

(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 1.

G. D. SIDMAN.
HOUSE DOOR LETTER BOX.

No. 475,473.

Patented May 24, 1892.

Fig. 2.

Fig. 1.

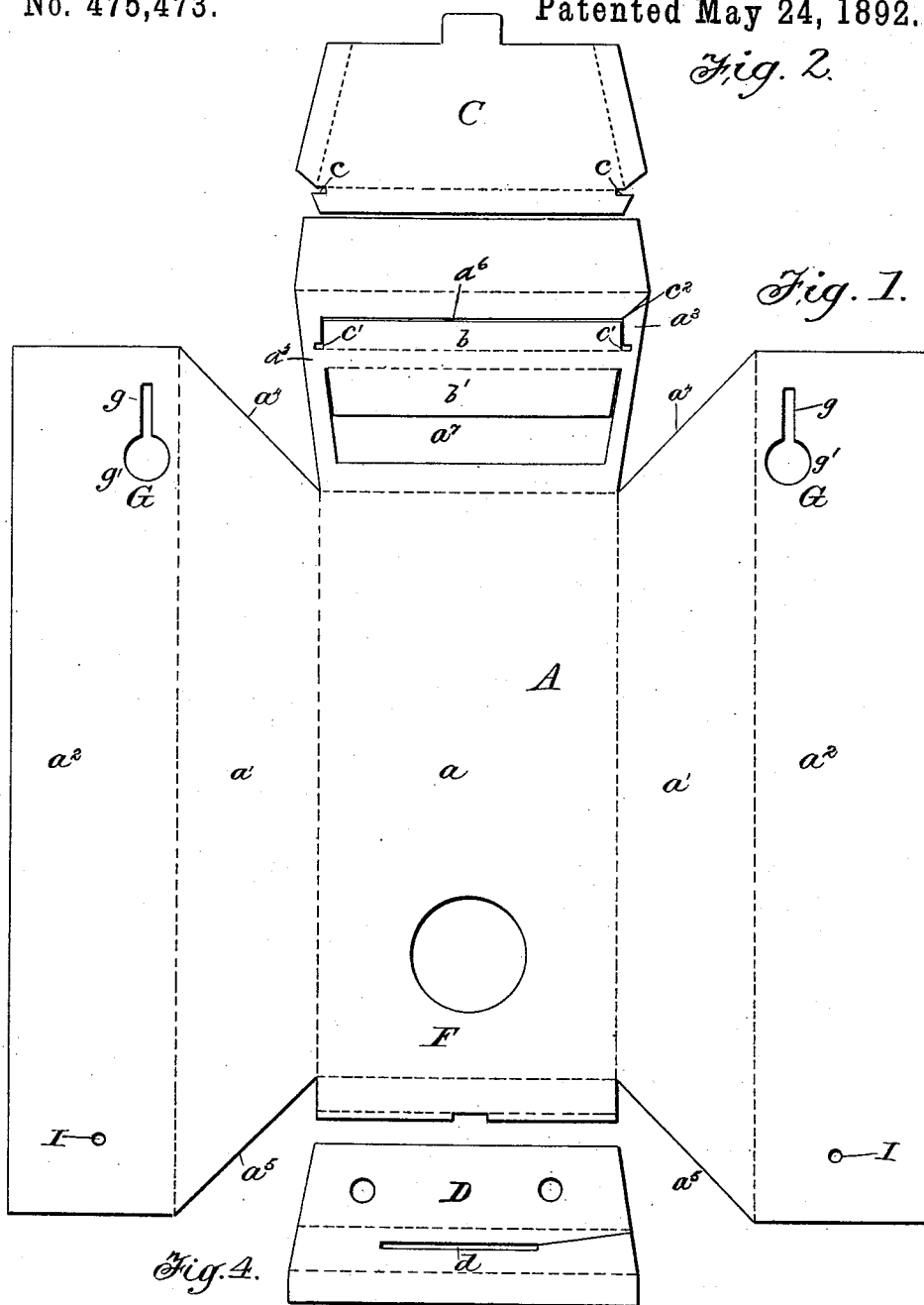


Fig. 4.

Fig. 3.

Witnesses:

Alex. Scott
D. W. Edelin

Inventor:

George D. Sidman

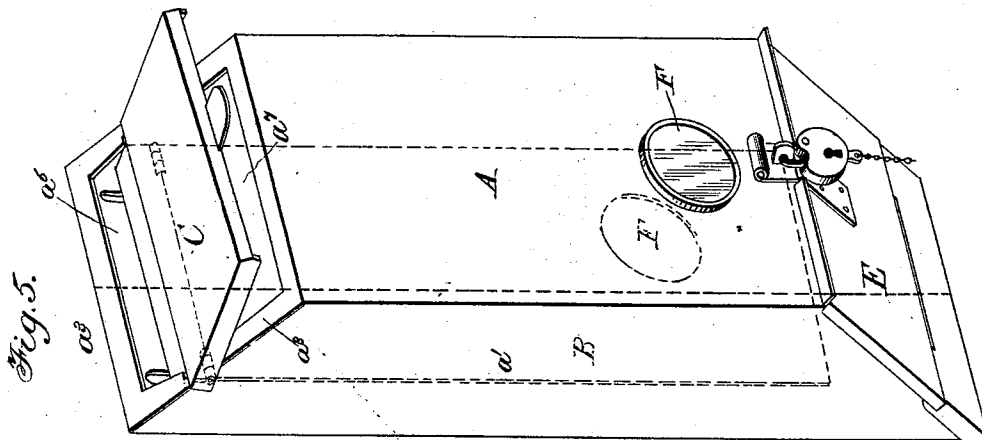
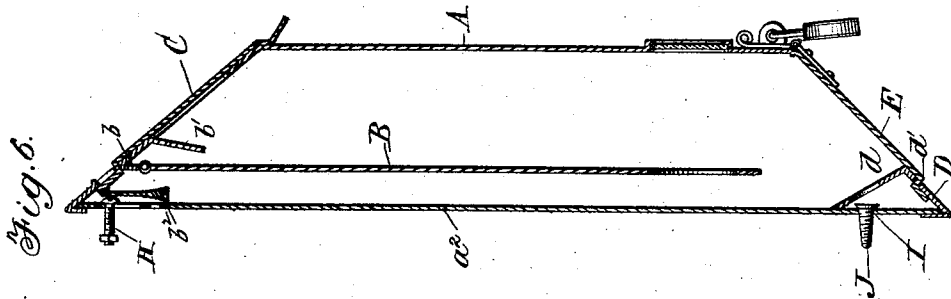
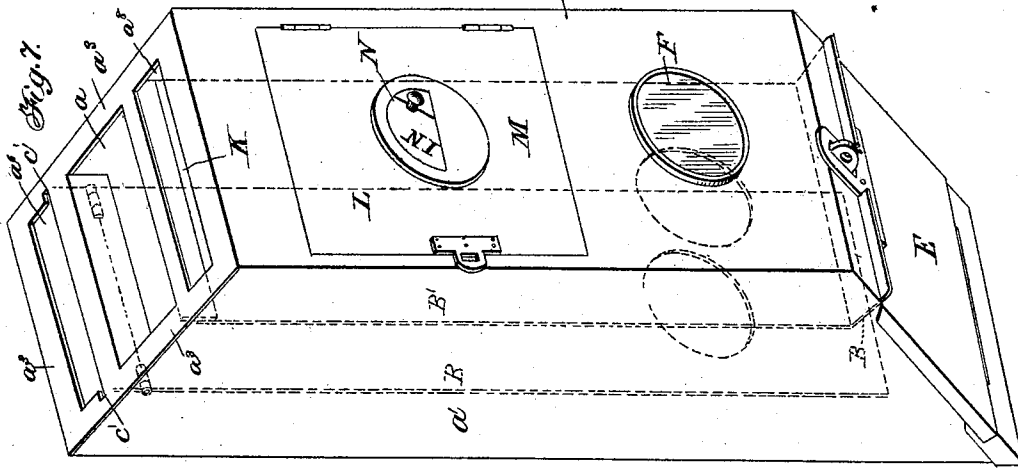
(No Model.)

2 Sheets—Sheet 2.

G. D. SIDMAN.
HOUSE DOOR LETTER BOX.

No. 475,473.

Patented May 24, 1892.



Witnesses:

Alex. Scott
D. W. Edlin

Inventor:

George D. Sidman

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GEORGE D. SIDMAN, OF WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

HOUSE-DOOR LETTER-BOX.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 475,473, dated May 24, 1892.

Application filed June 2, 1891. Serial No. 394,883. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GEORGE D. SIDMAN, a citizen of the United States, residing at Washington, in the District of Columbia, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Letter-Boxes; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

The object of my invention is to provide an improved "delivery" letter-box for dwelling or other houses or places, and also to provide said box with a compartment to be used as a "receiving-depository;" and the invention consists in the improvements herein described, and particularly pointed out in the claims.

In the drawings illustrating my invention, Figure 1 represents a piece of sheet metal cut the required shape to form the body of the box. Fig. 2 represents the lid for closing the openings for the insertion of matter into the box. Fig. 3 represents its hinged bottom. Fig. 4 represents a piece of sheet metal to be secured at the bottom of the back of the box and to which the hinged bottom is connected. Fig. 5 is a perspective view showing the box as it appears after the parts have been bent to shape and secured together. Fig. 6 is a longitudinal vertical section, and Fig. 7 is a perspective view showing the box provided with a receiving-compartment.

In carrying out my invention I take a single piece of sheet metal or other suitable material A and cut it so as to form a central oblong part *a* for the front of the box, the sections *a'* *a''* *a'''* *a''''* for its sides and back and the part *a³* to constitute the top of the box. The piece A is bent on the dotted lines seen in Fig. 1 and the meeting edges of the parts soldered together to form the box, thus constructing the body of the box from a single piece. The sections *a'* *a'* are cut oblique, as shown at *a⁴* *a⁴* and *a⁵* *a⁵*, so that the top will be inclined downwardly from the back to the front of the box and the bottom will be inclined downwardly from the front to the back of the box, as shown in Figs. 5, 6, and 7. The top piece *a³* is provided with an opening *a⁶* for the insertion of letters, and a larger opening *a⁷* for newspapers or other large packages.

Separate compartments for the letters and

newspapers are formed by means of a partition B, hinged to a depending flange *b*, Fig. 6, on the top *a³*. The part *b'* of the top piece is bent downwardly, as shown in said Fig. 6, to prevent access to the hinges of the partition B.

The lid C is of sheet metal and is of such size as to cover the openings in the top of the box and is pivoted thereto between the openings *a⁶* and *a⁷* by means of the notches *c c* on the lid and notches *c' c'* on the top piece *a³*. To connect these parts the top *a³* is first slit at *c²*, so that the notches *c c* may be made to engage the notches *c' c'*, as shown in Figs. 5 and 6, and the slit then soldered together. The lid is counterbalanced by a weight *b²*, pivotally attached to its rear end, so that the slot for the letters may be opened by a slight pressure upon that end of the lid.

A piece D is secured to the bottom of the back *a²* and is bent as shown in Fig. 6, with a part *d* extending upwardly and against the back *a²*, the part *d* serving to prevent the matter in the box from lodging in the angular recess at its bottom. A slot *d'* is made in the piece D, in which is pivoted the hinged bottom E. The hinged connection between these parts is effected in the same way as that between the lid C and the top of the box. The bottom is closed by any suitable lock.

Sight-holes F are provided in the front and partition of the box, the one in the front of the box being covered by a glass plate.

The box is secured in place by means of slots G, having the upper reduced portion *g* and the lower enlarged portion *g'* in the back of the box near its top to engage the supporting-bolts H H in the well-known manner, and screws J J, passing through holes I I in the back near the bottom of the box. It will be seen that by this way of fastening the box in place it cannot be removed without first opening its bottom.

In Fig. 7 the box is provided with a "receiving-compartment" K. An additional opening *a⁸* is made in the top piece *a³*, and a partition B' (shown in dotted lines in said figure) forms with the front of the box this compartment. A door L is provided in the front of the box through which the contents may be taken therefrom. This door is also provided with means for locking it. A device is attached to the door of the receiving-compartment

ment to indicate the presence or absence of mail-matter. It consists of a circular pocket M and a disk N rotatable therein, the pocket being cut away to expose a part of the disk.

- 5 When it is desired to indicate the presence or absence of matter in the box, the disk will be rotated to bring the proper word or sign on the disk in view.

It will be readily observed that the particular object of the invention is to provide an improved house letter-box, the construction herein described possessing the many qualities required for such letter-boxes, to wit: simplicity and cheapness, neatness in appearance, 15 reasonable security against fire and theft, protection against rain and the ingress of other objectionable matter, &c.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. A letter-box having its body formed from a single piece A of sheet metal or other suitable material cut so as to form the central portion a for the front of the box, two leaves at 25 opposite sides of said portion a, each having section a' for the sides of the box and section a² to form its back, and the top piece a³, provided with an opening or openings for the insertion of letters, &c., the whole being bent and secured together, substantially as shown 30 and described.

2. A letter-box having its body formed from a single piece A of sheet metal or other suitable material cut so as to form the central portion a for the front of the box, two leaves at 35 opposite sides of said portion a, each having section a' to form the sides of the box and sec-

tion a² to form its back, the section a' having inclined edges a⁴ and a⁵, and the top piece a³, provided with an opening or openings for the insertion of letters, &c., the whole being bent and secured together, substantially as shown and described. 40

3. A letter-box comprising the piece A of sheet metal or other suitable material cut so 45 as to form the central portion a, sections a' a² a' a², and the top piece a³, provided with the openings a⁶ a⁷ and notches c' c', the lid C, having notches c c, the piece D, having slot d, the bottom cover E, and the partition B, all constructed and combined substantially as shown 50 and described.

4. In a letter-box, the plate A, of sheet metal or other suitable material, cut so as to form the central portion a, sections a' a² a' a², and the 55 top piece a³, having openings a⁶ a⁷ a⁸, bent and secured together to form the body of the box, partition B and partition B' to form with the front of the box a closed receiving-compartment, and the door L for said compartment, 60 substantially as shown and described.

5. In a letter-box, the combination, with the top of the box a³, having the openings a⁶ and a⁷, of the hinged partition B, hinged near one 65 of said openings, and the inwardly-projecting flange or strip b', arranged to prevent access to the hinges of the partition, substantially as shown and described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses:

GEORGE D. SIDMAN.

Witnesses:

CLARENCE E. DAWSON,
WM. H. DE LACY.