

(Model.)

W. RITZMANN.

CORSET.

No. 273,393.

Patented Mar. 6, 1883.

Fig. 1.

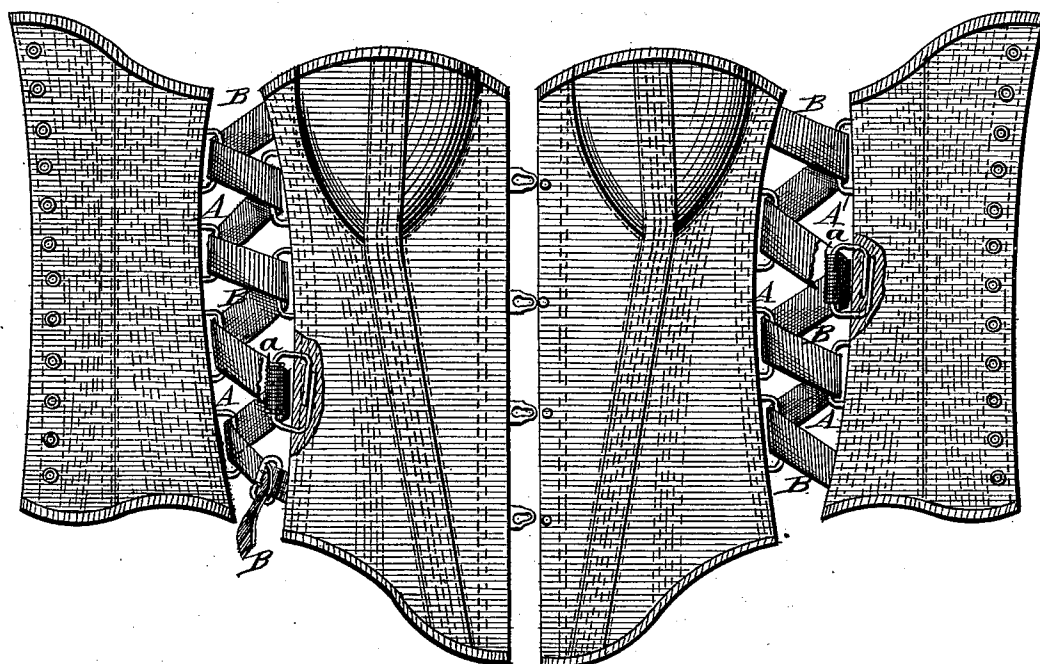
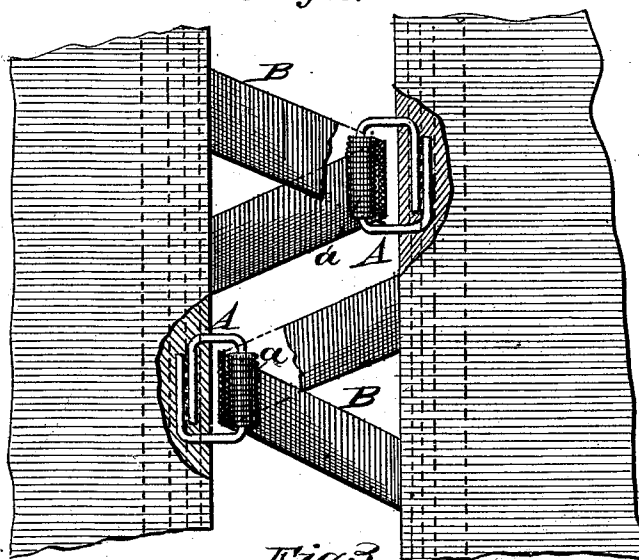


Fig. 2.



Witnesses.

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Fig. 3.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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CORSET.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 273,393, dated March 6, 1883.

Application filed August 26, 1882. (Model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM RITZMANN, a citizen of the United States, residing at Bridgeport, in the county of Fairfield and State of Connecticut, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Corsets, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings.

This invention consists in certain improvements in corsets, as will be hereinafter described and claimed.

In the drawings, Figure 1 represents a corset constructed according to my improvements. Fig. 2 represents a modified form of my invention. Fig. 3 is a detail view, in horizontal section, of my improvement.

The object of my invention is to provide a corset which will assure the wearer an elegant fit, combined with a natural readiness to yield to any desirable position, and to adjust itself, without the aid of the wearer, to the requirements of the form, the improvements being based upon special hygienic principles.

With this end in view, instead of joining the front and rear sections of the corsets together by the usual "inner arm" section, I attach at appropriate intervals to the side edges of each front and rear section guiding-loops A, which are constructed from the best steel wire. Each loop A is encircled at its front part by a flexible tube, *a*, made of close-coiled wire, which is loosely mounted thereon, so as to be capable of easy rotation, and will retain its operativeness even if, in course of wearing, the loop should bend. These guiding-loops are each separately secured to the edge of the fabric by simply sewing or attaching them thereon. They are secured in the manner shown in the drawings—viz., by inserting their rear portions between the two inner faces of the body, and then stitching the fabric down in the usual way. By this means the stitching will securely hold the loops in position and prevent their withdrawal at any time until the edge-stitching is cut or drawn out. It will be observed on reference to the drawings that these loops present a very neat appearance, without any bulging or projecting portions on either side of the fabric.

B represents an elastic belt or band, which

is secured at one end, by sewing or otherwise, directly to the corset-body. It is then passed through the nearest guiding-loop, and from thence laced or threaded in a diagonal line to the loop next adjacent. Any number of these loops may be employed in each corset as found desirable, and while I prefer to thread or lace the elastic belt or band B continuously through said loops in a diagonal line from the top to the bottom of the corset, and secure the lower end of said belt to the corset-body, as shown in Fig. 1 of the drawings, still said belt or band may consist of shorter strips or sections, and may be passed diagonally through simply two or any number less than the whole of said loops, and the ends of said strips or sections secured directly to the corset-body, as shown in Fig. 2 of the drawings. The belt or band B, fastened to the corset in the manner shown, will very readily adjust itself to the form of the wearer, the flexible tubes permitting the belt to work smoothly over or around it, thus allowing the belt to readily adjust itself to that part of the corset where the most strain is. All wearers of corsets know that to break in or adjust a new corset to conform to the shape of the wearer is quite a task and often very hurtful; but my invention will entirely do away with this painful operation. Another feature of my invention is the ventilating of that portion of the body (that is, under the arm) where perspiration is most produced; and still another advantage secured is the preventing of the breaking of the whalebone or other stiffening material, which is quite an object to the wearer, as by my improvements an increased flexibility of the parts is secured.

I am aware that elastic pieces have been inserted in corsets to produce a similar effect; but the practice has been to cut off pieces of a web from two to three inches wide, and insert the same in the fabric. These will very soon wear out, and the rubber is very apt either to slip or break; but by using, according to my invention, one continuous strip or belt, these objectionable features are avoided.

I am also aware that corsets have been constructed with a continuous busk or strip of metal at each edge of the lacing-sections, such busks having riveted thereto, on either side,

horizontal strips of metal, between which sheaves or rollers are journaled to receive a lacing-cord, which passes diagonally from top to bottom of the corset; and I am also further
5 aware that other corsets have been constructed with strips of corrugated metal wire bent to form loops, through which the cord passes diagonally, said wire extending in a continuous line from top to bottom of the corset. By my
10 arrangement the elastic belt or band practically itself forms an elastic section which unites the front and back sections of a corset and renders the corset adjustable and adaptable to the shape or form of the wearer, thereby admitting of corsets constructed according to my
15 invention being worn by persons of every variety of form or shape, and also admitting of the freer contortional movements of the wearer than would be possible with safety to the corset were an elastic band or section similar to that herein described not employed.

Where a continuous strip of elastic material is used in lieu of attaching the lower end directly to the fabric, I attach a buckle thereto
25 and secure it by a short strap on the adjacent part of the corset, or attach the buckle to the corset and secure the lower end of the belt thereto. By this means the elastic band or belt can be readily shortened or loosened, as
30 it is desired to tighten the belt to take up

wear, or loosen it for the purpose of securing increased ventilation or for other reasons.

It will be readily seen that by this arrangement corsets constructed as herein shown and described will more readily adjust themselves
35 to the different forms of the wearers and allow of their free and easy movements without endangering the shape or stability of the corset than would be the case were the edge of each section furnished with a rigid busk or wire extending continuously from the top to the bottom thereof.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim is—

1. In a corset, the guiding-loops A, having
45 coiled wire tubes *a*, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

2. A corset having loops A, each having a flexible wire tube, *a*, and secured directly and independently to the side edges of each front
50 and rear section, and the elastic belt or band B, extended in a diagonal line between the said sections and through said loops, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in
55 presence of two witnesses.

WILLIAM RITZMANN.

Witnesses:

ELI MIX,

J. H. SMITH.