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(54) Titre : PROTEINES DE LIAISON A L'ANTIGENE BISPECIFIQUES ANTI-RECEPTEUR PAC1/ANTI-RECEPTEUR CGRP

(54) Title: ANTI-CGRP RECEPTOR/ANTI-PAC1 RECEPTOR BISPECIFIC ANTIGEN BINDING PROTEINS

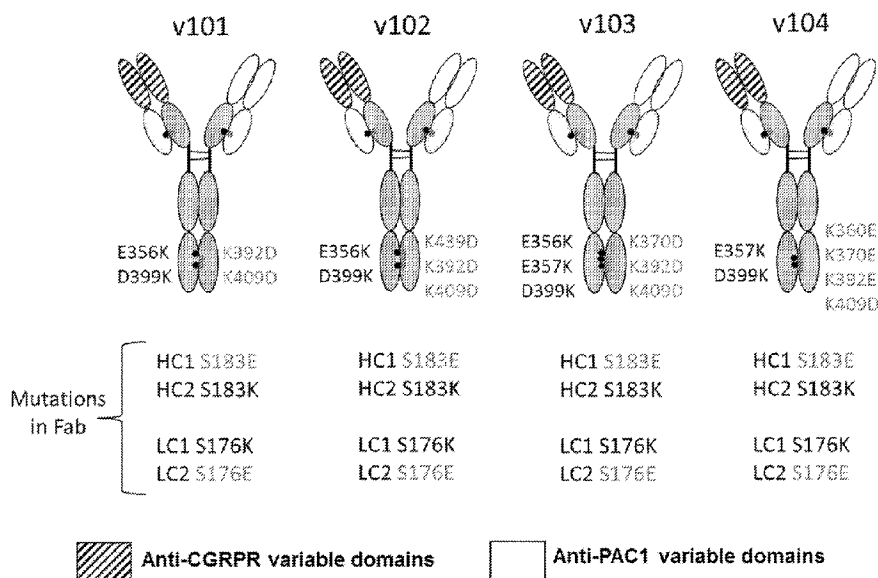


FIG. 2

(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

The present invention relates to antagonist antibodies of the human calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) receptor as well as bispecific antigen binding proteins derived from the anti-CGRP antibodies that bind to and inhibit both the human CGRP receptor and another target, such as the human pituitary adenylate cyclase activating polypeptide type I receptor (PAC1) receptor. Pharmaceutical compositions comprising the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins as well as methods for producing them are also disclosed. Methods of using the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins to ameliorate, treat, or prevent conditions associated with the CGRP and PAC1 receptors, such as chronic pain, migraine, and cluster headache, are also described.

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(54) Title: ANTI-CGRP RECEPTOR/ANTI-PAC1 RECEPTOR BISPECIFIC ANTIGEN BINDING PROTEINS

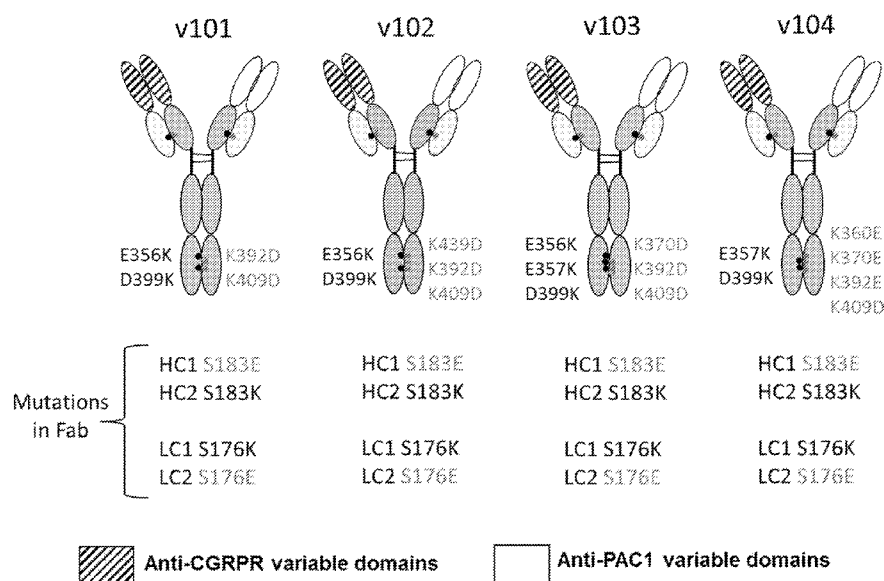


FIG. 2

(57) **Abstract:** The present invention relates to antagonist antibodies of the human calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) receptor as well as bispecific antigen binding proteins derived from the anti-CGRP antibodies that bind to and inhibit both the human CGRP receptor and another target, such as the human pituitary adenylate cyclase activating polypeptide type I receptor (PAC1) receptor. Pharmaceutical compositions comprising the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins as well as methods for producing them are also disclosed. Methods of using the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins to ameliorate, treat, or prevent conditions associated with the CGRP and PAC1 receptors, such as chronic pain, migraine, and cluster headache, are also described.

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CECI EST LE TOME 1 DE 2
CONTENANT LES PAGES 1 À 222

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JUMBO APPLICATIONS/PATENTS

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THIS IS VOLUME 1 OF 2
CONTAINING PAGES 1 TO 222

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NOM DU FICHIER / FILE NAME :

NOTE POUR LE TOME / VOLUME NOTE:

ANTI-CGRP RECEPTOR/ANTI-PAC1 RECEPTOR BISPECIFIC ANTIGEN BINDING PROTEINS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/868,557, filed June 28, 2019, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

DESCRIPTION OF THE TEXT FILE SUBMITTED ELECTRONICALLY

[0002] The present application contains a Sequence Listing, which has been submitted electronically in ASCII format and is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. The computer readable format copy of the Sequence Listing, which was created on June 26, 2020, is named A-2314-WO-PCT_SeqList_ST25 and is 734 kilobytes in size.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0003] The present invention relates to the field of biopharmaceuticals. In particular, the invention relates to antibodies that specifically bind to human calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) receptor and potentially inhibit its biological activity. The invention also includes bispecific antigen binding proteins derived from the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies that are capable of specifically binding to and inhibiting human CGRP receptor and another target, such as human pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide type I (PAC1) receptor. The invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins as well as methods of producing and using such antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0004] Migraines are episodic headaches that can involve significant pain, are often accompanied by nausea, vomiting, and extreme sensitivity to light (photophobia) and sound (phonophobia), and are sometimes preceded by sensory warning symptoms or signs (auras). Migraine is a highly prevalent disease worldwide with approximately 12% of the European population, and 18% of women, 6% of men in the United States suffering from migraine attacks (Lipton et al, Neurology, Vol. 68:343-349, 2007; Lipton et al., Headache, Vol. 41:646-657,

2001). A study to assess the prevalence of migraine in the United States reported that nearly half the migraine patient population had three or more migraines per month (Lipton et al, *Neurology*, Vol. 68:343-349, 2007). Additionally, migraines are associated with a number of psychiatric and medical comorbidities such as depression and vascular disorders (Buse et al., *J. Neurol. Neurosurg. Psychiatry*, Vol. 81:428-432, 2010; Bigal et al., *Neurology*, Vol. 72:1864-1871, 2009). Most of the available migraine therapies are either not well tolerated or ineffective (Loder et al., *Headache*, Vol. 52:930-945, 2012; Lipton et al, 2001); thus, migraine remains an unmet medical need.

[0005] A major component of migraine pathogenesis involves the activation of the trigeminovascular system. The release of trigeminal and parasympathetic neurotransmitters from perivascular nerve fibers (Sánchez-del-Río and Reuter, *Curr. Opin. Neurol.*, Vol. 17(3):289-93, 2004) results in vasodilation of the cranial blood vessels and has been suggested to be associated with the onset of migraine headaches (Edvinsson, *Cephalgia*, Vol. 33(13): 1070-1072, 2013; Goadsby *et al.*, *New Engl J Med.*, Vol. 346(4):257-270, 2002).

[0006] Calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) belongs to the calcitonin family of peptides, which also includes calcitonin, amylin, and adrenomedullin. CGRP is a 37-amino acid peptide expressed in both the central and peripheral nervous systems, and has been implicated as a key mediator in the initiation and progression of migraine pain. In addition to its ability to act as a vasodilator, CGRP also acts as a neurotransmitter in the trigeminal ganglion and the trigeminal nucleus caudalis, facilitating synaptic transmission and pain responses (Durham *et al.*, *Curr Opin Investig Drugs*, Vol. 5:731-735, 2004; Zimmermann *et al.*, *Brain Res.*, Vol. 724:238-245, 1996; Wang *et al.*, *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA.*, Vol. 92:11480-11484, 1995; Poyner, *Pharmacol. Ther.*, Vol. 56:23-51, 1992).

[0007] The CGRP receptor is a complex composed of the G-protein coupled calcitonin-like receptor (CLR) and a single transmembrane domain protein receptor activity modifying protein (RAMP1). The CGRP receptor complex is located at sites that are relevant to migraine including the cerebrovasculature, the trigeminocervical complex in the brainstem, and the trigeminal ganglion (Zhang *et al.*, *J. Neurosci.*, Vol. 27: 2693-2703, 2007; Storer *et al.*, *Br J Pharmacol.*, Vol. 142:1171-1181, 2004; Oliver *et al.*, *J Cereb Blood Flow Metab.*, Vol. 22:620-629, 2002). Several lines of evidence indicate that CGRP is a potent vasodilator and nociceptive modulator that has been associated with migraine pathophysiology: (1) it is expressed in the trigeminal

system, which is implicated in the pathophysiology of migraines; (2) CGRP levels are elevated in migraineurs during an attack (Bellamy *et al.*, *Headache*, Vol. 46:24-33, 2006; Ashina *et al.*, *Pain*, Vol. 86:133-138, 2000; Gallai *et al.*, *Cephalalgia*, Vol. 15:384-390, 1995; Goadsby *et al.*, *Ann Neurol.*, Vol. 28:183-187, 1990; Goadsby *et al.*, *Ann Neurol.*, Vol. 23:193-196, 1988); (3) acute migraine therapies such as triptans restore CGRP levels to normal after treatment (Juhasz *et al.*, *Cephalalgia*, Vol. 25:179-183, 2005); (4) CGRP infusion triggers the onset of migraine headaches in migraine sufferers (Petersen *et al.*, *Br J Pharmacol.*, Vol. 143:1074-1075, 2004; Lassen *et al.*, *Cephalalgia*, Vol. 22:54-61, 2002); and (5) CGRP antagonists have demonstrated efficacy in acute migraine reversal (Connor *et al.*, *Neurology*, Vol. 73:970-977, 2009; Hewitt *et al.*, Abstract for the 14th Congress of the International Headache Society, 2009; LBOR3; Ho *et al.*, *Lancet*, Vol. 372:2115-2123, 2008a; Ho *et al.*, *Neurology*, Vol. 70:1304-1312, 2008b). Additionally, antibody antagonists directed to the CGRP ligand or CGRP receptor have demonstrated clinical efficacy in the prophylactic treatment of episodic and chronic migraine (*see, e.g.*, Tepper *et al.*, *Lancet Neurol.*, Vol. 16: 425-434, 2017; Goadsby *et al.*, *New England Journal of Medicine*, Vol. 377: 2123-2132, 2017; Detke *et al.*, *Neurology*, Vol. 91(24):e2211-e2221, 2018; Stauffer *et al.*, *JAMA Neurol.*, Vol. 75(9):1080-1088, 2018).

[0008] Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptides (PACAP) are 38-amino acid (PACAP38), or 27-amino acid (PACAP27) peptides that were first isolated from an ovine hypothalamic extract on the basis of their ability to stimulate cyclic AMP (cAMP) formation in anterior pituitary cells (Miyata *et al.*, *Biochem Biophys Res Commun.*, Vol. 164:567-574, 1989; Miyata *et al.*, *Biochem Biophys Res Commun.*, Vol. 170:643-648, 1990). PACAP belongs to the VIP/secretin/glucagon superfamily. The sequence of PACAP27 corresponds to the 27 N-terminal amino acids of PACAP38 and shares 68% identity with vasoactive intestinal polypeptide (VIP) (Pantaloni *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.*, Vol. 271: 22146-22151, 1996; Pisegna and Wank, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, Vol. 90: 6345-49, 1993; Campbell and Scanes, *Growth Regul.*, Vol. 2:175-191, 1992). The major form of PACAP peptide in the human body is PACAP38, and the pharmacology of PACAP38 has not been shown to be different from the pharmacology of PACAP27. Three PACAP receptors have been reported: one receptor that binds PACAP with high affinity and has a much lower affinity for VIP (PAC1 receptor), and two receptors that recognize PACAP and VIP equally well (VPAC1 and VPAC2 receptors) (Vaudry *et al.*, *Pharmacol Rev.*, Vol. 61:283-357, 2009).

[0009] Human experimental migraine models using PACAP as a challenge agent to induce migraine-like headaches support the approach for antagonism of the PACAP/PAC1 signaling pathway as a treatment for migraine prophylaxis. PACAP38 is elevated in plasma during spontaneous migraine attacks in migraine patients, and these elevated PACAP38 levels can be normalized with sumatriptan, an acute migraine therapy (Tuka *et al.*, Cephalalgia, Vol. 33: 1085-1095, 2013; Zagami *et al.*, Ann. Clin. Transl. Neurol., Vol.1: 1036-1040, 2014). Infusion of PACAP38 causes headaches in healthy subjects and migraine-like headaches in migraine patients (Schytz *et al.*, Brain, Vol. 132:16-25, 2009; Amin *et al.*, Brain, Vol. 137: 779-794, 2014; Guo *et al.*, Cephalalgia, Vol. 37:125-135, 2017). However, in the same model, VIP does not cause migraine-like headaches in migraine patients (Rahmann *et al.*, Cephalalgia, Vol. 28:226-236, 2008). The lack of migraine-like headache induction from VIP infusion suggests that PACAP38 peptide's effects are mediated through the PAC1 receptor, rather than VPAC1 or VPAC2 receptors, because VIP has a much higher affinity at the latter two receptors. This notion is further supported by animal studies in which PAC1 receptor antagonists inhibit nociceptive neuronal activity in the trigeminocervical complex in an *in vivo* model of migraine (Akerman *et al.*, Sci. Transl. Med., Vol. 7: 308ra157, 2015; Hoffmann *et al.*, Cephalalgia, Vol. 37 (1S): 3, Abstract OC-BA-004, 2017). Taken together, these data suggest that pharmacological agents that inhibit PACAP-activation of the PAC1 receptor have the potential to treat migraine.

[0010] Although effective migraine-specific prophylactic therapies having recently been approved and become available, there is still a need to develop additional migraine therapies with novel mechanisms of action to treat those patients who do not adequately respond to the current therapies. In particular, therapeutic molecules having a dual function in antagonizing both the CGRP/CGRP receptor and PACAP/PAC1 receptor pathways would be particularly beneficial.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0011] The present invention provides antibodies and antigen-binding fragments that specifically bind to human CGRP receptor and potently inhibit its activity. The antibodies and antigen-binding fragments of the invention are two to four-fold more potent inhibitors of human CGRP receptor activation than previously described anti-CGRP receptor antibodies. For instance, in some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and antigen-binding fragments inhibit

CGRP-induced activation of human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than 500 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and antigen-binding fragments inhibit CGRP-induced activation of human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than 200 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and antigen-binding fragments inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ between about 50 pM and about 400 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay.

[0012] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising complementarity determining regions CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising complementarity determining regions CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention comprise a heavy chain variable region that comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 47 with a mutation at one or more amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, 32, 54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 102, 105, 107, 111, and/or 113. In such embodiments, the mutation may be selected from T28N, T28K, T28R, T28H, T28F, T28W, T28Y, S30G, S30D, S30M, S31N, S31K, S31R, S31H, S31T, F32Y, D54A, S56E, I57D, K58E, K58D, K58T, Y59H, S60Y, N102D, N102E, D105R, D105E, S107Y, S107F, H111G, K113H, or combinations thereof. In one such embodiment, the mutation is selected from T28N, T28K, T28R, T28H, S31N, S31K, S31R, S31H, N102D, N102E, or combinations thereof. In these and other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention comprise a light chain variable region that comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23 or SEQ ID NO: 24 with a mutation at one or more amino acid positions 26, 31, 32, 33, 53, 54, 56, 57, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, and/or 100. Such mutations can include S26F, S26R, S26Y, N31R, N31I, N31W, N32S, N32Y, N32R, N32K, N32W, Y33T, Y33S, Y33A, Y33P, N53R, N53M, K54W, K54F, K54Y, P56A, S57G, S57R, S57Q, S94Y, S94W, R95Q, R95A, R95W, L96W, L96M, L96T, L96H, L96R, S97K, S97Q, S97T, S97R, A98S, A98V, V100T, V100I, or combinations thereof. In some embodiments, the mutation is selected from S26R, S26Y, N31I, N31R, N32K, N32Y, Y33A, Y33S, or combinations thereof.

[0013] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments comprise a CDRH1 comprising a CDRH1 consensus sequence, a CDRH2 comprising a CDRH2 consensus sequence, and a CDRH3 comprising a CDRH3 consensus sequence. In one

embodiment, the CDRH1 consensus sequence is $X_1FX_2X_3X_4GMH$ (SEQ ID NO: 471), where X_1 is N, K, R, H, F, W, or Y; X_2 is S, G, D, or M; X_3 is S, T, N, K, R, or H; and X_4 is F or Y. In another embodiment, the CDRH1 consensus sequence is X_1FSX_2FGMH (SEQ ID NO: 472), where X_1 is N, K, R, or H and X_2 is S, T, N, K, R, or H. In related embodiments, the CDRH2 consensus sequence is $VISFX_1GX_2X_3X_4X_5X_6VDSVKG$ (SEQ ID NO: 473), where X_1 is D or A; X_2 is S or E; X_3 is I or D; X_4 is K, E, T, or D; X_5 is Y or H; and X_6 is S or Y. In these and other embodiments, the CDRH3 consensus sequence may be $DRLX_1YYX_2SX_3GYX_4YX_5YYGMAV$ (SEQ ID NO: 474), where X_1 is N, D, or E; X_2 is D, E, or R; X_3 is S, Y, or F; X_4 is G or H; and X_5 is K or H. The CDRs in the light chain variable regions of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention may also comprise consensus sequences. For example, in some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention comprise a CDRL1 comprising a CDRL1 consensus sequence, a CDRL2 comprising a CDRL2 consensus sequence, and a CDRL3 comprising a CDRL3 consensus sequence. In one embodiment, the CDRL1 consensus sequence is $SGSX_1SNIGX_2X_3X_4VS$ (SEQ ID NO: 475), where X_1 is F, R, Y, or S; X_2 is N, R, I, or W; X_3 is N, S, Y, R, K, or W; and X_4 is Y, T, S, A, or P. The CDRL2 consensus sequence may be $DNX_1X_2RX_3X_4$ (SEQ ID NO: 476), where X_1 is N, R, or M; X_2 is K, W, F, or Y; X_3 is P or A; and X_4 is S, G, R, or Q. In related embodiments, the CDRL3 consensus sequence is $GTWDX_1X_2X_3X_4X_5VX_6$ (SEQ ID NO: 477), where X_1 is S, Y, or W; X_2 is R, Q, A, or W; X_3 is L, W, M, T, H, or R; X_4 is S, K, Q, T, or R; X_5 is A, S, or V; and X_6 is V, T, or I.

[0014] In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention comprise one or more CDRs or variable regions from any of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies described herein. For instance, in certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments comprise a CDRL1 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 5-12; a CDRL2 comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 13-16; a CDRL3 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 17-22; a CDRH1 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 35-38; a CDRH2 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 39-42; and a CDRH3 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 44-46. The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention may comprise a light chain variable region that comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical or at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34. In these and other embodiments,

the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention comprise a heavy chain variable region that comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical or at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53. In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments comprise a light chain variable region comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53.

[0015] In any of the embodiments described herein, including the embodiments described above, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment of the invention is a monoclonal antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. In some embodiments, the monoclonal antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is a chimeric antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. In other embodiments, the monoclonal antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is a humanized antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. In yet other embodiments, the monoclonal antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is a fully human antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. The monoclonal antibody can be of any isotype, such as a human IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4. In one particular embodiment, the monoclonal antibody is a human IgG1 antibody. In another particular embodiment, the monoclonal antibody is a human IgG2 antibody.

[0016] The present invention also includes bispecific antigen binding proteins derived from the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies described herein. Such bispecific antigen binding proteins are capable of specifically binding to and inhibiting human CGRP receptor and another target. In certain embodiments, the present invention provides a bispecific antigen binding protein comprising a first binding domain that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor and a second binding domain that specifically binds to human PAC1 receptor. In such embodiments, the first binding domain comprises a first light chain immunoglobulin variable region (VL1) and a first heavy chain immunoglobulin variable region (VH1), and the second binding domain comprises a second light chain immunoglobulin variable region (VL2) and a second heavy chain immunoglobulin variable region (VH2), wherein VL1 comprises (i) a CDRL1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 5-12, (ii) a CDRL2 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 13-16, and (iii) a CDRL3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 17-22, and VH1 comprises (i) a CDRH1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 35-38, (ii) a CDRH2 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 39-42, and (iii) a CDRH3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 44-46. In these and other embodiments, VL2 may comprise (i) a CDRL1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 130-140, (ii) a CDRL2 having the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 141, and (iii) a CDRL3

selected from SEQ ID NOs: 142-145, and VH2 may comprise (i) a CDRH1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 157-163, (ii) a CDRH2 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 164-194, and (iii) a CDRH3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 195-198.

[0017] In some embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding protein is an antibody, such as a heterodimeric antibody. The heterodimeric antibody may comprise a first light chain and a first heavy chain from a first antibody that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor and a second light chain and second heavy chain from a second antibody that specifically binds to human PAC1 receptor. In certain embodiments, the first and second heavy chains comprise one or more charge pair mutations in the constant region (e.g. CH3 domain) to promote heterodimer formation. For instance, in some embodiments, the first heavy chain or second heavy chain comprises at least one amino acid substitution to replace lysine at position 360, 370, 392, 409, and/or 439 according to the EU numbering system with a negatively-charged amino acid (e.g. glutamic acid or aspartic acid) and the other heavy chain comprises an amino acid substitution to replace an aspartic acid at position 399 according to the EU numbering system with a positively-charged amino acid (e.g. lysine) and at least one amino acid substitution to replace a glutamic acid at position 356 and/or 357 according to the EU numbering system with a positively-charged amino acid (e.g. lysine).

[0018] In certain embodiments, the first light chain and first heavy chain (or second light chain and second heavy chain) of the heterodimeric antibodies of the invention may comprise one or more charge pair mutations to facilitate correct light-heavy chain pairing. In such embodiments, the first heavy chain may comprise an amino acid substitution introducing a charged amino acid (e.g. glutamic acid) that has the opposite charge of the amino acid introduced into the first light chain (e.g. lysine) so that the first light chain and first heavy chain are attracted to each other. The charged amino acid introduced into the second light chain (e.g. glutamic acid) would preferably have the same charge as the amino acid introduced into the first heavy chain (e.g. glutamic acid), but the opposite charge of the amino acid introduced into the second heavy chain (e.g. lysine) so that the second light chain would be attracted to the second heavy chain, but repelled from the first heavy chain. In one embodiment, the first heavy chain comprises an amino acid substitution at position 183 (according to the EU numbering system) to introduce a charged amino acid and the first light chain comprises an amino acid substitution at position 176 (according to the Kabat numbering system) to introduce a charged amino acid, wherein the

charged amino acid introduced into the first heavy chain has the opposite charge of the amino acid introduced into the first light chain. In a related embodiment, the second heavy chain comprises an amino acid substitution at position 183 (according to the EU numbering system) to introduce a charged amino acid and the second light chain comprises an amino acid substitution at position 176 (according to the Kabat numbering system) to introduce a charged amino acid, wherein the charged amino acid introduced into second heavy chain has the opposite charge of the amino acid introduced into second light chain. In certain embodiments, the first heavy chain comprises a S183E mutation, the first light chain comprises a S176K mutation, the second heavy chain comprises a S183K mutation, and the second light chain comprises a S176E mutation.

[0019] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or heterodimeric antibodies of the invention may contain one or more modifications that affect the glycosylation of the antibodies. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or heterodimeric antibody comprises one or more mutations to reduce or eliminate glycosylation. In such embodiments, the aglycosylated antibody may comprise a mutation at amino acid position N297 (according to the EU numbering scheme), such as a N297G mutation, in one or both heavy chains. The aglycosylated antibody may comprise further mutations to stabilize the antibody structure. Such mutations can include pairs of cysteine substitutions, such as A287C and L306C, V259C and L306C, R292C and V302C, and V323C and I332C (amino acid positions according to the EU numbering scheme). In one embodiment, the aglycosylated antibody comprises R292C and V302C mutations (according to the EU numbering scheme) in one or both heavy chains. In certain embodiments, the aglycosylated anti-CGRP receptor antibody or heterodimeric antibody comprises a heavy chain constant region comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 65 or SEQ ID NO: 66. The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or heterodimeric antibodies of the invention may comprise further mutations to modulate other characteristics of the antibodies, such as pharmacokinetic properties. In one such embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or heterodimeric antibody may comprise M252Y, S254T, and T256E mutations (positions according to EU numbering scheme) in one or both heavy chains.

[0020] The present invention also includes one or more isolated polynucleotides and expression vectors encoding any of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) described herein or components thereof, as well as host cells, such as a CHO cells, comprising the encoding

polynucleotides and expression vectors. In certain embodiments, the present invention includes methods for producing the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) described herein. In one embodiment, the method comprises culturing a host cell comprising an expression vector encoding the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment under conditions that allow expression of the antibody or antigen-binding fragment, and recovering the antibody or antigen-binding fragment from the culture medium or host cell. In another embodiment, the method comprises culturing a host cell comprising an expression vector encoding the bispecific antigen binding protein under conditions that allow expression of the antigen binding protein, and recovering the antigen binding protein from the culture medium or host cell.

[0021] The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) described herein can be used in the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition or medicament for the treatment of conditions associated with CGRP receptor and/or PAC1 receptor biological activity, such as headache, migraine, cluster headache, vasomotor symptoms, and chronic pain. Thus, the present invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising an anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein (e.g. heterodimeric antibody) described herein and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient. The pharmaceutical compositions can be used in any of the methods described herein.

[0022] In certain embodiments, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing a headache condition in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of an anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein (e.g. heterodimeric antibody) described herein. In some embodiments, the headache condition to be treated or prevented with the methods of the invention is migraine. The migraine can be episodic migraine or chronic migraine. In other embodiments, the headache condition to be treated or prevented with the methods of the invention is cluster headache. In certain embodiments, the methods provide prophylactic treatment for these conditions.

[0023] In some embodiments, the present invention provides a method for treating chronic pain in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of an anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein

(e.g. heterodimeric antibody) described herein. The chronic pain syndromes to be treated according to the methods of the invention can include neuropathic pain, arthritic pain, such as pain associated with osteoarthritis or rheumatoid arthritis, and visceral pain, such as pain associated with irritable bowel syndrome, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, and interstitial cystitis.

[0024] The use of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) in any of the methods disclosed herein or for preparation of medicaments for administration according to any of the methods disclosed herein is specifically contemplated. For instance, the present invention includes an anti-CGRP receptor antibody or a bispecific antigen binding protein (e.g. heterodimeric antibody) for use in a method for treating or preventing a condition associated with CGRP receptor and/or PAC1 receptor biological activity in a patient in need thereof. The condition can include headache (e.g. migraine headache or cluster headache) and chronic pain.

[0025] The present invention also includes the use of an anti-CGRP receptor antibody or bispecific antigen binding protein (e.g. heterodimeric antibody) in the preparation of a medicament for treating or preventing a condition associated with CGRP receptor and/or PAC1 receptor biological activity in a patient in need thereof. The condition can include headache (e.g. migraine headache or cluster headache) and chronic pain.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0026] **Figure 1** is a schematic of the selection process for improved binding mutants from a yeast-displayed antibody Fab mutant library.

[0027] **Figure 2** shows a schematic representation of four charge pair mutation (CPM) formats used to generate anti-CGRP receptor/PAC1 receptor bispecific hetero-immunoglobulins. The Kabat-EU numbering scheme is used to denote the positions of charge pair mutations within each of the chains. This IgG-like bispecific molecule is a heterotetramer comprising two different light chains and two different heavy chains. HC1 and LC1 refer to the heavy chain and light chain, respectively, of one Fab binding arm and HC2 and LC2 refers to the heavy chain and light chain, respectively, of the second Fab binding arm. For example, in the schematic, HC1 and LC1 correspond to the anti-CGRP receptor binding arm and HC2 and LC2 correspond to the anti-PAC1 binding arm. However, the two binding arms can be switched such that HC1 and LC1

correspond to the anti-PAC1 binding arm and HC2 and LC2 correspond to the anti-CGRP receptor binding arm. The mutations at the indicated positions are shown with specific charged amino acids in the schematic, such as mutations to a glutamic acid or a lysine residue. However, other similarly charged amino acids can be used, such as an aspartic acid in place of glutamic acid (and vice versa) and an arginine residue in place of a lysine residue.

[0028] **Figures 3A-3D** are serum concentration-time profiles for bispecific hetero-immunoglobulin molecules following a single subcutaneous dose of 1 mg/kg in mice. **Figure 3A** depicts the total serum concentration over time for molecules 5601, 5602, 5603, 5604, 5605, 5606, 5607, 5608, and 5609, whereas **Figure 3B** shows the serum concentration over time for the intact forms of the molecules (i.e. both binding arms intact). **Figures 3C and 3D** show the total and intact serum concentration-time profiles, respectively, for molecules 5605, 5606, and 5607.

[0029] **Figure 4A** shows the dose-dependent effect of bispecific hetero-immunoglobulin molecule (heteroIgG) 5605 on maxadilan-induced increase in dermal blood flow in rats. The heteroIgG was administered to rats intravenously at one of four doses ranging from 0.1 mg/kg to 30 mg/kg twenty-four hours prior to challenge with 10 ng maxadilan (intradermal injection). Dermal blood flow was assessed 30 minutes following maxadilan challenge with laser Doppler imaging. * $p < 0.05$, **** $p < 0.0001$ compared to the vehicle group with One-Way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's MCT.

[0030] **Figure 4B** shows the dose-dependent effect of bispecific hetero-immunoglobulin molecule (heteroIgG) 5606 on maxadilan-induced increase in dermal blood flow in rats. The heteroIgG was administered to rats intravenously at one of four doses ranging from 0.1 mg/kg to 30 mg/kg twenty-four hours prior to challenge with 10 ng maxadilan (intradermal injection). Dermal blood flow was assessed 30 minutes following maxadilan challenge with laser Doppler imaging. **** $p < 0.0001$ compared to the vehicle group with One-Way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's MCT.

[0031] **Figure 4C** shows the dose-dependent effect of bispecific hetero-immunoglobulin molecule (heteroIgG) 5607 on maxadilan-induced increase in dermal blood flow in rats. The heteroIgG was administered to rats intravenously at one of four doses ranging from 0.1 mg/kg to 30 mg/kg twenty-four hours prior to challenge with 10 ng maxadilan (intradermal injection). Dermal blood flow was assessed 30 minutes following maxadilan challenge with laser Doppler

imaging. $**p<0.01$ compared to the vehicle group with One-Way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's MCT.

[0032] Figure 5A is the serum concentration-time profile for bispecific hetero-immunoglobulin molecules 5605, 5606, and 5607 following a single intravenous dose of 1 mg/kg in cynomolgus monkeys.

[0033] Figure 5B is the serum concentration-time profile for bispecific hetero-immunoglobulin molecules 5605, 5606, and 5607 following a single subcutaneous dose of 2 mg/kg in cynomolgus monkeys.

[0034] Figure 6A shows the dose-dependent effect of bispecific hetero-immunoglobulin molecule (heteroIgG) 5607 on capsaicin-induced increase in dermal blood flow in cynomolgus monkeys. Following a pre-treatment measurement on Day 0, the heteroIgG was administered to cynomolgus monkeys intravenously at a single dose of 10 mg/kg. Dermal blood flow was assessed 30 minutes following capsaicin challenge (1 mg in 20 μ L, topical application) with laser Doppler imaging on Day 2, Day 4/5, and Day 8/9 following administration of the heteroIgG. Data is shown as the mean $\pm$ SEM. $**p<0.01$, $****p<0.0001$ compared to Day 0 with One-Way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni's MCT.

[0035] Figure 6B shows the dose-dependent effect of bispecific hetero-immunoglobulin molecule (heteroIgG) 5607 on maxadilan-induced increase in dermal blood flow in cynomolgus monkeys. Following a pre-treatment measurement on Day 0, the heteroIgG was administered to cynomolgus monkeys intravenously at a single dose of 10 mg/kg. Dermal blood flow was assessed 30 minutes following maxadilan challenge (1 ng in 20 μ L, intradermal injection) with laser Doppler imaging on Day 2, Day 4/5, and Day 8/9 following administration of the heteroIgG. Data is shown as the mean $\pm$ SEM. $**p<0.01$, $****p<0.0001$ compared to Day 0 with One-Way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni's MCT.

[0036] Figure 7A depicts the ternary complex of the 4E4 Fab fragment (ribbon structure representation with heavy chain (HC) on the left and light chain (LC) on the right) bound to CRLR ECD polypeptide (surface representation in light gray) and RAMP1 ECD polypeptide (surface representation in medium gray). The dashed box highlights the paratope-epitope interface.

[0037] Figure 7B is an expanded view of the paratope-epitope interface showing the interaction of each of the six CDRs in the 4E4 Fab fragment with the CRLR and RAMP1 polypeptide

components of the CGRP receptor. The view shows the region delineated by the dashed box in Figure 7A rotated 90° about the horizontal axis and 45° about the vertical axis.

[0038] Figures 8A-8C depict dose-response curves for wild-type 4E4 anti-CGRP receptor monoclonal antibody (WT) and single-point alanine mutation variant antibodies for inhibition of CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor. Percent of control (POC), in which control is defined as the activity of the CGRP agonist in the assay, is plotted versus log concentration of the antibodies. **Figure 8A** depicts the dose-response curves for WT antibody and CDRH2 D54A antibody variant (H_D54A). **Figure 8B** depicts the dose-response curves for WT antibody and CDRH3 antibody variants H_Y103A, H_Y104A, H_Y109A, H_Y110A, and H_K113A. **Figure 8C** depicts the dose-response curves for WT antibody and light chain antibody variants L-Y33A, L_K67A, and L_R95A.

[0039] Figure 9 is a representation of the interaction between selected amino acids in the CDRH3 of the 4E4 Fab and the CRLR and RAMP1 polypeptide subunits of the CGRP receptor. Amino acids in the CDRH3 of the Fab are depicted in ball and stick format, whereas amino acids in the CRLR and RAMP1 polypeptides are depicted in ball and stick format within the molecular surface.

[0040] Figures 10A-10C show binding profiles of soluble CGRP receptor to wild-type 4E4 anti-CGRP receptor monoclonal antibody (WT) and single-point alanine mutation variant antibodies by surface plasmon resonance. **Figure 10A** shows the binding profile for WT antibody and CDRH2 D54A antibody variant (H_D54A). **Figure 10B** shows the binding profile for WT antibody and CDRH3 antibody variants H_Y103A, H_Y104A, H_Y109A, H_Y110A, and H_K113A. **Figure 10C** shows the binding profile for WT antibody and light chain antibody variants L-Y33A, L_K67A, and L_R95A.

[0041] Figure 11 is a graph showing the correlation between *in vitro* potency (IC50) for anti-CGRP receptor antibodies inhibiting human CGRP receptor activation as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay and the number of amino acids in CDR3 of the heavy chain variable region of the antibodies.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0042] The present invention is based, in part, on the design and generation of high affinity antibodies that specifically bind to and potently inhibit human CGRP receptor. The antibodies of

the invention are two to four-fold more potent inhibitors of human CGRP receptor activation than previously described anti-CGRP receptor antibodies. The isolated antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof can be used to inhibit, interfere with, or modulate the biological activity of human CGRP receptor, including inhibiting or reducing CGRP-induced activation of the CGRP receptor, inhibiting or reducing vasodilation, and ameliorating or treating symptoms of migraine and other vascular headaches. The enhanced inhibitory potency of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies also enables the generation of bispecific antigen binding proteins capable of binding to and inhibiting human CGRP receptor and another target, such as human PAC1 receptor. Such bispecific antigen binding proteins constructed from the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies of the invention have improved inhibitory activity against the CGRP receptor as compared to bivalent monoclonal antibodies, thereby reducing effective therapeutic dosages.

[0043] Accordingly, the present invention provides isolated antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof that specifically bind to the calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) receptor, particularly human CGRP receptor. The human CGRP receptor is a heterodimer that comprises the human calcitonin receptor-like receptor (CRLR or CLR) polypeptide (Genbank Accession No. U17473.1) and the human receptor activity modifying protein 1 (RAMP1) polypeptide (Genbank Accession No. AJ001014). The human CGRP receptor is a G protein-coupled receptor that is positively coupled to adenylate cyclase. Activation of the human CGRP receptor by CGRP results in an increase in intracellular cyclic AMP (cAMP). The amino acid sequences for the full-length human CRLR and RAMP1 polypeptides as well as extracellular domains from both polypeptides are set forth in Table 1 below.

Table 1. Sequences of human CRLR and human RAMP1 polypeptides

Polypeptide	Sequence
Human CRLR	MEKKCTLYFLVLLPFFMILVTAELEESPEDSIQLGVTRNKIMTAQYECYQKIMQDPIQ QAEGVYCNRTWDGWLCWNDVAAGTESMQLCPDYFQDFDPSEKVTKICDQDGNWF RHPASNRTWTNYTQCNVNTHEKVKTALNLFYLTIIHGHLASLLISLGIFFYFKSLSC QRITLHKNLFFSFVCNSVVTIIHLTAVANNQALVATNPVSCKVSQFIHLYLMGCNYF WMLCEGIYLHTLIVVAVFAEKQHLMWYYFLGWGFPLIPACIHAIARSLYYNDNCWIS SDTHLLYIIHGPICAALLVNLFFLLNIVRVLITKLKVTHQAESNLYMKAVRATLILVPL LGIEFVLIPWRPEGKIAEEVYDYIMHILMHFQGLLVSTIFCFNGEVQAILRRNWNQY KIQFGNSFSNSEALRSASYTVSTISDGPYSHDCPSEHLNGKSIHDIENVLLKPENLYN (SEQ ID NO: 1)
Human RAMP1	MARALCRLPRRGLWLLAHHLFMTTACQEANYGALLRELCLTQFQVDMEAVGETL WCDWGRITIRSYRELADCTWHMAEKLGCFWPNAEVDRFFLA VHGRYFRSCPISGRA VRDPPGSILYPFIVVPITVTLLVTALVVWQSKRTEGIV (SEQ ID NO: 2)

Polypeptide	Sequence
Extracellular Domain of Human CRLR	ELEESPEDSIQLGVTRNKIMTAQYECYQKIMQDPIQQAEGVYCNRTWDGWLCWNDV AAGTESMQLCPDYFQDFDPSEKVTIKICDQDGNWFRHPASNRTWTNYTQCNVNTHE KVKTA (SEQ ID NO: 3)
Extracellular Domain of Human RAMP1	CQEANYGALLRELCLTQFQVDMEAVGETLWCDWGRITIRSYRELADCTWHMAEKL GCFWPNAEVDREFFLA VHGRYFRSCPISGRAVRDPPGS (SEQ ID NO: 4)

[0044] The present invention provides antibodies that specifically bind to human CGRP receptor. An antibody is a protein that comprises an antigen-binding fragment that specifically binds to an antigen, and a scaffold or framework portion that allows the antigen-binding fragment to adopt a conformation that promotes binding of the antibody to the antigen. As used herein, the term “antibody” generally refers to a tetrameric immunoglobulin protein comprising two light chain polypeptides (about 25 kDa each) and two heavy chain polypeptides (about 50-70 kDa each). The term “light chain” or “immunoglobulin light chain” refers to a polypeptide comprising, from amino terminus to carboxyl terminus, a single immunoglobulin light chain variable region (VL) and a single immunoglobulin light chain constant domain (CL). The immunoglobulin light chain constant domain (CL) can be a human kappa (κ) or human lambda (λ) constant domain. The term “heavy chain” or “immunoglobulin heavy chain” refers to a polypeptide comprising, from amino terminus to carboxyl terminus, a single immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region (VH), an immunoglobulin heavy chain constant domain 1 (CH1), an immunoglobulin hinge region, an immunoglobulin heavy chain constant domain 2 (CH2), an immunoglobulin heavy chain constant domain 3 (CH3), and optionally an immunoglobulin heavy chain constant domain 4 (CH4). Heavy chains are classified as mu (μ), delta (Δ), gamma (γ), alpha (α), and epsilon (ϵ), and define the antibody's isotype as IgM, IgD, IgG, IgA, and IgE, respectively. The IgG-class and IgA-class antibodies are further divided into subclasses, namely, IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, and IgG4, and IgA1 and IgA2, respectively. The heavy chains in IgG, IgA, and IgD antibodies have three constant domains (CH1, CH2, and CH3), whereas the heavy chains in IgM and IgE antibodies have four constant domains (CH1, CH2, CH3, and CH4). The immunoglobulin heavy chain constant domains can be from any immunoglobulin isotype, including subtypes. The antibody chains are linked together via inter-polypeptide disulfide bonds between the CL domain and the CH1 domain (i.e. between the light and heavy chain) and between the hinge regions of the two antibody heavy chains.

[0045] The present invention also includes antigen-binding fragments of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies described herein. An “antigen-binding fragment,” used interchangeably herein with “binding fragment” or “fragment,” is a portion of an antibody that lacks at least some of the amino acids present in a full-length heavy chain and/or light chain, but which is still capable of specifically binding to an antigen. An antigen-binding fragment includes, but is not limited to, a single-chain variable fragment (scFv), a nanobody (e.g. VH domain of camelid heavy chain antibodies; VHH fragment, *see* Cortez-Retamozo *et al.*, Cancer Research, Vol. 64:2853-57, 2004), a Fab fragment, a Fab' fragment, a F(ab')₂ fragment, a Fv fragment, a Fd fragment, and a complementarity determining region (CDR) fragment, and can be derived from any mammalian source, such as human, mouse, rat, rabbit, or camelid. Antigen-binding fragments may compete for binding of a target antigen with an intact antibody and the fragments may be produced by the modification of intact antibodies (e.g. enzymatic or chemical cleavage) or synthesized *de novo* using recombinant DNA technologies or peptide synthesis. In some embodiments, the antigen-binding fragment comprises at least one CDR from an antibody that binds to the antigen, for example, the heavy chain CDR3 from an antibody that binds to the antigen. In other embodiments, the antigen-binding fragment comprises all three CDRs from the heavy chain of an antibody that binds to the antigen or all three CDRs from the light chain of an antibody that binds to the antigen. In still other embodiments, the antigen-binding fragment comprises all six CDRs from an antibody that binds to the antigen (three from the heavy chain and three from the light chain).

[0046] The term “isolated molecule” (where the molecule is, for example, a polypeptide, a polynucleotide, an antigen binding protein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment) is a molecule that by virtue of its origin or source of derivation (1) is not associated with naturally associated components that accompany it in its native state, (2) is substantially free of other molecules from the same species (3) is expressed by a cell from a different species, or (4) does not occur in nature. Thus, a molecule that is chemically synthesized, or expressed in a cellular system different from the cell from which it naturally originates, will be “isolated” from its naturally associated components. A molecule also may be rendered substantially free of naturally associated components by isolation, using purification techniques well known in the art. Molecule purity or homogeneity may be assayed by a number of means well known in the art. For example, the purity of a polypeptide sample may be assayed using polyacrylamide gel

electrophoresis and staining of the gel to visualize the polypeptide using techniques well known in the art. For certain purposes, higher resolution may be provided by using HPLC or other means well known in the art for purification.

[0047] In certain embodiments of the invention, the antibodies or antigen-binding fragments thereof specifically bind to human CGRP receptor. An antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein or binding domain thereof “specifically binds” to a target antigen when it has a significantly higher binding affinity for, and consequently is capable of distinguishing, that antigen compared to its affinity for other unrelated proteins, under similar binding assay conditions. Antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof that specifically bind an antigen may have an equilibrium dissociation constant (K_D) $\leq 1 \times 10^{-6}$ M. The antibody, binding fragment, antigen binding protein or binding domain thereof specifically binds antigen with “high affinity” when the K_D is $\leq 1 \times 10^{-8}$ M. In one embodiment, the antibodies or binding fragments of the invention bind to human CGRP receptor with a K_D of $\leq 5 \times 10^{-9}$ M. In another embodiment, the antibodies or binding fragments of the invention bind to human CGRP receptor with a K_D of $\leq 1 \times 10^{-9}$ M. In yet another embodiment, the antibodies or binding fragments of the invention bind to human CGRP receptor with a K_D of $\leq 5 \times 10^{-10}$ M. In another embodiment, the antibodies or binding fragments of the invention bind to human CGRP receptor with a K_D of $\leq 1 \times 10^{-10}$ M. In certain embodiments, the antibodies or binding fragments of the invention bind to human CGRP receptor with a K_D of $\leq 5 \times 10^{-11}$ M. In other embodiments, the antibodies or binding fragments of the invention bind to human CGRP receptor with a K_D of $\leq 1 \times 10^{-11}$ M. In one particular embodiment, the antibodies or binding fragments of the invention bind to human CGRP receptor with a K_D of $\leq 5 \times 10^{-12}$ M. In another particular embodiment, the antibodies or binding fragments of the invention bind to human CGRP receptor with a K_D of $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$ M.

[0048] Affinity is determined using a variety of techniques, an example of which is an affinity ELISA assay. In various embodiments, affinity is determined by a surface plasmon resonance assay (e.g., BIAcore[®]-based assay). Using this methodology, the association rate constant (k_a in $M^{-1}s^{-1}$) and the dissociation rate constant (k_d in s^{-1}) can be measured. The equilibrium dissociation constant (K_D in M) can then be calculated from the ratio of the kinetic rate constants (k_d/k_a). In some embodiments, affinity is determined by a kinetic method, such as a Kinetic Exclusion Assay (KinExA) as described in Rathanaswami *et al.* Analytical Biochemistry, Vol.

373:52-60, 2008. Using a KinExA assay, the equilibrium dissociation constant (K_D in M) and the association rate constant (k_a in $M^{-1}s^{-1}$) can be measured. The dissociation rate constant (k_d in s^{-1}) can be calculated from these values ($K_D \times k_a$). In other embodiments, affinity is determined by a bio-layer interferometry method, such as that described in Kumaraswamy *et al.*, Methods Mol. Biol., Vol. 1278:165-82, 2015 and employed in Octet® systems (Pall ForteBio). The kinetic (k_a and k_d) and affinity (K_D) constants can be calculated in real-time using the bio-layer interferometry method. In some embodiments, the antibodies, binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof described herein exhibit desirable characteristics such as binding avidity as measured by k_d (dissociation rate constant) for human CGRP receptor of about 10^{-2} , 10^{-3} , 10^{-4} , 10^{-5} , 10^{-6} , 10^{-7} , 10^{-8} , 10^{-9} , 10^{-10} s^{-1} or lower (lower values indicating higher binding avidity), and/or binding affinity as measured by K_D (equilibrium dissociation constant) for human CGRP receptor of about 10^{-8} , 10^{-9} , 10^{-10} , 10^{-11} , 10^{-12} M or lower (lower values indicating higher binding affinity).

[0049] Preferably, the antibodies, binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention do not significantly bind to or cross-react with other members of the calcitonin family of receptors, such as the human adrenomedullin 1 (AM1), human adrenomedullin 2 (AM2), or human amylin (e.g. human AMY1 receptor) receptors. An antibody, binding fragment, antigen binding protein or binding domain thereof does “not significantly bind” to a target antigen when it has a binding affinity for that antigen that is comparable to its affinity for other unrelated proteins, under similar binding assay conditions. Antibodies, binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof that do not significantly bind to a target antigen may also include those proteins that do not generate a statistically different signal than a negative control in an affinity assay, such as those described herein, for the target antigen. By way of example, an antibody, which produces a signal value in an ELISA- or a surface plasmon resonance-based assay (e.g. BIAcore®-based assay) for determining binding to human AM1 receptor that is not statistically different from the signal value produced with a negative control (e.g. buffer solution without antibody), would be considered to not significantly bind to human AM1 receptors. Antibodies, binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof that do not significantly bind an antigen may have an equilibrium dissociation constant (K_D) for that antigen greater than 1×10^{-6} M, greater than 1×10^{-5} M, greater than 1×10^{-4} M, or greater than 1×10^{-3} M. Thus, in certain embodiments, the antibodies, binding

fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention selectively bind to human CGRP receptor relative to human AM1, human AM2, and human amylin (e.g. human AMY1 receptor) receptors. In other words, the antibodies, binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention do not significantly bind to human AM1, human AM2, or human amylin (e.g. human AMY1 receptor) receptors.

[0050] The antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention may inhibit, interfere with, or modulate one or more biological activities of the human CGRP receptor. Biological activities of the human CGRP receptor include, but are not limited to, induction of CGRP-mediated receptor signal transduction pathways, induction of vasodilation, and inhibition of vasoconstriction. In some embodiments, the antibodies, binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention inhibit binding of CGRP to the human CGRP receptor. "Inhibition of binding" occurs when an excess of antibodies, binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins reduces the quantity of human CGRP receptor bound to CGRP, or vice versa, for example, by at least about 40%, about 50%, about 60%, about 70%, about 80%, about 85%, about 90%, about 95%, about 97%, about 99% or more, for example by measuring binding in an *in vitro* competitive binding assay. Inhibitory constants (K_i), which are indicative of how potent the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and antigen binding proteins of the invention are at preventing binding of CGRP to human CGRP receptor, can be calculated from such competitive binding assays. By way of example, a radioactive isotope (e.g. ^{125}I) is attached to the receptor ligand (e.g. CGRP) and the assay measures the binding of the radiolabeled ligand to human CGRP receptor in increasing concentrations of the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, binding fragment, or antigen binding protein. The K_i value can be calculated using the equation $K_i = \text{IC}_{50} / (1 + ([L]/K_d))$, where $[L]$ is the concentration of the radioligand used (e.g., ^{125}I -labeled CGRP) and K_d is the dissociation constant of the radioligand. *See, e.g.*, Keen M, MacDermot J (1993) Analysis of receptors by radioligand binding. In: Wharton J, Polak JM (eds) Receptor autoradiography, principles and practice. Oxford University Press, Oxford. The lower the value of K_i for an antagonist, the more potent the antagonist is. In some embodiments, the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins of the invention compete for binding to the human CGRP receptor with a radiolabeled CGRP ligand with a K_i of ≤ 1 nM. In other embodiments, the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins of the invention compete for binding to the

human CGRP receptor with a radiolabeled CGRP ligand with a K_i of ≤ 500 pM. In yet other embodiments, the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins of the invention compete for binding to the human CGRP receptor with a radiolabeled CGRP ligand with a K_i of ≤ 200 pM. In certain other embodiments, the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins of the invention compete for binding to the human CGRP receptor with a radiolabeled CGRP ligand with a K_i of ≤ 100 pM.

[0051] In certain embodiments, the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins of the invention inhibit ligand-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor. The ligand can be the primary endogenous ligand of the receptor, such as CGRP, or the ligand can be another known agonist of the receptor. Various assays for assessing activation of CGRP receptors are known in the art and include cell-based assays measuring ligand-induced calcium mobilization and cAMP production. An exemplary cell-based cAMP assay is described in Example 1. Other suitable CGRP receptor activation assays are described in Aiyar *et al.*, Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry, Vol. 197:179-185, 1999; Pin *et al.*, European Journal of Pharmacology, Vol. 577: 7-16, 2007; U.S. Patent No. 8,168,592, and WO 2010/075238, all of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

[0052] The inhibitory activity of the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins on CGRP receptor activation can be quantitated by calculating an IC_{50} in any functional assay for the receptor, such as those described above. An “ IC_{50} ” is the dose/concentration required to achieve 50% inhibition of a biological or biochemical function. With radioactive ligands, IC_{50} is the concentration of a competing ligand that displaces 50% of the specific binding of the radioligand. The IC_{50} of any particular substance or antagonist can be determined by constructing a dose-response curve and examining the effect of different concentrations of the drug or antagonist on reversing agonist activity in a particular functional assay. IC_{50} values can be calculated for a given antagonist or drug by determining the concentration needed to inhibit half of the maximum biological response of the agonist. Thus, the IC_{50} value for any anti-CGRP receptor antigen binding protein, antibody or binding fragment of the invention can be calculated by determining the concentration of the antigen binding protein, antibody or binding fragment needed to inhibit half of the maximum biological response of the ligand (e.g. CGRP) in activating the human CGRP receptor in any functional assay, such as the cAMP assay described in the Examples. An anti-CGRP receptor antigen binding protein, antibody or binding fragment

that inhibits ligand-induced (e.g. CGRP-induced) activation of the CGRP receptor is understood to be a neutralizing or antagonist antigen binding protein, antibody or binding fragment of the CGRP receptor.

[0053] In certain embodiments, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor. For instance, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments may inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 5 nM, less than about 3 nM, less than about 1 nM, less than about 800 pM, less than about 500 pM, less than about 400 pM, less than about 300 pM, less than about 200 pM, or less than about 150 pM as measured by a cell-based calcium mobilization assay or cAMP assay. In one particular embodiment, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 5 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In another particular embodiment, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 1 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In still another particular embodiment, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 500 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In another embodiment, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 400 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In another embodiment, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 200 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In some embodiments, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ between about 0.1 nM and about 1 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In other embodiments, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ between about 50 pM and about 400 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In still other embodiments, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of the human CGRP

receptor with an IC₅₀ between about 100 pM and about 350 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay.

[0054] In some embodiments, the antigen binding proteins, antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention selectively inhibit the human CGRP receptor relative to the human AM1, human AM2, and/or human amylin receptors (e.g. human AMY1 receptor). The human AM1 receptor is comprised of a human CRLR polypeptide and a RAMP2 polypeptide, whereas the human AM2 receptor is comprised of a human CRLR polypeptide and a RAMP3 polypeptide. Thus, an antibody or other binding protein that binds only CRLR (and not RAMP1) would not be expected to selectively inhibit the CGRP receptor because the CRLR polypeptide is also a component of the AM1 and AM2 receptors. The human amylin (AMY) receptors are comprised of a human calcitonin receptor (CT) polypeptide and one of the RAMP1, RAMP2, or RAMP3 subunits. Specifically, the human AMY1 receptor is composed of the CT polypeptide and the RAMP1 polypeptide, the human AMY2 receptor is composed of the CT polypeptide and the RAMP2 polypeptide, and the human AMY3 receptor is composed of the CT polypeptide and the RAMP3 polypeptide. Thus, an antibody or other binding protein that binds only RAMP1 (and not CRLR) would not be expected to selectively inhibit the CGRP receptor because the RAMP1 polypeptide is also a component of the human AMY1 receptor. An antigen binding protein, antibody or antigen-binding fragment “selectively inhibits” a specific receptor relative to other receptors when the IC₅₀ of the antigen binding protein, antibody, or antigen-binding fragment in an inhibition assay of the specific receptor is at least 50-fold lower than the IC₅₀ in an inhibition assay of another “reference” receptor, e.g., a human AM1, human AM2, or human amylin receptor. As described above, the IC₅₀ value for any anti-CGRP receptor antigen binding protein, antibody, or antigen-binding fragment can be calculated by determining the concentration of the antigen binding protein, antibody, or antigen-binding fragment needed to inhibit half of the maximum biological response of the CGRP ligand in activating the human CGRP receptor in any functional assay, such as the cAMP assay described in the Examples.

[0055] The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention may, in some embodiments, bind to a particular region or epitope of the human CGRP receptor. For instance, in certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment specifically binds to residues or sequences of residues, or regions in both human CRLR and human RAMP1 polypeptides. In one

embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment specifically binds to an epitope formed from amino acids in both human CRLR and human RAMP1 polypeptides (e.g., SEQ ID NOs: 1 and 2, respectively). In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment specifically binds to an epitope formed from amino acids in the extracellular domains of both human CRLR and human RAMP1 polypeptides (e.g., SEQ ID NOs: 3 and 4, respectively). In some embodiments, the epitope formed from amino acids in both human CRLR and human RAMP1 polypeptides comprises one or more cleavage sites for AspN protease, which cleaves peptides after aspartic acid residues and some glutamic acid residues at the amino end. As used herein, an “epitope” refers to any determinant capable of being specifically bound by an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. An epitope is a region of an antigen that is bound by, or interacts with, an antibody or binding fragment that targets that antigen, and when the antigen is a protein, includes specific amino acids that directly contact, or interact with, the antibody or binding fragment. An epitope can be formed both by contiguous amino acids or non-contiguous amino acids juxtaposed by tertiary folding of a protein. A “linear epitope” is an epitope where an amino acid primary sequence comprises the recognized epitope. A linear epitope typically includes at least 3 or 4 amino acids, and more usually, at least 5, at least 6, or at least 7 amino acids, for example, about 8 to about 10 amino acids in a unique sequence. A “conformational epitope,” in contrast to a linear epitope, is a group of discontinuous amino acids (e.g., in a polypeptide, amino acid residues that are not contiguous in the polypeptide’s primary sequence but that, in the context of the polypeptide’s tertiary and quaternary structure, are near enough to each other to be bound by an antibody or binding fragment thereof).

[0056] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment specifically binds to the extracellular domain of human CRLR polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3 and/or the extracellular domain of human RAMP1 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 4. As described in Example 5, a crystal structure of the complex of the human CRLR N-terminal extracellular domain (ECD), the human RAMP1 N-terminal ECD and the Fab region of an anti-CGRP receptor antagonist antibody revealed key amino acids within the CRLR/RAMP1 heterodimer (i.e. human CGRP receptor) that comprised the binding interface with the anti-CGRP receptor Fab. These core interface amino acids, all of which contained at least one non-hydrogen atom at a distance of 5.0 Å or less

from a non-hydrogen atom in the Fab, include E23, L24, E25, E26, E29, R38, I41, M42, D70, G71, W72, F92, D94, F95, K103, H114, A116, S117, R119, T120, W121, T122, Y124, N128, T131, H132, and E133 in the CRLR polypeptide (amino acid position numbers relative to SEQ ID NO: 1) and R67, A70, D71, W74, E78, C82, F83, W84, and P85 in the RAMP1 polypeptide (amino acid position numbers relative to SEQ ID NO: 2). Thus, in some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention bind to human CGRP receptor at an epitope comprising one or more amino acids selected from E23, L24, E25, E26, E29, R38, I41, M42, D70, G71, W72, F92, D94, F95, K103, H114, A116, S117, R119, T120, W121, T122, Y124, N128, T131, H132, and E133 in the human CRLR polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 1 and one or more amino acids selected from R67, A70, D71, W74, E78, C82, F83, W84, and P85 in the human RAMP1 polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2. In other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention bind to human CGRP receptor at an epitope comprising one or more amino acids selected from E23, L24, E25, E26, R38, I41, D70, W72, D94, H114, A116, S117, R119, T120, Y124, T131, H132, and E133 in the human CRLR polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 1 and one or more amino acids selected from A70, D71, W74, E78, and W84 in the human RAMP1 polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2.

[0057] The crystal structure of the human CGRP ECD-Fab complex described in Example 5 also revealed important residues in the CDRs of the heavy and light chains of the Fab that interacted with the amino acids in the human CRLR ECD and human RAMP1 ECD polypeptides, thereby identifying key amino acids in the paratope of the antibody. A “paratope” is the region of an antibody that recognizes and binds to the target antigen. Paratope residues within 5.0 Å or less of residues in the CRLR ECD and RAMP1 ECD polypeptides include S26, S27, G30, N31, N32, Y33, D51, N52, K67, S94, and R95 in the light chain variable region (SEQ ID NO: 23) and T28, S31, F53, D54, G55, S56, L101, N102, Y103, Y104, D105, S106, S107, G108, Y109, Y110, H111, K113, and Y115 in the heavy chain variable region (SEQ ID NO: 47). Specific mutations of several of these residues or adjacent residues in the paratope were designed to improve the interaction with the core interface residues (i.e. residues in the epitope) in the human CGRP receptor to improve the binding affinity and/or inhibitory potency of the resulting variant anti-CGRP receptor antibodies. *See* Examples 1 and 5.

[0058] The analysis of the paratope/epitope interface described in Example 5 revealed that the heavy chain variable region, particularly CDRH3, plays an important role in the inhibitory

function and selectivity of the anti-CGRP receptor antibody for the CGRP receptor as paratope residues in the heavy chain interact with amino acids in both the CRLR and RAMP1 polypeptide components of the receptor. Thus, in certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a heavy chain variable region comprising complementarity determining regions CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3, wherein the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 47 with a mutation at one or more amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, 32, 54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 102, 105, 107, 111, and/or 113. In such embodiments, the mutation can be selected from T28N, T28K, T28R, T28H, T28F, T28W, T28Y, S30G, S30D, S30M, S31N, S31K, S31R, S31H, S31T, F32Y, D54A, S56E, I57D, K58E, K58D, K58T, Y59H, S60Y, N102D, N102E, D105R, D105E, S107Y, S107F, H111G, K113H, or combinations thereof. In some embodiments, the mutation is selected from T28N, T28K, T28R, T28H, S31N, S31K, S31R, S31H, N102D, N102E, or combinations thereof. In these and other embodiments, the CDRH3 of the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment is more than 15 amino acids in length, for example, from about 18 to about 25 amino acids in length. As described in Example 5, the potency of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies is directly correlated with the length of the CDRH3 region with greater potency observed for antibodies having longer CDRH3 regions. Without being bound by theory, it is believed that the long CDRH3 region enables the antibody to effectively bind to a recessed epitope deep in the CRLR/RAMP1 interface. *See* Figure 7B.

[0059] In certain related embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising complementarity determining regions CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3, wherein the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23 or SEQ ID NO: 24 with a mutation at one or more amino acid positions 26, 31, 32, 33, 53, 54, 56, 57, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, and/or 100. In some embodiments, the mutation is selected from S26F, S26R, S26Y, N31R, N31I, N31W, N32S, N32Y, N32R, N32K, N32W, Y33T, Y33S, Y33A, Y33P, N53R, N53M, K54W, K54F, K54Y, P56A, S57G, S57R, S57Q, S94Y, S94W, R95Q, R95A, R95W, L96W, L96M, L96T, L96H, L96R, S97K, S97Q, S97T, S97R, A98S, A98V, V100T, V100I, or combinations thereof. In one particular embodiment, the mutation is selected from S26R, S26Y, N31I, N31R, N32K, N32Y, Y33A, Y33S, or combinations thereof.

[0060] The antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention may comprise one or more complementarity determining regions (CDR) from the light and heavy chain variable regions of antibodies that specifically bind to human CGRP receptor as described herein. The term “CDR” refers to the complementarity determining region (also termed “minimal recognition units” or “hypervariable region”) within antibody variable sequences. There are three heavy chain variable region CDRs (CDRH1, CDRH2 and CDRH3) and three light chain variable region CDRs (CDRL1, CDRL2 and CDRL3). The term “CDR region” as used herein refers to a group of three CDRs that occur in a single variable region (i.e. the three light chain CDRs or the three heavy chain CDRs). The CDRs in each of the two chains typically are aligned by the framework regions (FRs) to form a structure that binds specifically with a specific epitope or domain on the target protein (*e.g.*, human CGRP receptor). From N-terminus to C-terminus, naturally-occurring light and heavy chain variable regions both typically conform with the following order of these elements: FR1, CDR1, FR2, CDR2, FR3, CDR3 and FR4. A numbering system has been devised for assigning numbers to amino acids that occupy positions in each of these domains. This numbering system is defined in Kabat Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest (1987 and 1991, NIH, Bethesda, MD), or Chothia & Lesk, 1987, *J. Mol. Biol.* 196:901-917; Chothia *et al.*, 1989, *Nature* 342:878-883. Complementarity determining regions (CDRs) and framework regions (FR) of a given antibody may be identified using this system. Other numbering systems for the amino acids in immunoglobulin chains include IMGT[®] (the international ImMunoGeneTics information system; Lefranc *et al.*, *Dev. Comp. Immunol.* 29:185-203; 2005) and AHo (Honegger and Pluckthun, *J. Mol. Biol.* 309(3):657-670; 2001).

[0061] In certain embodiments, the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention that specifically bind to human CGRP receptor comprise at least one light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3, and at least one heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 from any of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies described herein. Light chain and heavy chain variable regions and associated CDRs of exemplary human anti-CGRP receptor antibodies are set forth below in Tables 2A and 2B, respectively.

Table 2A. Exemplary Anti-Human CGRP Receptor Antibody Light Chain Variable Region Amino Acid Sequences

Antibody ID.	VL Group	VL Amino Acid Sequence	CDRL1	CDRL2	CDRL3
4E4, 03, 03A, 03B	LV-01	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSSSNIGNNYVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSTTLGITGLQTGDEADY YCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTKL TVLG (SEQ ID NO: 23)	SGSSSNIGNNYVS (SEQ ID NO: 5)	DNNKRPS (SEQ ID NO: 13)	GTWDSRLSAVV (SEQ ID NO: 17)
4E4.2, 04, 07, 09, 10	LV-02	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSSSNIGNNYVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 24)	SGSSSNIGNNYVS (SEQ ID NO: 5)	DNNKRPS (SEQ ID NO: 13)	GTWDSRLSAVV (SEQ ID NO: 17)
01, 01A, 01B, 01C, 01D, 01E, 01F, 01G	LV-03	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSYSNIGRYSVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 25)	SGSYSNIGRYSVS (SEQ ID NO: 6)	DNNKRPS (SEQ ID NO: 13)	GTWDSRLSAVV (SEQ ID NO: 17)
02, 02A, 02B	LV-04	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGRSNIGIKAVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 26)	SGRSNIGIKAVS (SEQ ID NO: 7)	DNNKRPS (SEQ ID NO: 13)	GTWDSRLSAVV (SEQ ID NO: 17)
05	LV-05	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSFSNIGRSTVSWYQQLPGTA PKLLIYDNRWRAGGIPDRFSGS KSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEADY YCGTDYQWKAVVFGGGTK LTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 27)	SGSFSNIGRSTVS (SEQ ID NO: 8)	DNRWRAG (SEQ ID NO: 14)	GTWDYQWKAV V (SEQ ID NO: 18)
06	LV-06	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSYSNIGRKSVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 28)	SGSYSNIGRKSVS (SEQ ID NO: 9)	DNNKRPS (SEQ ID NO: 13)	GTWDSRLSAVV (SEQ ID NO: 17)
08	LV-07	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSYSNIGWWPVSWSYQQLPG TAPKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFS GSKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEA DYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGT KLTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 29)	SGSYSNIGWWPV S (SEQ ID NO: 10)	DNNKRPS (SEQ ID NO: 13)	GTWDSRLSAVV (SEQ ID NO: 17)
11	LV-08	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGRSNIGRYSVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYENMFRPRGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTDYRMQAVVFGGGT KLTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 30)	SGRSNIGRYSVS (SEQ ID NO: 11)	ENMFRPR (SEQ ID NO: 15)	GTWDYRMQAV V (SEQ ID NO: 19)

Antibody ID.	VL Group	VL Amino Acid Sequence	CDRL1	CDRL2	CDRL3
12	LV-09	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSRSNIGRYSVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNRVYRAQGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDWATTSVVFVGGGK LTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 31)	SGSRSNIGRYSVS (SEQ ID NO: 11)	DNRYRAQ (SEQ ID NO: 16)	GTWDWATTSVV (SEQ ID NO: 20)
13	LV-10	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSRSNIGRRTVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFVGGGK LTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 32)	SGSRSNIGRRTVS (SEQ ID NO: 12)	DNNKRPS (SEQ ID NO: 13)	GTWDSRLSAVV (SEQ ID NO: 17)
14	LV-11	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSSSNIGNNYVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSWHRVVFVGGGK LTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 33)	SGSSSNIGNNYVS (SEQ ID NO: 5)	DNNKRPS (SEQ ID NO: 13)	GTWDSWHRVV T (SEQ ID NO: 21)
15	LV-12	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSSSNIGNNYVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTDWWRKAVIFVGGGT KLTVLG (SEQ ID NO: 34)	SGSSSNIGNNYVS (SEQ ID NO: 5)	DNNKRPS (SEQ ID NO: 13)	GTWDWWRKAV I (SEQ ID NO: 22)

Table 2B. Exemplary Anti-Human CGRP Receptor Antibody Heavy Chain Variable Region Amino Acid Sequences

Antibody ID.	VH Group	VH Amino Acid Sequence	CDRH1	CDRH2	CDRH3
4E4	HV-01	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPG KGLEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDS VKGRFTISRDN SKNTLFLQMN SLRAEDTAVYYCARDRLNYY DSSGYYHYKYYGMAVWGQG TTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 47)	SFGMH (SEQ ID NO: 35)	VISFDGSIKYS VDSVKG (SEQ ID NO: 39)	DRLNYYDSSGYY HYKYYGMAV (SEQ ID NO: 43)
4E4.2, 01, 01A, 01B, 01C, 01D, 01E, 01F, 01G, 02, 02A, 02B, 05, 06, 08, 12, 13, 14, 15	HV-02	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPG KGLEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDS VKGRFTISRDN SKNTLFLQMN SLRAEDTAVYYCARDRLNYY ESSGYYHYKYYGMAVWGQG TTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 48)	SFGMH (SEQ ID NO: 35)	VISFDGSIKYS VDSVKG (SEQ ID NO: 39)	DRLNYYESSGYY HYKYYGMAV (SEQ ID NO: 44)
03, 03A, 03B, 04	HV-03	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPG KGLEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDS VKGRFTISRDN SKNTLFLQMN SLRAEDTAVYYCARDRLNYY	SFGMH (SEQ ID NO: 35)	VISFDGSIKYS VDSVKG (SEQ ID NO: 39)	DRLNYYRSFGYY GYHYGMAV (SEQ ID NO: 45)

Antibody ID.	VH Group	VH Amino Acid Sequence	CDRH1	CDRH2	CDRH3
		RSFGYYGYHYYGMAVWGQG TTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 49)			
07	HV-04	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFYFMTYGMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVD SVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLFLQM NSLRAEDTAVYYCARDRLNY YESSGYYHYKYYGMAVWGQG GTTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 50)	TYGMH (SEQ ID NO: 36)	VISFDGSIKYS VDSVKG (SEQ ID NO: 39)	DRLNYYESSGYY HYKYYGMAV (SEQ ID NO: 44)
09	HV-05	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPG KGLEWVAVISFAGEIDYYVDS VKGRFTISRDN SKNTLFLQMN SLRAEDTAVYYCARDRLNYY ESSGYYHYKYYGMAVWGQG TTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 51)	SFGMH (SEQ ID NO: 35)	VISFAGEIDY YVDSVKG (SEQ ID NO: 40)	DRLNYYESSGYY HYKYYGMAV (SEQ ID NO: 44)
10	HV-06	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFFFGSYGMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISFAGEIEHYVD SVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLFLQM NSLRAEDTAVYYCARDRLNY YESSGYYHYKYYGMAVWGQG GTTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 52)	SYGMH (SEQ ID NO: 37)	VISFAGEIEH YVDSVKG (SEQ ID NO: 41)	DRLNYYESSGYY HYKYYGMAV (SEQ ID NO: 44)
11	HV-07	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFWFDTFGMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISFAGEDTHYV DSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLFLQ MNSLRAEDTAVYYCARDRLN YYESYGYGYHYYGMAVWG QGTTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 53)	TFGMH (SEQ ID NO: 38)	VISFAGEDTH YVDSVKG (SEQ ID NO: 42)	DRLNYYESYGY GYHYYGMAV (SEQ ID NO: 46)

[0062] The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention may comprise one or more of the light chain CDRs (i.e. CDRLs) and/or heavy chain CDRs (i.e. CDRHs) presented in Tables 2A and 2B, respectively. For instance, in some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a CDRL1 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 5 to 12; a CDRL2 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 13 to 16; a CDRL3 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 17 to 22; a CDRH1 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 35 to 38; a CDRH2 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 39 to 42; and a CDRH3 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 44 to 46.

[0063] In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain

variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3, wherein: (a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 6, 13 and 17, respectively; (b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 7, 13 and 17, respectively; (c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively; (d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 8, 14 and 18, respectively; (e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 9, 13 and 17, respectively; (f) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 10, 13 and 17, respectively; (g) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 15 and 19, respectively; (h) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 16 and 20, respectively; (i) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 12, 13 and 17, respectively; (j) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 21, respectively; or (k) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 22, respectively. In these and other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein: (a) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively; (b) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 45, respectively; (c) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 36, 39 and 44, respectively; (d) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 40 and 44, respectively; (e) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 37, 41 and 44, respectively; or (f) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 38, 42 and 46, respectively.

[0064] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein:

(a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 6, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 7, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 45, respectively;

(d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 8, 14 and 18, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 9, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(f) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 36, 39 and 44, respectively;

(g) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 10, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(h) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 40 and 44, respectively;

(i) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 37, 41 and 44, respectively;

(j) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 15 and 19, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 38, 42 and 46, respectively;

(k) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 16 and 20, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(l) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 12, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(m) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 21, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively; or

(n) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 22, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively.

[0065] In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 6, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively. In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 7, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively. In yet another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 45, respectively. In still another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 8, 14 and 18, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively. In one particular

embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 9, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively.

[0066] In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention may comprise CDRs having sequences according to consensus CDR sequences generated from sequence alignments of CDR sequences from anti-CGRP receptor antibodies having enhanced inhibitory potency (*see* Example 1) or predicted from the analysis of the structure of the paratope/epitope interface (*see* Example 5). For instance, in certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein CDRH1 comprises a sequence according to a CDRH1 consensus sequence, CDRH2 comprises a sequence according to a CDRH2 consensus sequence, and CDRH3 comprises a sequence according to a CDRH3 consensus sequence. In one embodiment, the CDRH1 consensus sequence is $X_1FX_2X_3X_4GMH$ (SEQ ID NO: 471), where X_1 is N, K, R, H, F, W, or Y; X_2 is S, G, D, or M; X_3 is S, T, N, K, R, or H; and X_4 is F or Y. In another embodiment, the CDRH1 consensus sequence is X_1FSX_2FGMH (SEQ ID NO: 472), where X_1 is N, K, R, or H and X_2 is S, T, N, K, R, or H. In related embodiments, the CDRH2 consensus sequence is $VISFX_1GX_2X_3X_4X_5X_6VDSVKG$ (SEQ ID NO: 473), where X_1 is D or A; X_2 is S or E; X_3 is I or D; X_4 is K, E, T, or D; X_5 is Y or H; and X_6 is S or Y. In other related embodiments, the CDRH3 consensus sequence is $DRLX_1YYX_2SX_3GYX_4YX_5YYGMAV$ (SEQ ID NO: 474), where X_1 is N, D, or E; X_2 is D, E, or R; X_3 is S, Y, or F; X_4 is G or H; and X_5 is K or H.

[0067] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3, wherein CDRL1 comprises a sequence according to a CDRL1 consensus sequence, CDRL2 comprises a sequence according to a CDRL2 consensus sequence, and CDRL3 comprises a sequence according to a CDRL3 consensus sequence. In such embodiments, the CDRL1 consensus sequence may be

SGSX₁SNIGX₂X₃X₄VS (SEQ ID NO: 475), where X₁ is F, R, Y, or S; X₂ is N, R, I, or W; X₃ is N, S, Y, R, K, or W; and X₄ is Y, T, S, A, or P. In related embodiments, the CDRL2 consensus sequence is DNX₁X₂RX₃X₄ (SEQ ID NO: 476), where X₁ is N, R, or M; X₂ is K, W, F, or Y; X₃ is P or A; and X₄ is S, G, R, or Q. In still other related embodiments, the CDRL3 consensus sequence may be GTWDX₁X₂X₃X₄X₅VX₆ (SEQ ID NO: 477), where X₁ is S, Y, or W; X₂ is R, Q, A, or W; X₃ is L, W, M, T, H, or R; X₄ is S, K, Q, T, or R; X₅ is A, S, or V; and X₆ is V, T, or I.

[0068] In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise an immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region (VH) and an immunoglobulin light chain variable region (VL) from an antibody that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor, such as the antibodies described herein. The “variable region,” used interchangeably herein with “variable domain” (variable region of a light chain (VL), variable region of a heavy chain (VH)), refers to the region in each of the light and heavy immunoglobulin chains which is involved directly in binding the antibody to the antigen. As discussed above, the regions of variable light and heavy chains have the same general structure and each region comprises four framework (FR) regions, the sequences of which are widely conserved, connected by three CDRs. The framework regions adopt a beta-sheet conformation and the CDRs may form loops connecting the beta-sheet structure. The CDRs in each chain are held in their three-dimensional structure by the framework regions and form, together with the CDRs from the other chain, the antigen binding site. Thus, in some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention may comprise a light chain variable region selected from LV-01 to LV-12, as shown in Table 2A, and/or a heavy chain variable region selected from HV-01 to HV-07, as shown in Table 2B, and binding fragments, derivatives, and variants of these light chain and heavy chain variable regions.

[0069] Each of the light chain variable regions listed in Table 2A may be combined with any of the heavy chain variable regions listed in Table 2B to form an anti-CGRP antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of the invention or an anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of a bispecific antigen binding protein of the invention. Examples of such combinations include, but are not limited to: (i) LV-03 and HV-02; (ii) LV-04 and HV-02; (iii) LV-01 and HV-03; (iv) LV-02 and any one of HV-03, HV-04, HV-05, and HV-06; (v) LV-05 and HV-02; (vi) LV-06 and

HV-02; (vii) LV-07 and HV-02; (viii) LV-08 and HV-07; (ix) LV-09 and HV-02; (x) LV-10 and HV-02; (xi) LV-11 and HV-02; and (xii) LV-12 and HV-02.

[0070] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 25 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 26 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48. In other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 49. In still other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 49. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 27 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 28 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48.

[0071] In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 50. In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48. In yet another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding

proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 51. In still another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 52. In one particular embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 53. In another particular embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 32 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 33 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48. In other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 34 and a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48.

[0072] In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof comprise a light chain variable region comprising a sequence of contiguous amino acids that differs from the sequence of a light chain variable region in Table 2A, i.e. a VL selected from LV-01 to LV-12, at only 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 amino acid residues, wherein each such sequence difference is independently either a deletion, insertion or substitution of one amino acid, with the deletions, insertions and/or substitutions resulting in no more than 15 amino acid changes relative to the foregoing variable domain sequences. The light chain variable region in some anti-CGRP

receptor antibodies, binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 23 to 34 (i.e. the light chain variable regions in Table 2A).

[0073] In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34. In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising a sequence that is at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34. In yet another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 25. In other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 26. In yet other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24. In still other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 27. In one particular embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 28. In another particular embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23.

[0074] In these and other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof comprise a heavy chain variable region comprising a sequence of contiguous amino acids that differs from the sequence of a heavy chain variable region in Table 2B, i.e., a VH selected from HV-01 to HV-07, at only 1, 2,

3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 amino acid residues, wherein each such sequence difference is independently either a deletion, insertion or substitution of one amino acid, with the deletions, insertions and/or substitutions resulting in no more than 15 amino acid changes relative to the foregoing variable domain sequences. The heavy chain variable region in some anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 47 to 53 (i.e. the heavy chain variable regions in Table 2B).

[0075] In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53. In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising a sequence that is at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53. In yet another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48. In other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 49. In yet other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 50. In still other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 51. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 52. In other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor

antibody, antigen-binding fragment, antigen binding protein, or binding domain thereof comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 53.

[0076] The term “identity,” as used herein, refers to a relationship between the sequences of two or more polypeptide molecules or two or more nucleic acid molecules, as determined by aligning and comparing the sequences. “Percent identity,” as used herein, means the percent of identical residues between the amino acids or nucleotides in the compared molecules and is calculated based on the size of the smallest of the molecules being compared. For these calculations, gaps in alignments (if any) must be addressed by a particular mathematical model or computer program (i.e., an “algorithm”). Methods that can be used to calculate the identity of the aligned nucleic acids or polypeptides include those described in Computational Molecular Biology, (Lesk, A. M., ed.), 1988, New York: Oxford University Press; Biocomputing Informatics and Genome Projects, (Smith, D. W., ed.), 1993, New York: Academic Press; Computer Analysis of Sequence Data, Part I, (Griffin, A. M., and Griffin, H. G., eds.), 1994, New Jersey: Humana Press; von Heinje, G., 1987, Sequence Analysis in Molecular Biology, New York: Academic Press; Sequence Analysis Primer, (Gribskov, M. and Devereux, J., eds.), 1991, New York: M. Stockton Press; and Carillo et al., 1988, SIAM J. Applied Math. 48:1073. For example, sequence identity can be determined by standard methods that are commonly used to compare the similarity in position of the amino acids of two polypeptides. Using a computer program such as BLAST or FASTA, two polypeptide or two polynucleotide sequences are aligned for optimal matching of their respective residues (either along the full length of one or both sequences, or along a pre-determined portion of one or both sequences). The programs provide a default opening penalty and a default gap penalty, and a scoring matrix such as PAM 250 (Dayhoff *et al.*, in Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure, vol. 5, supp. 3, 1978) or BLOSUM62 (Henikoff *et al.*, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:10915-10919) can be used in conjunction with the computer program. For example, the percent identity can then be calculated as: the total number of identical matches multiplied by 100 and then divided by the sum of the length of the longer sequence within the matched span and the number of gaps introduced into the longer sequences in order to align the two sequences. In calculating percent identity, the sequences being compared are aligned in a way that gives the largest match between the sequences.

[0077] The GCG program package is a computer program that can be used to determine percent identity, which package includes GAP (Devereux *et al.*, 1984, Nucl. Acid Res. 12:387; Genetics

Computer Group, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI). The computer algorithm GAP is used to align the two polypeptides or two polynucleotides for which the percent sequence identity is to be determined. The sequences are aligned for optimal matching of their respective amino acid or nucleotide (the “matched span,” as determined by the algorithm). A gap opening penalty (which is calculated as 3x the average diagonal, wherein the “average diagonal” is the average of the diagonal of the comparison matrix being used; the “diagonal” is the score or number assigned to each perfect amino acid match by the particular comparison matrix) and a gap extension penalty (which is usually 1/10 times the gap opening penalty), as well as a comparison matrix such as PAM 250 or BLOSUM 62 are used in conjunction with the algorithm. In certain embodiments, a standard comparison matrix (*see*, Dayhoff *et al.*, 1978, Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure 5:345-352 for the PAM 250 comparison matrix; Henikoff *et al.*, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:10915-10919 for the BLOSUM 62 comparison matrix) is also used by the algorithm. [0078] Recommended parameters for determining percent identity for polypeptides or nucleotide sequences using the GAP program include the following:

Algorithm: Needleman *et al.* 1970, J. Mol. Biol. 48:443-453;

Comparison matrix: BLOSUM 62 from Henikoff *et al.*, 1992, *supra*;

Gap Penalty: 12 (but with no penalty for end gaps)

Gap Length Penalty: 4

Threshold of Similarity: 0

[0079] Certain alignment schemes for aligning two amino acid sequences may result in matching of only a short region of the two sequences, and this small aligned region may have very high sequence identity even though there is no significant relationship between the two full-length sequences. Accordingly, the selected alignment method (GAP program) can be adjusted if so desired to result in an alignment that spans at least 50 contiguous amino acids of the target polypeptide.

[0080] The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen binding proteins of the invention can comprise any immunoglobulin constant region. The term “constant region,” used interchangeably herein with “constant domain” refers to all domains of an antibody other than the variable region. The constant region is not involved directly in binding of an antigen, but exhibits various effector functions. As described above, antibodies are divided into particular isotypes (IgA, IgD, IgE, IgG, and IgM) and subtypes (IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, IgA1 IgA2)

depending on the amino acid sequence of the constant region of their heavy chains. The light chain constant region can be, for example, a kappa- or lambda-type light chain constant region, e.g., a human kappa- or lambda-type light chain constant region, which are found in all five antibody isotypes. Examples of human immunoglobulin light chain constant region amino acid sequences are shown in the following table.

Table 3. Exemplary Human Immunoglobulin Light Chain Constant Regions

Designation	SEQ ID NO:	CL Domain Amino Acid Sequence
Human lambda v1	54	GQPKANPTVTLPFPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVTVAWKA DGSPVKAGVETTKPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSHRSYSC QVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS
Human lambda v2	55	GQPKAAPSVTLPFPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVTVAWKA DSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSHRSYSCQ VTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS
Human lambda v3	56	QPKAAPSVTLPFPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVTVAWKAD SSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSHRSYSCQV THEGSTVEKTVAPTECS
Human lambda v4	57	GQPKAAPSVTLPFPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVTVAWKA DSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSHKSYSCQ VTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS
Human lambda v5	58	GQPKAAPSVTLPFPSSEELQANKATLVCLVSDFYPGAVTVAWK ADGSPVKVGVETTKPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSHRSYS CRVTHEGSTVEKTVAPAECS
Human kappa v1	59	TVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDN ALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEV THQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC
Human kappa v2	60	RTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVD NALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDYSLSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACE VTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC

[0081] The heavy chain constant region of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen binding proteins of the invention can be, for example, an alpha-, delta-, epsilon-, gamma-, or mu-type heavy chain constant region, e.g., a human alpha-, delta-, epsilon-, gamma-, or mu-type heavy chain constant region. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen binding proteins comprise a heavy chain constant region from an IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4 immunoglobulin, such as a human IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4 immunoglobulin. In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen binding protein comprises a heavy

chain constant region from a human IgG1 immunoglobulin. In such embodiments, the human IgG1 immunoglobulin constant region may comprise one or more mutations to prevent glycosylation of the antibody or antigen binding protein as described in more detail herein. In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen binding protein comprises a heavy chain constant region from a human IgG2 immunoglobulin. In yet another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen binding protein comprises a heavy chain constant region from a human IgG4 immunoglobulin. Examples of human IgG1, IgG2, and IgG4 heavy chain constant region amino acid sequences are shown below in Table 4.

Table 4. Exemplary Human Immunoglobulin Heavy Chain Constant Regions

Ig isotype	SEQ ID NO:	Heavy Chain Constant Region Amino Acid Sequence
Human IgG1z	61	ASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWN SGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNV NHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFP PKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCL VKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKL TVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK
Human IgG1za	62	ASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWN SGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNV NHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFP PKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCL VKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKL TVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK
Human IgG1f	63	ASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWN SGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNV NHKPSNTKVDKRVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFP PKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVH NAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCL VKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKL TVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK
Human IgG1fa	64	ASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWN SGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNV NHKPSNTKVDKRVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFP PKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVH

Ig isotype	SEQ ID NO:	Heavy Chain Constant Region Amino Acid Sequence
		NAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK
Human IgG1z aglycosylated v1	65	ASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYGSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK
Human IgG1z aglycosylated v2	66	ASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK
Human IgG2	67	ASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSNFGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVDKTVERKCCVECPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRVSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPMLDSDGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK
Human IgG4	68	ASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYTCNV DHKPSNTKVDKRVESKYGPPCPSCPAPEFLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSDQEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPSSIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSQEEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSRLTVDKSRWQEGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

[0082] Each of the light chain variable regions disclosed in Table 2A and each of the heavy chain variable regions disclosed in Table 2B may be attached to the above light chain constant regions (Table 3) and heavy chain constant regions (Table 4) to form complete antibody light and heavy chains, respectively. Further, each of the so generated heavy and light chain sequences

may be combined to form a complete antibody structure or bispecific antigen binding protein as described in more detail below. It should be understood that the heavy chain and light chain variable regions provided herein can also be attached to other constant domains having different sequences than the exemplary sequences listed above.

[0083] The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments of the invention can be any of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments disclosed herein. For example, in certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment is an anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment selected from any of the antibodies listed in Tables 12, 13, and 14 or antigen-binding fragments thereof. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment of the invention is selected from antibodies 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15 or antigen-binding fragments thereof, the variable region and CDR sequences of which are set forth in Tables 2A and 2B. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody is an antibody selected from 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, and 06 antibodies. Full-length light chain and full-length heavy chain sequences of these exemplary human anti-CGRP receptor antibodies are set forth below in Tables 5A and 5B, respectively.

Table 5A. Exemplary Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody Light Chain Sequences

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
4E4	LC-01	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSSNIGNNYVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSTTLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLGQPKANPTVTLFPPSSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADGSPVKAGVETTKPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 69)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTG CGGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTC TGGAAGCAGCTCCAACATTGGGAATAATTATGTA TCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCA AACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCCTC AGGGATTCTTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCT GGCACGTCAACCACCCTGGGCATCACC GGACTCC AGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAAC ATGGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGC GGAGGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTCAGCCCA AGGCCAACCCCACTGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTC CTCTGAGGAGCTCCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTA GTGTGTCTGATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCTGT GACAGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATGGCAGCCCCGTC AAGGCGGGAGTGAGAGACCACCAACCCTCCAAA CAGAGCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTACC TGAGCCTGACGCCCAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAG AAGCTACAGCTGCCAGGTCACGCATGAAGGGAGC ACCGTGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCTACAGAATG TTCA (SEQ ID NO: 99)

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
4E4.2, 04, 07, 09, 10	LC-02	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSSSNIGNNYVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 70)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCAGCTCCAACATTGGGAATAATTATGTAT CCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCA GGGATTCTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGG CACGTTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAG ACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGG AGGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTACGCCCAAG GCTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTC TGAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTG TGTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGAAGCCACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 100)
01	LC-03	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSYSNIGRYSVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 71)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCTACTCCAACATTGGGCGTTACTCTGTATC CTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCAA CTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAG GGATTCTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGC ACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAGA CTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACATG GGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGA GGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTACGCCCAAGG CTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTCT GAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTGT GTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGAAGCCACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 101)
01A, 01B, 01C, 01D, 01E, 01F, 01G	LC-04	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSYSNIGRYSVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPS KQSNNKYAAKSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 72)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCTACTCCAACATTGGGCGTTACTCTGTATC CTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCAA CTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAG GGATTCTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGC ACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAGA CTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACATG GGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGA GGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTACGCCCAAGG CTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTCT GAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTGT GTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			GCGGGAGTGGA AACACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAAGAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 102)
02	LC-05	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSRNIGIKAVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 73)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCCGTTCCAACATTGGGATCAAAGCTGTAT CCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCA GGGATTCTTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGG CACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAG ACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGG AGGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTCAGCCCAAG GCTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTC TGAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTG TGTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGA AACACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 103)
02A, 02B	LC-06	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSRNIGIKAVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPS KQSNNKYA AAKSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 74)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCCGTTCCAACATTGGGATCAAAGCTGTAT CCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCA GGGATTCTTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGG CACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAG ACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGG AGGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTCAGCCCAAG GCTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTC TGAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTG TGTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGA AACACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAAGAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 104)
03	LC-07	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSSNIGNNYVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSTTLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPS	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCAGCTCCAACATTGGGAATAATTATGTAT CCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCA GGGATTCTTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGG CACGTCAACCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAG ACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 75)	GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGG AGGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTACGCCAAG GCTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTC TGAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTG TGTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGAACCACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 105)
03A, 03B	LC-08	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSSNIGNNYVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSTTLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWD SRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPS KQSNNKYAAKSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 76)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCAGCTCCAACATTGGGAATAATTATGTAT CCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCAGGAACAGCCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCA GGGATTCTTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGG CAGTCAACACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAG ACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGG AGGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTACGCCAAG GCTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTC TGAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTG TGTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGAACCACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAAGAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 106)
05	LC-09	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSFSNIGRSTVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNRWRAGGIPDRFS GSKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEA DYYCGTWDYQWKAVVFGGG TKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSS EELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGA VTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTT PSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQ WKSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKT VAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 77)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCTTCTCCAACATTGGGCGTTCTACTGTATC CTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAAA CTCCTCATTTATGACAATCGTTGGCGCGCGGGTGG GATTCTTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCA CGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAGAC TGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACATGG GATTACAGTGGAAGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAG GGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTACGCCAAGGC TGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTCTG AGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTGTG TCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGACA GTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAGG CGGGAGTGGAACCACCACACCCTCCAAACAAAG CAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAGC CTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGCT ACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCGT GGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 107)
06	LC-10	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSYSNIGRKS VSWYQQLPGT	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTACCATCTCCTGCTCT

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGTK LTVLGQPKAAPSVTLPFPSSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 78)	GGAAGCTACTCCAACATTGGGCGTAAATCTGTAT CCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCA GGGATTCTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGG CACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAG ACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGG AGGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTCAGCCCAAG GCTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTC TGAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTG TGTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGAAGCCACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTCACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 108)
08	LC-11	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSYSNIGWWPVSQYQLPG TAPKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFS GSKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEA DYYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGT KLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLPFPSSE ELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAV TVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 79)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCTACTCCAACATTGGGTGGTGGCCGGTAT CCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCA GGGATTCTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGG CACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAG ACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGG AGGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTCAGCCCAAG GCTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTC TGAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTG TGTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGAAGCCACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTCACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 109)
11	LC-12	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSRNIGRYSVSWYQLPGT APKLLIYENMFRPRGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDYRMQAVVFGGGT KLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLPFPSSE ELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAV TVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 80)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCCGTCCAACATTGGGCGTTACTCTGTATC CTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAAA CTCCTCATTTATGAAAATATGTTCCGCCCGGTGG GATTCTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCA CGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAGAC TGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACATGG GATTACCGTATGCAGGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAG GGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTCAGCCCAAGGC TGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTCTG AGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTGTG TCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGACA GTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAGG CGGGAGTGGAAGCCACCACACCCTCCAAACAAAG CAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAGC

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			CTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCACAGAAGCT ACAGCTGCCAGGTCACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCGT GGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 110)
12	LC-13	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSRNIGRYSVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNRYRAQGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDWATTSVVFGGGK LTVLGQPKAAPSVTLPSPSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 81)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCCGTTCCAACATTGGGCGTTACTCTGTATC CTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAAA CTCCTCATTTATGACAATCGTTACCGCGCGCAGGG GATTCTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCA CGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAGAC TGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACATGG GATTGGGCTACTACTTCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGG GACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTGAGCCCAAGGCT GCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTCTGA GGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTGTGT CTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCCGTGACAG TGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAGGC GGGAGTGGAACCACACACCCTCCAAACAAAGC AACAAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAGCC TGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCACAGAAGCTA CAGCTGCCAGGTCACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCGTG GAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 111)
13	LC-14	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSRNIGRRTVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSRLSAVVFGGGK LTVLGQPKAAPSVTLPSPSEE LQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVT VAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 82)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCCGTTCCAACATTGGGCGTCGTACTGTAT CCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCA GGGATTCTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGG CACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAG ACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGG AGGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTGAGCCCAAG GCTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTC TGAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTG TGTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGAACCACACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 112)
14	LC-15	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSSNIGNNYVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDSWHRVVFVGGGT KLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLPSPSEE ELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAV TVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCAGCTCCAACATTGGGAATAATTATGTAT CCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCA GGGATTCTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGG CACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAG ACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATTCTTGGCATCGTGTGTGACTTTCGGCGGA GGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCCTAGGTGAGCCCAAGG

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 83)	CTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTCT GAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTGT GTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGAACCACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 113)
15	LC-16	QSVLTQPPSVSAAPGQKVTISC SGSSSNIGNNYVSWYQQLPGT APKLLIYDNNKRPSGIPDRFSG SKSGTSATLGITGLQTGDEAD YYCGTWDWWRKAVIFGGGT KLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSE ELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAV TVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPS KQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTV APTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGC GGCCCCAGGACAGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCT GGAAGCAGCTCCAACATTGGGAATAATTATGTAT CCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCAGGAACAGCCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCA GGGATTCTGACCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGG CACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCACCGGACTCCAG ACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATTGGTGGCGTAAAGCTGTGATTTTCGGCGG AGGGACCAAGCTGACCGTCTAGGTACGCCAAG GCTGCACCCTCGGTCACTCTGTTCCCGCCCTCCTC TGAGGAGCTTCAAGCCAACAAGGCCACACTGGTG TGTCTCATCAGTGACTTCTACCCGGGAGCCGTGAC AGTGGCCTGGAAGGCAGATAGCAGCCCCGTCAAG GCGGGAGTGGAACCACCACACCCTCCAAACAAA GCAACAACAAGTACGCGGCCAGCAGCTATCTGAG CCTGACGCCTGAGCAGTGGAAGTCCCACAGAAGC TACAGCTGCCAGGTACGCATGAAGGGAGCACCG TGGAGAAGACAGTGGCCCCTACAGAATGTTCA (SEQ ID NO: 114)

Table 5B. Exemplary Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody Heavy Chain Sequences

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
4E4	HC-01	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKGR FTISRDNKNTLFLQMNSLRAED TAVYYCARDRLNYYDSSGYYH YKYYGMAVWGQGTITVTVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVT VPSSNFGTQTYTCNVDHKPSNT KVDKTVKRCCKVECPPCAPPV AGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHEDPEVQFNWYVD GVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTFRV VSVLTVVHQDWLNGKEYKCKV SNKGLPAPIEKTISKTKGQPREPQ VYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNY	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGATGGAAGTATT AAGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATT ACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGT TTCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACAC GGCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAAT TACTATGATAGTAGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATA CTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACCAC GGTCACCGTCTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCA TCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCGCCCTGCTCCAGGAGCAC CTCCGAGAGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTC AAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCGT GGAAGTACAGGCGCTCTGACCAGCGGCGTGCACA CCTTCCCAGCTGTCTTACAGTCTCAGGACTCTAC TCCCTCAGCAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		KTTPPMLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDK SRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNH YTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 85)	ACTTCGGCACCCAGACCTACACCTGCAACGTAGA TCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAC AGTTGAGCGCAAATGTTGTGTCGAGTGCCCACCG TGCCCAGCACCACTGTGGCAGGACCGTCAGTCT TCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCTCATG ATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACGTGCGTGGTGG TGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCCGAGGTCCAGTT CAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAA TGCCAAGACAAAGCCACGGGAGGAGCAGTTCAA CAGCACGTTCCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCTCACCGTTG TGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAACGGCAAGGAGTACAA GTGCAAGGTCTCCAACAAAGGCCTCCAGCCCCC ATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAACCAAAGGGCAGC CCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATC CCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGTACGCCT GACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTACCCACGCGAC ATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCG GAGAACAACACTACAAGACCACACCTCCCATGCTGG ACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTACAGCAAGCTC ACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGAGGGAAC GTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCTCTGCA CAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCCTGTCT CCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 115)
4E4.2, 01, 02, 05, 06, 08, 12, 13, 14, 15	HC-02	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHVWRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKGR FTISRDNKNTLFLQMNSLRAED TAVYYCARDRLNYYESSGYYH YKYYGMAVWGQGTITVTVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVT VPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTK VDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPE LLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE VTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWY VDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGSTY RCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALPAIEKTISKAKGQPR EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCL LVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPEN NYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTV DKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 86)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGATGGAAGTATT AAGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTCA CCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTT TCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACG GCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATT ACTATGAGAGTAGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATA CTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACA GTTACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCCATC GGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCT CTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAA GGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGG AACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGCACACCT TCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCTCAGGACTCTACTCC CTCAGCAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCTCCAGCAGCT TGGGCAGCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCA CAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGT TGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGAC CGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGAC ACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACAT GCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCTGA GGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAG GTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGC AGTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCT CACCGTCTGTCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAG GAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCC CAGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAGCCAA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			AGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTG CCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGG TCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCC AGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGG CAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCC TGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGC AAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG GGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGG CTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTC CCTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 116)
01A, 01C 02A	HC-03	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKGR FTISRDNSKNTLFLQMNSLRAED TAVYYCARDRLNYYESSGYYH YKYYGMAVWGQGTTVTVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLESVVT VPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTK VDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPE LLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTP EVTCTVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWY VDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGSTY RCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALPAIEKTISKAKGQPR EPQVYTLPPSRKEMTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPVLKSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 87)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATTTGATGGAAGTATTA AGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTAC CATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTTT CTGCAAATGAACAGCCTCGCAGCCGAGACACGG CTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATTAC TATGAGAGTAGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATACT ACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGGCAAGGGACAACAGT TACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCG GTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTC TGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAG GACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGGA ACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGACACCTT CCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGACTCTACTCCC TCGAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCTT GGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCAC AAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTT GAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGCC CACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACCTCTGGGGGGGACC GTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGC GTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGG TCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGT GCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCA GTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTC ACCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGG AGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCC AGCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAA GGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCTGC CCCCATCCCGGAAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGT CAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCA GCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGC AGCCGGAGAACAACACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGAAGTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGCA AGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGG GGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCT CTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCC TGCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 117)
01B, 02B	HC-04	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKGR	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		FTISRDN SKNTLFLQMNSLRAED TAVYYC ARDLNYYESSGYH YKYYGMAVWGQGT TVTVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLESVVT VPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTK VDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPE LLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRKMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLKSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 88)	ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATTTGATGGAAGTATTA AGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTAC CATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTTT CTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACGG CTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATTAC TATGAGAGTAGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATACT ACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACAGT TACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCG GTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTC TGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAG GACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGTGA ACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGACACACCTT CCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCTCAGGACTCTACTCCC TCGAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCTT GGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCAC AAGCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTT GAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGCC CACCCTGCCAGCACCTGAACCTCTGGGGGGACC GTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGC GTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGG TCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGAGGT GCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCA GTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTC ACCGTCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGG AGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCC AGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAA GGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGC CCCCATCCCGAAGAAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGT CAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCA GCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGC AGCCGGAGAACAACCTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGAAGTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGCA AGCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGG GGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCT CTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCC TGCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 118)
01D	HC-05	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKGR FTISRDN SKNTLFLQMNSLRAED TAVYYC ARDLNYYESSGYH YKYYGMAVWGQGT TVTVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLESVVT VPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTK VDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPE LLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSRKMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPVLKSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 88)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATTTGATGGAAGTATTA AGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTAC CATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTTT CTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACGG CTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATTAC TATGAGAGTAGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATACT ACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACAGT TACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCG GTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTC TGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAG GACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGTGA ACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGACACACCTT

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		EPQVYTLPPSREKMTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPVLKSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 89)	CCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGACTCTACTCCC TCGAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCTT GGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCAC AAGCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTT GAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGCC CACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGGACC GTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCG GTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGG TCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGT GCATAATGCCAAGACAAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCA GTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTC ACCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGG AGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCC AGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAA GGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGC CCCCATCCCGGGGAGAAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGT CAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCA GCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGC AGCCGGAGAACAACCTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGAAGTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGCA AGCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGG GGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCT CTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCC TGCTCCGGGCAAA (SEQ ID NO: 119)
01E, 01F	HC-06	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHVWRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKGR FTISRDNKNTLFLQMNSLRAED TAVYYCARDRLNYYESSGYYH YKYYGMAVWGQGTTVTVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLESVVT VPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTK VDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPE LLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLYITREP EVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWY VDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGSTY RCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALPAIEKTISKAKGQPR EPQVYTLPPSRKEMTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPVLKSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 90)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATTTGATGGAAGTATTA AGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTAC CATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTTT CTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACGG CTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATTAC TATGAGAGTAGTGGTTATTACTACTACAAATACT ACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACAGT TACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCG GTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTC TGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAG GACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGTGGA ACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGCACACCTT CCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGACTCTACTCCC TCGAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCTT GGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCAC AAGCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTT GAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGCC CACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGGACC GTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCTATATCACCCGGGAGCCTGAGGTACATG CGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAG GTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGG TGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCA GTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTC ACCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			AGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCC AGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAA GGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGC CCCCATCCCGGAAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGT CAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCA GCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGC AGCCGGAGAACAACCTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGAAGTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGCA AGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGG GGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCT CTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCC TGCTCCGGGCAAA (SEQ ID NO: 120)
01G	HC-07	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHVVRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKGR FTISRDNKNTLFLQMNSLRAED TAVYYCARDRLNYYESSGYH YKYYGMAVWGQGTITVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLESVVT VPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTK VDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPE LLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLITREP EVTCTVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWY VDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGSTY RCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALPAIEKTISKAKGQPR EPQVYTLPPSREKMTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPVLKSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 91)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATTTGATGGAAGTATTA AGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTAC CATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTTT CTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACGG CTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATTAC TATGAGAGTAGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATACT ACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACAGT TACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCG GTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTC TGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAG GACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGTGA ACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGACACACCTT CCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGACTCTACTCCC TCGAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCTT GGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCAC AAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTT GAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGCC CACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACCTCCTGGGGGGGACC GTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCTATATCACCCGGGAGCCTGAGGTACATG CGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAG GTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGG TGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCA GTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTC ACCGTCCCTGCACAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGG AGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCC AGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAA GGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGC CCCCATCCCGGGAAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGT CAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCA GCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGC AGCCGGAGAACAACCTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGAAGTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGCA AGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGG GGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCT CTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCC TGCTCCGGGCAAA (SEQ ID NO: 121)

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
03, 04	HC-08	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKGR FTISRDN SKNTLFLQMNSLRAED TAVYYCARDRLNYYRSFGYYG YHYYGMAVWGQGTTVTVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVT VPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHNKPSNTK VDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPE LLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE VTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWY VDGVEVHNATKPCPEEQYGSTY RCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALPAIEKTISKAKGQPR EPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCL LVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPEN NYKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTV DKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 92)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGATGGAAGTATT AAGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTCA CCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTT TCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACG GCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAACT ACTATCGTAGTTTTCGGTTATTATGGTTACCATTAC TACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACAG TTACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCG GTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTC TGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAG GACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGTGGA ACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGCGTGCACACCTT CCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCTCAGGACTCTACTCCC TCAGCAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCTT GGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCAC AAGCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTT GAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGCC CACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACCTCCTGGGGGGACC GTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGC GTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGG TCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGT GCATAATGCCAAGACAAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCA GTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTC ACCGTCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGG AGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCC AGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAA GGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGC CCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGT CAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCA GCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGC AGCCGGAGAACAATAACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGCA AGCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGG GGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCT CTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCC TGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 122)
03A	HC-09	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKGR FTISRDN SKNTLFLQMNSLRAED TAVYYCARDRLNYYRSFGYYG YHYYGMAVWGQGTTVTVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLESVVT VPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHNKPSNTK VDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPE LLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE VTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWY	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATTTGATGGAAGTATTA AGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTAC CATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTTT CTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACGG CTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAACTA CTATCGTAGTTTCGGTTATTATGGTTACCATTACT ACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACAGT TACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCG GTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		VDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGSTY RCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVS NKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPR EPQVYTLPPSRKEMTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPVLKSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 93)	TGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAG GACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGTGA ACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGACACACCTT CCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGACTCTACTCCC TCGAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCTT GGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCAC AAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTT GAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGCC CACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGGACC GTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGC GTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGG TCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGT GCATAATGCCAAGACAAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCA GTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTC ACCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGG AGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAGCCCTCCC AGCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAGCCAAA GGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGC CCCCATCCCGGAAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGT CAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCA GCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGC AGCCGGAGAACAACACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGAAGTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGCA AGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGG GGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCT CTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCC TGCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 123)
03B	HC-10	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHVWRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKGR FTISRDN SKNTLFLQMNSLRAED TAVYYCARDRLNYYRSFGYYG YHYYGMAVWGQGTTVTVSSAS TKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLESVVT VPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTK VDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPE LLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT EVTCTVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWY VDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGSTY RCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVS NKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPR EPQVYTLPPSRKKMTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPVLKSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 94)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATTTGATGGAAGTATTA AGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTAC CATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTTT CTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACGG CTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAACTA CTATCGTAGTTTCGGTTATTATGGTTACCATTACT ACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACAGT TACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCG GTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTC TGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAG GACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGTGA ACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGACACACCTT CCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGACTCTACTCCC TCGAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCTT GGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCAC AAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTT GAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGCC CACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGGACC GTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGC GTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGG TCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGT

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			GCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCA GTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTC ACCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGG AGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCC AGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAA GGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGC CCCCATCCCGGAAGAAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGT CAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCA GCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGC AGCCGGAGAACAACCTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGAAGTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGCA AGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGG GGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCT CTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCC TGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 124)
07	HC-11	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFYFMTYGMHWVRQAPGK GLEWVAVISFDGSIKYSVDSVKG RFTISRDN SKNTLFLQMNSLRAE DTAVYYCARDRLNYESSGYY HYKYYGMAVWGQGT TTVTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAA LGCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSV TVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNT KVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPA PELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNW YVDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGST YRCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQP REPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPVLDS DGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNV FSCSV MHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 95)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTCTACTTCATGACTTATGGTATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGATGGGAGTATT AAGTATTCTGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTCA CCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTT TCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACG GCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATT ACTATGAGAGTAGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATA CTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACA GTTACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATC GGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCT CTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAA GGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGG AACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGCACACCT TCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGACTCTACTCC CTCAGCAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCT TGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCA CAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGT TGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGAC CGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGAC ACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACAT GCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGA GGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAG GTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGC AGTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCT CACCGTCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAG GAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCC CAGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAA AGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTG CCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGG TCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCC AGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGG CAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCG TGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGC AAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG GGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			CTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTC CCTGTCTCCGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 125)
09	HC-12	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFTFSSFGMHWVRQAPGKG LEWVAVISFAGEIDYYVDSVK RFTISRDN SKNTLFLQMNSLRAE DTAVYYCARDRLNYESSGYY HYKYYGMAVWGQTTVTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAA LGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSV TVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNT KVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPA PELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNW YVDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGST YRCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQP REPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSVSMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 96)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGCTTTGGCATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGCTGGAGAAATC GACTACTACGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTCA CCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTT TCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACG GCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATT ACTATGAGAGTAGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATA CTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACA GTTACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATC GGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCT CTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAA GGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGTGG AACTCAGGCGCCCTGACGACGCGGTGCACACCT TCCCGGTGTCTTACAGTCTCAGGACTCTACTCC CTCAGCAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCT TGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCA CAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGT TGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAACTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGAC CGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAACCCAAGGAC ACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACAT GCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGA GGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAG GTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGC AGTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCT CACCGTCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAG GAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCC CAGCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAA AGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTG CCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGG TCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCC AGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGG CAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCC TGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGC AAGTCAACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG GGGAACGTCTTCTCATGTCTCCGTGATGCATGAGG CTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTC CCTGTCTCCGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 126)
10	HC-13	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFFFGSYGMHWVRQAPGK GLEWVAVISFAGEIEHYVDSVK GRFTISRDN SKNTLFLQMNSLRA EDTAVYYCARDRLNYESSGYY HYKYYGMAVWGQTTVTVSSA STKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAA LGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSV TVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNT KVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPA	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTCTTCTTCGGTTCTTATGGTATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGCTGGAGAAATC GAACATTACGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTCA CCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTT TCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACG GCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATT ACTATGAGAGTAGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATA CTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		PELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNW YVDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGST YRCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQP REPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLT CLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 97)	GTTACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATC GGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCT CTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAA GGACTIONTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGTGG AACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGCACACCT TCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGACTCTACTCC CTCAGCAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCT TGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCA CAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGT TGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGAC CGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGAC ACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACAT GCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGA GGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAG GTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGC AGTACGGCAGCAGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCT CACCGTCTGCACAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAG GAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCC CAGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAA AGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTG CCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGG TCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCC AGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGG CAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCTCCCCG TGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGC AAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAG GGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGG CTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTC CCTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 127)
11	HC-14	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSC AASGFWFDTFGMHWVRQAPGK GLEWVAVISFAGEDTHYVDSVK GRFTISRDNKNTLFLQMNSLRA EDTAVYYCARDRLNYYESYGY YGYHYYGMAVWGQGTITVTVSS ASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTA ALGCLVKDYFPEPTVSWNSGA LTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSV VTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSN TKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCP APELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR RTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQY STYRCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEY KCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQ PREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSL TCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPE NNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 98)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGC AGCCTCTGGATTCTGGTTCGACACTTTTGGTATGC ACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGA GTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGCTGGAGAAGAC ACTCATTACGTAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTCA CCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAAGAACACGCTGTT TCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACACG GCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAACT ACTATGAAAGTTACGGTTATTATGGTTACCATTAC TACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCCAAGGGACAACAG TTACCGTGTCTAGTGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCG GTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTC TGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAG GACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTCTGTGA ACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGCGTGCACACCTT CCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGACTCTACTCCC TCAGCAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCTT GGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCAC AAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTT GAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGCC CACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGGACC GTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			GTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGG TCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGT GCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCA GTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTC ACCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGG AGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCC AGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAA GGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGC CCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGT CAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCA GCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGC AGCCGGAGAACAACCTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGT GCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGCA AGCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGG GGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCT CTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCC TGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 128)

[0084] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention may comprise a light chain selected from LC-01 to LC-16, as shown in Table 5A, and/or a heavy chain selected from HC-01 to HC-14, as shown in Table 5B, and variants of these light chains and heavy chains. Each of the light chains listed in Table 5A may be combined with any of the heavy chains listed in Table 5B to form an anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of the invention or an anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of a bispecific antigen binding protein of the invention. For example, in certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-03 (SEQ ID NO: 71) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86). In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-05 (SEQ ID NO: 73) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86). In other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-07 (SEQ ID NO: 75) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-08 (SEQ ID NO: 92). In still other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 70) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-08

(SEQ ID NO: 92). In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-09 (SEQ ID NO: 77) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86). In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-10 (SEQ ID NO: 78) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86). In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 70) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-11 (SEQ ID NO: 95). In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-11 (SEQ ID NO: 79) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86). In yet another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 70) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-12 (SEQ ID NO: 96). In still another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 70) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-13 (SEQ ID NO: 97).

[0085] In certain other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-12 (SEQ ID NO: 80) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-14 (SEQ ID NO: 98). In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-13 (SEQ ID NO: 81) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86). In other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-14 (SEQ ID NO: 82) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86). In still other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding

proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-15 (SEQ ID NO: 83) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86). In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof of the invention comprise a light chain comprising the sequence of LC-16 (SEQ ID NO: 84) and a heavy chain comprising the sequence of HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86).

[0086] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof comprise a light chain comprising a sequence of contiguous amino acids that differs from the sequence of a light chain in Table 5A, i.e. a light chain selected from LC-01 to LC-16, at only 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 amino acid residues, wherein each such sequence difference is independently either a deletion, insertion or substitution of one amino acid, with the deletions, insertions and/or substitutions resulting in no more than 15 amino acid changes relative to the foregoing light chain sequences. The light chain in some anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins, or binding domains thereof comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 69 to 84 (i.e. the light chains in Table 5A).

[0087] In these and other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof comprise a heavy chain comprising a sequence of contiguous amino acids that differs from the sequence of a heavy chain in Table 5B, i.e., a heavy chain selected from HC-01 to HC-14, at only 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 amino acid residues, wherein each such sequence difference is independently either a deletion, insertion or substitution of one amino acid, with the deletions, insertions and/or substitutions resulting in no more than 15 amino acid changes relative to the foregoing heavy chain sequences. The heavy chain in some anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, antigen binding proteins or binding domains thereof comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 85 to 98 (i.e. the heavy chains in Table 5B).

[0088] The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins of the invention can be monoclonal antibodies, recombinant antibodies, human antibodies, humanized antibodies, chimeric antibodies, or antigen-binding fragments of any of the foregoing. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein is a monoclonal antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. In such embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein may be a chimeric antibody, a humanized antibody, or a fully human antibody having a human immunoglobulin constant domain or an antigen-binding fragment of any of the foregoing. In these and other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein is a human IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4 antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. Thus, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein may, in some embodiments, have a human IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4 constant domain. In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein is a monoclonal human IgG1 antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein is a monoclonal human IgG2 antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. In yet another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein is a monoclonal human IgG4 antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof.

[0089] The term “monoclonal antibody” (or “mAb”) as used herein refers to an antibody obtained from a population of substantially homogeneous antibodies, i.e., the individual antibodies comprising the population are identical except for possible naturally occurring mutations that may be present in minor amounts. Monoclonal antibodies are highly specific, being directed against an individual antigenic site or epitope, in contrast to polyclonal antibody preparations that typically include different antibodies directed against different epitopes. Monoclonal antibodies may be produced using any technique known in the art, e.g., by immortalizing spleen cells harvested from an animal after completion of the immunization schedule. The spleen cells can be immortalized using any technique known in the art, e.g., by fusing them with myeloma cells to produce hybridomas. See, for example, *Antibodies*; Harlow and Lane, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1st Edition, e.g. from 1988, or 2nd Edition, e.g. from 2014. Myeloma cells for use in hybridoma-producing fusion procedures preferably are non-

antibody-producing, have high fusion efficiency, and enzyme deficiencies that render them incapable of growing in certain selective media, which support the growth of only the desired fused cells (hybridomas). Examples of suitable cell lines for use in fusions with mouse cells include, but are not limited to, Sp-20, P3-X63/Ag8, P3-X63-Ag8.653, NS1/1.Ag 4 1, Sp210-Ag14, FO, NSO/U, MPC-11, MPC11-X45-GTG 1.7 and S194/5XXO Bul. Examples of suitable cell lines used for fusions with rat cells include, but are not limited to, R210.RCY3, Y3-Ag 1.2.3, IR983F and 4B210. Other cell lines useful for cell fusions are U-266, GM1500-GRG2, LICR-LON-HMy2 and UC729-6.

[0090] In some instances, a hybridoma cell line is produced by immunizing an animal (e.g., a rabbit, rat, mouse, or a transgenic animal having human immunoglobulin sequences) with a CGRP receptor immunogen (see, e.g., WO 2010/075238); harvesting spleen cells from the immunized animal; fusing the harvested spleen cells to a myeloma cell line, thereby generating hybridoma cells; establishing hybridoma cell lines from the hybridoma cells, and identifying a hybridoma cell line that produces an antibody that binds to CGRP receptor. Another useful method for producing monoclonal antibodies is the SLAM method described in Babcook *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, Vol. 93: 7843-7848, 1996.

[0091] Monoclonal antibodies secreted by a hybridoma cell line can be purified using any technique known in the art, such as protein A-Sepharose, hydroxyapatite chromatography, gel electrophoresis, dialysis, or affinity chromatography. Hybridoma supernatants or mAbs may be further screened to identify mAbs with particular properties, such as the ability to bind CGRP receptor (e.g. human CGRP receptor, cynomolgus monkey CGRP receptor, or rat CGRP receptor); cross-reactivity to other calcitonin receptor family members (e.g. human adrenomedullin or human amylin receptors); ability to block or interfere with the binding of the CGRP ligand to CGRP receptor, or the ability to functionally block CGRP-induced activation of the CGRP receptor, e.g., using a cAMP assay as described herein.

[0092] In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptors antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins of the invention are chimeric or humanized antibodies or antigen-binding fragments thereof based upon the CDR and variable region sequences of the antibodies described herein. A chimeric antibody is an antibody composed of protein segments from different antibodies that are covalently joined to produce functional immunoglobulin light or heavy chains or binding fragments thereof. Generally, a portion of the heavy chain and/or light

chain is identical with or homologous to a corresponding sequence in antibodies derived from a particular species or belonging to a particular antibody class or subclass, while the remainder of the chain(s) is/are identical with or homologous to a corresponding sequence in antibodies derived from another species or belonging to another antibody class or subclass. For methods relating to chimeric antibodies, see, for example, United States Patent No. 4,816,567 and Morrison *et al.*, 1985, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 81:6851-6855, both of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

[0093] Generally, the goal of making a chimeric antibody is to create a chimera in which the number of amino acids from the intended species or germline gene is maximized. One example is the “CDR-grafted” antibody, in which the antibody comprises one or more CDRs from a particular species or belonging to a particular antibody class or subclass, while the remainder of the antibody chain(s) is/are identical with or homologous to a corresponding sequence in antibodies derived from another species or belonging to another antibody class or subclass. CDR grafting is described, for example, in United States Patent No. 6,180,370, No. 5,693,762, No. 5,693,761, No. 5,585,089, and No. 5,530,101. For use in humans, the variable region or selected CDRs from a rodent or rabbit antibody often are grafted into a human antibody, replacing the naturally-occurring variable regions or CDRs of the human antibody. In some embodiments, the variable region or selected CDRs from a human antibody may be grafted into another human antibody from a different antibody class or subclass.

[0094] One useful type of chimeric antibody is a “humanized” antibody. Generally, a humanized antibody is produced from a monoclonal antibody raised initially in a non-human animal, such as a rodent or rabbit. Certain amino acid residues in this monoclonal antibody, typically from non-antigen recognizing portions of the antibody, are modified to be homologous to corresponding residues in a human antibody of corresponding isotype. Humanization can be performed, for example, using various methods by substituting at least a portion of a rodent or rabbit variable region for the corresponding regions of a human antibody (see, e.g., United States Patent No. 5,585,089, and No. 5,693,762; Jones *et al.*, 1986, Nature 321:522-525; Riechmann *et al.*, 1988, Nature 332:323-27; and Verhoeven *et al.*, 1988, Science 239:1534-1536).

[0095] In one aspect, the CDRs of the light and heavy chain variable regions of the antibodies provided herein (see, Tables 2A, 2B, 6A, and 6B) are grafted to framework regions (FRs) from antibodies from the same, or a different, phylogenetic species. For example, the CDRs of the

heavy and light chain variable regions listed in Tables 2A, 2B, 6A, and 6B can be grafted to consensus human FRs or FRs from other human germline genes. To create consensus human FRs, FRs from several human heavy chain or light chain amino acid sequences may be aligned to identify a consensus amino acid sequence. Alternatively, the grafted variable regions from the one heavy or light chain may be used with a constant region that is different from the constant region of that particular heavy or light chain as disclosed herein. In other embodiments, the grafted variable regions are part of a single chain Fv antibody.

[0096] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins of the invention are fully human antibodies or antigen-binding fragments thereof. Fully human antibodies that specifically bind to human CGRP receptor can be generated using the immunogens or fragments thereof described in WO 2010/075238, such as polypeptides consisting of any one of the sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 1 to 4. A “fully human antibody” is an antibody that comprises variable and constant regions derived from or indicative of human germ line immunoglobulin sequences. One specific means provided for implementing the production of fully human antibodies is the “humanization” of the mouse humoral immune system. Introduction of human immunoglobulin (Ig) loci into mice in which the endogenous Ig genes have been inactivated is one means of producing fully human monoclonal antibodies (mAbs) in mouse, an animal that can be immunized with any desirable antigen. Using fully human antibodies can minimize the immunogenic and allergic responses that can sometimes be caused by administering mouse or mouse-derived mAbs to humans as therapeutic agents.

[0097] Fully human antibodies can be produced by immunizing transgenic animals (usually mice) that are capable of producing a repertoire of human antibodies in the absence of endogenous immunoglobulin production. Antigens for this purpose typically have six or more contiguous amino acids, and optionally are conjugated to a carrier, such as a hapten. *See, e.g.,* Jakobovits *et al.*, 1993, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:2551-2555; Jakobovits *et al.*, 1993, *Nature* 362:255-258; and Bruggermann *et al.*, 1993, *Year in Immunol.* 7:33. In one example of such a method, transgenic animals are produced by incapacitating the endogenous mouse immunoglobulin loci encoding the mouse heavy and light immunoglobulin chains therein, and inserting into the mouse genome large fragments of human genome DNA containing loci that encode human heavy and light chain proteins. Partially modified animals, which have less than the full complement of human immunoglobulin loci, are then cross-bred to obtain an animal

having all of the desired immune system modifications. When administered an immunogen, these transgenic animals produce antibodies that are immunospecific for the immunogen but have human rather than murine amino acid sequences, including the variable regions. For further details of such methods, *see*, for example, WO96/33735 and WO94/02602. Additional methods relating to transgenic mice for making human antibodies are described in United States Patent No. 5,545,807; No. 6,713,610; No. 6,673,986; No. 6,162,963; No. 5,939,598; No. 5,545,807; No. 6,300,129; No. 6,255,458; No. 5,877,397; No. 5,874,299 and No. 5,545,806; in PCT publications WO91/10741, WO90/04036, WO 94/02602, WO 96/30498, WO 98/24893 and in EP 546073B1 and EP 546073A1.

[0098] The transgenic mice described above, referred to as “HuMab” mice, contain a human immunoglobulin gene minilocus that encodes unrearranged human heavy (mu and gamma) and kappa light chain immunoglobulin sequences, together with targeted mutations that inactivate the endogenous mu and kappa chain loci (Lonberg *et al.*, 1994, *Nature* 368:856-859). Accordingly, the mice exhibit reduced expression of mouse IgM and kappa proteins and in response to immunization, the introduced human heavy and light chain transgenes undergo class switching and somatic mutation to generate high affinity human IgG kappa monoclonal antibodies (Lonberg and Huszar, 1995, *Intern. Rev. Immunol.* 13: 65-93; Harding and Lonberg, 1995, *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 764:536-546). The preparation of HuMab mice is described in detail in Taylor *et al.*, 1992, *Nucleic Acids Research* 20:6287-6295; Chen *et al.*, 1993, *International Immunology* 5:647-656; Tuailon *et al.*, 1994, *J. Immunol.* 152:2912-2920; Lonberg *et al.*, 1994, *Nature* 368:856-859; Lonberg, 1994, *Handbook of Exp. Pharmacology* 113:49-101; Taylor *et al.*, 1994, *International Immunology* 6:579-591; Lonberg and Huszar, 1995, *Intern. Rev. Immunol.* 13:65-93; Harding and Lonberg, 1995, *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 764:536-546; Fishwild *et al.*, 1996, *Nature Biotechnology* 14:845-851; the foregoing references are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties. *See*, further United States Patent No. 5,545,806; No. 5,569,825; No. 5,625,126; No. 5,633,425; No. 5,789,650; No. 5,877,397; No. 5,661,016; No. 5,814,318; No. 5,874,299; and No. 5,770,429; as well as United States Patent No. 5,545,807; International Publication Nos. WO 93/1227; WO 92/22646; and WO 92/03918, the disclosures of all of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties. Technologies utilized for producing human antibodies in these transgenic mice are disclosed also in WO 98/24893, and Mendez *et al.*, 1997, *Nature Genetics* 15:146-156, which are hereby incorporated by reference. For example, the

HCo7 and HCo12 transgenic mice strains can be used to generate fully human anti-CGRP receptor antibodies. One particular transgenic mouse line suitable for generation of fully human anti-CGRP receptor antibodies is the XenoMouse[®] transgenic mouse line described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,114,598; 6,162,963; 6,833,268; 7,049,426; 7,064,244; Green *et al.*, 1994, Nature Genetics 7:13-21; Mendez *et al.*, 1997, Nature Genetics 15:146-156; Green and Jakobovitis, 1998, J. Ex. Med, 188:483-495; Green, 1999, Journal of Immunological Methods 231:11-23; Kellerman and Green, 2002, Current Opinion in Biotechnology 13, 593-597, all of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

[0099] Human-derived antibodies can also be generated using phage display techniques. Phage display is described in e.g., Dower *et al.*, WO 91/17271, McCafferty *et al.*, WO 92/01047, and Caton and Koprowski, 1990, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 87:6450-6454, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The antibodies produced by phage technology are usually produced as antigen-binding fragments, e.g. Fv or Fab fragments, in bacteria and thus lack effector functions. Effector functions can be introduced by one of two strategies: The fragments can be engineered either into complete antibodies for expression in mammalian cells, or into bispecific antibody fragments with a second binding site capable of triggering an effector function, if desired. Typically, the Fd fragment (VH-CH1) and light chain (VL-CL) of antibodies are separately cloned by PCR and recombined randomly in combinatorial phage display libraries, which can then be selected for binding to a particular antigen. The antibody fragments are expressed on the phage surface, and selection of Fv or Fab (and therefore the phage containing the DNA encoding the antibody fragment) by antigen binding is accomplished through several rounds of antigen binding and re-amplification, a procedure termed panning. Antibody fragments specific for the antigen are enriched and finally isolated. Phage display techniques can also be used in an approach for the humanization of rodent monoclonal antibodies, called “guided selection” (*see* Jespers, L. S. *et al.*, 1994, Bio/Technology 12, 899-903). For this, the Fd fragment of the mouse monoclonal antibody can be displayed in combination with a human light chain library, and the resulting hybrid Fab library may then be selected with antigen. The mouse Fd fragment thereby provides a template to guide the selection. Subsequently, the selected human light chains are combined with a human Fd fragment library. Selection of the resulting library yields entirely human Fab.

[0100] Once cells producing anti-CGRP receptor antibodies according to the invention have been obtained using any of the above described immunization and other techniques, the specific antibody genes may be cloned by isolating and amplifying DNA or mRNA therefrom according to standard procedures as described herein. The antibodies produced therefrom may be sequenced and the CDRs identified and the DNA coding for the CDRs may be manipulated as described herein to generate other anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or antigen binding proteins according to the invention.

[0101] Any of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments thereof described herein can be used to construct bispecific antigen binding proteins capable of binding to and inhibiting human CGRP receptor and another target, such as human PAC1 receptor. As used herein, the term “antigen binding protein” refers to a protein that specifically binds to one or more target antigens. An antigen binding protein can include an antibody and antigen-binding fragments thereof. An antigen binding protein can also include a protein comprising one or more antigen-binding fragments incorporated into a single polypeptide chain or into multiple polypeptide chains. For instance, antigen binding proteins can include, but are not limited to, a diabody (*see, e.g.*, EP 404,097; WO 93/11161; and Hollinger *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, Vol. 90:6444-6448, 1993); an intrabody; a domain antibody (single VL or VH domain or two or more VH domains joined by a peptide linker; *see Ward et al.*, Nature, Vol. 341:544-546, 1989); a maxibody (2 scFvs fused to Fc region, *see Fredericks et al.*, Protein Engineering, Design & Selection, Vol. 17:95-106, 2004 and Powers *et al.*, Journal of Immunological Methods, Vol. 251:123-135, 2001); a triabody; a tetrabody; a minibody (scFv fused to CH3 domain; *see Olafsen et al.*, Protein Eng Des Sel. , Vol.17:315-23, 2004); a peptibody (one or more peptides attached to an Fc region or an antibody, *see* WO 00/24782); a linear antibody (a pair of tandem Fd segments (VH-CH1-VH-CH1) which, together with complementary light chain polypeptides, form a pair of antigen binding regions, *see Zapata et al.*, Protein Eng., Vol. 8:1057-1062, 1995); a small modular immunopharmaceutical (*see* U.S. Patent Publication No. 20030133939); and immunoglobulin fusion proteins (e.g. IgG-scFv, IgG-Fab, 2scFv-IgG, 4scFv-IgG, VH-IgG, IgG-VH, and Fab-scFv-Fc).

[0102] In certain embodiments, the antigen binding proteins of the invention are “bispecific” meaning that they are capable of specifically binding to two different antigens, human CGRP receptor and another target antigen, such as human PAC1 receptor. In some embodiments of the

invention, the antigen binding proteins are multivalent. The valency of the binding protein denotes the number of individual antigen binding domains within the binding protein. For example, the terms “monovalent,” “bivalent,” and “tetravalent” with reference to the antigen binding proteins of the invention refer to binding proteins with one, two, and four antigen binding domains, respectively. Thus, a multivalent antigen binding protein comprises two or more antigen binding domains. In certain embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention are bivalent. Thus, such bispecific, bivalent antigen binding proteins contain two antigen binding domains: one antigen-binding domain binding to human CGRP receptor and one antigen-binding domain binding to another target antigen, such as the human PAC1 receptor.

[0103] As used herein, the term “antigen binding domain,” which is used interchangeably with “binding domain,” refers to the region of the antigen binding protein that contains the amino acid residues that interact with the antigen and confer on the antigen binding protein its specificity and affinity for the antigen. In certain embodiments, the binding domain of the antigen binding proteins of the invention may be derived from an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. For instance, the binding domains of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention may comprise one or more complementarity determining regions (CDR) from the light and heavy chain variable regions of antibodies that specifically bind to human CGRP receptor or human PAC1 receptor. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises all six CDRs of the heavy and light chain variable regions of an anti-CGRP receptor antibody described herein and the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises all six CDRs of the heavy and light chain variable regions of an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody described herein. In some embodiments, the binding domains (the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain or both) of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprise a Fab, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, a Fv, a single-chain variable fragment (scFv), or a nanobody. In one embodiment, both binding domains are Fab fragments. In another embodiment, one binding domain is a Fab fragment and the other binding domain is a scFv. In yet another embodiment, both binding domains are scFvs.

[0104] Papain digestion of antibodies produces two identical antigen-binding fragments, called “Fab” fragments, each with a single antigen-binding site, and a residual “Fc” fragment which contains all but the first domain of the immunoglobulin heavy chain constant region. The Fab

fragment contains the variable domains from the light and heavy chains, as well as the constant domain of the light chain and the first constant domain (CH1) of the heavy chain. Thus, a “Fab fragment” is comprised of one immunoglobulin light chain (light chain variable region (VL) and constant region (CL)) and the CH1 domain and variable region (VH) of one immunoglobulin heavy chain. The heavy chain of a Fab molecule cannot form a disulfide bond with another heavy chain molecule. The “Fd fragment” comprises the VH and CH1 domains from an immunoglobulin heavy chain. The Fd fragment represents the heavy chain component of the Fab fragment.

[0105] The “Fc fragment” or “Fc region” of an immunoglobulin generally comprises two constant domains, a CH2 domain and a CH3 domain, and optionally comprises a CH4 domain. In certain embodiments, the antigen binding proteins of the invention comprise an Fc region from an immunoglobulin. The Fc region may be an Fc region from an IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4 immunoglobulin. In some embodiments, the Fc region comprises CH2 and CH3 domains from a human IgG1 or human IgG2 immunoglobulin. The Fc region may retain effector function, such as C1q binding, complement dependent cytotoxicity (CDC), Fc receptor binding, antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC), and phagocytosis. In other embodiments, the Fc region may be modified to reduce or eliminate effector function as described in further detail herein.

[0106] A “Fab' fragment” is a Fab fragment having at the C-terminus of the CH1 domain one or more cysteine residues from the antibody hinge region.

[0107] A “F(ab')₂ fragment” is a bivalent fragment including two Fab' fragments linked by a disulfide bridge between the heavy chains at the hinge region.

[0108] The “Fv” fragment is the minimum fragment that contains a complete antigen recognition and binding site from an antibody. This fragment consists of a dimer of one immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region (VH) and one immunoglobulin light chain variable region (VL) in tight, non-covalent association. It is in this configuration that the three CDRs of each variable region interact to define an antigen binding site on the surface of the VH-VL dimer. A single light chain or heavy chain variable region (or half of an Fv fragment comprising only three CDRs specific for an antigen) has the ability to recognize and bind antigen, although at a lower affinity than the entire binding site comprising both VH and VL.

[0109] A “single-chain variable fragment” or “scFv fragment” comprises the VH and VL regions of an antibody, wherein these regions are present in a single polypeptide chain, and optionally comprising a peptide linker between the VH and VL regions that enables the Fv to form the desired structure for antigen binding (*see e.g.*, Bird *et al.*, Science, Vol. 242:423-426, 1988; and Huston *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, Vol. 85:5879-5883, 1988).

[0110] A “nanobody” is the heavy chain variable region of a heavy-chain antibody. Such variable domains are the smallest fully functional antigen-binding fragment of such heavy-chain antibodies with a molecular mass of only 15 kDa. *See* Cortez-Retamozo *et al.*, *Cancer Research* 64:2853-57, 2004. Functional heavy-chain antibodies devoid of light chains are naturally occurring in certain species of animals, such as nurse sharks, wobbegong sharks and *Camelidae*, such as camels, dromedaries, alpacas and llamas. The antigen-binding site is reduced to a single domain, the VHH domain, in these animals. These antibodies form antigen-binding regions using only heavy chain variable region, i.e., these functional antibodies are homodimers of heavy chains only having the structure H₂L₂ (referred to as “heavy-chain antibodies” or “HCAs”). Camelized VHH reportedly recombines with IgG2 and IgG3 constant regions that contain hinge, CH2, and CH3 domains and lack a CH1 domain. Camelized VHH domains have been found to bind to antigen with high affinity (Desmyter *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem., Vol. 276:26285-90, 2001) and possess high stability in solution (Ewert *et al.*, Biochemistry, Vol. 41:3628-36, 2002). Methods for generating antibodies having camelized heavy chains are described in, for example, U.S. Patent Publication Nos. 2005/0136049 and 2005/0037421. Alternative scaffolds can be made from human variable-like domains that more closely match the shark V-NAR scaffold and may provide a framework for a long penetrating loop structure.

[0111] In certain embodiments, the binding domains of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprise an immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region (VH) and an immunoglobulin light chain variable region (VL) of an antibody or antibody fragment which specifically binds to the desired antigen. For instance, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises a VH region and VL region from an anti-CGRP receptor antibody, such as any of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies described herein, and the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain comprises a VH region and VL region from an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody, such as any of the anti-PAC1 receptor antibodies described herein. The binding domains that specifically bind to human CGRP receptor or human

PAC1 receptor can be derived from known antibodies to these antigens or from new antibodies or antibody fragments obtained by *de novo* immunization methods using the antigen proteins or fragments thereof, by phage display, or other methods described herein or known in the art. The antibodies from which the binding domains for the bispecific antigen binding proteins are derived can be monoclonal antibodies, recombinant antibodies, human antibodies, or humanized antibodies. In certain embodiments, the antibodies from which the binding domains are derived are monoclonal antibodies. In these and other embodiments, the antibodies are human antibodies or humanized antibodies and can be of the IgG1-, IgG2-, IgG3-, or IgG4-type.

[0112] The bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprise a binding domain that specifically binds to the human CGRP receptor. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises the VH region and/or the VL region or CDR regions from an anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. Preferably, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof specifically binds to human CGRP receptor and prevents or reduces binding of the receptor to CGRP. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof from which the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain is derived specifically binds to residues or sequences of residues, or regions in both human CRLR and human RAMP1 polypeptides. In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof specifically binds to an epitope formed from amino acids in both human CRLR and human RAMP1 polypeptides (e.g., SEQ ID NOs: 1 and 2, respectively). In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof specifically binds to an epitope formed from amino acids in the extracellular domains of both human CRLR and human RAMP1 polypeptides (e.g., SEQ ID NOs: 3 and 4, respectively). In some embodiments, the epitope formed from amino acids in both human CRLR and human RAMP1 polypeptides comprises one or more cleavage sites for AspN protease, which cleaves peptides after aspartic acid residues and some glutamic acid residues at the amino end. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof from which the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain is derived specifically binds to the extracellular domain of human CRLR polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 3 and/or the extracellular domain of human RAMP1 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 4.

[0113] The variable regions or CDR regions of any of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or antigen-binding fragments described herein can be used to construct the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention. As described in the Examples, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies of the invention have enhanced inhibitory potency compared to previously described anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, such as the antibodies described in WO 2010/075238. Light chain and heavy chain variable regions and associated CDRs of exemplary human anti-CGRP receptor antibodies from which the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention can be derived or constructed are set forth in Tables 2A and 2B, respectively.

[0114] The anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins may comprise one or more of the CDRs presented in Table 2A (light chain CDRs; i.e. CDRLs) and Table 2B (heavy chain CDRs, i.e. CDRHs). For instance, in certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain comprises one or more light chain CDRs selected from (i) a CDRL1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 5 to 12, (ii) a CDRL2 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 13 to 16, and (iii) a CDRL3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 17 to 22. In these and other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain comprises one or more heavy chain CDRs selected from (i) a CDRH1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 35 to 38, (ii) a CDRH2 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 39 to 42, and (iii) a CDRH3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 44 to 46.

[0115] In particular embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3, wherein: (a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 6, 13 and 17, respectively; (b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 7, 13 and 17, respectively; (c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively; (d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 8, 14 and 18, respectively; (e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 9, 13 and 17, respectively; (f) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 10, 13 and 17, respectively; (g) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 15 and 19, respectively; (h) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 16 and 20, respectively; (i) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 12, 13 and 17, respectively; (j) CDRL1, CDRL2, and

CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 21, respectively; or (k) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 22, respectively.

[0116] In other particular embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein: (a) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively; (b) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 45, respectively; (c) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 36, 39 and 44, respectively; (d) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 40 and 44, respectively; (e) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 37, 41 and 44, respectively; or (f) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 38, 42 and 46, respectively.

[0117] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein:

(a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 6, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 7, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 45, respectively;

(d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 8, 14 and 18, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 9, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(f) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 36, 39 and 44, respectively;

(g) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 10, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(h) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 40 and 44, respectively;

(i) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 37, 41 and 44, respectively;

(j) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 15 and 19, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 38, 42 and 46, respectively;

(k) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 16 and 20, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(l) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 12, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(m) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 21, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively; or

(n) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 22, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively.

[0118] In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein:

(a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 6, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 7, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 45, respectively;

(d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 8, 14 and 18, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively; or

(e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 9, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively.

[0119] The anti-CGRP receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention may comprise a light chain variable region selected from the group consisting of LV-01, LV-02, LV-03, LV-04, LV-05, LV-06, LV-07, LV-08, LV-09, LV-10, LV-11, and LV-12, as shown in Table 2A, and/or a heavy chain variable region selected from the group consisting of HV-01, HV-02, HV-03, HV-04, HV-05, HV-06, and HV-07, as shown in Table 2B, and antigen-binding fragments, derivatives, muteins and variants of these light chain and heavy chain variable regions. Each of the light chain variable regions listed in Table 2A may be combined with any of the heavy chain variable regions shown in Table 2B to form an anti-CGRP receptor binding domain suitable for incorporation into the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention. For instance, in certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain comprises a light chain variable region and a heavy chain variable region, wherein: (a) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 25 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48; (b) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 26 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48; (c) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 49; (d) the light

chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 49; (e) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 27 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48; (f) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 28 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48; (g) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 50; (h) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48; (i) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 51; (j) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 52; (k) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 53; (l) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48; (m) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 32 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48; (n) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 33 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48; or (o) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 34 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48.

[0120] In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain comprises a light chain variable region comprising a sequence of contiguous amino acids that differs from the sequence of a light chain variable region in Table 2A, i.e. a VL selected from LV-01, LV-02, LV-03, LV-04, LV-05, LV-06, LV-07, LV-08, LV-09, LV-10, LV-11, and LV-12 at only 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 amino acid residues, wherein each such sequence difference is independently either a deletion, insertion or substitution of one amino acid, with the deletions, insertions and/or substitutions resulting in no more than 15 amino acid changes relative to the foregoing variable domain sequences. The light chain variable region in some anti-CGRP receptor binding domains comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 23-34 (i.e. the light chain variable regions

in Table 2A). In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain comprises a light chain variable region that comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34. In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain comprises a light chain variable region that comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34.

[0121] In these and other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising a sequence of contiguous amino acids that differs from the sequence of a heavy chain variable region in Table 2B, i.e., a VH selected from HV-01, HV-02, HV-03, HV-04, HV-05, HV-06, and HV-07 at only 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 amino acid residues, wherein each such sequence difference is independently either a deletion, insertion or substitution of one amino acid, with the deletions, insertions and/or substitutions resulting in no more than 15 amino acid changes relative to the foregoing variable domain sequences. The heavy chain variable region in some anti-CGRP receptor binding domains comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 47-53 (i.e. the heavy chain variable regions in Table 2B). In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain comprises a heavy chain variable region that comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53. In another embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor binding domain comprises a heavy chain variable region that comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53.

[0122] In certain embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprise a binding domain that specifically binds to the human pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide type I (PAC1) receptor. In such embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins comprise a first binding domain that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor and a second binding domain that specifically binds to human PAC1 receptor. As both CGRP receptor and PAC1 receptor signaling are implicated in the control of cerebral vascular tone, the bispecific binding proteins of the invention provide a means to simultaneously modulate both signaling cascades to ameliorate conditions associated with dysregulation of the cranial vasculature, such as cluster headache and migraine.

[0123] Human PAC1 is a 468 amino acid protein (NCBI Reference Sequence NP_001109.2) encoded by the *ADCYAP1R1* gene on chromosome 7. The human PAC1 receptor is a G protein-coupled receptor that is positively coupled to adenylate cyclase. Activation of the human PAC1 receptor by its endogenous ligands (e.g. PACAP38 or PACAP27) results in an increase in intracellular cyclic AMP (cAMP). The amino acid sequence for human PAC1 is provided below as SEQ ID NO: 129.

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1      MAGVVHVSLA ALLLLPMAPA MHSDCIFKKE QAMCLEKIQR ANELMGFNDS SPGCPGMWDN
61     ITCWKPAHVG EMVLVSCPEL FRIFNPDQVW ETETIGESDF GDSNSLDLSD MGVVSRNCTE
121    DGWSEPFPHY FDACGFDEYE SETGDQDYYY LSVKALYTVG YSTSLVTLTT AMVILCRFRK
181    LHCTRNFIHM NLFVSFMLRA ISVFIKDWIL YAEQDSNHCF ISTVECKAVM VFFHYCVVSN
241    YFWLFIEGLY LFTLLVETFF PERRYFYWYT IIGWGTPTVC VTVWATLRLY FDDTGCWDMN
301    DSTALWWVIK GPVVGSIIMVN FVLFIGIIVI LVQKLQSPDM GGNESSIYLR LARSTLLLIIP
361    LFGIHYTVFA FSPENVSKRE RLVFELGLGS FQGFVAVLY CFLNGEVQAE IKRKWRWSKWV
421    NRYFAVDFKH RHPSLASSGV NGGTQLSILS KSSSQIRMSG LPADNLAT

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[0124] Amino acids 1 to 23 of the human PAC1 protein (SEQ ID NO: 129) constitute a signal peptide, which is generally removed from the mature protein. The mature human PAC1 protein has the basic structure of a G protein-coupled receptor consisting of a seven-transmembrane domain, an extracellular domain composed of an N-terminal region and three extracellular loops, three intracellular loops, and a C-terminal cytoplasmic domain. The N-terminal extracellular domain is approximately at amino acids 24-153 of SEQ ID NO: 129, and the first of seven transmembrane domains begins at amino acid 154 of SEQ ID NO: 129. The C-terminal cytoplasmic domain is located approximately at amino acids 397-468 of SEQ ID NO: 129. *See* Blechman and Levkowitz, *Front. Endocrinol.*, Vol. 4 (55): 1-19, 2013 for location of domains within the amino acid sequence. The terms “human PAC1,” “human PAC1 receptor,” “hPAC1,” and “hPAC1 receptor” are used interchangeably and can refer to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 129, a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 129 minus the signal peptide (amino acids 1 to 23), allelic variants of human PAC1 receptor, or splice variants of human PAC1 receptor.

[0125] In certain embodiments, the anti-PAC1 binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises the VH region and/or the VL region or CDR regions from an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof. Preferably, the anti-PAC1

receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment specifically binds to human PAC1 receptor and prevents or reduces binding of the receptor to its ligand, such as PACAP-38 and/or PACAP-27. In some embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment specifically binds to an extracellular region of the human PAC1 receptor. In one embodiment, the anti-PAC1 receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment specifically binds to the amino-terminal extracellular domain of the PAC1 receptor (i.e. amino acids 24-153 of SEQ ID NO: 129). In certain embodiments, the anti-PAC1 antibody or antigen-binding fragment from which the anti-PAC1 binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention is derived binds to human PAC1 receptor with a K_D of $\leq 1 \times 10^{-9}$ M, $\leq 1 \times 10^{-10}$ M, $\leq 1 \times 10^{-11}$ M, or lower as measured by a surface plasmon resonance assay (e.g., BIAcore[®]-based assay).

[0126] In some embodiments, the anti-PAC1 antibody or antigen-binding fragment from which the anti-PAC1 binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention is derived selectively inhibits the human PAC1 receptor relative to the human VPAC1 and human VPAC2 receptors. As described above, selective inhibition of any particular antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein can be determined by comparing the IC₅₀ of the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein in an inhibition assay for the specific receptor (e.g. human PAC1 receptor) to the IC₅₀ of the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein in an inhibition assay for another “reference” receptor (e.g., human VPAC1 or human VPAC2 receptor). The IC₅₀ value for any anti-PAC1 antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein can be calculated as described herein, for example, by determining the concentration of the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein needed to inhibit half of the maximum biological response of the PACAP ligand (PACAP-27 or PACAP-38) in activating the human PAC1 receptor in any functional assay, such as the cAMP assay described in the Examples. An anti-PAC1 receptor antigen binding protein, antibody or binding fragment that inhibits ligand-induced (e.g. PACAP-induced) activation of the PAC1 receptor is understood to be a neutralizing or antagonist antigen binding protein, antibody or binding fragment of the PAC1 receptor.

[0127] The variable regions or CDR regions of any anti-PAC1 receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof, such as the antibodies and binding fragments described herein, can be used to construct the anti-PAC1 binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention. Light chain and heavy chain variable regions and associated CDRs of exemplary

human anti-PAC1 receptor antibodies from which the anti-PAC1 binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention can be derived or constructed are set forth below in Tables 6A and 6B, respectively.

Table 6A. Exemplary Anti-Human PAC1 Receptor Antibody Light Chain Variable Region Amino Acid Sequences

Antibody ID.	VL Group	VL Amino Acid Sequence	CDRL1	CDRL2	CDRL3
29G4v22	LV-101	DIQLTQSPSFLSASVGDRVITICRA SQSIGRSLHWYQQKPGKAPKLLIK YASQSLSGVPSRFSGSGSGTEFTL TISSLQPEDFATYYCHQSSRLPFTF GPGTKVDIKR (SEQ ID NO: 146)	RASQSIGRSLH (SEQ ID NO: 130)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSRLPFT (SEQ ID NO: 142)
101A, 101B, 101C, 101D, 101E, 101F, 101G, 102A, 102B, 102C, 102D, 123A, 123B, 124A, 124B, 125A, 125B, 126A, 126B, 127A, 127B, 131A, 131B, 132A, 132B	LV-102	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SKSVGRSLHWYQQKPGQAPRLLI KYASQSLSGIPARFSGSGSGTDFT LTISSLEPEDFAVYYCHQSSRLPFT FGPGTKVDIK (SEQ ID NO: 147)	RASKSVGRSLH (SEQ ID NO: 131)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSRLPFT (SEQ ID NO: 142)
103A, 103B, 104A, 104B, 105A, 105B, 106A, 106B, 107A, 107B, 109A, 109B, 110A, 110B, 111A, 111B, 116A, 116B	LV-103	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SKSVGWSLHWYQQKPGQAPRLLI KYASQSLSGIPARFSGSGSGTDFT LTISSLEPEDFAVYYCHQSSRLPFT FGPGTKVDIKR (SEQ ID NO: 148)	RASKSVGWSL H (SEQ ID NO: 132)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSRLPFT (SEQ ID NO: 142)
108A, 108B	LV-104	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SKSVGYSLHWYQQKPGQAPRLLI KYASQSLSGIPARFSGSGSGTDFT LTISSLEPEDFAVYYCHQSSRLPFT FGPGTKVDIKR (SEQ ID NO: 149)	RASKSVGYSLH (SEQ ID NO: 133)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSRLPFT (SEQ ID NO: 142)
112A, 112B	LV-105	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SKAVGWSLHWYQQKPGQAPRLLI IKYASQSLSGIPARFSGSGSGTDFT LTISSLEPEDFAVYYCHQSSRLPFT FGPGTKVDIKR (SEQ ID NO: 150)	RASKAVGWSL H (SEQ ID NO: 134)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSRLPFT (SEQ ID NO: 142)
113A, 113B, 114A, 114B, 117A, 117B, 118A, 118B, 119A, 119B	LV-106	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SKSVGQSLHWYQQKPGQAPRLLI KYASQSLSGIPARFSGSGSGTDFT LTISSLEPEDFAVYYCHQSSRLPFT FGPGTKVDIKR (SEQ ID NO: 151)	RASKSVGQSLH (SEQ ID NO: 135)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSRLPFT (SEQ ID NO: 142)

Antibody ID.	VL Group	VL Amino Acid Sequence	CDRL1	CDRL2	CDRL3
115A, 115B	LV-107	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SRSVGLALHWYQQKPGQAPRLLI KYASQSLSGIPARFSGSGSGTDFT LTISSLEPEDFAVYYCHQSSFLPFT FGPGTKVDIKR (SEQ ID NO: 152)	RASRSVGLALH (SEQ ID NO: 136)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSFLPFT (SEQ ID NO: 143)
120A, 120B	LV-108	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SKAVGFSLHWYQQKPGQAPRLLI KYASQSLSGIPARFSGSGSGTDFT LTISSLEPEDFAVYYCHQSSFLPFT FGPGTKVDIKR (SEQ ID NO: 153)	RASKAVGFS LH (SEQ ID NO: 137)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSFLPFT (SEQ ID NO: 143)
121A, 121B	LV-109	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SRAVSNLHWYQQKPGQAPRLLIK YASQSLSGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLT ISSLEPEDFAVYYCHQSSYLPFTFG PGTKVDIKR (SEQ ID NO: 154)	RASRAVSNLH (SEQ ID NO: 138)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSYLPFT (SEQ ID NO: 144)
122A, 122B	LV-110	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SKAVWHNLHWYQQKPGQAPRLLI IKYASQSLSGIPARFSGSGSGTDFT LTISSLEPEDFAVYYCHQSSMLPF TFGPGTKVDIKR (SEQ ID NO: 155)	RASKAVWHNL H (SEQ ID NO: 139)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSMLPF T (SEQ ID NO: 145)
128A, 128B, 129A, 129B, 130A, 130B	LV-111	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SQSVGRSLHWYQQKPGQAPRLLI KYASQSLSGIPARFSGSGSGTDFT LTISSLEPEDFAVYYCHQSSRLPFT FGPGTKVDIK (SEQ ID NO: 156)	RASQSVGRSLH (SEQ ID NO: 140)	YASQSLS (SEQ ID NO: 141)	HQSSRLPFT (SEQ ID NO: 142)

Table 6B. Exemplary Anti-Human PAC1 Receptor Antibody Heavy Chain Variable Region Amino Acid Sequences

Antibody ID.	VH Group	VH Amino Acid Sequence	CDRH1	CDRH2	CDRH3
29G4v22	HV-101	QVQLVESGAIEVVKPGASVKVSCK ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGQGLE WMGVISYDGGNKYYAESVKGRV TMTRDTSTSTLYMELSSLRSEDTA VYYCARGYDVLVTGYPDYWGQGT LTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 199)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYDGGN KYYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 164)	GYDVLVTGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
101A, 101B, 101C, 101D, 101E, 101F, 101G	HV-102	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYQGRNKYYAESVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLVTGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 200)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYQGRN KYYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 165)	GYDVLVTGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
102A, 102B, 102C, 102D	HV-103	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYNGGNKYYAESVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLVTGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 201)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYNGGN KYYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 166)	GYDVLVTGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)

Antibody ID.	VH Group	VH Amino Acid Sequence	CDRH1	CDRH2	CDRH3
103A, 103B	HV-104	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVGVISFSGGSKYYAESVKGRFT LSRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTA LFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQGT LTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 202)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISFSGGSK YYAESVKG (SEQ ID NO: 167)	GYDVLTDY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
104A, 104B	HV-105	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVGVINRGRHGKYYAESVKGRF TVSRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 203)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VINYRGRHG KYYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 168)	GYDVLTDY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
105A, 105B	HV-106	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVGVISYSGASKYYAESVKGRFT MSRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 204)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYSGASK YYAESVKG (SEQ ID NO: 169)	GYDVLTDY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
106A, 106B	HV-107	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYSGAFKYYAESVKGRFT VSRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTA LFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQGT LTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 205)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYSGAFK YYAESVKG (SEQ ID NO: 170)	GYDVLTDY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
107A, 107B	HV-108	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVGVISYTGAKYYAESVKGRFT MSRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 206)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYTGAK KYYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 171)	GYDVLTDY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
108A, 108B	HV-109	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVGVISYTGQFKYYAESVKGRFT VSRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTA LFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQGT LTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 207)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYTGQFK YYAESVKG (SEQ ID NO: 172)	GYDVLTDY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
109A, 109B	HV-110	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSKYAMHWVRQAPGKGL EWVAVISYMGANKYYAESVKGR FTISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDLLTGYPDYWGQG TLTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 208)	KYAMH (SEQ ID NO: 158)	VISYMGAN KYYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 173)	GYDLLTDY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 196)
110A, 110B	HV-111	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVGVINFGQTTKYYAESVKGRFT ISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTA LFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQGT LTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 209)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VINFQGT KYYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 174)	GYDVLTDY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
111A, 111B	HV-112	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVGVISYSGDLKYYAESVKGRFT VSRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTA	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYSGDLK YYAESVKG (SEQ ID NO: 175)	GYDVLTDY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)

Antibody ID.	VH Group	VH Amino Acid Sequence	CDRH1	CDRH2	CDRH3
		LFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQGT LTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 210)			
112A, 112B	HV-113	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVG VITYTGGAKYYAESVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 211)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VITYTGGA KYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 176)	GYDVLGTG PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
113A, 113B	HV-114	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSKYAMHWVRQAPGKGL EWVAVISYSGANKYYAESVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 212)	KYAMH (SEQ ID NO: 158)	VISYSGAN KYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 177)	GYDLLTGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 196)
114A, 114B	HV-115	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSYYAMHWVRQAPGKGL EWVAVISHYGTNKYYAESVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDPLTGYPDYWGQG TLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 213)	YYAMH (SEQ ID NO: 159)	VISHYGTN KYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 178)	GYDPLTGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 197)
115A, 115B	HV-116	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSHYAMHWVRQAPGKGL EWVAVISYQGSNKYYAESVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 214)	HYAMH (SEQ ID NO: 160)	VISYQGSN KYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 179)	GYDLLTGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 196)
116A, 116B	HV-117	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVG VINYFGDAKYAESVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 215)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VINYFGDA KYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 180)	GYDVLGTG PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
117A, 117B	HV-118	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSYFAMHWVRQAPGKGL EWVAVISHSGANKYYAESVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 216)	YFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 161)	VISHSGAN KYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 181)	GYDLLSGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 198)
118A, 118B	HV-119	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSYYAMHWVRQAPGKGL EWVAVISYSGSNKYAESVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 217)	YYAMH (SEQ ID NO: 159)	VISYSGSNK YAESVKG (SEQ ID NO: 182)	GYDLLTGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 196)
119A, 119B	HV-120	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSFYAMHWVRQAPGKGL EWVAVISSFGSNKYAESVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 218)	FYAMH (SEQ ID NO: 162)	VISSFGSNK YAESVKG (SEQ ID NO: 183)	GYDLLTGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 196)
120A, 120B	HV-121	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRYAMHWVRQAPGKGL EWVAVISYSGANKYYAESVKGRF	RYAMH (SEQ ID NO: 163)	VISYSGAN KYAESVK	GYDLLSGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 198)

Antibody ID.	VH Group	VH Amino Acid Sequence	CDRH1	CDRH2	CDRH3
		TISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDLLSGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 219)		G (SEQ ID NO: 177)	
121A, 121B, 123A, 123B	HV-122	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYIGGNKYYAESVKGRFT ISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTA LFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQGT LTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 220)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYIGGNK YYAESVKG (SEQ ID NO: 184)	GYDVLGTG PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
122A, 122B	HV-123	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSYYAMHWVRQAPGKGL EWVAVISSMGTNKKYYAESVKGRF TISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 221)	YYAMH (SEQ ID NO: 159)	VISSMGTN KYYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 185)	GYDVLGTG PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
124A, 124B	HV-124	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYNGRNKYYAESVKGRF TISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 222)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYNGRN KYYAESVK G (SEQ ID NO: 186)	GYDVLGTG PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
125A, 125B	HV-125	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYIGRNKYYAESVKGRFTI SRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAL FYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQGT LTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 223)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYIGRNK YYAESVKG (SEQ ID NO: 187)	GYDVLGTG PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
126A, 126B	HV-126	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYNGGNKYYARSVKGRF TISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 224)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYNGGN KYYARSVK G (SEQ ID NO: 188)	GYDVLGTG PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
127A, 127B	HV-127	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYGGNKYYARSVKGRF TISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 225)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYGGN KYYARSVK G (SEQ ID NO: 189)	GYDVLGTG PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
128A, 128B	HV-128	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYQGRNKYYARSVKGRF TISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 226)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYQGRN KYYARSVK G (SEQ ID NO: 190)	GYDVLGTG PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
129A, 129B	HV-129	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYGRNKYYARSVKGRF TISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 227)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYGRN KYYARSVK G (SEQ ID NO: 191)	GYDVLGTG PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)

Antibody ID.	VH Group	VH Amino Acid Sequence	CDRH1	CDRH2	CDRH3
130A, 130B	HV-130	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYNGNKKYYARSVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVL TGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 228)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYNGNN KYYARSVK G (SEQ ID NO: 192)	GYDVL TGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
131A, 131B	HV-131	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYNGRNKYYARSVKGRF TISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT ALFYCARGYDVL TGYPDYWGQG TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 229)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYNGRN KYYARSVK G (SEQ ID NO: 193)	GYDVL TGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)
132A, 132B	HV-132	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLSCA ASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLE WVAVISYIGRNKYYARSVKGRFT ISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTA LFYCARGYDVL TGYPDYWGQGT LVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 230)	RFAMH (SEQ ID NO: 157)	VISYIGRNK YYARSVKG (SEQ ID NO: 194)	GYDVL TGY PDY (SEQ ID NO: 195)

[0128] The anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins may comprise one or more of the CDRs presented in Table 6A (light chain CDRs; i.e. CDRLs) and Table 6B (heavy chain CDRs, i.e. CDRHs). For instance, in certain embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain comprises one or more light chain CDRs selected from (i) a CDRL1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 130 to 140, (ii) a CDRL2 having the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 141, and (iii) a CDRL3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 142 to 145. In these and other embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain comprises one or more heavy chain CDRs selected from (i) a CDRH1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 157 to 163, (ii) a CDRH2 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 164 to 194, and (iii) a CDRH3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 195 to 198.

[0129] In some embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3, wherein: (a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively; (b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively; (c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 133, 141 and 142, respectively; (d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 134, 141 and 142, respectively; (e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively; (f) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 136, 141 and 143, respectively; (g) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 137, 141 and 143, respectively; (h)

CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 138, 141 and 144, respectively; (i) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 139, 141 and 145, respectively; or (j) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 140, 141 and 142, respectively.

[0130] In other embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein: (a) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 165 and 195, respectively; (b) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 166 and 195, respectively; (c) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 167 and 195, respectively; (d) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 168 and 195, respectively; (e) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 169 and 195, respectively; (f) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 170 and 195, respectively; (g) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 171 and 195, respectively; (h) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 172 and 195, respectively; (i) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 158, 173 and 196, respectively; (j) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 174 and 195, respectively; (k) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 175 and 195, respectively; (l) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 176 and 195, respectively; (m) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 158, 177 and 196, respectively; (n) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 159, 178 and 197, respectively; (o) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 160, 179 and 196, respectively; (p) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 180 and 195, respectively; (q) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 161, 181 and 198, respectively; (r) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 159, 182 and 196, respectively; (s) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 162, 183 and 196, respectively; (t) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 163, 177 and 198, respectively; (u) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 184 and 195, respectively; (v) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 159, 185 and 195, respectively; (w) CDRH1,

CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 186 and 195, respectively; (x) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 187 and 195, respectively; (y) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 188 and 195, respectively; (z) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 189 and 195, respectively; (aa) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 190 and 195, respectively; (ab) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 191 and 195, respectively; (ac) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 192 and 195, respectively; (ad) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 193 and 195, respectively; or (ae) CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 194 and 195, respectively.

[0131] In certain embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein:

(a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 165 and 195, respectively;

(b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 166 and 195, respectively;

(c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 167 and 195, respectively;

(d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 168 and 195, respectively;

(e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 169 and 195, respectively;

(f) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 170 and 195, respectively;

(g) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 171 and 195, respectively;

(h) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 133, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 172 and 195, respectively;

(i) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 158, 173 and 196, respectively;

(j) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 174 and 195, respectively;

(k) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 175 and 195, respectively;

(l) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 134, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 176 and 195, respectively;

(m) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 158, 177 and 196, respectively;

(n) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 159, 178 and 197, respectively;

(o) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 136, 141 and 143, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 160, 179 and 196, respectively;

(p) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 180 and 195, respectively;

(q) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 161, 181 and 198, respectively;

(r) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 159, 182 and 196, respectively;

(s) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 162, 183 and 196, respectively;

(t) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 137, 141 and 143, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 163, 177 and 198, respectively;

(u) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 138, 141 and 144, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 184 and 195, respectively;

(v) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 139, 141 and 145, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 159, 185 and 195, respectively;

(w) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 184 and 195, respectively;

(x) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 186 and 195, respectively;

(y) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 187 and 195, respectively;

(z) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 188 and 195, respectively;

(aa) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 189 and 195, respectively;

(ab) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 140, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 190 and 195, respectively;

(ac) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 140, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 191 and 195, respectively;

(ad) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 140, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 192 and 195, respectively;

(ae) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 193 and 195, respectively; or

(af) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 194 and 195, respectively.

[0132] In some embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprises a light chain variable region comprising a CDRL1, a CDRL2, and a CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising a CDRH1, a CDRH2, and a CDRH3, wherein:

(a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 165 and 195, respectively;

(b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 166 and 195, respectively;

(c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 184 and 195, respectively;

(d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 186 and 195, respectively;

(e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 175 and 195, respectively;

(f) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 158, 177 and 196, respectively;

(g) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 174 and 195, respectively;

(h) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 133, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 172 and 195, respectively;

(i) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 170 and 195, respectively; or

(j) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 168 and 195, respectively.

[0133] The anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention may comprise a light chain variable region selected from the group consisting of LV-101, LV-102, LV-103, LV-104, LV-105, LV-106, LV-107, LV-108, LV-109, LV-110, and LV-111, as shown in Table 6A, and/or a heavy chain variable region selected from the group consisting of HV-101, HV-102, HV-103, HV-104, HV-105, HV-106, HV-107, HV-108, HV-109, HV-110, HV-111, HV-112, HV-113, HV-114, HV-115, HV-116, HV-117, HV-118, HV-119, HV-120, HV-121, HV-122, HV-123, HV-124, HV-125, HV-126, HV-127, HV-128, HV-

129, HV-130, HV-131, and HV-132 as shown in Table 6B, and antigen-binding fragments, derivatives, muteins and variants of these light chain and heavy chain variable regions. Each of the light chain variable regions listed in Table 6A may be combined with any of the heavy chain variable regions shown in Table 6B to form an anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain suitable for incorporation into the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention. For instance, in certain embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain comprises a light chain variable region and a heavy chain variable region, wherein: (a) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 200; (b) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 201; (c) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 202; (d) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 203; (e) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 204; (f) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 205; (g) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 206; (h) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 149 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 207; (i) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 208; (j) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 209; (k) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 210; (l) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 150 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 211; (m) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 151 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 212; (n) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 151 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 213; (o) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 152 and the heavy chain

variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 214; (p) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 215; (q) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 151 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 216; (r) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 151 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 217; (s) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 151 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 218; (t) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 153 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 219; (u) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 154 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 220; (v) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 155 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 221; (w) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 220; (x) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 222; (y) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 223; (z) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 224; (aa) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 225; (ab) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 156 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 226; (ac) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 156 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 227; (ad) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 156 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 228; (ae) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 229; or (af) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 230.

[0134] In some embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain comprises a light chain variable region comprising a sequence of contiguous amino acids that differs from the sequence of a light chain variable region in Table 6A, i.e. a VL selected from LV-101, LV-102, LV-103, LV-104, LV-105, LV-106, LV-107, LV-108, LV-109, LV-110, and LV-111 at only 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 amino acid residues, wherein each such sequence difference is independently either a deletion, insertion or substitution of one amino acid, with the deletions, insertions and/or substitutions resulting in no more than 15 amino acid changes relative to the foregoing variable domain sequences. The light chain variable region in some anti-PAC1 receptor binding domains comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 147-156 (i.e. the light chain variable regions in Table 6A). In one embodiment, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain comprises a light chain variable region that comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 147-156. In another embodiment, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain comprises a light chain variable region that comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 147-156.

[0135] In these and other embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain comprises a heavy chain variable region comprising a sequence of contiguous amino acids that differs from the sequence of a heavy chain variable region in Table 6B, i.e., a VH selected from HV-101, HV-102, HV-103, HV-104, HV-105, HV-106, HV-107, HV-108, HV-109, HV-110, HV-111, HV-112, HV-113, HV-114, HV-115, HV-116, HV-117, HV-118, HV-119, HV-120, HV-121, HV-122, HV-123, HV-124, HV-125, HV-126, HV-127, HV-128, HV-129, HV-130, HV-131, and HV-132 at only 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 or 15 amino acid residues, wherein each such sequence difference is independently either a deletion, insertion or substitution of one amino acid, with the deletions, insertions and/or substitutions resulting in no more than 15 amino acid changes relative to the foregoing variable domain sequences. The heavy chain variable region in some anti-PAC1 receptor binding domains comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 200-230 (i.e. the heavy chain variable regions in Table 6B). In one embodiment, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain comprises a heavy chain variable region that comprises a sequence that is at least 90%

identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 200-230. In another embodiment, the anti-PAC1 receptor binding domain comprises a heavy chain variable region that comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 200-230.

[0136] In certain embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention are antibodies. In particular embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention are heterodimeric antibodies (used interchangeably herein with “hetero immunoglobulins” or “hetero Igs”), which refer to antibodies comprising two different light chains and two different heavy chains. For instance, in some embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a light chain and heavy chain from an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody and a light chain and heavy chain from an anti-CGRP receptor antibody. *See* Figure 2. As described in Example 3, the hetero-immunoglobulin format for bispecific molecules with target specificities for human CGRP receptor and human PAC1 receptor has a more desirable pharmacokinetic profile than molecules having a bivalent, bispecific format, such as the IgG-Fab format.

[0137] The heterodimeric antibodies can comprise any immunoglobulin constant region, such as the light chain and heavy chain constant regions shown in Tables 3 and 4, respectively. The heavy chain constant region of the heterodimeric antibodies can be, for example, an alpha-, delta-, epsilon-, gamma-, or mu-type heavy chain constant region, e.g., a human alpha-, delta-, epsilon-, gamma-, or mu-type heavy chain constant region. In some embodiments, the heterodimeric antibodies comprise a heavy chain constant region from an IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4 immunoglobulin. In one embodiment, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a heavy chain constant region from a human IgG1 immunoglobulin. In such embodiments, the human IgG1 immunoglobulin constant region may comprise one or more mutations to prevent glycosylation of the heterodimeric antibody as described in more detail herein. In another embodiment, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a heavy chain constant region from a human IgG2 immunoglobulin. In yet another embodiment, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a heavy chain constant region from a human IgG4 immunoglobulin.

[0138] Each of the variable regions disclosed in Tables 2A, 2B, 6A, and 6B may be attached to the light and heavy chain constant regions in Tables 3 and 4 to form complete antibody light and heavy chains, respectively. Further, each of the so generated heavy and light chain polypeptides may be combined to form a complete bispecific antibody structure, e.g. a heterodimeric

antibody. It should be understood that the heavy chain and light chain variable regions provided herein can also be attached to other constant domains having different sequences than the exemplary sequences listed in Tables 3 and 4.

[0139] To facilitate assembly of the light and heavy chains from the anti-CGRP receptor antibody and the light and heavy chains from the anti-PAC1 receptor antibody into a bispecific, heterodimeric antibody, the light chains and/or heavy chains from each antibody can be engineered to reduce the formation of mispaired molecules. For example, one approach to promote heterodimer formation over homodimer formation is the so-called “knobs-into-holes” method, which involves introducing mutations into the CH3 domains of two different antibody heavy chains at the contact interface. Specifically, one or more bulky amino acids in one heavy chain are replaced with amino acids having short side chains (e.g. alanine or threonine) to create a “hole,” whereas one or more amino acids with large side chains (e.g. tyrosine or tryptophan) are introduced into the other heavy chain to create a “knob.” When the modified heavy chains are co-expressed, a greater percentage of heterodimers (knob-hole) are formed as compared to homodimers (hole-hole or knob-knob). The “knobs-into-holes” methodology is described in detail in WO 96/027011; Ridgway *et al.*, Protein Eng., Vol. 9: 617-621, 1996; and Merchant *et al.*, Nat, Biotechnol., Vol. 16: 677-681, 1998, all of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

[0140] Another approach for promoting heterodimer formation to the exclusion of homodimer formation entails utilizing an electrostatic steering mechanism (*see* Gunasekaran *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem., Vol. 285: 19637-19646, 2010, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety). This approach involves introducing or exploiting charged residues in the CH3 domain in each heavy chain so that the two different heavy chains associate through opposite charges that cause electrostatic attraction. Homodimerization of the identical heavy chains are disfavored because the identical heavy chains have the same charge and therefore are repelled. This same electrostatic steering technique can be used to prevent mispairing of light chains with the non-cognate heavy chains by introducing residues having opposite charges in the correct light chain – heavy chain pair at the binding interface. The electrostatic steering technique and suitable charge pair mutations for promoting heterodimers and correct light chain/heavy chain pairing is described in WO2009089004 and WO2014081955, both of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

[0141] In embodiments in which the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention are heterodimeric antibodies comprising a first light chain (LC1) and first heavy chain (HC1) from a first antibody that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor and a second light chain (LC2) and second heavy chain (HC2) from a second antibody that specifically binds to human PAC1 receptor, HC1 or HC2 may comprise one or more amino acid substitutions to replace a positively-charged amino acid with a negatively-charged amino acid. For instance, in one embodiment, the CH3 domain of HC1 or the CH3 domain of HC2 comprises an amino acid sequence differing from a wild-type IgG amino acid sequence such that one or more positively-charged amino acids (e.g., lysine, histidine and arginine) in the wild-type human IgG amino acid sequence are replaced with one or more negatively-charged amino acids (e.g., aspartic acid and glutamic acid) at the corresponding position(s) in the CH3 domain. In these and other embodiments, amino acids (e.g. lysine) at one or more positions selected from 360, 370, 392, 409, and 439 according to the EU numbering system are replaced with a negatively-charged amino acid (e.g., aspartic acid and glutamic acid). Unless indicated otherwise by reference to a specific sequence, throughout the present specification and claims, the numbering of the residues in an immunoglobulin heavy chain or light chain is according to Kabat-EU numbering as described in Kabat *et al.*, Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest, 5th Ed. Public Health Service, National Institutes of Health Publication No. 91-3242, Bethesda, MD (1991) and Edelman *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. USA, Vol. 63: 78-85 (1969).

[0142] An amino acid substitution in an amino acid sequence is typically designated herein with a one-letter abbreviation for the amino acid residue in a particular position, followed by the numerical amino acid position relative to an original sequence of interest, which is then followed by the one-letter symbol for the amino acid residue substituted in. For example, “T30D” symbolizes a substitution of a threonine residue by an aspartate residue at amino acid position 30, relative to the original sequence of interest. Another example, “S218G” symbolizes a substitution of a serine residue by a glycine residue at amino acid position 218, relative to the original amino acid sequence of interest.

[0143] In certain embodiments, HC1 or HC2 of the heterodimeric antibodies may comprise one or more amino acid substitutions to replace a negatively-charged amino acid with a positively-charged amino acid. For instance, in one embodiment, the CH3 domain of HC1 or the CH3 domain of HC2 comprises an amino acid sequence differing from wild-type IgG amino acid

sequence such that one or more negatively-charged amino acids in the wild-type human IgG amino acid sequence are replaced with one or more positively-charged amino acids at the corresponding position(s) in the CH3 domain. In these and other embodiments, amino acids (e.g., aspartic acid or glutamic acid) at one or more positions selected from 356, 357, and 399 according to the EU numbering system of the CH3 domain are replaced with a positively-charged amino acid (e.g., lysine, histidine and arginine).

[0144] In particular embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a first heavy chain comprising negatively-charged amino acids at positions 392 and 409 (e.g., K392D and K409D substitutions), and a second heavy chain comprising positively-charged amino acids at positions 356 and 399 (e.g., E356K and D399K substitutions). In other particular embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a first heavy chain comprising negatively-charged amino acids at positions 370, 392, and 409 (e.g., K370D, K392D, and K409D substitutions), and a second heavy chain comprising positively-charged amino acids at positions 356, 357, and 399 (e.g., E356K, E357K, and D399K substitutions). In certain embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a first heavy chain comprising negatively-charged amino acids at positions 392, 409, and 439 (e.g., K392D, K409D, and K439D substitutions), and a second heavy chain comprising positively-charged amino acids at positions 356 and 399 (e.g., E356K and D399K substitutions). In other embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a first heavy chain comprising negatively-charged amino acids at positions 360, 370, 392, and 409 (e.g., K360E, K370E, K392E, and K409D substitutions), and a second heavy chain comprising positively-charged amino acids at positions 357 and 399 (e.g., E357K and D399K substitutions). In any of the foregoing embodiments, the first heavy chain can be from an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody and the second heavy chain can be from an anti-CGRP receptor antibody. Alternatively, in any of the foregoing embodiments, the first heavy chain can be from an anti-CGRP receptor antibody and the second heavy chain can be from an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody.

[0145] To facilitate the association of a particular heavy chain with its cognate light chain, both the heavy and light chains may contain complimentary amino acid substitutions. As used herein, “complimentary amino acid substitutions” refer to a substitution to a positively-charged amino acid in one chain paired with a negatively-charged amino acid substitution in the other chain. For example, in some embodiments, the heavy chain comprises at least one amino acid substitution to introduce a charged amino acid and the corresponding light chain comprises at

least one amino acid substitution to introduce a charged amino acid, wherein the charged amino acid introduced into the heavy chain has the opposite charge of the amino acid introduced into the light chain. In certain embodiments, one or more positively-charged residues (e.g., lysine, histidine or arginine) can be introduced into a first light chain (LC1) and one or more negatively-charged residues (e.g., aspartic acid or glutamic acid) can be introduced into the companion heavy chain (HC1) at the binding interface of LC1/HC1, whereas one or more negatively-charged residues (e.g., aspartic acid or glutamic acid) can be introduced into a second light chain (LC2) and one or more positively-charged residues (e.g., lysine, histidine or arginine) can be introduced into the companion heavy chain (HC2) at the binding interface of LC2/HC2. The electrostatic interactions will direct the LC1 to pair with HC1 and LC2 to pair with HC2, as the opposite charged residues (polarity) at the interface attract. The heavy/light chain pairs having the same charged residues (polarity) at an interface (e.g. LC1/HC2 and LC2/HC1) will repel, resulting in suppression of the unwanted HC/LC pairings.

[0146] In these and other embodiments, the CH1 domain of the heavy chain or the CL domain of the light chain comprises an amino acid sequence differing from wild-type IgG amino acid sequence such that one or more positively-charged amino acids in wild-type IgG amino acid sequence is replaced with one or more negatively-charged amino acids. Alternatively, the CH1 domain of the heavy chain or the CL domain of the light chain comprises an amino acid sequence differing from wild-type IgG amino acid sequence such that one or more negatively-charged amino acids in wild-type IgG amino acid sequence is replaced with one or more positively-charged amino acids. In some embodiments, one or more amino acids in the CH1 domain of the first and/or second heavy chain in the heterodimeric antibody at an EU position selected from F126, P127, L128, A141, L145, K147, D148, H168, F170, P171, V173, Q175, S176, S183, V185 and K213 is replaced with a charged amino acid. In certain embodiments, a preferred residue for substitution with a negatively- or positively- charged amino acid is S183, with the amino acid position according to the EU numbering system. In some embodiments, S183 is substituted with a positively-charged amino acid. In alternative embodiments, S183 is substituted with a negatively-charged amino acid. For instance, in one embodiment, S183 is substituted with a negatively-charged amino acid (e.g. S183E) in the first heavy chain, and S183 is substituted with a positively-charged amino acid (e.g. S183K) in the second heavy chain.

[0147] In embodiments in which the light chain is a kappa light chain, one or more amino acids in the CL domain of the first and/or second light chain in the heterodimeric antibody at a position according to EU and Kabat numbering in a kappa light chain selected from F116, F118, S121, D122, E123, Q124, S131, V133, L135, N137, N138, Q160, S162, T164, S174 and S176 is replaced with a charged amino acid. In embodiments in which the light chain is a lambda light chain, one or more amino acids in the CL domain of the first and/or second light chain in the heterodimeric antibody at a position according to Kabat numbering in a lambda chain selected from T116, F118, S121, E123, E124, K129, T131, V133, L135, S137, E160, T162, S165, Q167, A174, S176 and Y178 is replaced with a charged amino acid. In some embodiments, a preferred residue for substitution with a negatively- or positively- charged amino acid is S176 (EU and Kabat numbering system) of the CL domain of either a kappa or lambda light chain. In certain embodiments, S176 of the CL domain is replaced with a positively-charged amino acid. In alternative embodiments, S176 of the CL domain is replaced with a negatively-charged amino acid. In one embodiment, S176 is substituted with a positively-charged amino acid (e.g. S176K) in the first light chain, and S176 is substituted with a negatively-charged amino acid (e.g. S176E) in the second light chain.

[0148] In addition to or as an alternative to the complimentary amino acid substitutions in the CH1 and CL domains, the variable regions of the light and heavy chains in the heterodimeric antibody may contain one or more complimentary amino acid substitutions to introduce charged amino acids. For instance, in some embodiments, the VH region of the heavy chain or the VL region of the light chain of a heterodimeric antibody comprises an amino acid sequence differing from wild-type IgG amino acid sequence such that one or more positively-charged amino acids in wild-type IgG amino acid sequence is replaced with one or more negatively-charged amino acids. Alternatively, the VH region of the heavy chain or the VL region of the light chain comprises an amino acid sequence differing from wild-type IgG amino acid sequence such that one or more negatively-charged amino acids in wild-type IgG amino acid sequence is replaced with one or more positively-charged amino acids.

[0149] V region interface residues (i.e., amino acid residues that mediate assembly of the VH and VL regions) within the VH region include Kabat positions 1, 3, 35, 37, 39, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 50, 59, 89, 91, and 93. One or more of these interface residues in the VH region can be substituted with a charged (positively- or negatively-charged) amino acid. In certain

embodiments, the amino acid at Kabat position 39 in the VH region of the first and/or second heavy chain is substituted with a positively-charged amino acid, e.g., lysine. In alternative embodiments, the amino acid at Kabat position 39 in the VH region of the first and/or second heavy chain is substituted with a negatively-charged amino acid, e.g., glutamic acid. In some embodiments, the amino acid at Kabat position 39 in the VH region of the first heavy chain is substituted with a negatively-charged amino acid (e.g. G39E), and the amino acid at Kabat position 39 in the VH region of the second heavy chain is substituted with a positively-charged amino acid (e.g. G39K). In some embodiments, the amino acid at Kabat position 44 in the VH region of the first and/or second heavy chain is substituted with a positively-charged amino acid, e.g., lysine. In alternative embodiments, the amino acid at Kabat position 44 in the VH region of the first and/or second heavy chain is substituted with a negatively-charged amino acid, e.g., glutamic acid. In certain embodiments, the amino acid at Kabat position 44 in the VH region of the first heavy chain is substituted with a negatively-charged amino acid (e.g. G44E), and the amino acid at Kabat position 44 in the VH region of the second heavy chain is substituted with a positively-charged amino acid (e.g. G44K).

[0150] V region interface residues (i.e., amino acid residues that mediate assembly of the VH and VL regions) within the VL region include Kabat positions 32, 34, 35, 36, 38, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 85, 87, 89, 90, 91, and 100. One or more interface residues in the VL region can be substituted with a charged amino acid, preferably an amino acid that has an opposite charge to those introduced into the VH region of the cognate heavy chain. In some embodiments, the amino acid at Kabat position 100 in the VL region of the first and/or second light chain is substituted with a positively-charged amino acid, e.g., lysine. In alternative embodiments, the amino acid at Kabat position 100 in the VL region of the first and/or second light chain is substituted with a negatively-charged amino acid, e.g., glutamic acid. In certain embodiments, the amino acid at Kabat position 100 in the VL region of the first light chain is substituted with a positively-charged amino acid (e.g. G100K), and the amino acid at Kabat position 100 in the VL region of the second light chain is substituted with a negatively-charged amino acid (e.g. G100E).

[0151] In certain embodiments, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a first heavy chain, a second heavy chain, a first light chain, and a second light chain, wherein the first heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions at positions 44 (Kabat numbering), 183 (EU

numbering), 392 (EU numbering) and 409 (EU numbering), wherein the second heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions at positions 44 (Kabat numbering), 183 (EU numbering), 356 (EU numbering) and 399 (EU numbering), wherein the first and second light chains comprise an amino acid substitution at positions 100 (Kabat numbering) and 176 (Kabat numbering), and wherein the amino acid substitutions introduce a charged amino acid at said positions. In related embodiments, the glycine at position 44 (Kabat numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the glycine at position 44 (Kabat numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, the glycine at position 100 (Kabat numbering) of the first light chain is replaced with lysine, the glycine at position 100 (Kabat numbering) of the second light chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the serine at position 176 (Kabat numbering) of the first light chain is replaced with lysine, the serine at position 176 (Kabat numbering) of the second light chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the serine at position 183 (EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the lysine at position 392 (EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid, the lysine at position 409 (EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid, the serine at position 183 (EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, the glutamic acid at position 356 (EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, and/or the aspartic acid at position 399 (EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine. Accordingly, in some embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a first heavy chain, a first light chain, a second heavy chain, and a second light chain, wherein (a) the first heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions G44E, S183E, K392D, and K409D; (b) the first light chain comprises the amino acid substitutions G100K and S176K; (c) the second heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions G44K, S183K, E356K, and D399K; and (d) the second light chain comprises the amino acid substitutions G100E and S176E.

[0152] In other embodiments, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a first heavy chain, a second heavy chain, a first light chain, and a second light chain, wherein the first heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions at positions 183, 392, and 409 (all positions according to the EU numbering system), wherein the second heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions at positions 183, 356, and 399 (all positions according to the EU numbering system), wherein the first and second light chains comprise an amino acid substitution at position 176 (position according to the Kabat numbering system), and wherein the amino acid

substitutions introduce a charged amino acid at said positions. In such embodiments, the serine at position 176 (according to Kabat numbering) of the first light chain is replaced with lysine; the serine at position 176 (according to Kabat numbering) of the second light chain is replaced with glutamic acid; the serine at position 183 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the lysine at position 392 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid, the lysine at position 409 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid; the serine at position 183 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, the glutamic acid at position 356 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, and/or the aspartic acid at position 399 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine. Thus, in some embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a first heavy chain, a first light chain, a second heavy chain, and a second light chain, wherein (a) the first heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions S183E, K392D, and K409D; (b) the first light chain comprises the amino acid substitution S176K; (c) the second heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions S183K, E356K, and D399K; and (d) the second light chain comprises the amino acid substitution S176E.

[0153] In still other embodiments, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a first heavy chain, a second heavy chain, a first light chain, and a second light chain, wherein the first heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions at positions 183, 370, 392, and 409 (all positions according to the EU numbering system), wherein the second heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions at positions 183, 356, 357, and 399 (all positions according to the EU numbering system), wherein the first and second light chains comprise an amino acid substitution at position 176 (position according to the Kabat numbering system), and wherein the amino acid substitutions introduce a charged amino acid at said positions. In such embodiments, the serine at position 176 (according to Kabat numbering) of the first light chain is replaced with lysine; the serine at position 176 (according to Kabat numbering) of the second light chain is replaced with glutamic acid; the serine at position 183 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the lysine at position 370 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid, the lysine at position 392 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid, the lysine at position 409 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid; the serine at

position 183 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, the glutamic acid at position 356 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, the glutamic acid at position 357 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, and/or the aspartic acid at position 399 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine. Accordingly, in some embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a first heavy chain, a first light chain, a second heavy chain, and a second light chain, wherein (a) the first heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions S183E, K370D, K392D, and K409D; (b) the first light chain comprises the amino acid substitution S176K; (c) the second heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions S183K, E356K, E357K, and D399K; and (d) the second light chain comprises the amino acid substitution S176E.

[0154] In certain embodiments, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a first heavy chain, a second heavy chain, a first light chain, and a second light chain, wherein the first heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions at positions 183, 392, 409, and 439 (all positions according to the EU numbering system), wherein the second heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions at positions 183, 356, and 399 (all positions according to the EU numbering system), wherein the first and second light chains comprise an amino acid substitution at position 176 (position according to the Kabat numbering system), and wherein the amino acid substitutions introduce a charged amino acid at said positions. In such embodiments, the serine at position 176 (according to Kabat numbering) of the first light chain is replaced with lysine; the serine at position 176 (according to Kabat numbering) of the second light chain is replaced with glutamic acid; the serine at position 183 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the lysine at position 392 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid, the lysine at position 409 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid, the lysine at position 439 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid; the serine at position 183 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, the glutamic acid at position 356 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, and/or the aspartic acid at position 399 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine. Thus, in some embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a first heavy chain, a first light chain, a second heavy chain, and a second light chain,

wherein (a) the first heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions S183E, K392D, K409D, and K439D; (b) the first light chain comprises the amino acid substitution S176K; (c) the second heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions S183K, E356K, and D399K; and (d) the second light chain comprises the amino acid substitution S176E.

[0155] In some embodiments, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a first heavy chain, a second heavy chain, a first light chain, and a second light chain, wherein the first heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions at positions 183, 360, 370, 392, and 409 (all positions according to the EU numbering system), wherein the second heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions at positions 183, 357, and 399 (all positions according to the EU numbering system), wherein the first and second light chains comprise an amino acid substitution at position 176 (position according to the Kabat numbering system), and wherein the amino acid substitutions introduce a charged amino acid at said positions. In such embodiments, the serine at position 176 (according to Kabat numbering) of the first light chain is replaced with lysine; the serine at position 176 (according to Kabat numbering) of the second light chain is replaced with glutamic acid; the serine at position 183 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the lysine at position 360 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the lysine at position 370 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the lysine at position 392 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with glutamic acid, the lysine at position 409 (according to EU numbering) of the first heavy chain is replaced with aspartic acid; the serine at position 183 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, the glutamic acid at position 357 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine, and/or the aspartic acid at position 399 (according to EU numbering) of the second heavy chain is replaced with lysine. Accordingly, in some embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody comprises a first heavy chain, a first light chain, a second heavy chain, and a second light chain, wherein (a) the first heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions S183E, K360E, K370E, K392E, and K409D; (b) the first light chain comprises the amino acid substitution S176K; (c) the second heavy chain comprises amino acid substitutions S183K, E357K, and D399K; and (d) the second light chain comprises the amino acid substitution S176E.

[0156] Any of the light chain and heavy chain constant domains, anti-PAC1 receptor variable regions, and anti-CGRP receptor variable regions described herein can be modified to contain one or more of the charge pair mutations described above to facilitate correct assembly of a heterodimeric antibody. Exemplary full-length light chain sequences and full-length heavy chain sequences from anti-CGRP receptor antibodies containing one or more charge pair mutations suitable for use in the heterodimeric antibodies of the invention are shown above in Table 5A and Table 5B, respectively.

[0157] In some embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain from Table 5A and an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain from Table 5B. Exemplary pairs of anti-CGRP receptor antibody light and heavy chains that may be incorporated into a heterodimeric antibody of the invention include, but are not limited to: LC-03 (SEQ ID NO: 71) and HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86); LC-04 (SEQ ID NO: 72) and HC-03 (SEQ ID NO: 87); LC-04 (SEQ ID NO: 72) and HC-04 (SEQ ID NO: 88); LC-04 (SEQ ID NO: 72) and HC-05 (SEQ ID NO: 89); LC-04 (SEQ ID NO: 72) and HC-06 (SEQ ID NO: 90); LC-04 (SEQ ID NO: 72) and HC-07 (SEQ ID NO: 91); LC-05 (SEQ ID NO: 73) and HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86); LC-06 (SEQ ID NO: 74) and HC-03 (SEQ ID NO: 87); LC-06 (SEQ ID NO: 74) and HC-04 (SEQ ID NO: 88); LC-07 (SEQ ID NO: 75) and HC-08 (SEQ ID NO: 92); LC-08 (SEQ ID NO: 76) and HC-09 (SEQ ID NO: 93); LC-08 (SEQ ID NO: 76) and HC-10 (SEQ ID NO: 94); LC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 70) and HC-08 (SEQ ID NO: 92); LC-09 (SEQ ID NO: 77) and HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86); LC-10 (SEQ ID NO: 78) and HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86); LC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 70) and HC-11 (SEQ ID NO: 95); LC-11 (SEQ ID NO: 79) and HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86); LC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 70) and HC-12 (SEQ ID NO: 96); LC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 70) and HC-13 (SEQ ID NO: 97); LC-12 (SEQ ID NO: 80) and HC-14 (SEQ ID NO: 98); LC-13 (SEQ ID NO: 81) and HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86); LC-14 (SEQ ID NO: 82) and HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86); LC-15 (SEQ ID NO: 83) and HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86); and LC-16 (SEQ ID NO: 84) and HC-02 (SEQ ID NO: 86). In certain embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 72 and an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 87-91. In other embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 74 and an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 87 or SEQ ID

NO: 88. In still other embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 76 and an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 93 or SEQ ID NO: 94.

[0158] The anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain and/or heavy chain incorporated into a heterodimeric antibody of the invention may comprise a sequence of contiguous amino acids that differs from the sequence of a light chain in Table 5A or a heavy chain in Table 5B by 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 or more amino acid residues, wherein each such sequence difference is independently a deletion, insertion or substitution of one amino acid. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain incorporated into a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 69-84 (i.e. the anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chains in Table 5A). In one embodiment, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain that comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 70-84. In another embodiment, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain that comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 70-84. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain incorporated into a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 85-98 (i.e. the anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chains in Table 5B). In one embodiment, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain that comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 86-98. In another embodiment, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain that comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 86-98.

[0159] Exemplary full-length light chain sequences and full-length heavy chain sequences from anti-PAC1 receptor antibodies containing one or more charge pair mutations suitable for use in

the heterodimeric antibodies of the invention are shown below in Table 7A and Table 7B, respectively.

Table 7A. Exemplary Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody Light Chain Sequences

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
29G4v22	LC-101	DIQLTQSPSFLSASVGDRVITIT CRASQSIGRSLHWYQQKPGKA PKLLIKYASQSLSGVPSRFSGS GSGTEFTLTISLQPEDFATYY CHQSSRLPFTFGPGTKVDIKRT VAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTAS VVCLLNNFYPPREAKVQWKVD NALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDST YLSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYA CEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNREGC (SEQ ID NO: 231)	GATATCCAGCTCACTCAATCGCCATCATTTCTCTC CGCTTCGGTAGGCGACCGGGTCACGATCACATGC AGGGCGTCGCAAAGCATTGGGAGGTCGTTGCATT GGTATCAGCAGAAACCCGGAAGGCCCGAAACT TCTGATCAAATACGCATCACAAAGCTTGAGCGGT GTGCCGTCGCGCTTCTCCGGTTCCGGAAGCGGAA CGGAATTCACGCTTACAATCTCCTCACTGCAGCCC GAGGATTTTCGCGACCTATTACTGTCAACAGTCATC CAGACTCCCGTTTACTTTTGGCCCTGGGACCAAGG TGGACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGT CTTCATCTTCCCGCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAAT CTGGAAGTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCCTGCTGAATAAC TTCTATCCCAGAGAGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGAAGG TGGATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACTCCCAGGA GAGTGTACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCAC CTACAGCCTCAGCAGCACCTTGACGCTGAGCAAA GCAGACTACGAGAAACACAAAGTCTACGCCTGCG AAGTCACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCAC AAAGAGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 312)
101A, 101B, 101C, 101D, 101E, 101F, 101G, 102A, 102B, 102C, 102D, 123A, 123B, 124A, 124B, 125A, 125B, 126A, 126B, 127A, 127B, 131A, 131B, 132A, 132B	LC-102	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLS CRASKSVGRSLHWYQQKPGQ APRLLIKYASQSLSGIPARFSGS GSGTDFTLTISLQPEDFAVYY CHQSSRLPFTFGPGTKVDIKRT VAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTAS VVCLLNNFYPPREAKVQWKVD NALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDST YLSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYA CEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNREGC (SEQ ID NO: 232)	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTC CCTGAGCCCGGGTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGC CGAGCATCCAAGTCCGTCGGACGATCATTGCACT GGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCAGACT TCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCGGGT ATTCCCGCTCGCTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGAC AGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCCTCGCTGGAACCCG AGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTATCAGTCATCG AGGTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGACCAAGG TGGACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGT CTTCATCTTCCCGCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAAT CTGGAAGTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCCTGCTGAATAAC TTCTATCCCAGAGAGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGAAGG TGGATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACTCCCAGGA GAGTGTACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCAC CTACAGCCTCGAAAGCACCTTGACGCTGAGCAAA GCAGACTACGAGAAACACAAAGTCTACGCCTGCG AAGTCACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCAC AAAGAGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 313)
103A, 103B, 104A, 104B, 105A, 105B, 106A, 106B, 107A, 107B, 109A, 109B,	LC-103	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLS CRASKSVGWSLHWYQQKPGQ APRLLIKYASQSLSGIPARFSGS GSGTDFTLTISLQPEDFAVYY CHQSSRLPFTFGPGTKVDIKRT VAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTAS	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTC CCTGAGCCCGGGTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGC CGAGCATCCAATCCGTCGGGTGGAGCTTGCACT GGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCAGACT TCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCGGGT ATTCCCGCTCGCTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGAC

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
110A, 110B, 111A, 111B, 116A, 116B		VVCLLNFPYAPREKVVQWKVD NALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDS YSLESTLTLSKADYEKHKVYA CEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC (SEQ ID NO: 233)	AGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCCTCGCTGGAACCCG AGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCATCG AGGTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGG TGGACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGT CTTCATCTTCCCGCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAAT CTGGAAGTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCCTGCTGAATAAC TTCTATCCCAGAGAGGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGAAGG TGGATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACTCCCAGGA GAGTGTACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCAC CTACAGCCTCGAAAGCACCTGACGCTGAGCAAA GCAGACTACGAGAAACACAAAGTCTACGCCTGCG AAGTCACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCAC AAAGAGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 314)
108A, 108B	LC-104	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLS CRASKSVGYSLHWYQQKPGQ APRLIKYASQSLSGIPARFSGS GSGTDFLTITSLPEDEFAVYY CHQSSRLPFTFGPGTKVDIKRT VAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTAS VVCLLNFPYAPREKVVQWKVD NALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDS YSLESTLTLSKADYEKHKVYA CEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC (SEQ ID NO: 234)	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTC CCTGAGCCCGGGTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGC CGAGCATCCAAATCCGTCGGGTACAGCTTGCACT GGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGACT TCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCTGGGT ATTCCCGCTCGCTTTTCGGGGTCTGGGATCCGGGAC AGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCCTCGCTGGAACCCG AGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCATCG AGGTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGG TGGACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGT CTTCATCTTCCCGCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAAT CTGGAAGTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCCTGCTGAATAAC TTCTATCCCAGAGAGGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGAAGG TGGATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACTCCCAGGA GAGTGTACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCAC CTACAGCCTCGAAAGCACCTGACGCTGAGCAAA GCAGACTACGAGAAACACAAAGTCTACGCCTGCG AAGTCACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCAC AAAGAGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 315)
112A, 112B	LC-105	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLS CRASKAVGWSLHWYQQKPG QAPRLIKYASQSLSGIPARFS GSGTDFLTITSLPEDEFAV YYCHQSSRLPFTFGPGTKVDIK RTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGT ASVVCLLNFPYAPREKVVQWK VDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSK STYSLESTLTLSKADYEKHKV YACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRG EC (SEQ ID NO: 235)	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTC CCTGAGCCCGGGTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGC CGAGCATCCAAAGCCGTCGGGTGGAGCTTGCACT GGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGACT TCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCTGGGT ATTCCCGCTCGCTTTTCGGGGTCTGGGATCCGGGAC AGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCCTCGCTGGAACCCG AGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCATCG AGGTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGG TGGACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGT CTTCATCTTCCCGCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAAT CTGGAAGTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCCTGCTGAATAAC TTCTATCCCAGAGAGGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGAAGG TGGATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACTCCCAGGA GAGTGTACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCAC CTACAGCCTCGAAAGCACCTGACGCTGAGCAAA GCAGACTACGAGAAACACAAAGTCTACGCCTGCG AAGTCACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCAC AAAGAGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 316)

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
113A, 113B, 114A, 114B, 117A, 117B, 118A, 118B, 119A, 119B	LC-106	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLS CRASKSVGQSLHWYQQKPGQ APRLLIKYSQSLSGIPARFSGS GSGTDFTLTISLEPEDFAVYY CHQSSRLPFTFGPGTKVDIKRT VAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTAS VVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVD NALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDST YSLESTLTLSKADYEKHKVYA CEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC (SEQ ID NO: 236)	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTC CCTGAGCCCCGGGTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGC CGAGCATCCAAATCAGTCGGTCAGTCTTTGCACT GGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGACT TCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCTGGGT ATTCCCGCTCGCTTTTCGGGGTCTGGGATCCGGGAC AGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCCTCGCTGGAACCCG AGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCTATCAGTCATCG CGTTTGCCTTTTCAGTCTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGT GGACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGTCT TTCATCTTCCC GCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAATC TGGAAGTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCCTGCTGAATAACT TCTATCCCAGAGAGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGAAGGT GGATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACTCCCAGGAG AGTGTACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCACC TACAGCCTCGAAAGCACCTGACGCTGAGCAAAG CAGACTACGAGAAACAAAGTCTACGCCTGCGA AGTACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCACA AAGAGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 317)
115A, 115B	LC-107	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLS CRASRSVGLALHWYQQKPGQ APRLLIKYSQSLSGIPARFSGS GSGTDFTLTISLEPEDFAVYY CHQSSFLPFTFGPGTKVDIKRT VAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTAS VVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVD NALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDST YSLESTLTLSKADYEKHKVYA CEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC (SEQ ID NO: 237)	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTC CCTGAGCCCCGGGTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGC CGAGCATCCCGTTCAGTCGGTCTGGCTTTGCACTG GTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGACTT CTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCTGGGT TTCCCGCTCGCTTTTCGGGGTCTGGGATCCGGGACA GATTTACGCTCACAATCTCCTCGCTGGAACCCGA GGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCTATCAGTCATCGT TCTTGCCTTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTG GACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGTCTT CATCTTCCC GCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAATCTG GAACTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCCTGCTGAATAACTTC TATCCCAGAGAGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGAAGGTGG ATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACTCCCAGGAGAG TGTCACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCACCTAC AGCCTCGAAAGCACCTGACGCTGAGCAAAGCAG ACTACGAGAAACACAAAGTCTACGCCTGCGAAGT CACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCACAAAG AGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 318)
120A, 120B	LC-108	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLS CRASKAVGFSLHWYQQKPGQ APRLLIKYSQSLSGIPARFSGS GSGTDFTLTISLEPEDFAVYY CHQSSFLPFTFGPGTKVDIKRT VAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTAS VVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVD NALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDST YSLESTLTLSKADYEKHKVYA CEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC (SEQ ID NO: 238)	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTC CCTGAGCCCCGGGTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGC CGAGCATCCAAAGCAGTCGGTTTCTCTTTGCACTG GTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGACTT CTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCTGGGT TTCCCGCTCGCTTTTCGGGGTCTGGGATCCGGGACA GATTTACGCTCACAATCTCCTCGCTGGAACCCGA GGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCTATCAGTCATCGT TCTTGCCTTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTG GACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGTCTT CATCTTCCC GCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAATCTG GAACTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCCTGCTGAATAACTTC TATCCCAGAGAGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGAAGGTGG ATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACTCCCAGGAGAG TGTCACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCACCTAC

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			AGCCTCGAAAGCACCCCTGACGCTGAGCAAAGCAG ACTACGAGAAACACAAAGTCTACGCTGCGAAGT CACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCACAAAG AGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 319)
121A, 121B	LC-109	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLS CRASRAVSNLHWYQQKPGQA PRLLIKYSQSLSGIPARFSGS SGTDFTLTISLEPEDFAVYYC HQSSYLPFTFGPGTKVDIKRTV AAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASV VCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVDN ALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDY SLESTLTLSKADYEKHKVYAC EVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC (SEQ ID NO: 239)	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTC CCTGAGCCCCGGGTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGC CGAGCATCCCGTGCAGTCTCTAACTTGCACTGGTA CCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGACTTCTG ATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCGGGTATTC CCGCTCGCTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGA TTTCACGCTCACAATCTCCTCGCTGGAACCCGAGG ACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCATCGTAC TTGCCTTTCACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGG ACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGTCTTC ATCTTCCCGCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAATCTGG AACTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCTGCTGAATAACTTCT ATCCAGAGAGAGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGAAGGTGG ATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACCTCCAGGAGAG TGTCACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCACCTAC AGCCTCGAAAGCACCCCTGACGCTGAGCAAAGCAG ACTACGAGAAACACAAAGTCTACGCTGCGAAGT CACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCACAAAG AGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 320)
122A, 122B	LC-110	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLS CRASKAVVHNLHWYQQKPG QAPRLLIKYSQSLSGIPARFS GSGSGTDFTLTISLEPEDFAV YYCHQSSMLPFTFGPGTKVDI KRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSG TASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQW KVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSK DSTYSLESTLTLSKADYEKHK VYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNR GEC (SEQ ID NO: 240)	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTC CCTGAGCCCCGGGTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGC CGAGCATCCAAAGCAGTCTGGCATAACTTGCACT GGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGACT TCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCGGGT ATTCCCGCTCGCTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGAC AGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCCTCGCTGGAACCCG AGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCATCG ATGTTGCCTTTCACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGG TGGACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGT CTTCATCTTCCCGCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAAT CTGGAAGTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCTGCTGAATAAC TTCTATCCCAGAGAGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGAAGG TGGATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACCTCCAGGA GAGTGTACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCAC CTACAGCCTCGAAAGCACCCCTGACGCTGAGCAA GCAGACTACGAGAAACACAAAGTCTACGCCTGCG AAGTCACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCAC AAAGAGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 321)
128A, 128B, 129A, 129B, 130A, 130B	LC-111	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLS CRASQSVGRSLHWYQQKPGQ APRLLIKYSQSLSGIPARFSGS GSGTDFTLTISLEPEDFAVYY CHQSSRLPFTFGPGTKVDIKRT VAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTAS VVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKVD NALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDY YSLESTLTLSKADYEKHKVYA CEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC (SEQ ID NO: 241)	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTC CCTGAGCCCCGGGTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGC CGAGCATCCAGTCCGTCGGACGATCATTGCACT GGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGACT TCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCGGGT ATTCCCGCTCGCTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGAC AGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCCTCGCTGGAACCCG AGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCATCG AGGTTGCCTTTCACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGG TGGACATTAAGCGTACGGTGGCTGCACCATCTGT CTTCATCTTCCCGCCATCTGATGAGCAGTTGAAAT

Antibody ID.	LC Group	Light Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Light Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			CTGGAACTGCCTCTGTTGTGTGCCTGCTGAATAAC TTCTATCCCAGAGAGGGCCAAAGTACAGTGGGAAGG TGGATAACGCCCTCCAATCGGGTAACTCCCAGGA GAGTGTACAGAGCAGGACAGCAAGGACAGCAC CTACAGCCTCGAAAGCACCCCTGACGCTGAGCAAA GCAGACTACGAGAAACACAAAGTCTACGCCTGCG AAGTCACCCATCAGGGCCTGAGCTCGCCCGTCAC AAAGAGCTTCAACAGGGGAGAGTGT (SEQ ID NO: 322)

Table 7B. Exemplary Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody Heavy Chain Sequences

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
29G4v22	HC-101	QVQLVESGAIEVVKPGASVKV SCKASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQA PGQGLEWMGVISYDGGNKYY AESVKGRVTMTRDTSTSTLY MELSSLRSEDVAVYYCARGY DVLTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSS ASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGT AALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNS GALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYS LSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVN HKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKT HTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPP KPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDV SHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHN AKTKPREEQYGSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNK ALPAPIEKTIKAKGQPREPQV YTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENN YKTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTV DKSRWQQGNVFSVSMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 242)	CAAGTTCAGTTGGTGGAGTCTGGAGCCGAAGTAGTA AAGCCAGGAGCTTCAGTGAAAGTCTCTTGTAAGCA AGTGGATTACGTTTAGCCGCTTTGCCATGCATTGGG TGCGGCAAGCTCCCGGTCAGGGGTTGGAGTGGATGG GAGTTATTAGCTATGACGGGGGCAATAAGTACTACG CCGAGTCTGTAAAGGGTCGGGTCACAATGACACGGG ACACCTCAACAGTACACTCTATATGGAAGTGTCTA GCCTGAGATCCGAGGACACCGCTGTGTATTATTGCG CTAGGGGGTACGATGTATTGACGGGTTATCCTGATT ACTGGGGGCAGGGGACACTCGTAACCGTCTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCCTCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAGCAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACCTCTGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCTCACCCTCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTCTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTGACCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACTACAAGACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCAAGCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 323)

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
101A	HC-102	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYQGRNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 243)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTA (SEQ ID NO: 324)
101B	HC-103	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYQGRNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTTTPVLDSGDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 244)	GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGCCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCGTCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGATGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAGAACAACCTACGACACCACGCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCCTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 325)
101C	HC-104	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSRLSCAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAVISYQGRNKYYAESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDVLTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHCPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTTTPVLDSGDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQDSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 245)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAATACTATGCAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGCTCCACCAAGGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTGACGGTGTGCTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGCGTGCACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCTCAGGACTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCAGCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAAGTTGAGCCCAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTACACATGCCACCGTCCAGCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGTGAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			GAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACAC CACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTC CTCTATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGG CAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCAT GAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGGACAGCCTC TCCCTGTCTCCGGGCAAA (SEQ ID NO: 326)
101D	HC-105	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYQGRNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTLT PSREEMTENQVSLTCLVEGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYETT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 246)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAG CCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTG GGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGT GGCAGTTATCTCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAAATACTA TGCAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTACCATCTCCAG AGACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAA CAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTG TGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGA CTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAG TGCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCTGGCA CCCTCCTCCAAGAGCAGCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCC CTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCGAACCG GTGACGGTGTCTGTGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGC GGCGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCTCAG GACTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCT CCAGCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACG TGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAG AAAGTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTACACA TGCCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGA CCGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGT GGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAA GTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAA TGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCA GCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCCGTCTGCA CCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCA AGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGA AAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAA CCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAG ATGACCGAGAACCAGGTGACCTGACCTGCCTGGTC GAGGGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGG GAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGAGAC CACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTC CTCTATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGG CAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCAT GAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTC TCCCTGTCTCCGGGCAAA (SEQ ID NO: 327)
101E	HC-106	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYQGRNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAG CCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTG GGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGT GGCAGTTATCTCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAAATACTA TGCAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTACCATCTCCAG AGACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAA CAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTG TGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGA CTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLYITREPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSGLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 247)	TGCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCA CCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCC CTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCG GTGACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGC GGCGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAG GACTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCT CCAGCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACG TGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAG AAAGTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACA TGCCACACCGTGCCACAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGA CCGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCTATATCACCCGGGAGCCTGAGGTACATGCG TGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCA AGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATA ATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGC AGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCCTCTGC ACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGC AAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCATCGAG AAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGA ACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCATCCCGGGAGGA GATGACCAAGAACCAGGTACGCTGACCTGCCTGGT CAAAGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTG GGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACGACA CCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTT CCTCTATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTG GCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGTCTCCGTGATGCA TGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCT CTCCCTGTCTCCGGGCAAA (SEQ ID NO: 328)
101F	HC-107	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRSLRS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYQGRNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLYITREPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSGLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQDSLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 248)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAG CCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTG GGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGT GGCAGTTATCTCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAAATACTA TGCAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTACCATCTCCAG AGACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAA CAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTG TGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGA CTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAG TGCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCA CCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCC CTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCG GTGACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGC GGCGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAG GACTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCT CCAGCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACG TGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAG AAAGTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACA TGCCACACCGTGCCACAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGA CCGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCTATATCACCCGGGAGCCTGAGGTACATGCG TGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCA AGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATA ATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGC AGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCCTCTGC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			ACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGC AAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAG AAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGA ACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGA GATGACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGT CAAAGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTG GGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACA CCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTT CCTCTATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTG GCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCA TGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGGACAGCCT CTCCCTGTCTCCGGGCAA (SEQ ID NO: 329)
101G	HC-108	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYQGRNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLYITREPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTENQVSLTCLVEGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYETT PPVLDSGDSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 249)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAG CCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTG GGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGT GGCAGTTATCTCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAATACTA TGCAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAG AGACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAA CAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTG TGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGA CTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAG TGCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCA CCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCC CTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCG GTGACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGC GGCGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCTCAG GACTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCT CCAGCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACG TGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAG AAAGTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTACACA TGCCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGA CCGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCTATATCACCCGGGAGCCTGAGGTACATGCG TGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCTGAGGTCA AGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATA ATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGC AGCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCGTCTG ACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGC AAGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAG AAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGA ACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGA GATGACCGAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGT CGAGGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTG GGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGAGA CCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTT CCTCTATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTG GCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCA TGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCT CTCCCTGTCTCCGGGCAA (SEQ ID NO: 330)
102A	HC-109	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGGNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGT CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 250)	CAGTTATCTCATATAACGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCCTCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 331)
102B	HC-110	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGGNKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATAACGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGTCTGTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCCTCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 251)	TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCTCAAAACCCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 332)
102C	HC-111	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGGNKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSH DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQDLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 252)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAG CCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTG GGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGT GGCAGTTATCTCATATAACGGAGGAAATAAATACTA TGCAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAG AGACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAA CAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTG TGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGA CTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAG TGCTCCACCAAGGGGCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCA CCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCC CTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTCCCCGAACCG GTGACGGTGTCTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGC GGCGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCTCTAG GACTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCT CCAGCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACG TGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAG AAAGTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACA TGCCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACCTCTGGGGGGA CCGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCTCAAAACCCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGT GGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAA GTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGAGGTGCATAA TGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCA GCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCCTGCA CCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCA AGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGA AAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAA CCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAG ATGACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTC AAAGGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGG GAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACAC CACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTC CTCTATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGG CAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCAT

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			GAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGGACAGCCTC TCCCTGTCTCCGGGCAA (SEQ ID NO: 333)
102D	HC-112	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGGNKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHED DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLT PSREEMTENQVSLTCLVEGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYETT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 253)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGG TCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAG CCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTG GGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGT GGCAGTTATCTCATATAACGGAGGAAATAAATACTA TGCAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAG AGACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAA CAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTG TGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGA CTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAG TGCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCA CCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCC CTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCG GTGACGGTGTCTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGC GGCGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAG GACTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCT CCAGCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACG TGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAG AAAGTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACA TGCCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGA CCGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGT GGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAA GTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAA TGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCA GCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCCTCCTGCA CCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCA AGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGA AAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAA CCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAG ATGACCGAGAACCAGGTGACCTGACCTGCCTGGTC GAGGGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGG GAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGAAAC CACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTC CTCTATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGG CAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCAT GAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTC TCCCTGTCTCCGGGCAA (SEQ ID NO: 334)
103A	HC-113	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVISFSGGSKYYAE SVKGRFTLSRDNSKNTLYLQM NSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDVL GYPDYWGQGLVTVSSASTK GPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALG CLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKSV VTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPS NTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPP CPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDT LMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDP EVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKP	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATATCTTTTTCTGGAGGTTCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCTTGTCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC TCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCTCCAAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		CEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQD WLNKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIE KTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSR EEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSD IAVEWESNGQPENNYDTPPV LDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQ KSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 254)	GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 335)
103B	HC-114	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVISFSGGSKYYAE SVKGRFTLSRDNSKNTLYLQM NSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDVL GYPDYWGQGTLVTVSSASTK GPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALG CLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKSV VTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPS NTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPP CPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDT LMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDP EVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKP CEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQD WLNKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIE KTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSR EEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFYPSD IAVEWESNGQPENNYDTPPV LDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQ KSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 255)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATATCTTTTTCTGGAGGTTCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCTTGTCAGAGA CAATTCGAAGAACACCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 336)
104A	HC-115	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVINRGRGHGKYA ESVKGRFTVSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTLT PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 256)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATCAACTATCGTGGACATGGTAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCCTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 337)
104B	HC-116	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVINRGRGHGKYA ESVKGRFTVSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATCAACTATCGTGGACATGGTAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 257)	CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGCGGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCCTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 338)
105A	HC-117	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRSLRS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVISYSGASKYYA ESVKGRFTMSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 258)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATATCTTATTCTGGAGCTTCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATGTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGCGGTGGAGGTGCATAATG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCCTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 339)
105B	HC-118	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVISYSGASKYYA ESVKGRFTMSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLNISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 259)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCATGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATATCTTATTCTGGAGCTTCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTACCATGTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCCTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 340)
106A	HC-119	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		GKGLEWVAVISYSGAFKYA ESVKGRFTVSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 260)	TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CTGTTATATCTTATTCTGGAGCTTTCAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAGA CAATCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACCTCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCCTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCCTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 341)
106B	HC-120	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYSGAFKYA ESVKGRFTVSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CTGTTATATCTTATTCTGGAGCTTTCAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAGA CAATCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSGDSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 261)	GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 342)
107A	HC-121	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVISYTGAQKYA ESVKGRFTMSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSGDSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 262)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATATCTTATACTGGAGCTCAGAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATGTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 343)
107B	HC-122	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVISYTGAKYYA ESVKGRFTMSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCIEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 263)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATATCTTATACTGGAGCTCAGAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATGTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGGTGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAAGCGG GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAACTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 344)
108A	HC-123	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVISYTGQFKYYA ESVKGRFTVSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATCTCTTATACTGGACAGTTCAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 264)	GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCCTTTCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCTGCCCCCATCCCGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 345)
108B	HC-124	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVISYTGQFKYYA ESVKGRFTVSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 265)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATCTCTTATACTGGACAGTTCAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTACCCGTGTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCCTTTCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 346)
109A	HC-125	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSKYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYMGANKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLNISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTLTP PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 266)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAAATACGCCATGCACTGG GTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTG GCAGTTATCTCATACATGGGAGCTAATAAATACTAT GCAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGA GACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAAC AGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTACTGT GCGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTACCCCGAC TACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT GCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCA CCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCC CTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCGAACC GTGACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGC GCGGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCTCAG GACTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCT CCAGCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACG TGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAG AAAGTTGAGCCCAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTACACA TGCCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGA CCGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGT GGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAA GTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAA TGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCA GCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCCTGCTGCA CCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCA AGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGA AAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAA CCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAG ATGACCAAGAACCAGGTGACCTGACCTGCCTGGTC AAAGGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGG GAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACGACAC CACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTC CTCTATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGG CAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCAT GAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTC TCCCTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 347)
109B	HC-126	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSKYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYMGANKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAAATACGCCATGCACTGG GTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTG GCAGTTATCTCATACATGGGAGCTAATAAATACTAT GCAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 267)	GACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAAC AGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGT GCGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTACCCCGAC TACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT GCCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCA CCCTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCC CTGGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCG GTGACGGTGTCTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGC GGCGTGACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAG GACTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCT CCAGCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACG TGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAG AAAGTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACA TGCCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACCTCTGGGGGGA CCGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACA CCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGT GGTGGTGAGCGTGAGCCACGAAGACCTGAGGTCAA GTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGAGGTTGCATAA TGCCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCA GCACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCGTCCTGCA CCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCA AGGTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGA AAACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAA CCACAGGTGTACACCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAG ATGACCAAGAACCAGGTGACCTGACCTGCCTGGTC GATGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGG GAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACAC CACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTC CTCTATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGG CAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCAT GAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTC TCCCTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 348)
110A	HC-127	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVINFGTTKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHY	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATCAACTTTCAGGGAACCTACTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCTTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACCTCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 268)	TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCCTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 349)
110B	HC-128	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVINFGQTTKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 269)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATCAACTTTTCAAGGAACTACTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCCTGCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 350)

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
111A	HC-129	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVISYSGDLKYYA ESVKGRFTVSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 270)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATATCTTATTCTGGAGATCTGAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAGA CAATTCGAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 351)
111B	HC-130	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVISYSGDLKYYA ESVKGRFTVSRDNSKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATATCTTATTCTGGAGATCTGAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAGA CAATTCGAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTTTPVLDSGDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 271)	GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCTGAGGTCAATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 352)
112A	HC-131	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRSLRLSCAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLEWVGVITYTGGAKEYAESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYQMNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTTTPVLDSGDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 272)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATAAATTATACTGGAGGTGCTAAATACTATGCAAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCGAAGAACACACCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCAACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCTGAGGTCAATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 353)
112B	HC-132	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVIYTGGAKEYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTLT PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 273)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATAACTTATACTGGAGGTGCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGGTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAACTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 354)
113A	HC-133	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSKYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYSGANKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAAATACGCCATGCACTGG GTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTG GCAGTTATCTCATACTCTGGAGCTAATAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSGLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 274)	CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGACAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGAACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 355)
113B	HC-134	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRSLRS CAASGFTFSKYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYSGANKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSGLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 275)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTG CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAAATACGCCATGCACTGG GTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTG GCAGTTATCTCATACTCTGGAGCTAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 356)
114A	HC-135	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSYYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISHYGTNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDP LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTWSNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSH DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 276)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTTACTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCACATTACGGAATAATAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCTGTATCTGCAAAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATCCTCTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCCTCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTTACAGTCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 357)
114B	HC-136	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSYYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISHYGTNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTTACTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDP LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 277)	CAGTTATCTCACATTACGGAACATAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATCCTCTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCCTCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTA (SEQ ID NO: 358)
115A	HC-137	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRRLS CAASGFTFSHYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYQGSNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTCATTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATACCAGGGAAGTAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 278)	TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCC AAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 359)
115B	HC-138	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSHYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYQGSNKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 279)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTCATTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATACCAGGGAAGTAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCC AAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 360)
116A	HC-139	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVINYFGDAKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLT PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 280)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATCAACTATTTTCGGAGACGCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTTACAGTCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCTCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 361)
116B	HC-140	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVGVINYFGDAKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG GTGTTATCAACTATTTTCGGAGACGCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 281)	GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 362)
117A	HC-141	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSYFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISHGANKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LSGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 282)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTTACTTCGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCACATTCTGGAGCTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCGAAGAACACCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGAGTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 363)
117B	HC-142	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSYFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISHGANKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LSGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTLT PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 283)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTTACTTCGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCACATTCTGGAGCTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATCTGTGTAGTGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCCTGCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 364)
118A	HC-143	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSYYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYSGSNKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTTACTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATACTCTGGAAGTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 284)	GAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGCGGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGCGAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCCTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGAACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 365)
118B	HC-144	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRSLRS CAASGFTFSYYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYSGSNKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 285)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGT CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTTACTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATACTCTGGAAGTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGTTCCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGCGGTGGAGGTGCATAATG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCCTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTA AAA (SEQ ID NO: 366)
119A	HC-145	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSFYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISSFGSNKYAE SVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQM NSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDLLT GYPDYWQGGLVTVSSASTK GPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALG CLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKSV VTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPS NTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPP CPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDT LMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDP EVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKP CEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQD WLNKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIE KTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSR EEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSD IAVEWESNGQPENNYDTPPV LDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQ KSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 286)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTTTCTACGCCATGCATGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATCTTTCGGAAGTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCCTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTA AAA (SEQ ID NO: 367)
119B	HC-146	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSFYAMHWVRQAP	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		GKGLEWVA VISSFGSNKYAE SVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQM NSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDLLT GYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSASTK GPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALG CLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKSV VTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPS NTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPP CPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDT LMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDP EVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKP CEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQD WLNKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIE KTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSR EEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFYPSD IAVEWESNGQPENNYDTTPPV LSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQ KSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 287)	TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTTTCTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATCTTTCGGAAGTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACCTCTGGGGGAGCCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCTACCGTCTCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 368)
120A	HC-147	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRRLS CAASGFTFSRYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVA VISYSGANKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LSGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSH DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTCGTTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATACTCTGGAGCTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGAGTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSGDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 288)	GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 369)
120B	HC-148	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRSLRS CAASGFTFSRYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYSGANKYYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDL LSGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSGDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 289)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTCGTTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATACTCTGGAGCTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGAGTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 370)
121A, 123A	HC-149	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYIGGNKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCIEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 290)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATATCGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGCTCGTGGAACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGCACACCTTCCCGGTGTCCTACAGTCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAACTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 371)
121B, 123B	HC-150	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYIGGNKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATATCGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 291)	GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCCTTGCCTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCTTCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 372)
122A	HC-151	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSYYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISSMGTNKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 292)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTTACTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATCTATGGGAATAATAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTTACAGTCCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCCTTGCCTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 373)
122B	HC-152	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSYYAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISSMGTKNYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTPVSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLNISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTLT PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 293)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTTACTACGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATCTATGGGAACATAATAACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGA CAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAG CCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACCGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGC GAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACTA CTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTGC CTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACCC TCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCTG GGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGTG ACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGGC GTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCTCAGGAC TCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCCTGCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTGCAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 374)
124A	HC-153	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGRNKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATAACGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 294)	ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGCGGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTA (SEQ ID NO: 375)
124B	HC-154	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGRNKYA ESVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATAACGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGTTTACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGAGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 295)	TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCCTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 376)
125A	HC-155	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYIGRNKYAE SVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQM NSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDVL GYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSASTK GPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALG CLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKSV VTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPS NTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPP CPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDT LMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDP EVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKP CEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQD WLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIE KTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSR EEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSD IAVEWESNGQPENNYDTPPV LDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMEALHNHYTQ KSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 296)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATATCGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCCTCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTTACAGTCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACTCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCCTGCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 377)

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
125B	HC-156	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYIGRNKYYAE SVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQM NSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDVL GYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSASTK GPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALG CLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT SGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKSV VTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPS NTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPP CPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDT LMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDP EVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKP CEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQD WLNKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIE KTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSR EEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFYPSD IAVEWESNGQPENNYDTPPV LDSGDSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQ KSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 297)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATATCGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCTCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTA (SEQ ID NO: 378)
126A	HC-157	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGGNKYYA RSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALT TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNKEYKCKVSNKALPA	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATAACGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 298)	GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGAATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCTGAGGTCAATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 379)
126B	HC-158	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRSLRLSCAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAVISYNGGNKYARSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYQMNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDVLGTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 299)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATAACGGAGGAAATAAATACTATGCACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCCTCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTGCTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCTGAGGTCAATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTGCAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 380)
127A	HC-159	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYYGGNKYYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTLT PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 300)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATTACGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGACACGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAACTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 381)
127B	HC-160	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYYGGNKYYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATTACGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 301)	CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGAACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 382)
128A	HC-161	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRSLRS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYQGRNKYYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 302)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGTTTACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 383)
128B	HC-162	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYQGRNKYYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTWSNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSH DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 303)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTTACAGTCTCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCTCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCCTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 384)
129A	HC-163	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYYGRNKYYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 304)	CAGTTATCTCATATTACGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAG (SEQ ID NO: 385)
129B	HC-164	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGSRRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYYGRNKYYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATTACGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGTCTGTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 305)	TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCTCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 386)
130A	HC-165	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGNNKYYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 306)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATAACGGAAACAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCCTCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAACTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGACACACCTTCCCGGTGTCTTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCTCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 387)
130B	HC-166	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGNNKYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 307)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATAACGGAAACAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCTCCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTACCGTCTCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGTCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 388)
131A	HC-167	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGRNKYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATAACGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAAGTCAAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 308)	CGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 389)
131B	HC-168	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYNGRNKYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPETVTCVVVDVSH DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 309)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGT CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATAACGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTGCTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
			ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 390)
132A	HC-169	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYIGRNKYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVDSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTLTP PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 310)	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATATCGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCGAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCCTCACCCTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAA GGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGAGAACAACTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 391)
132B	HC-170	QVQLVESGGGVVQPGRSLRLS CAASGFTFSRFAMHWVRQAP GKGLEWVAVISYIGRNKYA RSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQ MNSLRAEDTALFYCARGYDV LTGYPDYWGQGLTVTVSSAST KGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAAL GCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGAL	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTC CAGCCTGGGAGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCC TCTGGATTACCTTCAGTAGATTTGCCATGCACTGGG TCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGGAGTGGGTGG CAGTTATCTCATATATCGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAG ACAATTCCAAGAACACCCCTGTATCTGCAATGAACA GCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACACGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTG

Antibody ID.	HC Group	Heavy Chain Amino Acid Sequence	Heavy Chain Nucleic Acid Sequence
		TSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLKS VVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHK PSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTC PPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPK DTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHE DPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKT KPCEEQYGSTYRCVSVLTVLH QDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPA PIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVDGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTT PPVLDSDGSFFLYSDLTVDKSR WQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKLSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 311)	CGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTACCCCGACT ACTGGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGTG CCTCCACCAAGGGGCCCATCGGTCTTCCCCCTGGCACC CTCCTCCAAGAGCACCTCTGGGGGCACAGCGGCCCT GGGCTGCCTGGTCAAGGACTACTTCCCCGAACCGGT GACGGTGTCTGGAACCTCAGGCGCCCTGACCAGCGG CGTGCACACCTTCCCGGCTGTCTACAGTCCTCAGGA CTCTACTCCCTCAAGAGCGTGGTGACCGTGCCCTCCA GCAGCTTGGGCACCCAGACCTACATCTGCAACGTGA ATCACAAGCCCAGCAACACCAAGGTGGACAAGAAA GTTGAGCCCAAATCTTGTGACAAAACCTCACACATGC CCACCGTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCG TCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCC TCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGG TGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGT TCAACTGGTACGTGGACGCGGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CCAAGACAAAGCCGTGCGAGGAGCAGTACGGCAGC ACGTACCGTTGCGTCAGCGTCTCACCCTCCTGCACC AGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAG GTGTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAA ACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCA CAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATG ACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTTCGAT GGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAG AGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAACAACCTACGACACCAC GCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTC TATAGCGACCTACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAG CAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAG GCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCC CTGTCTCCGGGTAAA (SEQ ID NO: 392)

[0160] In some embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain from Table 7A and an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain from Table 7B. Exemplary pairs of anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light and heavy chains that may be incorporated into a heterodimeric antibody of the invention include, but are not limited to: LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 243); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 244); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-104 (SEQ ID NO: 245); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-105 (SEQ ID NO: 246); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 247); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-107 (SEQ ID NO: 248); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-108 (SEQ ID NO: 249); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-109 (SEQ ID NO: 250); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-110 (SEQ ID NO: 251); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-111 (SEQ ID NO: 252); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-112 (SEQ ID NO: 253); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-149 (SEQ ID NO: 290); LC-102 (SEQ

ID NO: 232) and HC-150 (SEQ ID NO: 291); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-153 (SEQ ID NO: 294); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-154 (SEQ ID NO: 295); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-155 (SEQ ID NO: 296); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-156 (SEQ ID NO: 297); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-157 (SEQ ID NO: 298); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-158 (SEQ ID NO: 299); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-159 (SEQ ID NO: 300); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-160 (SEQ ID NO: 301); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-167 (SEQ ID NO: 308); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-168 (SEQ ID NO: 309); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-169 (SEQ ID NO: 310); LC-102 (SEQ ID NO: 232) and HC-170 (SEQ ID NO: 311); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-113 (SEQ ID NO: 254); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-114 (SEQ ID NO: 255); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-115 (SEQ ID NO: 256); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-116 (SEQ ID NO: 257); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-117 (SEQ ID NO: 258); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-118 (SEQ ID NO: 259); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-119 (SEQ ID NO: 260); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-120 (SEQ ID NO: 261); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-121 (SEQ ID NO: 262); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-122 (SEQ ID NO: 263); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-125 (SEQ ID NO: 266); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-126 (SEQ ID NO: 267); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-127 (SEQ ID NO: 268); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-128 (SEQ ID NO: 269); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-129 (SEQ ID NO: 270); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-130 (SEQ ID NO: 271); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-139 (SEQ ID NO: 280); LC-103 (SEQ ID NO: 233) and HC-140 (SEQ ID NO: 281); LC-104 (SEQ ID NO: 234) and HC-123 (SEQ ID NO: 264); LC-104 (SEQ ID NO: 234) and HC-124 (SEQ ID NO: 265); LC-105 (SEQ ID NO: 235) and HC-131 (SEQ ID NO: 272); LC-105 (SEQ ID NO: 235) and HC-132 (SEQ ID NO: 273); LC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 236) and HC-133 (SEQ ID NO: 274); LC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 236) and HC-134 (SEQ ID NO: 275); LC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 236) and HC-135 (SEQ ID NO: 276); LC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 236) and HC-136 (SEQ ID NO: 277); LC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 236) and HC-141 (SEQ ID NO: 282); LC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 236) and HC-142 (SEQ ID NO: 283); LC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 236) and HC-143 (SEQ ID NO: 284); LC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 236) and HC-144 (SEQ ID NO: 285); LC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 236) and HC-145 (SEQ ID NO: 286); LC-106 (SEQ ID NO: 236) and HC-146 (SEQ ID NO: 287); LC-107 (SEQ ID NO: 237) and HC-137 (SEQ ID NO: 278); LC-107 (SEQ ID NO: 237) and HC-138 (SEQ ID NO: 279); LC-108 (SEQ ID NO: 238) and HC-147 (SEQ ID NO: 288); LC-108 (SEQ ID NO: 238)

and HC-148 (SEQ ID NO: 289); LC-109 (SEQ ID NO: 239) and HC-149 (SEQ ID NO: 290); LC-109 (SEQ ID NO: 239) and HC-150 (SEQ ID NO: 291); LC-110 (SEQ ID NO: 240) and HC-151 (SEQ ID NO: 292); LC-110 (SEQ ID NO: 240) and HC-152 (SEQ ID NO: 293); LC-111 (SEQ ID NO: 241) and HC-161 (SEQ ID NO: 302); LC-111 (SEQ ID NO: 241) and HC-162 (SEQ ID NO: 303); LC-111 (SEQ ID NO: 241) and HC-163 (SEQ ID NO: 304); LC-111 (SEQ ID NO: 241) and HC-164 (SEQ ID NO: 305); LC-111 (SEQ ID NO: 241) and HC-165 (SEQ ID NO: 306); and LC-111 (SEQ ID NO: 241) and HC-166 (SEQ ID NO: 307).

[0161] In certain embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 232 and an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 243-253, 290, 291, 294, and 295. In other embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 233 and an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 256, 257, 260, 261, and 268-271. In yet other embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 234 and an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 264 or SEQ ID NO: 265. In still other embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 236 and an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 274 or SEQ ID NO: 275.

[0162] The anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain and/or heavy chain incorporated into a heterodimeric antibody of the invention may comprise a sequence of contiguous amino acids that differs from the sequence of a light chain in Table 7A or a heavy chain in Table 7B by 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 or more amino acid residues, wherein each such sequence difference is independently a deletion, insertion or substitution of one amino acid. In some embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain incorporated into a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 231-241 (i.e. the anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chains in Table 7A). In one embodiment, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain that comprises a sequence that is

at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 232-241. In another embodiment, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain that comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 232-241. In certain embodiments, the anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain incorporated into a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a sequence of amino acids that has at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 97% or at least 99% sequence identity to the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NOs: 242-311 (i.e. the anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chains in Table 7B). In one embodiment, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain that comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 243-311. In another embodiment, a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain that comprises a sequence that is at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 243-311.

[0163] Any of the anti-CGRP receptor antibody light and heavy chains listed in Tables 5A and 5B may be combined with any of the anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light and heavy chains listed in Tables 7A and 7B to form a bispecific, heterodimeric antibody of the invention. The structural features (e.g. component anti-CGRP receptor antibody light and heavy chains and anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light and heavy chains) of exemplary bispecific, heterodimeric antibodies of the invention are set forth in Table 8 below. These antibodies contain one or more charge pair mutations as described herein to promote correct pairing of heavy and light chains as well as heterodimerization between an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain and an anti-PAC1 receptor heavy chain. Antibodies having an “A” or “E” designation comprise mutations in the light and heavy chain constant regions according to the “v101” electrostatic steering strategy shown in Figure 2, whereas antibodies having a “B” designation comprise mutations in the light and heavy chain constant regions according to the “v103” electrostatic steering strategy shown in Figure 2. Antibodies having a “C” or “F” designation comprise mutations in the light and heavy chain constant regions according to the “v102” electrostatic steering strategy shown in Figure 2, whereas antibodies having a “D” or “G” designation comprise mutations in the light and heavy chain constant regions according to the “v104” electrostatic steering strategy shown in Figure 2. Antibodies having an “E,” “F,” or “G” designation additionally comprise M252Y, S254T, and T256E mutations in the CH2 domains of the heavy chains to enhance circulation half-life by

increasing the affinity of the molecules for the FcRn receptor. The variable light and heavy chain designations (e.g. LV-01, LV-02, LV-101, LV-102, HV-01, HV-02, HV-101, HV-102, etc.) in Table 8 are defined by amino acid sequence in Tables 2A, 2B, 6A, and 6B and nucleotide sequence in Tables 9 and 10. The light and heavy chain designations (e.g. LC-01, LC-02, LC-101, LC-102, HC-01, HC-02, HC-101, HC-102, etc.) in Table 8 are defined by amino acid and nucleotide sequence in Tables 5A, 5B, 7A, and 7B. Thus, the full sequence information for each of the four chains of the exemplary heterodimeric antibodies in Table 8 can be obtained by cross-reference to these tables. By way of illustration, heterodimeric antibody iPS:454537 comprises an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 72 (LC-04), an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 87 (HC-03), an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 236 (LC-106), and an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 274 (HC-133).

Table 8. Exemplary Anti-CGRP Receptor/Anti-PAC1 Receptor Heterodimeric Antibodies

Heterodimeric Antibody Designation	Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VL	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VH	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VL	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VH
iPS:454537	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	113A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-133	HV-114
iPS:454539	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	122A	LC-110	LV-110	HC-151	HV-123
iPS:454541	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	115A	LC-107	LV-107	HC-137	HV-116
iPS:454543	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	118A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-143	HV-119
iPS:454545	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	119A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-145	HV-120
iPS:454547	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	109A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-125	HV-110
iPS:454549	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	114A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-135	HV-115
iPS:454551	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	117A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-141	HV-118
iPS:454553	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	120A	LC-108	LV-108	HC-147	HV-121
iPS:454555	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	121A	LC-109	LV-109	HC-149	HV-122

Heterodimeric Antibody Designation	Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VL	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VH	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VL	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VH
iPS:454557 (5601)	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	102A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-109	HV-103
iPS:454559	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	123A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-149	HV-122
iPS:454561	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	124A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-153	HV-124
iPS:454563	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	125A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-155	HV-125
iPS:454565 (5606)	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	101A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-102	HV-102
iPS:454567	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	126A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-157	HV-126
iPS:454569	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	127A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-159	HV-127
iPS:454571	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	128A	LC-111	LV-111	HC-161	HV-128
iPS:454573	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	129A	LC-111	LV-111	HC-163	HV-129
iPS:454575	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	130A	LC-111	LV-111	HC-165	HV-130
iPS:454577	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	131A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-167	HV-131
iPS:454579	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	132A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-169	HV-132
iPS:454581	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	112A	LC-105	LV-105	HC-131	HV-113
iPS:454583	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	106A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-119	HV-107
iPS:454585	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	105A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-117	HV-106
iPS:454587	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	111A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-129	HV-112
iPS:454589	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	103A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-113	HV-104
iPS:454591	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	107A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-121	HV-108
iPS:454593	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	116A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-139	HV-117
iPS:454595	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	104A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-115	HV-105
iPS:454597	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	110A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-127	HV-111
iPS:454599	01A	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	108A	LC-104	LV-104	HC-123	HV-109
iPS:454601	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	113A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-133	HV-114
iPS:454603	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	122A	LC-110	LV-110	HC-151	HV-123
iPS:454605	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	115A	LC-107	LV-107	HC-137	HV-116

Heterodimeric Antibody Designation	Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VL	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VH	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VL	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VH
iPS:454607	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	118A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-143	HV-119
iPS:454609	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	119A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-145	HV-120
iPS:454611	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	109A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-125	HV-110
iPS:454613	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	114A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-135	HV-115
iPS:454615	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	117A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-141	HV-118
iPS:454617	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	120A	LC-108	LV-108	HC-147	HV-121
iPS:454619	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	121A	LC-109	LV-109	HC-149	HV-122
iPS:454621	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	102A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-109	HV-103
iPS:454623	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	123A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-149	HV-122
iPS:454625	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	124A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-153	HV-124
iPS:454627	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	125A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-155	HV-125
iPS:454629	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	101A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-102	HV-102
iPS:454631	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	126A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-157	HV-126
iPS:454633	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	127A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-159	HV-127
iPS:454635	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	128A	LC-111	LV-111	HC-161	HV-128
iPS:454637	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	129A	LC-111	LV-111	HC-163	HV-129
iPS:454639	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	130A	LC-111	LV-111	HC-165	HV-130
iPS:454641	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	131A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-167	HV-131
iPS:454643	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	132A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-169	HV-132
iPS:454645	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	112A	LC-105	LV-105	HC-131	HV-113
iPS:454647	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	106A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-119	HV-107
iPS:454649	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	105A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-117	HV-106
iPS:454651	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	111A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-129	HV-112
iPS:454653	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	103A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-113	HV-104
iPS:454655	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	107A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-121	HV-108

Heterodimeric Antibody Designation	Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VL	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VH	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VL	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VH
iPS:454657	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	116A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-139	HV-117
iPS:454659	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	104A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-115	HV-105
iPS:454661	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	110A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-127	HV-111
iPS:454663	02A	LC-06	LV-04	HC-03	HV-02	108A	LC-104	LV-104	HC-123	HV-109
iPS:454665	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	113A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-133	HV-114
iPS:454667	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	122A	LC-110	LV-110	HC-151	HV-123
iPS:454669	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	115A	LC-107	LV-107	HC-137	HV-116
iPS:454671	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	118A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-143	HV-119
iPS:454673	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	119A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-145	HV-120
iPS:454675	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	109A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-125	HV-110
iPS:454677	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	114A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-135	HV-115
iPS:454679	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	117A	LC-106	LV-106	HC-141	HV-118
iPS:454681	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	120A	LC-108	LV-108	HC-147	HV-121
iPS:454683	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	121A	LC-109	LV-109	HC-149	HV-122
iPS:454685	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	102A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-109	HV-103
iPS:454687	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	123A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-149	HV-122
iPS:454689	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	124A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-153	HV-124
iPS:454691	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	125A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-155	HV-125
iPS:454693	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	101A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-102	HV-102
iPS:454695	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	126A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-157	HV-126
iPS:454697	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	127A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-159	HV-127
iPS:454699	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	128A	LC-111	LV-111	HC-161	HV-128
iPS:454701	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	129A	LC-111	LV-111	HC-163	HV-129
iPS:454703	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	130A	LC-111	LV-111	HC-165	HV-130
iPS:454705	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	131A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-167	HV-131

Heterodimeric Antibody Designation	Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VL	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VH	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VL	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VH
iPS:454707	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	132A	LC-102	LV-102	HC-169	HV-132
iPS:454709	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	112A	LC-105	LV-105	HC-131	HV-113
iPS:454711	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	106A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-119	HV-107
iPS:454713	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	105A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-117	HV-106
iPS:454715	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	111A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-129	HV-112
iPS:454717	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	103A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-113	HV-104
iPS:454719	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	107A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-121	HV-108
iPS:454721	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	116A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-139	HV-117
iPS:454723	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	104A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-115	HV-105
iPS:454725	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	110A	LC-103	LV-103	HC-127	HV-111
iPS:454727	03A	LC-08	LV-01	HC-09	HV-03	108A	LC-104	LV-104	HC-123	HV-109
iPS:454729	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	113B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-134	HV-114
iPS:454731	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	122B	LC-110	LV-110	HC-152	HV-123
iPS:454733	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	115B	LC-107	LV-107	HC-138	HV-116
iPS:454735	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	118B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-144	HV-119
iPS:454737	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	119B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-146	HV-120
iPS:454739	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	109B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-126	HV-110
iPS:454741	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	114B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-136	HV-115
iPS:454743	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	117B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-142	HV-118
iPS:454745	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	120B	LC-108	LV-108	HC-148	HV-121
iPS:454747	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	121B	LC-109	LV-109	HC-150	HV-122
iPS:454749	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	102B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-110	HV-103
iPS:454751	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	123B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-150	HV-122
iPS:454753	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	124B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-154	HV-124
iPS:454755	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	125B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-156	HV-125

Heterodimeric Antibody Designation	Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VL	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VH	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VL	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VH
iPS:454757	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	101B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-103	HV-102
iPS:454759	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	126B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-158	HV-126
iPS:454761	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	127B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-160	HV-127
iPS:454763	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	128B	LC-111	LV-111	HC-162	HV-128
iPS:454765	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	129B	LC-111	LV-111	HC-164	HV-129
iPS:454767	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	130B	LC-111	LV-111	HC-166	HV-130
iPS:454769	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	131B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-168	HV-131
iPS:454771	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	132B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-170	HV-132
iPS:454773	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	112B	LC-105	LV-105	HC-132	HV-113
iPS:454775	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	106B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-120	HV-107
iPS:454777	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	105B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-118	HV-106
iPS:454779	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	111B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-130	HV-112
iPS:454781	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	103B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-114	HV-104
iPS:454783	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	107B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-122	HV-108
iPS:454785	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	116B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-140	HV-117
iPS:454787	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	104B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-116	HV-105
iPS:454789	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	110B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-128	HV-111
iPS:454791	01B	LC-04	LV-03	HC-04	HV-02	108B	LC-104	LV-104	HC-124	HV-109
iPS:454793	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	113B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-134	HV-114
iPS:454795	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	122B	LC-110	LV-110	HC-152	HV-123
iPS:454797	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	115B	LC-107	LV-107	HC-138	HV-116
iPS:454799	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	118B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-144	HV-119
iPS:454801	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	119B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-146	HV-120
iPS:454803	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	109B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-126	HV-110
iPS:454805	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	114B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-136	HV-115

Heterodimeric Antibody Designation	Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VL	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VH	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VL	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VH
iPS:454807	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	117B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-142	HV-118
iPS:454809	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	120B	LC-108	LV-108	HC-148	HV-121
iPS:454811	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	121B	LC-109	LV-109	HC-150	HV-122
iPS:454813	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	102B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-110	HV-103
iPS:454815	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	123B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-150	HV-122
iPS:454817	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	124B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-154	HV-124
iPS:454819	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	125B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-156	HV-125
iPS:454821	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	101B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-103	HV-102
iPS:454823	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	126B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-158	HV-126
iPS:454825	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	127B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-160	HV-127
iPS:454827	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	128B	LC-111	LV-111	HC-162	HV-128
iPS:454829	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	129B	LC-111	LV-111	HC-164	HV-129
iPS:454831	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	130B	LC-111	LV-111	HC-166	HV-130
iPS:454833	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	131B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-168	HV-131
iPS:454835	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	132B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-170	HV-132
iPS:454837	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	112B	LC-105	LV-105	HC-132	HV-113
iPS:454839	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	106B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-120	HV-107
iPS:454841	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	105B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-118	HV-106
iPS:454843	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	111B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-130	HV-112
iPS:454845	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	103B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-114	HV-104
iPS:454847	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	107B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-122	HV-108
iPS:454849	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	116B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-140	HV-117
iPS:454851	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	104B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-116	HV-105
iPS:454853	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	110B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-128	HV-111
iPS:454855	02B	LC-06	LV-04	HC-04	HV-02	108B	LC-104	LV-104	HC-124	HV-109
iPS:454857	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	113B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-134	HV-114
iPS:454859	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	122B	LC-110	LV-110	HC-152	HV-123

Heterodimeric Antibody Designation	Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VL	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VH	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VL	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VH
iPS:454861	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	115B	LC-107	LV-107	HC-138	HV-116
iPS:454863	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	118B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-144	HV-119
iPS:454865	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	119B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-146	HV-120
iPS:454867	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	109B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-126	HV-110
iPS:454869	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	114B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-136	HV-115
iPS:454871	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	117B	LC-106	LV-106	HC-142	HV-118
iPS:454873	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	120B	LC-108	LV-108	HC-148	HV-121
iPS:454875	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	121B	LC-109	LV-109	HC-150	HV-122
iPS:454877	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	102B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-110	HV-103
iPS:454879	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	123B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-150	HV-122
iPS:454881	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	124B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-154	HV-124
iPS:454883	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	125B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-156	HV-125
iPS:454885	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	101B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-103	HV-102
iPS:454887	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	126B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-158	HV-126
iPS:454889	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	127B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-160	HV-127
iPS:454891	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	128B	LC-111	LV-111	HC-162	HV-128
iPS:454893	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	129B	LC-111	LV-111	HC-164	HV-129
iPS:454895	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	130B	LC-111	LV-111	HC-166	HV-130
iPS:454897	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	131B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-168	HV-131
iPS:454899	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	132B	LC-102	LV-102	HC-170	HV-132
iPS:454901	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	112B	LC-105	LV-105	HC-132	HV-113
iPS:454903	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	106B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-120	HV-107
iPS:454905	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	105B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-118	HV-106
iPS:454907	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	111B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-130	HV-112
iPS:454909	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	103B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-114	HV-104
iPS:454911	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	107B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-122	HV-108
iPS:454913	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	116B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-140	HV-117
iPS:454915	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	104B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-116	HV-105
iPS:454917	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	110B	LC-103	LV-103	HC-128	HV-111

Heterodimeric Antibody Designation	Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VL	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-CGRP Receptor Ab VH	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody ID.	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Light Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VL	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab Full Heavy Chain	Anti-PAC1 Receptor Ab VH
iPS:454919	03B	LC-08	LV-01	HC-10	HV-03	108B	LC-104	LV-104	HC-124	HV-109
iPS:571009 (5602)	01C	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	102C	LC-102	LV-102	HC-111	HV-103
iPS:571015 (5603)	01D	LC-04	LV-03	HC-05	HV-02	102D	LC-102	LV-102	HC-112	HV-103
iPS:571017 (5604)	01E	LC-04	LV-03	HC-06	HV-02	101E	LC-102	LV-102	HC-106	HV-102
iPS:571025 (5605)	01F	LC-04	LV-03	HC-06	HV-02	101F	LC-102	LV-102	HC-107	HV-102
iPS:571023 (5607)	01C	LC-04	LV-03	HC-03	HV-02	101C	LC-102	LV-102	HC-104	HV-102
iPS:571033 (5608)	01D	LC-04	LV-03	HC-05	HV-02	101D	LC-102	LV-102	HC-105	HV-102
iPS:571824 (5609)	01G	LC-04	LV-03	HC-07	HV-02	101G	LC-102	LV-102	HC-108	HV-102

[0164] In certain embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding protein of the invention is a heterodimeric antibody selected from the antibodies designated as iPS:454537, iPS:454539, iPS:454541, iPS:454543, iPS:454545, iPS:454547, iPS:454549, iPS:454551, iPS:454553, iPS:454555, iPS:454557 (5601), iPS:454559, iPS:454561, iPS:454563, iPS:454565 (5606), iPS:454567, iPS:454569, iPS:454571, iPS:454573, iPS:454575, iPS:454577, iPS:454579, iPS:454581, iPS:454583, iPS:454585, iPS:454587, iPS:454589, iPS:454591, iPS:454593, iPS:454595, iPS:454597, iPS:454599, iPS:454601, iPS:454603, iPS:454605, iPS:454607, iPS:454609, iPS:454611, iPS:454613, iPS:454615, iPS:454617, iPS:454619, iPS:454621, iPS:454623, iPS:454625, iPS:454627, iPS:454629, iPS:454631, iPS:454633, iPS:454635, iPS:454637, iPS:454639, iPS:454641, iPS:454643, iPS:454645, iPS:454647, iPS:454649, iPS:454651, iPS:454653, iPS:454655, iPS:454657, iPS:454659, iPS:454661, iPS:454663, iPS:454665, iPS:454667, iPS:454669, iPS:454671, iPS:454673, iPS:454675, iPS:454677, iPS:454679, iPS:454681, iPS:454683, iPS:454685, iPS:454687, iPS:454689, iPS:454691, iPS:454693, iPS:454695, iPS:454697, iPS:454699, iPS:454701, iPS:454703, iPS:454705,

iPS:454707, iPS:454709, iPS:454711, iPS:454713, iPS:454715, iPS:454717, iPS:454719, iPS:454721, iPS:454723, iPS:454725, iPS:454727, iPS:454729, iPS:454731, iPS:454733, iPS:454735, iPS:454737, iPS:454739, iPS:454741, iPS:454743, iPS:454745, iPS:454747, iPS:454749, iPS:454751, iPS:454753, iPS:454755, iPS:454757, iPS:454759, iPS:454761, iPS:454763, iPS:454765, iPS:454767, iPS:454769, iPS:454771, iPS:454773, iPS:454775, iPS:454777, iPS:454779, iPS:454781, iPS:454783, iPS:454785, iPS:454787, iPS:454789, iPS:454791, iPS:454793, iPS:454795, iPS:454797, iPS:454799, iPS:454801, iPS:454803, iPS:454805, iPS:454807, iPS:454809, iPS:454811, iPS:454813, iPS:454815, iPS:454817, iPS:454819, iPS:454821, iPS:454823, iPS:454825, iPS:454827, iPS:454829, iPS:454831, iPS:454833, iPS:454835, iPS:454837, iPS:454839, iPS:454841, iPS:454843, iPS:454845, iPS:454847, iPS:454849, iPS:454851, iPS:454853, iPS:454855, iPS:454857, iPS:454859, iPS:454861, iPS:454863, iPS:454865, iPS:454867, iPS:454869, iPS:454871, iPS:454873, iPS:454875, iPS:454877, iPS:454879, iPS:454881, iPS:454883, iPS:454885, iPS:454887, iPS:454889, iPS:454891, iPS:454893, iPS:454895, iPS:454897, iPS:454899, iPS:454901, iPS:454903, iPS:454905, iPS:454907, iPS:454909, iPS:454911, iPS:454913, iPS:454915, iPS:454917, iPS:454919, iPS:571009 (5602), iPS:571015 (5603), iPS:571017 (5604), iPS:571025 (5605), iPS:571023 (5607), iPS:571033 (5608), and iPS:571824 (5609) as set forth in Table 8. In some embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody is an antibody selected from the antibodies designated as iPS:454557 (5601), iPS:454565 (5606), iPS:454583, iPS:454585, iPS:454587, iPS:454729, iPS:454731, iPS:454733, iPS:454735, iPS:454737, iPS:454739, iPS:454741, iPS:454743, iPS:454745, iPS:454747, iPS:454749, iPS:454751, iPS:454753, iPS:454755, iPS:454757, iPS:454759, iPS:454761, iPS:454763, iPS:454765, iPS:454767, iPS:454769, iPS:454771, iPS:454773, iPS:454775, iPS:454783, iPS:454785, iPS:454787, iPS:454789, iPS:454791, iPS:454793, iPS:454795, iPS:454797, iPS:454799, iPS:454801, iPS:454803, iPS:454805, iPS:454807, iPS:454809, iPS:454811, iPS:454813, iPS:454815, iPS:454817, iPS:454819, iPS:454821, iPS:454823, iPS:454825, iPS:454827, iPS:454829, iPS:454831, iPS:454833, iPS:454835, iPS:454837, iPS:454839, iPS:454841, iPS:454843, iPS:454845, iPS:454847, iPS:454849, iPS:454851, iPS:454853, iPS:454855, iPS:454857, iPS:454859, iPS:454861, iPS:454863, iPS:454865, iPS:454867, iPS:454869, iPS:454871, iPS:454873, iPS:454875, iPS:454877, iPS:454879, iPS:454881, iPS:454883, iPS:454885, iPS:454887, iPS:454889, iPS:454891, iPS:454893, iPS:454895, iPS:454897, iPS:454899,

iPS:454901, iPS:454903, iPS:454905, iPS:454907, iPS:454909, iPS:454911, iPS:454913, iPS:454915, iPS:454917, iPS:454919, iPS:571009 (5602), iPS:571015 (5603), iPS:571017 (5604), iPS:571025 (5605), iPS:571023 (5607), iPS:571033 (5608), and iPS:571824 (5609) as set forth in Table 8. In certain embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody is an antibody selected from the antibodies designated as iPS:454557 (5601), iPS:454565 (5606), iPS:571009 (5602), iPS:571015 (5603), iPS:571017 (5604), iPS:571025 (5605), iPS:571023 (5607), iPS:571033 (5608), iPS:571824 (5609), iPS:454745, iPS:454749, iPS:454751, iPS:454753, iPS:454755, iPS:454757, iPS:454759, iPS:454761, iPS:454763, iPS:454765, iPS:454767, iPS:454769, iPS:454771, iPS:454775, iPS:454787, iPS:454789, iPS:454791, iPS:454793, iPS:454797, iPS:454799, iPS:454815, iPS:454817, iPS:454819, iPS:454821, iPS:454823, iPS:454825, iPS:454827, iPS:454829, iPS:454831, iPS:454833, iPS:454835, iPS:454839, iPS:454841, iPS:454843, iPS:454845, and iPS:454851 as set forth in Table 8. In certain other embodiments, the heterodimeric antibody is an antibody selected from the antibodies designated iPS:454557 (5601), iPS:571009 (5602), iPS:571015 (5603), iPS:571017 (5604), iPS:571025 (5605), iPS:454565 (5606), iPS:571023 (5607), iPS:571033 (5608), and iPS:571824 (5609) as set forth in Table 8. In one embodiment, the heterodimeric antibody is the antibody designated as iPS:571025 (5605) as set forth in Table 8. In another embodiment, the heterodimeric antibody is the antibody designated as iPS:454565 (5606) as set forth in Table 8. In yet another embodiment, the heterodimeric antibody is the antibody designated as iPS:571023 (5607) as set forth in Table 8.

[0165] The inventive heterodimeric antibodies also encompass antibodies comprising the heavy chain(s) and/or light chain(s) described herein, where one, two, three, four or five amino acid residues are lacking from the N-terminus or C-terminus, or both, in relation to any one of the heavy and light chains set forth in Tables 5A, 5B, 7A, and 7B, e.g., due to post-translational modifications resulting from the type of host cell in which the antibodies are expressed. For instance, Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells frequently cleave off a C-terminal lysine from antibody heavy chains.

[0166] The bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention, such as the heterodimeric antibodies described herein, preferably inhibit activation of human CGRP receptor and human PAC1 receptor by their respective ligands. Methods of assessing ligand-induced activation of the CGRP receptor or ligand binding to the CGRP receptor are described above. Similar assays can

be used to assess ligand-induced activation of the PAC1 receptor or ligand binding to the PAC1 receptor. For instance, cell-based assays measuring ligand-induced calcium mobilization and cAMP production can be used to assess activation of PAC1 receptors. The ligand can be an endogenous ligand of the receptor, such as PACAP38 or PACAP27, or the ligand can be another known agonist of the receptor, such as maxadilan. Maxadilan is a 65 amino acid peptide originally isolated from the sand fly that is exquisitely selective for PAC1 compared with VPAC1 or VPAC2, and can thus be used as a PAC1-selective agonist (Lerner *et al.*, J Biol Chem., Vol. 266(17):11234-11236, 1991; Lerner *et al.*, Peptides, Vol. 28(9): 1651-1654, 2007). An exemplary cell-based cAMP assay for assessing PAC1 receptor activation is described in Example 2. Other suitable PAC1 receptor activation assays are described in Dickson *et al.*, Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci., Vol. 1070:239-42, 2006; Bourgault *et al.*, J. Med. Chem., Vol. 52: 3308-3316, 2009; and U.S. Patent Publication No. 2011/0229423, all of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

[0167] In some embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention inhibit PACAP (e.g. PACAP38 or PACAP27)-induced activation of human PAC1 receptor. For example, the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) may inhibit PACAP-induced activation of the human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 10 nM, less than about 8 nM, less than about 5 nM, less than about 3 nM, less than about 1 nM, less than about 800 pM, less than about 700 pM, or less than about 600 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP or calcium mobilization assay. In one particular embodiment, the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention inhibit PACAP-induced activation of the human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 5 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In another particular embodiment, the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention inhibit PACAP-induced activation of the human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 1 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In still another particular embodiment, the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention inhibit PACAP-induced activation of the human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 800 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In some embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention inhibit PACAP-induced activation of the human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ between about 0.5 nM and about 5 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In

other embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention inhibit PACAP-induced activation of the human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ between about 0.6 nM and about 3 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In still other embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention inhibit PACAP-induced activation of the human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ between about 0.5 nM and about 1 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay. In certain embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 1 nM and inhibit PACAP-induced activation of the human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 5 nM, both IC₅₀ values determined by a cell-based cAMP assay. In certain other embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention inhibit CGRP-induced activation of human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 500 pM and inhibit PACAP-induced activation of the human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ less than about 1 nM, both IC₅₀ values determined by a cell-based cAMP assay.

[0168] In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention may comprise one or more mutations or modifications to a constant region. For example, the heavy chain constant regions or the Fc regions of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or the bispecific antigen binding proteins may comprise one or more amino acid substitutions that affect the glycosylation, effector function, and/or Fcγ receptor binding of the antibody or antigen binding protein. One of the functions of the Fc region of an immunoglobulin is to communicate to the immune system when the immunoglobulin binds its target. This is commonly referred to as “effector function.” Communication leads to antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC), antibody-dependent cellular phagocytosis (ADCP), and/or complement dependent cytotoxicity (CDC). ADCC and ADCP are mediated through the binding of the Fc region to Fc receptors on the surface of cells of the immune system. CDC is mediated through the binding of the Fc with proteins of the complement system, e.g., C1q.

[0169] In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprise one or more amino acid substitutions in the constant region to enhance effector function, including ADCC activity, CDC activity, ADCP activity, and/or the clearance or half-life of the antibody or antigen binding protein. Exemplary amino acid substitutions (amino acid positions according to EU numbering scheme) that can enhance

effector function include, but are not limited to, E233L, L234I, L234Y, L235S, G236A, S239D, F243L, F243V, P247I, D280H, K290S, K290E, K290N, K290Y, R292P, E294L, Y296W, S298A, S298D, S298V, S298G, S298T, T299A, Y300L, V305I, Q311M, K326A, K326E, K326W, A330S, A330L, A330M, A330F, I332E, D333A, E333S, E333A, K334A, K334V, A339D, A339Q, P396L, or combinations of any of the foregoing.

[0170] In other embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprise one or more amino acid substitutions in the constant region to reduce effector function. Exemplary amino acid substitutions (amino acid positions according to EU numbering scheme) that can reduce effector function include, but are not limited to, C220S, C226S, C229S, E233P, L234A, L234V, V234A, L234F, L235A, L235E, G237A, P238S, S267E, H268Q, N297A, N297G, N297Q, V309L, E318A, L328F, A330S, A331S, P331S or combinations of any of the foregoing.

[0171] The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention may comprise one or more amino acid substitutions in their constant regions that modulate the pharmacokinetic properties of the antibodies and antigen binding proteins. For example, in some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention comprise one or more amino acid substitutions in the constant region of one or both heavy chains that increase the affinity of the antibodies and antigen binding proteins for the neonatal Fc receptor (FcRn receptor), thereby increasing the circulation half-life of the antibodies and antigen binding proteins. Such amino acid substitutions (amino acid positions according to EU numbering scheme) include, but are not limited to, L251R, M252Y, M252F, M252S, M252W, M252T, S254T, R255L, R255G, R255I, T256S, T256R, T256Q, T256E, T256D, T256A, T256N, V308T, L309P, Q311S, G385R, G385D, G385S, G385T, G385H, G385K, G385A, Q386T, Q386P, Q386D, Q386S, Q386K, Q386R, Q386I, Q386M, P387R, P387H, P387S, P387T, P387A, N389P, N389S, M428T, M428L, M428F, M428S, H433K, H433R, H433S, H433I, H433P, H433Q, N434F, N434Y, N434H, Y436H, Y436N, Y436R, Y436T, Y436K, and Y436M. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies of the invention comprise M252Y, S254T, and T256E mutations (amino acid positions according to EU numbering scheme) in one or both heavy chains. In certain other embodiments, the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention, such as the heterodimeric

antibodies described herein, comprise M252Y, S254T, and T256E mutations (amino acid positions according to EU numbering scheme) in one or both heavy chains.

[0172] Other modifications of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention to increase serum half-life also may be desirable, for example, by incorporation of or addition of a salvage receptor binding epitope (e.g., by mutation of the appropriate region or by incorporating the epitope into a peptide tag that is then fused to the antibody or antigen binding protein at either end or in the middle, e.g., by DNA or peptide synthesis; *see, e.g.*, WO96/32478) or adding molecules such as PEG or other water soluble polymers, including polysaccharide polymers. The salvage receptor binding epitope preferably constitutes a region wherein any one or more amino acid residues from one or two loops of a Fc region are transferred to an analogous position in the antibody or antigen binding protein. Even more preferably, three or more residues from one or two loops of the Fc region are transferred. Still more preferred, the epitope is taken from the CH2 domain of the Fc region (e.g., an IgG Fc region) and transferred to the CH1, CH3, or VH region, or more than one such region, of the antibody or antigen binding protein. Alternatively, the epitope is taken from the CH2 domain of the Fc region and transferred to the CL region or VL region, or both, of the antigen binding protein. *See* International applications WO 97/34631 and WO 96/32478 for a description of Fc variants and their interaction with the salvage receptor. Other Fc modifications to increase affinity of molecules for the FcRn receptor and thereby enhance their serum half-life are described in WO 2013/096221 and may be incorporated into the Fc regions of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention.

[0173] Glycosylation can contribute to the effector function of antibodies, particularly IgG1 antibodies. Thus, in some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention may comprise one or more amino acid substitutions that affect the level or type of glycosylation of the antibodies or antigen binding proteins. Glycosylation of polypeptides is typically either N-linked or O-linked. N-linked refers to the attachment of the carbohydrate moiety to the side chain of an asparagine residue. The tri-peptide sequences asparagine-X-serine and asparagine-X-threonine, where X is any amino acid except proline, are the recognition sequences for enzymatic attachment of the carbohydrate moiety to the asparagine side chain. Thus, the presence of either of these tri-peptide sequences in a polypeptide creates a potential glycosylation site. O-linked glycosylation

refers to the attachment of one of the sugars N-acetylgalactosamine, galactose, or xylose, to a hydroxyamino acid, most commonly serine or threonine, although 5-hydroxyproline or 5-hydroxylysine may also be used.

[0174] In certain embodiments, glycosylation of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins described herein may be increased by adding one or more glycosylation sites, e.g., to the Fc region of the antibody or antigen binding protein. Addition of glycosylation sites to the antibody or antigen binding protein can be conveniently accomplished by altering the amino acid sequence such that it contains one or more of the above-described tripeptide sequences (for N-linked glycosylation sites). The alteration may also be made by the addition of, or substitution by, one or more serine or threonine residues to the starting sequence (for O-linked glycosylation sites). For ease, the amino acid sequence for the antibody or antigen binding protein may be altered through changes at the DNA level, particularly by mutating the DNA encoding the target polypeptide at preselected bases such that codons are generated that will translate into the desired amino acids.

[0175] The invention also encompasses production of antibodies and antigen binding proteins with altered carbohydrate structure resulting in altered effector activity, including antibodies and antigen binding proteins with absent or reduced fucosylation that exhibit improved ADCC activity. Various methods are known in the art to reduce or eliminate fucosylation. For example, ADCC effector activity is mediated by binding of the antibody molecule to the FcγRIII receptor, which has been shown to be dependent on the carbohydrate structure of the N-linked glycosylation at the N297 residue of the CH2 domain. Non-fucosylated antibodies bind this receptor with increased affinity and trigger FcγRIII-mediated effector functions more efficiently than native, fucosylated antibodies. For example, recombinant production of non-fucosylated antibody in CHO cells in which the alpha-1,6-fucosyl transferase enzyme has been knocked out results in antibody with 100-fold increased ADCC activity (*see Yamane-Ohnuki et al.*, Biotechnol Bioeng. 87(5):614-22, 2004). Similar effects can be accomplished through decreasing the activity of alpha-1,6-fucosyl transferase enzyme or other enzymes in the fucosylation pathway, e.g., through siRNA or antisense RNA treatment, engineering cell lines to knockout the enzyme(s), or culturing with selective glycosylation inhibitors (*see Rothman et al.*, Mol Immunol. 26(12):1113-23, 1989). Some host cell strains, e.g. Lec13 or rat hybridoma YB2/0 cell line naturally produce antibodies with lower fucosylation levels (*see Shields et al.*, J

Biol Chem. 277(30):26733-40, 2002 and Shinkawa *et al.*, J Biol Chem. 278(5):3466-73, 2003). An increase in the level of bisected carbohydrate, e.g. through recombinantly producing antibody in cells that overexpress GnTIII enzyme, has also been determined to increase ADCC activity (see Umana *et al.*, Nat Biotechnol. 17(2):176-80, 1999).

[0176] In other embodiments, glycosylation of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins described herein is decreased or eliminated by removing one or more glycosylation sites, e.g., from the Fc region of the antibody or antigen binding protein. Amino acid substitutions that eliminate or alter N-linked glycosylation sites can reduce or eliminate N-linked glycosylation of the antigen binding protein. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) described herein comprise a mutation at amino acid position N297 (according to EU numbering scheme), such as N297Q, N297A, or N297G, in one or both heavy chains. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention comprise an Fc region from a human IgG1 antibody with a mutation at amino acid position N297 according to EU numbering in one or both heavy chains. In one embodiment, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention comprise an Fc region from a human IgG1 antibody with a N297G mutation in one or both heavy chains. For instance, in some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention comprise a heavy chain that comprises a heavy chain constant region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 65.

[0177] To improve the stability of molecules comprising a N297 mutation, the Fc region of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) may be further engineered. For instance, in some embodiments, one or more amino acids in the Fc region are substituted with cysteine to promote disulfide bond formation in the dimeric state. Residues corresponding to V259, A287, R292, V302, L306, V323, or I332 (according to the EU numbering scheme) of an IgG1 Fc region may thus be substituted with cysteine. Preferably, specific pairs of residues are substituted with cysteine such that they preferentially form a disulfide bond with each other, thus limiting or preventing disulfide bond scrambling. Preferred pairs include, but are not limited to, A287C and L306C, V259C and L306C, R292C and V302C, and V323C and I332C. In certain embodiments, the anti-CGRP

receptor antibodies or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) described herein comprise an Fc region from a human IgG1 antibody with mutations R292C and V302C in one or both heavy chains. In such embodiments, the Fc region may also comprise a N297 mutation, such as a N297G mutation, in one or both heavy chains. In some embodiments, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention comprise a heavy chain that comprises a heavy chain constant region comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 66.

[0178] The present invention includes one or more isolated polynucleotides or isolated nucleic acids encoding the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or bispecific antigen binding proteins and components thereof described herein. In addition, the present invention encompasses vectors comprising the nucleic acids, host cells or cell lines comprising the nucleic acids, and methods of making the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention. The nucleic acids comprise, for example, polynucleotides that encode all or part of an antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein, for example, one or both chains of an anti-CGRP receptor antibody or heterodimeric antibody of the invention, or a fragment, derivative, or variant thereof, polynucleotides sufficient for use as hybridization probes, PCR primers or sequencing primers for identifying, analyzing, mutating or amplifying a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide, anti-sense oligonucleotides for inhibiting expression of a polynucleotide, and complementary sequences of the foregoing. The nucleic acids can be any length as appropriate for the desired use or function, and can comprise one or more additional sequences, for example, regulatory sequences, and/or be part of a larger nucleic acid, for example, a vector. Nucleic acid molecules of the invention include DNA and RNA in both single-stranded and double-stranded form, as well as the corresponding complementary sequences. DNA includes, for example, cDNA, genomic DNA, chemically synthesized DNA, DNA amplified by PCR, and combinations thereof. The nucleic acid molecules of the invention include full-length genes or cDNA molecules as well as a combination of fragments thereof. The nucleic acids of the invention can be derived from human sources as well as non-human species.

[0179] Relevant amino acid sequences from an immunoglobulin or region thereof (e.g. variable region, Fc region, etc.) or polypeptide of interest may be determined by direct protein sequencing, and suitable encoding nucleotide sequences can be designed according to a universal codon table. Alternatively, genomic or cDNA encoding monoclonal antibodies or binding

fragments thereof of the invention or monoclonal antibodies from which the binding domains of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention may be derived can be isolated and sequenced from cells producing such antibodies using conventional procedures (e.g., by using oligonucleotide probes that are capable of binding specifically to genes encoding the heavy and light chains of the monoclonal antibodies).

[0180] An “isolated nucleic acid,” which is used interchangeably herein with “isolated polynucleotide,” is a nucleic acid that has been separated from adjacent genetic sequences present in the genome of the organism from which the nucleic acid was isolated, in the case of nucleic acids isolated from naturally-occurring sources. In the case of nucleic acids synthesized enzymatically from a template or chemically, such as PCR products, cDNA molecules, or oligonucleotides for example, it is understood that the nucleic acids resulting from such processes are isolated nucleic acids. An isolated nucleic acid molecule refers to a nucleic acid molecule in the form of a separate fragment or as a component of a larger nucleic acid construct. In one preferred embodiment, the nucleic acids are substantially free from contaminating endogenous material. The nucleic acid molecule has preferably been derived from DNA or RNA isolated at least once in substantially pure form and in a quantity or concentration enabling identification, manipulation, and recovery of its component nucleotide sequences by standard biochemical methods (such as those outlined in Sambrook *et al.*, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, NY (1989)). Such sequences are preferably provided and/or constructed in the form of an open reading frame uninterrupted by internal non-translated sequences, or introns, that are typically present in eukaryotic genes. Sequences of non-translated DNA can be present 5' or 3' from an open reading frame, where the same do not interfere with manipulation or expression of the coding region. Unless specified otherwise, the left-hand end of any single-stranded polynucleotide sequence discussed herein is the 5' end; the left-hand direction of double-stranded polynucleotide sequences is referred to as the 5' direction. The direction of 5' to 3' production of nascent RNA transcripts is referred to as the transcription direction; sequence regions on the DNA strand having the same sequence as the RNA transcript that are 5' to the 5' end of the RNA transcript are referred to as “upstream sequences;” sequence regions on the DNA strand having the same sequence as the RNA transcript that are 3' to the 3' end of the RNA transcript are referred to as “downstream sequences.”

[0181] The present invention also includes nucleic acids that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions, and more preferably highly stringent conditions, to nucleic acids encoding polypeptides as described herein. The basic parameters affecting the choice of hybridization conditions and guidance for devising suitable conditions are set forth by Sambrook, Fritsch, and Maniatis (1989, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., chapters 9 and 11; and *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, 1995, Ausubel et al., eds., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., sections 2.10 and 6.3-6.4), and can be readily determined by those having ordinary skill in the art based on, for example, the length and/or base composition of the DNA. One way of achieving moderately stringent conditions involves the use of a prewashing solution containing 5 x SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0), hybridization buffer of about 50% formamide, 6 x SSC, and a hybridization temperature of about 55°C (or other similar hybridization solutions, such as one containing about 50% formamide, with a hybridization temperature of about 42°C), and washing conditions of about 60°C, in 0.5 x SSC, 0.1% SDS. Generally, highly stringent conditions are defined as hybridization conditions as above, but with washing at approximately 68°C, 0.2 x SSC, 0.1% SDS. SSPE (1 x SSPE is 0.15M NaCl, 10 mM NaH₂PO₄, and 1.25 mM EDTA, pH 7.4) can be substituted for SSC (1 x SSC is 0.15M NaCl and 15 mM sodium citrate) in the hybridization and wash buffers; washes are performed for 15 minutes after hybridization is complete. It should be understood that the wash temperature and wash salt concentration can be adjusted as necessary to achieve a desired degree of stringency by applying the basic principles that govern hybridization reactions and duplex stability, as known to those skilled in the art and described further below (*see, e.g., Sambrook et al., 1989*).

[0182] When hybridizing a nucleic acid to a target nucleic acid of unknown sequence, the hybrid length is assumed to be that of the hybridizing nucleic acid. When nucleic acids of known sequence are hybridized, the hybrid length can be determined by aligning the sequences of the nucleic acids and identifying the region or regions of optimal sequence complementarity. The hybridization temperature for hybrids anticipated to be less than 50 base pairs in length should be 5 to 10°C less than the melting temperature (T_m) of the hybrid, where T_m is determined according to the following equations. For hybrids less than 18 base pairs in length, $T_m (^{\circ}\text{C}) = 2(\# \text{ of A} + \text{T bases}) + 4(\# \text{ of G} + \text{C bases})$. For hybrids above 18 base pairs in length, $T_m (^{\circ}\text{C}) = 81.5 + 16.6(\log_{10} [\text{Na}^+]) + 0.41(\% \text{ G} + \text{C}) - (600/\text{N})$, where N is the number of bases in the

hybrid, and $[Na^+]$ is the concentration of sodium ions in the hybridization buffer ($[Na^+]$ for $1 \times SSC = 0.165M$). Preferably, each such hybridizing nucleic acid has a length that is at least 15 nucleotides (or more preferably at least 18 nucleotides, or at least 20 nucleotides, or at least 25 nucleotides, or at least 30 nucleotides, or at least 40 nucleotides, or most preferably at least 50 nucleotides), or at least 25% (more preferably at least 50%, or at least 60%, or at least 70%, and most preferably at least 80%) of the length of the nucleic acid of the present invention to which it hybridizes, and has at least 60% sequence identity (more preferably at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 81%, at least 82%, at least 83%, at least 84%, at least 85%, at least 86%, at least 87%, at least 88%, at least 89%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, and most preferably at least 99.5%) with the nucleic acid of the present invention to which it hybridizes, where sequence identity is determined by comparing the sequences of the hybridizing nucleic acids when aligned so as to maximize overlap and identity while minimizing sequence gaps as described in more detail above.

[0183] Variants of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and antigen binding proteins described herein can be prepared by site-specific mutagenesis of nucleotides in the DNA encoding the polypeptide, using cassette or PCR mutagenesis or other techniques well known in the art, such as those described in Example 1, to produce DNA encoding the variant, and thereafter expressing the recombinant DNA in cell culture as outlined herein. Antibodies and antigen binding proteins comprising variant CDRs having up to about 100-150 residues may also be prepared by *in vitro* synthesis using established techniques. The variants typically exhibit the same qualitative biological activity as the naturally occurring analogue, e.g., binding to antigen. Such variants include, for example, deletions and/or insertions and/or substitutions of residues within the amino acid sequences of the antibodies or antigen binding proteins. Any combination of deletion, insertion, and substitution is made to arrive at the final construct, provided that the final construct possesses the desired characteristics. The amino acid changes also may alter post-translational processes of the antibody or antigen binding protein, such as changing the number or position of glycosylation sites. In certain embodiments, variants of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and antigen binding proteins are prepared with the intent to modify those amino acid residues which are directly involved in epitope binding. In other embodiments, modification of residues which are not directly involved in epitope binding or residues not involved in epitope

binding in any way, is desirable, for purposes discussed herein. Mutagenesis within any of the CDR regions and/or framework regions is contemplated. Covariance analysis techniques can be employed by the skilled artisan to design useful modifications in the amino acid sequence of the antibody or antigen binding protein. *See, e.g.*, Choulter, *et al.*, Proteins 41:475-484, 2000; Demarest *et al.*, J. Mol. Biol. 335:41-48, 2004; Hugo *et al.*, Protein Engineering 16(5):381-86, 2003; US Patent Publication No. 2008/0318207; US Patent Publication No. 2009/0048122; WO 2008/110348; and WO 2009/000099. Such modifications determined by covariance analysis can improve potency, pharmacokinetic, pharmacodynamic, and/or manufacturability characteristics of an antibody or antigen binding protein.

[0184] Table 9 shows exemplary nucleic acid sequences encoding light and heavy chain variable regions of anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, and Table 10 shows exemplary nucleic acid sequences encoding light and heavy chain variable regions of anti-PAC1 receptor antibodies.

Polynucleotides encoding the anti-CGRP receptor variable regions can be used, optionally with nucleic acids encoding the light and heavy chain constant regions listed in Tables 3 and 4, respectively, to construct the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies and antigen-binding fragments of the invention. Polynucleotides encoding the anti-CGRP receptor and anti-PAC1 receptor variable regions can also be used to construct the anti-CGRP receptor and anti-PAC1 receptor binding domains, respectively, of the bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) described herein. Tables 5A and 5B show exemplary nucleic acid sequences encoding the full light and heavy chains, respectively, of anti-CGRP receptor antibodies described herein. Tables 7A and 7B show exemplary nucleic acid sequences encoding the full light and heavy chains, respectively, of anti-PAC1 receptor antibodies described herein. Polynucleotides encoding anti-CGRP receptor antibody light and heavy chains can be co-expressed with polynucleotides encoding anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light and heavy chains to produce bispecific antigen binding proteins, such as heterodimeric antibodies, of the invention.

Table 9. Exemplary Anti-CGRP Receptor Antibody Variable Region Nucleic Acid Sequences

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
<i>Light chain variable regions</i>			

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
4E4, 03, 03A, 03B	LV-01	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCAGCTCCAACATTGGGA ATAATTATGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCA AACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAGGGATTCTCTGA CCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAACCACCCTGGGCATC ACCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACA TGGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAG CTGACCGTCCTAGGT	393
4E4.2, 04, 07, 09, 10	LV-02	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCAGCTCCAACATTGGGA ATAATTATGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCA AACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAGGGATTCTCTGA CCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATC ACCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACA TGGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAG CTGACCGTCCTAGGT	394
01, 01A, 01B, 01C, 01D, 01E, 01F, 01G	LV-03	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCTACTCCAACATTGGGC GTTACTCTGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAGGGATTCTCTGAC CGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCA CCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAGC TGACCGTCCTAGGT	395
02, 02A, 02B	LV-04	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCCGTTCCAACATTGGGAT CAAAGCTGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAGGGATTCTCTGAC CGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCA CCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAGC TGACCGTCCTAGGT	396
05	LV-05	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCTTCTCCAACATTGGGCG TTCTACTGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAAA CTCCTCATTTATGACAATCGTTGGCGCGCGGGTGGGATTCTCTGACC GATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCAC CGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACATG GGATTACCAGTGGAAGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAGCT GACCGTCCTAGGT	397
06	LV-06	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCTACTCCAACATTGGGC GTAAATCTGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCCA AACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAGGGATTCTCTGA CCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATC ACCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACA TGGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAG CTGACCGTCCTAGGT	398
08	LV-07	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCTACTCCAACATTGGGTG GTGGCCGGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAGGGATTCTCTGAC	399

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
		CGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCA CCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAGC TGACCGTCCTAGGT	
11	LV-08	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCCGTTCCAACATTGGGC GTTACTCTGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGAAAATATGTTCCGCCCCGCGTGGGATTCTGAC CGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCA CCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATTACCGTATGCAGGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAGC TGACCGTCCTAGGT	400
12	LV-09	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCCGTTCCAACATTGGGC GTTACTCTGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAA ACTCCTCATTTATGACAATCGTTACCGCGCGCAGGGGATTCTGAC CGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATCA CCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACAT GGGATTGGGCTACTACTTCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAGCT GACCGTCCTAGGT	401
13	LV-10	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCCGTTCCAACATTGGGC GTCGTA CTGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAA AACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAGGGATTCTGA CCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATC ACCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACA TGGGATAGCCGCCTGAGTGCTGTGGTTTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAG CTGACCGTCCTAGGT	402
14	LV-11	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCAGCTCCAACATTGGGA ATAATTATGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAA AACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAGGGATTCTGA CCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATC ACCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACA TGGGATTCTTGGCATCGTGTTGTGACTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAGC TGACCGTCCTAGGT	403
15	LV-12	CAGTCTGTGTTGACGCAGCCGCCCTCAGTGTCTGCGGCCCCAGGAC AGAAGGTCACCATCTCCTGCTCTGGAAGCAGCTCCAACATTGGGA ATAATTATGTATCCTGGTACCAGCAGCTCCCAGGAACAGCCCCAA AACTCCTCATTTATGACAATAATAAGCGACCCTCAGGGATTCTGA CCGATTCTCTGGCTCCAAGTCTGGCACGTCAGCCACCCTGGGCATC ACCGGACTCCAGACTGGGGACGAGGCCGATTATTACTGCGGAACA TGGGATTGGTGGCGTAAAGCTGTGATTTTCGGCGGAGGGACCAAG CTGACCGTCCTAGGT	404
Heavy chain variable regions			
4E4	HV-01	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GCTTTGGCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGATGGAAGTATTAAGTATTCTGT AGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAA GAACACGCTGTTTCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACAC GGCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATTACTATGATAGT	405

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
		AGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATACTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCC AAGGGACCACGGTCACCGTCTCTAGT	
4E4.2, 01, 01A, 01B, 01C, 01D, 01E, 01F, 01G, 02, 02A, 02B, 05, 06, 08, 12, 13, 14, 15	HV-02	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GCTTTGGCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGATGGAAGTATTAAGTATTCTGT AGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAA GAACACGCTGTTTCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACAC GGCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATTACTATGAGAGT AGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATACTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCC AAGGGACAACAGTTACCGTCTCTAGT	406
03, 03A, 03B, 04	HV-03	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GCTTTGGCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGATGGAAGTATTAAGTATTCTGT AGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAA GAACACGCTGTTTCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACAC GGCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAACTACTATCGTAGT TTCGGTTATTATGGTTACCATTACTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCC AAGGGACAACAGTTACCGTCTCTAGT	407
07	HV-04	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTCTACTTCATGA CTTATGGTATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGATGGGAGTATTAAGTATTCTGT AGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAA GAACACGCTGTTTCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACAC GGCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATTACTATGAGAGT AGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATACTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCC AAGGGACAACAGTTACCGTCTCTAGT	408
09	HV-05	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GCTTTGGCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGCTGGAGAAATCGACTACTACGT AGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAA GAACACGCTGTTTCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACAC GGCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATTACTATGAGAGT AGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATACTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGCC AAGGGACAACAGTTACCGTCTCTAGT	409
10	HV-06	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTCTTCTTCGGTT CTTATGGTATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGCTGGAGAAATCGAACATTACG TAGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAA AGAACACGCTGTTTCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACA CGGCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAATTACTATGAGA GTAGTGGTTATTATCACTACAAATACTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGG CCAAGGGACAACAGTTACCGTCTCTAGT	410
11	HV-07	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGAATCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTCTGGTTCGACA CTTTTGGTATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATTTGCTGGAGAAAGACACTCATTACGT AGACTCCGTGAAGGGCCGATTACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCAAA	411

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
		GAACACGCTGTTTCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGCGAGCCGAGGACAC GGCTGTGTATTACTGTGCGAGAGATCGGCTCAACTACTATGAAAG TTACGGTTATTATGGTTACCATTACTACGGTATGGCCGTCTGGGGC CAAGGGACAACAGTTACCGTCTCTAGT	

Table 10. Exemplary Anti-PAC1 Receptor Antibody Variable Region Nucleic Acid Sequences

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
<i>Light chain variable regions</i>			
29G4v22	LV-101	GATATCCAGCTCACTCAATCGCCATCATTTCTCTCCGCTTCGGTAG GCGACCGGGTCACGATCACATGCAGGGCGTCGCAAAGCATTGGGA GGTCGTTGCATTGGTATCAGCAGAAACCCGGAAGGCCCCGAAAC TTCTGATCAAATACGCATCACAAAGCTTGAGCGGTGTGCCGTCGC GCTTCTCCGTTCCGGAAGCGGAACGGAATTCACGCTTACAATCTC CTCACTGCAGCCCGAGGATTTTCGCGACCTATTACTGTCACCAGTCA TCCAGACTCCCGTTTACTTTTGGCCCTGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTA AGCGTAC	412
101A, 101B, 101C, 101D, 101E, 101F, 101G, 102A, 102B, 102C, 102D, 123A, 123B, 124A, 124B, 125A, 125B, 126A, 126B, 127A, 127B, 131A, 131B, 132A, 132B	LV-102	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTCCCTGAGCCCGG GTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGCCGAGCATCCAAAGTCCGTCGGAC GATCATTGCACTGGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCAGAC TTCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCGGGTATTCCCGCTCG CTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCC TCGCTGGAACCCGAGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCAT CGAGGTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTA AG	413
103A, 103B, 104A, 104B, 105A, 105B, 106A, 106B, 107A, 107B, 109A, 109B, 110A, 110B, 111A, 111B, 116A, 116B	LV-103	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTCCCTGAGCCCGG GTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGCCGAGCATCCAAATCCGTCGGGT GGAGCTTGCACTGGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCAGAC TTCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCGGGTATTCCCGCTCG CTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCC TCGCTGGAACCCGAGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCAT CGAGGTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTA AGCGTA	414
108A, 108B	LV-104	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTCCCTGAGCCCGG GTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGCCGAGCATCCAAATCCGTCGGGT ACAGCTTGCACTGGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCAGAC TTCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTCGGGTATTCCCGCTCG CTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCC TCGCTGGAACCCGAGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCAT CGAGGTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTA AGCGTA	415

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
112A, 112B	LV-105	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTCCCTGAGCCCGG GTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGCCGAGCATCCAAAGCCGTCGGGT GGAGCTTGCACTGGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGAC TTCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTGCGGTATTCCCCTCG CTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCC TCGCTGGAACCCGAGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCAT CGAGGTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTA AGCGTA	416
113A, 113B, 114A, 114B, 117A, 117B, 118A, 118B, 119A, 119B	LV-106	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTCCCTGAGCCCGG GTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGCCGAGCATCCAAATCAGTCGGTC AGTCTTTGCACTGGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGAC TTCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTGCGGTATTCCCCTCG CTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCC TCGCTGGAACCCGAGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCAT CGCGTTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTAA GCGT	417
115A, 115B	LV-107	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTCCCTGAGCCCGG GTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGCCGAGCATCCCGTTTTCAGTCGGTC TGGCTTTGCACTGGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGAC TTCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTGCGGTATTCCCCTCG CTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCC TCGCTGGAACCCGAGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCAT CGTTCTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTAA GCGTA	418
120A, 120B	LV-108	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTCCCTGAGCCCGG GTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGCCGAGCATCCAAAGCAGTCGGTT TCTCTTTGCACTGGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGAC TTCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTGCGGTATTCCCCTCG CTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCC TCGCTGGAACCCGAGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCAT CGTTCTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTAA GCGT	419
121A, 121B	LV-109	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTCCCTGAGCCCGG GTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGCCGAGCATCCCGTGCAGTCTCTA ACTTGCACTGGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGACTTC TGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTGCGGTATTCCCCTCGCTT TTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCCTCG CTGGAACCCGAGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCATCGT ACTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTAAAGC GT	420
122A, 122B	LV-110	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTCCCTGAGCCCGG GTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGCCGAGCATCCAAAGCAGTCTGGC ATAACTTGCACTGGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGAC TTCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTGCGGTATTCCCCTCG CTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCC TCGCTGGAACCCGAGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCAT CGATGTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTA AGCGT	421
128A, 128B, 129A, 129B, 130A, 130B	LV-111	GAGATCGTACTTACTCAGTCACCCGCCACATTGTCCCTGAGCCCGG GTGAACGGGCGACCCTCAGCTGCCGAGCATCCAGTCCGTCGGAC GATCATTGCACTGGTACCAACAAAAACCGGGCCAGGCCCCCAGAC TTCTGATCAAGTATGCGTCACAGAGCTTGTGCGGTATTCCCCTCG	422

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
		CTTTTCGGGGTCGGGATCCGGGACAGATTTACGCTCACAATCTCC TCGCTGGAACCCGAGGACTTCGCGGTCTACTATTGTCATCAGTCAT CGAGGTTGCCTTTACGTTTGGACCAGGGACCAAGGTGGACATTA AG	
<i>Heavy chain variable regions</i>			
29G4v22	HV-101	CAAGTTCAGTTGGTGGAGTCTGGAGCCGAAGTAGTAAAGCCAGGA GCTTCAGTGAAAGTCTCTTGTAAGCAAGTGGATTACGTTTAGCC GCTTTGCCATGCATTGGGTGCGGCAAGCTCCCGGTCAGGGGTTGG AGTGGATGGGAGTTATTAGCTATGACGGGGGCAATAAGTACTACG CCGAGTCTGTAAAGGGTCGGGTCACAATGACACGGGACACCTCAA CCAGTACACTCTATATGGAAGTGTCTAGCCTGAGATCCGAGGACA CCGCTGTGTATTATTGCGCTAGGGGGTACGATGTATTGACGGGTTA TCCTGATTACTGGGGGCAGGGGACACTCGTAACCGTCTCTAGT	423
101A, 101B, 101C, 101D, 101E, 101F, 101G	HV-102	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTCTCTAGT	424
102A, 102B, 102C, 102D	HV-103	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATAACGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTCTCTAGT	425
103A, 103B	HV-104	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGGTGTTATATCTTTTTCTGGAGGTTCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCTTGTCAGAGACAATTCCA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	426
104A, 104B	HV-105	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGGTGTTATCAACTATCGTGGACATGGTAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	427
105A, 105B	HV-106	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGGTGTTATATCTTATTCTGGAGCTTCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATGTCCAGAGACAATTCCA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC	428

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
		GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	
106A, 106B	HV-107	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGGTGTTATATCTTATTCTGGAGCTTTCAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	429
107A, 107B	HV-108	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGGTGTTATATCTTATACTGGAGCTCAGAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATGTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	430
108A, 108B	HV-109	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGGTGTTATCTTATACTGGACAGTTCAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	431
109A, 109B	HV-110	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA AATACGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATACATGGGAGCTAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	432
110A, 110B	HV-111	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGGTGTTATCAACTTTCAGGGAACCTACTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	433
111A, 111B	HV-112	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGGTGTTATATCTTATTCTGGAGATCTGAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCGTGTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	434
112A, 112B	HV-113	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA	435

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
		GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGGTGTTATAACTTATACTGGAGGTGCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	
113A, 113B	HV-114	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA AATACGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATACTCTGGAGCTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	436
114A, 114B	HV-115	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTT ACTACGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCACATTACGGAACATAAATACTATGC CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATCTCTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	437
115A, 115B	HV-116	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTC ATTACGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATAACCAGGGAAGTAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	438
116A, 116B	HV-117	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGGTGTTATCAACTATTTTCGGAGACGCTAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	439
117A, 117B	HV-118	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTT ACTTCGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCACATTCTGGAGCTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	440
118A, 118B	HV-119	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTT ACTACGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATACTCTGGAAGTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC	441

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
		GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	
119A, 119B	HV-120	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGAGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTT TCTACGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATCTTTCGGAAGTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	442
120A, 120B	HV-121	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTC GTTACGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATACTCTGGAGCTAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATCTGCTGAGTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	443
121A, 121B, 123A, 123B	HV-122	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATATATCGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	444
122A, 122B	HV-123	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTT ACTACGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATCTCATCTATGGGAATAATAAATACTATGC AGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCAA GAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACAC GGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTAC CCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	445
124A, 124B	HV-124	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATAACGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	446
125A, 125B	HV-125	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATATCGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CAGAGTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCCTGGTCACCGTGTCTAGT	447
126A, 126B	HV-126	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA	448

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
		GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATAACGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTCTCTAGT	
127A, 127B	HV-127	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATTACGGAGGAAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTCTCTAGT	449
128A, 128B	HV-128	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATCAGGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTCTCTAGT	450
129A, 129B	HV-129	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATTACGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTCTCTAGT	451
130A, 130B	HV-130	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATAACGGAAACAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTCTCTAGT	452
131A, 131B	HV-131	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATAACGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTCTCTAGT	453
132A, 132B	HV-132	CAGGTGCAGCTGGTGGAGTCTGGGGGAGGCGTGGTCCAGCCTGGG AGGTCCCTGCGACTCTCCTGTGCAGCCTCTGGATTACCTTCAGTA GATTTGCCATGCACTGGGTCCGCCAGGCTCCAGGCAAGGGGCTGG AGTGGGTGGCAGTTATATCATATATCGGACGCAATAAATACTATG CACGCTCCGTGAAGGGCCGGTTCACCATCTCCAGAGACAATTCCA AGAACACCCTGTATCTGCAAATGAACAGCCTGAGAGCTGAGGACA	454

Antibody ID	Designation	Nucleic Acid Sequence	SEQ ID NO:
		CGGCTCTGTTTTACTGTGCGAGAGGATACGATGTTTTGACTGGTTA CCCCGACTACTGGGGCCAGGGAACCCTGGTCACCGTCTCTAGT	

[0185] Isolated nucleic acids encoding the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or anti-CGRP receptor binding domains of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention may comprise a nucleotide sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, or at least 98% identical to any of the nucleotide sequences listed in Tables 5A, 5B, and 9. In some embodiments, an isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain variable region comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, or at least 98% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 393 to 404. In certain embodiments, an isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain variable region comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 393 to 404. In related embodiments, an isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain variable region comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, or at least 98% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 405 to 411. In other related embodiments, an isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain variable region comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 405 to 411.

[0186] Isolated nucleic acids encoding anti-PAC1 receptor binding domains of the bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention may comprise a nucleotide sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, or at least 98% identical to any of the nucleotide sequences listed in Tables 7A, 7B, and 10. In some embodiments, an isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain variable region comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, or at least 98% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 412 to 422. In certain embodiments, an isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain variable region comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 412 to 422. In related embodiments, an isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain variable region comprises a sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, or at least 98% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 423 to 454. In other related

embodiments, an isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain variable region comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 423 to 454.

[0187] In certain embodiments of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies of the invention or embodiments in which the bispecific antigen binding protein of the invention is a heterodimeric antibody, an isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain may comprise a nucleotide sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, or at least 98% identical to any of the nucleotide sequences listed in Table 5A (e.g. SEQ ID NOs: 99 to 114). In some embodiments, the isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain of an anti-CGRP receptor antibody or heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 99 to 114. In these and other embodiments, the isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain may comprise a nucleotide sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, or at least 98% identical to any of the nucleotide sequences listed in Table 5B (e.g. SEQ ID NOs: 115 to 128). In some embodiments, the isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain of an anti-CGRP receptor antibody or a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 115 to 128.

[0188] In some embodiments in which the bispecific antigen binding protein of the invention is a heterodimeric antibody, the isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain may comprise a nucleotide sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, or at least 98% identical to any of the nucleotide sequences listed in Table 7A (e.g. SEQ ID NOs: 312 to 322). In certain embodiments, the isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain of a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 312 to 322. In these and other embodiments, the isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain may comprise a nucleotide sequence that is at least 80% identical, at least 90% identical, at least 95% identical, or at least 98% identical to any of the nucleotide sequences listed in Table 7B (e.g. SEQ ID NOs: 323-392). In some embodiments, the isolated nucleic acid encoding an anti-PAC1 receptor antibody heavy chain of a heterodimeric antibody of the invention comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 323 to 392.

[0189] The nucleic acid sequences provided in Tables 5A, 5B, 7A, 7B, 9 and 10 are exemplary only. As will be appreciated by those skilled in the art, due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, various nucleic acids may be made, all of which encode the CDRs, variable regions, and heavy and light chains or other components of the antibodies and antigen binding proteins described herein. Thus, having identified a particular amino acid sequence, those skilled in the art could make any number of different nucleic acids, by simply modifying the sequence of one or more codons in a way which does not change the amino acid sequence of the encoded protein.

[0190] The present invention also includes vectors comprising one or more nucleic acids encoding one or more components of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, bispecific antigen binding proteins, or binding domains thereof of the invention (e.g. variable regions, light chains, and heavy chains). The term “vector” refers to any molecule or entity (e.g., nucleic acid, plasmid, bacteriophage or virus) used to transfer protein coding information into a host cell. Examples of vectors include, but are not limited to, plasmids, viral vectors, non-episomal mammalian vectors and expression vectors, for example, recombinant expression vectors. The term “expression vector” or “expression construct” as used herein refers to a recombinant DNA molecule containing a desired coding sequence and appropriate nucleic acid control sequences necessary for the expression of the operably linked coding sequence in a particular host cell. An expression vector can include, but is not limited to, sequences that affect or control transcription, translation, and, if introns are present, affect RNA splicing of a coding region operably linked thereto. Nucleic acid sequences necessary for expression in prokaryotes include a promoter, optionally an operator sequence, a ribosome binding site and possibly other sequences. Eukaryotic cells are known to utilize promoters, enhancers, and termination and polyadenylation signals.

[0191] A secretory signal peptide sequence can also, optionally, be encoded by the expression vector, operably linked to the coding sequence of interest, so that the expressed polypeptide can be secreted by the recombinant host cell, for more facile isolation of the polypeptide of interest from the cell, if desired. For instance, in some embodiments, signal peptide sequences may be appended/fused to the amino terminus of any of the variable region polypeptide sequences listed in Tables 2A, 2B, 6A, and 6B, or any of the full chain polypeptide sequences listed in Tables 5A, 5B, 7A, and 7B. In certain embodiments, a signal peptide having the amino acid sequence of MDMRVPAQLLGLLLLWLRGARC (SEQ ID NO: 455) is fused to the amino terminus of any

of the variable region polypeptide sequences listed in Tables 2A, 2B, 6A, and 6B, or any of the full chain polypeptide sequences listed in Tables 5A, 5B, 7A, and 7B. In other embodiments, a signal peptide having the amino acid sequence of MAWALLLLTLLTQGTGSWA (SEQ ID NO: 456) is fused to the amino terminus of any of the variable region polypeptide sequences listed in Tables 2A, 2B, 6A, and 6B, or any of the full chain polypeptide sequences listed in Tables 5A, 5B, 7A, and 7B. In still other embodiments, a signal peptide having the amino acid sequence of MTCSPLLLTLIHCTGSWA (SEQ ID NO: 457) is fused to the amino terminus of any of the variable region polypeptide sequences listed in Tables 2A, 2B, 6A, and 6B, or any of the full chain polypeptide sequences listed in Tables 5A, 5B, 7A, and 7B. Other suitable signal peptide sequences that can be fused to the amino terminus of the variable region polypeptide sequences or full chain polypeptide sequences described herein include: MEAPAQLLFLLLLWLPDDTG (SEQ ID NO: 458), MEWTWRVFLVAAATGAHS (SEQ ID NO: 459), METPAQLLFLLLLWLPDDTG (SEQ ID NO: 460), METPAQLLFLLLLWLPDDTG (SEQ ID NO: 461), MKHLWFFLLLVAAPRWVLS (SEQ ID NO: 462), MEWSWVFLFFLSVTTGVHS (SEQ ID NO: 463), MDIRAPTQLLGLLLLWLPGAKC (SEQ ID NO: 464), MDIRAPTQLLGLLLLWLPGARC (SEQ ID NO: 465), MDTRAPTQLLGLLLLWLPGATF (SEQ ID NO: 466), MDTRAPTQLLGLLLLWLPGARC (SEQ ID NO: 467), METGLRWLLLVAVLKGVQC (SEQ ID NO: 468), METGLRWLLLVAVLKGVQCQE (SEQ ID NO: 469), and MDMRAPTQLLGLLLLWLPGARC (SEQ ID NO: 470). Other signal peptides are known to those of skill in the art and may be fused to any of the variable region polypeptide chains listed in Tables 2A, 2B, 6A, and 6B, or full chain polypeptide chains listed in Tables 5A, 5B, 7A, and 7B, for example, to facilitate or optimize expression in particular host cells.

[0192] Typically, expression vectors used in the host cells to produce the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention will contain sequences for plasmid maintenance and for cloning and expression of exogenous nucleotide sequences encoding the components of the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins. Such sequences, collectively referred to as “flanking sequences,” in certain embodiments will typically include one or more of the following nucleotide sequences: a promoter, one or more enhancer sequences, an origin of replication, a transcriptional termination sequence, a complete intron sequence containing a

donor and acceptor splice site, a sequence encoding a leader sequence for polypeptide secretion, a ribosome binding site, a polyadenylation sequence, a polylinker region for inserting the nucleic acid encoding the polypeptide to be expressed, and a selectable marker element. Each of these sequences is discussed below.

[0193] Optionally, the vector may contain a “tag”-encoding sequence, i.e., an oligonucleotide molecule located at the 5' or 3' end of the polypeptide coding sequence; the oligonucleotide tag sequence encodes polyHis (such as hexaHis), FLAG, HA (hemagglutinin influenza virus), myc, or another “tag” molecule for which commercially available antibodies exist. This tag is typically fused to the polypeptide upon expression of the polypeptide, and can serve as a means for affinity purification or detection of the polypeptide from the host cell. Affinity purification can be accomplished, for example, by column chromatography using antibodies against the tag as an affinity matrix. Optionally, the tag can subsequently be removed from the purified polypeptide by various means such as using certain peptidases for cleavage.

[0194] Flanking sequences may be homologous (i.e., from the same species and/or strain as the host cell), heterologous (i.e., from a species other than the host cell species or strain), hybrid (i.e., a combination of flanking sequences from more than one source), synthetic or native. As such, the source of a flanking sequence may be any prokaryotic or eukaryotic organism, any vertebrate or invertebrate organism, or any plant, provided that the flanking sequence is functional in, and can be activated by, the host cell machinery.

[0195] Flanking sequences useful in the vectors of this invention may be obtained by any of several methods well known in the art. Typically, flanking sequences useful herein will have been previously identified by mapping and/or by restriction endonuclease digestion and can thus be isolated from the proper tissue source using the appropriate restriction endonucleases. In some cases, the full nucleotide sequence of a flanking sequence may be known. Here, the flanking sequence may be synthesized using routine methods for nucleic acid synthesis or cloning.

[0196] Whether all or only a portion of the flanking sequence is known, it may be obtained using polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and/or by screening a genomic library with a suitable probe such as an oligonucleotide and/or flanking sequence fragment from the same or another species. Where the flanking sequence is not known, a fragment of DNA containing a flanking sequence may be isolated from a larger piece of DNA that may contain, for example, a coding sequence or even another gene or genes. Isolation may be accomplished by restriction

endonuclease digestion to produce the proper DNA fragment followed by isolation using agarose gel purification, Qiagen® column chromatography (Chatsworth, CA), or other methods known to the skilled artisan. The selection of suitable enzymes to accomplish this purpose will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art.

[0197] An origin of replication is typically a part of those prokaryotic expression vectors purchased commercially, and the origin aids in the amplification of the vector in a host cell. If the vector of choice does not contain an origin of replication site, one may be chemically synthesized based on a known sequence, and ligated into the vector. For example, the origin of replication from the plasmid pBR322 (New England Biolabs, Beverly, MA) is suitable for most gram-negative bacteria, and various viral origins (e.g., SV40, polyoma, adenovirus, vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV), or papillomaviruses such as HPV or BPV) are useful for cloning vectors in mammalian cells. Generally, the origin of replication component is not needed for mammalian expression vectors (for example, the SV40 origin is often used only because it also contains the virus early promoter).

[0198] A transcription termination sequence is typically located 3' to the end of a polypeptide coding region and serves to terminate transcription. Usually, a transcription termination sequence in prokaryotic cells is a G-C rich fragment followed by a poly-T sequence. While the sequence is easily cloned from a library or even purchased commercially as part of a vector, it can also be readily synthesized using known methods for nucleic acid synthesis.

[0199] A selectable marker gene encodes a protein necessary for the survival and growth of a host cell grown in a selective culture medium. Typical selection marker genes encode proteins that (a) confer resistance to antibiotics or other toxins, e.g., ampicillin, tetracycline, or kanamycin for prokaryotic host cells; (b) complement auxotrophic deficiencies of the cell; or (c) supply critical nutrients not available from complex or defined media. Specific selectable markers are the kanamycin resistance gene, the ampicillin resistance gene, and the tetracycline resistance gene. Advantageously, a neomycin resistance gene may also be used for selection in both prokaryotic and eukaryotic host cells.

[0200] Other selectable genes may be used to amplify the gene that will be expressed.

Amplification is the process wherein genes that are required for production of a protein critical for growth or cell survival are reiterated in tandem within the chromosomes of successive generations of recombinant cells. Examples of suitable selectable markers for mammalian cells

include dihydrofolate reductase (DHFR) and promoterless thymidine kinase genes. Mammalian cell transformants are placed under selection pressure wherein only the transformants are uniquely adapted to survive by virtue of the selectable gene present in the vector. Selection pressure is imposed by culturing the transformed cells under conditions in which the concentration of selection agent in the medium is successively increased, thereby leading to the amplification of both the selectable gene and the DNA that encodes another gene, such as one or more components of the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or bispecific antigen binding proteins described herein. As a result, increased quantities of a polypeptide are synthesized from the amplified DNA.

[0201] A ribosome-binding site is usually necessary for translation initiation of mRNA and is characterized by a Shine-Dalgarno sequence (prokaryotes) or a Kozak sequence (eukaryotes). The element is typically located 3' to the promoter and 5' to the coding sequence of the polypeptide to be expressed. In certain embodiments, one or more coding regions may be operably linked to an internal ribosome binding site (IRES), allowing translation of two open reading frames from a single RNA transcript.

[0202] In some cases, such as where glycosylation is desired in a eukaryotic host cell expression system, one may manipulate the various pre- or prosequences to improve glycosylation or yield. For example, one may alter the peptidase cleavage site of a particular signal peptide, or add prosequences, which also may affect glycosylation. The final protein product may have, in the -1 position (relative to the first amino acid of the mature protein) one or more additional amino acids incident to expression, which may not have been totally removed. For example, the final protein product may have one or two amino acid residues found in the peptidase cleavage site, attached to the amino-terminus. Alternatively, use of some enzyme cleavage sites may result in a slightly truncated form of the desired polypeptide, if the enzyme cuts at such area within the mature polypeptide.

[0203] Expression and cloning vectors of the invention will typically contain a promoter that is recognized by the host organism and operably linked to the molecule encoding the polypeptide. The term “operably linked” as used herein refers to the linkage of two or more nucleic acid sequences in such a manner that a nucleic acid molecule capable of directing the transcription of a given gene and/or the synthesis of a desired protein molecule is produced. For example, a control sequence in a vector that is “operably linked” to a protein coding sequence is ligated

thereto so that expression of the protein coding sequence is achieved under conditions compatible with the transcriptional activity of the control sequences. More specifically, a promoter and/or enhancer sequence, including any combination of cis-acting transcriptional control elements is operably linked to a coding sequence if it stimulates or modulates the transcription of the coding sequence in an appropriate host cell or other expression system.

[0204] Promoters are non-transcribed sequences located upstream (i.e., 5') to the start codon of a structural gene (generally within about 100 to 1000 bp) that control transcription of the structural gene. Promoters are conventionally grouped into one of two classes: inducible promoters and constitutive promoters. Inducible promoters initiate increased levels of transcription from polynucleotides under their control in response to some change in culture conditions, such as the presence or absence of a nutrient or a change in temperature. Constitutive promoters, on the other hand, uniformly transcribe a gene to which they are operably linked, that is, with little or no control over gene expression. A large number of promoters, recognized by a variety of potential host cells, are well known. A suitable promoter is operably linked to the polynucleotide encoding e.g., heavy chain, light chain, or other component of the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention, by removing the promoter from the source nucleic acid by restriction enzyme digestion and inserting the desired promoter sequence into the vector.

[0205] Suitable promoters for use with yeast hosts are also well known in the art. Yeast enhancers are advantageously used with yeast promoters. Suitable promoters for use with mammalian host cells are well known and include, but are not limited to, those obtained from the genomes of viruses such as polyoma virus, fowlpox virus, adenovirus (such as Adenovirus 2), bovine papilloma virus, avian sarcoma virus, cytomegalovirus, retroviruses, hepatitis-B virus and most preferably Simian Virus 40 (SV40). Other suitable mammalian promoters include heterologous mammalian promoters, for example, heat-shock promoters and the actin promoter.

[0206] Additional promoters which may be of interest include, but are not limited to: SV40 early promoter (Benoist and Chambon, 1981, *Nature* 290:304-310); CMV promoter (Thornsen et al., 1984, *Proc. Natl. Acad. U.S.A.* 81:659-663); the promoter contained in the 3' long terminal repeat of Rous sarcoma virus (Yamamoto et al., 1980, *Cell* 22:787-797); herpes thymidine kinase promoter (Wagner et al., 1981, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 78: 1444-1445); promoter and regulatory sequences from the metallothioneine gene (Prinster et al., 1982, *Nature* 296:39-42);

and prokaryotic promoters, such as the beta-lactamase promoter (Villa-Kamaroff et al., 1978, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 75:3727-3731); or the tac promoter (DeBoer et al., 1983, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:21-25). Also of interest are the following animal transcriptional control regions, which exhibit tissue specificity and have been utilized in transgenic animals: the elastase I gene control region that is active in pancreatic acinar cells (Swift et al., 1984, Cell 38:639-646; Ornitz et al., 1986, Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol. 50:399-409; MacDonald, 1987, Hepatology 7:425-515); the insulin gene control region that is active in pancreatic beta cells (Hanahan, 1985, Nature 315: 115-122); the immunoglobulin gene control region that is active in lymphoid cells (Grosschedl et al., 1984, Cell 38:647-658; Adames et al., 1985, Nature 318:533-538; Alexander et al., 1987, Mol. Cell. Biol. 7: 1436-1444); the mouse mammary tumor virus control region that is active in testicular, breast, lymphoid and mast cells (Leder et al., 1986, Cell 45:485-495); the albumin gene control region that is active in liver (Pinkert et al., 1987, Genes and Devel. 1 :268-276); the alpha-feto-protein gene control region that is active in liver (Krumlauf et al., 1985, Mol. Cell. Biol. 5: 1639-1648; Hammer et al., 1987, Science 253:53-58); the alpha 1-antitrypsin gene control region that is active in liver (Kelsey et al., 1987, Genes and Devel. 1: 161-171); the beta-globin gene control region that is active in myeloid cells (Mogram et al, 1985, Nature 315:338-340; Kollias et al, 1986, Cell 46:89-94); the myelin basic protein gene control region that is active in oligodendrocyte cells in the brain (Readhead et al., 1987, Cell 48:703-712); the myosin light chain-2 gene control region that is active in skeletal muscle (Sani, 1985, Nature 314:283-286); and the gonadotropic releasing hormone gene control region that is active in the hypothalamus (Mason et al., 1986, Science 234: 1372-1378).

[0207] An enhancer sequence may be inserted into the vector to increase transcription of a polynucleotide encoding a component of the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g., light chain, heavy chain, or variable regions) by higher eukaryotes. Enhancers are cis-acting elements of nucleic acid, usually about 10-300 bp in length, that act on the promoter to increase transcription. Enhancers are relatively orientation and position independent, having been found at positions both 5' and 3' to the transcription unit. Several enhancer sequences available from mammalian genes are known (e.g., globin, elastase, albumin, alpha-feto-protein and insulin). Typically, however, an enhancer from a virus is used. The SV40 enhancer, the cytomegalovirus early promoter enhancer, the polyoma enhancer, and

adenovirus enhancers known in the art are exemplary enhancing elements for the activation of eukaryotic promoters. While an enhancer may be positioned in the vector either 5' or 3' to a coding sequence, it is typically located at a site 5' from the promoter.

[0208] A sequence encoding an appropriate native or heterologous signal sequence (leader sequence or signal peptide) can be incorporated into an expression vector, to promote extracellular secretion of the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein as described above. The choice of signal peptide or leader depends on the type of host cells in which the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein is to be produced, and a heterologous signal sequence can replace the native signal sequence. Examples of signal peptides are described above. Other signal peptides that are functional in mammalian host cells include the signal sequence for interleukin-7 (IL-7) described in US Patent No. 4,965,195; the signal sequence for interleukin-2 receptor described in Cosman *et al.*, 1984, Nature 312:768; the interleukin-4 receptor signal peptide described in EP Patent No. 0367 566; the type I interleukin-1 receptor signal peptide described in U.S. Patent No. 4,968,607; and the type II interleukin-1 receptor signal peptide described in EP Patent No. 0 460 846.

[0209] The expression vectors that are provided may be constructed from a starting vector such as a commercially available vector. Such vectors may or may not contain all of the desired flanking sequences. Where one or more of the flanking sequences described herein are not already present in the vector, they may be individually obtained and ligated into the vector. Methods used for obtaining each of the flanking sequences are well known to one skilled in the art. The expression vectors can be introduced into host cells to thereby produce proteins, including antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and antigen binding proteins, encoded by nucleic acids as described herein.

[0210] In certain embodiments, nucleic acids encoding the different components of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention may be inserted into the same expression vector. For instance, the nucleic acid encoding an anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain can be cloned into the same vector as the nucleic acid encoding an anti-CGRP receptor antibody heavy chain. In such embodiments, the two nucleic acids may be separated by an internal ribosome entry site (IRES) and under the control of a single promoter such that the light chain and heavy chain are expressed from the same mRNA transcript. Alternatively, the two nucleic acids may be

under the control of two separate promoters such that the light chain and heavy chain are expressed from two separate mRNA transcripts. In some embodiments in which the bispecific antigen binding protein is a heterodimeric antibody, nucleic acids encoding the anti-CGRP receptor antibody light chain and heavy chain are cloned into one expression vector and the nucleic acids encoding the anti-PAC1 receptor antibody light chain and heavy chain are cloned into a second expression vector. In these and other embodiments in which components of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or heterodimeric antibodies are cloned into separate expression vectors, a host cell may be co-transfected with the expression vectors to produce complete anti-CGRP receptor antibodies or heterodimeric antibodies of the invention.

[0211] After the vector has been constructed and the one or more nucleic acid molecules encoding the components of the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins described herein has been inserted into the proper site(s) of the vector or vectors, the completed vector(s) may be inserted into a suitable host cell for amplification and/or polypeptide expression. Thus, the present invention encompasses an isolated host cell or cell line comprising one or more expression vectors encoding the components of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) described herein. The term “host cell” as used herein refers to a cell that has been transformed, or is capable of being transformed, with a nucleic acid and thereby expresses a gene of interest. The term includes the progeny of the parent cell, whether or not the progeny is identical in morphology or in genetic make-up to the original parent cell, so long as the gene of interest is present. A host cell that comprises an isolated nucleic acid of the invention, preferably operably linked to at least one expression control sequence (e.g. promoter or enhancer), is a “recombinant host cell.”

[0212] The transformation of an expression vector for an anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein into a selected host cell may be accomplished by well-known methods including transfection, infection, calcium phosphate co-precipitation, electroporation, microinjection, lipofection, DEAE-dextran mediated transfection, or other known techniques. The method selected will in part be a function of the type of host cell to be used. These methods and other suitable methods are well known to the skilled artisan, and are set forth, for example, in Sambrook et al., 2001, *supra*.

[0213] A host cell, when cultured under appropriate conditions, synthesizes an antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein that can subsequently be collected from the culture medium (if the host cell secretes it into the medium) or directly from the host cell producing it (if it is not secreted). The selection of an appropriate host cell will depend upon various factors, such as desired expression levels, polypeptide modifications that are desirable or necessary for activity (such as glycosylation or phosphorylation) and ease of folding into a biologically active molecule.

[0214] Exemplary host cells include prokaryote, yeast, or higher eukaryote cells. Prokaryotic host cells include eubacteria, such as Gram-negative or Gram-positive organisms, for example, *Enterobacteriaceae* such as *Escherichia*, e.g., *E. coli*, *Enterobacter*, *Erwinia*, *Klebsiella*, *Proteus*, *Salmonella*, e.g., *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Serratia*, e.g., *Serratia marcescans*, and *Shigella*, as well as *Bacillus*, such as *B. subtilis* and *B. licheniformis*, *Pseudomonas*, and *Streptomyces*. Eukaryotic microbes such as filamentous fungi or yeast are suitable cloning or expression hosts for recombinant polypeptides. *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, or common baker's yeast, is the most commonly used among lower eukaryotic host microorganisms. However, a number of other genera, species, and strains are commonly available and useful herein, such as *Pichia*, e.g. *P. pastoris*, *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*; *Kluyveromyces*, *Yarrowia*; *Candida*; *Trichoderma reesia*; *Neurospora crassa*; *Schwanniomyces*, such as *Schwanniomyces occidentalis*; and filamentous fungi, such as, e.g., *Neurospora*, *Penicillium*, *Tolypocladium*, and *Aspergillus* hosts such as *A. nidulans* and *A. niger*.

[0215] Host cells for the expression of glycosylated antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and antigen binding proteins can be derived from multicellular organisms. Examples of invertebrate cells include plant and insect cells. Numerous baculoviral strains and variants and corresponding permissive insect host cells from hosts such as *Spodoptera frugiperda* (caterpillar), *Aedes aegypti* (mosquito), *Aedes albopictus* (mosquito), *Drosophila melanogaster* (fruitfly), and *Bombyx mori* have been identified. A variety of viral strains for transfection of such cells are publicly available, e.g., the L-1 variant of *Autographa californica* NPV and the Bm-5 strain of *Bombyx mori* NPV.

[0216] Vertebrate host cells are also suitable hosts, and recombinant production of antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and antigen binding proteins from such cells has become routine procedure. Mammalian cell lines available as hosts for expression are well known in the art and

include, but are not limited to, immortalized cell lines available from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC), including but not limited to Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, including CHOK1 cells (ATCC CCL61), DXB-11, DG-44, and Chinese hamster ovary cells/-DHFR (CHO, Urlaub *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77: 4216, 1980); monkey kidney CV1 line transformed by SV40 (COS-7, ATCC CRL 1651); human embryonic kidney line (293 or 293 cells subcloned for growth in suspension culture (Graham *et al.*, J. Gen Virol. 36: 59, 1977); baby hamster kidney cells (BHK, ATCC CCL 10); mouse sertoli cells (TM4, Mather, Biol. Reprod. 23: 243-251, 1980); monkey kidney cells (CV1 ATCC CCL 70); African green monkey kidney cells (VERO-76, ATCC CRL-1587); human cervical carcinoma cells (HELA, ATCC CCL 2); canine kidney cells (MDCK, ATCC CCL 34); buffalo rat liver cells (BRL 3A, ATCC CRL 1442); human lung cells (W138, ATCC CCL 75); human hepatoma cells (Hep G2, HB 8065); mouse mammary tumor (MMT 060562, ATCC CCL51); TRI cells (Mather *et al.*, Annals N.Y Acad. Sci. 383: 44-68, 1982); MRC 5 cells or FS4 cells; mammalian myeloma cells, and a number of other cell lines. In certain embodiments, cell lines may be selected through determining which cell lines have high expression levels and constitutively produce antibodies and antigen-binding fragments with CGRP receptor binding properties or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) with CGRP receptor and PAC1 receptor binding properties. In another embodiment, a cell line from the B cell lineage that does not make its own antibody but has a capacity to make and secrete a heterologous antibody can be selected. CHO cells are preferred host cells in some embodiments for expressing the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention.

[0217] Host cells are transformed or transfected with the above-described nucleic acids or vectors for production of anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or bispecific antigen binding proteins and are cultured in conventional nutrient media modified as appropriate for inducing promoters, selecting transformants, or amplifying the genes encoding the desired sequences. In addition, novel vectors and transfected cell lines with multiple copies of transcription units separated by a selective marker are particularly useful for the expression of antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and antigen binding proteins. Thus, the present invention also provides a method for producing an anti-CGRP receptor antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof described herein comprising culturing a host cell comprising one or more

expression vectors described herein in a culture medium under conditions permitting expression of the antibody or antigen-binding fragment encoded by the one or more expression vectors; and recovering the antibody or antigen-binding fragment from the culture medium or host cell. In other embodiments, the present invention also includes a method for producing a bispecific antigen binding protein described herein comprising culturing a host cell comprising one or more expression vectors described herein in a culture medium under conditions permitting expression of the bispecific antigen binding protein encoded by the one or more expression vectors; and recovering the bispecific antigen binding protein from the culture medium or host cell.

[0218] The host cells used to produce the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and antigen binding proteins of the invention may be cultured in a variety of media. Commercially available media such as Ham's F10 (Sigma), Minimal Essential Medium ((MEM), (Sigma), RPMI-1640 (Sigma), and Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium ((DMEM), Sigma) are suitable for culturing the host cells. In addition, any of the media described in Ham *et al.*, Meth. Enz. 58: 44, 1979; Barnes *et al.*, Anal. Biochem. 102: 255, 1980; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,767,704; 4,657,866; 4,927,762; 4,560,655; or 5,122,469; WO90103430; WO 87/00195; or U.S. Patent Re. No. 30,985 may be used as culture media for the host cells. Any of these media may be supplemented as necessary with hormones and/or other growth factors (such as insulin, transferrin, or epidermal growth factor), salts (such as sodium chloride, calcium, magnesium, and phosphate), buffers (such as HEPES), nucleotides (such as adenosine and thymidine), antibiotics (such as GentamycinTM drug), trace elements (defined as inorganic compounds usually present at final concentrations in the micromolar range), and glucose or an equivalent energy source. Any other necessary supplements may also be included at appropriate concentrations that would be known to those skilled in the art. The culture conditions, such as temperature, pH, and the like, are those previously used with the host cell selected for expression, and will be apparent to the ordinary skilled artisan.

[0219] Upon culturing the host cells, the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein can be produced intracellularly, in the periplasmic space, or directly secreted into the medium. If the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein is produced intracellularly, as a first step, the particulate debris, either host cells or lysed fragments, is removed, for example, by centrifugation or ultrafiltration. The antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein can be purified from culture medium, culture

supernatant or other fluid following a harvest step using, for example, hydroxyapatite chromatography, cation or anion exchange chromatography, or preferably affinity chromatography, using the antigen(s) of interest or protein A or protein G as an affinity ligand. Protein A can be used to purify proteins that include polypeptides that are based on human $\gamma 1$, $\gamma 2$, or $\gamma 4$ heavy chains (Lindmark *et al.*, J. Immunol. Meth. 62: 1-13, 1983). Protein G is recommended for all mouse isotypes and for human $\gamma 3$ (Guss *et al.*, EMBO J. 5: 15671575, 1986). The matrix to which the affinity ligand is attached is most often agarose, but other matrices are available. Mechanically stable matrices such as controlled pore glass or poly(styrenedivinyl)benzene allow for faster flow rates and shorter processing times than can be achieved with agarose. Where the protein comprises a CH3 domain, the Bakerbond ABX™ resin (J. T. Baker, Phillipsburg, N.J.) is useful for purification. Other techniques for protein purification such as ethanol precipitation, Reverse Phase HPLC, chromatofocusing, SDS-PAGE, and ammonium sulfate precipitation are also possible depending on the particular antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein to be recovered.

[0220] In certain embodiments, the invention provides a composition (e.g. a pharmaceutical composition) comprising one or a plurality of the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention together with pharmaceutically acceptable diluents, carriers, excipients, solubilizers, emulsifiers, preservatives, and/or adjuvants. The pharmaceutical compositions can be used in any of the methods described herein. Pharmaceutical compositions of the invention include, but are not limited to, liquid, frozen, and lyophilized compositions. “Pharmaceutically-acceptable” refers to molecules, compounds, and compositions that are non-toxic to human recipients at the dosages and concentrations employed and/or do not produce allergic or adverse reactions when administered to humans. In some embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition may contain formulation materials for modifying, maintaining or preserving, for example, the pH, osmolarity, viscosity, clarity, color, isotonicity, odor, sterility, stability, rate of dissolution or release, adsorption or penetration of the composition. In such embodiments, suitable formulation materials include, but are not limited to, amino acids (such as glycine, glutamine, asparagine, arginine or lysine); antimicrobials; antioxidants (such as ascorbic acid, sodium sulfite or sodium hydrogen-sulfite); buffers (such as borate, bicarbonate, Tris-HCl, citrates, phosphates or other organic acids); bulking agents (such as mannitol or glycine); chelating agents (such as

ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid (EDTA)); complexing agents (such as caffeine, polyvinylpyrrolidone, beta-cyclodextrin or hydroxypropyl-beta-cyclodextrin); fillers; monosaccharides; disaccharides; and other carbohydrates (such as glucose, mannose or dextrans); proteins (such as serum albumin, gelatin or immunoglobulins); coloring and diluting agents; emulsifying agents; hydrophilic polymers (such as polyvinylpyrrolidone); low molecular weight polypeptides; salt-forming counterions (such as sodium); preservatives (such as benzalkonium chloride, benzoic acid, salicylic acid, thimerosal, phenethyl alcohol, methylparaben, propylparaben, chlorhexidine, sorbic acid or hydrogen peroxide); solvents (such as glycerin, propylene glycol or polyethylene glycol); sugar alcohols (such as mannitol or sorbitol); suspending agents; surfactants or wetting agents (such as pluronics, PEG, sorbitan esters, polysorbates such as polysorbate 20, polysorbate 80, triton, tromethamine, lecithin, cholesterol, tyloxapal); stability enhancing agents (such as sucrose or sorbitol); tonicity enhancing agents (such as alkali metal halides, preferably sodium or potassium chloride, mannitol sorbitol); delivery vehicles; diluents; excipients and/or pharmaceutical adjuvants. Methods and suitable materials for formulating molecules for therapeutic use are known in the pharmaceutical arts, and are described, for example, in REMINGTON'S PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES, 18th Edition, (A.R. Genrmo, ed.), 1990, Mack Publishing Company.

[0221] In some embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition of the invention comprises a standard pharmaceutical carrier, such as a sterile phosphate buffered saline solution, bacteriostatic water, and the like. A variety of aqueous carriers may be used, e.g., water, buffered water, 0.4% saline, 0.3% glycine and the like, and may include other proteins for enhanced stability, such as albumin, lipoprotein, globulin, etc., subjected to mild chemical modifications or the like.

[0222] Exemplary concentrations of the antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or bispecific antigen binding proteins in the formulation may range from about 0.1 mg/mL to about 200 mg/mL or from about 0.1 mg/mL to about 50 mg/mL, or from about 0.5 mg/mL to about 25 mg/mL, or alternatively from about 2 mg/mL to about 10 mg/mL. An aqueous formulation of the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein may be prepared in a pH-buffered solution, for example, at pH ranging from about 4.5 to about 6.5, or from about 4.8 to about 5.5, or alternatively about 5.0. Examples of buffers that are suitable for a pH within this range include acetate (e.g. sodium acetate), succinate (such as sodium succinate), gluconate,

histidine, citrate and other organic acid buffers. The buffer concentration can be from about 1 mM to about 200 mM, or from about 10 mM to about 60 mM, depending, for example, on the buffer and the desired isotonicity of the formulation.

[0223] A tonicity agent, which may also stabilize the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein, may be included in the formulation. Exemplary tonicity agents include polyols, such as mannitol, sucrose or trehalose. Preferably the aqueous formulation is isotonic, although hypertonic or hypotonic solutions may be suitable. Exemplary concentrations of the polyol in the formulation may range from about 1% to about 15% w/v.

[0224] A surfactant may also be added to the formulation to reduce aggregation of the formulated antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein and/or minimize the formation of particulates in the formulation and/or reduce adsorption. Exemplary surfactants include nonionic surfactants, such as polysorbates (e.g. polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80) or poloxamers (e.g. poloxamer 188). Exemplary concentrations of surfactant may range from about 0.001% to about 0.5% w/v, or from about 0.005% to about 0.2% w/v, or alternatively from about 0.004% to about 0.01% w/v.

[0225] In one embodiment, the formulation contains the above-identified agents (i.e. antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein, buffer, polyol and surfactant) and is essentially free of one or more preservatives, such as benzyl alcohol, phenol, m-cresol, chlorobutanol and benzethonium chloride. In another embodiment, a preservative may be included in the formulation, e.g., at concentrations ranging from about 0.1% to about 2%, or alternatively from about 0.5% to about 1%. One or more other pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, excipients or stabilizers such as those described REMINGTON'S PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES, 18th Edition, (A.R. Genrmo, ed.), 1990, Mack Publishing Company, may be included in the formulation provided that they do not adversely affect the desired characteristics of the formulation.

[0226] Therapeutic formulations of the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein are prepared for storage by mixing the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein having the desired degree of purity with optional physiologically acceptable carriers, excipients or stabilizers (REMINGTON'S PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES, 18th Edition, (A.R. Genrmo, ed.), 1990, Mack Publishing Company), in the form of lyophilized formulations or aqueous solutions. Acceptable carriers,

excipients, or stabilizers are nontoxic to recipients at the dosages and concentrations employed, and include those described above, such as buffers (e.g. phosphate, citrate, and other organic acids); antioxidants (e.g. ascorbic acid and methionine); preservatives (such as octadecyldimethylbenzyl ammonium chloride, hexamethonium chloride, benzalkonium chloride, benzethonium chloride, phenol, butyl or benzyl alcohol, alkyl parabens such as methyl or propyl paraben, catechol; resorcinol, cyclohexanol, 3-pentanol, and m-cresol); low molecular weight (e.g. less than about 10 residues) polypeptides; proteins (such as serum albumin, gelatin, or immunoglobulins); hydrophilic polymers (e.g. polyvinylpyrrolidone); amino acids (e.g. glycine, glutamine, asparagine, histidine, arginine, or lysine); monosaccharides, disaccharides, and other carbohydrates including glucose, mannose, maltose, or dextrans; chelating agents such as EDTA; sugars such as sucrose, mannitol, trehalose or sorbitol; salt-forming counter-ions such as sodium; metal complexes (e.g., Zn-protein complexes); and/or non-ionic surfactants, such as polysorbates (e.g. polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80) or poloxamers (e.g. poloxamer 188); or polyethylene glycol (PEG).

[0227] In one embodiment, a suitable formulation of the invention contains an isotonic buffer such as a phosphate, acetate, or TRIS buffer in combination with a tonicity agent, such as a polyol, sorbitol, sucrose or sodium chloride, which tonicifies and stabilizes. One example of such a tonicity agent is 5% sorbitol or sucrose. In addition, the formulation could optionally include a surfactant at 0.01% to 0.02% wt/vol, for example, to prevent aggregation or improve stability. The pH of the formulation may range from 4.5 to 6.5 or 4.5 to 5.5. Other exemplary descriptions of pharmaceutical formulations for antibodies and antigen binding proteins may be found in US Patent Publication No. 2003/0113316 and US Patent No. 6,171,586, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

[0228] The formulations to be used for *in vivo* administration must be sterile. The compositions of the invention may be sterilized by conventional, well known sterilization techniques. For example, sterilization is readily accomplished by filtration through sterile filtration membranes. The resulting solutions may be packaged for use or filtered under aseptic conditions and lyophilized, the lyophilized preparation being combined with a sterile solution prior to administration.

[0229] The process of freeze-drying is often employed to stabilize polypeptides for long-term storage, particularly when the polypeptide is relatively unstable in liquid compositions. A

lyophilization cycle is usually composed of three steps: freezing, primary drying, and secondary drying (*see* Williams and Polli, Journal of Parenteral Science and Technology, Volume 38, Number 2, pages 48-59, 1984). In the freezing step, the solution is cooled until it is adequately frozen. Bulk water in the solution forms ice at this stage. The ice sublimates in the primary drying stage, which is conducted by reducing chamber pressure below the vapor pressure of the ice, using a vacuum. Finally, sorbed or bound water is removed at the secondary drying stage under reduced chamber pressure and an elevated shelf temperature. The process produces a material known as a lyophilized cake. Thereafter the cake can be reconstituted prior to use. The standard reconstitution practice for lyophilized material is to add back a volume of pure water (typically equivalent to the volume removed during lyophilization), although dilute solutions of antibacterial agents are sometimes used in the production of pharmaceuticals for parenteral administration (*see* Chen, Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy, Volume 18: 1311-1354, 1992).

[0230] Excipients have been noted in some cases to act as stabilizers for freeze-dried products (*see* Carpenter *et al.*, Volume 74: 225-239, 1991). For example, known excipients include polyols (including mannitol, sorbitol and glycerol); sugars (including glucose and sucrose); and amino acids (including alanine, glycine and glutamic acid). In addition, polyols and sugars are also often used to protect polypeptides from freezing- and drying-induced damage and to enhance the stability during storage in the dried state. In general, sugars, in particular disaccharides, are effective in both the freeze-drying process and during storage. Other classes of molecules, including mono- and di-saccharides and polymers such as PVP, have also been reported as stabilizers of lyophilized products.

[0231] For injection, the pharmaceutical formulation and/or medicament may be a powder suitable for reconstitution with an appropriate solution as described above. Examples of these include, but are not limited to, freeze dried, rotary dried or spray dried powders, amorphous powders, granules, precipitates, or particulates. For injection, the formulations may optionally contain stabilizers, pH modifiers, surfactants, bioavailability modifiers and combinations of these.

[0232] Sustained-release preparations may be prepared. Suitable examples of sustained-release preparations include semipermeable matrices of solid hydrophobic polymers containing the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein, which matrices are in

the form of shaped articles, e.g., films, or microcapsule. Examples of sustained-release matrices include polyesters, hydrogels (for example, poly(2-hydroxyethyl-methacrylate), or poly(vinylalcohol)), polylactides (U.S. Patent No. 3,773,919), copolymers of L-glutamic acid and γ ethyl-L-glutamate, non-degradable ethylene-vinyl acetate, degradable lactic acid-glycolic acid copolymers such as the Lupron Depot™ (injectable microspheres composed of lactic acid-glycolic acid copolymer and leuprolide acetate), and poly-D-(-)-3-hydroxybutyric acid. While polymers such as ethylene-vinyl acetate and lactic acid-glycolic acid enable release of molecules for over 100 days, certain hydrogels release proteins for shorter time periods. When encapsulated polypeptides remain in the body for a long time, they may denature or aggregate as a result of exposure to moisture at 37°C, resulting in a loss of biological activity and possible changes in immunogenicity. Rational strategies can be devised for stabilization depending on the mechanism involved. For example, if the aggregation mechanism is discovered to be intermolecular S-S bond formation through thio-disulfide interchange, stabilization may be achieved by modifying sulfhydryl residues, lyophilizing from acidic solutions, controlling moisture content, using appropriate additives, and developing specific polymer matrix compositions.

[0233] The formulations of the invention may be designed to be short-acting, fast-releasing, long-acting, or sustained-releasing as described herein. Thus, the pharmaceutical formulations may also be formulated for controlled release or for slow release.

[0234] Specific dosages may be adjusted depending on the disease, disorder, or condition to be treated (e.g. episodic migraine, chronic migraine, or cluster headache), the age, body weight, general health conditions, sex, and diet of the subject, dose intervals, administration routes, excretion rate, and combinations of drugs.

[0235] The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, or bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) of the invention can be administered by any suitable means, including parenteral, subcutaneous, intravenous, intraperitoneal, intrapulmonary, and intranasal, and, if desired for local treatment, intralesional administration. Parenteral administration includes intravenous, intraarterial, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, intradermal or subcutaneous administration. In addition, the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein can be administered by pulse infusion, particularly with declining doses of the antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or antigen binding protein. Preferably the dosing is

given by injections, most preferably intravenous or subcutaneous injections, depending in part on whether the administration is brief or chronic. Other administration methods are contemplated, including topical, particularly transdermal, transmucosal, rectal, oral or local administration e.g. through a catheter placed close to the desired site. The antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein of the invention may be administered in a physiological solution at a dose ranging between 0.01 mg/kg to 100 mg/kg at a frequency ranging from daily to weekly to monthly.

[0236] The anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins (e.g. heterodimeric antibodies) described herein are useful for treating or ameliorating a condition associated with the biological activity of the CGRP receptor in a patient in need thereof. Thus, anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention for use in the methods of treatment are disclosed herein. As used herein, the term “treating” or “treatment” is an intervention performed with the intention of preventing the development or altering the pathology of a disorder. Accordingly, “treatment” refers to both therapeutic treatment and prophylactic or preventative measures. Those in need of treatment include those already diagnosed with or suffering from the disorder or condition as well as those in which the disorder or condition is to be prevented. “Treatment” includes any indicia of success in the amelioration of an injury, pathology or condition, including any objective or subjective parameter such as abatement, remission, diminishing of symptoms, or making the injury, pathology or condition more tolerable to the patient, slowing in the rate of degeneration or decline, making the final point of degeneration less debilitating, or improving a patient’s physical or mental well-being. The treatment or amelioration of symptoms can be based on objective or subjective parameters, including the results of a physical examination, self-reporting by a patient, neuropsychiatric exams, and/or a psychiatric evaluation.

[0237] Accordingly, in some embodiments, the present invention provides a method for treating or preventing a condition associated with the biological activity of the CGRP receptor (e.g. a condition associated with CGRP-induced activation of the CGRP receptor) in a patient in need thereof, comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of an anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen binding protein (e.g. heterodimeric antibody) described herein. The CGRP/CGRP receptor signaling pathway has been implicated in various physiological processes, including regulation of vasomotor tone, cardiovascular function,

inflammation, including neurogenic inflammation, pain transmission, and wound healing. *See, e.g., Russell et al., Physiol. Rev., Vol. 94: 1099-1142, 2014.* Conditions associated with aberrant or overactivation of the CGRP/CGRP receptor signaling pathway include, but are not limited to, headache conditions, such as migraine, cluster headache, tension-type headache, hemiplegic migraine, menstrual migraine, and retinal migraine; inflammatory skin conditions; chronic pain, such as neuropathic pain, hyperalgesia, fibromyalgia, and allodynia; pain associated with irritable bowel syndrome, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, and interstitial cystitis; arthritis, such as rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis and pain associated with arthritic conditions; overactive bladder; asthma; type II diabetes; and vasomotor symptoms, such as hot flashes, facial flushing, sweating, and night sweats. Thus, the anti-CGRP receptor antibodies, antigen-binding fragments, and bispecific antigen binding proteins of the invention can be administered to patients to prevent, ameliorate, or treat any of these conditions or disorders or other conditions associated with aberrant or excessive CGRP receptor biological activity. In certain embodiments, the present invention provides methods for treating or preventing a headache condition (e.g. episodic migraine, chronic migraine, cluster headache, tension-type headache, hemiplegic migraine, menstrual migraine, and retinal migraine) in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of an anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen-binding protein (e.g. heterodimeric antibody) as described herein. In some embodiments, the present invention provides a method for inhibiting activation of the human CGRP receptor in a patient having a headache condition comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of an anti-CGRP receptor antibody, antigen-binding fragment, or bispecific antigen-binding protein (e.g. heterodimeric antibody) described herein. In one such embodiment, the patient has a migraine headache condition, such as episodic migraine or chronic migraine. In another embodiment, the patient has a cluster headache condition.

[0238] An “effective amount” is generally an amount sufficient to reduce the severity and/or frequency of symptoms, eliminate the symptoms and/or underlying cause, prevent the occurrence of symptoms and/or their underlying cause, and/or improve or remediate the damage that results from or is associated with a particular condition. In some embodiments, the effective amount is a therapeutically effective amount or a prophylactically effective amount. A “therapeutically effective amount” is an amount sufficient to remedy a disease state or symptom(s), particularly a

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CLAIMS

What is claimed:

1. A bispecific antigen binding protein comprising a first binding domain that specifically binds to human calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) receptor and a second binding domain that specifically binds to human pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide type I (PAC1) receptor,

wherein the first binding domain comprises a first light chain immunoglobulin variable region (VL1) and a first heavy chain immunoglobulin variable region (VH1), and the second binding domain comprises a second light chain immunoglobulin variable region (VL2) and a second heavy chain immunoglobulin variable region (VH2), and

wherein VL1 comprises (i) a CDRL1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 5-12, (ii) a CDRL2 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 13-16, and (iii) a CDRL3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 17-22, and VH1 comprises (i) a CDRH1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 35-38, (ii) a CDRH2 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 39-42, and (iii) a CDRH3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 44-46.

2. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 1, wherein:

(a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 6, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 7, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 45, respectively;

(d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 8, 14 and 18, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 9, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(f) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 36, 39 and 44, respectively;

(g) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 10, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(h) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 40 and 44, respectively;

(i) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 37, 41 and 44, respectively;

(j) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 15 and 19, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 38, 42 and 46, respectively;

(k) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 16 and 20, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(l) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 12, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(m) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 21, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively; or

(n) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 22, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH1 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively.

3. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 1 or 2, wherein VL1 comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34.
4. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein VH1 comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53.
5. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein:
- (a) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 25 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;
 - (b) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 26 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;
 - (c) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 49;
 - (d) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 49;
 - (e) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 27 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;
 - (f) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 28 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;
 - (g) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 50;
 - (h) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;
 - (i) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 51;
 - (j) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 52;
 - (k) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 53;

(l) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;

(m) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 32 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;

(n) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 33 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48; or

(o) VL1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 34 and VH1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48.

6. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein VL2 comprises (i) a CDRL1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 130-140, (ii) a CDRL2 having the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 141, and (iii) a CDRL3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 142-145, and VH2 comprises (i) a CDRH1 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 157-163, (ii) a CDRH2 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 164-194, and (iii) a CDRH3 selected from SEQ ID NOs: 195-198.

7. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 6, wherein:

(a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 165 and 195, respectively;

(b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 166 and 195, respectively;

(c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 167 and 195, respectively;

(d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 168 and 195, respectively;

(e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 169 and 195, respectively;

(f) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 170 and 195, respectively;

(g) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 171 and 195, respectively;

(h) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 133, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 172 and 195, respectively;

(i) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 158, 173 and 196, respectively;

(j) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 174 and 195, respectively;

(k) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 175 and 195, respectively;

(l) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 134, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 176 and 195, respectively;

(m) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 158, 177 and 196, respectively;

(n) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 159, 178 and 197, respectively;

(o) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 136, 141 and 143, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 160, 179 and 196, respectively;

(p) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 132, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 180 and 195, respectively;

(q) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 161, 181 and 198, respectively;

(r) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 159, 182 and 196, respectively;

(s) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 135, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 162, 183 and 196, respectively;

(t) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 137, 141 and 143, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 163, 177 and 198, respectively;

(u) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 138, 141 and 144, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 184 and 195, respectively;

(v) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 139, 141 and 145, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 159, 185 and 195, respectively;

(w) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 184 and 195, respectively;

(x) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 186 and 195, respectively;

(y) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 187 and 195, respectively;

(z) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 188 and 195, respectively;

(aa) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 189 and 195, respectively;

(ab) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 140, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 190 and 195, respectively;

(ac) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 140, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 191 and 195, respectively;

(ad) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 140, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 192 and 195, respectively;

(ae) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 193 and 195, respectively; or

(af) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 of VL2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 131, 141 and 142, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 of VH2 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 157, 194 and 195, respectively.

8. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein VL2 comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 147-156.

9. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein VH2 comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 200-230.

10. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein:

- (a) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 200;
- (b) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 201;
- (c) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 202;
- (d) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 203;
- (e) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 204;
- (f) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 205;
- (g) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 206;
- (h) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 149 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 207;
- (i) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 208;
- (j) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 209;
- (k) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 210;
- (l) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 150 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 211;
- (m) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 151 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 212;
- (n) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 151 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 213;
- (o) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 152 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 214;

(p) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 148 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 215;

(q) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 151 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 216;

(r) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 151 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 217;

(s) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 151 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 218;

(t) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 153 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 219;

(u) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 154 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 220;

(v) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 155 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 221;

(w) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 220;

(x) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 222;

(y) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 223;

(z) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 224;

(aa) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 225;

(ab) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 156 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 226;

(ac) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 156 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 227;

(ad) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 156 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 228;

(ae) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 229; or

(af) VL2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 147 and VH2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 230.

11. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 10, wherein the binding protein is an antibody comprising a first light chain (LC1) and a first heavy chain (HC1) from a first antibody that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor and a second light chain (LC2) and second heavy chain (HC2) from a second antibody that specifically binds to human PAC1 receptor.

12. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 11, wherein LC1 comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 70-84.

13. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 11 or 12, wherein HC1 comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 86-98.

14. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 13, wherein:

(i) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 70 and HC1 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 92 and 95-97;

(ii) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 71 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(iii) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 72 and HC1 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 87-91;

(iv) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 73 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(v) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 74 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 87 or SEQ ID NO: 88;

(vi) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 75 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92;

(vii) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 76 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 93 or SEQ ID NO: 94;

(viii) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 77 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(ix) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 78 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(x) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 79 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(xi) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 80 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 98;

(xii) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 81 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(xiii) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 82 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(xiv) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 83 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86; or

(xv) LC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84 and HC1 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86.

15. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 14, wherein LC2 comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 232-241.

16. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 15, wherein HC2 comprises a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 243-311.

17. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 16, wherein:

(i) LC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 232 and HC2 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 243-253, 290, 291, 294-301 and 308-311;

- (ii) LC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 233 and HC2 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 254-263, 266-271, 280, and 281;
- (iii) LC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 234 and HC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 264 or SEQ ID NO: 265;
- (iv) LC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 235 and HC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 272 or SEQ ID NO: 273;
- (v) LC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 236 and HC2 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 274-277 and 282-287;
- (vi) LC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 237 and HC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 278 or SEQ ID NO: 279;
- (vii) LC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 238 and HC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 288 or SEQ ID NO: 289;
- (viii) LC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 239 and HC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 290 or SEQ ID NO: 291;
- (ix) LC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 240 and HC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 292 or SEQ ID NO: 293; or
- (x) LC2 comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 241 and HC2 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 302-307.

18. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 17, wherein HC1 or HC2 comprises at least one amino acid substitution to replace lysine at position 360, 370, 392, 409, and/or 439 according to the EU numbering system with a negatively-charged amino acid.

19. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 17, wherein HC1 or HC2 comprises an amino acid substitution to replace an aspartic acid at position 399 according to the EU numbering system with a positively-charged amino acid and at least one amino acid substitution to replace a glutamic acid at position 356 and/or 357 according to the EU numbering system with a positively-charged amino acid.

20. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 19, wherein HC1 comprises an amino acid substitution at position 183 (EU numbering system) to introduce a

charged amino acid and LC1 comprises an amino acid substitution at position 176 (Kabat numbering system) to introduce a charged amino acid, wherein the charged amino acid introduced into HC1 has the opposite charge of the amino acid introduced into LC1.

21. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 20, wherein the amino acid substitution in HC1 is S183E and the amino acid substitution in LC1 is S176K.

22. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 21, wherein HC2 comprises an amino acid substitution at position 183 (EU numbering system) to introduce a charged amino acid and LC2 comprises an amino acid substitution at position 176 (Kabat numbering system) to introduce a charged amino acid, wherein the charged amino acid introduced into HC2 has the opposite charge of the amino acid introduced into LC2.

23. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 22, wherein the amino acid substitution in HC2 is S183K and the amino acid substitution in LC2 is S176E.

24. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 23, wherein HC1, HC2, or both HC1 and HC2 comprises a mutation at amino acid position N297 according to EU numbering.

25. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 24, wherein the mutation is N297G.

26. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 24 or 25, wherein HC1, HC2, or both HC1 and HC2 further comprises R292C and V302C mutations according to EU numbering.

27. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 26, wherein HC1, HC2, or both HC1 and HC2 comprise M252Y, S254T, and T256E mutations according to EU numbering.

28. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 11 to 27, wherein the antibody is selected from the antibodies designated as iPS:454537, iPS:454539, iPS:454541,

iPS:454543, iPS:454545, iPS:454547, iPS:454549, iPS:454551, iPS:454553, iPS:454555, iPS:454557 (5601), iPS:454559, iPS:454561, iPS:454563, iPS:454565 (5606), iPS:454567, iPS:454569, iPS:454571, iPS:454573, iPS:454575, iPS:454577, iPS:454579, iPS:454581, iPS:454583, iPS:454585, iPS:454587, iPS:454589, iPS:454591, iPS:454593, iPS:454595, iPS:454597, iPS:454599, iPS:454601, iPS:454603, iPS:454605, iPS:454607, iPS:454609, iPS:454611, iPS:454613, iPS:454615, iPS:454617, iPS:454619, iPS:454621, iPS:454623, iPS:454625, iPS:454627, iPS:454629, iPS:454631, iPS:454633, iPS:454635, iPS:454637, iPS:454639, iPS:454641, iPS:454643, iPS:454645, iPS:454647, iPS:454649, iPS:454651, iPS:454653, iPS:454655, iPS:454657, iPS:454659, iPS:454661, iPS:454663, iPS:454665, iPS:454667, iPS:454669, iPS:454671, iPS:454673, iPS:454675, iPS:454677, iPS:454679, iPS:454681, iPS:454683, iPS:454685, iPS:454687, iPS:454689, iPS:454691, iPS:454693, iPS:454695, iPS:454697, iPS:454699, iPS:454701, iPS:454703, iPS:454705, iPS:454707, iPS:454709, iPS:454711, iPS:454713, iPS:454715, iPS:454717, iPS:454719, iPS:454721, iPS:454723, iPS:454725, iPS:454727, iPS:454729, iPS:454731, iPS:454733, iPS:454735, iPS:454737, iPS:454739, iPS:454741, iPS:454743, iPS:454745, iPS:454747, iPS:454749, iPS:454751, iPS:454753, iPS:454755, iPS:454757, iPS:454759, iPS:454761, iPS:454763, iPS:454765, iPS:454767, iPS:454769, iPS:454771, iPS:454773, iPS:454775, iPS:454777, iPS:454779, iPS:454781, iPS:454783, iPS:454785, iPS:454787, iPS:454789, iPS:454791, iPS:454793, iPS:454795, iPS:454797, iPS:454799, iPS:454801, iPS:454803, iPS:454805, iPS:454807, iPS:454809, iPS:454811, iPS:454813, iPS:454815, iPS:454817, iPS:454819, iPS:454821, iPS:454823, iPS:454825, iPS:454827, iPS:454829, iPS:454831, iPS:454833, iPS:454835, iPS:454837, iPS:454839, iPS:454841, iPS:454843, iPS:454845, iPS:454847, iPS:454849, iPS:454851, iPS:454853, iPS:454855, iPS:454857, iPS:454859, iPS:454861, iPS:454863, iPS:454865, iPS:454867, iPS:454869, iPS:454871, iPS:454873, iPS:454875, iPS:454877, iPS:454879, iPS:454881, iPS:454883, iPS:454885, iPS:454887, iPS:454889, iPS:454891, iPS:454893, iPS:454895, iPS:454897, iPS:454899, iPS:454901, iPS:454903, iPS:454905, iPS:454907, iPS:454909, iPS:454911, iPS:454913, iPS:454915, iPS:454917, iPS:454919, iPS:571009 (5602), iPS:571015 (5603), iPS:571017 (5604), iPS:571025 (5605), iPS:571023 (5607), iPS:571033 (5608), and iPS:571824 (5609) as set forth in Table 8.

29. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 28, wherein the bispecific antigen binding protein inhibits activation of human CGRP receptor and human PAC1 receptor.
30. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 29, wherein the bispecific antigen binding protein inhibits CGRP-induced activation of human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than 1 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay.
31. The bispecific antigen binding protein of claim 29, wherein the bispecific antigen binding protein inhibits CGRP-induced activation of human CGRP receptor with an IC₅₀ less than 500 pM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay.
32. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 29 to 31, wherein the bispecific antigen binding protein inhibits PACAP-induced activation of human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ less than 5 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay.
33. The bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 29 to 31, wherein the bispecific antigen binding protein inhibits PACAP-induced activation of human PAC1 receptor with an IC₅₀ less than 1 nM as measured by a cell-based cAMP assay.
34. An isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor, wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising complementarity determining regions CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising complementarity determining regions CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3, wherein the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 47 with a mutation at one or more amino acid positions 28, 30, 31, 32, 54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 102, 105, 107, 111, and/or 113.
35. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 34, wherein the mutation is T28N, T28K, T28R, T28H, T28F, T28W, T28Y, S30G, S30D, S30M, S31N, S31K,

S31R, S31H, S31T, F32Y, D54A, S56E, I57D, K58E, K58D, K58T, Y59H, S60Y, N102D, N102E, D105R, D105E, S107Y, S107F, H111G, K113H, or combinations thereof.

36. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 35, wherein the mutation is T28N, T28K, T28R, T28H, S31N, S31K, S31R, S31H, N102D, N102E, or combinations thereof.

37. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 34 to 36, wherein the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23 or SEQ ID NO: 24 with a mutation at one or more amino acid positions 26, 31, 32, 33, 53, 54, 56, 57, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, and/or 100.

38. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 37, wherein the mutation is S26F, S26R, S26Y, N31R, N31I, N31W, N32S, N32Y, N32R, N32K, N32W, Y33T, Y33S, Y33A, Y33P, N53R, N53M, K54W, K54F, K54Y, P56A, S57G, S57R, S57Q, S94Y, S94W, R95Q, R95A, R95W, L96W, L96M, L96T, L96H, L96R, S97K, S97Q, S97T, S97R, A98S, A98V, V100T, V100I, or combinations thereof.

39. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 38, wherein the mutation is S26R, S26Y, N31I, N31R, N32K, N32Y, Y33A, Y33S, or combinations thereof.

40. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 34 to 39, wherein CDRH1 comprises a sequence according to SEQ ID NO: 471 or SEQ ID NO: 472, CDRH2 comprises a sequence according to SEQ ID NO: 473, and CDRH3 comprises a sequence according to SEQ ID NO: 474.

41. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 34 to 40, wherein CDRL1 comprises a sequence according to SEQ ID NO: 475, CDRL2 comprises a sequence according to SEQ ID NO: 476, and CDRL3 comprises a sequence according to SEQ ID NO: 477.

42. An isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor, wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof comprises a light chain variable region comprising complementarity determining regions CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 and a heavy chain variable region comprising complementarity determining regions CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3, wherein CDRL1 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 5-12; CDRL2 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 13-16; CDRL3 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 17-22; CDRH1 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 35-38; CDRH2 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 39-42; and CDRH3 comprises a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 44-46.

43. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 42, wherein:

(a) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 6, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(b) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 7, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(c) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 45, respectively;

(d) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 8, 14 and 18, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(e) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 9, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(f) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 36, 39 and 44, respectively;

(g) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 10, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(h) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 40 and 44, respectively;

(i) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 37, 41 and 44, respectively;

(j) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 15 and 19, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 38, 42 and 46, respectively;

(k) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11, 16 and 20, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(l) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 12, 13 and 17, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively;

(m) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 21, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively; or

(n) CDRL1, CDRL2, and CDRL3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5, 13 and 22, respectively, and CDRH1, CDRH2, and CDRH3 have the sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 35, 39 and 44, respectively.

44. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 42 or 43, wherein the light chain variable region comprises (i) a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34, (ii) a sequence that is at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34, or (iii) a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 23-34.

45. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 42 to 44, wherein the heavy chain variable region comprises (i) a sequence that is at least 90% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53, (ii) a sequence that is at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53, or (iii) a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOs: 48-53.

46. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 42 to 45, wherein:

(a) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 25 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;

(b) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 26 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;

(c) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 49;

(d) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 49;

(e) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 27 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;

(f) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 28 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;

(g) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 50;

(h) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;

(i) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 51;

(j) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 52;

(k) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 53;

(l) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;

(m) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 32 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48;

(n) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 33 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48; or

(o) the light chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 34 and the heavy chain variable region comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48.

47. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 34 to 46, wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is a monoclonal antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof.

48. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 47, wherein the monoclonal antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is a humanized antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof or a fully human antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof.

49. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 47 or 48, wherein the monoclonal antibody is a human IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4 antibody.

50. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 49, wherein the monoclonal antibody is an aglycosylated human IgG1 antibody.

51. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 50, wherein the monoclonal antibody comprises a mutation at amino acid position N297 according to EU numbering in one or both heavy chains.

52. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 51, wherein the mutation is N297G.

53. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of claim 51 or 52, wherein the monoclonal antibody further comprises R292C and V302C mutations according to EU numbering in one or both heavy chains.

54. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 49 to 53, wherein the monoclonal antibody comprises M252Y, S254T, and T256E mutations according to EU numbering in one or both heavy chains.

55. An isolated antibody that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor, wherein the antibody comprises a light chain and a heavy chain, wherein:

(a) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 71 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(b) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 73 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(c) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 75 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92;

(d) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 70 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92;

(e) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 77 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(f) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 78 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(g) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 70 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 95;

(h) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 79 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(i) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 70 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 96;

(j) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 70 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 97;

(k) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 80 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 98;

(l) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 81 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(m) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 82 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86;

(n) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 83 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86; or

(o) the light chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84 and the heavy chain comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86.

56. The isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 34 to 55, wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment inhibits CGRP-induced activation of human CGRP receptor.

57. One or more isolated polynucleotides encoding the bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 33.

58. One or more isolated polynucleotides encoding the isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 34 to 56.

59. An expression vector comprising the one or more isolated polynucleotides of claim 57 or 58.

60. A host cell comprising the vector of claim 59.

61. A method for producing a bispecific antigen binding protein that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor and human PAC1 receptor, comprising: culturing the host cell of claim 52 under conditions that allow expression of the antigen binding protein; and recovering the antigen binding protein from the culture medium or host cell.

62. A method for producing an antibody or antigen binding fragment that specifically binds to human CGRP receptor, comprising: culturing the host cell of claim 52 under conditions that allow expression of the antibody or antigen-binding fragment; and recovering the antibody or antigen-binding fragment from the culture medium or host cell.
63. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 33, and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
64. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the isolated antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 34 to 56 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
65. A method for treating or preventing a headache condition in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of the bispecific antigen binding protein of any one of claims 1 to 33.
66. A method for treating or preventing a headache condition in a patient in need thereof comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof of any one of claims 34 to 56.
67. The method of claim 65 or 66, wherein the headache condition is migraine.
68. The method of claim 67, wherein the migraine is episodic migraine or chronic migraine.
69. The method of claim 65 or 66, wherein the headache condition is cluster headache.
70. The method of any one of claims 65 to 69, wherein the bispecific antigen binding protein, antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is administered to the patient as a prophylactic treatment.

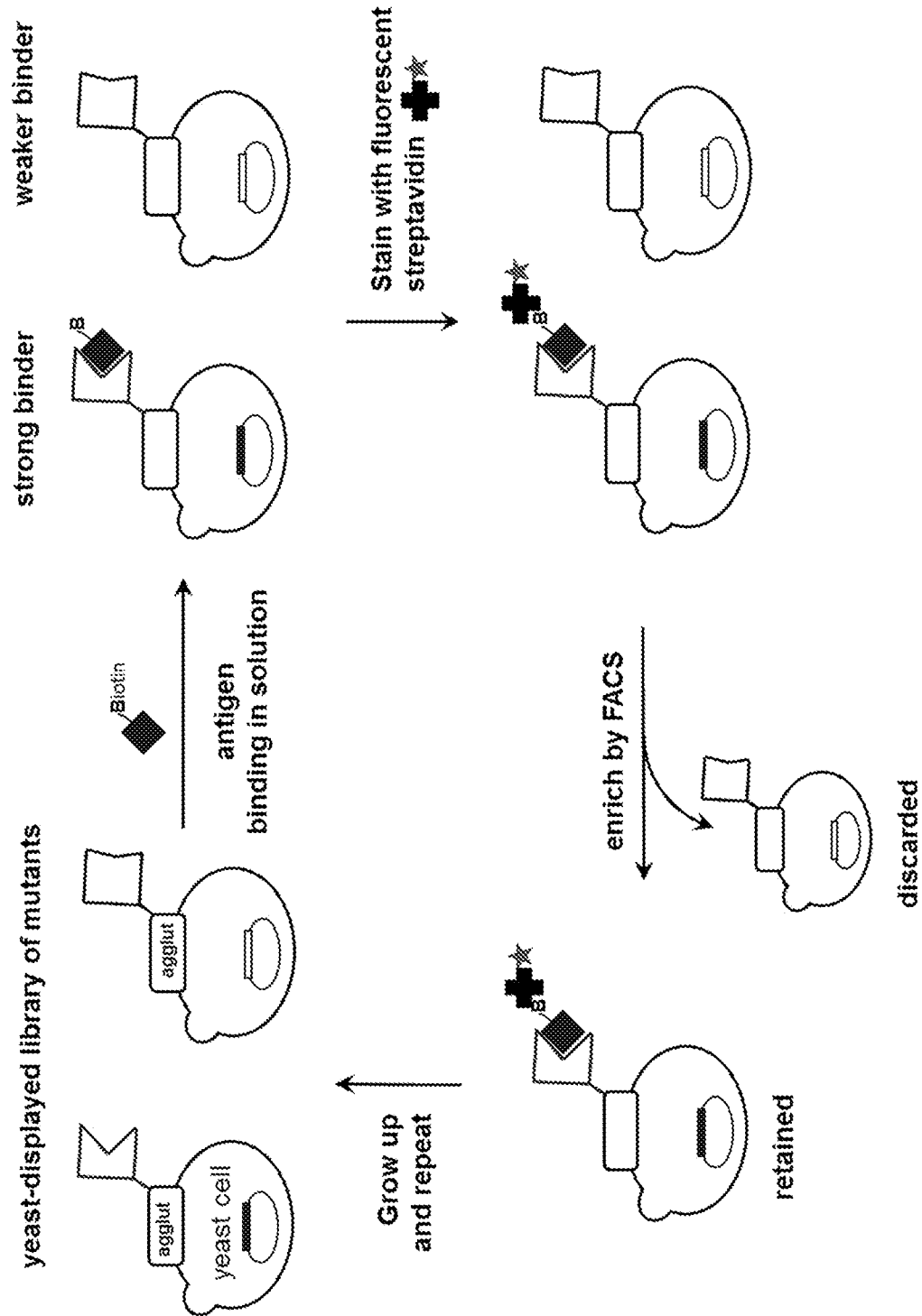


FIG. 1

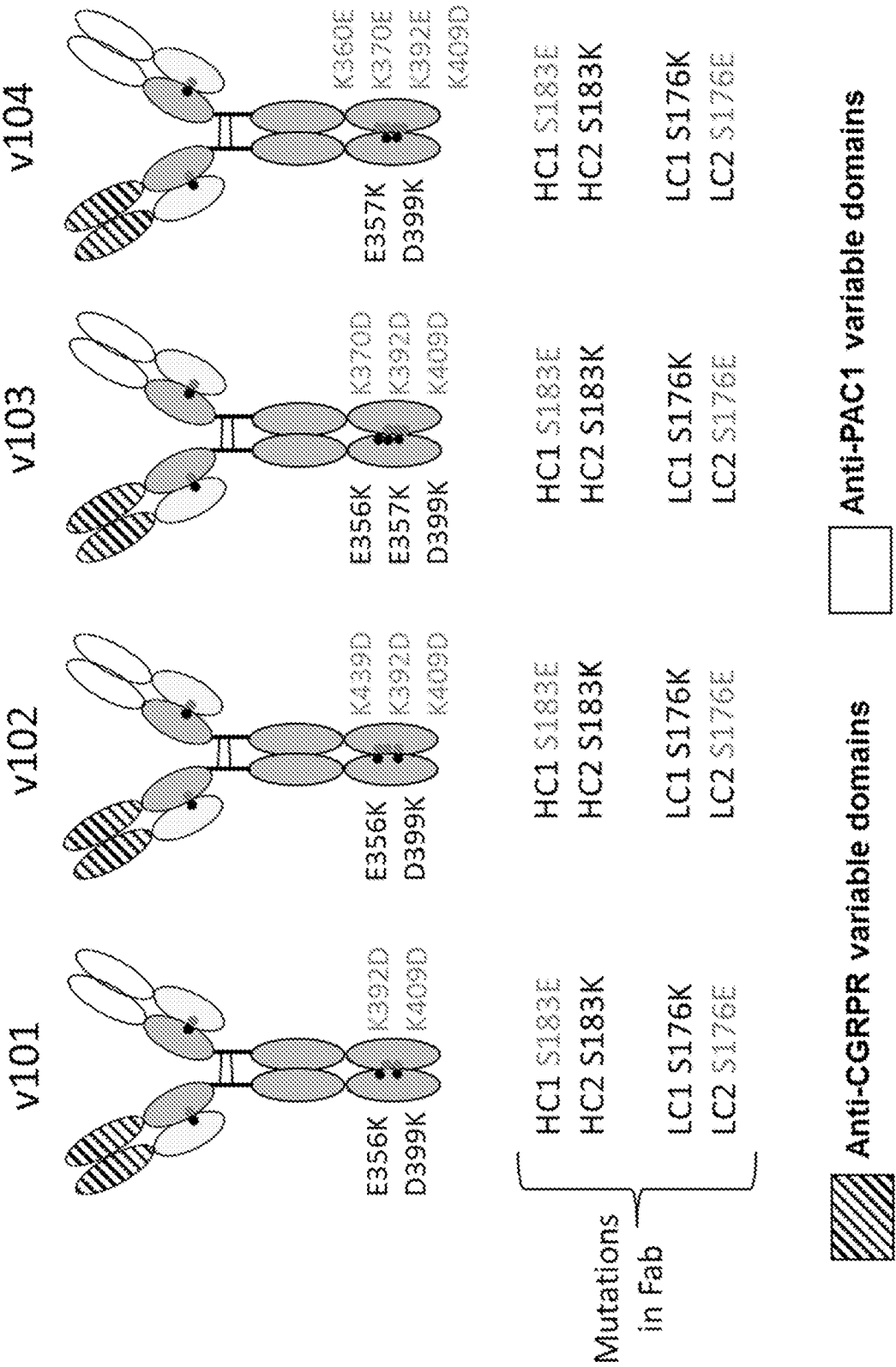


FIG. 2

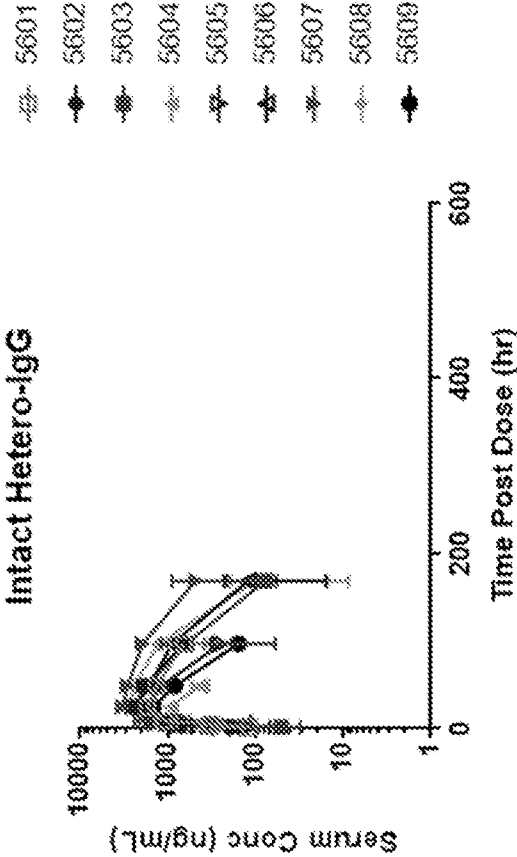


FIG. 3B

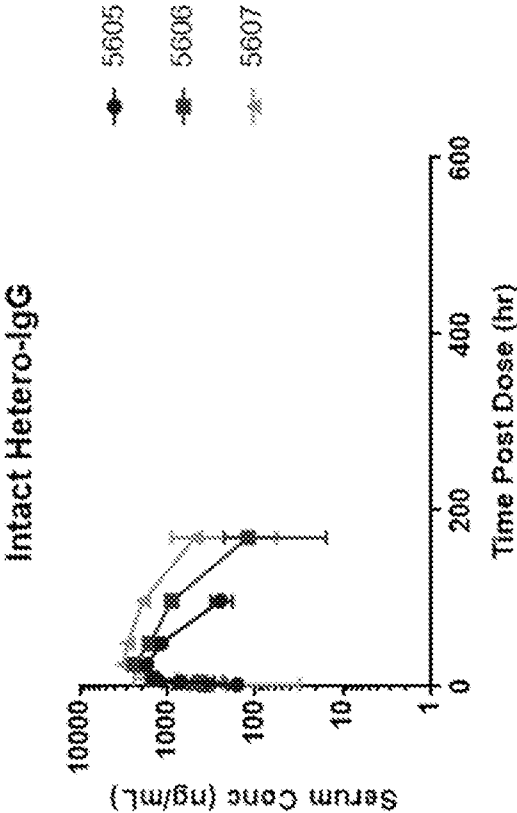


FIG. 3D

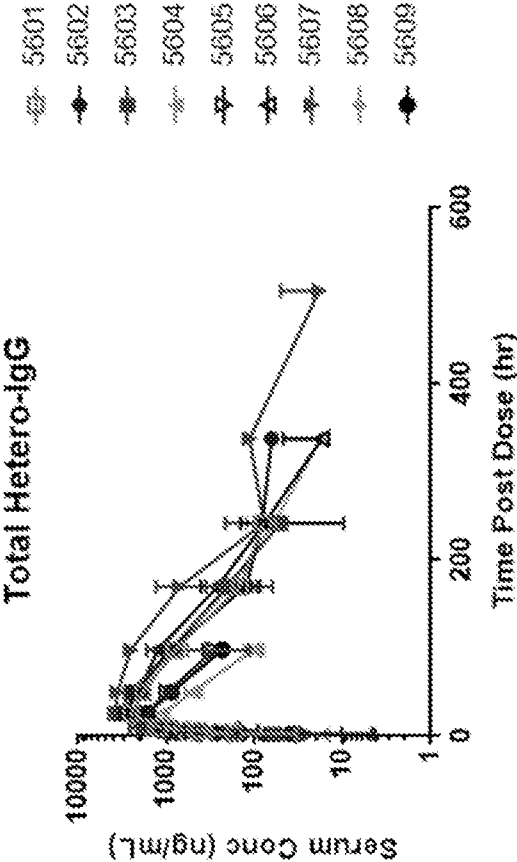


FIG. 3A

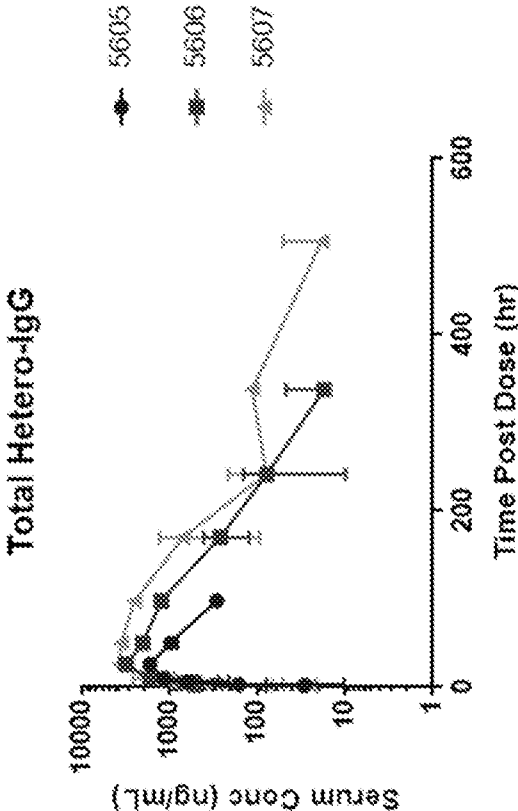


FIG. 3C

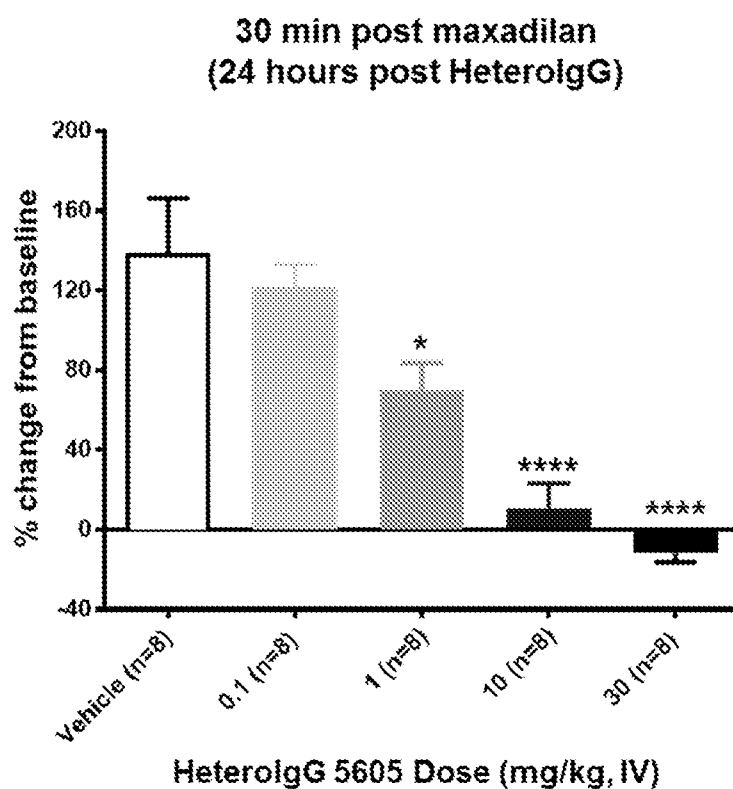


FIG. 4A

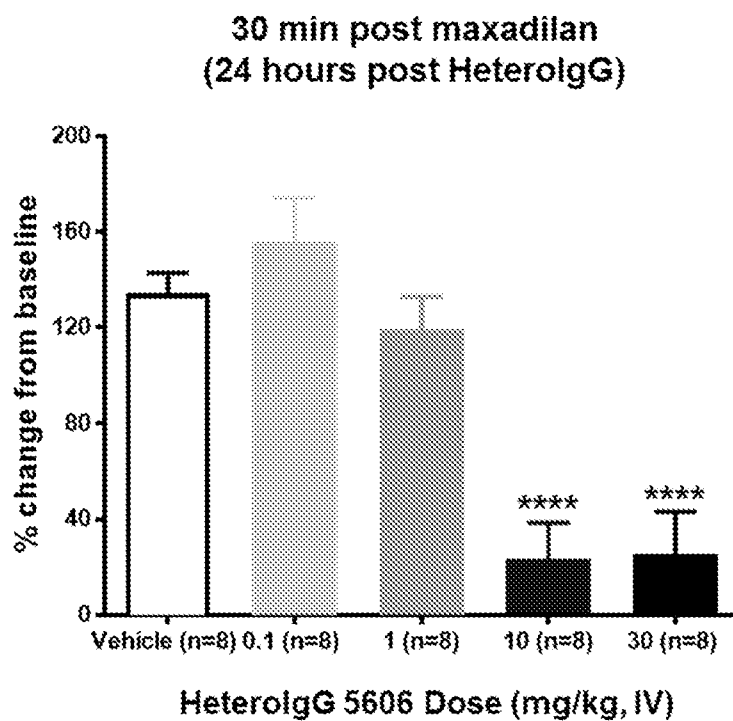


FIG. 4B

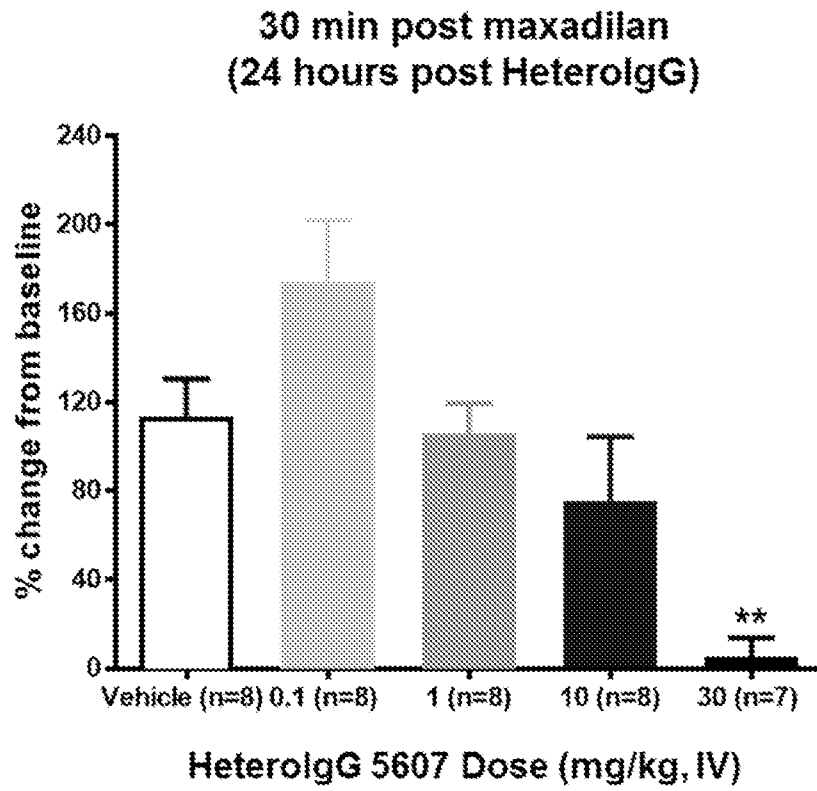


FIG. 4C

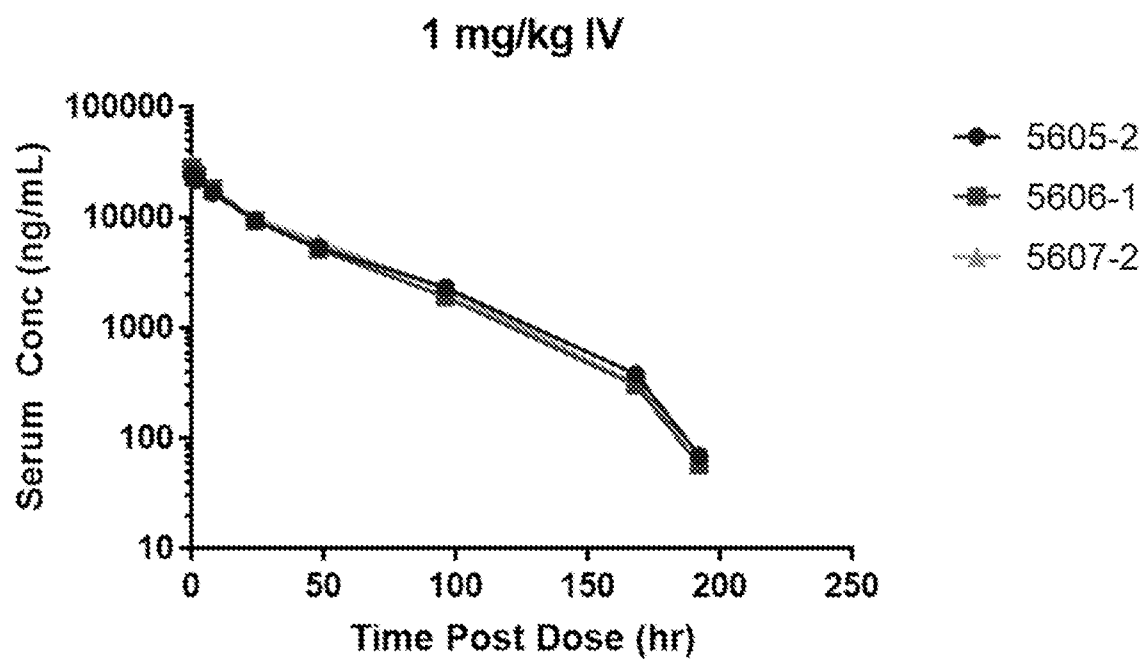


FIG. 5A

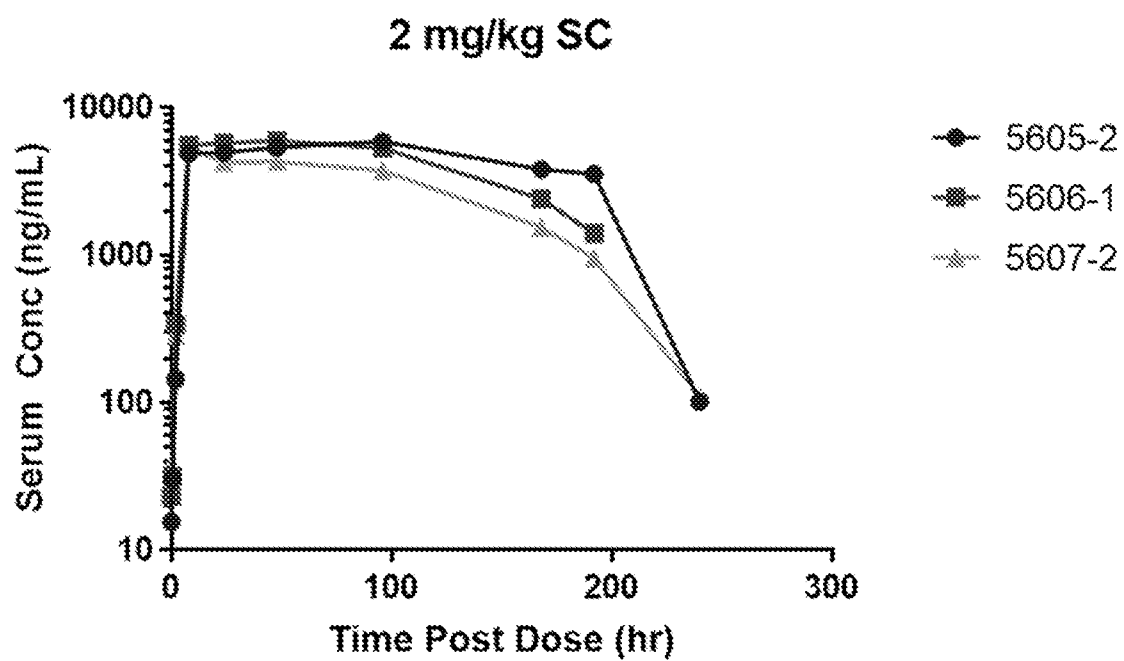


FIG. 5B

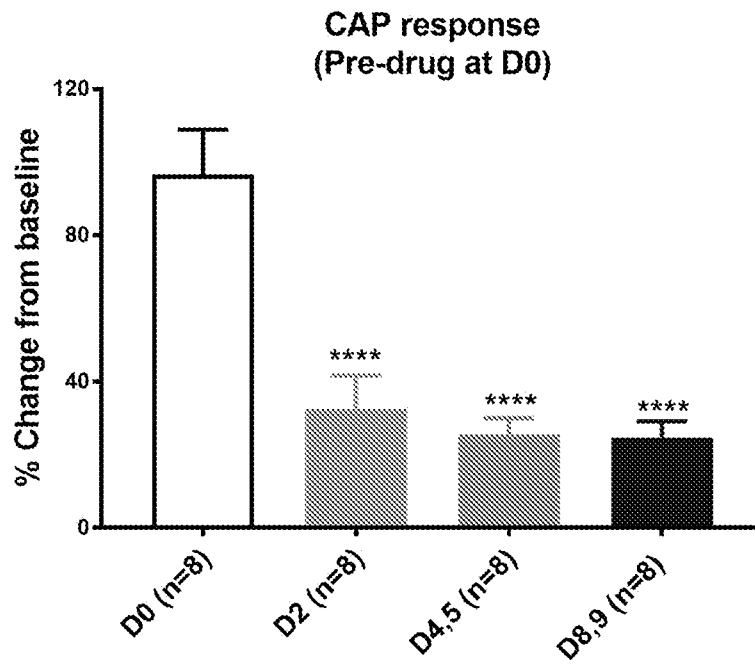


FIG. 6A

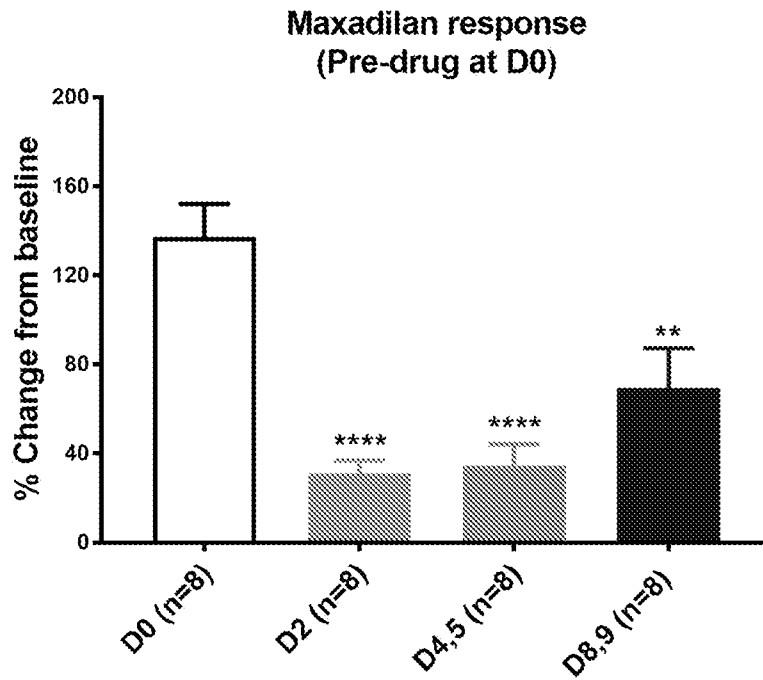


FIG. 6B

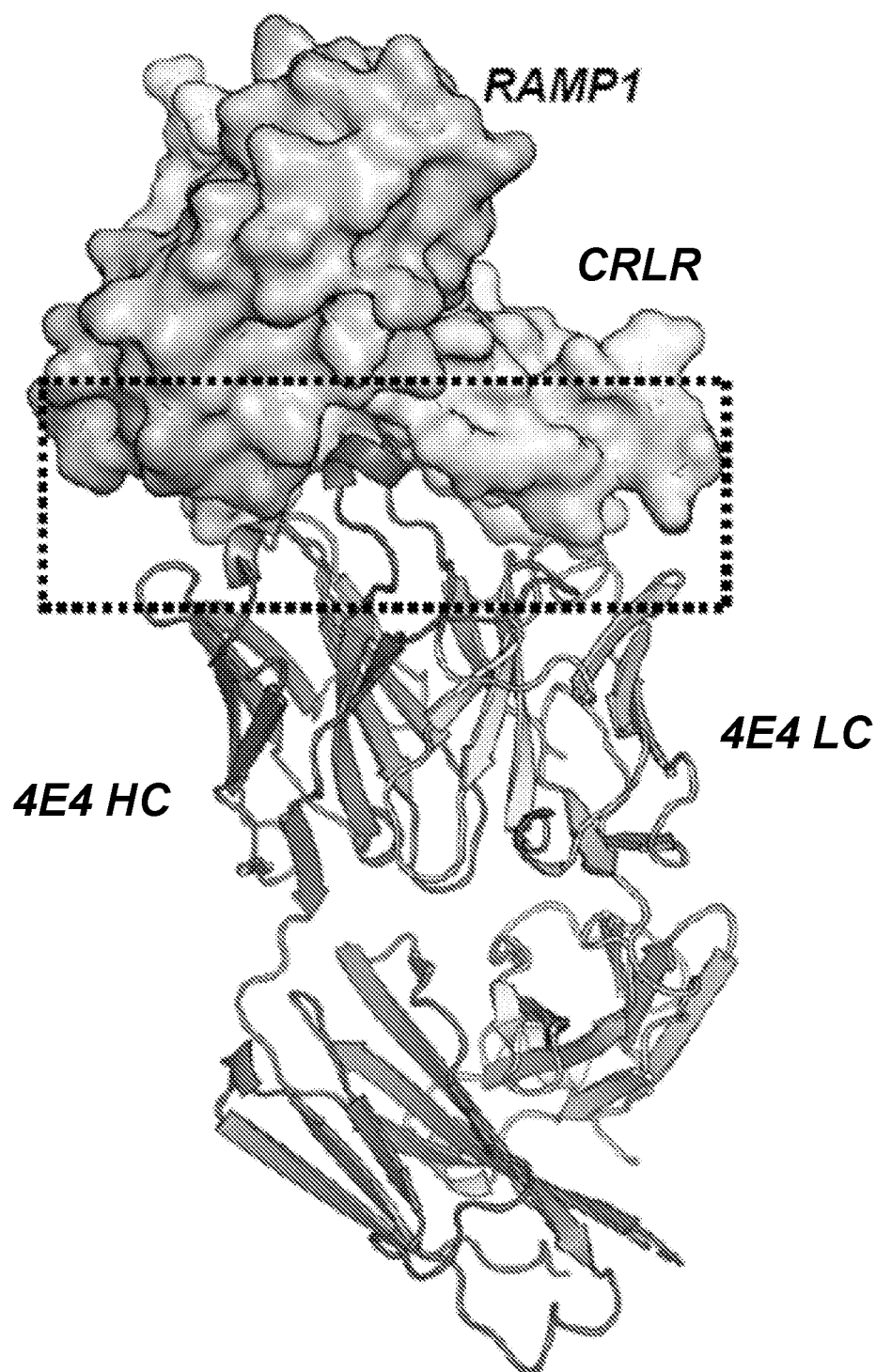


FIG. 7A

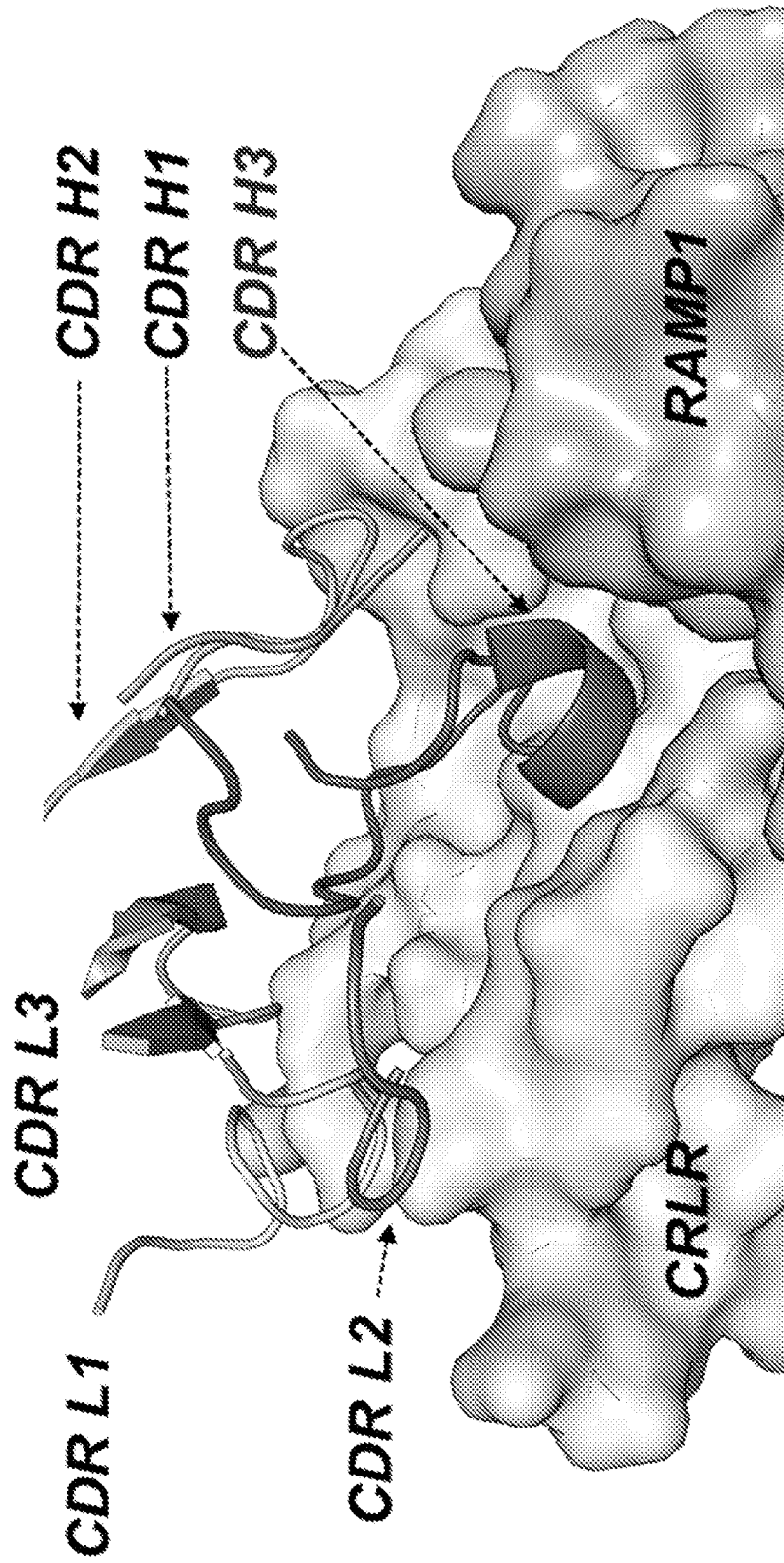


FIG. 7B

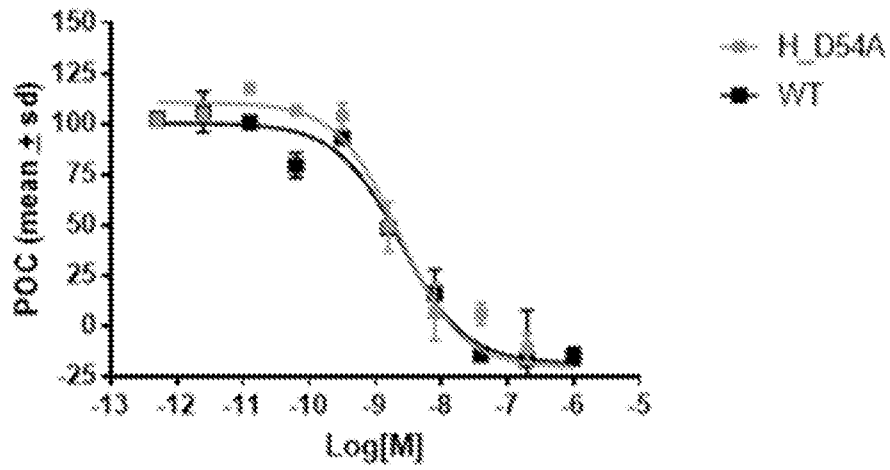


FIG. 8A

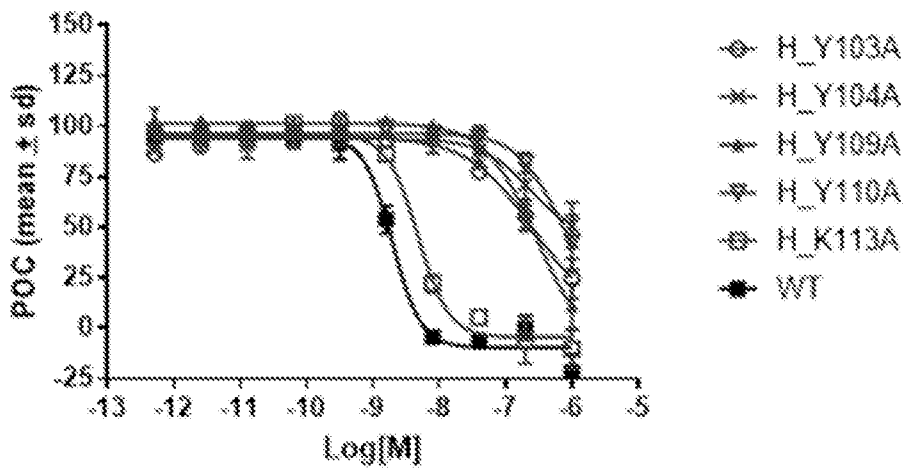


FIG. 8B

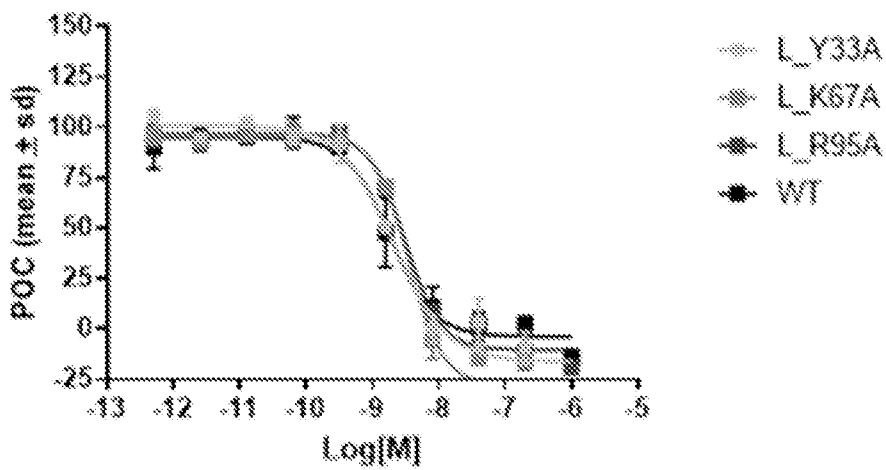


FIG. 8C

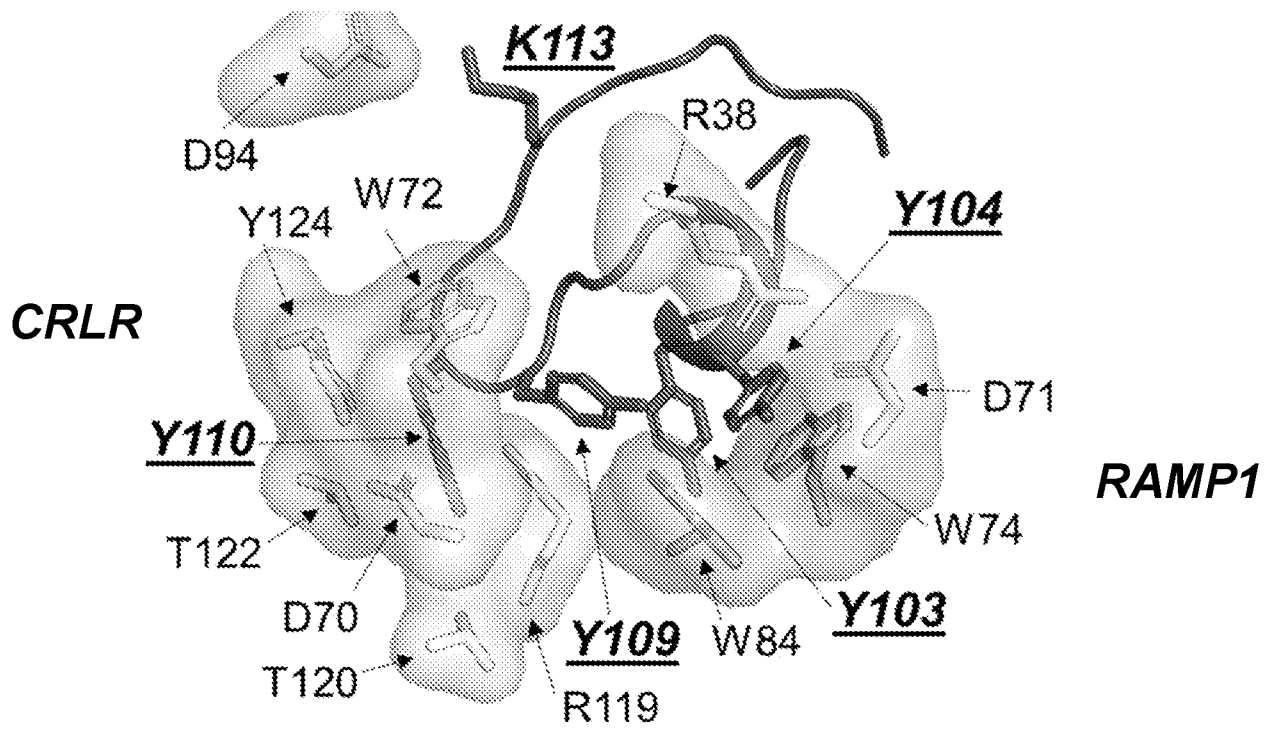


FIG. 9

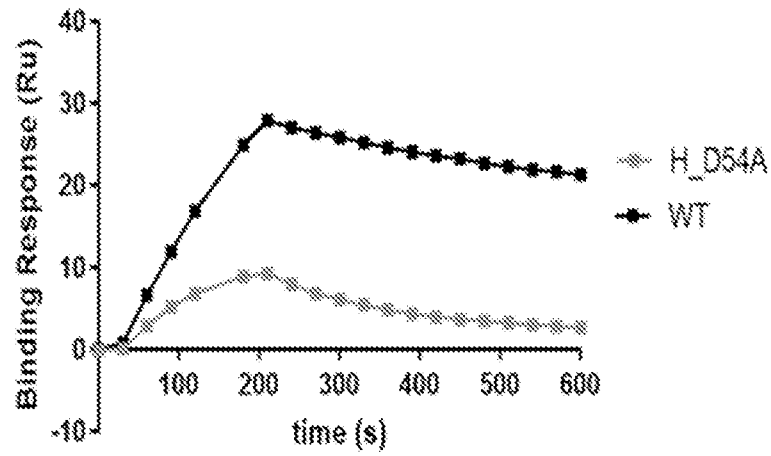


FIG. 10A

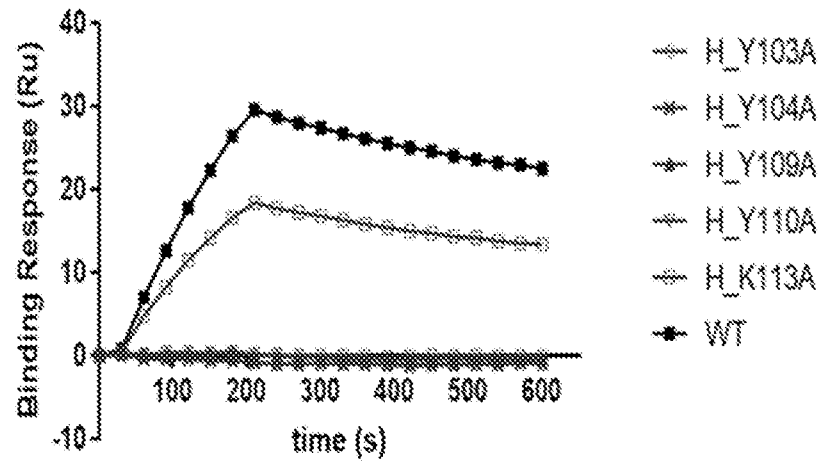


FIG. 10B

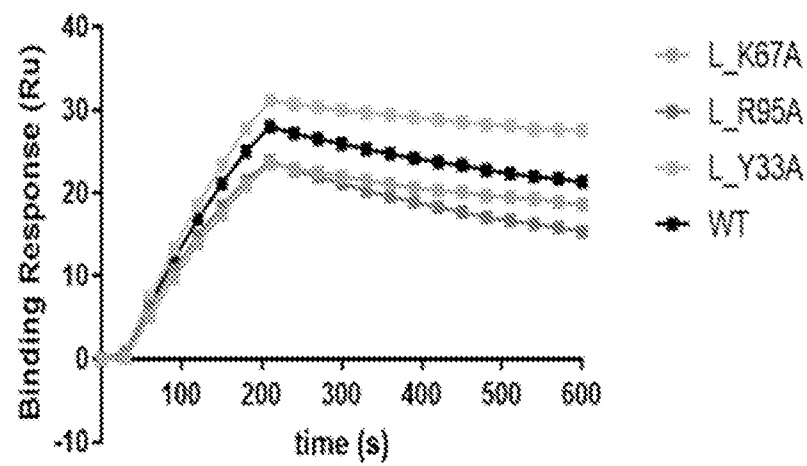


FIG. 10C

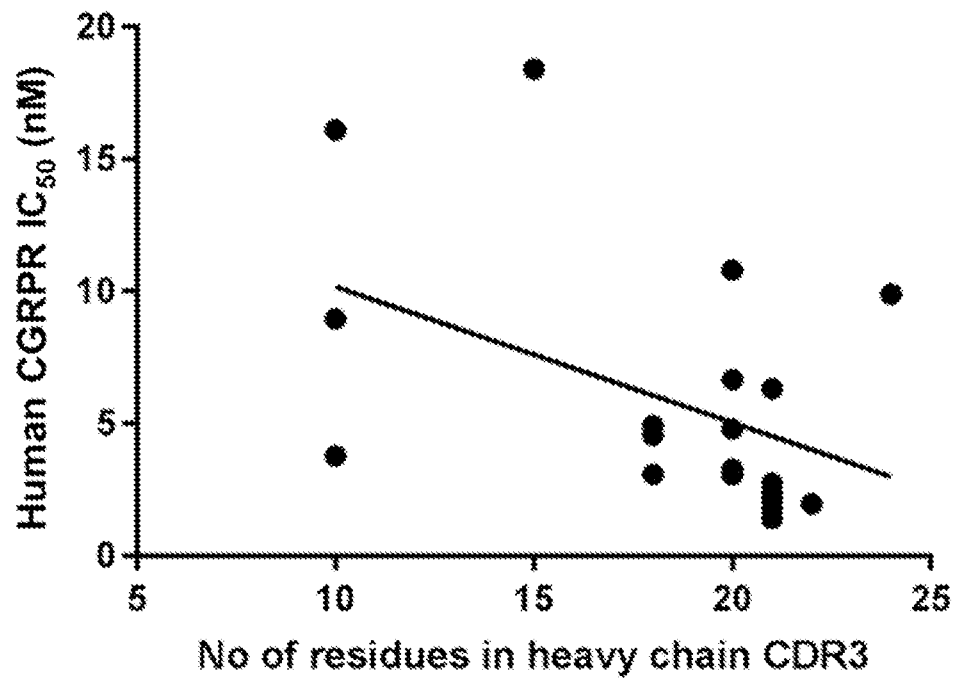


FIG. 11

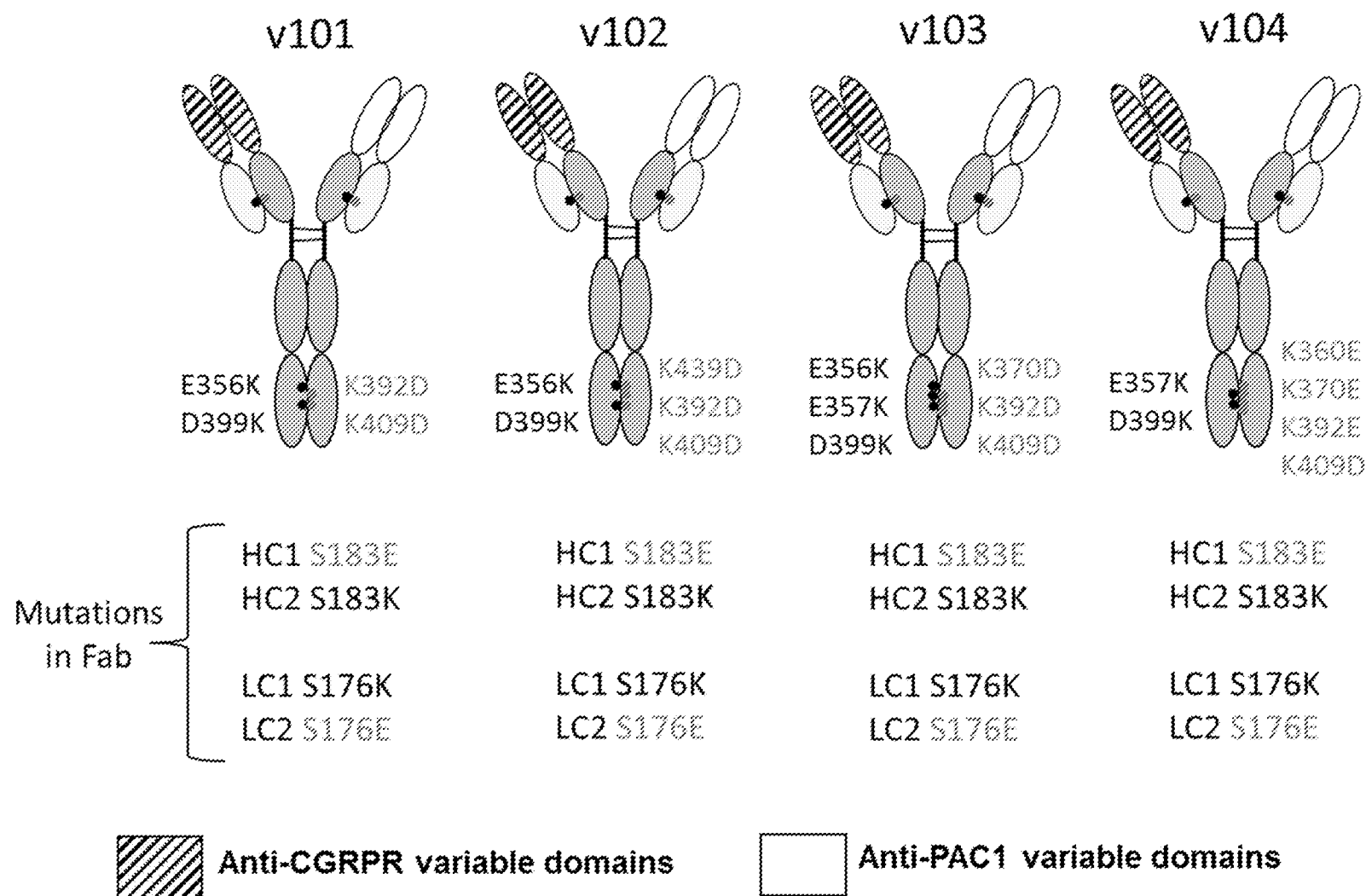


FIG. 2