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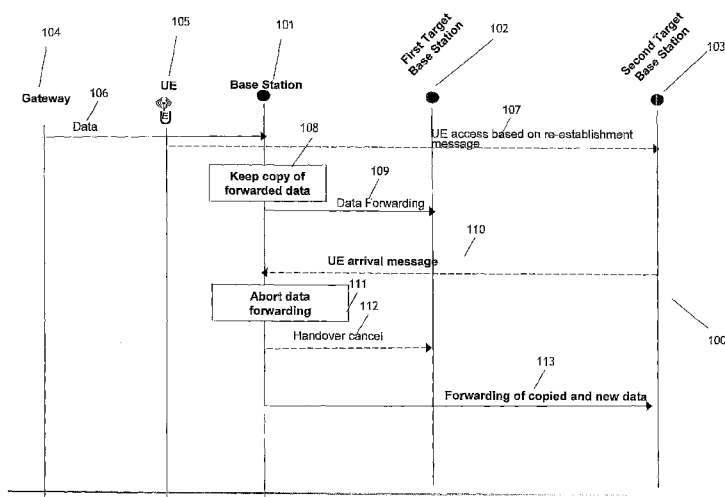


Fig. 1

(57) **Abstract:** The invention relates to a method of data forwarding during handover in a mobile communication system, the mobile communication system comprising a plurality of base stations and a base station, the base station being coupled to a gateway, a telecommunication link being established between a user equipment and the base station, the method comprising: selecting a set of base station from the plurality of base stations as candidate base stations for a handover of the user equipment by the base station; selecting a first target base station for handover from the set of base stations by the base station; obtaining downlink data from a gateway and up- Sink data from a user equipment by the base station; forwarding the uplink and downlink data from the base station to the first target base station. The method further comprises: detecting a handover or radio link failure by the user equipment; - transmitting a connection establishment message to a second target base station of the set of base stations by the user equipment; accepting access request of the user equipment by the second target base station; transmitting a message by the second target base station to the base station, the message being indicative of access of the user equipment to the second target base station; and forwarding the uplink and downlink data to the second target base station.

Data forwarding method and apparatus thereof

Description

Field of the invention

The present invention relates to a method of data forwarding during handover in a
5 mobile communication system, to a base station, to a mobile communication system
and to a computer program product.

Background and related art

10 In a cellular network, a cell typically has several neighboring cells. The handover
procedure allows the continuation of a call when a user equipment crosses the
border of one cell to another. The basic concept of handover is that when a user
terminal moves from the coverage area of one cell to another, a new connection to
the target cell is set up and the connection to the old cell may be released. During
15 the handover, data interruption may occur caused by delays in signaling message,
or caused by problems during the signaling with the candidate base station and the
source base station.

In general, when a user equipment moves from one cell to another in a cellular radio
20 system and the handover is performed, the handover may be described as a hard
handover or a soft handover. During the hard handover, the old connection is
broken before a new one is set up. Therefore, handover margins are used in order

to diminish the problem of data interruption. However, the base station connection cannot be utilized in such a case due to the handover margin and the delay of the handover procedure. During the soft handover, updating margins are also employed.

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Further, a pilot signal is used to identify a base station and to form an active set in a mobile communication system. The pilot signal is continuously transmitted by each base station to beyond its service coverage area. The user equipment can identify the base stations on the basis of the pilot signal, since the signals differ from one another. The user equipments continuously measure pilot signals and maintain a measurement list of the base stations and the corresponding signal quality levels of the pilot signals that are situated near the user equipment and that are possible candidates for handover or connection establishment.

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The base stations on the measurement list form a group of candidates that may become a serving base station. User equipments may monitor the pilot signals of only those base stations that are on the measurement list. When a user equipment moves, the measurement list is updated as the need arises. The updating process is performed according to the measurements of the user equipment based on the strength of the pilot signal, that is if a pilot signal transmitted by a base station is received with adequate strength, it is added to the measurement list.

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Summary of the Invention

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The invention relates to a method of data forwarding during handover in a mobile communication system, the mobile communication system comprising a plurality of base stations and a base station, the base station being coupled to a gateway, a telecommunication link being established between a user equipment and the base station, the method comprising: selecting a set of base station from the plurality of base stations as candidate base stations for a handover of the user equipment by the base station; selecting a first target base station for handover from the set of base stations by the base station.

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The method further comprises obtaining downlink data from a gateway and uplink data from a user equipment by the base station; forwarding the uplink and downlink data from the base station to the first target base station; detecting a handover or radio link failure by the user equipment; transmitting a connection establishment message to a second target base station of the set of base stations by the user equipment; accepting access request of the user equipment by the second target base station; transmitting a message by the second target base station to the base station, the message being indicative of access of the user equipment to the second target base station; forwarding the uplink and downlink data to the second target base station. One of the advantages of the invention is that it allows data forwarding to a new target base station, in case of a handover failure or radio link failure.

The term 'base station' as used herein refers to any type of fixed network element capable of exchanging data with a user equipment. The term "user equipment" as used herein refers to any type of fixed or mobile (or portable) communication terminal capable of exchanging data with a radio-communication network on a radio communication link. Consequently, it may be, among other things, a telephone or desktop computer connected to a local router or server and equipped with a radio communication interface; a mobile telephone; a laptop computer or personal digital assistant (or PDA) equipped with a radio communication interface; a server or local router equipped with a radio communication interface; a high-frequency radio receiver; or a terrestrial or satellite television receiver.

In accordance with an embodiment, the method further comprises:

- storing the data in storage means by the base station;
- aborting data forwarding to the first target base station by the base station.

The forwarding to the second target base station step further comprises:

- forwarding the stored data to the second target base station by the base station.

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In accordance with an embodiment, the method further comprises:

- aborting data forwarding to the first target base station by the base station;
- requesting the data from the first target base station by the base station;
- obtaining the data from the first target base station by the base station.

The forwarding to the second target base station step further comprises:

- forwarding the data to the second target base station by the base station .

In accordance with an embodiment, the method further comprises:

- 5 - obtaining by the base station an end marker message indicating that all data has been transmitted from the first target base station;
- reordering the data obtained from the first target base station and from the gateway by the base station before forwarding to the second target base station.

10 In accordance with an embodiment, the method further comprises:

- transmitting a forwarding-request to the first target base station for forwarding of the data to the second target base station by the base station. The forwarding to the second target base station step further comprises:

- 15 - forwarding the data to the second target base station by the first target base station.
- forwarding the data to the first target base station by the base station.

In accordance with an embodiment, the method further comprises:

- aborting data forwarding to the first target base station by the base station;
- 20 - transmitting a forwarding-request to the first target base station for forwarding of the data to the second target base station by the base station.

The forwarding to the second target base station step further comprises:

- forwarding the data to the second target base station by the first target base station.
- 25 - forwarding the data to the first target base station by the base station;

In accordance with an embodiment, the method further comprises:

- requesting the data from the first target base station by the second target base station;
- 30 - receiving the data from the first target base station by the second target base station.

In accordance with an embodiment, the method further comprises:

- aborting data forwarding to the first target base station by the base station;

- requesting the data from the first target base station by the second target base station;
- requesting the data from the base station by the second target base station;
- receiving the data from the first target base station and from the base station by the second target base station.

In accordance with an embodiment, the method further comprises:

- obtaining an end marker message indicating that all data has been transmitted from the first target base station by the second base station;
- reordering the data received from the base station and from the first target base station by the second target base station.

In accordance with an embodiment, a first target base station identification is transmitted by the base station or by the user equipment to the second target base station.

In another aspect, the invention relates to a base station for a mobile communication system, the base station comprising:

- means for selecting the set of base station as candidate base stations for a handover of the user equipment by the base station;
- means for selecting a first target base station for handover from the set of base stations by the base station;
- means for obtaining downlink data from a gateway and uplink data from a user equipment by the base station;
- means for forwarding the uplink and downlink data from the base station to the first target base station.
- means for receiving a message from the second target base station by the base station, the message being indicative of access of the user equipment to a second target base station;
- means for storing the uplink and downlink data in storage means by the base station;
- means for aborting data forwarding to the first target base station by the base station;

- means for forwarding the stored data to the second target base station by the base station.

In another aspect, the invention relates to a base station for a mobile communication system, the base station comprising:

- means for accepting access request of the user equipment by the second target base station;
- means for transmitting a message by the second target base station to the base station, the message being indicative of access of the user equipment to the second target base station;
- means for requesting data from the first target base station by the second target base station;
- means for receiving the data from the first target base station by the second target base station.

In an embodiment, the base station further comprises:

- means for receiving the data from the base station by the second target base station;
- means for obtaining an end marker message indicating that all data has been transmitted from the first target base station by the second base station;
- means for reordering the data received from the base station and from the first target base station by the second target base station.

In another aspect, the invention relates to a mobile communication system operable to perform a method in accordance with any of the preceding embodiments.

In another aspect, the invention relates to a computer program product stored on a storage medium, comprising executable program means for causing a base station to perform a method according to any of the preceding embodiments when the program is run on the base station.

Brief description of the drawings

In the following, preferred embodiments of the invention will be described in greater detail by way of example only making reference to the drawings in which:

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Figure 1 is a diagram of an embodiment of the signaling between the user equipment and the plurality of base stations,

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Figure 2 shows a diagram of a further embodiment of the signaling between the user equipment and the base stations,

Figure 3 is a diagram of a further embodiment of the signaling between the user equipment and the plurality of base stations,

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Figure 4 is a diagram of another embodiment of the data forwarding method,

Figure 5 shows a further embodiment of the data forwarding method of the invention,

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Figure 6 is a diagram representing a further embodiment of the data forwarding method,

Figure 7 is a block diagram of an embodiment of a base station in a mobile communication system.

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Figure 8 is a block diagram of a further embodiment of a base station in a mobile communication system.

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Detailed description of the drawings

Fig. 1 shows a diagram 100 of an embodiment of the data forwarding method in a mobile communication system. The mobile communication system comprises a base station 101, a first target base station 102, a second target base station 103,

and a gateway 104. Initially, a telecommunication link is established between the base station 101 and a user equipment 105.

5 The user equipment 105 continuously transmits measurement reports to the base station describing the signal quality of the neighboring base stations, which may be used as candidate base stations for a handover of the user equipment 105. One of the transmitted measurement reports triggers a single or multiple handover preparation, so that the base station sends at least one handover request to at least one of the neighboring base stations, using for example the measurement report
10 transmitted by the user equipment 105. The base station 101 receives a handover request acknowledgement of at least one of the base stations. The base station 101 selects one or a set of base stations from a plurality of base stations as candidate base stations for the handover of the user equipment. The selected set of base stations corresponds to the base stations that transmitted a handover request
15 acknowledgement to the base station. Then, a first target base station 102 is selected for handover from the set of base stations by the base station 101.

During the normal communication between the base station 101 and the user equipment 105, downlink data 106 from a gateway and uplink data from the user
20 equipment 105 is continuously obtained by the base station 101. Once the first target base station has been selected by the base station 101, the base station 101 delivers the handover command to the user equipment 105 and initiates the forwarding of the uplink and downlink data from the base station 101 to the first target base station 102. In the meantime, and in no particular order, if due to radio
25 link failure or handover failure, the user equipment 105 is not able to access the first target base station 102, the user equipment 105 may require to synchronize and transmit a connection re-establishment message 107 to a second target base station of the set of base stations that have been prepared by the base station 101.

30 In an embodiment, the base station 101 may keep a copy 108 of the data 106, before forwarding 109 the data to the first target base station 102. Then, the second target base station 103 accepts the access request of the user equipment 105 and transmits a message 110 to the base station 101. The message 110 indicates the access of the user equipment 105 to the second target base station 103. Further,

the base station 101 aborts the data forwarding 111 to the first target base station 102. Then, the base station 101 transmits a handover cancel message 112 to the first target base station 102 and starts forwarding 113 copied and new data to the second target base station 103.

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Fig. 2 shows a diagram 200 of an embodiment of a data forwarding method in a mobile communication system.

The base station 101 continuously receives uplink data from the user equipment 105 and downlink data 106 from the gateway 104. After the user equipment 105 detects a radio link failure or handover failure, and is not allowed to access the first target base station 102, the user equipment 105 transmits a connection establishment message to the second target base station 103, which has been previously prepared by the base station 101 for handover. In the meantime, the base station 101 has started the data forwarding 202 of the uplink and downlink data to the first target base station 102.

The data forwarding 202 continues until a message arrives to the base station 101 from the second target base station 103, the message 203 identifying the access of the user equipment 105 to the second target base station 103. The base station 101, after reception of the message, aborts 204 the data forwarding to the first target base station 102. Further, base station 101 requests 205 the forwarded data back from the first target base station 102 to the base station 101. The requested data is obtained 206 by the base station 101. As new downlink data may have arrived to the base station 101, together with the data received by the first target base station 102, a reordering procedure 207 is started. The reordering procedure 207 reorders the data received from the gateway, data received from the first target base station and data not yet forwarded to any of the target base stations.

Finally, the base station 101 starts forwarding 208 the backward data and the new data to the second target base station 103. One of the advantages of this embodiment, is that the base station does not require to store the already forwarded uplink and the downlink data, in case that a handover or radio link failure does not allow the user equipment to access the originally selected target base station.

Fig. 3 shows a diagram 300 of an embodiment of a data forwarding method in a mobile communication system. During a normal active call and also during the handover procedure, uplink data from the user equipment 105 and downlink data from gateway 104 is obtained by the base station 101. In case of a radio link or handover failure, the user equipment may have no access to the originally selected target base station 102, and may require to request access to a second target base station 103, using a re-establishment message 301.

The uplink and downlink data 106 received by the base station 101, is forwarded 302 to the originally selected target base station 102, until a message 303 arrives from the second target base station 103 and is received by the base station 101. The message 303 may correspond for example to a user equipment context release, or it may indicate that the user equipment has accessed the second target base station 103.

After reception of the message 303 from the second target base station 103, a forwarding request 304 is transmitted to the first target base station 102, that commands the first target base station 102 to forward all the data received from the base station 101 to the second target base station 103. The command transmitted by the base station 101 also includes the command to transfer the already received data 305 from the base station 101. Then, the first target base station 102 starts forwarding 306 the already received and the new data to the second target base station 103.

Fig. 4 shows a diagram 400 of a further embodiment of the data forwarding method in a mobile communication system. During a communication between the base station 101 and the user equipment 105, uplink data is received from the user equipment 105 and downlink data 106 is transmitted from the gateway 104 to the base station 101. If a first handover fails with the selected first target base station 102, the user equipment 105 may request for an access 401 to a second target base station 103, which may have been previously prepared for handover by the base station 101. Until the base station 101 is informed of the radio link or handover

failure, the base station 101 forwards the data 402 received from both the gateway and the user equipment to the selected first target base station 102.

After the second target base station 103 accepts the access of the user equipment 105, the second target base station 103 transmits a message 403 to the base station 101, indicating the arrival of the user equipment and the access to the second target base station. The message 403 may be for example a user equipment context release message, or any message that directly or indirectly indicates the access of the user equipment 105 to the second target base station 103. After reception of the message by the base station 101, the base station 101 aborts data forwarding 404 to the first target base station 102 and starts forwarding the data 405 to the second target base station 103. At the same time, the base station 101 sends a request command 406 to the first target base station 102 and requests for a forward transfer of the already received data 407 by the first target base station 102, so that the first target base station 102 forwards the data 408 to the second target base station 103.

Therefore, the second target base station 103 starts receiving data from both the base station 101 and from the first target base station 102. The data received by the second target base station will correspond to data forwarded from the first target base station 102 that has been already forwarded from the base station 101, and also corresponds to data forwarded by the base station 101 that was received by the base station 101 directly from the gateway and/or the user equipment 104. As a consequence, the second target base station 103 may require to reorder 409 the data 405 received from the base station and the data 408 received from the first target base station 102. Further, an end marker message may be transmitted at the end of the data forwarding, indicating that all data has been transmitted from said first target base station 102 to said second target base station 103.

Fig. 5 shows a diagram 500 of a further embodiment of a data forwarding method in a mobile communication system. During a typical communication between the user equipment 105 and the base station 101, data 106 is received from a gateway 104 coupled to the base station and to the user equipment 105. If the user equipment 105 requires a handover, the base station may initiate a multiple handover

preparation to a set of candidate base stations, and the base station 101 selects a first target base station 102 for the handover. In this context and after selecting the first target base station 102, the base station 101 may transmit an address 501 of the first target base station 102 to at least a second base station 103. The address
5 may be included, for example, in a handover preparation message.

If the user equipment 105 is not able to access the first target base station 102 due to a radio link or handover failure, the user equipment 105 requires to request an access 502 to the second base station 103, for example on a RRC re-establishment
10 message. During the standard handover procedure, the base station 101, after selecting the first target base station 102, starts forwarding 503 the received data from both the gateway 104 and the UE 105 to the first target base station 102.

After the second target base station 103 accepts the access of the user equipment
15 105, the second target base station 103 transmits a message 504 to the base station 101 indicating the access of the user equipment, for example using a user equipment (UE) context release message. Then, the second target base station 103 further transmits a forwarding-request message 505 to the first target base station 102, for the forwarding of the received data from the base station 101 to the second
20 target base station 103. The first target base station 102 initiates the organization of the transfer 506 of already received data 503 and starts forwarding 507 the data to the second target base station 103. The first target base station 102 continues receiving the data 503 from the base station 101, until the handover procedure has been completed to the secondary base station.

25 Fig. 6 shows a diagram 600 of a data forwarding method embodiment in a mobile communication system.

The base station 101 receives uplink data from the user equipment 105 and
30 downlink data 106 from the gateway 104. During the multiple handover preparation, and after selecting one of the candidate base stations as a first target base station 102, the base station 101 transmits the address 601 of the first target base station 102 to at least a second base station 103. If the user equipment 105 is not able to access the first target base station 102, due to a radio link or handover failure, the

user equipment 105 requests access 602 to second target base station 103, using for example an RRC re-establishment message. The base station 101 after selecting the first target base station 102, it starts forwarding 603 the data received from both the user equipment 105 and the gateway 104 to the first target base station 102.

After the acceptance of the access request from the user equipment 105 by the second target base station 103, the base station 103 transmits a message 604 to the base station 101 being indicative of the access of the user equipment 105 to the second target base station 103. The message 604 also requests the base station 101 for forwarding the received data to the second target base station 103. The base station 101, immediately after receiving the message from the second target base station 103, it aborts 605 forwarding the data to the first target base station 102 and starts forwarding the data 606 to the second target base station.

The second target base station 103 also transmits a forwarding request message 607 to the first target base station 102, commanding to forward the already received data from the base station 101 to the second target base station 103. The first target base station 102 initiates the transfer of already received data 608 and forwards 609 the data to the second target base station 103. Further, an end marker message may be transmitted at the end of the data forwarding, indicating that all data has been transmitted from said first target base station 102 to said second target base station 103. Also, as the second target base station is receiving data from at least two base stations, the second target base station 103 starts the ordering 610 of the data, until the handover procedure has been completed, and the second target base station starts receiving the data directly from the gateway 104 and from the user equipment 105.

There are three basic possible handover failure in radio link failure scenarios. The first scenario, the user equipment detects handover failure and connects not to the selected first target base station, but to another second target base station. In a second scenario, the user equipment detects radio link failure during the handover phase in the base station, it connects not to the first target base station, but to the second target base station. Finally, in a third scenario the user equipment detects

radio link failure not in the handover phase in the base station, but prior to the handover, and connects to the second target base station.

Fig. 7 shows a block diagram illustrating a mobile communication system 700. The mobile communication system 700 comprises a base station 701 coupled to a user equipment 702 and also coupled to the target base station 703. The base station 701 comprises:

A module 704 for selecting said set of base station as candidate base stations for a handover of said user equipment by said base station;

a module 705 for selecting a first target base station for handover from said set of base stations by said base station;

a module 706 for obtaining downlink data from a gateway and uplink data from a user equipment by said base station;

a module 707 for forwarding said uplink and downlink data from said base station to said first target base station.

a module 708 for receiving a message from said second target base station by said base station, said message being indicative of access of said user equipment to a second target base station;

a module 709 for storing said uplink and downlink data in storage means by said base station;

a module 710 for aborting data forwarding to said first target base station by said base station;

a module 711 for forwarding said stored data to said second target base station by said base station.

Fig. 8 shows a block diagram 800 illustrating a mobile communication system comprising a base station 801 coupled to a user equipment 802 and to a target base station 803. The base station 801 comprises:

A module 804 for accepting access request of said user equipment by said second target base station;

a module 805 for transmitting a message by said second target base station to said base station, said message being indicative of access of said user equipment to said second target base station;

a module 806 for requesting data from said first target base station by said second target base station;

a module 807 for receiving said data from said first target base station by said second target base station.

5 a module 808 for receiving said data from said base station by said second target base station;

a module 809 for obtaining an end marker message indicating that all data has been transmitted from said first target base station by said second base station;

10 a module 810 for reordering said data received from said base station and from said first target base station by said second target base station;

a computer program module 811 comprising executable program means for causing the base station 801 to perform a method according to any of the preceding embodiments.

List of reference numerals

5

100	Diagram
101	Base station
102	First target base station
103	Second target base station
104	Gateway
105	User equipment
106	Data
107	Re-establishment message
108	Keep copy of forwarded data
109	Data forwarding
110	Message
111	Aborting data
112	Handover cancel
113	Forwarding of copied data
200	Diagram
201	Re-establishment message
202	Data forwarding
203	Arrival message
204	Aborting data
205	Request for forward transfer
206	Data backward
207	Reordering of data
208	Forwarding of backward data
300	Diagram
301	Re-establishment message
302	Data forwarding
303	Arrival message
304	Request for forward transfer

305	Transfer of data
306	Forwarding data
400	Diagram
401	Re-establishment message
402	Data forwarding
403	Arrival message
404	Aborted data
405	Data forwarding
406	Request for forward transfer
407	Transfer of already received data
408	Forwarding data
409	Reordering of data
500	Diagram
501	Address of first target base station
502	Re-establishment message
503	Data forwarding
504	Arrival message
505	Request for forward transfer
506	Transfer of data
507	Forwarding data
601	Address of first target base station
602	Re-establishment message
603	Data forwarding
604	Arrival message
605	Abort data
606	Data forwarding
607	Request for forward transfer
608	Transfer of received data
609	Forwarding of data
610	Reordering of data
700	Mobile communication system
701	Base station
702	User equipment

703	Target base station
704-711	Modules
800	Mobile communication system
801	Base station
802	User equipment
803	Target base station
804-811	modules

C l a i m s

- 5 1. A method of data forwarding during handover in a mobile communication system (700), said mobile communication system (700) comprising a plurality of base stations and a base station (101, 701), said base station (101, 701) being coupled to a gateway (703), a telecommunication link being established between a user equipment (702) and said base station (101, 701), the method
- 10 comprising:
- selecting a set of base stations from said plurality of base stations as candidate base stations for a handover of said user equipment by said base station;
 - selecting a first target base station (102) for handover from said set of base stations by said base station (101);
 - 15 - obtaining downlink data (106) from a gateway and uplink data from a user equipment by said base station;
 - forwarding (109) said uplink and downlink data from said base station to said first target base station.
 - detecting a handover or radio link failure by said user equipment;
 - 20 - transmitting a connection establishment message (107) to a second target base station of said set of base stations by said user equipment;
 - accepting access request of said user equipment by said second target base station (103);
 - transmitting a message (110) by said second target base station to said base station, said message being indicative of access of said user equipment to
 - 25 said second target base station;
 - forwarding (113) said uplink and downlink data to said second target base station.
- 30 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the method further comprises: (Alt. 1)
- storing (108) said data in storage means by said base station;
 - aborting (111) data forwarding to said first target base station by said base station;

wherein said forwarding to said second target base station step further comprises:

- forwarding (113) said stored data to said second target base station by said base station.

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3. The method of claim 1 further comprising: (Alt. 2 by BS)

- aborting data forwarding (204) to said first target base station by said base station;

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- requesting (205) said data from said first target base station by said base station;

- obtaining said data (206) from said first target base station by said base station;

wherein said forwarding to said second target base station step further comprises:

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- forwarding said data (208) to said second target base station by said base station .

4. The method of claim 3 further comprising: (Opt. Alt 2 by BS)

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- obtaining by said base station an end marker message indicating that all data has been transmitted from said first target base station;

- reordering said data (207) obtained from said first target base station and from said gateway by said base station before forwarding to said second target base station.

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5. The method of claim 1 further comprising: (Alt. 3 by BS & first TBS)

- transmitting a forwarding-request (304) to said first target base station for forwarding of said data to said second target base station by said base station;

wherein said forwarding to said second target base station step further comprises:

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- forwarding said data (306) to said second target base station by said first target base station.

- forwarding said data to said (302) first target base station by said base station.

6. The method of claim 1 further comprising: (Alt. 4 by BS & first TBS)
- aborting data forwarding (404) to said first target base station by said base station;
- transmitting a forwarding-request (406) to said first target base station for forwarding of said data to said second target base station by said base station; wherein said forwarding to said second target base station step further comprises:
- forwarding said data (408) to said second target base station by said first target base station.
- forwarding said data (402) to said first target base station by said base station;
7. The method of claim 1 further comprising: (Alt. 5 by second TBS)
- requesting said data (505) from said first target base station by said second target base station;
- receiving said data from said first target base station by said second target base station.
8. The method of claim 1 further comprising: (Alt. 6 by second TBS)
- aborting data forwarding (605) to said first target base station by said base station;
- requesting said data (607) from said first target base station by said second target base station;
- requesting said data (604) from said base station by said second target base station;
- receiving said data from said first target base station and from said base station by said second target base station.
9. The method of claim 6 and 8 further comprising: (Opt. Alt. 4 and Alt 6 by second TBS)
- obtaining an end marker message indicating that all data has been transmitted from said first target base station by said second base station;
- reordering said data received from said base station and from said first target base station by said second target base station.

10. The method of any of the preceding claims 7 to 9, wherein a first target base station identification (601) is transmitted by said base station or by said user equipment to said second target base station.

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11. A base station (701) for a mobile communication system (700), the base station (701) comprising: (Alt. 1)

- means for selecting (704) said set of base station as candidate base stations for a handover of said user equipment by said base station;

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- means for selecting (705) a first target base station for handover from said set of base stations by said base station;

- means for obtaining (706) downlink data from a gateway and uplink data from a user equipment by said base station;

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- means for forwarding (707) said uplink and downlink data from said base station to said first target base station.

- means for receiving (708) a message from said second target base station by said base station, said message being indicative of access of said user equipment to a second target base station;

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- means for storing (709) said uplink and downlink data in storage means by said base station;

- means for aborting (710) data forwarding to said first target base station by said base station;

- means for forwarding (711) said stored data to said second target base station by said base station.

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12. A base station (801) for a mobile communication system (800), the base station (801) comprising:

- means for accepting (804) access request of said user equipment by said second target base station;

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- means for transmitting (805) a message by said second target base station to said base station, said message being indicative of access of said user equipment to said second target base station;

- means for requesting (806) data from said first target base station by said second target base station;

- means for receiving (807) said data from said first target base station by said second target base station.

13. The base station of claim 12 further comprising:

- means for receiving (808) said data from said base station by said second target base station;

- means for obtaining (809) an end marker message indicating that all data has been transmitted from said first target base station by said second base station;

- means for reordering (810) said data received from said base station and from said first target base station by said second target base station.

14. A mobile communication system (700, 800) operable to perform a method in accordance with any of the preceding claims 1 to 10.

15. A computer program product (811) stored on a storage medium, comprising executable program means for causing a base station to perform a method according to any of the preceding claims 1 to 10 when the program is run on the base station.

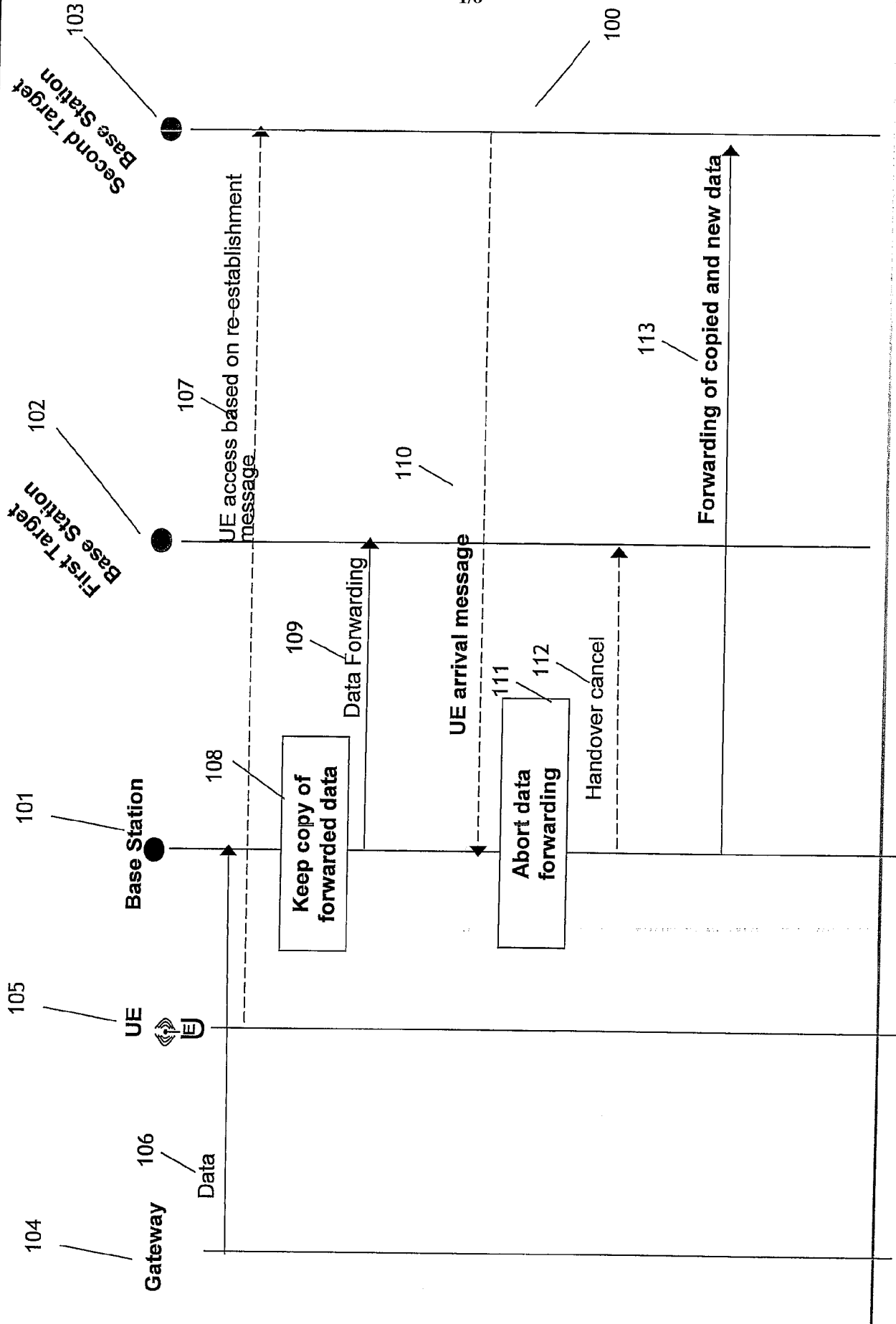


Fig. 1

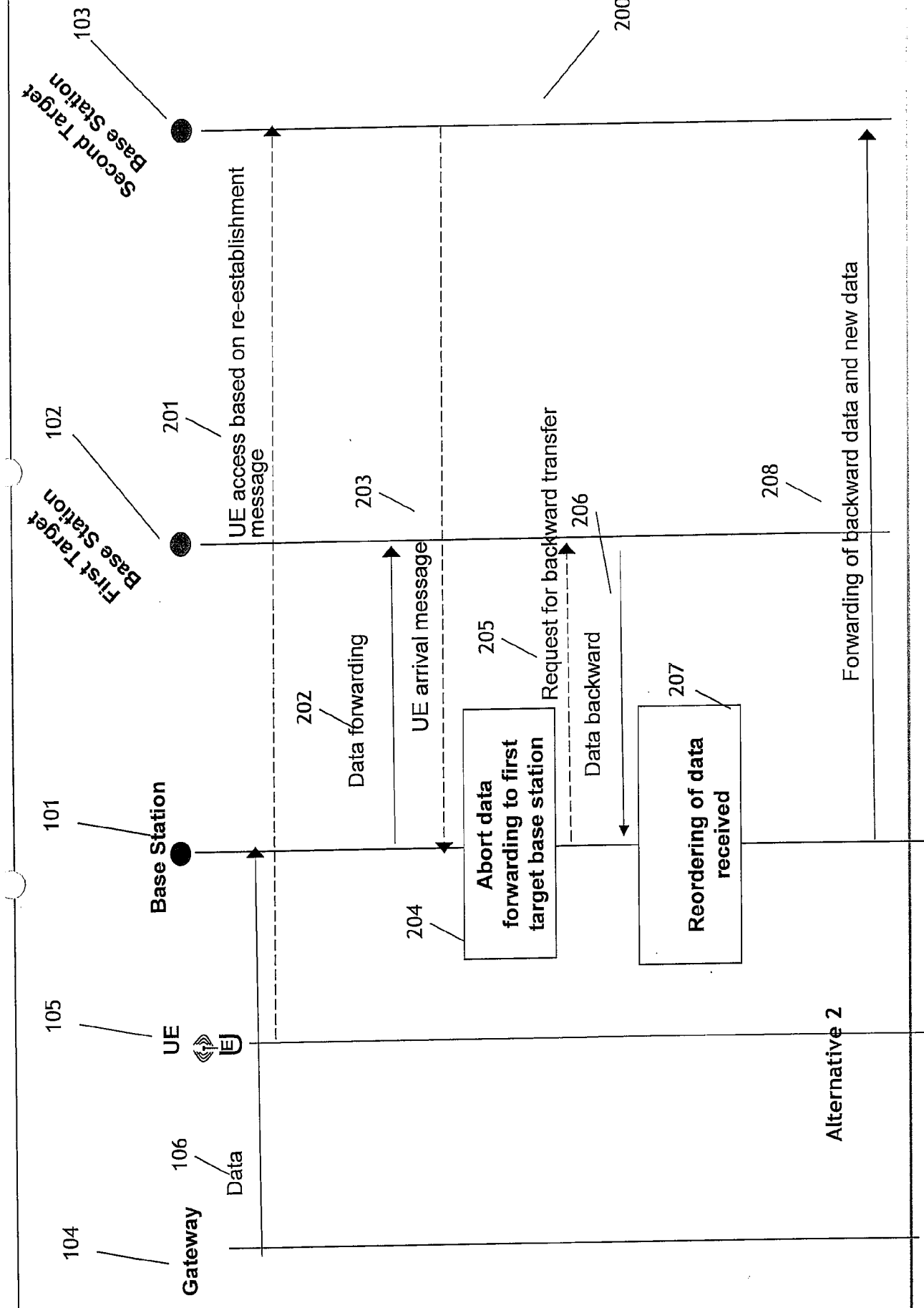


Fig. 2

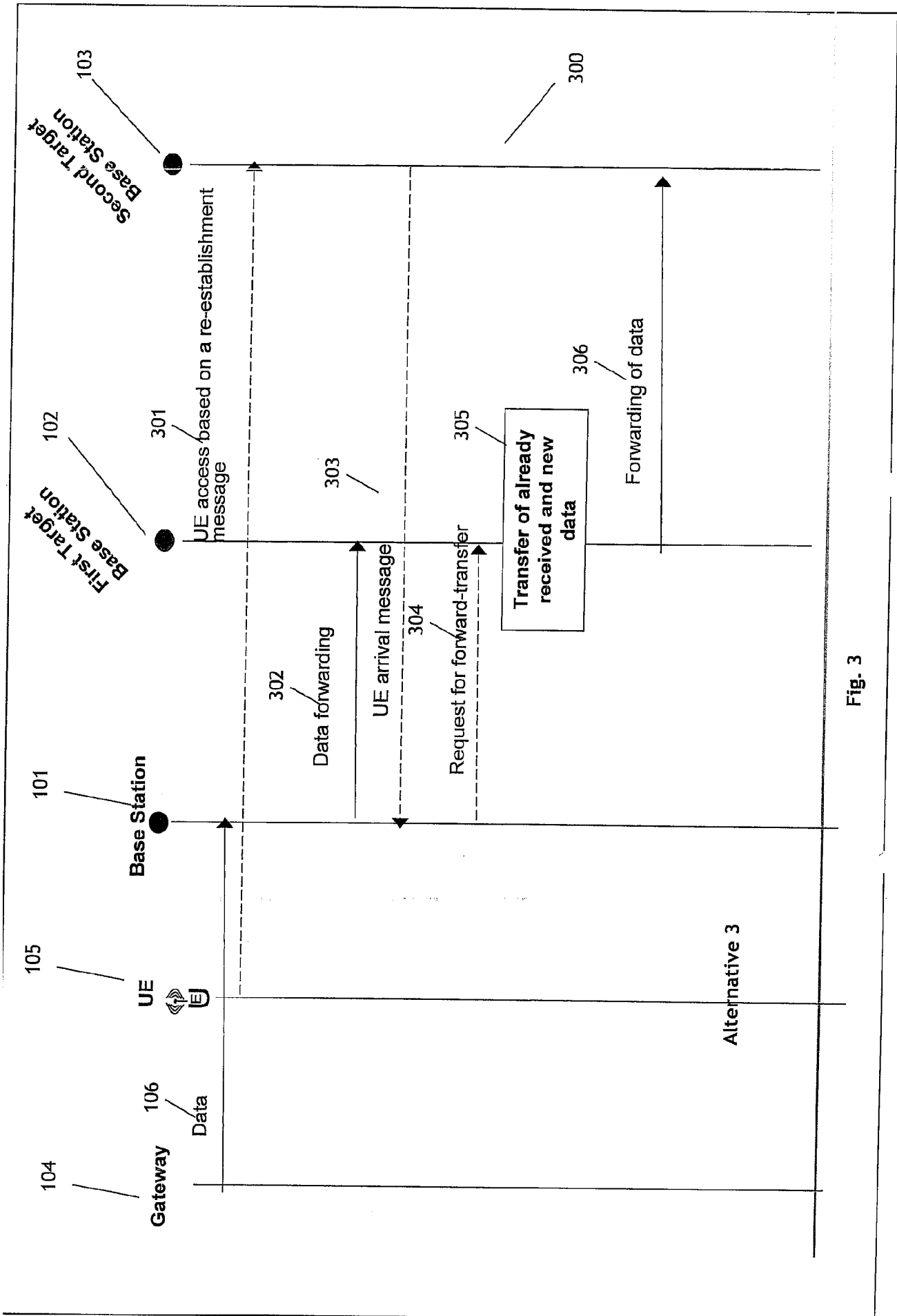


Fig. 3

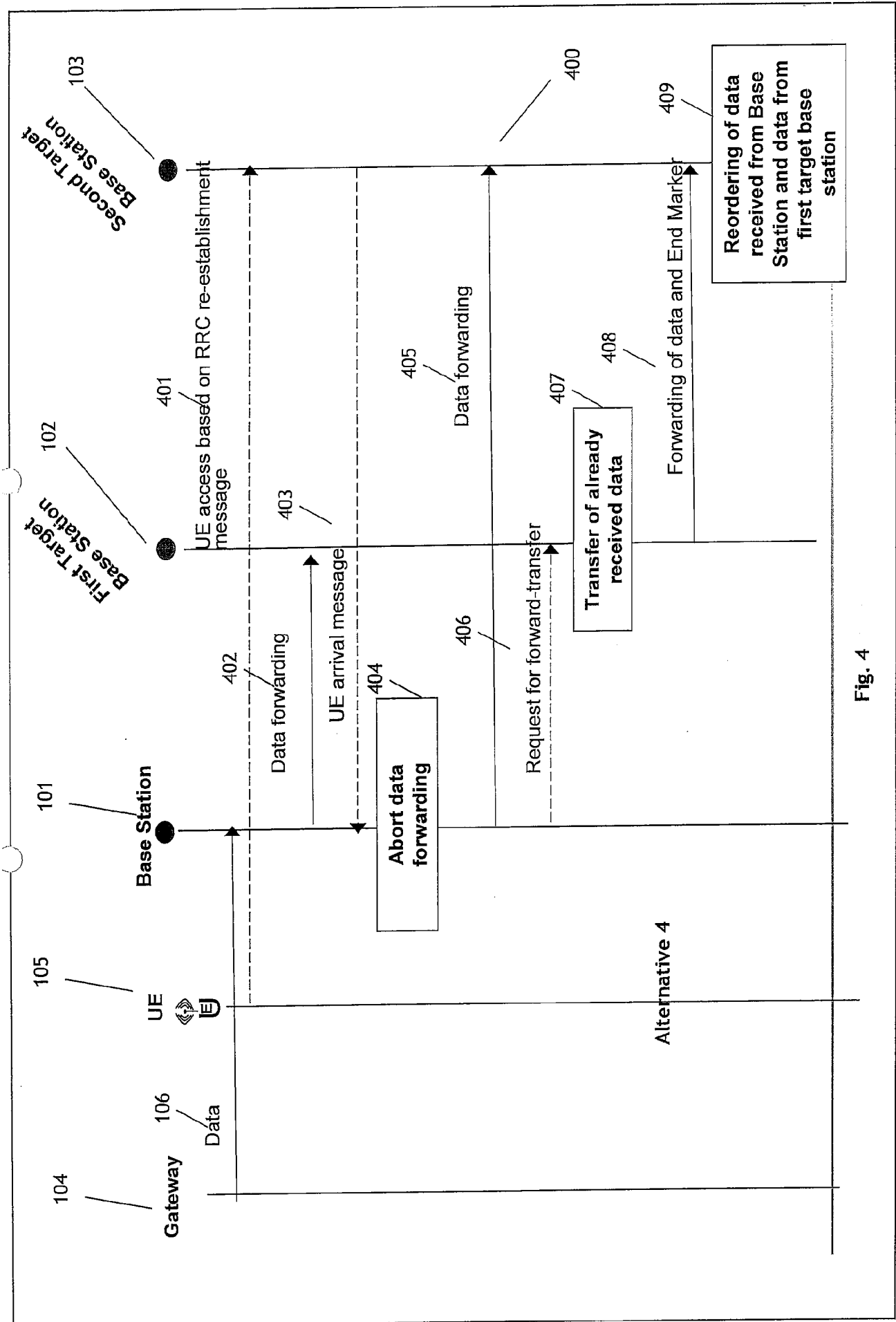


Fig. 4

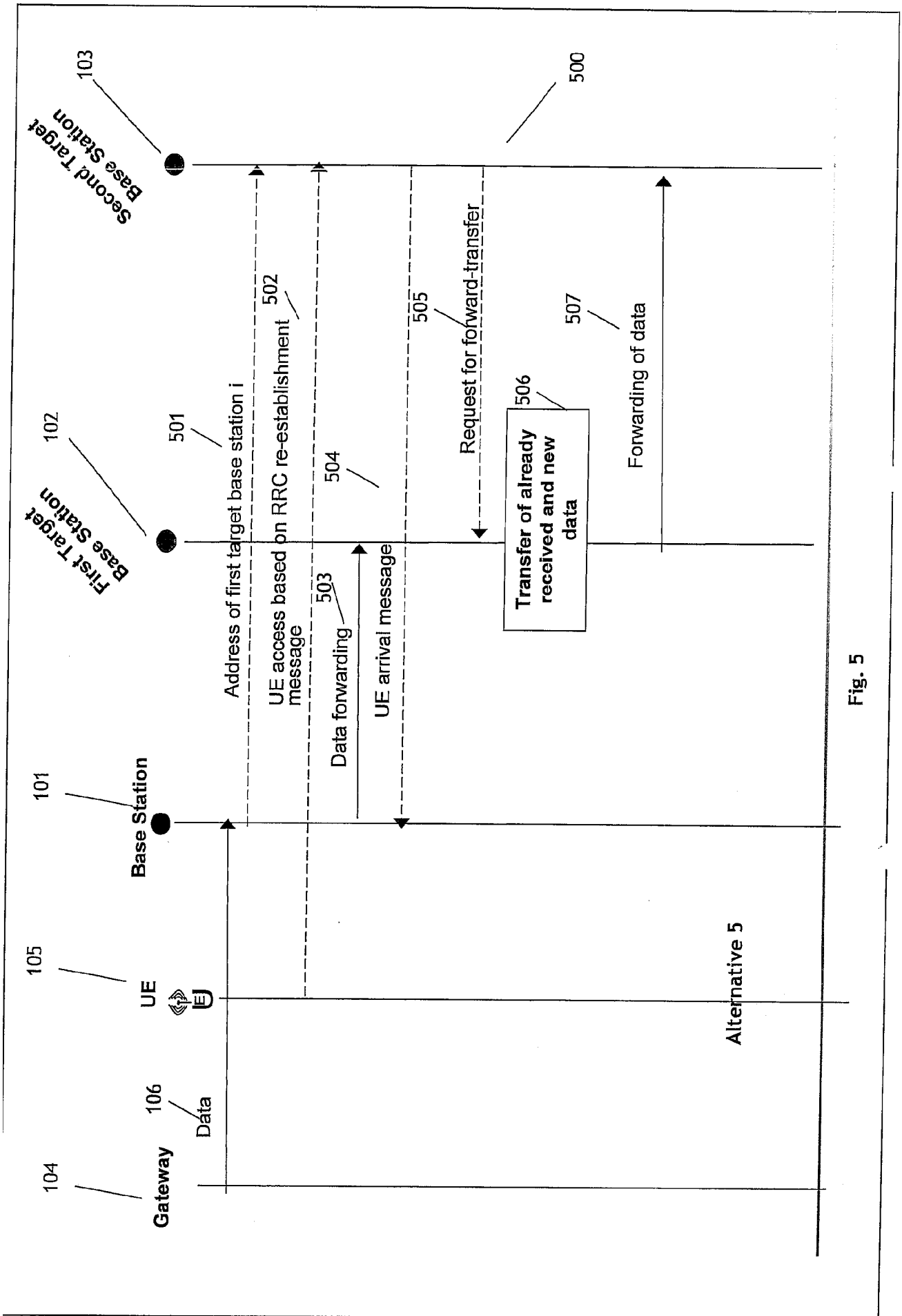


Fig. 5

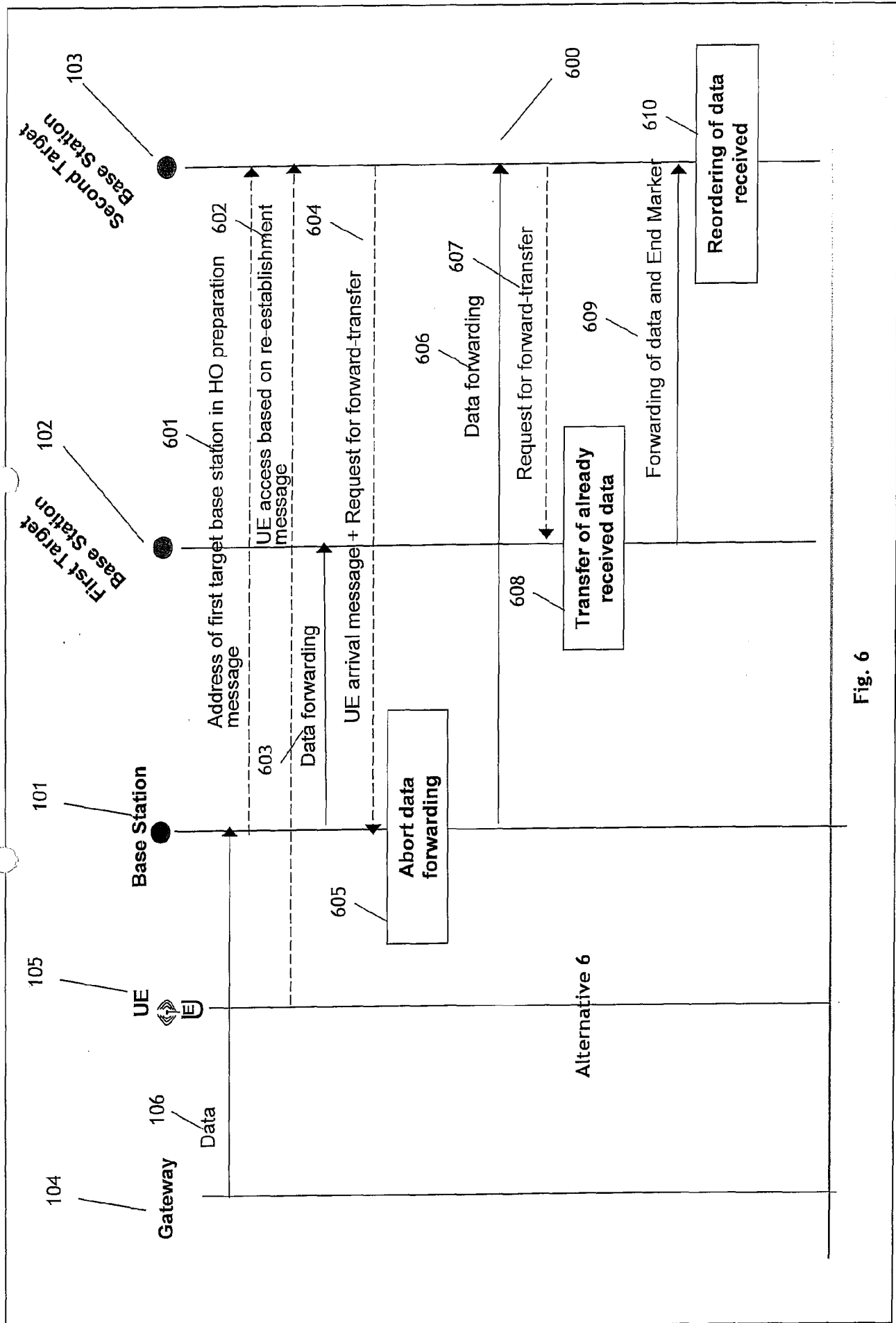


Fig. 6

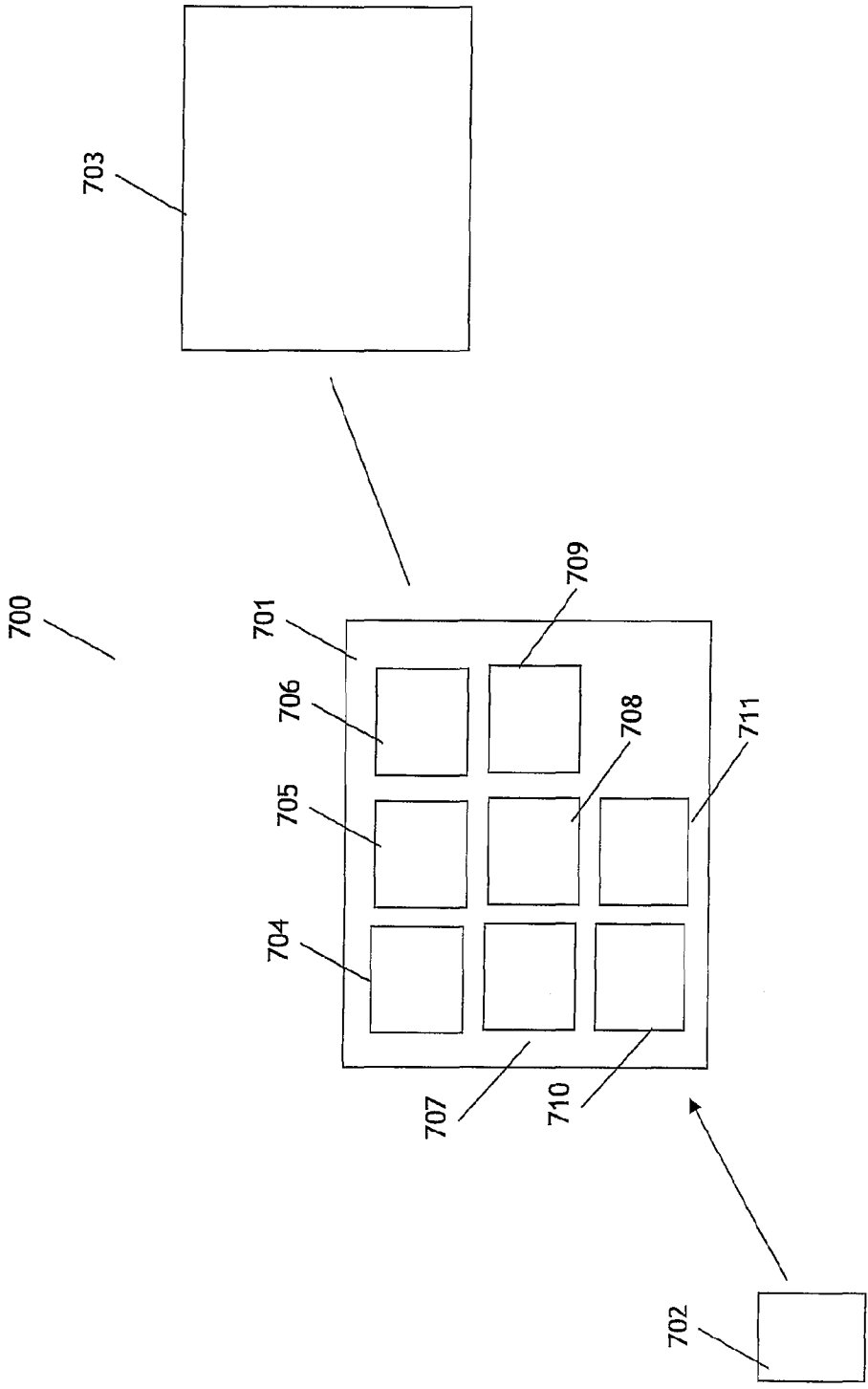


Fig. 7

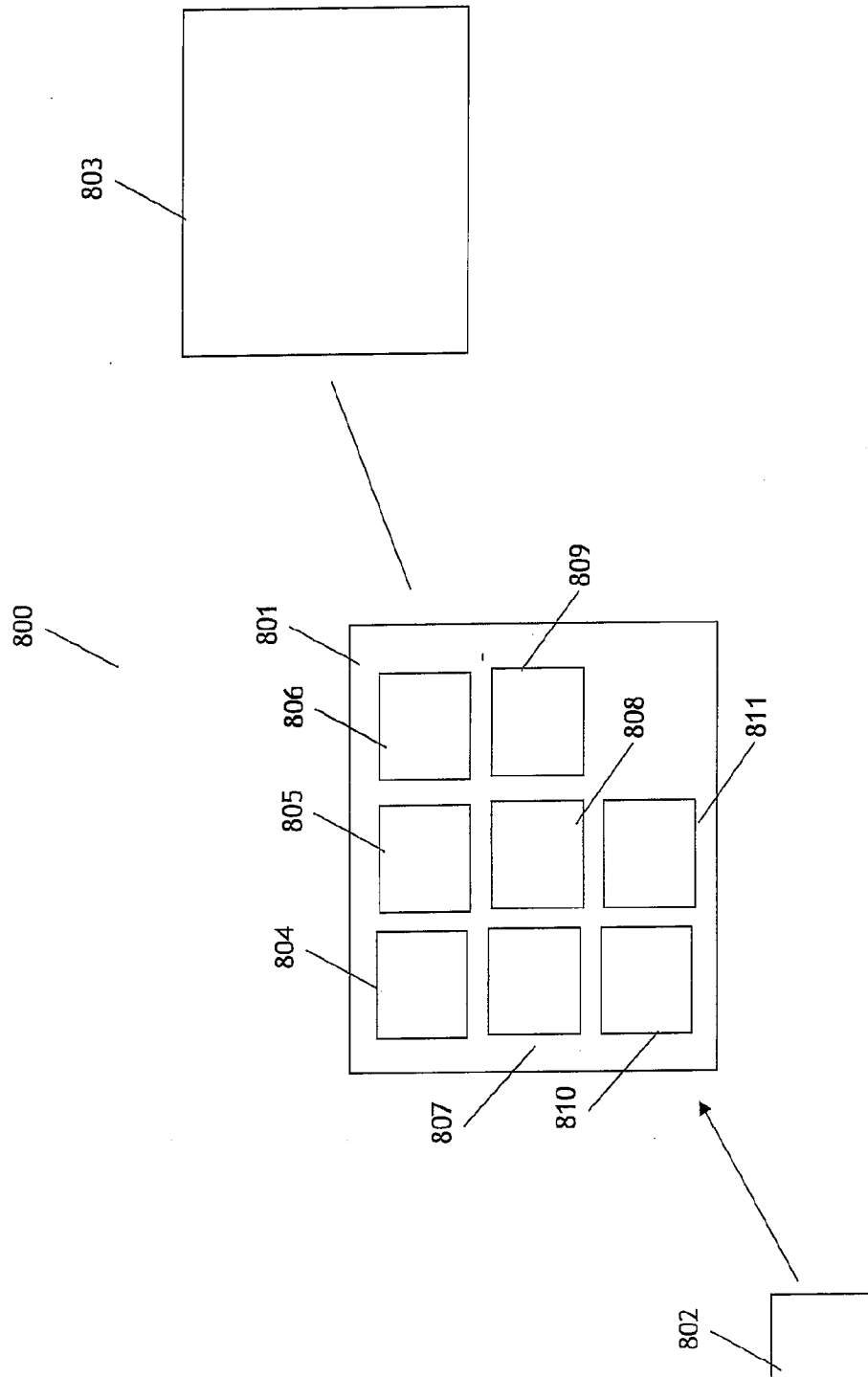


Fig. 8

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No

PCT/EP2009/066510

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

INV. H04W36/02

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

H04W

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 1 919 241 A (NIPPON ELECTRIC CO [JP]) 7 May 2008 (2008-05-07) paragraph [0011] - paragraph [0013] paragraph [0030] paragraph [0038] - paragraph [0048] figures 1,7,8	1-15
A	US 2004/081119 A1 (ZHONG ZHUN [US] ET AL) 29 April 2004 (2004-04-29) paragraph [0008] - paragraph [0010] figure 1	1-15
A	EP 1 995 981 A (NTT DOCOMO INC [JP]) 26 November 2008 (2008-11-26) paragraph [0006] - paragraph [0011] paragraph [0052] - paragraph [0054] figures 1,3	1-15
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



See patent family annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

1 March 2010

Date of mailing of the international search report

17/03/2010

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No

PCT/EP2009/066510

C(Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	NORTEL: "Handover failure and Data Forwarding stop" 3GPP DRAFT; R3-071400_HO FAILURE AND DATA FORWARDING STOP_13.3.14B_.REVO, 3RD GENERATION PARTNERSHIP PROJECT (3GPP), MOBILE COMPETENCE CENTRE ; 650, ROUTE DES LUCIOLES ; F-06921 SOPHIA-ANTIPOLIS CEDEX ; FRANCE, vol. RAN WG3, no. Athens, Greece; 20070820, 15 August 2007 (2007-08-15), XP050162233 the whole document -----	1-15

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No

PCT/EP2009/066510

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