

Nov. 10, 1931.

H. L. HILL

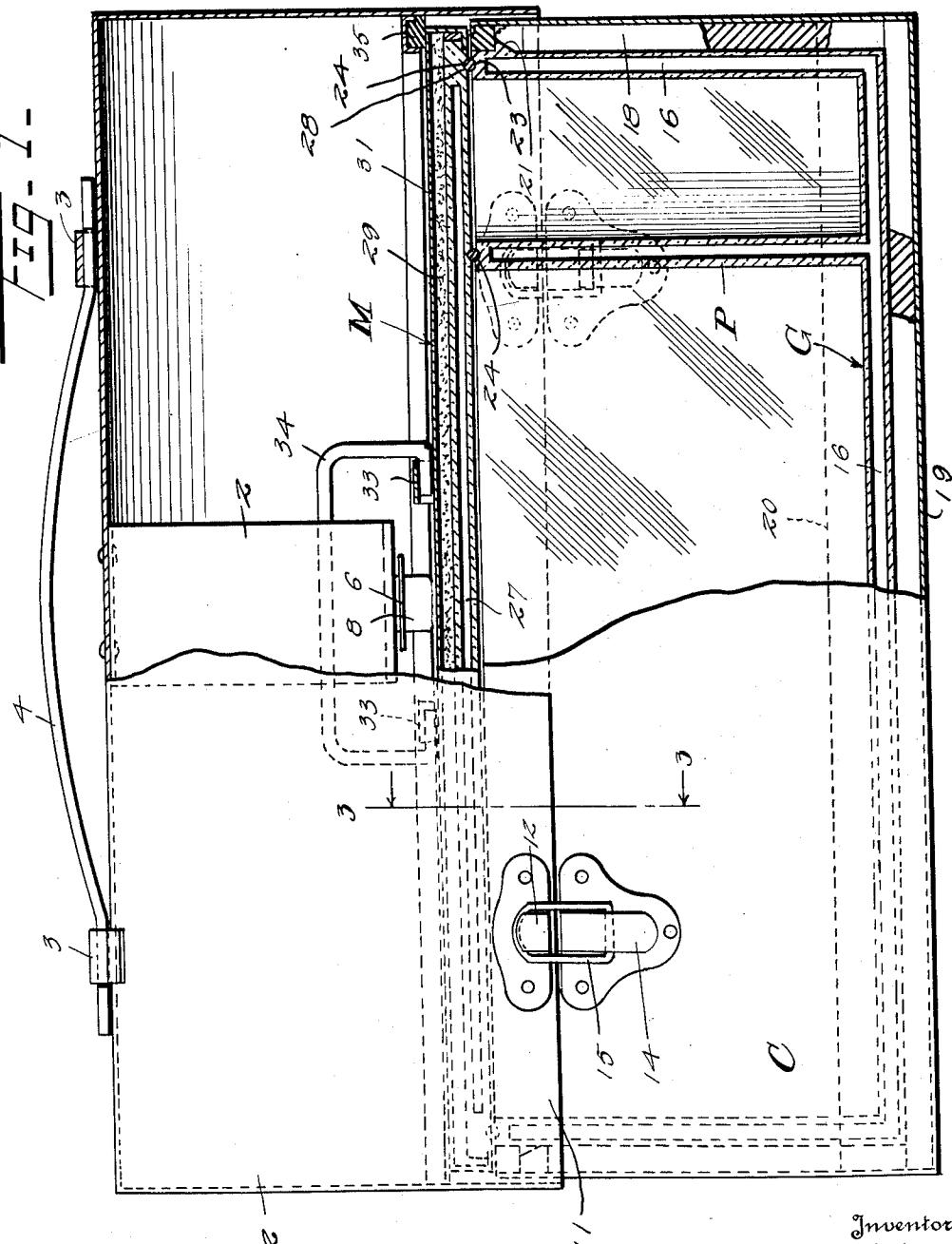
1,831,663

## LUNCH KIT

Filed Aug. 22, 1929

2 Sheets-Sheet 1

— 7 —



Inventor  
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LUNCH KIT

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2 Sheets-Sheet 2

FIG - 2 -

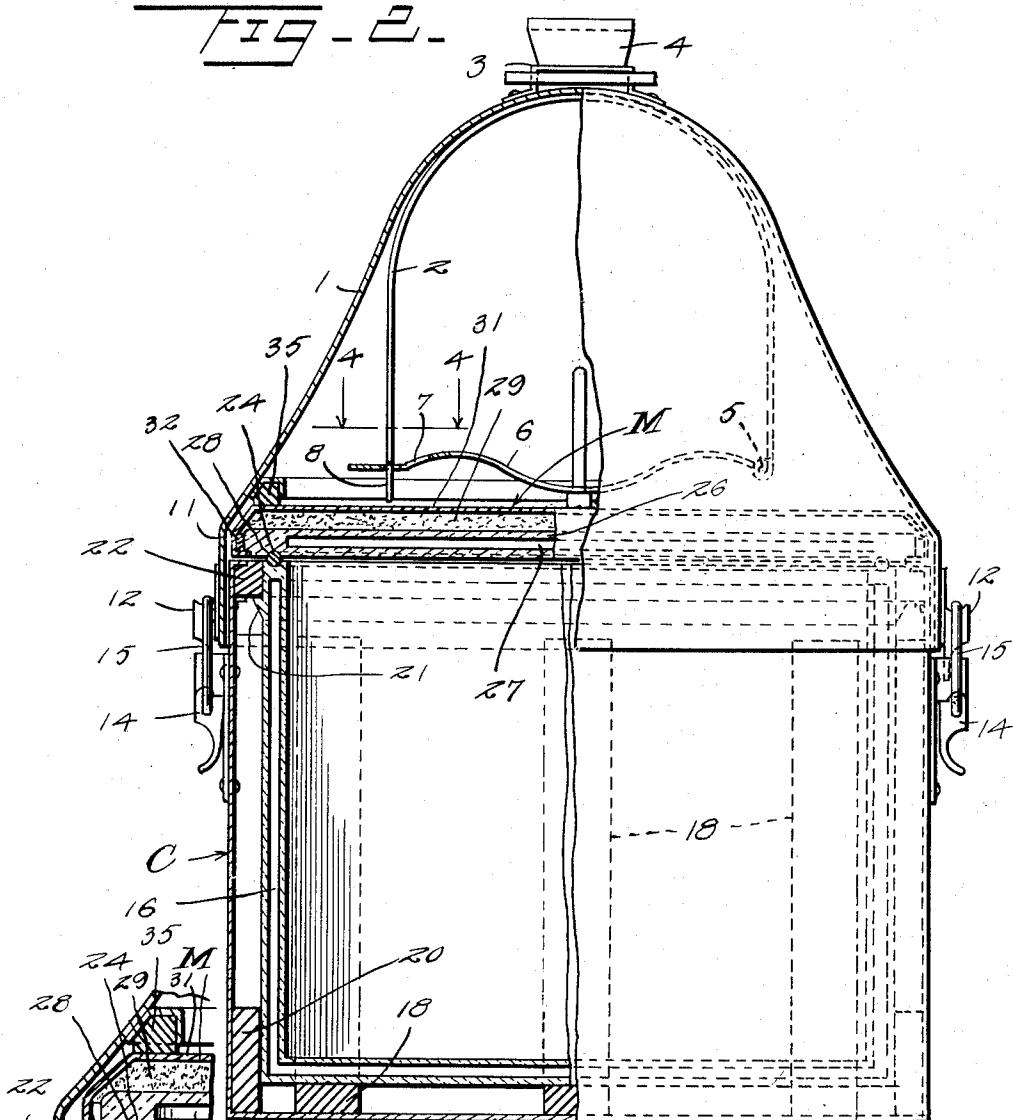


FIG - 3 -

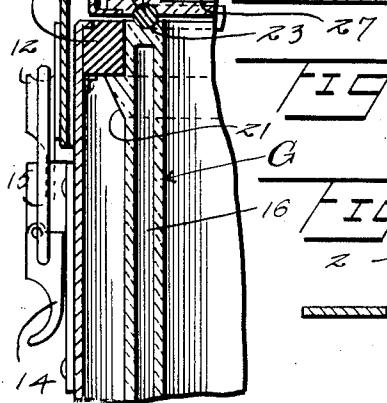


FIG - 5 -

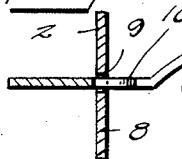
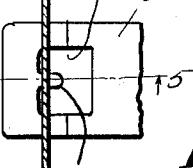


FIG - 7 -



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## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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## LUNCH KIT

Application filed August 22, 1929. Serial No. 387,721.

This invention relates to lunch kits and it is an object of the invention to provide a device of this kind constructed in a manner to maintain its content either hot or cold as desired, the device for such purpose embodying the general principle of vacuum insulation for retention and maintenance of internal temperature.

Another object of the invention is to provide a device of this kind comprising a body portion or container proper with which is associated a removable top or cover member, said assembly making it practical for the consumer to eat from the container itself.

Furthermore, it is an object of the invention to provide a device of this kind of what might be termed "open construction" so that the various parts are readily accessible for cleaning and thus maintaining the device sanitary.

A further object of the invention is to provide a device of this kind which comprises throughout its structure the use of cushions of cork, rubber, and kindred material, which serve to substantially eliminate breakage.

The invention consists in the details of construction and in the combination and arrangement of the several parts of my improved lunch kit whereby certain important advantages are attained and the device rendered simpler, less expensive and otherwise more convenient and advantageous for use, as will be hereinafter more fully set forth.

The novel features of my invention will hereinafter be definitely claimed.

In order that my invention may be the better understood, I will now proceed to describe the same with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is a view partly in side elevation and partly in section of a lunch kit constructed in accordance with an embodiment of my invention;

Figure 2 is an end view partly in elevation and partly in section of the device as illustrated in Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a fragmentary detailed sectional view on an enlarged scale taken substantially on the line 3—3 of Figure 1 looking in the direction of the arrow;

Figure 4 is a fragmentary detailed sectional view taken substantially on the line 4—4 of Figure 2;

Figure 5 is a sectional view taken substantially on the line 5—5 of Figure 4.

As disclosed in the accompanying drawings, 1 denotes a cover preferably of tin of desired configuration and dimensions and which has arranged centrally thereof and secured to its upper portion a transversely disposed holding member 2. This member 2 is in the form of an inverted U and possesses a certain degree of resiliency. Adjacent to its opposite ends the upper portion of the top 1 has secured thereto the loop brackets 3 through which are engaged the end portions of a handle strap 4, preferably of leather. One end portion of the member 2 has hingedly connected thereto, as at 5, an end portion of an elongated spring member 6.

The opposite end portion of this spring 6 is provided with an opening 7 through which is adapted to be directed a reduced extension 8 carried by the adjacent end of the member 2, said extension 8 having an opening 9 through which is adapted to be projected a lug 10 carried by the spring 6 and extending inwardly of the opening 7.

As particularly illustrated in Figure 2, it is to be noted that the spring 6 is disposed lengthwise on a compound curvature affording a relatively large central depending portion.

The top 1 has its lower free marginal portions defined by the skirts 11 and each of said side skirts adjacent each end has fixed thereto a projected lug 12. When in applied position the skirts 11 of the top 1 overlap the upper marginal portions of the outer casing C of the body proper of the kit. This casing C is made of metal or any other desired material, and the upper portion of each of its side faces adjacent each end thereof has pivotally connected therewith a finger piece 14. This finger piece 14 has operatively connected therewith a rigid loop 15. By engaging the loop 15 over a lug or projection 12 and swinging the finger piece 14 downwardly, means are provided for effectively maintaining the top 1 in applied or working position with re-

spect to the casing C, yet at the same time affording a mechanism which permits the ready and convenient removal of said top 1.

Arranged within the casing C is a glass container G, the walls of which being of double construction affording an intermediate vacuum space 16 giving an effective insulation against heat and thereby assuring the maintenance of the temperature of the articles placed within the container for a prolonged period of time. As herein disclosed, the container G is divided into two compartments by the transverse partition P, it being understood, however, that other 15 of such compartments may be afforded by use of additional partitions.

The applied container G is rested directly upon the longitudinally disposed cushions 18 carried by the bottom wall 19 of the casing C, and interposed between the side walls of the container G and of the casing C at the lower portions thereof are the cushion strips 20. These cushion strips 18 and 20 may be of rubber, cork or other suitable material 25 which will serve as an effective medium to substantially eliminate the liability of breakage of the container G.

The upper portion of the container G has extending outwardly from its walls a shoulder 21 and in contact with this shoulder 21 and the portions of said side walls of the container G thereabove are the cushion strips 22 of rubber or other suitable material. Each of these strips 22 is directly carried by 35 the upper marginal portion of the adjacent side wall of the casing C as particularly illustrated in detailed Figure 3.

The top edge face of each of the side walls of the container G is provided with a groove 40 23 to receive and retain a gasket 24 preferably of rubber.

The upper open face of the container G is adapted to be closed by a cover member M. This member embodies a lower plate 26 of glass having a central vacuum space 27 and each marginal portion of this plate 26 in its under surface has a groove 28 to receive a gasket 24 when the cover member M is in applied or working position, thus providing 50 an effective seal against the outside temperature.

Disposed over the glass plate 26 is a lamination 29 of ground cork, the same being maintained in desired placement with respect to 55 the plate 26 by the retaining cover 31 preferably of tin. The marginal portions of this cover 31 are engaged from below with the marginal portions of the plate 26 and interposed between the marginal faces of the glass 60 plate 26 and the adjacent walls of the cover 31 are the cushions 32, preferably of soft rubber, which serve effectually to prevent breakage of the plate 26. The central portion of the cover 31 is provided with a pair 65 of upstanding and longitudinally aligned

sleeves or barrels 33 with which are engaged the extremities of a loop handle 34, said handle 34 providing means for effectively manipulating the cover member M.

The top 1 above but in relatively close 70 proximity to its skirts 11 has secured thereto the cushions 35, preferably of soft rubber, and which have firm contact from above with the adjacent marginal portions of the applied cover member M and thereby affording 75 additional effective means for maintaining the cover member M applied. While the lamination 29 of cork hereinbefore referred to, serves as a further means of insulation it also provides an effective medium to protect the glass plate 26 against breakage.

If any portion of the container G should break, it may be removed by crushing the remaining portion of such container and the parts removed. After such removal a new 85 container can be readily applied with a minimum of effort and labor.

With the use of a kit constructed in accordance with my invention the materials placed 90 therein may be maintained for a protracted period of time at desired temperature and this applies with equal facility in connection with either cold foods or hot foods.

It is to be noted that the top 1 is of such cross sectional configuration to readily permit the application therein of a conventional 95 vacuum bottle which will be readily maintained therein by the spring 6.

From the foregoing description it is thought to be obvious that a lunch kit constructed in accordance with my invention is particularly well adapted for use by reason of the convenience and facility with which it may be assembled and operated, and it will also be obvious that my invention is susceptible of some change and modification without departing from the principles and spirit thereof and for this reason I do not wish to be understood as limiting myself to the precise arrangement and formation of the several 110 parts herein shown in carrying out my invention in practice except as hereinafter claimed.

I claim:—

1. A kit of the class described comprising a casing, a container arranged within the 115 casing, said container having its walls of double construction to provide vacuum insulation, cushions interposed between the bottoms of the casing and the container, cushions interposed between the lower portions of the side walls of the casing and the container, and cushions carried by the upper portions of the side walls of the casing for contact with the adjacent portions of the container, said casing having inwardly extending flanges for holding said cushions in adjusted position the side walls of the container being provided with outstanding shoulders engaging said last named cushions from below.

2. A kit of the class described comprising 130

a casing, a container placed therein, cushions interposed between the bottom walls and side walls of the container and casing, a flat cover member for the container, a top adapted to be disposed over the applied cover member and lapping the container, internal cushions carried by the top for contact with the applied cover member from above and on the marginal edges thereof, and means for locking the cover member to the casing.

3. A kit of the class described comprising a casing, a container placed therein, cushions interposed between the bottom walls and side walls of the container and casing, a flat cover member for the container, a top adapted to be disposed over the applied cover member and lapping the container, internal cushions carried by the top for contact with the applied cover member from above and on the marginal edges thereof, outstanding lugs carried by the portions of the top lapping the casing, finger pieces pivoted to side walls of the casing, and loop members operatively engaged with the finger pieces and engageable over the lugs, swinging movement of the finger pieces towards the casing exerting pull on the top when the loop members are engaged with the lugs whereby to hold the top in tight engagement with the container.

30 In testimony whereof I hereunto affix my signature.

HOWARD L. HILL.

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