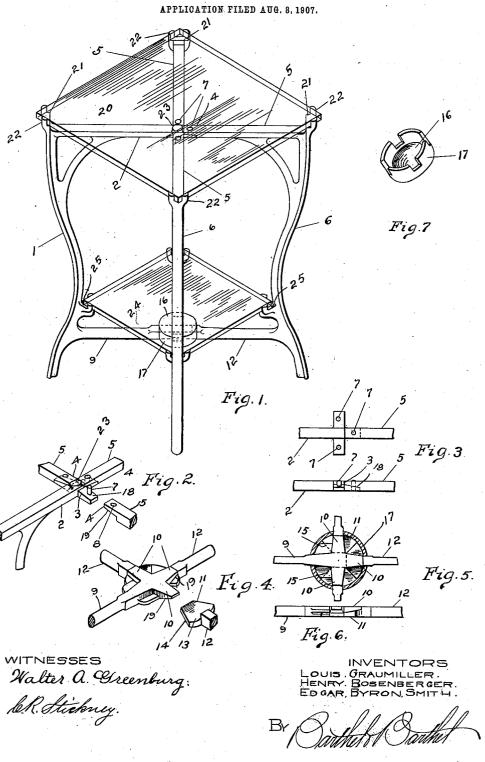
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KNOCKDOWN TABLE.



ATTORNEYS

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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KNOCKDOWN TABLE.

No. 889,600.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented June 2, 1908.

Application filed August 8, 1907. Serial No. 387,582.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, Louis Graumiller, HENRY BOSENBERGER, and EDGAR BYRON SMITH, citizens of the United States of America, residing at Detroit, in the county of Wayne and State of Michigan, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Knockdown Tables, of which the following is a specification, reference being had there-10 in to the accompanying drawings.

This invention relates to tables and especially to a stand particularly adapted for use by surgeons and nurses in the hospital and operating room, which is of a knock-down 15 type, whereby it may be taken apart and the members thrown into a disinfecting bath, and the parts assembled without the aid of tools, and is also designed for cafés, dining halls and like places wherever cleanliness 20 and sanitary conditions are desired.

The invention consists in the matters hereinafter set forth, and more particularly pointed out in the appended claims.

Referring to the drawings, Figure 1 is a 25 view in perspective of a table embodying features of the invention. Fig. 2 is a perspective view showing the interlocking ends of the brackets or standards which support the table. Fig. 3 shows the same in plan 30 and side elevation. Fig. 4 is a view in perspective showing the interlocking ends of the cross-braces of the standards. Fig. 5 is a plan view partially in section showing the ends of the cross braces assembled and se-35 cured by a shield. Fig. 6 shows the same in side elevation. Fig. 7 is a perspective view of the interlocking shield.

As herein illustrated, an appropriately designed main standard 1 of metal has an inte-40 gral upper horizontal bracket 2 with square shouldered tenons 3 on its extremity halved to engage mating ends 4 of brackets 5 in corresponding standards 6, and provided with dowel pins 7 entering apertures 8 in the other 45 bracket ends. An integral horizontal crossbrace 9 near the lower end of the main standard has arms 10 which are halved and shouldered to mate with the ends 11 of the crossbraces 12 on the other standards, wings 13 50 on the latter braces having diagonal sides 14 abutting against shoulders 15 on the main brace preventing angular displacement. The wings 13 and adjacent parts of the arms 10 form in effect a circular disk when closed to-55 gether, and a circular shield 16 with periph-

eral flange 17 notched to slip over the braces, locks them together. The upper face 18 of each of the tenons 3 and the lower face 19 of each corresponding arm 10 are slightly oblique or convergent, so that in assembling 60 the parts, the end 4 of the standard bracket is hooked over a dowel pin on the main bracket and the ends of the cross-braces are swung longitudinally toward each other, the inclined faces acting as wedges to draw the 65 parts firmly to seat.

A table top 20, preferably of glass, rests on suitable lugs 21 on the standards, ears 22 preventing lateral displacement, and a central boss 23 on the main bracket affording 70 support for the table center. A lower shelf 24 is placed on retaining ledges 25, and bears centrally on the shield 16.

One of the features of the invention is the location of the metal connections or joints 75 centrally under the top and shelf so that they are well protected from liquids spilled on the table.

The parts of the table, when taken down, may be sterilized by immersion in a suitable so bath and when withdrawn, are easily dried, as there are no hinges, pivots, sockets or recesses in which liquid is retained and all the surfaces are exposed for cleaning.

The members are easily assembled and af- 85 ford solid support for the top and shelves as no weight is carried by the joints, which are subjected to lateral strains only.

What we claim as our invention is:—

1. A table comprising a plurality of stand- 20 ards having horizontal upper brackets and lower cross-braces extending to a common center line, one of said standards having tenons and dowel pins on the extremity of its bracket and divergent undercut shouldered 95 arms on the brace, the other standard bracket ends being each halved and apertured to interlock with one of said tenons and dowel pins, and the other braces each having a halved end engaging one of the undercut 100 shouldered arms, wings on each brace with oblique sides abutting the adjacent wings and forming therewith a circular disk, a flanged shield detachably locking said wings together, and a top supported on the stand- 105 ards above the brackets.

2. A table comprising a plurality of standards having horizontal upper brackets and lower cross-braces extending to a common center-line, one of said standards having 110

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tenons and dowel pins on the extremity o
its bracket and divergent undercut shouldered arms on the brace, the other standard
bracket ends being each halved and apertured to interlock with one of said tenons
and dowel pins, and the other braces each
having a halved end engaging one of the undercut shouldered arms, wings on each brace
with oblique sides abutting the adjacent
wings and forming therewith a circular disk,
a flanged shield detachably locking said
wings together, a top supported on the standards above the brackets and a shelf detachably secured to the standards between the
braces and brackets.

15 braces and brackets. 3. A table comprising a plurality of standards having horizontal upper brackets and lower cross-braces extending to a common center line, one of said standards having ten-20 ons and dowel pins on the extremity of its bracket and divergent undercut shouldered arms on the brace, the other standard bracket ends being each halved and apertured to interlock with one of said tenons and dowel pins; 25 and the other braces each having a halved end engaging one of the undercut shouldered arms, a wing on each brace with oblique sides abutting the adjacent wings, and forming therewith a circular disk, a flanged shield detach-30 ably locking said wings together, a top removably secured on the standards above the brackets and a shelf detachably secured to the standards between the braces and brackets, the upper face of each tenon and lower face of 35 the corresponding arm on the first standard being longitudinally convergent and the mating faces of the bracket and brace ends of the other standards being correspondingly beveled, said coacting faces being adapted to

4. A table comprising a plurality of standards having horizontal upper brackets and lower cross-braces extending to a common center line, one of said standards having 45 tenons and dowel pins on the extremity of

40 draw the parts to seat when assembled.

its bracket and divergent undercut shouldered arms on the brace, the other standard bracket ends being each halved and apertured to interlock with one of said tenons and dowel pins, and the other braces each having 50 a halved end engaging one of the undercut shouldered arms, a wing on each brace with oblique sides abutting the adjacent wings, and forming therewith a circular disk, a circular shield having a peripheral flange adapted to close over and lock the wings together, a top removably secured on the standards above the brackets and a shelf detachably secured to the standards between the braces and brackets.

5. A table comprising a plurality of standards having horizontal upper brackets and lower cross-braces extending to a common center line, one of said standards having tenons and dowel pins on the extremity of 65 its bracket and divergent undercut shouldered arms on the brace, the other standard bracket ends being each halved and apertured to interlock with one of said tenons and dowel pins, and the other braces each having 70 a halved end engaging one of the undercut shouldered arms, a wing on each brace with oblique sides abutting the adjacent wings and forming therewith a circular disk, a flanged shield detachably locking said wings 75 together, lugs on the outer upper extremities of each standard provided with marginal ears, a top plate resting on said lugs between the ears, ledges on the standards between the braces and brackets provided with marginal 80 ears and a shelf on the ledges between the

In testimony whereof we affix our signatures in presence of two witnesses.

LOUIS GRAUMILLER. HENRY BOSENBERGER. EDGAR BYRON SMITH.

Witnesses:

C. R. STICKNEY, OTTO F. BARTHEL.