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54 Virsraksts: **Modulāro telefonu-automātu operatīvā vadības sistēma**

57 Kopsavilkums: Modulāro publisko telefonu operētājsistēma nodrošina sadarbību starp ziņojumu koncentrēšanas bloku, centrālo operatīvo bloku, dažādiem displeju ekrāniem, drukāšanas ierīcēm, informācijas glabāšanas ierīcēm, ieskaitot operatīvās un programmatūras vadības ierīces, lai modulārie telefonu-automātu aparāti, īstuma noteikšanas un identifikācijas bloki, kā arī pieejas bloki kopīgi ar norēķinu centriem provincēs, apliecināšanas un norēķinu centru, kā arī firmu termināliem, kas iekasē naudu, apmainītos ar dažādiem specifiskiem darba ziņojumiem modulāro publisko telefonu vadības sistēmas ietvaros un vadītu visas operācijas, kas saistītas ar to darbu.

Fig. 1 parādīta piedāvātās operētājsistēmas blokskāma.

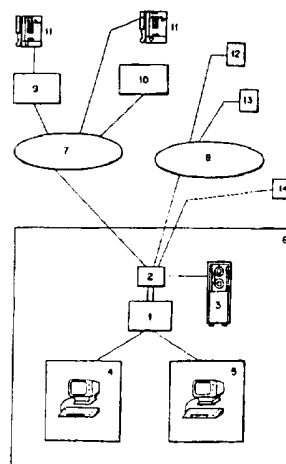


FIG-1

* pieteikums pieņemts ievērojot LR Ministru Padomes 1992.gada 28.februāra lēmumu Nr.72(PSRS pat.piet.Nr. 5001191/09, iesniegšanas datums 26.07.1991)

Izgudrojuma formula

1. Modulāro publisko telefonu operatīvās vadības sistēma, kas satur ziņojumu koncentrācijas bloku un centrālo operatīvās vadības bloku, dažādus displejus, drukas iekārtas un informācijas uzglabāšanas ierīces, kā arī sistēmas darbībai un vadīšanai nepieciešamo programmu nodrošinājumu, **atšķiras ar to**, ka ziņojumu koncentrācijas bloks modulāro telefonu vadības sistēmas ietvaros apmainās ar specifiskiem operatīviem ziņojumiem ar modulāriem telefoniem, izsaukuma apstiprinājuma un identifikācijas blokiem, pieejamības blokiem, reģionālajiem norēķinu centriem, izsaukuma apstiprinājuma un identifikācijas centru, kā arī ar to firmu termināliem, kas savāc monētas no taksofoniem.

2. Sistēma pēc 1. punkta, kas **atšķiras ar to**, ka centrālais operatīvās vadības bloks vada ziņojumu koncentrācijas bloka darbību, izmantojot to kā ieejas ierīci, bez tam vada sistēmas operatora dažādos displejus, kā arī palīdz dispečieriem novērst bojājumus, konsultējot un vadot bojājumu novēršanu, izmantojot palīgdisplejus un printerus.

3. Sistēma pēc jebkura no iepriekšējiem punktiem, kas **atšķiras ar to**, ka aparatūras blokus programmē, pēc tam uzrauga un vada no attāluma.

4. Sistēma pēc jebkura no iepriekšējiem punktiem, kas **atšķiras ar to**, ka modulāro telefonu uzraudzību veic reālā laika mērogā, nosūtot un saņemot ziņojumus dažādās situācijās un izveidojot tiešus sakarus starp dispečieriem un līniju meistarū, kas tobrīd veic remontdarbus.

5. Sistēma pēc jebkura no iepriekšējiem punktiem, kas **atšķiras ar to**, ka sistēmā paredzētais operatīvās un vispārējās vadības programmu nodrošinājums, balstoties uz informāciju par aparatūras stāvokli, tās komplektāciju, apkopes līmeni un terminālu drošumu, piedāvā plašu servisa funkciju diapazonu, sagatavo ziņojumus par aparatūras bloku stāvokli, sniedz statistiskos ziņojumus, apkopo datus par remontiem un bojājumiem pēc ikdienas darba ziņojumiem atbilstoši iepriekš noteiktiem sliekšņa līmeņiem u.t.t..

A patent of invention for a modular telephones adaptation unit is also known to exist, aimed at validating credit transactions of modular telephones that are not connected to the validation and identification units.

5

However, within the scope of application of different systems and devices for modular public telephones to work in perfect harmony, no system is envisaged for operating the same.

10

There is knowledge of the existence of various systems for operating known equipment or systems that cannot be used for this sort of modular public telephones, for their particular idiosyncrasy is very different from traditional operating systems.

15

Clearly, a solution to this would be a modular public telephones operating system, totally and definitively integrating the modular public telephone management system and having special characteristics suited to the novelty of the equipment and cooperating in harmony with the other units and systems used heretofore in order to execute the various functions that must be used for modular public telephones connected to the switched telephone network to work properly.

20

There is no record of any existing ideal system to date.

25

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

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The modular public telephones operating system is in itself clearly a solution to the problems entailed nowadays by one of the supplementary functions that must be carried out within the various services and operations to be executed for the modular telephones connected to the switched telephone network to fulfil their mission in an ideal fashion.

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More specifically, the modular public telephones operating system subject hereof is provincially in charge of centralising the alarms reported by the modular telephones, the validation and identification units and the modular telephones adaptation units.

5

Similarly, the modular public telephones operating system is in charge of reporting breakdowns and repairs, and issuing statistical reports and in turn teleprogramming the modular telephones, the validation and identification units and the
10 modular telephones adaptation units.

More succinctly, the modular public telephones operating system (MPTOS) is what allows both modular telephones and validation units and access units making up the modular telephone
15 management system to be programmed, supervised and controlled.

At the same time, the modular public telephones operating system allows statistical information to be gathered from the data contained in its Database in order to verify the plant status,
20 composition thereof, quality of the service and reliability of the terminals, carried load and takings.

The modular public telephones operating system comprises two main elements:

25

A.- The messages concentration unit (MCU).

B.- The central operating unit (COU).

30 The messages concentration unit (MCU) is the front-end for the central unit's communications, being capable of allowing various simultaneous communications with the system elements through the switched telephone network.

35

The central operating unit (COU) has two printer terminals for the system operator, and various screen terminals for the dispatchers, being provided with devices for storage of the hard disk type for rapid access and also of the tape type for long-term
5 massive storage.

This modular public telephones operating system can communicate with modular telephones, validation and identification units and modular telephones adaptation units, in order to
10 control and maintain the same, but in turn also communicates with regional invoicing centres (RIC) and with the (VIC), as appropriate.

The modular public telephones operating system performs the
15 following operative steps:

The modular telephone (MT) communicates with the modular public telephones operating service through the validation and identification unit, if any, and if there is no such unit it will
20 communicate directly in the following events:

- On detecting an alarm (TA message), it is sent when the modular telephone is definitively replaced after the alarm is given.
25

Alarms can be sent together with the collection message.

- Collection is conveyed (TE message), this message being sent at the end of the collection process.
30

In the event of there being alarms, both previous ones that could not be sent and those keyed upon collection, they will be sent as an alarm message after the TE message.
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- 6 -

- Sending of the daily routine (TD message), this taking place when the modular telephone is definitively replaced or when the modular telephone activates itself, provided that the modular telephone is within the set hourly period for the sending of the
5 daily routine.

- The telephone is being installed (TI message), such being sent as the lineman shall see fit.

10 All statistics and alarms are struck out and the modular public telephones operating system reacts with the TP message for the programming of parameters.

- The telephone (TB) is being repaired, which message is sent
15 as the lineman sees fit.

The alarms are struck out, not so the statistics, and the modular public telephones operating service reacts with the TP message for the programming of parameters.

20

- The parameters are requested (TX message), such being sent when the modular telephone is definitely replaced, after an error is detected in the parameters. The modular public telephones operating service reacts with TP message for the programming of
25 parameters.

- The modular telephone is disconnected (TH message), and the modular public telephones operating service includes such data among this telephone's general statistics as if it were a daily
30 routine message.

Thereafter, the modular telephone remains disconnected and the message is sent as the lineman sees fit.

35

Set messages are always used for this purpose, according to a standard communications protocol.

5 - The validation and identification unit has a terminal for the input of basic data, allowing access to the service for the operation of modular public telephones, and for the service to be able to dump all operating parameters.

10 The validation and identification unit is then ready to perform its functions. On sending its daily routine message, the validation and identification unit sends the daily routine for all the modular telephones connected thereto.

15 The validation and identification unit lifts the external line off the hook in order to obtain a dialling tone.

Once the tone is detected, the validation and identification unit dials the number automatically, the number dialled being the number required to gain access to the modular public telephones operating system, in order to be connected once the carrier tone is obtained.

25 The modular telephones adaptation units (MTAU) have a terminal for the input of basic data, that allow access to the modular public telephones operating system, and this latter's loading of the operating parameters for the modular telephones adaptation unit, whereupon the MTAU is in a position to operate.

30 The modular telephones adaptation unit lifts its external line off the hook in order to obtain a dialling tone, and upon detecting this tone the actual unit automatically dials the number that allows access to the modular public telephones operating system in order to be connected once the carrier tone is obtained.

- 8 -

The modular public telephones operating system being described, among other functions to maintain and control the modular telephones, validation and identification unit and modular telephones adaptation unit, has the following in particular:

- 5
- Connections and disconnections in database.
 - Teleprogramming parameters.
- 10
- Receiving alarms.
 - Receiving notices of clearance and disconnection.
 - Receiving daily routines.
- 15
- Receiving collections.
 - Initialization messages.
- 20
- Immediate display messages.
 - Other messages.
 - Local functions.
- 25
- Plant maintenance.
 - Modification of tables of parameters.
- 30
- Plant management.

Connections and disconnections in the database are used for normal modular public telephones operating system service, there being a database for modular telephones, validation and

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identification units, access units and tables of parameters associated to each of the terminals.

Parameters are teleprogrammed in accordance with a number of
5 parameters that are programmed using remote control means, by sending TP/UP/VP messages, depending on whether it is a modular telephone, a validation and identification unit or a modular telephones adaptation unit.

10 Alarms are received because the modular public telephones operating service is able to receive alarm messages from all terminals assigned thereto, being moreover able to filter such messages so that the same alarm from the same terminal is ignored and no more than one warning is given at the dispatcher screens.

15 Alarm messages are stored in memory in order to set up a record of breakdowns.

Notices of clearance and disconnection are received when a
20 terminal is repaired, and once the repair as such is over, a clearance message is sent identifying the faults repaired.

The clearance codes refer to six sub-divisions of paths existing in the modular public telephones operating system.

25 If it is not possible to repair a modular telephone, a disconnection message is sent, including all statistical data stored sent as daily routine.

30 Daily routines are received when the modular telephone sends a daily message setting forth the day's carried load, from the last daily routine message.

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- 10 -

The modular public telephones operating service sends the data regarding collection and the extent to which the modular telephone's money-box is filled to the collector firm.

5 Furthermore, the load and collection data are processed to be sent to the regional invoicing centres or, otherwise, to the validation and invoicing centre dealing with the nationwide validation of credit cards, keeping black and grey lists thereof, and communicating with the card issuing centres.

10

Collections are received each time the money-box with the collection is removed from a modular telephone classified as being an own modular telephone, the modular public telephones operating service receiving a message on collection, the parameters 15 associated to the message being reset to zero.

Initialization messages are sent out when modular public telephones operating system equipment is installed, communicating with the service at issue for the sending of all teleprogrammable 20 parameters.

If the request is made by a validation and identification unit, the modular public telephones operating service sends the parameters associated to that validation and identification unit.

25

Messages for immediate display are given in response to certain messages by the modular telephone that require an operator to be sent, in which case the modular public telephones operating service can reply with a message for immediate display 30 that appears on the modular telephone screen or at the validation and identification unit terminal, as appropriate.

Similarly, a validation and identification unit can be requested, from the modular public telephones operating service, 35 and as the operator or dispatcher shall see fit, to provide a

statement of activity for a given telephone, in reply to which message the validation and identification unit will inform of the time at which the modular telephone made the last call.

5 Furthermore, if the validation and identification unit detects an attempt at fraud in the use of the line by equipment alien to the system, it disables the line for subsequent calls, sending an alarm message to the modular public telephones operating service, thereby clearly pointing to the fact that
10 messages other than initialization and immediate display messages can be readily sent out from the service at issue.

 Similarly, for local functions, the console operator can execute all functions provided in the system for the operation of
15 the modular public telephones, including specific functions of the dispatchers, which include connection or disconnection of various terminals, modifying parameters, generating breakdown reports, making clearances, obtaining print-outs and statistics.

20 As to the dispatchers, they may view the breakdowns pending by areas, presentation being given in the order assigned to the modular telephones within the area.

 The dispatcher can also communicate with the lineman by
25 sending messages.

 For plant maintenance, plant elements can be Connected, Disconnected, Modified by inserting all necessary parameters for correct operation thereof.

30 The status of a plant element can also be viewed with all the current activity and parameters thereof.

 In order to modify the tables of parameters that are known
35 to vary according to the plant element at issue, the modular

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telephone is provided with a table to programme parameters relating to invoicing, collection, coins, cards, telephone numbers, frauds and the like.

5 The validation and identification unit and the modular telephones adaptation unit are provided with three tables to programme parameters relating to telephone numbers, IBERPAC network numbers and daily routine hours.

10 The modular public telephones operating system sends in a breakdown warning in the event of it not being possible to programme a parameter at a given element.

15 The date on which the changes in parameters are to enter into force can also be teleprogrammed.

20 Finally, the system, as aforesaid, manages the plant, this allowing various options within the same system, for instance plant inventories, management of breakdowns, management of collections, load reports, availability reports and grade of service.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

25 In order to provide a fuller description and contribute to the complete understanding of the characteristics of this invention, a set of drawings is attached to the specification which, while purely illustrative and not fully comprehensive, shows the following:

30

 The only figure, numbered 1, is a block diagram of the modular public telephones operating system, with an overview of the functional units making it up.

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PREFERRED EMBODIMENT OF THE INVENTION

In view of the comments and descriptions set forth hereinbefore, and in light of the explanation given for figure 1, 5 the functions set out hereinbefore imply that the software implemented is highly complex, and that communications are efficiently controlled, both through the switched telephone network and through the IBERPAC network.

10 The operating system (6) includes the central operating unit (1), and the messages concentration unit (2) that is fitted with information storage devices (3).

Number 4 designates the operator's console, while number 5 15 designates the dispatcher area.

The messages concentration unit (2) in turn communicates with the validation and identification unit (9) and the access unit (10) through the switched telephone network (7).

20 The messages concentration unit (2) communicates with the regional invoicing centre (12) and with the validation and invoicing centre (13) through Iberpac (8).

25 Similarly, the messages concentration unit (2) communicates with the collector firms' terminals (14) through a line established to such end.

The modular telephones are numbered (11) in the figure.

30 The messages involved in these functions of the modular public telephones operating system, and the timely data of some of the management functions that the actual system allows, are the following:

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- 14 -

- Connection of a modular telephone.
- Connection of a validation and identification unit.
- 5 - Connection of an access unit.
- Disconnections at the database.
- Teleprogramming modular telephone parameters.

10

The parameters sent to the modular telephone to programme the same are contained in a "TP" message, which has the following structure and parameters:

- 15 - Leader.
- Parameters message code.
- Modular telephone identification.
- 20 - Date parameters are sent.
- Date teleprogramming enters into force.
- 25 - Ownership of the modular telephone.
- General breakdown threshold.
- Unit price.
- 30 - Local rate.
- Local period.
- 35 - Number of maximum local units.

- Minimum local balance.
- Minimum operating system balance.
- 5 - Minimum inter-city balance.
- Minimum international balance.
- Coin cancellation.
- 10 - International coin cancellation.
- Time without provincial rate.
- 15 - Time without inter-city rate.
- Time without international rate.
- Forbidden numbers.
- 20 - Free numbers.
- Operator access number.
- 25 - Numbers for access to the modular public telephone
operating service.
- Access number to the modular telephones adaptation unit.
- 30 - Lock opening number.
- Official time change.
- Collection time-table.
- 35

- 16 -

- Daily routine time-table.
- Timings.
- 5 - Types of coins.
- Types of cards.
- Black list.
- 10 - Language.
- End of message.
- 15 - Longitudinal parity.

Similarly, the system allows parameters in the validation and identification unit to be teleprogrammed, and parameters in the access unit to be teleprogrammed.

20

In order to receive modular telephone alarms, alarm messages from modular telephones are identified by the "TA" code, this message being of variable length and containing all alarms pending communication by a telephone when communication is established with the modular public telephones operating service.

Alarms from a modular telephone are received in accordance with the following structure of alarms:

- 30 - Leader.
- Alarm message code.
- Modular telephone identification.

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- Message number.

- Date of sending.

5 - General breakdowns (among them microtelephone breakdown, RAM failure, EPROM failure, permanent metering frequency, absence of metering pulses, earth failure, top door open, lower door open, 10% deviated metering frequency).

10 - Card breakdowns (among them card collection failure, card reader failure, card reader jamming).

 - Coin breakdowns (for instance, coin collection failure, validator failure, middle store failure).

15

 - Money-box incidents (for instance, money-box full, no money-box, 3/4 money-box, money-box burgled, loose money-box cable).

20 - General incidents (such as premature homing, incorrect voltage, clock failure, real time, fraud attempt, 3% deviated metering frequency, fraudulent collection, collector warning, identification fault).

25 - End of message.

 - Longitudinal parity.

 - Receiving alarms from a validation and identification
30 unit.

 - Receiving alarms from an access unit.

 - Receiving clearance from a modular telephone.

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- 18 -

- Receiving clearance from a validation and identification unit.

5 - Receiving clearance from an access unit.

- Disconnection of the modular telephone.

- Disconnection of the validation and identification unit.

10 - Disconnection of the access unit.

- Receiving daily routine from the modular telephone, which includes receipt of daily routine messages from the modular telephones identified by the "TD" code.

15

This is received with the following structure:

- Leader.

20 - Daily routine message code.

- Modular telephone identification.

- Message number.

25

- Date of sending.

- Breakdown not communicated.

30 - Call pulses (operating system, urban, provincial, inter-city, international, test).

- Length of call (operating service, urban, provincial, inter-city, international, test).

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- Telephone number (operating system, urban, provincial, inter-city, international, test).
- Pesetas collected in coins, phonecards, credit cards.
- 5 - Pesetas collected by operator, coins, phonecards, credit cards.
- Metering pulses in coins, phonecards, credit cards.
- 10 - Number of calls with coins, phonecards, credit cards.
- Coins (different types).
- 15 - Cards (different types).
- Communication breakdown with the modular public telephone operating service.
- 20 - End of message.
- Longitudinal parity.
- Receipt of daily routine from the validation and
25 identification unit.
- Receipt of daily routine from the access unit.
- Modular telephone collection.
- 30 - Modular telephone initialization.
- Validation and identification unit initialization.
- 35 - Access unit initialization.

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- Immediate display at modular telephone.
- Immediate display at validation and identification unit.
- 5 - Immediate display at access unit.
- Modular telephone activity request.
- Modular telephone activity response.
- 10 - Replacement of fraud meters.
- Plant inventory (total province, maintenance area, locality, switching centre or validation and identification unit).
- 15 - Management of breakdowns (including maintenance, revisions, action with pending breakdowns, input of breakdown reports, clearance and print-outs).
- 20 - Collections management, including maintenance of data received in collection messages and in daily routine reports, and preparation of overall collection reports by province, locality and switching centre.
- 25 - Load reports, including maintenance of load data received by daily routines sent by the various equipment, and overall load by province, locality and switching centre.
- 30 - Availability reports and grade of service, including the number of breakdowns by set number and month, average breakdown time, average duration of reports at various elements, percentages of breakdowns delayed, etc.
- 35

We feel that the device has now been sufficiently described for any expert in the art to have grasped the full scope of the invention and the advantages it offers.

5 The materials, shape, size and layout of the elements may be altered provided that this entails no modification of the essential features of the invention.

10 The terms used to describe the invention herein should be taken to have a broad rather than a restrictive meaning.

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CLAIMS

1.- Modular public telephones operating system, comprising a messages concentration unit and a central operating unit, and
5 various display screens, printers and information storage devices, including software to operate and manage the system, characterised in that the messages concentration unit communicates with the modular telephones, validation and identification units, access units, regional invoicing centres and the validation and invoicing
10 centre, and with the collector firms' terminals, by exchanging various specific operating messages within the modular telephone management system.

2.- Modular public telephones operating system, as in claim
15 one, characterised in that the central operating unit controls the messages concentration unit, using it as front-end, moreover managing the system operator's various display screens and also assisting in the consultation and management of breakdowns by means of other auxiliary printers and screens for the dispatchers.

20

3.- Modular public telephones operating system, as in previous claims, characterised in that the plant elements are teleprogrammed and subsequently supervised and controlled by means of a number of tables of parameters.

25

4.- Modular public telephones operating system, as in previous claims, characterised in that maintenance of the modular telephones is controlled in real time, sending and receiving messages in various situations and establishing direct
30 communication between the dispatchers and the lineman dealing with the breakdown at the time of repair.

5.- Modular public telephones operating system, as in previous claims, characterised in that the operating and
35 management software that is provided affords a wide variety of

maintenance functions, plant elements status reports, load statistics, repairs and breakdowns control from the daily routine data according to programmable thresholds, etc., knowing the status of the plant, composition thereof, quality of the service
5 and reliability of the terminals.

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ABSTRACTMODULAR PUBLIC TELEPHONES OPERATING SYSTEM

5 Such comprising the intrinsic cooperation between a messages
concentration unit, a central operating unit, various display
screens, printers, information storage devices including operating
and management software, in order that modular telephones and
validation and identification units and access units, together
10 with the regional invoicing centres and the validation and
invoicing centre, and the terminals of collector firms, by
exchanging various specific operating messages within the modular
public telephone management system, control all the context and
operations stemming from their performance.

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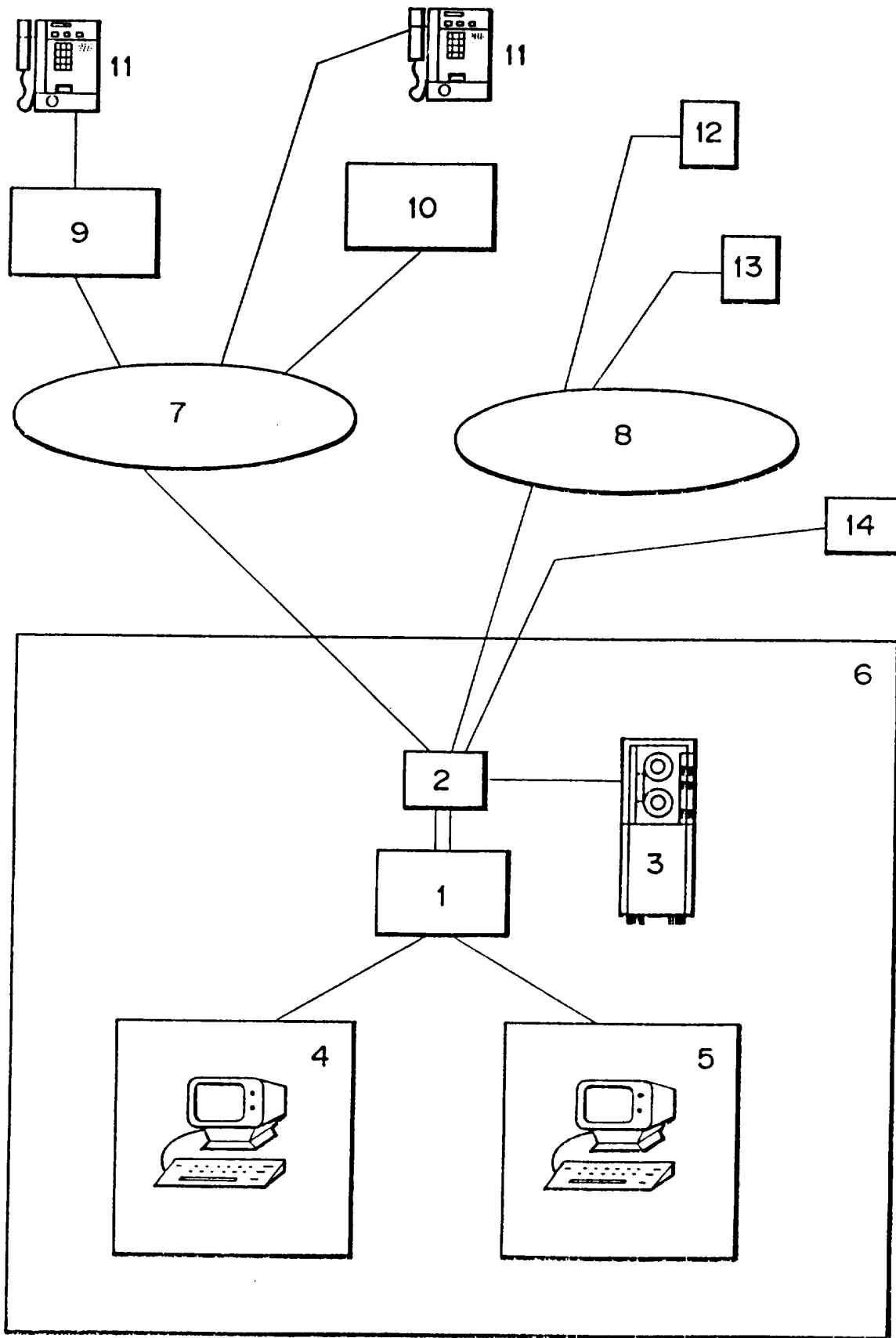


FIG.-1