



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : B44C 1/22, 5/04, B44F 9/02, B32B 27/30	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 98/45129
		(43) International Publication Date: 15 October 1998 (15.10.98)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/EP98/02018 (22) International Filing Date: 7 April 1998 (07.04.98) (30) Priority Data: VE97A000012 8 April 1997 (08.04.97) IT (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): 3B S.P.A. [IT/IT]; Via delle Industrie, 1, I-31040 Salgareda (IT). (72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): MENEGHIN, Dino [IT/IT]; Via delle Industrie, 1, I-31040 Salgareda (IT). LORENZON, Stefano [IT/IT]; Via delle Industrie, 1, I-31040 Salgareda (IT). (74) Agent: PIOVESANA, Paolo; Corso del Popolo, 70, I-30172 Venezia Mestre (IT).		(81) Designated States: JP, US, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE). Published <i>With international search report.</i>
(54) Title: COMPOSITE LAMINATE, METHOD FOR DECORATING PANELS WITH THE LAMINATE, AND PANEL OBTAINED BY THE METHOD		
(57) Abstract		
<p>A composite thermoplastic continuous laminate, particularly for cladding flat or shaped panels of wooden material, characterised by comprising a through-coloured lower layer (2), an intermediate layer (4) of transparent material, and a through coloured upper layer (6, 10) of different colour and/or characteristics from those of the lower layer.</p>		

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece			TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon			PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

COMPOSITE LAMINATE, METHOD FOR DECORATING PANELS WITH THE LAMINATE, AND PANEL OBTAINED BY THE METHOD

The invention relates to a composite laminate, a method for decorating panels with the laminate, and a panel obtained by the method.

5 Panel decorating methods are known comprising a preliminary stage of pantograph-machining the surface of an MDF substrate to obtain shapes therein corresponding to a predetermined pattern, and a stage in which a thermoplastic laminate cladding sometimes having the colour and graining of wood is applied. The panel prepared in this manner is heated to obtain partial
10 softening of the cladding sheet, which by suitable working adheres to the thus modified surface of the panel.

Other methods have also been proposed using a composite material formed from two different-colour layers of through-coloured thermoplastic material. After being applied to the MDF panel, these are again pantograph-
15 machined to remove the upper layer and reveal the lower layer, which in this manner creates the desired ornamental motif.

An object of the invention is to provide an improved composite laminate which by suitable treatment provides a pleasant outer appearance to the panel to which it is applied.

20 A further object of the invention is to provide a composite laminate which may be applied to panels obtained with traditional pantograph machines.

These and further objects which will be apparent from the ensuing description are attained according to the invention by a thermoplastic
25 continuous composite laminate, particularly for cladding panels of wooden material, as described in claim 1.

A method for decorating a panel covered with the composite laminate is claimed in claim 13.

A panel is obtained as claimed in claim 17.

Some preferred embodiments of the invention are described in detail hereinafter by way of non-limiting example with reference to the accompanying drawings, on which:

Figure 1 is a cross-section through a composite laminate usable in the method of the invention,

Figure 2 shows a modification thereof,

10 Figure 3 shows a further modification thereof, and

Figure 4 shows a further modification thereof.

As can be seen from the figures, the decoration method of the invention uses a composite continuous laminate formed from:

- a lower layer 2 forming a base support and constructed of through-coloured thermoplastic material, such as PVC or polypropylene,
- 15 - an intermediate layer 4 of transparent material, also constructed of thermoplastic material, and
- an upper layer 6 of through-coloured material of different colour and/or characteristics from the constituent material of the lower layer. Preferably
- 20 also this layer consists of PVC or polypropylene.

A layer of primer is applied to the outer surface of the lower layer 2 to facilitate the bonding of the composite laminate to the panel on application.

A layer of transparent material 8, in varnish or sheet form or both, is applied to the outer surface of the upper layer 6. The purpose of the varnish is to provide the product with resistance to scratching and to chemical agents,

25

whereas the purpose of the sheet, in the case of printed products, is to protect the print from abrasion in accordance with DIN 6861.

The thickness of the said layers varies from 0.001 mm to 1 mm.

According to the method of the invention, before or after applying the
5 composite laminate, preferably by glueing and pressing, to a MDF panel which may be flat or shaped, the composite laminate is subjected to localized removal of the upper layer 6 until the transparent layer 4 is reached, so that the person viewing the panel sees cladding having the appearance of the upper layer 6 and, in the regions in which said layer 6 has been removed, the
10 lower layer 2.

The localized removal can be effected by chemical treatment (solvent) or by mechanical machining (scraper or pantograph).

In the embodiment shown in Figure 2 the lower layer or base support 2 has that surface in contact with the intermediate layer 4 printed to display
15 colours and graining reproducing a particular type of wood, the upper layer 6 again being a through-coloured layer of thermoplastic material. In this case, following the localized removal, a panel is seen clad with plastic material which in the removed regions displays the underlying wood-type surface.

In the embodiment shown in Figure 3 the transparent layer 4 has both
20 its surfaces printed in the form of two different types of wood, the upper of these surfaces being covered with a layer of transparent thermoplastic material 8, which is subsequently varnished.

In this case the localized material removal gives the effect of a panel formed from two different types of wood, which overall give the effect on inlaid
25 wood, but produced by an industrial method.

In the embodiment shown in Figure 4, the inner surface of the lower layer or base support 2 is printed, whereas to the upper surface of the transparent layer 4 there is applied a layer of coloured pigmented varnish 10. In this manner, following localized removal, the effect is obtained of an
5 overpainted wooden panel.

C L A I M S

1. A composite thermoplastic continuous laminate, particularly for cladding flat or shaped panels of wooden material, characterised by comprising a through-coloured lower layer (2), an intermediate layer (4) of transparent material, and a through colored upper layer (6,10) of different colour and/or characteristics from those of the lower layer.
2. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that a layer of primer is applied to the outer surface of the lower layer (2) to facilitate its bonding to the panel.
3. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the lower layer (2) and/or the upper layer (6,10) consist preferably of PVC, polypropylene, etc.
4. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the transparent layer (4) is constructed of thermoplastic material.
5. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the lower layer (2) consists of a sheet of thermo-deformable material having its surface printed to display colours and graining which reproduce a particular type of wood.
6. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that at least one of the surface of the intermediate layer (4) is printed.
7. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that a transparent protection layer (8) is applied to the intermediate layer (4) of thermodeformable material.
8. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 7, characterised in that said protection layer (8) is a transparent varnish.

9. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 7, characterised in that said protection layer is a sheet of thermoplastic material.

10. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 7, characterised in that said protection layer (8) is a combination of a sheet of thermoplastic material and a
5 layer of transparent varnish.

11. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that both surfaces of the intermediate layer (4) are printed in accordance with colours and characteristics of different types of wood.

12. A composite laminate as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the
10 upper layer is a coloured pigmented varnish (10).

13. A method for decorating flat or shaped panels of wooden material with the thermoplastic composite laminate claimed in one or more of claims 1 to 12, characterised in that after or before said composite laminate has been applied to a panel to be decorated, localized removal of its constituent layers is
15 carried out until the transparent intermediate layer (4) is reached.

14. A decorating method as claimed in claim 13, characterised in that said removal is effected by chemical treatment.

15. A decorating method as claimed in claim 13, characterised in that said removal is effected by mechanical machining.

20 16. A flat or shaped panel characterised by consisting of a wooden substrate covered with a composite laminate claimed in one or more of claims 1 to 12, and obtained by the method claimed in one or more of claims 13 to 15.

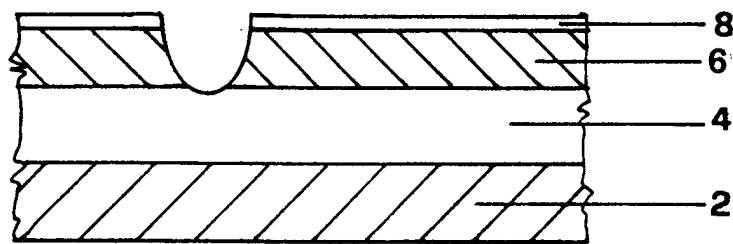


FIG.1

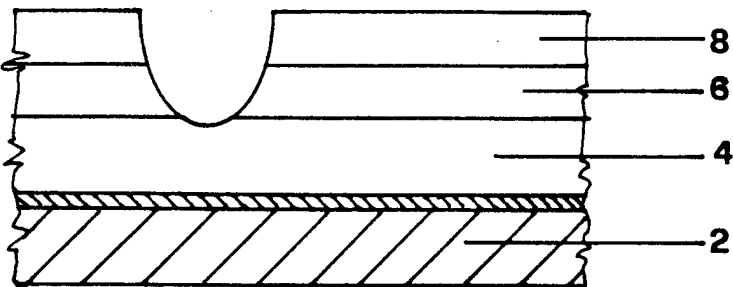


FIG.2

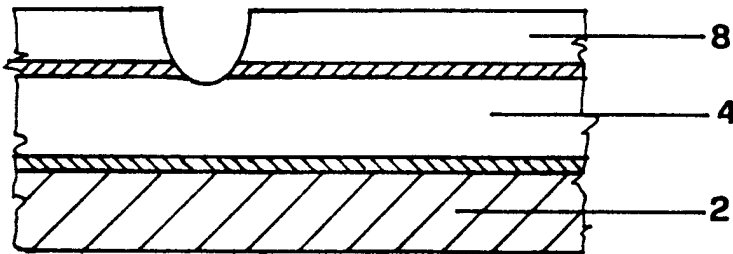


FIG.3

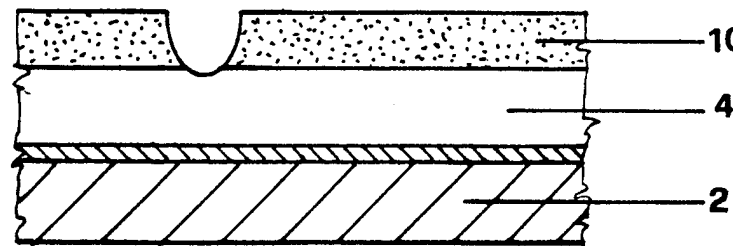


FIG.4

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/EP 98/02018

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 6 B44C1/22 B44C5/04 B44F9/02 B32B27/30

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 6 B44C B32B B44F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	GB 2 034 251 A (J. R. HARRISON) 4 June 1980 see page 1, line 38 - page 2, line 104 ---	1,3,4,6, 12,13, 15,16
X	EP 0 019 221 A (ALKOR-WERK KARL LISSMANN GMBH & CO KG) 26 November 1980 see page 3, line 25 - page 7, line 15; examples 1-4 ---	1,4-6
X	US 5 275 862 A (F. M. RAMADAN ET AL) 4 January 1994 see column 1, line 54 - column 3, line 34 ---	1,4,5
A	GB 2 291 007 A (DAI NIPPON CO LTD) 17 January 1996 see page 5, line 1 - page 13, line 18 --- -/--	1,3-10



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

Special categories of cited documents:

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date

"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

1 July 1998

Date of mailing of the international search report

14/07/1998

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Doolan, G

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/EP 98/02018

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 3 874 966 A (L. M. GARCIA) 1 April 1975 see column 1, line 40 - column 6, line 18 ---	1,4,6,7, 9
A	DE 40 32 139 A (ALKOR GMBH KUNSTSTOFFE) 16 April 1992 see column 1, line 41 - column 6, line 20 -----	1-4,7,9

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/EP 98/02018

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
GB 2034251 A	04-06-1980	HK 60584 A	10-08-1984
EP 19221 A	26-11-1980	DE 2919847 B JP 56000184 A	16-10-1980 06-01-1981
US 5275862 A	04-01-1994	NONE	
GB 2291007 A	17-01-1996	JP 8001895 A	09-01-1996
US 3874966 A	01-04-1975	NONE	
DE 4032139 A	16-04-1992	NONE	