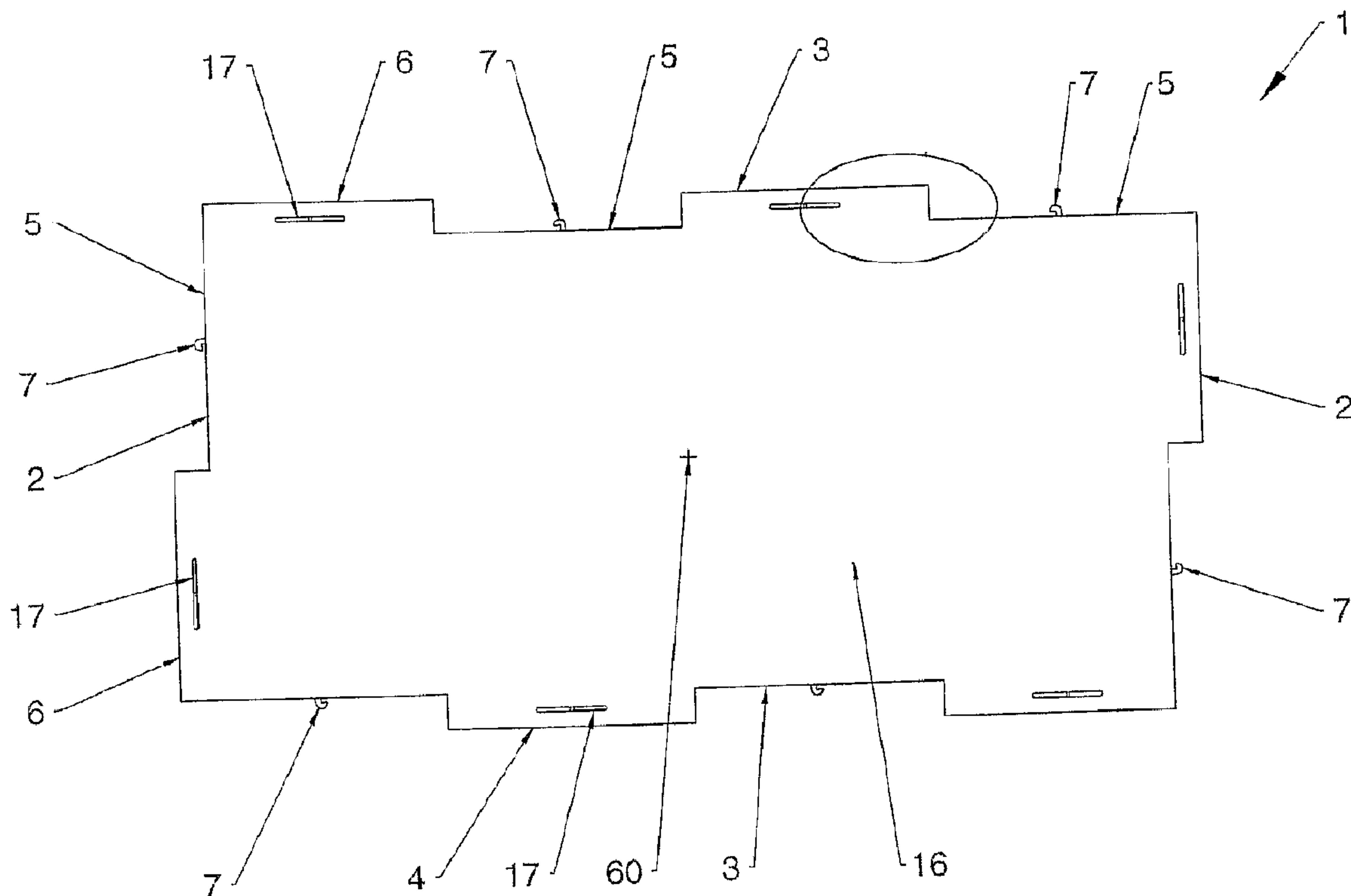




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(54) Title: BUILDING PANEL



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

A building panel (1) has a major plane and is configured to interengage with at least one other adjacent like panel. The panel (1) has two major side surfaces (16) which are parallel to the major plane, and four major edge surfaces (2, 3) forming a perimeter (4) of the panel (1). An over-centre camlock mechanism (7) is retractably extendable from each major edge surface (2, 3). Each major edge surface (2, 3) has a recess with an associated recess (17) at each major side surface (16), so that each recess is adjacent to at least one other recess. There is a pin in each recess and any over-centre camlock mechanism (7) is latchingly engageable with the pin in any one of the recesses of the adjacent like panel so that the major planes of the two panels, when interengaged, are selectively parallel and coincident or perpendicular.



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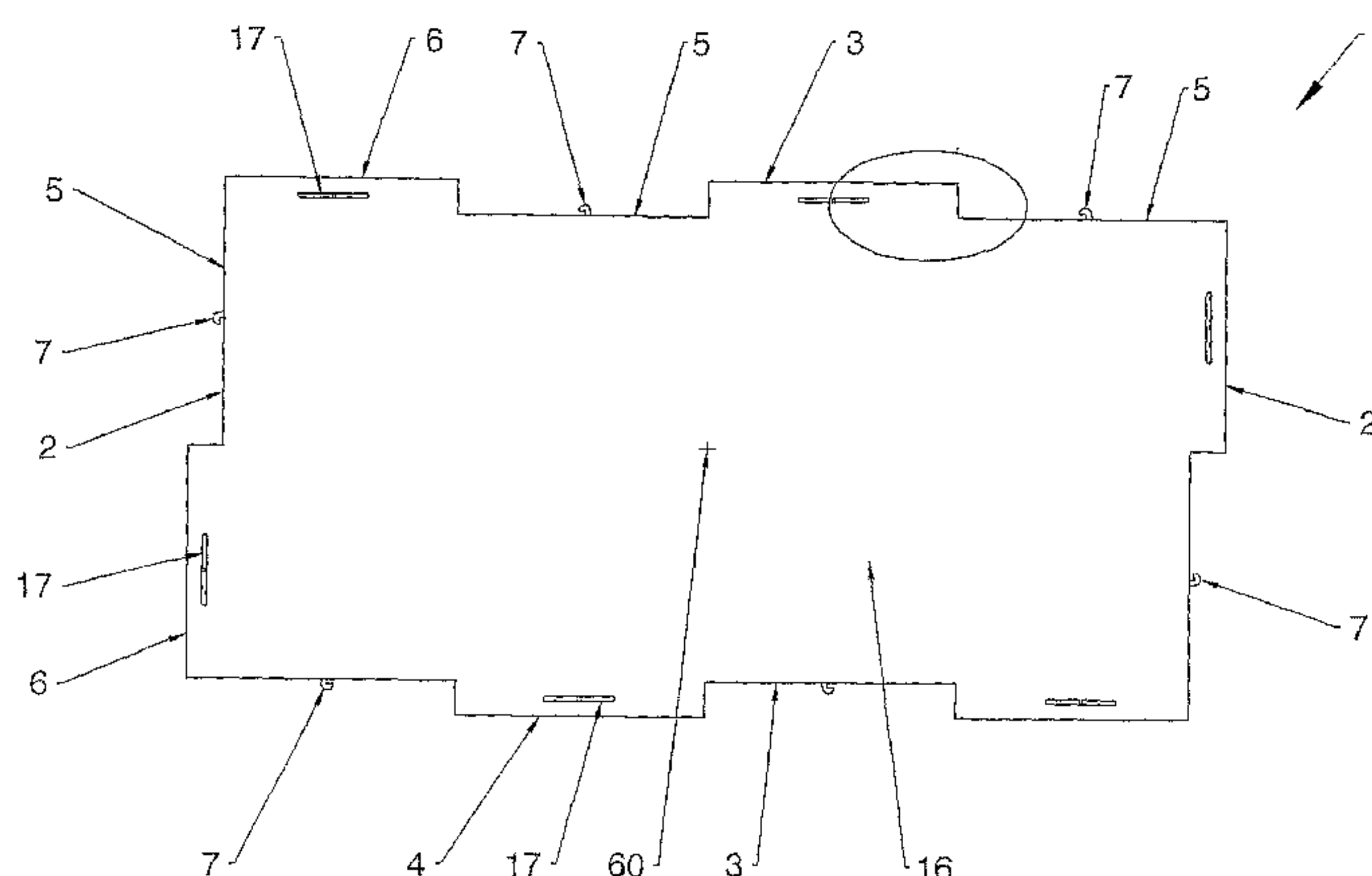
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(54) Title: BUILDING PANEL



(57) Abstract: A building panel (1) has a major plane and is configured to interengage with at least one other adjacent like panel. The panel (1) has two major side surfaces (16) which are parallel to the major plane, and four major edge surfaces (2, 3) forming a perimeter (4) of the panel (1). An over-centre camlock mechanism (7) is retractably extendable from each major edge surface (2, 3). Each major edge surface (2, 3) has a recess with an associated recess (17) at each major side surface (16), so that each recess is adjacent to at least one other recess. There is a pin in each recess and any over-centre camlock mechanism (7) is latchingly engageable with the pin in any one of the recesses of the adjacent like panel so that the major planes of the two panels, when interengaged, are selectively parallel and coincident or perpendicular.

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BUILDING PANEL

The present invention relates to a building panel and, more particularly, to a building panel which may be assembled in an interengaging manner with at least one other adjacent like building panel.

WO 2004/074593 discloses quadrilateral building panels which have at least two degree rotational symmetry when rotated about a central axis extending perpendicularly to a plane containing a major surface of the panel. A structure can be built using a plurality of these panels assembled in an interengaging manner and adjacent panels may be secured to each other by locking cams. However, the document does not disclose how locking cams could secure adjacent building panels to each other so that their major planes are either substantially parallel and coincident or substantially perpendicular.

An object of the present invention is to provide a building panel which is arranged to interengage with at least one other adjacent like panel that solves this problem.

To this end, the invention consists in a building panel having a major plane and being configured to interengage with at least one other adjacent like panel, the panel having:

two major side surfaces which are at least substantially parallel to the major plane, and at least three major edge surfaces substantially forming a perimeter of the panel;

an engaging means first portion at one said major edge surface;

an engaging means second portion comprising three parts situated respectively at the two major side surfaces and at one said major edge surface, each said part being adjacent to at least one other said part; and

at least one of said engaging means first portion and said engaging means second portion part is situated at each said major edge surface

whereby the engaging means first portion is latchingly engagable with any one of the engaging means second portion parts of said adjacent like panel so

that the major planes of the two panels, when interengaged, are selectively substantially parallel and coincident or substantially perpendicular.

Each said part of the engaging means second portion may comprise at least one recess in said major edge surface or said major side surface. The
5 engaging means second portion may have a pin in each said recess.

The engaging means first portion may be arranged to extend from said major edge surface. The engaging means first portion may be retractably extendable from said major edge surface.

At least one said major edge surface may have said engaging means first
10 portion and one said part of said engaging means second portion. At least one said major edge surface may include at least one inwardly stepped portion and at least one outwardly stepped portion and each inwardly stepped portion is dimensioned to receive an outwardly stepped portion on an edge surface of an adjacent panel.

15 The engaging means first portion preferably comprises an over-centre camlock mechanism for latchingly engaging the pin.

The building panel may have at least two degree rotational symmetry when rotated about a central axis extending perpendicularly to said major plane.

A structure may be formed which comprises a plurality of said building
20 panels as described above and assembled in an interengaging manner.

A structure may be formed which includes at least one said building panel as described above, and at least one panel comprising at least part of a column or beam, said column or beam panel having engaging means first and/or second portions for latchingly engaging any one of the engaging means second portion
25 parts and/or the engaging means first portion of said building panel. The columns and beams having said engaging means first and/or second portions can be utilized to provide additional strength for taller (e.g. multi-storey) buildings and larger spans than would be possible using the building panels alone.

The structure may include three said building panels,
30 the first panel of said three panels having said engaging means second

portion,

the second panel of said three panels having said engaging means first portion engaging one said part of the engaging means second portion of said first panel, and

5 the third panel of said three panels having said engaging means first portion engaging another one of said parts of the engaging means second portion of said first panel, wherein the major planes of said three panels form a "T".

The structure may include a fourth said building panel, said fourth panel engaging another one of said parts of the engaging means second portion of said
10 first panel, wherein the major planes of said four panels form a cross.

In a preferred embodiment, one major side surface of the building panel has access means for providing access for a tool to operate the engaging means first portion. The access means may only be accessible from inside the structure ensuring that the structure is secure. Nevertheless, the structure can be
15 dismantled or modified at any time. Alternatively, both major side surfaces of the building panel may have access means for providing access for a tool to operate the engaging means first portion.

Embodiments of the present invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

20 Figure 1 is a plan view of a building panel constructed in accordance with one embodiment of the invention;

Figure 2 is a perspective view of a hook and cam mechanism for the building panel;

Figure 3 is a perspective sectional view through an outwardly stepped
25 portion of the building panel;

Figures 4 to 6 are perspective views of two building panels being interengaged so as to be parallel, coplanar and adjoining;

Figures 7 and 8 are perspective views of the interengaged panels of Figures 5 and 6 having additional panels connected to them;

30 Figure 9 is a perspective view of a structure constructed with the building

panels;

Figure 10 is a perspective view of a portion of two building panels interengaged so as to be perpendicular with one another and having a column attached thereto;

5 Figure 11 is a sectional view taken along lines 11 – 11 shown on Figure 10;

Figure 12 is a perspective view of part of a beam for connection to a building panel;

10 Figure 13 is a perspective view of a structure incorporating the building panels of Figure 1 and the beams of Figure 12;

Figure 14 is a perspective view of a modified outwardly stepped portion of the building panel;

Figure 15 is a sectional view taken along lines 15 – 15 shown on Figure 14;

15 Figure 16 is a plan view of a building panel constructed in accordance with another embodiment of the invention;

Figure 17 is a perspective view of two building panels illustrated in Figure 16 being interengaged so as to be parallel, coplanar and adjoining;

Figure 18 is a longitudinal section through the panels of Figure 17;

20 Figure 19 is a perspective view of a portion of the two building panels shown in Figure 17 interengaged so as to be perpendicular with one another; and

Figure 20 is a sectional view taken along lines 20 – 20 shown on Figure 19.

25 Referring to Figure 1 of the accompanying drawings, the building panel 1 is generally rectangular in plan and has opposed major end edge surfaces 2 interconnected by opposed major side edge surfaces 3 defining a surrounding perimeter edge 4 made up from alternating relatively inwardly stepped portions 5 and relatively outwardly stepped portions 6. The panel 1 includes one inwardly
30 stepped portion 5 and one outwardly stepped portion 6 or lug along each major

end edge surface 2 and two inwardly stepped portions 5 and two outwardly stepped portions 6 or lugs along each major side edge surface 3. The length of each inwardly stepped portion 5 is dimensioned to receive a complementary outwardly stepped portion 6 of an adjacent like panel 1 which is coplaner or
5 orthogonal and the stepped portions 5,6 are arranged so that the panel 1 has two degree rotational symmetry when rotated about a central axis 60 extending perpendicularly to a major side surface 16 of the panel 1.

Each inwardly stepped portion 5 has a hook and cam mechanism or an over-centre camlock mechanism 7 which is shown in Figure 2. Referring to
10 Figure 4, the mechanism 7 has a mounting 8 mounted beneath the edge surface 9 of the inwardly stepped portion 5. The hook 10 or latch of the mechanism 7 is rotatably mounted in the mounting 8 and the axis of rotation is midway along the length of the inwardly stepped portion 5. One side of the panel 1 has a hole 11 to provide access for a suitable tool, such as an Allen key, to rotate the hook 10
15 about the mounting 8 so that it protrudes from a slot 12 or recess in the edge surface 9. Final travel of the tool operates an over-centre cam (not shown) within the camlock mechanism 7 to lock the hook 10. The slot 12 is of a sufficient length in order to fully contain the hook 10 when the hook 10 is rotated
20 open position ensuring that personnel and other panels cannot be damaged by protruding hooks. A suitable hook and cam mechanism or over-centre camlock mechanism 7 is described in US 6409235.

Referring to Figure 3, each outwardly stepped portion 6 has a slot 13 or recess extending longitudinally along its edge surface 14. Each portion 15 of
25 the two major side surfaces 16 of the building panel 1 which form the sides of each outwardly stepped portion 6 also has a longitudinally extending slot 17 or recess. The slots 13,17 are all located midway along the length of the outwardly stepped portion 6. A hole 18 extends from one side portion surface 15 into the outwardly stepped portion 6 and a pin 19 is inserted into the hole 18 and
30 crosses the slot 13 beneath the edge surface 14. The bottom of the outwardly

stepped portion 6 has a pair of holes 20 extending therein and a pin 21 is inserted into each hole 20 which crosses the slot 17 beneath the side portion surfaces 15. The axes of the pins 19,21 are all located along the middle of the outwardly stepped portion 6. The outwardly stepped portion 6 is attached to the main body of the building panel 1 so that the holes 20 in the bottom are sealed. In a preferred embodiment, each pin 19,21 comprises a metal dowel.

Referring to Figures 4 to 8, a first building panel 1a is shown having a second building panel 1b attached so as to be coplanar and adjoining and third and fourth building panels 22a,22b attached which are perpendicular to the first and second building panels 1a,1b. The first and second panels 1a,1b are the same and the third and fourth panels 22a,22b are similar to the first and second panels 1a,1b except that they do not have inwardly and outwardly stepped portions on the edge surface so that they can abut the first and second panels 1a,1b.

The inwardly stepped portion 5a of the first building panel 1a is arranged to receive the outwardly stepped portion 6b of the second building panel 1b and the outwardly stepped portion 6a of the first building panel 1a is arranged to be received by the inwardly stepped portion 5b of the second building panel 1b (Fig. 4).

When the two panels 1a,1b are engaged the hook 10 of the over-centre camlock mechanism 7 of the inwardly stepped portion 5b of the second building panel 1b is rotated by a tool so that it is received by the slot 13 in the edge surface 14 of the outwardly stepped portion 6a of the first building panel 1a so that it hooks around the pin 19 therein (Figs. 5 and 6). Final travel of the tool operates the over-centre cam within the mechanism 7, pulling the two panels 1a,1b together with significant force ensuring that they cannot come together without application of the tool. In the same way, the hook of the over-centre camlock mechanism (not shown) in the inwardly stepped portion 5a of the first building panel 1a is rotated so that it hooks around the pin in the outwardly stepped portion 6b of the second building panel 1b.

The third panel 22a is then placed perpendicularly against the interengaged first and second panels 1a,1b and the hooks 10 of the over-centre cam mechanisms 7 of the third panel edge surface 23a adjacent the panels 1a,1b are rotated so that they are received by the corresponding slots 17 in the side portion surface 15' of the outwardly stepped portions 6a,6b of the first and second panels 1a,1b and engage the pins 21 therein (Fig. 7). The interengaged panels 1a,1b,22a form a "T".

In the same way, the fourth panel 22b is placed opposite the third panel 22a so that the over-centre camlock mechanisms 7 of the fourth panel 22b for the edge surface 23b adjacent the panels 1a,1b are rotated so that they engage the pins 21 in the opposite side portion surface 15" of the outwardly stepped portions 6a,6b (Fig. 8). The interengaged panels 1a,1b,22a,22b form a cross.

The third and fourth panels 22 can form internal partitions of an interlocked structure 24, such as that illustrated in Figure 9, made from the first and second panels 1 enabling them to butt up against, and lock into, the structure 24. Some of the building panels of the structure 24 are shown as having an opening which contains a door 25 or window 26.

Referring to Figures 10 and 11, two building panels 1a,1b are shown interengaged so that their major planes are perpendicular and a column 27 is also attached. The column 27 is similar to the third and fourth building panels 22a,22b of Figures 7 and 8 except that it has pairs of over-centre camlock mechanisms 7 for opposite edge surfaces 28 and both of these surfaces 28 do not have any inwardly and outwardly stepped portions.

The inwardly stepped portion 5a of the first building panel 1a receives the outwardly stepped portion 6b of the perpendicular second building panel 1b and the outwardly stepped portion 6a of the first building panel 1a is received by the inwardly stepped portion of the second building panel 1b. The hook 10 of the over-centre camlock mechanism 7 of the inwardly stepped portion 5a of the first panel 1a engages the pin 21 in the slot 17 of the second building panel side portion surface 15 adjacent the first building panel 1a. In the same way, the

hook of the over-centre camlock mechanism (not shown) in the inwardly stepped portion of the second building panel 1b engages the pin in the slot of the first building panel side portion surface adjacent the second building panel 1b. The column 27 is aligned with the first building panel 1a so that their major side surfaces are coplaner and adjacent and the hook 10 of the over-centre camlock mechanisms 7 of the column edge surface 28 adjacent the interengaged panels 1a,1b engages the pins 21 in the slot 17 of the second building panel side portion surface 15 adjacent the column 17 and the pins (not shown) in the slots of the first building panel outwardly stepped portion edge surfaces. Such latching columns 27 can be incorporated into the sides of buildings.

A beam is illustrated in Figure 12 which is the same as the column 27 illustrated in Figures 10 and 11 except that it is orientated in a different direction.

A two storey building 30 using building panels 1 and beams 29 is illustrated in Figure 13. The beams 29 are parallel to one another, spaced apart at regular panel width distances and lock the ceiling building panels 1c of the ground floor to the floor building panels 1d of the first floor creating a very strong structure as pseudo-box girders are formed from the ceilings, floors and beams 29 latched to both at regular intervals. The beams 29 also provide between-floor voids which can house services.

A building panel 30 having a modified outwardly stepped portion 31 or lug is illustrated in Figures 14 and 15. The outwardly stepped portion 31 uses an extruded section and is hollow. It has an inverse U shape 32 in cross-section with a pair of bottom flanges 33 extending towards each other from the base of the inverse U. Each slot 13,17 is formed from a pair of walls 34 extending inwardly from the surface 14,15 of the outwardly stepped portion 31 containing the slot 13,17. The slot 13 for the edge surface 14 has a pin 35 which extends from a hole 36 in one side portion surface 15 of the outwardly stepped portion 31 and through aligned holes 37 in the walls 34. The walls 34 of the other two slots 17 also have a pair of aligned holes 38 through each of which there extends a pin 39.

The building panel 30 has a pair of channels 40, each on opposite sides to each other for receiving the bottom flanges 33 of the outwardly stepped portion 31. Each channel 40 also receives the top flange 41 of a sheet 42 which covers a major side surface of the building panel 30. The building panel 30 protrudes above the channel 40 for a length coincident with the length of the outwardly stepped portion 31. The edge surface 43 of the protrusion has a centrally aligned recessed channel 44 along the length of the protrusion.

A building panel 50 without stepped portions is illustrated in Figure 16.

Referring to Figures 17 and 18, a first building panel 50a is shown having a second building panel 50b attached so as to be coplanar and adjoining. Along the adjoining major edge surfaces 51 of the two interengaged panels 50a,50b, the hooks 10 of the over-centre camlock mechanisms 7 of the first panel 50a are arranged to engage the pins 19 in the slots 13 in the second building panel 50b and the hooks 10 of the over-centre camlock mechanisms 7 of the second panel 50b are arranged to engage the pins 19 in the slots 13 in the first building panel 50a.

Referring to Figures 19 and 20, the first and second building panels 50a,50b are attached so as to be perpendicular to one another. A major edge surface 51 of the first panel 50a adjoins a major side surface 52 of the second panel 50b so that the hooks 10 of the over-centre camlock mechanisms 7 of the first panel major edge surface 51 are arranged to engage the pins 21 in the slots 17 in the adjoining second building panel major side surface 52.

In Figures 17 to 20, the unused over-centre camlock mechanisms 7 are shown as being extended for clarity but they would normally be retracted.

Whilst particular embodiments have been described, it will be understood that various modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the invention. A panel may have just over-centre camlock mechanisms along one major edge surface and the slots along an opposite edge surface and the portion of the major side surface adjacent the major edge surface. The panels are shown as being rectangular but they also may be substantially square or

triangular in plan or may be any other appropriate geometric shape.

CLAIMS:

1. A building panel (1) having a major plane and being configured to interengage with at least one other adjacent like panel, the panel (1) having:

two major side surfaces (16) which are at least substantially parallel to the major plane, and at least three major edge surfaces (2,3) substantially forming a perimeter (4) of the panel (1), at least one said major edge surface (2,3) including an alternation of at least one inwardly stepped portion (5) and at least one outwardly stepped portion (6) along it;

each said inwardly stepped portion (5) having a major edge surface forming a first surface segment (5) of a said major edge surface (2,3);

each outwardly stepped portion (6) having a major edge surface forming a second surface segment (14) of a said major edge surface (2,3), and two major side surfaces each forming a side surface segment (15) of a respective major side surface (16) of the panel (1);

at least one said inwardly stepped portion comprising an engaging means first portion (7) at said first surface segment (5); and

at least one said outwardly stepped portion (6) comprising an engaging means second portion comprising three parts (17,17,13) situated respectively at the two side surface segments (15) and at said second surface segment (14), each said part being adjacent to at least one other said part

whereby each inwardly stepped portion (5) is dimensioned to receive an outwardly stepped portion on a major edge surface of an adjacent like panel and the engaging means first portion (7) is latchingly engagable with any one of the engaging means second portion parts (13,17) of said adjacent like panel enabling the major planes of the two panels, when interengaged, to be selectively substantially parallel and coincident or substantially perpendicular.

2. The building panel as claimed in claim 1, wherein each said part (13,17) of the engaging means second portion comprises at least one recess in said second surface segment (14) or said side surface segment (15).

3. The building panel as claimed in claim 2, wherein the engaging means second portion has a pin (19,21) in each said recess (13,17).

4. The building panel as claimed in claim 1, wherein the engaging means first portion (7) is arranged to extend from said first surface segment (5).

5. The building panel as claimed in claim 4, wherein the engaging means first portion (7) is retractably extendable from said first surface segment (5).
6. The building panel as claimed in claim 3, wherein the engaging means first portion (7) comprises an over-centre camlock mechanism for latchingly engaging the pin (19,21).
7. The building panel as claimed in claim 1, wherein the building panel (1) has at least two degree rotational symmetry when rotated about a central axis (60) extending perpendicularly to said major plane.
8. The building panel as claimed in claim 1, wherein one major side surface (16) of the building panel (1) has access means (11) for providing access for a tool to operate the engaging means first portion (7).
9. The building panel as claimed in claim 1, wherein both major side surfaces (16) of the building panel (1) have access means for providing access for a tool to operate the engaging means first portion (7).
10. A structure (24) comprising a plurality of said building panels (1) as claimed in claim 1 and assembled in an interengaging manner.
11. A structure including at least one said building panel (1a) as claimed in claim 1, and at least one panel (27) comprising at least part of a column or beam, said column or beam panel (27) having engaging means for latchingly engaging at least one of said engaging means second portion parts (17) or said engaging means first portion of said building panel (1a).
12. The structure as claimed in claim 10, comprising three said building panels (1a,1b,22a), the first panel (1a) of said three panels having said engaging means second portion, the second panel (1b) of said three panels having said engaging means first portion (7) engaging one said part (13) of the engaging means second portion of said first panel (1a), and the third panel (22a) of said three panels having said engaging means first portion (7) engaging another one of said parts (17) of the engaging means second portion of said first panel (1a), wherein the major planes of said three panels form a "T".

13. The structure as claimed in claim 12, including a fourth said building panel (22b), said fourth panel (22b) engaging another one of said parts (17) of the engaging means second portion of said first panel (1a), wherein the major planes of said four panels form a cross.

14. The structure as claimed in claim 10 and including the access means (11) as claimed in claim 10, wherein the access means (11) for providing access for the tool to operate the engaging means first portion (7) is accessible from only inside the structure.

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FIG. 1

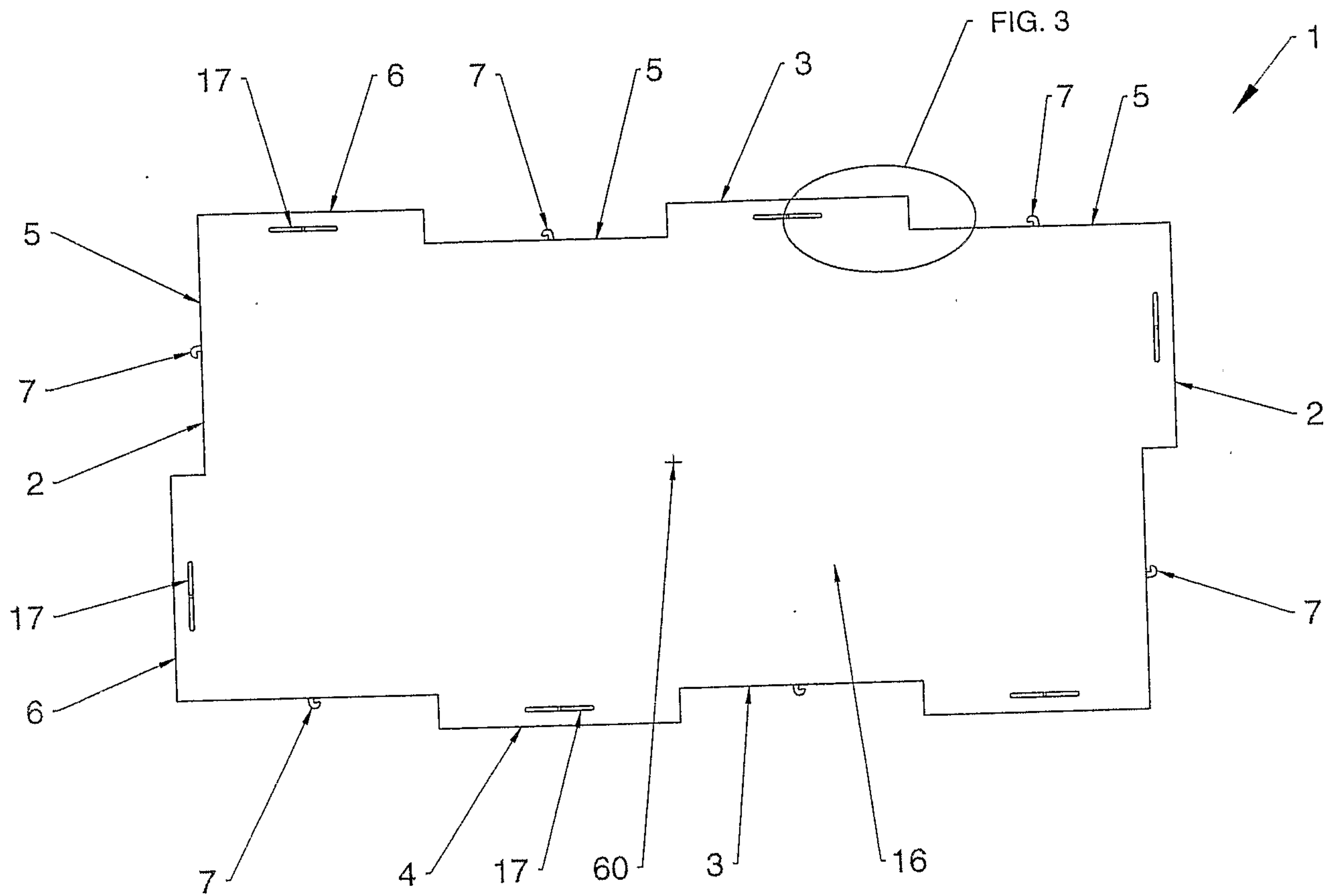
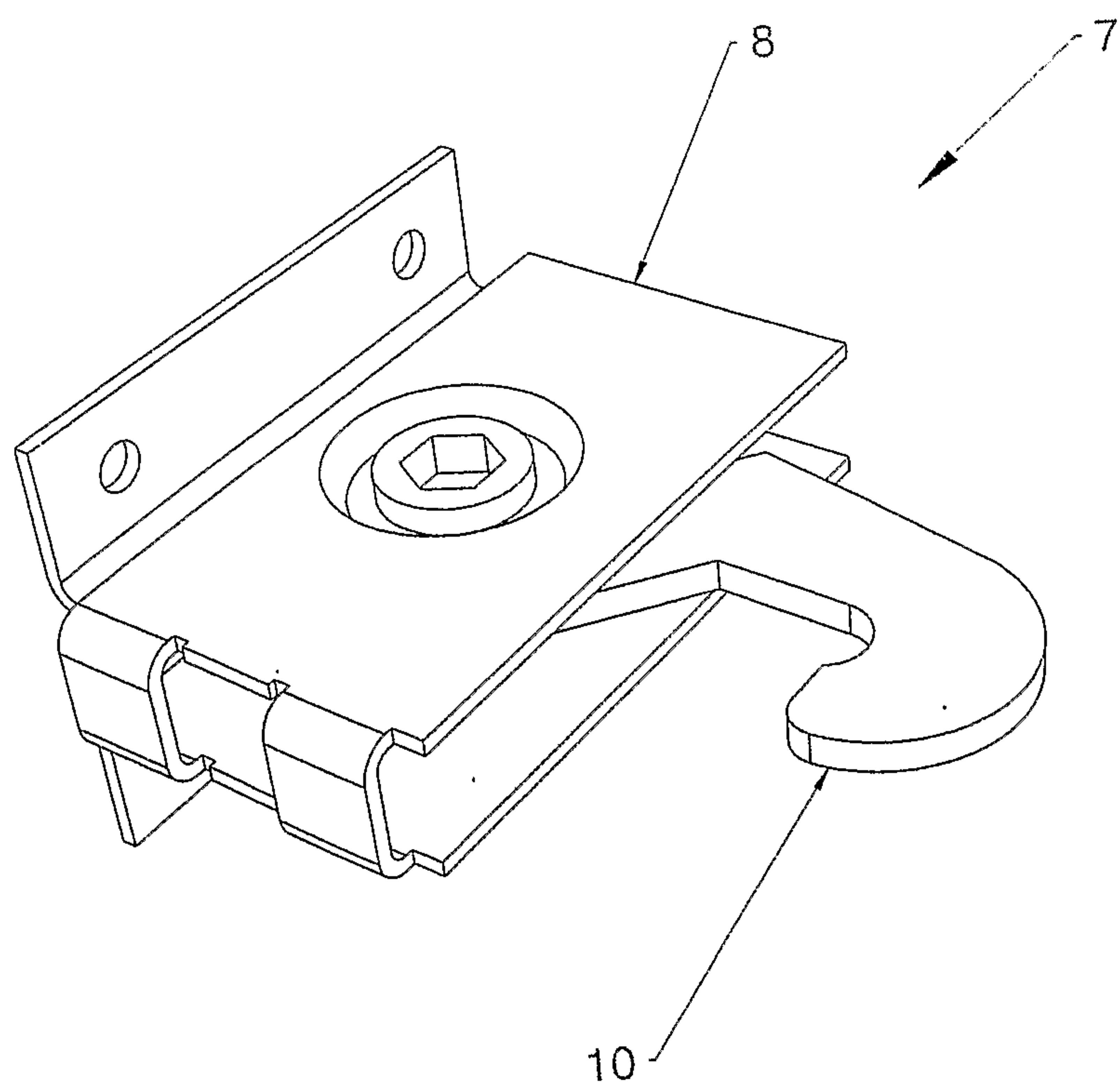


FIG. 2



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FIG. 3

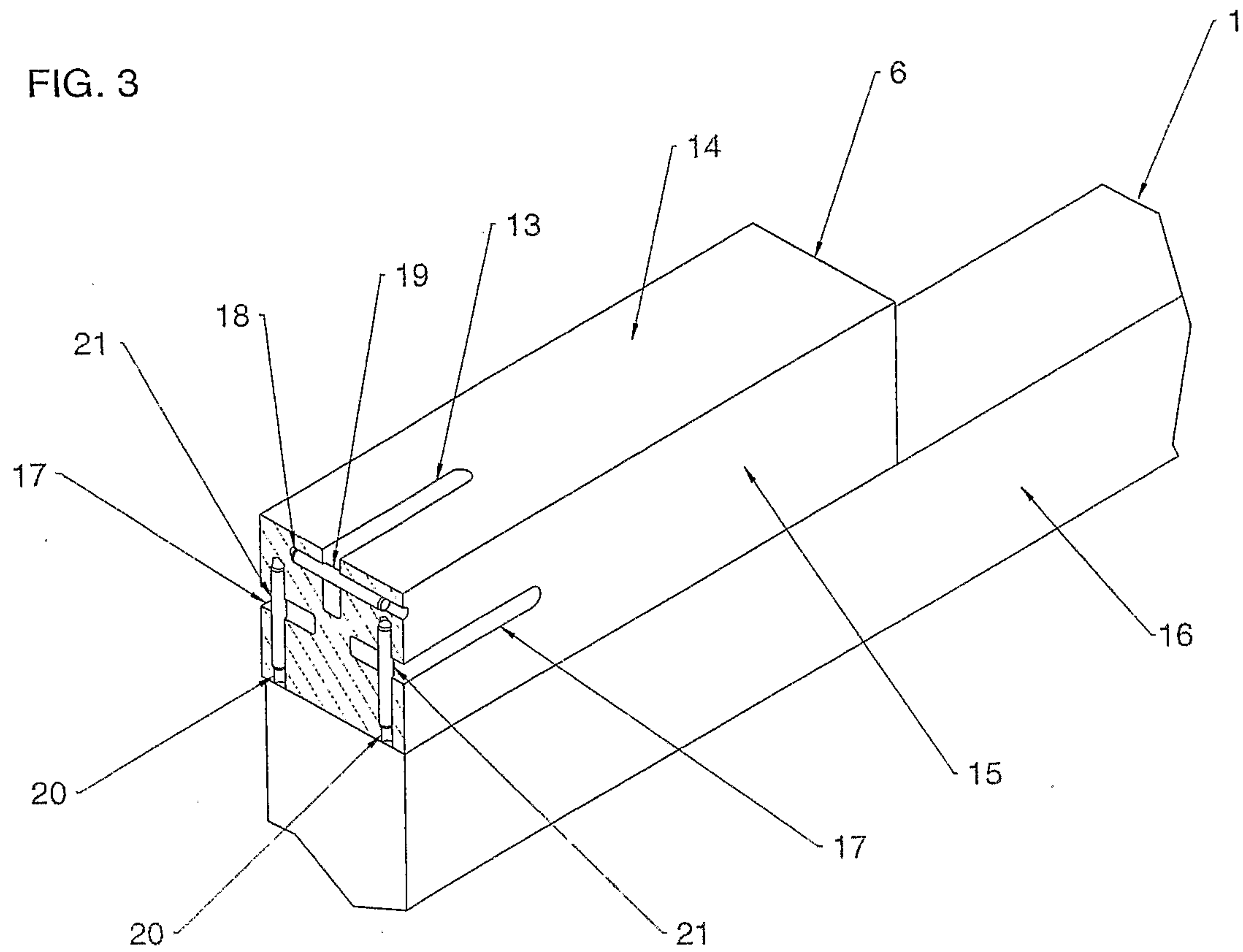
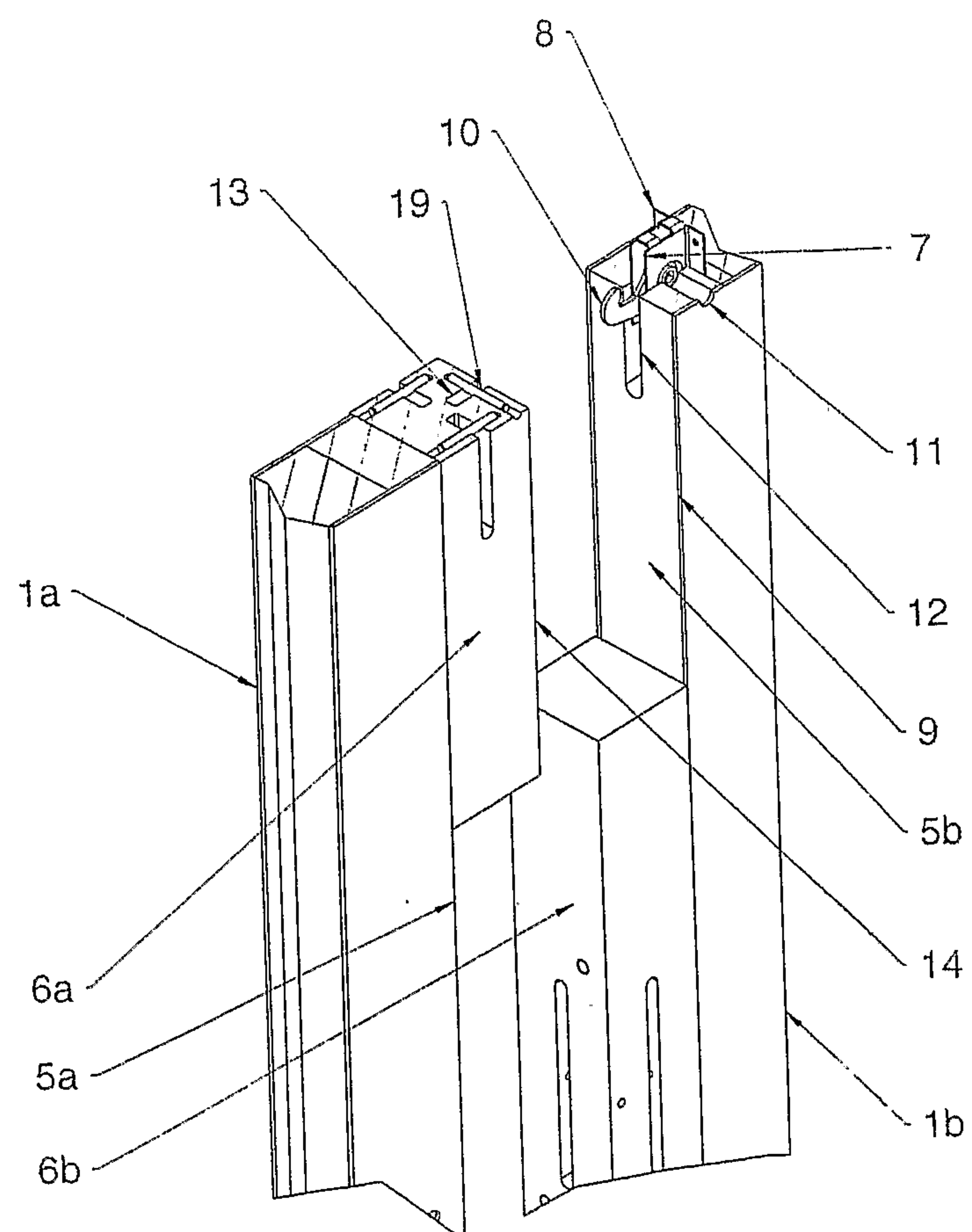


FIG. 4



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FIG. 5

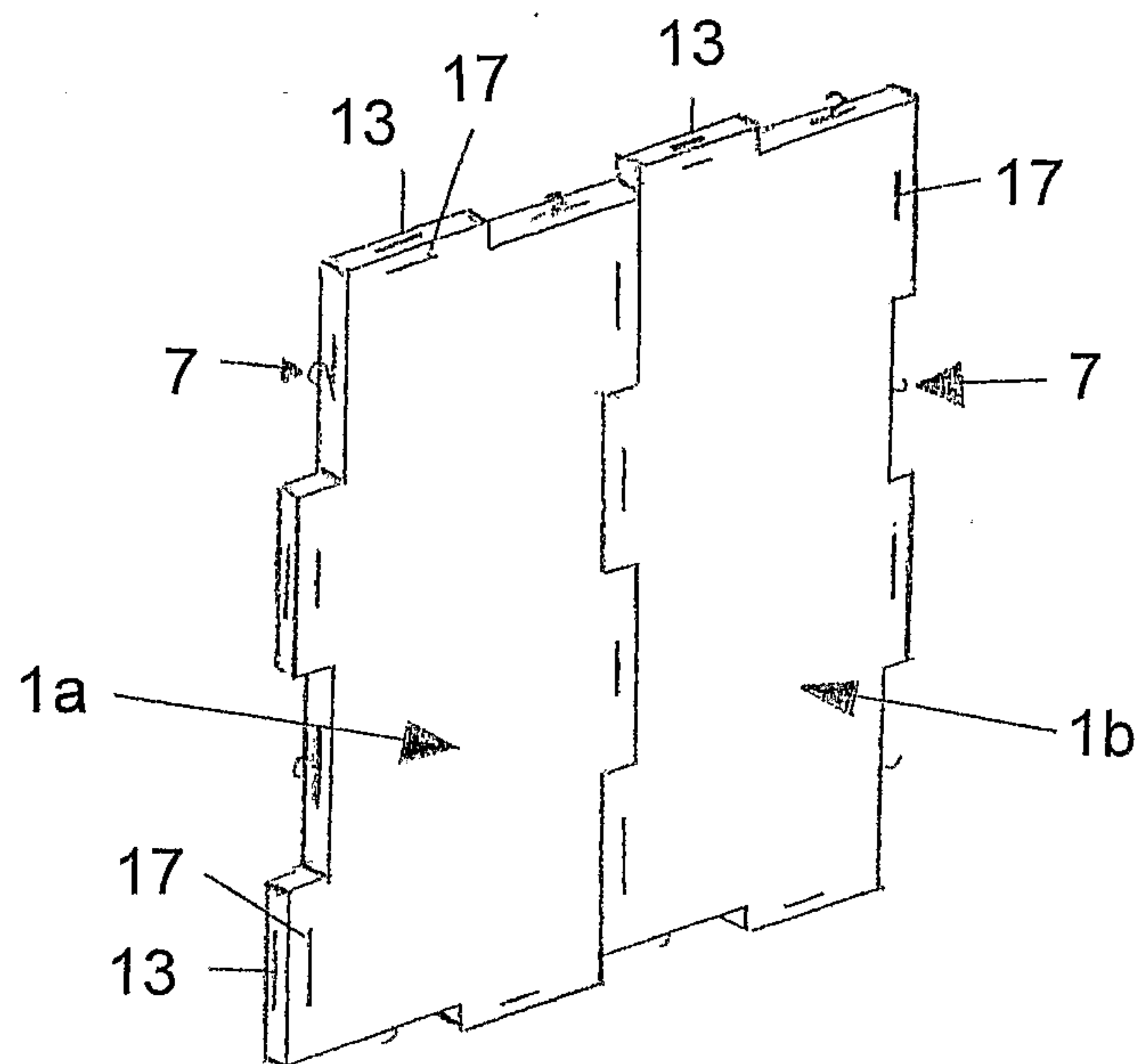
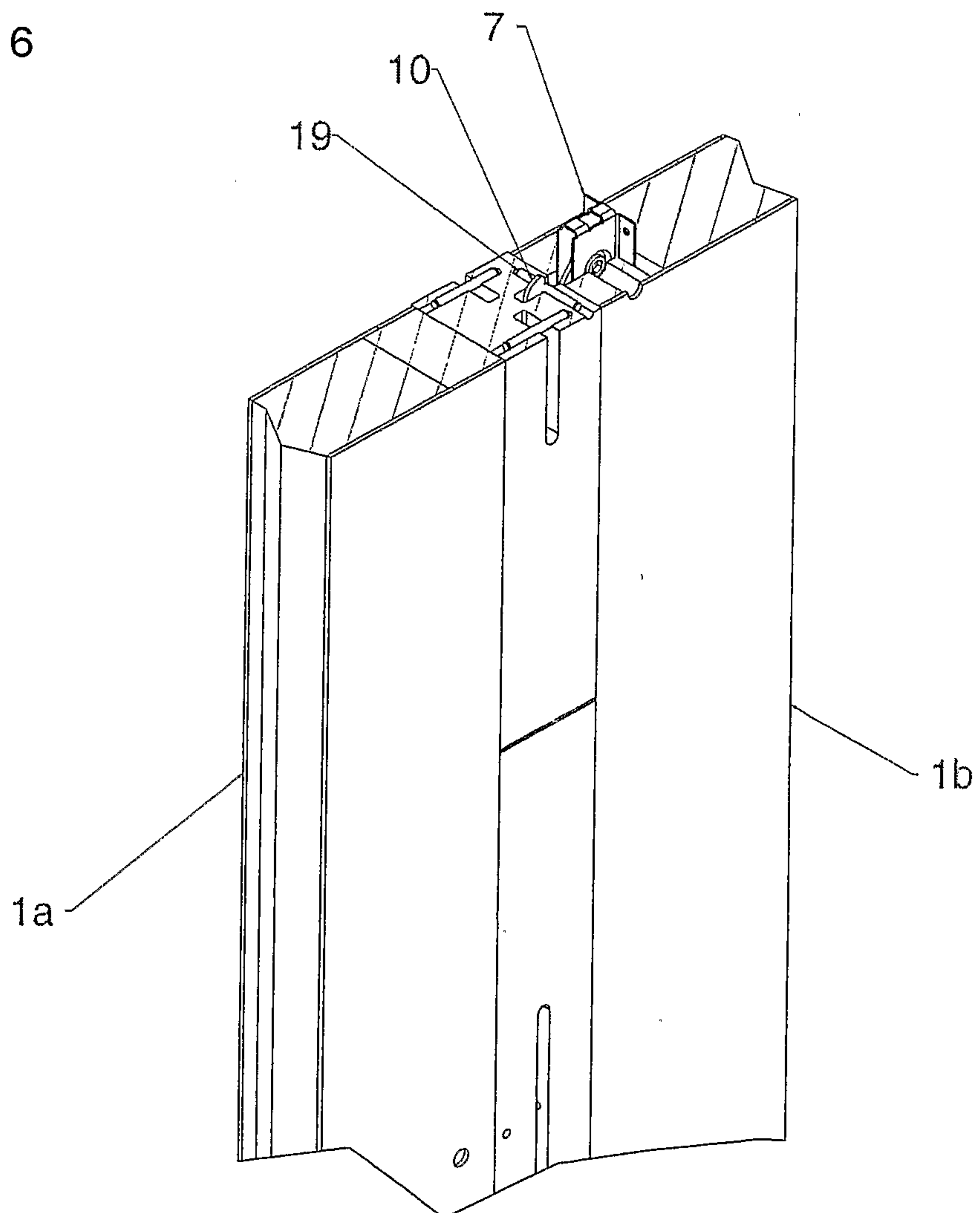


FIG. 6



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FIG. 7

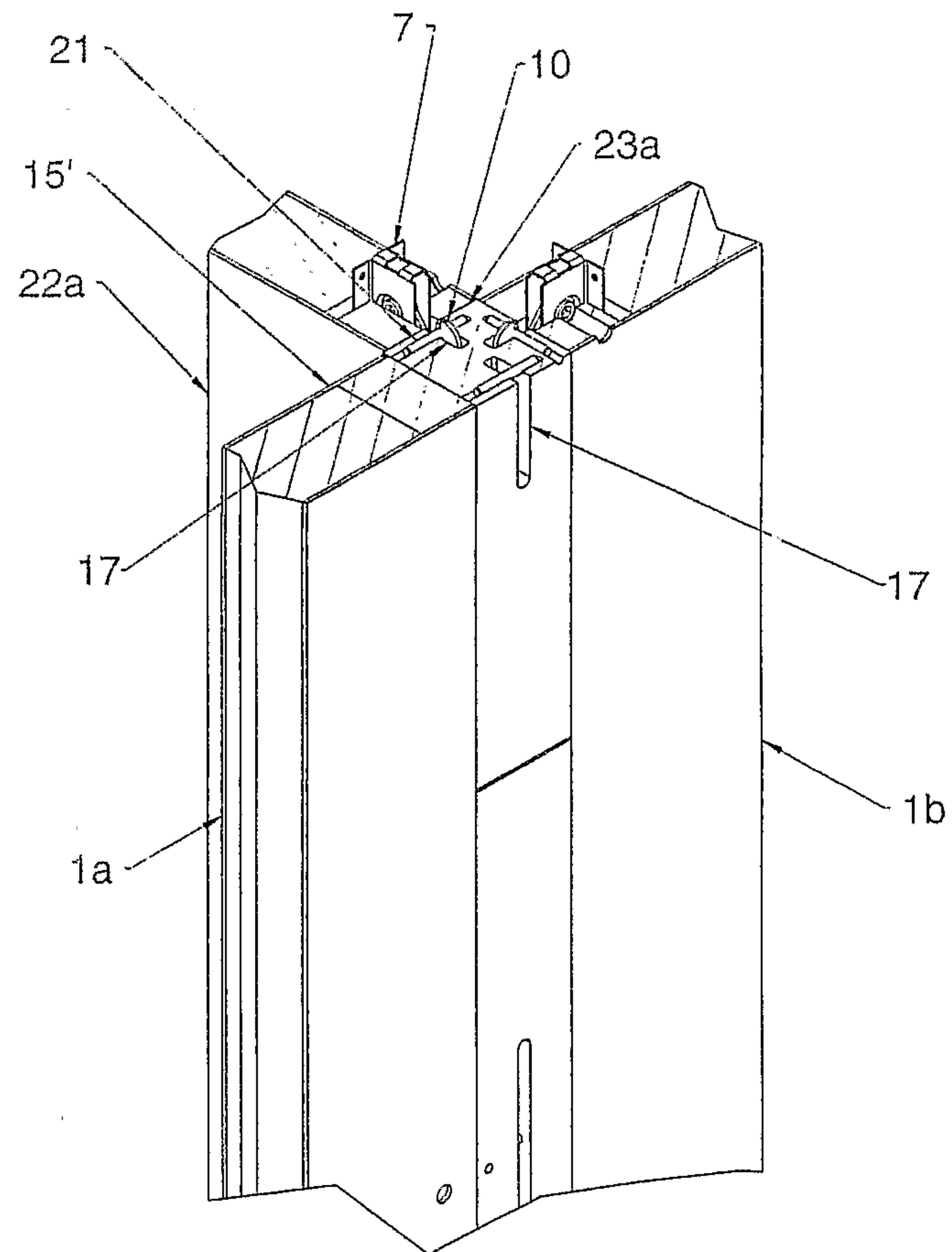


FIG. 8

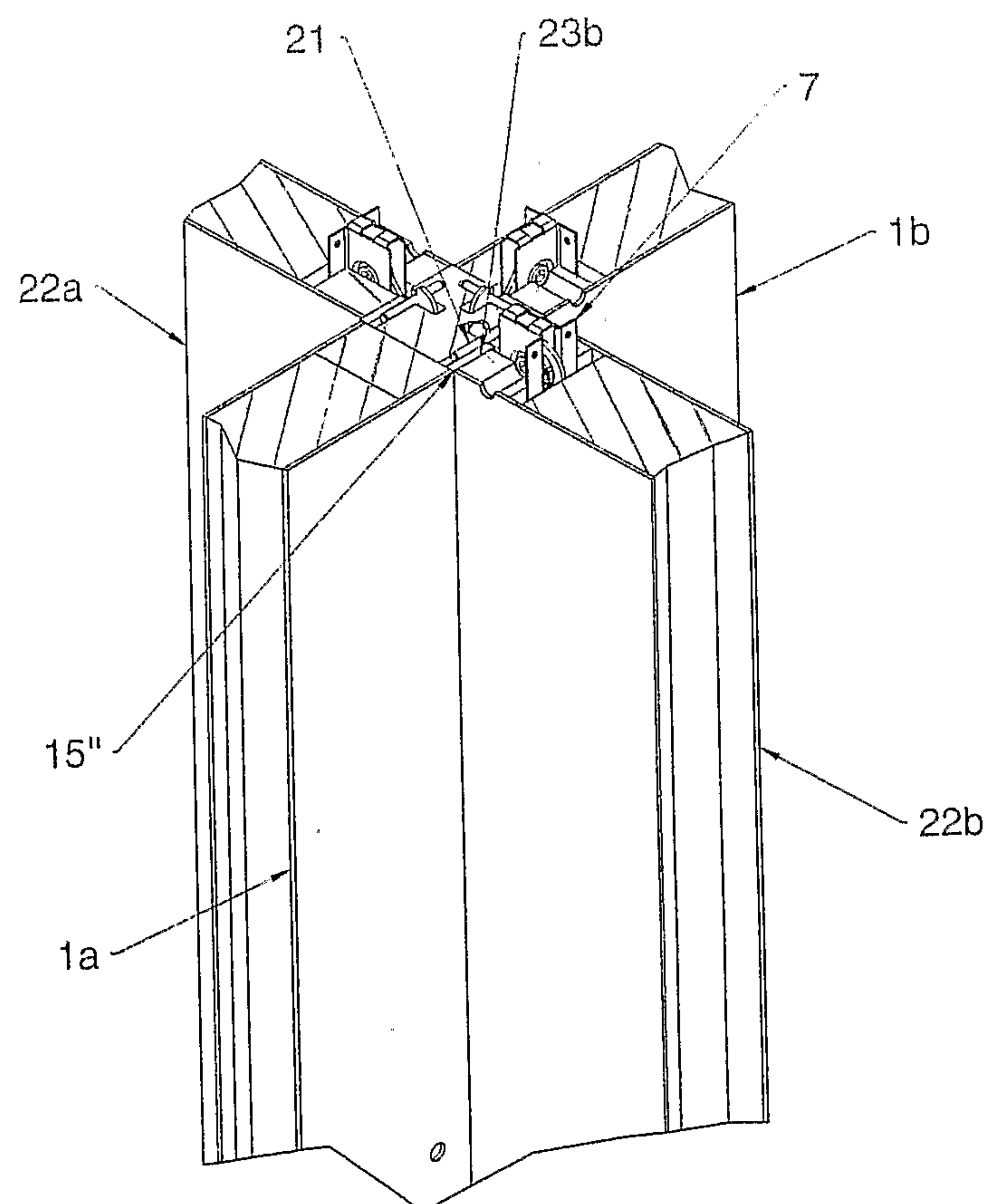


FIG. 9

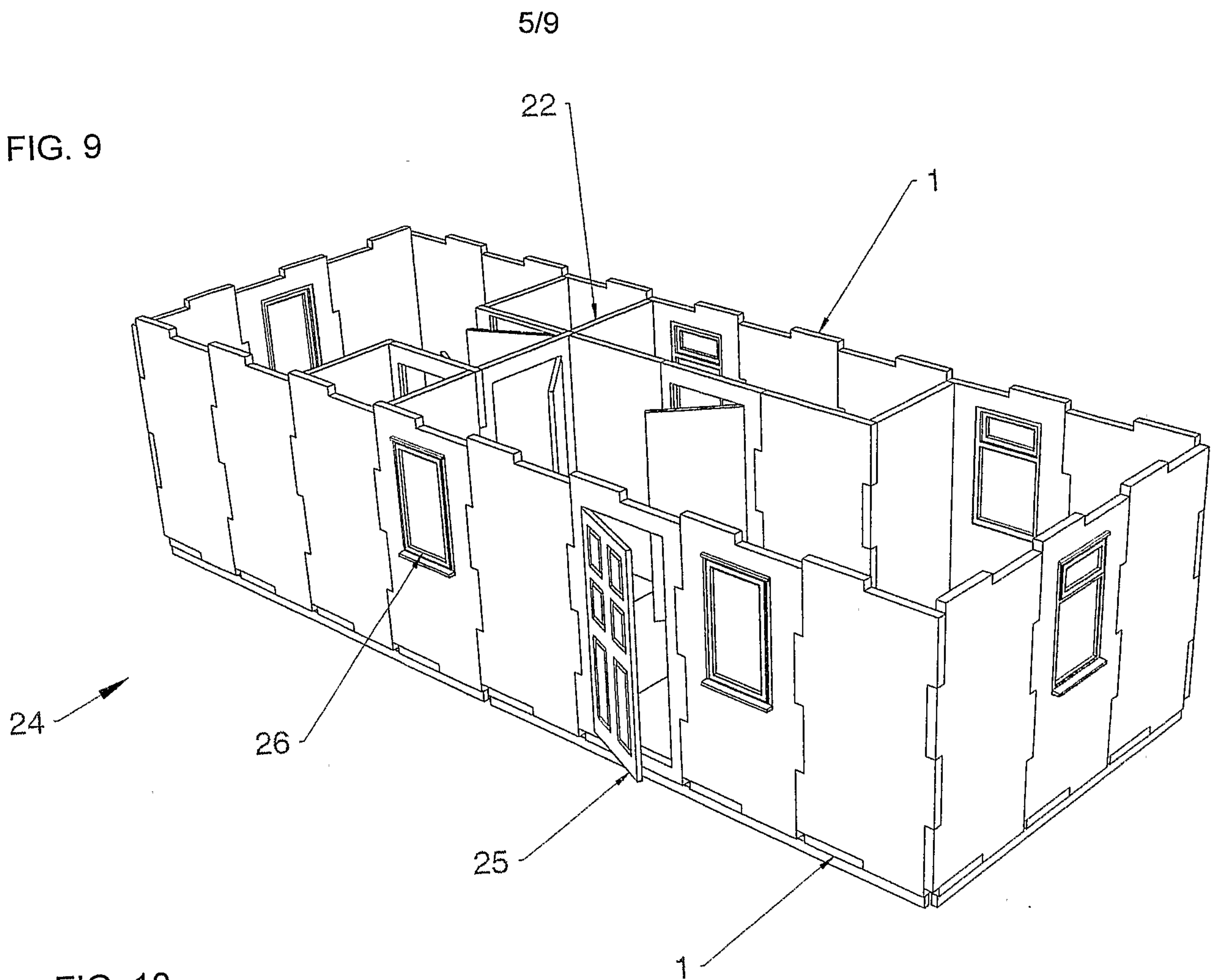


FIG. 10

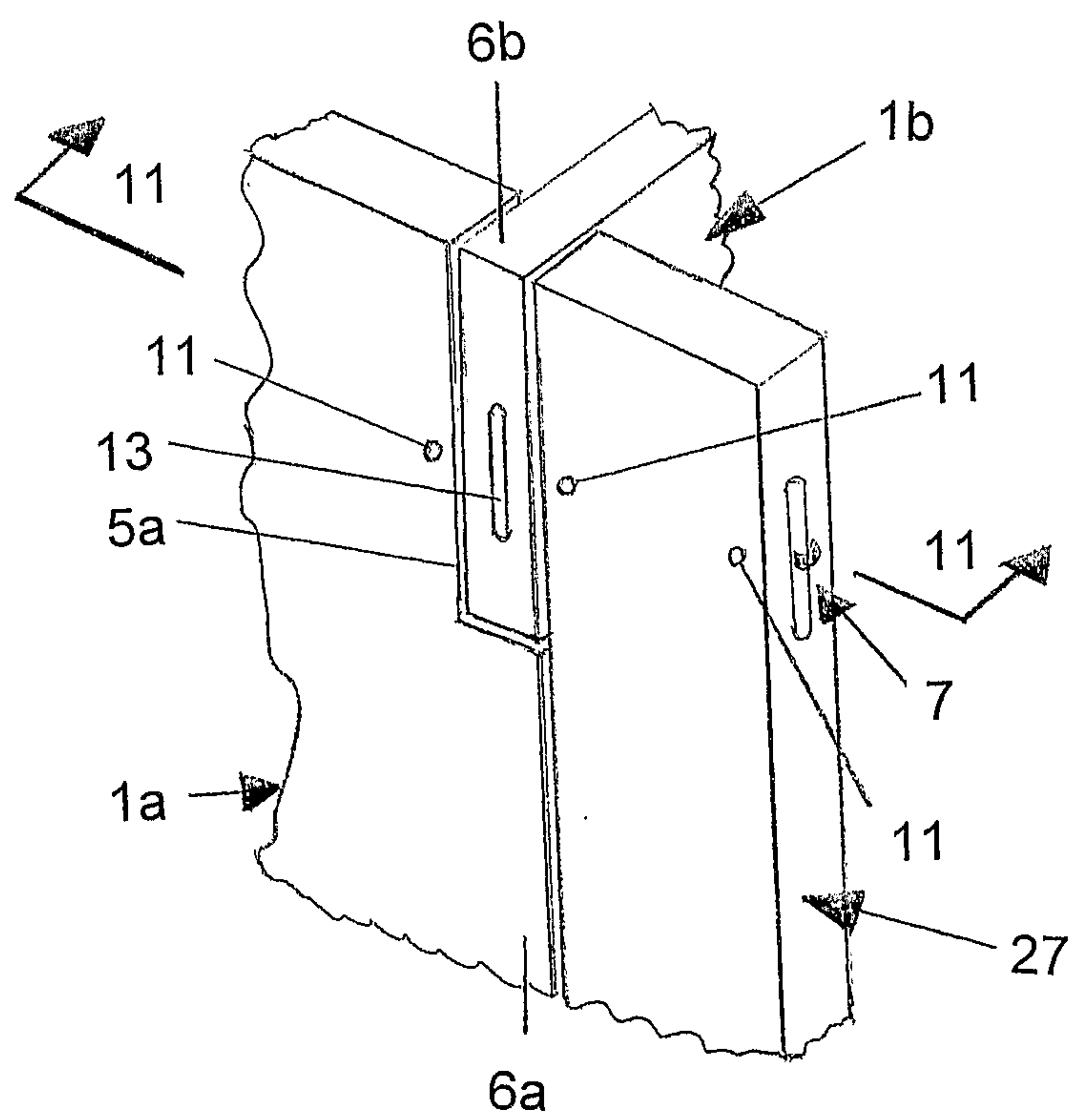


FIG. 11

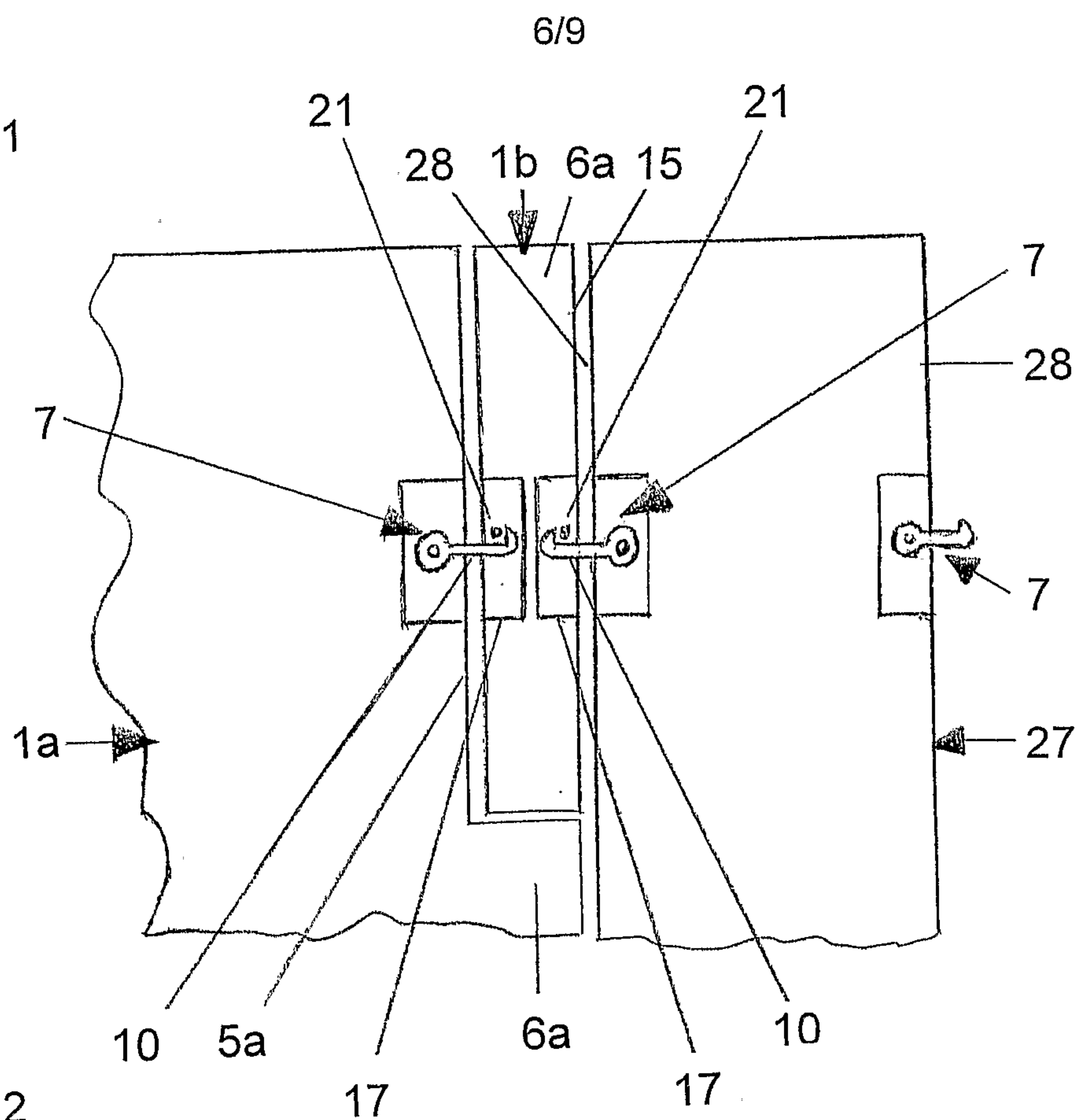


FIG. 12

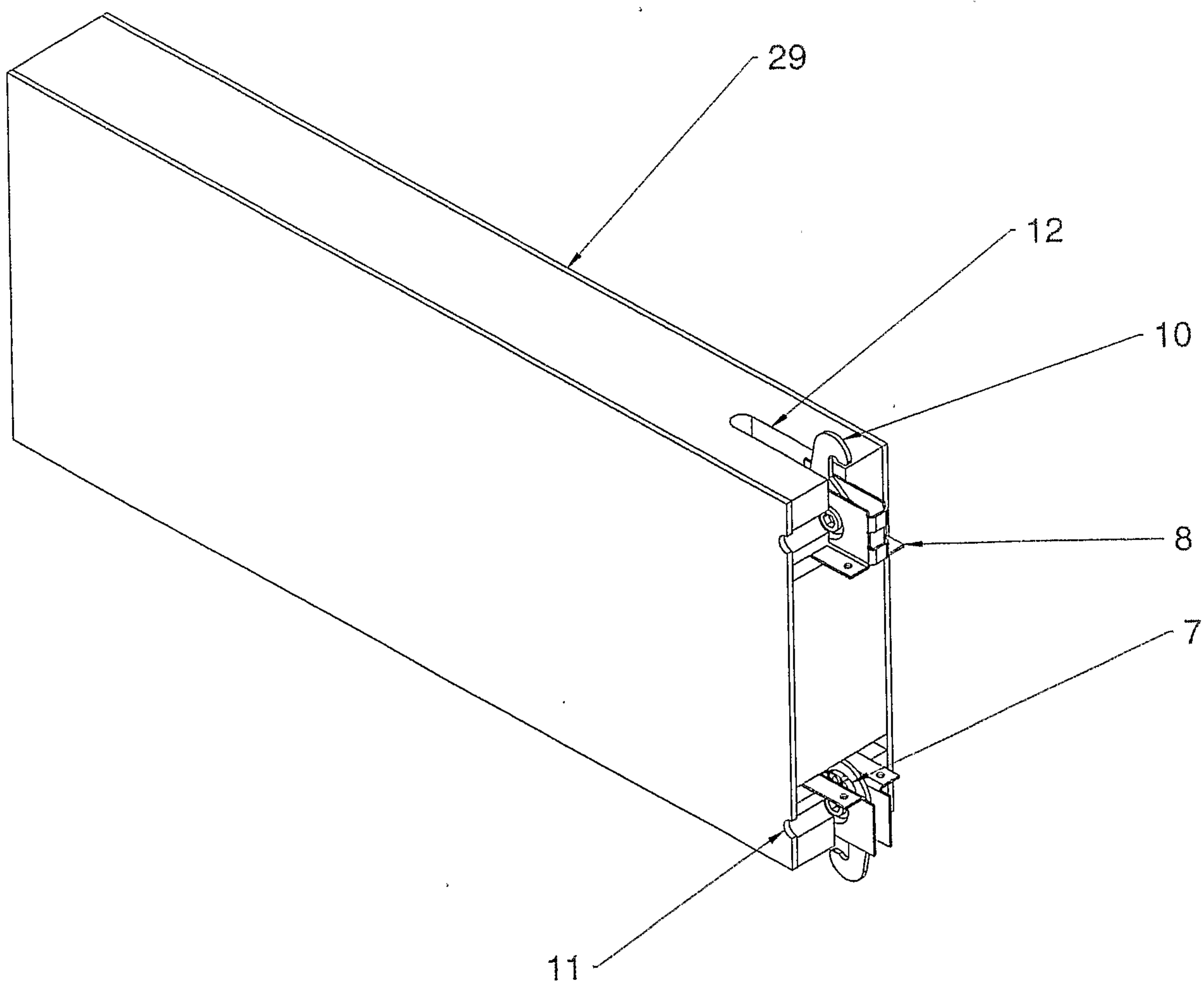


FIG. 13

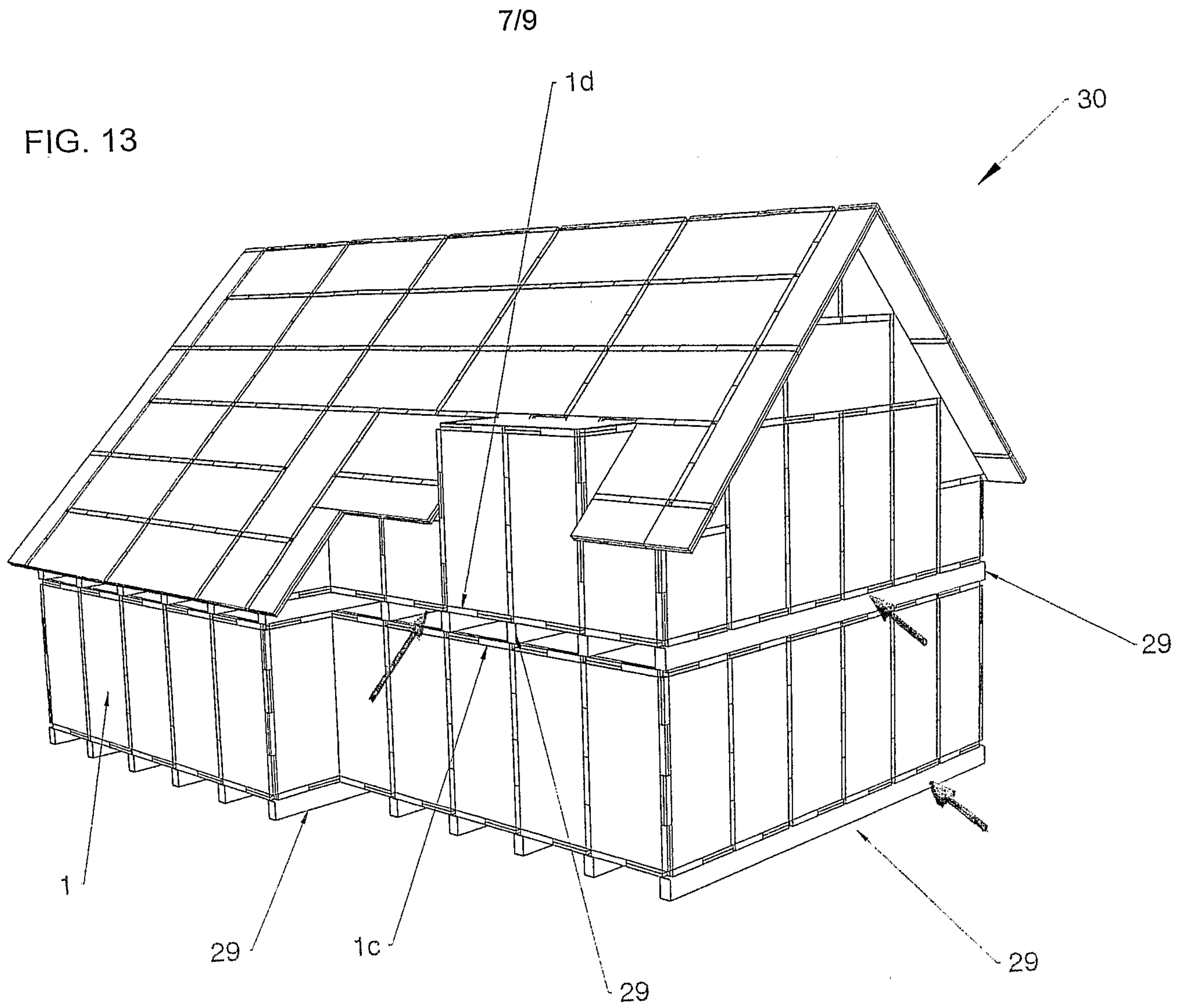
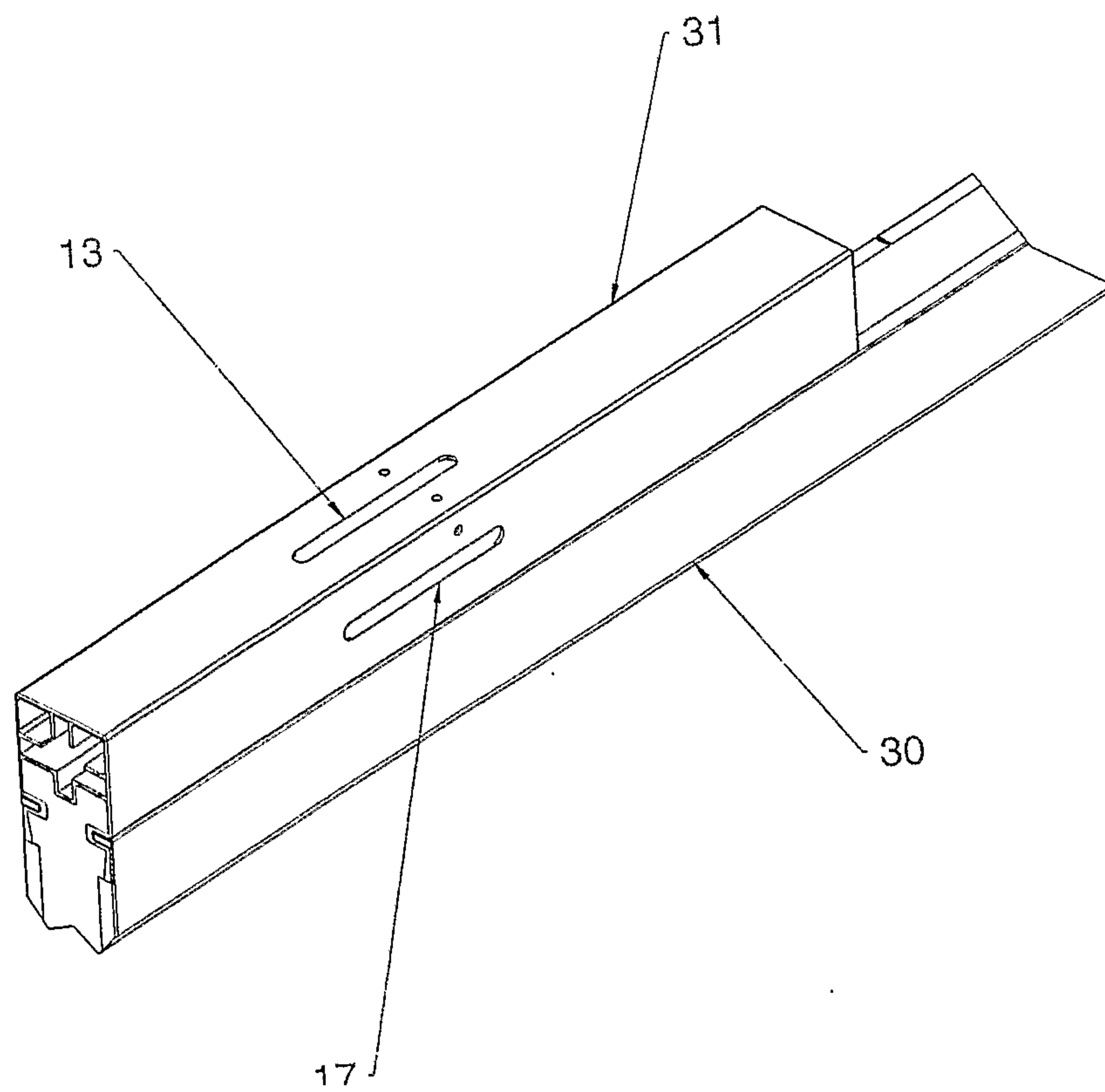


FIG. 14



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FIG. 15

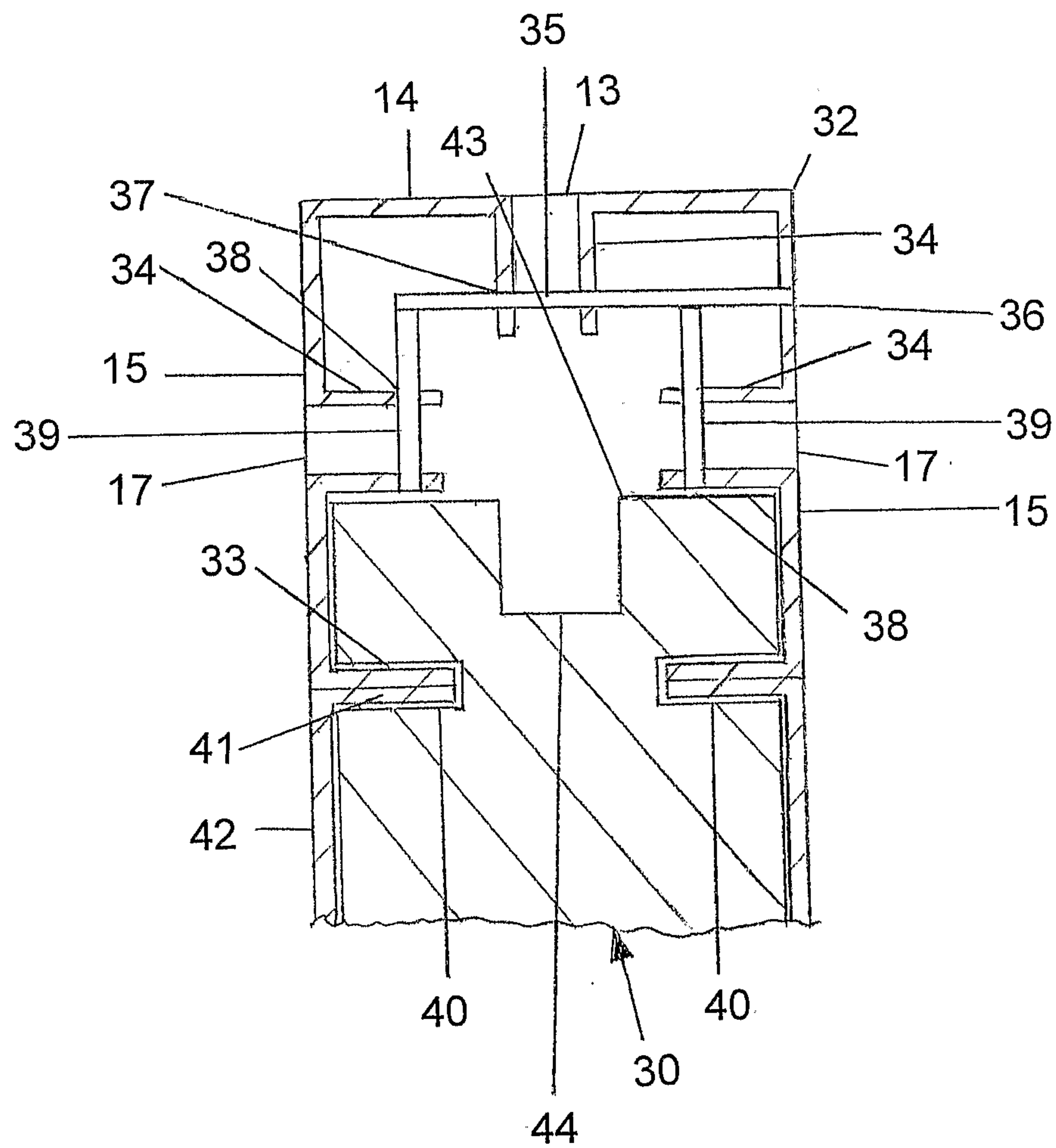


FIG. 16

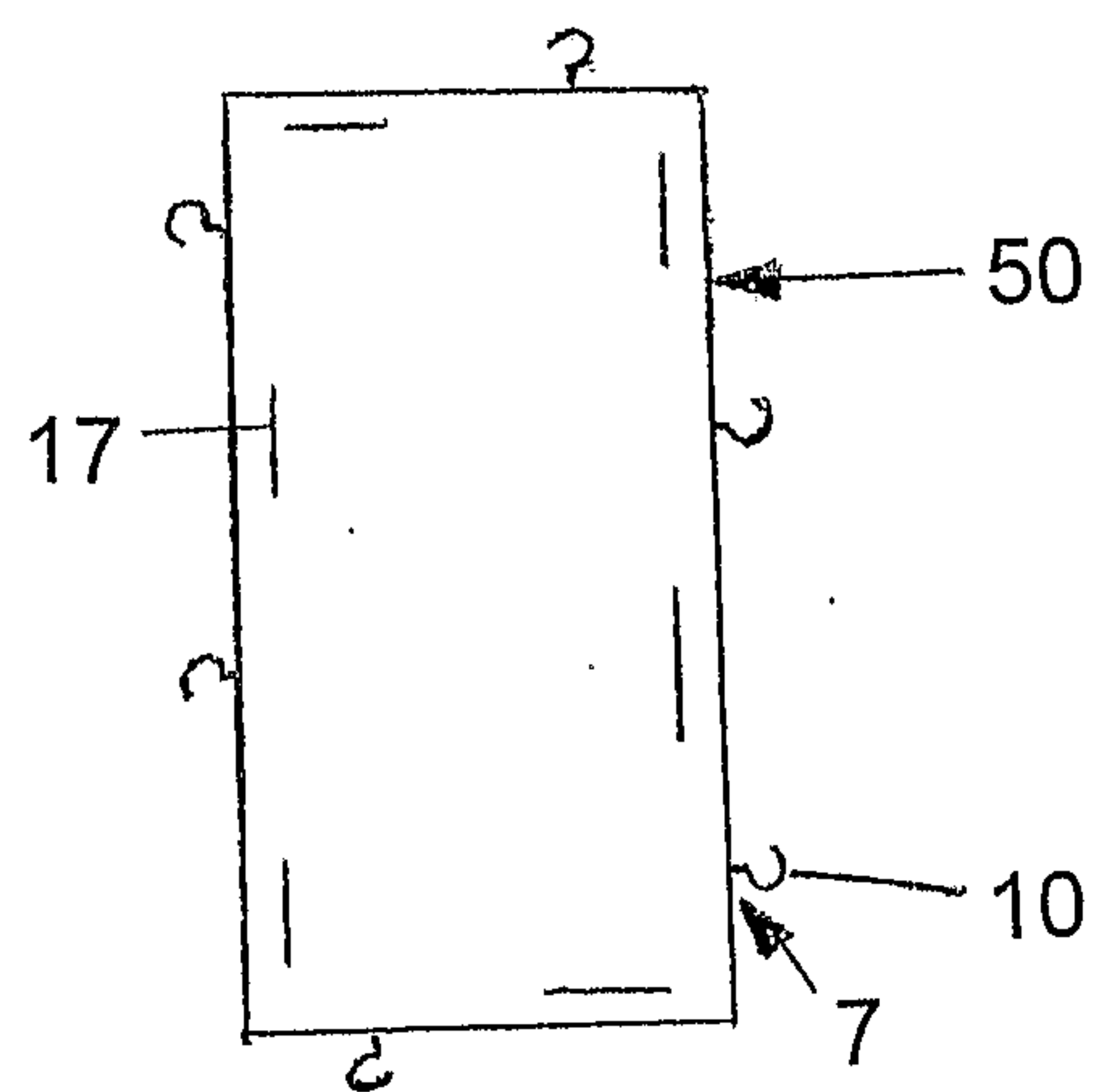


FIG. 17

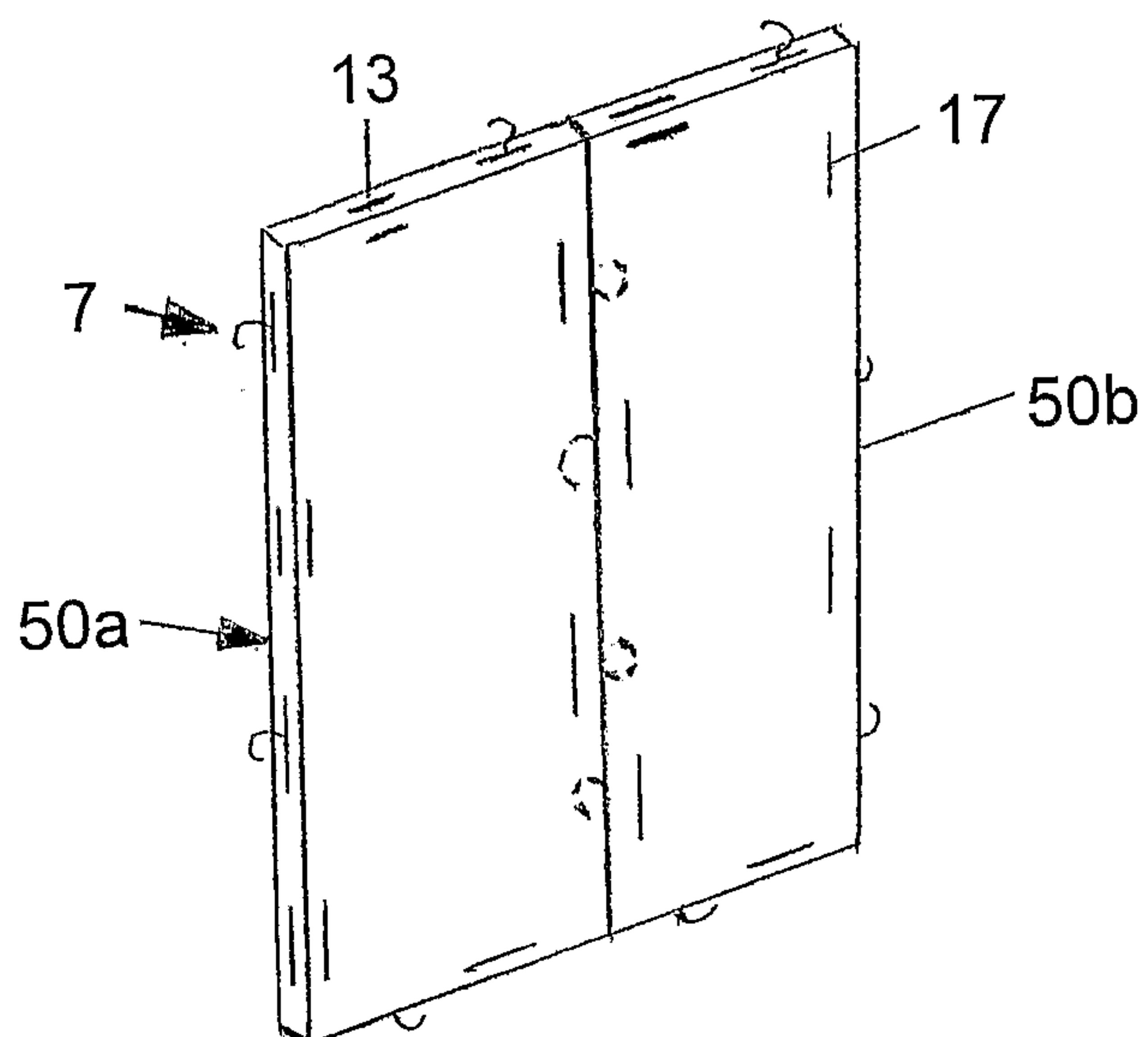


FIG. 18

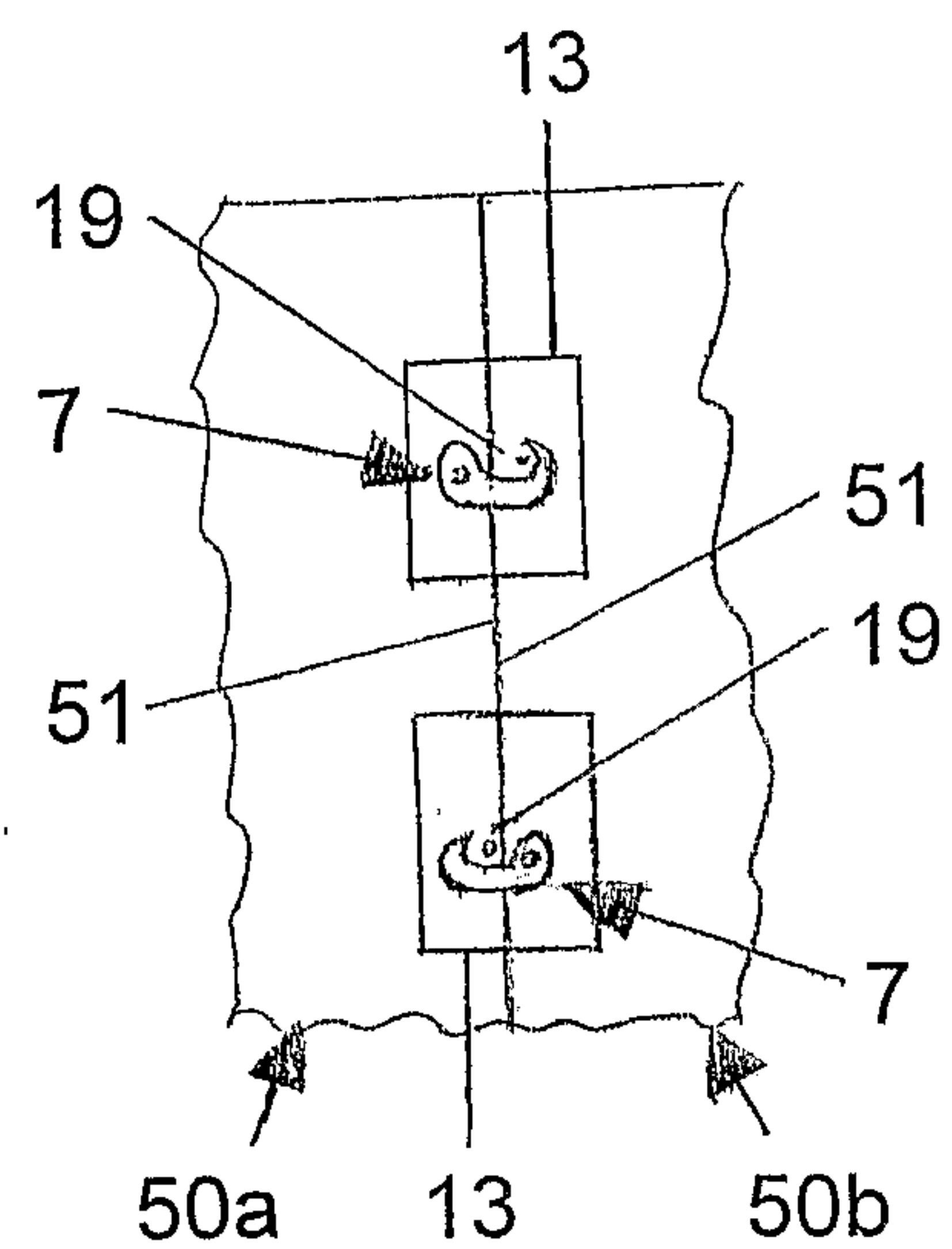


FIG. 19

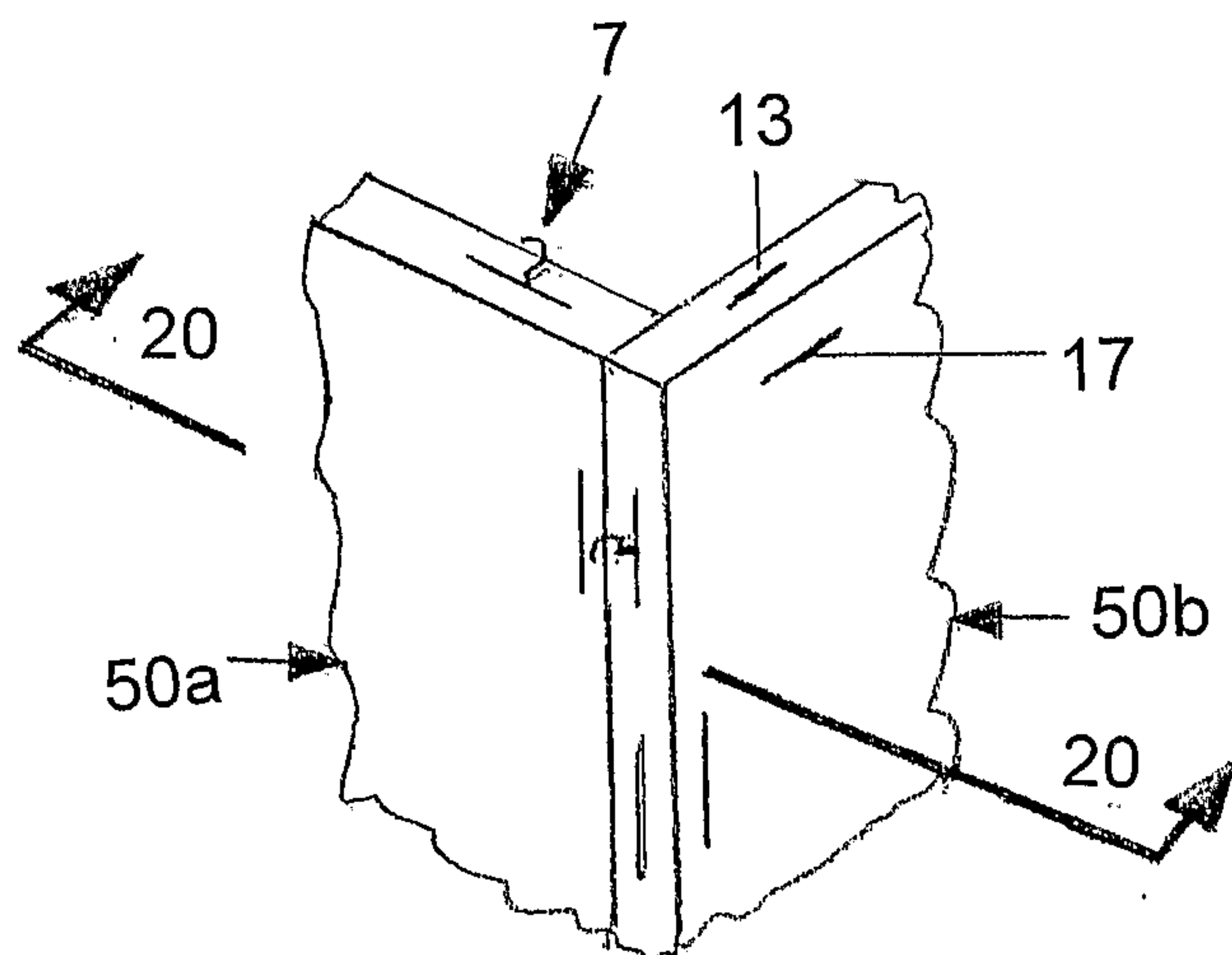


FIG. 20

