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#### **PCT**

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- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US):
  BIOPOLO S.C.A.R.L. [IT/IT]; Via Gaspare Gozzi,
  8, I- Milano (IT).
- (71) Applicant (for SD only): WHALLEY, Kevin [GB/GB]; 57-60 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London WC2A 3LS (GB).
- (72) Inventors; and
- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): PORRO, Danilo [IT/IT]; Via Lodorina, 8, I-22036 Erba (IT). SAUER, Michael [DE/AT]; Baumgarten 8, A-6841 Maeder (AT).
- (74) Agent: ABLEWHITE, Alan, James; Marks & Clerk, 57-60 Lincolns Inn Fields, London WC2A 3LS (GB).

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.



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#### (54) Title: ASCORBIC ACID PRODUCTION FROM YEASTS

(57) Abstract: Herein is disclosed a method of generating ascorbic acid from yeast. In one embodiment, the yeast is a *Zygosaccharomyces* or a *Kluyveromyces* spp. cultured in a medium comprising an ascorbic acid precursor. In a second embodiment the yeast is a recombinant yeast growing in a medium comprising an ascorbic acid precursor. Preferably the recombinant yeast is transformed with a coding region encoding an enzyme selected from L-galactose dehydrogenase (LGDH), l-galactono-1,4-lactone dehydrogenase (AGD), D-arabinose dehydrogenase (ARA), D-arabinono-1,4-lactone oxidase (ALO), L-gulono-1,4-lactone oxidase (GLO), and aldonolactonase (AL). The ascorbic acid precursor is preferably D-glucose, L-galactose, L-galactono-1,4-lactone, L-gulono-1,4-lactone, or L-gulonic acid. In another preferred embodiment the ascorbic acid is accumulated in the medium at levels greater than background. Preferably, the yeast is capable of converting about 25 % of the ascorbic acid precursor to L-ascorbic acid.

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A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C12P17/04 C12N1/19

C12N15/53

C12N15/55

//C12R1:865,

Relevant to claim No.

C12R1:645

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

#### B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Category °

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C12P C12N C12R

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages

EPO-Internal, BIOSIS, WPI Data

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χ Furt	her documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are listed	in annex.		
"A" docum consic "E" earlier filling o "L" docume which citatio "O" docum other "P" docum later t	ent defining the general state of the art which is not dered to be of particular relevance document but published on or after the international date ent which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another n or other special reason (as specified) ent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or means ent published prior to the international filing date but han the priority date claimed	"T" later document published after the interest or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or the invention  "X" document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered novel or cannor involve an inventive step when the document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered to involve an indocument is combined with one or ments, such combination being obvious the art.  "&" document member of the same patent	t with the application but or theory underlying the the claimed invention annot be considered to the document is taken alone the claimed invention an inventive step when the or more other such docupobvious to a person skilled atent family		
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Name and	mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2  NL – 2280 HV Rijswijk  Tel. (+31–70) 340–2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,  Fax: (+31–70) 340–3016	Authorized officer  Bucka, A			

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example 4 claim 21; example 4	7-14, 17-19, 24-50, 56,63, 66, 71-76, 78, 86-93, 95-113, 117-124, 126-131
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	L-galactonic acid gamma-lactone on ascorbate production in some yeasts."  ANTONIE VAN LEEUWENHOEK, vol. 71, no. 3, 1997, pages 277-280, XP002203000 ISSN: 0003-6072 the whole document  WO 98 50558 A (BAUW GUY JEROME CORNEEL; VLAAMS INTERUNIV INST BIOTECH (BE); OSTER) 12 November 1998 (1998-11-12) example 4 claim 21; example 4  claim 21; example 4  claim 21; example 4  LEE BYUNG-HOON ET AL: "Bacterial production of D-erythroascorbic acid and L-ascorbic acid through functional expression of Saccharomyces cerevisiae D-arabinono-1,4-lactone oxidase in Escherichia coli."  APPLIED AND ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY, vol. 65, no. 10, October 1999 (1999-10), pages 4685-4687, XP002192487 ISSN: 0099-2240 cited in the application the whole document

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ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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page 897, column 2 -page 899, column 1	7-15, 24-50, 57,58, 64,67, 68, 71-76, 80,83, 84, 87-93, 95-115, 120-124, 126-131
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page 9, line 9 - line 18; claims 1,50,51  KIM S-T ET AL: "D-Arabinose dehydrogenase and its gene from Saccharomyces cerevisiae"  BIOCHIMICA ET BIOPHYSICA ACTA. PROTEIN STRUCTURE AND MOLECULAR ENZYMOLOGY, ELSEVIER, AMSTERDAM,, NL, vol. 1429, no. 1,  8 December 1998 (1998-12-08), pages 29-39, XP004278563 ISSN: 0167-4838 cited in the application the whole document	7-14, 22-50, 52,58, 62,68, 71-76, 79,84, 87-113, 115, 120-131
	HUH W-K ET AL: "D-ERYTHROASCORBIC ACID IS AN IMPORTANT ANTIOXIDANT MOLECULE IN SACCHAROMYCES CEREVISIAE" MOLECULAR MICROBIOLOGY, BLACKWELL SCIENTIFIC, OXFORD, GB, vol. 30, no. 4, 1998, pages 895-903, XPO00870042 ISSN: 0950-382X cited in the application page 897, column 2 -page 899, column 1  WO 99 64618 A (DCV INC) 16 December 1999 (1999-12-16) cited in the application cited in the application  page 9, line 9 - line 18; claims 1,50,51  KIM S-T ET AL: "D-Arabinose dehydrogenase and its gene from Saccharomyces cerevisiae" BIOCHIMICA ET BIOPHYSICA ACTA. PROTEIN STRUCTURE AND MOLECULAR ENZYMOLOGY, ELSEVIER, AMSTERDAM,, NL, vol. 1429, no. 1, 8 December 1998 (1998-12-08), pages 29-39, XP004278563 ISSN: 0167-4838 cited in the application

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C.(Continu Category °	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages		Relevant to claim No.
Category	Challott of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages		Melevant to claim No.
Υ	KRASNOV ALEKSEI ET AL: "Expression of rat gene for L-gulono-gamma-lactone oxidase, the key enzyme of L-ascorbic acid biosynthesis, in guinea pig cells and in teleost fish rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)." BIOCHIMICA ET BIOPHYSICA ACTA, vol. 1381, no. 2, 23 July 1998 (1998-07-23), pages 241-248, XP002192489 ISSN: 0006-3002 the whole document		7-14,20, 24-50, 55,60, 65, 70-76, 81,85, 87-93, 95-113, 116, 120-124, 126-131
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International application No. PCT/GB 01/03485

Box I O	Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This Intern	ational Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. C C	claims Nos.: ecause they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
ı	
b	claims Nos.: ecause they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such n extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
	Claims Nos.: ecause they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II C	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This Intern	national Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
\$	see additional sheet
1. X A	as all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all earchable claims.
	As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3 A	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report sovers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4.	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is estricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark o	The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  X  No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

#### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

Invention 1: Claims: 1-6, 129 (all partially)

method for the production of ascorbic acid by the cultivation of a Kluyveromyces spp. yeast in a medium containing an ascorbic acid precursor

Invention 2: Claims 1-6, 129 (all partially)

method for the production of ascorbic acid by the cultivation of a Zygosaccharomyces spp. yeast in a medium containing an ascorbic acid precursor

Invention 3: Claims 7-14, 24-50, 71-76, 87-93, 95-113, 120-128, 130, 131 (all partially), 16, 51, 61, 77 (all completely)

method for the production of ascorbic acid by the cultivation of a yeast containing a heterologous gene encoding L-galactose dehydrogenase in a medium containing an ascorbic acid precursor

method for the production of ascorbic acid by the cultivation of a yeast containing a heterologous gene encoding D-arabinose dehydrogenase in a medium containing an ascorbic acid precursor

Invention 5: Claims 7-14, 24-50, 71-76, 87-93, 95-113, 120-128, 130, 131 (all partially), 17-19, 53, 56, 63, 66, 78, 86, 117-119 (all completely)

method for the production of ascorbic acid by the cultivation of a yeast containing a heterologous gene encoding L-galactono-1,4-lactone dehydrogenase in a medium containing an ascorbic acid precursor

Invention 6: Claims 7-14, 24-50, 71-76, 87-93, 95-113, 120-128, 130, 131 (all partially), 15, 54, 57, 58, 64, 67, 68, 80, 83, 84, 114, 115 (all completely)

#### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

method for the production of ascorbic acid by the cultivation of a yeast containing a heterologous gene encoding D-arabino-1,4-lactone oxidase in a medium containing an ascorbic acid precursor

Invention 7: Claims 7-14,  $24\frac{1}{1}50$ , 71-76, 87-93, 95-113, 120-128, 130, 131 (all partially), 20, 55, 65, 81, 85, 116 (all completely)

method for the production of ascorbic acid by the cultivation of a yeast containing a heterologous gene encoding L-gulono-1,4-lactone oxidase in a medium containing an ascorbic acid precursor

Invention 8: Claims 7-14, 24-50, 71-76, 87-93, 95-113, 120-128, 130, 131 (all partially), 21, 59, 60, 69, 70, 82 (all completely)

method for the production of ascorbic acid by the cultivation of a yeast containing a heterologous gene encoding aldonolactonase in a medium containing an ascorbic acid precursor

Information on patent family members

PCT/GB 01/03485

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