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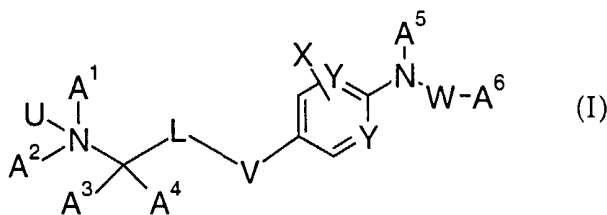
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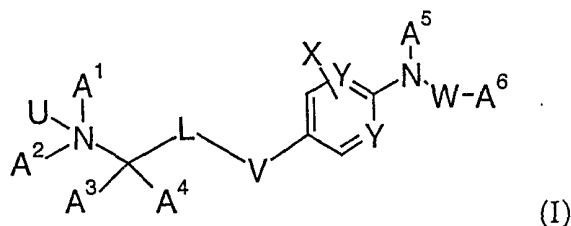
(54) Title: NOVEL ANILINE DERIVATIVES



(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to compounds of formula (I): wherein U, Y, V, W, L, X, A<sup>1</sup>, A<sup>2</sup>, A<sup>3</sup>, A<sup>4</sup>, A<sup>5</sup> and A<sup>6</sup> are as defined in the description and claims and pharmaceutically acceptable salt and/or pharmaceutically acceptable esters thereof. The compounds are useful for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with 2,3-oxidosqualene-lanosterol cyclase such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes.

Novel Aniline Derivatives

The present invention is concerned with novel aniline derivatives, their manufacture and their use as medicaments. In particular, the invention relates to compounds of the formula (I)



5 wherein

- U is O or a lone pair,
- Y is C or N,
- V is O, S, NR<sup>6</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH=CH-, or -C≡C-, if Y is C, or  
-CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH=CH-, or -C≡C-, if Y is N,
- 10 W is CO, COO, CONR<sup>1</sup>, CSO, CSNR<sup>1</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>1</sup>,
- L is lower-alkylene, lower-alkenylene, or a single bond,
- A<sup>1</sup> is H, lower-alkyl, or lower-alkenyl,
- A<sup>2</sup> is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl, lower-alkenyl, or lower-alkynyl, optionally substituted by R<sup>2</sup>,
- 15 A<sup>3</sup>, A<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen or lower-alkyl, or  
A<sup>1</sup> and A<sup>2</sup> or A<sup>1</sup> and A<sup>3</sup> are bonded to each other to form a ring  
and -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>- or -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>3</sup>- are lower-alkylene or lower-alkenylene, optionally  
substituted by R<sup>2</sup>, in which one -CH<sub>2</sub>- group of -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>- or -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>3</sup>- can  
optionally be replaced by NR<sup>3</sup>, S, or O,
- 20 A<sup>5</sup> is lower-alkyl,
- X is hydrogen or one or more optional halogen substituents,
- A<sup>6</sup> is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl, heterocycloalkyl-lower-alkyl,  
lower alkenyl, lower-alkadienyl, aryl, aryl-lower-alkyl, heteroaryl, or  
heteroaryl-lower-alkyl,

R<sup>2</sup> is hydroxy, hydroxy-lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy, N(R<sup>4</sup>,R<sup>5</sup>), or lower-alkoxycarbonyl,

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> independently from each other are hydrogen or lower-alkyl, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and/or pharmaceutically acceptable esters thereof.

5       The compounds of the present invention inhibit 2,3-oxidosqualene-lanosterol cyclase (EC 5.4.99.) which is required for the biosynthesis of cholesterol, ergosterol and other sterols. Causal risk factors that directly promote the development of coronary and peripheral atherosclerosis include elevated low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C), low high-density lipoprotein cholesterol (HDL-C), hypertension, cigarette smoking and  
10 diabetes mellitus. Other synergistic risk factors include elevated concentrations of triglyceride (TG)-rich lipoproteins, small, dense low-density lipoprotein particles, lipoprotein (a) (Lp(a)), and homocysteine. Predisposing risk factors modify the causal or conditional risk factors and thus affect atherogenesis indirectly. The predisposing risk factors are obesity, physical inactivity, family history of premature CVD, and male sex. The  
15 strong connection between coronary heart disease (CHD) and high LDL-C levels in plasma, and the therapeutic advantage of lowering elevated LDL-C levels are now well established (Gotto et al., *Circulation* 81, 1990, 1721-1733; Stein et al., *Nutr. Metab. Cardiovasc. Dis.* 2, 1992, 113-156; Illingworth, *Med. Clin. North. Am.* 84, 2000, 23-42). Cholesterol-rich, sometimes unstable, atherosclerotic plaques lead to the occlusion of  
20 blood vessels resulting in an ischemia or an infarct. Studies with respect to primary prophylaxis have shown that a lowering of plasma LDL-C levels in plasma reduces the frequency of non-fatal incidences of CHD, while the overall morbidity remains unchanged. The lowering of plasma LDL-C levels in patients with pre-established CHD (secondary intervention) reduces CHD mortality and morbidity; meta-analysis of different  
25 studies shows that this decrease is proportional to the reduction of the LDL-C (Ross et al., *Arch. Intern. Med.* 159, 1999, 1793-1802).

The clinical advantage of cholesterol lowering is greater for patients with pre-established CHD than for asymptomatic persons with hypercholesterolemia. According to current guidelines, cholesterol lowering treatment is recommended for patients who had  
30 survived a myocardial infarct or patients suffering from angina pectoris or another atherosclerotic disease, with a target LDL-C level of 100 mg/dl.

Preparations such as bile acid sequestrants, fibrates, nicotinic acid, probucol as well as statins, i.e. HMG-Co-A reductase inhibitors such as simvastatin and atorvastatin, are used for usual standard therapies. The best statins reduce plasma LDL-C effectively by at  
35 least 40%, and also plasma triglycerides, a synergistic risk factor, but less effectively. In contrast, fibrates reduce plasma triglycerides effectively, but not LDL-C. Combination of a

statin and a fibrate proved to be very efficacious in lowering LDL-C and triglycerides (Ellen and McPherson, *J. Cardiol.* 81, 1998, 60B-65B), but safety of such a combination remains an issue (Shepherd, *Eur. Heart J.* 16, 1995, 5-13). A single drug with a mixed profile combining effective lowering of both LDL-C and triglycerides would provide  
5 additional clinical benefit to asymptomatic and symptomatic patients.

In humans, statins are well tolerated at standard dosage, but reductions in non-sterol intermediates in the cholesterol synthesis pathway, such as isoprenoids and coenzyme Q, may be associated with adverse clinical events at high doses (Davignon et al., *Can. J. Cardiol.* 8, 1992, 843-864; Pederson and Tobert, *Drug Safety* 14, 1996, 11-24).

10 This has stimulated the search for, and development of compounds that inhibit cholesterol biosynthesis, yet act distal to the synthesis of these important, non-sterol intermediates. 2,3-oxidosqualene:lanosterol cyclase (OSC), a microsomal enzyme, represents a unique target for a cholesterol-lowering drug (Morand et al., *J. Lipid Res.*, 38, 1997, 373-390; Mark et al., *J. Lipid Res.* 37, 1996, 148-158). OSC is downstream of  
15 farnesyl-pyrophosphate, beyond the synthesis of isoprenoids and coenzyme Q. In hamsters, pharmacologically active doses of an OSC inhibitor showed no adverse side-effects, in contrast to a statin which reduced food-intake and body weight, and increased plasma bilirubin, liver weight and liver triglyceride content (Morand et al., *J. Lipid Res.*, 38, 1997, 373-390). The compounds described in European Patent Application No. 636  
20 367, which inhibit OSC and which lower the total cholesterol in plasma, belong to these substances.

OSC inhibition does not trigger the overexpression of HMGR because of an indirect, negative feed-back regulatory mechanism involving the production of 24(S),25-epoxycholesterol (Peffley et al., *Biochem. Pharmacol.* 56, 1998, 439-449; Nelson et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 256, 1981, 1067-1068; Spencer et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 260, 1985, 13391-13394; Panini et al., *J. Lipid Res.* 27, 1986, 1190-1204; Ness et al., *Arch. Biochem. Biophys.* 308, 1994, 420-425). This negative feed-back regulatory mechanism is fundamental to the concept of OSC inhibition because (i) it potentiates synergistically the primary inhibitory effect with an indirect down-regulation of HMGR, and (ii) it prevents the massive  
30 accumulation of the precursor monooxidosqualene in the liver. In addition, 24(S),25-epoxycholesterol was found to be one of the most potent agonists of the nuclear receptor LXR (Janowski et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 96, 1999, 266-271). Considering that 24(S),25-epoxycholesterol is a by-product of inhibition of OSC it is hypothesized that the OSC inhibitors of the present invention could also indirectly activate LXR-dependent  
35 pathways such as (i) cholesterol-7 $\alpha$ -hydroxylase to increase the consumption of cholesterol via the bile acid route, (ii) expression of ABC proteins with the potential to stimulate reverse cholesterol transport and increase plasma HDL-C levels (Venkateswaran

et al., J. Biol. Chem. 275, 2000, 14700-14707; Costet et al., J. Biol. Chem. June 2000, in press; Ordoas, Nutr Rev 58, 2000, 76-79, Schmitz and Kaminsky, Front Biosci 6, 2001, D505-D514), and/or inhibit intestinal cholesterol absorption (Mangelsdorf, XIIth International Symposium on Atherosclerosis, Stockholm, June 2000). In addition, possible  
5 cross talks between fatty acid and cholesterol metabolism mediated by liver LXR have been hypothesized (Tobin et al., Mol. Endocrinol. 14, 2000, 741-752).

The present compounds of formula I inhibit OSC and therefore also inhibit the biosynthesis of cholesterol, ergosterol and other sterols, and reduce the plasma cholesterol levels. They can therefore be used in the therapy and prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia,  
10 hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis and vascular diseases in general. Furthermore, they can be used in the therapy and/or prevention of mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, cholestatic liver disorders, tumors and hyperproliferative disorders, e.g. hyperproliferative skin and vascular disorders. In addition, it has unexpectedly been found that the compounds of the present invention can also be of therapeutical use to improve glucose  
15 tolerance in order to treat and/or prevent related diseases such as diabetes. The compounds of the present invention further exhibit improved pharmacological properties compared to known compounds.

Unless otherwise indicated the following definitions are set forth to illustrate and define the meaning and scope of the various terms used to describe the invention herein.

20 In this specification the term "lower" is used to mean a group consisting of one to seven, preferably of one to four carbon atom(s).

The term "lone pair" refers to an unbound electron pair, in particular to the unbound electron pair of a nitrogen atom in e.g. an amine.

25 The term "halogen" refers to fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine, with chlorine, bromine and iodine being preferred.

The term "alkyl", alone or in combination with other groups, refers to a branched or straight-chain monovalent saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon radical of one to twenty carbon atoms, preferably one to sixteen carbon atoms. Alkyl groups can be substituted e.g. with halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub> and/or aryl. Other, more preferred substituents are hydroxy,  
30 lower-alkoxy, aryl, NH<sub>2</sub>, N(lower-alkyl)<sub>2</sub> and/or lower-alkoxy-carbonyl.

The term "lower-alkyl", alone or in combination with other groups, refers to a branched or straight-chain monovalent alkyl radical of one to seven carbon atoms, preferably one to four carbon atoms. This term is further exemplified by such radicals as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, s-butyl, t-butyl and the like. A lower-alkyl

group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "alkyl".

The term "cycloalkyl" refers to a monovalent carbocyclic radical of 3 to 10 carbon atom(s), preferably 3 to 6 carbon atoms. A cycloalkyl group may also be bicyclic. A  
5 cycloalkyl group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "alkyl". Cycloalkyl in which one or more -CH<sub>2</sub>- group is replaced by O, S, NH or N(lower-alkyl) are referred to as "heterocycloalkyl".

The term "alkoxy" refers to the group R'-O-, wherein R' is an alkyl. The term "lower alkoxy" refers to the group R'-O-, wherein R' is a lower alkyl.

10 The term "alkenyl", alone or in combination with other groups, stands for a straight-chain or branched hydrocarbon residue comprising an olefinic bond and up to 20, preferably up to 16 carbon atoms. The term "lower-alkenyl" refers to a straight-chain or branched hydrocarbon residue comprising an olefinic bond and up to 7, preferably up to 4 carbon atoms, such as e.g. 2-propenyl. An alkenyl or lower-alkenyl group may have a  
15 substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "alkyl".

The term "alkadienyl", alone or in combination with other groups, stands for a straight-chain or branched hydrocarbon residue comprising 2 olefinic bonds and up to 20, preferably up to 16 carbon atoms. The term "lower-alkadienyl" refers to a straight-chain or branched hydrocarbon residue comprising 2 olefinic bonds and up to 7 carbon atoms. An  
20 alkadienyl or lower-alkadienyl group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "alkyl".

The term "alkinyl", alone or in combination with other groups, stands for a straight-chain or branched hydrocarbon residue comprising a tripple bond and up to 20, preferably up to 16 carbon atoms. The term "lower-alkinyl" refers to a straight-chain or branched  
25 hydrocarbon residue comprising a tripple bond and up to 7, preferably up to 4 carbon atoms, such as e.g. 2-propinyl. An alkinyl or lower-alkinyl group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "alkyl".

The term "alkylene" refers to a straight chain or branched divalent saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 16 carbon atoms. The term  
30 "lower-alkylene" refers to a straight chain or branched divalent saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon group of 1 to 7, preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms. An alkylene or lower-alkylene group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "alkyl".

The term "alkenylene" refers to a straight chain or branched divalent hydrocarbon

group comprising an olefinic bond and up to 20 carbon atoms, preferably up to 16 carbon atoms. The term "lower-alkenylene" refers to a straight chain or branched divalent hydrocarbon group comprising an olefinic bond and up to 7, preferably up to 4 C-atoms. An alkenylene or lower-alkenylene group may have a substitution pattern as described  
5 earlier in connection with the term "alkyl".

The term "aryl" relates to the phenyl or naphthyl group which can optionally be mono- or multiply-substituted by lower-alkyl, lower-alkyl-di-oxo, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, N(lower-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>, aminocarbonyl, carboxy, nitro, lower-alkoxy, lower-alkylcarbonyl, lower-alkylcarbonyloxy, aryl, or aryloxy. Preferred substituents are lower-alkyl, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, lower-alkoxy, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, and/or N(lower-alkyl)<sub>2</sub>. More preferred substituents are chlorine and CF<sub>3</sub>.  
10

The term "heteroaryl" refers to an aromatic 5- or 6-membered ring which can comprise 1, 2 or 3 atoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen and/or sulphur such as furyl, pyridyl, 1,2-, 1,3- and 1,4-diazinyl, thienyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrrolyl, with  
15 furyl, thienyl and pyridyl being preferred. The term "heteroaryl" further refers to bicyclic aromatic groups comprising two 5- or 6-membered rings, in which one or both rings can contain 1, 2 or 3 atoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulphur such as e.g. indol or chinolin. A heteroaryl group may have a substitution pattern as described earlier in connection with the term "aryl".

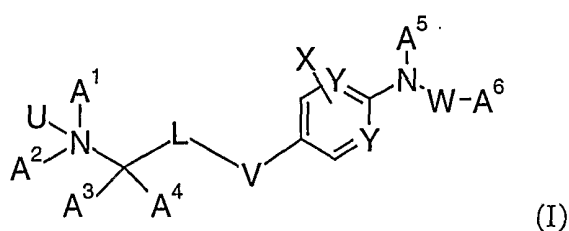
The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" embraces salts of the compounds of formula (I) with inorganic or organic acids such as hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, nitric acid, sulphuric acid, phosphoric acid, citric acid, formic acid, maleic acid, acetic acid, fumaric acid, succinic acid, tartaric acid, methanesulphonic acid, p-toluenesulphonic acid and the like, which are non toxic to living organisms.  
20

The term "pharmaceutically acceptable esters" embraces esters of the compounds of formula (I), in which hydroxy groups have been converted to the corresponding esters with inorganic or organic acids such as nitric acid, sulphuric acid, phosphoric acid, citric acid, formic acid, maleic acid, acetic acid, succinic acid, tartaric acid, methanesulphonic acid, p-toluenesulphonic acid and the like, which are non toxic to living organisms.  
25

The term "protecting group" refers to groups such as acyl, azoyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, or silyl. Examples are e.g. t-butyloxycarbonyl or benzyloxycarbonyl which can be used for the protection of amino groups or trimethylsilyl or dimethyl-tert.-butyl-silyl, which can be used for the protection of hydroxy groups.  
30

In detail, the present invention relates to compounds of formula (I)

- 7 -



wherein

- U is O or a lone pair,
- Y is C or N,
- 5 V is O, S, NR<sup>6</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH=CH-, or -C≡C-, if Y is C, or  
-CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH=CH-, or -C≡C-, if Y is N,
- W is CO, COO, CONR<sup>1</sup>, CSO, CSNR<sup>1</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>1</sup>,
- L is lower-alkylene, lower-alkenylene, or a single bond,
- A<sup>1</sup> is H, lower-alkyl, or lower-alkenyl,
- 10 A<sup>2</sup> is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl, lower-alkenyl, or lower-  
alkinyl, optionally substituted by R<sup>2</sup>,
- A<sup>3</sup>, A<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen or lower-alkyl, or
- A<sup>1</sup> and A<sup>2</sup> or A<sup>1</sup> and A<sup>3</sup> are bonded to each other to form a ring  
and -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>- or -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>3</sup>- are lower-alkylene or lower-alkenylene, optionally  
15 substituted by R<sup>2</sup>, in which one -CH<sub>2</sub>- group of -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>- or -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>3</sup>- can  
optionally be replaced by NR<sup>3</sup>, S, or O,
- A<sup>5</sup> is lower-alkyl,
- X is hydrogen or one or more optional halogen substituents,
- A<sup>6</sup> is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl, heterocycloalkyl-lower-alkyl,  
20 lower alkenyl, lower-alkadienyl, aryl, aryl-lower-alkyl, heteroaryl, or  
heteroaryl-lower-alkyl,
- R<sup>2</sup> is hydroxy, hydroxy-lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy, N(R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>), or lower-  
alkoxycarbonyl,
- R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> independently from each other are hydrogen or lower-alkyl,  
25 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and/or pharmaceutically acceptable esters thereof.

Preferred are compounds of formula (I) and/or pharmaceutically acceptable salts

thereof. Another preferred embodiment relates to compounds of formula (I) wherein U is a lone pair. Other preferred compounds of formula (I) are those wherein U is O. Further, compounds of formula (I) in which Y represents C are preferred.

Compounds of formula (I) in which V is O,  $-C\equiv C-$ , or  $-CH_2-$  relate to another preferred embodiment of the present invention. Compounds of formula (I) in which V represents O are particularly preferred.

Of the compounds of the present invention, those in which W represents  $COO$ ,  $SO_2$ , or  $CSNR^1$  and  $R^1$  is hydrogen are preferred, as are those in which L is lower-alkylene or a single bond, or more preferably L is  $-(CH_2)_{2-4}-$ .

Other preferred compounds of formula (I) are those in which  $A^1$  represents methyl, ethyl or 2-propenyl. Another group of preferred compounds of formula (I) are those in which  $A^2$  represents lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, lower-alkenyl, or lower-alkinyl, optionally substituted with  $R^2$ , wherein  $R^2$  is hydroxy, methoxy, or ethoxycarbonyl, with those compounds wherein  $A^2$  represents methyl, ethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, or 2-propenyl being especially preferred.

Compounds of formula (I), wherein  $A^1$  and  $A^2$  are bonded to each other to form a ring and  $-A^1-A^2-$  is lower-alkylene, or lower-alkenylene, optionally substituted by  $R^2$ , in which one  $-CH_2-$  group of  $-A^1-A^2-$  can optionally be replaced by  $NR^3$ , S, or O, wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are as defined above are also preferred, with compounds wherein  $R^2$  is methyl, hydroxy, 2-hydroxyethyl, or  $N(CH_3)_2$  and/or  $R^3$  is methyl being particularly preferred. In compounds wherein  $A^1$  and  $A^2$  are bonded to each other to form a ring, said ring is preferably a 5-, 6- or 7-membered ring such as e.g. piperidinyl or pyrrolidinyl.

Further individually preferred embodiments of the present invention relate to compounds of formula (I) wherein  $A^3$  represents hydrogen and to compounds of formula (I) wherein  $A^4$  represents hydrogen. Compounds of formula (I) in which  $A^5$  is methyl or ethyl are also preferred, as are compounds of formula (I) in which X is hydrogen.

Compounds of formula (I), wherein  $A^6$  represents lower-alkyl, lower-alkenyl, phenyl or phenyl-lower-alkyl, wherein the phenyl group can optionally be substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, CN,  $CF_3$ ,  $NO_2$ , or  $N(R^6, R^7)$ , wherein  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  independently from each other are hydrogen or lower-alkyl, are another preferred embodiment of the present invention, with those compounds wherein  $A^6$  is 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl or 4-chloro-phenyl being particularly preferred.

Preferred compounds of general formula (I) are those selected from the group

- consisting of
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-fluoro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 5 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-p-tolyl-urea,
- 10 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxy-phenyl)-urea,
- 15 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 3-(4-Acetyl-phenyl)-1-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-butyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-methylsulfanyl-phenyl)-urea,
- 20 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-isopropyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-naphthalen-2-yl-urea,
- 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-naphthalen-1-yl-urea,
- 25 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-phenethyl-urea,
- {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid ethyl ester,
- {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl ester,
- {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-1,1-
- 30 dimethyl-ethyl ester,
- {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-nitro-phenyl ester"
- {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester,
- {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid vinyl ester,
- {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester,
- 35 {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid allyl ester,
- {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid phenyl ester,
- {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid butyl ester,
- 4-({4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamoyloxy)-benzoic acid methyl ester,

- {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid p-tolyl ester,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl  
ester,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-fluoro-phenyl  
5 ester,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl  
ester,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid hexyl ester,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-methoxy-phenyl  
10 ester,  
5-Chloro-thiophene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
methyl-amide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4,N-dimethyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
Naphthalene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-  
15 amide,  
Quinoline-8-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-C-phenyl-  
methanesulfonamide,  
3,5-Dimethyl-isoxazole-4-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
20 methyl-amide,  
Naphthalene-1-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-  
amide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-methoxy-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
25 N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
Thiophene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-2-fluoro-N-methyl-  
30 benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-tert-butyl-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-butoxy-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
35 N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-bromo-N-methyl-

- benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-nicotinamide,  
1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-  
amide,  
5 N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-  
10 benzamide,  
Thiophene-3-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-  
amide,  
5-Bromo-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
methyl-amide,  
15 N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-2-thiophen-3-yl-acetamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-2-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-N-methyl-  
acetamide,  
5-Fluoro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
methyl-amide,  
20 N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-2-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-N-methyl-  
acetamide,  
1H-Indole-5-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amid,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-chloro-N-methyl-benzamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-3,N-dimethyl-benzamide,  
25 N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4,N-dimethyl-benzamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-cyano-N-methyl-benzamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3,N-dimethyl-benzamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3,4-dimethoxy-N-methyl-benzamide,  
30 N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-methoxy-N-methyl-benzamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-3-nitro-benzamide,  
4-Acetyl-N-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzamide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-acetylamino-  
phenyl ester,  
35 {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-  
phenyl ester,  
Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide,  
N-[4-(6-Azepan-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-

- benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(ethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(2-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
5 benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
[(6-{4-[(4-Bromo-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-phenoxy}-hexyl)-methyl-amino]-  
acetic acid ethyl ester,  
10 4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-diallylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-prop-2-ynyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
15 benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(ethyl-isopropyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,  
20 4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(3,6-dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-  
25 benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(2,5-dihydro-pyrrol-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
30 benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-diethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-thiomorpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(butyl-ethyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
35 4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(3-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-

- benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(3-dimethylamino-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
5 benzenesulfonamide,  
N-[4-(6-Azepan-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Ethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-  
10 benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(2-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-(4-{6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
15 [(6-{4-[(4-Fluoro-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-phenoxy}-hexyl)-methyl-amino]-  
acetic acid ethyl ester,  
N-{4-[6-(Butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
N-[4-(6-Diallylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
20 4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-prop-2-ynyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[6-(Ethyl-isopropyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-  
25 benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-{4-[6-(isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[6-(3,6-Dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-  
30 benzenesulfonamide,  
N-(4-{6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-4-fluoro-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
N-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-  
35 benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[6-(2,5-Dihydro-pyrrol-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
N-[4-(6-Diethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-thiomorpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,

- N-[4-[6-(Butyl-ethyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-[4-[6-(4-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-[4-[6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-  
5 benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-[4-[6-(3-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Fluoro-N-[4-[6-(4-hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
10 N-[4-(6-Azepan-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-[4-[6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-[4-[6-(ethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
15 4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-[6-(2-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-[4-[6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
[(6-[4-[(4-Chloro-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-phenoxy]-hexyl)-methyl-amino]-  
20 acetic acid ethyl ester,  
N-[4-[6-(Butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-4-chloro-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-[4-(6-diallylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,  
25 4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-[6-(methyl-prop-2-ynyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-[4-[6-(ethyl-isopropyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
30 4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-[4-[6-(isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-[4-[6-(3,6-dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
35 4-Chloro-N-[4-[6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-[4-(6-dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-  
benzenesulfonamide,

- 4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(2,5-dihydro-pyrrol-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 4-Chloro-N-[4-(6-diethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-thiomorpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide,
- 5 N-{4-[6-(Butyl-ethyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide,
- 10 4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(3-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(3-dimethylamino-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-
- 15 benzenesulfonamide,
- N-[4-(6-Azepan-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 20 N-{4-[6-(Ethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-Methyl-N-{4-[6-(2-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-(4-{6-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-
- 25 trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- [Methyl-(6-{4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-phenoxy}-hexyl)-amino]-acetic acid ethyl ester,
- N-{4-[6-(Butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 30 N-[4-(6-Diallylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-Methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-prop-2-ynyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-
- 35 benzenesulfonamide,
- N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-{4-[6-(Ethyl-isopropyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

- N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-{4-[6-(Isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 5 N-{4-[6-(3,6-Dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-(4-{6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
- 10 benzenesulfonamide,
- N-Methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-{4-[6-(2,5-Dihydro-pyrrol-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 15 N-[4-(6-Diethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-thiomorpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-{4-[6-(Butyl-ethyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-
- 20 benzenesulfonamide,
- N-{4-[6-(4-Hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-Methyl-N-{4-[6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 25 N-{4-[6-(3-Hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-{4-[6-(3-Dimethylamino-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-{4-[6-(4-Hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-
- 30 trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-isopropyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- 35 N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,
- N-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyl)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-

- benzenesulfonamide,  
N-[5-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-pyrimidin-2-yl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,  
5 N-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
N-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,  
10 [4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,  
N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-  
benzenesulfonamide,  
[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,  
(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-  
15 phenyl ester,  
{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl  
ester,  
{4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl  
ester,  
20 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2-bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-  
methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-bromo-2-methyl-phenyl)-1-  
methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-  
25 thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-  
thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,  
30 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(3-methyl-butyl)-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-sec-butyl-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-cyclopropyl-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2,4-dichloro-benzyl)-1-methyl-  
thiourea,  
35 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(5-chloro-2-methoxy-phenyl)-1-  
methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(2-methyl-5-nitro-phenyl)-  
thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2,3-dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxin-6-yl)-

- 1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2-isopropyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(3-phenyl-propyl)-thiourea,  
5 3-(4-Acetyl-phenyl)-1-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-cyclohexylmethyl-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethyl)-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-furan-2-ylmethyl-1-methyl-thiourea,  
10 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-cyclopentyl-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-phenyl)-thiourea,  
15 1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-[1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-tert-butyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(2,3,4-trimethoxy-benzyl)-  
20 thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(3-chloro-4-methyl-benzyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-pyridin-3-yl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl-1-  
25 methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-methylsulfanyl-phenyl)-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-cycloheptyl-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-  
30 1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-naphthalen-1-yl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2-cyclohex-1-enyl-ethyl)-1-methyl-thiourea,  
(3-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-methyl-thioureido-acetic acid methyl  
35 ester,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-ethyl-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-hexyl-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-butyl-1-methyl-thiourea,  
1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(2-methyl-butyl)-thiourea,

- 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-3-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-1-methyl-thiourea}$ ,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-1-methyl-3-(3-methyl-butyl)-thiourea}$ ,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-1-methyl-3-phenyl-thiourea}$ ,  
 4- $\{3-[4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-3-methyl-thioureido-benzoic acid}$   
 5 methyl ester,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-3-(4-butyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea}$ ,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-3-benzyl-1-methyl-thiourea}$ ,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-1-methyl-3-(4-methyl-benzyl)-thiourea}$ ,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-3-(4-methoxy-benzyl)-1-methyl-}$   
 10 thiourea,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-3-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-1-methyl-thiourea}$ ,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-3-(4-chloro-benzyl)-1-methyl-thiourea}$ ,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-1-methyl-3-(1-phenyl-ethyl)-thiourea}$ ,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-3-[2-(4-chloro-phenyl)-ethyl]-1-}$   
 15 methyl-thiourea,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-1-methyl-3-phenethyl-thiourea}$ ,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-1-methyl-3-(2-p-tolyl-ethyl)-thiourea}$ ,  
 1- $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-3-cyclohexyl-1-methyl-thiourea}$ ,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-thiocarbamic acid O-(4-chloro-}$   
 20 phenyl) ester,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-thiocarbamic acid O-}$   
 pentafluorophenyl ester,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-thiocarbamic acid O-(2,4,6-}$   
 trichloro-phenyl) ester,  
 25  $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-thiocarbamic acid O-(4-fluoro-}$   
 phenyl) ester,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-sulfamic acid benzyl amide}$ ,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-sulfamic acid phenyl amide}$ ,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-sulfamic acid furan-2-ylmethyl}$   
 30 amide,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-sulfonylamino}\text{-acetic acid ethyl}$   
 ester,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl}$   
 amide,  
 35  $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-sulfamic acid benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-}$   
 ylmethyl amide,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-sulfamic acid phenethyl amide}$ ,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-sulfamic acid cyclopropyl amide}$ ,  
 $\{4-[6-(\text{Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy})\text{-phenyl}]\text{-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl}$

- amide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl  
amide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl  
5 amide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid p-tolyl amide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-  
phenyl amide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-cyano-phenyl  
10 amide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-methoxy-phenyl  
amide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-fluoro-phenyl  
amide,  
15 {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3,4-difluoro-phenyl  
amide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3-fluoro-phenyl  
amide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,4-difluoro-phenyl  
20 amide,  
{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,5-difluoro-phenyl  
amide,  
{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-chloro-phenyl)-  
amide,  
25 {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-chloro-phenyl)-  
amide,  
{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-fluoro-phenyl)-  
amide,  
{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-fluoro-phenyl)-  
30 amide,  
{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-bromo-phenyl)-  
amide,  
{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-bromo-phenyl)-  
amide,  
35 {4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid p-tolyl-amide,  
{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (p-tolyl)-amide,  
{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (3,4-difluoro-  
phenyl)-amide,  
{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (3,4-difluoro-phenyl)-

- amide,  
 {4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide,  
 {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide,  
 5 {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (3-fluoro-phenyl)-amide,  
 {4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-cyano-phenyl)-amide,  
 10 {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-cyano-phenyl)-amide,  
 {4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-amide,  
 {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-amide,  
 15 {4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-methoxy-phenyl)-amide,  
 {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-methoxy-phenyl)-amide,  
 20 {4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (2,5-difluoro-phenyl)-amide,  
 {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (2,5-difluoro-phenyl)-amide,  
 {4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (phenyl)-amide,  
 25 and {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (phenyl)-amide,  
 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Particularly preferred compounds of general formula (I) are those selected from the group consisting of

- {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,  
 30 N-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
 N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
 N-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-  
 35 benzenesulfonamide,  
 [4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,  
 [4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,  
 (4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-

phenyl ester,

[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

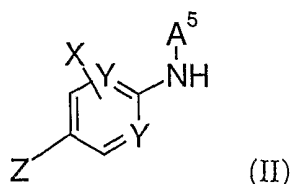
- 5 N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, and

1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- 10 Compounds of formula (I) can have one or more asymmetric carbon atoms and can exist in the form of optically pure enantiomers or as racemats. The invention embraces all of these forms.

It will be appreciated, that the compounds of general formula (I) in this invention may be derivatised at functional groups to provide derivatives which are capable of conversion back to the parent compound in vivo.

- 15 The present invention also relates to a process for the manufacture of compounds as described above, which process comprises reacting a compound of formula (II)



wherein

X, Y, A<sup>5</sup> have the significances given above,

- 20 Z is a group (A<sup>1</sup>,A<sup>2</sup>,)N-C(A<sup>3</sup>,A<sup>4</sup>)-L-V-, halogen-CH<sub>2</sub>-L-V-, or halogen, wherein A<sup>1</sup>, A<sup>2</sup>, A<sup>3</sup>,A<sup>4</sup>, L and V have the significances given above, or Z is P-V- wherein V is O, S, or NR<sup>6</sup>, P is a protecting group and R<sup>6</sup> is as defined above,

with ClSO<sub>2</sub>-A<sup>6</sup>, ClCOO-A<sup>6</sup>, ClCSO-A<sup>6</sup>, OCN-A<sup>6</sup>, SCN-A<sup>6</sup>, HOOC-A<sup>6</sup>, or ClSO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>6</sup>,

- 25 wherein A<sup>6</sup> is as defined above.

In processes as described above wherein Z is halogen-CH<sub>2</sub>-L-V-, the term "halogen" preferably refers to bromine. In processes as described above wherein Z is halogen, the term "halogen" preferably refers to bromine or iodine.

The invention further relates to compounds of formula (I) as defined above, when manufactured according to a process as defined above.

As described above, the compounds of formula (I) of the present invention can be used for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections and gallstones, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance, diabetes, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, preferably for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia and/or hyperlipemia. Hyperproliferative skin and vascular disorders particularly come into consideration as hyperproliferative disorders.

The invention therefore also relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound as defined above and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and/or adjuvant.

Further, the invention relates to compounds as defined above for use as therapeutic active substances, particularly as therapeutic active substances for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes, preferably for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia and/or hyperlipemia.

In another embodiment, the invention relates to a method for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes, preferably for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia and/or hyperlipemia, which method comprises administering a compound as defined above to a human being or animal.

The invention further relates to the use of compounds as defined above for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes, preferably for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia and/or hyperlipemia.

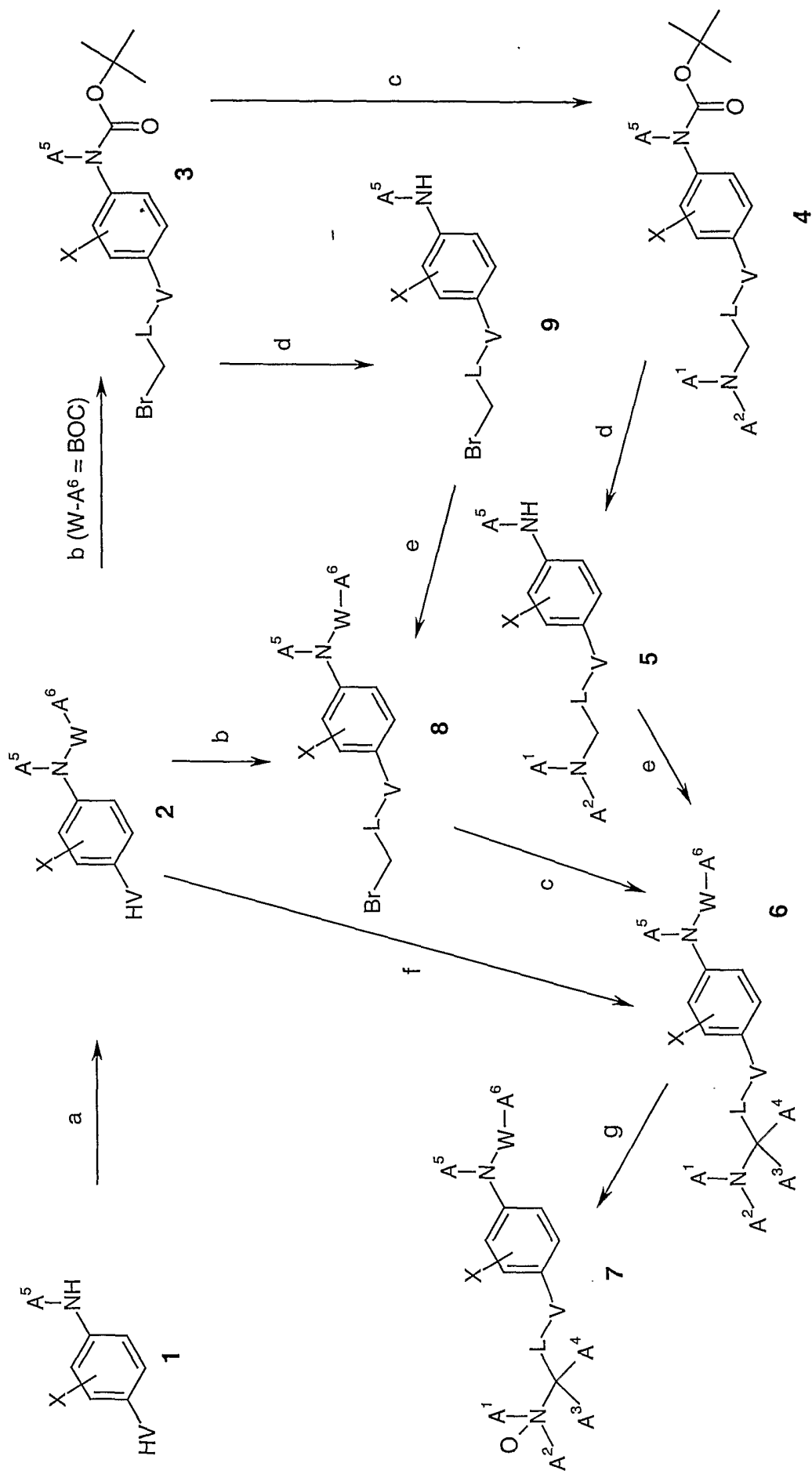
In addition, the invention relates to the use of compounds as defined above for the preparation of medicaments for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular

diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes, preferably for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of hypercholesterolemia and/or hyperlipemia. Such medicaments comprise a compound as defined above.

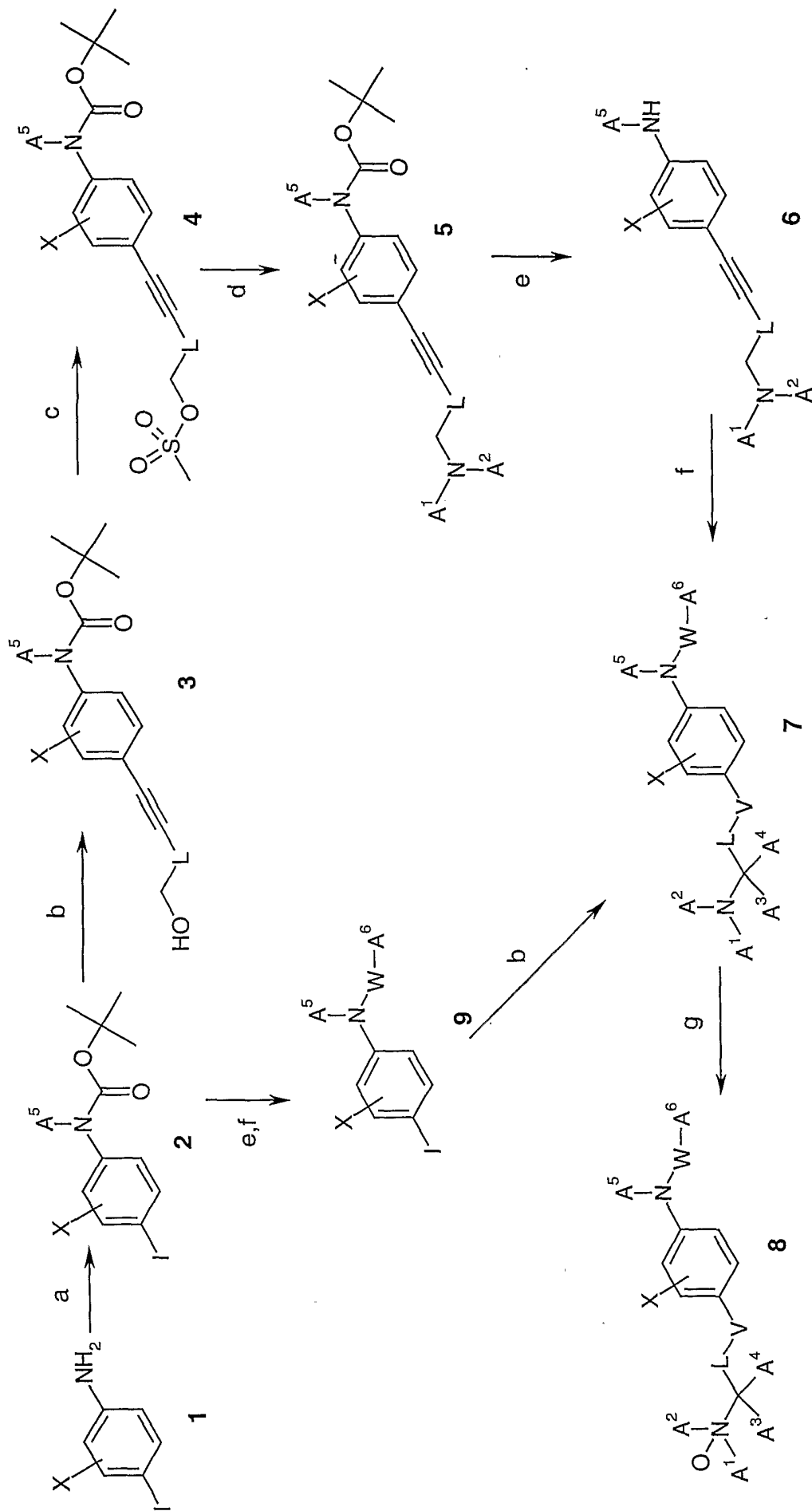
5           The compounds of formula (I) can be manufactured by the methods given below, by the methods given in the examples or by analogous methods. Appropriate reaction conditions for the individual reaction steps are known to the person skilled in the art. Starting materials are either commercially available or can be prepared by methods analogous to the methods given in the examples or by methods known in the art.

10           Compounds of formula (I), in which V represents O, N or S and Y represents C can generally be prepared by the method outlined in scheme 1. In scheme 2, the preparation of compounds of formula (I), in which V represents  $-\text{CH}_2-$ ,  $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$  or  $-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-$  and Y is C is outlined. Scheme 3 shows an overview of the preparation of compounds of formula (I) in which V represents  $-\text{CH}_2-$ ,  $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$  or  $-\text{C}\equiv\text{C}-$  and Y is N.

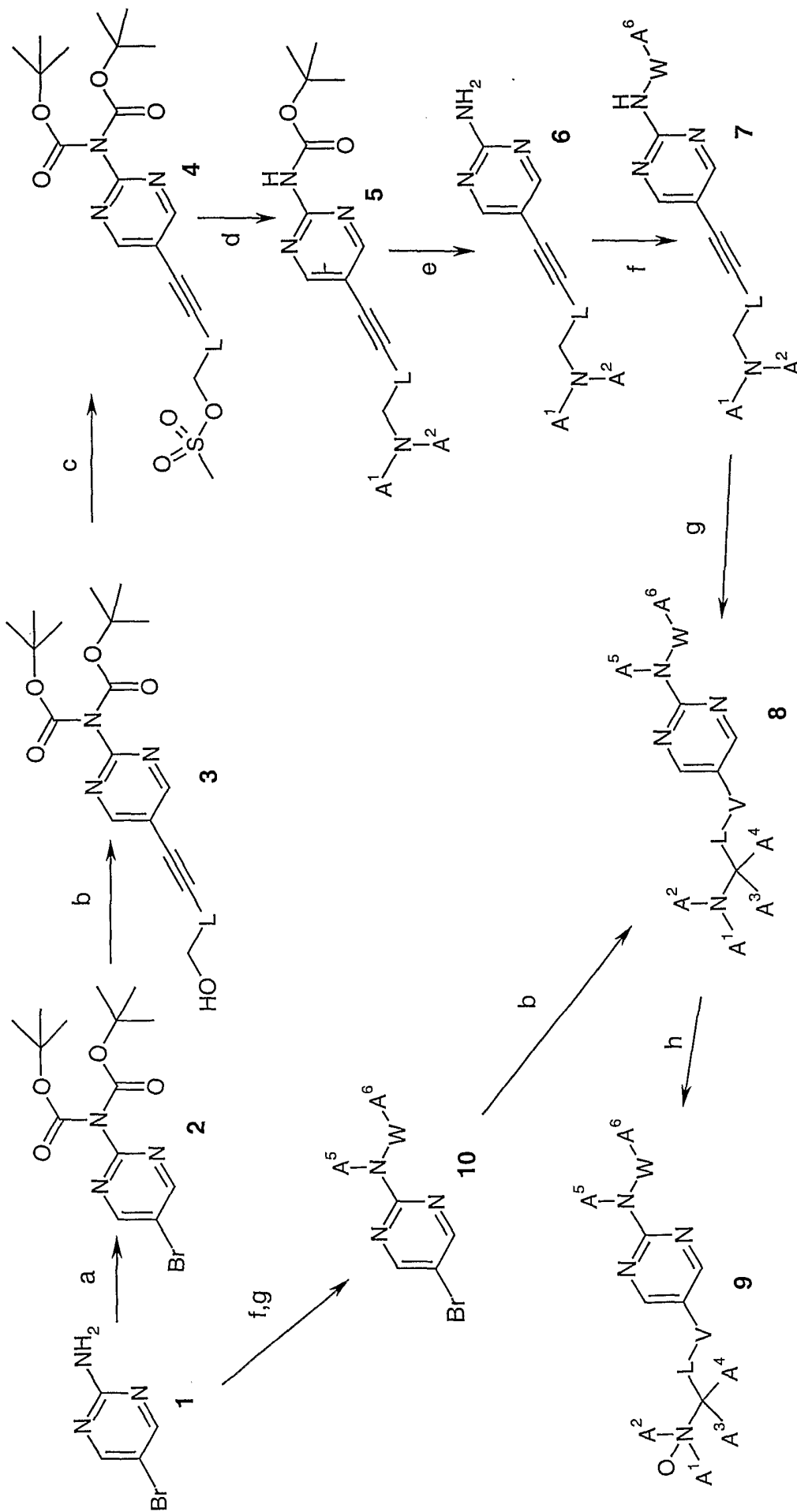
Scheme 1



Scheme 2



Scheme 3



In scheme 1, the synthesis is described for an 4-alkylaminobenzene-VH and 4-aminobenzene-VH, such as 4-alkylaminophenol, 4-aminophenol, 4-alkylaminobenzenethiol, 4-amino-benzenethiol or monoprotected 1,4-benzene-diamine, all possibly substituted by a group X. The 4-aminobenzene-VH are commercial available, the 4-alkylaminobenzene-VH are also commercially available or are synthesized by known procedures. 4-Alkyl-sidechain can alternatively be introduced in a later stage of the synthesis.

N-alkyl-p-anisidine is deprotected for example with 62% aqueous HBr in acetic acid at 110 °C. The resulting 4-alkylamino-phenol 1 as an example is then N-BOC-protected (reaction step a) in THF/acetonitril with pyridine (if the aminophenol is a salt) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate at 70 °C. Alkylation of the (4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-alkyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in acetone with  $K_2CO_3$  and a suitable dihaloalkane, dihaloalkene, or a N-protected dihaloalkylaminoalkane (halogene is here represented by bromine, but can be also Cl or I. It is also possible to use mesylates or tosylates instead of halogenides) at reflux yields halogenide 3 (reaction step b). This compound is then converted (reaction step c) to the amine 4 in DMA at RT with an excess of the corresponding amine. Boc deprotection (reaction step d) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  at -20 °C with TFA, following by warming up to room temperature yields the alkyl-aniline 5. This intermediate compound is then converted to the compounds of the present invention 6 by one of the following reactions (step e):

- a) Sulfonylation of compounds 5 is done in dioxane with Hünigbase and a sulfonyl chloride over night at RT to give the sulfonamide 6. N-alkylation (in case  $A^5=H$ ) under Mitsunobu-conditions in THF with DEAD and the corresponding alcohol results in the final product 6 as a free amine.
- b) Compounds 5 may be reacted with  $A^6OCOC(=O)Cl$ /Huenigsbase in dioxane or  $A^6OH/Cl_3COCl$ /quinoline (formation of the chloroformate) may be reacted with compound 5 and Huenigsbase.
- c) Compounds 5 may be reacted with  $A^6OC(=O)Cl$  in dioxane.
- d) Compounds 5 may be reacted with isocyanate in dioxane at room temperature.
- e) Compounds 5 may be reacted with isothiocyanate in dioxane at room temperature.
- f) Compounds 5 may be reacted with  $A^6COOH$ /EDCI/DMAP (with anhydride formation, and subsequent addition of the starting amine at -10 °C to room temperature) or as alternative with  $A^6COOH$ /EDCI/DMAP or  $A^6COOH$ /Huenigsbase/EDCI/HOBT in DMF, dioxane or  $CH_2Cl_2$  at room temperature.

g) Compounds 5 may be reacted with sulfamoyl chlorides in dioxane in the presence of an excess of triethylamine to give sulfamide 6. The sulfamoyl chlorides are synthesized from  $A^6NH_2$  and chlorosulfonic acid in  $CH_2Cl_2$  at 0 °C to room temperature followed by reaction with  $PCl_5$  in toluene at 75 °C. Alternatively, the sulfamoyl chlorides can be synthesized in acetonitrile with  $A^6NH_2$  and sulfuryl chloride at 0 °C to 65 °C.

Alternatively, the group  $A^1A^2NC(A^3A^4)L-OH$  or the mesylate/halogenide of them can be synthesized by known methods and attached to compound 2 (Mitsunobu or alkylating conditions), to give directly amine 6 (reaction step f).

The amines 6 can optionally be converted to a salt or to the N-oxide 7 (reaction of compounds 6 with a mixture of hydrogen peroxid urea adduct and phthalic anhydride in  $CH_2Cl_2$  at RT, reaction step g).

Another strategy outlined in scheme 1 is the introduction of the desired group  $-W-A^6$  in compound 1. The 4-alkylaminophenol salt (e.g. hemisulfate) or another suitable compound as described above is persilylated (reflux in hexamethyldisilazane and evaporated) and reacted with a suitable sulfonyl chloride or chloroformate or is transformed in analogy to reaction step e as described above. Aqueous work-up (deprotection of the V-Silylprotection) yields compound 2. Alkylation of 2 with for example dihaloalkane in DMF with NaH as base yields halogenide 8 (reaction step b). Amination of the halogenide 8 as described above yields the final compound 6, which can optionally be transformed to salts or to the N-oxide 7.

A third possibility which is described in Scheme 1 is the deprotection of Boc-protected compound 3 (in  $CH_2Cl_2$  at 0 °C to RT with TFA during 20 min) which yields compound 9. With this compound, introduction of the  $W-A^6$  group (which yields compound 8 in analogy to reaction step e as described above) followed by amination to the final compound 6 (reaction step c) as described above is also possible.

In scheme 2, the preparation of compounds of formula (I), in which V represents  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-CH=CH-$  or  $-C\equiv C-$  and Y is C is outlined starting from 4-Iodoaniline 1 as an example, which is BOC-protected with di-tert-butyl dicarbonate in THF for 30 h at 80°C and N-alkylated with  $A^5$ -halogenide in THF at -18°C to RT with 55 % NaH as base to yield compound 2 (reaction step a). Sonogashira-coupling (reaction step b) of the iodo-aniline derivative 2 and a suitable alkinol in piperidine with  $Pd(PPh_3)_4/CuI$  at 45 °C to 80 °C in analogy to a literature procedure [Stara, Irena G.; Stary, Ivo; Kollarovic, Adrian; Teply, Filip; Saman, David; Fiedler, Pavel. Coupling reactions of halobenzenes with alkynes. The synthesis of phenylacetylenes and symmetrical or unsymmetrical 1,2-diphenylacetylenes. Collect. Czech. Chem. Commun. (1999), 64(4), 649-672.] yields alcohol 3. Mesylation with

methanesulfonylchloride/ pyridine/DMAP (reaction step c) and subsequent amination (reaction step d) of the resulting mesylate 4 with a suitable amine in DMA at RT yields the amine 5. Boc-deprotection of 5 (reaction step e) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at a temperature between 0 °C and RT with TFA during 20 min yields the aniline derivative 6. This intermediate  
5 compound is then converted to the compounds of the present invention 7 by introduction of the desired W-A<sup>6</sup> group (reaction step f) in analogy to the methods described above in context with scheme 1.

Optionally the alkyne side chain can be hydrogenated in MeOH/dioxane/AcOH with Pd/C 10% and hydrogen at 1 atm (reaction step g) to yield the corresponding saturated  
10 compound 7 in which V is -CH<sub>2</sub>-.

Alternatively compound 2 can be BOC-deprotected and the desired W-A<sup>6</sup> group can be introduced as described above (reaction steps e, f) to yield compound 9. The group A<sup>1</sup>A<sup>2</sup>NC(A<sup>3</sup>A<sup>4</sup>)L-acetylene can then be synthesized by known methods (see for example Imada, Yasushi; Yuasa, Mari; Nakamura, Ishin; Murahashi, Shun-Ichi. Copper(I)-  
15 Catalyzed Amination of Propargyl Esters. Selective Synthesis of Propargylamines, 1-Alken-3-ylamines, and (Z)-Allylamines. J. Org. Chem. (1994), 59(9), 2282-4) and attached to compound 9 (Sonogashira-coupling), to yield the compounds of the present invention 7 (reaction step b).

The compounds 7 can optionally be converted to a salt or to the N-oxide 8 (reaction  
20 of compounds 7 with a mixture of hydrogen peroxide adduct and phthalic anhydride in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at RT, reaction step g).

Scheme 3 shows an overview of the preparation of compounds of formula (I) in which V represents -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH=CH- or -C≡C- and Y is N. As an example, BOC-protection of 2-amino-5-bromopyrimidine 1 with di-tert-butyl dicarbonate in  
25 THF/CH<sub>3</sub>CN with pyridine/DMAP at a temperature between RT and 80°C yields the di-BOC-pyrimidine 2 (reaction step a). Sonogashira-coupling of compound 2 with a suitable alkyne in DMF with Et<sub>3</sub>N, CuI PdCl<sub>2</sub>(dppf).CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 80 °C in analogy to a literature procedure [The synthesis followed a procedure of Arco Y. Jeng ; Design and Synthesis of Potent, Selective Inhibitors of Endothelin-Converting Enzyme, Journal of Medicinal  
30 Chemistry; 1998; 41(9); 1513-1523.] yields alcohol 3 (reaction step b). Mesylation with methanesulfonylchloride/pyridine/DMAP (reaction step c) and subsequent amination (reaction step d) of the resulting mesylate 4 with a suitable amine in DMA at RT yields the amine 5. Compound 6 is obtained after Boc-deprotection in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 0 °C to RT with TFA during 20 min (reaction step e). Sulfonylation of compound 6 with a suitable sulfonyl  
35 chloride in pyridine at 70 °C overnight (reaction step f) yields compound 7 which is N-

alkylated under Mitsunobu-conditions with triphenylphosphine/DEAD/alkanol in THF at 0°C to RT (reaction step g) to yield the compounds of the present invention 8.

Alternatively compounds 10 with suitable W-A<sup>6</sup> and A<sup>5</sup> groups can be synthesized in analogy to the methods as described above (reaction steps f,g). Other residues

5 A<sup>1</sup>A<sup>2</sup>NC(A<sup>3</sup>A<sup>4</sup>)L-acetylene can be synthesized by known methods (see for example Imada, Yasushi; Yuasa, Mari; Nakamura, Ishin; Murahashi, Shun-Ichi. Copper(I)-Catalyzed Amination of Propargyl Esters. Selective Synthesis of Propargylamines, 1-Alken-3-ylamines, and (Z)-Allylamines. J. Org. Chem. (1994), 59(9), 2282-4) and attached to

10 compounds 10 (Sonogashira-coupling), to yield the compounds 8 (reaction step b) in analogy to the methods described above.

The compounds 8 can optionally be converted to a salt or to the N-oxide 9 (reaction step h) by the methods described above.

The following tests were carried out in order to determine the activity of the compounds of formula I and their salts.

Inhibition of human liver microsomal 2,3-oxidosqualene-lanosterol cyclase (OSC)

Liver microsomes from a healthy volunteer were prepared in sodium phosphate  
5 buffer (pH 7.4). The OSC activity was measured in the same buffer, which also contained  
1mM EDTA and 1mM dithiothreitol. The microsomes were diluted to 0.8mg/ml protein  
in cold phosphate buffer. Dry [<sup>14</sup>C]R,S-monooxidosqualene (MOS, 12.8 mCi/mmol) was  
diluted to 20 nCi/ $\mu$ l with ethanol and mixed with phosphate buffer-1% BSA (bovine  
serum albumin). A stock solution of 1 mM test substance in DMSO was diluted to the  
10 desired concentration with phosphate buffer-1% BSA. 40  $\mu$ l of microsomes were mixed  
with 20  $\mu$ l of the solution of the test substance and the reaction was subsequently started  
with 20  $\mu$ l of the [<sup>14</sup>C]R,S-MOS solution. The final conditions were: 0.4mg/ml of  
microsomal proteins and 30  $\mu$ l of [<sup>14</sup>C]R,S-MOS in phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, containing  
0.5% albumin, DMSO <0.1% and ethanol <2%, in a total volume of 80  $\mu$ l.

15 After 1 hour at 37°C the reaction was stopped by the addition of 0.6 ml of 10%  
KOH-methanol, 0.7ml of water and 0.1ml of hexane:ether (1:1, v/v) which contained 25  $\mu$ g  
of non-radioactive MOS and 25  $\mu$ g of lanosterol as carriers. After shaking, 1 ml of  
hexane:ether (1:1, v/v) was added to each test tube, these were again shaken and then  
centrifuged. The upper phase was transferred into a glass test tube, the lower phase was  
20 again extracted with hexane:ether and combined with the first extract. The entire extract  
was evaporated to dryness with nitrogen, the residue was suspended in 50  $\mu$ l of  
hexane:ether and applied to a silica gel plate. Chromatographic separation was effected in  
hexane:ether (1:1, v/v) as the eluent. The R<sub>f</sub> values for the MOS substrate and the  
lanosterol product were 0.91 and, respectively, 0.54. After drying, radioactive MOS and  
25 lanosterol were observed on the silica gel plate. The ratio of MOS to lanosterol was  
determined from the radioactive bands in order to determine the yield of the reaction and  
OSC inhibition.

The test was carried out on the one hand with a constant test substance  
concentration of 100nM and the percentage OSC inhibition against controls was  
30 calculated. The more preferred compounds of the present invention exhibit inhibitions  
larger than 50%. In addition, the test was carried out with different test substance  
concentrations and subsequently the IC<sub>50</sub> value was calculated, i.e. the concentration  
required to reduce the conversion of MOS into lanosterol to 50% of the control value. The  
preferred compounds of the present invention exhibit IC<sub>50</sub> values of 1 nM to 10  $\mu$ M,  
35 preferably of 1 - 100 nM.

The compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts can be used as medicaments, e.g. in the form of pharmaceutical preparations for enteral, parenteral or topical administration. They can be administered, for example, perorally, e.g. in the form of tablets, coated tablets, dragées, hard and soft gelatine capsules, solutions, emulsions or suspensions, rectally, e.g. in the form of suppositories, parenterally, e.g. in the form of injection solutions or infusion solutions, or topically, e.g. in the form of ointments, creams or oils.

The production of the pharmaceutical preparations can be effected in a manner which will be familiar to any person skilled in the art by bringing the described compounds of formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts, optionally in combination with other therapeutically valuable substances, into a galenical administration form together with suitable, non-toxic, inert, therapeutically compatible solid or liquid carrier materials and, if desired, usual pharmaceutical adjuvants.

Suitable carrier materials are not only inorganic carrier materials, but also organic carrier materials. Thus, for example, lactose, corn starch or derivatives thereof, talc, stearic acid or its salts can be used as carrier materials for tablets, coated tablets, dragées and hard gelatine capsules. Suitable carrier materials for soft gelatine capsules are, for example, vegetable oils, waxes, fats and semi-solid and liquid polyols (depending on the nature of the active ingredient no carriers are, however, required in the case of soft gelatine capsules). Suitable carrier materials for the production of solutions and syrups are, for example, water, polyols, sucrose, invert sugar and the like. Suitable carrier materials for injection solutions are, for example, water, alcohols, polyols, glycerol and vegetable oils. Suitable carrier materials for suppositories are, for example, natural or hardened oils, waxes, fats and semi-liquid or liquid polyols. Suitable carrier materials for topical preparations are glycerides, semi-synthetic and synthetic glycerides, hydrogenated oils, liquid waxes, liquid paraffins, liquid fatty alcohols, sterols, polyethylene glycols and cellulose derivatives.

Usual stabilizers, preservatives, wetting and emulsifying agents, consistency-improving agents, flavour-improving agents, salts for varying the osmotic pressure, buffer substances, solubilizers, colorants and masking agents and antioxidants come into consideration as pharmaceutical adjuvants.

The dosage of the compounds of formula I can vary within wide limits depending on the disease to be controlled, the age and the individual condition of the patient and the mode of administration, and will, of course, be fitted to the individual requirements in each particular case. For adult patients a daily dosage of about 1 mg to about 1000 mg, especially about 50 mg to about 500 mg, comes into consideration for the prevention and

- 34 -

control of topical and systemic infections by pathogenic fungi. For cholesterol lowering and treatment of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes the daily dosage conveniently amounts to between 1 and 1000mg, preferably 10 to 100mg, for adult patients. Depending on the dosage it is convenient to administer the daily dosage in several dosage units.

- 5       The pharmaceutical preparations conveniently contain about 1-500 mg, preferably 10-100 mg, of a compound of formula I.

The following Examples serve to illustrate the present invention in more detail. They are, however, not intended to limit its scope in any manner.

### Examples

#### Abbreviations:

AcOH = acetic acid, EtOAc = ethylacetate, EtOH = ethanol, THF = tetrahydrofuran, Et<sub>2</sub>O = diethylether, MeOH = methanol, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> = dichloromethane, BOC = t-  
5 butyloxycarbonyl, DEAD = Diethyl azodicarboxylate, DBU =  
1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene(1,5-5), DMA = N,N-dimethylacetamide, DMAP =  
4-Dimethylaminopyridine, EDCI = N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide  
hydrochloride, Et<sub>3</sub>N = triethylamine, HOBT = 1-Hydroxybenzo-triazole, LAH = Lithium  
aluminium hydride, LDA = lithium diisopropylamide, PdCl<sub>2</sub>(dppf) = (1,1'-  
10 bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene)dichloropalladium(II).CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1:1), Pd(Ph<sub>3</sub>P)<sub>4</sub> =  
tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium, iPr<sub>2</sub>NEt = DIPEA = Huenigsbase = N-  
ethyl-diisopropylamine, TFA = trifluoroacetic acid.

#### General remarks

All reactions were performed under argon.

15 The purification of the final amines by preparative HPLC [e.g. RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 %  
HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile] yielded mixtures of the  
corresponding amino formiate and the corresponding halogenide which was used in the  
reaction. The ratio was not always determined, the purity the final amino salts was >80%  
after LC-MS.

#### 20 Example 1

##### 1.1

A solution of 30 g (219 mmol) N-methyl-p-anisidine was dissolved in 250 ml 62% aqueous  
HBr and 435 ml acetic acid. The reaction mixture was heated to 110°C for 8 h, cooled and  
evaporated to yield 44.1 g (99%) of 4-Methylamino-phenol hydrobromide (1:1) as a  
25 brown solid, MS: 124 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

##### 1.2

A solution of 44 g (216 mmol) 4-Methylamino-phenol.hydrobromide (1:1) in 1.1 l THF,  
270 ml acetonitril and 17.4 ml (216 mmol) pyridine was treated with 49.5 g (227 mmol) of  
di-tert-butyl dicarbonate and heated for 2 h at 70 °C. The reaction was continued at RT for  
30 16h after the addition of 8.7 ml (108 mmol) pyridine and 24.8 g (113 mmol) of di-tert-  
butyl dicarbonate. The solution was evaporated to a third and extracted with aqueous 10%  
KHSO<sub>4</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The organic phase was washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, dried over

Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to yield 47.8 g (99 %) of (4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 223 (M).

### 1.3

In analogy to example 1.2, 4-Aminophenol was converted (without pyridine) to (4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: (209, M).

### 1.4

A solution of 6.56 g (29.4 mmol) of (4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester dissolved in 250 ml of acetone was treated with 12.2 g (88.1 mmol) of K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> and 13.4 ml (88.1 mmol) of 1,6-dibromohexane. The suspension was heated under reflux overnight, cooled, filtered and concentrated. Purification by flash chromatography on silica gel with toluene/EtOAc (95:5) as eluent yielded 9.79 g (86 %) of [4-(6-Bromohexyloxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 386 (MH<sup>+</sup>, 1Br).

### 1.5

In analogy to example 1.4, reaction of (4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester with 1,4-dibromopentane yielded [4-(5-Bromopentyloxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 372 (MH<sup>+</sup>, 1Br).

### 1.6

In analogy to example 1.4, reaction of (4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester with 1,4-dibromobutane yielded [4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 360 (MH<sup>+</sup>, 1Br).

### 1.7

In analogy to example 1.4, reaction of (4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester with 1,4-dibromobutane yielded [4-(4-Bromobutoxy)-phenyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 344 (MH<sup>+</sup>, 1Br).

### 1.8

A solution of 40 g (103.7 mmol) of [4-(6-Bromohexyloxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 400 ml DMA was treated at RT with 19.9 ml (207.4 mmol) of N-methylallylamine and stirred at RT for 22h. The solution was concentrated and dissolved in aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. Flash column chromatography on silica gel with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH (95:5) yielded 33.9 g (87 %) of {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 377 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

### 1.9

In analogy to example 1.8, reaction of [4-(5-Bromopentyloxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic

acid tert-butyl ester with N-methylallylamine yielded {4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 363 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 1.10

In analogy to example 1.8, reaction of [4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester with N-methylallylamine yielded {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 349 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 1.11

In analogy to example 1.8, reaction of [4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester with 10 eq dimethylamine (33 % in ethanol, 5.6 M) yielded (without extraction with aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution) [4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester hydrobromid (1:1), MS: 309 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 1.12

A solution of 30.3 g (80.5 mmol) of {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 160 ml CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was treated at -20 °C with 180 ml TFA and warmed up to room temperature during 5 h. The reaction mixture was evaporated, treated with aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated to yield {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine, MS: 277 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 1.13

In analogy to example 1.12, {4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was converted to {4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine, MS: 263 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 1.14

In analogy to example 1.12, {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was converted to {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine, MS: 249 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 1.15

In analogy to example 1.12, [4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester hydrobromid (1:1) was converted (after extraction with aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution/ CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3x)) to 4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenylamine, MS: 209 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 1.16

In analogy to example 1.12, [4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-

- 38 -

butyl ester was converted (without extraction with aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution) to [4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-methyl-amine.trifluoro-acetate, MS: 288 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

## Example 2

## Step 1

4.5 mmol [4-(6-Bromo-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-methyl-ammonium trifluoro-acetate were dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and extracted with aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (2M). The aqueous phase was  
 5 again extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, the combined organic phases were dried with MgSO<sub>4</sub>, evaporated and dissolved in 25 ml CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. 4.95 mmol DIPEA and 4.95 mmol of either 4-bromo-benzenesulfonyl chloride, 4-fluoro-benzenesulfonyl chloride, 4-chloro-benzenesulfonyl chloride or 4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl chloride were added. After 16h at RT the solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by prep. HPLC: RP-18,  
 10 Acetonitril (0.1% HCOOH) / water (0.1% HCOOH), 20% - 95% Acetonitril. The following compounds were obtained and immediately used in step 2:

4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
 4-fluoro-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
 4-chloro-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
 15 4-trifluoromethyl -N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide.

## Step 2

A solution of 0.25 mmol (1 equivalent) 6-bromo compound in 0.7 ml dry DMA was treated with a solution of 0.5 mmol (2 equivalents) secondary amine in 0.15 ml dry DMA at room temperature. After 16 h, 2 equivalents of secondary amine were added again to the  
 20 solution. The reaction mixture was allowed to stand over night at room temperature, treated with 0.2 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation, the tertiary amine was received as amino.hydrobromide. The following compounds were obtained using 4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-  
 25 benzenesulfonamide as the 6-bromo compound and the corresponding amines:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup> 1 Br	Amine (educt)
2.1	N-[4-(6-Azepan-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	523	HEXAMETHYLENEIMINE

2.2	4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	513	N-(2-METHOXYETHYL)-METHYLAMINE
2.3	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(ethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	483	N-ETHYLMETHYLAMINE
2.4	4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(2-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	523	2-METHYLPYPERIDINE
2.5	4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	499	2-(METHYLAMINO)-ETHANOL
2.6	[(6-{4-[(4-Bromo-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-phenoxy}-hexyl)-methyl-amino]-acetic acid ethyl ester	541	SARCOSINE ETHYL ESTER HYDROCHLORIDE
2.7	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	511	N-METHYLBUTYLAMINE
2.8	4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-diallylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	521	DIALLYLAMINE
2.9	4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	495	PYRROLIDINE
2.10	4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-prop-2-ynyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	493	N-METHYLPROPARGYL-AMINE
2.11	4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	509	PIPERIDINE

2.12	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(ethyl-isopropyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	511	N-ETHYLISOPROPYL-AMINE
2.13	4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	511	MORPHOLINE
2.14	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	497	N-METHYLISOPROPYL-AMINE
2.15	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(3,6-dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	507	1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO-PYRIDINE
2.16	4-Bromo-N-(4-{6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxyethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	513	2-(ETHYLAMINO)-ETHANOL
2.17	4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	469	DIMETHYLAMINE
2.18	4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	497	N-METHYL-N-PROPYL-AMINE
2.19	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(2,5-dihydro-pyrrol-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	493	3-PYRROLINE
2.20	4-Bromo-N-[4-(6-diethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	497	DIETHYLAMINE
2.21	4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-thiomorpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	527	THIOMORPHOLINE

2.22	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(butyl-ethyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	525	N-ETHYL-N-BUTYLAMINE
2.23	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	525	4-HYDROXYPIPERIDINE
2.24	4-Bromo-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	524	1-METHYLPIPERAZINE
2.25	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(3-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	525	3-HYDROXY-1-METHYLPYPERIDINE
2.26	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(3-dimethylaminopyrrolidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	538	3-(DIMETHYLAMINO)PYRROLIDINE
2.27	4-Bromo-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxymethylpiperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	539	4-PIPERIDYLMETHANOL

The following compounds were obtained using 4-Fluoro-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide as the 6-bromo compound and the corresponding amines in the above described reaction:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup>	Amine (educt)
2.28	N-[4-(6-Azepan-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	463	HEXAMETHYLENEIMINE
2.29	4-Fluoro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	453	N-(2-METHOXYETHYL)-METHYLAMINE

2.30	N-{4-[6-(Ethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	423	N-ETHYLMETHYLAMINE
2.31	4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(2-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	463	2-METHYLPYPERIDINE
2.32	4-Fluoro-N-(4-{6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	439	2-(METHYLAMINO)-ETHANOL
2.33	[(6-{4-[(4-Fluoro-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-phenoxy}-hexyl)-methyl-amino]-acetic acid ethyl ester	481	SARCOSINE ETHYL ESTER HYDROCHLORIDE
2.34	N-{4-[6-(Butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	451	N-METHYLBUTYLAMINE
2.35	N-[4-(6-Diallylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	461	DIALLYLAMINE
2.36	4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	435	PYRROLIDINE
2.37	4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-prop-2-ynyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	433	N-METHYLPROPARGYL-AMINE
2.38	4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	449	PIPERIDINE
2.39	N-{4-[6-(Ethyl-isopropyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	451	N-ETHYLISOPROPYL-AMINE

2.40	4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	451	MORPHOLINE
2.41	4-Fluoro-N-[4-[6-(isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	437	N-METHYLISOPROPYL-AMINE
2.42	N-[4-[6-(3,6-Dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	447	1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO-PYRIDINE
2.43	N-(4-[6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy]-phenyl)-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	453	2-(ETHYLAMINO)-ETHANOL
2.44	N-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	409	DIMETHYLAMINE
2.45	4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-[4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	437	N-METHYL-N-PROPYL-AMINE
2.46	N-[4-[6-(2,5-Dihydro-pyrrol-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	434	3-PYRROLINE
2.47	N-[4-(6-Diethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	437	DIETHYLAMINE
2.48	4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-thiomorpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	467	THIOMORPHOLINE
2.49	N-[4-[6-(Butyl-ethyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	465	N-ETHYL-N-BUTYLAMINE

2.50	4-Fluoro-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	465	4-HYDROXYPIPERIDINE
2.51	4-Fluoro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	464	1-METHYLPIPERAZINE
2.52	4-Fluoro-N-{4-[6-(3-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	465	3-HYDROXY-1-METHYL-PIPERIDINE
2.53	4-Fluoro-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	479	4-PIPERIDYLMETHANOL

The following compounds were obtained using 4-Chloro-N-[4-(6-bromo-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide as the 6-bromo compound and the corresponding amines in the above described reaction:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup> 1 Cl	Amine (educt)
2.54	N-[4-(6-Azepan-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	479	HEXAMETHYLENEIMINE
2.55	4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[(2-methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	469	N-(2-METHOXYETHYL)-METHYLAMINE
2.56	4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(ethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	439	N-ETHYLMETHYLAMINE
2.57	4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(2-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	479	2-METHYLPIPERIDINE

2.58	4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	455	2-(METHYLAMINO)-ETHANOL
2.59	[(6-{4-[(4-Chloro-benzenesulfonyl)-methyl-amino]-phenoxy}-hexyl)-methyl-amino]-acetic acid ethyl ester	497	SARCOSINE ETHYL ESTER HYDROCHLORIDE
2.60	N-{4-[6-(Butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	467	N-METHYLBUTYLAMINE
2.61	4-Chloro-N-[4-(6-diallylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	477	DIALLYLAMINE
2.62	4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	451	PYRROLIDINE
2.63	4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-prop-2-ynyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	449	N-METHYLPROPARGYL-AMINE
2.64	4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	465	PIPERIDINE
2.65	4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(ethyl-isopropyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	467	N-ETHYLISOPROPYL-AMINE
2.66	4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	467	MORPHOLINE
2.67	4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	453	N-METHYLISOPROPYL-AMINE

2.68	4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(3,6-dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	463	1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO-PYRIDINE
2.69	4-Chloro-N-(4-{6-[ethyl-(2-hydroxyethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	469	2-(ETHYLAMINO)-ETHANOL
2.70	4-Chloro-N-[4-(6-dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	425	DIMETHYLAMINE
2.71	4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	453	N-METHYL-N-PROPYLAMINE
2.72	4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(2,5-dihydro-pyrrol-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	449	3-PYRROLINE
2.73	4-Chloro-N-[4-(6-diethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	453	DIETHYLAMINE
2.74	4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-[4-(6-thiomorpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-benzenesulfonamide	483	THIOMORPHOLINE
2.75	N-{4-[6-(Butyl-ethyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	481	N-ETHYL-N-BUTYLAMINE
2.76	4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	481	4-HYDROXYPIPERIDINE
2.77	4-Chloro-N-methyl-N-{4-[6-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-benzenesulfonamide	480	1-METHYLPIPERAZINE

2.78	4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(3-hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	481	3-HYDROXY-1-METHYL-PIPERIDINE
2.79	4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(3-dimethylamino-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	494	3-(DIMETHYLAMINO)-PYRROLIDINE
2.80	4-Chloro-N-{4-[6-(4-hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide	495	4-PIPERIDYLMETHANOL

The following compounds were obtained using 4-Trifluoromethyl -N-[4-(6-bromohexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide as the 6-bromo compound and the corresponding amines in the above described reaction:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup>	Amine (educt)
2.81	N-[4-(6-Azepan-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	513	HEXAMETHYLENEIMINE
2.82	N-(4-{6-[(2-Methoxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	503	N-(2-METHOXYETHYL)-METHYLAMINE
2.83	N-{4-[6-(Ethyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	473	N-ETHYLMETHYLAMINE
2.84	N-Methyl-N-{4-[6-(2-methyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	513	2-METHYLPYPERIDINE
2.85	N-(4-{6-[(2-Hydroxy-ethyl)-methyl-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	489	2-(METHYLAMINO)-ETHANOL

2.86	[Methyl-(6-{4-[methyl-(4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonyl)-amino]-phenoxy}-hexyl)-amino]-acetic acid ethyl ester	531	SARCOSINE ETHYL ESTER HYDROCHLORIDE
2.87	N-{4-[6-(Butyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	501	N-METHYLBUTYLAMINE
2.88	N-[4-(6-Diallylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	511	DIALLYLAMINE
2.89	N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-pyrrolidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	485	PYRROLIDINE
2.90	N-Methyl-N-[4-[6-(methyl-prop-2-ynyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	483	N-METHYLPROPARGYL-AMINE
2.91	N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-piperidin-1-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	499	PIPERIDINE
2.92	N-{4-[6-(Ethyl-isopropyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	501	N-ETHYLISOPROPYL-AMINE
2.93	N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-morpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	501	MORPHOLINE
2.94	N-{4-[6-(Isopropyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	487	N-METHYLISOPROPYL-AMINE
2.95	N-{4-[6-(3,6-Dihydro-2H-pyridin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	497	1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO-PYRIDINE

2.96	N-(4-{6-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-hexyloxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	503	2-(ETHYLAMINO)-ETHANOL
2.97	N-[4-(6-Dimethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	459	DIMETHYLAMINE
2.98	N-Methyl-N-{4-[6-(methyl-propyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	487	N-METHYL-N-PROPYLAMINE
2.99	N-{4-[6-(2,5-Dihydro-pyrrol-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	483	3-PYRROLINE
2.100	N-[4-(6-Diethylamino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	487	DIETHYLAMINE
2.101	N-Methyl-N-[4-(6-thiomorpholin-4-yl-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	517	THIOMORPHOLINE
2.102	N-{4-[6-(Butyl-ethyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	515	N-ETHYL-N-BUTYLAMINE
2.103	N-{4-[6-(4-Hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	515	4-HYDROXYPIPERIDINE
2.104	N-Methyl-N-{4-[6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	514	1-METHYLPIPERAZINE
2.105	N-{4-[6-(3-Hydroxy-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	515	3-HYDROXY-1-METHYLPIPERIDINE

2.106	N-{4-[6-(3-Dimethylamino-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	528	3-(DIMETHYLAMINO)-PYRROLIDINE
2.107	N-{4-[6-(4-Hydroxymethyl-piperidin-1-yl)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide	529	4-PIPERIDYLMETHANOL

## Example 3

A solution of 0.153 mmol of free amine in 0.35 ml dry dioxane was treated with 0.23 mmol isocyanate in 0.54 ml dry dioxane. The solution was allowed to stand over night at room temperature. The resulting reaction mixture was treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and  
 5 purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation the urea was obtained as the amino formiate. The following compounds were obtained using the corresponding amines and isocyanates:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup>	Amine (educt)	Isocyanate (educt)
3.1	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-fluoro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HCOOH	482	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Fluoro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenylisocyanate
3.2	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HOOH	432	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2,4-Difluoro-phenylisocyanate
3.3	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HOOH	456	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2,4 Dimethoxy-phenylisocyanate
3.4	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HOOH	414	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Fluorophenyl-isocyanate
3.5	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HOOH	426	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Methoxyphenyl-isocyanate

3.6	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-p-tolyl-urea; HOOH	410	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Methylphenyl-isocyanate
3.7	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-methoxy-2-methyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HCOOH	440	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Methoxy-2-Methylphenyl-isocyanate
3.8	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HOOH	424	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2,4 Dimethyl-phenylisocyanate
3.9	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxy-phenyl)-urea; HOOH	486	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3,4,5 Trimethoxy-phenylisocyanate
3.10	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dimethyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HCOOH	424	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3,4 Dimethyl-phenylisocyanate
3.11	3-(4-Acetyl-phenyl)-1-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-urea; HCOOH	438	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Acetylphenyl-isocyanate
3.12	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-butyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HCOOH	452	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Butylphenyl-isocyanate

3.13	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-methylsulfanyl-phenyl)-urea; HCOOH	442	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Methyl-mercaptophenyl-isocyanate
3.14	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-isopropyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HCOOH	438	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Isopropylphenyl-isocyanate
3.15	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HCOOH	464 (2 Cl)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3,4 Dichlorophenyl-isocyanate
3.16	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-bromo-phenyl)-1-methyl-urea; HCOOH	474 (1 Br)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Bromophenyl-isocyanate
3.17	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-naphthalen-2-yl-urea; HCOOH	446	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2-Naphthyl-isocyanate
3.18	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-naphthalen-1-yl-urea; HCOOH	446	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	1-Naphthyl-isocyanate
3.19	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-phenethyl-urea; HCOOH	424	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2-Phenylethyl-isocyanate

## Example 4

A solution of 0.153 mmol of amine in 0.35 ml dry dioxane was treated with (0.46 mmol; 3 equivalents) Hünigsbase and 0.2 mmol chloroformate in 0.54 ml dry dioxane. The solution was allowed to stand over night at room temperature and the resulting reaction mixture was treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation the carbamate was obtained as a mixture of amino hydrochloride and formiate. The following compounds were obtained using the corresponding amines and chloroformates:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup>	Amine (educt)	Chloroformate (educt)
4.1	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid ethyl ester; HCl	349	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	Ethylchloroformate
4.2	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl ester; HCl	499	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	9-Fluorenylmethyl-chloroformate
4.3	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 2,2,2-trichloro-1,1-dimethyl-ethyl ester; HCl	479 (3 Cl)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	2,2,2-Trichloro-1,1-Dimethylethylchloroformate
4.4	{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-nitro-phenyl ester HCl	442	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	4-Nitrophenyl-chloroformate
4.5	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid isobutyl ester; HCl	377	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	Isobutyl-chloroformate

4.6	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid vinyl ester; HCl	347	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	Vinylchloroformate
4.7	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid benzyl ester; HCl	411	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	Benzyl-chloroformate
4.8	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid allyl ester; HCl	361	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	Allylchloroformate
4.9	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid phenyl ester; HCl	397	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	Phenyl-chloroformate
4.10	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid butyl ester; HCl	377	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	Butylchloroformate
4.11	4-({4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamoyloxy)-benzoic acid methyl ester; HCl	455	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	4-Methoxy-carbonylphenyl-chloroformate
4.12	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid p-tolyl ester; HCl	411	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	4-Tosyl-chloroformate
4.13	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-bromophenylester; HCl	475 (1 Br)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	4-Bromophenyl-chloroformate

4.14	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-fluoro-phenyl ester; HCl	415	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	4-Fluorophenylchloroformate
4.15	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester; HCl	431 (1 Cl)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	4-Chlorophenylchloroformate
4.16	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid hexyl ester; HCl	405	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	Hexylchloroformate
4.17	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-methoxy-phenyl ester; HCl	427	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine; 68-7967	4-Methoxyphenylchloroformate

## Example 5

A solution of 1.5 mmol trichloromethyl-chloroformate (diphosgene) in 20 ml CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was treated at 0 °C with 3 mmol phenol and 3 mmol quinoline and then stirred for 3 h at room temperature. The reaction was then cooled (0 °C) and a solution of 1 mmol amine and 2.5 mmol pyridine in 3 ml CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was added, followed by 1 mmol DMAP. The mixture was stirred over night at room temperature, treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation the carbamate was received as a mixture of amino hydrochloride and formiate. The following compounds were obtained using the corresponding amines and phenoles:

Example	Product	MS MH+	Amine (educt)	Phenole (educt)
5.1	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl ester; HCl	465	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoromethyl-phenol
5.2	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-acetyl-amino-phenyl ester; HCl	454	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Acetamidophenol

## Example 6

A solution of 0.143 mmol amine in 0.35 ml dry dioxane was treated with (0.46mmol; 3 equivalents) Hünigsbase and 0.18 mmol sulfonylchloride in 0.5 ml dry dioxane. The solution was allowed to stand over night at room temperature. The resulting reaction mixture was treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation, the sulfonamide was obtained as a mixture of amino hydrochloride and formiate. The following compounds were obtained using the corresponding amines and sulfonylchlorides:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup>	Amine (educt)	Sulfonylchloride (educt)
6.1	5-Chloro-thiophene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide; HCl	457 (1 Cl)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	5-Chlorothiophene-2-sulphonylchloride
6.2	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4,N-dimethyl-benzenesulfonamide; HCl	431	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Tosylsulphonylchloride
6.3	Naphthalene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide; HCl	467	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2-Naphthylsulphonylchloride
6.4	Quinoline-8-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide; HCl	468	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	8-Quinoline-sulphonylchloride
6.5	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-C-phenyl-methanesulfonamide; HCl	431	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Benzenesulphonylchloride

6.6	3,5-Dimethyl-isoxazole-4-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide; HCl	436	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3,5 Dimethyl-isoxazolsulphonylchloride
6.7	Naphthalene-1-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide; HCl	467	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	1-Naphthylsulphonylchloride
6.8	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-methoxy-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide; HCl	447	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Methoxybenzenesulphonylchloride
6.9	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide; HCl	417	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Benzenesulphonylchloride
6.10	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide; HCl	435	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Fluorobenzenesulphonylchloride
6.11	Thiophene-2-sulfonic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide; HCl	423	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2-Thiophenesulphonylchloride
6.12	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-2-fluoro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide; HCl	435	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2-Fluorobenzenesulphonylchloride
6.13	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-tert-butyl-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide; HCl	473	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-tert.-Butylbenzenesulphonylchloride

6.14	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-butoxy-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide; HCl	489	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Butoxybenzene-sulphonylchloride
6.15	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-chloro-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide; HCl	451 (1 Cl)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Chlorobenzene-sulphonylchloride
6.16	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide; HCl	485	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoromethyl-benzenesulphonylchloride
6.17	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-bromo-N-methyl-benzenesulfonamide; HCl	495 (1 Br)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Brombenzene-sulphonylchloride

## Example 7

A solution of 0.133 mmol amine in 0.5 ml dry DMF was treated subsequently with 0.17 mmol (1.3 equivalents) acid, 0.266 mmol (2 equivalents) Hünigsbase, 0.266 mmol (2 equivalents) N-(3-Dimethylaminopropyl)-N'-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDCI) as well as catalytic amount of Hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBt) (approximately 0.02 mmol). The solution was allowed to stand over night at room temperature. The resulting reaction mixture was treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation, the amide was received as a mixture of amino hydrochloride and formiate.

10 The following compounds were obtained using the corresponding amines and acids:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup>	Amine (educt)	Acid (educt)
7.1	1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamide; HCl	420	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid
7.2	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-chloro-N-methylbenzamide; HCl	415 (1 Cl)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Chlorobenzoic acid
7.3	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methylbenzamide; HCl	399	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Fluorobenzoic acid
7.4	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-bromo-N-methylbenzamide; HCl	459 (1 Br)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Bromobenzoic acid
7.5	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethylbenzamide; HCl	449	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Trifluoromethylbenzoic acid

7.6	Thiophene-3-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide; HCl	387	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Thiophene-3-carboxylicacid
7.7	5-Bromo-thiophene-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide; HCl	465	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	5-Bromothiophene-2 carboxylicacid
7.8	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-2-thiophen-3-yl-acetamide; HCl	401	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Thiophene-3-aceticacid
7.9	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-2-(2,4-difluoro-phenyl)-N-methyl-acetamide; HCl	431	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2,4-Difluoro-aceticacid
7.10	5-Fluoro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide; HCl	438	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	1H-Indole-5-Fluoro-2-carboxylicacid
7.11	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-2-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-N-methyl-acetamide; HCl	413	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Fluorophenyl-aceticacid
7.12	1H-Indole-5-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amide; HCl	420	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	1H-Indole-5-carboxylicacid

7.13	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-chloro-N-methyl-benzamide; HCl	415	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3-Chloro-benzoicacid
7.14	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-3,N-dimethyl-benzamide; HCl	413	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Fluor-3-Methyl-benzoicacid
7.15	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-nitro-benzamide; HCl	426	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Nitrobenzoicacid
7.16	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4,N-dimethyl-benzamide; HCl	395	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	p-Toluicacid
7.17	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-cyano-N-methyl-benzamide; HCl	406	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3-Cyanobenzoicacid
7.18	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3,N-dimethyl-benzamide; HCl	395	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	m-Toluicacid
7.19	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3,4-dimethoxy-N-methyl-benzamide; HCl	441	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3,4 Dimethoxy-benzoicacid
7.20	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-methoxy-N-methyl-benzamide; HCL	411	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Methoxy-benzoicacid

7.21	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-4-fluoro-N-methyl-3-nitrobenzamide; HCl	444	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Fluoro-3-nitrobenzoicacid
7.22	4-Acetyl-N-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methylbenzamide; HCl	423	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Acetylbenzoicacid
7.23	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-nicotinamide; HCl	382	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	Nicotinicacid
7.24	N-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-benzamide; HCl	381	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	Benzoicacid
7.25	Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid {4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamide; HCl	382	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	Picolinicacid

## Example 8

A solution of 0.133 mmol amine was treated with 0.17 mmol (1.3 equivalents) isothiocyanate in 0.35 ml dry dioxane. The solution was allowed to stand over night at room temperature, treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation of the corresponding fraction, the thiourea was received as amino formiate. The following compounds were obtained using the corresponding isothiocyanates and {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine as the amine:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup>	Isothiocyanate (educt)
8.1	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2-bromo-4-fluoro-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	508 (1 Br)	2-Bromo-4-fluoro-phenylisothiocyanate
8.2	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-bromo-2-methyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	504 (1 Br)	4-Bromo-2-methyl-phenylisothiocyanate
8.3	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-thiourea; compound with formic acid	480	4-Trifluoromethyl-phenylisothiocyanate
8.4	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	446 (1 Cl)	4-Chloro-phenylisothiocyanate
8.5	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	442	4-Methoxy-phenylisothiocyanate
8.6	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-cyano-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	437	4-Cyano-phenylisothiocyanate

8.7	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(3-methyl-butyl)-thiourea; compound with formic acid	406	3-Methyl-butylisothiocyanate
8.8	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-sec-butyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	392	sec-Butylisothiocyanate
8.9	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-cyclopropyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	376	Cyclopropylisothiocyanate
8.10	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2,4-dichloro-benzyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	494 (2 Cl)	2,4-Dichloro-benzylisothiocyanate
8.11	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(5-chloro-2-methoxy-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	476 (1 Cl)	5-Chloro-2-methoxy-phenylisothiocyanate
8.12	1-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(2-methyl-5-nitro-phenyl)-thiourea; compound with formic acid	471	2-Methyl-5-nitro-phenylisothiocyanate
8.13	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2,3-dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxin-6-yl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	470	2,3-Dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxin-6-isothiocyanate
8.14	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2-isopropyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	454	2-Isopropyl-phenylisothiocyanate
8.15	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(3-phenyl-propyl)-thiourea; compound with formic acid	454	3-Phenyl-propylisothiocyanate
8.16	3-(4-Acetyl-phenyl)-1-{4-[6-(allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	454	4-Acetyl-phenylisothiocyanate

8.17	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-cyclohexylmethyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	432	Cyclohexylmethylisothiocyanate
8.18	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethyl)-thiourea; compound with formic acid	420	Tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethylisothiocyanate
8.19	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-furan-2-ylmethyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	416	Furan-2-ylmethylisothiocyanate
8.20	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-cyclopentyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	404	Cyclopentylisothiocyanate
8.21	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	430	Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-isothiocyanate
8.22	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl)-thiourea; compound with formic acid	484	2,3,5,6-Tetrafluorophenylisothiocyanate
8.23	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-[1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-ethyl]-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	458	4-Fluorophenylisothiocyanate
8.24	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-tert-butyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	468	4-tert-Butylphenylisothiocyanate
8.25	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(2,3,4-trimethoxybenzyl)-thiourea; compound with formic acid	516	2,3,4-Trimethoxybenzylisothiocyanate
8.26	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(3-chloro-4-methyl-benzyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	474 (1 Cl)	3-Chloro-4-methylbenzylisothiocyanate

8.27	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-pyridin-3-yl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	413	Pyridin-3-isothiocyanate
8.28	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	470	Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethylisothiocyanate
8.29	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-(4-methylsulfanyl-phenyl)-thiourea; compound with formic acid	458	4-Methylsulfanyl-phenylisothiocyanate
8.30	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-cycloheptyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	432	Cycloheptylisothiocyanate
8.31	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	514 (1 Cl)	2-Chloro-5-trifluoromethyl-phenylisothiocyanate
8.32	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-1-methyl-3-naphthalen-1-yl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	462	Naphthalen-1-isothiocyanate
8.33	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(2-cyclohex-1-enyl-ethyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	444	1-(2-Isothiocyanato-ethyl)-cyclohexene
8.34	(3-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-methyl-thioureido-acetic acid methyl ester; compound with formic acid	408	Isothiocyanato-acetic acid methyl ester
8.35	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-ethyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	364	Isothiocyanato-ethane
8.36	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-hexyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	420	Isothiocyanato-hexane

8.37	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-3-butyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	392	Isothiocyanato-butane
8.38	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-1-methyl-3-(2-methyl-butyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	406	1-Isothiocyanato-2-methyl-butane
8.39	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-3-(2-methoxy-ethyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	394	1-Isothiocyanato-2-methoxy-ethane
8.40	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-1-methyl-3-(3-methyl-butyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	406	1-Isothiocyanato-3-methyl-butane
8.41	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-1-methyl-3-phenyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	412	Isothiocyanato-benzene
8.42	4-(3-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-3-methyl-thioureido-benzoic acid methyl ester; compound with formic acid	470	4-Isothiocyanato-benzoic acid methyl ester
8.43	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-3-(4-butyl-phenyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	468	1-Butyl-4-isothiocyanato-benzene
8.44	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-3-benzyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	426	Isothiocyanatomethyl-benzene
8.45	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-1-methyl-3-(4-methyl-benzyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	440	1-Isothiocyanatomethyl-4-methyl-benzene
8.46	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-3-(4-methoxy-benzyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	456	1-Isothiocyanatomethyl-4-methoxy-benzene

8.47	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-3-(4-fluoro-benzyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	444	1- Isothiocyanatomethyl- 4-fluoro-benzene
8.48	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-3-(4-chloro-benzyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	460 (1 Cl)	1- Isothiocyanatomethyl- 4-chloro-benzene
8.49	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-1-methyl-3-(1-phenyl-ethyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	440	(1-Isothiocyanato- ethyl)-benzene
8.50	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-3-[2-(4-chloro-phenyl-ethyl)-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	474 (1 Cl)	1-Chloro-4-(2- isothiocyanato-ethyl)- benzene
8.51	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-1-methyl-3-phenethyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	440	(2-Isothiocyanato- ethyl)-benzene
8.52	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-1-methyl-3-(2-p-tolyl-ethyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	454	1-(2-Isothiocyanato- ethyl)-4-methyl- benzene
8.53	1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino-hexyloxy)-phenyl]-3-cyclohexyl-1-methyl-thiourea; compound with formic acid	418	Isothiocyanato- cyclohexane

## Example 9

A solution of 0.14 mmol amine in 0.5 ml dry dioxane was treated with a solution of 0.14 mmol chlorothionoformate in 0.35 ml dry dioxane. The solution was allowed to stand over night at room temperature, treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation of the corresponding fraction, the thiocarbamate was received as a mixture of amino hydrochloride and formiate. The following compounds were obtained using the corresponding chlorothionoformates and {4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine as the amine:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup>	Chlorothionoformate (educt)
9.1	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-thiocarbamic acid O-(4-chloro-phenyl) ester; compound with formic acid	447 (1 Cl)	4-Chlorophenyl chlorothionoformiate
9.2	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-thiocarbamic acid O-pentafluorophenyl ester; compound with formic acid	503	Pentafluorophenyl chlorothionoformiate
9.3	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-thiocarbamic acid O-(2,4,6-trichloro-phenyl) ester; compound with formic acid	515 (3 Cl)	2,4,6-Trichlorophenyl chlorothionoformiate
9.4	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-thiocarbamic acid O-(4-fluoro-phenyl) ester; compound with formic acid	431	4-Fluorophenyl chlorothionoformiate

## Example 10

A solution of 0.135 mmol amine in 0.75 ml dry dioxane was treated with 5 equivalents of triethylamine followed by a solution of 0.175 mmol (1.3 equivalente) sulfamoylchloride in 0.25 ml dry dioxane. The suspension was allowed to stand over night at room temperature, 5 treated with 0.15 ml formic acid and purified by preparative HPLC [RP-18, acetonitrile (0.1 % HCOOH)/water (0.1 % HCOOH), 10 % to 95 % acetonitrile]. After evaporation of the corresponding fraction, the sulfamide was received as a mixture of amino hydrochloride and formiate. The following compounds were obtained using the corresponding amines and sulfamoylchlorides:

Example	Product	MS MH <sup>+</sup>	Amine (educt)	Sulfamoylchloride (educt)
10.1	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid benzyl amide; compound with formic acid	446	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Benzylsulfamoyl-chloride
10.2	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid phenyl amide; compound with formic acid	432	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Phenylsulfamoyl-chloride
10.3	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid furan-2-ylmethyl amide; compound with formic acid	436	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Furan-2-ylmethyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.4	{{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfonylamino)-acetic acid ethyl ester; compound with formic acid	442	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Chlorosulfonyl-amino-acetic acid ethyl ester

10.5	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl amide; compound with formic acid	438	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2,2,2-Trifluoro-ethylsulfamoylchloride
10.6	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethyl amide; compound with formic acid	490	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethylsulfamoylchloride
10.7	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid phenethyl amide; compound with formic acid	460	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Phenethylsulfamoylchloride
10.8	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid cyclopropyl amide; compound with formic acid	396	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Cyclopropyl-sulfamoylchloride
10.9	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-ethyl amide; compound with formic acid	438	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2,2,2-Trifluoro-ethylsulfamoylchloride
10.10	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl amide; compound with formic acid	466 (1 Cl)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Chloro-phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride

10.11	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-bromo-phenyl amide; compound with formic acid	510 (1 Br)	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Bromo-phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.12	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid p-tolyl amide; compound with formic acid	446	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Methyl-phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.13	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl amide; compound with formic acid	500	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfamoyl chloride
10.14	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-cyano-phenyl amide; compound with formic acid	457	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Cyano-phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.15	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-methoxy-phenyl amide; compound with formic acid	462	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Methoxy-phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.16	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 4-fluoro-phenyl amide; compound with formic acid	450	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Fluoro-phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride

10.17	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3,4-difluorophenyl amide; compound with formic acid	468	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3,4-Difluorophenylsulfamoyl chloride
10.18	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 3-fluorophenyl amide; compound with formic acid	450	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3-Fluorophenylsulfamoyl chloride
10.19	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,4-difluorophenyl amide; compound with formic acid	468	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2,4-Difluorophenylsulfamoyl chloride
10.20	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid 2,5-difluorophenyl amide; compound with formic acid	468	{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	2,5-Difluorophenylsulfamoyl chloride
10.21	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-chlorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	453 (1 Cl)	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Chlorophenylsulfamoyl chloride
10.22	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-chlorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	438 (1 Cl)	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Chlorophenylsulfamoyl chloride

10.23	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-fluorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	436	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Fluoro-phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.24	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-fluorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	422	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Fluoro-phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.25	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-bromophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	496 (1 Br)	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Bromo-phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.26	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-bromophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	482 (1 Br)	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Bromo-phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.27	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid p-tolyl-amide; compound with formic acid	432	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	p-tolylsulfamoyl chloride
10.28	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (p-tolyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	418	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	p-tolylsulfamoyl chloride
10.29	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (3,4-difluorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	454	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	3,4-Difluorophenyl-sulfamoyl chloride

10.30	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (3,4-difluorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	440	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3,4-Difluorophenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.31	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	486	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfamoyl chloride
10.32	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	472	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfamoyl chloride
10.33	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (3-fluorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	422	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	3-Fluorophenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.34	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-cyanophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	453	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Cyanophenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.35	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-cyanophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	429	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	4-Cyanophenyl-sulfamoyl chloride

10.36	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (2,4-difluorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	554	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	2,4-Difluorophenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.37	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (2,4-difluorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	440	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	2,4-Difluorophenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.38	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-methoxyphenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	448	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Methoxyphenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.39	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (4-methoxyphenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	434	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	4-Methoxyphenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.40	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (2,5-difluorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	454	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	2,5-Difluorophenyl-sulfamoyl chloride
10.41	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (2,5-difluorophenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	440	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methylamine	2,5-Difluorophenyl-sulfamoyl chloride

10.42	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (phenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	418	{4-[5-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-pentyloxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Phenylsulfamoyl chloride
10.43	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-sulfamic acid (phenyl)-amide; compound with formic acid	404	{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-amine	Phenylsulfamoyl chloride

**Example 11**

Sulfamoyl chlorides were prepared according to the following procedure. 3 equivalents of the corresponding amine were dissolved in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (1 ml/mmol) and placed in an ice bath. A solution of chlorosulfonic acid (1 eq.) in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (0.5 ml / mmol) was added slowly (30  
5 min). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for a further 30 min. Afterwards, the ice bath was removed and the stirring was continued for 1 h at room temperature. The precipitate was collected by filtration and dried under high vacuum. This salt was suspended in toluene (1 ml / mmol amine) and  $\text{PCl}_5$  (1 eq) was added. The mixture was stirred at 75 °C for 2 h, cooled to room temperature and filtered. The solid residue was  
10 washed with toluene. The filtrate was evaporated and dried under high vacuum. The crude sulfamoyl chloride was used in the next step without further purification. The following sulfamoyl chlorides were prepared:

Benzylsulfamoyl chloride, Phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 2,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 2,5-Difluoro-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 3,4-Difluoro-phenylsulfamoyl chloride,  
15 3-Fluoro phenyl-sulfamoyl chloride, 4-Fluoro-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Chloro-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Bromo-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Methyl-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-trifluoromethyl-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Cyano-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Methoxy-phenylsulfamoyl chloride, Butylsulfamoyl chloride, Phenethylsulfamoyl chloride, 2-Phenoxyethylsulfamoyl chloride, Cyclohexylmethylsulfamoyl chloride,  
20 Cyclopropylsulfamoyl chloride, 2,2,2-Trifluoroethylsulfamoyl chloride, 4-Fluoro-benzylsulfamoyl chloride, Furan-2-ylmethylsulfamoyl chloride, Benzo[1,3]dioxol-5-ylmethylsulfamoyl chloride.

**Example 12**

Sulfamoyl chlorides were prepared according to the following procedure. 1 equivalent of  
25 the corresponding amine hydrochloride was dissolved in  $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$  and placed in an ice bath. Sulfuryl chloride (3 eq.) was added slowly within 20 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 min and at 65 °C for 20 h. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was dried under high vacuum. The crude sulfamoyl chloride was used in the next step without further purification. The following sulfamoyl chlorides were  
30 prepared:

Chlorosulfonylamino-acetic acid ethyl ester, 4-(Chlorosulfonylamino-methyl)-benzoic acid methyl ester.

### Example 13

A solution of 1.26 (6.03 mmol) of 4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenylamine in 15 ml dioxane was treated with 1.13 ml (6.1 mmol) Hünigsbase and 1.86 g (7.59 mmol) 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl chloride. The reaction mixture was stirred over night at  
5 room temperature and extracted with aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution/EtOAc (3x). The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The residue (partially disulfonamide) was dissolved in 20 ml dioxane, treated with 11.1 ml 1N NaOH and heated for 1 h at 100 °C. The reaction mixture was neutralized (pH 7 with 1 N HCl) and extracted with EtOAc (2x). The organic phase was washed with aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, dried  
10 over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to yield 2.1 g (84 %) of N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 417 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

### Example 14

#### 14.1

A solution of 98 mg (0.375 mmol) triphenylphosphine in 0.5 ml THF was treated at 0°C  
15 with 0.06 ml (0.375 mmol) DEAD, then with 0.012 ml (0.3 mmol) methanol in 0.33 ml THF and finally with 104 mg (0.25 mmol) of N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 0.3 ml THF. The reaction mixture was stirred over night at RT, evaporated and extracted with aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The organic phases were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> evaporated and purified by flash column  
20 chromatography on silica gel with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH (99:1 to 95:5) to yield 80 mg (74 %) of N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, mp: 151-153 °C; MS: 431 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 14.2

In analogy to example 14.1, reaction of N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide 69-2511 with i-propanol yielded N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-isopropyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
25 MS: 459 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 14.3

In analogy to example 14.1, reaction of N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide 69-2511 with ethanol yielded N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,  
30 MS: 445 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

## Example 15

### 15.1

13.8 g (40 mmol) of 4-methylaminophenol hemisulfate (twice suspended in toluene and evaporated under reduced pressure to remove water) were suspended in 100 ml  
5 hexamethyldisilazane and refluxed for 2.5 h. The solution was evaporated under reduced pressure and dissolved in 270 ml THF. 9.79 g (40 mmol) of 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl chloride were added slowly at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature. 30 ml H<sub>2</sub>O were added and after 1h the solvents were evaporated. The residue was extracted with water/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x), the organic  
10 phases were washed with 10% NaCl, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated to yield 13.3 g (100 %) of N-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, mp: 145-146 °C; MS: 331 (M).

### 15.2

In analogy to example 15.1, reaction of 4-methylaminophenol hemisulfate with 4-  
15 chlorophenylchloroformate yielded (4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, mp: 143-145 °C, dec.; MS: 278 (MH<sup>+</sup>, 1Cl).

## Example 16

### 16.1

20 A solution of 6.63 g (20 mmol) of N-(4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 150ml of DMF was treated with 7.1 ml (60 mmol) of 1,4-dibromobutane and with 1.00 g (23 mmol) of 55% NaH (in small portions) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h at RT, poured into cooled aqueous saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and extracted (Et<sub>2</sub>O 3x). The organic phase was washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, dried  
25 (NaSO<sub>4</sub>) evaporated and purified by flash silica gel column (first with hexane to remove the dibromobutane and then Hexane/ EtOAc 95:5) to yield 7.7 g (83 %) of N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, mp: 91-92 °C; MS: 465 (M, 1Br).

### 16.2

30 In analogy to example 16.1, (4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester 69-9787 was converted to [4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 412 (MH<sup>+</sup>, 1Br, 1Cl).

## Example 17

## 17.1

A solution of 466 mg (1 mmol) of N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide 69-9844 in 3.5 ml DMA was treated at 0 °C with  
5 0.195 ml (2 mmol) of 2-ethylaminoethanol and stirred at RT for 15h. The reaction mixture was cooled (0 °C) again, treated with 0.195 ml (2 mmol) of 2-ethylaminoethanol and stirred at RT for further 24h. The solution was concentrated, the residual oil was dissolved in water/acetonitrile 1:1/5% formic acid and purified by prep. HPLC: RP-18, acetonitrile /  
10 water, 10% - 60% acetonitrile. The pure fractions were collected, dissolved in EtOAc, washed with aqueous sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution, and the organic phase was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated to yield 360 mg (76 %) of N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 475 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

## 17.2

In analogy to example 17.1, reaction of N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide with N-methylallylamine yielded N-{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide;  
15 compound with formic acid, MS: 457 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

## 17.3

In analogy to example 17.1, reaction of N-[4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide with diethylamine yielded N-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 459 (MH<sup>+</sup>).  
20

## 17.4

In analogy to example 17.1, reaction of [4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester with 2-ethylaminoethanol yielded (4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 421 (MH<sup>+</sup>).  
25

## 17.5

In analogy to example 17.1, reaction of [4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester with N-methylallylamine yielded {4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester; compound with formic acid, MS: 403 (MH<sup>+</sup>).  
30

## 17.6

In analogy to example 17.1, reaction of [4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester with 10 eq dimethylamine (33 % in ethanol, 5.6 M) yielded [4-

(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester; compound with formic acid, MS: 377 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

### 17.7

In analogy to example 17.1, reaction of [4-(4-Bromo-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester with diethylamine yielded [4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 405 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

## Example 18

### 18.1

A solution of 21.9 g (100 mmol) 4-iodoaniline and 22.9 g (105 mmol) of di-tert-butyl dicarbonate in 300 ml THF was heated for 30 h at 80 °C. The solution was evaporated and extracted with aqueous 10% KHSO<sub>4</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The organic phase was washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to yield 31.0 g (97 %) of (4-Iodo-phenyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 320 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

### 18.2

A solution of 15.96 g (50 mmol) (4-Iodo-phenyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester and 24.96 ml (400 mmol) iodomethane in 250 ml THF was treated at -18°C with 4.36 (100 mmol) 55% NaH during 1 h. The reaction was warmed up over night to room temperature, neutralized at 0 °C with aqueous 10% KHSO<sub>4</sub>, evaporated and extracted with aqueous 10% KHSO<sub>4</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated to yield 17.8 g (quantitative) of (4-Iodo-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 333 (M).

### 18.3

The synthesis was performed following a procedure of Stara, Irena G.; Stary, Ivo; Kollarovic, Adrian; Teply, Filip; Saman, David; Fiedler, Pavel. Coupling reactions of halobenzenes with alkynes. The synthesis of phenylacetylenes and symmetrical or unsymmetrical 1,2-diphenylacetylenes. Collect. Czech. Chem. Commun. (1999), 64(4), 649-672. A solution of 4.45 g (12.5 mmol) of (4-Iodo-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 25 ml piperidine was degassed (argon) and treated with 722 mg (0.625 mmol) Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> and 119 mg (0.625 mmol) CuI. The reaction mixture was stirred at 45°C for 10 min and then slowly (45 min) heated to 80°C while adding 0.9 ml (9.4 mmol) of 4-pentin-1-ol. At 80°C a second portion of 0.9 ml (9.4 mmol) 4-pentin-1-ol was added during 45 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at this temperature for 2 h and then extracted with chilled water acidified with KHSO<sub>4</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated. Purification by flash-chromatography on silica gel (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/EtOAc 95:5) yielded 3.15 g (87 %) of [4-(5-

Hydroxy-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, mp: 103-105 °C; MS: 289 (M).

#### 18.4

In analogy to example 18.3, reaction of (4-Iodo-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester with propargylalcohol yielded [4-(3-Hydroxy-prop-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 261 (M<sup>+</sup>).

#### 18.5

A solution of 3.02 g (10.44 mmol) of [4-(5-Hydroxy-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 70 ml CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was treated at 0 °C with 0.89 ml (11.48 mmol) methanesulfonylchloride, 1.26 ml (15.66 mmol) pyridine and 1.28 g (10.44 mmol) DMAP. The reaction mixture was warmed up over night to room temperature, water (10 ml) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min. After extraction with aqueous 10% KHSO<sub>4</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x) the organic phases were washed with aqueous KHCO<sub>3</sub> (2x), aqueous 10% NaCl, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated to yield 3.74 g (97 %) of Methanesulfonic acid 5-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-phenyl]-pent-4-ynyl ester, mp: 85-87 °C; MS: 367 (M).

#### 18.6

In analogy to example 18.5, [4-(3-Hydroxy-prop-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was converted to [4-(3-Chloro-prop-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 279 (MH<sup>+</sup>, 1Cl).

#### 18.6

A solution of 1.84 g (5 mmol) of Methanesulfonic acid 5-[4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl-methyl-amino)-phenyl]-pent-4-ynyl ester in 20 ml DMA was treated with 8.93 ml (50 mmol) of (33 % in ethanol, 5.6 M) dimethylamine and stirred at RT for 18h. The reaction was treated again with 4.46 ml (2 mmol) (25 mmol) of (33 % in ethanol, 5.6 M) dimethylamine and stirred at RT for further 6h. The solution was concentrated and the residual oil was extracted with aqueous sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated to yield 1.50 g (95 %) of [4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 317 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 18.7

In analogy to example 18.6, reaction of [4-(3-Chloro-prop-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester with N-allylmethylamine yielded {4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, MS: 315 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

## 18.8

A solution of 1.45 g (4.58 mmol) of [4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 25 ml CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was treated at 0 °C with 11.5 ml TFA (during 20 min) and warmed up to room temperature during 1 h. The solution was concentrated and the residual oil was extracted with aqueous sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (+Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>)/EtOAc (3x). The organic phase was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated to yield 1.05 g (quantitative) of [4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-amine MS: 217 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

## 18.9

In analogy to experiment 18.9, {4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester was converted to {4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-phenyl}-methyl-amine, MS: 214 (M).

## 18.10

A solution of 59 mg (0.27 mmol) of [4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-amine in 0.3 ml dioxane was treated with 0.07 ml (0.55 mmol; 2 equivalents) Hünigsbase and dropwise with a solution of 0.05 ml (0.27 mmol) 4-chlorophenylchloroformate in 0.45 ml dioxane. The mixture was then immediately dissolved in aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. Flash column chromatography on silica gel with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH (95:5) yielded 55 mg (54 %) of [4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 371 (MH<sup>+</sup>, 1Cl).

## 18.11

A solution of 0.100 g (0.47 mmol) of {4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-phenyl}-methyl-amine in 4 ml THF at -78 °C was treated with 0.31 ml (0.49 mmol) BuLi (ca 1.6 M in hexane) and stirred for 20 min. A solution of 0.07 ml (0.49 mmol) 4-chlorophenylchloroformate in 4 ml THF was then added. The reaction was warmed up to 0 °C during 2 h and neutralized with aqueous 10% KHSO<sub>4</sub>. The mixture was treated with aqueous saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. The residual oil was dissolved in water/acetonitrile 1:1/5% formic acid and purified by prep. HPLC: RP-18, acetonitrile / water, 10% - 40% acetonitrile. The pure fractions were collected, dissolved in Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with aqueous sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub>/1N NaOH solution, and the organic phase was dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated to yield 0.047 g (45 %) of {4-[3-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-prop-1-ynyl]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, MS: 369 (MH<sup>+</sup>, 1Cl).

## 18.12

A solution of 173 mg (0.8 mmol) of [4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-

amine in 2 ml dioxane was treated with 0.15 ml (0.88 mmol) Hünigsbase and 247 mg (1 mmol) 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl chloride. The reaction mixture was stirred over night at room temperature and extracted with aqueous 10% KHSO<sub>4</sub>/EtOAc (3x). The aqueous phase was treated with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (pH 7-8) and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3x). The organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated. Flash column chromatography on silica gel with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/MeOH (9:1) yielded 223 mg (65 %) of N-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 425 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

### 18.13

A solution of 40 mg (0.094 mmol) of N-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 3 ml MeOH/0.3 ml dioxane was treated with 0.094 ml 1N AcOH in MeOH followed by 4 mg Pd/C 10%, type E10N (under argon) and then hydrogenated (1 atm) for 3 h. The reaction mixture was filtered (Celite) and extracted with aqueous sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and evaporated to yield 27 mg (66 %) of N-[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pentyl)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 429 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

### Example 19

#### 19.1

20 g (114.9 mmol) 2-amino-5-bromopyridine and 26.3 g (120.7 mmol) di-tert-butyl dicarbonate in 300 ml THF/300 ml CH<sub>3</sub>CN were treated with 9.7 ml (120 mmol) pyridine, 0.7 g (11.5 mmol) DMAP and stirred for 23 h at RT and heated for 2 h at 80°C. The reaction mixture was again treated with 13.2 g (60.4 mmol) of di-tert-butyl dicarbonate, 4.85 ml (60 mmol) pyridine, 0.35 g (5.8 mmol) DMAP and heated for 2 h at 80°C. After evaporation and extraction with aqueous 10% KHSO<sub>4</sub>/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x), the organic phase was washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated to yield 28.4 g (66 %) of imidodicarbonic acid, (5-bromo-2-pyrimidinyl)-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, mp: 119-121 °C; MS: 374 (MH<sup>+</sup>).

#### 19.2

The synthesis was performed following a procedure of Arco Y. Jeng ; Design and Synthesis of Potent, Selective Inhibitors of Endothelin-Converting Enzyme, Journal of Medicinal Chemistry; 1998; 41(9); 1513-1523. A solution of 18.7 (50 mmol) of imidodicarbonic acid, (5-bromo-2-pyrimidinyl)-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester in 600 ml DMF was degassed (argon) and under argon treated with 13.9 ml (100 mmol) Et<sub>3</sub>N, 1.9 g (10 mmol) CuI and 2.04 g (2.5 mmol) PdCl<sub>2</sub>(dppf).CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C and slowly (1.5 h) treated with 7.16 ml (75 mmol) of 4-pentyn-1-ol. The reaction mixture was stirred at this temperature for 4 h and then extracted with chilled water/Et<sub>2</sub>O (3x). The

organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl, dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ) and evaporated. Purification by flash-chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc 2:1 to 1:1) yielded 15.63 g (83 %) of imidodicarbonic acid, [5-(5-hydroxy-1-pentynyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, mp: 91-92 °C; MS: 378 ( $\text{MH}^+$ ).

## 5 19.3

A solution of 7.55 g (20 mmol) of imidodicarbonic acid, [5-(5-hydroxy-1-pentynyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester in 140 ml  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  was treated at 0°C with 1.71 ml (22 mmol) methanesulfonylchloride, 2.41 ml (30 mmol) pyridine and 2.45 g (20 mmol) DMAP. The reaction mixture was warmed up over night to room temperature, water (10 ml) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min. After extraction with aqueous 10%  $\text{KHSO}_4/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (3x) the organic phases were washed with aqueous  $\text{KHCO}_3$  (2x), aqueous 10% NaCl, dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ) and evaporated to yield 9.67 g (quantitative) of imidodicarbonic acid, [5-[5-[(methylsulfonyl)oxy] -1-pentynyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, MS: 456 ( $\text{MH}^+$ ).

## 15 19.4

A solution of 5.36 g (11.7 mmol) of imidodicarbonic acid, [5-[5-[(methylsulfonyl)oxy] -1-pentynyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester in 45 ml DMA was treated with 20.9 ml (116.8 mmol) of (33 % in ethanol, 5.6 M) dimethylamine and stirred at RT for 16h. The solution was concentrated (0.01 torr, 55 °C) and the residual oil was extracted with aqueous sat.  $\text{NaHCO}_3/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl solution, dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ) and evaporated to yield 3.32 g (93 %) of [5-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-pyrimidin-2-yl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester, mp: 119-120°C; MS: 305 ( $\text{MH}^+$ ).

## 19.5

25 A solution of 1.47 g (3.2 mmol) of [5-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-pyrimidin-2-yl]-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester in 16 ml  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  was treated at 0 °C with 8 ml TFA (during 20 min). The solution was warmed up to room temperature during 1 h, concentrated and the residual oil was extracted with aqueous sat.  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  (+ $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$ )(3x)/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ (3x). The organic phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl solution, dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ) and evaporated to yield 0.62 g (95 %) of 5-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-pyrimidin-2-ylamine, mp: 126-127 °C; MS: 205 ( $\text{MH}^+$ ).

## 19.6

A solution of 102 mg (0.5 mmol) of 5-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-pyrimidin-2-ylamine in 3.9 ml pyridine was treated with 257 mg (1.05 mmol) 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonyl chloride. The reaction was stirred over night at 70 °C, evaporated and extracted with aqueous saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3$ (2x)/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (3x). The organic

phases were washed with aqueous 10% NaCl solution, dried ( $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ) and evaporated. Flash column chromatography on silica gel with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$  (95:5 to 9:1) yielded 70 mg (34 %) of N-[5-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-pyrimidin-2-yl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, mp: 194-202°C, slowly dec.; MS: 413 ( $\text{MH}^+$ ).

## 5 19.7

A solution of 127 mg (0.485 mmol) triphenylphosphine in 0.5 ml THF was treated at 0°C with 0.075 ml (0.485 mmol) DEAD, then with 0.016 ml (0.388 mmol) methanol and finally with 80 mg (0.19 mmol) of N-[5-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-pyrimidin-2-yl]-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide in 0.3 ml THF. The reaction mixture was stirred over  
10 night at RT, evaporated and extracted with aqueous saturated  $\text{NaHCO}_3/\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (3x). The organic phases were dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , evaporated and purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel with  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$  (99:1 to 95:5) to yield 19 mg (23 %) of N-[5-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-pyrimidin-2-yl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, MS: 427 ( $\text{MH}^+$ ).

Example A

Tablets containing the following ingredients can be manufactured in a conventional manner:

<u>Ingredients</u>	<u>Per tablet</u>
Compound of formula I	10.0 - 100.0 mg
Lactose	125.0 mg
Maize starch	75.0 mg
Talc	4.0 mg
Magnesium stearate	1.0 mg

5

Example B

Capsules containing the following ingredients can be manufactured in a conventional manner:

<u>Ingredients</u>	<u>Per capsule</u>
Compound of formula I	25.0 mg
Lactose	150.0 mg
Maize starch	20.0 mg
Talc	5.0 mg

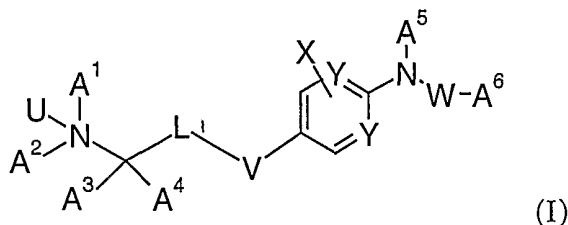
Example C

10 Injection solutions can have the following composition:

Compound of formula I	3.0 mg
Gelatine	150.0 mg
Phenol	4.7 mg
Water for injection solutions	ad 1.0 ml

Claims

## 1. Compounds of formula (I)



wherein

- 5 U is O or a lone pair,  
 Y is C or N,  
 V is O, S, NR<sup>6</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH=CH-, or -C≡C-, if Y is C, or  
 -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH=CH-, or -C≡C-, if Y is N,  
 W is CO, COO, CONR<sup>1</sup>, CSO, CSNR<sup>1</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>1</sup>,  
 10 L is lower-alkylene, lower-alkenylene, or a single bond,  
 A<sup>1</sup> is H, lower-alkyl, or lower-alkenyl,  
 A<sup>2</sup> is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl, lower-alkenyl, or lower-alkinyl, optionally substituted by R<sup>2</sup>,  
 A<sup>3</sup>, A<sup>4</sup> are hydrogen or lower-alkyl, or  
 15 A<sup>1</sup> and A<sup>2</sup> or A<sup>1</sup> and A<sup>3</sup> are bonded to each other to form a ring  
 and -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>- or -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>3</sup>- are lower-alkylene or lower-alkenylene, optionally  
 substituted by R<sup>2</sup>, in which one -CH<sub>2</sub>- group of -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>2</sup>- or -A<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>3</sup>- can  
 optionally be replaced by NR<sup>3</sup>, S, or O,  
 A<sup>5</sup> is lower-alkyl,  
 20 X is hydrogen or one or more optional halogen substituents,  
 A<sup>6</sup> is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-lower-alkyl, heterocycloalkyl-lower-alkyl,  
 lower alkenyl, lower-alkadienyl, aryl, aryl-lower-alkyl, heteroaryl, or  
 heteroaryl-lower-alkyl,  
 R<sup>2</sup> is hydroxy, hydroxy-lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy, N(R<sup>4</sup>,R<sup>5</sup>), or lower-  
 25 alkoxy-carbonyl,  
 R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> independently from each other are hydrogen or lower-alkyl,  
 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and/or pharmaceutically acceptable esters thereof.

2. Compounds according to claim 1, wherein U is a lone pair.
3. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 2, wherein Y is C.
4. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein  
V is O,  $-C\equiv C-$ , or  $-CH_2-$ .
5. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 4, wherein V is O.
6. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 5, wherein W is COO, SO<sub>2</sub>, or CSNR<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen.
7. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 6, wherein L is lower-alkylene or a single bond.
8. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 7, wherein L is  $-(CH_2)_{2-4}-$ .
9. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 8, wherein A<sup>1</sup> is methyl, ethyl, or 2-propenyl.
10. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 9, wherein A<sup>2</sup> is lower-alkyl, cycloalkyl, lower-alkenyl, or lower-alkinyl, optionally substituted with R<sup>2</sup>, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is hydroxy, methoxy, or ethoxycarbonyl.
11. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 10, wherein A<sup>2</sup> is methyl, ethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, or 2-propenyl.
12. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 8, wherein A<sup>1</sup> and A<sup>2</sup> are bonded to each other to form a ring and  $-A^1-A^2-$  is lower-alkylene, or lower-alkenylene, optionally substituted by R<sup>2</sup>, in which one  $-CH_2-$  group of  $-A^1-A^2-$  can optionally be replaced by NR<sup>3</sup>, S, or O, wherein R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are as defined in claim 1.
13. Compounds according to claim 12, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is methyl, hydroxy, 2-hydroxyethyl, or N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and/or R<sup>3</sup> is methyl.
14. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 13, wherein A<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen.
15. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 14, wherein A<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen.
16. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 15, wherein A<sup>5</sup> is methyl or ethyl.

17. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 16, wherein A<sup>6</sup> is lower-alkyl, lower-alkenyl, phenyl or phenyl-lower-alkyl, wherein the phenyl group can optionally be substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of lower-alkyl, lower-alkoxy, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, CN, CF<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, or N(R<sup>6</sup>,R<sup>7</sup>), wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> independently from each other are hydrogen or lower-alkyl.

18. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 17, wherein A<sup>6</sup> is 4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl or 4-chloro-phenyl.

19. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 18, wherein X is hydrogen.

20. A compounds according to any of claims 1 to 19, selected from the group consisting of

{4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl}-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, N-[4-[4-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-butoxy]-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

N-[4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

[4-(5-Dimethylamino-pent-1-ynyl)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, [4-(4-Diethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-phenyl)-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester,

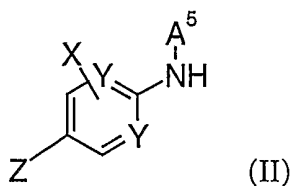
[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-methyl-carbamic acid 4-chloro-phenyl ester, N-(4-{4-[Ethyl-(2-hydroxy-ethyl)-amino]-butoxy}-phenyl)-N-methyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide,

N-[4-(4-Dimethylamino-butoxy)-phenyl]-N-ethyl-4-trifluoromethyl-benzenesulfonamide, and

1-{4-[6-(Allyl-methyl-amino)-hexyloxy]-phenyl}-3-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-methyl-thiourea, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

21. A process for the manufacture of compounds according to any of claims 1 to 20, which process comprises reacting a compound of formula (II)

- 95 -



wherein

X, Y, A<sup>5</sup> have the significances given in claim 1,

Z is a group (A<sup>1</sup>,A<sup>2</sup>,)N-C(A<sup>3</sup>,A<sup>4</sup>)-L-V-, halogen-CH<sub>2</sub>-L-V-, or halogen, wherein  
 5 A<sup>1</sup>, A<sup>2</sup>, A<sup>3</sup>,A<sup>4</sup>, L and V have the significances given in claim 1,  
 or Z is P-V- wherein V is O, S, or NR<sup>6</sup>, P is a protecting group and R<sup>6</sup> is as  
 defined in claim 1,

with ClSO<sub>2</sub>-A<sup>6</sup>, ClCOO-A<sup>6</sup>, ClCSO-A<sup>6</sup>, OCN-A<sup>6</sup>, SCN-A<sup>6</sup>, HOOC-A<sup>6</sup>, or ClSO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>1</sup>-A<sup>6</sup>,  
 wherein A<sup>6</sup> is as defined in claim 1.

10 22. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 20 when manufactured by a  
 process according to claim 21.

23. Pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound according to any of  
 claims 1 to 20 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and/or adjuvant.

15 24. Compounds according to any of claims 1 to 20 for use as therapeutic active  
 substances, particularly as therapeutic active substances for the treatment and/or  
 prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia,  
 hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gall stones,  
 tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of  
 impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes.

20 25. A method for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are  
 associated with OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular  
 diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative  
 disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and  
 diabetes, which method comprises administering a compound according to any of claims 1  
 25 to 20 to a human being or animal.

26. The use of compounds according to any of claims 1 to 20 for the treatment  
 and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with OSC such as  
 hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite

- 96 -

infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance, and diabetes.

27. The use of compounds according to any of claims 1 to 20 for the preparation of medicaments for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases which are associated with  
5 OSC such as hypercholesterolemia, hyperlipemia, arteriosclerosis, vascular diseases, mycoses, parasite infections, gallstones, tumors and/or hyperproliferative disorders, and/or treatment and/or prophylaxis of impaired glucose tolerance and diabetes.

28. The novel compounds, processes and methods as well as the use of such compounds substantially as described hereinbefore.