



US00PP14023P29

(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Kientzler

(10) **Patent No.:** **US PP14,023 P2**

(45) **Date of Patent:** **Jul. 29, 2003**

(54) **NEW GUINEA IMPATIENS PLANT NAMED**
'KIADIME'

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./318**

(58) **Field of Search** **Plt./318**

(75) **Inventor:** **Ludwig Kientzler**, Gensingen (DE)

Primary Examiner—Bruce R. Campell

Assistant Examiner—Susan B. McCormick

(73) **Assignee:** **Innovaplant GmbH + Co. KG**,
Gensingen (DE)

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—C. A. Whealy

(*) **Notice:** Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea Impatiens plant
named 'Kiadime', characterized by its rounded, upright and
compact plant habit; freely branching growth habit; bushy
appearance; variegated foliage; freely flowering habit with
flowers held above and beyond the foliage; and red purple-
colored flowers.

(21) **Appl. No.:** **10/158,962**

(22) **Filed:** **May 31, 2002**

(51) **Int. Cl.**⁷ **A01H 5/00**

1 Drawing Sheet

1

2

BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION/CULTIVAR
DESIGNATION

Impatiens hawkeri cultivar Kiadime.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present Invention relates to a new and distinct culti-
var of New Guinea Impatiens plant, botanically known as
Impatiens hawkeri, and hereinafter referred to by the cultivar
name Kiadime.

The new Impatiens is a product of a planned breeding
program Inventor in Gensingen, Germany. The objective of
the breeding program is to develop new Impatiens cultivars
with interesting and unique flower and foliage colors.

The new Impatiens originated from a cross-pollination
made by the Inventor in October, 1998 of a proprietary
Impatiens hawkeri selection identified as 97-283, not
patented, as the female, or seed parent, with a proprietary
Impatiens hawkeri selection identified as 97-515, not
patented, as the male, or pollen parent. The cultivar Kiadime
was discovered and selected by the Inventor as a flowering
plant within the progeny of the stated cross-pollination in a
controlled environment in Gensingen, Germany in March,
1999.

Asexual reproduction of the new cultivar by terminal
cuttings taken at Gensingen, Germany, since May, 1999, has
shown that the unique features of this new Impatiens are
stable and reproduced true to type in successive generations.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The following traits have been repeatedly observed and
are determined to be the unique characteristics of 'Kiadime'.
These characteristics in combination distinguish 'Kiadime'
as a new and distinct Impatiens cultivar:

1. Rounded, upright and compact plant habit.
2. Freely branching growth habit; bushy appearance.
3. Variegated foliage.
4. Freely flowering habit with flowers held above and
beyond the foliage.
5. Red purple-colored flowers.

Plants of the new Impatiens differ from plants of the
female parent, the selection 97-283, in the following char-
acteristics:

1. Plants of the new Impatiens and plants of the selection
97-283 differ in leaf coloration.
2. Plants of the new Impatiens have more rounded flowers
than plants of the selection 97-283.

Plants of the new Impatiens differ from plants of the male
parent, the selection 97-515, primarily in leaf coloration as
plants of the selection 97-515 do not have variegated leaves.

Plants of the new Impatiens can be compared to plants of
the cultivar Kinoc, disclosed in U.S. Plant Pat. No. 10,433.
In side-by-side comparisons conducted in Gensingen,
Germany, plants of the new Impatiens differed from plants
of the cultivar Kinoc primarily in leaf coloration as plants of
the cultivar Kinoc did not have variegated leaves.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The accompanying colored photograph illustrates the
overall appearance of the new cultivar, showing the colors as
true as it is reasonably possible to obtain in colored repro-
ductions of this type. Colors in the photograph may differ
slightly from the color values cited in the detailed botanical
description which more accurately describe the actual colors
of the new Impatiens. The photograph comprises a side
perspective view of three typical flowering plants of
'Kiadime' grown in a 22-cm container.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION

The cultivar Kiadime has not been observed under all
possible environmental conditions. The phenotype may vary
somewhat with variations in environment such as tempera-
ture and light intensity, without, however, any variance in
genotype. The aforementioned photograph and the follow-
ing observations and measurements describe plants grown in
Encinitas, Calif., during the late spring, under commercial
practice in a polyethylene-covered greenhouse with day
temperatures about 24° C., night temperatures about 18° C.,
and light levels typically about 4,000 foot-candles. Plants
used in the photograph and following description were about
14 weeks old and grown in 22-cm containers with three
plants per container.

In the following description, color references are made to The Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart, 1995 Edition, except where general terms of ordinary dictionary significance are used.

Botanical classification: *Impatiens hawkeri* cultivar Kiadime.

Parentage:

Female, or seed, parent.—Proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as 97-283, not patented.

Male, or pollen, parent.—Proprietary *Impatiens hawkeri* selection identified as 97-515, not patented.

Propagation:

Type cutting.—Terminal cuttings.

Time to initiate roots.—Summer: About 14 days at 23° C. Winter: About 17 days at 20° C.

Time to produce a rooted cutting or liner.—Summer: About 21 days at 23° C. Winter: About 24 days at 20° C.

Root description.—Fine, fibrous, and freely branching.

Plant description:

General appearance.—Rounded and somewhat upright; compact. Appropriate for 10 to 25-cm containers; multiple plants are typically planted in larger containers.

Growth and branching habit.—Freely branching with about nine lateral branches developing at the base, dense and bushy growth. Pinching, that is, removal of the terminal apices, is typically not required. Moderately vigorous.

Plant height.—About 20 cm.

Plant diameter, single plant.—About 15 cm.

Lateral branches.—Length: About 10 cm. Diameter: About 7 mm. Internode length: About 3.5 cm. Texture: Sparsely pubescent. Color: 185A.

Foliage description.—Arrangement: Opposite or in whorls; simple. Length: About 10 cm. Width: About 3.8 cm. Shape: Elliptic. Apex: Acute. Base: Attenuate. Margin: Serrulate with ciliation. Texture, upper surface: Slightly pubescent. Texture, lower surface: Smooth, glabrous. Color: Young foliage, upper surface: Towards margin, darker than 147A; towards center, 34B; center, 20A. Young foliage, lower surface: 59A to 59B. Fully expanded foliage, upper surface: Towards margin, darker than 147A; towards center, 39B to 39C; center, 27A. Fully expanded foliage, lower surface: 42A to 42B. Venation, upper surface: 50B. Venation, lower surface: 53A. Petiole: Length: About 4 cm. Diameter: About 4 mm. Texture, upper and lower surfaces: Smooth, glabrous. Color, upper and lower surfaces: 63A.

Flower description:

Flower type and flowering habit.—Single axillary flowers. Freely flowering, usually about eight flowers and

flower buds per lateral branch. Flowers typically face upward or outward and held above and beyond the foliage. Flowers somewhat cupped and rounded in shape. Flowers last about eight days on the plant depending on temperature and weather conditions. Petals self-cleaning; gynoecium persistent. Flowers not fragrant.

Flowering season.—Year-round under greenhouse conditions. In the garden, flowering from spring until fall.

Flower height.—About 4.5 cm.

Flower width.—About 4.5 cm.

Flower depth.—About 2 cm.

Flower buds (at stage of showing color).—Rate of opening: From showing color to fully open flower, typically about 2 to 3 days depending on temperature. Length: About 1.6 cm. Diameter: About 8 mm. Shape: Ovoid. Color: 53A to 53B.

Petals.—Quantity: Single, five per flower. Length: Banner petal: About 2.3 cm. Lateral petals: About 2.7 cm. Base petals: About 3 cm. Width: Banner petal: About 3.7 cm. Lateral petals: About 2.8 cm. Base petals: About 3.3 cm. Shape: Cordate. Apex: Emarginate. Base: Acute. Margin: Entire. Texture: Smooth; velvety. Color: When opening, upper surface: Slightly brighter than 58A. When opening, lower surface: 58C; towards base, 50A. Fully opened, upper surface: 61C; towards base, 50A; color becoming closer to 46B with subsequent development. Fully opened, lower surface: 52C; towards base, 50A to 50B.

Spur.—Length: About 4.5 cm. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: 53C.

Peduncles.—Length: About 3.7 cm. Diameter: About 1 mm. Strength: Strong. Angle: About 45° from vertical. Texture: Smooth, glabrous. Color: 185B.

Reproductive organs.—Androecium: Stamen number: Five fused at anthers, filaments free. Anther shape: Obovate. Anther size: About 4 mm by 5 mm. Anther color: 23C. Amount of pollen: Moderate. Pollen color: 158B. Gynoecium: Pistil length: About 5 mm. Stigma color: 59A. Style color: 144A overlain with 59B. Ovary color: 144A overlain with 59B.

Seed/fruit.—Seed and fruit development has not been observed.

Disease/pest resistance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have not been observed to be resistant to pathogens and pests common to *Impatiens*.

Temperature tolerance: Plants of the new *Impatiens* have been observed to tolerate temperatures from 16 to 30° C. It is claimed:

1. A new and distinct cultivar of New Guinea *Impatiens* plant named 'Kiadime', as illustrated and described.

* * * * *

