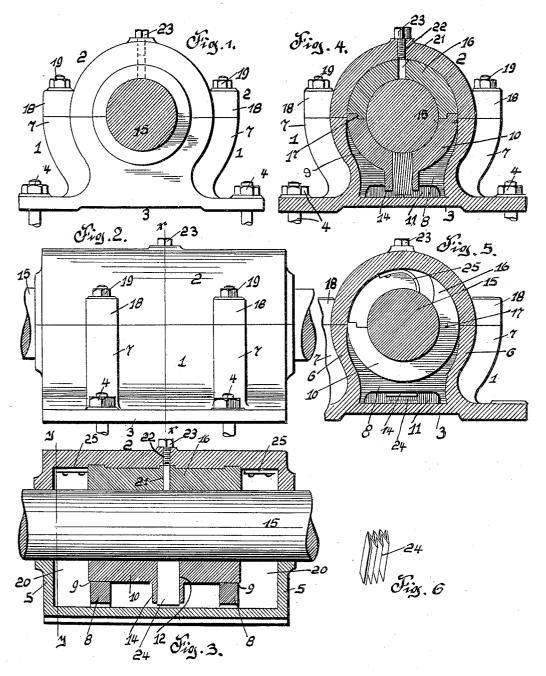
J. CHARKY. JOURNAL BOX. APPLICATION FILED DEC. 13, 1905



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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JOURNAL-BOX.

No. 816,432.

Specification of Letters Patent.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, John Charky, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Esplen Borough, in the county of Alle-5 gheny and State of Pennsylvania, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Journal Boxes and Bearings for Shafts or Axles, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the ac-10 companying drawings.

This invention relates to certain new and useful improvements in journal boxes and bearings for shafts or axles; and the primary object of the invention is to provide a novel 15 form of journal-box having a lubricant-receptacle from which the lubricant is conveyed to the shaft in order to insure a perfect and non-frictional rotation of the same within

Another object of this invention is to provide a journal-box having a lubricant-receptacle adapted to lubricate the shaft journaled in the box, wherein novel means is employed for removing an excess amount of lubricant 25 from the shaft, thereby preventing the same from being coated and frictionally engaging its bearing blocks or brasses.

With the above and other objects in view. which will more readily appear as the nature 30 of the invention is better understood, the same consists in the novel construction, combination, and arrangement of parts to be hereinafter more fully described and claimed, and, referring to the drawings accompanying this 35 application, like numerals of reference designate corresponding parts throughout the several views, in which-

Figure 1 is an end view of my improved journal-box, illustrating a section of the shaft 40 journaled therein. Fig. 2 is a side elevation of the same. Fig. 3 is a longitudinal sectional view of the journal-box. Fig. 4 is a crosssectional view taken on the line x x of Fig. 2. Fig. 5 is a similar view taken on the line y y45 of Fig. 3, and Fig. 6 is a perspective view of a lubricant-conveyer used in connection with the journal-box.

To put my invention into practice, I construct my improved journal - box of two 50 parts—a main supporting-housing 1 and a cap or cover 2. The main supporting-housing embodies a base-plate 3, which may be secured to a suitable foundation by bolts and nuts 4, and has end walls 5 5 and curved side walls 6 The curved side walls are provided with peripheral strengthening-ribs 7 7 upon each | main supporting-housing.

side of the casing, said ribs also serving another function, which will be presently described.

In the casing of the main supporting-hous- 60 ing are formed two partitions 88, said partitions having their upper edges cut away to form semicircular recesses 9 to support the lower bearing block or brass 10, while the lower edge of each partition is cut away, as at 65 11, to establish communication between the ends of the casing and the central portion thereof, as clearly illustrated in Fig. 3 of the drawings. The lowermost bearing block or brass 10 is provided with a central vertically-70 disposed opening 12, which terminates in a depending portion 14, carried by the bearingblock. In the bearing-block and the end walls 5 5 is journaled a shaft 15, and to retain said shaft therein another bearing block 75 or brass 16 is employed in connection with

The bearing block or brass 16 is adapted to interlock with the lowermost bearing block or brass 10, as at 17, and thereby prevent lat- 80 eral displacement of one block relative to the The cap 2 snugly fits upon the bearing-block 16 and is provided with outwardlyextending lugs 18 18, which are adapted to register with the strengthening-ribs 7 7 of the 85 main supporting-housing. Nuts and bolts 19 are adapted to extend through the lugs 18 18 and enter the strengthening-ribs, whereby the cap 2 will be rigidly held upon the main supporting-housing

By referring to Fig. 3 of the drawings it will be observed that the bearing-blocks 10 and 16 are shorter than the casing and cap of the main supporting-housing, thereby forming an annular compartment 20 at each end 95 of the journal-box, these compartments being in communication with one another through the openings 11 in the partitions 88. The annular compartments 20 20, together with the compartment formed between the 100 partitions 8 8, serve as a lubricant-receptacle, and in order to fill said receptacle the uppermost bearing block or brass 16 is provided with a vertically-disposed opening 21, access being had to said opening by an opening 22 105 formed in the top of the cap 2, said opening being normally closed by a set-screw 23. By slowly pouring the lubricant into the opening 21 the same travels around the shaft 15 and the bearing-blocks 16 and 10 into the lubri- 110 cant-receptacle formed in the bottom of the

To convey the lubricant from the lower part of the main supporting-housing to the shaft 15, I mount in the opening 12 and the depending portion 14 of the lowermost bear-5 ing-block 10 a lubricant-conveyer material 24, such as felt, usually employed in plaited form, as shown in Fig. 6, said material being adapted to absorb the lubricant and convey

it to the periphery of the shaft 15.

When the lubricant-receptacle of the main supporting - housing is filled, he lubricant contacts with the shaft 15 in the end compartment 20, and when the shaft rotates a quantity of lubricant will be carried upon the 15 surface of the shaft 15 at the ends of the brasses 10 and 16, and apart of this lubricantwill be conducted along the shaft, and to prevent this lubricant from caking on the shaft I provide the cap 2 at each end thereof with 20 a resilient scraper or flexible arm 25, adapted to contact with the surface of the shaft 15 and remove any excess of lubricant that may accumulate thereon. The absorbent lubricant-conveyer 24 carries the lubricant to the 25 surface of the shaft intermediate the ends of the brasses.

It is obvious that my improved journalbox can be readily constructed to be used as a hanger for shafts, my invention particu-30 larly residing in the novel form of lubricantreceptacle and the manner of conveying the lubricant to the shaft to be oiled or lubricated.

The journal-box is preferably constructed of strong and durable metal similar to the or-

35 dinary journal-box at present used.

What I claim, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is-

1. The combination with a shaft, of a twopart journal-box, consisting of a main supporting-housing, said housing embodying a 40 base-plate, a casing, partitions mounted in said casing, a bearing-block supported by said partitions and adapted to support said shaft, a bearing-block adapted to fit upon said shaft and the first-named bearing-block, 45 a cap adapted to fit over said bearing-block and rest upon said housing, means to convey a lubricant from the bottom of said casing to said shaft, substantially as described.

2. The combination with a shaft, of a two- 50 part journal-box, consisting of a main supporting-housing, said housing embodying a base-plate and a casing, partitions mounted in said casing, a bearing-block supported by said partitions and engaging said shaft, a bearing-block adapted to fit upon said shaft and interlock with the first-mentioned bearingblock, a cap fitting over the second-named bearing-block and resting on said housing, scrapers carried by said cap and engaging 60 said shaft, and means for conveying a lubricant from the bottom of the casing to said

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

JOHN CHARKY.

Witnesses:

H. C. EVERT, E. E. POTTER.