

(No Model.)

N. SCHRODER.
DISPLAY BOX.

No. 521,050.

Patented June 5, 1894.

Fig. 1.

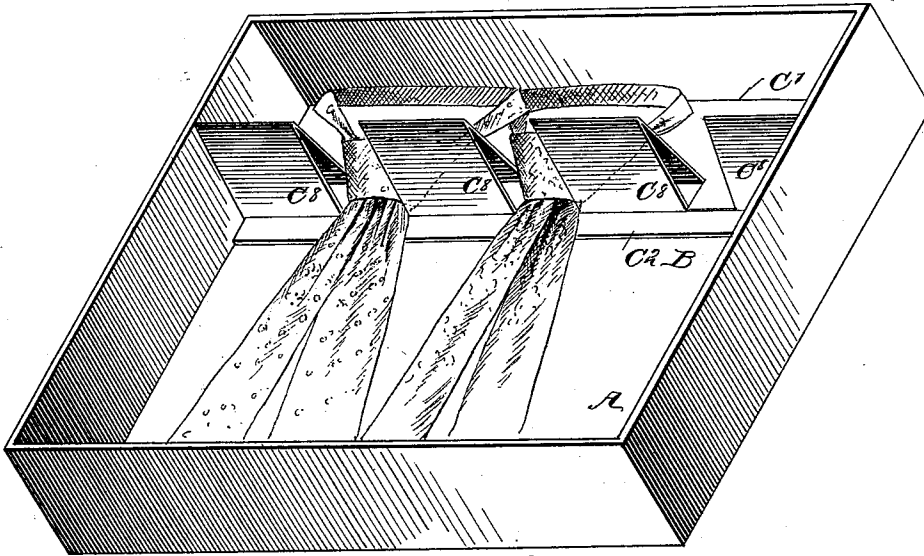


Fig. 3.

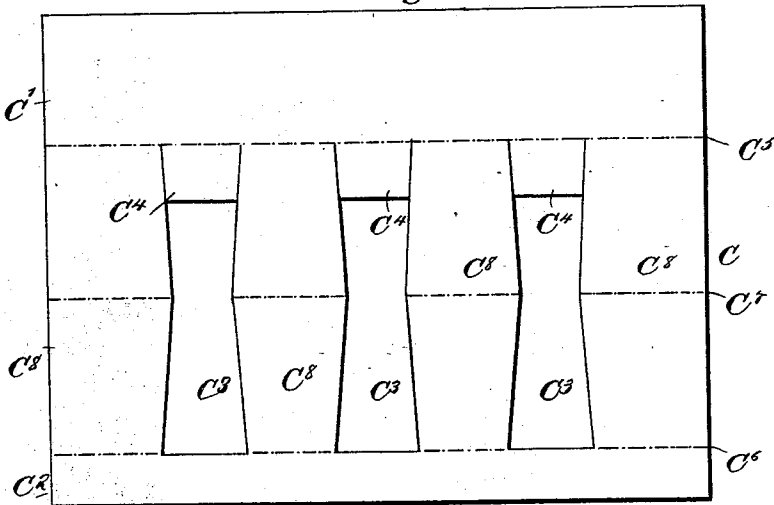


Fig. 2.

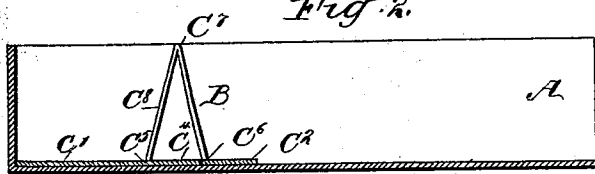
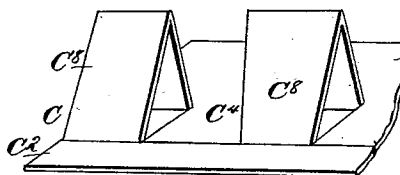


Fig. 4.



WITNESSES:

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NICHOLAS SCHRODER, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

DISPLAY-BOX.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 521,050, dated June 5, 1894.

Application filed October 9, 1893. Serial No. 487,608. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, NICHOLAS SCHRODER, of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented a new and Improved Paper Box for Scarfs and other Articles, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

The object of the invention is to provide a new and improved paper box, which is simple and durable in construction, can be cheaply manufactured, and is more especially designed for conveniently holding scarfs and other articles in position for shipment and display in stores.

The invention consists of certain parts and details, and combinations of the same, as will be hereinafter described and then pointed out in the claim.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar letters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the improvement. Fig. 2 is a transverse section of the same. Fig. 3 is a plan view of the blank for the holder; and Fig. 4 is a perspective view of part of the holder.

The box A for the reception of the article is provided with a holder B made in the shape of a strip C, preferably of cardboard, stiff paper, sheet metal or other suitable material. The length of the strip C corresponds to the width of the box A, and the blank from which the strip is cut is formed at its sides with the flanges C' and C², between which are arranged transversely-extending slots C³ into one side of which extends a tongue C⁴ projecting from the flange C'. The strip C is further provided with longitudinally-extending creases C⁵, C⁶, and C⁷, of which the creases C⁵ and C⁶ connect the flanges C' and C² with the intervening parts C⁸, through the middle of which extends the crease C⁷. Now, in order to form the holder, the flanges C' and C² are pushed toward each other so that the intervening parts C⁸ form triangular projections, while the tongues C⁴ extend with their free edges against the inner edges of that part of the

flange C² cut out at the slot C³. The tongues C⁴ thus form stops to hold the triangular projections in the proper position. The under sides of the flanges C', C², and the tongues C⁴ are fastened by glue or other adhesive substance, to the top surface of the bottom of the box A, the flange C' preferably abutting against the upper side of the box, as will be readily understood by reference to Figs. 1 and 2. Now, when the holder is fastened in the box, the triangular projections formed of the parts C⁸ form cuts or notches for the reception of the goods, as indicated in Fig. 1, sufficient space being left between the projections and the upper end of the box for the bow and neck-band of the scarf. The end triangular projections abut against the sides of the box, so that the latter is considerably strengthened by the holder, besides forming a holder for the goods to be displayed.

It will be seen that a holder constructed in this manner can be cheaply manufactured, readily secured in place in the box, and at the same time is stronger and fully serves the purpose for which the ordinary blocks secured individually in the box are now employed. The slots C³ may be straight or have obtuse angle sides, as illustrated in Fig. 3, so that the triangular projections are nearer together at the top than at their bases.

For very wide boxes I may employ two or more such strips arranged one alongside the other as the case may require.

Having thus fully described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

A paper box provided with a holder, comprising flanges adapted to be secured to the bottom of the box, triangular projections extending between the flanges and forming notches for the reception of the article, and tongues extending from one of the flanges to about the opposite flange at the inner edge thereof, substantially as shown and described.

NICHOLAS SCHRODER.

Witnesses:

THEO. G. HOSTER,
C. SEDGWICK.