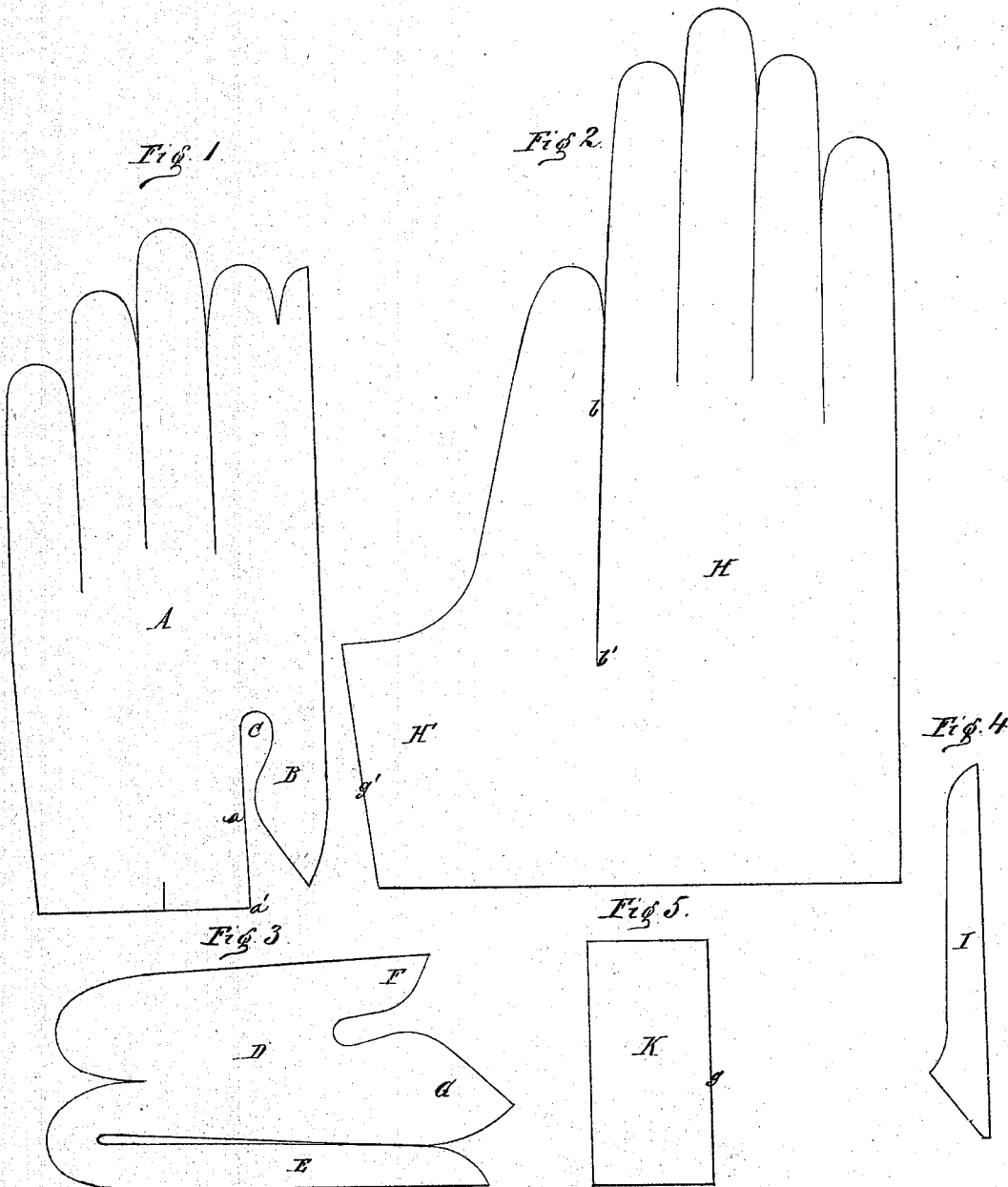


R. D. BURR.

Improvement in Gloves.

No. 115,277.

Patented May 30, 1871.



Witnesses:

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Thos. D. Curand

Inventor:

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Fig. 6.

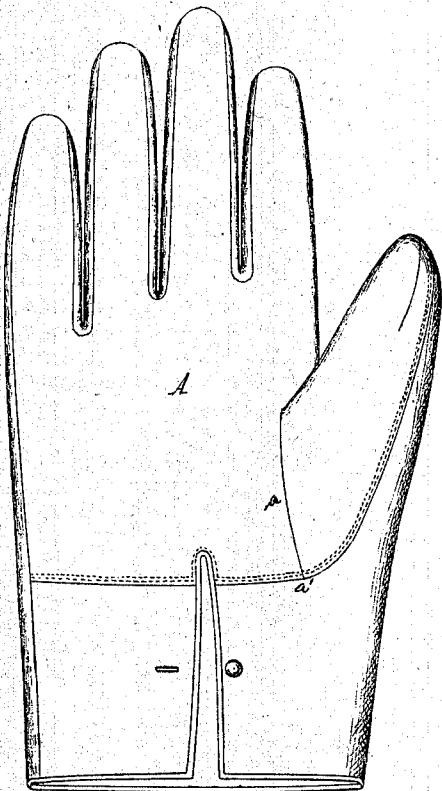
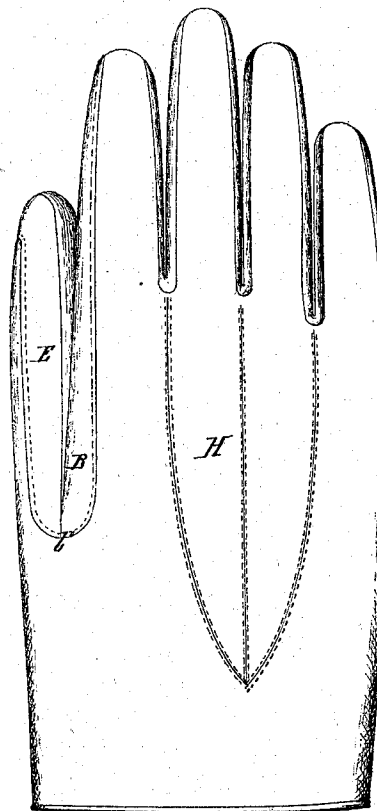


Fig. 7.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

REMUS D. BURR, OF KINGSBOROUGH, NEW YORK.

IMPROVEMENT IN GLOVES.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. 115,277, dated May 30, 1871.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, REMUS D. BURR, of Kingsborough, in the county of Fulton and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Gloves; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawing making a part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a plan of the front piece of a glove; Fig. 2 is a plan of the back piece; Fig. 3 is a plan of the thumb-piece; Fig. 4 is a plan of the finger-gore; Fig. 5, a plan of the wrist-piece; Fig. 6, a view of the front; and Fig. 7, of the back of a glove made up.

This invention relates to gloves whose fronts are made of leather, and whose backs are made of some cheaper material, such as cloth. The invention consists, first, in a front piece, cut with a tongue on its thumb-side at its lower corner, and with a recess between said tongue and the rest of the front piece, the tongue lapping over on the cloth back, or around the thumb-piece, so as to take the wear to which such parts of gloves are exposed, and the recess being for the reception of a tongue formed on the thumb-piece; second, in a thumb-piece cut with a long tongue extended on its palm-side for the purpose of being joined to the aforesaid tongue of the front piece, and cut with another tongue that fits into the recess aforesaid of the front piece, at or near the base of the thumb, for the purpose of giving the space necessary for the free action of the thumb.

Referring to the drawing, A is the front piece; B, the above-mentioned tongue; C, the

recess between the tongue B and the rest of the front piece. D is the thumb-piece; E, the tongue of the thumb-piece that is joined to tongue B; F, the tongue of the thumb-piece that fits into the recess C. G is the end of the thumb-piece, the edge of which joins the edge *a* of the front piece. The seam between the tongue B and E starts from the point *b'*, Fig. 2, at one side of the base of the thumb, and runs thence around between the thumb and forefinger to the other side of the base of the thumb, ending at the point *a'*. Thus those parts of the glove most exposed to wear are composed of leather, which if of cloth would soon give way. H is the cloth back piece. I is one of the finger-gores. K is the outer half of the cloth wrist, its edge *g* being next to the edge *g'* of the offset H' of the back-piece.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. The palm or front piece A, having the tongue B and recess C, in combination with the thumb-piece E D F, the said parts being cut and united as and for the purpose specified.
2. The thumb-piece D, cut with the tongues E and F.
3. As an article of manufacture, a glove made up of the front piece A having the recess C and tongue B, back piece H having the offset H' thumb-piece D having the tongues E and F, gore I, and wrist-piece K.

REMUS D. BURR.

Witnesses:

W. H. VAN NESS,
JAMES H. GRIDLEY.