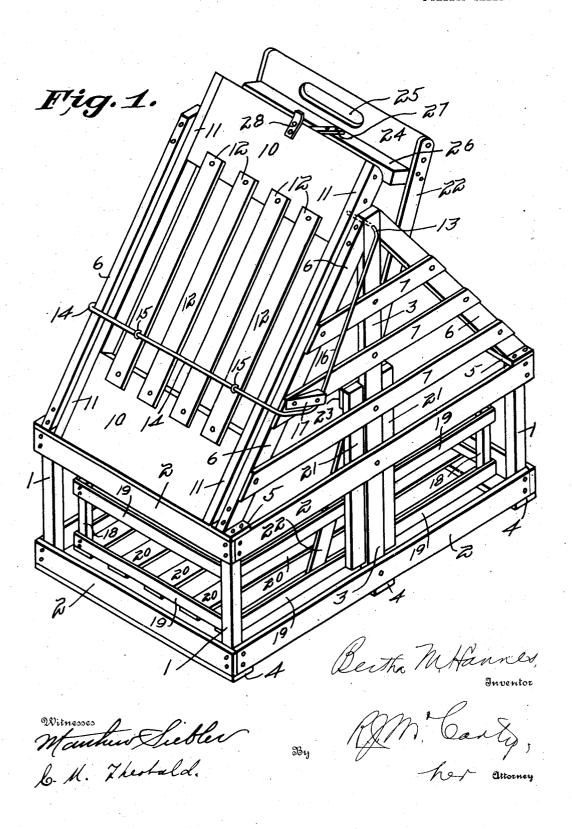
## B. M. HANNES. POULTRY TRAP. APPLICATION FILED NOV. 13, 1907.

2 SHEETS-SHEET 1.

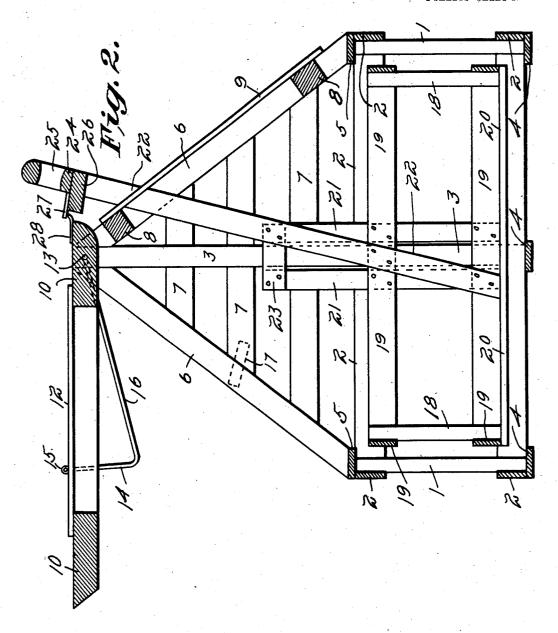


THE NORRIS PETERS CO., WASHINGTON, D. C.

## B. M. HANNES. POULTRY TRAP.

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2 SHEETS-SHEET 2.



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Bertha M. Hannes Inventor

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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

BERTHA M. HANNES, OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI, ASSIGNOR TO J. E. RICHARDS, OF DAYTON, OHIO.

## POULTRY-TRAP.

No. 879,132.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Feb. 11, 1908.

Application filed November 13, 1907. Serial No. 401,911.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, BERTHA M. HANNES, citizen of the United States, residing at St. Louis, State of Missouri, have invented cer-5 tain new and useful Improvements in Poultry-Traps; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and 10 use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the letters and figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

This invention relates to new and useful 15 improvements in poultry traps, and consists of a trap especially designed for laying hens.

The object of the invention is to provide a trap of simple construction in which is provided a nest for the hen and which securely 20 incloses the hen immediately upon its entrance therein.

In the drawings—Figure 1, is a perspective view of my improved hen trap. a vertical cross sectional view with the trap 25 door in its open or elevated position.

In a detail description of the invention, similar reference characters indicate corre-

sponding parts.

The housing or inclosing structure is con-30 structed of lattice work in order to provide an ample circulation of air, and such lattice work may be constructed of wood or wire or

partly of wood and partly of wire. As illustrated in the accompanying draw-

35 ings, it is constructed of wood of suitable dimensions to admit of one hen at a time occupying the inclosure. 1 designates four corner uprights or posts which are joined by parallel side and end panels 2 and bottom 40 cross panels 4 extending from the middle portion of two lower side panels 2 and from the ends of two lower side panels 2. The upper structure consists of two inclined beams 6 on each side which converge in-45 wardly at their upper ends and are attached to the upper ends of each of the uprights 3 which lie on each side of the structure and are united to the side panels  $2\ 2$  of the lower structure. The inclined beams 6 6 on each 50 side of the structure rest upon upper cross panels 5 5 which extend from the top of one of each pair of end posts 1 to the other and these inclines 6 6 are united by cross panels 7 which panels are also secured to the up-55 rights 3 on each side of the structure. The | to the nest frame, is an inclined frame which 110

two rear, cross panels 6 are united by cross pieces 8 (not shown in Fig. 1), which cross pieces are joined by a series of parallel panels 9. The parts thus far described constitute the stationary parts of the lattice housing, 60 the various panels being arranged sufficiently adjacent to each other to prevent an

inclosed hen from escaping.

10 10 designate upper and lower cross panels which are united to longitudinal side pan-65 els 11 and to lattice strips 12, the parts so united constitute the trap door which is hinged at 13 on each side to the upper portions of the uprights or posts 3. This trap door so constructed is maintained in its 70 closed position as in Fig. 1 by gravity, and is adapted to be locked automatically in its closed position by means of a resilient frame 14, the upper ends of which form the pivot 13 for the trap door, and the lower portion of 75 which extends across the outer side of the trap door and is united thereto by staples 15. The side portions 16 of this resilient frame are adapted to lock with tapering blocks 17 one of which is arranged on each side of the 80 lattice housing, preferably to the middle cross panel 7 on each side.

When the trap door is permitted to drop by gravity, the resilient frame or the side portions 16 thereof move against the outer 85 inclined surfaces of the blocks 17 until they reach the inner ends of said blocks at which time they spring inwardly and interlock with the inner ends of said blocks. The nest frame lies within the lower portion of the lat- 90 tice inclosure and is constructed of four corner posts or uprights 18 united to parallel side and end panels 19, the latter being joined by parallel longitudinal panels 20 forming the nest floor. This nest frame so 95 constructed rests upon the lower cross panel 4 when it is not in a suspended position, for example, when the trap door is lowered as in Fig. 1. On each side of said nest frame there are attached two guide strips 21 lying on op- 100 posite sides of the stationary uprights 3, the latter providing guides for the vertical movement of the nest frame.

It will be understood that the nest frame, constructed as described of the corner posts 105 18, side and end panels 19 and floor panels 20, is provided with a suitable quantity of straw for the hen, the whole more properly speaking, constituting the nest. Attached

the rearward inclined roof; this frame consists of two side panels or strips 22 which are attached at their lower ends to the base strip 5 19 of the nest frame, and at their middle portions these side strips 22 are attached to cross strips 23 which are united to the guide pieces 21 on the inside of the guide posts 3. It will thus be seen that the nest frame is at-10 tached on each side to these guide strips 22 which extend upwardly and out of the lattice housing and are joined at their upper exposed ends to a cross panel 24 which is slotted at 25 to provide a hand hold. There 15 is also joined to the upper ends of the side strips 22, a cross piece 26 which lies at right angles to the cross piece 24. Attached to this cross piece 26 is a plate or detent 27 which projects forwardly beyond the outer 20 edge of the cross piece 26. 28 designates a detent or tongue secured to the upper panel 10 of the trap door in a position to interlock with the detent 27 when the trap door is elevated as in Fig. 2. When the trap door is 25 thus engaged, the nest frame is held in a position slightly suspended above the base of the housing, and in such position a hen has ready access to the nest. Immediately upon entering the nest, the vibration imparted 30 thereto by the weight of the hen, will cause a sufficient movement of the frame members 22 to sufficiently disconnect the detents 27 and 28 to permit the trap door to fall to its closed position and to become locked in such 35 position by the resilient frame 14 or the side extensions thereof engaging with the lugs 17 as hereinbefore described.

To permit the hen to leave the trap and nest after the arrival of an egg is announced, 40 the frame 22 and therewith the nest frame is sufficiently elevated through the hand hold 25, and the trap door is raised upon its pivots 13 to permit the detents to reëngage as

before stated.

I claim as my invention:

1. In a poultry trap, a stationary lattice structure forming the inclosure for the nest and consisting of corner posts united to side and end panels, and a super structure join-50 ing the same and consisting of converging strips extending from the corner posts, up right posts extending from the lower struc-

extends out of the lattice housing through | ture to the apex of the superstructure, parallel panels uniting the converging strips with said upright posts, a trap door on one side of 55 the super structure, a resilient frame, the upper ends of which form the pivots of the trap door and the lower portion of which is united to the outer side of said trap door, means on the super structure to maintain the trap door 60 in its closed position, the lower portion of said trap door being adapted to interlock with the means for maintaining the trap door closed, a nest frame on the interior of the lattice structure, guide strips on each side of the 65 nest frame, said guide strips inclosing opposite sides of the upright posts which extend from the lower structure to the super structure, an inclined frame secured to the opposite sides of the nest frame and extending 70 through the top of the super structure, and interlocking detents on the upper portion of the trap door and the inclined frame adapted to engage each other to hold the nest frame in a suspended position and the trap door in 75 an open position, substantially as and for the purposes specified.

2. A poultry trap comprising an outer lattice frame-work with a converging super structure of lattice work, upright posts ex- 80 tending centrally on each side of said outer lattice frame-work and the super structure, a trap door hinged to one side of the super structure and provided with pivots, a locking lug on each side of the super structure, a re- 85 silient frame extending from the pivots of the trap door across the lower portion of the trap door and cooperating with said lugs to maintain the trap door in a closed position, a nest frame on the inner side of the lattice struc- 90 ture, an inclined frame attached to the nest frame and extending through the rear side of the super structure, and detents on the upper portion of said inclined frame and the trap door adapted to interlock to maintain the 95 nest frame in a suspended position and the

trap door in an open position, substantially as and for the purposes specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature, in presence of two witnesses.

BERTHA M. HANNES.

Witnesses:

MARGARET L. WATSON, Anna R. Watson.