



US009969181B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Dashiell et al.

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 9,969,181 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **May 15, 2018**

(54) **PRINTER WITH ADHESIVE CAPABILITIES**

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days. days.

(21) Appl. No.: **15/169,014**

(22) Filed: **May 31, 2016**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2016/0332463 A1 Nov. 17, 2016

Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 12/586,956, filed on
Sep. 30, 2009, now Pat. No. 9,352,580, which is a
continuation-in-part of application No. 11/968,114,
filed on Dec. 31, 2007, now Pat. No. 8,764,323.

(51) **Int. Cl.**

B41J 2/32 (2006.01)

B41J 2/325 (2006.01)

B41J 11/00 (2006.01)

B41J 3/60 (2006.01)

B41J 2/01 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC **B41J 11/0015** (2013.01); **B41J 2/01**
(2013.01); **B41J 2/32** (2013.01); **B41J 3/60**
(2013.01); **B41J 2/325** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC B41J 2/32; B41J 2/325; B41J 3/407; B41J
3/4075; B41J 11/0015; B41J 3/60; B41J
2/01

See application file for complete search history.

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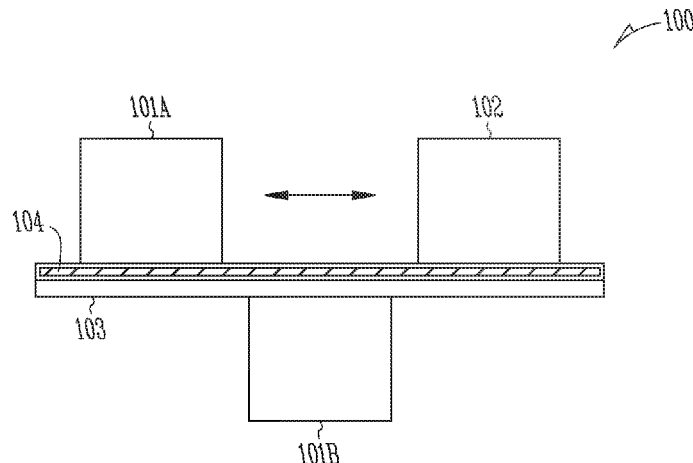
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A printer with adhesive capabilities is presented. A printer
includes one or more printing elements to image one or two
sides of print media. The printer also includes an adhesive
element to apply or activate adhesive material on at least one
of the two sides of the print media.

5 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets



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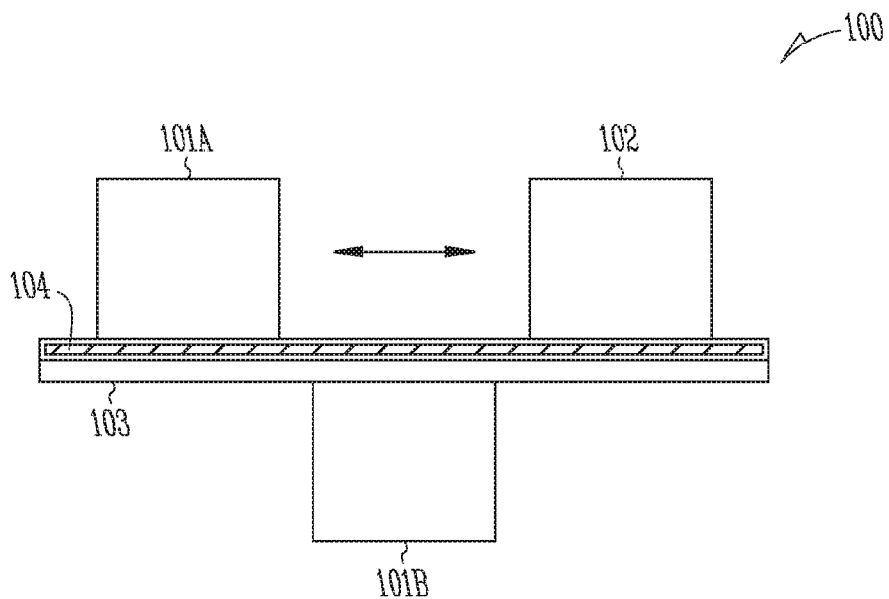


Fig. 1

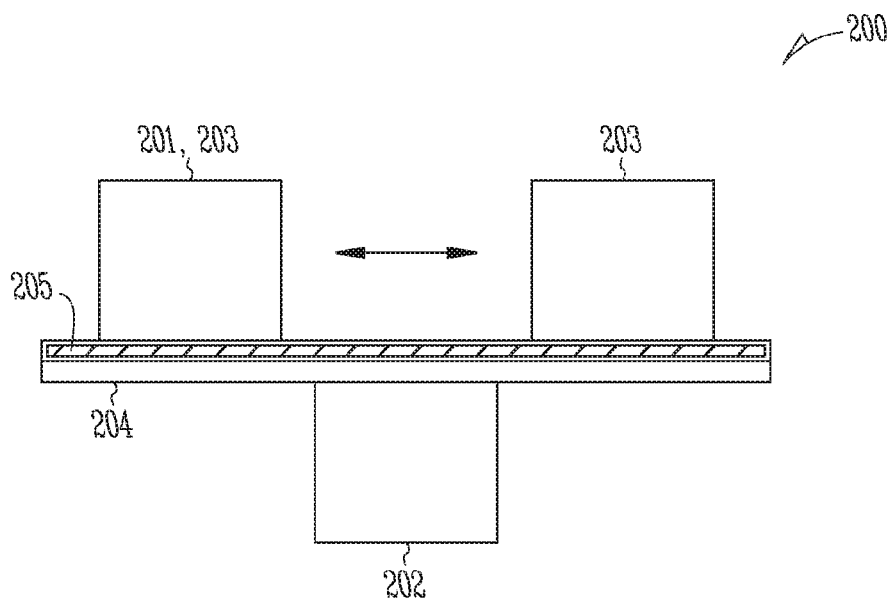
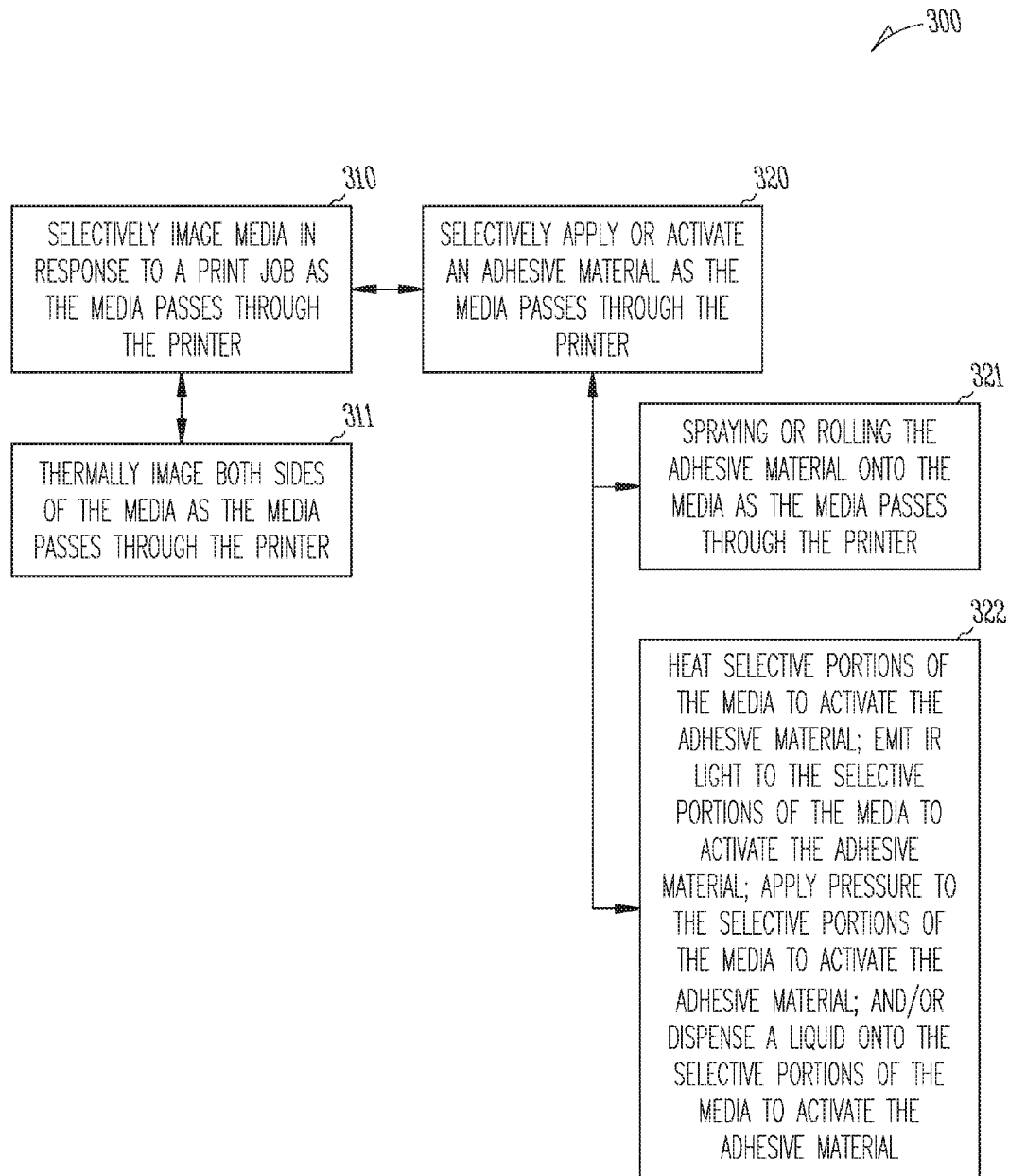


Fig. 2

*Fig. 3*

PRINTER WITH ADHESIVE CAPABILITIES

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This Application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/586,956, filed Sep. 30, 2009, entitled "A Printer with Adhesive Capabilities," now issued as U.S. Pat. No. 9,288,669; U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/586,956 was a Continuation-In Part of U.S. Ser. No. 11/968,114 filed on Dec. 31, 2007 entitled: "Heat-Activated Linerless Label;" now issued as U.S. patent application No. 8,764,323; the disclosures of which are incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

Enterprises and individuals are increasingly demanding more complex printing solutions. That is, printing features, which use to require a separate professional service, are now being demanded by consumers. Sending print jobs to special facilities can be time consuming and costly for an enterprise. So, consumers are demanding machinery to perform the complex printing jobs on their premises.

In large part, the print industry's responses to these demands have been to provide multiple types of machines to augment an enterprise's printers. The print industry has also sought to alleviate the consumers' demands with special types of media, each media type having its own unique characteristics.

Media that includes adhesive materials typically has to be processed by a special type of adhesively-sensitive machine, whereas media requiring dual-sided imaging requires another special type of printer. As a result, enterprises carry multiple types of printers and machines, each printer or machine type for a specific need of the enterprises.

This situation is costly for an enterprise and causes support issues because when one type of printer or machine breaks down or fails, the failed printer or machine cannot be swapped out with another type of printer or machine that remains operational.

In addition, in some enterprises application of adhesive material or activation of adhesive material is a manual process. That is, a person is tasked with applying or activating the adhesive material on print media following print jobs in what amounts to a costly and labor-intensive task.

SUMMARY

In various embodiments, a printer with adhesive material application and/or activation capability is presented. According to an embodiment, a printer is presented. The printer includes a printing element and an adhesive element. The printing element is configured to image media. The adhesive element is configured to apply an adhesive material to a portion of the media and/or activate the adhesive material on the media.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a diagram of a printer with adhesive capabilities, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. 2 is a diagram of another printer with adhesive capabilities, according to an example embodiment.

FIG. 3 is a diagram of a method for operating a printer with adhesive capabilities, according to an example embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

FIG. 1 is a diagram of a printer with adhesive capabilities 100, according to an example embodiment. The printer with adhesive capabilities 100 (hereinafter "printer") can be a thermal printer 100, a dual-sided thermal printer 100, an inkjet printer 100, or a dual-sided inkjet printer 100.

Moreover, the printer 100 can include one or more processors configured to execute a variety of software instructions that reside in computer-readable storage media within the printer 100. Additionally, the printer 100 can be interfaced to a network and accessible over a network. The network can be a wide-area network (WAN), such as the Internet, or a local-area network (LAN) located within a firewall of an enterprise.

The printer 100 includes, inter alia, a printing element 101A and an adhesive element 102. In embodiment, the printer 100 also includes a second printing element 101B when the printer 100 has dual-sided imaging capabilities. Each of these and their interactions with one another and the printer 100 is now discussed with reference to the FIG. 1.

The dual-sided direction arrow depicted in the FIG. 1 is intended to convey that the print media 103 can pass through the printer 100 from either direction. So, the adhesive element 102 can interface with the print media 103 before the printing element(s) 101A-101B. Conversely, the printing element(s) 101A-101B can interface with the print media 103 before the adhesive element 102.

The printing element 101A is configured to image print media 103 as the print media is passed through the printer 100. Imaging occurs in accordance with a print job sent to one or more processors of the printer 100 that activate the printing element 101A to image on the print media 103.

According to an embodiment, the printing element 101A includes dual thermal print heads 101A and 101B configured to interface with the print media 103 on opposite sides of the print media 103 as the print media 103 passes through the printer 100. In this embodiment, both sides of the print media 103 are selectively imaged in accordance with a print job's and/or local processor directed instructions. Additionally, the print media 103 in this embodiment is coated on first and second sides with one or more thermally-sensitive inks for interfacing with and imaging by the first 101A and second 101B thermal print heads, respectively.

In another case, the printing element 101A or 101B is a single-sided thermal print head configured to interface to and image on one side of the print media 103, which may be coated on a first and/or second side with one or more thermally sensitive inks.

It is also noted, that in some cases the printing element(s) 101A and/or 101B can be one or two inkjet print heads capable of printing in one or more colors on the print media 103.

The adhesive element 102 is configured within the printer 100 to apply an adhesive material 104 to all or a portion (i.e. spot, strip, stripe, stippled, patterned, etc.) of a side of the print media 103. Alternatively, the adhesive element 102 is configured within the printer 100 to activate the adhesive material 104 that already exists on all or a portion of the print media 103.

Again, and as stated above, the adhesive element 102 can be configured and/or controlled (e.g., via the processor) to interface with the print media 103 before or after the printing element(s) 101A-101B interface with the print media 103.

According to an embodiment, the adhesive element 102 is configured to apply the adhesive material 104 as a rolling mechanism, a spraying mechanism, or transferred from a

3

roll. That is, the adhesive element **102** is a roller, a sprayer, or a roll of tape. Here, double-sided tape can be the adhesive material **104** when the adhesive element **102** is a roll of tape. In another case, the adhesive element **102** can be a transfer tape roll that transfers via a rolling motion of the adhesive material **104** onto the print media **103**.

In cases where the adhesive element **102** is a sprayer or a roller, the adhesive element **102** squirts, brushes, or otherwise dispenses adhesive material **104** (glue, etc.) onto the print media **103**.

In configurations where the adhesive element **102** activates an already-existing adhesive material **104** present on the print media **103**, the adhesive element **102** can activate the adhesive material **104** via a heating mechanism (e.g., a thermal print head), a pressure mechanism (e.g., a roller), and/or a liquid and/or gas (water, steam, etc.) dispensing mechanism.

For example, during manufacture of the print media **103**, the print media **103** may have an adhesive material **104** integrated onto the print media **103**. The adhesive material **104** is protected via an applied liner (such as silicone) to prevent the adhesive material **104** from sticking. Here, the adhesive element **102** is configured to remove the liner from the print media **103** and expose and thereby activate the adhesive material **104**.

In other cases, heat activated adhesive materials **104** can be pre-applied and present on the print media **103**. In these cases, the adhesive element **102** can activate the adhesive materials **104** via a variety of mechanisms such as: direct heat applied by a contact heater acting as the adhesive element **102**; indirect heat applied by any type of radiant heater acting as the adhesive element **102**; and/or infrared (IR) light-emitting diodes (LED's) that emit IR light to activate the adhesive materials **104**, where the ID LED's act as the adhesive element **102**.

In a particular embodiment, discussed below with reference to the FIG. 2, the adhesive material **104** is activated via heat that is applied from the printing element **101A**, where the printing element **101A** is a thermal print head. Here, the printing element **101A** and the adhesive element **102** are integrated as one component of the printer (not shown in the FIG. 1 but depicted in the FIG. 2 as elements **201** and **203**).

In still another embodiment where the adhesive element **102** is used to activate a pre-existing adhesive material **104**, the adhesive element **102** is a liquid dispensing mechanism. Here, the adhesive material **104** can be a dry gum adhesive that becomes tacky when exposed to moisture (similar to postage stamps). The adhesive element **102** in this instance is a liquid or water source that is squirted, rolled, or brushed onto the print media **103** to activate the adhesive material **104**.

In some instances, the adhesive element **102** is a removable consumable within the printer **100**. That is, the adhesive element **102** includes a supply of the adhesive material **104**, much like ink jet printer cartridges include supplies of ink. Consumers remove the adhesive element **102** when it is empty and replace it with a new adhesive element **102** having a new supply of the adhesive material **104**.

In the situation where the adhesive element **102** is a liquid dispenser used to dispense liquid, such as water, to activate a pre-existing adhesive material **104**, the adhesive element **102** is a refillable consumable that a consumer can refill with the liquid (water, etc.) when the supply of liquid within the adhesive element **102** becomes depleted.

One now appreciates how an enhanced printer **100** can be used to enhance printing services for consumers. The printer **100** can not only image print media **103** but also apply or

4

activate adhesive materials **104** on at least one side of the print media **103**. This eliminates the need for dual machinery within an enterprise and/or eliminates the manual application of adhesive materials to print media.

FIG. 2. Is a diagram of another printer with adhesive capabilities **200**, according to an example embodiment. The printer with adhesive capabilities **200** (hereinafter "printer") is a dual-sided thermal printer **200**. Moreover, the printer **200** can include one or more processors configured to execute a variety of software instructions that reside in computer-readable storage media within the printer **200**. Additionally, the printer **200** can be interfaced to a network and accessible over a network. The network can be a wide-area network (WAN), such as the Internet, or a local-area network (LAN) located within a firewall of an enterprise.

The printer **200** represents another and in some cases specific configuration for the printer **100**, presented above with respect to the discussion of the FIG. 1.

The printer **200** includes, inter alia, a first thermal print head **201**, a second thermal print head **202**, and an adhesive mechanism **203**. Each of these and their interactions with one another and the printer **200** is now discussed with reference to the FIG. 2.

The first thermal print head **201** is configured to thermally image on a first side of a print media **204**. This is done by the first thermal print head **201** selectively applying heat to the first side of the print media **204** to selectively activate thermally-sensitive inks that are coated on the first side of the print media **204** and become visible to the human eye when activated.

Similarly, the second thermal print head **202** is configured to thermally image on a second side of the print media **204**. Again, the second thermal print head **202** selectively applies heat to the second side of the print media **204** to selectively activate thermally-sensitive inks coated on the second side of the print media **204**.

The adhesive mechanism **203** is configured to apply or activate adhesive material **205** on all or selective portions of the second side of the print media **204**. Some example configurations of the adhesive mechanism **203** was discussed and presented above with reference to the adhesive element **102** of the printer **100** in the FIG. 1.

According to an embodiment, the adhesive mechanism **203** is a roller that is configured to roll tape onto the selective portions of the second side of the print media **204**. Here, the tape is the adhesive material **205**.

In another configuration, the adhesive mechanism **203** is configured to spray the adhesive material **205** onto the selective portions of the second side of the print media **204**. Here, the adhesive mechanism **203** is a sprayer or spraying device.

In still another case, the adhesive mechanism **203** is configured to apply heat to activate a pre-existing adhesive material **205** that was pre-coated onto the selective portions or all of the second side of the print media **204**.

In one particular configuration of the latter embodiment, the adhesive mechanism **203** is included within, is integrated with, or is part of the first thermal print head **201** (depicted in the box of the FIG. 2 showing both reference numerals **201** and **203**).

During an operational aspect of the printer **100** and in an embodiment, the first and second print heads **201** and **202** are configured to distinctively image the first and/or second sides of the print media **204** to delineate the portions have the adhesive material **205** or to indicate that the adhesive material **205** is present or is activated on the print media **204**.

5

For example, one or both of the thermal print heads **201** and/or **202** can make a positive indication (via selective images) on the print media **204** that the adhesive material **205** has been applied to and/or activated on the print media **204**. So, for example, black borders can be imaged on the print media **204** to signify that adhesive material **205** was activated on the print media **204**. Alternatively, the thermal print head(s) **201** and/or **202** can image marks proximate to or around an area (selective portions) of the print media **204** where the adhesive material **205** is applied and/or activated on that print media **204**.

FIG. 3 is a diagram of a method **300** for operating a printer (**100** and/or **200**) with adhesive capabilities, according to an example embodiment. The method **300** (hereinafter “printer adhesive service”) resides in a computer-readable storage medium and is executed on one or more processors of a printer, such as printers **100** and **200** of the FIGS. **1** and **2**, respectively. The printer adhesive service may be accessible and operational over a network. The network may be wired, wireless, or a combination of wired and wireless. Moreover, the network may be a WAN and/or LAN.

The printer adhesive service represents processing that can occur on processors of the printers **100** and **200** of the FIGS. **1** and **2**, respectively.

At **310**, the printer adhesive service controls the selective imaging of print media in response to instructions received with a print job executing on the printer.

According to an embodiment, at **311**, the first and/or second thermal print heads selectively thermally image one or both sides of the print media as the print media passes through the printer according to the direction of the printer adhesive service. Here, the printer is a dual-sided thermal printer. The selective imaging occurs as the print media is passed through the printer.

In another case, the printer adhesive service controls imaging of one or both sides of the print media via a printer that comprises inkjet printing elements. In still another situation, the printer adhesive service thermally images just one side of the print media as it passes through a thermal printer.

At **320**, the printer adhesive service controls selective application or activation of an adhesive material as the print media passes through the printer. A variety of situations and configurations for structurally achieving this via the printer was presented in detail above with reference to the printers **100** and **200** of the FIGS. **1** and **2**, respectively.

According to an embodiment, at **321**, the printer adhesive service controls selective application of the adhesive material by instructing the printer to spray or roll the adhesive material or apply tape onto the print media as the print media passes through the printer.

In another set of circumstances, at **322**, the printer adhesive service causes the printer to activate a pre-existing adhesive material coated on the print media as the print media passes through the printer by one or more of the following: heating selective portions of the print media; emitting IR light to the selective portions of the print media; applying pressure to the selective portions of the print media; and/or dispensing a liquid onto the selective portions of the print media.

It is noted that the numbering of the FIG. **3** is not intended to impart a sequential ordering. So, for example, in some configurations, the processing at **320** can occur before the processing at **310**. In other configurations, the processing at **310** occurs before the processing at **320**.

Additionally, in some configurations the media can be partially or completely imaged while passing in a first

6

direction through the printer and then the media can reverse directions (second direction) within the printer and receive the adhesive materials. So, imaging can occur with the media moving in a first direction within the printer while adhesive application occurs when the media moves in a second and different direction within the printer.

The above description is illustrative, and not restrictive. Many other embodiments will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reviewing the above description. The scope of embodiments should therefore be determined with reference to the appended claims, along with the full scope of equivalents to which such claims are entitled.

The Abstract is provided to comply with 37 C.F.R. § 1.72(b) and will allow the reader to quickly ascertain the nature and gist of the technical disclosure. It is submitted with the understanding that it will not be used to interpret or limit the scope or meaning of the claims.

In the foregoing description of the embodiments, various features are grouped together in a single embodiment for the purpose of streamlining the disclosure. This method of disclosure is not to be interpreted as reflecting that the claimed embodiments have more features than are expressly recited in each claim. Rather, as the following claims reflect, inventive subject matter lies in less than all features of a single disclosed embodiment. Thus the following claims are hereby incorporated into the Description of the Embodiments, with each claim standing on its own as a separate exemplary embodiment.

The invention claimed is:

1. A printer, comprising:

a printer element;
an adhesive element; and
a processor configured to:

(i) activate the adhesive element to apply an adhesive material on media when the media is conveyed in a first direction along a transport path before activating the printer element to image the media when the media is conveyed in a second direction along the transport path within the printer, and (ii) activate the printer element to image the media when the media is conveyed in the second direction along the transport path and after the processor has activated the adhesive element, wherein the first direction is an opposite and different direction from the second direction, and wherein the printer element includes dual thermal print heads configured to apply heat for imaging both sides of the media.

2. The printer of claim **1**, wherein the adhesive element is further configured to apply the adhesive material on the media as one or more of:

a spot, a strip, a stripe, a stipple, and a pattern.

3. The printer of claim **1**, wherein the adhesive element is further configured to apply the adhesive material on the media by one of:

rolling, spraying, and transferring the adhesive material from a roll of double-sided tape.

4. A printer, comprising:

a first print head;
a second print head;
an adhesive element;

wherein the first print head is configured to thermally image a first side of media provided along a transport path in a first direction while the second print head is configured to simultaneously image a second side of the media, and wherein the adhesive element is configured to apply adhesive material on the first side or second side of the media when the media is provided along the transport path in a second direction, and

7

wherein the printer is configured to activate the adhesive element to apply the adhesive material before the printer activates the first and second print heads to image the first and second sides of the media, wherein the first direction is an opposite and different direction 5 from the second direction.

5. The printer of claim 4, wherein the adhesive element is configured to dispense the adhesive material onto the media to apply the adhesive material on the media.

* * * * *

10

8