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(54) Title: NEW FOAMED TEA BEVERAGE AND PROCESS OF PREPARATION

(57) Abstract: The invention concerns a foamed tea beverage composed of: a mixture of liquid and bubbles, a foam head above the mixture of liquid and bubbles, characterized in that the beverage is deprived of any creamer, lipid or thickener agent, and in that the said beverage is generated from the combination of water, a powdered tea composition comprising a tea extract powder, and a food-grade acid.

NEW FOAMED TEA BEVERAGE AND PROCESS OF PREPARATION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a new tea flavoured beverage.

5

Background of the Invention

Any discussion of the prior art throughout the specification should in no way be considered as an admission that such prior art is widely known or forms part of common general knowledge in the field.

10

Classical tea beverages are usually prepared by brewing tea leaves or dissolving tea extract in water. These beverages can slightly froth when initially prepared but at the end of the preparation no bubbles is present.

It is an object of the present invention to overcome or ameliorate at least one of the disadvantages of the prior art, or to provide a useful alternative.

15

The present invention relates to foaming of tea beverages, which could be a manner to develop a tea beverage with a new feeling in particular a creamy mouth feel.

US 5,980,969 relates to a tea-based beverage with a head of foam. This foam was obtained by adding a creaming agent like yogurt whey, non-fat dry milk or non-dairy creamers. Consumers like particular creamy mouthfeel, richness, sweetness and flavor impact of creamy products. Yet today, there is an increase demand for light beverages that do not contain any creaming agent whatever their kind.

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, throughout the description and the claims, the words "comprise", "comprising", and the like are to be construed in an inclusive sense as opposed to an exclusive or exhaustive sense; that is to say, in the sense of "including, but not limited to".

Although the invention will be described with reference to specific examples it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that the invention may be embodied in many other forms.

30

Summary of the Invention

According to a first aspect of the present invention there is provided a capsule for use in a beverage preparation machine, wherein said machine comprises a receptacle for accommodating said capsule and a fluid injection system for injecting

a fluid, under pressure into said capsule, wherein the capsule contents comprises a combination of a powdered tea composition comprising a tea extract powder with a food-grade acid, said contents being deprived of any creamer, lipid or thickener agent, and in that said contents is dissolved and/or extracted inside said capsule by

5 said fluid under pressure, to prepare a foamed tea beverage composed of:

- a mixture of liquid and bubbles,
- a foam head above the mixture of liquid and bubbles.

According to a second aspect of the present invention there is provided a process for the preparation of a foamed tea beverage composed of:

10 - a mixture of liquid and bubbles,

- a foam head above the mixture of liquid and bubbles,

wherein the beverage is deprived of any creamer, lipid or thickener agent, and in that the said beverage is generated from the combination of water, a powdered tea composition comprising a tea extract powder, and a food-grade acid,

15 said process comprising injection of a fluid under pressure into a capsule that contains a beverage-forming substance with the capsule including a chamber containing the substance and a beverage dispensing structure adapted to retain a certain extraction pressure in the chamber before allowing the beverage to flow out of the capsule and wherein the beverage-forming substance is a powdered tea composition comprising :

- at least 0,7 weight % of a tea extract powder
- at least 1 weight % of a food grade acid.

According to a third aspect of the present invention there is provided a foamed 25 tea beverage when prepared by a process as defined according to the second aspect of the present invention.

The present invention relates to a foamed tea beverage providing the feeling of a creamy mouthfeel but devoid of any creamer, lipid or thickener.

According one form, the invention concerns a foamed tea beverage composed 30 of :

- a mixture of liquid and bubbles,
- a foam head above the mixture of liquid and bubbles,

wherein the beverage is deprived of any creamer, lipid or thickener agent, and wherein it is generated from the combination of water and of a powdered tea

composition comprising a tea extract powder.

An important volume of the beverage of the present invention is totally foamed: this volume is the foam head that overlays the rest of the beverage that contains a mixture of liquid and bubbles. The difference between these two parts
5 can be easily visually perceived because the foam head is clearer than the rest of the beverage. Usually the part made of foam represents at least 20 % vol. of the beverage, preferable at least 25 %. This volume is measured about 30 seconds after preparation of the beverage by producing the beverage directly inside a measuring glass and reading the respective volumes of foam and of the whole
10 beverage.

In the beverage of the present invention, the foam is stable which means that the foam head still represents at least 20 % vol. of the beverage more than 5 min after the beverage has been dispensed,

The foamed tea beverage is also specific in that the foam presents an average
15 bubble size inferior to 100 μm . Preferably at least 50 % of the bubbles present a size inferior to 50 μm . The size of the bubbles is measured just at the end of the preparation of the beverage by taking a part of the foam and transferring it to a transparent beaker, taking a picture of the foam through a microscope (preferably X 50 magnification) and analysing the picture by counting the bubbles. This small
20 bubble size brings a sensation of creaminess and thickness.

The foamed tea beverage of the present invention is particular in that it presents a dynamic aspect which means its aspect evolves in the seconds following the time it has been dispensed. First the bubbles present in the mixture of liquid and bubbles very slowly separate from the liquid so that they totally separate from the
25 liquid more than 4 minutes after the beverage has been dispensed. Secondly the bubbles are able to be dispersed again in the liquid by agitating the beverage, for example by a simple agitation with a spoon. Then the foamed tea beverage of the present invention can be drunk by the customer immediately after it has been dispensed or just after redispersion of the bubbles and he has the sensation of
30 drinking a totally foamed beverage, or the beverage can be drunk a few time after it has been dispensed and the sensation is different.

The beverage of the present invention is generated from the combination of water and of a powdered tea composition comprising a tea extract powder. Preferably, the beverage is cold and consequently cold water is mixed with the

powdered tea. The foamed tea beverage of the present invention is preferably prepared with a volume of water comprised between 150 and 200 ml so that a sufficient amount of foam is present on the top of the beverage and can be redispersed in the liquid part of the beverage as well as for an aesthetic point of view.

The tea extract powder may be the one obtained for example by drying (i.e. spray drying) tea extract although any other form of tea powder can be utilized. The powdered tea composition preferably comprises :

- 5 . at least 0,7 % weight of tea extract powder, and
- 10 . at least 1 % weight of a food grad acid, preferably citric acid.

and more preferably :

- . between 0,7 and 55 % weight of tea extract powder, and
- . between 1 and 55 % weight of a food grad acid, preferably citric acid.

The powdered tea composition also preferably comprises food additive components able to provide a good taste to the tea extract, in particular at least one of the following powder ingredients : sugar, flavours, artificial sweetener.

The preferred powdered tea composition comprises tea extract powder, citric acid, sugar, flavour, maltodextrin, aspartame, tartaric acid, for example according to the following proportions :

- 20 . between 0,7 and 15 % weight of tea extract powder,
- . between 1 and 15 % weight of citric acid,
- . between 10 and 95 % weight of sugar,
- . between 0,1 and 20 % weight of maltodextrin,
- . between 0,1 and 5 % weight of aspartame,
- 25 . between 0,1 and 2 % weight of tartaric acid,
- . flavors.

The beverage of the present invention gives a creamy, rich and bodied mouthfeel although it does not contain any creamer, lipid or thickener agent.

In the present invention, "deprived of any creamer, lipid or thickener agent" means that the beverage does not comprise creamer, lipid or thickener agent in a quantity sufficient to have the said creamer, lipid or thickener agent exert its creamer, lipid or thickener function. Oil or fat may sometimes be present in tea extract powder compositions, for example to answer packaging purposes, but it is used in an amount insufficient to provide a creamer, lipid or thickener function in the

final beverage. According to the present invention, the percentage of fat or oil in the beverage is generally inferior to 1 % in weight, preferably inferior to 0,5 % weight.

Another form of the present invention is directed to a capsule that is most preferably a completely closed capsule, for use in a beverage preparation machine.

5 The said machine comprises a receptacle for accommodating said capsule and a fluid injection system for injecting a fluid, preferably water, under pressure into said capsule. Water injected under pressure in the capsule, for the preparation of a foamed tea beverage according to the present invention, is preferably at ambient temperature. However, in some particular instances, it might also be cold, or warm.

10 According to the invention, the capsule contents comprises a combination of a powdered tea composition comprising a tea extract powder with a food-grade acid, said contents being deprived of any creamer, lipid or thickener agent. The said contents is dissolved and/or extracted inside the capsule chamber by the fluid under pressure, so as to prepare a foamed tea beverage as described above.

15 The principle of extracting and/or dissolving the contents of the closed capsule consists typically of confining the capsule in a receptacle of a machine, injecting a quantity of pressurized water into the capsule, generally after piercing a face of the capsule with a piercing injection element such as a fluid injection needle mounted on the machine, so as to create a pressurized environment inside the capsule either to
20 extract the substance or dissolve it, and then release the substance extract or the dissolved substance through the capsule.

25 Machines allowing the application of this principle have already been described for example in patents CH 605 293 and EP 242 556. According to these documents, the machine comprises a receptacle for the capsule and a perforation and injection element made in the form of a hollow needle comprising in its distal region one or more liquid injection orifices. The needle has a dual function in that it opens the top portion of the capsule on the one hand, and that it forms the water inlet channel into the capsule on the other hand.

30 According to another form, the present invention concerns a process for the preparation of the above described foamed tea beverage by injection of a fluid under pressure into a capsule that contains a beverage-forming substance with the capsule including a chamber containing the substance and a beverage dispensing structure adapted to retain a certain extraction pressure in the chamber before allowing the beverage to flow out of the capsule and wherein the beverage-forming

substance is a powdered tea composition comprising :

- . at least 0,7 weight % of a tea extract powder
- . at least 1 weight % of food grad acid, preferably citric acid.

5 The other ingredients mentioned above can also be part of the powdered tea composition extracted in the capsule.

10 It has been surprisingly observed that the processing of a powdered tea composition comprising tea extract powder and a food grad acid, preferably citric acid, in a capsule presenting a beverage dispensing structure adapted to retain a certain extraction pressure in its chamber before allowing the beverage to flow out of the capsule produces a foamed tea beverage providing the feeling of a creamy mouthfeel although the beverage is devoid of any creamer, lip or thickener.

15 The beverage dispensing structure can be adapted to retain an extraction pressure in the chamber before allowing the beverage to flow out of the capsule greater than 2 bar, preferably greater than 3 bar.

20 In the capsule used for extracting the beverage of the present invention, the beverage dispensing structure is preferably provided in the lower portion of the capsule and includes a membrane and a puncturing plate. With such capsules, the dispensing of the beverage is achieved upon perforation of the membrane by contact with the puncturing plate. Actually due to a rise in pressure in the chamber, 25 the membrane is moved to engage the puncturing plate to pierce the membrane and allow the beverage to be dispensed from the capsule. The dispensing of the beverage is achieved after injection of a fluid into the capsule, so that the membrane is perforated by contact with the puncturing plate. The capsules described in WO 2005/018395 are particularly adapted for the preparation of the beverage of the present invention whatever the thickness of the membrane or the sharpness of the puncturing elements.

Examples

Example 1 according to the invention

30 A beverage according to the invention is prepared with a powdered tea composition comprising the following composition in % weight :

- white semolina sugar	81,5
- tea extract powder	4
- citric acid	6
- maltodextrin DE12	3
- peach flavors	4
- aspartame	0,7
- tartaric acid	0,6
- peach juice powder	0,2

6 g of the above composition are placed in a plastic capsule which at its bottom has an aluminium foil. When water is delivered by the machine to the capsule, the pressure rises until the aluminium foil is perforated against the bottom

5 opening means, which comprises a plastic plate having several spikes pointing against the aluminium foil such as illustrated in WO 2005/018395. The geometry of the spikes (flat top) and their number, as well as the thickness of the aluminium foil are selected so that the extraction pressure rises to an average of 5 bar before the foil is pierced.

10 Approximately 174 g of water are allowed to pass through the capsule. Immediately at the end of the preparation, the foamed tea beverage presents two phases :

15 - a mixture of liquid and bubbles,
- a foam head above the mixture of liquid and bubbles, said foam representing about 25 % of the beverage.

The foam is stable : it still represents 22 % vol. of the beverage 5 min after the beverage has been dispensed. After this time, the bubbles can be dispersed again by agitation with a spoon, so that the aspect of the beverage just after preparation can be reached again. If the beverage is not agitated, the bubbles totally separate 20 from the liquid 5 minutes after the beverage has been dispensed.

The size of the bubbles of the foam is around 32.80 μm is the average bubble size measured on 500 bubbles just at the end of the preparation of the beverage.

The beverage tastes as if it comprises cream.

25 Comparative example 2

5 g of black tea leaves are placed in the same plastic capsule as used in

Example 1 and extracted with the same volume of water. That results in a tea beverage presenting a thin layer of big bubbles that rapidly disappears. Agitation of the beverage with a spoon does not enable the dispersion of the bubbles in the liquid. No creamy taste is obtained.

5

Comparative example 3

0,25 g of the tea extract powder used in the composition of example 1 are placed in the same plastic capsule as used in Example 1 and extracted with the same volume of water. This results in a tea beverage presenting a thin layer of big bubbles representing less than 5 vol. % of the beverage above a liquid phase. No dynamic affect of the beverage can be observed : the bubbles do not disperse in the liquid during the preparation of the beverage or after agitation with a spoon. The bubbles are visually quite bigger than the bubbles of the beverage of example 1. The beverage tastes like plain tea.

10

Comparative example 4

5,5 g of the tea extract powder used in the composition of example 1 are placed in the same plastic capsule as used in Example 1 and extracted with the same volume of water. The beverage does not present a dynamic effect : bubbles do not stay in the beverage as observed in Example 1 but rise quickly toward the surface. Moreover the part made of foam is inferior to 20 % vol. of the beverage. Finally the taste of the beverage is such that the beverage is not drinkable as such.

THE CLAIMS DEFINING THE INVENTION ARE AS FOLLOWS:-

1. A capsule for use in a beverage preparation machine, wherein said machine comprises a receptacle for accommodating said capsule and a fluid injection system for injecting a fluid, under pressure into said capsule, wherein the capsule contents comprises a combination of a powdered tea composition comprising a tea extract powder with a food-grade acid, said contents being deprived of any creamer, lipid or thickener agent, and in that said contents is dissolved and/or extracted inside said capsule by said fluid under pressure, to prepare a foamed tea beverage composed of:
 - a mixture of liquid and bubbles,
 - a foam head above the mixture of liquid and bubbles.
2. A capsule according to claim 1, wherein the fluid is water.
3. A process for the preparation of a foamed tea beverage composed of:
 - a mixture of liquid and bubbles,
 - a foam head above the mixture of liquid and bubbles,wherein the beverage is deprived of any creamer, lipid or thickener agent, and in that the said beverage is generated from the combination of water, a powdered tea composition comprising a tea extract powder, and a food-grade acid,

said process comprising injection of a fluid under pressure into a capsule that contains a beverage-forming substance with the capsule including a chamber containing the substance and a beverage dispensing structure adapted to retain a certain extraction pressure in the chamber before allowing the beverage to flow out of the capsule and wherein the beverage-forming substance is a powdered tea composition comprising :

 - at least 0,7 weight % of a tea extract powder
 - at least 1 weight % of a food grade acid.
4. A process according to claim 3, wherein the beverage dispensing structure is adapted to retain an extraction pressure in the chamber before allowing the beverage to flow out of the capsule greater than 2 bar.

5. A process according to claim 4, wherein the beverage dispensing structure is adapted to retain an extraction pressure in the chamber before allowing the beverage to flow out of the capsule greater than 3 bar.
- 5 6. A process according to claim 3 or claim 4, wherein the beverage dispensing structure is provided in the lower portion of the capsules and includes a membrane and a puncturing plate.
- 10 7. A process according to claim 6, wherein dispensing of the beverage is achieved upon perforation of the membrane by contact with the puncturing plate.
- 15 8. A process according to claim 7, wherein due to a rise in pressure in the chamber, the membrane is moved to engage the puncturing plate to pierce the membrane and allow the beverage to be dispensed from the capsule.
9. A foamed tea beverage when prepared by a process as defined according to any one of claims 3 to 8.
- 20 10. A capsule according to claim 1, said capsule substantially as herein described with reference to any one of the embodiments of the invention illustrated in the accompanying drawings and/or examples.
- 25 11. A process according to claim 3, said process substantially as herein described with reference to any one of the embodiments of the invention illustrated in the accompanying drawings and/or examples.
12. A foamed tea beverage according to claim 9, said beverage substantially as herein described with reference to any one of the embodiments of the invention illustrated in the accompanying drawings and/or examples.
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Dated this 18th day of September 2014

Shelston IP

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