## United States Patent Office.

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APPLYING DESIGNS TO ARTICLES MADE OF PLASTIC MATERIAL.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 239,792, dated April 5, 1881.

Application filed November 1, 1880. (No specimens.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN W. HYATT, of Newark, in the county of Essex and State of New Jersey, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Applying Designs to Articles made of Plastic Material, of which the follow-

ing is a specification.

The invention relates to an improved process of applying designs, lettering, &c., to ar-10 ticles which are made by subjecting material in powdered form to pressure in heated molds. It is confined to articles which are made by the use of powdered materials and substances, and to such powders as are plastic or weldable 15 under heat. I have been able to produce satisfactory results in connection with a number of substances; but I especially recommend the material known as "bonsilate," which I have used with marked success.

The novelty of my process consists, essentially, in the employment, in connection with heat and pressure, of a powder that is plastic under heat, and an ink or sizing which is com-

posed of or carries a color.

The design is applied to the mold or die in ink or a sizing, and the mold filled with the powdered material, by preference while the ink or sizing is in an undried condition. The pressure and heat are then applied and the article completed, or the pressure is applied first long enough to cause an absorption of the ink or color, and the heat applied afterward.

The ink or sizing may be put on the mold 35 in many ways. It may be printed by means of type or designs of elastic material, or applied by hand or otherwise, as may be convenient. I prefer, however, where it is practicable, to cut or engrave the lettering or design 40 in the face of the mold or die, and apply the ink to the design, as is customary in the art of plate-printing.

The preferred method is fully described hereinafter, and I recommend its employment, 45 particularly where a superior order of orna-

mentation is desired.

The inks or dyes commonly used in printing and dyeing, or sizings which contain the colors of which such inks or dyes are made. 50 may be used.

While, as is evident, my process may be

recommend the following where the mold is of such a shape that the steps I describe are practicable.

I cut or engrave the design in intaglio in the face of the die, finishing it the same substantially as an ordinary steel plate. I then apply the ink in any convenient way and wipe the plate carefully. The design having been 60 properly inked the mold or die is filled with the powdered material and the pressure and heat applied and continued until the article is completed.

If preferred, which may be desirable in some 65 instances, the pressure may be applied first to cause an effectual absorption of the ink, and the heat and pressure afterward applied to-

gether.

I have made use of a pressure of from a ton 70 to two tons to the square inch; but whatever pressure is sufficient to complete the article will be sufficient to effectuate the objects of

I am also able to produce a bronze effect by 75 mixing the bronze with a varnish or dryingoil and applying the compound to the die or mold according to the process above described.

In the case of a flat article, if it be found when it is taken from the mold that the design 80 is raised to too great an extent, the objection may be corrected by subjecting the article to pressure in a plain mold having no engraved surfaces, similar in shape to that in which the article has been formed.

In some instances it may be found expedient to apply the powder to cover the ink or sizing before filling the mold, in which event it will be sifted upon the ink or sizing and the mold then filled and the heat and pressure ap- 90 plied, as above set forth.

I am aware that molds with intaglio or intagliated surfaces filled with different-colored materials have been employed heretofore in the ornamentation of articles, which I do not 95

claim.

I do not limit my claim to any method of applying the design to the mold, nor to the treatment of any particular material or substance; neither do I confine myself to any 100 specific ink or sizing; but

What I do claim is

1. A process of applying designs, &c., to arpracticed in many different ways, I prefer and I ticles which are made by pressing a powder that is plastic under heat in heated molds, which consists in, first, applying the design to the mold in ink or a sizing; second, filling the mold with the powder of which the article is intended to be formed; and, third, completing the article and application of the design by means of heat and pressure, substantially as set forth.

2. A process of applying designs, &c., to articles which are made by pressing a powder that is plastic under heat in heated molds, which consists in, first, cutting the design in intaglio in the face of the mold; second, inking or coloring it; third, filling the mold with the powder of which the article is intended to be formed; and, fourth, completing the article and application of the design by means of heat and pressure, substantially as set forth.

3. A process of applying designs, &c., to articles which are made by pressing a powder that is plastic under heat in heated molds, which consists in, first, applying the design to the mold in ink or a sizing; second, filling the mold with the powder of which the article is intended to be formed; and, third, completing

the article and application of the design by means of heat and pressure, first applying pressure to effect an absorption of the ink or color, and then applying both heat and pressure, substantially as set forth.

4. A process of applying designs, &c., to articles which are made by pressing a powder that is plastic under heat in heated molds, which consists in, first, applying the design to the mold in ink composed of bronze and a 35 varnish or drying-oil; second, filling the mold with the powder of which the article is intended to be formed: and, third, completing the article and application of the design by means of heat and pressure, substantially as 40 set forth.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing improvement in applying designs to articles made of plastic material, as above described, I have hereunto set my hand this 29th day of Octo-45 ber, 1880.

JOHN W. HYATT.

Witnesses:

CHAS. C. GILL, T. WALTER FOWLER.