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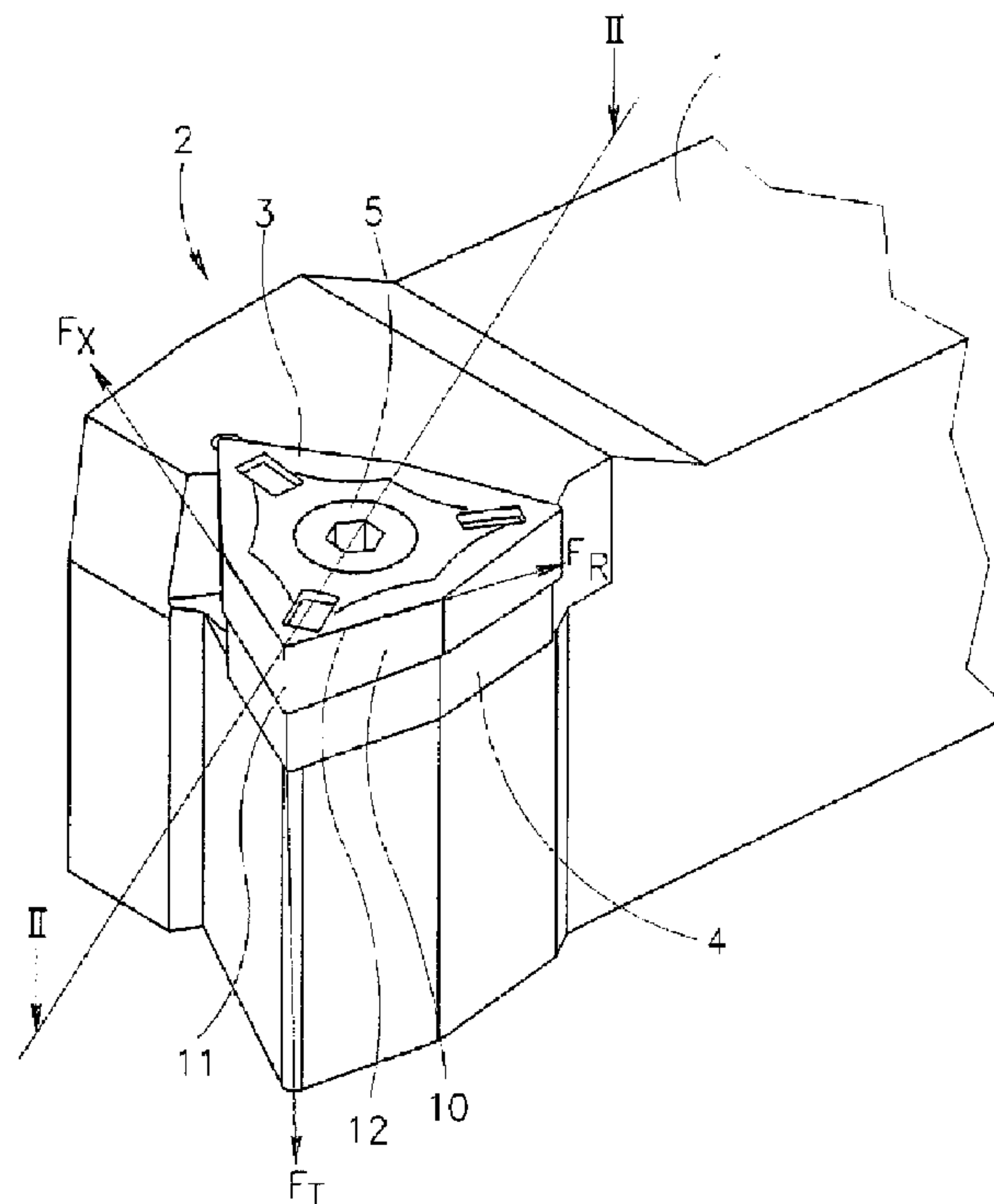
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(54) Titre : PORTE-OUTIL A SIEGE RAINURE

(54) Title: TOOL HOLDER HAVING A GROOVED SEAT



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

A cutting tool assembly comprising a tool holder formed with an insert retaining pocket having a pocket base wall and in which is releasably mounted a cutting insert and a shim. The cutting insert is of a substantially prismatic shape having an upper surface, a lower surface and side relief flank surfaces and at least one cutting corner defined therebetween and presenting at least one cutting edge formed by the intersection of the upper surface and a corresponding number of the side relief surfaces adjacent thereto. The shim generally correspondes in shape and size to the cutting insert, the insert and the shim being releasably mounted in the pocket by clamping means so that an upper supporting surface of the shim supports the lower surface of the cutting insert and a lower bearing surface of the shim bears against the pocket base wall, at least a portion of the shim's lower bearing surface being formed, substantially in the region supporting the cutting corner, with a pattern of protrusions adapted to indent the pocket base wall.



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ABSTRACT

A cutting tool assembly comprising a tool holder formed with an insert retaining pocket having a pocket base wall and in which is releasably mounted a cutting insert and a shim. The cutting insert is of a substantially prismatic shape having an upper surface, a lower surface and side relief flank surfaces and at least one cutting corner defined therebetween and presenting at least one cutting edge formed by the intersection of the upper surface and a corresponding number of the side relief surfaces adjacent thereto. The shim generally corresponds in shape and size to the cutting insert, the insert and the shim being releasably mounted in the pocket by clamping means so that an upper supporting surface of the shim supports the lower surface of the cutting insert and a lower bearing surface of the shim bears against the pocket base wall, at least a portion of the shim's lower bearing surface being formed, substantially in the region supporting the cutting corner, with a pattern of protrusions adapted to indent the pocket base wall.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to chip cutting tool assemblies and, in particular, to cutting tool assemblies having replaceable cutting inserts for use, for example, in milling, drilling, boring, parting, grooving or
5 turning operations.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The cutting tool assembly of the kind to which the present invention applies comprises a tool holder formed with an insert retaining
10 pocket and a cutting insert located therewithin so as to present an operative cutting corner and associated cutting edges. The cutting insert has a lower surface for bearing against the pocket's base wall either directly or indirectly via a correspondingly shaped and sized shim. A shim is typically prepared from a material harder than that from which
15 a tool holder is prepared. As such, its use is preferable because it acts to absorb cutting forces, particularly the tangential component thereof, acting on an insert's operative cutting corner, thereby preventing damage to a relatively expensive tool holder. Mostly, the shim is independently secured into the retaining pocket by holding means such as split tubular
20 pins, threaded sleeves, and the like whilst the cutting insert is secured therein by holding means such as locking screws, central locking pins, levers, wedges, clamps, and the like.

For the purpose of accurate positioning of a shim on a pocket's base wall and increasing the area of contact therebetween and with the

cutting insert, it is common practice to grind the shim's upper and lower surfaces. In theory, this practice is designed to prevent the plastic deformation occurring at the front portion of a pocket's base wall supporting an insert's operative cutting corner as caused by the
5 considerable bending moment thereon as applied by a cutting forces' tangential component. However, in practice, even the slightest deformation occurring at the front portion of a tool holder's pocket base wall leads to an unstable seating of a shim which, in turn, leads to vibrations during machining operations. As such, a shim can no longer
10 act effectively as an absorbing cushion and the tool holder body is rendered of no further use.

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a new chip cutting tool assembly comprising a cutting insert and preferably a shim in which means are provided for substantially reducing or
15 avoiding the above-referred disadvantage.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with the teachings of one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a cutting tool assembly comprising:

- 20 (a) a tool holder formed with an insert retaining pocket having a pocket base wall;
- (b) a cutting insert of a substantially prismatic shape having an upper surface, a lower surface, side relief flank surfaces and at least one cutting corner defined
25 therebetween and presenting at least one cutting edge formed by the intersection of said upper surface and a corresponding number of said side relief surfaces adjacent thereto; and
- (c) a shim generally corresponding in shape and size to said
30 cutting insert, said cutting insert and said shim being releasably mounted in said pocket by clamping means so that an upper supporting surface of said shim supports

5 said lower surface of said cutting insert and a lower bearing surface of said shim bears against said pocket base wall, at least a portion of said shim's lower bearing surface being formed, substantially in the region supporting said cutting corner, with a pattern of protrusions adapted to indent said pocket base wall.

10 In the cutting tool assembly designed in accordance with the teachings of the present invention, the tangential component of the cutting forces acting upon the cutting corner during machining operations causes the pattern of protrusions formed in the shim's lower bearing surface to indent the pocket's base wall. This arrangement has the beneficial effect of distributing the cutting forces' tangential component over a greater proportion of the pocket's base wall than as hitherto occurred, thereby effectively reducing stress on the pocket's base wall and
15 eliminating the plastic deformation of its front portion as described hereinabove. Furthermore, the indentations once embedded in a pocket's base wall act to prevent any movement of the shim with respect to the insert receiving pocket, thereby providing a more stable seating of the shim. Thus, the teachings of the present invention utilize the cutting
20 forces prevailing during a machining operation to its benefit.

 The cutting insert used in the cutting tool assembly according to the present invention may be single- or double-sided. In both cases, the cutting insert's lower surface adjacent to its cutting corner is preferably formed with a recess whilst the shim's upper supporting surface is formed
25 with an upward projection having tapering side walls for insertion thereinto. Engagement between the shim and the cutting insert takes place along the projection's tapering side walls and acts so as to inhibit displacement of the cutting insert relative to the shim by the action of the radial and feed force components of the cutting force during a machining
30 operation.

 In an alternative arrangement, particularly suitable for single-sided cutting inserts, a cutting insert's lower surface adjacent its cutting

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corner is provided with a downward projection for insertion into a recess provided on a shim's upper surface. Furthermore, in the case of double-sided cutting inserts, it is preferable that the engagement between a cutting insert and a shim is such that a cutting insert's inoperative lower cutting edges are elevated above its supporting shim to protect the same as proposed in WO9415741A1.

10 In accordance with another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a shim for use in a cutting tool assembly comprising a replaceable cutting insert having at least one cutting corner, the shim being of a shape and a size generally corresponding to those of said cutting insert, said shim having an upper surface for supporting the cutting insert, a lower bearing surface for bearing against a base wall of an insert receiving pocket of a tool holder of the cutting tool assembly and a shim corner adapted to support said cutting corner, at least a portion of said shim's lower bearing surface being formed, substantially in the region of said shim corner, with a pattern of protrusions adapted to indent said pocket base wall.

20 A cutting tool assembly according to the present invention may also be used without a shim. Thus, in accordance with a further aspect of the present invention, there is provided a cutting insert for use in a cutting tool assembly comprising a tool holder, the tool holder having an insert receiving pocket with a pocket base wall, the cutting insert having an upper surface, a lower surface and side relief flank surfaces and at least one cutting corner defined therebetween and presenting at least one cutting edge formed by the intersection between said upper surface and a corresponding number of said side relief surfaces adjacent thereto, said lower surface being adapted to bear against said pocket base wall and being formed, at least substantially in the region of said cutting corner, with a pattern of protrusions adapted to indent said pocket base wall.

Preferably, the cutting insert designed for use according to all the above aspects of the present invention has a plurality of cutting

corners indexable into an operative position, thereby presenting successive operative cutting edges. As such, the cutting insert can be fashioned so as to be of any conventional shape including, but not limited to, a trigon shape, a parallelogram shape, and the like.

5

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a better understanding of the present invention and to show how the same can be carried out in practice, by way of non-limiting example, reference will now be made to the accompanying drawings in which:

10

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a turning toolholder assembly of the kind to which the present invention refers including a double-sided cutting insert and showing the components of the cutting force acting upon its operative cutting corner during a machining operation;

15

Fig. 2 is a cross-sectional view of the turning toolholder assembly shown in Figure 1 as taken along line II-II;

Fig. 3 is a close-up cross sectional view of the engagement between the shim and the cutting insert of the turning toolholder assembly shown in Figure 2 as taken along line III-III;

20

Fig. 4 is a perspective view of a preferred embodiment of a shim in accordance with the teachings of the present invention used in the turning toolholder assembly shown in Figure 1;

Fig. 5 is a perspective bottom view of the shim shown in Figure 4;

25

Fig. 6 is a close-up view of a portion of the lower bearing surface designated A of the shim as shown in Figure 5;

Fig. 7 is a cross-sectional view of the shim as shown in Figure 5 taken along a line VII-VII;

Fig. 8 is an enlarged cross-sectional view of a portion designated B of the turning toolholder assembly as shown in Figure 2;

30

Fig. 9 is a perspective view of an indented pocket base wall of a tool holder after use and with the shim and the cutting insert removed;

Figs. 10 and 11 are, respectively, a perspective view of a tool holder with a conventional shim and an enlarged cross-sectional view of an area C thereof showing a plastic deformation of the pocket base wall; and

5 Figs. 12 and 13 are, respectively, a perspective view and a cross-sectional view of a cutting tool assembly including a single-sided cutting insert in accordance with the teachings of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

10 Figures 1 and 2 show a cutting tool assembly of the kind to which the present invention refers comprising a tool holder 1 formed with an insert retaining pocket 2 defined by a pocket base wall 2A and a pocket side wall 2B, a replaceable double-sided cutting insert 3 and a shim 4. The cutting insert 3 and the shim 4 are clampingly retained
15 within the pocket 2 by means of a clamping screw 5.

The cutting insert 3 is of a substantially prismatic shape having an upper surface 8, a lower bearing surface 9 and side relief flank surfaces 10 and cutting corners 11 defined therebetween. The cutting insert 3 is symmetrical about an axis 3' and indexable
20 thereabout so as to present an operative cutting edge 12. Whilst the cutting insert 3 is double-sided, it should, however, be readily appreciated that a cutting tool assembly of the type to which the present invention refers may equally employ a single-sided cutting insert.

As best seen in Figures 4 and 5, the shim 4 is of a generally
25 prismatic shape having an upper supporting surface 13, a lower bearing surface 15 and side surfaces 16, pairs of adjacent side surfaces 16 meeting at corners 17 corresponding to respective cutting corners 11. The shim 4 is symmetrical about an axis 4', is of a shape generally corresponding to that of the cutting insert 3 and is of a size slightly
30 smaller than that of the cutting insert 3. The shim's upper supporting surface 13 and lower bearing surface 15 are preferably planar ground or lapped.

As best seen in Figures 2, 3 and 4, the shim's upper supporting surface 13 is formed with projections 18 having tapering side walls 18A which are adapted to abut against side walls 19A of recesses 19 provided on the cutting insert's lower bearing surface 9 so as to inhibit displacement of the cutting insert 3 relative to the shim 4 due to radial and feed component forces acting during a turning operation.

As shown in Figure 5, the shim's lower bearing surface 15 is formed with a pattern of protrusions, generally designated 20, divided by substantially radially extending recessed portions 22 directed towards midpoints along the shim's side surfaces 16 so as to create regions of protrusions 23 at each of the shim's corners 17. The recessed portions 22 are designed to achieve better contact between the shim's lower bearing surface 15 and the pocket base wall 2A occurs at three relatively far apart spaced apart contact areas, thereby ensuring the more stable seating of the shim 4 within the insert receiving pocket 2.

As also shown in Figure 5, each region of protrusions 23 is formed by the intersection between a first array of substantially straight grooves 24 deployed parallel to a bisector 25 of a shim corner 17 and a second array of curved grooves 26 deployed radially with respect to the shim's axis 4'. Thus, as best seen in Figure 6, each protrusion 27 is, in effect, the remaining generally pyramidal shaped, protruding cusp formed at the intersection of two pairs of transversely directed, adjacent spaced apart grooves. Preferably, as best seen in Figure 7, the grooves have a concave profile by virtue of which the protrusions 27 are rendered their tapered configuration. Whilst there are no strict requirements regarding the pitch of each array of grooves 24 and 26 or the depth of the grooves of each array of grooves 24 and 26, it should be noted that the upper surfaces of the protrusions 27 are required to be of a sufficiently small area that they readily penetrate the base wall 2A.

Reverting back to Figure 1, the tangential component F_T of the cutting forces acting upon the operative cutting edge 12 during a turning operation causes the protrusions 27 to penetrate the base wall 2A, as

facilitated by their tapered configuration, as shown in Figure 8 so as to render the appearance shown in Figure 9 at those areas against which the three regions of protrusions 23 bear against. The penetration into the base wall 2A by the protrusions 27 provides for the distribution of the tangential component F_T of the cutting force over a large contact area, thereby decreasing local stresses and inhibiting the localization of plastic deformation at the area of the pocket base wall adjacent to the operative cutting corner such as shown in Figure 11 as hitherto occurred in the case of conventional shims 29. At the same time, the engagement between the contacting surfaces of the shim 3 and the base wall 2A inhibits displacement of the shim 4 relative to the base wall 2A by means of frictional forces induced in the protrusions 27 reacting against the radial component F_R and the feed force component F_X of the cutting forces. Therefore, the combined effect of the penetration of the base wall 2A by the protrusions 27 is the stable seating of the shim 4 in the insert receiving pocket 2. Finally, the secure mounting of the cutting insert 3 on the shim 4 is achieved by the provision of their mutual engagement means as described hereinabove.

While the invention has been described with respect to a limited number of embodiments, it will be appreciated that many variations, modifications and other applications of the invention can be made by those ordinarily skilled in the art.

Thus, for example, as shown in Figures 12 and 13, a cutting tool assembly of the type to which the present invention refers may be used without a shim when a single-sided cutting insert 30 is provided with a lower bearing surface 31 similar to that of the shim's lower bearing surface 15.

In addition, the pattern of protrusions 20 can be over an entire shim's lower bearing surface or, alternatively, a shim's lower bearing surface can be formed with only one such region of protrusions 23 which is then positioned so as to support the insert's operative cutting corner.

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It should also be mentioned that the pattern of protrusions must not necessarily be formed by the intersection between two pairs of transversely directed, adjacent spaced apart grooves but may rather comprise a plurality of protrusions of any other suitable configuration.

CLAIMS:

1. A cutting tool assembly comprising:
 - (a) a tool holder formed with an insert retaining pocket initially having a substantially smooth and planar pocket base wall;
 - (b) a cutting insert of a substantially prismatic shape having an upper surface, a lower surface and side relief flank surfaces and at least one cutting corner defined therebetween and presenting at least one cutting edge formed by the intersection of said upper surface and a corresponding number of said side relief surfaces adjacent thereto; and
 - (c) a shim generally corresponding in shape and size to said cutting insert and being of a material substantially harder than said tool holder, said insert and said shim being releasably mounted in said pocket by clamping means so that an upper supporting surface of said shim supports said lower surface of said cutting insert and a lower bearing surface of said shim bears against said pocket base wall, at least a portion of said shim's lower bearing surface being formed, substantially in the region supporting said cutting corner, with a pattern of protrusions adapted to indent said pocket base wall.
2. An assembly according to Claim 1 wherein said pattern of protrusions is divided into at least two regions of protrusions by at least one recess.
3. An assembly according to Claim 1 wherein at least the region of said cutting insert's lower surface adjacent said cutting corner is locally supported.
4. An assembly according to Claim 3 wherein at least the region of said shim's upper supporting surface supporting said cutting corner is formed with a projection adapted to be received within a corresponding recess formed in said cutting insert's lower surface adjacent to said at least one cutting corner.
5. An assembly according to Claim 4 wherein said cutting insert is single-sided.

6. An assembly according to Claim 4 wherein said cutting insert is double-sided.
7. An assembly according to Claim 1 wherein said cutting insert has a plurality of cutting corners indexable into an operative position, thereby presenting successive operative cutting edges.
8. An assembly according to Claim 7 wherein said cutting insert is substantially trigon-shaped.
9. An assembly according to Claim 7 wherein said cutting insert is substantially parallelogram-shaped.
10. A shim for use in a cutting tool assembly comprising a replaceable cutting insert having at least one cutting corner, the shim being of a shape and a size generally corresponding to those of said cutting insert, the shim having an upper supporting surface for supporting the cutting insert, a lower bearing surface for bearing against an initially substantially smooth and planar pocket base wall of an insert receiving pocket of a tool holder of the cutting tool assembly and a shim corner adapted to support said cutting corner, the shim being of a material substantially harder than said tool holder and at least a portion of said lower bearing surface being formed, substantially in the region of said shim corner, with a pattern of protrusions adapted to indent said pocket base wall.
11. A shim according to Claim 10 wherein said pattern of protrusions is divided into at least two regions of protrusions by at least one recess.
12. A shim according to Claim 10 wherein at least the region of said shim's upper surface is formed with support means for providing local support to said cutting insert's lower surface adjacent to said at least one cutting corner.
13. A shim according to Claim 12 wherein said support means is a projection adapted to be received within a corresponding recess formed in said cutting insert's lower surface adjacent to said at least one cutting corner.

14. A single-sided cutting insert for use in a cutting tool assembly comprising a tool holder having an insert receiving pocket initially having a substantially smooth and planar pocket base wall, the cutting insert being of a material substantially harder than said tool holder and having an upper surface, a lower surface and side relief flank surfaces and at least one cutting corner defined therebetween and presenting at least one cutting edge formed by the intersection between said upper surface and a corresponding number of said side relief surfaces adjacent thereto, said lower surface being adapted to bear against said pocket base wall and being formed, at least substantially in the region of said cutting corner, with a pattern of protrusions adapted to indent said pocket base wall.
15. A cutting insert according to Claim 14 wherein said pattern of protrusions is divided into at least two regions of protrusions by at least one recess.
16. A cutting insert according to Claim 14 wherein said cutting insert has a plurality of cutting corners indexable into an operative position, thereby presenting successive operative cutting edges.
17. A cutting insert according to Claim 16 wherein said cutting insert is substantially trigon-shaped.
18. A cutting insert according to Claim 16 wherein said cutting insert is substantially parallelogram-shaped.

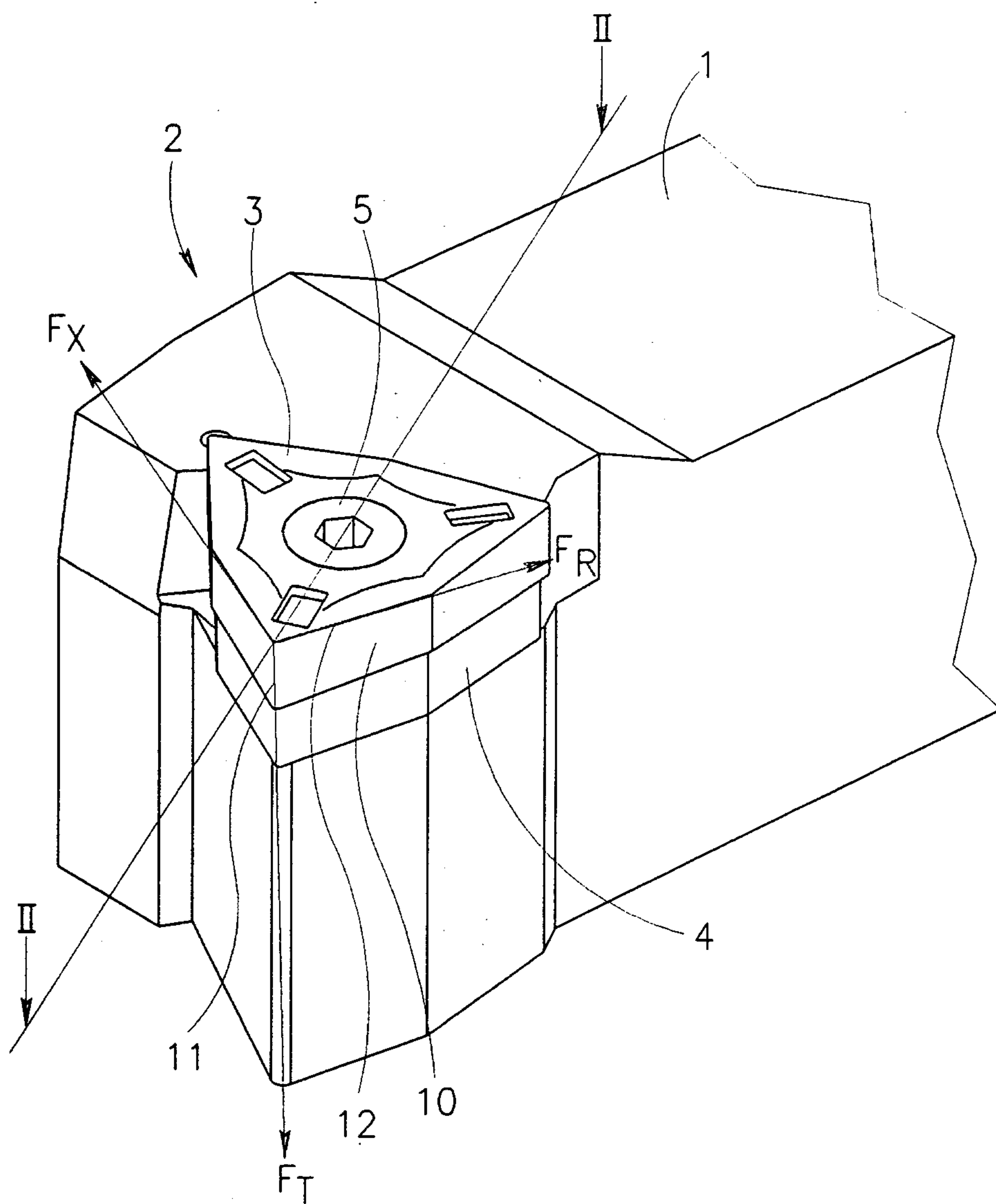


FIG. 1

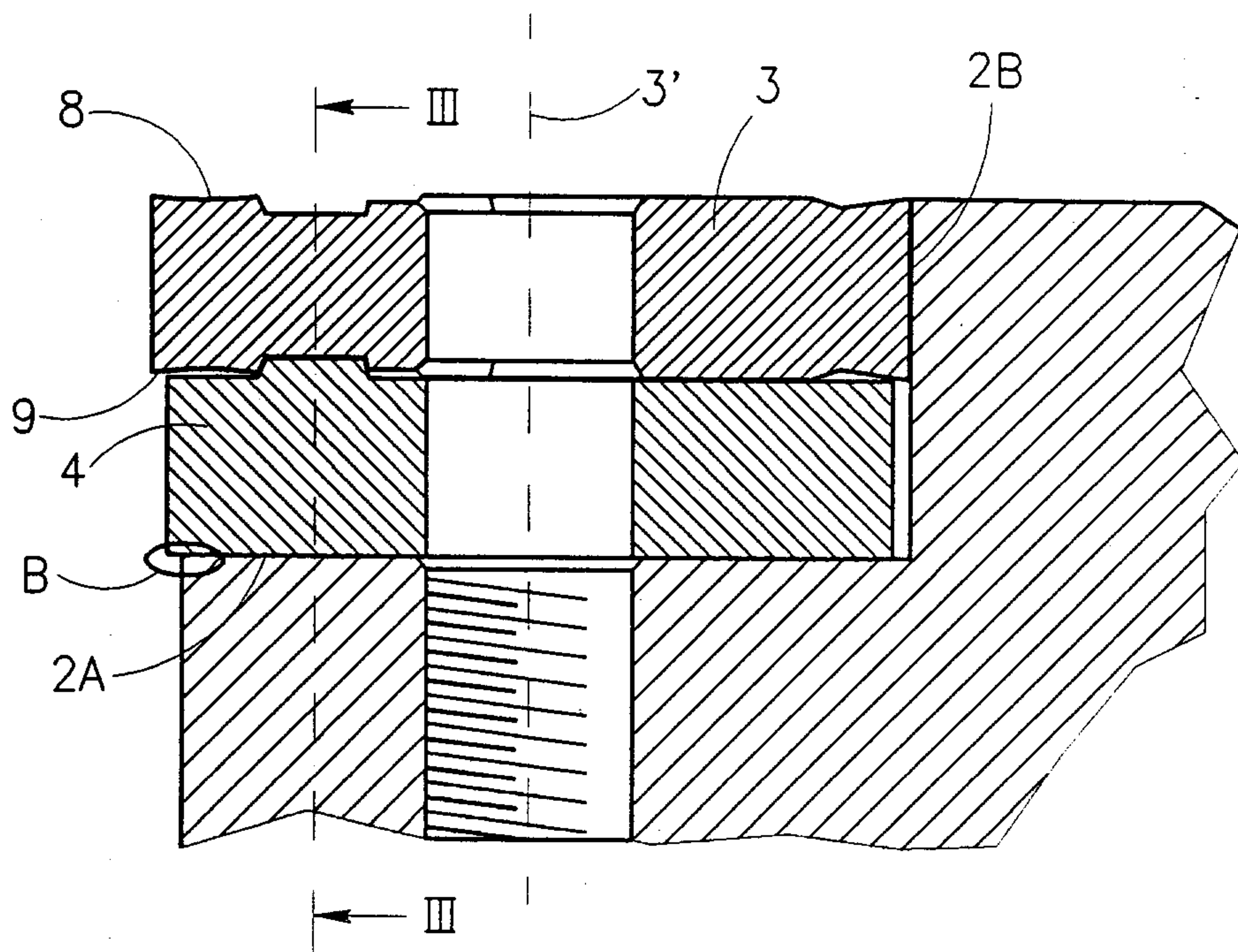


FIG. 2

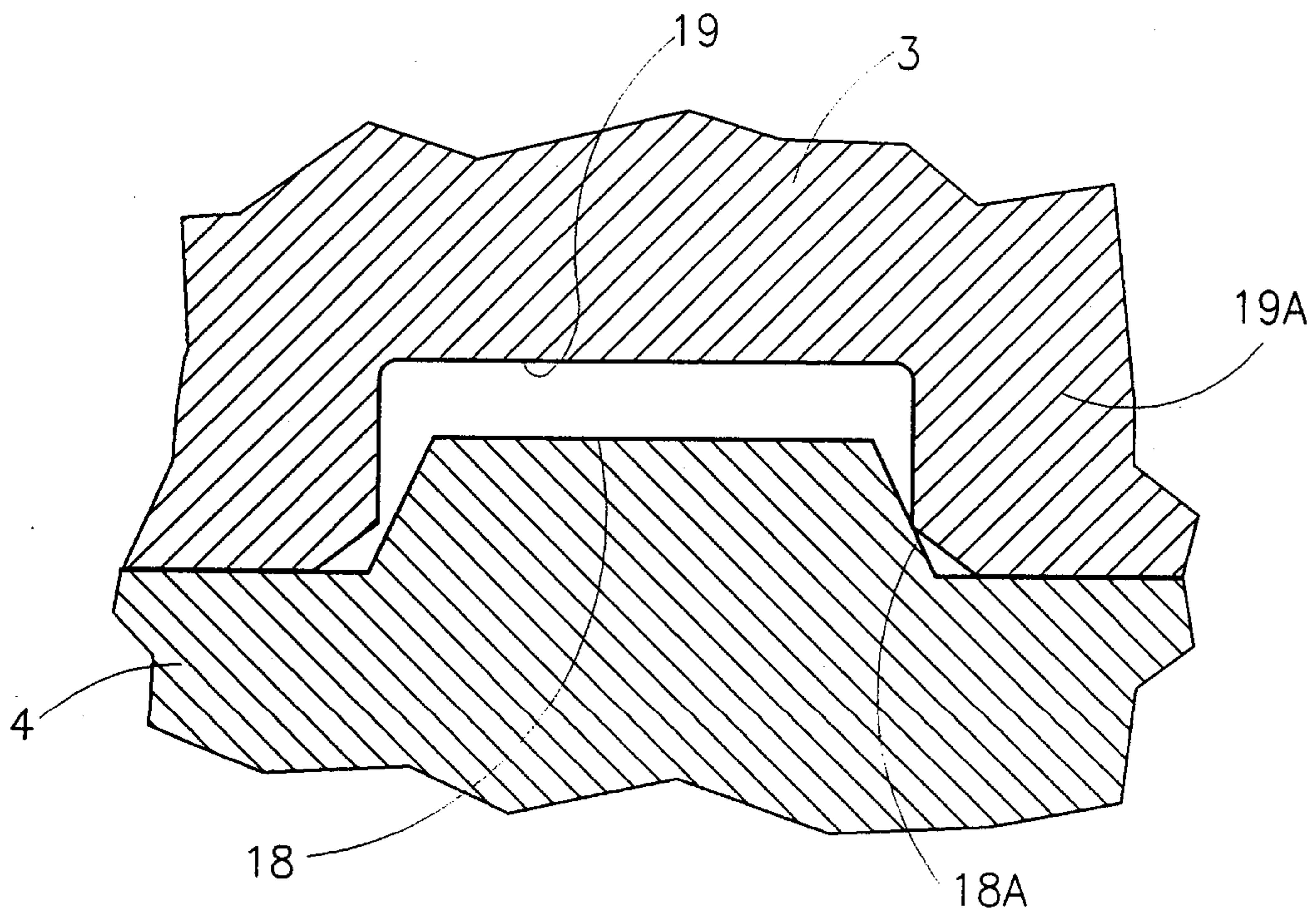
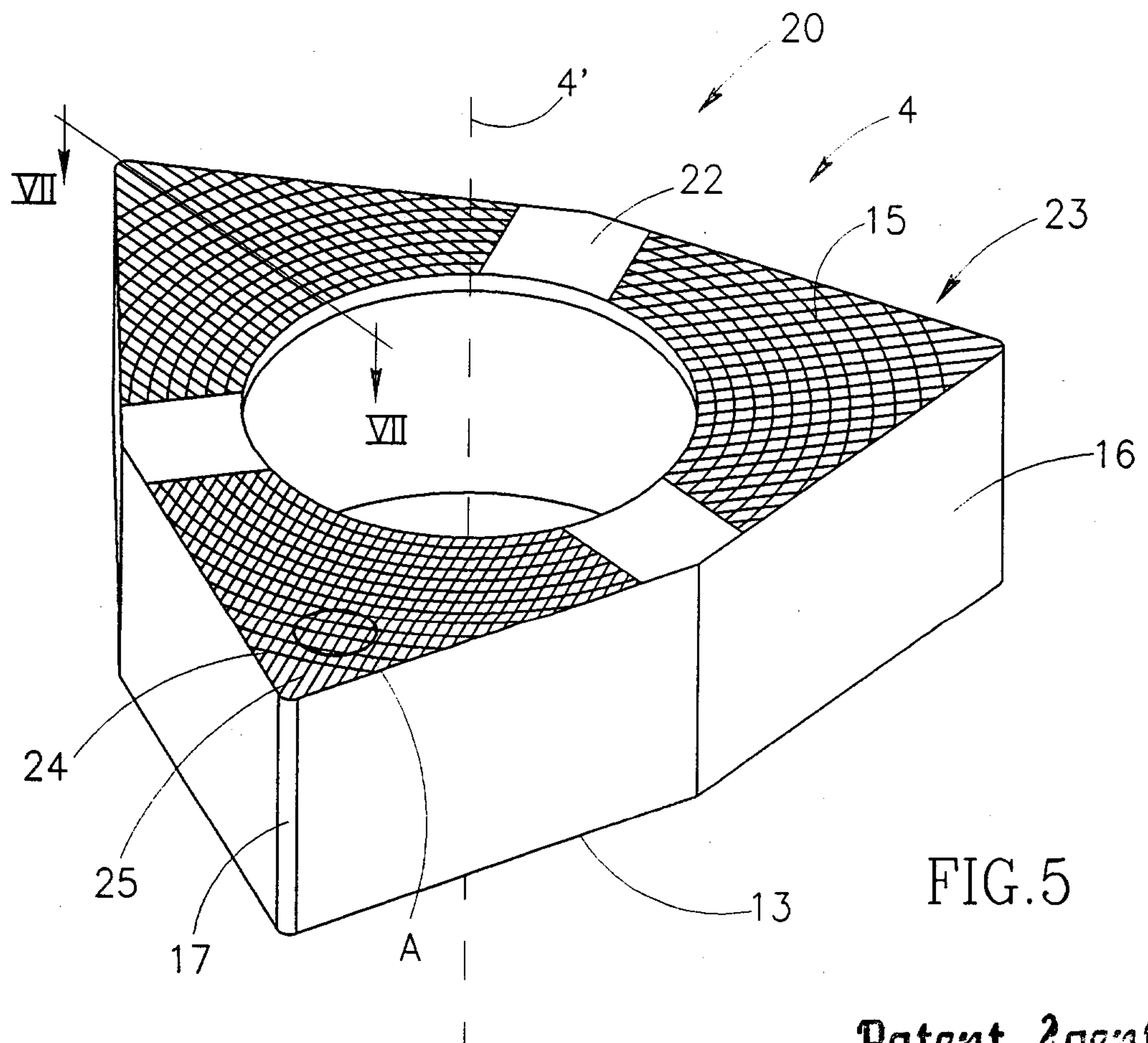
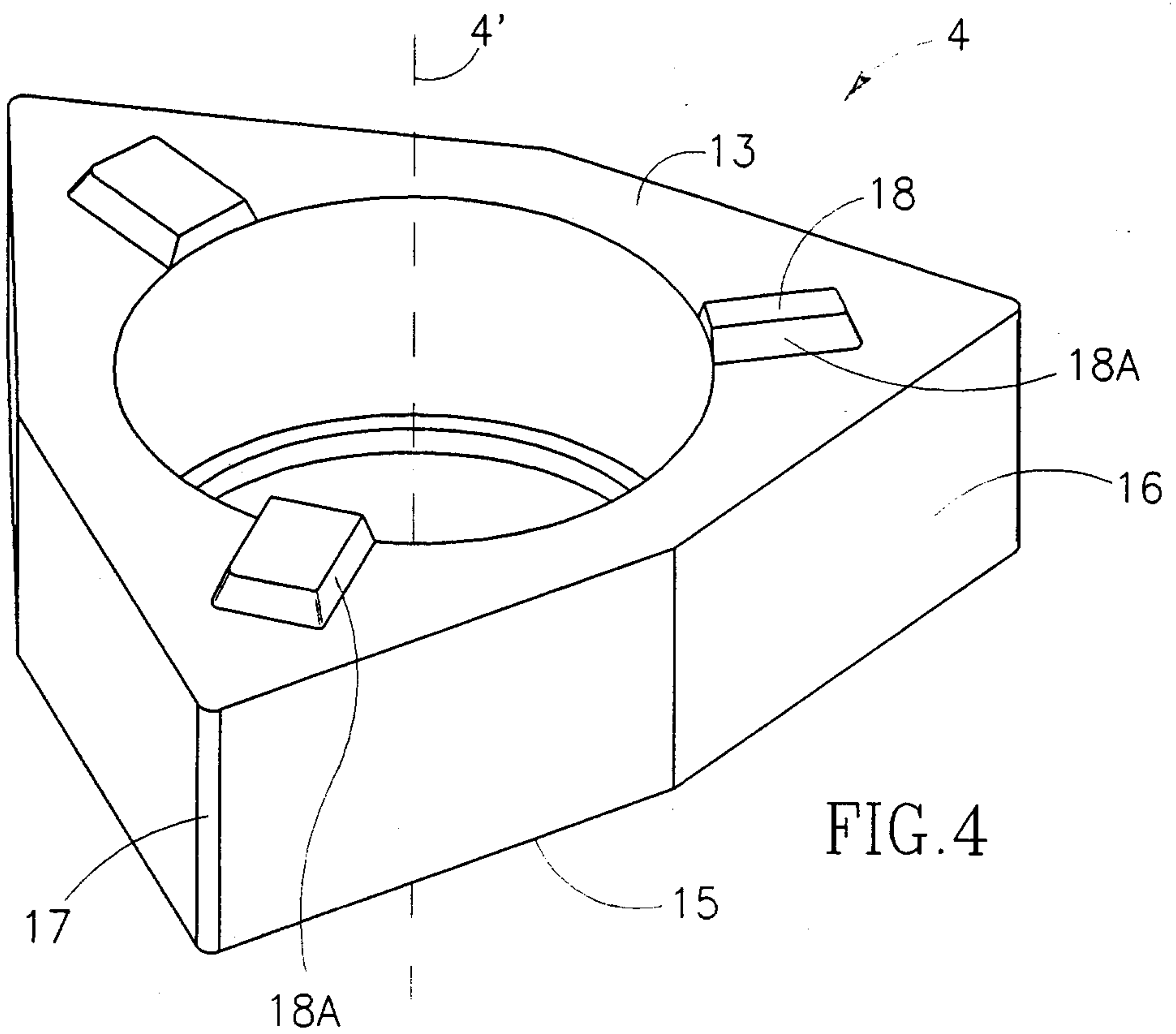
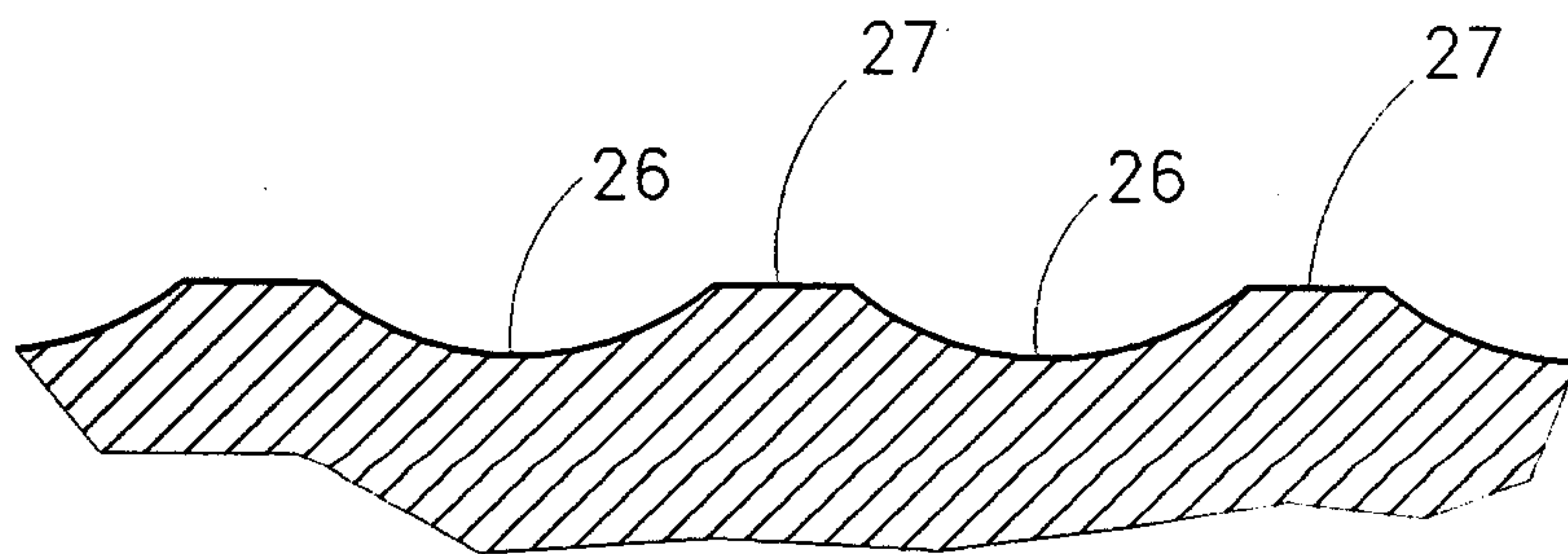
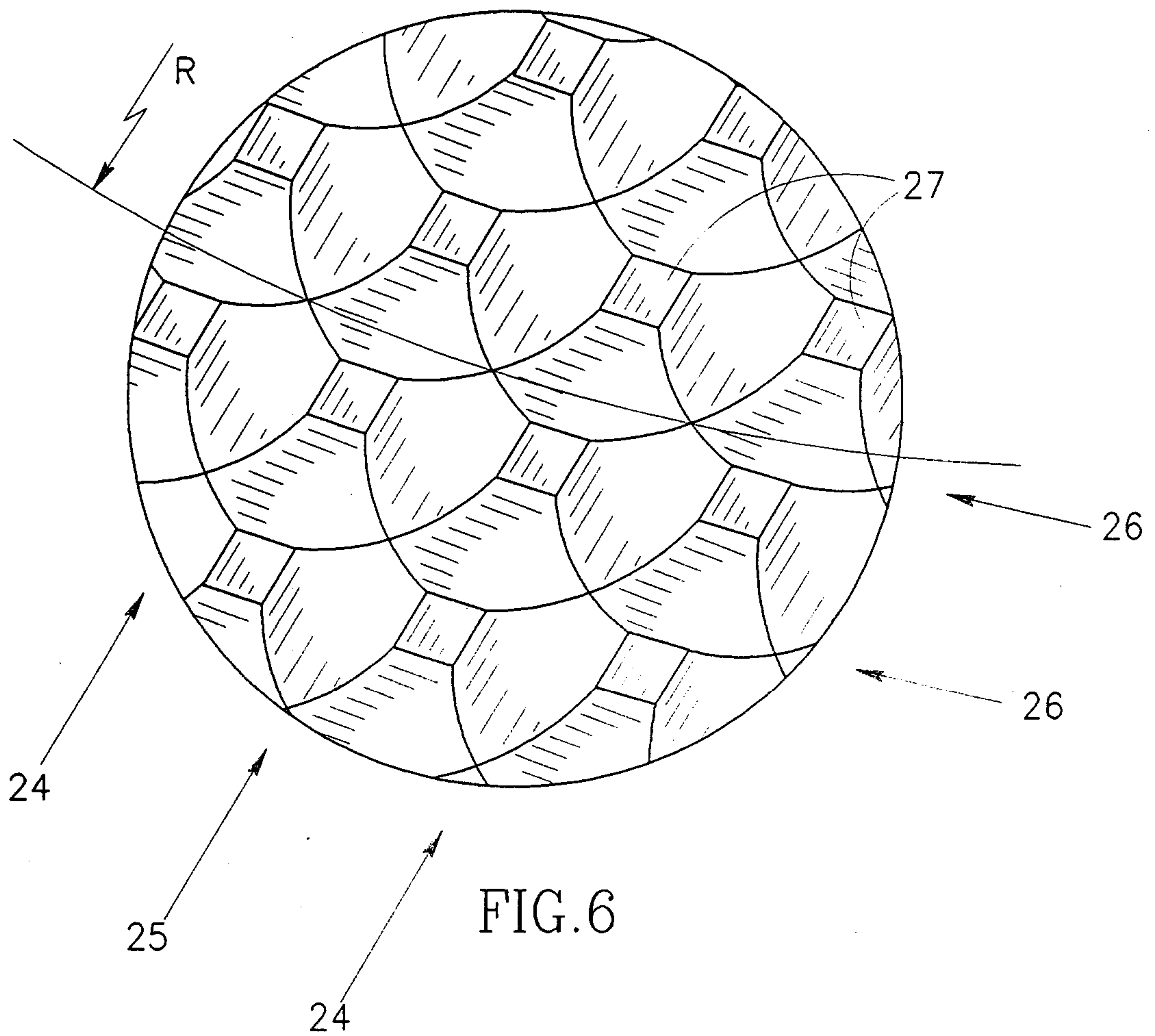


FIG. 3



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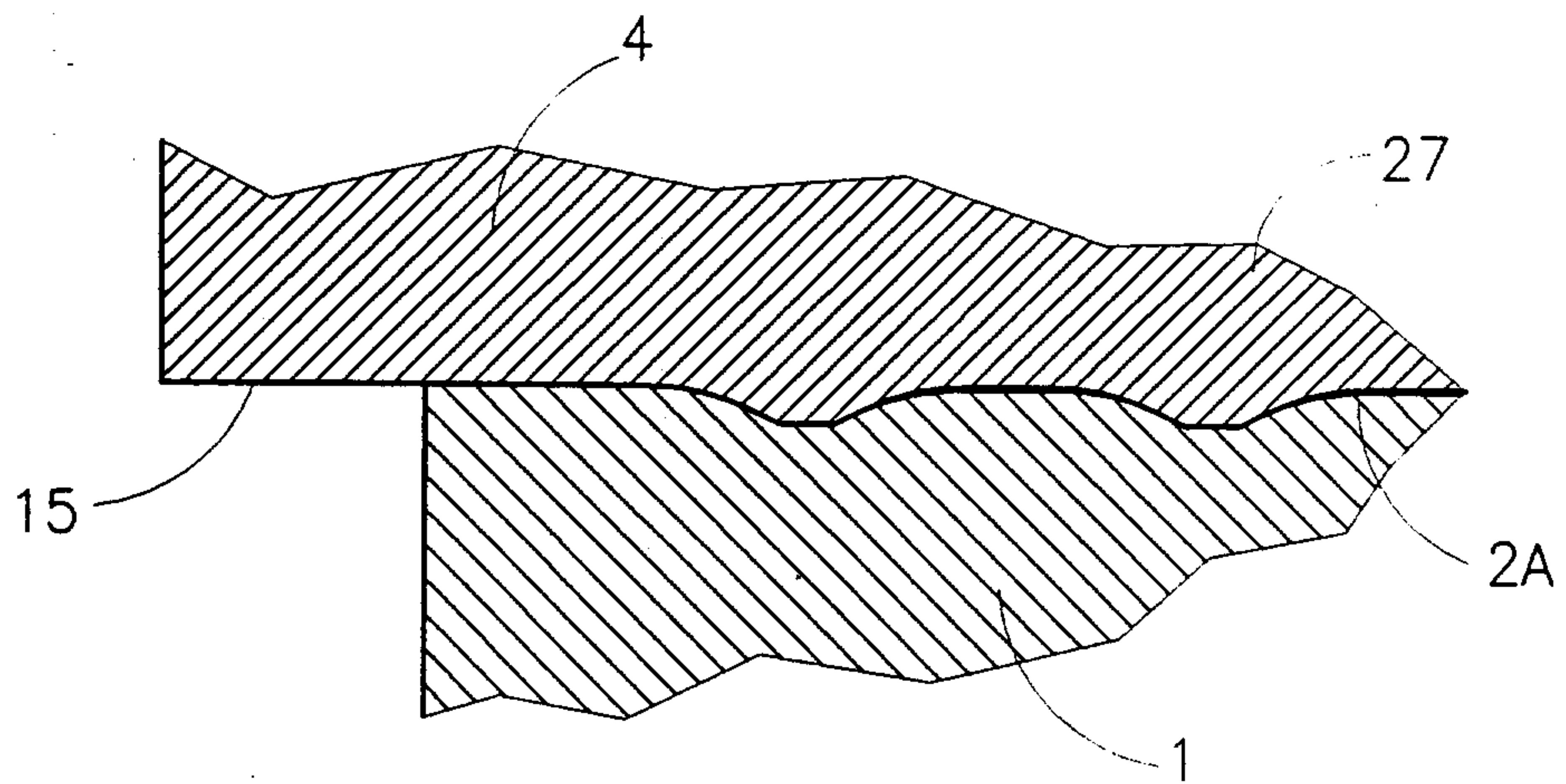


FIG. 8

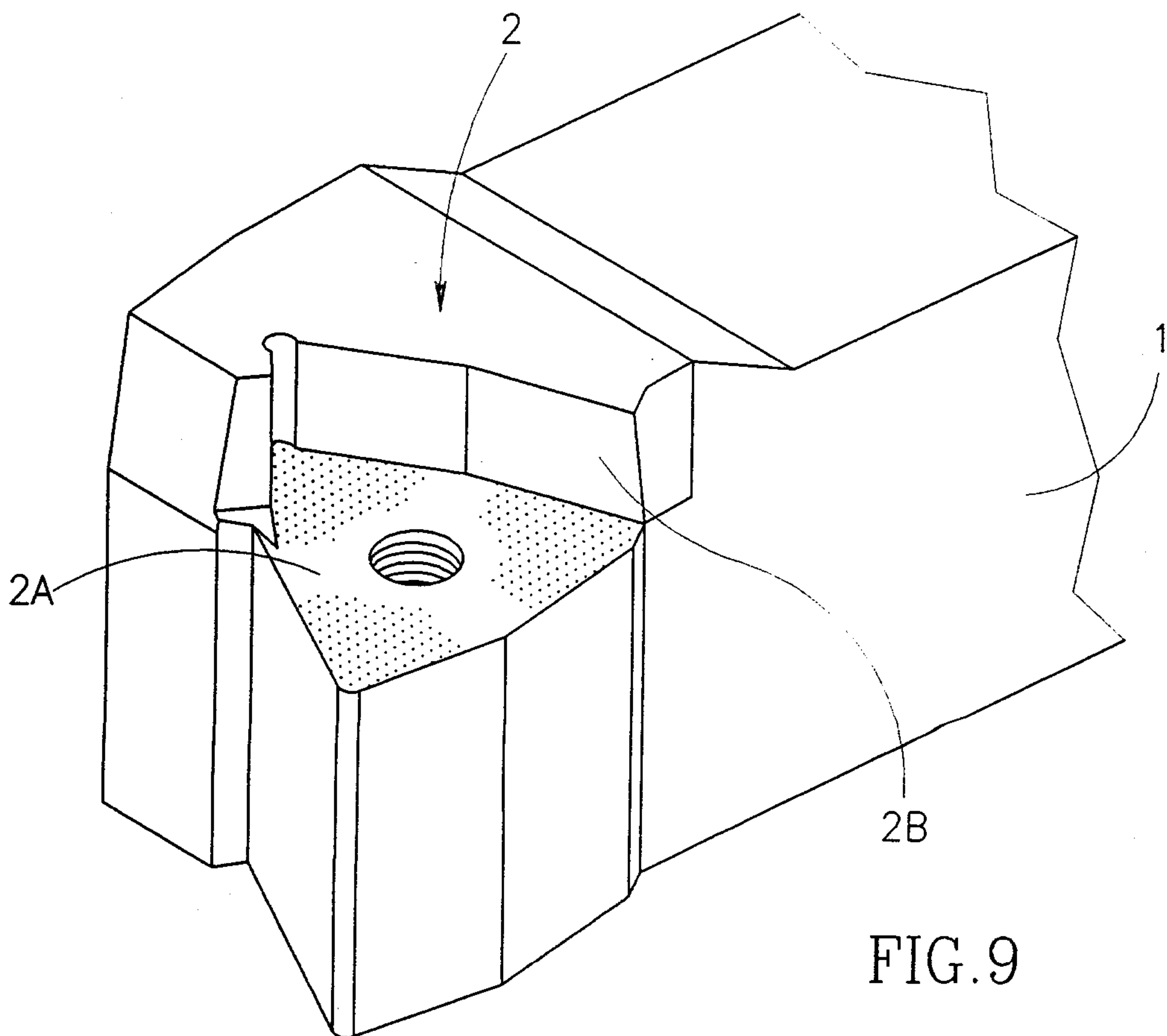


FIG. 9

