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(12) **United States Plant Patent**  
**van Geest**

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(54) **FICUS PLANT NAMED ‘MINI MIDNIGHT’**

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(58) **Field of Search** ..... **Plt./211**

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(\*) **Notice:** Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A new and distinct cultivar of *Ficus benjamina* particularly characterized by dark green foliage with a very compact growth habit, small leaves and a heavily branching, and upright growth habit.

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(51) **Int. Cl.<sup>7</sup>** ..... **A01H 5/00**

**2 Drawing Sheets**

**1**

**2**

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates to a new and distinct cultivar of *Ficus benjamina* ‘Midnight’. The varietal denomination of the new cultivar is ‘Mini Midnight’. The new variety was discovered as a mutation in a controlled planting of *Ficus benjamina* ‘Midnight’ in a greenhouse in s’Gravenzande, The Netherlands in 01/05 in 1996.

illustration showing the growth habit and the other illustration showing the foliage. Phenotypic expression may vary depending on light, environmental and cultural conditions.

Sheet 1 is a side view of the plant.

Sheet 2 is a close up of the leaves of the new variety.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The new variety is a mutation of the variety *Ficus ‘Midnight’* U.S. Plant Pat. No. 9,856. The new variety was selected by The Discovery of a mutation and selected by Jan van Geest. The *Ficus ‘Midnight’* Plants that the new variety mutated from were in a controlled planting under glass in Gravenzade, The Netherlands at The Kwekerij P. van Geest in Jan. 5, 1996. The new variety was first asexually propagated by vegetative cutting in February 1996, in s’Gravenzande, The Netherlands. Asexual reproduction through succeeding generations has established that the combination of characteristics as herein disclosed for the new cultivar are firmly fixed and retained through successive generations of asexual reproduction.

**DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW VARIETY**

‘Mini Midnight’ has not been observed under all possible environmental conditions. The phenotypic expression may vary with variations in environment such as temperature, light intensity, day length and cultural conditions, without a change in the genotype of the plant.

The following observations and descriptions are of an 8 month old plant grown in A shade house covered with Saran providing 73% shade in Homestead, Fla., USA during the months of January through July of 2000. In this description, color references are to The Royal Horticultural Society Color Chart (R.H.S.C.C.). The color references are as approximate as possible as color depends to a degree on horticultural practices such as light level and fertilization rates.

**COMPARISON WITH PARENT AND OTHER VARIETIES**

Comparison of the *Ficus ‘Mini Midnight’* differs from the parent plant the *Ficus ‘Midnight’* in that the size of the leaves are much smaller and the plant has a heavy lateral branching than that of the parent plant. The growth pattern is much more compact and the internodes are of much shorter length. *Midnight* grown under the same conditions of the ‘Mini Midnight’ will have larger leaves, sparser branching and internode lengths will be longer. The leaf color of the *Midnight* and the ‘Mini Midnight’ are nearly identical when grown under identical conditions. The leaves of both ‘Midnight’ and ‘Mini Midnight’ are thick glossy and leathery and a dark attractive green that is almost blue-black without variegation on the leaves.

The terminology used in the color descriptions refers to plate numbers in this color chart.

Botanical: *Ficus benjamina* ‘Mini Midnight’.  
Parentage: Mutation of *Ficus benjamina* ‘Midnight’.  
Propagation: By vegetative cuttings and other known asexual reproduction techniques.

**Plant**

Form: Very compact, very upright, upwardly branching, ascending regularly and richly branching.

*Growth*.—a. Lateral branches tend to be at 30 to 45 degrees to the trunk, but slightly weeping at the top.  
b. Height Attained: 1 meter. c. Plant Spread: Approximately 60 cm. d. Trunk Diameter: 7 mm, as measured 8 cm above the soil line.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

The accompanying photographic illustrations show a specimen of the new cultivar as true to color as is reasonably possible to make an illustration of this character with one

*Foliage*.—a. Size about 1.5 cm wide by 4 cm long (to leaf tip). b. Quantity Multiple, Numerous. c. Color New foliage: upper side — near 137B; Underside — near 137B. Old foliage: Upper side — near 131A; Underside — near 139A to 139B. d. Shape Ovate

with acuminate leaf tip slightly coarsely sinuate and glabrous. e. Texture — Smooth, leathery, glossy, underside smooth, matte. f. Veination — Single mid-rib vein running from petiole to leaf tip, convex on underside, light green near 145D. g. Edge — Smooth, slightly undulated. h. Serration — None. i. Stipules — The cap-like stipules enclose the young bud of the emerging leaf at the base of the petiole, abscising and falling away as the leaf begins to form a petiole. j. Auricle — Absent. k. Petiole — Green, RHS 138A; about 10 mm long; 1 mm diameter. l. Disease Resistance — No particular claim is made to disease resistance. m. Rachis — None.

*Wood.*—a. New Shoots — Color — near 197B; smooth. b. Old Wood — Color near 199A. To date

and under conditions described herein, the new variety has not borne flowers or fruit. c. Node Spacing — About 7 to 15 mm. d. Preferred Growing Conditions — 20 degrees C. to 32 degrees C. e. Reproductive Organs — Not observed. f. Temperature range — From 2 degrees C. to 40 degrees C with optimal growth occurring between 26 degrees C. to 35 degrees C.

I claim:

1. A new and distinct plant as herein described and illustrated.

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