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(54) **COLLAPSIBLE CONTAINER WITH  
DURABLE BOTTOM SHELL**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

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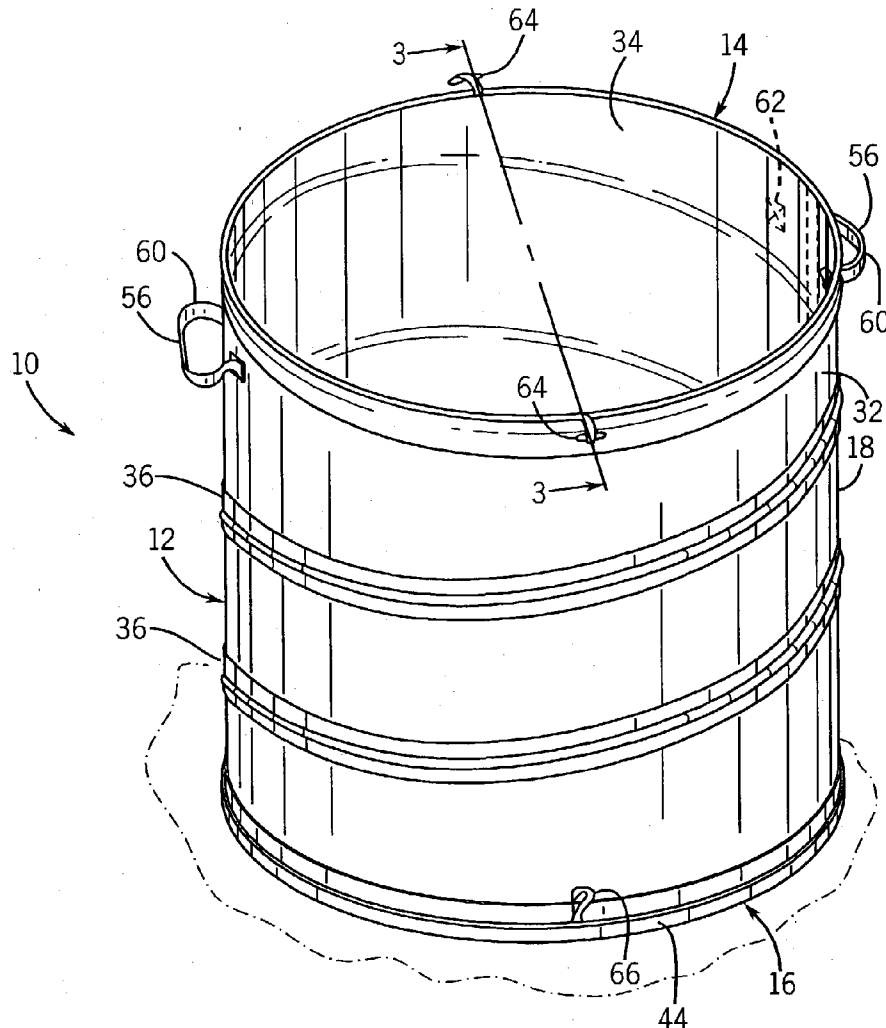
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**Related U.S. Application Data**

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23, 2001, now Pat. No. 6,554,149, which is a con-

A collapsible container includes a cylindrical sidewall  
extending between a top and a bottom of the container. The  
sidewall is formed of a flexible material which enables the  
container to be opened to an expanded configuration or  
closed to a collapsed configuration. A coil spring biases the  
container to the open configuration. The coil spring has a top  
coil adjacent the top of the container and a bottom coil  
adjacent the bottom of the container. A durable bottom layer  
is affixed to the bottom of the container by stitches.



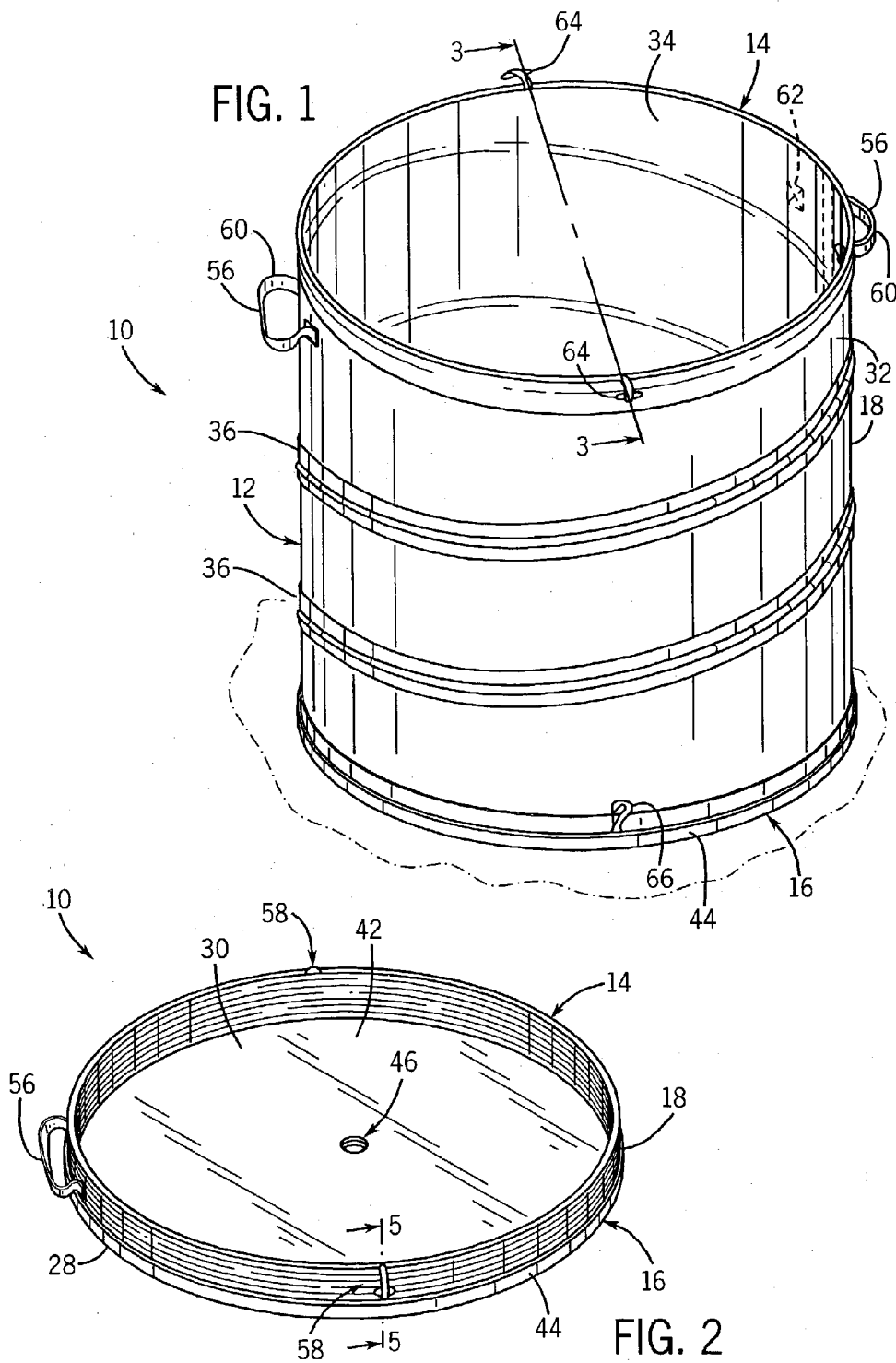


FIG. 3

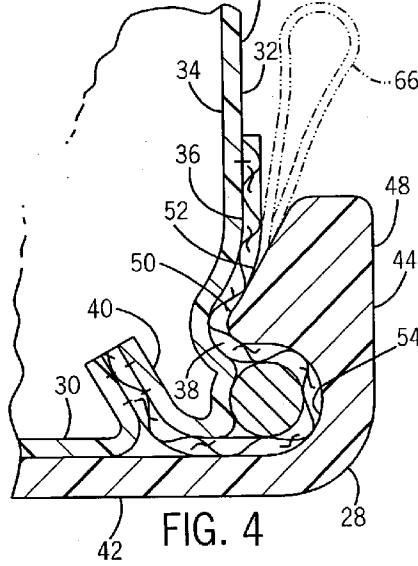
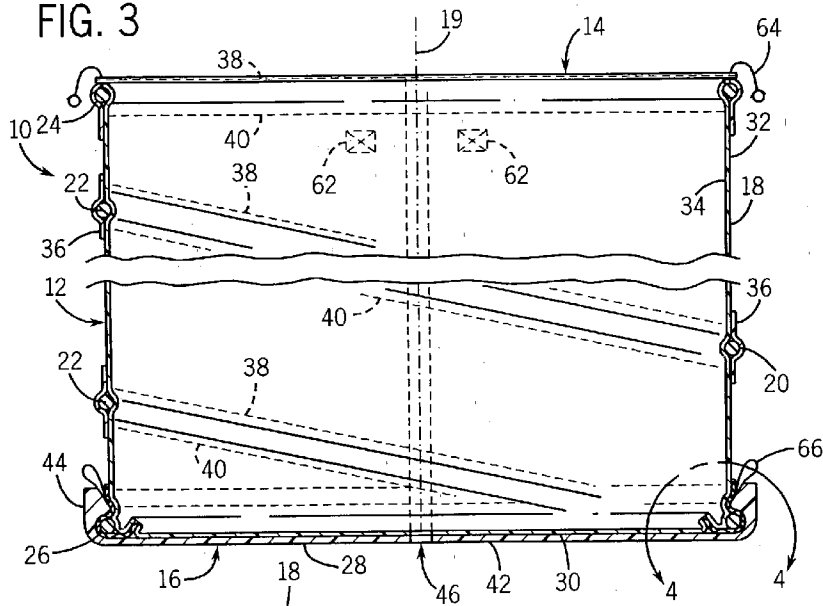


FIG. 4

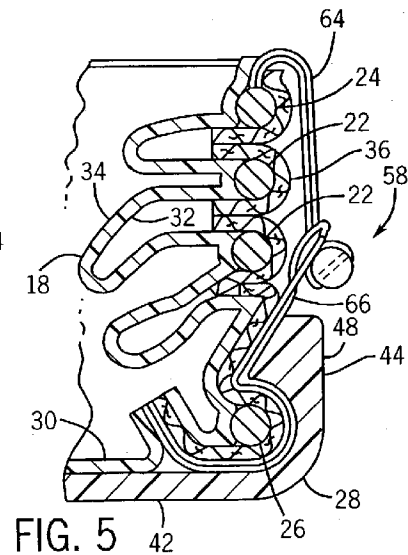
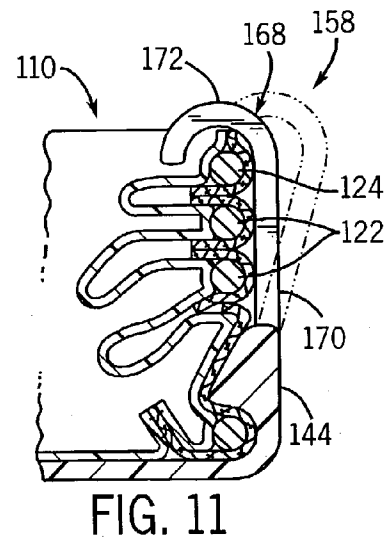
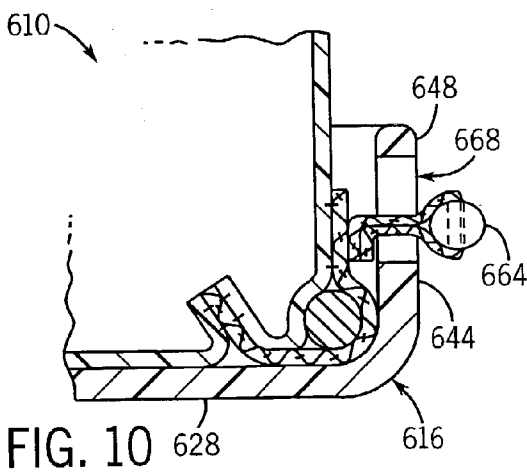
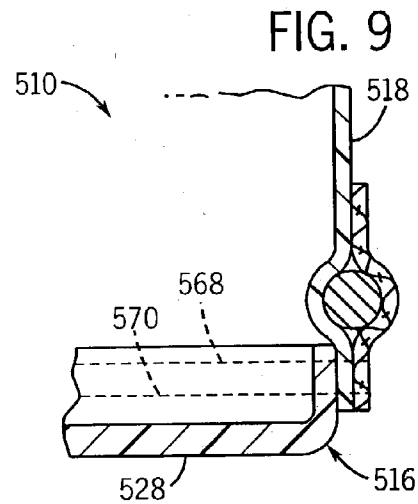
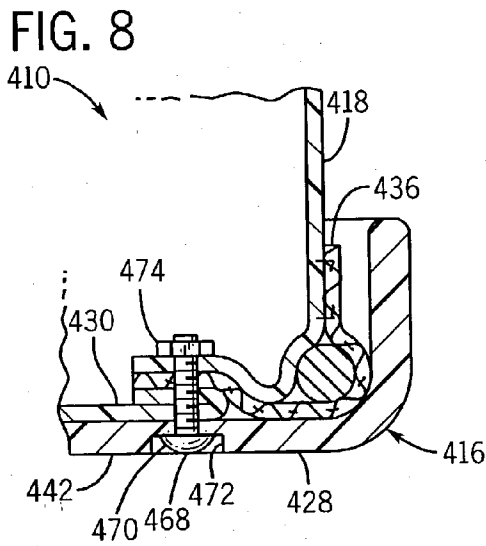
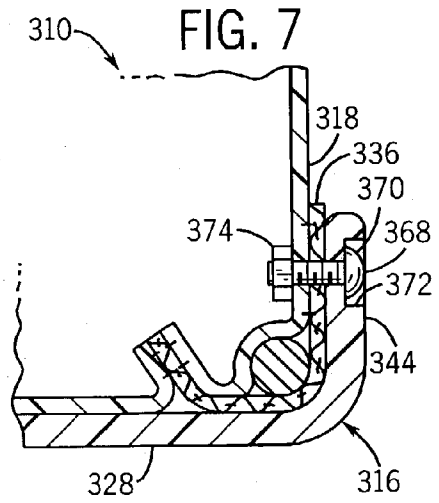
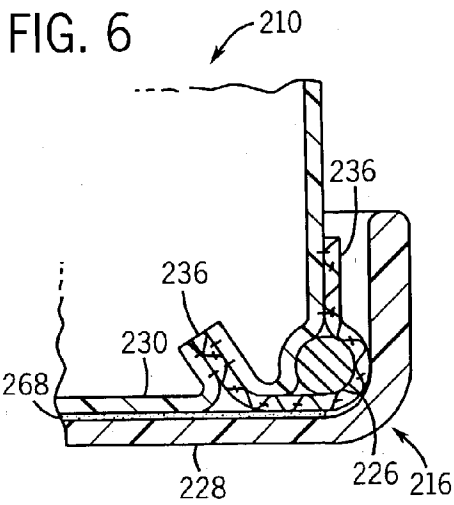


FIG. 5



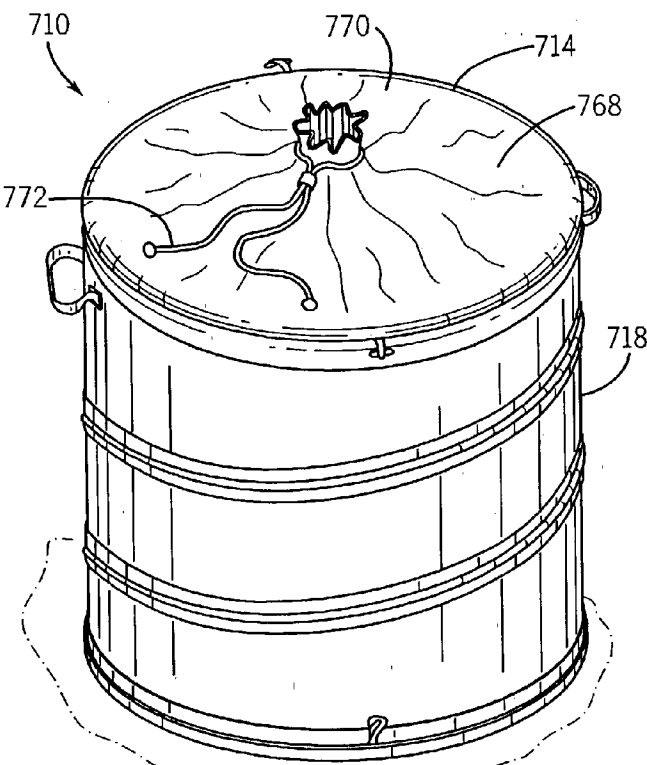


FIG. 12

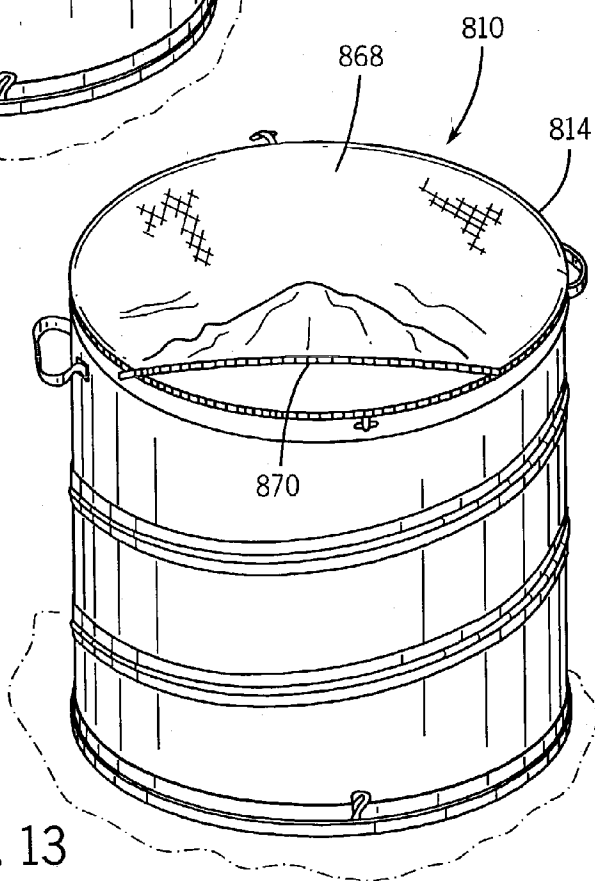
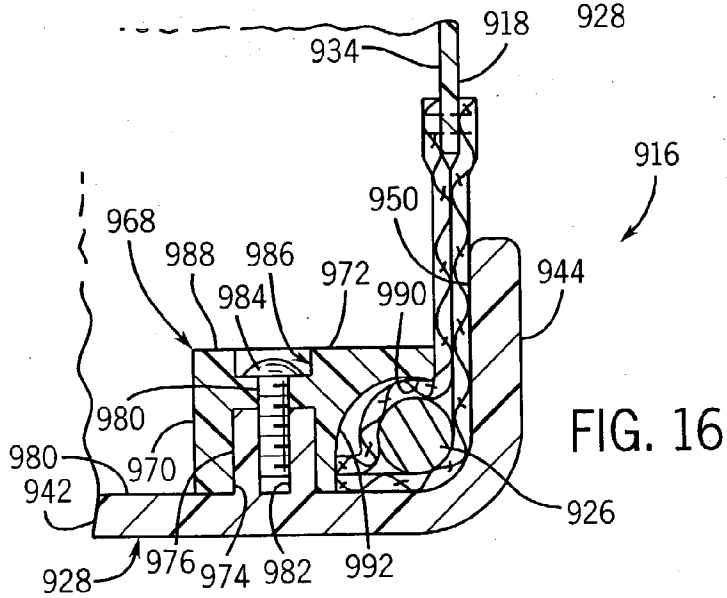
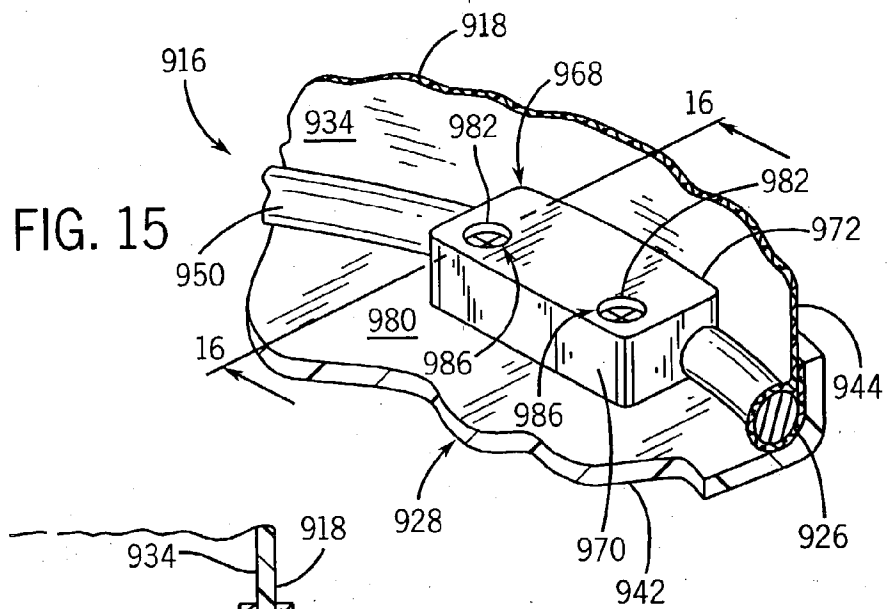
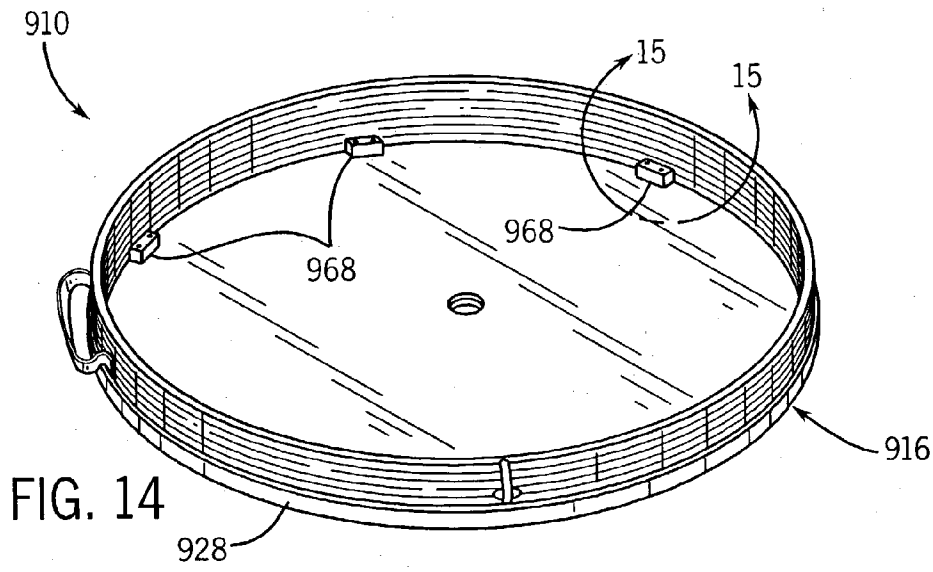


FIG. 13



## COLLAPSIBLE CONTAINER WITH DURABLE BOTTOM SHELL

### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/911,349, filed Jul. 23, 2001, which in turn is a continuation-in-part of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/909,302, filed Jul. 19, 2001.

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates generally to containers that are expandable into open configurations for placing items therein and collapsible into compact configurations for facilitating storage when empty. More specifically, the invention relates to containers including flexible sidewalls provided with springs for biasing the containers to the expanded configuration.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] Collapsible containers designed for use around the house, the yard and at other locations are well known. For example, collapsible containers are often used for handling yard waste such as grass clippings, weeds, leaves and cut branches. Collapsible containers are also frequently used for temporary storage of items when traveling and for more permanent storage of items around the house or garage. Such collapsible containers offer a significant advantage over rigid containers that may also be used for these purposes in that the collapsible containers can provide a large volume of store space when expanded but require only a relatively small amount of space for storage of the container itself when empty and collapsed.

[0004] Collapsible containers including fabric sidewalls and bottom walls and coil springs for biasing the containers to their expanded configurations are well known. One drawback of these containers is that the lower edges of the fabric sidewalls and the fabric bottoms tend to wear out prematurely because these containers are loaded so heavily with items that they cannot be comfortably lifted and thus are dragged along the ground. The fabric can become torn if snagged or worn through from abrasion when dragged over rough surfaces such as concrete.

[0005] Although containers having sidewalls and bottom walls made from more durable materials (e.g., metals and relatively thick plastic layers) do not suffer from such premature wear, such containers are typically not collapsible and hence they require significant storage space when empty.

[0006] Consequently, it would be desirable to provide a collapsible container that is more durable than existing collapsible containers, while being relatively inexpensive to manufacture.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] The present invention facilitates the durability of collapsible containers having flexible sidewalls and coil springs for biasing the containers to the expanded configuration by affixing durable bottom shells to such containers. The durable bottom shells provides such collapsible containers with increased durability when used for tasks as

described above and other tasks in which the containers may be heavily loaded. Example of such other tasks include but are not limited to the use of such containers as a portable cooler or keg holder, as a laundry storage unit or hamper, as a portable tote bag, and the like.

[0008] According to a first aspect of the invention, a collapsible container includes a cylindrical sidewall extending between a top and a bottom of the container. The sidewall is formed of a flexible material which enables the container to be opened to an expanded configuration or closed to a collapsed configuration. A coil spring biases the container to the open configuration. The coil spring has a top coil adjacent the top of the container and a bottom coil adjacent the bottom of the container. A durable bottom layer is affixed to the bottom of the container by stitching.

[0009] According to another aspect of the invention, a collapsible container can be opened to an expanded configuration and closed to a collapsed configuration. A sidewall formed of a flexible material has an upper end adjacent a top of the container and a lower end adjacent a bottom of the container. A coil spring biases the container to the expanded configuration. The coil spring has a top coil adjacent the top of the container and a bottom coil adjacent the bottom of the container. A durable bottom layer is affixed to the bottom of the container by at least one line of stitching.

[0010] According to a further aspect of the invention, a collapsible container has an expanded configuration and a collapsed configuration. The container includes a cylindrical sidewall formed of a flexible material. The sidewall has an upper end adjacent a top of the container and a lower end adjacent a bottom of the container. The sidewall is collapsible and expandable along an axis extending between the top and the bottom of the container. A durable plastic layer is secured to the bottom of the container by stitches.

[0011] These and other benefits and features of the invention will be apparent upon consideration of the following detailed description of preferred embodiments thereof, presented in connection with the following drawings in which like reference numerals are used to identify like elements throughout.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0012] **FIG. 1** is a perspective view of a preferred embodiment of a spring loaded container in accordance with the present invention, the container being shown in an open configuration.

[0013] **FIG. 2** is perspective view of the container of **FIG. 1**, the container being shown in a closed configuration.

[0014] **FIG. 3** is a cross-sectional view of the container of **FIG. 1** taken along the line 3-3 in **FIG. 1**.

[0015] **FIG. 4** is an enlarged cross-sectional view of the container of **FIG. 3** taken along the line 4-4 in **FIG. 3**.

[0016] **FIG. 5** is an enlarged cross-sectional view of the container of **FIG. 2** taken along the line 5-5 in **FIG. 2**.

[0017] **FIGS. 6-10** are cross-sectional views of bottom regions of alternative embodiments of containers in accordance with the present invention.

[0018] FIG. 11 is a cross-sectional view similar to FIG. 5 but showing an alternative arrangement for maintaining a spring loaded container in the closed configuration.

[0019] FIGS. 12-13 are perspective views of additional embodiments of spring loaded containers in accordance with the present invention, the containers being shown in the open configuration.

[0020] FIG. 14 is a perspective view of another embodiment of a spring loaded container in accordance with the present invention, the container being shown in a, closed configuration.

[0021] FIG. 15 is a perspective view of a bottom portion of the container of FIG. 14 taken along the line 15-15 in FIG. 14.

[0022] FIG. 16 is cross-sectional view of the container of FIG. 14 taken along the line 16-16 in FIG. 15.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0023] Referring to FIGS. 1-5, a container 10 is shown in accordance with a first embodiment of the present invention. Container 10 includes a cylindrical sidewall 12 extending between a top 14 and a bottom 16 of container 10. Sidewall 12 is formed of a flexible material 18 so that container 10 can be repeatedly opened and closed between an expanded configuration (see FIGS. 1 and 3) and a collapsed configuration (see FIGS. 2 and 4) along an axis 19 (see FIG. 3) without causing any appreciable wear or damage to container 10. Sidewall 12 includes a coil spring 20 that biases container 10 to the expanded configuration. Coil spring 20 includes a central spiral portion 22 that extends between a top coil portion 24 adjacent container top 14 and a bottom coil portion 26 adjacent container bottom 16. Coil spring 20 may be made of any suitable material such as plastic or metal, but preferably is hardened spring steel. A durable hard shell 28 (described in detail below) is secured to container bottom 16. In addition, a flexible inner layer 30 may be secured to container bottom 16 immediately above (and thus protected by) durable shell 28.

[0024] By way of example, flexible sidewall material 18 and flexible inner layer 30 may be fabricated from fabric. The term "fabric" as used herein means any material that is woven, knit, braided, or netted with any fiber, as well as non-fibrous PVC, urethane, nylon or other synthetic materials. The fabric may be porous or non-porous. The fabric can be formed from various fibers including organic fibers such as cotton, animal fibers such as wool, or synthetic or man-made fibers such as cellulose. The fabric may be one fiber or a combination of these fibers, or without fibers altogether. The primary characteristic is that the fabric material be flexible enough to permit repeated closings and openings of container 10 without causing appreciable damage to the material. One particular example of a suitable fabric is vinyl coated scrim, which is known to those skilled in the art as TARPAULINE.

[0025] As best seen in FIGS. 1 and 3, coil spring 20 is secured to sidewall 12 with spiral portion 22 extending along an outer surface 32 of flexible sidewall material 18. Alternatively, spiral portion 22 could be positioned to extend along an inner surface 34 of sidewall material 18. In the illustrated embodiment, spiral portion 22 is secured to

sidewall material 18 by means of a thin strip of material 36 affixed to flexible sidewall material 18 with spiral portion 22 captured therebetween. As illustrated, strip material 36 is secured to sidewall material 18 by a first line of stitches 38 extending parallel to (and just above) spiral portion 22 and a second line of stitches 40 extending parallel to (and just below) spiral portion 22. Persons skilled in the art will recognize that other techniques could be used for securing strip material 36 to flexible sidewall material 18, such as adhesives, welding and the like. In addition, strip material 36 may be eliminated if coil spring 20 is directly secured to flexible sidewall material 18. For example, a plurality of loops-made of fabric, plastic, metal or some other suitable material-could be positioned at spaced locations along the length of spiral portion 22 to join sections of sidewall material 18 to spiral portion 22.

[0026] Again by way of example and not limitation, strip material 36 may be a natural occurring or synthetic fiber or a mixture of fibers as indicated above. In a preferred embodiment, strip material 36 comprises a woven fabric such as polyester or nylon.

[0027] Durable bottom shell 28 is configured to extend over and protect container bottom 16. As illustrated, bottom shell 28 generally includes a plate-like central portion 42 and an upturned outer edge 44 extending around the outer perimeter of central portion 42. Central portion 42 may include one or more drainage holes 46 (see FIGS. 2 and 3) to prevent liquid (e.g., water) from pooling in bottom shell 28. As best illustrated in FIG. 4, upturned edge 44 includes an outwardly facing surface 48 and an inwardly facing surface 50. Inwardly facing surface 50 includes an upwardly and inwardly facing ramp 52 situated above an inwardly opening annular cavity or channel 54. Annular channel 54 is dimensioned to closely receive bottom coil 26 when covered by strip material 36. Ramp 52 facilitates assembly of container 10 by providing a sloped surface (e.g., 30° from the vertical axis) configured to guide bottom coil 26 into annular channel 54. Ramp 52 may be formed as a plurality of upwardly and inwardly facing surfaces (e.g., two or four) situated about inner surface 50 of upturned edge 44 or as a single upwardly and inwardly facing surface that extends continuously around inner surface 50 except for a brief gap (not shown) to accommodate coil spring 20 as it extends upwardly from bottom coil 26 to central spiral 22.

[0028] By way of example, bottom shell 28 may comprise a durable organic material (e.g., leather), a durable plastic material (e.g., polystyrene or polypropylene) or a lightweight metal (e.g., aluminum). Plastic materials such as polystyrene and polypropylene are well suited for the present invention because of their generally good durability and relatively low cost. In addition, such plastic materials are easily molded (e.g., by injection molding or vacuum forming) into the desired shape at relatively low costs.

[0029] With the foregoing structure, bottom shell 28 can be affixed to container 10 by simply snap-fitting it over bottom coil 26 so that bottom coil 26 interlocks with annular channel 54 (see FIGS. 3 and 4). Persons skilled in the art will of course recognize that many other techniques could be used for attaching bottom shell 28 to container 10, a few examples of which are described and illustrated below.

[0030] In the illustrated embodiment, container 10 also includes a pair of handles 56 (see FIG. 1) and a tie down

structure **58** (see **FIGS. 2 and 5**). Handles **56** facilitate the lifting and moving of container **10**, while tie down structure **58** is used to maintain container **10** in the collapsed configuration. Handles **56** may comprise a strip of material **60** affixed to flexible sidewall material **18** by stitching **62** (see **FIG. 3**) adjacent container top **14**. An additional handle (not shown) may be secured to sidewall material **18** near container bottom **16** to facilitate dumping. Tie down structure **58** may comprise a pair of T-straps **64** secured to container top **14** and a pair of mating flexible loops **66** secured to container bottom **16** (see **FIG. 1**).

[0031] With the foregoing structure, container **10** can be easily locked into the collapsed configuration by first compressing coil spring **20** and then inserting the distal end of each T-strap **64** through its mating loop **66**. Once this is done, each T-strap **64** will interlock with its mating loop **66**, which prevents central spiral portion **22** of spring **20** from expanding. Hence, container **10** will remain in the collapsed configuration. Container **10** can be opened to its expanded configuration by again compressing coil spring **20** and then withdrawing each T-strap **64** from engagement with its mating loop **66**.

[0032] Referring now to **FIGS. 11**, a container **110** in accordance with a second embodiment of the present invention is shown. Container **110** is substantially identical to container **10** (**FIGS. 1-5**) described above except for the different tie down structure. For brevity, elements of container **110** that correspond to like elements in container **10** described above will be identified by the same reference numerals but increased by 100.

[0033] In **FIG. 11**, container **110** includes a tie down structure **158** that extends upwardly from upturned edge **144**. Tie down structure **158** comprises a flexible hook **168** having an upwardly extending base portion **170** and an inwardly extending curved end portion **172**. Flexible hook **168** may be integrally formed with upturned edge **144** or separately manufactured therefrom and then secured thereto during subsequent assembly.

[0034] With the foregoing structure, container **110** can be easily locked into the collapsed configuration by first compressing coil spring **120** and then moving curved end **172** of flexible hook **168** radially inwardly until it is directly above top coil **124** of spring **120**. Once this is done, hook **168** will prevent spiral portion **122** of spring **120** from expanding, which thus maintains container **110** in the collapsed configuration. Container **110** can be opened to its expanded configuration by again compressing coil spring **120** and then moving curved end **172** of hook **168** radially outwardly until it is no longer above top coil **124** of spring **120**. Persons skilled in the art will recognize that other structures and methods could be used for releasably locking the collapsible containers in their compact configurations.

[0035] Referring now to **FIGS. 6-10**, a number of containers **210-610** in accordance with alternative embodiments of the present invention are shown. Containers **210-610** are substantially identical to container **10** (**FIGS. 1-5**) described above except for the different durable bottom shells and their associated attachment means. For brevity, elements of containers **210, 310, 410, 510** and **610** that are substantially similar to like elements in container **10** described above will be identified by the same reference numerals but increased by 200, 300, 400, 500 and 600, respectively.

[0036] In **FIG. 6**, container **210** includes a durable bottom shell **228** affixed to container bottom **216** by an adhesive layer **268**. Adhesive layer **268** extends over the entire downwardly facing surface of flexible inner bottom layer **230** as well as the downwardly facing surface of strip material **236** covering bottom coil **226**.

[0037] In **FIG. 7**, container **310** includes a durable bottom shell **328** affixed to container bottom **316** by a plurality of horizontally extending bolts **368**. Each bolt **368** extends horizontally through upturned edge **344** of bottom shell **328**, strip material **336** and sidewall material **318**. Each bolt **368** has a head **370** countersunk into an aperture **372** formed in upturned edge **344** and is secured in place by a nut **374**.

[0038] In **FIG. 8**, container **410** includes a durable bottom shell **428** affixed to container bottom **416** by a plurality of vertically extending bolts **468**. Each bolt **468** extends vertically through central portion **442** of bottom shell **428**, flexible inner bottom layer **430**, strip material **436** and the lower edge of sidewall material **418**. Each bolt **468** has a head **470** countersunk into an aperture **472** formed in central portion **442** and is secured in place by a nut **474**.

[0039] In **FIG. 9**, container **510** includes a durable bottom shell **528** affixed to container bottom **516** by a pair of stitch lines **568**. Bottom shell **528** is sewn to the lower edge of flexible sidewall material **518** in place of a flexible inner bottom layer (i.e., the flexible inner bottom layer is omitted in this embodiment). To facilitate the ease of stitching, bottom shell **528** of container **510** may be thinner than bottom shell **28** of container **10** (**FIGS. 1-5**). For example, bottom shell **528** may have a thickness of between about 0.01 to 0.02 inches. By contrast, bottom shell **28** may have a thickness of between about 0.05 to 0.20 inches. Of course, the particular thickness of the durable bottom shell is unimportant so long as it is able to sufficiently protect the bottom of the container and thus prevent premature wear as discussed above.

[0040] In **FIG. 10**, container **610** includes a durable bottom shell **628** affixed to container bottom **616** by a plurality (e.g., two or four) of T-straps **664** and mating apertures **668** formed in upturned edge **644**. As illustrated, each aperture **668** is elongated in the vertical direction so that each T-strap **664** can be inserted through its associated aperture **668** and then rotated 90° to interlock with outer surface **648** of upturned edge **644**. Container **610** also includes a plurality of fabric loops (not shown) secured to the top of the container for matingly engaging with T-straps **664** to lock container **610** in the collapsed configuration. Thus, T-straps **664** in container **610** serve the dual purposes of securing bottom shell **628** to container bottom **616** and maintaining container **610** in the collapsed configuration.

[0041] Referring now to **FIGS. 12-13**, a pair of containers **710** and **810** in accordance with additional alternative embodiments of the present invention are shown. Containers **710** and **810** are substantially identical to container **10** (**FIGS. 1-5**) described above except for the different container top. For brevity, elements of containers **710** and **810** that are substantially similar to like elements in container **10** described above will be identified by the same reference numerals but increased by 700 and 800, respectively.

[0042] In **FIG. 12**, container **710** includes a cover **768** affixed to container top **714**. As illustrated, cover **768**

comprises an annular sheet of fabric **770** and a centrally located drawstring **772**. Fabric **770** may be integrally formed with flexible sidewall material **718** or it may be a separate sheet of flexible material which is secured (e.g., by stitching) to sidewall material **718**.

[0043] In FIG. 13, container **810** includes a removable cover **868** affixed to container top **814** by a zipper **870**. Of course, removable cover **868** could be releasibly secured to container top by numerous other means known to those skilled in the art, such as VELCRO.

[0044] Referring now to FIGS. 14-16, a container **910** in accordance with yet another alternative embodiment of the present invention is shown. Container **910** is substantially identical to container **10** (see FIGS. 1-5) described above except for the different durable bottom shell and its associated attachment means. For brevity, elements of container **910** that are substantially similar to like elements in container **10** described above will be identified by the same reference numerals but increased by **900**.

[0045] As shown in FIG. 14, container **910** includes a durable bottom shell **928** attached to container bottom **916** by a plurality of clamps **968**. Clamps **968** may be formed of any suitable material but preferably are made from the same material as bottom shell **928**. Clamps **968** are positioned at equally spaced locations about the outer perimeter of plate-like central portion **942** of bottom shell **928**. As shown in FIG. 15, each clamp **968** comprises an upstanding base portion **970** configured for releasable attachment to central shell portion **942** and an outwardly extending ledge **972** configured to extend closely above the upper surface of bottom coil portion **926**.

[0046] Clamp **968** may be secured to central shell portion **942** by any suitable means. In FIG. 16, base portion **970** includes a pair of downwardly opening apertures **974** configured for receiving and thus mating with a pair of upwardly extending posts **976**. Posts **976** may be integrally formed on—or separately formed and attached to—an upper surface **978** of central portion **942** near but spaced from inner surface **950** of upturned edge **944**. A pair of bolts **980** are threadedly engaged in a pair of upwardly opening apertures **982** centrally formed in posts **976** to secure base portion **970** in place. Bolts **980** have heads **984** counter sunk in a pair of upwardly opening apertures **986** formed in an upper surface **988** of base portion **970**.

[0047] When base portion **970** is secured in place as shown in FIG. 16, ledge **972** extends outwardly above bottom coil portion **926** and terminates closely adjacent inner surface **934** of sidewall material **918**. With this arrangement, bottom coil **926** is securely captured between a downwardly facing curved surface **990** of ledge **972**, an outwardly facing curved surface **992** of base portion **970**, upper surface **980** of central portion **942**, and inner surface **950** of upturned edge **944**. Hence, bottom shell **928** is securely attached to container bottom **916** and can only be removed by removing bolts **980** and loosening clamps **968**.

[0048] It is important to note that the above-described preferred embodiments of the spring loaded containers are illustrative only. Although only certain embodiments have been described above in detail, those skilled in the art will appreciate that numerous modifications are possible without materially departing from the novel teachings and advan-

tages of the subject matter described herein. For example, although all the containers described above are cylindrical in shape and thus have circular cross-sections when viewed along a horizontal plane, they could have differently shaped cross-sections such as square, triangular, octagonal or any other desired shape. Accordingly, these and all other such modifications are intended to be included within the scope of the present invention. Other substitutions, modifications, changes and omissions may be made in the design, operating conditions and arrangement of the preferred and other exemplary embodiments without departing from the spirit of the present invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A collapsible container, comprising:

a cylindrical sidewall formed of a flexible material, the sidewall having an upper end adjacent a top of the container and a lower end adjacent a bottom of the container;

a coil spring biasing the container to an expanded configuration, the coil spring having a top coil adjacent the top of the container and a bottom coil adjacent the bottom of the container;

a durable bottom layer secured to the bottom of the container by stitching.

2. The container of claim 1, wherein the flexible sidewall material is a fabric.

3. The container of claim 2, wherein the fabric is coated or impregnated with a plastic.

4. The container of claim 2, wherein the fabric is vinyl coated scrim.

5. The container of claim 1, wherein the coil spring extends around an outer surface of the flexible sidewall material.

6. The container of claim 5, wherein the coil spring is secured to the outer surface of the flexible sidewall material by one or more strips of material sewn to the flexible sidewall material with the spring positioned between the flexible sidewall material and the one or more strips.

7. The container of claim 8, wherein the strips of material are a woven fabric.

8. The container of claim 1, wherein the durable bottom layer is a fabric layer which is relatively inflexible compared to the flexible sidewall material.

9. The container of claim 1, wherein the durable bottom layer has a thickness of between about 0.01 and 0.02 inches.

10. The container of claim 1, wherein the durable bottom layer is a plastic material.

11. The container of claim 10, wherein the plastic material is selected from polystyrene or polypropylene.

12. The container of claim 1, wherein the durable bottom layer includes one or more drainage holes.

13. The container of claim 1, further including means for maintaining the container in the closed configuration.

14. The container of claim 13, wherein the maintaining means comprises fabric loops and T-straps, or a hook.

15. The container of claim 1, wherein the durable bottom layer has a thickness of between about 0.05 to 0.20 inches.

16. The container of claim 1, wherein the stitches comprises at least one line of stitches that substantially circumscribes the bottom of the container at a location substantially underlying the bottom coil.

**17.** The container of claim 1, wherein the bottom coil is captured between an outer surface of the flexible sidewall material and an inner surface of a bottom strip of material sewn to the flexible sidewall material, and wherein the stitching used for securing the durable bottom layer to the bottom of the container affixes the durable bottom layer to the bottom strip of material.

**18.** A collapsible container having an expanded configuration and a collapsed configuration, comprising:

a sidewall formed of a flexible material, the sidewall having an upper end adjacent a top of the container and a lower end adjacent a bottom of the container;

a coil spring biasing the container to the expanded configuration, the coil spring having a top coil adjacent the top of the container and a bottom coil adjacent the bottom of the container;

a durable bottom layer for protecting the bottom of the container; and

at least one line of stitches for securing the durable bottom layer to the bottom of the container.

**19.** The container of claim 19, wherein the durable bottom layer includes one or more drainage holes.

**20.** The container of claim 19, wherein the durable bottom layer has a thickness of between about 0.01 and 0.02 inches.

**21.** The container of claim 19, wherein the bottom coil is captured between an outer surface of the flexible sidewall

material and an inner surface of a bottom strip of material sewn to the flexible sidewall material, and wherein the at least one line of stitches affixes the durable bottom layer to the bottom strip of material.

**22.** A collapsible container having an expanded configuration and a collapsed configuration, comprising:

a cylindrical sidewall formed of a flexible material, the sidewall having an upper end adjacent a top of the container and a lower end adjacent a bottom of the container, the sidewall being collapsible and expandable along an axis extending between the top and the bottom of the container; and

a durable plastic layer secured to the bottom of the container by stitches.

**23.** The container of claim 23, wherein the durable plastic layer includes one or more drainage holes.

**24.** The container of claim 23, wherein the durable plastic layer has a thickness of between about 0.01 and 0.02 inches.

**25.** The container of claim 23, wherein the bottom coil is captured between an outer surface of the flexible sidewall material and an inner surface of a bottom strip of material sewn to the flexible sidewall material, and wherein the stitches used for securing the durable bottom layer to the bottom of the container affixes the durable plastic layer to the bottom strip of material.

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