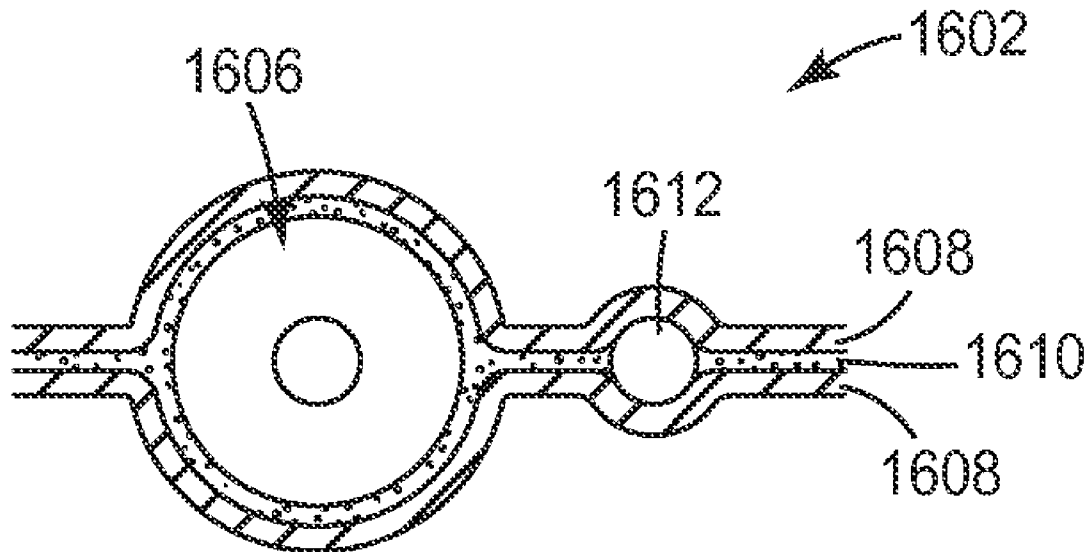




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(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication**
Gundel(10) **Pub. No.: US 2012/0090866 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Apr. 19, 2012**(54) **SHIELDED ELECTRICAL CABLE AND
METHOD OF MAKING****Publication Classification**(76) Inventor: **Douglas B. Gundel**, Cedar Park,
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H05K 9/00 (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.** **174/34**(21) Appl. No.: **13/377,840**(57) **ABSTRACT**(22) PCT Filed: **Jun. 17, 2010**(86) PCT No.: **PCT/US10/38924**§ 371 (c)(1),
(2), (4) Date: **Dec. 13, 2011****Related U.S. Application Data**(60) Provisional application No. 61/218,739, filed on Jun.
19, 2009, provisional application No. 61/260,881,
filed on Nov. 13, 2009, provisional application No.
61/348,800, filed on May 27, 2010, provisional appli-
cation No. 61/352,473, filed on Jun. 8, 2010.

A shielded electrical cable (2) comprises a conductor set (4) including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors (6), two generally parallel shielding films (8) disposed around the conductor set (4), and a conformable adhesive layer (10) disposed between the shielding films (8) and bonding the shielding films (8) to each other on both sides of the conductor set (4). The shielded electrical cable (2) may further include at least one ground conductor (12). A method of making a shielded electrical cable (2) includes providing a conductor set (4) including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors (6), forming two generally parallel shielding films (8) around the conductor set (4), and bonding the shielding films (8) to each other on both sides of the conductor set (4).



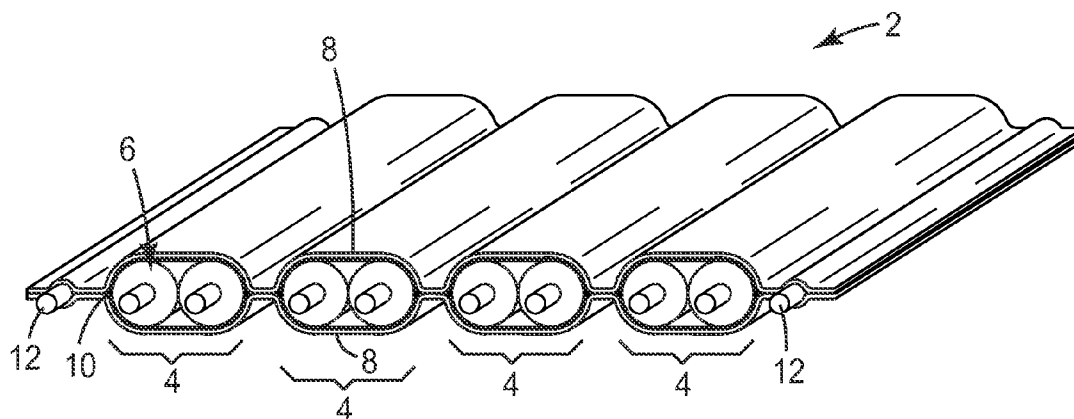


FIG. 1

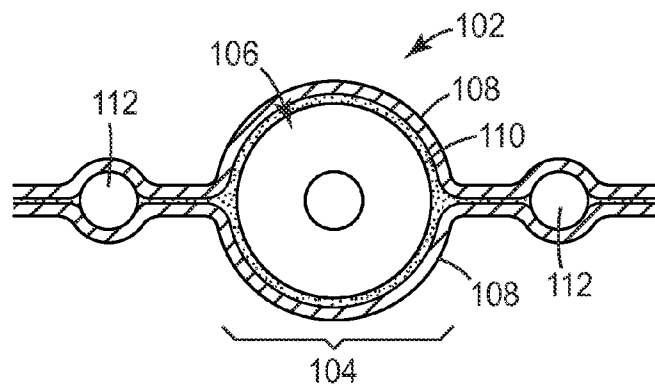


FIG. 2a

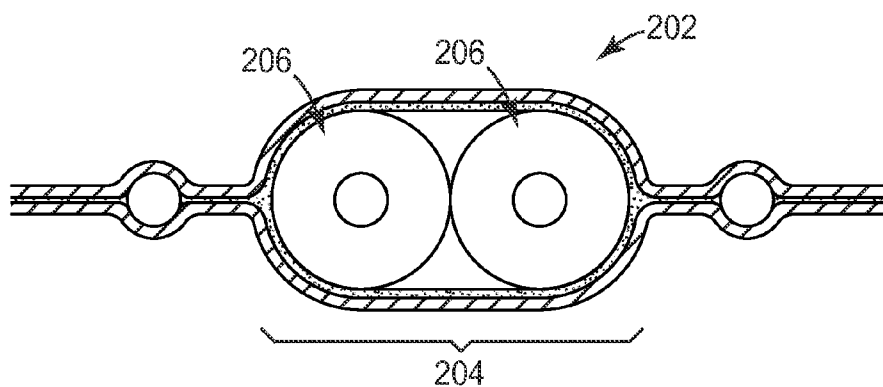


FIG. 2b

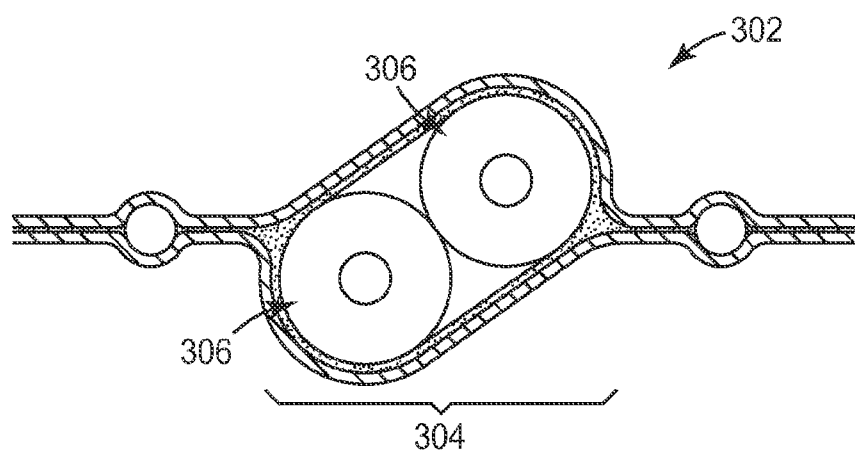


FIG. 2c

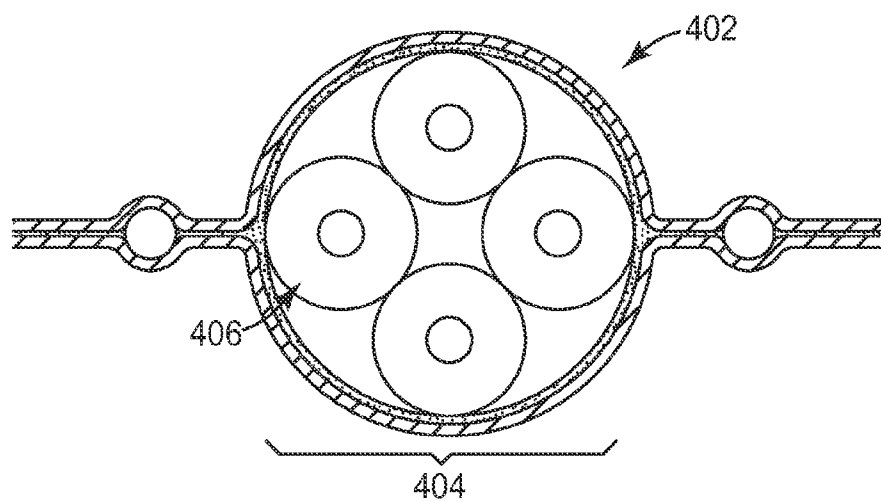


FIG. 2d

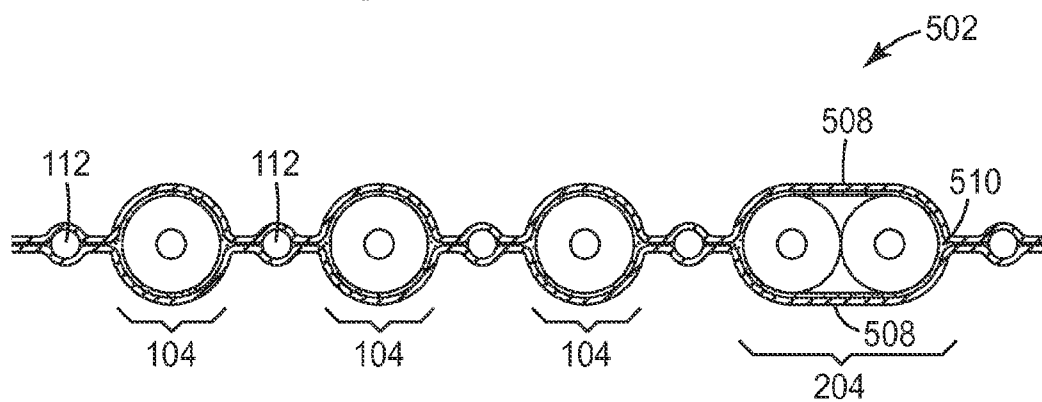


FIG. 2e

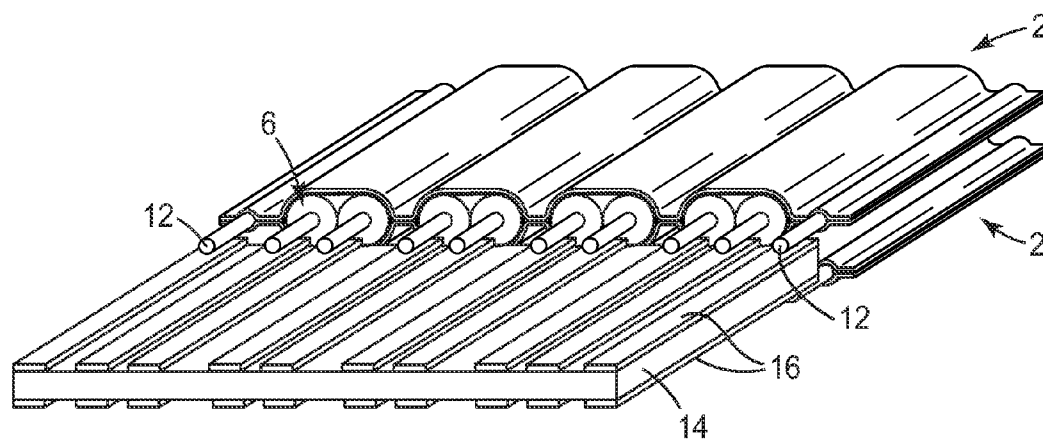


FIG. 3

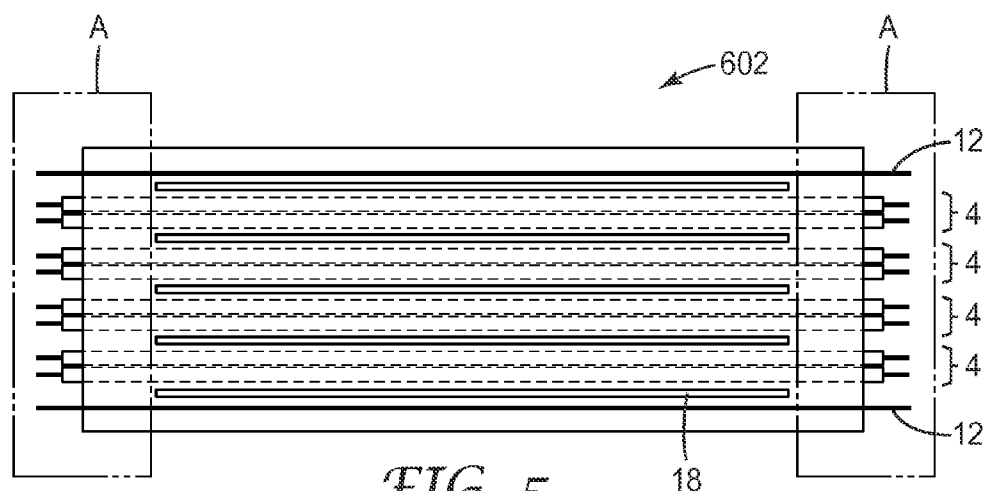


FIG. 5

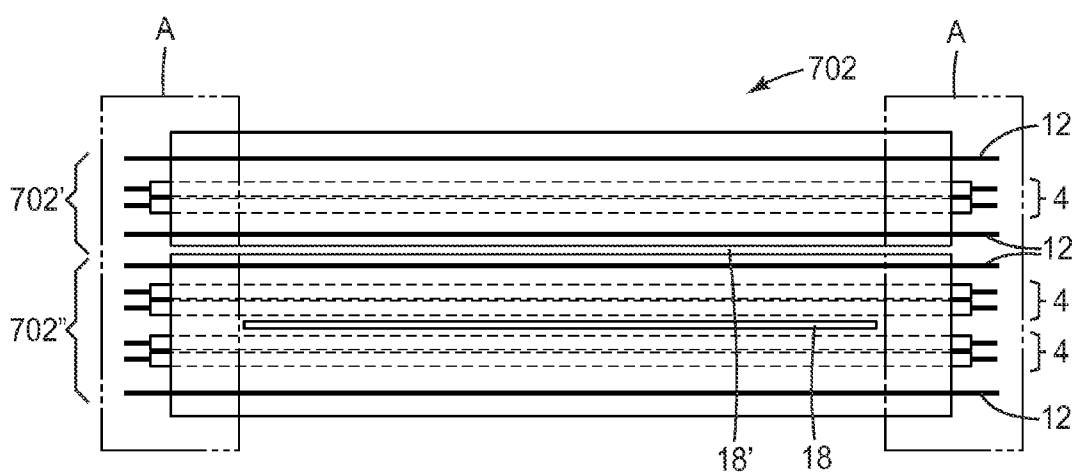
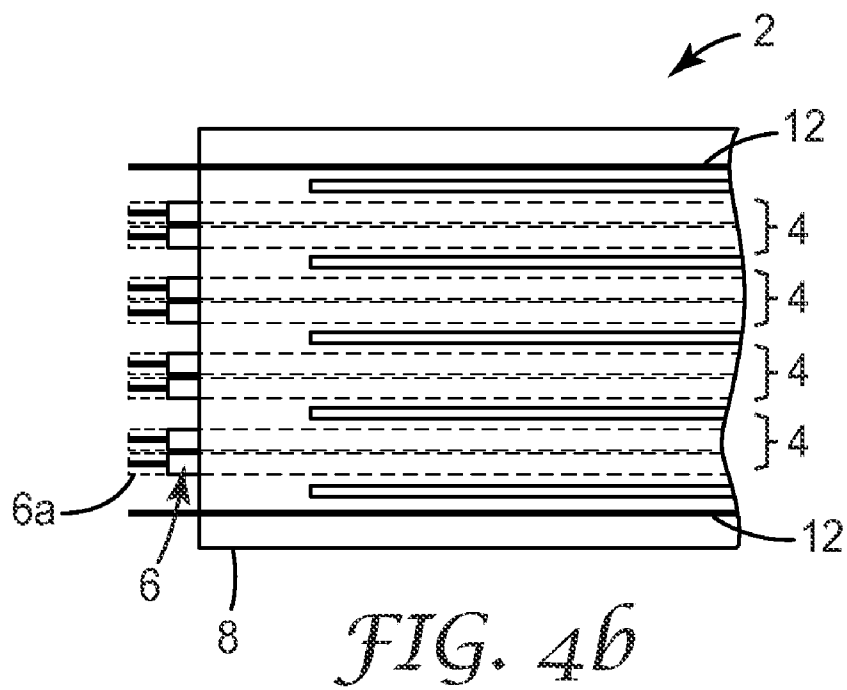
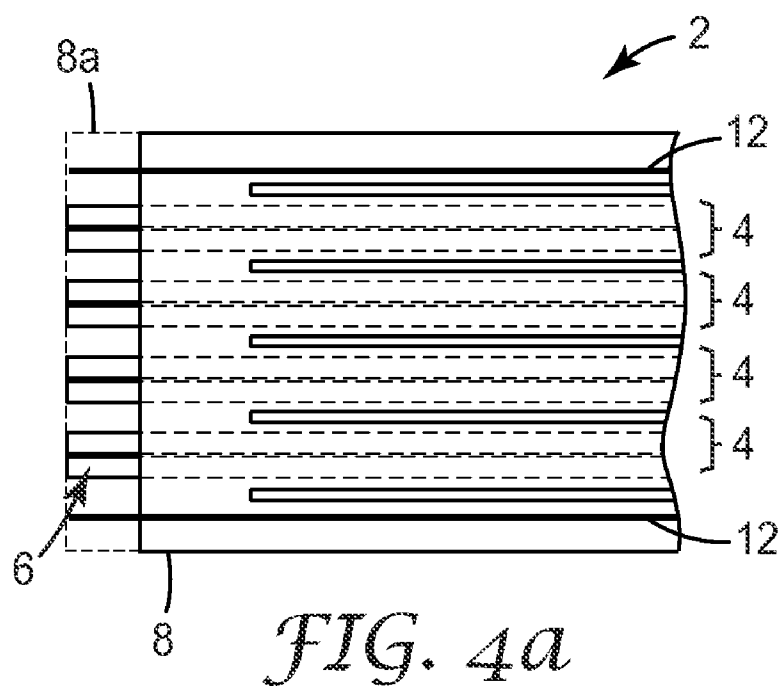


FIG. 6



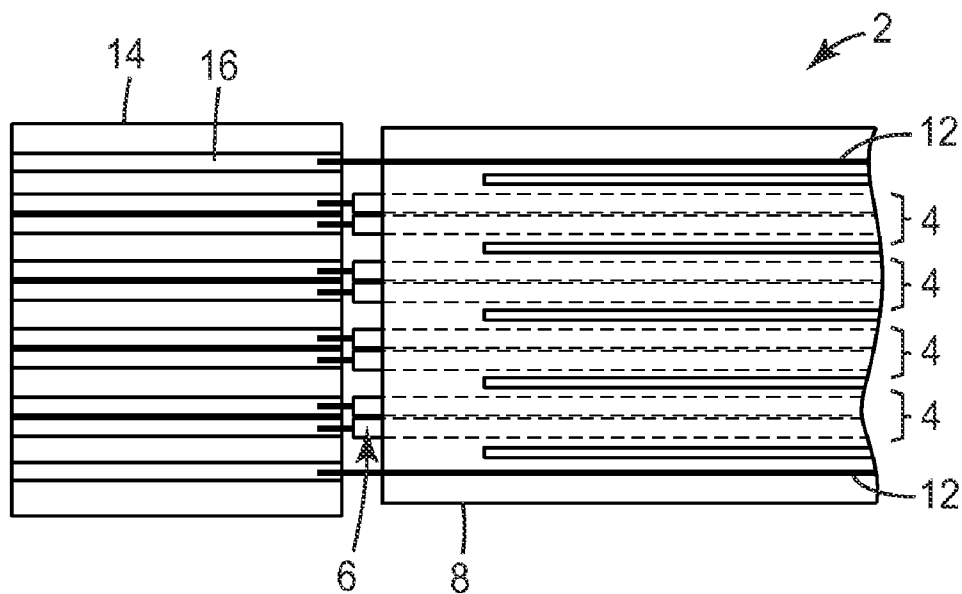


FIG. 4c

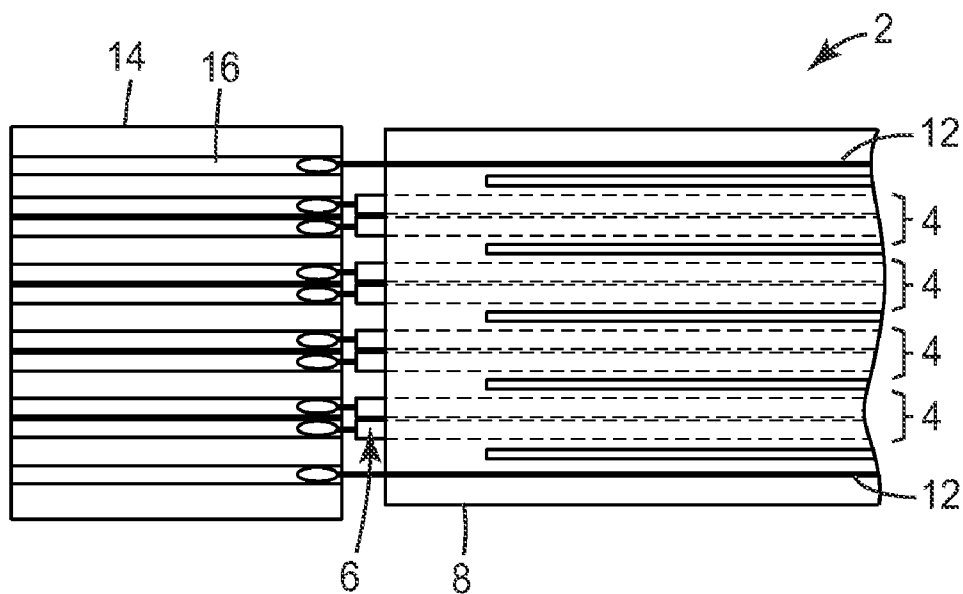


FIG. 4d

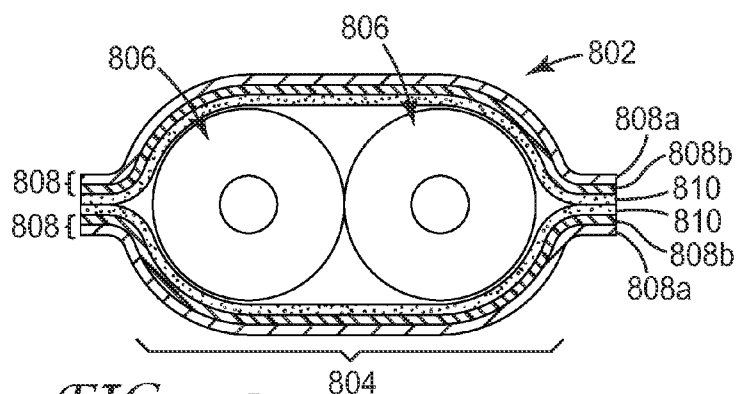


FIG. 7a

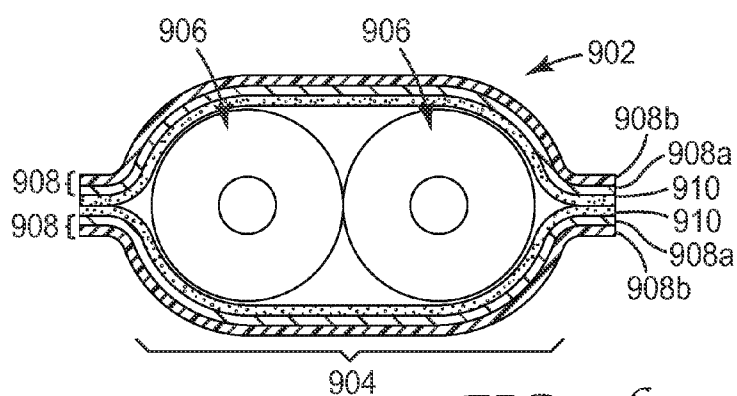


FIG. 7b

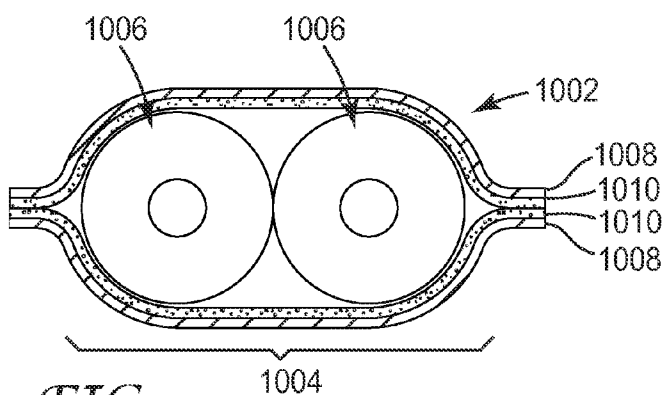


FIG. 7c

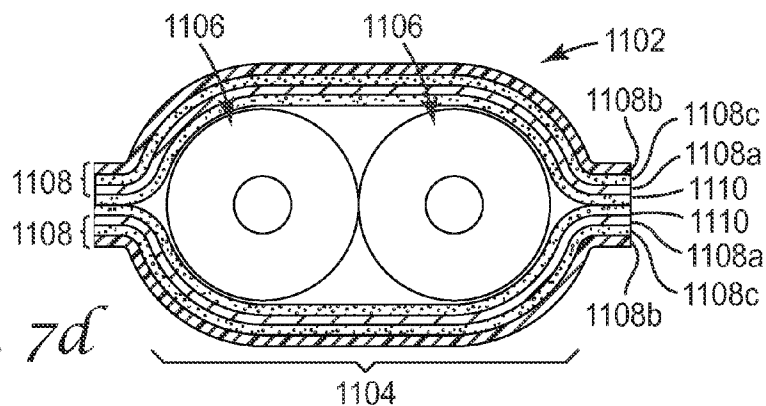


FIG. 7d

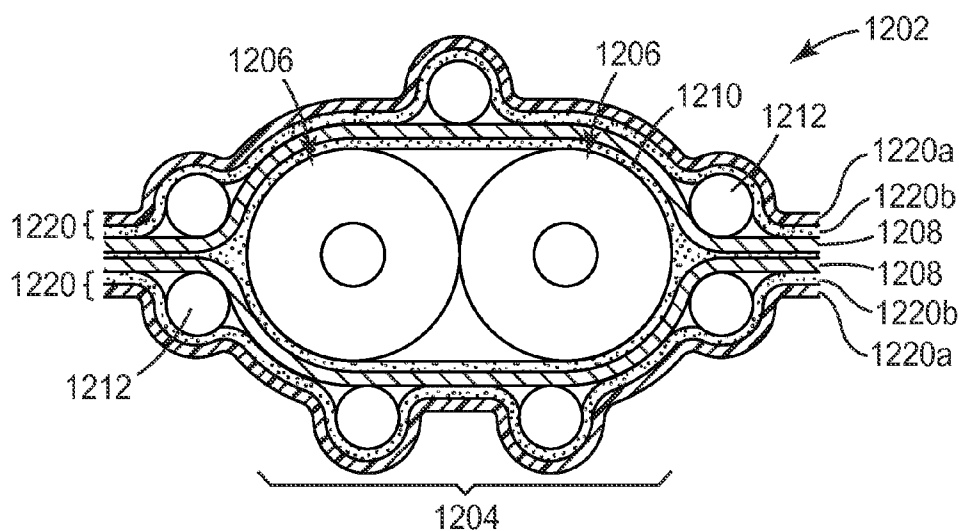


FIG. 8A

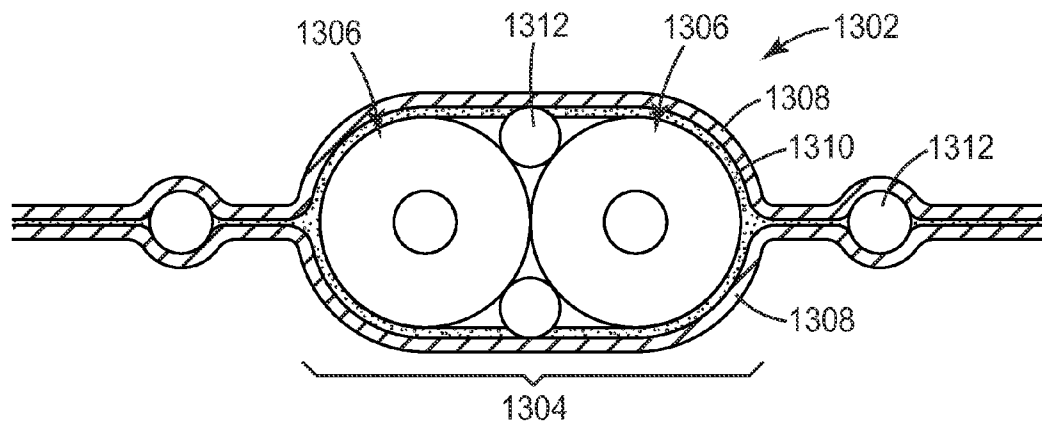


FIG. 8b

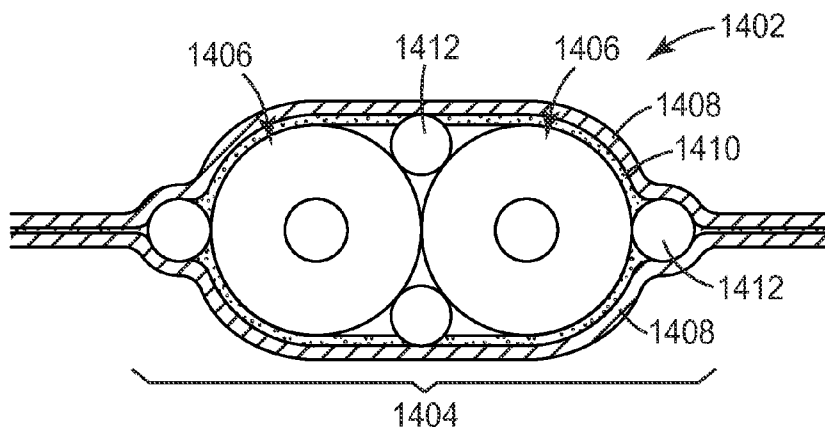


FIG. 8c

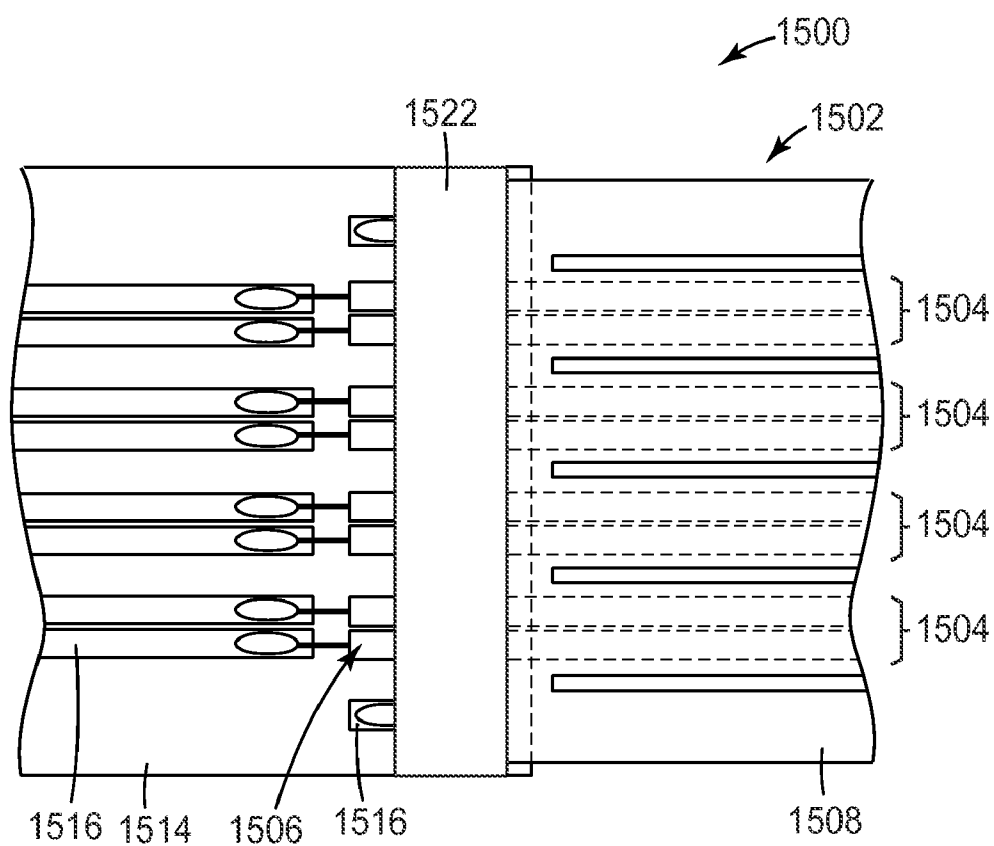


FIG. 9a

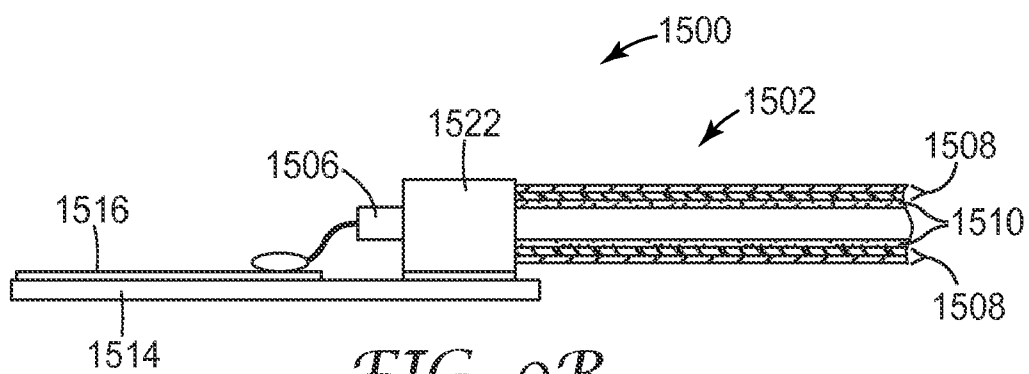


FIG. 9B

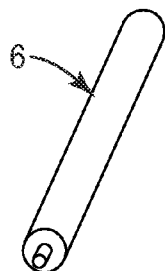


FIG. 10a

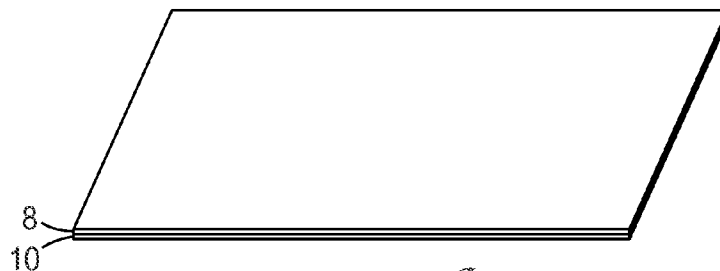


FIG. 10b

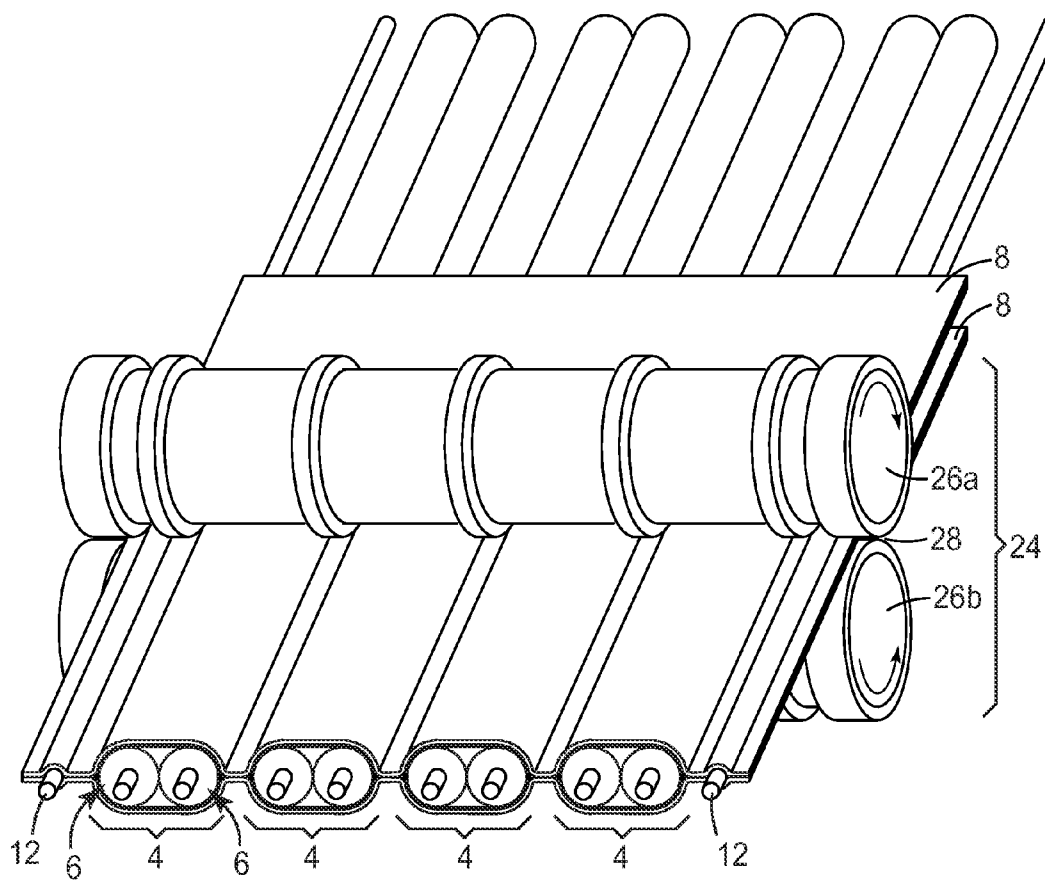


FIG. 10c

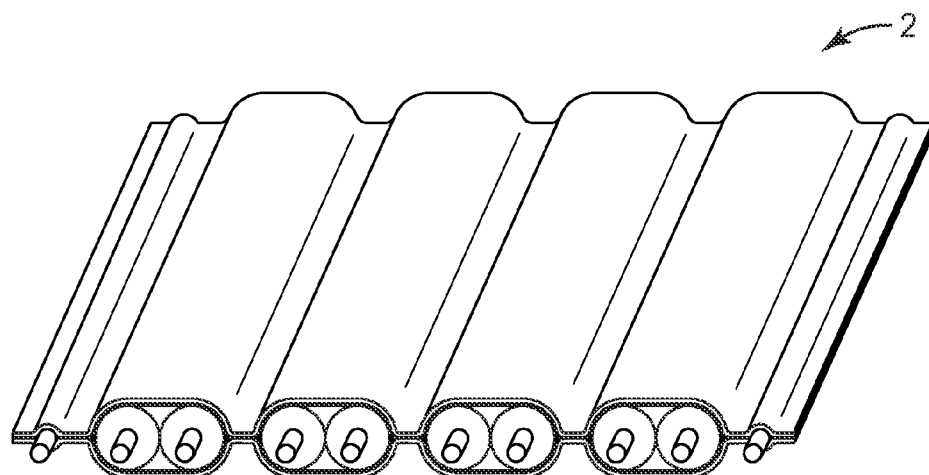


FIG. 10d

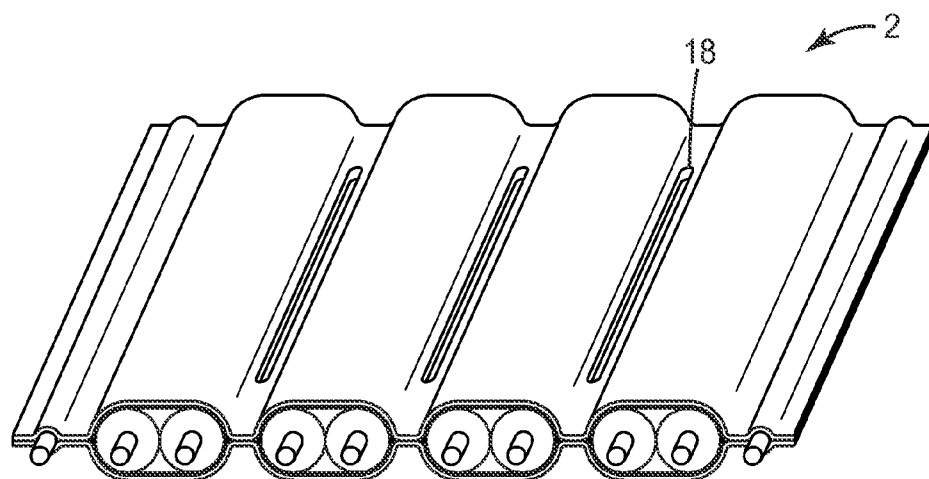


FIG. 10e

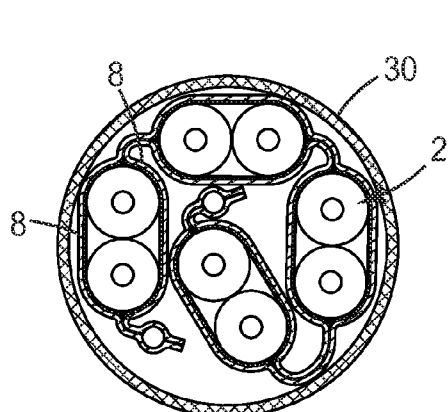


FIG. 10f

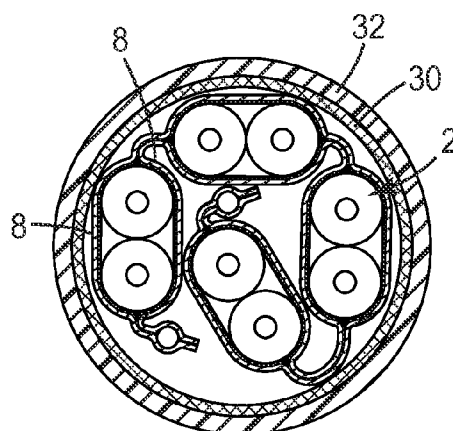


FIG. 10g

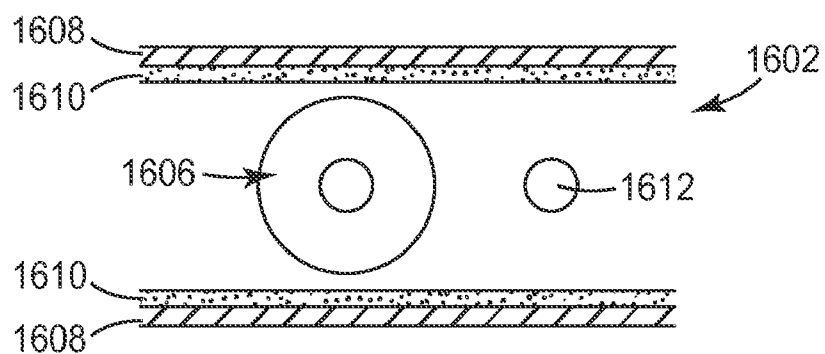


FIG. 11a

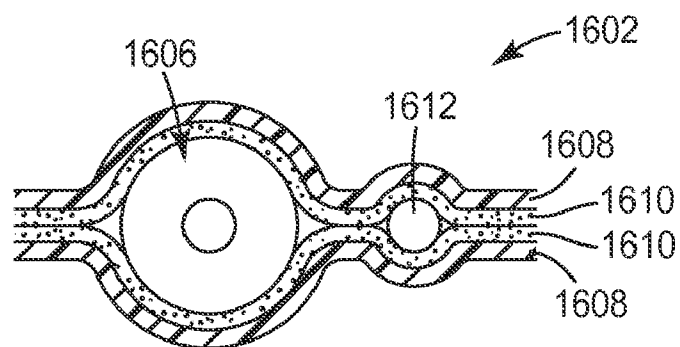


FIG. 11b

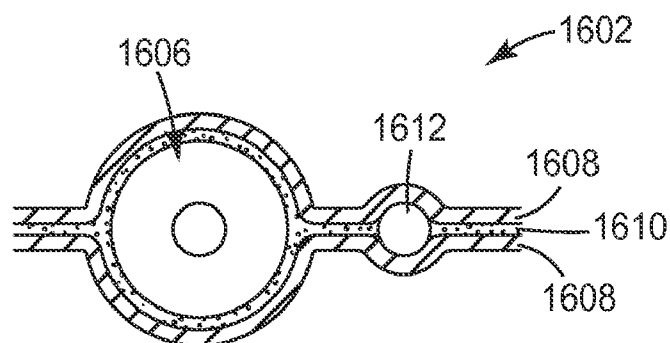


FIG. 11c

SHIELDED ELECTRICAL CABLE AND METHOD OF MAKING

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The present disclosure relates generally to shielded electrical cables for the transmission of electrical signals. In particular, the present invention relates to shielded electrical cables that can be mass-terminated and provide high speed electrical properties.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Electrical cables for transmission of electrical signals are well known. One common type of electrical cable is a coaxial cable. Coaxial cables generally include an electrically conductive wire surrounded by an insulator. The wire and insulator are surrounded by a shield, and the wire, insulator, and shield are surrounded by a jacket. Another common type of electrical cable is a shielded electrical cable comprising one or more insulated signal conductors surrounded by a shielding layer formed, for example, by a metal foil. To facilitate electrical connection of the shielding layer, a further un-insulated conductor is sometimes provided between the shielding layer and the insulation of the signal conductor or conductors. Both these common types of electrical cable normally require the use of specifically designed connectors for termination and are often not suitable for the use of mass-termination techniques, i.e., the simultaneous connection of a plurality of conductors to individual contact elements, such as, e.g., electrical contacts of an electrical connector or contact elements on a printed circuit board. Although electrical cables have been developed to facilitate these mass-termination techniques, these cables often have limitations in the ability to mass-produce them, in the ability to prepare their termination ends, in their flexibility, and in their electrical performance. In view of the advancements in high speed electrical and electronic components, a continuing need exists for electrical cables that are capable of transmitting high speed signals, facilitate mass-termination techniques, are cost-effective, and can be used in a large number of applications.

SUMMARY

[0003] In one aspect, the present invention provides a shielded electrical cable including a conductor set, two generally parallel shielding films disposed around the conductor set, and a conformable adhesive layer disposed between the shielding films and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set. The conductor set includes one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors.

[0004] In another aspect, the present invention provides a shielded electrical cable including a plurality of spaced apart conductor sets arranged generally in a single plane, two generally parallel shielding films disposed around the conductor sets, and a conformable adhesive layer disposed between the shielding films and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of each conductor set. Each conductor set includes one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors.

[0005] In another aspect, the present invention provides a shielded electrical cable including a conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors, at least one longitudinal ground conductor spaced

apart from and extending in substantially the same direction as the one or more insulated conductors, two generally parallel shielding films disposed around the conductor set and the ground conductor, and a conformable adhesive layer disposed between the shielding films and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set and the ground conductor. The conductor set and the ground conductor are arranged generally in a single plane.

[0006] In another aspect, the present invention provides a method of making a shielded electrical cable including providing a conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors, forming two generally parallel shielding films around the conductor set, and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set with a conformable adhesive layer.

[0007] In another aspect, the present invention provides a method of making a shielded electrical cable including providing a plurality of spaced apart conductor sets arranged generally in a single plane, forming two generally parallel shielding films around the conductor sets, and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of each conductor set with a conformable adhesive layer. Each conductor set includes one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors.

[0008] In another aspect, the present invention provides a method of making a shielded electrical cable including providing a conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors, providing at least one longitudinal ground conductor spaced apart from and extending in substantially the same direction as the one or more insulated conductors, forming two generally parallel shielding films around the conductor set and the ground conductor, and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set and the ground conductor with a conformable adhesive layer. The conductor set and the ground conductor are arranged generally in a single plane.

[0009] In another aspect, the present invention provides an electrical assembly including a shielded electrical cable and an electrically conductive cable clip. The shielded electrical cable includes a conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors, two generally parallel shielding films disposed around the conductor set, and a conformable adhesive layer disposed between the shielding films and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set. The electrically conductive cable clip is configured for termination to a ground reference. At least one of the shielding films electrically contacts the cable clip.

[0010] The above summary of the present invention is not intended to describe each disclosed embodiment or every implementation of the present invention. The Figures and detailed description that follow below more particularly exemplify illustrative embodiments.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0011] FIG. 1 is a perspective view of an exemplary embodiment of a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the present invention.

[0012] FIGS. 2a-2e are front cross-sectional views of five other exemplary embodiments of a shielded electrical cable according to aspects of the present invention.

[0013] FIG. 3 is a perspective view of two shielded electrical cables of FIG. 1 terminated to a printed circuit board.

[0014] FIGS. 4a-4d are top views of an exemplary termination process of a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the present invention.

[0015] FIG. 5 is a top view of another exemplary embodiment of a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the present invention.

[0016] FIG. 6 is a top view of another exemplary embodiment of a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the present invention.

[0017] FIGS. 7a-7d are front cross-sectional views of four other exemplary embodiments of a shielded electrical cable according to aspects of the present invention.

[0018] FIGS. 8a-8c are front cross-sectional views of three other exemplary embodiments of a shielded electrical cable according to aspects of the present invention.

[0019] FIGS. 9a-9b are top and partially cross-sectional front views, respectively, of an exemplary embodiment of an electrical assembly according to an aspect of the present invention terminated to a printed circuit board.

[0020] FIGS. 10a-10e and 10f-10g are perspective and front cross-sectional views, respectively, illustrating an exemplary method of making a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the present invention.

[0021] FIGS. 11a-11c are front cross-sectional views illustrating a detail of an exemplary method of making a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0022] In the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments, reference is made to the accompanying drawings that form a part hereof. The accompanying drawings show, by way of illustration, specific embodiments in which the invention may be practiced. It is to be understood that other embodiments may be utilized, and structural or logical changes may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention. The following detailed description, therefore, is not to be taken in a limiting sense, and the scope of the invention is defined by the appended claims.

[0023] Referring now to the Figures, FIG. 1 illustrates an exemplary embodiment of a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the present invention. Shielded electrical cable 2 includes a plurality of spaced apart conductor sets 4 arranged generally in a single plane. Each conductor set includes two substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors 6. Insulated conductors 6 may include insulated signal wires, insulated power wires, or insulated ground wires. Two generally parallel shielding films 8 are disposed around conductor sets 4. A conformable adhesive layer 10 is disposed between shielding films 8 and bonds shielding films 8 to each other on both sides of each conductor set 4. In one embodiment, conductor sets 4 have a substantially curvilinear cross-sectional shape, and shielding films 8 are disposed around conductor sets 4 such as to substantially conform to and maintain the cross-sectional shape. Maintaining the cross-sectional shape maintains the electrical characteristics of conductor sets 4 as intended in the design of conductor sets 4. This is an advantage over some conventional shielded electrical cables where disposing a conductive shield around a conductor set changes the cross-sectional shape of the conductor set.

[0024] Although in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 1, each conductor set 4 includes two insulated conductors 6, in other embodiments, each conductor set 4 may include one or

more insulated conductors 6. For example, instead of shielded electrical cable 2 including four conductor sets 4 each including two insulated conductors 6 as shown in FIG. 1, shielded electrical cable 2 may include one conductor set 4 including eight insulated conductors 6, or eight conductor sets 4 each including one insulated conductor 6. This flexibility in arrangements of conductor sets 4 and insulated conductors 6 allows shielded electrical cable 2 to be configured suitable for the intended application. For example, conductor sets 4 and insulated conductors 6 may be configured to form a multiple twinaxial cable, i.e., multiple conductor sets 4 each including two insulated conductors 6, a multiple coaxial cable, i.e., multiple conductor sets each including one insulated conductor 6, or a combination thereof. In other embodiments, a conductor set 4 may further include a conductive shield (not shown) disposed around the one or more insulated conductors 6, and an insulative jacket (not shown) disposed around the conductive shield.

[0025] In the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 1, shielded electrical cable 2 further includes optional longitudinal ground conductors 12. Ground conductors 12 may include ground wires or drain wires. Ground conductors 12 are spaced apart from and extend in substantially the same direction as insulated conductors 6. Conductor sets 4 and ground conductors 12 are arranged generally in a single plane. Shielding films 8 are disposed around ground conductors 12 and conformable adhesive layer 10 bonds shielding films 8 to each other on both sides of ground conductors 12. Ground conductors 12 may electrically contact at least one of shielding films 8.

[0026] FIGS. 2a-2e illustrate various exemplary embodiments of a shielded electrical cable according to aspects of the present invention. FIGS. 2a-2e are specifically intended to illustrate various examples of arrangements of conductors disposed between two shielding films.

[0027] Referring to FIG. 2a, shielded electrical cable 102 includes a single conductor set 104. Conductor set 104 includes a single longitudinal insulated conductor 106. Two generally parallel shielding films 108 are disposed around conductor set 104. A conformable adhesive layer 110 is disposed between shielding films 108 and bonds shielding films 108 to each other on both sides of conductor set 104. Shielded electrical cable 102 further includes optional longitudinal ground conductors 112. Ground conductors 112 are spaced apart from and extend in substantially the same direction as insulated conductor 106. Conductor set 104 and ground conductors 112 are arranged generally in a single plane. Shielding films 108 are disposed around ground conductors 112 and conformable adhesive layer 110 bonds shielding films 108 to each other on both sides of ground conductors 112. Ground conductors 112 may electrically contact at least one of shielding films 108. Insulated conductor 106 is effectively arranged in a coaxial or single ended cable arrangement.

[0028] Referring to FIG. 2b, shielded electrical cable 202 is similar to shielded electrical cable 102 illustrated in FIG. 2a. Where shielded electrical cable 102 includes a single conductor set 104 including a single longitudinal insulated conductor 106, shielded electrical cable 202 includes a single conductor set 204 including two substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors 206. Insulated conductors 206 are arranged generally in a single plane and effectively in a twinaxial or differential pair cable arrangement.

[0029] Referring to FIG. 2c, shielded electrical cable 302 is similar to shielded electrical cable 102 illustrated in FIG. 2a.

Where shielded electrical cable **102** includes a single conductor set **104** including a single longitudinal insulated conductor **106**, shielded electrical cable **302** includes a single conductor set **304** including two longitudinal insulated conductors **306**. Insulated conductors **306** are arranged effectively in a twisted pair cable arrangement, whereby insulated conductors **306** twist around each other in longitudinal direction.

[0030] Referring to FIG. 2*d*, shielded electrical cable **402** is similar to shielded electrical cable **102** illustrated in FIG. 2*a*. Where shielded electrical cable **102** includes a single conductor set **104** including a single longitudinal insulated conductor **106**, shielded electrical cable **402** includes a single conductor set **404** including four longitudinal insulated conductors **406**. Insulated conductors **406** are arranged effectively in a quad cable arrangement, whereby insulated conductors **406** may twist around each other in longitudinal direction, or may be substantially parallel.

[0031] Referring back to FIGS. 2*a*-2*d*, further embodiments of shielded electrical cables according to aspects of the present invention may include a plurality of spaced apart conductor sets **104**, **204**, **304** or **404**, or combinations thereof, arranged generally in a single plane. Optionally, the shielded electrical cables may include a plurality of ground conductors **112** spaced apart from and extending generally in the same direction as the insulated conductors of the conductor sets, wherein the conductor sets and ground conductors are arranged generally in a single plane. FIG. 2*e* illustrates an exemplary embodiment of such a shielded electrical cable.

[0032] Referring to FIG. 2*e*, shielded electrical cable **502** includes a plurality of spaced apart conductor sets **104**, **204** arranged generally in a single plane. Shielded electrical cable **502** further includes optional ground conductors **112** disposed between conductor sets **104**, **204** and at both ends of shielded electrical cable **502**. Two generally parallel shielding films **508** are disposed around conductor sets **104**, **204** and ground conductors **112**. A conformable adhesive layer **510** is disposed between shielding films **508** and bonds shielding films **508** to each other on both sides of each conductor set **104**, **204** and each ground conductor. Shielded electrical cable **502** includes a combination of coaxial cable arrangements (conductor sets **104**) and a twinaxial cable arrangement (conductor set **204**) and may therefore be referred to as a hybrid cable arrangement.

[0033] FIG. 3 illustrates two shielded electrical cables **2** terminated to a printed circuit board **14**. Because insulated conductors **6** and ground conductors **12** are arranged generally in a single plane, shielded electrical cables **2** are well suited for mass-stripping, i.e., the simultaneous stripping of shielding films **8** and insulated conductors **6**, and mass-termination, i.e., the simultaneous terminating of the stripped ends of insulated conductors **6** and ground conductors **12**, which allows a more automated cable assembly process. This is an advantage of the shielded electrical cables according to aspects of the present invention. In FIG. 3, the stripped ends of insulated conductors **6** and ground conductors **12** are terminated to contact elements **16** on printed circuit board **14**. In other embodiments, the stripped ends of insulated conductors **6** and ground conductors **12** may be terminated to any suitable individual contact elements of any suitable termination point, such as, e.g., electrical contacts of an electrical connector.

[0034] FIGS. 4*a*-4*d* illustrate an exemplary termination process of shielded electrical cable **2** to printed circuit board **14**. This termination process can be a mass-termination process and includes the steps of stripping (illustrated in FIGS.

4*a*-4*b*), aligning (illustrated in FIG. 4*c*), and terminating (illustrated in FIG. 4*d*). When forming shielded electrical cable **2**, the arrangement of conductor sets **4**, insulated conductors **6**, and ground conductors **12** of shielded electrical cable **2** may be matched to the arrangement of contact elements **16** on printed circuit board **14**, which would eliminate any significant manipulation of the end portions of shielded electrical cable **2** during alignment or termination.

[0035] In the step illustrated in FIG. 4*a*, an end portion **8a** of shielding films **8** is removed. Any suitable method may be used, such as, e.g., mechanical stripping or laser stripping. This step exposes an end portion of insulated conductors **6** and ground conductors **12**. In one aspect, mass-stripping of end portion **8a** of shielding films **8** is possible because they form an integrally connected layer that is separate from the insulation of insulated conductors **6**. Removing shielding films **8** from insulated conductors **6** allows protection against electrical shorting at these locations and also provides independent movement of the exposed end portions of insulated conductors **6** and ground conductors **12**. In the step illustrated in FIG. 4*b*, an end portion **6a** of the insulation of insulated conductors **6** is removed. Any suitable method may be used, such as, e.g., mechanical stripping or laser stripping. This step exposes an end portion of the conductor of insulated conductors **6**. In the step illustrated in FIG. 4*c*, shielded electrical cable **2** is aligned with printed circuit board **14** such that the end portions of the conductors of insulated conductors **6** and the end portions of ground conductors **12** of shielded electrical cable **2** are aligned with contact elements **16** on printed circuit board **14**. In the step illustrated in FIG. 4*d*, the end portions of the conductors of insulated conductors **6** and the end portions of ground conductors **12** of shielded electrical cable **2** are terminated to contact elements **16** on printed circuit board **14**. Examples of suitable termination methods that may be used include soldering, welding, crimping, mechanical clamping, and adhesively bonding, to name a few.

[0036] FIG. 5 illustrates another exemplary embodiment of a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the present invention. Shielded electrical cable **602** is similar to shielded electrical cable **2** illustrated in FIG. 1. In addition, shielded electrical cable **602** includes a plurality of longitudinal splits **18** disposed between conductor sets **4**. Splits **18** separate individual conductor sets **4** at least along a portion of the length of shielded electrical cable **602**, thereby increasing at least the lateral flexibility of shielded electrical cable **602**. This allows shielded electrical cable **602** to be placed more easily into a curvilinear outer jacket, e.g. In other embodiments, splits **18** may be placed such as to separate individual or multiple conductor sets **4** and ground conductors **12**. To maintain the spacing of conductor sets **4** and ground conductors **12**, splits **18** may be discontinuous along the length of shielded electrical cable **602**. To maintain the spacing of conductor sets **4** and ground conductors **12** in at least one end portion A of shielded electrical cable **602** and thereby maintaining mass-termination capability, splits **18** may not extend into one or both end portions A. Splits **18** may be formed in shielded electrical cable **602** using any suitable method, such as, e.g., laser cutting or punching. Instead of or in combination with longitudinal splits, other suitable shapes of openings may be formed in shielded electrical cable **602**, such as, e.g., holes, e.g., to increase at least the lateral flexibility of shielded electrical cable **602**.

[0037] FIG. 6 illustrates another exemplary embodiment of a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the

present invention. Shielded electrical cable **702** is similar to shielded electrical cable **602** illustrated in FIG. 5. Effectively, in shielded electrical cable **702**, one of conductor sets **4** is replaced by two ground conductors **12**. Shielded electrical cable **702** includes longitudinal splits **18** and **18'**. Split **18** separates individual conductor sets **4** along a portion of the length of shielded electrical cable **702** and does not extend into end portions A of shielded electrical cable **702**. Split **18'** separates individual conductor sets **4** along the length of shielded electrical cable **702** and extends into end portions A of shielded electrical cable **702**, which effectively splits shielded electrical cable **702** into two individual shielded electrical cables **702'**, **702''**. Shielding films **8** and ground conductors **12** provide an uninterrupted ground plane in each of the individual shielded electrical cables **702'**, **702''**. This exemplary embodiment illustrates the advantage of the parallel processing capability of the shielded electrical cables according to aspects of the present invention, whereby multiple shielded electrical cables may be formed simultaneously.

[0038] FIGS. 7a-7d illustrate four other exemplary embodiments of a shielded electrical cable according to aspects of the present invention. FIGS. 7a-7e are specifically intended to illustrate various examples of constructions of the shielding films of the shielded electrical cables. In one aspect, at least one of the shielding films may include a conductive layer and a non-conductive polymeric layer. The conductive layer may include any suitable conductive material, including but not limited to copper, silver, aluminum, gold, and alloys thereof. The non-conductive polymeric layer may include any suitable polymeric material, including but not limited to polyester, polyimide, polyamide-imide, polytetrafluoroethylene, polypropylene, polyethylene, polyphenylene sulfide, polyethylene naphthalate, polycarbonate, silicone rubber, ethylene propylene diene rubber, polyurethane, acrylates, silicones, natural rubber, epoxies, and synthetic rubber adhesive. The non-conductive polymeric layer may include one or more additives and/or fillers to provide properties suitable for the intended application. In another aspect, at least one of the shielding films may include a laminating adhesive layer disposed between the conductive layer and the non-conductive polymeric layer. In another aspect, at least one of the shielding films may include a stand-alone conductive film. The construction of the shielding films may be selected based on a number of design parameters suitable for the intended application, such as, e.g., flexibility, electrical performance, and configuration of the shielded electrical cable (such as, e.g., presence and location of ground conductors). In one embodiment, the shielding films include an integrally formed shielding film. In one embodiment, the shielding films have a thickness in the range of 0.01 mm to 0.05 mm. The shielding films provide isolation, shielding, and precise spacing between the conductor sets, and enable a more automated and lower cost cable manufacturing process. In addition, the shielding films prevent a phenomenon known as "signal suck-out" or resonance, whereby high signal attenuation occurs at a particular frequency range. This phenomenon typically occurs in conventional shielded electrical cables where a conductive shield is wrapped around a conductor set.

[0039] Referring to FIG. 7a, shielded electrical cable **802** includes a single conductor set **804**. Conductor set **804** includes two substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors **806**. Two generally parallel shielding films **808** are disposed around conductor set **804**. Shielding films **808**

include a conformable adhesive layer **810** that bonds shielding films **808** to each other on both sides of conductor set **804**. Insulated conductors **806** are arranged generally in a single plane and effectively in a twinaxial or differential pair cable arrangement. Shielding films **808** include a conductive layer **808a** and a non-conductive polymeric layer **808b**. Non-conductive polymeric layer **808b** faces insulated conductors **806**. Conductive layer **808a** may be deposited onto non-conductive polymeric layer **808b** using any suitable method.

[0040] Referring to FIG. 7b, shielded electrical cable **902** includes a single conductor set **904**. Conductor set **904** includes two substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors **906**. Two generally parallel shielding films **908** are disposed around conductor set **904**. Shielding films **908** include a conformable adhesive layer **910** that bonds shielding films **908** to each other on both sides of conductor set **904**. Insulated conductors **906** are arranged generally in a single plane and effectively in a twinaxial or differential pair cable arrangement. Shielding films **908** include a conductive layer **908a** and a non-conductive polymeric layer **908b**. Conductive layer **908a** faces insulated conductors **906**. Conductive layer **908a** may be deposited onto non-conductive polymeric layer **908b** using any suitable method.

[0041] Referring to FIG. 7c, shielded electrical cable **1002** includes a single conductor set **1004**. Conductor set **1004** includes two substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors **1006**. Two generally parallel shielding films **1008** are disposed around conductor set **1004**. Shielding films **1008** include a conformable adhesive layer **1010** that bonds shielding films **1008** to each other on both sides of conductor set **1004**. Insulated conductors **1006** are arranged generally in a single plane and effectively in a twinaxial or differential pair cable arrangement. Shielding films **1008** include a stand-alone conductive film.

[0042] Referring to FIG. 7d, shielded electrical cable **1102** includes a single conductor set **1104**. Conductor set **1104** includes two substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors **1106**. Two generally parallel shielding films **1108** are disposed around conductor set **1104**. Shielding films **1108** include a conformable adhesive layer **1110** that bonds shielding films **1108** to each other on both sides of conductor set **1104**. Insulated conductors **1106** are arranged generally in a single plane and effectively in a twinaxial or differential pair cable arrangement. Shielding films **1108** include a conductive layer **1108a**, a non-conductive polymeric layer **1108b**, and a laminating adhesive layer **1108c** disposed between conductive layer **1108a** and non-conductive polymeric layer **1108b**, thereby laminating conductive layer **1108a** to non-conductive polymeric layer **1108b**. Conductive layer **1108a** faces insulated conductors **1106**.

[0043] Referring back to FIG. 1, conformable adhesive layer **10** of shielded electrical cable **2** is disposed between shielding films **8** and bonds shielding films **8** to each other on both sides of each conductor set **4**. In one embodiment, conformable adhesive layer **10** may be disposed on one of shielding films **8**. In another embodiment, conformable adhesive layer **10** may be disposed on both shielding films **8**. Conformable adhesive layer **10** may include an insulative adhesive and provide an insulative bond between shielding films **8**. Optionally, conformable adhesive layer **10** may provide an insulative bond between at least one of shielding films **8** and insulated conductors **6**, and between at least one of shielding films **8** and ground conductors **12**. Conformable adhesive layer **10** may include a conductive adhesive and provide a conductive

bond between shielding films 8. Optionally, conformable adhesive layer 10 may provide a conductive bond between at least one of shielding films 8 and ground conductors 12. Suitable conductive adhesives include conductive particles to provide the flow of electrical current. The conductive particles can be any of the types of particles currently used, such as spheres, flakes, rods, cubes, amorphous, or other particle shapes. They may be solid or substantially solid particles such as carbon black, carbon fibers, nickel spheres, nickel coated copper spheres, metal-coated oxides, metal-coated polymer fibers, or other similar conductive particles. These conductive particles can be made from electrically insulating materials that are plated or coated with a conductive material such as silver, aluminum, nickel, or indium tin-oxide. The metal-coated insulating material can be substantially hollow particles such as hollow glass spheres, or may comprise solid materials such as glass beads or metal oxides. The conductive particles may be on the order of several tens of microns to nanometer sized materials such as carbon nanotubes. Suitable conductive adhesives may also include a conductive polymeric matrix. In one aspect, conformable adhesive layer 10 may include a continuous adhesive layer extending along the entire length and width of shielding films 8. In another aspect, conformable adhesive layer 10 may include a discontinuous adhesive layer. For example, conformable adhesive layer 10 may be present only in some portions along the length or width of shielding films 8. In one embodiment, discontinuous adhesive layer 10 includes a plurality of longitudinal adhesive stripes that are disposed, e.g., on both sides of each conductor set 4 and ground conductors 12. In one embodiment, conformable adhesive layer 10 includes at least one of a pressure sensitive adhesive, a hot melt adhesive, a thermoset adhesive, and a curable adhesive. In one embodiment, conformable adhesive layer 10 is configured to provide a bond between shielding films 8 that is substantially stronger than a bond between one or more insulated conductor 6 and shielding films 8. This may be achieved, e.g., by selecting the adhesive formulation accordingly. An advantage of this adhesive configuration is that shielding films 8 are readily strippable from the insulation of insulated conductors 6. In another embodiment, conformable adhesive layer 10 is configured to provide a bond between shielding films 8 and a bond between one or more insulated conductor 6 and shielding films 8 that are substantially equally strong. An advantage of this adhesive configuration is that insulated conductors 6 are anchored between shielding films 8. On bending shielded electrical cable 2, this allows for little relative movement and therefore reduces the likelihood of buckling of shielding films 8. Suitable bond strengths may be chosen based on the intended application. In one embodiment, conformable adhesive layer 10 has a thickness of less than about 0.13 mm. In a preferred embodiment, conformable adhesive layer 10 has a thickness of less than about 0.05 mm.

[0044] Conformable adhesive layer 10 may conform to achieve desired mechanical and electrical performance characteristics of shielded electrical cable 2. In one aspect, conformable adhesive layer 10 may conform to be thinner between shielding films 8 in areas between conductor sets 4, which increases at least the lateral flexibility of shielded electrical cable 2. This allows shielded electrical cable 2 to be placed more easily into a curvilinear outer jacket, e.g. In another aspect, conformable adhesive layer 10 may conform to be thicker in areas immediately adjacent conductor sets 4 and substantially conform to conductor sets 4. This increases

the mechanical strength and enables forming a curvilinear shape of shielding films 8 in these areas, which increases the durability of shielded electrical cable 2, e.g., during flexing of the cable. In addition, this helps to maintain the position and spacing of insulated conductors 6 relative to shielding films 8 along the length of shielded electrical cable 2, which results in uniform impedance and superior signal integrity of shielded electrical cable 2. In another aspect, conformable adhesive layer 10 may conform to effectively be partially or completely removed between shielding films 8 in areas between conductor sets 4. As a result, shielding films 8 electrically contact each other in these areas, which increases the electrical performance of shielded electrical cable 2. In another aspect, conformable adhesive layer 10 may conform to effectively be partially or completely removed between at least one of shielding films 8 and ground conductors 12. As a result, ground conductors 12 electrically contact at least one of shielding films 8 in these areas, which increases the electrical performance of shielded electrical cable 2. Even if a thin conformable adhesive layer 10 exists between at least one of shielding films 8 and ground conductors 12, asperities on ground conductors 12 may break through conformable adhesive layer 10 to establish electrical contact as intended.

[0045] FIGS. 8a-8c illustrate three other exemplary embodiments of a shielded electrical cable according to aspects of the present invention. FIGS. 8a-8c are specifically intended to illustrate examples of the placement of ground conductors in the shielded electrical cables. An aspect of a shielded electrical cable is proper grounding of the shield. Shielded electrical cables according to aspects of the present invention can be grounded in a number of ways. In one aspect, the ground conductors electrically contact at least one of the shielding films such that grounding the ground conductors also grounds the shielding films. In this arrangement, the ground conductors may also be referred to as "drain wires". In another aspect, the ground conductors do not electrically contact the shielding films, but are individual elements in the cable construction that may be independently terminated to any suitable individual contact element of any suitable termination point, such as, e.g., a contact element on a printed circuit board. In this arrangement, the ground conductors may also be referred to as "ground wires". FIG. 8a illustrates an exemplary embodiment of a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the present invention wherein the ground conductors are positioned external to the shielding films. FIGS. 8b-8c illustrate two exemplary embodiments of a shielded electrical cable according to aspects of the present invention wherein the ground conductors are positioned between the shielding films, and may be included in the conductor set. One or more ground conductors may be placed in any suitable position external to the shielding films, between the shielding films, or a combination of both.

[0046] Referring to FIG. 8a, shielded electrical cable 1202 includes a single conductor set 1204. Conductor set 1204 includes two substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors 1206. Two generally parallel shielding films 1208 are disposed around conductor set 1204. A conformable adhesive layer 1210 is disposed between shielding films 1208 and bonds shielding films 1208 to each other on both sides of conductor set 1204. Insulated conductors 1206 are arranged generally in a single plane and effectively in a twinaxial or differential pair cable arrangement. Shielded electrical cable 1202 further includes a plurality of ground conductors 1212 positioned external to shielding films 1208. Ground conduc-

tors **1212** are placed over, under, and on both sides of conductor set **1204**. Optionally, shielded electrical cable **1202** includes protective films **1220** surrounding shielding films **1208** and ground conductors **1212**. Protective films **1220** include a protective layer **1220a** and an adhesive layer **1220b** bonding protective layer **1220a** to shielding films **1208** and ground conductors **1212**. Alternatively, shielding films **1208** and ground conductors **1212** may be surrounded by an outer conductive shield, such as, e.g., a conductive braid, and an outer insulative jacket (not shown).

[0047] Referring to FIG. **8b**, shielded electrical cable **1302** includes a single conductor set **1304**. Conductor set **1304** includes two substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors **1306**. Two generally parallel shielding films **1308** are disposed around conductor set **1304**. A conformable adhesive layer **1310** is disposed between shielding films **1308** and bonds shielding films **1308** to each other on both sides of conductor set **1304**. Insulated conductors **1306** are arranged generally in a single plane and effectively in a twinaxial or differential pair cable arrangement. Shielded electrical cable **1302** further includes a plurality of ground conductors **1312** positioned between shielding films **1308**. Two of the ground conductors **1312** are included in conductor set **1304**, and two of the ground conductors **1312** are spaced apart from conductor set **1304**.

[0048] Referring to FIG. **8c**, shielded electrical cable **1402** includes a single conductor set **1404**. Conductor set **1404** includes two substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors **1406**. Two generally parallel shielding films **1408** are disposed around conductor set **1404**. A conformable adhesive layer **1410** is disposed between shielding films **1408** and bonds shielding films **1408** to each other on both sides of conductor set **1404**. Insulated conductors **1406** are arranged generally in a single plane and effectively in a twinaxial or differential pair cable arrangement. Shielded electrical cable **1402** further includes a plurality of ground conductors **1412** positioned between shielding films **1408**. All of the ground conductors **1412** are included in conductor set **1404**. Two of the ground conductors **1412** and insulated conductors **1406** are arranged generally in a single plane.

[0049] FIGS. **9a-9b** illustrate an exemplary embodiment of an electrical assembly according to an aspect of the present invention terminated to a printed circuit board. Electrical assembly **1500** includes a shielded electrical cable **1502** and an electrically conductive cable clip **1522**. Shielded electrical cable **1502** includes a plurality of spaced apart conductor sets **1504** arranged generally in a single plane. Each conductor set includes two substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors **1506**. Two generally parallel shielding films **1508** are disposed around conductor sets **1504**. A conformable adhesive layer **1510** is disposed between shielding films **1508** and bonds shielding films **1508** to each other on both sides of each conductor set **1504**. Cable clip **1522** is clamped or otherwise attached to an end portion of shielded electrical cable **1502** such that at least one of shielding films **1508** electrically contacts cable clip **1522**. Cable clip **1522** is configured for termination to a ground reference, such as, e.g., contact element **1516** on printed circuit board **1514**, to establish a ground connection between shielded electrical cable **1502** and the ground reference. Cable clip may be terminated to the ground reference using any suitable method, including soldering, welding, crimping, mechanical clamping, and adhesively bonding, to name a few. When terminated, cable clip **1522** may facilitate termination of the end portions of the conduc-

tors of insulated conductors **1506** of shielded electrical cable **1502** to contact elements of a termination point, such as, e.g., contact elements **16** on printed circuit board **14**. Shielded electrical cable **1502** may include one or more ground conductors as described herein that may electrically contact cable clip **1522** in addition to or instead of at least one of shielding films **1508**.

[0050] FIGS. **10a-10g** illustrate an exemplary method of making a shielded electrical cable according to an aspect of the present invention. Specifically, FIGS. **10a-10g** illustrate an exemplary method of making shielded electrical cable **2** illustrated in FIG. **1**.

[0051] In the step illustrated in FIG. **10a**, insulated conductors **6** are formed using any suitable method, such as, e.g., extrusion. Insulated conductors **6** may be formed of any suitable length. Insulated conductors **6** may then be provided as such or cut to a desired length. Ground conductors **12** may be formed and provided in a similar fashion (not shown). In the step illustrated in FIG. **10b**, shielding films **8** are formed. A single layer or multilayer web may be formed using any suitable method, such as, e.g., continuous wide web processing. Shielding films **8** may be formed of any suitable length. Shielding films **8** may then be provided as such or cut to a desired length and/or width. Shielding films **8** may be preformed to have transverse partial folds to increase flexibility in the longitudinal direction. As illustrated in FIG. **10b**, shielding films **8** include conformable adhesive layer **10**, which may be formed on shielding films **8** using any suitable method, such as, e.g., laminating or sputtering. In the step illustrated in FIG. **10c**, a plurality of insulated conductors **6**, ground conductors **12**, and shielding films **8** are provided. A forming tool **24** is provided. Forming tool **24** includes a pair of forming rolls **26a**, **26b** having a shape corresponding to a cross-sectional shape of shielded electrical cable **2** and include a bite **28**. Insulated conductors **6**, ground conductors **12**, and shielding films **8** are arranged according to the configuration of shielded electrical cable **2**, and positioned in proximity to forming rolls **26a**, **26b**, after which they are concurrently fed into bite **28** of forming rolls **26a**, **26b** and disposed between forming rolls **26a**, **26b**. Forming tool **24** forms shielding films **8** around conductor sets **4** and ground conductor **12** and bonds shielding films **8** to each other on both sides of each conductor set **4** and ground conductors **12**. Heat may be applied to facilitate bonding. Although in this embodiment, forming shielding films **8** around conductor sets **4** and ground conductor **12** and bonding shielding films **8** to each other on both sides of each conductor set **4** and ground conductors **12** occur in a single operation, in other embodiments, these steps may occur in separate operations. FIG. **10d** illustrates shielded electrical cable **2** as it is formed by forming tool **24**. In the step illustrated in FIG. **10e**, longitudinal splits **18** are formed between conductor sets **4**. Splits **18** may be formed in shielded electrical cable **2** using any suitable method, such as, e.g., laser cutting or punching. In the step illustrated in FIG. **10f**, shielding films **8** of shielded electrical cable **2** are folded and an outer conductive shield **30** is provided around the folded shielding films **8** using any suitable method. In the step illustrated in FIG. **10g**, an outer jacket **32** is provided around outer conductive shield **30** using any suitable method, such as, e.g., extrusion. In other embodiments, outer conductive shield **30** may be omitted and outer jacket **32** may be provided around the folded shielding films **8**.

[0052] FIGS. **11a-11c** illustrate a detail of an exemplary method of making a shielded electrical cable according to an

aspect of the present invention. FIGS. 11a-11c are specifically intended to illustrate an example of the conforming of conformable adhesive layers during the forming and bonding of shielding films.

[0053] In the step illustrated in FIG. 11a, an insulated conductor 1606, a ground conductor 1612 spaced apart from insulated conductor 1606, and two shielding films 1608 are provided. Shielding films 1608 each include a conformable adhesive layer 1610. In the steps illustrated in FIGS. 11b-11c, shielding films 1608 are formed around insulated conductor 1606 and ground conductor 1612 and bonded to each other. Initially, as illustrated in FIG. 11b, conformable adhesive layers 1610 still have their original thickness. As the forming and bonding of shielding films 1608 proceeds, conformable adhesive layers 1610 conform to achieve desired mechanical and electrical performance characteristics of shielded electrical cable 1602. Specifically, as illustrated in FIG. 11c, conformable adhesive layers 1610 conform to be thinner between shielding films 1608 on both sides of insulated conductor 1606 and ground conductor 1612; a portion of conformable adhesive layers 1610 displaces away from these areas. Further, conformable adhesive layers 1610 conform to be thicker in areas immediately adjacent insulated conductor 1606 and ground conductor 1612, and substantially conform to insulated conductor 1606 and ground conductor 1612; a portion of conformable adhesive layers 1610 displaces into these areas. Further, conformable adhesive layers 1610 conform to effectively be removed between shielding films 1608 and ground conductor 1612; conformable adhesive layers 1610 displace away from these areas such that ground conductor 1612 electrically contacts shielding films 1608.

[0054] The following items are exemplary embodiments of a shielded electrical cable, a method of making a shielded electrical cable, or an electrical assembly according to aspects of the present invention.

[0055] Item 1 is a shielded electrical cable comprising a conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors; two generally parallel shielding films disposed around the conductor set; and a conformable adhesive layer disposed between the shielding films and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set.

[0056] Item 2 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1 further comprising at least one longitudinal ground conductor extending in substantially the same direction as the one or more insulated conductors.

[0057] Item 3 is the shielded electrical cable of item 2, wherein the ground conductor electrically contacts at least one of the shielding films.

[0058] Item 4 is the shielded electrical cable of item 2, wherein the ground conductor is included in the conductor set.

[0059] Item 5 is the shielded electrical cable of item 2, wherein the ground conductor is positioned external to the shielding films.

[0060] Item 6 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conductor set further includes a conductive shield disposed around the one or more insulated conductors, and an insulative jacket disposed around the conductive shield.

[0061] Item 7 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conductor set includes two insulated conductors.

[0062] Item 8 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the one or more insulated conductors are arranged generally in a single plane.

[0063] Item 9 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein at least one of the shielding films includes a conductive layer and a non-conductive polymeric layer.

[0064] Item 10 is the shielded electrical cable of item 9, wherein the conductive layer faces the one or more insulated conductors.

[0065] Item 11 is the shielded electrical cable of item 9, wherein the non-conductive polymeric layer faces the one or more insulated conductors.

[0066] Item 12 is the shielded electrical cable of item 9, wherein at least one of the shielding films includes a laminating adhesive layer disposed between the conductive layer and the non-conductive polymeric layer.

[0067] Item 13 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the shielding films have a thickness in the range of 0.01 mm to 0.05 mm.

[0068] Item 14 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conductor set has a substantially curvilinear cross-sectional shape, and wherein the shielding films are disposed around the conductor set such as to substantially conform to and maintain the cross-sectional shape.

[0069] Item 15 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the shielding films electrically contact each other.

[0070] Item 16 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein at least one of the shielding films includes the conformable adhesive layer.

[0071] Item 17 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer has a thickness of less than about 0.13 mm.

[0072] Item 18 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer has a thickness of less than about 0.05 mm.

[0073] Item 19 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer is configured to provide a bond between the shielding films that is substantially stronger than a bond between the one or more insulated conductors and the shielding films.

[0074] Item 20 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer is configured to provide a bond between the shielding films and a bond between the one or more insulated conductors and the shielding films that are substantially equally strong.

[0075] Item 21 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer comprises at least one of a pressure sensitive adhesive, a hot melt adhesive, a thermoset adhesive, and a curable adhesive.

[0076] Item 22 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer comprises a conductive adhesive.

[0077] Item 23 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer includes a discontinuous adhesive layer.

[0078] Item 24 is the shielded electrical cable of item 23, wherein the discontinuous adhesive layer includes a plurality of longitudinal adhesive stripes.

[0079] Item 25 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer includes a continuous adhesive layer.

[0080] Item 26 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer substantially conforms to the conductor set.

[0081] Item 27 is the shielded electrical cable of item 1, wherein the shielding films includes an integrally formed shielding film.

[0082] Item 28 is a shielded electrical cable comprising a plurality of spaced apart conductor sets arranged generally in a single plane, each conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors; two generally parallel shielding films disposed around the conductor sets; and a conformable adhesive layer disposed between the shielding films and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of each conductor set.

[0083] Item 29 is the shielded electrical cable of item 28, wherein the shielding films include a plurality of longitudinal splits disposed between the conductor sets.

[0084] Item 30 is the shielded electrical cable of item 28, wherein the one or more insulated conductors are arranged generally in a single plane.

[0085] Item 31 is a shielded electrical cable comprising a conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors; at least one longitudinal ground conductor spaced apart from and extending in substantially the same direction as the one or more insulated conductors, wherein the conductor set and the ground conductor are arranged generally in a single plane; two generally parallel shielding films disposed around the conductor set and the ground conductor; and a conformable adhesive layer disposed between the shielding films and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set and the ground conductor.

[0086] Item 32 is the shielded electrical cable of item 31, wherein the ground conductor electrically contacts at least one of the shielding films.

[0087] Item 33 is the shielded electrical cable of item 31, wherein the one or more insulated conductors are arranged generally in a single plane.

[0088] Item 34 is a method of making a shielded electrical cable comprising providing a conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors; forming two generally parallel shielding films around the conductor set; and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set with a conformable adhesive layer.

[0089] Item 35 is the method of item 34, wherein forming two generally parallel shielding films around the conductor set includes disposing the shielding films and one or more insulated conductors between a pair of forming rolls having a shape corresponding to a cross-sectional shape of the shielded electrical cable.

[0090] Item 36 is the method of item 34, wherein forming two generally parallel shielding films around the conductor set and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set occur in a single operation.

[0091] Item 37 is the method of item 34, wherein at least one of the shielding films includes a conductive layer and a non-conductive polymeric layer, and wherein the conductive layer is deposited onto the non-conductive polymeric layer.

[0092] Item 38 is the method of item 34, wherein at least one of the shielding films includes a conductive layer and a non-conductive polymeric layer, and wherein the conductive layer is laminated to the non-conductive polymeric layer.

[0093] Item 39 is the method of item 34, wherein bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set includes conforming the conformable adhesive layer substantially to the conductor set.

[0094] Item 40 is a method of making a shielded electrical cable comprising providing a plurality of spaced apart conductor sets arranged generally in a single plane, each conduc-

tor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors; forming two generally parallel shielding films around the conductor sets; and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of each conductor set with a conformable adhesive layer.

[0095] Item 41 is the method of item 40 further comprising folding the shielding films.

[0096] Item 42 is the method of item 41 further comprising forming a plurality of longitudinal splits between the conductor sets.

[0097] Item 43 is the method of item 41 further comprising forming an outer conductive shield around the folded shielding films.

[0098] Item 44 is the method of item 41 further comprising forming an outer jacket around the folded shielding films.

[0099] Item 45 is a method of making a shielded electrical cable comprising providing a conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors; providing at least one longitudinal ground conductor spaced apart from and extending in substantially the same direction as the one or more insulated conductors, wherein the conductor set and the ground conductor are arranged generally in a single plane; forming two generally parallel shielding films around the conductor set and the ground conductor; and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set and the ground conductor with a conformable adhesive layer.

[0100] Item 46 is the method of item 45, wherein bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set and the ground conductor includes displacing the conformable adhesive layer away from the ground conductor such that the ground conductor electrically contacts at least one of the shielding films.

[0101] Item 47 is an electrical assembly comprising a shielded electrical cable comprising a conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors; two generally parallel shielding films disposed around the conductor set; and a conformable adhesive layer disposed between the shielding films and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set; and an electrically conductive cable clip configured for termination to a ground reference, wherein at least one of the shielding films electrically contacts the cable clip.

[0102] Although specific embodiments have been illustrated and described herein for purposes of description of the preferred embodiment, it will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that a wide variety of alternate and/or equivalent implementations calculated to achieve the same purposes may be substituted for the specific embodiments shown and described without departing from the scope of the present invention. Those with skill in the mechanical, electro-mechanical, and electrical arts will readily appreciate that the present invention may be implemented in a very wide variety of embodiments. This application is intended to cover any adaptations or variations of the preferred embodiments discussed herein. Therefore, it is manifestly intended that this invention be limited only by the claims and the equivalents thereof.

1. A shielded electrical cable comprising:

- a conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors;
- two generally parallel shielding films disposed around the conductor set; and

a conformable adhesive layer disposed between the shielding films and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of the conductor set, a bond between the shielding films being stronger than a bond between an insulated conductor and the shielding films.

2. The shielded electrical cable of claim 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer comprises a conductive adhesive.

3. The shielded electrical cable of claim 1, wherein the conductor set comprises two insulated conductors twisted around each other in the longitudinal direction.

4. The shielded electrical cable of claim 1, wherein the conformable adhesive layer comprises a discontinuous adhesive layer.

5. A shielded electrical cable comprising:

a plurality of spaced apart conductor sets, each conductor set including one or more substantially parallel longitudinal insulated conductors;

at least one longitudinal ground conductor extending in substantially the same direction as the insulated conductors;

two generally parallel shielding films disposed around the conductor sets and the at least one longitudinal ground conductor;

a conformable adhesive layer disposed between the shielding films and bonding the shielding films to each other on both sides of each conductor set; and

a plurality of longitudinal splits disposed between and separating the conductor sets.

6. The shielded electrical cable of claim 5, wherein a split in the plurality of longitudinal splits is discontinuous along the length of the shielded electrical cable.

7. The shielded electrical cable of claim 5, comprising two adjacent ground conductors.

8. The shielded electrical cable of claim 5 being folded and surrounded by an outer jacket and an outer conductive shield.

9. The shielded electrical cable of claim 5 being folded and surrounded by an outer jacket but not an outer conductive shield.

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