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(54) **REFRIGERATOR**

KÄLTEGERÄT

RÉFRIGÉRATEUR

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Description

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a refrigerator, more particularly to a house-hold or commercial refrigerator.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Recently, consumer has increased requirement for a multifunctional refrigerator. For example, such a refrigerator is conventionally well-known, on whose door a dispenser is arranged such that ice and water stored in the refrigerator can be taken off via the dispenser without opening the door of the refrigerator.

[0003] Furthermore, since the appearance of the door of the refrigerator is critical in consideration of the whole appearance of the refrigerator, factors such as material and color etc. of the front panel at the front surface of the refrigerator door should be specially taken into account by a designer. Conventionally, the front panel for the door of the refrigerator is formed of a metallic sheet which is bonded with foam material in foaming procedure of the door of the refrigerator. The refrigerator manufactory can change color/texture of the metallic sheet by applying paints having different colors/made of different materials on the metallic sheet such that the appearance of the refrigerator can be various as desired. Besides, it is also known in the prior art that the front panel of the refrigerator is made from glass plate. Due to specialty of glass, this kind of refrigerator is usually affected by consumer.

[0004] However, in the prior art, in a case that a refrigerator is provided with a dispenser, the glass panel of the refrigerator has to be provided at a location other than the vicinity of the dispenser such that the glass panel cannot be disturbed by the dispenser. For example, individual glass panels are arranged above and below the dispenser respectively and at locations other than the vicinity of the dispenser (especially not at both sides of it). This arrangement can cause that regions of the front surface of the refrigerator door which are above and below and around the dispenser are made of various materials such that these regions can hardly be in a same plane. Therefore, in the vicinity of the dispenser, the front surface of the refrigerator door looks being divided visually. Furthermore, the glass panels above and below the dispenser being separated from each other may increase the assembling cost of the refrigerator door.

[0005] Document DE 10 2005 057 161 A1 discloses a refrigerator according to the preamble of claim 1.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] The present invention aims to overcome at least one of the above-mentioned problems and thus to provide an improved refrigerator.

[0007] Therefore, according to an aspect of the present

invention, a refrigerator according to claim 1 is provided, which comprises a door and a dispenser mounted on the door, the door comprises a front panel forming at least a part of the door's front surface, the front panel has a through-hole which at least partially corresponds to the dispenser, the front panel is a glass plate and comprises an upper region above the through-hole, a lower region below the through-hole and side regions which are located between the upper region and the lower region and which connect with the upper region and the lower region.

[0008] Therefore, the front surface of the refrigerator's door which surrounds the dispenser is made of glass panel as the front surface of the remaining portion of the door does such that it is anticipated that the front panel of refrigerator is constructed by a glass panel to achieve a neat and simple appearance.

[0009] According to a particularly preferred embodiment of the present invention, the front panel has a one-piece structure. Therefore, portions of the front panel can be seamlessly connected. This reduces gap which will be inevitably existed between different portions of the front panel, and thus a neat and simple appearance of the refrigerator can be achieved.

[0010] According to a particularly preferred embodiment of the present invention, the sum of the longitudinal lengths of the upper portion, the lower region and one of the side regions is substantially equal to the longitudinal height of the door in value. Particularly and preferably, the front surface of the door is substantially formed by the front panel.

[0011] According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the lateral size of each of the side regions is at least 5 cm, for example 7 to 8 cm. When the upper region, the lower region and the side regions are integrated with each other, it is particularly preferable since the risk of breaking off of the front panel around the through-hole can be reduced. The breaking off may be caused by insufficient strength of the front panel due to the existence of the through-hole.

[0012] According to the present invention, the door comprises a first wall forming a back surface of the door, a second wall separated at a predetermined interval from the first wall and a thermally insulated layer accommodated between the first wall and the second wall, and the front panel is attached at the front side of the second wall.

[0013] According to the present invention, a gap is formed in a front and back direction between the front panel and the second wall. The door comprises a shelter element for shielding the gap along the through-hole. Therefore, the gap between the front panel and the second wall is shielded from a dispensing chamber for the dispenser. This can facilitate preventing foreign matter from entering into the gap between the front panel and the second wall, and more particularly can facilitate obtaining a neat appearance.

[0014] According to a particularly preferred embodiment of the present invention, the dispenser comprises a dispenser housing, and the shelter element is formed

by the dispenser housing.

[0015] According to a particularly preferred embodiment of the present invention, the dispenser comprises a dispensing chamber for accommodating at least a part of an additional device. At least a portion of the chamber's wall defining the dispensing chamber extends forwards into the through-hole. In one aspect, the chamber wall extending into the through-hole can shield the end face of the second wall and the gap between the second wall and the front panel. In another aspect, the gap and the end face of the second wall which are not in favor of the refrigerator's appearance are shielded by the chamber wall, which can facilitate reducing additional components.

[0016] According to another aspect of the present invention, a refrigerator is provided. The refrigerator comprises a door, which comprises a front panel forming at least a part of the door's front surface, the front panel having a through-hole, whose lateral width is at least a half of the lateral width of the front panel, characterized in that the front panel is made of glass and comprises an upper region above the through-hole, a lower region below the through-hole and side regions which each are located at a corresponding side of the through-hole and which connect with the upper region and the lower region.

[0017] In a particularly preferred embodiment of the present invention, the door has a dispensing chamber for accommodating at least a part of an additional device. At least a portion of the through-hole is constructed as an access to the dispensing chamber. In another preferred embodiment, the door comprises a table-forming door which can be used to selectively open or close the through-hole.

[0018] In a preferred embodiment, the refrigerator comprises a control panel which is at least partially accommodated in the through-hole.

[0019] Particularly and preferably, the front panel has a one-pieced structure, and the front surface of the door is substantially formed by the front panel.

[0020] The construction of the present invention and other objectives and beneficial effects of the present invention will be well understood by the following description of preferred embodiments in accompany with the drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0021] In order that the present invention can be understood, preferred embodiments of the present invention are explained in accompany with the drawings which together with the description is used to interpret the principle of the present invention. In the drawings:

Figure 1 shows a schematic perspective view of a refrigerator according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 shows a schematic exploded view of a door of the refrigerator according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 3 shows a partially sectional view of the door of the refrigerator according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 4 shows a detailed view of the part "A" in figure 3; and

Figure 5 shows a schematic front view of the refrigerator according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0022] Refer to figures, especially figure 1. A refrigerator 1 comprises a refrigerator body 18. In this embodiment, the refrigerator body 18 defines a freezing compartment (not shown) and a refrigerating compartment (not shown) which are arranged side-by-side. The refrigerator further comprises a freezing compartment door 2 and a refrigerating compartment door 2' which are connected to the refrigerator body 18. The freezing compartment door 2 and the refrigerating compartment door 2' each are pivotally connected to a corresponding side of the refrigerator body 18 such that the freezing compartment and the refrigerating compartment can be opened or closed selectively. The freezing compartment door 2 and the refrigerating compartment door 2' each are provided with a handle 19 thereon such that a user can easily open or close the corresponding door.

[0023] The freezing compartment door 2 is provided with a dispenser 3. The dispenser 3 is provided so that ice and/or water stored in the refrigerator 1 can be discharged even in case of the freezing compartment door 2 being not opened. However, the present invention is not limited to this. For instance, in an alternative embodiment, it is also possible that the dispenser 3 is provided on the refrigerating compartment door 2'.

[0024] In this embodiment, the dispenser 3 has a dispensing chamber 4 which is opened at its front end to receive an additional device such as a cup. The dispenser 4 is recessed backwards at a depth from the front surface of the freezing compartment door 2.

[0025] The refrigerator 1 comprises a control panel 17 arranged on the door 2. In this embodiment, the control panel 17 is arranged directly adjacent to and above the dispensing chamber 4. Preferably, the control panel 17 comprises a display screen 20 and a plurality of switch devices 21. The display screen 20 is used to display information such as operating status and/or setting parameter of the refrigerator 1. Preferably, the switch devices 21 are located below the display screen 20 such that the switch devices 21 are closer to the dispensing chamber 4 than the display screen 21. In this embodiment, for example, by means of manipulation of a corresponding one of the switch devices 21, a user can carry out operations such as water dispensing, flake ice dispensing and ice cake dispensing and can turn on a lighting device for illuminating the dispensing chamber 4.

[0026] As shown in figures 2 and 3, the freezing com-

partment door 2 comprises a first wall 10 forming a back surface of the freezing compartment door 2 and a front panel 5 forming a front surface of the freezing compartment door 2. The first wall 10 faces toward the freezing compartment when the freezing compartment door 2 is closed. The freezing compartment door 2 further comprises a second wall 11 located between the first wall 10 and the front panel 5. The second wall 11 is preferably made of metallic sheet.

[0027] There is an interval between the second wall 11 and the first wall 10 such that a space is formed between the second wall 11 and the first wall 10 to accommodate a thermally insulated layer 12. The thermally insulated layer 12 is preferably formed by foaming of thermally insulated foam material.

[0028] The dispenser 3 comprises a dispenser housing 26, which dispenser housing defines a concave chamber 27 recessed in a front and back direction. The front end opening of the concave chamber 27 is in a substantially quadrangle shape. The second wall 11 is provided with an opening 23 corresponding with the concave chamber 27. The position and the size of the opening 23 substantially correspond to those of the front end opening of the concave chamber 27.

[0029] The concave chamber 27 is divided into an upper portion and a lower portion by a partition wall 28. More particularly, a portion of the concave chamber 27 which is below the partition wall 28 is opened at its front end such that a dispensing chamber 4 is formed to receive an additional device. A portion of the concave chamber 27 which is above the partition wall 28 is closed by the control panel 17. An ice discharging opening 30 is provided on the partition wall 28 such that ice stored in the freezing compartment is entered into the portion of the concave chamber 27 which is above the partition wall 28 via an ice transporting chute 29 and then is entered into the dispensing chamber 4 via the ice discharging opening 30. When it is not necessary to transport ice, the ice transporting passage 29 is closed by a closure element 44.

[0030] As shown in figure 4, the dispenser housing 26 comprises a mounting edge 31 which is matably attached to the second wall 11. Preferably, the front surface of the mounting edge 31 is pressed against the inner surface of the second wall 11 along the opening 23. Preferably, a sealing device is provided between the front surface of the mounting edge 31 and the rear surface of the second wall 11 so as to prevent foam material from escaping during foaming. Such a sealing device is preferably formed by adhesive tape, which facilitates the dispenser housing 26 being secured on the inner surface of the second wall 11. The dispenser housing 26 comprises a connecting slot 32 arranged around the concave chamber 27. Correspondingly, the second wall 11 comprises a connecting flange 32 extending backwards from the edge of the opening 23. The connecting flange 33 is inserted into the connecting slot 32 such that the dispenser housing 26 is secured on the second wall 11. The dis-

penser housing 26 does not project beyond the front side of the second wall 11, and thus partially overlaps with the front surface of the second wall 11. The front panel 5 can be tightly pressed against the front side of the second wall 11. The front panel 5 is explained as follow.

[0031] The front panel 5 is made of tempered glass and comprises a through-hole 6 adapted for the dispenser 3. The size and the position of the through-hole 6 substantially correspond to those of the front end opening of the concave chamber 27. In this embodiment, the upper portion of the through-hole 6 is closed by the control panel 17, and the lower portion of the through-hole 6 is constructed as an access to the dispensing chamber 4.

[0032] The front panel 5 is bonded to the front surface of the second wall 11 by means of adhesive means, which specially facilitates the front surface of the front wall 5 being completely exposed outwards. Preferably, the adhesive means is a double-face adhesive tape which can implement strong adhesion. In this embodiment, the adhesive means comprises a first adhesive section 24 arranged at the peripheral edge of the front panel 5 and a second adhesive section 25 arranged along the edge region of the through-hole 6. The first adhesive section 24 and the second adhesive section 25 each comprise a plurality of bar-shaped adhesive tapes which preferably adhere with each other to form a closed-loop adhesive frame, which can prevent foreign matter such as dust from entering between the front panel 5 and the second wall 11.

[0033] With respect to the through-hole 6, the front panel 5 is divided into an upper region 7 above the through-hole 6, a lower region 8 below the through-hole 6 and side regions 9a and 9b which each are at a corresponding one of both sides of the through-hole 6 and which connects with the upper region 7 and the lower region 8.

[0034] The front panel 5 has an outline in oblong shape. Preferably, the widths of the upper region 7 and the lower region 8 are at least substantially identical with the width of the freezing compartment 2. The sum of the longitudinal lengths of the lower region 7, the upper region 8 and one of the side regions 9a and 9b is substantially equal to the longitudinal height of the door 2 in value. Therefore, the front surface of the second wall 11 can be completely covered by the front panel 5.

[0035] The front panel 5 has a one-pieced structure such that the upper region 7, the lower region 8 and the side regions 9a and 9b connect with each other without any gap. This can facilitate reducing any possible gap on the front surface of the freezing compartment such that a neat and perfect appearance of the refrigerator can be anticipated.

[0036] The lateral width of the through-hole 6 is at least a half of the width of the front panel 5. Preferably, the side regions 9a and 9b are symmetrical with respect to the longitudinal center axis of the front panel 5. In order to ensure that the front panel 5 has a sufficient strength, the lateral sizes of the side regions 9a and 9b are larger

than 5 cm, for example larger than 7~8 cm. In this embodiment, the width of the front panel 5 is 40 cm, the width of the through-hole 6 is 24 cm, the width of each of the side regions 9a and 9b is 8 cm. Of course, it is also possible that the lateral sizes of the side regions 9a and 9b are different from each other.

[0037] Small holes 41 are provided on the front panel 5 to mount a handle 19 therein. A front end of a handle mounting portion 42 secured on the second wall 11 projects into a corresponding one of the small holes 41 so as to be connected with a connecting root 43 of the handle 19.

[0038] As shown in figures 3 and 4, a gap 13 is formed between the front panel 5 and the second wall 11 in a front and back direction. The interval in the front and back direction of the gap 13 is substantially identical to the thickness of each of the first adhesive section 24 after being pressed and the second adhesive section 25 after being pressed. In this embodiment, the gap 13 is about 1 mm in size.

[0039] In a preferred embodiment according to the present invention, the end of a chamber wall 15 of the dispenser housing 26 for defining the concave chamber 27 extends beyond the second wall 11 and projects into the through-hole 6 such that the end of the chamber wall 15 forms a shelter element 14 used to isolate the second wall 11 and the gap 13 from the concave chamber 27. Since the dispensing chamber 4 is formed of a portion of the concave chamber 27, the second wall 11 and the gap 13 are not exposed in the dispensing chamber 4. Preferably, the dispensing chamber wall 15 extends into the through-hole 6 and not beyond the front surface of the front panel 5.

[0040] Figure 5 shows a schematic perspective view of a refrigerator 1' according to another embodiment of the present invention. As shown in figure 5, the refrigerator 1' comprises a refrigerating compartment door 34 which is provided with a table-forming opening 35. The table-forming opening 35 is provided through the refrigerating compartment door 34 in a front and back direction. The table-forming opening 35 is selectively closed or opened by a table-forming door 16 provided on the refrigerating compartment door 34.

[0041] The front surface of the refrigerating compartment door 34 is formed by a front panel 36. The front panel 36 is made of glass and has a one-pieced structure. At a location corresponding to the table-forming opening 35, a through-hole 37 is formed on the front panel 36 and its position and size substantially correspond to those of the table-forming opening 35. The lateral width of the through-hole 37 is larger than a half of the total width of the front panel 36. The front panel 36 comprises an upper region 38 above the through-hole 36, a lower region 39 below the through-hole 37 and side regions 40a and 40b which each are located at a corresponding one of both sides of the through-hole 36 and which connect with the upper region 38 and the lower region 39. Therefore, the front surface of the refrigerating compartment door 34

which comprises the surrounding area of the table-forming opening 35 can be made of only a piece of glass panel. This facilitates to solve the technical problem that material is not unified and connect seams are excessive in a case that the refrigerating compartment door 34 provided with the table-forming door 16 is made of glass panel.

10 Claims

1. 1. A refrigerator (1) comprising a door (2) and a dispenser (3) mounted on the door (2), the door (2) comprising a front panel (5) forming at least a part of the door's front surface, the front panel (5) having a through-hole (6) at least partially corresponding to the dispenser (3), wherein the front panel (5) comprises an upper region (7) above the through-hole (6), a lower region (8) below the through-hole (6) and side regions (9a, 9b) which are located between the upper region (7) and the lower region (8) and which connect with the upper region (7) and the lower region (8), wherein the door (2) comprises a first wall (10) forming a back surface of the door (2), a second wall (11) which is separated at a predetermined interval from the first wall (10) and in that a thermally insulated layer (12) is accommodated between the first wall (10) and the second wall (11), wherein a gap (13) is formed in a front and back direction between the front panel (5) and the second wall (11), and the door (2) comprises a shelter element (14) for shielding the gap (13) along the through-hole (6), **characterized in that** the front panel (5) is a glass plate and **in that** the front panel (5) is attached at the front side of the second wall (11) by being bonded to the second wall (11) by means of adhesive means and **in that** the adhesive means comprises a first adhesive section (24) arranged at the peripheral edge of the front panel (5) and second adhesive section (25) arranged along the edge region of the through-hole (6), wherein the first adhesive section (24) and the second adhesive section (25) each comprise a plurality of bar-shaped adhesive tapes.
2. The refrigerator (1) according to claim 1, **characterized in that** the front panel (5) has a one-pieced structure.
3. The refrigerator (1) according to claim 1 or 2, **characterized in that** the sum of the longitudinal lengths of the upper region (7), the lower region (8) and one of the side regions (9a, 9b) is substantially equal to the longitudinal height of the door (2) in value.
4. The refrigerator (1) according to any one of the previous claims, **characterized in that** the front surface of the door (2) is substantially formed by the front panel (5).

5. The refrigerator (1) according to any one of the previous claims, **characterized in that** the lateral size of each of the side regions (9a, 9b) is at least 5 cm, for example 7 to 8 cm.
6. The refrigerator (1) according to any one of the previous claims, **characterized in that** the dispenser (3) comprises a dispenser housing (26), and the shelter element (14) is formed by the dispenser housing (26).
7. The refrigerator (1) according to any one of the previous claims, **characterized in that** the dispenser (3) comprises a dispensing chamber (4) for accommodating at least a part of an additional device, and a chamber wall (15) for defining the dispensing chamber (4) extends forwards into the through-hole (6).

Patentansprüche

1. Kältegerät (1), welches eine Tür (2) und einen an der Tür (2) angebrachten Spender (3) umfasst, wobei die Tür (2) eine Frontplatte (5) umfasst, die wenigstens einen Teil der Vorderseite der Tür bildet, wobei die Frontplatte (5) ein Durchgangsloch (6) aufweist, das wenigstens teilweise dem Spender (3) entspricht, wobei die Frontplatte (5) einen oberen Bereich (7) oberhalb des Durchgangslochs (6), einen unteren Bereich (8) unterhalb des Durchgangslochs (6) und Seitenbereiche (9a, 9b), welche zwischen dem oberen Bereich (7) und dem unteren Bereich (8) angeordnet sind und welche mit dem oberen Bereich (7) und dem unteren Bereich (8) in Verbindung stehen, umfasst, wobei die Tür (2) eine erste Wand (10), die eine Rückseite der Tür (2) bildet, eine zweite Wand (11), welche durch einen vorgegebenen Abstand von der ersten Wand (10) getrennt ist, und eine Wärmeisolierschicht (12), die zwischen der ersten Wand (10) und der zweiten Wand (11) aufgenommen ist, umfasst, wobei ein Zwischenraum (13) in einer Vom-Hinten-Richtung zwischen der Frontplatte (5) und der zweiten Wand (11) ausgebildet ist und die Tür (2) ein Schutzelement (14) zum Abschirmen des Zwischenraums (13) entlang des Durchgangslochs (6) umfasst, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Frontplatte (5) eine Glasplatte ist, und dadurch, dass die Frontplatte (5) an der Vorderseite der zweiten Wand (11) befestigt ist, indem sie mit der zweiten Wand (11) mittels eines Klebemittels stoffschlüssig verbunden ist, und dadurch, dass das Klebemittel einen ersten Klebeabschnitt (24), der am Umfangsrand der Frontplatte (5) angeordnet ist, und einen zweiten Klebeabschnitt (25), der entlang des Randbereichs des Durchgangslochs (6) angeordnet ist, umfasst, wobei der erste Klebeabschnitt (24) und der zweite Klebeabschnitt (25)

jeweils mehrere stabförmige Klebebänder umfassen.

2. Kältegerät (1) nach Anspruch 1, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Frontplatte (5) eine einstückige Struktur aufweist
3. Kältegerät (1) nach Anspruch 1 oder 2, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Summe der Längen des oberen Bereichs (7), des unteren Bereichs (8) und eines der Seitenbereiche (9a, 9b) in Längsrichtung im Wesentlichen denselben Wert wie die Höhe der Tür (2) in Längsrichtung hat.
4. Kältegerät (1) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Vorderseite der Tür (2) im Wesentlichen von der Frontplatte (5) gebildet wird.
5. Kältegerät (1) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die seitliche Größe jedes der Seitenbereiche (9a, 9b) wenigstens 5 cm, zum Beispiel 7 bis 8 cm, beträgt.
6. Kältegerät (1) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Spender (3) ein Spendergehäuse (26) umfasst und das Schutzelement (14) von dem Spendergehäuse (26) gebildet wird.
7. Kältegerät (1) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Spender (3) eine Spenderkammer (4) zum Aufnehmen wenigstens eines Teils einer zusätzlichen Vorrichtung umfasst und eine Kammerwand (15) zum Definieren der Spenderkammer (4) sich nach vorn in das Durchgangsloch (6) hinein erstreckt.

Revendications

1. Réfrigérateur (1) comprenant une porte (2) et un distributeur (3) monté sur la porte (2), la porte (2) comprenant un panneau avant (5) formant au moins une partie de la surface avant de la porte, le panneau avant (5) possédant un orifice de passage (6) correspondant au moins partiellement au distributeur (3), dans lequel le panneau avant (5) comprend une région supérieure (7) au-dessus de l'orifice de passage (6), une région inférieure (8) en dessous de l'orifice de passage (6) et des régions latérales (9a, 9b) situées entre la région supérieure (7) et la région inférieure (8) et reliées à la région supérieure (7) et à la région inférieure (8), dans lequel la porte (2) comprend une première paroi (10) formant une surface arrière de la porte (2), une deuxième paroi (11) séparée de la première paroi (10) selon un intervalle déterminé au préalable et dans lequel une couche

isolée thermiquement (12) est logée entre la première paroi (10) et la deuxième paroi (11), dans lequel une ouverture (13) est formée vers l'avant et vers l'arrière entre le panneau avant (5) et la deuxième paroi (11), et la porte (2) comprend un élément de protection (14) afin de protéger l'ouverture (13) le long de l'orifice de passage (6), **caractérisé en ce que** le panneau avant (5) est une plaque en verre et **en ce que** le panneau avant (5) est fixé au côté avant de la deuxième paroi (11) en étant attaché à la deuxième paroi (11) par des moyens adhésifs et **en ce que** les moyens adhésifs comprennent une première section adhésive (24) disposée sur le bord périphérique du panneau avant (5) et une deuxième section adhésive (25) disposée le long du bord de l'orifice de passage (6), dans lequel la première section adhésive (24) et la deuxième section adhésive (25) comprennent chacune une pluralité de bandes adhésives en forme de barre.

2. Réfrigérateur (1) selon la revendication 1, **caractérisé en ce que** le panneau avant (5) possède une structure en une pièce.
3. Réfrigérateur (1) selon la revendication 1 ou 2, **caractérisé en ce que** la somme des longueurs longitudinales de la région supérieure (7), la région inférieure (8) et l'une des régions latérales (9a, 9b) est d'une valeur substantiellement équivalente à la hauteur longitudinale de la porte (2).
4. Réfrigérateur (1) selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** la surface avant de la porte (2) est substantiellement formée par le panneau avant (5).
5. Réfrigérateur (1) selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** la dimension latérale de chacune des régions latérales (9a, 9b) est d'au moins 5 cm, par exemple 7 à 8 cm.
6. Réfrigérateur (1) selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** le distributeur (3) comprend un logement de distributeur (26) et l'élément de protection (14) est formé par le logement de distributeur (26).
7. Réfrigérateur (1) selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** le distributeur (3) comprend une chambre de distribution (4) pour accueillir au moins une partie d'un dispositif supplémentaire, et une paroi de chambre (15) servant à définir la chambre de distribution (4) s'étendant vers l'avant dans l'orifice de passage (6).

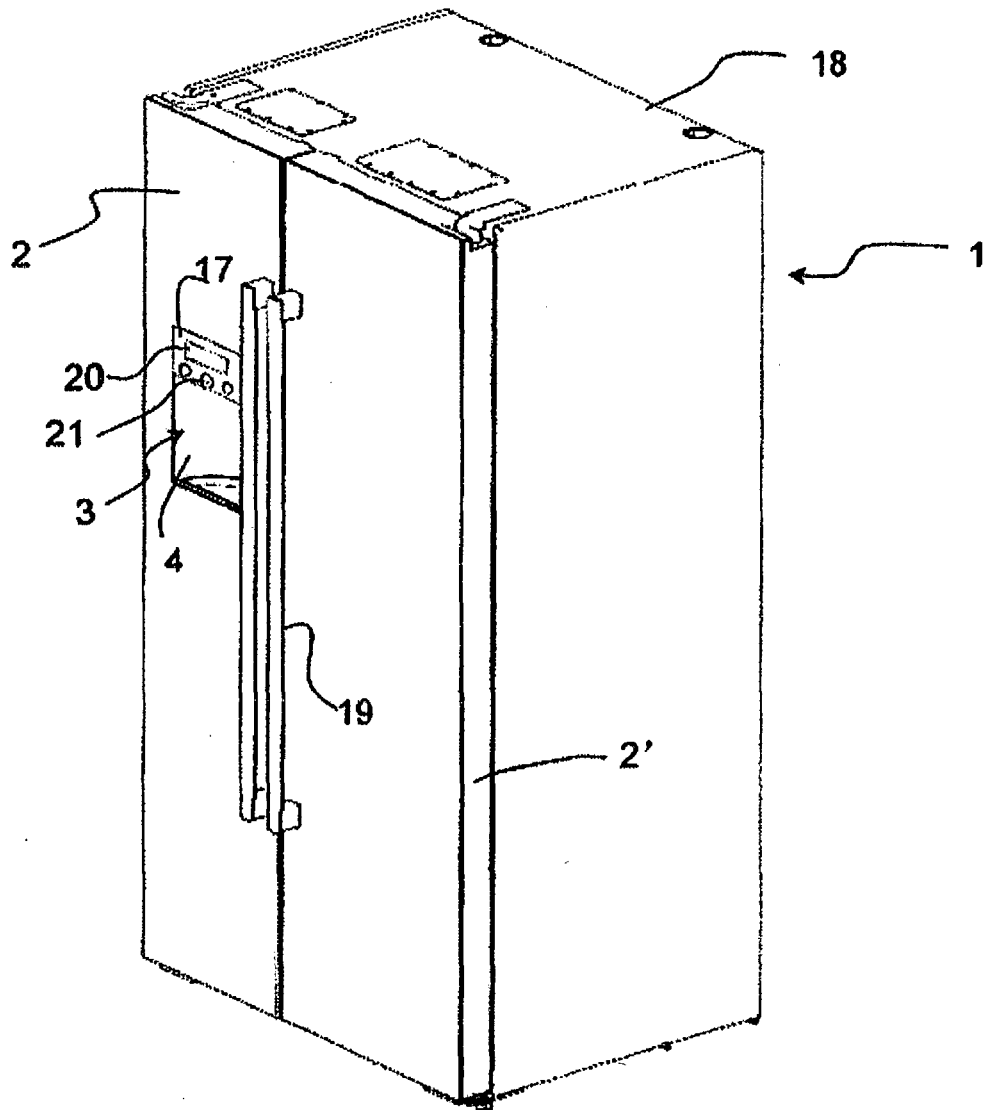


Figure 1

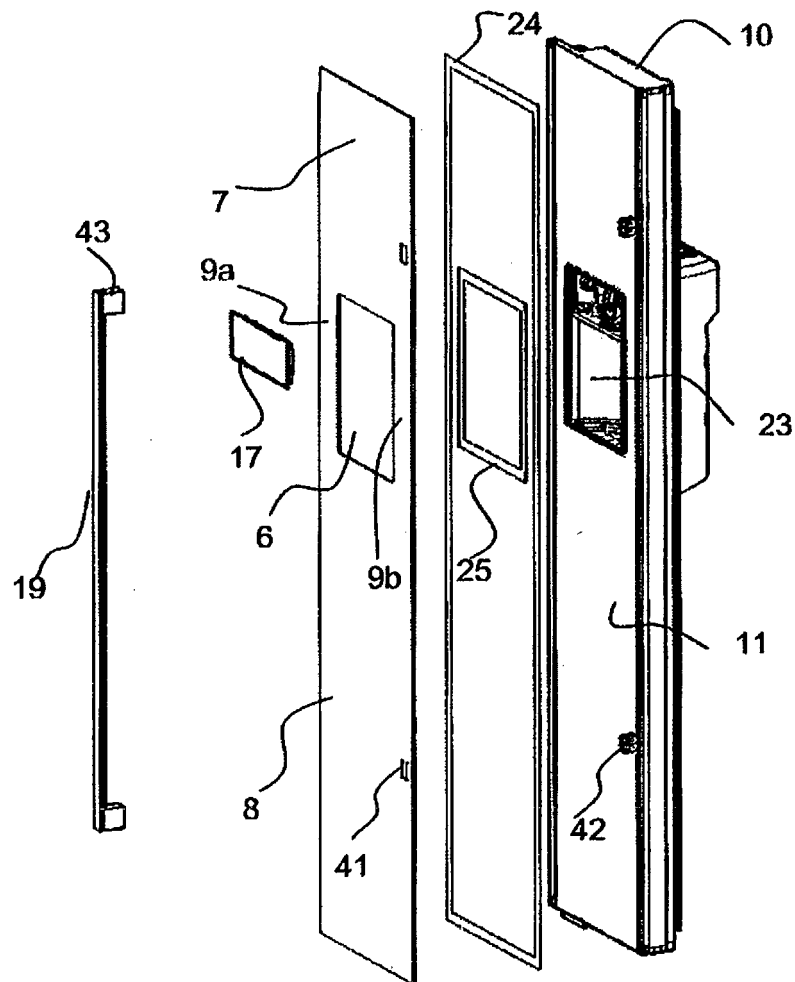


Figure 2

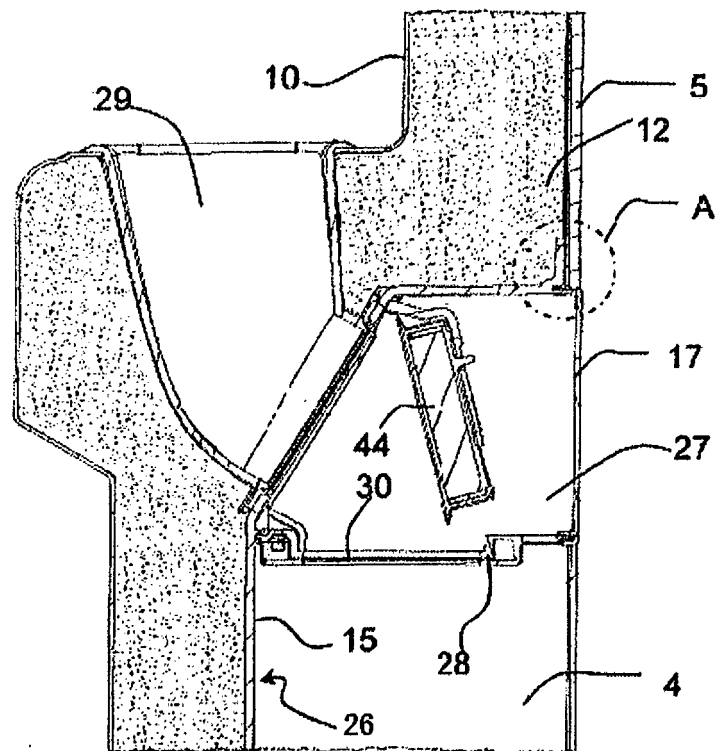


Figure 3

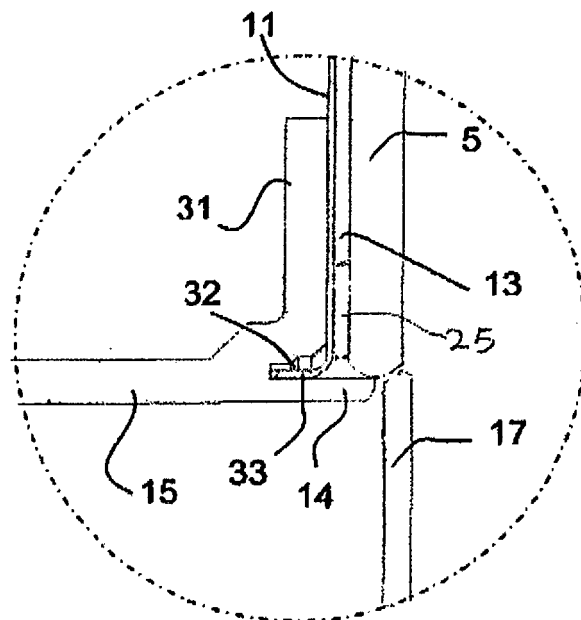


Figure 4

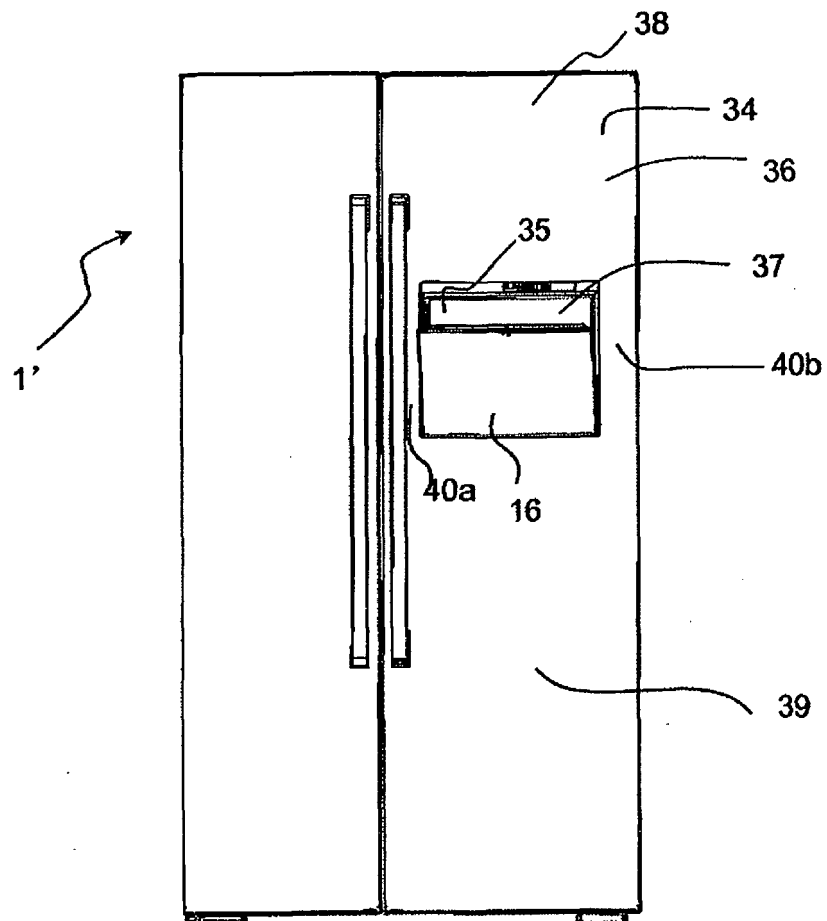


Figure 5

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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Patent documents cited in the description

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