliminated from this embodiment of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} \mathrm{c}$.
[0120] A stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} \mathrm{c}$ may be connected adjacent and underneath the second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0} c$ of the bracing assembly $50 c$ to prevent the bracing assembly $160 c$ from sliding down the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$ of the floral easel $10 c$. The stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} c$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg member or of a different material than the leg member. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 3A, the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} c$ is a horizontal cross-piece connected adjacent and below the second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0} c$ of the bracing assembly $\mathbf{5 0} c$. However, the stop member 235 c may be connected to any of the leg members of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} c$. It should be understood that the stop member $235 c$ is not required, however, for embodiments in which the bracing assembly $\mathbf{5 0} c$ is slidably or pivotally connected to at least one leg member, the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} c$ aids in the erection and enhances the stability of the floral easel $10 c$.
[0121] The floral easel $10 c$ may be employed to hold and/or support a floral object (not shown) by placing the floral object about the second end $110 c$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} c$ of the floral easel $10 c$.
[0122] A support member 270c (FIGS. 3A and 3B) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object or non-floral object. The support member $270 c$ may be connected to any area of the floral easel $10 c$ such as, for example, the bracing assembly $50 c$, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$, the second leg member $30 c$, the third leg member $40 c$, or any other area capable of having the support member $270 c$ attached thereto. The support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} \mathrm{c}$ may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object or non-floral object. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} c$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. The support member $\mathbf{2 7 0}$ c, as shown in FIG. 3, is a hook connected to the second end $\mathbf{1 1 0} c$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} c$.
[0123] The support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} c$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} c$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object.
[0124] The floral easel $10 c$ may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} c$ for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member $280 c$ may be selected of the group consisting of
elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} c$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} c$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position.
[0125] As shown in FIG. 3, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} c$ is connected to the third leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$, however, for example, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} c$ may be attached to any of the leg members, the bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0} c$, or to any other area of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} c$ that is suitable for connecting the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} c$ or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} \mathrm{c}$.
[0126] To move the floral easel $10 c$ from the open or erected position (shown in FIG. 3A) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 3B), the bracing assembly $160 c$ is rotated about the loop 232 $c$ and the loop $\mathbf{2 3 4} c$ to cause the loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} c$ to slide in an upward direction toward the second end $\mathbf{1 1 0} c$ of the third leg member $40 c$ thereby pivoting the third leg member 40 inward toward the area between the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the second leg member 30. The first end $\mathbf{6 0} c$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the first end $\mathbf{8 0} c$ of the second leg member $30 c$ are compressed together thereby decreasing the angle formed at the arch $130 c$ between the center area $140 c$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$. The first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} c$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} c$ may then be placed within the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} c$ forming the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} c$ into a bundle $\mathbf{2 9 0} c$ (shown in FIG. 3B).

## Description of FIG. 4

[0127] Referring now to FIGS. 4A and 4B, designated generally by the reference numeral $10 d$ is a floral easel. The floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} d$ has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodiment shown in FIG. 4, the floral easel $10 d$ has a first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} d$, a second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$, and a third leg member $40 d$.
[0128] As shown in FIGS. 4A and 4B, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} d$ has a first end $\mathbf{6 0} d$, a second end 70 $d$, a first side $\mathbf{7 2} d$ and a second side $74 d$. The second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$ has a first end 80 $d$, a second end $90 d$, a first side $92 d$ and a second side $94 d$. The third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} d$ has a first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} d$ and a second end $110 d$. The first end $60 d$ of the first leg member $20 d$, the first end $\mathbf{8 0} d$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 d} d$, and the first end $100 d$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} d$ may be integrally connected as shown in FIGS. 4A and 4B. The second side $74 d$ of the first leg member $20 d$ and the second side $\mathbf{9 4} d$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$ are generally in contact with a substrate $\mathbf{4 5} d$ to thereby support and hold the floral easel 10 d . The substrate $45 d$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, tile, carpet or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel $10 d$ thereon. The third leg member 40 d extends a distance perpendicular to the first leg member $20 d$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$.
[0129] The anchoring material may be formed integrally or non-integrally with the floral easel 10 d . For example, pins (not shown) may be added to the first leg member $20 d$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$ so as to penetrate the soil. The pins may be retractable or fixed.
[0130] At least two of the first leg member 20d, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$, and the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} d$ may be formed as a single piece of material that is integrally connected (shown in FIGS. 4A and 4B as one piece of springy, tubular material) forming a juncture $\mathbf{1 3 0} \mathrm{d}$. Alternatively, the first leg member $20 d$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 d}$, and the third leg member $40 d$ may each be formed of different materials. For example, if the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} d$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 d}$, and the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0 d}$ are formed of different materials, one of the leg members may be formed of steel and the others may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example, at least a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member 20 $d$, the second leg member $30 d$, and the third leg member $40 d$ may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same material or a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg members may be constructed of aluminum.
[0131] A brace $135 d$ may be placed between the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} d$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$ so as to support the leg members in the open position.
[0132] The floral easel $10 d$ may be employed to hold and/or support a floral object (not shown) by placing the floral object about the second end $110 d$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} d$ of the floral easel 10 d .
[0133] A support member 270d (FIGS. 4A and 4B) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object or non-floral object; however, any portion of the floral easel $10 d$ may hold or support the floral object or non-floral object. The support member $270 d$ may be connected to any area of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} d$ such as, for example, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0 d}$, the second leg member $30 d$, the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} d$, or any other area capable of having the support member $270 d$ attached thereto. The support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} d$ may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member $270 d$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. The support member $270 d$, as shown in FIG. 4, is a hook connected to the second end $110 d$ of the third leg member $40 d$.
[0134] The support member $270 d$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member $270 d$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object.
[0135] The floral easel $10 d$ may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} d$ for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member 280d may be selected of the group consisting of elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member $280 d$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $280 d$ may be constructed of a different
material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position.
[0136] As shown in FIG. 4, the retaining member 280 $d$ is connected to the third leg member 30 d , however, for example, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} d$ may be attached to any of the leg members or to any other area of the floral easel lad that is suitable for connecting the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} d$ or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} d$.
[0137] Further, a display support device (not shown) may be placed on the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} d$ for supporting a floral object. For example, the display support device $\mathbf{2 9 0} d$ may be a bar attached perpendicularly to the third leg member $40 d$ so as to support a floral object. However, any display support device 290 d may be used so long as it is able to support a floral object.
[0138] To move the floral easel $10 d$ from the open or erected position (shown in FIG. 4A) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 4B), the first leg member 20 $d$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$ are compressed together thereby decreasing the angle formed at the arch $\mathbf{1 3 0} \mathbf{d}$ between the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} d$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$. The first leg member $20 d$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$ are pivoted upwardly toward the third leg member 40 d . The first leg member 20 d and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} d$ may then be placed within the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} d$ forming the floral easel $10 d$ into a bundle $290 d$ (shown in FIG. 4B).

## Description of FIG. 5

[0139] Referring now to FIGS. 5A and 5B, designated generally by the reference numeral $\mathbf{1 0} e$ is a floral easel. The floral easel $10 e$ has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodiment shown in FIG. 5, the floral easel $10 e$ has a first leg member 20 $e$, a second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} e$ and a third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} e$. The floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} e$ also includes a bracing assembly $50 e$ for sustaining the floral easel $10 e$ in an open or erected position, shown in FIG. 5A.
[0140] As shown in FIGS. 5A and 5B, the first leg member $20 e$ has a first end $60 e$ and a second end $70 e$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} e$ has a first end $80 e$ and a second end $90 e$, and the third leg member $40 e$ has a first end $100 e$ and a second end $110 e$. The second end $70 e$ of the first leg member $20 e$, the second end $90 e$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} e$, and the second end $110 e$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} e$ are generally in contact with a substrate $\mathbf{4 5} e$ to thereby support and hold the floral easel $10 e$. The substrate $45 e$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel $10 e$ thereon. As shown in FIG. 5A, a curve $111 e$ may be formed in the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} e$ between the first end $60 e$ and the second end $70 e$ for allowing the second end $70 e$ to engage the substrate $45 e$. A curve $112 e$ is formed in the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} e$ between the first end $80 e$ and the second end $90 e$ for allowing the second end $90 e$ to engage the substrate $45 e$.
[0141] At least two of the first leg member 20 $e$, the second leg member $30 e$, and the third leg member $40 e$ may be formed as a single piece of material that is integrally connected (shown in FIGS. 5A and 5B as one piece of tubular material) thereby allowing the first end $60 e$ and the first end $80 e$ to form a loop $113 e$ around a portion of the third leg member $40 e$. Alternatively, the first leg member $20 e$ and the second leg member $30 e$ may be formed of two or more pieces of material. If the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} e$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} e$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, the materials may
differ or the materials may be the same. For example, if the first leg member $20 e$ and the second leg member $30 e$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, one of the leg members may be formed of steel and the other may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example, a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member 20e, the second leg member $30 e$, and the third leg member $40 e$ may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same material or a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg members may be constructed of aluminum.
[0142] The first end $100 e$ of the third leg member $40 e$ has an extended portion $114 e$ extending a distance beyond a juncture $116 e$ of the plurality of leg members.
[0143] The bracing assembly $50 e$ for sustaining the floral easel $10 e$ in the open or erected position has a first arm 180e and a second arm $190 e$. The first arm $180 e$ has a first end $200 e$ and a second end 210 $e$. The second arm $190 e$ has a first end $\mathbf{2 2 0} e$ and a second end $\mathbf{2 3 0} e$. The first end $\mathbf{2 0 0} e$ of the first arm $180 e$ is connected to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} e$. The first end $220 e$ of the second arm 190e is connected to the second leg member 30 $e$. The second end $210 e$ of the first arm $180 e$ and the second end $230 e$ of the second arm $190 e$ are connected to the third leg member $40 e$. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 5 A and 5 B , the bracing assembly $50 e$ is constructed of one continuous piece of material. The first end $200 e$ of the first arm $180 e$ forms a loop $232 e$ around the first leg member $20 e$ and is slidably connected to the first leg member 20 $e$, the first end $\mathbf{2 2 0} e$ of the second arm 190 $e$ forms a loop $234 e$ around the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} e$ and is slidably connected to the second leg member 30e, the second end $\mathbf{2 1 0} e$ of the first arm $180 e$ and second end $230 e$ of the second arm $190 e$ form a contiguous loop $236 e$ around the third leg member $40 e$ and the loop $236 e$ is slidably and pivotally connected to the third leg member 40e. When stated that the loop 232e, the loop $234 e$, and the loop $236 e$ are "slidably connected", what is meant is that the loops are able to move a distance up and down each of the respective leg members. It will be appreciated, however, that the first arm $180 e$ and the second arm $190 e$ may be connected to the leg members in any manner as long as the leg members are able to collapse. It will also be appreciated that the loops may either be slidably connected or connected in a fixed manner to each respective leg member.
[0144] The bracing assembly $50 e$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the bracing assembly $50 e$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material allows the bracing assembly $50 e$ to sustain the floral easel $10 e$ in the open or erect position
[0145] If the third leg $40 e$ is not pivotally connected to at least one of the first leg $20 e$ and the second leg $\mathbf{3 0} e$ or, if the third leg $40 e$ is pivotally connected to at least one of the first leg $20 e$ and the second leg $30 e$ limiting its travel to positions of full erection, full collapse, or intermediate positions, and if the first leg $20 e$ and the second leg $30 e$ are connected to limit travel to positions from full erection to full collapse, then the bracing assembly $50 e$ can be eliminated from this embodiment of the floral easel 10 e .
[0146] A stop member $235 e$ is connected adjacent and underneath the second arm $190 e$ of the bracing assembly $50 e$ to prevent the bracing assembly $50 e$ from sliding down the
second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} e$ of the floral easel $10 e$. The stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} e$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or of a different material than the leg members. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 5A, the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} e$ is a horizontal cross-piece connected adjacent and below the second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0} e$ of the bracing assembly $\mathbf{5 0} e$. However, the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} e$ may be connected to either the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} e$ or the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} e$ of the floral easel $10 e$.
[0147] It should be understood that the stop member $235 e$ is not required, however, for embodiments in which the bracing assembly $50 e$ is slidably or pivotally connected to at least one leg member, the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} e$ aids in the erection and enhances the stability of the floral easel $10 e$.
[0148] A support member 270e (FIGS. 5A and 5B) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object or non-floral object, however, any portion of the floral easel $10 e$ may hold or support the floral object or non-floral object, such as, for example, the support member $270 e$ may be connected to any area of the floral easel $10 e$ such as, for example, the first leg member 20e, the second leg member 30e, the third leg member $40 e$, or any other area capable of having the support member $270 e$ attached thereto. The support member $270 e$ may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object, such as, for example the bracing assembly $50 e$ or any other area of the floral easel $10 e$ capable of supporting the floral object or non-floral object. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member $270 e$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. The support member 270e, as shown in FIG. $\mathbf{5}$, is a hook connected to the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} e$ of the third leg member 40e.
[0149] The support member 270 $e$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member $270 e$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object.
[0150] The floral easel $10 e$ may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} e$ for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member 280e may be selected of the group consisting of elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a loop, a hook, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} e$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $280 e$ may be constructed from a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position.
[0151] As shown in FIG. 5, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} e$ is connected to the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} e$, however, for example, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} e$ may be attached to any of the leg members, the bracing assembly $160 e$, or to any other area of the floral easel $10 e$ that is suitable for connecting the retaining member 280e or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} e$.
[0152] To move the floral easel $10 e$ from the open or erected position (shown in FIG. 5A) to the collapsed position (shown
in FIG. 5B), the bracing assembly $50 e$ is rotated about the loop $232 e$ and the loop $\mathbf{2 3 4} e$ to cause the loop $236 e$ to slide in an upward direction toward the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} e$ of the third leg member $40 e$ thereby pivoting the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} e$ and the second leg member $30 e$ upward toward the third leg member $40 e$ causing the third leg member $30 e$ to be placed between the first leg member $20 e$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} e$. The first end $60 e$ and the first end $80 e$ may then be inserted into the retaining member $280 e$ forming the leg members into a bundle $290 e$ (shown in FIG. 5B).

## Description of FIG. 6

[0153] Referring now to FIGS. 6A and 6B, designated generally by the reference numeral $\mathbf{1 0} f$ is a floral easel. The floral easel $10 f$ has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodiment shown in FIG. 6, the floral easel $10 f$ has a first leg member $20 f$ and a second leg member $30 f$.
[0154] As shown in FIGS. 6A and 6B, the first leg member $20 f$ has a first end $\mathbf{6 0} f$, a second end $\mathbf{7 0} f$, a first side $100 f$ and a second side $\mathbf{1 1 0} f$. The second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 f}$ has a first end $\mathbf{8 0} f$, a second end $\mathbf{9 0 f} f$, a first side $120 f$ and a second side $\mathbf{1 3 0} f$. The first end $\mathbf{6 0} f$ of the first leg member $20 f$ and the first end $80 f$ of the second leg member $30 f$ are integrally connected forming an arch $\mathbf{1 4 0} f$ where the first end $60 f$ and first end $\mathbf{8 0} f$ are joined. The second side $\mathbf{1 1 0} f$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} f$ is generally in contact with a substrate $\mathbf{4 5} f$ to thereby support and hold the floral easel $10 f$. The substrate $45 f$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel $10 f$ thereon.
[0155] The first leg member $20 f$ and the second leg member $30 f$ may be formed as a single piece of material that is integrally connected (shown in FIGS. 6A and 6B as one piece of springy material). Alternatively, the first leg member $20 f$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 f}$ may be formed of two or more pieces of material. If the first leg member $20 f$ and the second leg member 30 fare formed of two or more pieces of material, the materials may differ or the materials may be the same. For example, if the first leg member $20 f$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 f}$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, one of the leg members may be formed of steel and the other may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example, a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member $20 f$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 f}$ may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same material or a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg member may be constructed of aluminum.
[0156] The floral easel $10 f$ may be employed to hold and/or support a floral object (not shown) by placing the floral object about the second end $90 h$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 f} f$ of the floral easel $10 f$.
[0157] A support member 270f (FIGS. 6A and 6B) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object or non-floral object; however, any portion of the floral easel $10 f$ may hold or support the floral object or the non-floral object. The support member $270 f$ may be connected to any area of the floral easel $10 f$ such as, for example, the first leg member $20 f$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$ for any other area capable of having the support member $270 f$ attached thereto. The support mem-
ber $270 f$ may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member $270 f$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. The support member 270f, as shown in FIG. 6, is a hook connected to the second end $\mathbf{9 0 f}$ of the second leg member 30 .
[0158] The support member 270f may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member $270 f$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object.
[0159] The floral easel $10 f$ may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} f$ for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member $280 f$ may be selected of the group consisting of elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members a groove, a slot, a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining $280 f$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $280 f$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position.
[0160] As shown in FIG. 6, the retaining member 280f is connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 f}$, however, for example, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} f$ may be attached to either the first leg member $20 f$ or the second leg member $20 f$ or to any other area of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} f$ that is suitable for connecting the retaining member $280 f$ or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel $10 f$.
[0161] To move the floral easel 10 f from the open or erected position (shown in FIG. 6A) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 6B), the second leg member $30 f$ is rotated counterclockwise about the arch $\mathbf{1 4 0} f$ formed between the first leg member $20 f$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 f}$. The second side $110 f$ of the first leg member $20 f$ and the second side $\mathbf{1 3 0} f$ of the second leg member $30 f$ are compressed together thereby inverting the arch $140 f$ between the first leg member $20 f$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 f}$. The second end $70 f$ and the second end $90 f$ may then be inserted into the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0 f}$ forming the leg members into a bundle $290 f$ (shown in FIG. 6B).

## Description of FIG. 7

[0162] Referring now to FIGS. 7A and 7B, designated generally by the reference numeral 10 g is a floral easel. The floral easel $\mathbf{1 0 g}$ has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodiment shown in FIG. 7, the floral easel 10 g has a first leg member 20 g and a second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} \mathrm{g}$.
[0163] As shown in FIGS. 7A and 7B, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} \mathrm{g}$ has a first end $\mathbf{6 0} \mathrm{g}$, a second end $\mathbf{7 0} \mathrm{g}$, a first side $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathrm{g}$ and a second side 110 g . The second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} \mathrm{g}$ has a first end $\mathbf{8 0} \mathrm{g}$, a second end $\mathbf{9 0} \mathrm{g}$, a first side 120 g and a second side 130 g . The first end $\mathbf{6 0 g}$ of the first leg member $20 g$ and the first end $\mathbf{8 0 g}$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 g}$ are integrally connected forming an arch $140 g$ where the first end $\mathbf{6 0 g}$ and first end $\mathbf{8 0} \mathrm{g}$ are joined. The second side 110 g of the first leg
member 20 g is generally in contact with a substrate 45 g to thereby support and hold the floral easel 10 g . The substrate $45 g$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel 10 g thereon.
[0164] The first leg member 20 g and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} \mathrm{g}$ may be formed as a single piece of material that is integrally connected (shown in FIGS. 7A and 7B as one piece of elastic or resilient material). Alternatively, the first leg member 20 g and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} \mathrm{g}$ may be formed of two or more pieces of material. If the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0 g}$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 g}$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, the materials may differ or the materials may be the same. For example, if the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} \mathrm{g}$ and the second leg member 30 g are formed of two or more pieces of material, one of the leg members may be formed of steel and the other may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example, at least a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0 g}$ and the second $\operatorname{leg}$ member $\mathbf{3 0 g}$ may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same material or a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg members may be constructed of aluminum.
[0165] The floral easel 10 g may be employed to hold and/or support a floral object (not shown) by placing the floral object about the second end 90 g of the second leg member 30 g of the floral easel 10 g .
[0166] A support member 270g (FIGS. 7A and 7B) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object; however, any portion of the floral easel 10 g may hold or support the floral object or non-floral object. The support member 270 g may be connected to any area of the floral easel $10 g$ such as, for example, the first leg member $20 g$, the second leg member 30 g , or any other area capable of having the support member 270 g attached thereto. The support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} \mathrm{g}$ may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} g$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. The support member 270 g , as shown in FIG. 7, is a hook connected to the second end $\mathbf{9 0 g}$ of the second leg member 30 g.
[0167] The support member 270 g may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member 270 g may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object.
[0168] The floral easel $10 g$ may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} \mathrm{g}$ for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member 280 g may be selected of the group consisting of elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member 280 g may also be
constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} \mathrm{g}$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position.
[0169] As shown in FIG. 7, the retaining member 280 g is connected to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} \mathrm{g}$, however, for example, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} \mathrm{g}$ may be attached to either the first leg member $20 g$ or the second leg member $20 g$ or to any other area of the floral easel 10 g that is suitable for connecting the retaining member 280 g or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel 10 g .
[0170] To move the floral easel 10 g from the open or erected position (shown in FIG. 7A) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 7B), the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 g}$ is rotated clockwise about the arch 140 g formed between the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} g$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} g$. The first side 100 g of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} \mathrm{g}$ and the first side 120 g of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 g}$ are compressed together thereby decreasing the angle formed at the arch 140 g between the first leg member 20 g and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 g}$. The second end 70 g and the second end 90 g may then be inserted into the retaining member 280 g forming the leg members into a bundle $\mathbf{2 9 0} \mathrm{g}$ (shown in FIG. 7B).

## Description of FIG. 8

[0171] Referring now to FIGS. 8A and 8B, designated generally by the reference numeral 10 h , is a floral. The floral easel $10 h$ has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodiment shown in FIG. 8, the floral easel $10 h$ has a first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} h$, a second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} h$ and a third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} h$. The floral easel $10 h$ also includes a bracing assembly $50 h$ for sustaining the floral easel $10 h$ in an open or erected position shown in FIG. 8A.
[0172] As shown in FIGS. 8A and 8B, the first leg member $20 h$ has a first end $\mathbf{6 0} h$ and a second end $70 h$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} h$ has a first end $\mathbf{8 0} h$ and a second end $90 h$, and the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} h$ has a first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} h$ and a second end $\mathbf{1 1 0} h$. The first end $\mathbf{6 0} h$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} h$, the first end $\mathbf{8 0} h$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} h$, and the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} h$ of the third leg member $40 h$ are associated at a joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} h$. The second end $\mathbf{7 0} h$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} h$, the second end $90 h$ of the second leg member $30 h$, and the second end $110 h$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} h$ are generally in contact with a substrate $\mathbf{4 5} h$ to thereby support and hold the floral easel $10 h$. The substrate $45 h$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, tile, carpet, combinations thereof, or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel $10 h$ thereon.
[0173] At least two of the first leg member 20 $h$, the second leg member $30 h$, and the third leg member $40 h$ may be formed as a single piece of material that is integrally connected (shown in FIGS. 8A and 8B as one piece of tubular material forming an arch $130 h$ having a center area $\mathbf{1 4 0} h$ ). Alternatively, at least two of the first leg member $20 h$, the second leg member $30 h$, and the third leg member $40 h$ may be formed of two or more pieces of material. If the leg members are formed of two or more pieces of material, the materials may differ or the materials may be the same. For example, if the first leg member $20 h$ and the second leg member $30 h$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, one of the leg members may be formed of steel and the other may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example,
a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member $20 h$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} h$, and the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} h$ may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same material or of a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg members may be constructed of aluminum.
[0174] The joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} h$ for connecting and/or receiving the first end of the leg members may be formed of the same material as the leg members or the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0 h}$ may be formed of a different material than the leg members. Also, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} h$ may be integrally connected to the first end $100 h$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} h$ or formed separately from the first end $100 h$ of the third leg member 40 h . As shown in FIGS. 8A and 8B, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} h$ is integrally connected to the first end $100 h$ of the third leg member $40 h$ and is crimped around and pivotally connected to the arch $\mathbf{1 3 0} h$ formed in the center area $\mathbf{1 4 0} h$ thereby integrally joining the first end $\mathbf{6 0} h$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} h$ and the first end $\mathbf{7 0} h$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} h$ to define an apex $\mathbf{1 5 0} h$. However, the joining member $120 h$ may be, for example, a solid block holding device, or any other device capable of receiving the first ends of the leg members. Also, the first end $100 h$ of the third leg $40 h$ need not be crimped around the arch $\mathbf{1 3 0} \mathrm{h}$. In an alternative embodiment, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} h$ and the arch $\mathbf{1 3 0} h$ are connected using materials that permit at least one of erecting and collapsing the floral easel $10 h$. Also, the first end $100 h$ of the third leg $\mathbf{4 0} h$ need not be pivotally connected to the arch $\mathbf{1 3 0} h$. In an alternative embodiment, the first end $100 h$ may be flexibly connected to the arch 130 h .
[0175] The bracing assembly $50 h$ for sustaining the floral easel $10 h$ in the open or erected position has a first arm $160 h$, a second $\operatorname{arm} 170 h$, and a third arm $180 h$. The first arm $160 h$ has a first end $\mathbf{2 0 0} h$ and a second end $210 h$. The second arm $\mathbf{1 7 0} h$ has a first end $\mathbf{2 2 0} h$ and a second end $\mathbf{2 3 0} h$. The third arm $180 h$ has a first end $240 h$ and a second end $250 h$. The first end $\mathbf{2 0 0} b$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 6 0} h$ is connected to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} h$. The first end $\mathbf{2 2 0} h$ of the second arm $\mathbf{1 7 0} h$ is connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 h}$. The first end $\mathbf{2 4 0 h}$ of the third arm 180 h is connected to the third leg member 40h. The second end $210 h$ of the first arm $160 h$, the second end $\mathbf{2 3 0} h$ of the second arm $\mathbf{1 7 0} h$, and the second end $\mathbf{2 5 0} h$ of the third arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} h$ are connected to an arm support member $255 h$.
[0176] In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 8A and 8B, the bracing assembly $50 h$ is constructed of more than one piece of material, however it is to be understood that the bracing assembly 50 h may be constructed of one integrally connected piece of material. Alternatively, the bracing assembly $\mathbf{5 0} h$ may be formed non-integrally from the leg members. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 8A and 8B, the first end $\mathbf{2 0 0} h$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 6 0} h$ forms a loop $\mathbf{2 3 2} h$ around the first leg member $20 h$ and is slidably connected to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} h$ and the second end $\mathbf{2 1 0} h$ of the first arm $\mathbf{1 6 0} h$ is connected to the arm support member $\mathbf{2 5 5} h$. The first end $\mathbf{2 2 0} h$ of the second arm $\mathbf{1 7 0} h$ forms a loop $234 h$ around the second leg member $30 h$ and is slidably connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} h$ and the second end $\mathbf{2 3 0} h$ of the second arm $\mathbf{1 7 0} h$ is connected to the arm support member $\mathbf{2 5 5} h$. The first end $240 h$ of the third arm $180 h$ forms a loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} h$ around the third leg member $40 h$ and is slidably connected to the third leg
member $40 h$ and the second end $250 h$ of the third arm $180 h$ is connected to the arm support member $\mathbf{2 5 5} h$. It will be appreciated, however, that the first $\operatorname{arm} 160 h$, the second arm $170 h$, and the third arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} h$ may be connected to the leg members in any manner as long as the leg members are able to collapse. It will also be appreciated that the loops may either be slidably connected or connected in a fixed manner to each respective leg member.
[0177] The bracing assembly $50 h$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the bracing assembly $50 h$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material allows the bracing assembly $50 h$ to sustain the floral easel $10 h$ in the open or erected position.
[0178] The floral easel $10 h$ may be employed to hold and/or support a floral object (not shown) by placing the floral object about the first end $100 h$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} h$ of the floral easel 10 h .
[0179] A support member 270h (FIGS. 8A and 8B) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object or non-floral object, however, any portion of the floral easel $10 h$ may hold or support the floral object or non-floral object, such as, for example, the bracing assembly $50 h$, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} h$ or any other area of the floral easel $10 h$ capable of supporting the floral object or non-floral object. The support member $270 h$ may be connected to any area of the floral easel $10 h$ such as, for example, the first ends of the plurality of leg members, the bracing assembly $50 h$ or to any other area of the floral easel $10 h$ to which the support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} h$ may be attached. The support member 270 h may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member $270 h$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. The support member $270 h$, as shown in FIG. $\mathbf{8}$, is a hook connected to the first end $100 h$ of the third leg member $40 h$.
[0180] The support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} h$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} h$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object.
[0181] The floral easel 10 h may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} h$ for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member 280 h may be selected of the group consisting of elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} h$, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member $280 h$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} h$ may be constructed from a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. Alternatively, the retaining member $280 h$ may be eliminated from the floral easel $10 h$ and the plurality of leg members may be retained in the collapsed position by the joining member 120 h .
[0182] As shown in FIG. 8, the retaining member 280 $h$ is connected to the first leg member $20 h$, however, for example,
the retaining member $280 h$ may be attached to any of the leg members, the bracing assembly $50 h$ or to any other area of the floral easel $10 h$ that is suitable for connecting the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} h$ or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel 10 h .
[0183] To move the floral easel $10 h$ from the open or erect position (shown in FIG. 8A) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 8B), the first end $200 h$ of the first arm $160 h$ (the loop $\mathbf{2 3 2} h$ ), the first end $\mathbf{2 2 0} h$ of the second arm $\mathbf{1 7 0} h$ (the loop $\mathbf{2 3 4} h$ ), and the first end $\mathbf{2 4 0} h$ of the third arm $\mathbf{1 8 0} h$ (the loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} h$ ) are moved toward the first end of each respective leg member so as to allow the leg members to collapse inward. The second end $70 h$, the second end $90 h$, and the second end $110 h$ may then be inserted into the retaining member $280 h$ forming the leg members into a bundle $290 h$ (shown in FIG. 8B).
[0184] In an alternate embodiment, the loop 232 $h$, the loop $\mathbf{2 3 4} h$, and the loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} h$ may be fixed to each respective leg member. To move the floral easel 10 h from the open or erect position to the closed position, the arm support member $\mathbf{2 5 5} h$ may be moved in an upward direction so as to allow the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0 h}$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} h$, and the third leg member $40 h$ to move from the open or erect position to the collapsed position so that the second end $70 h$, the second end $90 h$, and the second end $110 h$ may be inserted into the retaining member $280 h$ forming the leg members into the bundle $290 h$ (shown in FIG. 8D).
[0185] In another embodiment of the presently disclosed and claimed inventive concept(s) shown in FIGS. 8C and 8D, a portion of the first leg member 20 h , the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 h}$, and the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0 h}$ may be bent to prevent each of the loops from moving toward the second end of each respective leg member. That is, the first leg member $20 h$ has a bend $300 h$ to prevent the loop $232 h$ from moving toward the second end $70 h$ of the first leg member $20 h$. The second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} h$ has a bend $\mathbf{3 1 0} h$ to prevent the loop $\mathbf{2 3 4} h$ from moving toward the second end $90 h$ of the second leg member 30h. The third leg member $40 h$ has a bend $320 h$ to prevent the loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} h$ from moving toward the second end $110 h$ of the third leg member 40 h .
[0186] To move the floral easel 10 h from the open or erect position (shown in FIG. 8C) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 8D), the loop $232 h$, the loop 234 $h$, and the loop $236 h$ are moved toward the first end of each respective leg member so as to allow the leg members to collapse inward. The second end $70 h$, the second end $90 h$, and the second end $110 h$ may then be inserted into the retaining member $280 h$ forming the leg members into a bundle $290 h$ (shown in FIG. 8D).
[0187] In an alternate embodiment, the loop 232h, the loop $\mathbf{2 3 4} h$, and the loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} h$ may be fixed to each respective leg member. To move the floral easel $10 h$ from the open or erect position to the closed position, the arm support member $\mathbf{2 5 5} h$ may be moved in an upward direction so as to allow the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} h$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} h$, and the third leg member $40 h$ to move from the open or erect position to the collapsed position so that the second end $70 h$, the second end $90 h$, and the second end $110 h$ may be inserted into the retaining member $280 h$ forming the leg members into the bundle $290 h$ (shown in FIG. 8D).

## Description of FIG. 9

[0188] Referring now to FIGS. 9A and 9B, designated generally by the reference numeral $10 i$ is a floral easel. The floral easel $10 i$ has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodi-
ment shown in FIG. 9, the floral easel $10 i$ has a first leg member $20 i$ and a second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} i$.
[0189] As shown in FIGS. 9A and B, the first leg member $20 i$ has a first end $\mathbf{6 0 i}$, a second end $\mathbf{7 0} i$, a first side $100 i$ and a second side $110 i$. The second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} i$ has a first end $\mathbf{8 0} i$, a second end $\mathbf{9 0} i$, a first side $120 i$ and a second side $130 i$. The first end $\mathbf{6 0} i$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} i$ and the first end $80 i$ of the second leg member $30 i$ are integrally connected forming an acute angle $140 i$ where the first end $60 i$ and first end $\mathbf{8 0} i$ are joined. The second side $\mathbf{1 1 0} i$ of the first leg member $20 i$ is generally in contact with a substrate $45 i$ to thereby support and hold the floral easel $10 i$. The substrate $45 i$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel $10 i$ thereon.
[0190] The first leg member $20 i$ and the second leg member $30 i$ may be formed as a single piece of material that is integrally connected (shown in FIGS. 9A and 9B as one piece of springy material). Alternatively, the first leg member $20 i$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} i$ may be formed of two or more pieces of material. If the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} i$ and the second leg member $30 i$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, the materials may differ or the materials may be the same. For example, if the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} i$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} i$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, one of the leg members may be formed of steel and the other may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example, a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} i$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} i$ may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same material of a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg member may be constructed of aluminum.
[0191] A support member 270i (FIGS. 9A and 9B) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object or non-floral object; however, any portion of the floral easel $10 i$ may hold or support the floral object or the non-floral object. The support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} i$ may be connected to any area of the floral easel $10 i$ such as, for example, the first leg member 20i, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} i$ or any other area capable of having the support member 270 $i$ attached thereto. The support member $270 i$ may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member $270 i$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. The support member 270i, as shown in FIG. 9, is a hook connected to the second end $90 i$ of the second leg member 30 i.
[0192] The support member 270 $i$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member $270 i$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object.
[0193] The floral easel $10 i$ may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} i$ for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member $280 i$ may be selected of the group consisting of
elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining $280 i$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} i$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position.
[0194] As shown in FIG. 9, the retaining member 280i is connected to the second leg member 30i, however, for example, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} i$ may be attached to either the first leg member $20 i$ or the second leg member $20 i$ or to any other area of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} i$ that is suitable for connecting the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} i$ or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel $10 i$.
[0195] To move the floral easel $10 i$ from the open or erected position (shown in FIG. 9A) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 9B), the second leg member $30 i$ is rotated either clockwise or counter-clockwise about the acute angle $140 i$ formed between the first leg member $20 i$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 i}$. By rotating the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} i$ clockwise about the acute angle $140 i$, the first side $100 i$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} i$ and the first side $\mathbf{1 2 0} i$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} i$ are compressed together thereby decreasing the angle formed at the acute angle $140 i$ between the first leg member $20 i$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 i}$. The second end $70 i$ and the second end $90 i$ may then be inserted into the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} i$ forming the leg members into a bundle $290 i$ (shown in FIG. 9B). By rotating the floral easel $10 i$ clockwise about the acute angle $140 i$, the second side $110 i$ of the first leg member $20 i$ and the second side $\mathbf{1 3 0} i$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} i$ are compressed together thereby inverting the acute angle $140 i$ between the first leg member $20 i$ and the second leg member $30 i$. The second end $70 i$ and the second end $90 i$ may then be inserted into the retaining member $280 i$ forming the leg members into a bundle $290 i$ (shown in FIG. 9B).

## Description of FIG. 10

[0196] Referring now to FIGS. 10A and 10B, designated generally by the reference numeral $10 j$ is a floral easel. The floral easel $10 j$ has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodiment shown in FIG. 10, the floral easel $10 j$ has a first leg member $20 j$ and a second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 j}$.
[0197] As shown in FIGS. 10A and 10B, the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0 j}$ has a first end $\mathbf{6 0 j}$, a second end $\mathbf{7 0} j$, a first side $\mathbf{1 0 0} j$ and a second side $\mathbf{1 1 0} j$. The first leg member $20 j$ has a plurality of arches $22 j$ formed therein. The arches $22 j$ may be rigid or they may be collapsible. The second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 j}$ has a first end $\mathbf{8 0 j}$, a second end $\mathbf{9 0 j}$, a first side $\mathbf{1 2 0} j$ and a second side $\mathbf{1 3 0 j}$. The first end $\mathbf{6 0 j}$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0 j}$ and the first end $80 j$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 j}$ are integrally connected forming an acute angle $140 j$ where the first end $60 j$ and first end $80 j$ are joined. The second side $110 j$ of the first leg member $20 j$ is generally in contact with a substrate $\mathbf{4 5 j}$ to thereby support and hold the floral easel $10 j$. The substrate $\mathbf{4 5 j}$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel $10 j$ thereon.
[0198] The first leg member $20 j$ and the second leg member $30 j$ may be formed as a single piece of material that is integrally connected (shown in FIGS. 10A and 10B as one piece
of elastic or resilient material). Alternatively, the first leg member $20 j$ and the second leg member $30 j$ may be formed of two or more pieces of material. If the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} j$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 j}$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, the materials may differ or the materials may be the same. For example, if the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} j$ and the second leg member 30j are formed of two or more pieces of material, one of the leg members may be formed of steel and the other may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example, at least a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member $20 j$ and the second leg member $30 j$ may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same material or a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg members may be constructed of aluminum.
[0199] The floral easel $10 j$ may be employed to hold and/or support a floral object (not shown) by placing the floral object about the second end $90 j$ of the second leg member $30 j$ of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} j$.
[0200] A support member 270j (FIGS. 10A and 10B) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object; however any portion of the floral easel $10 j$ may hold or support the floral object or non-floral object. The support member $270 j$ may be connected to any area of the floral easel $10 j$ such as, for example, the first leg member $20 j$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} j$, or any other area capable of having the support member $270 j$ attached thereto. The support member $270 j$ may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member 270j may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. The support member 270j, as shown in FIG. 10j, is a hook connected to the second end $90 j$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 j}$.
[0201] The support member 270 j may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member $\mathbf{2 7 0} j$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object.
[0202] The floral easel $10 j$ may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0 j}$ for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member $280 j$ may be selected of the group consisting of elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member $280 j$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $280 j$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position.
[0203] As shown in FIG. 10 $j$, the retaining member $280 j$ is connected to the first leg member $20 j$, however, for example, the retaining member $280 j$ may be attached to either the first leg member $20 j$ or the second leg member $20 j$ or to any other
area of the floral easel $10 j$ that is suitable for connecting the retaining member $280 j$ or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} j$.
[0204] To move the floral easel $10 j$ from the open or erected position (shown in FIG. 10A) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 10B), the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 j}$ is rotated clockwise about the acute angle $140 j$ formed between the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0 j}$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} j$. The first side $100 j$ of the first leg member $20 j$ and the first side $120 j$ of the second leg member $30 j$ are compressed together thereby decreasing the angle formed at the acute angle $140 j$ between the first leg member $20 j$ and the second leg member $30 j$. The second end $70 j$ and the second end $90 j$ may then be inserted into the retaining member $280 j$ forming the leg members into a bundle $290 j$ (shown in FIG. 10B).

## Description of FIG. 11

[0205] Referring now to FIGS. 11A-11D, designated generally by the reference numeral 10 k is a floral easel. The floral easel $10 k$ has a plurality of leg members and, in one embodiment shown in FIGS. 11A-11B, the floral easel 10 k has a first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} k$, a second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} k$, and a third leg member $\mathbf{4 0}$.
[0206] As shown in FIGS. 11A-11B, the first leg member $20 k$ has a first end $60 k$ and a second end $70 k$. The second leg member $\mathbf{3 0 k}$ has a first end $80 k$ and a second end $90 k$. The third leg member $40 k$ has a first end $100 k$ and a second end $110 k$. The first end $\mathbf{6 0 k}$ of the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} k$, the first end $\mathbf{8 0} k$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} k$, and the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} k$ of the third leg member 40 k are capable of being placed into a joining member 120 k having a plurality of openings therein for positioning the leg members in the open or closed position. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 11A-11C, the joining member 120 k has a top portion 121 k and a bottom portion $\mathbf{1 2 2} k$. The bottom portion has a first exterior opening $123 k$, a second exterior opening $124 k$, and a third exterior opening $\mathbf{1 2 5} k$ therein for placing the leg members in the open position (FIG. 11C). The joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} \mathrm{k}$ also has a first interior opening $126 k$, a second interior opening $127 k$, and a third interior opening $\mathbf{1 2 8} k$ for placing the leg members in the closed position (FIG. 11C). The joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} \mathrm{k}$ may be any shape so as to support the leg members such as, for example, a block, an oval, a circle, a triangle, a pentagon, a hexagon, or any other shape capable of receiving and supporting the plurality of leg members. Further, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} k$ may be constructed of any material capable of receiving and supporting the plurality of leg members such as, for example, wood, plastic, rubber, metal, or any other material capable of receiving and supporting the plurality of leg members. The second end $70 k$ of the first leg member $20 k$, the second end $90 k$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} k$, and the second end $\mathbf{1 1 0 k}$ of the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0 k}$ are generally in contact with a substrate $\mathbf{4 5} k$ (shown in FIG. 11A) to thereby support and hold the floral easel $10 k$. The substrate $45 k$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, tile, carpet, combinations thereof, or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel $10 k$ thereon.
[0207] The first leg member $20 k$ and the second leg member $30 k$ may be formed of two or more pieces of material. If the first leg member $20 k$ and the second leg member $30 k$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, the materials may differ or the materials may be the same. For example, if the first leg member $20 k$ and the second leg member $30 k$ are formed of two or more pieces of material, one of the leg
members may be formed of steel and the other may be formed of aluminum. In another embodiment, each of the plurality of leg members may be formed of at least two or more materials. For example, a portion of at least one of the leg members may be steel and another portion of the leg member may be aluminum. In yet another embodiment, the first leg member 20k, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} k$, and the third leg member $\mathbf{3 0} k$ may be integrally connected. The plurality of leg members may be constructed of the same material or a different material. For example, at least one of the plurality of leg members may be constructed of steel and the other leg members may be constructed of aluminum.
[0208] A support member 270k(FIGS. 11A-11C) may also be employed to hold and/or support the floral object 260 k (or non-floral object), however, any portion of the floral easel $10 k$ may hold or support the floral object $260 k$ or non-floral object, such as, for example, the joining member 120 k or any other area of the floral easel $10 k$ capable of supporting the floral object $260 k$ or a non-floral object. The support member 270 k may be connected to any area of the floral easel 10 k such as, for example, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} \mathrm{k}$ or the leg members. Shown in FIGS. 11A-11C, the support member 270 $k$ is connected to the top portion $\mathbf{1 2 1}$ of the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} \mathrm{k}$. However, the support member 270 k may be connected to any portion of the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} \mathrm{k}$. The support member $270 k$ may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object 260 k . For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member 270 k may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object 260 k .
[0209] The support member 270 k may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the support member 270 k may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object 260 k .
[0210] The floral easel 10 k may also have a retaining member (not shown) for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member may be selected from the group consisting of elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink materia1, stretch material, the joining member $\mathbf{1 2 0} \mathrm{k}$, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a loop, a hook, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. Alternatively, the retaining member may be eliminated from the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0}$ and the plurality of leg members may be retained in the collapsed position by the joining member $120 k$.
[0211] To move the floral easel 10 k from the open or erected position (shown in FIG. 11A) to the collapsed position (shown in FIG. 11B), the first ends of the leg members are moved from the exterior openings ( $123 k, 124 k$ and $125 k$ ) (FIG. 11C) in the joining member $120 k$ to the interior openings ( $\mathbf{1 2 6} k, \mathbf{1 2 7} k$, and $\mathbf{1 2 8} k$ ) (FIG. 11C) in the joining member 120 k.
[0212] Shown in FIG. 11D is another embodiment of the floral easel $10 l$ wherein the floral easel $10 /$ has a splay assembly $12 l$ for sustaining the floral easel $10 l$ in the open or erected position. The splay assembly 12 l has a bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0} l$ and a reinforcing member 170 $/$. It should be understood that the splay assembly $12 l$ may be formed separately from the legs or the splay assembly $12 l$ may be integrally connected to the legs. Alternatively, the bracing assembly $160 l$ may be formed non-integrally from the legs and the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} l$ may be formed integrally with the legs or vice-versa. The bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0} l$ has a first arm $180 l$ and a second arm 190l. The first arm $180 l$ has a first end $200 l$ and a second end 210l. The second arm $190 l$ has a first end $220 l$ and a second end 230l. The first end $200 l$ of the first arm $180 /$ is connected to the first leg member 20 $l$. The first end $220 \%$ of the second arm $190 l$ is connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$. The second end $210 /$ of the first arm $180 /$ and the second end $230 l$ of the second arm $190 l$ are connected to the third leg member $40 l$. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 11D, the bracing assembly $160 l$ is constructed of one continuous piece of material. The first end $200 l$ of the first arm $180 l$ forms a loop $232 l$ around the first leg member $20 l$ and is slidably connected to the first leg member 20l, the first end $220 l$ of the second arm $190 l$ forms a loop $234 l$ around the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$ and is slidably connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$, the second end $210 l$ of the first arm $180 l$ and second end $\mathbf{2 3 0}$ of the second arm $\mathbf{1 9 0 l}$ form a contiguous loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} l$ around the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} l$ and the loop $236 l$ is slidably and pivotally connected to the third leg member $\mathbf{4 0} l$. It will be appreciated, however, that the first arm $180 l$ and the second arm $190 l$ may be connected to the leg members in any manner as long as the leg members are able to fully collapse.
[0213] The bracing assembly $160 /$ may be a single piece of material, or more than one piece of material. For example, as shown in FIG. 11D, the bracing assembly $160 l$ is a single piece of material wherein the second end $210 /$ of the first arm 180 and the second end $230 l$ of the second arm $190 l$ form a continuous loop around the third leg member $40 l$ wherein the looped area is slidably and pivotally connected to the third leg member 40. If the bracing assembly $160 l$ is fabricated using sufficiently flexible and springy material, it need not be slidably or pivotally connected to any or all of the plurality of leg members.
[0214] The bracing assembly $160 l$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the bracing assembly $160 l$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material allows the bracing assembly $160 l$ to sustain the floral easel 10 in the open or erected position.
[0215] If the third leg $40 l$ is not pivotally connected to at least one of the first leg $20 l$ and the second leg $30 l$ or, if the third leg $40 /$ is pivotally connected to at least one of the first leg $20 l$ and the second leg $30 /$ limiting its travel to positions of full erection, full collapse, or intermediate positions and, if the first leg $20 /$ and the second leg $30 /$ are connected to limit travel to positions from full erection to full collapse, then at least one of the bracing assembly $160 l$ and reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} l$ can be eliminated from this embodiment of the floral easel 10 l .
[0216] A stop member 235 l may be connected adjacent and underneath the second arm $190 l$ of the bracing assembly $160 l$ to prevent the bracing assembly 160 l from sliding down the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$ of the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} l$. The stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} /$ may be constructed of the same material as the leg
member or of a different material than the leg member. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 11D, the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} l$ is a horizontal cross-piece connected adjacent and below the second arm 190 l of the bracing assembly 160 l . However, the stop member $235 l$ may be connected to any of the leg members of the floral easel 10l. It should be understood that the stop member $235 l$ is not required, however, for embodiments in which the bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0} l$ is slidably or pivotally connected to at least one leg member, the stop member $\mathbf{2 3 5} /$ aids in the erection and enhances the stability of the floral easel 10 l .
[0217] The reinforcing member $170 l$ has a first end $240 l$ and a second end $\mathbf{2 5 0} l$. The first end $\mathbf{2 4 0} l$ is connected to the first leg member $20 l$ and the second end $\mathbf{2 5 0} l$ is connected to the second leg member 30l. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 11D, the first end $\mathbf{2 4 0} l$ forms a loop $252 l$ around the first leg member $20 t$ and is slidably connected to the first leg member $20 l$ and the second end $250 l$ forms a loop $254 l$ around the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$ and is slidably connected to the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} \mathrm{l}$. It will be appreciated, however, that the first end $\mathbf{2 4 0} l$ and second end $\mathbf{2 5 0} l$ may be connected in any manner to the first leg member $\mathbf{2 0} l$ and second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$ of the floral easel $10 \%$.
[0218] For example, but not by way of limitation, the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0 l}$ may be selected from the group consisting of elastic, a rope, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, a wire, springs, tubing, plastic, profiles, wood, polymer/fiber, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, combinations thereof or any other device which allows the floral easel $10 l$ to be sustained in the open or erected position. The reinforcing member $170 l$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} l$ may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material allows the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} l$ to sustain the floral easel $10 l$ in the open or erected position. It will be appreciated, however, that the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} l$ is not necessary in alternate embodiments where a more flexible floral easel $10 l$ is desirable or acceptable for use.
[0219] A stop member 255 may also be connected to the first leg member $20 l$ of the floral easel $10 l$ and placed adjacent and underneath the first end $240 l$ of the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} /$ for preventing the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} /$ from sliding down the first leg member $20 l$ of the floral easel $10 l$. However, it should be understood that the stop member $235 l$ may be placed on either the first leg member $20 l$ or the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$ of the floral easel $10 l$. The stop member $255 l$ may be constructed of the same material as the designated leg member or of a different material than the designated leg member. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 11D, the stop member $\mathbf{2 5 5} l$ is a horizontal cross-piece connected adjacent and below the first end $240 l$ of the reinforcing member $170 l$. However, the stop member $\mathbf{2 5 5} l$ may be connected to either the first leg member $20 l$, the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0}$, the third leg member $40 l$ or any of the first leg member $20 l$, the second leg member $30 l$, and the third leg member $40 l$ of the floral easel $10 l$. It should be understood that multiple stop members may be used on the floral easel. It should also be understood that the stop members are not necessary to the erection, collapse, or stability of the floral easel $10 t$; however, the stop members may enhance stability and facilitate erection of the floral easel $10 l$. The reinforcing member $170 l$ may also provide at least one location on the floral easel $10 l$ to which floral objects and decorations may be fastened using wire clips,
glue or any other fastening means capable of securing floral objects and decorations to the floral easel $10 l$.
[0220] The floral easel $10 l$ may also have a retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0}$ l for retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. For example, but not by way of limitation, the retaining member $280 /$ may be selected from the group consisting of elastic, a clip or clips, a spring, a band, shrink material, stretch material, the joining member $120 l$, a carton, a tube, a bend in the leg members, a groove, a slot, a loop, a hook, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, combinations thereof, or any other device capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. The retaining member $280 /$ may also be constructed of the same material as the leg members or the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0}$ l may be constructed of a different material than the leg members as long as the material is capable of retaining the leg members in the collapsed position. Alternatively, the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0} l$ may be eliminated from the floral easel $10 l$ and the plurality of leg members may be retained in the collapsed position by the joining member 120 .
[0221] As shown in FIG. 11D, the retaining member 280 is connected to the first leg member 20; however, for example, the retaining member 280 may be attached to any of the leg members, the bracing assembly 160 , the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0}$, or to any other area of the floral easel 10 that is suitable for connecting the retaining member $\mathbf{2 8 0}$ or may be a separate device unconnected to the floral easel 10.
[0222] To move the floral easel 10 l from the open or erected position (shown in FIG. 11D) to the collapsed position (not shown), the bracing assembly $\mathbf{1 6 0} l$ is rotated about the loop $232 l$ and the loop $234 l$ to cause the loop $\mathbf{2 3 6} l$ to slide in an upward direction toward the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} l$ of the third leg member $40 l$ thereby pivoting the third leg member $40 l$ inward toward the area between the first leg member $20 l$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$. The reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} l$ is also moved in an upward direction to cause the loop $254 l$ of the second end 250 of the reinforcing member $\mathbf{1 7 0} /$ to slide in an upward manner along the first end $\mathbf{1 0 0} l$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$. The first end $60 l$ of the first leg member $20 l$ and the first end $\mathbf{8 0} l$ of the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$ are compressed together thereby decreasing the angle formed at the arch $\mathbf{1 3 0} l$ between the center area $140 /$ of the first leg member $20 /$ and the second leg member $\mathbf{3 0} l$. The second end $70 l$, the second end $90 l$, and the second end $110 l$ may then be inserted into the retaining member 280 l forming the leg members into a bundle $290 l$ (not shown).
[0223] The various embodiments of the floral easel described herein in FIGS. 1-11, may be further shipped and/ or stored. To ship the various embodiments of the floral easel described herein in FIGS. 1-11, the plurality of legs of the floral easel may be collapsed to the closed position and held in place by the retaining member; the floral easel may then be placed into a shipping container such as, for example, a box or crate, and the floral easel may be shipped to a predetermined location. Further, the various embodiments of the floral easel described herein in FIGS. 1-11, may be placed into a storage area for an indefinite period of time wherein the plurality of legs are collapsed into the closed position so as to store the floral easel in a storage area for an indefinite period of time.

## Description of FIG. 12

[0224] Referring now to FIGS. 12A-12I, designated generally by the reference numeral $10 \mathrm{~m}-10 u$, respectively, is a floral easel. The floral easel $10 m-10 u$ has a top end $\mathbf{2 0 m - 2 0} u$,
a bottom end $\mathbf{3 0 m - 3 0} u$ and a side wall $\mathbf{4 0 m - 4 0} u$ extending therebetween. The top end $\mathbf{2 0 m - 2 0} u$, the bottom end $\mathbf{3 0 m - 3 0 u}$ and the sidewall $40 m-40 u$ are formed so as to have the appearance of a cone as shown in FIGS. 12A-12I. The top end $\mathbf{2 0} \mathbf{m - 2 0} u$ may have an aperture therethrough or may be solid. The bottom end $\mathbf{3 0 m - 3 0} u$ may have an aperture therethrough or may be solid. The floral easel $\mathbf{1 0 m - 1 0} u$ may be a solid structure or may be hollow. The bottom end $\mathbf{3 0 m - 3 0} u$ is generally in contact with a substrate $\mathbf{4 5} m-\mathbf{4 5} u$ to thereby support and hold the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0 m - 1 0 u}$. The substrate $\mathbf{4 5 m - 4 5} u$ may be any surface such as, for example, a floor, dirt, grass, fiber, plastic, or any surface capable of supporting the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0 m - 1 0} u$ thereon.
[0225] In the embodiment shown in FIG. 12A, the floral object (not shown) may be placed adjacent to the top end $\mathbf{2 0 m}$ of the floral easel 10 m . In the embodiments shown in FIGS. 12B-12E, a support member $50 n-50 q$ may be employed to hold and/or support the floral object, however, any portion of the floral easel $10 n-10 q$ may hold or support the floral object or non-floral object. The support member $\mathbf{5 0 n - 5 0} q$ may be any kind of device capable of supporting the floral object. For example, but not by way of limitation, the support member $50 n-50 q$ may be selected from the group consisting of a hook, a platform, a magnet, wire, adhesive, cohesive, velcro, a slot, a loop, a tab, a groove, a spring, elastic, a band, ribbon, a clip, combinations thereof, or any other device that is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 12B, the support member $50 n$ is a tab created by making a cut-out in the floral easel $10 n$ wherein a bottom portion $60 n$ of the support member $50 n$ remains connected to the floral easel 10 $n$. In the embodiment shown in FIGS. 12C and 12D, the support member $50 o$ and $50 p$, respectively, is adhesive located on the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} o-\mathbf{1 0} p$. The adhesive may be, for example, glue, a tab, tape or any other type of adhesive capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. The adhesive tab shown in FIGS. 12C and 12D may be any shape such as rectangular as shown in FIG. 12C or circular as shown in FIG. 12D. However, it should be understood that the adhesive may be any shape so long as a floral object may be connected thereto. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 12E, the floral easel $10 q$ includes an aperture $55 q$ through a portion of the sidewall $40 q$ of the floral easel $10 q$ so that a support member (not shown) such as, for example, an s-hook may be placed therethrough. The aperture $55 q$ may be any shape and/or size and may be located on any area of the sidewall $40 q$ for placing the support member therethrough.
[0226] In the various embodiments of the floral easel described herein, the support member may be constructed of the same material as the floral easel or the support member may be constructed of a different material than the floral easel so long as the material is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object. It should be understood however, that the support member is not required. The floral object may alternatively be placed around the top portion of the floral easel. It should also be understood that the floral object may be placed on either or both the top portion and/or the support member of the floral easel
[0227] Shown in FIG. 12F is a floral easel $10 r$ having a portion of the sidewall $40 r$ removed so as to create a support member $50 r$ extending the length of a sidewall $40 r$ for placing a floral object therethrough.
[0228] Shown in FIG. 12G is a floral easel $10 s$ having a portion of the sidewall $40 s$ removed wherein a portion of the
sidewall $\mathbf{4 0} s$ remains connected to the floral easel $10 s$ thereby creating a support member $\mathbf{5 0} \mathrm{s}$, such as a tab, for hanging a floral object thereon. The support member $\mathbf{5 0} s$ may be any shape or size. For example, as shown in FIG. 12G, the support member $50 s$ is substantially triangular.
[0229] It should be understood that in the various embodiments of the floral easel described herein, the floral easel may have multiple portions of the sidewall $40 t-40 u$ removed as shown in FIGS. 12H and 12I, respectively. The removed portions of the sidewall $\mathbf{4 0 t - 4 0} u$ may serve to allow placement of the floral object therethrough for support of the floral object. Further, the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0} t \mathbf{- 1 0} u$, as shown in FIGS. 12H and 12I, includes a support member $50 t-50 u$, such as a triangular tab, for holding and/or supporting a floral object thereon. It should be understood that the support member $\mathbf{5 0} t-50 u$ may be any shape and/or size such as, for example, triangular, square, or circular, so long as the support member $50 t-50 u$ is capable of holding and/or supporting the floral object.
[0230] It should be understood that the various embodiments of the floral easel described herein may be any shape and/or size. For example, as shown in FIGS. 13A-13E, the floral easel $\mathbf{1 0 v - z}$, respectively, is a five-sided pyramid. Shown in FIGS. 14A-14E, the floral easel $10 a a-10 e e$, respectively, is a five-sided pyramid having a plurality of leg members 280aa-280ee. Shown in FIGS. 15A-15E, the floral easel $10 f f-10 j j$ is a three-sided pyramid. Shown in FIGS. 16A-16F, the floral easel $10 k k-10 p p$ is a three-sided pyramid having a plurality of leg members $280 k k-280 p p$, respectively.
[0231] Changes may be made in the construction and operation of the various components, elements and assemblies described herein or in the steps or sequence of steps of the methods described herein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined in the following claims.

What is claimed:

1. A floral easel for holding a floral object, the floral easel having a substantially erect condition and a substantially collapsed condition, the floral easel comprising:
a first leg having a first end and a second end, the first leg having a first side and a second side wherein the second side is capable of engaging a substrate, wherein the first leg is provided with a non-linear configuration in the substantially erect condition so as to support the floral easel in an upright configuration; and
a second leg having a first end and a second end whereby the first ends of the first and second legs are intersected with one another to form an angle to define a vertex.
2. The floral easel of claim 1, further comprising a floral object support member capable of holding the floral object adjacent to the floral easel, wherein the floral object support member is connected to the second end of the second leg.
3. The floral easel of claim 1, wherein the floral easel further comprises a retaining member capable of holding the first and second legs in the collapsed position, the retaining member attached to the second leg.
4. The floral easel of claim 3 , wherein the retaining member is selected from the group consisting of a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, elastic, clip, spring, band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in at least one of the leg members, a groove, a slot, and combinations thereof.
5. A method of shipping a floral easel having a substantially erect condition and a substantially collapsed condition, the method comprising the steps of:
providing a floral easel for holding a floral object, the floral easel having a substantially erect condition and a substantially collapsed condition, the floral easel comprising:
a first leg having a first end and a second end, the first leg having a first side and a second side wherein the second side is capable of engaging a substrate, wherein the first leg is provided with a non-linear configuration in the substantially erect condition so as to support the floral easel in an upright configuration; and
a second leg having a first end and a second end whereby the first ends of the first and second legs are intersected with one another to form an angle to define a vertex;
moving the first leg so that the floral easel is moved into the substantially collapsed position;
placing the floral easel into a shipping container; and
shipping the container containing the floral easel to a predetermined location.
6. The method of claim $\mathbf{5}$ wherein, in the step of providing a floral easel, the floral easel further comprises a floral object support member capable of holding the floral object adjacent to the floral easel, wherein the floral object support member is connected to the second end of the second leg.
7. The method of claim $\mathbf{5}$ wherein, in the step of providing a floral easel, the floral easel further comprises a retaining member capable of holding the first and second legs in the substantially collapsed position, wherein the retaining member is attached to the second leg.
8. The method of claim 7, further comprising the step of retaining the floral easel in the substantially collapsed position by engaging the first and second legs with the retaining member.
9. The method of claim 7 , wherein the retaining member is selected from the group consisting of a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, elastic, clip, spring, band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in at least one of the leg members, a groove, a slot, and combinations thereof.
10. A method of using a floral easel having a substantially erect condition and a substantially collapsed condition, the method comprising the steps of:
providing a floral easel for holding a floral object, the floral easel having a substantially erect condition and a substantially collapsed condition, the floral easel comprising:
a first leg having a first end and a second end, the first leg having a first side and a second side wherein the second side is capable of engaging a substrate, wherein the first leg is provided with a non-linear configuration in the substantially erect condition so as to support the floral easel in an upright configuration;
a second leg having a first end and a second end whereby the first ends of the first and second legs are intersected with one another to form an angle to define a vertex;
a floral object support member capable of holding the floral object adjacent to the floral easel, the floral object support member connected to the second end of the second leg; and
a retaining member capable of holding the first and second legs in the substantially collapsed condition, the retaining member attached to the second leg;
disengaging the retaining member from engagement with the first and second legs;
erecting the floral easel to the substantially erect condition whereby the second side of the first leg engages the substrate;
attaching the floral object to the floral object support member; and
displaying the floral object on the floral easel.
11. The method of claim 10 , wherein the retaining member is selected from the group consisting of a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, elastic, clip, spring, band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in at least one of the leg members, a groove, a slot, and combinations thereof.
12. A method of storing a floral easel having a substantially erect condition and a substantially collapsed condition, the method comprising the steps of:
providing a floral easel for holding a floral object, the floral easel having a substantially erect condition and a substantially collapsed condition, the floral easel comprising:
a first leg having a first end and a second end, the first leg having a first side and a second side wherein the second side is capable of engaging a substrate, wherein the first leg is provided with a non-linear configuration in the substantially erect condition so as to support the floral easel in an upright configuration; and
a second leg having a first end and a second end whereby the first ends of the first and second legs are intersected with one another to form an angle to define a vertex;
moving the first leg so that the floral easel is moved into the substantially collapsed position;
placing the floral easel into a storage area; and
storing the floral easel in the storage area for a period of time.
13. The method of claim $\mathbf{1 2}$ wherein, in the step of providing a floral easel, the floral easel further comprises a floral object support member capable of holding the floral object adjacent to the floral easel, wherein the floral object support member is connected to the second end of the second leg.
14. The method of claim $\mathbf{1 2}$ wherein, in the step of providing a floral easel, the floral easel further comprises a retaining member capable of holding the first and second legs in the substantially collapsed position, wherein the retaining member is attached to the second leg.
15. The method of claim $\mathbf{1 4}$, further comprising the step of retaining the floral easel in the substantially collapsed position by engaging the first and second legs with the retaining member.
16. The method of claim 14 , wherein the retaining member is selected from the group consisting of a hook, a loop, a wire, a bow, a rope, a magnet, a cord, a chain, a strap, a cable, adhesive, elastic, clip, spring, band, shrink material, stretch material, a carton, a tube, a bend in at least one of the leg members, a groove, a slot, and combinations thereof.
