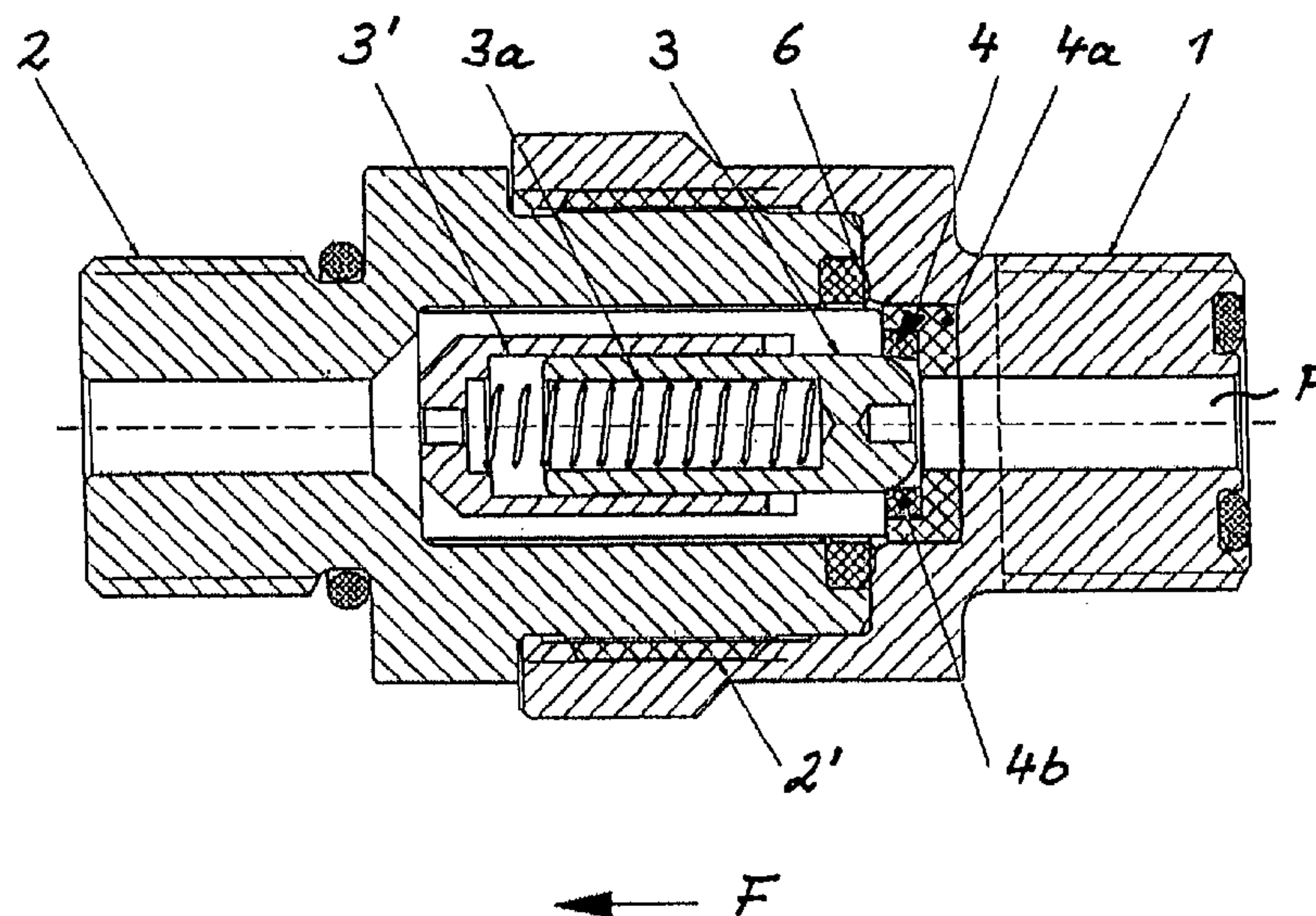




(86) Date de dépôt PCT/PCT Filing Date: 2011/06/18
(87) Date publication PCT/PCT Publication Date: 2012/01/12
(45) Date de délivrance/Issue Date: 2018/02/27
(85) Entrée phase nationale/National Entry: 2013/01/03
(86) N° demande PCT/PCT Application No.: EP 2011/003027
(87) N° publication PCT/PCT Publication No.: 2012/003927
(30) Priorité/Priority: 2010/07/05 (DE20 2010 009 871.8)

(51) Cl.Int./Int.Cl. *F16K 15/02* (2006.01)
(72) Inventeurs/Inventors:
WEH, ERWIN, DE;
WEH, WOLFGANG, DE
(73) Propriétaires/Owners:
WEH, ERWIN, DE;
WEH, WOLFGANG, DE
(74) Agent: NEXUS LAW GROUP LLP

(54) Titre : LIAISON HAUTE PRESSION
(54) Title: HIGH-PRESSURE CONNECTION



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

The invention relates to the simple and safe construction of a high-pressure connection (1) for transferring gaseous and/or liquid media, in particular for the refuelling of vehicles with hydrogen. According to the invention, the high-pressure connection (1) comprises a housing (2) with a media passage (P) and a leaktight piston (3) of which the front end is disposed in a sealing manner with respect to an annular seal. The seal (4) has a seal support (4a) in which is inserted a sealing insert (4b), the sealing support (4a) consisting of a harder plastics and the sealing insert (4b) consisting of a softer plastics.

(12) NACH DEM VERTRAG ÜBER DIE INTERNATIONALE ZUSAMMENARBEIT AUF DEM GEBIET DES
PATENTWESENS (PCT) VERÖFFENTLICHTE INTERNATIONALE ANMELDUNG(19) Weltorganisation für geistiges Eigentum
Internationales Büro(43) Internationales Veröffentlichungsdatum
12. Januar 2012 (12.01.2012)(10) Internationale Veröffentlichungsnummer
WO 2012/003927 A1(51) Internationale Patentklassifikation:
F16K 15/02 (2006.01)

(21) Internationales Aktenzeichen: PCT/EP2011/003027

(22) Internationales Anmeldedatum:
18. Juni 2011 (18.06.2011)

(25) Einreichungssprache: Deutsch

(26) Veröffentlichungssprache: Deutsch

(30) Angaben zur Priorität:
20 2010 009 871.8 5. Juli 2010 (05.07.2010) DE

(72) Erfinder; und

(71) Anmelder : WEH, Erwin [DE/DE]; Siemensstr. 5,
89257 Illertissen (DE). WEH, Wolfgang [DE/DE]; Sie-
mensstr. 5, 89257 Illertissen (DE).(74) Anwalt: FIENER, Josef; J. Fiener et col., Postfach 1249,
87712 Mindelheim (DE).(81) Bestimmungsstaaten (soweit nicht anders angegeben, für
jede verfügbare nationale Schutzrechtsart): AE, AG, AL,
AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY,
BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM,
DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN,
KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA,
MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG,
NI, NO, NZ, OM, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC,
SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN,
TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.(84) Bestimmungsstaaten (soweit nicht anders angegeben, für
jede verfügbare regionale Schutzrechtsart): ARIPO (BW,
GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ,
UG, ZM, ZW), eurasisches (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD,
RU, TJ, TM), europäisches (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY,
CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS,
IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO,
RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Veröffentlicht:

- mit internationalem Recherchenbericht (Artikel 21 Absatz 3)
- vor Ablauf der für Änderungen der Ansprüche geltenden Frist; Veröffentlichung wird wiederholt, falls Änderungen eingehen (Regel 48 Absatz 2 Buchstabe h)

(54) Title: HIGH-PRESSURE CONNECTION

(54) Bezeichnung : HOCHDRUCKVERBINDUNG

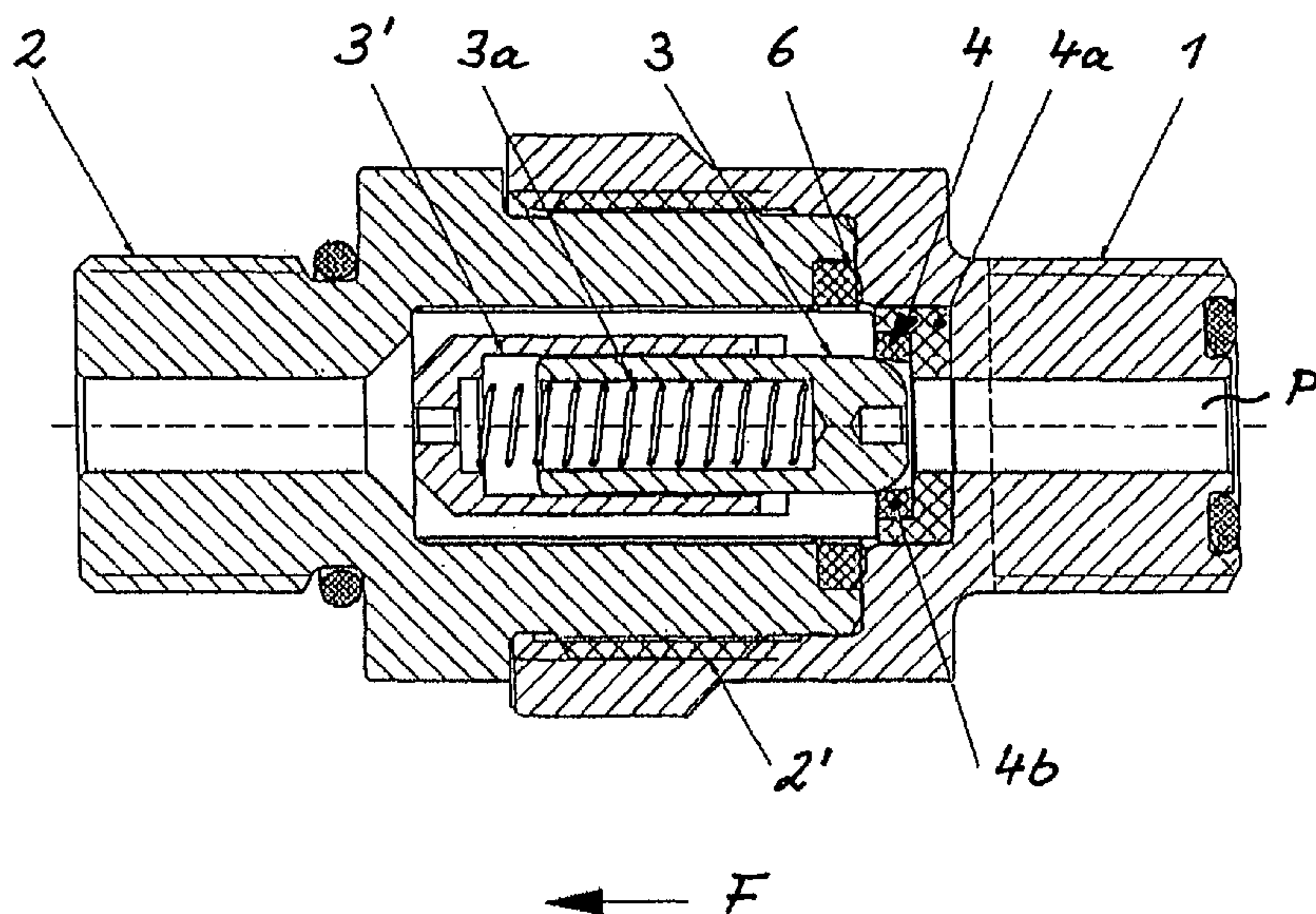


Fig. 1

(57) Abstract: The invention relates to the simple and safe construction of a high-pressure connection (1) for transferring gaseous and/or liquid media, in particular for the refuelling of vehicles with hydrogen. According to the invention, the high-pressure connection (1) comprises a housing (2) with a media passage (P) and a leaktight piston (3) of which the front end is disposed in a sealing manner with respect to an annular seal. The seal (4) has a seal support (4a) in which is inserted a sealing insert (4b), the sealing support (4a) consisting of a harder plastics and the sealing insert (4b) consisting of a softer plastics.

(57) Zusammenfassung:

[Fortsetzung auf der nächsten Seite]

WO 2012/003927 A1

Zur einfachen und sicheren Bauweise einer Hochdruckverbindung (1) für die Übertragung von gasförmigen und/oder flüssigen Medien, insbesondere zur Wasserstoff-Betankung von Fahrzeugen, umfassend ein Gehäuse (2) mit einer Medienpassage (P) und einem Dichtkolben (3), dessen stirnseitiges Ende gegenüber einer Ring-Dichtung abdichtend angeordnet ist, wird vorgeschlagen, dass die Dichtung (4) einen Dichtungsträger (4a) aufweist, in den ein Dichtungseinsatz (4b) eingesetzt ist, wobei der Dichtungsträger (4a) aus einem härteren Kunststoff und der Dichtungseinsatz (4b) aus einem weicheren Kunststoff besteht.

Description

High-pressure connection

The invention relates to a high-pressure connection for transferring of gaseous and/or liquid media, in particular for refueling of vehicles with hydrogen, comprising the pre-characterizing features of claim 1.

Such high-pressure connections are provided for secure transfer of a fluid from a pressure source, for example from a filling system. Important is a leak-free design to avoid discharge to the environment, especially at high pressures of up to 700 bar and more.

Of particular importance is a leak-free seal of check valves in such high-pressure connections. However, with raising pressure values of 700 bar and more, these ports are increasingly sensitive to leakage, such that a discharge of such cryogenic hydrogen gas has to be expected. This could cause an accident, especially leaks in pressurized lines might cause substantial damages. One reason is that the commonly used PTFE seals are resistant to cold, but have at constant pressure negative impacts on deformation (so-called "cold flow", cf. homepage of the Eirring-company). Thus, it is proposed to use PTFE compounds with enhanced pressure stability, for example with carbon or glass fibers as a filler. However, a deformation of less than 10% is difficult to reach. Further, composite seals are known from ball valves and include graphite layers. These seals are however mostly designed for higher temperatures.

Thus, the invention is based on the object to improve safety of a high-pressure connection with a simple construction and to avoid risks or damage.

This problem is solved by a high-pressure connection according to the features of claim 1. Preferred embodiments of the invention are the subject of dependent claims.

The proposed high-pressure connection is characterized by a particularly high security and easy construction, since the two-part design of the seal carrier and the sealing insert can be optimally adapted to the requirements at high pressure. Thus, the seal carrier is made of a harder plastic, in particular PEEK, and the sealing insert consists of a softer plastic, in particular PTFE. The terms "harder - softer" can be accurately defined by the modulus of elasticity (E or Young's modulus) can. Regular plastics such as polyester (PE) or polypropylene (PP) have a modulus of elasticity of about 1 to 2 kN/mm². The preferred

materials of PEEK (polyetherketones) are at about 4 kN/mm² and PTFE is approximately at 0.6 kN/mm². This results in a double or two-stage seal, in particular when two sealing edges are provided on the sealing ring, in particular one on the "softer" sealing insert and one on the "harder" seal carrier. Thus, the PTFE "hugs" the sealing of the piston of the check valve and with increasing "cold flow" (depending on the exposure time, the pressure value and temperature), the sealing is additionally supported by the sealing edge on the PEEK seal carrier. This results in a very good seal even at high pressures of 700 bar and more, namely a double seal towards the check valve piston, on the one hand in the low pressure area to the "softer" sealing insert and on the other hand in the high pressure region predominantly "stiffer" against the seal carrier. Thus, a failure of the ring seal can be prevented and the proposed high-pressure connection can avoid, that gas or liquid escapes at secure long-term. This is particularly important for accident protection reasons, but also for the environment.

It should be noted that the proposed high-pressure connection is suitable for couplings, in particular for vehicle refueling connections in vehicle, but also in industrial plants. This high-pressure connection can be installed at any location in a compact manner and have other valves as check valves. An exemplary embodiment is based on the accompanying drawings explained and described below. Herein shows:

Fig. 1 a linear high-pressure connection in a longitudinal section, and

Fig. 2 an enlarged view of the ring seal of Fig. 1.

Fig. 1 shows an embodiment of a high-pressure connection 1 with a two-part housing 2, which is here screwed with a thread 2' to form at the right side an inlet to a passage P. The medium, in particular a gas, flows to the left according to the arrow F, to be forwarded to a non-illustrated pressure tank. In the interior of the housing 2, in addition to conventional O-ring seals 6, a check valve 3' is provided, that contacts with its sealing piston 3 or its front end to a ring seal 4, thus tightly sealing against the flow direction F. The sealing piston 3 is here biased by a spring 3a and is pressed to the right, in this case.

The novel seal 4 is made of two parts, namely a seal carrier 4a, into which a sealing insert 4b is inserted. The seal carrier 4a consists of a harder plastic and the seal insert 4b of a softer plastic. Preferably, the seal carrier 4a is formed from PEEK and the sealing insert 4b is made of PTFE. In an advantageous embodiment, the seal carrier 4a has a graded ring shape with a step 4c (cf. Fig. 2), wherein the sealing insert 4b is mounted in this step 4c, in particular in a screwed manner. This results in a secure seal of the gaps and to the environment.

In Fig. 2 the sealing insert 4b has a larger inner diameter D than the passage d (here corresponding to the cross section of the passage P) of the seal carrier 4a and preferably the sealing insert 4b has a conical inner shape, which widens towards the sealing piston 3. Thus, a streamlined transfer of the medium achieved, but also a reliable sealing engagement of the front end of the sealing piston 3, which can be rounded (see Fig. 1). In addition, the seal 4 has two "cascaded" sealing edges 5, 5', in particular one on the sealing insert 4b and one on the seal carrier 4a.

The housing 2 can be adapted to the fluid to be transferred, in particular as to the desired feed angle, passage cross-sections, etc., for example, can be designed in a cranked or angled way. Preferably, the sealing insert 4b and thus its annular sealing edge 5 is made of PTFE, while the seal carrier 4a and its sealing edge 5' is produced from PEEK (polyether etherketone), as this durable material offers high chemical resistance and impermeability even at extremely low temperatures and/or high pressures.

Claims

1. A high-pressure connection for transferring gaseous and/or liquid media comprising: a housing having a media passage and a sealing piston having a front end, wherein the front end contacts a ring seal in a first position, the ring seal comprising a seal carrier into which a sealing insert is inserted, the sealing insert having a conical inner shape widening towards the sealing piston, wherein the seal carrier is made of a harder plastic and the seal insert is made of a softer plastic, wherein the seal carrier is exposed to a high pressure region of the media passage and the sealing insert is exposed to a low pressure region of the media passage when the front end is in the first position, and wherein the front end contacts both the seal carrier and the sealing insert in the first position under cold flow conditions of the sealing insert.
2. The high-pressure connection according to claim 1, wherein the seal carrier is made of PEEK.
3. The high-pressure connection according to claim 1, wherein the sealing insert is made of PTFE.
4. The high-pressure connection according to claim 1, wherein the seal carrier has a stepped annular shape with a step, and wherein the sealing insert is mounted in the step.
5. The high-pressure connection according to claim 1, wherein the sealing insert has a larger inner diameter than a diameter of a passage of the seal carrier.
6. The high-pressure connection according to claims 1, wherein the seal has two sealing edges the first of the sealing edges on the sealing insert and the second of the sealing edges on the seal carrier.
7. The high-pressure connection according to claim 2, wherein the sealing insert is made of PTFE.
8. The high-pressure connection according to claim 4, wherein the sealing insert is screwed into the step.

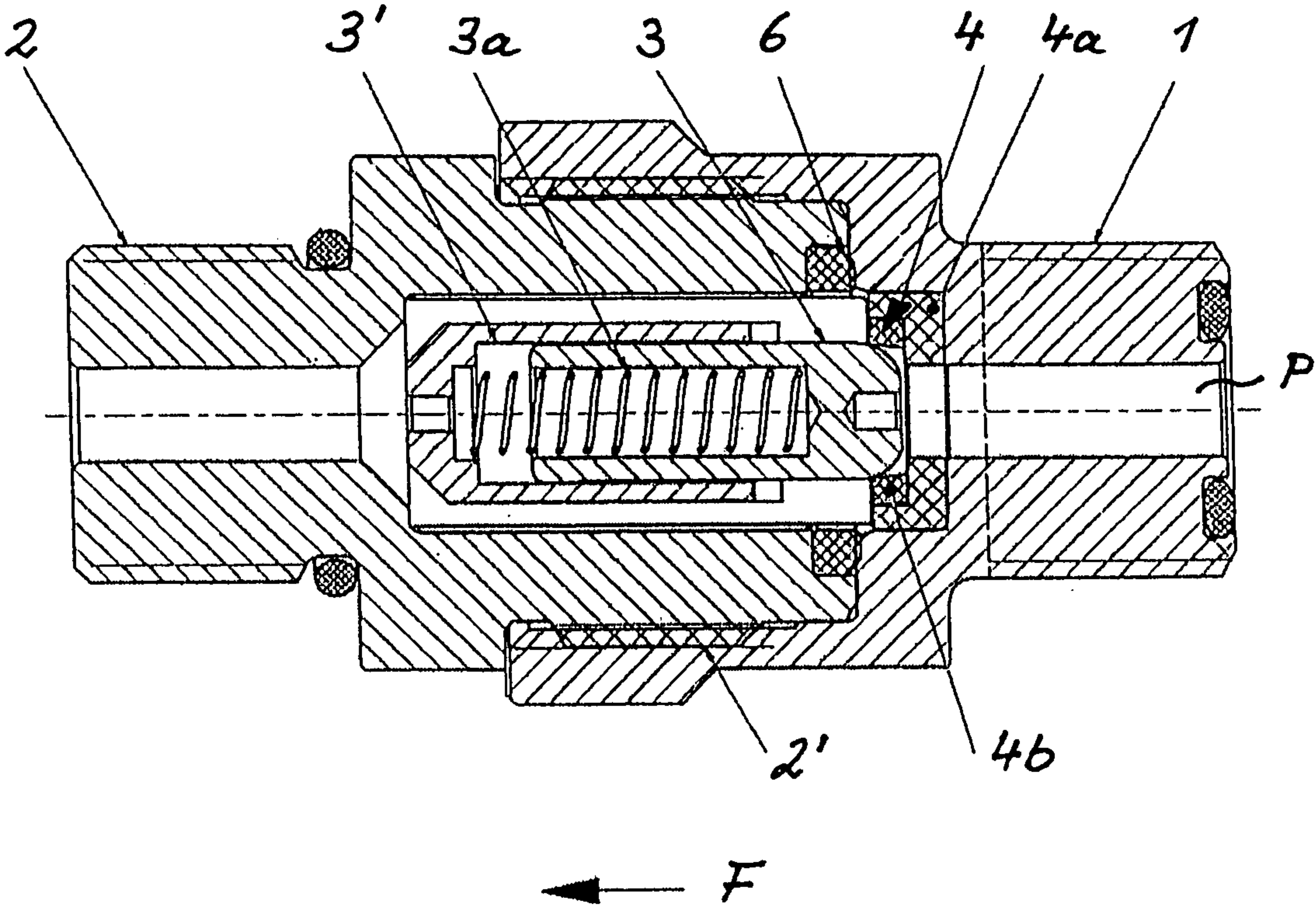


Fig. 1

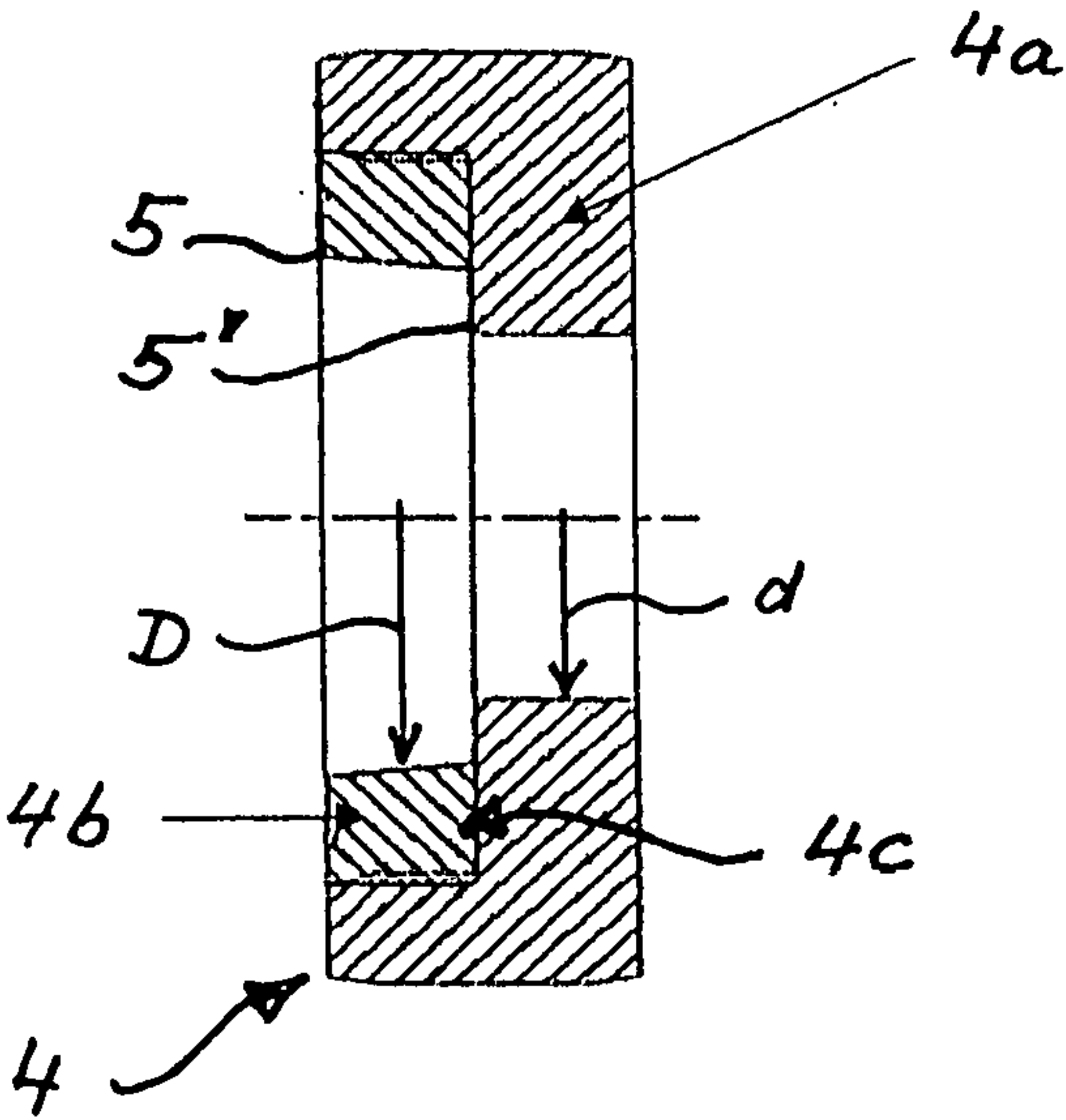


Fig. 2

