R. M. HATTON
ROSE PLANT

Filed July 25, 1939



Inventor P.M. Hatton By Robby Tobb attorneys Mark Carrier Caper And Arm Arm Archively William J. Hy other recent and technique

William Lander and American St. American Difference of mile from the common and the common and

21.7

10

30

35

40

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

nere en andre the first in agrandia. Den en tolde frankling valor livry byte ayening of **396** . To Kampan en andre s To Marketo December 200000 Mt William TROSE PLANT

Robert Marion Hatton, Harrisburg, Pa., assignor to The Conard-Pyle Company, West Grove, Pa.

Application July 25, 1939, Serial No. 286,473

1 Claim. (Cl. 47—61)

The present invention relates to a new and distinct variety of pillar rose, the result of a definite effort to produce an improvement in this type embodying the dominating characteristics 5 of its parents.

This new rose, actually grown from a seedling of the specific cross Rosella imes Margaret McGredy, is distinctive primarily in respect to its habit of growth and its unusually interesting 10 variation in the coloring of the foliage, both contributing to make it a bush of good shrub value.

In addition to the above-mentioned features, this new variety is notable for the extraordinary, exciting quality of vivid color contrast of its 15 flowers when the rose is in bloom.

The following is a detailed description of this new rose, the color terminology being in accord with the 1939 Royal Horticultural Society Chart, except where otherwise the Ridgway Standard is 20 applicable.

Type: Hardy; pillar—outdoors; seedling; for garden decoration.

Class: Hybrid.

Seedling:

Seed parent.—Rosella.

Pollen parent.-Margaret McGredy.

Propagation: It holds its distinguishing characteristics through succeeding propagations by grafting and by budding.

Flower

Locality where grown: West Grove, Pennsylvania.

35 Flowers borne: Single—several to stem; on strong, medium stems.

Quantity of bloom: Free-outdoors.

Continuity: One season. Fragrance: Slight; fruity.

Bud:

Peduncle.—Short; medium slender; medium heavy-Light Elm Green (Ridgway, Plate XVII); medium rough—few Elm Green prickles.

Before calyx breaks. — Size — medium. Form-globular; with appendages on the surface of the bud; with slender, foliaceous parts extending beyond the tip of the bud equal to 1/4 of its length.

As first petals open. — Size — medium. Form-globular.

Color.—Outside face—Vermilion edge (P18-18) shading to Canary Yellow (P2-2) base. Inside—Turkey Red (P94-721) with Canary Yellow (P2-2) base.

Opening.—Opens up well.

Bloom:

Size when fully open.-Medium, 3 inches to 3½ inches.

which and for many their state of the

A transfer and the control of

nd Harmada (m. dienas para). Na odgada ima dienas projec

Petalage.—Semi-double (2 or even 3 rows) 15 to 20 petals.

Form.—Flat—open at first; becoming open; petals remaining at first outward; becoming later very loosely rolled outward.

Petals: Thick; outside—shiny; with inside velvety.

Shape.—Round.

The following description of a newly opened flower was made from a rose grown outdoors May 31, 1939, at Jennersville, Pennsylvania.

Color.—Outside petal; outside surface— Vermilion edge (P18–18) shading to Canary Yellow (P2-2) base; inside surface— Turkey Red (P94-721), Canary Yellow (P2-2) base. Intermediate petal—same as 20 outside petal.

General color effect.—Newly opened flower; face-Vivid Turkey Red (P94-721), with a large Canary Yellow (P2-2) zone around the stamens; reverse—Vermilion edge 25 (P18-18) shading to Canary Yellow (P2-2) base. Three days open — Magenta (P27-27).

Behavior.—Drop off cleanly.

Reproductive organs

Stamens: Medium; arranged regularly, mixed with petaloids.

Filaments: Medium Primuline Yellow (Ridgway, Plate XVI), with anthers. Anthers: Small.

Pollen: Antimony Yellow (Ridgway, Plate XV). Styles: Medium.

Fruit

No fruit observed as yet.

Plant

Foliage:

Leaves .- Compound of 5, 7 leaflets; abundant; medium heavy, leathery, glossy. Leaflets.—Oval, with apex mucronate; base

round; margin serrate. Color.—Mature; upper surface, normal-Hellebore Green (Ridgway, Plate XVII); under surface—Biscay Green (Ridgway, 50 Plate XVII). Young; upper surface-Light Hellebore Green (Ridgway, Plate XVII), edged Mahogany Red (Ridgway, Plate II); under surface — Warbler

Green (Ridgway, Plate IV) suffused Gar- 55 net Brown (Ridgway, Plate I).

5

15

1234

40.73

33

Rachis (the supporting stem of the compound leaf).—Medium. Upper side—grooved, hairy. Under side—extremely prickly—thorny.

Stipules.—Medium long, medium wide, with

Stipules.—Medium long, medium wide, with long points, turning out at an angle of more than 45°.

Disease.—Resistant to mildew—blackspot.

Growth:

Habit.—Upright, much branched—about eight feet.

Growth.—Free. Canes.—Heavy.

Main stems. — Brown. Thorns — several, long, hooked downward; with short narrow base. Prickles—none. Hairs—none.

Branches.—Red. Thorns—several; long, hooked downward; with short, narrow base. Prickles—none. Hairs—none.

New shoots.—Red. Thorns—several; long, hooked downward; long narrow base. 5 Prickles—none. Hairs—none.

I claim.

A new and distinct variety of rose plant of the pillar type characterized as to novelty by its distinctive habit of growth, the color variation of its foliage, and vivid color contrast of its flowers, substantially as shown and described.

R. MARION HATTON.

ov

02

381

900