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(71) Applicant(s)
Darius Development Limited

(72) Inventor(s)
Downing, John Eugene

(74) Agent / Attorney
Davies Collison Cave Pty Ltd, Level 15 1 Nicholson Street, MELBOURNE, VIC, 3000, AU

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(71) Applicant: DARIUS DEVELOPMENT LIMITED [GB/GB]; Alderwood House, Ridgley Road, Chiddingfold Surrey GU8 4QQ (GB).

(72) Inventor: DOWNING, John Eugene; Alderwood House, Ridgley Road, Chiddingfold Surrey GU8 4QQ (GB).

(74) Agent: BOULT WADE TENNANT; Verulam Gardens, 70 Gray's Inn Road, London WC1X 8BT (GB).

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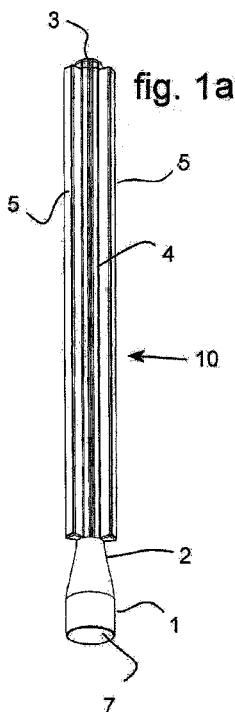
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(54) Title: A CLEANER ATTACHMENT DEVICE

(57) **Abstract:** The present invention relates to a cleaner attachment device, in particular a device for attachment to a vacuum or pressure cleaner. More particularly, but not exclusively, the invention relates to an attachment for cleaning behind water heaters or in other narrow spaces. A cleaner attachment device, comprising an elongate body (10) with a plurality of apertures (4) arranged helically along the body, and a plurality resiliently deformable portions (5) arranged along the body and extending from the body.



A CLEANER ATTACHMENT DEVICE

Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates to a cleaner attachment device, including in particular such a device for attachment to a vacuum or pressure cleaner. More particularly, but not exclusively, the invention relates to an attachment for cleaning behind water heaters or in other narrow spaces.

Background

Increasing awareness of cleanliness, hygiene and allergens in many societies leads many users to seek higher levels of maintenance of their environment.

15 Many users may use vacuum cleaners or pressure cleaners to clean their homes or business premises.

Vacuum cleaners in particular come with a variety of attachments arranged for accessing a variety of different areas in a typical environment.

20 For example long attachments for vacuuming in narrow spaces are common in the art. However, distancing the point of suction further away from the vacuum cleaner does not particularly aid in cleaning the sides of the narrow space.

Prior Art

Accordingly a number of patent applications have been filed in an attempt to resolve the problem.

30 United States patent US 8 083 860 (LOFTIS) discloses a cleaning system for dusting and cleaning a room.

35 German patent application DE 20 313 244 (GOLDIN et al) discloses a vacuum cleaner tool is an elastic, flexible pipe for connection at one end to a conventional vacuum cleaner and with its opposite end designed to suck dust from narrow spaces. The pipe has several openings along its length that represent the suction surface. The outer surface of the pipe is fitted with elastic, flexible brushes.

Korean patent application KR 100 507 924 (PARK et al) discloses an auxiliary cleaning tool of a vacuum cleaner, comprising: a stationary body, formed as a hollow cylinder, which is removably connected to an end of a suction hose assembly connected to a cleaner body.

5 The stationary body has a plurality of suction holes formed therealong.

Summary of the Invention

According to the present invention, there is provided a cleaner attachment device,

10 comprising an elongate body with a plurality of apertures arranged in a first helical pattern along the body, and a plurality of resiliently deformable portions arranged in a second helical pattern along the body and extending from the body.

Said cleaner may comprise a vacuum cleaner, or may in some embodiments comprise a

15 pressure cleaner or other cleaner expelling fluid, rather than operating through suction.

In some embodiments the apertures are through the exterior surface or surfaces between the two opposite ends of the elongate body. In some embodiments the deformable portions are arranged on the exterior surface or surfaces between the two opposite ends of the

20 elongate body.

In some embodiments the resiliently deformable portions comprise padding or cellular structure material such as foam.

25 In some embodiments the portions comprise individual members such as bristles. For example the portions may comprise brushes with bristles extending orthogonally from the body. In this way the bristles may be arranged to be flexible individually as well as a whole brush, so that they may be used to dislodge small particles, as well as to sweep an area.

30 In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the apertures comprise a plurality of apertures arranged helically (helically) around the radial axis along the exterior surface of the body. The apertures may be arranged to form a double helix along the exterior surface of the body. The apertures may be evenly spaced, such that the spacing between adjacent apertures along the longitudinal axis or helix is substantially equal. Alternatively, the

35 spacing between adjacent apertures along the longitudinal axis or helix may differ. For example, the apertures may be more closely spaced towards a first end of the body, and may be more sparsely spaced towards a second opposing end of the body. The apertures

may be of any shape. For example, each aperture may be substantially circular or square-shaped, or each aperture may be elongate, for example oval-shaped or rectangular. A longitudinal axis of each aperture may be aligned with the longitudinal axis or helix along which the apertures are arranged. Alternatively, a longitudinal axis of each aperture may be

5 positioned obliquely with respect to the longitudinal axis or helix along which the apertures are arranged. For example, in the case of a plurality of rectangular apertures arranged helically along the exterior surface of the body, a longitudinal axis of each rectangular aperture may be aligned with a longitudinal axis of the body.

10 In some embodiments the apertures are arranged intermediate the deformable portions, such that any dust dislodged by the portions will be sequentially or subsequently sucked through the apertures. In some embodiments the apertures may be of equivalent length to the deformable portions and may be interspersed between the deformable portions in order to form a discrete arrangement of portions and apertures. In some embodiments the apertures may be arranged within the portions. In some embodiments the apertures may be covered by the deformable portions, in such embodiments the deformable portions may be permeable to dust or other debris below a certain size. The portions may comprise plural bristles, for example of horsehair, plastics or other materials liable to be used in similar brush applications.

15 20 The interior of the elongate body may be hollow so as facilitate the passage of dust or debris which enters the body through the apertures along the length of the attachment means and into an external vacuum device. The interior of the elongate body may contain a smooth walled passageway through which dust or debris passes, so as to reduce the risk 25 of objects becoming stuck inside the device, blocking it and thereby reducing the vacuum force.

In some embodiments the apertures are elongate slits parallel to the length of the body with two walls which extend into the body radially. The internal walls may narrow the slit 30 internally to a central elongate opening to the internal volume of the body.

In some embodiments the body comprises at least one discrete opening, such that the device may be used for detail vacuuming. Such opening may be wider than the apertures, and/or more focussed or smaller, so as to allow greater control.

35 Such opening may be situated at, adjacent or one the end of the device which is distal from the vacuum cleaner in use.

In some embodiments the apertures may vary in width or shaping, for example along the length of the body. In this way the apertures may allow for variation in vacuum strength through the body, for example so as to enable uniform or controlled sucking. For example,

5 in some embodiments the apertures may widen towards the end distal from the vacuum cleaner so as to compensate for the reduced vacuum force. Alternatively, the shape of width of the apertures may be varied so as to produce different sucking strengths at different points on the exterior surface of the body.

10 In some embodiments the apertures may be serrated, perforations, or sinuous.

The apertures may also be envisaged to continue past the brushes and/or past where the body is reduced in sectional diameter, the perforation of the vacuum attachment may continue such that dislodged matter is drawn into the vacuum cleaner hose better from air 15 surrounding the portions.

20 In some embodiments the device comprises longitudinal apertures and resiliently deformable portions on matching sides, for example providing a substantially triangular or other geometrically shaped multi-face sectional body profile, for example with extending portions from each face. In this way the body provides a strong compact form both usable in a plurality of orientations and able to be pressed against a long flat surface in necessary.

25 In some embodiments the device comprises a vacuum attachment means. Such attachment means may comprise friction fitting, comprising a hose attachment means. This may facilitate the attachment of the vacuum attachment means to a conventional vacuum cleaner.

30 In some embodiments the vacuum attachment means may include a wider diameter than the body. The attachment means may comprise a standard vacuum cleaner attachment fitting, such as a friction fitting. This may allow the vacuum attachment means to be narrow than the hose of a conventional vacuum cleaner, thereby increasing the suction force through the apertures.

35 In some embodiments the device comprises flexible portion, which may comprise a hose or may comprise an articulated joint. In such way the device may comprise an elongate rigid body and flexible hose which can be adjoined, for example wherein multiple flexible

portions are connected to facilitate the device or cleaner use. The flexible portion may allow the user to manoeuvre the body into position, for example behind a radiator.

Some embodiments may include more than one flexible portion.

5

In some embodiments the body may be a rigid straight elongate tubular body so as to facilitate the manipulation and control of the device. In other embodiments the body may be a flexible hose with longitudinal apertures extending along the exterior of the length of the hose, thereby allowing the attachment to clean a variety of differently shaped areas or 10 cavities.

In some embodiments the apertures may comprise shaping to encourage air into the body, for example funnelling or chamfered shoulders.

15

In some embodiments the resiliently deformable portions may be displaceable or may be replaceable, for example, wholly or slidably. For example the device may comprise anchors or slots therefor.

20

In some embodiments the apertures may comprise filter means. For example, in some embodiments filters may be displaceable or may be replaceable, for example wholly or slidably.

Brief Description of Figures

25

Preferred embodiments of the invention will now be described, by way of non-limiting example, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figures 1 show isometric views of a cleaner attachment device according to one example;

30

Figures 2 show two side views of the device shown in Figure 1;

Figure 3 shows an isometric exploded view of a cleaner attachment device according to another example;

35

Figures 4 show a reverse exploded isometric view of the device shown in Figure 3;

Figures 5 show end views of the device shown in Figure 1;

Figure 6 shows an isometric view of a cleaner attachment device according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

5

Figures 7 show sketches of detail views of cleaner attachment devices according to further examples; and

10 Figures 8 to 10 show isometric views of cleaner attachment devices according to preferred embodiments of the present invention.

Detailed Description

With reference to the figures there is shown a number of examples of a vacuum attachment
15 means comprising a hose fitting end with a collar 1 describing an opening 7 arranged to friction fit a vacuum cleaner hose (not shown).

The opening diameter decreases in a Venturi cone 2 to an elongate body 10.

20 Three longitudinal apertures 4 pass through the exterior wall of the elongate body 10 and three longitudinal brush portions 5 are arranged on the exterior of the elongate body 10. The apertures 4 and brush portions 5 extend along the length of the body 10 between the distal end 3 of the body 10 and the venturi cone 2 of the hose fitting end. The apertures 4 and brush portions 5 alternate around the substantially triangular circumference of the
25 cross section of the body 10, such that an aperture 4 is between each two brushes 5 and a brush 5 is between each two apertures 4.

The elongate body is in the shape of an elongate triangular prism.

30 In some examples the device may be used with air suction or with water pressure, so as to remove matter from confined areas. In this way the device may be used to clean inside piping and tubing.

35 One specific application is as an attachment for domestic or industrial cleaner enabling the efficient removal of dirt or dust particles from spaces which are not reachable using existing vacuum cleaner attachments, for example, corrugated flutings, or behind, or under fixed objects with limited or narrow accessibility.

In use the device may be manipulated into small spaces and the brush portions may be gently or vigorously passed over surfaces to be cleaned so as to dislodge debris or dust particles, with suction removing the dislodged particles.

5

The body is formed from thermoplastics, metals or alloys, and the resiliently deformable brush portions comprise a plurality of plastic or other materials bristles.

10

The apertures comprise a chamfered opening 10, and are formed as single elongate apertures, defined by two internally radially extending sides narrowing internally to leave an open central elongate internal volume 12.

15

The brushes comprise splaying bristles and a backing plate 11, adhered in use to a planar base 9 on the body.

The device is arranged to be attached to the vacuum cleaner hosing by friction fitting, being slid onto the hose.

20

In variants the dimensions of bristle length, diameter and length of device may be varied.

The vacuum cleaner attachments will be used predominantly for the removal of dust from hard-to-reach areas like between walls and the backs of radiators or behind, beneath, above and within radiators and other structures.

25

The device may be envisaged as part of an existing vacuum cleaner or as a retrofit and standalone aftermarket item, for example in some examples suited to users with bronchial or asthmatic conditions.

30

After the dust is disturbed, agitated or dislodged it will be sucked through the three suction apertures positioned along the side of the body. In addition to this there is a triangular opening at the end of the tube to remove any remaining dust.

The device may be approximately 10cm to 60cm long.

35

In the first example the body comprises an end cap 3, distal from the attachment means and arranged with a central opening 6 for detail vacuuming.

The end cap comprises a domed top and extending sides such that the end reaches beyond the brush portions, and may be placed on or against a flat surface from a plurality of angles.

- 5 In the second example the end cap comprises a generally domed disc 13, supported by sides 8 that are inserted into the body in use, such that the portions extend to substantially reach to the end of the device in use. This may allow the device to more easily clean surfaces adjacent to obstacles or end walls.
- 10 The aperture through the cap in the first example can be seen in Figures 5a and 5b, the aperture 6 through then centre of the body continues through the cap, so as to allow use thereof in detail vacuuming.

In the example shown in Figure 7a the hexagonal opening 4 to the body reflects the substantially triangular cross section of the body, and the longitudinal apertures are continuous to the end such that they intersect the end opening through the cap, the body may comprise internal bracing to support the shape of the body without the end cap. Additional brush portions surround the end opening between the longitudinal apertures so as to facilitate the dislodging of dust during detail vacuuming.

- 20
- 15 In the example shown in Figure 7b the end cap comprises a triangular opening 46 and the end further comprises a lateral opening 48 and openings 47 arranged to traverse the end from side to side. In this way the user is afforded more variability in detail vacuuming.
- 25 The brush portions 51 are inclined away from the end cap so as to permit easier manoeuvrability in narrow spaces.

The apertures 50 flare towards the vacuum cleaner and extend up the cone so as to aid in generalised sucking after the dust has been dislodged by the portions.

- 30 In the example shown in Figure 7c the end cap comprise a lateral opening 48 around the circumference of the end's cross section only, and no apertures. The end cap may be permanently secured to the body and spaced apart therefrom so as to allow entrance of air at the lateral opening(s).
- 35 In the embodiment shown in Figure 6 the apertures 44 and bristle portions 45 are provided adjacent one another and are distributed over the elongate surface of the body.

In Figures 8 to 10, the apertures 4 are arranged helically along an exterior surface of the elongate body 10. Resiliently deformable portions 5 are also arranged helically along an exterior surface of the elongate body 10. In Figure 8, the apertures 4 are circular and are arranged along the helix. In Figures 9 and 10, the apertures are rectangular, and are therefore elongate. In Figure 9, a longitudinal axis of each rectangular aperture 4 is aligned with the helix. In Figure 10, a longitudinal axis of each rectangular aperture 4 is aligned with a longitudinal axis of the elongate body 10.

5 10 The device is compatible with existing vacuum hoses for a secure fit.

The apertures help channel airflow and dust into the device and down the vacuum hose.

15 As described above, the device comprises apertures arranged along the body (and helically in embodiments of the invention), and optionally an opening in the tip of the body at a distal end (the distal end being opposite to the proximal end where the body may have attachment means for attachment to a cleaning device or be permanently attached to the cleaning device). It is preferred that the opening has a variable aperture (the aperture may even be closeable). The opening and apertures are in communication. In this way, a 20 balance of fluid flow from/to a cleaning device between the opening and the apertures may be adjustable by the user. Such a variable aperture may be provided in a variety of forms, for example, the opening may have inserted therein a bung in the form of a cone or pyramid (with its point inserted into the opening) that may be drawn into the body in the longitudinal direction to reduce the flow area through the opening or translated 25 longitudinally out of the body to increase the flow area through the opening. Such adjustment may be made at the proximal end of the body, by rotation of a threaded rod on which the bung is mounted.

30 Alternatively, an adjustable baffle plate may cooperate with a second baffle plate covering the opening of the tip of the body. The adjustable baffle plate may have a plurality of holes therethrough that can align with corresponding holes in the second baffle plate. Rotation of the adjustable baffle plate varies the alignment of the holes of the two baffle plates to thereby control their effective opening degree. Again, the adjustment can be effected from the proximal end of the body. In this way, the device can be used to clean surfaces parallel 35 to the length of the body, or surfaces perpendicular to the tip of the body, or both with a controlled flow for either flow path.

The invention has been described by way of examples only and it will be appreciated that variation may be made to the above-mentioned embodiments without departing from the scope of invention as defined by the claims, in particular but not solely combination of features of described examples/embodiments.

5

Throughout this specification and the claims which follow, unless the context requires otherwise, the word "comprise", and variations such as "comprises" and "comprising", will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or step or group of integers or steps but not the exclusion of any other integer or step or group of integers or steps.

10

The reference in this specification to any prior publication (or information derived from it), or to any matter which is known, is not, and should not be taken as an acknowledgment or admission or any form of suggestion that that prior publication (or information derived from it) or known matter forms part of the common general knowledge in the field of endeavour 15 to which this specification relates.

CLAIMS:

1. A cleaner attachment device, comprising an elongate body with a plurality of apertures arranged in a first helical pattern along the body, and a plurality resiliently deformable portions arranged in a second helical pattern that is substantially parallel to the first helical pattern along the body and extending from the body.

5 2. A device according to claim 1, wherein the device comprises a cleaner attachment means at a first end.

10 3. A device according to either one of the preceding claims, wherein the body is narrower in diameter than the cleaner attachment means.

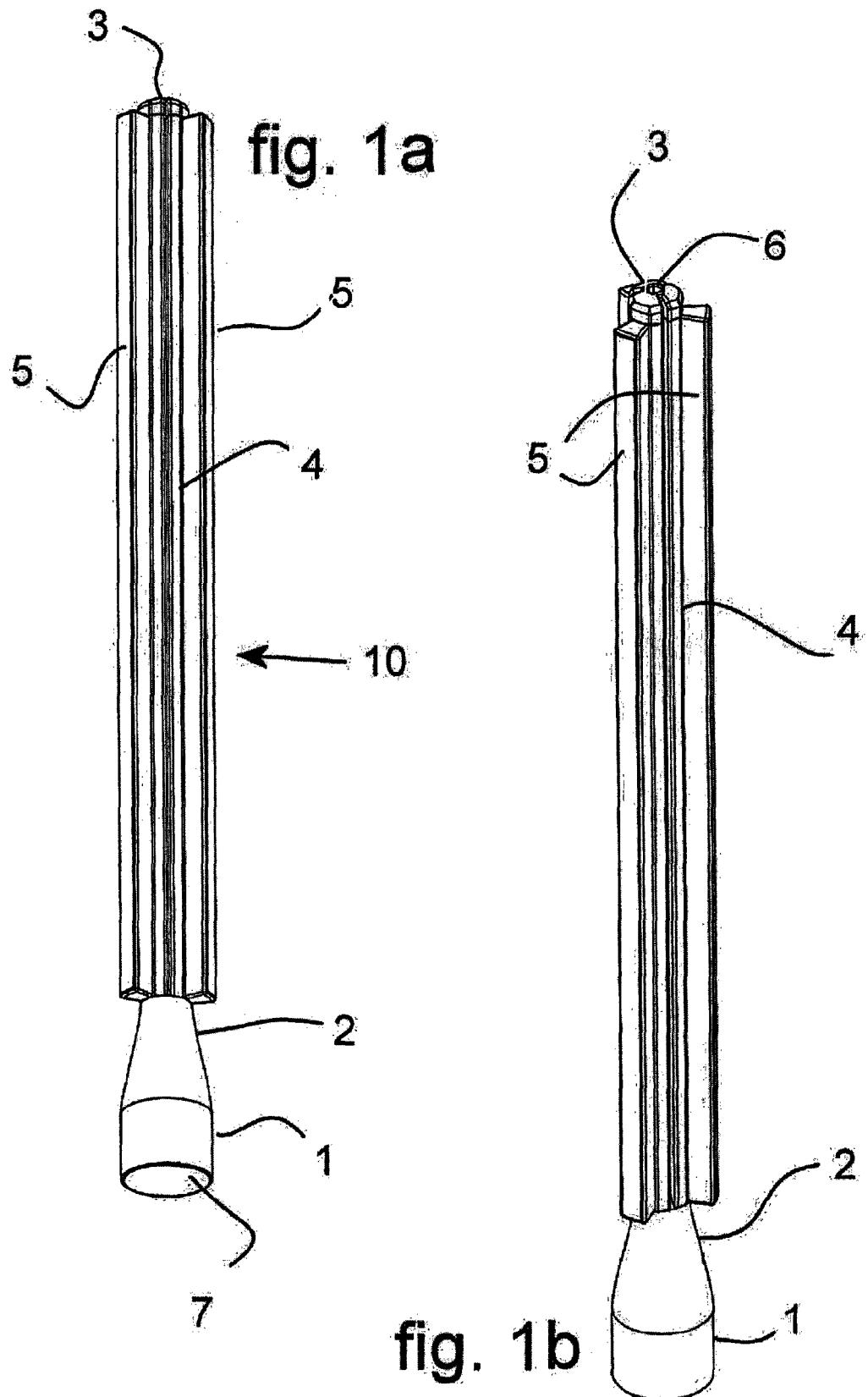
15 4. A device according to any preceding claim, wherein the resiliently deformable portions comprise a plurality of bristles.

5. A cleaner attachment device according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the apertures vary in width or shaping.

20 6. A cleaner attachment device according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the resiliently deformable portions comprise a cellular structure material such as foam.

25 7. The device of any preceding claim, further comprising an opening at the distal end of the elongate body.

8. The device of claim 7, wherein the opening has a variable aperture.



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fig. 2a

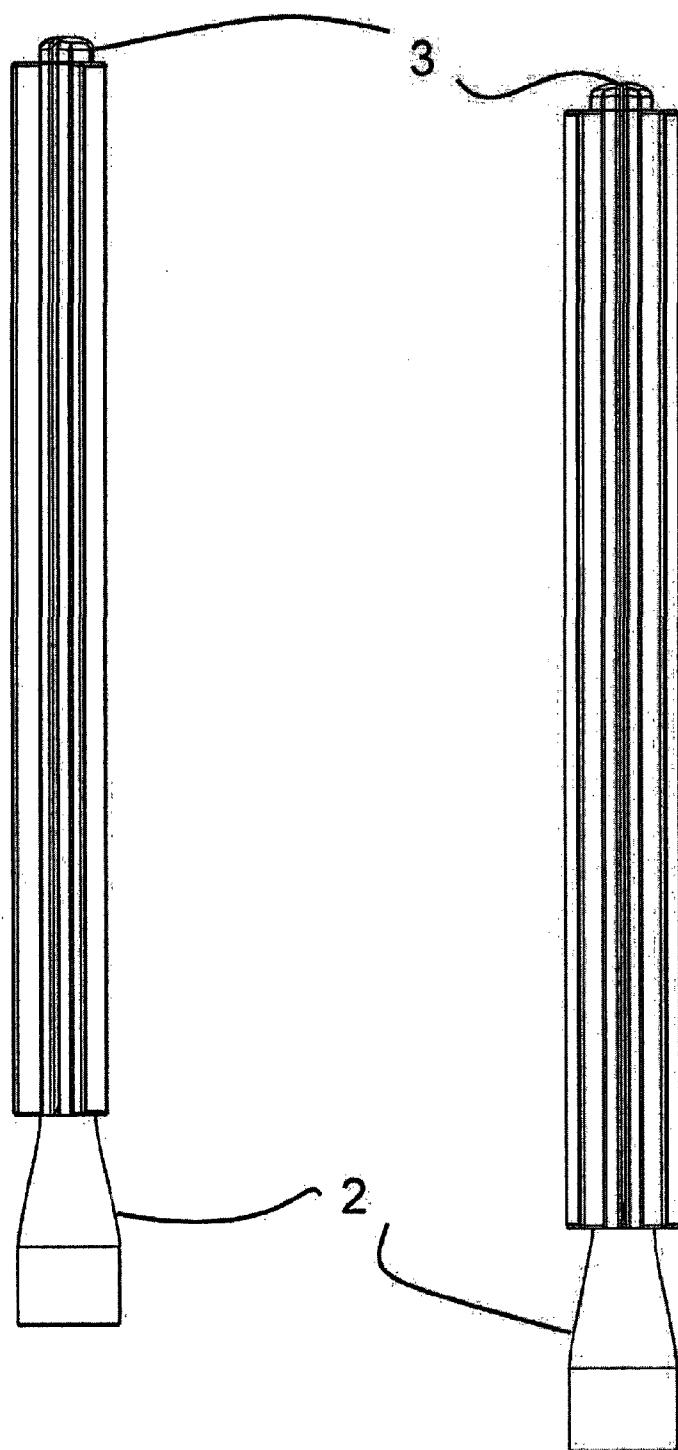
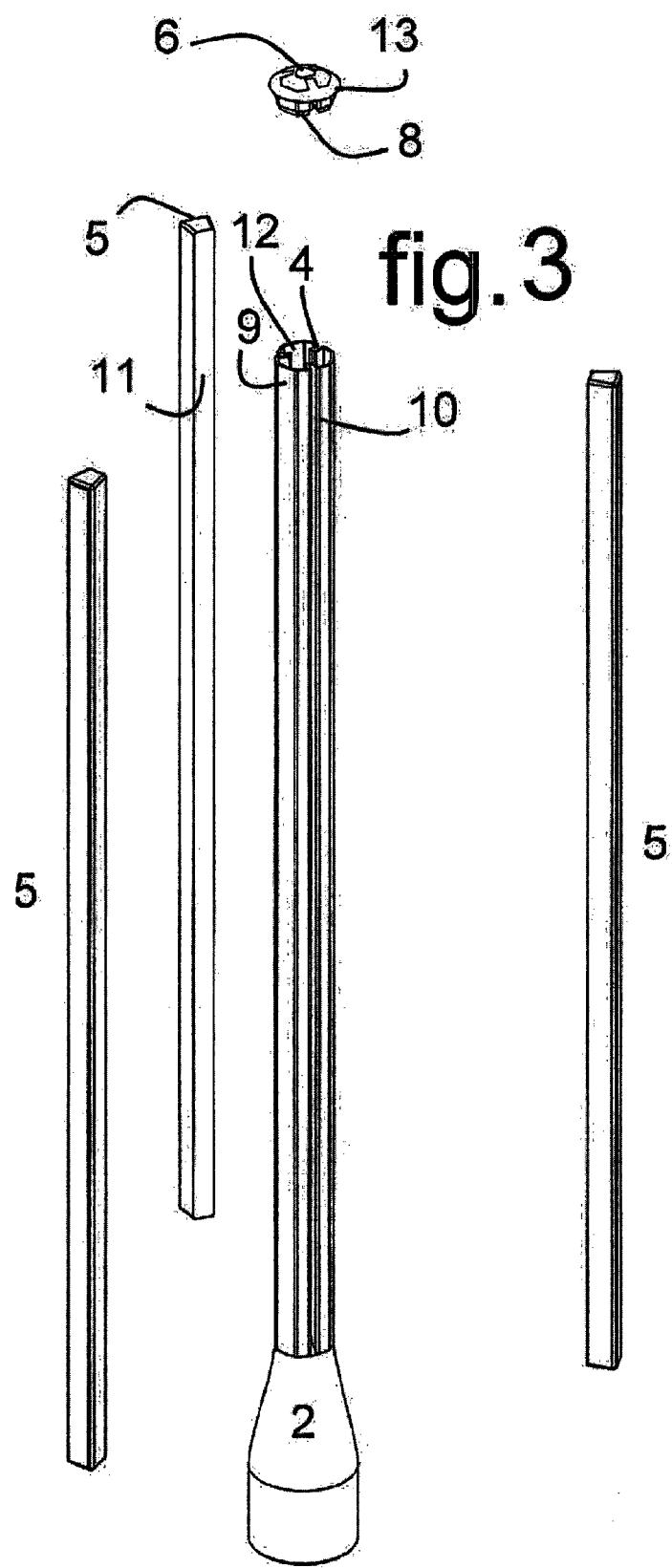
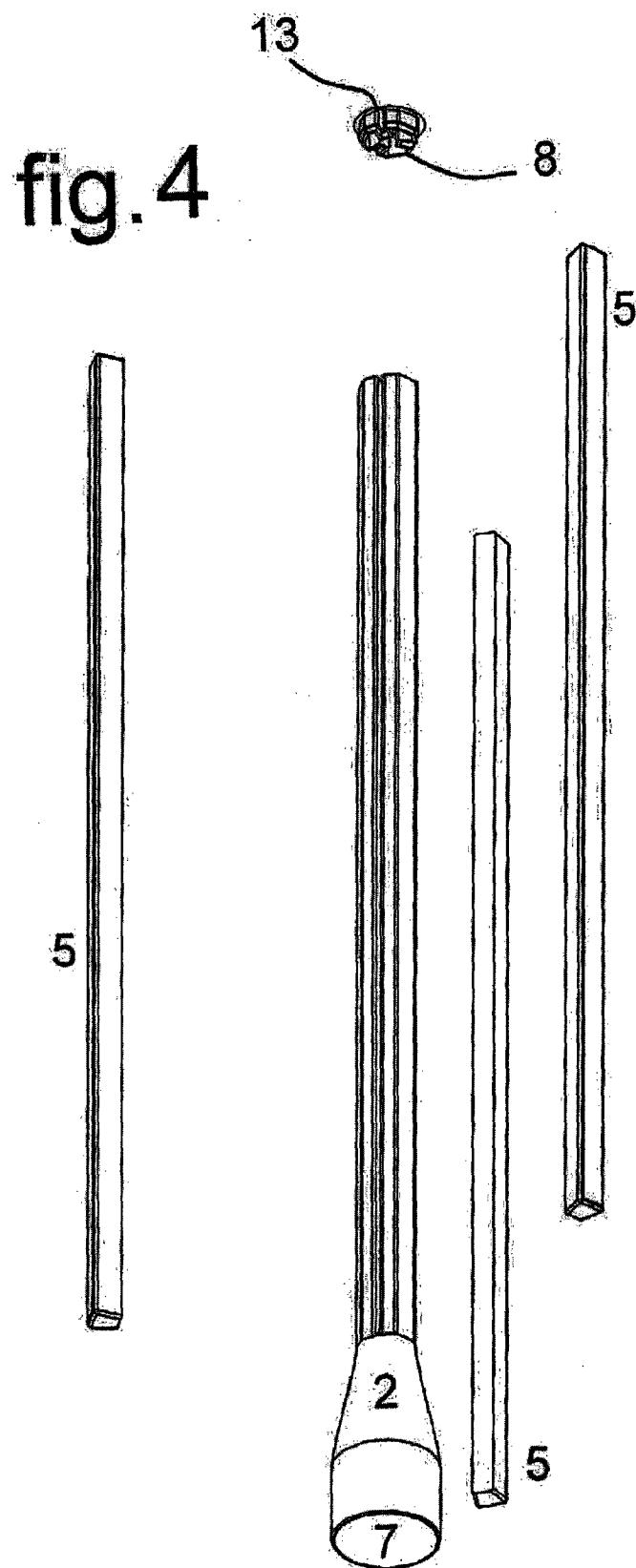
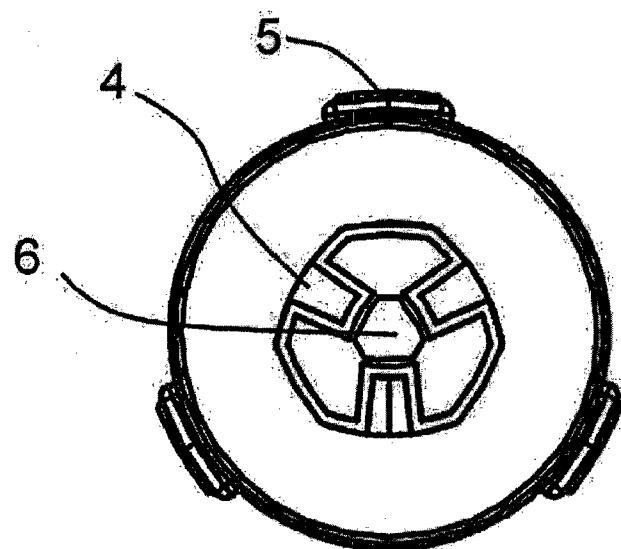
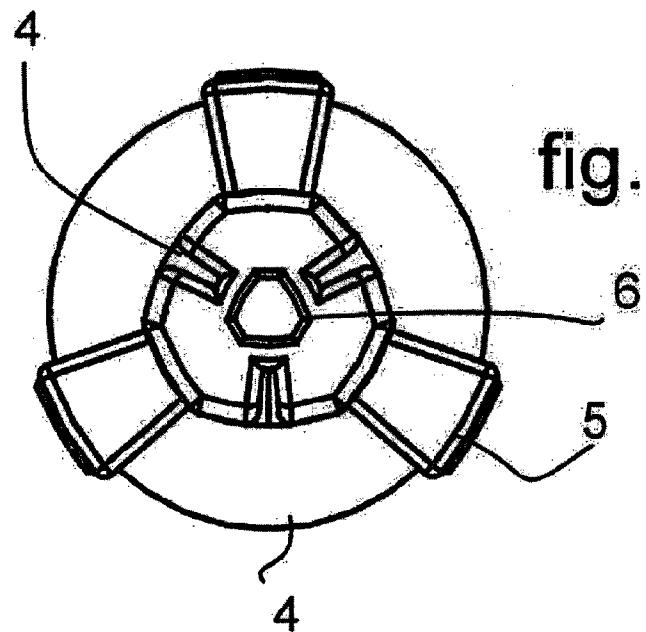


fig. 2b

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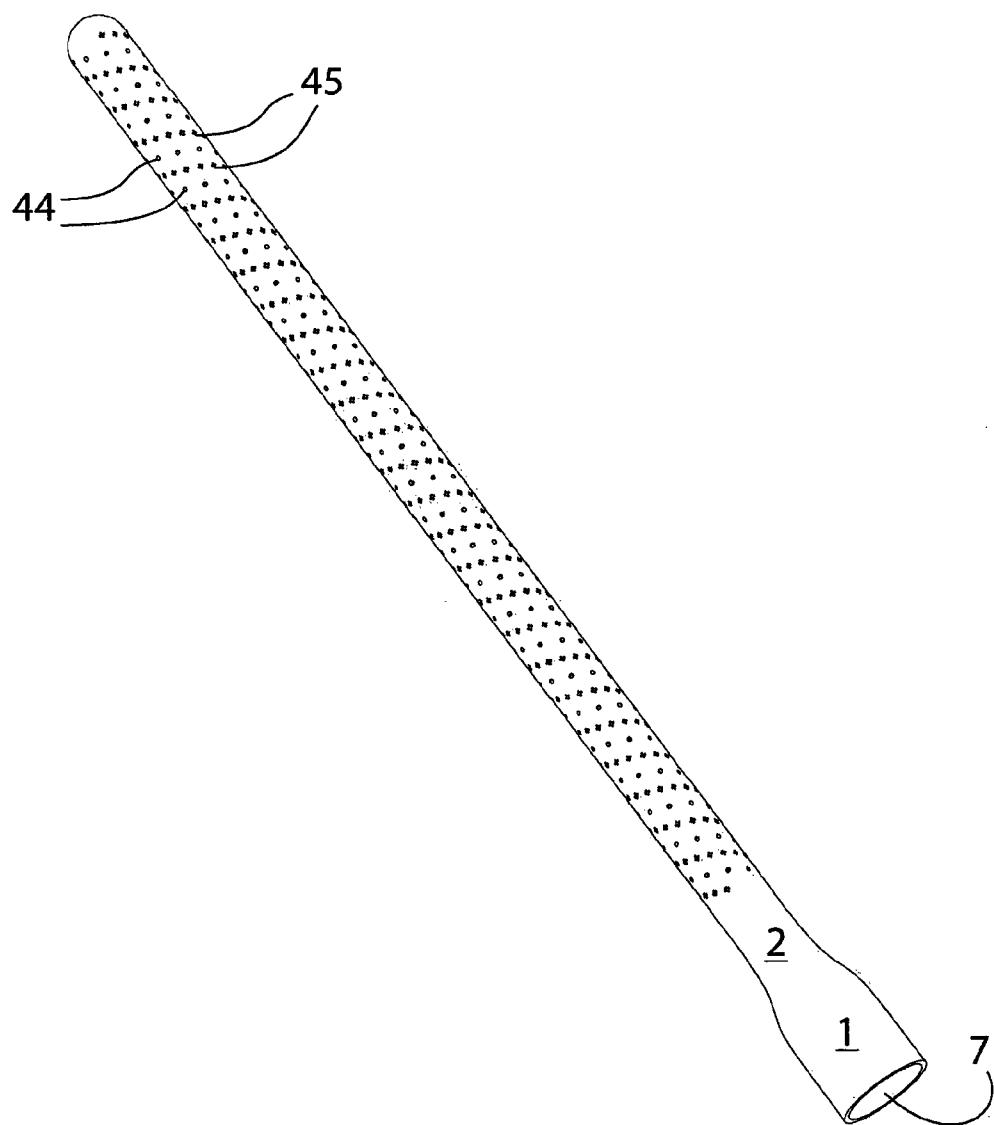
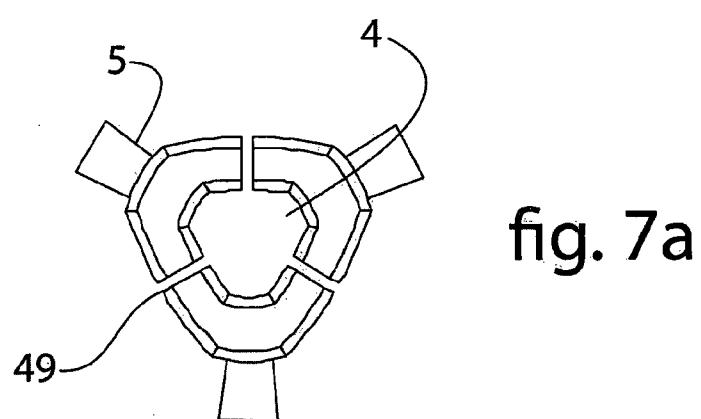
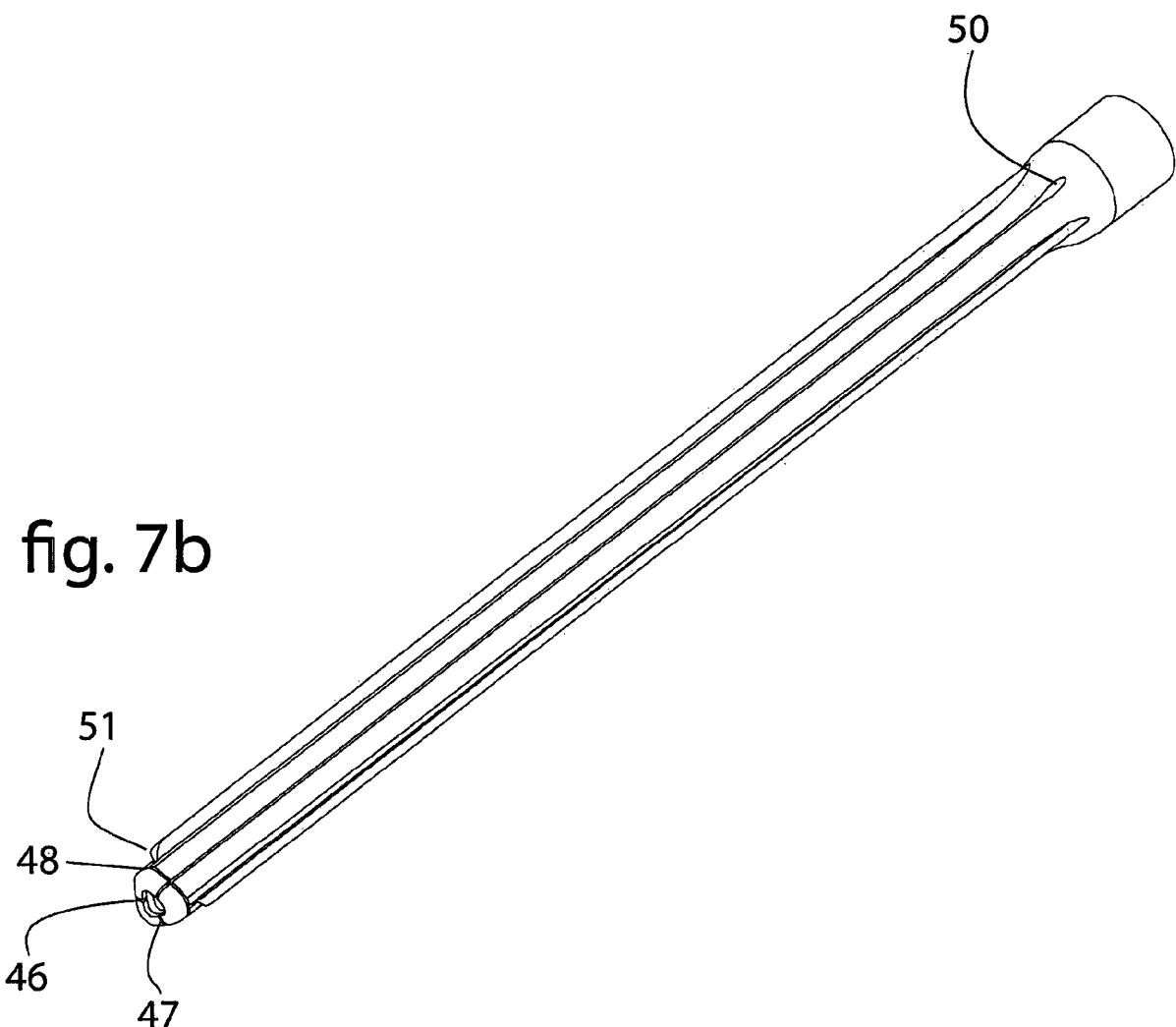


fig. 6





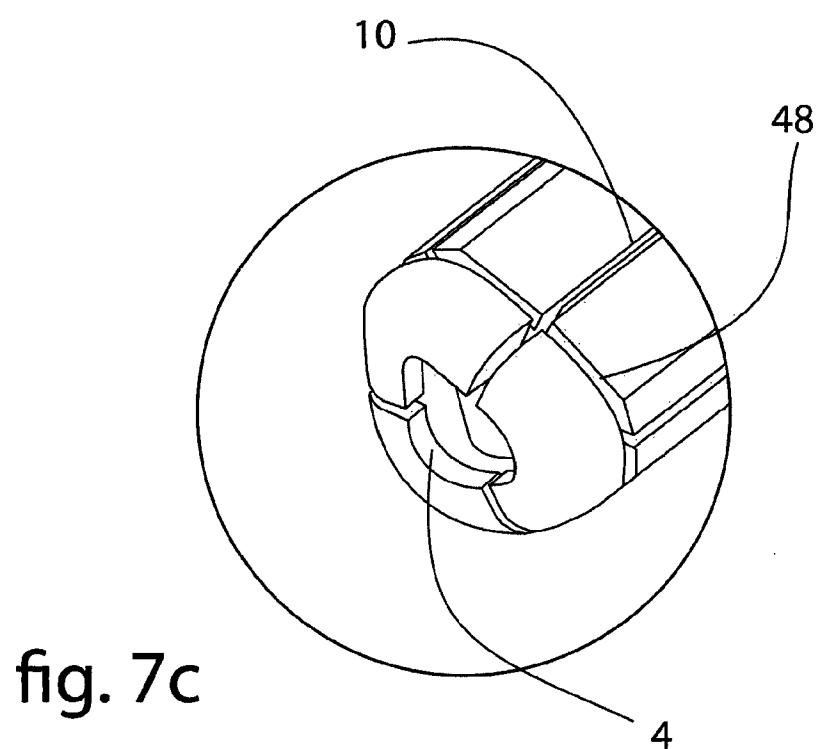


fig. 7c

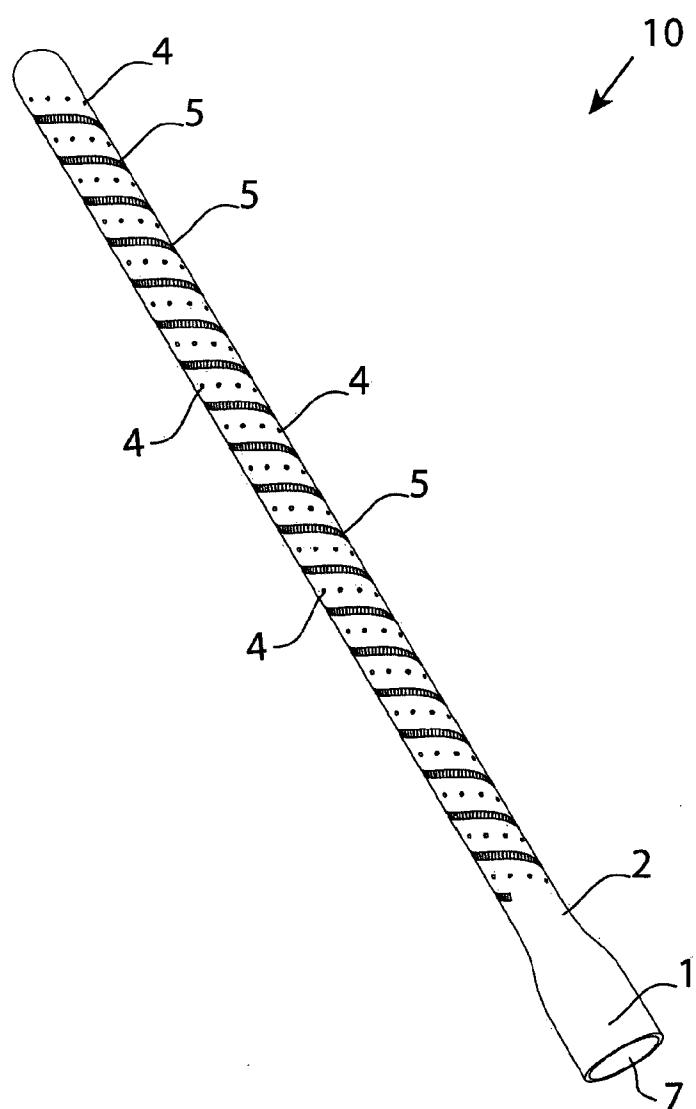


fig. 8

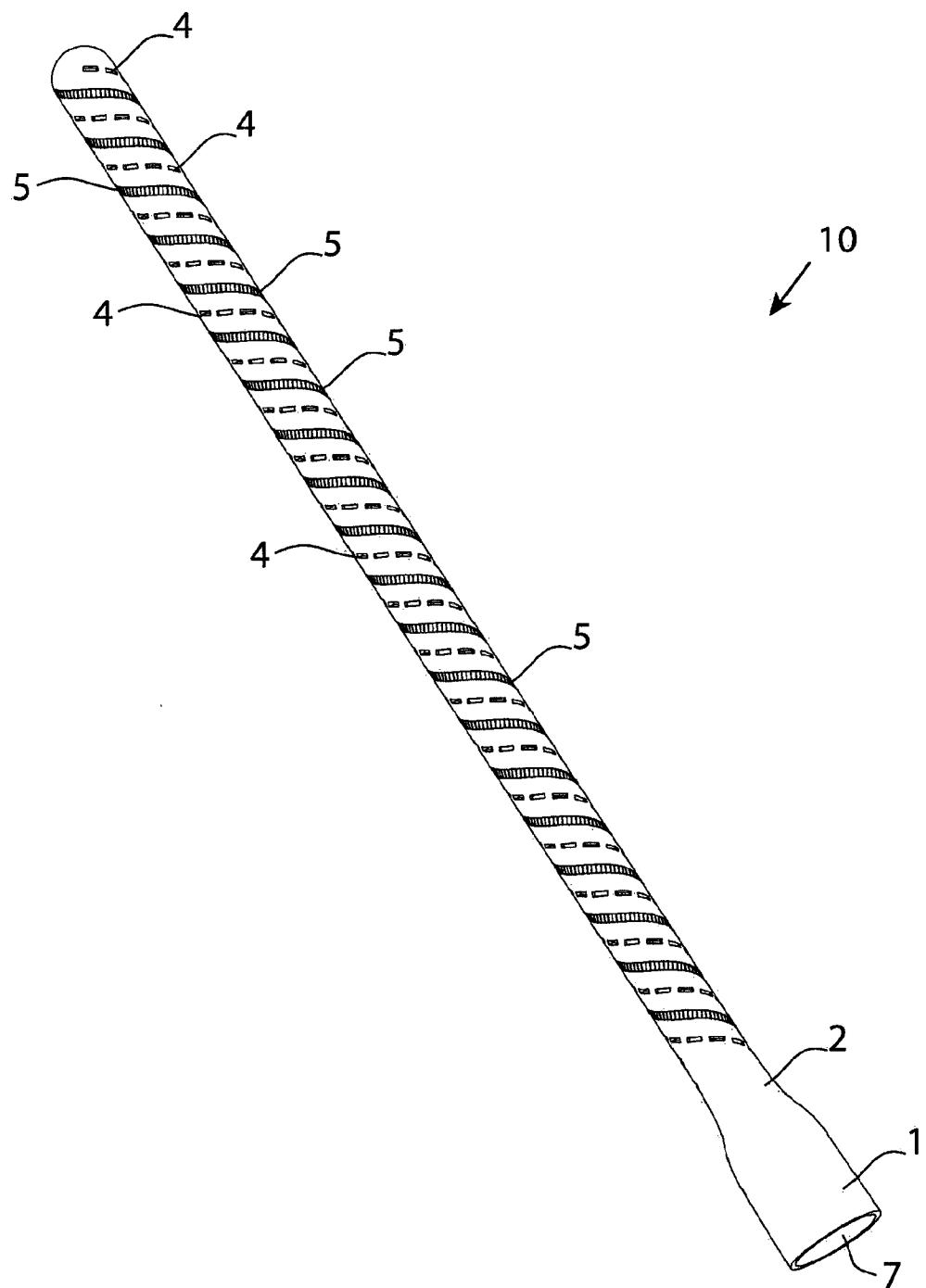


fig. 9

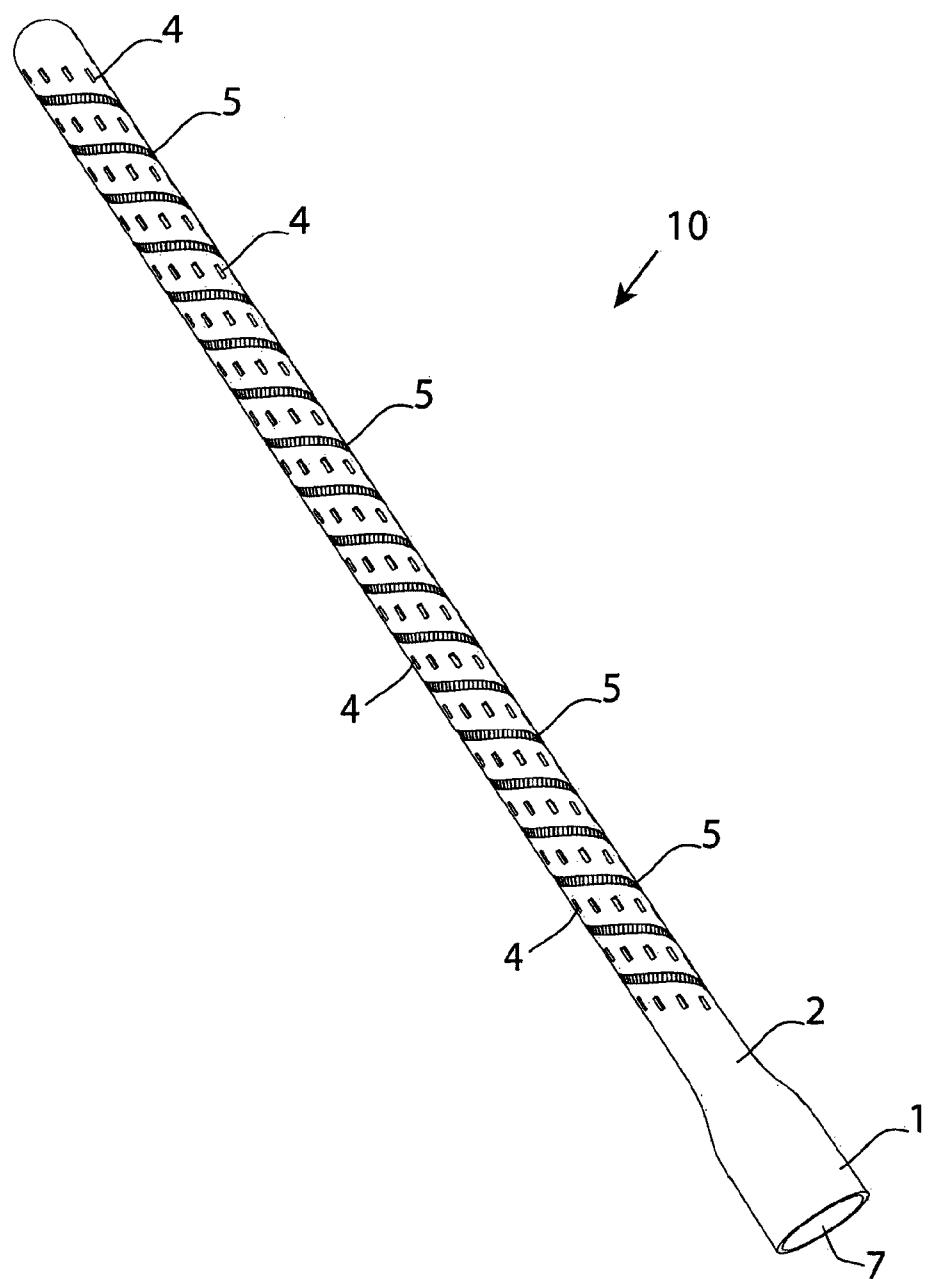


fig. 10