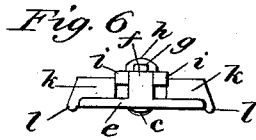
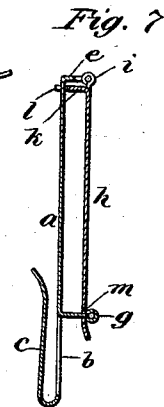
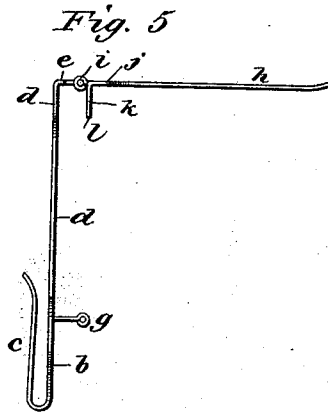
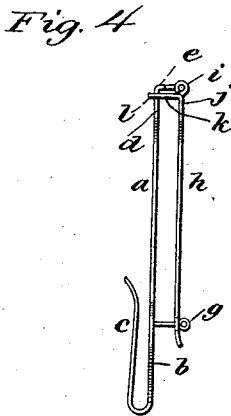
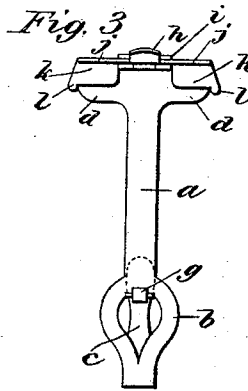
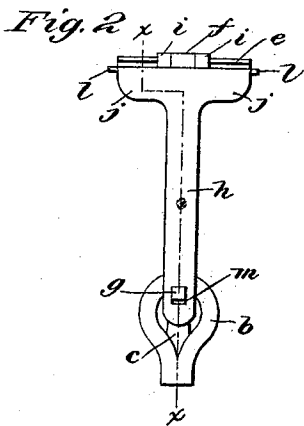
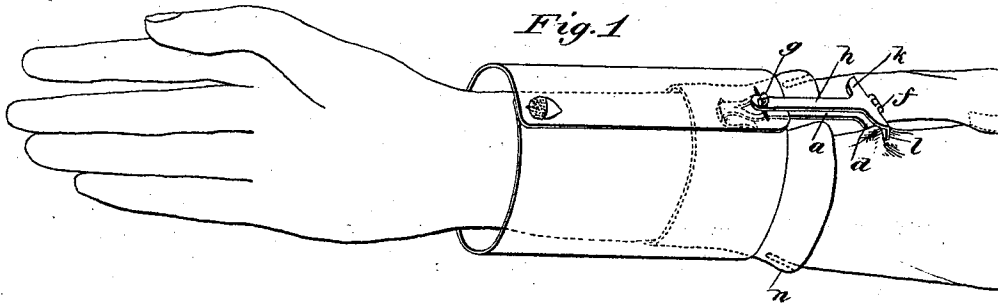


(No Model.)

A. S. FISHER.  
CUFF HOLDER.

No. 499,219.

Patented June 13, 1893.



Witnesses:

J. F. Coleman  
E. A. Kinvel

Inventor  
Andrew S. Fisher

By Wm. H. Tucker  
his Atty

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ANDREW S. FISHER, OF BEDFORD, ASSIGNOR OF ONE-HALF TO JAMES C. HOUSER, OF MILROY, PENNSYLVANIA.

## CUFF-HOLDER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 499,219, dated June 13, 1893.

Application filed March 10, 1893. Serial No. 465,374. (No model.)

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, ANDREW S. FISHER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Bedford, in the county of Bedford and State of Pennsylvania, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Cuff-Holders, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of this invention is to provide a device for use in adjusting shirt sleeves and cuffs to a proper position with relation to the hand, the device being also applicable to the adjustment of stockings and other articles; but for convenience of designation I have entitled my invention an improvement in cuff holders, and while using that term herein I mean to include therein all uses to which the device may be applied.

The invention consists of a hook combined with a lever grip constructed and arranged substantially in the manner hereinafter more particularly described and adapted for use in adjusting the length of a sleeve and the consequent position of a cuff with relation to the hand, while at the same time securing the said cuff and permitting of its ready removal and replacement, as desired, without disturbing the adjustment of the sleeve and of the device on the sleeve.

In the accompanying drawings illustrating my invention, in the several figures of which like parts are similarly designated, Figure 1 is a perspective view illustrating one application of my invention. Fig. 2 is a front elevation with the parts in the position they will occupy when in use. Fig. 3 is an elevation with the lever extended at right angles to the body of the device. Fig. 4 is a side elevation of the parts in the position shown in Fig. 2. Fig. 5 is a side elevation with the parts in the position shown in Fig. 3. Fig. 6 is an end view; and Fig. 7 is a section taken in the plane of line  $x-x$ , Fig. 2.

The body  $a$  of the device may be made of sheet metal, having one of its ends made or provided with a loop  $b$  and terminating at that end in an underturned hook  $c$ . The other end of the body is extended laterally at both sides to form wings  $d$ , and these wings have their upper edges bent over at right an-

gles, or substantially so, to form the flange  $e$  and the half  $f$  of a hinge. Near its lower end the body is provided with a knob  $g$  standing out therefrom substantially at right angles and this knob may be formed integral with the body or secured thereto in any suitable manner.

$h$  is a lever provided with the other half  $i$  of the hinge, the said hinge portion of the lever being connected with the hinge portion  $f$  of the body by means of a pintle or otherwise, as may be desired. The lever  $h$  has its upper portion extended laterally into wings  $j$ , which are substantially in alignment with the wings  $d$  on the body, and the upper edge of the said wings is turned over substantially at right angles to the main portion of the lever to form a flange  $k$ , and at its opposite ends this flange is provided with projections  $l$  which overlap the edges of the lateral wings  $d$  of the body. The lever is provided with a hole  $m$  whereby it may engage with the knob  $g$ .

When my device is used as a sleeve adjuster and cuff holder, the hook  $c$  is passed through the buttonholes of the wristband, as shown in dotted lines in Fig. 1, thereby taking the place and serving the function of a button, and the knob  $g$  is passed through the buttonholes of the cuff. It having been determined at what distance the wristband shall be from the hand, and, if necessary, a fold, as  $n$ , Fig. 1, having been made in the shirt sleeve, the lever  $h$  is extended upwardly from the body of the device, say as in Fig. 5, and then one or both projecting wings of the body having been applied to the edges of the sleeve vent, the said lever  $h$  is moved down into substantial parallelism with the body and its hole  $m$  snapped over the knob  $g$ , it being understood that said knob  $g$  has more or less resilience or spring. Thus the wristband will be buttoned, the sleeve adjusted at its proper length and the cuff secured in position by one device. If it be desired to remove the cuff, the lever  $h$  will be released from the knob and the cuff slipped off of the said knob and then the lever  $h$  may re-engage with the said knob. Instead of using a hook  $c$  as a button for uniting the meeting ends of the cuff, the said hook may be engaged with the edge of the cuff.

Obviously, the device might be used for thus adjusting the sleeve of any kind of garment, and so also it might be used for supporting stockings, and for other purposes.

5 The projections *l* serve to prevent lateral displacement or disengagement of the gripping device.

10 It will be observed that the material is gripped between the flanges *e* and *k* and consequently a very firm hold is taken, so that there is no danger of slipping. Moreover, by this manner of engaging the device with a garment, there is no necessity for the use of serrations and such like toothed devices as  
15 have been employed in many forms of similar devices heretofore employed, and hence the liability of defacing the garment is removed.

20 As I have already intimated, the device is capable of use upon various garments and in various connections therewith as an adjusting and holding device, and hence in order to include its various purposes and uses in a single term I employ the designation "garment holder."  
25

What I claim is—

1. In a garment holder, a body portion having a hooked end and one member of a gripping device and an intermediate knob projecting therefrom between the ends, combined  
30 with a lever constituting the other member of the gripping device and adapted to be engaged at its free end with the knob of the body portion, substantially as described, whereby the hooked end may engage with the  
35 edge or button holes of a wristband, the knob pass through the button holes of the cuff, and the gripping device engage with the vent or other part of a sleeve to hold the wristband  
40 and cuff in proper relation with each other and to adjust their position with relation to

the hand by shortening the sleeve, substantially as described.

2. In a garment holder, a body part having a hook at one end and a laterally extended  
45 flange at the other end and an intermediate knob projecting therefrom between the ends, combined with a lever having a correspondingly laterally flanged end at which it is hinged to the body part to form an eccentric grip, and  
50 adapted at the other end to engage the knob, substantially as described.

3. In a garment holder, a body part having a hook at one end and a laterally extended  
55 flange at the other end and an intermediate knob projecting therefrom between the ends, combined with a lever pivoted at the flanged end of the body portion and provided with a flanged end having laterally projecting ears adapted to overlap the laterally extended part  
60 of the body portion and having its lower end provided with means to engage the knob, substantially as described.

4. In a garment holder, a body member having a hook at one end and having at the other  
65 end laterally extended wings and a flange substantially at right angles to such body member and an intermediate knob projecting therefrom between the ends, combined with  
70 a lever hinged to said body and having similarly laterally extended ends and a reversely turned flange which laps the body flange, said lever flange when the device is closed bearing against the body and thereby adapting the  
75 device to grip a fabric, substantially as described.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand this 7th day of March, A. D. 1893.

ANDREW S. FISHER.

Witnesses:

JAMES Z. FRAZIER,  
FRANK FLETCHER.