

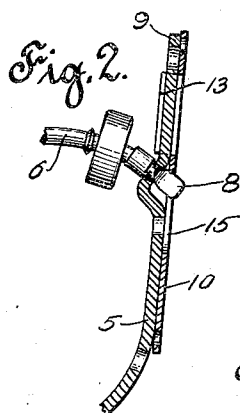
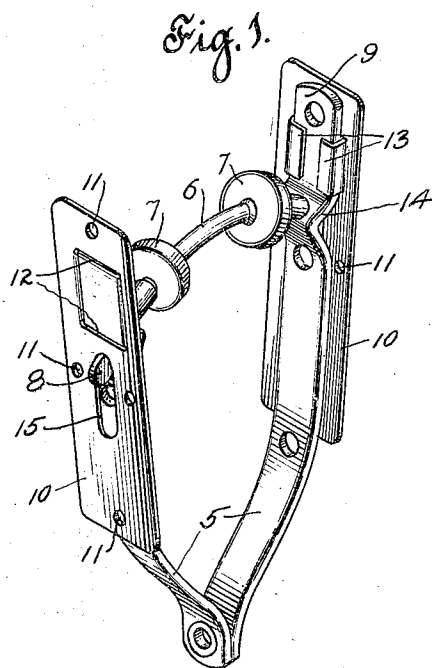
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DRAPERY HANGER

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DRAPERY HANGER.

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My invention relates to a drapery hanger particularly, though not exclusively, adapted for use with the curtain ring illustrated in Edsall Patent, 996,227, June 27, 1911.

It is the general object of the invention to provide a novel and simple form of readily attachable and detachable drapery hanger plate for supporting a drapery or the like from a curtain ring.

In the drawings which show, for illustrative purposes only, a preferred form of the invention—

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a curtain ring illustrating an improved form of drapery hanger;

Fig. 2 is a fragmentary, sectional view through one side of Fig. 1.

As is more fully set forth in the Edsall patent above mentioned, the curtain ring includes side arms 5—5 which may be secured together at the bottom. A bridging bar 6 extends between the arms 5—5 and may carry rollers 7—7 for supporting the curtain ring upon a curtain pole. In the present disclosure, the bridging bar 6 is riveted to the side arms 5—5, and the ends extend outwardly beyond the sides of the arms 5—5 as indicated at 8 to form supporting shoulders. The side arms extend upwardly beyond the bridging bar 6 and constitute free end projections 9. If the draperies be secured directly to the side arms 5—5 as by stitching or otherwise, it is rather troublesome to remove and replace the draperies without first removing the rings from the curtain pole.

My present invention relates to a drapery hanger plate, which may be secured to the draperies and the plates then very readily attached to or detached from the curtain rings. This is a particularly advantageous construction in that the drapery hanger plates and attached draperies may be readily removed for cleaning or other purposes.

In the form shown, I employ a drapery hanger plate 10, which is preferably a substantially flat plate of relatively thin sheet metal. The plate is provided with suitable means such as apertures 11—11 for stitching a drapery thereto. The drapery hanger plate is provided with retaining means for securing the same on the curtain ring. In the particular embodiment shown, each plate 10 is slitted as indicated at 12—12, and the metal between the slits bent up and then angularly

inwardly so as to provide a pair of retaining flanges 13—13. These flanges form in effect a pocket which may receive the upstanding free end 9 on either side arm 5. If desired, the flange means 13 may serve as a downward stop for the drapery hanger plate by simply abutting against the intumed portion 14 on the side arm 5, but I prefer to provide other means for supporting the hanger plate against downward movement. In the form shown, the projecting end 8 of the bridging bar 6 engages a suitable abutment on the drapery hanger plate and, in the form shown, this abutment may be formed by simply punching a vertical slot 15 in the plate 10, and the upper edge of the slot may then rest upon the extended end 8 of the bridging bar and thus support the drapery hanger plate and attached drapery. This is an advantageous construction in that the drapery plate is supported from the bridging bar directly, and the side arms in that case serve merely as a positioning means.

When it is desired to remove the draperies, it is only necessary to slide the drapery hanger plate 10 upwardly so as to disengage the upstanding end 9 of the side arm from the pocket formed by the flanges 13. In those cases in which it would be inconvenient to raise the drapery hanger plates to the extent just indicated, it is still possible to remove the drapery hanger plates by raising the latter until the upper end of the arm extension 9 is below the upper slit 12 in the hanger plate, after which the lower end of the hanger plate may be tilted outwardly and the plate then bodily raised so as to disengage the plate from the free arm 9.

Due to the fact that the arm 5, as well as the hanger plate 10, is substantially flat, the hanger plate will lie substantially flat along the arm. The form of pocket construction formed by the retaining flanges 13 further serves to hold the plates flat against the arm and permits the drapery to hang in a smooth, even fashion.

While the invention has been described in some detail, I do not wish to be strictly limited to the form shown since changes may be made within the scope of the invention as defined in the appended claims.

I claim:

1. In a device of the character described, a frame to be movably supported on a curtain

rod, said frame having two substantially flat side bars, a bridging member connecting the upper portions of said bars, a portion of said bridging member extending outside of said bar to form a supporting shoulder, said side bars extending upwardly beyond said bridging bar, a hanger plate provided with retaining means to slidably embrace the upwardly extending portion of said side bar whereby said hanger plate may be slid down over said upwardly projecting end of said side bar and be retained thereon substantially flat against said upwardly extending end,

said plate having an elongated vertical slot to receive said supporting shoulder. 15

2. In a device of the character described, two side members having a bridging bar therebetween, one end of said bridging bar extending outside of said arm to form a supporting shoulder, an upstanding end on one of said side members, a drapery hanger plate having means for slidably fitting said upstanding end on said side bar, said plate having abutment means for engaging the supporting shoulder of said bridging bar. 20

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