

US010669296B2

(12) United States Patent

Martinez et al.

(10) Patent No.: US 10,669,296 B2

(45) **Date of Patent:** Jun. 2, 2020

(54) LXR AGONISTS AND USES THEREOF

(71) Applicant: Rgenix, Inc., New York, NY (US)

(72) Inventors: Eduardo J. Martinez, Bryn Mawr, PA

(US); Bernd Kaiser, Wallingford, CT (US); Sohail F. Tavazoie, New York, NY (US); Isabel Kurth, New York, NY (US); Foster Casimir Gonsalves, Long Island City, NY (US); David M. Darst, Jr., New York, NY (US); Masoud Fakhr Tavazoie, New York, NY (US)

(73) Assignee: **Rgenix, Inc.**, New York, NY (US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this

patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 15/110,343

(22) PCT Filed: Jan. 9, 2015

(86) PCT No.: PCT/US2015/010909

§ 371 (c)(1),

(2) Date: **Jul. 7, 2016**

(87) PCT Pub. No.: WO2015/106164

PCT Pub. Date: Jul. 16, 2015

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2017/0066791 A1 Mar. 9, 2017

Related U.S. Application Data

- (60) Provisional application No. 61/926,150, filed on Jan. 10, 2014.
- (51) **Int. Cl.** (2006.01)A61K 45/06 (2006.01)A61K 31/165 A61K 31/445 (2006.01)(2006.01)A61K 31/138 A61K 31/195 (2006.01)A61K 31/145 (2006.01)A61K 31/24 (2006.01)(2006.01)A61K 31/357 A61K 31/675 (2006.01)(2006.01)A61K 31/661 A61K 31/40 (2006.01)(Continued)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC C07F 9/657172 (2013.01); A61K 31/138 (2013.01); A61K 31/145 (2013.01); A61K 31/165 (2013.01); A61K 31/195 (2013.01); A61K 31/24 (2013.01); A61K 31/357 (2013.01); A61K 31/366 (2013.01); A61K 31/397 (2013.01); A61K 31/40 (2013.01); A61K 31/445 (2013.01); A61K 31/661 (2013.01); A61K 31/675 (2013.01); A61K 45/06 (2013.01); C07B 59/004 (2013.01); C07C 217/18 (2013.01); C07C 217/20 (2013.01); C07C 217/22 (2013.01); C07C

217/58 (2013.01); C07C 259/06 (2013.01); C07C 311/51 (2013.01); C07C 317/04 (2013.01); C07C 317/14 (2013.01); C07C 317/22 (2013.01); C07C 317/46 (2013.01); C07C 323/09 (2013.01); C07C 323/32 (2013.01); C07D 205/04 (2013.01); C07D 207/48 (2013.01); C07D 209/48 (2013.01); C07D 211/96 (2013.01); C07D 311/76 (2013.01); C07D 317/46 (2013.01); C07F 9/09 (2013.01); C07F 9/094 (2

(58) Field of Classification Search

CPC A61K 45/06; A61K 31/165; A61K 31/445; A61K 31/138; A61K 31/195; A61K 31/145; A61K 31/145; A61K 31/24; A61K 31/357; A61K 31/675; A61K 31/661; A61K 31/40; A61K 31/397; A61K 31/366; C07C 259/06; C07C 311/51; C07C 317/22; C07C 317/46; C07C 317/14; C07C 317/04; C07C 217/18; C07C 217/20; C07C 217/22; C07C 217/58; C07C 323/32; C07C 323/09; C07D 311/76; C07D 317/46; C07D 205/04; C07D 207/48; C07D 209/48; C07D 211/42; C07D 211/96; C07F 9/12; C07F 9/09; C07B 59/00

See application file for complete search history.

(56) References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

5,324,731 A 5,676,978 A 6/1994 Kaddurah-Daouk et al. (Continued)

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

DE 2951400 A1 7/1981 JP 2006232703 * 9/2006 (Continued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Collins et al., caplus an 2002:240713.* (Continued)

Primary Examiner — Sun Jae Yoo (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Clark & Elbing LLP

(57) ABSTRACT

This invention features compounds that modulate the activity of liver X receptors, pharmaceutical compositions including the compounds of the invention, and methods of utilizing those compositions for modulating the activity of liver X receptors in the treatment of cancer.

19 Claims, No Drawings

Specification includes a Sequence Listing.

US 10,669,296 B2 Page 2

(51) Int. Cl.		2010/	/0069367 A1 3/201	0 Boren et al.
A61K 31/397	(2006.01)			0 Obad et al.
A61K 31/366	(2006.01)		/0028384 A1 2/201	
C07C 259/06	(2006.01)			1 Vitek et al.
C07C 311/51	(2006.01)			1 Kawaguchi et al. 2 Oh
	, ,			3 Rolland et al.
C07C 317/22	(2006.01)			5 Tavazoie et al.
C07C 317/46	(2006.01)			5 Ito et al.
C07C 317/14	(2006.01)			5 Mohan
C07C 317/04	(2006.01)			5 Dong et al. 5 Dong et al.
C07C 217/18	(2006.01)			5 Tavazoie et al.
C07C 217/20	(2006.01)			5 Leftheris et al.
C07C 217/22	(2006.01)			5 Mohan
C07C 217/58	(2006.01)		/0225366 A1 8/201	
C07C 323/32	(2006.01)			5 Dong et al.
C07C 323/09	(2006.01)			5 Busch et al.
C07D 311/76	(2006.01)			7 Martinez et al. 7 Lee et al.
C07D 317/46	(2006.01)	2017	0119807 A1 3/201	/ Lee et al.
C07D 205/04	(2006.01)		EODEIGN DAT	ENT DOCUMENTS
C07D 207/48	(2006.01)		TOREION IAI	ENT DOCUMENTS
C07D 209/48	(2006.01)	WO	WO-96/39135 A	1 12/1996
C07D 211/42	(2006.01)	WO	WO-00/66611 A	
C07D 211/96	(2006.01)	WO	WO-01/66534 A	
C07F 9/12	(2006.01)	WO	WO-02/13594 A	
C07F 9/09	(2006.01)	WO	WO-2002/090375 A	
C07B 59/00	(2006.01)	WO WO	WO-03/031408 A WO-2003/043998 A	
C07F 9/6571	(2006.01)	WO	WO-2003/045382 A	
C07F 9/6574	(2006.01)	WO	WO-2003/059874 A	
C07F 9/30	(2006.01)	WO	WO-2003/059884 A	
C0/1 3/30	(2000.01)	WO	WO-2003/060078 A	
(56) Re	ferences Cited	WO	WO-03082205 A	
(30)	referees Cited	WO WO	WO-03082802 A WO-2003/090732 A	
U.S. PAT	TENT DOCUMENTS	wo	WO-2003/090746 A	
		WO	WO-2003/090869 A	
	/2001 Li et al.	WO	WO-2003/099769 A	
	/2005 Li et al.	WO	WO-2003/099775 A	
7,183,295 B2 * 2/	/2007 Yamazaki C07D 413/12	WO	WO-2003/106435 A	
7,247,748 B2 7/	514/339 /2007 Thompson et al.	WO WO	WO-2004/009091 A WO-2004/011448 A	
	/2008 Bhat et al.	wo	WO-2004/026816 A	
7,560,586 B2 7/	/2009 Thompson et al.	WO	WO-2004043939 A	
	/2009 Collini et al.	WO	WO-2004/058717 A	
	/2010 Yang et al.	WO	WO-2004/072041 A	
	/2010 Munson et al. /2011 Boren et al.	WO WO	WO-2004/072042 A WO-2004/072046 A	
	/2011 Boten et al. /2016 Tavazoie et al.	WO	WO-2004/072040 A WO-2005/005416 A	
	/2016 Tavazoie et al.	wo	WO-2005/005417 A	
	/2017 Tavazoie et al.	WO	WO-2005/016277 A	
	/2018 Tavazoie et al.	WO	WO-2005/023782 A	
	/2002 Liao et al.	WO WO	WO-2005/077122 A	
	/2003 Adams et al. /2003 Dudley et al.	WO	WO-2005/077124 A WO-2005/113499 A	
	/2004 Collins et al.	wo	WO-2006/000323 A	
	/2005 Bayne et al.	WO	WO-2006/003923 A	
	/2005 Thompsom et al.	WO	WO-2006/046593 A	
	/2005 Huang et al.	WO	WO-2006/073363 A	
	/2005 Thompson et al. /2005 Collini et al.	WO WO	WO-2006/073364 A WO-2006/073365 A	
	/2005 Dehmlow et al.	WO	WO-2006/073366 A WO-2006/073366 A	
	/2005 Dehmlow et al.	WO	WO-2006/073367 A	
2005/0261319 A1 11/	/2005 Deuschle et al.	WO	WO-2006/109633 A	
	/2005 Collins et al.	WO	WO-2007002563 A	
	/2006 Steffan et al.	WO	WO-2007/022563 A	
	/2006 Dehmlow et al. /2006 Dehmlow et al.	WO WO	WO-2008/011071 A WO-2008/027988 A	
	/2006 Adams et al.	wo	WO-2009/021868 A	
	/2007 Nambi et al.	WO	WO-2009/086129 A	
2007/0161553 A1 7/	/2007 Mathieu et al.	WO	WO-2009/086130 A	1 7/2009
	/2009 Ranganathan	WO	WO-2009/086138 A	
	/2009 Forman /2009 Kavile et al.	WO WO	WO-2009/133692 A WO-2009/138438 A	
	/2009	WO	WO-2009/138438 A WO-2009/144961 A	
	/2009 Okuda et al.	wo	WO-2009/150109 A	
	/2010 Parhami	WO	WO-2009148915 A	

(56) References Cited FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS WO WO-2010/023317 A1 3/2010

WO	WO-2010/023317 A1	3/2010
WO	WO-2010/025169 A2	3/2010
WO	WO-2010/025179 A1	3/2010
WO	WO-2010/036613 A1	4/2010
WO	WO-2010/059627 A1	5/2010
WO	WO-2010/125811 A1	11/2010
WO	WO-2010/138598 A2	12/2010
WO	WO-2011/014661 A2	2/2011
WO	WO-2011/051282 A1	5/2011
WO	WO-2011/055391 A1	5/2011
WO	WO-2011/103175 A2	8/2011
WO	WO-2011/115892 A1	9/2011
WO	WO-2011/130426 A2	10/2011
WO	WO-2011/158667 A1	12/2011
WO	WO-2012/004748 A1	1/2012
WO	WO-2012/095505 A1	7/2012
WO	WO-2012/096573 A1	7/2012
WO	WO-2012/135082 A1	10/2012
WO	WO-2013/057148 A1	4/2013
WO	WO-2013/076257 A1	5/2013
WO	WO-2013/130892 A1	9/2013
WO	WO-2013/138565 A1	9/2013
WO	WO-2013/138568 A1	9/2013
WO	WO-2014/028461 A2	2/2014
WO	WO-2014/144037 A1	9/2014

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Cairns et al., 2003, caplus an 2003:796421.*

Ostermayer et al., 1981, caplus an 1981:121135.* Thompson et al., 2003, caplus an 2003:796645.*

Mohr, 1981, caplus an 1981:586827.*

Fujikura-et-al., 1983, caplus an 1983:178855.*

Yamasaki-et-al., 2005, caplus an 2005:238962.*

Yamaguchi et. al., 2006, caplus an 2006:910678.*

Invitation to Pay Additional Fees for International Application No. PCT/US2015/010909, dated Mar. 11, 2015 (3 pages).

PUBCHEM, Compund Summary for CID 51369, created Mar. 27, 2005, https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound/51369?from=summary, retrieved on Feb. 23, 2015 (18 pages).

PUBCHEM, Compound Summary for CID 52723103, created May 20, 2011 https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound/52723103, retrieved on Nov. 7, 2016 (3 pages).

International Search Report and Written Opinion for International Patent Application No. PCT/US2015/010909, dated Jun. 11, 2015 (14 pages).

International Preliminary Report on Patentability for International Patent Application No. PCT/US2015/010909, dated Jul. 12, 2016 (7 pages).

Riddell et al., "The LXR agonist TO901317 selectively lowers hippocampal Abeta42 and improves memory in the Tg2576 mouse model of Alzheimer's disease," Mol Cell Neurosci. 34(4):621-8 (2007)

Berge et al., "Pharmaceutical salts," J Pharm Sci. 66(1):1-19 (1977). Fowler et al., "Liver X receptor activators display anti-inflammatory activity in irritant and allergic contact dermatitis models: liver-X-receptor-specific inhibition of inflammation and primary cytokine production," J Invest Dermatol. 120(2):246-55 (2003).

Schmuth et al., "Thematic review series: skin lipids. Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors and liver X receptors in epidermal biology," J Lipid Res. 49(3):499-509 (2008).

Garbe et al., "Systematic review of medical treatment in melanoma: current status and future prospects," Oncologist. 16(1):5-24 (2011). "Convergent multi-miRNA targeting of ApoE drives LRP1/LRP8-dependent melanoma metastasis and angiogenesis," available in PMC Nov. 21, 2013, published in final edited form as: Cell. 151(5):1068-82 (2012) (27 pages).

Li et al., "Liver X receptor modulators: a review of recently patented compounds (2007-2009)," Expert Opin Ther Pat. 20(4):535-62 (2010).

Marino et al., "The discovery of tertiary-amine LXR agonists with potent cholesterol efflux activity in macrophages," Bioorg Med Chem Lett. 19(19):5617-21 (2009).

Extended European Search Report for European Patent Application No. 15734952.3, dated Jun. 7, 2017 (8 pages).

Viennois et al., "Selective liver X receptor modulators (SLiMs): What use in human health?" Mol Cell Endocrinol. 351(2):129-41 (2011).

Roz et al., "Macrophage Apolipoprotein E and Proliferation of MCF-7 Breast Cancer Cells: Role of LXR" Anticancer Res. 33:3383-90 (2013).

Pancheva et al., "Broad-Spectrum Therapeutic Suppression of Metastatic Melanoma through Nuclear Hormone Receptor Activation" Cell 156(5):986-1001 (2014).

Bergenfelz et al., "Systemic Monocytic-MDSCs Are Generated from Monocytes and Correlate with Disease Progression in Breast Cancer Patients," PLoS One 10(5):1-23 (2015).

Chuu et al., "Modulation of liver X receptor signaling as novel therapy for prostate cancer," J Biomed Sci. 14(5):543-553 (2007). Gielen et al., "Increase in Both CD14-Positive and CD15-Positive Myeloid-Derived Suppresor Cell Subpopulations in the Blood of Patients With Glioma But Predominance of CD15-Positive Myeloid-Derived Suppresor Cells in Glioma Tissue," J Neuropathol Exp Neur., 74(5):390-400 (2015).

Gros et al., "Myeloid Cells Obtained from the Blood but Not from the Tumor can Suppress T-cell Proliferation in Patients with Melanoma," Clin Cancer Res 18(19):5212-5223 (2012).

Haas, Michael J., "Melanoma: three ways around BRAF inhibition," SciBX. 3(47):(2010) (3 pages).

Li et al., "miR-495 and miR-551a inhibit the migration and invasion of human gastric cancer cells by directly interacting with PRL-3," Cancer Lett 323(1):41-47 (2012).

Obermajer et al., "PGE₂-Induced CXCL12 Production and CXCR4 Expression Controls the Accumulation of Human MDSCs in Ovarian Cancer Environment," Cancer Res 71(24): 7463-7470 (2011) (9 pages).

Ostrand-Rosenberg et al., "Myeloid-derived suppressor cells: linking inflammation and cancer," J Immunol.182(8):4499-4506 (2009). Pencheva et al., "Control of Metastatic Progression by microRNA Regulatory Networks," Available in PMC Dec. 15, 2015, published in final edited form as: Nat Cell Biol. 15(6):546-554 (2013) (21 pages)

Rudolph et al., "Increased frequencies of CD11b+CD33+CD14+ HLA-DRlow myeloid-derived suppressor cells are an early eent in melanoma patients," Exp Dermatology 23(3):202-204 (2014).

Scoles et al., "Liver X receptor agonist inhibits proliferation of ovarian carcinoma cells stimulated by oxidized low density lipoprotein," Gynecol Oncol. 116(1):109-116 (2010).

Talmadge et al., "History of myeloid derived suppressor cells (MDSCs) in the macro- and micro-environment of tumour-bearing hosts," Available in PMC Mar. 13, 2015, published in final edited for as: Nat Rev Cancer. 13(10):739-752 (2013) (34 pages).

Weber et al., "Phase I/II Study of Metastatic Melanoma Patients Treated with Nivolumab Who Had Progressed after Ipilimumab," Cancer Immunol Res 4(4):345-353 (2016) (10 pages).

Zhang et al., "A novel subset of B7-H3+CD14+HLA-DR-*/low myeloid-derived suppressor cells are associated with progression of human NSCLC," OncoImmunology 4(2): e977164-1-12 (2015).

Zhang et al., "Liver X receptor activation induces apoptosis of melanoma cell through caspase pathway," Cancer Cell. Int. 14(1):1-6 (2014).

Zigler et al., "Tumor Immunotherapy in Melanoma: Strategies for Overcoming Mechanisms of Resistance and Escape," Am J Clin Dermatol 9(5):307-313 (2008).

Communication pursuant to Article 94(3) EPC for European Application No. 15734952.3, dated Jul. 18, 2019 (6 pages).

First Examination Report for Australian Application No. 2015204572, dated Jul. 15, 2019 (7 pages).

PubChem Compound Summary for CID 10301050, Created Oct. 25, 2006, Modified Jan. 19, 2019 (9 pages).

PubChem Compound Summary for CID 422253, Created Mar. 26, 2005, Modified Jan. 19, 2019 (11 pages).

(56) References Cited

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

PubChem Substance Record for SID 168474198, available Dec. 2, 2013 (6 pages).

Communication pursuant to Article 94(3) EPC for European Patent Application No. 15734952.3, dated Aug. 29, 2018 (6 pages).

^{*} cited by examiner

REFERENCE TO A SEQUENCE LISTING

This application contains a Sequence Listing in computer 5 readable form. The computer readable form is incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to the field of compounds that modulate the activity of liver X receptors and their use in therapy, including the treatment of cancer.

Liver X receptors (LXRs) belong to a family of nuclear hormone receptors that are endogenously activated by cholesterol and its oxidized derivatives to mediate transcription 15 of genes involved in maintaining glucose, cholesterol, and fatty acid metabolism. LXRα is found predominantly in the liver, with low levels found in kidney, intestine, spleen, and adrenal tissue. $LXR\boldsymbol{\beta}$ is ubiquitous in mammals and was found in nearly all tissues examined. Given the intricate link 20 between lipid metabolism and cancer cell growth, the ubiquitous expression of LXR β in some types of cancer is unlikely to be coincidental, allowing cancer cells to synthesize lipids and lipoprotein particles to sustain their growth. At the same time, however, such stable basal expression 25 levels make LXRβ an ideal therapeutic target

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention features compounds that modulate the 30 activity of liver X receptors, pharmaceutical compositions including the compounds of the invention, and methods of utilizing those compositions for modulating the activity of liver X receptors (e.g., for the treatment of cancer).

Accordingly, in a first aspect the invention features a 35 compound of Formula I:

wherein A is:

$$\mathbb{R}^{d}$$
 \mathbb{R}^{B}
 \mathbb{R}^{D}
 \mathbb{R}^{E}
 \mathbb{R}^{E}
 \mathbb{R}^{E}
 \mathbb{R}^{E}
 \mathbb{R}^{E}

-continued

Formula Ic

Formula Id

$$\mathbb{R}^{G_{\mathrm{O}}}$$
 $\mathbb{R}^{H_{\mathrm{B}}}$

$$\mathbb{R}^{I}$$
 \mathbb{R}^{I}
 \mathbb{R}^{K}
 \mathbb{R}^{K}

Formula Ie
$$\mathbb{R}^L$$
 \mathbb{R}^N , \mathbb{R}^N

Formula If
$$O = \bigcap_{\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{Q}} \in \mathbb{R}^{R}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S}})_{j}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S})_{j}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S}})_{j}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S}})_{j}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S})_{j}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S})_{j}}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S}})_{j}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S})_{j}}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S})_{j}}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S}})_{j}} \bigcap_{(\mathbb{R}^{\mathcal{S})_{j}}} \bigcap_$$

Formula Ig
$$(\mathbb{R}^U)_k$$
, $(\mathbb{R}^U)_k$

wherein e, f, g, h, and i are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4; j is 0, 1, 2, or 3;

k is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8; 1 is 0 1, or 2;

Formula I

Formula Ia

40

 R^{A} , R^{C} , R^{I} , R^{L} , R^{M} , and R^{T} are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted C1-C6 acyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ alkenyl, 45 optionally substituted C2-C6 alkynyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C₄-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C₈-C₁₂ cycloalkynyl, 50 optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C2-C9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; R^D , R^E , R^G , R^O , R^P , R^Q , and R^R are independently

hydrogen, hydroxy, optionally substituted amino, azido, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C₈-C₁₂ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl, optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₉ heteroaryl, option-

ally substituted C₂-C₉ heteroaryl C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally

substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_0 heterocyclyl C_3 - C_6 alkyl:

C₂-C₉ heterocyclyl C₁-C₆ alkyl; each R^B , R^F , R^H , R^K , R^N , and R^S are independently hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 -C₆ 5 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 -C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 -C₆ alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 -C₆ alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 -C₆ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_2 -C₆ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 -C₁₀ cycloalkyl, 10 optionally substituted C_8 -C₁₂ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C_6 -C₁₀ aryl, optionally substituted C_6 -C₁₀ aryl, optionally substituted C_6 -C₁₀ aryl, optionally substituted C_6 -C₁₀ aryl cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_6 -C₁₀ aryl cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_6 -C₁₀ heteroaryl C_1 -C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C_6 -C₉ heteroaryl C_1 -C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C_6 -C₉ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_6 -C₉ heterocyclyl C_6 -C₆ alkyl:

 R^J is hydrogen, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_8\text{-}C_{12}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl containly substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl or R^J and R^K combine to form an optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl;

 R^{U} is hydroxyl, oxo, optionally substituted amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_8\text{-}C_{12}$ cycloalkenyl, 40 optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl; and

 C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; and C_9 is absent, C_9 - C_9 , C_9 - C_9 , C_9 - C_9 , C_9 - C_9 , C_9 - C_9 - C_9 , C_9 - C_9 -

a is 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8;

b, c, and d are independently 0 or 1;

each R^1 , R^2 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , and R^9 are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, optionally substituted amino, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ acyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ alkenyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ 55 alkynyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C₄-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C₄-C₁₀ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl $\begin{array}{l} C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkyl, optionally substituted } C_2\text{-}C_9 \text{ heteroaryl, optionally substituted } C_2\text{-}C_9 \text{ heteroaryl } C_1\text{-}C_6 \text{ alkyl, optionally} \end{array}$ substituted C2-C9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; or R^1 and R^2 combine to 65 form an optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₉ heteroaryl, or optionally substituted C₂-C₉

4

heterocyclyl; or R^6 and R^7 combine to form an optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl; or R^8 and R^9 combine to form an optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl; or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl;

 R^3 is hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroxylyl:

stituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl; R^4 and R^5 are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, optionally substituted amino, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alk-enyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alk-enyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkyn, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_9 heteroaryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, and

B is optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and/or a prodrug thereof. In some embodiments, c is 0. In other embodiments, R⁴ is hydrogen. In certain embodiments, R⁴ is fluorine. In some embodiments, R⁵ is hydrogen. In some embodiments, R⁵ is fluorine. In certain embodiments, b is 1. In some embodiments, b is 0. In some embodiments, each R⁶ is hydrogen. In other embodiments, each R⁷ is hydrogen. In certain embodiments, d is 1. In some embodiments, each R⁸ is hydrogen. In other embodiments, each R9 is hydrogen. In certain embodiments, R³ is optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl (e.g., phenyl or 4-fluoro-phenyl). In some embodiments, R^5 is optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl (e.g., phenyl). In some embodiments, R⁵ is optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl (e.g., cyclohexyl). In some embodiments, R4 is optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl (e.g., methyl). In certain embodiments, R⁵ is optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl (e.g., methyl). In some embodiments, R⁴ and R⁵ are both optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl (e.g., methyl). In some embodiments, R⁵ is hydrogen, methyl, or phenyl. In other embodiments, a is 3. In certain embodiments, each R¹ is hydrogen. In some embodiments, each R² is hydrogen. In other embodiments, at least one R² is optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl (e.g., methyl). In certain embodiments, —(CR¹R²)₃has the structure:

60 In some embodiments, —(CR¹R²)₃— has the structure:

15

25

30

35

5

In some embodiments, — $(CR^1R^2)_3$ — has the structure:

In some embodiments, $-(CR^1R^2)_3$ — has the structure:

In certain embodiments, L is -O—. In certain embodiments, L is absent. In some embodiments, B is optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl (e.g., 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-fluoro-3-trifluoromethylphenyl, 3-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)-phenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-4-fluoro-phenyl, 3-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl, or 2,2-difluoro-1,3-benzodioxole).

In some embodiments, A is:

wherein e is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4;

 R^4 is hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroacyll, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl; and

each R^{δ} is independently hydroxyl, optionally substituted 50 amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_8 - C_{12} cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_9 heteroaryl cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_9 - C_9 heteroaryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_9 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_9 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; or a prodrug thereof.

In other embodiments, R^A is optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl (e.g., methyl). In certain embodiments, e is 0. In some 65 embodiments, e is 1 or 2. In other embodiments, each R^B is halo (e.g., fluoro), optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl (e.g.,

6

In some embodiments, A is:

40

or a prodrug thereof. In some embodiments, A is:

Formula Ib
$$\mathbb{R}^{C} \xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}^{D}} \mathbb{R}^{E}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{E}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{E}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{E}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{E}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{E}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{E}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{E}$$

wherein f is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4;

 R^{C} is hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 45 acyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ alkenyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ alkynyl, optionally substituted C1-C6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C₄-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C₈-C₁₂ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl, optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl, optionally substituted S_5 ally substituted S_1 - S_6 alkyl, optionally substituted S_2 - S_6 $\rm C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl $\rm C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $\rm C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C₂-C₉ heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

 R^D and R^E are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, optionally substituted amino, azido, halo, thiol, optionally substi- 60 tuted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted C1-C6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 heteroalkynyl, 65 optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C₄-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C₈-C₁₂

cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₉ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C₂-C₉ heterocyclyl C₁-C₆ alkyl; and each R^F is independently hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ acyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C₈-C₁₂ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C₄-C₁₀ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl, optionally substituted C2-C9 heteroaryl C1-C6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

or a prodrug thereof.

In other embodiments, f is 0. In certain embodiments, R^D is hydroxyl or optionally substituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl (e.g., $-SO_2$ -CH₃). In some embodiments, R^E is hydrogen, halo, or optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl (e.g., methyl). In other 25 embodiments, RF is hydrogen, halo, or optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl (e.g., methyl).

In some embodiments, A is:

In some embodiments, A is:

Formula Ic
$$\mathbb{R}^{G_{\mathrm{O}}} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{Z}_{\mathsf{Z}_{\mathsf{Z}}}} ;$$

wherein g is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4;

 R^G is hydrogen, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionalkenyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 alkynyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C₄-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C₈-C₁₂ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C₂-C₉ heterocyclyl C₁-C₆ alkyl; and each R^H is independently hydroxyl, optionally substituted

amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, option-

35

Formula Id

9

ally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_8\text{-}C_{12}$ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl;

or a prodrug thereof.

In other embodiments, g is 0. In certain embodiments, R^H is hydrogen.

In some embodiments, A is:

In some embodiments, A is:

$$\mathbb{R}^{I}$$
 \mathbb{R}^{I}
 \mathbb{R}^{I}
 \mathbb{R}^{K}
 \mathbb{R}^{K}

wherein h is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4;

 R^I is hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl so optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl substituted substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl substituted substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl substituted substituted

 $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl; R' is independently hydrogen, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkynoptionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkynyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkynyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl; or R' and R' combine to form an optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl; or R' and R' combine to form an optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl; and

10

each R^K is independently hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

or a prodrug thereof.

In other embodiments, R^J is hydrogen or R^J and R^K combine to form an optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl. In certain embodiments, R^J is optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl (e.g., methyl). In some embodiments, h is 0. In other embodiments, h is 1. In certain embodiments, R^K is optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl (e.g., 13 CH_2OH) or R^J and R^K combine to form an optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl (e.g., A is

In some embodiments, A is:

Formula Ie
$$\mathbb{R}^L$$
 \mathbb{R}^M \mathbb{R}^N , \mathbb{R}^N

wherein i is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4;

R^L and R^M are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, and

each R^N is independently hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl

Formula If

11

 $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl; or a prodrug thereof.

In other embodiments, i is 0. In certain embodiments, R^L is hydrogen or optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl (e.g., methyl or trifluoromethyl). In some embodiments, R^M is hydrogen or optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl (e.g., methyl or trifluoromethyl).

In some embodiments, A is:

In some embodiments, A is:

wherein j is 0, 1, 2, or 3;

 $R^{\mathcal{O}}$, $R^{\mathcal{P}}$, $R^{\mathcal{Q}}$, and $R^{\mathcal{R}}$ are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, azido, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} 40 substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} 40 substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} 40 substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} 40 substituted C_3 - C_{10} 40 substituted C_3 - C_{10} 41 substituted C_3 - C_{10} 42 substituted C_3 - C_{10} 43 substituted C_3 - C_{10} 45 substituted C_3 - C_{10} 46 substituted C_3 - C_{10} 47 substituted C_3 - C_{10} 48 substituted C_3 - C_{10} 49 substituted C_3 - C_{10} 49 substituted C_3 - C_3 -C

each R^S is independently hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 50 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_8 - C_{12} cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

or a prodrug thereof.

In other embodiments, j is 0. In certain embodiments, R^O is hydrogen, halo, or optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl. In some embodiments, R^P is hydrogen, halo, or optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl. In other embodiments, R^Q is hydrogen. In certain embodiments, R^R is hydrogen.

12

Formula Ig

In certain embodiments, A is:

In some embodiments, A is:

wherein k is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8; I is 0, 1, or 2;

 R^T is hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C_9 - C_{12} cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl optionally substituted C_6 - C_9 heteroaryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_2 alkyl:

each $R^{\prime\prime}$ is independently hydroxyl, oxo, optionally substituted amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_9\text{-}C_{12}$ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl; and or a prodrug thereof.

In certain embodiments, k is 0. In certain embodiments, l is 0. In some embodiments, 1 is 1. In certain embodiments, 1 is 2. In other embodiments, R^T is optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl (e.g., — CH_2CO_2H or

$$\rho$$

or, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl (e.g., — SO_2 — CH_2).

In other embodiments, k is 0. In certain embodiments, k is 1. In some embodiments, R^U is optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl (e.g., — CO_2H) or optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl (e.g., — CH_2OH). In some embodiments, 1 is 0. In other embodiments, 1 is 1. In certain embodiments, 1 is 2.

45

55

60

In some embodiments, A is:

In some embodiments A is:

or a prodrug thereof.

In some embodiments, the compound is a prodrug, or a $_{35}$ pharmaceutically acceptable salt of a prodrug (e.g., A includes an —OR $^{\nu}$ group, wherein R $^{\nu}$ is:

wherein each R' and R" is independently hydrogen, optionally substituted $\rm C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, such as methyl or t-butyl, $_{65}$ or optionally substituted $\rm C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl $\rm C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, such as benzyl).

In some embodiments, the compound has the structure:

20

25

35

In some embodiments, the compound has the structure:

In some embodiments, the compound has the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c} CF_3 \\ CI \\ N \end{array}$$

In certain embodiments, the compound has the structure: 15

$$\bigcap_{CH_3}^{CF_3}$$

In certain embodiments, the compound has the structure:

In some embodiments, the compound has the structure:

In certain embodiments, the compound has the structure:

$$CF_3$$
 CI
 CH_3

In some embodiments, the compound has the structure:

$$A$$
 CF_3
 CI
 CI
 N
 N

In certain embodiments, the compound has the structure:

In another aspect, the invention features a compound selected from any one of compounds 1 to 97 of Table 1:

TARLE 1

		TABLE 1
45		Exemplary Compounds of the Invention
	#	Structure
50	1	F F Cl
55		HO N O N
60	2	F F Cl
65		

TABLE 1-continued

TABLE I Commune	
Exemplary Compounds of the Invention	Exemplary Compounds of the Invention
# Structure 3 F	5 # Structure
HO CI	9 F F F Cl N HO N HO
OH OH N	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$F = F$ $F_{3}C \xrightarrow{OH} OH$	30 F
F_3C F	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	45 12 OH F F F CI
	50 O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
F F F CI CI N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

22
TABLE 1-continued

Exemplary Compounds of the Invention				Exemplary Compounds of the Invention
#	Structure	5	#	Structure
14	OH ON	10	19	OH ON
15	OH OH OF THE STATE	20 25 30	20	OH ON
16	F F Cl	35 40	21	HO O N
17	O OH F F F CI	455055	22	F F Cl
18	HO OH O O O N	60	23	HO O O N

TABLE 1-continued

TABLE 1-continued

Exemplary Compounds of the Invention		•	Enough Company do of the Invention		
#				Exemplary Compounds of the Invention	
	- F	_ 5	#	Structure	
24	HO N	10 15	30	F F CI	
25		20	31	F F CI	
26	HO O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	25			
	HO NO	30	32	$F \stackrel{F}{\longleftarrow} F$	
27	F F CI CI	40		O=S-N	
28	$F \downarrow^F$	45	33	$F \xrightarrow{F} F$	
	HO O N	50			
29	$F \stackrel{F}{\longrightarrow} F$	55	34	$F \xrightarrow{F} F$	
		60		O=S-N HO	

TABLE 1-continued

TABLE	1-continued

	Exemplary Compounds of the Invention			Exemplary Compounds of the Invention
#	Structure	5	#	Structure
35	$\begin{array}{c} F \\ F \\ CI \\ O \\ OH \\ F \end{array}$	10	40	O=S-N HO
36	$\mathbf{F} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{F}} \mathbf{F}$	20		
	O = S - N $HO - O$ $E = N$	25	42	HO NO
	\ 0	30		ö
37	F F F CI	35	43	$F \stackrel{F}{\longrightarrow} F$
	$H_{3}C$	40		HO, N O N N N
38	F F Cl	45	44	$F \xrightarrow{F} F$
	$O = S - N$ $HO \longrightarrow M$	50		HO NO
39	F	55		
	F F CI	60	45	$F \stackrel{F}{\longrightarrow} F$
	$\begin{array}{c} O \\ O \\ O \\ O \\ O \\ O \\ F \end{array}$	65		HO N O N

TABLE 1-continued

TABLE 1-cont	inned

- Continued		
Exemplary Compounds of the Invention	Exemplary Compoun	
# Structure	·	ructure
F F F CI CI CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	55 O F F	CF ₃
60 CF_3 CI CI CF_3 CI CI CI CI CI CI CI CI	66 20 25	CF ₃
$\begin{array}{c} CF_3 \\ CI \\ C$	60 67 () () () () () () () () () (CF ₃
62 CF ₃ CI	5 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	F
$O = S \qquad CF_3 \qquad CI \qquad C$	O S CH3 O HO O HO	F Cl
	F 69	F
$\begin{array}{c} CF_3 \\ CI \\ C$	O S CH3 HO O O	F Cl CH ₃

TABLE 1-continued

TABLE 1-continued

	TABLE I continued	-	_	TABLE I Continued
	Exemplary Compounds of the Invention			Exemplary Compounds of the Invention
70	Structure	- 5		# Structure
70	F F F Cl N Ho F F	10		75 $\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ $
71	F F Cl	20		$F = F$ Cl Ch_3
	O S CH ₃ O CH ₃ O CH ₃	25 30		HO F
72	$_{ m CF_3}$		7	78 OH SO ₂ Me
	HO F	35 40		CF ₃
73	CF ₃	45	7	79 CF ₃
	HO F	50		CH_3 N O F OH SO_2Me
74	OCF3	60		CF ₃ Cl CH ₃ CH ₃ CF ₃
	HO F	65		$\stackrel{\stackrel{\circ}{\longrightarrow}}{\stackrel{\circ}{\longrightarrow}} \stackrel{\circ}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{\longrightarrow}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{\circ}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{\circ}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{\circ}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{\circ}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{\longrightarrow}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{\longrightarrow}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{\longrightarrow}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{\longrightarrow}{\longrightarrow} $

32
TABLE 1-continued

Exemplary Compounds of the Invention		-		Exemplary Compounds of the Invention
#	Structure	- 5	#	Structure
81	F_3C CI N O F SO_2Me	10	88	CF_3 CI H_2N F
83	F_3C CI N O F OH SO_2Me	20 25	89	CF ₃ Cl N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
	F_3C CI N O F OH SO_2Me	30 35	90	Ö F F F CI
84	CF ₃ Cl HO D D F	40	91	O S CH ₃ O N NH ₂ F
85	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	50		HO F
87	OH F	60	92	OSCH3 ONH F F F F F F F F F CI N N N H ₃ C NH F

TABLE 1-continued

	Exemplary Compounds of the Invention		
#	Structure		
93	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
94	$F = F$ CI $F_{3}C$ $F_{3}C$ $F_{3}C$ $F_{4}C$ $F_{5}C$ $F_{5}C$ $F_{5}C$ $F_{5}C$ $F_{5}C$ $F_{5}C$		
95	$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$		
96	$\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3 \end{array}$		
97	$F = F$ CI HO $F_{3}C$ CF_{3}		

In another aspect, the invention features a compound have 65 the structure of any compound described herein, (e.g., any one of compounds 1 to 680.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of treating cancer. This method includes: administering an effective amount (e.g., an amount sufficient to increase the expression level or activity level of ApoE to a level sufficient to slow the spread of metastasis of the cancer) a compound described herein or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a subject in need thereof.

In another aspect, the invention features another method of treating cancer in a subject in need thereof. This method includes contacting cells (e.g., cancer cells and/or healthy cells) in the subject with a compound described herein or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof,

In another aspect, the invention features a method of slowing the spread of a migrating cancer. This method includes administering an effective amount of a compound described herein or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a subject in need thereof.

In another aspect, the invention features a method for inhibiting proliferation or growth of cancer stem cells or cancer initiating cells. This method includes contacting a cell with an effective amount of a compound described herein or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In another aspect, the invention features a method for reducing the rate of tumor seeding of a cancer. This method includes administering an effective amount of a compound described herein or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a subject in need thereof.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of reducing or treating metastatic nodule-forming of cancer.

This method includes administering an effective amount of a compound described herein or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a subject in need thereof.

In some embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer is a drug resistant cancer or has failed to respond to a prior therapy (e.g., a cancer resistant to, or a cancer that has failed to respond to prior treatment with, vemurafenib, dacarbazine, a CTLA4 inhibitor, a PD1 inhibitor, interferon therapy, a BRAF inhibitor, a MEK inhibitor, radiotherapy, temozolimide, irinotecan, a CAR-T therapy, herceptin, perjeta, tamoxifen, xeloda, docetaxol, platinum agents such as carboplatin, taxanes such as paclitaxel and docetaxel, ALK inhibitors, MET inhibitors, alimta, abraxane, adriamycin, gemcitabine, avastin, halaven, neratinib, a PARP inhibitor, ARN810, an mTOR inhibitor, topotecan, gemzar, a VEGFR2 inhibitor, a folate receptor antagonist, demcizumab, fosbretabulin, or a PDL1 inhibitor).

In other embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer is metastatic. The cancer can include cells exhibiting migration and/or invasion of migrating cells and/or include cells exhibiting endothelial recruitment and/or angiogenesis. In other embodiments, the cancer is a cell migration cancer. In still other embodiments, the cell migration cancer is a non-metastatic cell migration cancer.

The cancer can be a cancer spread via seeding the surface of the peritoneal, pleural, pericardial, or subarachnoid spaces. Alternatively, the cancer can be a cancer spread via the lymphatic system, or a cancer spread hematogenously.

In particular embodiments, the cancer is a cell migration cancer that is a non-metastatic cell migration cancer, such as ovarian cancer, mesothelioma, or primary lung cancer.

In certain embodiments, the compound increases the expression level of ApoE at least 2.5-fold in vitro. In certain embodiments, the compound is selective for LXR β over LXR α . In other embodiments, the compound has activity for LXR β that is at least 2.5-fold greater than the activity of said compound for LXR α . In some embodiments, the compound has activity for LXR β that is at least 10-fold greater than the

activity of said compound for LXR α . In further embodiments, the compound has activity for LXR β that is at least 100-fold greater than the activity of said compound for LXR α . In certain embodiments, the compound has activity for LXR β that is at least within 2.5-fold of the activity of said compound for LXR α .

In certain embodiments, of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer includes cells which express LRP1.

In other embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer is breast cancer, colon cancer, renal cell cancer, non-small cell lung cancer, hepatocellular carcinoma, gastric cancer, ovarian cancer, pancreatic cancer, esophageal cancer, prostate cancer, sarcoma, glioblastoma, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, leukemia (e.g., acute myeloid leukemia), multiple myeloma, or melanoma. In some embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer is melanoma. In other embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer is breast cancer. In certain embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer is renal cell cancer. In further 20 embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer is pancreatic cancer. In other embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer is non-small cell lung cancer. In some embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer is colon cancer. In further embodiments of any of the 25 foregoing methods, the cancer is ovarian cancer. In other embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, the cancer is glioblastoma. In some embodiments, the cancer is breast cancer. In other embodiments, the cancer is prostate cancer. In certain embodiments, the cancer is diffuse large B-cell lymphoma. In some embodiments, the cancer is leukemia (e.g., acute myeloid leukemia). In some embodiments, the cancer is multiple myeloma.

resistant to, or has failed to respond to prior treatment with, vemurafenib, dacarbazine, interferon therapy, a CTLA-4 inhibitor, a BRAF inhibitor, a MEK inhibitor, a PD1 inhibitor, a PDL-1 inhibitor, or a CAR-T therapy. In other embodiments, the cancer is glioblastoma that is resistant to, or has 40 failed to respond to prior treatment with, temozolimide, radiotherapy, avastin, irinotecan, a VEGFR2 inhibitor, a CAR-T therapy, or an mTOR inhibitor. In certain embodiments, the cancer is non-small cell lung cancer that is resistant to, or has failed to respond to prior treatment with, 45 an EGFR inhibitor, platinum agents (e.g., carboplatin), avastin, an ALK inhibitor, a MET inhibitor, a taxane (e.g., paclitaxel or doceltaxel), gemzar, alimta, radiotherapy, a PD1 inhibitor, a PDL1 inhibitor, or a CAR-T therapy. In some embodiments, the cancer is a breast cancer that is 50 resistant to, or has failed to respond to prior treatment with, herceptin, perjeta, tamoxifen, xeloda, docetaxel, carboplatin, paclitaxel, abraxane, adriamycin, gemcitabine, avastin, halaven, neratinib, a PARP inhibitor, a PD1 inhibitor, a PDL1 inhibitor, a CAR-T therapy, ARN810, or an mTOR inhibitor. 55 In other embodiments, the cancer is ovarian cancer that is resistant to, or has failed to respond to prior treatment with, a PARP inhibitor, avastin, carboplatin, paclitaxel, docetaxel, topotecan, gemzar, a VEGR2 inhibitor, a folate receptor antagonist, a PD1 inhibitor, a PDL1 inhibitor, a CAR-T 60 therapy, demcizumab, or fosbretabulin.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of treating inflammation, cardiovascular disease, diabetes, or atherosclerosis (e.g., by increasing reverse cholesterol transport, inhibiting cholesterol absorption, or decreasing inflammation), including administering to a subject in need thereof, any of the foregoing compounds.

36

In another aspect, the invention features a method of treating an angiogenic disorder, including administering to a subject in need thereof, any of the foregoing compounds.

In some embodiments, the angiogenic disorder is cancer (e.g., vascularized tumors) or metastasis of cancer, chronic inflammatory illnesses (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis), inflammatory bowel disease (e.g., Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis)), diabetic retinopathy, chronic radiation-induced proctitis, peripheral vascular disease (e.g., atherosclerosis, thromboembolic disease, Buerger's disease (thromboangiitis obliterans)), cardiovascular disease (e.g., atherosclerosis, heart disease, myocardial infarction, or coronary artery disease), tissue organ engraftment rejection, macular degeneration, or sequelae of ischemic reperfusion injury.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of treating dementia (e.g., Alzheimer's disease), including administering to a subject in need thereof, any of the foregoing compounds.

A number of other disorders or conditions can be treated with the above-described compounds. Examples include arthritis, psoriasis, Grave's disease, vascular restenosis (including restenosis following angioplasty), arteriovenous malformations (AVM), meningioma, hemangioma, neovascular glaucoma, chronic kidney disease, diabetic nephropathy, polycystic kidney disease, interstitial lung disease, pulmonary hypertension, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), emphysema, autoimmune hepatitis, chronic inflammatory liver disease, hepatic cirrhosis, rosacea, angiofibroma, atherosclerotic plaques, corneal graft neovascularization, hemophilic joints, hypertrophic scars, Osler-Weber syndrome, pyogenic granuloma retrolental fibroplasia, scleroderma, trachoma, vascular adhesions, synovitis, dermatitis, and endometriosis.

In some embodiments, the cancer is melanoma that is sistant to, or has failed to respond to prior treatment with, emurafenib, dacarbazine, interferon therapy, a CTLA-4 hibitor, a BRAF inhibitor, a MEK inhibitor, a PD1 inhibi-

In some embodiments, the antiproliferative and compound of the invention are administered within 28 days of each (e.g., within 21, 14, 10, 7, 5, 4, 3, 2, or 1 days) or within 24 hours (e.g., 12, 6, 3, 2, or 1 hours; or concomitantly) other in amounts that together are effective to treat the subject. In certain embodiments, the antiproliferative is: a chemotherapeutic or cytotoxic agent, a differentiation-inducing agent (e.g. retinoic acid, vitamin D, cytokines), a hormonal agent, an immunological agent, or an anti-angiogenic agent. Chemotherapeutic and cytotoxic agents include, but are not limited to, alkylating agents, cytotoxic antibiotics, antimetabolites, vinca alkaloids, etoposides, and others (e.g., paclitaxel, taxol, docetaxel, taxotere, cis-platinum). A list of additional compounds having antiproliferative activity can be found in L. Brunton, B. Chabner and B. Knollman (eds). Goodman and Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, Twelfth Edition, 2011, McGraw Hill Companies, New York, N.Y.

In other embodiments, the antiproliferative is a PD1 inhibitor, a VEGF inhibitor, a VEGFR2 inhibitor, a PDL1 inhibitor, a RAF inhibitor, a CTLA-4 inhibitor, a MEK inhibitor, an ERK inhibitor, vemurafenib, dacarbazine, trametinib, dabrafenib, MEDI-4736, an mTOR inhibitor, a CAR-T therapy, abiraterone, enzalutamine, ARN-509, 5-FU, FOLFOX, FOLFIRI, herceptin, xeloda, a PD1 antibody (e.g., pembrolizumab or nivolumab), a PDL-1 antibody, a CTLA-4 antibody (e.g., ipilimumab), ramucirumab, rindopepimut, glembatumumab, vedotin, ANG1005, and/or ANG4043.

In some embodiments, the cancer is a renal cell carcinoma and the antiproliferative is a PD1 inhibitor, a PDL-1 inhibitor, or an mTOR inhibitor. In other embodiments, the cancer is diffuse large B-cell lymphoma and the antiproliferative is a CAR-T therapy. In certain embodiments, the cancer is prostate cancer and the antiproliferative is abiraterone, enzalutamide, or ARN-509. In some embodiments, the cancer is hepatocellular carcinoma, gastric cancer, or esophageal cancer and the antiproliferative is 5-FU, FOLFOX, FOLFIRI, herceptin, or xeloda. In some embodiments, the cancer is sarcoma and the antiproliferative is gemcitabine. In other embodiments, the cancer is pancreatic cancer and the antiproliferative is irinotecan, cisplatin, abraxane, a taxane (e.g., paclitaxel or docetaxel), or capecitabine.

The method may further include administering an anti- 15 proliferative selected from the group consisting of alkylating agents, platinum agents, antimetabolites, topoisomerase inhibitors, antitumor antibiotics, antimitotic agents, aromatase inhibitors, thymidylate synthase inhibitors, DNA antagonists, farnesyltransferase inhibitors, pump inhibitors, 20 histone acetyltransferase inhibitors, metalloproteinase inhibitors, ribonucleoside reductase inhibitors, TNF alpha agonists/antagonists, endothelin A receptor antagonist, retinoic acid receptor agonists, immuno-modulators, hormonal and antihormonal agents, photodynamic agents, tyrosine 25 kinase inhibitors, antisense compounds, corticosteroids, HSP90 inhibitors, proteosome inhibitors (for example, NPI-0052), CD40 inhibitors, anti-CSI antibodies, FGFR3 inhibitors, VEGF inhibitors, MEK inhibitors, cyclin D1 inhibitors, NF-kB inhibitors, anthracyclines, histone deacetylases, 30 kinesin inhibitors, phosphatase inhibitors, COX2 inhibitors, mTOR inhibitors, calcineurin antagonists, IMiDs, or other agents used to treat proliferative diseases. Examples of such compounds are provided in Tables 3.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of ³⁵ treating a dermal disease, disorder, or condition (e.g., skin aging, scarring, psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, eczema, urticaria, rosacea, burns, or acne) including administering an effective amount of a compound of the invention, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof to a subject in need ⁴⁰ thereof.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of treating a neurological disorder (e.g., Alzheimers disease) including administering an effective amount of a compound of the invention, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts 45 thereof to a subject in need thereof.

In some embodiments of any of the foregoing methods, administering comprises contacting a cell with an effective amount of a compound described herein.

Chemical Terms

As used herein, the term "compound," is meant to include all stereoisomers, geometric isomers, tautomers, and isotopes of the structures depicted.

The compounds described herein can be asymmetric (e.g., having one or more stereocenters). All stereoisomers, such as enantiomers and diastereomers, are intended unless otherwise indicated. Compounds of the present disclosure that contain asymmetrically substituted carbon atoms can be 60 isolated in optically active or racemic forms. Methods on how to prepare optically active forms from optically active starting materials are known in the art, such as by resolution of racemic mixtures or by stereoselective synthesis. Many geometric isomers of olefins and C—N double bonds can 65 also be present in the compounds described herein, and all such stable isomers are contemplated in the present disclo-

sure. Cis and trans geometric isomers of the compounds of the present disclosure are described and may be isolated as a mixture of isomers or as separated isomeric forms.

Compounds of the present disclosure also include tautomeric forms. Tautomeric forms result from the swapping of a single bond with an adjacent double bond and the concomitant migration of a proton. Tautomeric forms include prototropic tautomers which are isomeric protonation states having the same empirical formula and total charge. Examples prototropic tautomers include ketone-enol pairs, amide-imidic acid pairs, lactam-lactim pairs, amide-imidic acid pairs, enamine-imine pairs, and annular forms where a proton can occupy two or more positions of a heterocyclic system, such as, 1H- and 3H-imidazole, 1H-, 2H- and 4H-1,2,4-triazole, 1H- and 2H-isoindole, and 1H- and 2H-pyrazole. Tautomeric forms can be in equilibrium or sterically locked into one form by appropriate substitution.

Compounds of the present disclosure also include all of the isotopes of the atoms occurring in the intermediate or final compounds. "Isotopes" refers to atoms having the same atomic number but different mass numbers resulting from a different number of neutrons in the nuclei. For example, isotopes of hydrogen include tritium and deuterium.

The compounds and salts of the present disclosure can be prepared in combination with solvent or water molecules to form solvates and hydrates by routine methods.

At various places in the present specification, substituents of compounds of the present disclosure are disclosed in groups or in ranges. It is specifically intended that the present disclosure include each and every individual subcombination of the members of such groups and ranges. For example, the term " C_{1-6} alkyl" is specifically intended to individually disclose methyl, ethyl, C_3 alkyl, C_4 alkyl, C_5 alkyl, and C_6 alkyl. Herein a phrase of the form "optionally substituted X" (e.g., optionally substituted alkyl) is intended to be equivalent to "X, wherein X is optionally substituted"). It is not intended to mean that the feature "X" (e.g., alkyl) per se is optional.

The term "acyl," as used herein, represents a hydrogen or an alkyl group (e.g., a haloalkyl group), as defined herein, that is attached to the parent molecular group through a carbonyl group, as defined herein, and is exemplified by formyl (i.e., a carboxyaldehyde group), acetyl, trifluoroacetyl, propionyl, and butanoyl. Exemplary unsubstituted acyl groups include from 1 to 7, from 1 to 11, or from 1 to 21 carbons. In some embodiments, the alkyl group is further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as described herein.

Non-limiting examples of optionally substituted acyl groups include, alkoxycarbonyl, alkoxycarbonylacyl, arylalkoxycarbonyl, aryloyl, carbamoyl, carboxyaldehyde, (heterocyclyl) imino, and (heterocyclyl)oyl:

The "alkoxycarbonyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkoxy, as defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group through a carbonyl atom (e.g., —C(O)—OR, where R is H or an optionally substituted C_{1-6} , C_{1-10} , or C_{1-20} alkyl group). Exemplary unsubstituted alkoxycarbonyl include from 1 to 21 carbons (e.g., from 1 to 11 or from 1 to 7 carbons). In some embodiments, the alkoxy group is further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as described herein.

The "alkoxycarbonylacyl" group, which as used herein, represents an acyl group, as defined herein, that is substituted with an alkoxycarbonyl group, as defined herein (e.g., —C(O)-alkyl-C(O)—OR, where R is an optionally substituted C₁₋₆, C₁₋₁₀, or C₁₋₂₀ alkyl group). Exemplary unsubstituted alkoxycarbonylacyl include from 3 to 41 carbons

(e.g., from 3 to 10, from 3 to 13, from 3 to 17, from 3 to 21, or from 3 to 31 carbons, such as C_{1-6} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-6} acyl, C_{1-10} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-10} acyl, or C_{1-20} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-20} acyl). In some embodiments, each alkoxy and alkyl group is further independently substituted with 1, 2, 3, 5 or 4 substituents, as described herein (e.g., a hydroxy group) for each group.

The "arylalkoxycarbonyl" group, which as used herein, represents an arylalkoxy group, as defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group through a carbonyl (e.g., —C(O)—O-alkyl-aryl). Exemplary unsubstituted arylal-koxy groups include from 8 to 31 carbons (e.g., from 8 to 17 or from 8 to 21 carbons, such as C_{6-10} aryl- C_{1-6} alkoxycarbonyl, C_{6-10} aryl- C_{1-20} alkoxy-carbonyl). In some embodiments, the arylal-koxycarbonyl group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as defined herein.

The "aryloyl" group, which as used herein, represents an aryl group, as defined herein, that is attached to the parent molecular group through a carbonyl group. Exemplary 20 unsubstituted aryloyl groups are of 7 to 11 carbons. In some embodiments, the aryl group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as defined herein.

The "carbamoyl" group, which as used herein, represents —C(O)— $N(R^{N1})_2$, where the meaning of each R^{N1} is found 25 in the definition of "amino" provided herein.

The "carboxyaldehyde" group, which as used herein, represents an acyl group having the structure —CHO.

The "(heterocyclyl) imino" group, which as used herein, represents a heterocyclyl group, as defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group through an imino group. In some embodiments, the heterocyclyl group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein.

The "(heterocyclyl)oyl" group, which as used herein, represents a heterocyclyl group, as defined herein, attached 35 to the parent molecular group through a carbonyl group. In some embodiments, the heterocyclyl group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein.

The term "alkyl," as used herein, is inclusive of both straight chain and branched chain saturated groups from 1 to 40 20 carbons (e.g., from 1 to 10 or from 1 to 6), unless otherwise specified. Alkyl groups are exemplified by methyl, ethyl, n- and iso-propyl, n-, sec-, iso- and tert-butyl, and neopentyl, and may be optionally substituted with one, two, three, or, in the case of alkyl groups of two carbons or more, 45 four substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: (1) C_{1-6} alkoxy; (2) C_{1-6} alkylsulfinyl; (3) amino, as defined herein (e.g., unsubstituted amino (i.e., $-NH_2$) or a substituted amino (i.e., $-N(R^{N1})_2$, where R^{N1} is as defined for amino); (4) C_{6-10} aryl- C_{1-6} alkoxy; (5) 50 azido; (6) halo; (7) (C₂₋₉ heterocyclyl)oxy; (8) hydroxy, optionally substituted with an O-protecting group; (9) nitro; (10) oxo (e.g., carboxyaldehyde or acyl); (11) C_{1-7} , spirocyclyl; (12) thioalkoxy; (13) thiol; (14) — CO_2R^A , optionally substituted with an O-protecting group and where R^{A'} is 55 selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-20} alkyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alkyl), (b) C_{2-20} alkenyl (e.g., C_{2-6} alkenyl), (c) C_{6-10} aryl, (d) hydrogen, (e) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, (f) amino- C_{1-20} alkyl, (g) polyethylene glycol of —(CH₂)_{s2}(OCH₂CH₂)_{s1} (CH₂)_{s3}OR', wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 60 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and R' is H or $\rm C_{1-20}$ alkyl, and (h) amino-polyethylene glycol of —NR $^{\rm N1}$ $(CH_2)_{s2}(CH_2CH_2O)_{s1}(CH_2)_{s3}NR^{N1}$, wherein s1 is an integer 65 from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to

40

4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and each R^{N1} is, independently, hydrogen or optionally substituted C_{1-6} alkyl; (15) — $C(O)NR^B'R^{C'}$, where each of $R^{B'}$ and $R^{D'}$ is, independently, selected from the group consisting of (a) hydrogen, (b) C_{1-6} alkyl, (c) C_{6-10} aryl, and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (16) $-SO_2R^D$, where R^D is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-6} alkyl, (b) C_{6-10} aryl, (c) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, and (d) hydroxy; (17)- $SO_2NR^ER^F$ each of $R^{E'}$, and $R^{F'}$, is, independently, selected from the group consisting of (a) hydrogen, (b) $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, (c) $C_{6\text{-}10}$ aryl and (d) $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alk- $C_{6\text{-}10}$ aryl; (18) — $C(O)R^{G'}$, where $R^{G'}$, is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-20} alkyl (e.g., $\rm C_{1\text{--}6}$ alkyl), (b) $\rm C_{2\text{--}20}$ alkenyl (e.g., $\rm C_{2\text{--}6}$ alkenyl), (c) $\rm C_{6\text{--}10}$ aryl, (d) hydrogen, (e) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, (f) amino- C_{1-20} alkyl, (g) polyethylene glycol of —(CH₂)_{s2}(OCH₂CH₂)_{s1} (CH₂)_{s3}OR', wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and R' is H or C_{1-20} alkyl, and (h) amino-polyethylene glycol of $-NR^{N1}$ $(CH_2)_{s2}(CH_2CH_2O)_{s1}(CH_2)_{s3}NR^{N1}$, wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and each R^{N1} is, independently, hydrogen or optionally substituted C_{1-6} alkyl; (19) $-NR^{H'}C(O)R^{I'}$, wherein $R^{H'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a1) hydrogen and (b1) C_{1-6} alkyl, and $R^{\prime\prime}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a2) C_{1-20} alkyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alkyl), (b2) C_{2-20} alkenyl (e.g., C_{2-6} alkenyl), (c2) C_{6-10} aryl, (d2) hydrogen, (e2) C_{1-6} alk-C₆₋₁₀ aryl, (f2) amino-C₁₋₂₀ alkyl, (g2) polyethylene glycol of $-(CH_2)_{s2}(OCH_2CH_2)_{s1}(CH_2)_{s3}OR'$, wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and R' is H or C_{1-20} alkyl, and (h2) aminopolyethylene glycol of $-NR^{NI}(CH_2)_{s2}(CH_2CH_2O)_{s1}$ ($(CH_2)_{s3}NR^{N1}$, wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and each R^{N_1} is, independently, hydrogen or optionally substituted C_{1-6} alkyl; (20) —NR $^{J'}C(O)OR^{K'}$, wherein $R^{J'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a1) hydrogen and (b1) C₁₋₆ alkyl, and $R^{K'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a2) C_{1-20} alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl), (b2) C₂₋₂₀ alkenyl (e.g., C₂₋₆ alkenyl), (c2) C_{6-10} aryl, (d2) hydrogen, (e2) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, (f2) amino-C₁₋₂₀ alkyl, (g2) polyethylene glycol of —(CH₂)_{s2} $(OCH_2CH_2)_{s_1}(CH_2)_{s_3}OR'$, wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and R' is H or C_{1-20} alkyl, and (h2) amino-polyethylene glycol of $-NR^{N_1}(CH_2)_{s_2}(CH_2CH_2O)_{s_1}(CH_2)_{s_3}NR^{N_1}$, wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and each R^{N1} is, independently, hydrogen or optionally substituted C₁₋₆ alkyl; and (21) amidine. In some embodiments, each of these groups can be further substituted as described herein. For example, the alkylene group of a C₁-alkaryl can be further substituted with an oxo group to afford the respective aryloyl substituent.

The term "alkylene" and the prefix "alk-," as used herein, represent a saturated divalent hydrocarbon group derived from a straight or branched chain saturated hydrocarbon by the removal of two hydrogen atoms, and is exemplified by

40 carbons. In some embodiments, each alkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein.

The "aminoalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents

methylene, ethylene, and isopropylene. The term " C_{x-y} alkylene" and the prefix " C_{x-y} alk-" represent alkylene groups having between x and y carbons. Exemplary values for x are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, and exemplary values for y are 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, or 20 (e.g., C_{1-6} , C_{1-10} , C_{2-20} , C_{2-6} , C_{2-10} , or C_{2-20} alkylene). In some embodiments, the alkylene can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein for an alkyl group.

and sulfoalkyl:

alkylene can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substitutent groups as defined herein for an alkyl group.

Non-limiting examples of optionally substituted alkyl and alkylene groups include acylaminoalkyl, acyloxyalkyl, 10 alkyl, (b) C₆₋₁₀ aryl, (c) hydrogen alkoxyalkyl, aminoalkyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfinyl, aminoalkyl, carbamoylalkyl, carboxyalkyl, carboxyalkyl, thaloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, perfluoroalkyl, resents an alkyl group, as defined by the further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or described herein for the respective where R^{A'}, is selected from the groups alkyl, (b) C₆₋₁₀ aryl, (c) hydrogen aryl, e.g., carboxy, and/or an N-program alkyl, perfluoroalkyl, resents an alkyl group, as defined by the further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or described herein for the respective where R^{A'}, is selected from the groups alkyl, (b) C₆₋₁₀ aryl, (c) hydrogen aryl, e.g., carboxy, and/or an N-program alkyl, perfluoroalkyl, perfluoroalkyl, resents an alkyl group, as defined by the further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or described herein for the respective where R^{A'}, is selected from the groups are alkyl, (b) C₆₋₁₀ aryl, (c) hydrogen aryl, e.g., carboxy, and/or an N-program alkyl, perfluoroalkyl, aryloxylakyl, arylo

The "acylaminoalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an acyl group, as defined herein, attached to an amino group that is in turn attached to the parent molecular group through an alkylene group, as defined herein (i.e., -alkyl-N(\mathbb{R}^{N1})—C(O)—R, where R is H or an optionally substituted C_{1-6} , C_{1-10} , or C_{1-20} alkyl group (e.g., 20 haloalkyl) and \mathbb{R}^{N1} is as defined herein). Exemplary unsubstituted acylaminoalkyl groups include from 1 to 41 carbons (e.g., from 1 to 7, from 1 to 13, from 1 to 21, from 2 to 7, from 2 to 13, from 2 to 21, or from 2 to 41 carbons). In some embodiments, the alkylene group is further substituted with 25 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as described herein, and/or the amino group is —NH₂ or —NHR^{N1}, wherein \mathbb{R}^{N1} is, independently, OH, NO₂, NH₂, NR^{N2}₂, SO₂OR^{N2}, SO₂R^{N2}, SOR^{N2}, alkyl, aryl, acyl (e.g., acetyl, trifluoroacetyl, or others described herein), or alkoxycarbonylalkyl, and each 30 \mathbb{R}^{N2} can be H, alkyl, or aryl.

The "acyloxyalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an acyl group, as defined herein, attached to an oxygen atom that in turn is attached to the parent molecular group though an alkylene group (i.e., -alkyl-O—C(O)—R, where 35 R is H or an optionally substituted C_{1-6}, C_{1-10} , or C_{1-20} alkyl group). Exemplary unsubstituted acyloxyalkyl groups include from 1 to 21 carbons (e.g., from 1 to 7 or from 1 to 11 carbons). In some embodiments, the alkylene group is, independently, further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substitutions as described herein.

The "alkoxyalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group that is substituted with an alkoxy group. Exemplary unsubstituted alkoxyalkyl groups include between 2 to 40 carbons (e.g., from 2 to 12 or from 2 to 20 $\,$ 45 carbons, such as C_{1-6} alkoxy- C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkoxy- C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-20} alkoxy- C_{1-20} alkyl). In some embodiments, the alkyl and the alkoxy each can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein for the respective group.

The "alkoxycarbonylalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group, as defined herein, that is substituted with an alkoxycarbonyl group, as defined herein (e.g., -alkyl-C(O)—OR, where R is an optionally substituted C_{1-20} , C_{1-10} , or C_{1-6} alkyl group). Exemplary unsubstituted 55 alkoxycarbonylalkyl include from 3 to 41 carbons (e.g., from 3 to 10, from 3 to 13, from 3 to 17, from 3 to 21, or from 3 to 31 carbons, such as C_{1-6} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-20} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-20} alkyl). In some embodiments, each alkyl and 60 alkoxy group is further independently substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as described herein (e.g., a hydroxy group).

The "alkylsulfinylalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group, as defined herein, substituted with 65 an alkylsulfinyl group. Exemplary unsubstituted alkylsulfinylalkyl groups are from 2 to 12, from 2 to 20, or from 2 to

The "aminoalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group, as defined herein, substituted with an amino group, as defined herein. The alkyl and amino each can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein for the respective group (e.g., $CO_2R^{A'}$, where $R^{A'}$, is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-6} alkyl, (b) C_{6-10} aryl, (c) hydrogen, and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, e.g., carboxy, and/or an N-protecting group).

The "carbamoylalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group, as defined herein, substituted with a carbamoyl group, as defined herein. The alkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein.

The "carboxyalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group, as defined herein, substituted with a carboxy group, as defined herein. The alkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein, and the carboxy group can be optionally substituted with one or more O-protecting groups.

The "carboxyaminoalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an aminoalkyl group, as defined herein, substituted with a carboxy, as defined herein. The carboxy, alkyl, and amino each can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein for the respective group (e.g., $CO_2R^{A'}$, where $R^{A'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-6} alkyl, (b) C_{6-10} aryl, (c) hydrogen, and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, e.g., carboxy, and/or an N-protecting group, and/or an O-protecting group).

The "haloalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group, as defined herein, substituted with a halogen group (i.e., F, Cl, Br, or I). A haloalkyl may be substituted with one, two, three, or, in the case of alkyl groups of two carbons or more, four halogens. Haloalkyl groups include perfluoroalkyls (e.g., —CF₃), —CHF₂, —CH₂F, —CCl₃, —CH₂CH₂Br, —CH₂CH(CH₂CH₂Br)CH₃, and —CHICH₃. In some embodiments, the haloalkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein for alkyl groups.

The "hydroxyalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group, as defined herein, substituted with one to three hydroxy groups, with the proviso that no more than one hydroxy group may be attached to a single carbon atom of the alkyl group, and is exemplified by hydroxymethyl and dihydroxypropyl. In some embodiments, the hydroxyalkyl group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups (e.g., O-protecting groups) as defined herein for an alkyl.

The "perfluoroalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group, as defined herein, where each hydrogen radical bound to the alkyl group has been replaced by a fluoride radical. Perfluoroalkyl groups are exemplified by trifluoromethyl.

The "sulfoalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group, as defined herein, substituted with a sulfo group of $-SO_3H$. In some embodiments, the alkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein, and the sulfo group can be further substituted with one or more O-protecting groups (e.g., as described herein).

The term "alkenyl," as used herein, represents monovalent straight or branched chain groups of, unless otherwise specified, from 2 to 20 carbons (e.g., from 2 to 6 or from 2 to 10 carbons) containing one or more carbon-carbon double bonds and is exemplified by ethenyl, 1-propenyl, 2-propenyl, 2-methyl-1-propenyl, 1-butenyl, and 2-butenyl. Alk-

42

enyls include both cis and trans isomers. Alkenyl groups may be optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups that are selected, independently, from amino, aryl, cycloalkyl, or heterocyclyl (e.g., heteroaryl), as defined herein, or any of the exemplary alkyl substituent groups 5 described herein.

Non-limiting examples of optionally substituted alkenyl groups include, alkoxycarbonylalkenyl, aminoalkenyl, and hydroxyalkenyl:

The "alkoxycarbonylalkenyl" group, which as used 10 herein, represents an alkenyl group, as defined herein, that is substituted with an alkoxycarbonyl group, as defined herein (e.g., -alkenyl-C(O)—OR, where R is an optionally substituted C_{1-20} , C_{1-10} , or C_{1-6} alkyl group). Exemplary unsubstituted alkoxycarbonylalkenyl include from 4 to 41 carbons 15 (e.g., from 4 to 10, from 4 to 13, from 4 to 17, from 4 to 21, or from 4 to 31 carbons, such as C_{1-6} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{1-10} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{2-10} alkenyl, or C_{1-20} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{2-20} alkenyl). In some embodiments, each alkyl, alkenyl, and alkoxy group is further independently substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as described herein (e.g., a hydroxy group).

The "aminoalkenyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkenyl group, as defined herein, substituted with an amino group, as defined herein. The alkenyl and amino each 25 can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein for the respective group (e.g., CO_2R^A , where $R^{A'}$, is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-6} alkyl, (b) C_{6-10} aryl, (c) hydrogen, and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, e.g., carboxy, and/or an N-protecting group).

The "hydroxyalkenyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkenyl group, as defined herein, substituted with one to three hydroxy groups, with the proviso that no more than one hydroxy group may be attached to a single carbon atom of the alkyl group, and is exemplified by dihydroxy-propenyl, and hydroxyisopentenyl. In some embodiments, the hydroxyalkenyl group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups (e.g., O-protecting groups) as defined herein for an alkyl.

The term "alkynyl," as used herein, represents monovalent straight or branched chain groups from 2 to 20 carbon atoms (e.g., from 2 to 4, from 2 to 6, or from 2 to 10 carbons) containing a carbon-carbon triple bond and is exemplified by ethynyl, and 1-propynyl. Alkynyl groups may be optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups that are 45 selected, independently, from aryl, cycloalkyl, or heterocyclyl (e.g., heteroaryl), as defined herein, or any of the exemplary alkyl substituent groups described herein.

Non-limiting examples of optionally substituted alkynyl groups include alkoxycarbonylalkynyl, aminoalkynyl, and 50 hydroxyalkynyl:

The "alkoxycarbonylalkynyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkynyl group, as defined herein, that is substituted with an alkoxycarbonyl group, as defined herein (e.g., -alkynyl-C(O)—OR, where R is an optionally 55 substituted C_{1-20} , C_{1-10} , or C_{1-6} alkyl group). Exemplary unsubstituted alkoxycarbonylalkynyl include from 4 to 41 carbons (e.g., from 4 to 10, from 4 to 13, from 4 to 17, from 4 to 21, or from 4 to 31 carbons, such as C_{1-6} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-10} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{2-10} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{2-10} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{2-10} alkynyl, in some embodiments, each alkyl, alkynyl, and alkoxy group is further independently substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as described herein (e.g., a hydroxy group).

The "aminoalkynyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkynyl group, as defined herein, substituted with an amino group, as defined herein. The alkynyl and amino each

44

can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein for the respective group (e.g., $\mathrm{CO}_2\mathrm{R}^{A'}$, where $\mathrm{R}^{A'}$, is selected from the group consisting of (a) $\mathrm{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, (b) $\mathrm{C}_{6\text{-}10}$ aryl, (c) hydrogen, and (d) $\mathrm{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alk- $\mathrm{C}_{6\text{-}10}$ aryl, e.g., carboxy, and/or an N-protecting group).

The "hydroxyalkynyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkynyl group, as defined herein, substituted with one to three hydroxy groups, with the proviso that no more than one hydroxy group may be attached to a single carbon atom of the alkyl group. In some embodiments, the hydroxyalkynyl group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups (e.g., O-protecting groups) as defined herein for an alkyl.

The term "amidine," as used herein, represents a —C(=NH)NH₂ group.

The term "amino," as used herein, represents $-N(R^{N1})_2$, wherein each R^{N1} is, independently, H, OH, NO₂, N(R^{N2})₂, SO₂OR^{N2}, SO₂R^{N2}, SOR^{N2}, an N-protecting group, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, aryl, alkaryl, cycloalkyl, alkcycloalkyl, carboxyalkyl (e.g., optionally substituted with an O-protecting group, such as optionally substituted arylalkoxycarbonyl groups or any described herein), sulfoalkyl, acyl (e.g., acetyl, trifluoroacetyl, or others described herein), alkoxycarbonylalkyl (e.g., optionally substituted with an O-protecting group, such as optionally substituted arylalkoxycarbonyl groups or any described herein), heterocyclyl (e.g., heteroaryl), or alkheterocyclyl (e.g., alkheteroaryl), wherein each of these recited R^{N1} groups can be optionally substituted, as defined herein for each group; or two R^{N1} combine to form a heterocyclyl or an N-protecting group, and wherein each R^{N2} is, independently, H, alkyl, or aryl. The amino groups of the invention can be an unsubstituted amino (i.e., $-NH_2$) or a substituted amino (i.e., $-N(R^{N1})_2$). In a preferred embodiment, amino is $-NH_2$ or $-NHR^{N1}$, wherein R^{M1} is, independently, OH, NO₂, NH₂, NR^{N2}₂, SO₂OR^{N2}, SO₂R^{N2}, SOR^{N2}, alkyl, carboxyalkyl, sulfoalkyl, acyl (e.g., acetyl, trifluoroacetyl, or others described herein), alkoxycarbonylalkyl (e.g., t-butoxycarbonylalkyl) or aryl, and each R^{N2} can be H, C_{1-20} alkyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alkyl), or C_{6-10}

Non-limiting examples of optionally substituted amino groups include acylamino and carbamyl:

The "acylamino" group, which as used herein, represents an acyl group, as defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group though an amino group, as defined herein (i.e., —N(R^{M1})—C(O)—R, where R is H or an optionally substituted C₁₋₆, C₁₋₁₀, or C₁₋₂₀ alkyl group (e.g., haloalkyl) and R^{M1} is as defined herein). Exemplary unsubstituted acylamino groups include from 1 to 41 carbons (e.g., from 1 to 7, from 1 to 13, from 1 to 21, from 2 to 7, from 2 to 13, from 2 to 21, or from 2 to 41 carbons). In some embodiments, the alkyl group is further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as described herein, and/or the amino group is —NH₂ or —NHR^{M1}, wherein R^{M1} is, independently, OH, NO₂, NH₂, NR^{M2}₂, SO₂OR^{M2}, SO₂R^{M2}, SOR^{M2}, alkyl, aryl, acyl (e.g., acetyl, trifluoroacetyl, or others described herein), or alkoxycarbonylalkyl, and each R^{M2} can be H, alkyl, or aryl.

The "carbamyl" group, which as used herein, refers to a carbamate group having the structure $-NR^{N1}C(=O)OR$ or $-OC(=O)N(R^{N1})_2$, where the meaning of each R^{N1} is found in the definition of "amino" provided herein, and R is alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkcycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, heterocyclyl (e.g., heteroaryl), or alkheterocyclyl (e.g., alkheteroaryl), as defined herein.

The term "amino acid," as described herein, refers to a molecule having a side chain, an amino group, and an acid group (e.g., a carboxy group of —CO₂H or a sulfo group of -SO₃H), wherein the amino acid is attached to the parent molecular group by the side chain, amino group, or acid group (e.g., the side chain). In some embodiments, the amino acid is attached to the parent molecular group by a carbonyl group, where the side chain or amino group is attached to the carbonyl group. Exemplary side chains include an optionally substituted alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkaryl, alkheterocyclyl, aminoalkyl, carbamoylalkyl, and carboxyalkyl. Exemplary amino acids include alanine, arginine, asparagine, aspartic acid, cysteine, glutamic acid, glutamine, glycine, histidine, hydroxynorvaline, isoleucine, leucine, lysine, methionine, norvaline, ornithine, phenylalanine, proline, pyrrolysine, selenocysteine, serine, taurine, threonine, tryptophan, tyrosine, and valine. Amino acid groups may be optionally substituted with one, two, three, or, in the case of amino acid groups of two carbons or more, four substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: (1) C_{1-6} alkoxy; (2) C_{1-6} alkylsulfinyl; (3) amino, as defined herein (e.g., unsubstituted amino (i.e., 20 $--NH_2$) or a substituted amino (i.e., $--N(R^{N1})_2$, where R^{N1} is as defined for amino); (4) C₆₋₁₀ aryl-C₁₋₆ alkoxy; (5) azido; (6) halo; (7) (C₂₋₉ heterocyclyl)oxy; (8) hydroxy; (9) nitro; (10) oxo (e.g., carboxyaldehyde or acyl); (11) C_{1-7} spirocyclyl; (12) thioalkoxy; (13) thiol; (14) $-CO_2R^{A'}$, 25 where $R^{A'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-20} alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl), (b) C₂₋₂₀ alkenyl (e.g., C₂₋₆ alkenyl), (c) C_{6-10} aryl, (d) hydrogen, (e) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, (f) amino- C_{1-20} alkyl, (g) polyethylene glycol of $-(CH_2)_{s2}$ (OCH₂CH₂)_{s1}(CH₂)_{s3}OR', wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 30 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and R^{\prime} is H or $C_{1\text{--}20}$ alkyl, and (h) amino-polyethylene glycol of $-NR^{N1}(CH_2)_{s2}(CH_2CH_2O)_{s1}(CH_2)_{s3}NR^{N1}$, wherein s1 is 35 an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and each R^{N1} is, independently, hydrogen or optionally substituted C_{1-6} alkyl; (15) $-C(O)NR^BR^C$, 40 where each of $R^{B'}$ and $R^{C'}$ is, independently, selected from the group consisting of (a) hydrogen, (b) C_{1-6} alkyl, (c) C_{6-10} aryl, and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (16) $-SO_2R^{D'}$, where $R^{D'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-6} alkyl, (b) C_{6-10} aryl, (c) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, and (d) hydroxy; (17) 45 — $SO_2NR^ER^F$, where each of R^E , and R^F is, independently, selected from the group consisting of (a) hydrogen, (b) C_{1-6} alkyl, (c) C_{6-10} aryl and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (18) —C(O) $R^{G'}$, where $R^{G'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-20} alkyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alkyl), (b) C_{2-20} alkenyl (e.g., C_{2-6} alkenyl), (c) C_{6-10} aryl, (d) hydrogen, (e) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, (f) amino- C_{1-20} alkyl, (g) polyethylene glycol of — $(CH_2)_{s2}$ $(OCH_2CH_2)_{s1}(CH_2)_{s3}OR'$, wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, 55 from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and R' is H or C₁₋₂₀ alkyl, and (h) amino-polyethylene glycol of $-NR^{N_1}(CH_2)_{s_2}(CH_2CH_2O)_{s_1}(CH_2)_{s_3}NR^{N_1}$, wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., 60 from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and each R^{N1} is, independently, hydrogen or optionally substituted C_{1-6} alkyl; (19) $-NR^{H'}C(O)R^{I'}$, wherein $R^{H'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a1) hydrogen and (b1) C_{1-6} alkyl, and $R^{I'}$ is selected from the 65 group consisting of (a2) C₁₋₂₀ alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl), (b2) C₂₋₂₀ alkenyl (e.g., C₂₋₆ alkenyl), (c2) C₆₋₁₀ aryl, (d2) hydro-

gen, (e2) $\mathrm{C}_{\text{1-6}}$ alk- $\mathrm{C}_{\text{6-10}}$ aryl, (f2) amino- $\mathrm{C}_{\text{1-20}}$ alkyl, (g2) polyethylene glycol of —(CH₂)_{s2}(OCH₂CH₂)_{s1}(CH₂)_{s3}OR', wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and R' is H or C_{1-20} alkyl, and (h2) amino-polyethylene glycol of $-NR^{N1}(CH_2)_{s2}(CH_2CH_2)$ $O_{s_1}(CH_2)_{s_3}NR^{N_1}$, wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and each R^{N1} is, independently, hydrogen or optionally substituted C_{1-6} alkyl; (20) $-NR^{J'}C(O)OR^{K'}$, wherein $R^{J'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a1) hydrogen and (b1) C_{1-6} alkyl, and $R^{K'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a2) C_{1-20} alkyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alkyl), (b2) C_{2-20} alkenyl (e.g., C_{2-6} alkenyl), (c2) C_{6-10} aryl, (d2) hydrogen, (e2) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, (f2) amino- C_{1-20} alkyl, (g2) polyethylene glycol of —(CH₂)_{s2}(OCH₂CH₂)_{s1}(CH₂)_{s3}OR', wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and R' is H or C_{1-20} alkyl, and (h2) aminopolyethylene glycol of $-NR^{N1}(CH_2)_{s2}(CH_2CH_2O)_{s1}$ $(CH_2)_{c3}NR^{N1}$, wherein s1 is an integer from 1 to 10 (e.g., from 1 to 6 or from 1 to 4), each of s2 and s3, independently, is an integer from 0 to 10 (e.g., from 0 to 4, from 0 to 6, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, or from 1 to 10), and each R^{N1} is, independently, hydrogen or optionally substituted C₁₋₆ alkyl; and (21) amidine. In some embodiments, each of these groups can be further substituted as described herein.

The term "aryl," as used herein, represents a mono-, bicyclic, or multicyclic carbocyclic ring system having one or two aromatic rings and is exemplified by phenyl, naph-1,2-dihydronaphthyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl, anthracenyl, phenanthrenyl, fluorenyl, indanyl, and indenyl, and may be optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: (1) C₁₋₇, acyl (e.g., carboxyaldehyde); (2) C₁₋₂₀ alkyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy- C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylsulfinyl- C_{1-6} alkyl, amino- C_{1-6} alkyl, azido- C_{1-6} alkyl, (carboxyaldehyde)- C_{1-6} alkyl, halo- C_{1-6} alkyl (e.g., perfluoroalkyl), hydroxy-C $_{\rm 1-6}$ alkyl, nitro-C $_{\rm 1-6}$ alkyl, or C $_{\rm 1-6}$ thioalkoxy-C $_{\rm 1-6}$ alkyl); (3) C₁₋₂₀ alkoxy (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkoxy, such as perfluoroalkoxy); (4) C₁₋₆ alkylsulfinyl; (5) C₆₋₁₀ aryl; (6) amino; (7) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (8) azido; (9) C_{3-8} cycloalkyl; (10) C_{1-6} alk- C_{3-8} cycloalkyl; (11) halo; (12) C_{1-12} heterocyclyl (e.g., C_{1-12} heteroaryl); (13) (C_{1-12} heterocyclyl)oxy; (14) hydroxy; (15) nitro; (16) C_{1-20} thioalkoxy (e.g., C_{1-6} thioalkoxy); (17) —(CH₂)_qCO₂R⁴, where q is an integer from zero to four, and R^{A'} is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-6} alkyl, (b) C_{6-10} aryl, (c) hydrogen, and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (18) $-(CH_2)_q CONR^B R^{C'}$, where q is an integer from zero to four and where $R^{B'}$ and $R^{C'}$ are independently selected from the group consisting of (a) hydrogen, (b) C_{1-6} alkyl, (c) C_{6-10} aryl, and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (19) — $(CH_2)_q SO_2 R^{D'}$, where q is an integer from zero to four and where $R^{D'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a) alkyl, (b) C_{6-10} aryl, and (c) alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (20) —(CH₂)_qSO₂NR^ER^F, where q is an integer from zero to four and where each of R^E and R^F is, independently, selected from the group consisting of (a) hydrogen, (b) C_{1-6} alkyl, (c) C_{6-10} aryl, and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (21) thiol; (22) C₆₋₁₀ aryloxy; (23) C₃₋₈ cycloalkoxy; (24) C₆₋₁₀ aryl- C_{1-6} alkoxy; (25) C_{1-6} alk- C_{1-12} heterocyclyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alk- C_{1-12} heteroaryl); (26) C_{2-20} alkenyl; and (27) C_{2-20} alkynyl. In some embodiments, each of these groups can be

further substituted as described herein. For example, the alkylene group of a C_1 -alkaryl or a C_1 -alkheterocyclyl can be further substituted with an oxo group to afford the respective aryloyl and (heterocyclyl)oyl substituent group.

The "arylalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents an aryl group, as defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group through an alkylene group, as defined herein. Exemplary unsubstituted arylalkyl groups are from 7 to 30 carbons (e.g., from 7 to 16 or from 7 to 20 carbons, such as C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, C_{1-10} alk- C_{6-10} aryl, or C_{1-20} alk- C_{6-10} aryl). In some embodiments, the alkylene and the aryl each can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein for the respective groups. Other groups preceded by the prefix "alk-" are defined in the same manner, where "alk" refers to a C_{1-6} 15 alkylene, unless otherwise noted, and the attached chemical structure is as defined herein.

The term "azido" represents an — N_3 group, which can also be represented as —N—N.

The term "bicyclic," as used herein, refer to a structure 20 having two rings, which may be aromatic or non-aromatic. Bicyclic structures include spirocyclyl groups, as defined herein, and two rings that share one or more bridges, where such bridges can include one atom or a chain including two, three, or more atoms. Exemplary bicyclic groups include a 25 bicyclic carbocyclyl group, where the first and second rings are carbocyclyl groups, as defined herein; a bicyclic aryl groups, where the first and second rings are aryl groups, as defined herein; bicyclic heterocyclyl groups, where the first ring is a heterocyclyl group and the second ring is a 30 carbocyclyl (e.g., aryl) or heterocyclyl (e.g., heteroaryl) group; and bicyclic heteroaryl groups, where the first ring is a heteroaryl group and the second ring is a carbocyclyl (e.g., aryl) or heterocyclyl (e.g., heteroaryl) group. In some embodiments, the bicyclic group can be substituted with 1, 35 2, 3, or 4 substituents as defined herein for cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, and aryl groups.

The term "boranyl," as used herein, represents — $B(R^{B1})_3$, where each R^{B1} is, independently, selected from the group consisting of H and optionally substituted alkyl. In some 40 embodiments, the boranyl group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as defined herein for alkyl.

The terms "carbocyclic" and "carbocyclyl," as used herein, refer to an optionally substituted C_{3-12} monocyclic, bicyclic, or tricyclic structure in which the rings, which may 45 be aromatic or non-aromatic, are formed by carbon atoms. Carbocyclic structures include cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, and aryl groups.

The term "carbonyl," as used herein, represents a C(O) group, which can also be represented as C—O.

The term "carboxy," as used herein, means —CO₂H. The term "cyano," as used herein, represents an —CN group.

The term "cycloalkyl," as used herein represents a monovalent saturated or unsaturated non-aromatic cyclic hydrocarbon group from three to eight carbons, unless otherwise specified, and is exemplified by cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, and bicycle heptyl. When the cycloalkyl group includes one carbon-carbon double bond, the cycloalkyl group can be referred to as a 60 "cycloalkenyl" group. Exemplary cycloalkenyl groups include cyclopentenyl, and cyclohexenyl. The cycloalkyl groups of this invention can be optionally substituted with: (1) C₁₋₇ acyl (e.g., carboxyaldehyde); (2) C₁₋₂₀ alkyl (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ alkoxy-C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ alkyl, carboxyaldehyde)-C₁₋₆ alkyl, azido-C₁₋₆ alkyl, (carboxyaldehyde)-C₁₋₆ alkyl, halo-C₁₋₆ alkyl (e.g., perfluoroalkyl),

48

hydroxy- C_{1-6} alkyl, nitro- C_{1-6} alkyl, or C_{1-6} thioalkoxy- C_{1-6} alkyl); (3) C_{1-20} alkoxy (e.g., C_{1-6} alkoxy, such as perfluoroalkoxy); (4) C₁₋₆ alkylsulfinyl; (5) C₆₋₁₀ aryl; (6) amino; (7) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (8) azido; (9) C_{3-8} cycloalkyl; (10) $\rm C_{1\text{--}6}$ alk- $\rm C_{3\text{--}8}$ cycloalkyl; (11) halo; (12) $\rm C_{1\text{--}12}$ heterocyclyl (e.g., C_{1-12} heteroaryl); (13) (C_{1-12} heterocyclyl)oxy; (14) hydroxy; (15) nitro; (16) C_{1-20} thioalkoxy (e.g., C_{1-6} thioalkoxy); (17) —(CH₂)_qCO₂R^{A'}, where q is an integer from zero to four, and RA' is selected from the group consisting of (a) C₁₋₆ alkyl, (b) C₆₋₁₀ aryl, (c) hydrogen, and (d) alk-C₆₋₁₀ aryl; (18) — $(CH_2)_a CONR^B R^{C'}$, where q is an integer from zero to four and where $R^{B'}$ and $R^{C'}$ are independently selected from the group consisting of (a) hydrogen, (b) C₆₋₁₀ alkyl, (c) C_{6-10} aryl, and (d) alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (19) — $(CH_2)_q$ $SO_2R^{D'}$, where q is an integer from zero to four and where R^D is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{6-10} alkyl, (b) C_{6-10} aryl, and (c) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (20) — $(CH_2)_a$ $SO_2NR^{E'}R^{F'}$, where q is an integer from zero to four and where each of $R^{E'}$ and $R^{F'}$ is, independently, selected from the group consisting of (a) hydrogen, (b) C_{6-10} alkyl, (c) $\rm C_{6\text{--}10}$ aryl, and (d) $\rm C_{1\text{--}6}$ alk- $\rm C_{6\text{--}10}$ aryl; (21) thiol; (22) $\rm C_{6\text{--}10}$ aryloxy; (23) $\mathrm{C_{3\text{--}8}}$ cycloalkoxy; (24) $\mathrm{C_{6\text{--}10}}$ aryl- $\mathrm{C_{1\text{--}6}}$ alkoxy; (25) C_{1-6} alk- C_{1-12} heterocyclyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alk- C_{1-12} heteroaryl); (26) oxo; (27) C_{2-20} alkenyl; and (28) C_{2-20} alkynyl. In some embodiments, each of these groups can be further substituted as described herein. For example, the alkylene group of a C_1 -alkaryl or a C_1 -alkheterocyclyl can be further substituted with an oxo group to afford the respective aryloyl and (heterocyclyl)oyl substituent group.

The "cycloalkylalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents a cycloalkyl group, as defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group through an alkylene group, as defined herein (e.g., an alkylene group of from 1 to 4, from 1 to 6, from 1 to 10, or form 1 to 20 carbons). In some embodiments, the alkylene and the cycloalkyl each can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein for the respective group.

The term "diastereomer," as used herein means stereoisomers that are not mirror images of one another and are non-superimposable on one another.

The term "enantiomer," as used herein, means each individual optically active form of a compound of the invention, having an optical purity or enantiomeric excess (as determined by methods standard in the art) of at least 80% (i.e., at least 90% of one enantiomer and at most 10% of the other enantiomer), preferably at least 90% and more preferably at least 98%.

The term "halo," as used herein, represents a halogen selected from bromine, chlorine, iodine, or fluorine.

The term "heteroalkyl," as used herein, refers to an alkyl group, as defined herein, in which one or two of the constituent carbon atoms have each been replaced by nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur. In some embodiments, the heteroalkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein for alkyl groups. The terms "heteroalkenyl" and heteroalkynyl," as used herein refer to alkenyl and alkynyl groups, as defined herein, respectively, in which one or two of the constituent carbon atoms have each been replaced by nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur. In some embodiments, the heteroalkenyl and heteroalkynyl groups can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein for alkyl groups.

Non-limiting examples of optionally substituted heteroalkyl, heteroalkenyl, and heteroalkynyl groups include acyloxy, alkenyloxy, alkoxy, alkoxy, alkoxy, alkoxy, alkoxy, alkoxy, arylalkoxy, carboxy-alkoxy, alkynyloxy, aminoalkoxy, arylalkoxy, carboxy-

alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, haloalkoxy, (heterocyclyl)oxy, perfluoroalkoxy, thioalkoxy, and thioheterocyclylalkyl:

The "acyloxy" group, which as used herein, represents an acyl group, as defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group though an oxygen atom (i.e., -O-C(O)-R, where R is H or an optionally substituted C_{1-6} , C_{1-10} , or C_{1-20} alkyl group). Exemplary unsubstituted acyloxy groups include from 1 to 21 carbons (e.g., from 1 to 7 or from 1 to 11 carbons). In some embodiments, the alkyl group is further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as described herein.

The "alkenyloxy" group, which as used here, represents a chemical substituent of formula —OR, where R is a C_{2-20} alkenyl group (e.g., C_{2-6} or C_{2-10} alkenyl), unless otherwise specified. Exemplary alkenyloxy groups include ethenyloxy, and propenyloxy. In some embodiments, the alkenyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein (e.g., a hydroxy group).

The "alkoxy" group, which as used herein, represents a chemical substituent of formula —OR, where R is a C_{1-20} 20 alkyl group (e.g., C_{1-6} or C_{1-10} alkyl), unless otherwise specified. Exemplary alkoxy groups include methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy (e.g., n-propoxy and isopropoxy), and t-butoxy. In some embodiments, the alkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined 25 herein (e.g., hydroxy or alkoxy).

The "alkoxyalkoxy" group, which as used herein, represents an alkoxy group that is substituted with an alkoxy group. Exemplary unsubstituted alkoxyalkoxy groups include between 2 to 40 carbons (e.g., from 2 to 12 or from 30 2 to 20 carbons, such as C_{1-6} alkoxy- C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{1-10} alkoxy- C_{1-10} alkoxy, or C_{1-20} alkoxy- C_{1-20} alkoxy). In some embodiments, the each alkoxy group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein.

The "alkoxycarbonylalkoxy" group, which as used 35 herein, represents an alkoxy group, as defined herein, that is substituted with an alkoxycarbonyl group, as defined herein (e.g., —O-alkyl-C(O)—OR, where R is an optionally substituted C_{1-6} , C_{1-10} , or C_{1-20} alkyl group). Exemplary unsubstituted alkoxycarbonylalkoxy include from 3 to 41 carbons 40 (e.g., from 3 to 10, from 3 to 13, from 3 to 17, from 3 to 21, or from 3 to 31 carbons, such as C_{1-6} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{1-10} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-10} alkoxy, or C_{1-20} alkoxycarbonyl- C_{1-20} a

The "alkynyloxy" group, which as used herein, represents a chemical substituent of formula —OR, where R is a C_{2-20} alkynyl group (e.g., C_{2-6} or C_{2-10} alkynyl), unless otherwise specified. Exemplary alkynyloxy groups include ethynyloxy, and propynyloxy. In some embodiments, the alkynyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein (e.g., a hydroxy group).

The "aminoalkoxy" group, which as used herein, represents an alkoxy group, as defined herein, substituted with an 55 amino group, as defined herein. The alkyl and amino each can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein for the respective group (e.g., $\mathrm{CO}_2\mathrm{R}^{4'}$, where $\mathrm{R}^{4'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a) $\mathrm{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, (b) $\mathrm{C}_{6\text{-}10}$ aryl, (c) hydrogen, and (d) $\mathrm{C}_{1\text{-}6}$ alk- $\mathrm{C}_{6\text{-}10}$ 60 aryl, e.g., carboxy).

The "arylalkoxy" group, which as used herein, represents an alkaryl group, as defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group through an oxygen atom. Exemplary unsubstituted arylalkoxy groups include from 7 to 30 carbons (e.g., from 7 to 16 or from 7 to 20 carbons, such as C_{6-10} aryl- C_{1-6} alkoxy, C_{6-10} aryl- C_{1-10} alkoxy, or C_{6-10}

50

aryl- C_{1-20} alkoxy). In some embodiments, the arylalkoxy group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as defined herein.

The "aryloxy" group, which as used herein, represents a chemical substituent of formula —OR', where R' is an aryl group of 6 to 18 carbons, unless otherwise specified. In some embodiments, the aryl group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents as defined herein.

The "carboxyalkoxy" group, which as used herein, represents an alkoxy group, as defined herein, substituted with a carboxy group, as defined herein. The alkoxy group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein for the alkyl group, and the carboxy group can be optionally substituted with one or more O-protecting groups.

The "cycloalkoxy" group, which as used herein, represents a chemical substituent of formula —OR, where R is a C_{3-8} cycloalkyl group, as defined herein, unless otherwise specified. The cycloalkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein. Exemplary unsubstituted cycloalkoxy groups are from 3 to 8 carbons. In some embodiment, the cycloalkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein.

The "haloalkoxy" group, which as used herein, represents an alkoxy group, as defined herein, substituted with a halogen group (i.e., F, Cl, Br, or I). A haloalkoxy may be substituted with one, two, three, or, in the case of alkyl groups of two carbons or more, four halogens. Haloalkoxy groups include perfluoroalkoxys (e.g., —OCF₃), —OCHF₂, —OCH₂F, —OCCl₃, —OCH₂CH₂Br, —OCH₂CH (CH₂CH₂Br)CH₃, and —OCHICH₃. In some embodiments, the haloalkoxy group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein for alkyl groups.

The "(heterocyclyl)oxy" group, which as used herein, represents a heterocyclyl group, as defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group through an oxygen atom. In some embodiments, the heterocyclyl group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein.

The "perfluoroalkoxy" group, which as used herein, represents an alkoxy group, as defined herein, where each hydrogen radical bound to the alkoxy group has been replaced by a fluoride radical. Perfluoroalkoxy groups are exemplified by trifluoromethoxy.

The "alkylsulfinyl" group, which as used herein, represents an alkyl group attached to the parent molecular group through an —S(O)— group. Exemplary unsubstituted alkylsulfinyl groups are from 1 to 6, from 1 to 10, or from 1 to 20 carbons. In some embodiments, the alkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein.

The "thioarylalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents a chemical substituent of formula —SR, where R is an arylalkyl group. In some embodiments, the arylalkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein.

The "thioalkoxy" group as used herein, represents a chemical substituent of formula —SR, where R is an alkyl group, as defined herein. In some embodiments, the alkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein.

The "thioheterocyclylalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents a chemical substituent of formula —SR, where R is an heterocyclylalkyl group. In some embodiments, the heterocyclylalkyl group can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as described herein.

The term "heteroaryl," as used herein, represents that subset of heterocyclyls, as defined herein, which are aromatic: i.e., they contain 4n+2 pi electrons within the monoor multicyclic ring system.

Exemplary unsubstituted heteroaryl groups are of 1 to 12 5 (e.g., 1 to 11, 1 to 10, 1 to 9, 2 to 12, 2 to 11, 2 to 10, or 2 to 9) carbons. In some embodiment, the heteroaryl is substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents groups as defined for a heterocyclyl group.

The term "heteroarylalkyl" refers to a heteroaryl group, as 10 defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group through an alkylene group, as defined herein. Exemplary unsubstituted heteroarylalkyl groups are from 2 to 32 carbons (e.g., from 2 to 22, from 2 to 18, from 2 to 17, from 2 to 16, from 3 to 15, from 2 to 14, from 2 to 13, or from 2 to 12 carbons, such as C_{1-6} alk- C_{1-12} heteroaryl, C_{1-10} alk- C_{1-12} heteroaryl, or C_{1-20} alk- C_{1-12} heteroaryl). In some embodiments, the alkylene and the heteroaryl each can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein for the respective group. Heteroarylalkyl 20 groups are a subset of heterocyclylalkyl groups.

The term "heterocyclyl," as used herein represents a 5-, 6or 7-membered ring, unless otherwise specified, containing one, two, three, or four heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur. 25 The 5-membered ring has zero to two double bonds, and the 6- and 7-membered rings have zero to three double bonds. Exemplary unsubstituted heterocyclyl groups are of 1 to 12 (e.g., 1 to 11, 1 to 10, 1 to 9, 2 to 12, 2 to 11, 2 to 10, or 2 to 9) carbons. The term "heterocyclyl" also represents a 30 heterocyclic compound having a bridged multicyclic structure in which one or more carbons and/or heteroatoms bridges two non-adjacent members of a monocyclic ring, e.g., a quinuclidinyl group. The term "heterocyclyl" includes bicyclic, tricyclic, and tetracyclic groups in which any of the 35 above heterocyclic rings is fused to one, two, or three carbocyclic rings, e.g., an aryl ring, a cyclohexane ring, a cyclohexene ring, a cyclopentane ring, a cyclopentene ring, or another monocyclic heterocyclic ring, such as indolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, tetrahydroquinolyl, benzofuryl, and 40 benzothienyl. Examples of fused heterocyclyls include tropanes and 1,2,3,5,8,8a-hexahydroindolizine. Heterocyclics include pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrazolyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrazolidinyl, imidazolyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolidinyl, pyridyl, piperidinyl, homopiperidinyl, pyrazinyl, 45 piperazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyridazinyl, oxazolyl, oxazolidinyl, isoxazolyl, isoxazolidiniyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, thiazolyl, thiazolidinyl, isothiazolyl, isothiazolidinyl, indolyl, indazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, quinoxalinyl, dihydroquinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, cinnolinyl, phthalazinyl, ben- 50 zimidazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, furyl, thienyl, thiazolidinyl, isothiazolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, oxadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl), purinyl, thiadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl), tetrahydrofuranyl, dihydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothienyl, dihydrothienyl, dihy- 55 droindolyl, dihydroquinolyl, tetrahydroquinolyl, tetrahydroisoquinolyl, dihydroisoquinolyl, pyranyl, dihydropyranyl, dithiazolyl, benzofuranyl, isobenzofuranyl, and benzothienyl, including dihydro and tetrahydro forms thereof, where one or more double bonds are reduced and 60 replaced with hydrogens. Still other exemplary heterocyclyls include: 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-oxo-oxazolyl; 2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-imidazolyl; 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-5-oxo-1Hpyrazolyl (e.g., 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2-phenyl-5-oxo-1Hpyrazolyl); 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,4-dioxo-1H-imidazolyl 65 (e.g., 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-2,4-dioxo-5-methyl-5-phenyl-1Himidazolyl); 2,3-dihydro-2-thioxo-1,3,4-oxadiazolyl (e.g.,

52

2,3-dihydro-2-thioxo-5-phenyl-1,3,4-oxadiazolyl); 4,5-dihydro-5-oxo-1H-triazolyl (e.g., 4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-4amino 5-oxo-1H-triazolyl); 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,4-dioxopvridinvl (e.g., 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,4-dioxo-3,3diethylpyridinyl); 2,6-dioxo-piperidinyl (e.g., 2,6-dioxo-3ethyl-3-phenylpiperidinyl); 1,6-dihydro-6-oxopyridiminyl; 1.6-dihydro-4-oxopyrimidinyl (e.g., 2-(methylthio)-1.6-dihydro-4-oxo-5-methylpyrimidin-1-yl); 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2, 4-dioxopyrimidinyl (e.g., 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,4-dioxo-3ethylpyrimidinyl); 1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-pyridazinyl (e.g., 1,6dihydro-6-oxo-3-ethylpyridazinyl); 1,6-dihydro-6-oxo-1,2, 1,6-dihydro-5-isopropyl-6-oxo-1,2,4-(e.g., triazinyl); 2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-indolyl (e.g., dimethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-indolyl and 2,3-dihydro-2oxo-3,3'-spiropropane-1H-indol-1-yl); 1,3-dihydro-1-oxo-1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-iso-indolyl; 2H-iso-indolyl; 1H-benzopyrazolyl (e.g., 1-(ethoxycarbonyl)-1H-benzopy-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-benzimidazolyl razolvl): 3-ethyl-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-benzimidazolyl); hydro-2-oxo-benzoxazolyl (e.g., 5-chloro-2,3-dihydro-2-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-benzoxazolyl; oxo-benzoxazolyl); 2-oxo-2H-benzopyranyl; 1,4-benzodioxanyl; 1,3-benzodioxanyl; 2,3-dihydro-3-oxo,4H-1,3-benzothiazinyl; 3,4-dihydro-4-oxo-3H-quinazolinyl (e.g., 2-methyl-3,4-dihydro-4-oxo-3H-quinazolinyl); 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,4-dioxo-3Hquinazolyl (e.g., 1-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,4-dioxo-3Hquinazolyl); 1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-2,6-dioxo-7H-purinyl (e.g., 1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-1,3-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-7H-purinyl); 1,2, 3,6-tetrahydro-2,6-dioxo-1H-purinyl (e.g., 1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-3,7-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-1H-purinyl); 2-oxobenz[c,d] indolyl; 1,1-dioxo-2H-naphth[1,8-c,d]isothiazolyl; and 1,8naphthylenedicarboxamido. Additional heterocyclics include 3,3a,4,5,6,6a-hexahydro-pyrrolo[3,4-b]pyrrol-(2H)yl, and 2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl, homopiperazinyl (or diazepanyl), tetrahydropyranyl, dithiazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothienyl, oxepanyl, thiepanyl, azocanyl, oxecanyl, and thiocanyl. Heterocyclic groups also include groups of the formula

where

E' is selected from the group consisting of -N- and —CH—; F' is selected from the group consisting of -N = CH -, $-NH - CH_2 -$, -NH - C(O) -, -NH -, ---C(O)---NH--CH=N-, -CH=CH-, -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH₂O-, -OCH₂-, -O-, and -S-; and G' is selected from the group consisting of —CH— and —N—. Any of the heterocyclyl groups mentioned herein may be optionally substituted with one, two, three, four or five substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: (1) C_{1-7} acyl (e.g., carboxyaldehyde); (2) C_{1-20} alkyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy- C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylsulfinyl- C_{1-6} alkyl, amino- C_{1-6} alkyl, azido- C_{1-6} alkyl, (carboxyaldehyde)- C_{1-6} alkyl, halo- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl (e.g., perfluoroalkyl), hydroxy- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, nitro- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, or $C_{1\text{-}6}$ thioalkoxy- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl); (3) $C_{1\text{-}20}$ alkoxy (e.g., C₁₋₆ alkoxy, such as perfluoroalkoxy); (4) C₁₋₆ alkylsulfinyl; (5) C₆₋₁₀ aryl; (6) amino; (7) C₁₋₆ alk-C₆₋₁₀ aryl; (8) azido; (9) C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl; (10) C₁₋₆ alk-C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl; (11) halo; (12) C_{1-12} heterocyclyl (e.g., C_{2-12} heteroaryl); (13)

 $(C_{1-12} \text{ heterocyclyl})$ oxy; (14) hydroxy; (15) nitro; (16) C_{1-20} thioalkoxy (e.g., C_{1-6} thioalkoxy); (17) — $(CH_2)_q CO_2 R^{A'}$, where q is an integer from zero to four, and $R^{A'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-6} alkyl, (b) C_{6-10} aryl, (c) hydrogen, and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (18) — $(CH_2)_q CON$ - $R^{E}R^{D'}$, where q is an integer from zero to four and where $R^{B'}$ and R^{C'} are independently selected from the group consisting of (a) hydrogen, (b) C_{1-6} alkyl, (c) C_{6-10} aryl, and (d) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (19) — $(CH_2)_qSO_2R^{D'}$, where q is an integer from zero to four and where $R^{D'}$ is selected from the group consisting of (a) C_{1-6} alkyl, (b) C_{6-10} aryl, and (c) C_{1-6} alk- C_{6-10} aryl; (20) — $(CH_2)_qSO_2NR^ER^F$, where q is an integer from zero to four and where each of $R^{E'}$ and $R^{F'}$ is, independently, selected from the group consisting of (a) hydrogen, (b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, (c) C₆₋₁₀ aryl, and (d) C₁₋₆ alk-C₆₋₁₀ aryl; (21) thiol; (22) C_{6-10} aryloxy; (23) C_{3-8} cycloalkoxy; (24) arylalkoxy; (25) C_{1-6} alk- C_{1-12} heterocyclyl (e.g., C_{1-6} alk- C_{1-12} heteroaryl); (26) oxo; (27) (C_{1-12} heterocyclyl) imino; (28) C_{2-20} alkenyl; and (29) C_{2-20} alkynyl. In some 20 embodiments, each of these groups can be further substituted as described herein. For example, the alkylene group of a C1-alkaryl or a C1-alkheterocyclyl can be further substituted with an oxo group to afford the respective aryloyl and (heterocyclyl)oyl substituent group.

The "heterocyclylalkyl" group, which as used herein, represents a heterocyclyl group, as defined herein, attached to the parent molecular group through an alkylene group, as defined herein. Exemplary unsubstituted heterocyclylalkyl groups are from 2 to 32 carbons (e.g., from 2 to 22, from 2 to 18, from 2 to 17, from 2 to 16, from 3 to 15, from 2 to 14, from 2 to 13, or from 2 to 12 carbons, such as $\rm C_{1-6}$ alk- $\rm C_{1-12}$ heterocyclyl, $\rm C_{1-10}$ alk- $\rm C_{1-12}$ heterocyclyl). In some embodiments, the alkylene and the heterocyclyl each can be further substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups as defined herein for the respective group.

The term "hydrocarbon," as used herein, represents a group consisting only of carbon and hydrogen atoms.

The term "hydroxy," as used herein, represents an —OH group. In some embodiments, the hydroxy group can be substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituent groups (e.g., O-protecting groups) as defined herein for an alkyl.

The term "isomer," as used herein, means any tautomer, 45 stereoisomer, enantiomer, or diastereomer of any compound of the invention. It is recognized that the compounds of the invention can have one or more chiral centers and/or double bonds and, therefore, exist as stereoisomers, such as doublebond isomers (i.e., geometric E/Z isomers) or diastereomers 50 (e.g., enantiomers (i.e., (+) or (-)) or cis/trans isomers). According to the invention, the chemical structures depicted herein, and therefore the compounds of the invention, encompass all of the corresponding stereoisomers, that is, both the stereomerically pure form (e.g., geometrically pure, 55 enantiomerically pure, or diastereomerically pure) and enantiomeric and stereoisomeric mixtures, e.g., racemates. Enantiomeric and stereoisomeric mixtures of compounds of the invention can typically be resolved into their component enantiomers or stereoisomers by well-known methods, such 60 as chiral-phase gas chromatography, chiral-phase high performance liquid chromatography, crystallizing the compound as a chiral salt complex, or crystallizing the compound in a chiral solvent. Enantiomers and stereoisomers can also be obtained from stereomerically or enantiomerically pure intermediates, reagents, and catalysts by wellknown asymmetric synthetic methods.

54

The term "N-protected amino," as used herein, refers to an amino group, as defined herein, to which is attached one or two N-protecting groups, as defined herein.

The term "N-protecting group," as used herein, represents those groups intended to protect an amino group against undesirable reactions during synthetic procedures. Commonly used N-protecting groups are disclosed in Greene, "Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis," 3rd Edition (John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1999), which is incorporated herein by reference. N-protecting groups include acyl, aryloyl, or carbamyl groups such as formyl, acetyl, propionyl, pivaloyl, t-butylacetyl, 2-chloroacetyl, 2-bromoacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, phthalyl, o-nitrophenoxyacetyl, α-chlorobutyryl, benzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 4-bromobenzoyl, 4-nitrobenzoyl, and chiral auxiliaries such as protected or unprotected D, L or D, L-amino acids such as alanine, leucine, and phenylalanine; sulfonyl-containing groups such as benzenesulfonyl, and p-toluenesulfonyl; carbamate forming groups such as benzyloxycarbonyl, p-chlorobenzyloxycarbonyl, p-methoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, p-nitrobenzyloxy-2-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl, p-bromobenzyloxycarbonyl, 3,4-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 3,5-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 2,4-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 4-methoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 2-nitro-4,5-dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, trimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, 1-(p-biphenylyl)-1methylethoxycarbonyl, α , α -dimethyl-3,5dimethoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, benzhydryloxy carbonyl, t-butyloxycarbonyl, diisopropylmethoxycarbonyl, isopropyloxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl, 2,2,2,-trichloroethoxycarbonyl, phenoxycarbonyl, 4-nitrophenoxy carbonyl, fluorenyl-9-methoxycarbonyl, cyclopentyloxycarbonyl, adamantyloxycarbonyl, cyclohexyloxycarbonyl, and phenylthiocarbonyl, alkaryl groups such as benzyl, triphenylmethyl, and benzyloxymethyl, and silyl groups, such as trimethylsilyl. Preferred N-protecting groups are formyl, acetyl, benzoyl, pivaloyl, t-butylacetyl, alanyl, phenylsulfonyl, benzyl, t-butyloxycarbonyl (Boc), and benzyloxycarbonyl (Cbz).

The term "nitro," as used herein, represents an $-NO_2$ group.

The term "O-protecting group," as used herein, represents those groups intended to protect an oxygen containing (e.g., phenol, hydroxyl, or carbonyl) group against undesirable reactions during synthetic procedures. Commonly used O-protecting groups are disclosed in Greene, "Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis," 3rd Edition (John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1999), which is incorporated herein by reference. Exemplary O-protecting groups include acyl, aryloyl, or carbamyl groups, such as formyl, acetyl, propionyl, pivaloyl, t-butylacetyl, 2-chloroacetyl, 2-bromoacetyl, trifluoroacetyl, trichloroacetyl, phthalyl, o-nitrophenoxyacetyl, a-chlorobutyryl, benzoyl, 4-chlorobenzoyl, 4-bromobenzoyl, t-butyldimethylsilyl, tri-iso-propylsilyloxymethyl, 4,4'-dimethoxytrityl, isobutyryl, phenoxyacetyl, 4-isopropylpehenoxyacetyl, dimethylformamidino, and 4-nitrobenzoyl; alkylcarbonyl groups, such as acyl, acetyl, propionyl, and pivaloyl; optionally substituted arylcarbonyl groups, such as benzoyl; silyl groups, such as trimethylsilyl (TMS), tert-butyldimethylsilyl (TBDMS), tri-iso-propylsilyloxymethyl (TOM), and triisopropylsilyl (TIPS); etherforming groups with the hydroxyl, such methyl, methoxymethyl, tetrahydropyranyl, benzyl, p-methoxybenzyl, and trityl; alkoxycarbonyls, such as methoxycarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, isopropoxycarbonyl, n-isopropoxycarbonyl, n-butyloxycarbonyl, isobutyloxycarbonyl, sec-butyloxycarbonyl, t-butyloxycarbonyl, 2-ethylhexyloxycarbonyl,

cyclohexyloxycarbonyl, and methyloxycarbonyl; alkoxyalkoxycarbonyl groups, such as methoxymethoxycarbonyl, ethoxymethoxycarbonyl, 2-methoxyethoxycarbonyl, 2-ethoxyethoxycarbonyl, 2-butoxyethoxycarbonyl, 2-methoxyethoxymethoxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl, prop- 5 argyloxycarbonyl, 2-butenoxycarbonyl, and 3-methyl-2butenoxycarbonyl; haloalkoxycarbonyls, such as 2-chloroethoxycarbonyl, 2-chloroethoxycarbonyl, and 2,2,2trichloroethoxycarbonyl; optionally substituted arylalkoxycarbonyl groups, such as benzyloxycarbonyl, 10 p-methylbenzyloxycarbonyl, p-methoxybenzyloxycarbonyl, p-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl, 2,4-dinitrobenzyloxycarbonyl, 3,5-dimethylbenzyloxycarbonyl, p-chlorobenzyloxycarbonyl, p-bromobenzyloxy-carbonyl, and fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl; and optionally substituted aryloxycarbonyl 15 groups, such as phenoxycarbonyl, p-nitrophenoxycarbonyl, o-nitrophenoxycarbonyl, 2,4-dinitrophenoxycarbonyl, p-methyl-phenoxycarbonyl, m-methylphenoxycarbonyl, o-bromophenoxycarbonyl, 3,5-dimethylphenoxycarbonyl, p-chlorophenoxycarbonyl, and 2-chloro-4-nitrophenoxy- 20 carbonyl); substituted alkyl, aryl, and alkaryl ethers (e.g., trityl; methylthiomethyl; methoxymethyl; benzyloxymethyl; siloxymethyl; 2,2,2,-trichloroethoxymethyl; tetrahydropyranyl; tetrahydrofuranyl; ethoxyethyl; 1[2-(trimethylsilypethoxylethyl; 2-trimethylsilylethyl; t-butyl ether; p-chloro- 25 p-methoxyphenyl, p-nitrophenyl, p-methoxybenzyl, and nitrobenzyl); silyl ethers (e.g., trimethylsilyl; triethylsilyl; triisopropylsilyl; dimethylisopropylsilyl; t-butyldimethylsilyl; t-butyldiphenylsilyl; tribenzylsilyl; triphenylsilyl; and diphenymethylsilyl); carbonates 30 (e.g., methyl, methoxymethyl, 9-fluorenylmethyl; ethyl; 2,2, 2-trichloroethyl; 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl; vinyl, allyl, nitrophenyl; benzyl; methoxybenzyl; 3,4-dimethoxybenzyl; and nitrobenzyl); carbonyl-protecting groups (e.g., acetal and ketal groups, such as dimethyl acetal, and 1,3-dioxolane; 35 acylal groups; and dithiane groups, such as 1,3-dithianes, and 1,3-dithiolane); carboxylic acid-protecting groups (e.g., ester groups, such as methyl ester, benzyl ester, t-butyl ester, and orthoesters; and oxazoline groups.

The term "oxo" as used herein, represents —O.

The prefix "perfluoro," as used herein, represents anyl group, as defined herein, where each hydrogen radical bound to the alkyl group has been replaced by a fluoride radical. For example, perfluoroalkyl groups are exemplified by trifluoromethyl.

The term "protected hydroxyl," as used herein, refers to an oxygen atom bound to an O-protecting group.

The term "spirocyclyl," as used herein, represents a C_{2-7} alkylene diradical, both ends of which are bonded to the same carbon atom of the parent group to form a spirocyclic 50 group, and also a C_{1-6} heteroalkylene diradical, both ends of which are bonded to the same atom. The heteroalkylene radical forming the spirocyclyl group can containing one, two, three, or four heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, and sulfur. In some 55 embodiments, the spirocyclyl group includes one to seven carbons, excluding the carbon atom to which the diradical is attached. The spirocyclyl groups of the invention may be optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3, or 4 substituents provided herein as optional substituents for cycloalkyl and/or heterocyclyl groups.

The term "stereoisomer," as used herein, refers to all possible different isomeric as well as conformational forms which a compound may possess (e.g., a compound of any formula described herein), in particular all possible stereochemically and conformationally isomeric forms, all diastereomers, enantiomers and/or conformers of the basic

56

molecular structure. Some compounds of the present invention may exist in different tautomeric forms, all of the latter being included within the scope of the present invention.

The term "sulfonyl," as used herein, represents an —S(O)₂— group.

The term "thiol," as used herein represents an —SH group.

Definitions

The term "angiogenic disorder," used herein, refers to a disorder characterized by pathological angiogenesis. A disorder characterized by pathological angiogenesis refers to a disorder where abnormal or aberrant angiogenesis, alone or in combination with others, contributes to causation, origination, or symptom of the disorder. Examples of this disorder include various cancers (e.g., vascularized tumors), eye disorders, inflammatory disorders, and others.

Typical vascularized tumors that can be treated with the methods of the invention include solid tumors, particularly carcinomas, which require a vascular component for the provision of oxygen and nutrients. Exemplary solid tumors include, but are not limited to, carcinomas of the lung, breast, bone, ovary, stomach, pancreas, larynx, esophagus, testes, liver, parotid, biliary tract, colon, rectum, cervix, uterus, endometrium, kidney, bladder, prostate, thyroid, squamous cell carcinomas, adenocarcinomas, small cell carcinomas, melanomas, gliomas, glioblastomas, neuroblastomas, Kaposi's sarcoma, and sarcomas.

The term "cancer" refers to any cancer caused by the proliferation of malignant neoplastic cells, such as tumors, neoplasms, carcinomas, sarcomas, leukemias, and lymphomas.

"Cell migration" as used in this application involves the invasion by the cancer cells into the surrounding tissue and the crossing of the vessel wall to exit the vasculature in distal organs of the cancer cell.

By "cell migration cancers" is meant cancers that migrate 40 by invasion by the cancer cells into the surrounding tissue and the crossing of the vessel wall to exit the vasculature in distal organs of the cancer cell.

As used herein, "drug resistant cancer" refers to any cancer that is resistant to an antiproliferative in Table 3.

As used herein, "metastatic nodule" refers to an aggregation of tumor cells in the body at a site other than the site of the original tumor.

As used herein, "metastatic tumor" refers to a tumor or cancer in which the cancer cells forming the tumor have a high potential to or have begun to, metastasize, or spread from one location to another location or locations within a subject, via the lymphatic system or via haematogenous spread, for example, creating secondary tumors within the subject. Such metastatic behavior may be indicative of malignant tumors. In some cases, metastatic behavior may be associated with an increase in cell migration and/or invasion behavior of the tumor cells.

Examples of cancers that can be defined as metastatic include but are not limited to non-small cell lung cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, colorectal cancer, biliary tract cancer, bladder cancer, brain cancer including glioblastomas and medullablastomas, cervical cancer, choriocarcinoma, endometrial cancer, esophageal cancer, gastric cancer, hematological neoplasms, multiple myeloma, leukemia, intraepithelial neoplasms, livercancer, lymphomas, neuroblastomas, oral cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, sarcoma, skin cancer including melanoma, basocellular can-

cer, squamous cell cancer, testicular cancer, stromal tumors, germ cell tumors, thyroid cancer, and renal cancer.

As used herein, "migrating cancer" refers to a cancer in which the cancer cells forming the tumor migrate and subsequently grow as malignant implants at a site other than 5 the site of the original tumor. The cancer cells migrate via seeding the surface of the peritoneal, pleural, pericardial, or subarachnoid spaces to spread into the body cavities; via invasion of the lymphatic system through invasion of lymphatic cells and transport to regional and distant lymph 10 nodes and then to other parts of the body; via haematogenous spread through invasion of blood cells; or via invasion of the surrounding tissue. Migrating cancers include metastatic tumors and cell migration cancers, such as ovarian cancer, mesothelioma, and primary lung cancer, each of 15 which is characterized by cellular migration.

"Non-metastatic cell migration cancer" as used herein refers to cancers that do not migrate via the lymphatic system or via haematogenous spread.

"Progression-free survival" as used herein, refers to the 20 length of time during and after medication or treatment during which the disease being treated (e.g., cancer) does not get worse. "Proliferation" as used in this application involves reproduction or multiplication of similar forms (cells) due to constituting (cellular) elements.

As used herein, "slowing the spread of metastasis" refers to reducing or stopping the formation of new loci; or reducing, stopping, or reversing the tumor load.

As used herein, "slowing the spread of migrating cancer" refers to reducing or stopping the formation of new loci; or 30 reducing, stopping, or reversing the tumor load.

As used herein, and as well understood in the art, "to treat" a condition or "treatment" of the condition (e.g., the conditions described herein such as cancer) is an approach for obtaining beneficial or desired results, such as clinical 35 results. Beneficial or desired results can include, but are not limited to, alleviation or amelioration of one or more symptoms or conditions; diminishment of extent of disease, disorder, or condition; stabilized (i.e., not worsening) state of disease, disorder, or condition; preventing spread of 40 disease, disorder, or condition; delay or slowing the progress of the disease, disorder, or condition; amelioration or palliation of the disease, disorder, or condition; and remission (whether partial or total), whether detectable or undetectable. "Palliating" a disease, disorder, or condition means that 45 the extent and/or undesirable clinical manifestations of the disease, disorder, or condition are lessened and/or time course of the progression is slowed or lengthened, as compared to the extent or time course in the absence of treatment.

As used herein, "tumor seeding" refers to the spillage of tumor cell clusters and their subsequent growth as malignant implants at a site other than the site of the original tumor.

Unless otherwise defined, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly 55 understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. Methods and materials are described herein for use in the present disclosure; other, suitable methods and materials known in the art can also be used. The materials, methods, and examples are illustrative only 60 and not intended to be limiting. All publications, patent applications, patents, sequences, database entries, and other references mentioned herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety. In case of conflict, the present specification, including definitions, will control.

The details of one or more embodiments of the invention are set forth in the description below. Other features, objects,

and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the description and from the claims.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention features methods for preventing or reducing aberrant proliferation, differentiation, or survival of cells. For example, compounds of the invention may be useful in reducing the risk of, or preventing, tumors from increasing in size or from reaching a metastatic state. The subject compounds may be administered to halt the progression or advancement of cancer. In addition, the instant invention includes use of the subject compounds to reduce the risk of, or prevent, a recurrence of cancer.

Compounds

The invention features compounds useful in the treatment of cancer. Exemplary compounds described herein include compounds having a structure according to Formula I as described herein:

wherein A is:

Formula Ia R.
$$\mathbb{R}^{d}$$
 \mathbb{R}^{d} $\mathbb{R}^{$

Formula Ie

Formula If

Formula Ig

-continued

$$\mathbb{R}^{L} \overset{\text{OH}}{\underset{(\mathbb{R}^{N})_{i}}{\bigvee}} \overset{\text{Z-}}{\underset{\mathcal{C}}{\bigvee}} ,$$

$$O = \left(\frac{\mathbb{R}^{Q} - \mathbb{R}^{P}}{\mathbb{R}^{R}} \right)_{j}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^T$$
 $\mathbb{R}^{U_{j_k}}$
 $\mathbb{R}^{U_{j_k}}$
 $\mathbb{R}^{U_{j_k}}$

wherein e, f, g, h, and i are independently 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4; j is 0, 1, 2, or 3;

k is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8;

1 is 0, 1, or 2;

 $R^4,\,R^C,\,R^I,\,R^L,\,R^M,$ and R^T are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkyl substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted or optionally sub

stituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; R^D , R^C , and R^R are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, optionally substituted amino, azido, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C_8 - C_{12} cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

 C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; each R^B , R^F , R^H , R^K , R^N , and R^S are independently

 C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

each K , K , K , K , K , and K are independently hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_8\text{-}C_{12}$ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl

.

 R^J is hydrogen, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkynyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_9\text{-}C_{12}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_9\text{-}C_{12}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl or R^J and R^K combine to form an optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl or R^J and R^K combine to form an optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl;

substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, R^U is hydroxyl, oxo, optionally substituted amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_8 - C_{12} cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted

 C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; and C_8 is absent, C_9 , C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_9 alkyl; and C_9 is absent, C_9 , $C_$

a is 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8;

b, c, and d are independently 0 or 1;

each R^1 , R^2 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , and R^9 are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, optionally substituted amino, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkynyl, optionally substituted

 $C_1\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heteroaryl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl; or R^1 and R^2 combine to form an optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl; or R^6 and R^7 combine to form an optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl; or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl; or optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl; or R^8 and R^9 combine to form an optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl; or R^8 and R^9 combine to form an optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_9$ heterocyclyl; or opti

 R^3 is hydrogen, hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroxylyl:

stituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl; R^4 and R^5 are independently hydrogen, hydroxyl, halo, optionally substituted amino, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 acyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 alkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C_4 - C_{10}

cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl C_1 - C_6 alkyl; and B is optionally substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C_3 - C_9 aryl optionally substituted C_3 - C_9 bet-

substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl, optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heteroaryl, or optionally substituted C_2 - C_9 heterocyclyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and/or a

prodrug thereof.

In some embodiments, the compound is a prodrug or a 10 pharmaceutically acceptable salt of a prodrug (e.g., A includes a moiety — OR^{ν} , wherein R^{ν} is:

wherein each R' and R" is independently hydrogen, optionally substituted $\rm C_1$ - $\rm C_6$ alkyl, such as methyl or t-butyl, 40 or optionally substituted $\rm C_6$ - $\rm C_{10}$ aryl $\rm C_1$ - $\rm C_6$ alkyl, such as

For example, in some embodiments A is:

Other embodiments (e.g., any compound described herein), as well as exemplary methods for the synthesis of 35 these compounds, are described herein.

Utility and Administration

The compounds described herein (e.g., a compound according to Formula I or any of compound of Table 1 or Table 4) are useful in the methods of the invention and, while not bound by theory, are believed to exert their desirable effects through their ability to act as LXR agonists. The compounds described herein (e.g., a compound according to Formula I or any of Table 1 or Table 4) can also be used for the treatment of certain conditions such as cancer.

While nuclear hormone receptors have emerged as key therapeutic targets in hormonally driven cancers, their potential for therapeutic benefit in non-hormonally induced epithelial cancers has not been explored. Melanoma, a non-hormonally driven carcinoma with steeply increasing incidence, represents the most aggressive type of skin cancer that incurs ~48,000 deaths annually worldwide (Lucas et al., 2006). Presently, there are no effective therapies for the prevention of melanoma metastasis, with interferon alpha (IFN-α), the only FDA-approved adjuvant therapy in melanoma, conferring a 5-year overall survival benefit of an inappreciable 1-3% (Garbe et al., Oncologist, 2011, 16(1): 5-24). The poor clinical prognosis and the lack of curative and preventative therapies for patients with advanced (stages IV) melanoma necessitate the development and implementation of novel approaches that prevent metastatic relapse rates in this cancer. LXRB is the major LXR isoform expressed by melanoma cells and pharmacologic modulation of LXRB strongly inhibits melanoma progression phenotypes—cell invasion, endothelial recruitment, tumor progression, and metastasis. LXRB targeting mediates melanoma suppression through the transcriptional induction of cancer-derived and systemic ApoE—a potent metastasis suppressor in melanoma.

LXR α and LXR β , initially discovered by multiple groups at roughly the same time, belong to a family of nuclear hormone receptors that are endogenously activated by cholesterol and its oxidized derivatives to mediate transcription of genes involved in maintaining glucose, cholesterol, and fatty acid metabolism. Given the intricate link between lipid metabolism and cancer cell growth (Cairns et al., Nat Rev Cancer, 2011 February; 11(2):85-95), the ubiquitous expression of LXR β in melanoma is unlikely to be coincidental, allowing melanoma cells to synthesize lipids and lipoprotein particles to sustain their growth. At the same time, however, such stable basal expression levels make LXR β an ideal therapeutic target, as exemplified by the broad-ranging responsiveness of melanoma cells to LXR β activation therapy.

Compounds have been shown to have selectivity for LXR β or LXR α . This selectivity may allow for increased activity and/or decreased off target effects. Examples of compounds with selectivity towards LXR β or LXR α are shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2

EC_{50} values for selected compounds against LXR $\!\alpha$ and LXR $\!\beta$			
Compound	EC_{50} – $LXR\alpha$ (nM)	EC ₅₀ – LXRβ (nM)	
CI CF3 OH	200	40	
GW3965			

TABLE 2-continued

EC ₅₀ values for selected compounds against LXRα and LXRβ				
Compound		EC ₅₀ – LXRβ (nM)		
CF ₃ CH ₃ OH	74	25		
SB742881 QH	20	50		
F ₃ C OH CF ₃ O CF ₃ TO901317	20	50		
CF ₃ Cl F N N LXR-623	179	24		

As used herein, reference to the activity of an LXR agonist at LXR α and LXR β refer to the activity as measured using the ligand sensing assay (LiSA) described in Spencer et al. J. Med. Chem. 2001, 44, 886-897, incorporated herein by reference. In some embodiments, the LXR agonist has an 60 EC $_{50}$ of less than 1 μ M in the ligand sensing assay (e.g., 0.5 nm to 500 nM, 10 nM to 100 nM). For example, the methods of the invention can be performed using an LXR β agonist having activity for LXR β that is at least 3-fold greater than the activity of the agonist for LXR α , or having activity for 65 LXR β that is at least 10-fold greater than the activity of the agonist for LXR α , or having activity for LXR β that is at

least 100-fold greater than the activity of the agonist for LXR α , or having activity for LXR β that is at least within 3-fold of the activity of the agonist for LXR α . The term "greater activity" in the LiSA assay assay refers to a lower EC₅₀. For example, GW3965 has approximately 6-fold greater activity for LXR β (EC₅₀=40) compared to LXR α (EC₅₀=200).

As used herein, the term "increases the level of ApoE expression in vitro" refers to certain LXR agonists capable of increasing the level of ApoE expression 2.5-fold in the qPCR assay of Example 1 at a concentration of less than 5 μ M (e.g., at a concentration of 100 nM to 2 μ M, at a

concentration of less than or equal to 1 $\mu M).$ The LXR agonists exhibiting this in vitro effect can be highly efficacious for use in the methods of the invention.

As used herein, the term "increases the level of ApoE expression in vivo" refers to certain LXR agonists capable 5 of increasing the level of ApoE expression 2.5-fold in the whole blood gene expression analysis assay of Example 4 at a concentration of less than 5 μ M (e.g., at a concentration of 100 nM to 2 μ M, at a concentration of less than or equal to 1 μ M). The LXR agonists exhibiting this in vivo effect can 10 be highly efficacious for use in the methods of the invention. Treatment Methods

As disclosed herein, and known in the art (e.g., as disclosed in Pencheva et al. Cell 151(5): 1068-1082, 2012 incorporated herein by reference) ApoE and LXR function 15 as metastasis suppressors or inhibitors of the same process. Cancer-secreted ApoE suppresses invasion and endothelial recruitment by activating melanoma cell LRP1 and endothelial LRP8 receptors, respectively. Accordingly, this invention provides methods for treating cancer via increasing in 20 the subject the expression level or activity level of ApoE.

Compounds that increase expression of ApoE or are LXR agonists have been shown to be effective in the treatment of murine models of atherosclerosis, diabetes, anti-inflammation, and Alzheimer's disease as disclosed in Li et al. Expert 25 Opin. Ther. Pat. 20(4):535-562, 2010, herein incorporated by reference.

The invention also provides methods for treating in a subject an angiogenic disorder or a disorder of angiogenesis. The terms "angiogenic disorder," "disorder of angiogenesis," and "angiogenesis disorder" are used interchangeably herein, and refer to a disorder characterized by pathological angiogenesis. A disorder characterized by pathological angiogenesis refers to a disorder where abnormal or aberrant angiogenesis, alone or in combination with others, contributes to causation, origination, or symptom of the disorder. Examples of this disorder include various cancers (e.g., vascularized tumors), eye disorders, inflammatory disorders, and others.

Typical vascularized tumors that can be treated with the 40 method include solid tumors, particularly carcinomas, which require a vascular component for the provision of oxygen and nutrients. Exemplary solid tumors include, but are not limited to, carcinomas of the lung, breast, bone, ovary, stomach, pancreas, larynx, esophagus, testes, liver, parotid, 45 biliary tract, colon, rectum, cervix, uterus, endometrium, kidney, bladder, prostate, thyroid, squamous cell carcinomas, adenocarcinomas, small cell carcinomas, melanomas, gliomas, glioblastomas, neuroblastomas, Kaposi's sarcoma, and sarcomas.

A number of disorders or conditions, other than cancer, also can be treated with the above-described method. Examples include arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis, atherosclerosis, diabetic retinopathy, age-related macular degeneration, Grave's disease, vascular restenosis (including restenosis following angioplasty), arteriovenous malformations (AVM), meningioma, hemangioma, neovascular glaucoma, chronic kidney disease, diabetic nephropathy, polycystic kidney disease, interstitial lung disease, pulmonary hypertension, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), emphysema, autoimmune hepatitis, chronic inflammatory liver disease, hepatic cirrhosis, cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, rosacea, and basal cell carcinoma.

Other treatment targets include those described in, e.g., US Applications 2009004297, 20090175791, and 65 20070161553, such as angiofibroma, atherosclerotic plaques, corneal graft neovascularization, hemophilic joints,

68

hypertrophic scars, Osler-Weber syndrome, pyogenic granuloma retrolental fibroplasia, scleroderma, trachoma, vascular adhesions, synovitis, dermatitis, various other inflammatory diseases and disorders, and endometriosis.

Treating cancer can result in a reduction in size or volume of a tumor. For example, after treatment, tumor size is reduced by 5% or greater (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90% or greater) relative to its size prior to treatment. Size of a tumor may be measured by any reproducible means of measurement. The size of a tumor may be measured as a diameter of the tumor or by any reproducible means of measurement.

Treating cancer may further result in a decrease in number of tumors. For example, after treatment, tumor number is reduced by 5% or greater (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90% or greater) relative to number prior to treatment. Number of tumors may be measured by any reproducible means of measurement. The number of tumors may be measured by counting tumors visible to the naked eye or at a specified magnification (e.g., $2\times$, $3\times$, $4\times$, $5\times$, $10\times$, or $50\times$).

Treating cancer can result in a decrease in number of metastatic nodules in other tissues or organs distant from the primary tumor site. For example, after treatment, the number of metastatic nodules is reduced by 5% or greater (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90% or greater) relative to number prior to treatment. The number of metastatic noduless may be measured by any reproducible means of measurement. The number of metastatic nodules may be measured by counting metastatic nodules visible to the naked eye or at a specified magnification (e.g., 2x, 10x, or 50x).

Treating cancer can result in an increase in average survival time of a population of subjects treated according to the present invention in comparison to a population of untreated subjects. For example, the average survival time is increased by more than 30 days (more than 60 days, 90 days, or 120 days). An increase in average survival time of a population may be measured by any reproducible means. An increase in average survival time of a population may be measured, for example, by calculating for a population the average length of survival following initiation of treatment with the compound of the invention. An increase in average survival time of a population may also be measured, for example, by calculating for a population the average length of survival following completion of a first round of treatment with the compound of the invention.

Treating cancer can also result in a decrease in the mortality rate of a population of treated subjects in comparison to an untreated population. For example, the mortality rate is decreased by more than 2% (e.g., more than 5%, 10%, or 25%). A decrease in the mortality rate of a population of treated subjects may be measured by any reproducible means, for example, by calculating for a population the average number of disease-related deaths per unit time following initiation of treatment with the compound of the invention. A decrease in the mortality rate of a population may also be measured, for example, by calculating for a population the average number of disease-related deaths per unit time following completion of a first round of treatment with the compound of the invention.

Treating cancer can also result in an increased average progression-free survival time of a population of treated subjects in comparison to an untreated population. For example the average progression-free survival time is increased by more than 30 days (more than 60 days, 90 days, or 120 days). An increase in average progression-free sur-

vival time of a population may be measured by any reproducible means. An increase in average progression-free survival time of a population may be measured, for example, by calculating for a population the average length of progression-free survival following initiation of treatment with the compound of the invention. An increase in average progression-free survival time of a population may also be measured, for example, by calculating for a population the average length of progression-free survival following completion of a first round of treatment with the compound of the invention.

An increase in ApoE levels has also been shown to be effective for the treatment of neurological disorders. For example, Jiang et al., Neuron, 2008, 58(5):681-693, herein incorporated by reference, have shown brain ApoE induction by GW3965 leads to the rapeutic reduction of amyloidbeta plaques in a mouse model of Alzheimer's disease resulting in improved memory deficits. Other references which establish a link between increased ApoE expression 20 by LXR agonists and the treatment of Alzheimers disease include Donkin et al., J Biol Chem, 2010, 285:34144-34154; Fitz et al., J Neurosci. 2010, 30:6862-6872; Koldamova et al., J Biol Chem 2008, 280:4079-4088; and Riddell et al. Mol Cell Neurosci, 2007, 34:621-628, each of which is 25 incorporated herein by reference. Accordingly, this invention provides methods for treating neurological disorders such as Alzheimers disease via increasing in the subject the expression level or activity level of ApoE.

As is known in the art, LXR activation is associated with 30 inflammation, hyperproliferation, and/or disordered skin barrier differentiation, e.g., see International Patent Publication Nos.: WO2013/130892 and WO2013/138565, each of which is herein incorporated by reference. Further LXR activation also modulates several pathways underlying etiology and pathology of skin aging. Accordingly, this invention provides methods for treating dermal diseases, disorders, or conditions (e.g., skin aging, scarring, psoriasis, atopic dermatitis, eczema, urticaria, rosacea, burns, or acne) including administering an effective amount of a compound 40 of the invention

The liver X receptors (LXR alpha and LXR beta) are highly expressed in the epidermis and LXR activators stimulate keratinocyte proliferation and differentiation. Activation of LXRs also improves permeability barrier homeostasis by 45 a number of mechanisms, including stimulating epidermal lipid synthesis, increasing lamellar body formation and secretion, and increasing the activity of enzymes required for the extracellular processing of lipids in the stratum corneum, leading to the formation of lamellar membranes 50 that mediate permeability barrier function. LXR activation is also anti-inflammatory, reducing inflammation in animal models of allergic and irritant contact dermatitis. (Schmuth et al. 2008, Journal of Lipid Research, 49, 499-509).

Examples of conditions that involve or give rise to a 55 disrupted or dysfunctional epidermal barrier are: inflammation to mucous membranes, such as cheilitis, chapped lips, nasal irritation and vulvovaginitis; eczematous dermnatitides, such as atopic and seborrheic dermatitis, allergic or irritant contact dermatitis, eczema craquelee, photo allergic 60 dermatitis, phototoxic dermatitis, phytophotodermatitis, radiation dermatitis, and stasis dermatitis; ulcers and erosions resulting from trauma, burns, bullous disorders, or ischemia of the skin or mucous membranes; several forms of ichthyoses; epidermolysis bullosae; psoriasis; hypertrophic 65 scars and keloids and cutaneous changes of intrinsic aging and photoaging.

70

Topical formulations containing LXR activators or activators described herein are applied to beneficial effect to skin and/or mucus membranes. The activators are formulated as lotions, solutions, gels, creams, emollient creams, unguents, sprays, or any other form that will permit topical application. The formulation may also contain one or more agents that promote the spreading of the formulation over the affected area, but are otherwise biologically inactive. Examples of these agents are surfactants, humectants, wetting agents, emulsifiers, or propellants.

Amounts that are referred to herein as effective in enhancing barrier development are any amount that will cause a substantial relief of the symptoms of a disrupted or dysfunctional epidermal permeability barrier when applied repeatedly over time. The optimum amounts in any given instance will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art or are capable of determination by routine experimentation.

Examples of skin conditions that are susceptible to topical treatment with LXR activators are: atopic and seborrheic dermatitis; inflammation to mucous membranes, such as cheilitis, chapped lips, nasal irritation and vulvovaginitis; eczematous dermatitis resulting from allergic and irritant contact, eczema craquelee, radiation and stasis dermatitis; ulcers and erosions due to chemical or thermal burns, bullous disorders, or vascular compromise or ischemia including venous, arterial, embolic or diabetic ulcers; ichthyoses, with or without an associated barrier abnormality; epidermolysis bullosa; psoriasis; hypertrophic scars and keloids; intrinsic aging, photoaging and/or dermatoheliosus; melanoma and non-melanoma skin cancer, including lignin melanoma, basal cell carcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma, actinic keratoses, and virally induced neoplasia (warts and condylomata accuminata).

Compositions

Within the scope of this invention is a composition that contains a suitable carrier and one or more of the therapeutic agents described above. The composition can be a pharmaceutical composition that contains a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, a dietary composition that contains a dietarily acceptable suitable carrier, or a cosmetic composition that contains a cosmetically acceptable carrier.

The term "pharmaceutical composition" refers to the combination of an active agent with a carrier, inert or active, making the composition especially suitable for diagnostic or therapeutic use in vivo or ex vivo. A "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier," after administered to or upon a subject, does not cause undesirable physiological effects. The carrier in the pharmaceutical composition must be "acceptable" also in the sense that it is compatible with the active ingredient and can be capable of stabilizing it. One or more solubilizing agents can be utilized as pharmaceutical carriers for delivery of an active compound. Examples of a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier include, but are not limited to, biocompatible vehicles, adjuvants, additives, and diluents to achieve a composition usable as a dosage form. Examples of other carriers include colloidal silicon oxide, magnesium stearate, cellulose, sodium lauryl sulfate, and D&C Yellow #10.

As used herein, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable salt" refers to those salts which are, within the scope of sound medical judgment, suitable for use in contact with the tissues of humans and lower animals without undue toxicity, irritation, or allergic response, and are commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts of amines, carboxylic acids, and other types of compounds, are well known in the art. For example, S. M. Berge, et al. describe pharmaceutically acceptable salts in detail in

J. Pharmaceutical Sciences, 66:1-19 (1977), incorporated herein by reference. The salts can be prepared in situ during the final isolation and purification of the compounds of the invention, or separately by reacting a free base or free acid function with a suitable reagent, as described generally 5 below. For example, a free base function can be reacted with a suitable acid. Furthermore, where the compounds of the invention carry an acidic moiety, suitable pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof may, include metal salts such as alkali metal salts, e.g. sodium or potassium salts; and 10 alkaline earth metal salts, e.g. calcium or magnesium salts. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable, nontoxic acid addition salts are salts of an amino group formed with inorganic acids such as hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, phosphoric acid, sulfuric acid and perchloric acid or with 15 organic acids such as acetic acid, oxalic acid, maleic acid, tartaric acid, citric acid, succinic acid or malonic acid or by using other methods used in the art such as ion exchange. Other pharmaceutically acceptable salts, include adipate, alginate, ascorbate, aspartate, benzenesulfonate, benzoate, 20 bisulfate, borate, butyrate, camphorate, camphorsulfonate, citrate, cyclopentanepropionate, digluconate, dodecylsulfate, ethanesulfonate, formate, fumarate, glucoheptonate, glycerophosphate, gluconate, hemisulfate, heptanoate, hexanoate, hydroiodide, 2-hydroxy-ethanesulfonate, lacto- 25 bionate, lactate, laurate, lauryl sulfate, malate, maleate, malonate, methanesulfonate, 2-naphthalenesulfonate, nicotinate, nitrate, oleate, oxalate, palmitate, pamoate, pectinate, persulfate, 3-phenylpropionate, phosphate, picrate, pivalate, propionate, stearate, succinate, sulfate, tartrate, thiocyanate, 30 p-toluenesulfonate, undecanoate, and valerate salts. Representative alkali or alkaline earth metal salts include sodium, lithium, potassium, calcium, and magnesium. Further pharmaceutically acceptable salts include, when appropriate, nontoxic ammonium, quaternary ammonium, and amine 35 cations formed using counterions such as halide, hydroxide, carboxylate, sulfate, phosphate, nitrate, loweralkyl sulfonate and aryl sulfonate.

As described above, the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention additionally include a pharmaceuti- 40 cally acceptable carrier, which, as used herein, includes any and all solvents, diluents, or other liquid vehicle, dispersion or suspension aids, surface active agents, isotonic agents, thickening or emulsifying agents, preservatives, solid binders, and lubricants, as suited to the particular dosage form 45 desired. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Sixteenth Edition, E. W. Martin (Mack Publishing Co., Easton, Pa., 1980) discloses various carriers used in formulating pharmaceutical compositions and known techniques for the preparation thereof. Except insofar as any conventional 50 carrier medium is incompatible with the compounds of the invention, such as by producing any undesirable biological effect or otherwise interacting in a deleterious manner with any other component(s) of the pharmaceutical composition, its use is contemplated to be within the scope of this 55 invention. Some examples of materials which can serve as pharmaceutically acceptable carriers include, but are not limited to, sugars such as lactose, glucose and sucrose; starches such as corn starch and potato starch; cellulose and its derivatives such as sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, 60 ethyl cellulose and cellulose acetate; powdered tragacanth; malt; gelatine; talc; excipients such as cocoa butter and suppository waxes; oils such as peanut oil, cottonseed oil; safflower oil, sesame oil; olive oil; corn oil and soybean oil; glycols; such as propylene glycol; esters such as ethyl oleate 65 and ethyl laurate; agar; natural and synthetic phospholipids, such as soybean and egg yolk phosphatides, lecithin, hydro-

genated soy lecithin, dimyristoyl lecithin, dipalmitoyl lecithin, distearoyl lecithin, dioleoyl lecithin, hydroxylated lecithin, lysophosphatidylcholine, cardiolipin, sphingomyelin, phosphatidylcholine, phosphatidyl ethanolamine, diastearoyl phosphatidylethanolamine (DSPE) and its pegylated esters, such as DSPE-PEG750 and, DSPE-PEG2000, phosphatidic acid, phosphatidyl glycerol and phosphatidyl serine. Commercial grades of lecithin which are preferred include those which are available under the trade name Phosal® or Phospholipon® and include Phosal 53 MCT, Phosal 50 PG, Phosal 75 SA, Phospholipon 90H, Phospholipon 90G and Phospholipon 90 NG; soy-phosphatidylcholine (SoyPC) and DSPE-PEG2000 are particularly preferred; buffering agents such as magnesium hydroxide and aluminum hydroxide; alginic acid; pyrogen-free water; isotonic saline; Ringer's solution; ethyl alcohol, and phosphate buffer solutions, as well as other non-toxic compatible lubricants such as sodium lauryl sulfate and magnesium stearate, as well as coloring agents, releasing agents, coating agents, sweetening, flavoring and perfuming agents, preservatives and antioxidants can also be present in the composition, according to the judgment of the formulator.

72

The above-described composition, in any of the forms described above, can be used for treating melanoma, or any other disease or condition described herein. An effective amount refers to the amount of an active compound/agent that is required to confer a therapeutic effect on a treated subject. Effective doses will vary, as recognized by those skilled in the art, depending on the types of diseases treated, route of administration, excipient usage, and the possibility of co-usage with other therapeutic treatment.

A pharmaceutical composition of this invention can be administered parenterally, orally, nasally, rectally, topically, or buccally. The term "parenteral" as used herein refers to subcutaneous, intracutaneous, intravenous, intrmuscular, intraarticular, intraarterial, intrasynovial, intrasternal, intrathecal, intralesional, or intracranial injection, as well as any suitable infusion technique.

A sterile injectable composition can be a solution or suspension in a non-toxic parenterally acceptable diluent or solvent. Such solutions include, but are not limited to, 1,3-butanediol, mannitol, water, Ringer's solution, and isotonic sodium chloride solution. In addition, fixed oils are conventionally employed as a solvent or suspending medium (e.g., synthetic mono- or diglycerides). Fatty acid, such as, but not limited to, oleic acid and its glyceride derivatives, are useful in the preparation of injectables, as are natural pharmaceutically acceptable oils, such as, but not limited to, olive oil or castor oil, polyoxyethylated versions thereof. These oil solutions or suspensions also can contain a long chain alcohol diluent or dispersant such as, but not limited to, carboxymethyl cellulose, or similar dispersing agents. Other commonly used surfactants, such as, but not limited to, Tweens or Spans or other similar emulsifying agents or bioavailability enhancers, which are commonly used in the manufacture of pharmaceutically acceptable solid, liquid, or other dosage forms also can be used for the purpose of formulation.

A composition for oral administration can be any orally acceptable dosage form including capsules, tablets, emulsions and aqueous suspensions, dispersions, and solutions. In the case of tablets, commonly used carriers include, but are not limited to, lactose and corn starch. Lubricating agents, such as, but not limited to, magnesium stearate, also are typically added. For oral administration in a capsule form, useful diluents include, but are not limited to, lactose and dried corn starch. When aqueous suspensions or emul-

sions are administered orally, the active ingredient can be suspended or dissolved in an oily phase combined with emulsifying or suspending agents. If desired, certain sweetening, flavoring, or coloring agents can be added.

Pharmaceutical compositions for topical administration 5 according to the described invention can be formulated as solutions, ointments, creams, suspensions, lotions, powders, pastes, gels, sprays, aerosols, or oils. Alternatively, topical formulations can be in the form of patches or dressings impregnated with active ingredient(s), which can optionally include one or more excipients or diluents. In some preferred embodiments, the topical formulations include a material that would enhance absorption or penetration of the active agent(s) through the skin or other affected areas.

A topical composition contains a safe and effective 15 amount of a dermatologically acceptable carrier suitable for application to the skin. A "cosmetically acceptable" or "dermatologically-acceptable" composition or component refers a composition or component that is suitable for use in contact with human skin without undue toxicity, incompat- 20 ibility, instability, or allergic response. The carrier enables an active agent and optional component to be delivered to the skin at an appropriate concentration(s). The carrier thus can act as a diluent, dispersant, solvent, or the like to ensure that the active materials are applied to and distributed evenly 25 over the selected target at an appropriate concentration. The carrier can be solid, semi-solid, or liquid. The carrier can be in the form of a lotion, a cream, or a gel, in particular one that has a sufficient thickness or yield point to prevent the active materials from sedimenting. The carrier can be inert 30 or possess dermatological benefits. It also should be physi74

cally and chemically compatible with the active components described herein, and should not unduly impair stability, efficacy, or other use benefits associated with the composition.

5 Combination Therapies

In some embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition may further include an additional compound having antiproliferative activity. The additional compound having antiproliferative activity can be selected from a group of antiproliferative agents including those shown in Table 3.

It will also be appreciated that the compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention can be formulated and employed in combination therapies, that is, the compounds and pharmaceutical compositions can be formulated with or administered concurrently with, prior to, or subsequent to, one or more other desired therapeutics or medical procedures. The particular combination of therapies (therapeutics or procedures) to employ in a combination regimen will take into account compatibility of the desired therapeutics and/or procedures and the desired therapeutic effect to be achieved. It will also be appreciated that the therapies employed may achieve a desired effect for the same disorder, or they may achieve different effects (e.g., control of any adverse effects).

By "antiproliferative agent" is meant any antiproliferative agent, including those antiproliferative agents listed in Table 3, any of which can be used in combination with a LXR agonist to treat the medical conditions recited herein. Antiproliferative agents also include organo-platine derivatives, naphtoquinone and benzoquinone derivatives, chrysophanic acid and anthroquinone derivatives thereof.

TABLE 3

TABLE 3			
Alkylating agents	Busulfan	Chlorambucil	
	dacarbazine	procarbazine	
	ifosfamide	altretamine	
	hexamethylmelamine	estramustine phosphate	
	thiotepa	mechlorethamine	
	lomustine	streptozocin	
	cyclophosphamide	temozolomide	
		Semustine	
Platinum agents	spiroplatin	lobaplatin (Aeterna)	
	tetraplatin	satraplatin (Johnson Matthey)	
	ormaplatin	BBR-3464 (Hoffmann-La Roche)	
	iproplatin	SM-11355 (Sumitomo)	
	ZD-0473 (AnorMED)	AP-5280 (Access)	
	oxaliplatin	cisplatin	
	carboplatin		
Antimetabolites	azacytidine	trimetrexate	
	Floxuridine	deoxycoformycin	
	2-chlorodeoxyadenosine	pentostatin	
	6-mercaptopurine	hydroxyurea	
	6-thioguanine	decitabine (SuperGen)	
	cytarabine	clofarabine (Bioenvision)	
	2-fluorodeoxy cytidine	irofulven (MGI Pharma)	
	methotrexate	DMDC (Hoffmann-La Roche)	
	tomudex	ethynylcytidine (Taiho)	
	fludarabine	gemcitabine	
	raltitrexed	capecitabine	
Topoisomerase	amsacrine	exatecan mesylate (Daiichi)	
inhibitors	epirubicin	quinamed (ChemGenex)	
	etoposide	gimatecan (Sigma-Tau)	
	teniposide or mitoxantrone	diffomotecan (Beaufour-Ipsen)	
	7-ethyl-10-hydroxy-camptothecin	TAS-103 (Taiho)	
	dexrazoxanet (TopoTarget)	elsamitrucin (Spectrum)	
	pixantrone (Novuspharma)	J-107088 (Merck & Co)	
	rebeccamycin analogue (Exelixis)	BNP-1350 (BioNumerik)	
	BBR-3576 (Novuspharma)	CKD-602 (Chong Kun Dang)	
	rubitecan (SuperGen)	KW-2170 (Kyowa Hakko)	
	irinotecan (CPT-11)	hydroxycamptothecin (SN-38)	
	topotecan	in dony campioint on (or 50)	
	topotecan		

TABLE 3-continued

TIBLE 5 COMMICC				
Antitumor antibiotics	valrubicin	azonafide		
	therarubicin	anthrapyrazole		
	idarubicin	oxantrazole		
	rubidazone	losoxantrone		
	plicamycin porfiromycin	MEN-10755 (Menarini) GPX-100 (Gem Pharmaceuticals)		
	mitoxantrone (novantrone)	Epirubicin		
	amonafide	mitoxantrone		
		doxorubicin		
Antimitotic	colchicine	E7010 (Abbott)		
agents	vinblastine	PG-TXL (Cell Therapeutics)		
	vindesine	IDN 5109 (Bayer)		
	dolastatin 10 (NCI) rhizoxin (Fujisawa)	A 105972 (Abbott) A 204197 (Abbott)		
	mivobulin (Warner-Lambert)	LU 223651 (BASF)		
	cemadotin (BASF)	D 24851 (ASTAMedica)		
	RPR 109881A (Aventis)	ER-86526 (Eisai)		
	TXD 258 (Aventis)	combretastatin A4 (BMS)		
	epothilone B (Novartis)	isohomohalichondrin-B (PharmaMar)		
	T 900607 (Tularik)	ZD 6126 (AstraZeneca)		
	T 138067 (Tularik)	AZ10992 (Asahi)		
	cryptophycin 52 (Eli Lilly) vinflunine (Fabre)	IDN-5109 (Indena) AVLB (Prescient NeuroPharma)		
	auristatin PE (Teikoku Hormone)	azaepothilone B (BMS)		
	BMS 247550 (BMS)	BNP-7787 (BioNumerik)		
	BMS 184476 (BMS)	CA-4 prodrug (OXiGENE)		
	BMS 188797 (BMS)	dolastatin-10 (NIH)		
	taxoprexin (Protarga)	CA-4 (OXiGENE)		
	SB 408075 (GlaxoSmithKline)	docetaxel		
	Vinorelbine	vincristine		
A 11.11.14.14	Trichostatin A	paclitaxel		
Aromatase inhibitors	aminoglutethimide atamestane (BioMedicines)	YM-511 (Yamanouchi) formestane		
	letrozole	exemestane		
	anastrazole	exemestane		
Thymidylate	pemetrexed (Eli Lilly)	nolatrexed (Eximias)		
synthase inhibitors	ZD-9331 (BTG)	CoFactor TM (BioKeys)		
DNA antagonists	trabectedin (PharmaMar)	edotreotide (Novartis)		
	glufosfamide (Baxter International)	mafosfamide (Baxter International)		
	albumin + 32P (Isotope Solutions)	apaziquone (Spectrum		
	thymectacin (NewBiotics)	Pharmaceuticals)		
Farnesyltransferase	arglabin (NuOncology Labs)	O6 benzyl guanine (Paligent) tipifarnib (Johnson & Johnson)		
inhibitors	lonafarnib (Schering-Plough)	perillyl alcohol (DOR BioPharma)		
	BAY-43-9006 (Bayer)	point, and and (2 of 2 of 2 of 1		
Pump inhibitors	CBT-1 (CBA Pharma)	zosuquidar trihydrochloride (Eli Lilly)		
-	tariquidar (Xenova)	biricodar dicitrate (Vertex)		
	MS-209 (Schering AG)			
Histone	tacedinaline (Pfizer)	pivaloyloxymethyl butyrate (Titan)		
acetyltransferase	SAHA (Aton Pharma)	depsipeptide (Fujisawa)		
inhibitors Metalloproteinase	MS-275 (Schering AG) Neovastat (Aeterna Laboratories)	CMT-3 (CollaGenex)		
inhibitors	marimastat (British Biotech)	BMS-275291 (Celltech)		
Ribonucleoside	gallium maltolate (Titan)	tezacitabine (Aventis)		
reductase inhibitors	triapine (Vion)	didox (Molecules for Health)		
TNF alpha	virulizin (Lorus Therapeutics)	revimid (Celgene)		
agonists/antagonists	CDC-394 (Celgene)			
Endothelin A	atrasentan (Abbott)	YM-598 (Yamanouchi)		
receptor antagonist	ZD-4054 (AstraZeneca)	Product of the IN		
Retinoic acid receptor agonists	fenretinide (Johnson & Johnson) LGD-1550 (Ligand)	alitretinoin (Ligand)		
Immuno-modulators	interferon	dexosome therapy (Anosys)		
minute incutation	oncophage (Antigenics)	pentrix (Australian Cancer		
	GMK (Progenics)	Technology)		
	adenocarcinoma vaccine (Biomira)	ISF-154 (Tragen)		
	CTP-37 (AVI BioPharma)	cancer vaccine (Intercell)		
	IRX-2 (Immuno-Rx)	norelin (Biostar)		
	PEP-005 (Peplin Biotech)	BLP-25 (Biomira)		
	synchrovax vaccines (CTL Immuno)	MGV (Progenics)		
	melanoma vaccine (CTL Immuno) p21 RAS vaccine (GemVax)	β-alethine (Dovetail) CLL therapy (Vasogen)		
	MAGE-A3 (GSK)	Ipilimumab (BMS),		
	nivolumab (BMS)	CM-10 (cCam Biotherapeutics)		
	abatacept (BMS)	MPDL3280A (Genentech)		
	pembrolizumab (Merck)	(
	1			

TABLE 3-continued

Hormonal and estrogens dexamethasone antihormonal agents conjugated estrogens prednisone ethinyl estradiol methylprednisolone chlortrianisen prednisolone idenestrol aminoglutethimide hydroxyprogesterone caproate leuprolide medroxyprogesterone octreotide testosterone mitotane testosterone propionate; P-04 (Novogen) 2-methoxyestradiol (EntreMed) fluoxymesterone methyltestosterone arzoxifene (Eli Lilly) diethylstilbestrol tamoxifen megestrol toremofine bicalutamide goserelin flutamide Leuporelin nilutamide bicalutamide talaporfin (Light Sciences) Pd-bacteriopheophorbide (Yeda) Photodynamic Theralux (Theratechnologies) lutetium texaphyrin (Pharmacyclics) agents motexafin gadolinium hypericin (Pharmacyclics) imatinib (Novartis) EKB-569 (Wyeth) Kinase Inhibitors kahalide F (PharmaMar) leflunomide (Sugen/Pharmacia) ZD1839 (AstraZeneca) CEP-701 (Cephalon) erlotinib (Oncogene Science) CEP-751 (Cephalon) MLN518 (Millenium) PKC412 (Novartis) canertinib (Pfizer) squalamine (Genaera) SU5416 (Pharmacia) Phenoxodiol (Novogen) SU6668 (Pharmacia) C225 (ImClone) ZD4190 (AstraZeneca) rhu-Mab (Genentech) ZD6474 (AstraZeneca) MDX-H210 (Medarex) vatalanib (Novartis) 2C4 (Genentech) MDX-447 (Medarex) PKI166 (Novartis) ABX-EGF (Abgenix) GW2016 (GlaxoSmithKline) EKB-509 (Wyeth) IMC-1C11 (ImClone) Tyrphostins trastuzumab (Genentech) OSI-774 (Tarceva TM) CI-1033 (Pfizer) Gefitinib (Iressa) PTK787 (Novartis) EMD 72000 (Merck) SU11248 (Pharmacia) RH3 (York Medical) Emodin Genistein Radicinol Radicinol Vemurafenib (B-Raf enzyme Met-MAb (Roche) inhibitor, Daiichi Sankyo) SR-27897 (CCK A inhibitor, Sanofi-Synthelabo) ceflatonin (apoptosis promotor, ChemGenex) tocladesine (cyclic AMP agonist, Ribapharm) BCX-1777 (PNP inhibitor, BioCryst) alvocidib (CDK inhibitor, Aventis) ranpirnase (ribonuclease stimulant, Alfacell) CV-247 (COX-2 inhibitor, Ivy Medical) galarubicin (RNA synthesis inhibitor, Dong-A) P54 (COX-2 inhibitor, Phytopharm) tirapazamine (reducing agent, SRI CapCell TM (CYP450 stimulant, Bavarian Nordic) International) GCS-100 (gal3 antagonist, GlycoGenesys) N-acetylcysteine (reducing agent, Zambon) G17DT immunogen (gastrin inhibitor, Aphton) R-flurbiprofen (NF-kappaB inhibitor, Encore) efaproxiral (oxygenator, Allos Therapeutics) 3CPA (NF-kappaB inhibitor, Active Biotech) PI-88 (heparanase inhibitor, Progen) seocalcitol (vitamin D receptor agonist, Leo) tesmilifene (histamine antagonist, YM 131-I-TM-601 (DNA antagonist, BioSciences) TransMolecular) histamine (histamine H2 receptor agonist, Maxim) effornithine (ODC inhibitor, ILEX Oncology) tiazofurin (IMPDH inhibitor, Ribapharm) minodronic acid (osteoclast inhibitor, cilengitide (integrin antagonist, Merck KGaA) Yamanouchi) indisulam (p53 stimulant, Eisai) SR-31747 (IL-1 antagonist, Sanofi-Synthelabo) CCI-779 (mTOR kinase inhibitor, Wyeth) aplidine (PPT inhibitor, PharmaMar) exisulind (PDE V inhibitor, Cell Pathways) gemtuzumab (CD33 antibody, Wyeth Ayerst) CP-461 (PDE V inhibitor, Cell Pathways) PG2 (hematopoiesis enhancer, AG-2037 (GART inhibitor, Pfizer) Pharmagenesis) WX-UK1 (plasminogen activator inhibitor, Wilex) Immunol TM (triclosan oral rinse, Endo) triacetyluridine (uridine prodrug, Wellstat) PBI-1402 (PMN stimulant, ProMetic LifeSciences) SN-4071 (sarcoma agent, Signature bortezomib (proteasome inhibitor, Millennium) SRL-172 (T cell stimulant, SR Pharma) BioScience) TLK-286 (glutathione S transferase inhibitor, TransMID-107 TM (immunotoxin, KS Biomedix) PCK-3145 (apoptosis promotor, Procyon) Telik) PT-100 (growth factor agonist, Point doranidazole (apoptosis promotor, Pola) Therapeutics) CHS-828 (cytotoxic agent, Leo) midostaurin (PKC inhibitor, Novartis) trans-retinoic acid (differentiator, NIH) bryostatin-1 (PKC stimulant, GPC Biotech) MX6 (apoptosis promotor, MAXIA) apomine (apoptosis promotor, ILEX Oncology) CDA-II (apoptosis promotor, Everlife) SDX-101 (apoptosis promotor, Salmedix) urocidin (apoptosis promotor, Bioniche) rituximab (CD20 antibody, Genentech Ro-31-7453 (apoptosis promotor, La Roche) carmustine brostallicin (apoptosis promotor, Pharmacia) Mitoxantrone β-lapachone Bleomycin gelonin Absinthin cafestol Chrysophanic acid kahweol

TABLE 3-continued

Cesium oxides caffeic acid BRAF inhibitors, Tyrphostin AG PDL1 inhibitors PD-1 inhibitors MEK inhibitors CTLA-4 inhibitors bevacizumab sorafenib angiogenesis inhibitors BRAF inhibitors dabrafenib rindopepimut vedotin ramucirumab glembatumumab ANG4043 ANG1005 Demcizumab Revlimid pertuzumab Thalidomide Olaparib Optune Vintafolide Cobimetinib Cabozantinib Talimogene laherparepvec Crizotinib

EXAMPLES

Example 1: General Synthesis Methods

The compounds described herein, and other related compounds having different substituents are synthesized using techniques and materials described herein as well as those that are recognized in the field, such as described, for 25 example, in Fieser and Fieser's Reagents for Organic Synthesis, Volumes 1-17 (John Wiley and Sons, 1991); Rodd's Chemistry of Carbon Compounds, Volumes 1-5 and Supplementals (Elsevier Science Publishers, 1989); Organic Reactions, Volumes 1-40 (John Wiley and Sons, 1991), Larock's 30 Comprehensive Organic Transformations (VCH Publishers Inc., 1989), March, Advanced Organic Chemistry 4th Ed., (Wiley 1992); Carey and Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry 4th Ed., Vols. A and B (Plenum 2000, 2001), and Green and Wuts, Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis 3rd 35 Ed., (Wiley 1999) (all of which are incorporated by reference for such disclosure). General methods for the preparation of compound as disclosed herein may be derived from reactions and the reactions may be modified by the use of appropriate reagents and conditions, for the introduction of 40 the various moieties found in the formulae as provided herein. As a guide the following synthetic methods may be utilized.

Names of all compounds were generated using ChemAxon's Instant JChem v6.1 for Desktop and IUPAC Naming 45 Plugin.

A comprehensive list of abbreviations utilized by organic chemists appears in the first issue of each volume of the *Journal of Organic Chemistry*. The list, which is typically presented in a table entitled "Standard List of Abbreviations", provides definitions for abbreviations not found in the following list of abbreviations:

ACN acetonitrile

AcOH acetic acid

DCM or CH₂Cl₂ dichloromethane or methylene chloride DIPEA diisopropylethylamine

DMAP 4-dimethylaminopyridine or N,N-dimethylaminopyridine

DME 1,2-dimethoxyethane

DMF N,N-dimethylformamide

DMSO dimethylsulfoxide

EtOAc ethyl acetate

EtOH ethanol

HPLC high performance liquid chromatography

h hour(s)

H₂O₂ hydrogen peroxide

INT intermediate

IBX 2-iodoxybenzoic acid LDA lithium diisopropylamide

20 LiHMDS lithuim bis(trimethylsilyl)amide mCPBA meta-chloroperbenzoic acid

MeOH methanol min minute(s)

mL milliliter

mmol millimole

MS mass spectrometry

MTBE methyl tert-butyl ether

NaHMDS sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide

Pd(dppf)Cl₂ [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)

PdCl₂(PPh₃)₂ bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) dichloride

Pd/C palladium on carbon

RT room temperature

S.E.M. standard error of the mean

S.D. standard deviation

TBAF 3H₂O tetrabutylammonium fluoride trihydrate

TEA triethylamine

TFA trifluoroacetic acid

THF THF

TLC thin layer chromatography

Compounds of the present invention can be prepared using methods illustrated in general synthetic schemes and experimental procedures detailed below. These general synthetic schemes and experimental procedures are presented for purposes of illustration and are not intended to be limiting. Starting materials used to prepare compounds of the present invention are commercially available or can be prepared using routine methods known in the art. Three methodologies described below are used to make compounds described herein.

In Scheme 1, an aldehyde A is reacted with an amine B under standard reductive amination conditions using a reducing agent such as borohydride (e.g. sodium cyanoborohydride or sodium triacetoxyborohydride), an acid (e.g. acetic acid or TFA), and a solvent (e.g. THF, DCM, ACN) to afford secondary amines C. These amines are alkylated with various optionally substituted carbon linkers (e.g. 1,3dibromopropane, 3-bromopropanol, 1,4-dibromobutane, etc.) in polar solvent (e.g. DMF, THF, ACN) to afford tertiary amines D. X represents a leaving group (i.e. chloride, bromide, iodide, methanesulfonate, para-toluenesulfoneate, trifluoromethanesulfonate), if not already part of the original carbon linker reagent, it is installed after the linker is attached, for example through mesylate formation from an alcohol. Finally, the leaving group X is displaced with the appropriate nucleophile (R4OH) using base (e.g. potassium carbonate, cesium carbonate) in polar solvent (e.g. DMF, THF, ACN) to afford the final products E.

carbinols F via displacement of the leaving group X (e.g. chloride, bromide, iodide, methanesulfonate, para-toluenesulfoneate, trifluoromethanesulfonate) in a polar solvent (e.g. DMF, THF, ACN) to afford secondary amines G. These amines are alkylated with various substituted benzyl reagents (e.g. 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethylbenzyl bromide) in polar solvent (e.g. DMF, THF, ACN) to afford tertiary amines H. The silyl-protecting group is removed under

In Scheme 2, amines B are reacted with silyl-protect 20 standard conditions (e.g. TBAF, HF) in polar solvent (e.g. DMF, THF, ACN) and the resulting alcohol is converted to a leaving group X (e.g. chloride, bromide, iodide, methanesulfonate, para-toluenesulfoneate, trifluoromethanesulfonate) to afford intermediates D. Finally, the leaving group 25 X is displaced with the appropriate nucleophile (R4OH) using base (e.g. potassium carbonate, cesium carbonate) and polar solvent (e.g. DMF, THF, ACN) to afford final products Ε.

Scheme 2

50 Example 2: Synthesis of Compound 1

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-01

55 INT-01 60 65

40

Intermediate INT-01 was made as previously described in *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 2009, 19, 5617-5621. 2,2-Diphenethylamine and 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde were reacted via reductive amination using sodium triacetoxyborohydride in dichloromethane and acetic acid. The resulting benzyl amine was reacted with 1,3-dibromopropane in refluxing acetonitrile overnight to afford bromide

(3-bromopropyl)({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]

methyl\)(2,2-diphenylethyDamine (INT-01).

Step 2: Synthesis of INT-02

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{INT-02} \\ \\ \text{CF}_3 \\ \\ \text{Cl} \\ \\ \text{N} \\ \end{array}$$

To a solution of bromide INT-01 (0.30 g, 0.59 mmol) in acetonitrile (5 mL) was added methyl 3-hydroxypheny-lacetic acid (107 mg, 0.65 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.12 g, 0.9 mmol). The reaction was heated to 70-80° C. 30 overnight. The mixture was cooled, filtered, and the solid was washed with acetonitrile (1 mL) and the combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to yield methyl-2-{3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(tri-fluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-(2,2-diphenylethyl)-amino)-propoxy]phenyl}acetate (INT-02) (0.27 g, 76% yield); TLC=20% ethyl acetate/hexanes (0.5 Rf).

Step 3: Synthesis of Compound 1

INT-02 (190 mg, 0.319 mmol) was dissolved in dry methanol (5 mL). Addition of hydroxylamine hydrochloride (89 mg, 1.27 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (90 mg, 1.60 mmol) was followed by stirring at room temperature for 18 h or until TLC control showed completed conversion. The reaction mixture was poured into ethyl acetate (100 mL) and extracted with water (2×100 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate, filtrated, solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel preparative TLC to afford 2-{3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2, 2-diphenylethy)amino)propoxy]phenyl}-N-hydroxyacetamide (1) as a glassy oil (125 mg, 66%). ES(pos)MS m/z 597.21 (M+H⁺).

Example 3: Synthesis of Compound 2

GW3965 was made from INT-02 using aqueous base 20 hydrolysis as previously described (U.S. Pat. No. 7,247, 748). 1,1-Carbonyldiimidazole (0.1 g, 0.67 mmol) was added to a stirring solution of GW3965 (0.3 g, 0.52 mmol) in THF (5 mL) and the solution was stirred under argon for 3 h. To this solution was added methane sulfonamide (74 mg, 0.78 mmol) and 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (0.12 g, 0.78 mmol) and the reaction was stirred at RT overnight. The mixture was concentrated, dissolved in EtOAc (1 mL), washed with water and brine, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel preparative TLC to afford 2-{3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl|methyl|(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy|phenyl}-N-methanesulfonylacetamide (2) as a colorless liquid (0.19 mg, 55% yield); TLC=60% EtOAc/ hexanes (0.4 Rf); MS (ESI) 659.2 (M+H+).

Example 4: Synthesis of Compound 3

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-03

To a solution of bromide INT-01 (0.20 g, 0.39 mmol) in ACN (3 mL) was added methyl 3-hydroxybenzoate (60 mg, 0.39 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.27 g, 1.95 mmol). The reaction was heated to 70-80° C. overnight. The mixture was cooled, filtered, and the solid was washed with ACN (1 mL) and the combined filtrates were concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to yield methyl 3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]benzoate (INT-03) as a syrup (0.21 g, 91% yield); TLC=10% EtOAc/hexanes (0.4 Pt)

INT-04

To a solution of ester INT-03 (0.2 g, 0.34 mmol) in a 1:1 mixture of MeOH/THF (3 mL) was added 2N sodium hydroxide (3 mL) drop-wise at 0° C. The resulting solution was stirred at RT overnight. The reaction mixture was acidified with 3N hydrochloric acid (pH ~4) and volatiles were removed under reduced pressure. The reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2×10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography to yield 3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxyl benzoic acid (3) as a syrup (0.15 g, 89% yield); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.2 Rf); MS (ESI) 597.21 (M+H+).

Example 5: Synthesis of Compound 4

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-04

To a 1M solution of methyl magnesium chloride in THF (30 mL, 30.6 mmol) at RT was added a solution of methyl 55 3-hydroxybenzoate (2.0 g, 13.3 mmol) in THF (10 mL) drop-wise at RT under argon atmosphere. After 2 h the reaction mixture was quenched with a saturated solution of ammonium chloride and extracted with EtOAc (2×15 mL). The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to yield 3-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)phenol (INT-04) as a liquid (1.45 g, 72.5% yield); TLC=20% EtOAc/hexanes (0.5 Rf).

The bromide INT-01 (0.2 g, 0.32 mmol) was reacted with phenol INT-04 (50 mg, 0.38 mmol) in ACN (3 mL) using potassium carbonate (66 mg, 0.48 mmol) as base as described above for compound 3 to yield 2-{3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenyl-ethyl)amino)propoxy]phenyl}propan-2-ol (4) as an oil (0.14 g, 63% yield); TLC=15% EtOAc/hexanes (0.3 Rf); MS (ESI) 582.24 (M+H⁺).

Example 6: Synthesis of Compound 5

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-05

F F Cl

Bromide INT-01 (0.30 mmol) is reacted with 3-bromophenol (0.30 mmol) in ACN (3 mL) using potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol) as base as described above for compound 3 to yield [3-(3-bromophenoxy)propyl]({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})(2,2-diphenyl-ethyl)amine (INT-05).

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 5

$$F_{3}C$$

$$F_{3}C$$

$$OH$$

$$F_{3}C$$

$$N$$

5

6

50

55

87

INT-05 (0.2 mmol) is dissolved in THF, cooled to -78° C., and treated with n-butyllithium (0.22 mmol, 1.6 M in hexanes). After 30 min, hexafluoroacetone is bubbled into the solution and the mixture is stirred for an additional 30 min at -78° C. The reaction is quenched with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride solution, extracted with EtOAc (3×50 mL), the combined organic layers are washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by silica gel chromatography to afford 2-{3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl) amino)-propoxy]phenyl}-1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropan-2-ol (5).

Example 7: Synthesis of Compound 6

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-06

6-Methoxy-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one was prepared as described previously (WO2009005998 and $\it J$. Org. Chem. 1997, 42, 2989).

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 6

$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ F \\ C \\ C \\ N \\ \end{array}$$

The bromide INT-01 (0.3 mmol) was reacted with phenol INT-06 (0.3 mmol) in ACN (3 mL) using potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol) as base as described above for compound 3 to yield 6-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one (6) as a viscous oil (85 mg, 48%). ES(pos)MS m/z 594.20 (M+H⁺).

Example 8: Synthesis of Compound 7

88

To a solution of bromide INT-01 (500 mg, 0.98 mmol) in acetonitrile (10 mL) was added 3-(methylsulfonyl) phenol (168 mg, 0.98 mmol, prepared according to procedures described in *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1957, 79, 717-722) and potassium carbonate (202 mg, 1.47 mmol) at RT. The solution was heated to 70° C. for 6 h. The mixture was worked-up as described above for compound 3, and purified by silica gel column chromatography to afford {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)[3-(3-methane sulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine (7) as a thick syrup (459 mg, 78%); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.3 Rf); ES (pos) MS m/z 602.18 (M+H⁺).

Example 9: Synthesis of Compound 8

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-07

as previously was made described (WO20100138598). (4-Bromo-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl phenyl)methanol (300 mg, 1.06 mmol), potassium acetate (2.44 mmol, 2.49 mmol), and bis(pinacolato) diborane (350 mg, 1.38 mmol) were suspended in dry DMSO (10 mL). After degassing with argon for 5 min, dichloro((1,1'-biphenylphosphino)ferrocene)palladium (II) dichloromethane complex (43.3 mg, 5 mol %) was added the mixture was degassed for another 5 min. The reaction was heated to 90° C. for 3 h. The cooled reaction mixture was poured into water (100 mL) and extracted with MTBE (2×100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (3×50 mL) and brine (50 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford [2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-(tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl) phenyl]methanol (INT-07) as crude material that was used directly in the next step without further purification. Step 2: Synthesis of INT-08

The crude mixture of the previous step was dissolved in MeOH (15 mL) and treated with 30% aqueous hydrogen peroxide (5 mL). After addition of iodine (5 mg, catalytic), the mixture was stirred at RT for 3 h or until all starting material had disappeared judged by TLC. The resulting mixture was poured into EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (2×100 mL). The combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL) and this second organic phase was washed with water (100 mL). All organic layers were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered,

15

20

40

concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/hexanes) to yield 3-fluoro-4-(hydroxymethyl)-5-methanesulfonyl-phenol (INT-08) as an off-white solid (200 mg, 85% yield).

Step 3: Synthesis of Compound 8

Bromide INT-01 (200 mg, 0.392 mmol), phenol INT-08 25 (112 mg, 0.509 mmol), and potassium carbonate (325 mg, 2.35 mmol) were suspended in dry ACN (5 mL) and heated to 90° C. for 16 h. The resulting mixture was poured into EtOAc (100 mL) and then washed with water (2×100 mL). The combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc 30 (100 mL) and this second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) again. All organic layers were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by prep-TLC (MeOH/DCM) to yield {4-[3-{{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]} methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol (8) as a glassy oil (98 mg, 38% yield); ES(pos)MS m/z 650.2 (M+H⁺).

Example 10: Synthesis of Compound 84

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-09

INT-09 was made using a modified protocol previously described for [4-bromo-2-fluoro-6-(methylsulfanyl)phenyl] methanol (see WO20100138598) by replacing sodium boro-55 hydride with sodium borodeuteride for the reduction of the acid

Sodium borodeuteride (483 mg, 11.54 mmol) was suspended to dry THF (10 mL) and to this slurry was added 4-bromo-2-fluoro-6-(methylsulfanyl)benzoic acid (1.53 g, 60 5.77 mmol) dissolved in dry THF (10 mL) over 5 min. After gas evolution was complete, iodine (2.56 g, 10.07 mmol) dissolved in dry THF (15 mL) was slowly added over 30 min. The reaction mixture was then refluxed for 6 h and most of the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The 65 residue was taken up in EtOAc (100 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate (100 mL), water (100 mL),

and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (DCM/MeOH=100/1) to afford INT-09 as a white solid (1.25 g, 86%).

Step 2: Synthesis of INT-10

Synthesis of INT-10 followed the protocol outlined for compound INT-08 substituting [4-bromo-2-fluoro-6-(methylsulfanyl)phenyl]methanol with INT-09. Step 3: Synthesis of Compound 84

The synthesis of 84 followed the previously described synthesis of compound 8. Bromide INT-01 (260 mg. 0.51 mmol) and INT-10 (130 mg, 0.585 mmol) were reacted in presence of potassium carbonate (210 mg, 1.5 mmol) to afford {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methane-sulfonylphenyl}(^2H₂)methanol (84) as a white solid (284 mg, 86%). ES(pos)MS m/z 652.18 (M+H⁺).

Example 11: Synthesis of Compound 78

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-11

2-Cyclohexyl-2-phenylethylamine (0.5 g, 2.5 mmol) and 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde (0.52 g, 2.5 mmol)

45

50

INT-12

were dissolved in DCM (12 mL) and reacted under reductive amination conditions using sodium triacetoxyborohydride (0.53 g, 2.5 mmol) and acetic acid (0.5 mL) as described in *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 2009, 19, 5617-5621 for INT-01 to yield {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{(2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylethyl)amine (INT-11) (0.75 g, 76%); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.3 Rf).

Step 2: Synthesis of INT-12

The amine INT-11 (0.5 g, 1.26 mmol) was reacted with 1,3-dibromopropane (2.5 g, 10 eq) in refluxing acetonitrile (25 mL) overnight as described for INT-01 to afford (3-bromopropyl)({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) (2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylethyl)amine (INT-12) (0.46 g, 70%); TLC=5% EtOAc/hexanes (0.8 Rf).

Step 3: Synthesis of Compound 78

Bromide INT-12 (250 mg, 0.48 mmol), phenol INT-08 (105 mg, 0.48 mmol), and potassium carbonate (132 mg, 0.96 mmol) were suspended in dry ACN (5 mL) and heated to reflux for 12 h. The resulting mixture was poured into EtOAc (50 mL), washed with water (2×50 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (25 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel preparative TLC (30% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-cyclohexyl-2-phenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol (78) as a glassy oil (250 mg, 80% yield); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.6 Rf); ES(pos)MS m/z 656.6 (M+H⁺).

Example 12: Synthesis of Compound 79

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-13

(R)-2-Phenylpropan-1-amine (200 mg, 1.48 mmol) was reacted with 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde (308 mg, 1.48 mmol) as described above for INT-11 to afford {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(2R)-2-phenylpropyl]amine (INT-13) (300 mg, 62%).

Step 2: Synthesis of INT-14

INT-13 (150 mg, 0.46 mmol) was reacted with 1,3-dibromopropane (920 mg, 10 eq) in refluxing acetonitrile as described above for INT-12 to (3-bromopropyl)({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})[(2R)-2-phenylpropyl] amine (INT-14) as colorless oil (137 mg, 67%); TLC=5% EtOAc/hexanes (0.8 Rf).

Step 3: Synthesis of Compound 79

$$CH_3$$
 CH_3
 CH_3
 OH
 CO_2Me

Bromide INT-14 (125 mg, 0.28 mmol) was reacted with phenol INT-08 (62 mg, 0.28 mmol) as described above for compound 78 and purified by silica gel preparative TLC (30% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{[(2R)-2-phenylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol (79) as colorless oil (128 mg, 78% yield); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.6 Rf); ES(pos) MS m/z 588.5 (M+H⁺).

40

50

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-15

$$CF_3$$
 CH_3
 N
 Br

(S)-2-Phenylpropan-1-amine (100 mg, 0.74 mmol) was reacted with 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde (153 mg, 0.74 mmol) as described above for INT-13 to yield {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(2S)-2-phenylpropyl]amine (150 mg, 62%). This amine (150 mg, 0.46 mmol) was reacted with 1,3-dibromopropane (920 mg, 10 eq) in refluxing acetonitrile as described above for INT-14 to afford (3-bromopropyl)({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})[(2S)-2-phenylpropyl]amine (INT-15) as colorless oil (137 mg, 68%); TLC=5% EtOAc/hexanes (0.8 Rf). Step 2: Synthesis of compound 80

Bromide INT-15 (125 mg, 0.28 mmol) was reacted with phenol INT-08 (62 mg, 0.28 mmol) as described above for compound 78 and purified by silica gel preparative TLC (30% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(2S)-2-phenylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol (80) as colorless oil (128 mg, 78% yield); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.6 Rf); ES(pos) MS m/z 588.5 (M+H⁺).

Example 14: Synthesis of Compound 81

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-16

$$F_3C$$
 C_1 N Br

94

2-Phenylethanamine (150 mg, 1.23 mmol) was reacted with 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde (0.26 g, 1.23 mmol) as described above for INT-11 to yield {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amine (223 mg, 58%). This amine (150 mg, 0.48 mmol) was reacted with 1,3-dibromopropane (970 mg, 10 eq) in refluxing acetonitrile as described above for INT-12 to afford (3-bromopropyl)({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})(2-phenylethyl)amine (INT-16) as thick syrup (150

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 81

mg, 72%); TLC=5% EtOAc/hexanes (0.8 Rf).

$$F_3C$$
 Cl
 N
 O
 F
 SO_2Me

Bromide INT-16 (160 mg, 0.37 mmol) was reacted with phenol INT-08 (82 mg, 0.37 mmol) as described above for compound 78 and purified by silica gel preparative TLC (30% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol (81) as colorless oil (161 mg, 76% yield); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.55 Rf); ES(pos) MS m/z 574.5 (M+H⁺).

Example 15: Synthesis of Compound 82

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-17

$$B_{\rm I}$$
 N
 $F_{\rm 3C}$
 $C_{\rm I}$

NT-16 55 2-Methyl-2-phenylpropan-1-amine (150 mg, 1.0 mmol) was reacted with 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde (207 mg, 1.0 mmol) as described above for INT-11 to yield {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amine (184 mg, 54%). The amine (150 mg, 0.43 mmol) was reacted with 1,3-dibromopropane (869 mg, 10 eq) in refluxing acetonitrile as described above for INT-12 to afford (3-bromopropyl)({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amine (INT-17) as colorless oil (147 mg, 74%); TLC=5% EtOAc/hexanes (0.85 Rf).

20

40

$$F_3C$$
 CI
 N
 O
 F
 OH
 SO_2Me

Bromide INT-17 (100 mg, 0.22 mmol) was reacted with phenol INT-08 (48 mg, 0.22 mmol) as described above for compound 78 and purified by silica gel preparative TLC (30% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl) amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-

methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol (82) as colorless thick syrup (99 mg, 75% yield); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.6 Rf); ES(pos) MS m/z 602.5 (M+H⁺).

Example 16: Synthesis of Compound 83

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-18

$$F_3C$$
 C_1 B_1

Benzylamine (200 mg, 1.87 mmol) was reacted with 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethyl benzaldehyde (0.38 g, 1.87 mmol) as described above for INT-11 to yield benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amine (381 mg, 68%). The amine (200 mg, 0.67 mmol) was reacted with 1,3-dibromopropane (1.4 g, 10 eq) in refluxing acetonitrile as described above for INT-12 to afford benzyl(3-bromopropyl){[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine (INT-18) as colorless oil (205 mg, 73%); TLC=5% EtOAc/hexanes (0.85 Rf).

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 83

$$F_3C$$
 C_1
 N
 O
 F
 OH
 SO_2Me

Bromide INT-18 (150 mg, 0.36 mmol) was reacted with phenol INT-08 (78 mg, 0.36 mmol) as described above for

96

compound 78 and purified by silica gel preparative TLC (30% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford (4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) methanol (83) as colorless oil (156 mg, 78% yield); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.6 Rf); ES(pos)MS m/z 560.5 (M+H⁺).

Example 17: Synthesis of Compound 9

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-21

Crude (2S)-4-[(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]butan-2-ol was made as described WO0166534A2 using (S)-1,3-butanediol (2.1 g, 23.3 mmol). The crude product was dissolved in dry dichloromethane (40 mL) and then reacted with methanesulfonyl chloride (1.81 mL, 23.4 mmol) and triethylamine (3.5 mL, 25.1 mmol) at 0° C. The mixture was allowed to warm to RT over 1 h and then stirred an additional 2 h. Upon completion, judged by TLC, the reaction mixture was poured into EtOAc and washed with 1N hydrochloric acid (2×100 mL), water (100 mL), and brine (50 mL). The mixture was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtrated, and concentrated under reduced pressure to yield crude (2S)-4-[(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-butan-2-yl methanesulfonate (INT-21) as a yellowish oil in quantitative yield.

Step 2: Synthesis of INT-22

Crude INT-21 (1.0 g, 3.54 mmol) and 2,2-diphenylethylamine (770 mg, 3.89 mmol) were dissolved in dry ACN (10 mL), followed by addition of potassium carbonate (2.93 g, 21.2 mmol). The mixture was heated at 90° C. for 48 h until TLC showed very little starting material remaining. The heterogeneous reaction mixture was poured into EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (2×100 mL).

The combined aqueous layers were extracted with EtOAc (100 mL) and this second organic layer was in turn washed with water (100 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/hexane) to afford [(2R)-4-[(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]butan-2-yl](2,2-diphenylethyl)amine (INT-22) as a slightly yellowish oil (1.06 g, 78% yield).

Step 3: Synthesis of INT-23

Amine INT-22 (1.3 g, 3.39 mmol), 2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl bromide (1.18 g, 4.31 mmol), and potassium carbonate (1.87 g, 13.6 mmol) were suspended in dry acetonitrile (13 mL). After 12 h at 90° C., the reaction was deemed complete by TLC and poured into MTBE (100 mL). The organic mixture was washed with water (2×100 mL). The combined aqueous layers were extracted with MTBE (100 mL) and this second organic layer was in turn washed with water (100 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford [(2R)-4-[(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]butan-2-yl]({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})(2,2-diphenylethyl)amine (INT-23) as a brownish oil which was used directly in the following step without further purification.

Step 4: Synthesis of INT-24

Crude INT-23 (3.39 mmol) was dissolved in dry THF (15 mL) and subsequently treated with tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.0 M in THF, 6.8 mL, 6.8 mmol). After stirring for 20 h at RT, TLC showed no starting material remaining. The homogeneous mixture was poured into EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (2×100 mL). The combined aqueous layers were extracted with EtOAc (100 mL) and this second organic layer was in turn washed with water (100 mL). The combined organic layers were then dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/hexane) to afford (3R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butan-1-ol (INT-24) as a viscous oil (1.33 g, 68% yield over 2 steps).

INT-24 (1.30 g, 2.81 mmol) and triethylamine (1.18 mL, 8.44 mmol) were dissolved in dry DCM (20 mL). The mixture was cooled to 0° C. and then treated with methanesulfonyl chloride (0.326 mL, 4.22 mmol). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to RT overnight and then poured into EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (2×100 mL). The combined aqueous layers were extracted with EtOAc (100 mL) and this second organic layer was in turn washed with water (100 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to yield (3R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl) amino)butyl methanesulfonate (INT-25) as a crude oil in quantitative yield which was used directly in the following step without further purification.

35 Step 6: Synthesis of Compound 9

40

45

50

INT-08 (183 mg, 0.832 mmol), crude mesylate INT-25 (0.693 mmol), and potassium carbonate (575 mmol, 4.16 mmol) were heated in dry ACN (3 mL) for 16 h at 90° C. After cooling to RT, the mixture was poured into EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with water (2×100 mL). The combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL) and this second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) again. All organic layers were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/hexanes) to yield a mixture of isomers as an off-white solid (256 mg, 56% yield). The two isomers were

Example 20: Synthesis of Compound 10

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-26

separated by silica preparative TLC purification by running the plates multiple times with EtOAc/hexanes. The isolation of the bottom spot afforded $\{4-[(3R)-3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl\}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol (9) as a white solid (6 mg, 30% yield); ES(pos)MS m/z 664.2 (M+H⁺).$

Example 18: Synthesis of Compound 59

Preparative TLC purification to isolate compound 10 also afforded a pure top spot $(4-\{[4-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluorom-ethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butan-2-yl] oxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol (59); ES(pos)MS m/z 664 (M+H<math>^+$).

Example 19: Synthesis of Compound 71

$$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

The synthesis of 71 follows the same sequence of procedures described for the synthesis of compound 9 but starting from (2R)-4-[(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]butan-2-ol to afford the opposite enantiomer {4-[(3S)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol (71).

4-Bromo-2,6-difluorobenzoic acid (4.23 g, 17.85 mmol) 59 15 was converted into the corresponding methylsulfide as described previously (WO20100138598). A portion of the crude residue (3.0 g of 4.7 g) was suspended in dry DCM (50 mL), oxalyl chloride (1.15 mL, 13.6 mmol) and a catalytic 20 amount of dry DMF were added resulting in a bubbling suspension that was stirred for 1 h at RT. The clear solution was concentrated under reduced pressure and the brown oil was dissolved in dry DCM (50 mL). Triethylamine (6.27 mL, 45 mmol) was added and the mixture was cooled to 0° C. followed by slow addition of dry MeOH (5 mL, large excess). The reaction was warmed to RT over 30 min and then stirred for 1 h. The reaction was poured into water (200 mL), the pH was adjusted to pH ~1 with 1N hydrochloric acid, extracted with EtOAc (200 mL), the organic layer was washed with water (100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was also washed with water (100 mL). All organic layers were combined, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtrated, and concentrated under reduced pressure to yield crude methyl 4-bromo-2-fluoro-6-(methylsulfanyl)benzoate (INT-26) that was used directly in the next step ⁴⁰ without further purification.

Step 2: Synthesis of INT-27

45

50

The crude mixture of INT-26 in DCM (100 mL) was treated with mCPBA (77%, 5.07~g, 22.6~mmol). The resulting biphasic mixture was stirred overnight at RT. The organic solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the resulting slurry was dissolved in EtOAc (200 mL). The light yellowish solution was washed with 1N sodium hydroxide (2×200 mL) and water (2×100 mL). The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and the yellow residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (MeOH/DCM) to yield methyl 4-bromo-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate (INT-27) as an off-white solid (1.35 g, 38% over 4 steps).

20

101

Step 3: Synthesis of INT-28

Bromide INT-27 (1.0 g, 3.21 mmol) was converted to 15 methyl 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-(tetramethyl-1,3,2-di-oxaborolan-2-yl)-benzoate (INT-28) as described for INT-07, which was used in the next step without further purification.

Step 4: Synthesis of INT-28

The crude boronic ester INT-28 was dissolved in MeOH (20 mL) and treated with hydrogen peroxide (30% in water, 10 mL). The mixture was stirred overnight at RT and poured into EtOAc (100 mL) and then washed with water (2×100 35 mL). The combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL) and this second organic phase was washed with water (100 mL). All organic layers were combined and dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel chromatography 40 (MeOH/DCM) to yield a brown oil. This residue was suspended in DCM (10 mL), hexanes (10 mL) were added and the mixture was stirred overnight at RT. The slurry was filtrated and washed with DCM/hexanes (1:1) to afford methyl 2-fluoro-4-hydroxy-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate 45 (INT-28) as an off-white solid (256 mg, 58% 2 steps). Step 5: Synthesis of Compound 10

The mesylate INT-25 (0.3 mmol) is reacted with phenol INT-28 (0.3 mmol) in ACN (3 mL) using potassium car-

102

bonate (0.40 mmol) as base as described above for compound 9. The resulting product is hydrolyzed as described for compound 3 to afford 4-[(3R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoic acid (10).

Example 21: Synthesis of Compound 37

$$F \xrightarrow{F} F$$

$$CI$$

$$O$$

$$O$$

$$O$$

$$F$$

$$H_3C$$

$$O$$

$$O$$

$$F$$

The synthesis of 37 is accomplished using procedures described in *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 2009, 19, 5617-5621 by replacing methyl 3-hydroxyphenylacetic acid with INT-28 to afford methyl 4-[(2R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)-2-methyl-propoxyl-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate (37).

Example 22: Synthesis of Compound 70

Compound 37 is hydrolyzed as described for compound 3 and subsequent benzoic acid reduction is accomplished as described for the synthesis of INT-09 using sodium borohydride and catalytic iodine. Work-up and purification affords {4-[(2R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)-2-methylpropoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol (70).

15

40

50

55

68

39

Example 23: Synthesis of Compound 39

The synthesis of 39 is accomplished using procedures described in *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 2009, 19, 5617-5621 by replacing methyl 3-hydroxyphenylacetic acid with INT- 28 and using chiral (S)-1,3-butanediol to afford methyl 4-{[(2R)-4-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl) amino)butan-2-yl]oxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate (39).

Example 24: Synthesis of Compound 69

$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ F \\ F \\ Cl \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3 \\ \end{array}$$

Compound 39 is hydrolyzed as described for compound 3 and subsequent benzoic acid reduction is accomplished as described for the synthesis of INT-09 using sodium borohydride and catalytic iodine. Work-up and purification affords (4-{[(2R)-4-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butan-2-yl]oxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol (69).

Example 25: Synthesis of Compound 68

104

The synthesis of 68 is accomplished as described for compound 69 but using (R)-1,3-butanediol as the starting material to afford (4-{[(2S)-4-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butan-2-yl] oxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol (68).

Example 26: Synthesis of Compound 64

64

To a solution of bromide INT-01 (374 mg, 0.81 mmol) in ACN (8 mL) were added phenol INT-28 (200 mg, 0.73 mmol) and potassium carbonate (607 mg, 4.39 mmol). The reaction was heated to 90° C. overnight, cooled, and diluted with EtOAc (100 mL). The organic layer was washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/hexanes=1/3) to afford methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate (64) as a colorless solid foam (315 mg, 63%). ES(pos)MS m/z 678.13 (M+H⁺).

Example 27: Synthesis of Compound 35

Ester 64 (80 mg, 0.118 mmol) was dissolved in THF (10 mL) and treated with a solution of 2.0 N lithium hydroxide (2 mL). After stirring for 16 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with water (100 mL) and 2N aqueous hydrochloric acid to adjust the pH to between 2-3. The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3×100 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (DCM/MeOH=10/1) to afford 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)

propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoic acid (35) as a white solid (51 mg, 65% yield). ES(pos)MS m/z 664.15 $(M+H^+)$.

Example 28: Synthesis of Compound 60

Ester 64 (100 mg, 0.148 mmol) was dissolved in dry THF 20 (5 mL) and treated with 3.0 M methylmagnesium bromide solution in diethyl ether (0.45 mL, 1.35 mmol). The reaction was heated for 2 days at 60° C. HPLC analysis showed 60-70% conversion. The reaction was cooled and the mixture was poured into diethyl ether (100 mL), washed with 25 half-saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (100 mL) and water (100 mL). The combined aqueous layers were reextracted with diethyl ether (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, 30 and concentrated under reduced pressure to yield an inseparable mixture of starting material and product. This mixture was dissolved in THF (5 mL), treated with 2N lithium hydroxide solution (0.5 mL, 1.0 mmol), and the reaction was stirred at RT overnight. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc 35 (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced 40 pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/hexanes=1/3) to afford 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol (60) as a slightly yellow oil (31 mg, 31%). ES(pos)MS m/z 45 678.16 (M+H+).

Example 29: Synthesis of Compound 65

Chromium trioxide (75 mg, 0.75 mmol) was slurried in concentrated sulfuric acid (0.075 mL) for 5 min. Water

106

(0.225 mL) was then added to the mixture resulting in a bright red solution. Silica gel (1.0 g) was added followed by stirring the orange powder for 10 min. Compound 8 (325 mg, 0.50 mmol) was added in DCM (15 mL) and the slurry was stirred for 30 min at RT or until TLC indicated consumption of starting materials. The remaining oxidant was quenched with MeOH (5 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min (the slurry becomes dark green). The solids were filtered off, the filtrate was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/ hexanes=1/5 to 1/2) to afford 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-benzaldehyde (65) as a colorless solid foam (90%). ES(pos)MS m/z 648.16 $(M+H^{+}).$

Example 30: Synthesis of Compound 85

CF₃
CI
OH
F

Compound 65 (150 mg, 0.231 mmol) was dissolved in dry THF (10 mL) and treated with 3.0 M methylmagnesium bromide solution in diethyl ether (0.31 mL, 0.93 mmol). After stirring at RT for 1 h, an additional amount of 50 methylmagnesium bromide (0.31 mL, 0.93 mmol) was added and the reaction was stirred overnight. The mixture was quenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5 mL), diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water 55 (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were reextracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel preparative TLC (2×2000 micron plates, EtOAc/ hexanes=1/1 and then again with DCM/MeOH=50/1) to 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl\(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy\(-2-fluoro-6-\) methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol (85) as a colorless foam (35 mg, 22%). ES(pos)MS m/z 664.19 (M+H+).

40

107

Example 31: Synthesis of Compound 87

yield the crude mesylate INT-29, which was used in the next step without further purification. Step 2: Synthesis of INT-30

Silica gel supported Jones Reagent was synthesized as described for compound 65 (0.5 mmol).

The resulting orange powder was slurried in DCM (3 mL) and alcohol 85 (25 mg, 0.038 mmol) was added. After stirring for 10 min at RT or until TLC indicated consumption of starting materials, the excess oxidant was quenched with MeOH (5 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 10 min (slurry becomes dark green). The solids were filtered off, the filtrate was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were reextracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer 30 was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel preparative TLC (2000 micron plate, EtOAc/hexanes=1/1) to afford 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] 35 methyl\(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy\(-2-fluoro-6-\) methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-one (87) as a colorless solid foam (15 mg, 60%). ES(pos)MS m/z 662.17 (M+H+).

Example 32: Synthesis of Compound 88

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-29

Alcohol 8 (325 mg, 0.50 mmol) was dissolved in dry DCM (10 mL) and treated with triethylamine (0.21 mL, 3.0 $^{\circ}$ 60 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (0.058 mL, 1.5 mmol). The reaction was stirred overnight, diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and $^{\circ}$ 65 the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure to

$$\bigcap_{N} \bigcap_{F} \bigcap_{N} \bigcap_{N$$

Crude mesylate INT-29 was dissolved in dry DMF (5 mL) and treated with potassium phthalate (278 mg, 1.5 mmol). The reaction was heated at 90° C. for 3 h until TLC indicated complete consumption of the starting material. The mixture was cooled, diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (DCM/MeOH=200/1) to afford the desired phthalate (INT-30) as a white solid (72% over 2 stens)

Step 3: Synthesis of Compound 88

$$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ \end{array}$$

Phthalate INT-30 (280 mg, 0.359 mmol) was suspended in ethanol (5 mL) and treated with hydrazine monohydrate (1.0 mL). The mixture was heated at 70° C. for 3 h resulting in a clear solution, followed by precipitate formation at which point TLC showed complete consumption of the starting material. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were then re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (DCM/MeOH (7.0 N ammonia)=50/1) to afford $\{4-[3-(\{[2-\text{chloro}-3-(\text{trif-}$ luoromethyl)phenyl[methyl](2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanamine (88) as a white colorless oil (185 mg, 79%). ES(pos)MS m/z 649.19 (M+H+).

15

50

109

Example 33: Synthesis of Compound 89

Primary amine 88 (73 mg, 0.112 mmol) was dissolved in dry DCM (3 mL) and treated with triethylamine (0.063 mL, 0.45 mmol) and acetyl chloride (0.017 mL, 0.225 mmol). After stirring for 2 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/hexanes=5/1) to afford N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(tri-fluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide (89) as a white solid foam (70 mg, 90%). ES(pos)MS m/z 691.20 (M+H+).

Example 34: Synthesis of Compound 91

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-31

(Methoxymethyl)triphenylphosphonium chloride (68.6 mg, 0.20 mmol) was suspended in dry THF (1.0 mL) and cooled to 0° C. A solution of 1.0 M LiHMDS in THF (0.186 mg, 0.185 mmol) was added to the reaction and the mixture was stirred for 30 min at the same temperature. The resulting 55 bright orange solution was cooled to -78° C. and aldehyde 65 (120 mg, 0.185 mmol) dissolved in dry THF (2 mL) was slowly added to the reaction over 5 min. The mixture was warmed to RT over 1 h and stirred at this temperature for an additional 2 h. The yellow mixture was quenched with 60 saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium 65 sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/

110

hexanes=1/1) to afford INT-31 as a mixture of E/Z-isomers and as a colorless solid foam (120 mg, 96%). Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 91

$$\begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

INT-31 (115 mg, 0.17 mmol) was dissolved in THF (3 mL) and treated with 6N hydrochloric acid (2 mL). The reaction was stirred for 3.5 h at RT, or until TLC showed complete consumption of starting material. The mixture was carefully quenched with saturated potassium carbonate solution to adjust the pH to 8-9. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude aldehyde.

The crude residue was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL) and treated with solid sodium borohydride (13 mg, 0.34 mmol). After stirring for 15 min at RT, TLC showed no starting material remained. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/hexanes=1/1) to afford semi-pure product. This lower spot was re-purified by silica gel preparative TLC (2000 micron plate, DCM/MeOH=50/1) to yield 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl} ethan-1-ol (91) as a white foam (31 mg, 27%). ES(pos) $MS m/z 664.19 (M+H^+).$

Example 35: Synthesis of Compound 95

$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ F \\ \hline \\ CI \\ CH_3 \\ \hline \\ CF_3 \\ F \end{array}$$

50

55

111

The reaction was performed according to J. Med. Chem. 2009, 52 (19) 6097-6106. To a solution of aldehyde 65 (0.3 g, 0.46 mmol) in anhydrous THF (5 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere was added trifluoromethyltrimethylsilane (78 mg, 0.55 mmol) and cesium fluoride (10 mg, 0.06 mmol). The resulting solution was sonicated for 15 min to initiate the reaction and then stirred at RT for 6 h. Aqueous 1 M hydrochloric acid (2 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred for an additional 2 h. The reaction was poured into EtOAc (25 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate, 10 brine, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel preparative TLC (30% EtOAC/hexanes) to afford 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphe- 15 nyl}-2,2,2-trifluoroethan-1-ol (95) as a white solid (171 mg, 52%); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.5 Rf); ES(pos)MS m/z 718.5 (M+H+).

Example 36: Synthesis of Compound 93

Compound 95 (200 mg, 0.28 mmol) was oxidized as 40 described for compound 65 and purified by silica gel preparative TLC to afford 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2,2-diphenylethyl} amino)propoxyl-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}-2,2,2-trifluoroethan-1-one (93) as a semi solid (70 mg, 35%); TLC=30% EtOAc/45 hexanes (0.65 Rf); ES (pos) MS m/z 716.5 (M+H+).

Example 37: Synthesis of Compound 94

$$F = F$$

$$Cl$$

$$O$$

$$S$$

$$HO$$

$$F_{3}C$$

$$CF_{3}$$

$$F$$

112

To a solution of aldehyde 93 (0.2 mmol) in anhydrous THF (2 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere is added trifluoromethyltrimethylsilane (0.25 mmol) and cesium fluoride (0.02 mmol). The resulting solution is sonicated for 15 min to initiate the reaction and then stirred at RT for 6 h. Aqueous 1 M hydrochloric acid (2 mL) is added and the mixture is stirred for an additional 2 h. The reaction is poured into EtOAc (25 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate, brine, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by silica gel preparative TLC (30% EtOAC/hexanes) to afford 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}-1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropan-2-ol (94).

Example 38: Synthesis of Compound 97

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-64

CH₃
S
CH₃
O
CH₃

1-Bromo-4-methoxy-2-(methylsulfanyl)benzene is prepared as described in *Organic Process Research & Development* 2004, 8(1), 33-44. 1-Bromo-4-methoxy-2-(methylsulfanyl)benzene (5.0 mmol) is dissolved in THF (50 mL), cooled to -78° C., and treated with n-butyllithium (5.3 mmol, 1.6 M in hexanes). After 30 min, hexafluoroacetone is bubbled into the solution and the mixture is stirred for an additional 30 min at -78° C. The reaction is quenched with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride solution, extracted with EtOAc (3×100 mL), the combined organic layers are washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by silica gel chromatography to afford 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-[4-methoxy-2-(methylsulfanyl)phenyl]propan-2-ol (INT-64).

Step 2: Synthesis of INT-65

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{INT-65} \\ \text{S} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{F}_{3}\text{C} \\ \text{CF}_{3} \end{array}$$

To a suspension of INT-64 (2.0 mmol) and sodium iodide (20.0 mmol) in acetonitrile (15 mL) is added trimethylsilyl chloride (10 mmol) at RT. The mixture is heated to reflux for 48 h, cooled to RT, diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted into EtOAc (2×100 mL). The combined EtOAc extracts are washed with saturated sodium thiosulfate solution (100 mL) to remove the iodine color, washed with brine (100 mL), dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue is purified by silica gel chromatography to afford 4-(1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-3-(methylsulfanyl)phenol (INT-65).

25

50

$$O_{\bullet}$$
 CH₃ INT-66

INT-65 (1.0 mmol) is dissolved in DCM (10 mL) and treated with mCPBA (77%, 3.0 mmol). The resulting mixture is stirred overnight at RT. The organic solvent is removed under reduced pressure and the residue is dissolved in EtOAc (50 mL). The solution is washed with 1N sodium hydroxide (2×50 mL) and water (2×50 mL). The organic layer is dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue is purified by silicated chromatography (MeOH/DCM) to yield 4-(1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-3-methanesulfonylphenol (INT-66).

Step 4: Synthesis of Compound 97

Bromide INT-01 (0.50 mmol) and INT-66 (0.55 mmol) are dissolved in DMF (2 mL) and potassium carbonate (1.5 mmol) is added. After 6 h at RT the reaction is poured into EtOAc (25 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate, brine, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by silica gel preparative TLC to afford 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}-1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropan-2-ol (97).

Example 39: Synthesis of Compound 90

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-32

INT-32

F
F
F
$$Cl$$
 $Old CH_3$
 O

114

To benzoic acid 35 (850 mg, 1.28 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added oxalyl chloride (131 μ L, 1.54 mmol) and a catalytic amount of DMF under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h and concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoyl chloride (INT-32) (840 mg, crude) was used in the next step without further purification.

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 90

To a solution of acid chloride INT-32 (150 mg, 0.22 mmol) in DCM (5 mL) at 0° C. was added methanolic ammonia (5 mL, 17%) in large excess and the solution was slowly warmed to RT. After 1 h, the volatiles were removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by silica gel preparative TLC (40% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford 4-[3-([2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl](2,2-diphenylethyl) amino)-propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzamide (90) as a white solid (90 mg, 63%). TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.2 Rf); ES (pos) MS m/z 663.5 (M+H+).

Example 40: Synthesis of Compound 92

To a solution of acid chloride INT-32 (150 mg, 0.22 mmol) in DCM (5 mL) at 0° C. was added methanolic methylamine (8 mL, 10%) in large excess and the solution was slowly warmed to RT. After 1 h, the volatiles were removed and the residue was purified by silica gel preparative TLC (30% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford 4-[3-({[2-chloro-

20

25

50

55

115

3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl) amino)-propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-N-methylbenzamide (92) as a thick syrup (90 mg, 64%). TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.25 Rf); ES(pos)MS m/z 677.5 (M+H⁺).

Example 41: Synthesis of Compound 96

$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ F \\ F \\ CI \\ CH_3 \\ O \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3 \\ \end{array}$$

To a solution of acid chloride INT-32 (150 mg, 0.22 mmol) in DCM (5 mL) at 0° C. was added triethylamine 30 (140 µL, 1.0 mmol) and dimethylamine hydrochloride (82 mg, 1.0 mmol). The solution was slowly warmed to RT and stirred for 1 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and EtOAc (15 mL) and water were added. The organic layer was separated and the water layer was back extracted with EtOAc (10 mL) The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by silica gel preparative TLC (30% EtOAc/ hexanes) to afford 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-N,N-dimethylbenzamide (96) as a thick syrup (62 mg, 41%). TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.3 Rf); ES (pos) MS m/z 691.6 (M+H+).

Example 42: Synthesis of Compound 11

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-33

To a solution of compound 9 (2.0 mmol) in DCM (2 mL) is added di-tert-butyl diisopropylphosphoramidite (1.35 g,

116

2.5 mmol) in DCM (2 mL) and tetrazole (5.0 mmol). The resulting suspension is stirred at RT for 16 h. Hydrogen peroxide (30%, 4.0 mmol) is added drop-wise and the resulting mixture is stirred for 2 h. The reaction mixture is diluted with DCM (10 mL), washed with brine, dried, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel chromatography to afford di-tert-butyl {4-[(3R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2,2-diphenyl-ethyl)amino)-butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl} methyl phosphate (INT-33).

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 11

INT-33 (1.0 mmol) is dissolved in toluene (5 mL), TFA (10 mmol) is added, and the reaction is stirred for 2.5 h at RT. The mixture is concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by preparatory reverse phase preparative HPLC to afford ({4-[(3R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methoxy)phosphonic acid (11).

Example 43: Synthesis of Compound 12

40 Step 1: Synthesis of INT-34

2-(4-(Bis(benzyloxy)phosphoryloxy)phenyl)acetic acid (1.0 mmol) is prepared as previously described (WO20120135082) and added to a solution of compound 9 (0.5 mmol) and DMAP (1.0 mmol) in DCM (5 mL). N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (1.2 mmol) in DCM (5 mL) is added to the reaction and the mixture is stirred at RT for 30 min. The solution is filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to yield crude product. The residue is purified by silica gel chromatography to afford {4-[(3R)-3-

15

40

117

 $(\{[2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl})phenyl]methyl\} (2,2\text{-diphenylethyl})amino)-butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl} methyl 2-(4-\{[bis(benzyloxy)phosphoryl]oxy\}phenyl) acetate (INT-34).$

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 12

To a solution of INT-34 (0.25 mmol) in MeOH (5 mL) is added Pd/C (10% w/w) under an atmosphere of hydrogen at RT for 15 min. The mixture is filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by reverse phase preparative HPLC to afford $\{4-[2-(\{4-[(3R)-3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl]methyl\}-(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methoxy)-2-oxoethyl]phenoxy} phosphonic acid (12).$

Example 44: Synthesis of Compound 13

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-35

To a solution of compound 9 (1 mmol) in DME (5 mL) is added sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil, 1.5 mmol) at 0° C. and then the reaction is cooled to -60° C. Chloromethylditertiarybutylphosphate (1.5 mmol) is prepared as previously described (WO20120135082) and sodium iodide (1.5 mmol) are added to the reaction. The temperature is maintained at -60° C. for 2 hours, and then the reaction is warmed to RT. The reaction is stirred for 2 h, poured into cold water (10 mL), extracted with EtOAc (3×15 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude di-tert-butyl ({4-[(3R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl]-methyl}-(2,2-di-phenylethyl)amino)-butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methoxy)methyl phosphate (INT-

118

13

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 13

A stirred solution INT-35 (0.5 mmol) in 1:1 acetone/water (4 mL) is heated to 60° C. for 16 h. Solvent is removed under reduced pressure and the crude product is purified by reverse phase preparative HPLC to afford [({4-[(3R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl]methyl}-(2,2-diphenylethyl) amino)-butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}-methoxy)methoxy]phosphonic acid (13).

Example 45: Synthesis of Compound 14

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-36

To a solution of compound 9 (1.0 mmol), mono-tert-butylfumerate ester (1.0 mmol), and DMAP (0.5 mmol) in DCM (5 mL) is added N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (1.2 mmol) in DCM (5 mL). The mixture is stirred at RT overnight, diluted with DCM (10 mL), washed with water (3×3 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by silica gel chromatography to afford 1-tert-butyl 4-{4-[(3R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-(2,2-di-phenylethyl)amino)butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl (2E)-but-2-enedioate (INT-

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 14

15

40

INT-36 (0.50 mmol) in DCM (2 mL) is added TFA (0.2 mL) drop-wise over a period of 10 min at 0° C. The mixture is warmed to RT, stirred for 4 h, and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by reverse phase preparative HPLC to afford (2E)-4-({4-[(3R)-3-({[2chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl]methyl}-(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methoxy)-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid (14).

Example 46: Synthesis of Compound 15

To a stirred solution of compound 9 (0.50 mmol) in pyridine (1 mL) is added DMAP (0.05 mmol) and succinic anhydride (0.5 mmol) at RT. The reaction is stirred at RT overnight, solvent is removed under reduced pressure, and the crude product is purified by reverse phase preparative 35 HPLC to afford 4-({4-[(3R)-3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butoxy]-2fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methoxy)-4-oxobutanoic acid (15).

Example 47: Synthesis of Compound 16

Using a similar procedure to prepare compound 11, starting material compound 9 is replaced with compound 8 to afford ($\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]_{65}\}$ methyl}-(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)-propoxy]-2-fluoro-6methanesulfonylphenyl}methoxy)phosphonic acid (16).

Example 48: Synthesis of Compound 17

17

Using a similar procedure to prepare compound 12, starting material compound 9 is replaced with compound 8 to afford {4-[2-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)-propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methoxy)-2-oxoethyl] phenoxy\phosphonic acid (17).

Example 49: Synthesis of Compound 18

Using a similar procedure to prepare compound 13, 45 starting material compound 9 is replaced with compound 8 to afford [({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl\-(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)-propoxy\-2-fluoro-6methanesulfonylphenyl}methoxy)methoxy|phosphonic acid (18).

Example 50: Synthesis of Compound 19

25

35

50

Using a similar procedure to prepare compound 14, starting material compound 9 is replaced with compound 8 to afford (2E)-4-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl) amino)-propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methoxy)-4-oxobut-2-enoic acid 5 (19).

Example 51: Synthesis of Compound 20

Using a similar procedure to prepare compound 15, starting material compound 9 is replaced with compound 8 to afford 4-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] 30 methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)-propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methoxy)-4-oxobutanoic acid (20).

Example 52: Synthesis of Compound 21

$$\begin{array}{c} & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &$$

Ethyl (3-hydroxyphenyl)methylphosphinate (0.5 mmol) is prepared as previously described (WO2010036613) and dissolved in ACN (3 mL). Bromide INT-01 (0.5 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.60 mmol) are added as described above for compound 9. The resulting product is isolated and purified by chromatography and then the ester is hydrolyzed in dioxane (0.5 mL) with 5N sodium hydroxide (0.2 mL) at reflux temperature overnight. The reaction is concentrated under reduced pressure, treated with TFA (0.5 mL), and concentrated. The residue is purified by reverse phase preparative HPLC to afford {3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxyl-phenyl}(methyl)-phosphinic acid (21).

Example 53: Synthesis of Compound 22

Methods to make benzoxaphosphol-1-ones have been previously described (*Tetrahedron Lett.* 1985, 26(39), 4771; J. Org. Chem. 1982, 47(9), 1677; and J. Org. Chem. 1981, 46(17), 3486). Using similar protocols, 6-hydroxy-1-methyl-1,3-dihydro-2,1λ-benzoxaphosphol-1-one (INT-37) is made from 3-bromo-4-methyl-phenol (U.S. Pat. No. 6,414,002).

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 22

22

INT-37 (0.5 mmol) and bromide INT-01 (0.5 mmol) are dissolved in ACN (3 mL) and potassium carbonate (0.60 mmol) is added as base as described above for compound 9. The resulting product is isolated and purified by chromatography to afford 6-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)-amino)-propoxy]-1-methyl-1,3-dihydro-2,1 λ -benzoxaphosphol-1-one (22).

Example 54: Synthesis of Compound 23

Compound 22 is hydrolyzed in dioxane (0.5 mL) with 5N sodium hydroxide (0.2 mL) at reflux temperature overnight. The reaction is concentrated under reduced pressure, treated

10

123

with TFA (0.5 mL), and concentrated. The residue is purified by reverse phase preparative HPLC to afford {5-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenyl-ethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-(hydroxymethyl)phenyl}-(methyl)-phosphinic acid (23).

Example 55: Synthesis of Compound 24

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-38

3-(Trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde (975 mg, 5.13 mmol) and 2,2-diphenylethylamine (920 mg, 4.66 mmol) were dissolved in dry DCM (10 mL). Subsequent addition of sodium triacetoxyborohydride (988 mg, 4.66 mmol) and acetic acid (1 mL) was followed by stirring at RT overnight or until TLC showed no starting material remained. The reaction mixture was poured into saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (150 mL) and then extracted with EtOAc (3×100 mL). The organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (MeOH/DCM/7N ammonium hydroxide) to afford the desired (2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)-phenyl] methyl})amine (INT-38) as a viscous oil (1.13 g, 65% yield). Step 2: Synthesis of INT-39

INT-38 (1.1 g, 2.96 mmol) and 1,3-dibromopropane (5.98 g, 29.6 mmol) were dissolved in dry ACN (24 mL). Potassium carbonate (613 mg, 4.44 mmol) was added and the reaction was heated to 90° C. for 16 h. The reaction mixture was poured into saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (100 mL) and then extracted with EtOAc (3×100 mL). The organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, 60 concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (DCM/hexanes) to afford (3-bromopropyl)(2,2-diphenylethyl){[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl}amine

(INT-39) as a slightly yellowish oil (1.5 g, 76% yield) 65 contaminated with 1,3-dibromopropane according to ¹H-NMR.

124

Step 3: Synthesis of INT-40

INT-39 (270 mg, 0.406 mmol), methyl 3-hydroxyphenyl acetate (202 mg, 1.22 mmol), and potassium carbonate (561 mg, 4.06 mmol) were suspended in dry ACN and heated to 90° C. for 18 h. The reaction mixture was poured into saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (75 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3×75 mL). The organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated, under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (EtOAc/hexanes) to afford the desired coupled ester methyl 2-(3-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl})-amino]propoxy}phenyl)acetate (INT-40) as a glassy oil (165 mg, 67% yield).

Step 4: Synthesis of Compound 24

24

INT-40 (150 mg, 0.260 mmol) was dissolved in MeOH (30 mL) and then treated with 2.5 N sodium hydroxide (2.5 mL). Stirring at RT for 18 h resulted in completed conversion to the acid as judged by TLC. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, the residue was dissolved in water (20 mL), the pH of the solution was adjusted to pH 2 with 1N hydrochloric acid, and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3×50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by prep-TLC (MeOH/DCM) to yield 2-(3-{3(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethoxy) phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid (24) as a glassy oil (98 mg, 67% yield); ES(pos)MS m/z 564.23 (M+H⁺).

Example 56: Synthesis of Compound 25

Using a similar protocol to make compound 24, 3-(trif-luoromethoxy)benzaldehyde was replaced with 3-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)benzaldehyde to make 2-(3-{3[(2,2-di-phenylethyl)({[3-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid (25) as a glassy oil (115 mg, 56% yield); ES(pos)MS m/z 596.24 (M+H+).

Example 57: Synthesis of Compound 26

Using a similar protocol to make compound 24, 3-(trif-luoromethoxy)benzaldehyde was replaced with 2,2-dif-luoro-2H-1,3-benzodioxole-4-carbaldehyde to make 2[3-(3-{[(2,2-difluoro-2H-1,3-benzodioxol-4-yl)methyl](2,2-diphenylethyl)amino}propoxy)phenyl]acetic acid (26) as a viscous oil (105 mg, 49% yield); ES(pos)MS m/z 560.23 50 (M+H⁺).

Example 58: Synthesis of Compound 27

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-41

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{INT-41} \\ \text{F} \end{array}$$

To a solution of 1-chloro-2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene 65 (2.5 mmol) in THF (10 mL) is added 2.5 M n-butyllithium in hexanes (1.4 mmol) at -78° C. After 40 min, a solution

126

of DMF (2.8 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) is added and the mixture is stirred to room overnight. The reaction is quenched with water at 0° C., extracted with EtOAc (3×50 mL), the combined organic layers are dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by silica gel chromatography provides 2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde (INT-41).

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 27

Using a similar protocol to make compound 24, 3-(trif-luoromethoxy)benzaldehyde is replaced with INT-41 to make 2-{3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl] methyl}{(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)-propoxy]-phenyl}-acetic acid (27).

Example 59: Synthesis of Compound 28

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-42

$$F = F$$

$$F =$$

Using a similar protocol to make INT-41, 1-chloro-2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene is replaced with 1-chloro-2-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfanyl]benzene to make 2-chloro-3-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfanyl]benzaldehyde (INT-42).

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 28

55

$$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & &$$

Using a similar protocol to make compound 24, 3-(trif-luoromethoxy)benzaldehyde is replaced with INT-42 to

make 2-(3-{3-[({2-chloro-3-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfanyl] phenyl}methyl)(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]propoxy}-phenyl)-acetic acid (28).

Example 60: Synthesis of Compound 72

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-43

Phenol INT-08 (50 mg, 0.227 mmol) and 1,3-dibromopropane (0.23 mL, 2.27 mmol) were dissolved in dry ACN (2 mL). Potassium carbonate (94 mg, 0.681 mmol) was added followed by heating at 40° C. overnight or until TLC showed complete consumption of the starting material. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were reextracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (DCM/MeOH=50/1) to afford [4-(3-bromopropoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl] methanol (INT-43) as a white solid (55 mg, 71%).

2-2-Diphenylethylamine (500 mg, 2.6 mmol) and 2-fluoro-3-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde (467 mg, 2.37 mmol) were dissolved in dry DCM (11 mL). Sodium triacetoxyborohydride (703 mg, 3.32 mmol) and acetic acid 55 (0.136 mL, 2.37 mmol) were added and the reaction was stirred at RT overnight or until TLC showed consumption of the starting material. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with half-saturated potassium carbonate solution (100 mL), water (100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and 65 purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/hexanes=1/3) to afford (2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-

128

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amine (INT-44) as a yellow viscous oil (736 mg, 83%).

72

Step 3: Synthesis of 72

Secondary amine INT-44 (98 mg, 0.264 mmol) and bromide INT-43 (60 mg, 0.176 mmol) were dissolved in dry ACN (2 mL). Potassium carbonate (73 mg, 0.53 mmol) was added and the reaction was heated at 90° C. overnight. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with water (2×100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel preparative TLC (2000 micron plate, EtOAc/ hexanes=1/2 then a second purification using DCM/MeOH 35 50/1) to afford (4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol (72) as a slightly yellow foam (59 mg, 53%). ES(pos)MS m/z 634.21 (M+H $^+$).

Example 61: Synthesis of Compound 73

Synthesis of 73 followed the protocol outlined for compound 72 substituting 3-trifluromethylbenzaldehyde for 2-fluoro-3-trifluromethylbenzaldehyde. The reaction sequence yielded (4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol (73) as a viscous oil (65 mg, 60%). ES(pos)MS m/z 616.21 (M+H⁺).

30

50

INT-45

Synthesis of compound 74 followed the protocol outlined for compound 72 substituting 3-trifluromethoxybenzaldehyde for 2-fluoro-3-trifluromethylbenzaldehyde. The reaction sequence yielded (4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol (74) as a viscous oil (70 mg, 63%). ES(pos)MS m/z 632.21 (M+H⁺).

Example 63: Synthesis of Compound 75

$$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & &$$

Synthesis of compound 75 followed the protocol outlined for compound 72 substituting 4-fluoro-3-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde for 2-fluoro-3-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde. The reaction sequence yielded (4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl) 45] ({[4-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol (75) as a viscous oil (68 mg, 61%). ES(pos)MS m/z 634.21 $(M+H^+).$

Example 64: Synthesis of Compound 29

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-45

130

To a solution of tert-butyl 3-hydroxypiperidine-1-carboxylate (0.24 g, 1.17 mmol) in DMF (3 mL) was added sodium hydride (0.05 mg, 1.17 mg) in portions at 0° C. over 30 min. A solution of bromide INT-01 (0.5 g, 0.98 mmol) was added and the solution was stirred at RT for 3 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with ice and extracted into diethyl ether (2×10 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography to yield tert-butyl 3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy|piperidine-1-carboxylate (INT-45) as a colorless liquid (0.3 g, 55% yield); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.4

Step 2: Synthesis of INT-46

To a solution of INT-45 (0.25 g, 0.39 mmol) in DCM (2.5 mL) was added TFA (0.045 mL, 0.59 mmol) and the solution was stirred at RT for 3 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was re-dissolved in fresh DCM (5 mL) and re-concentrated under reduced pressure. The process was repeated 3 times and the residue {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2diphenylethyl)[3-(piperidin-3-yloxy)propyl]amine (INT-46) was used in the next step without further purification.

40 Step 3: Synthesis of Compound 29

$$F \longrightarrow F$$

$$CI$$

$$O$$

$$N$$

$$O$$

$$N$$

To amine INT-46 (0.2 g, 0.38 mmol) in DCM (3 mL) was added triethylamine (79 µL, 0.56 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (28 μL, 0.38 mmol) at 0° C. After 2 h stirring at RT, the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM (5 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate, brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative TLC to yield {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl){3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy] propyl}amine (29) as thick syrup (0.16 g, 72% yield); MS (ESI) 609.1 (M+H+).

30

35

31

30

Example 65: Synthesis of Compound 30

Using a similar protocol to make compound 29, tert-butyl 3-hydroxypiperidine-1-carboxylate was replaced with (R)-tert-butyl 3-hydroxypiperidine-1-carboxylate and INT-01 was replaced with INT-25 to make {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{(2,2-diphenylethyl)[(2R)-4-{[(3R)-1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl]oxy}butan-2-yl]amine (30) as a glassy oil (56 mg, 48% yield); MS (ESI) 623.23 (M+H⁺).

Example 66: Synthesis of Compound 31

Using a similar protocol to make compound 29, tert-butyl 3-hydroxypiperidine-1-carboxylate was replaced with (S)-tert-butyl 3-hydroxypiperidine-1-carboxylate and INT-01 was replaced with INT-25 to make {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)[(2R)-4-{[(3S)-1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl]oxy}butan-2-yl]amine (31) 45 as a glassy oil (63 mg, 51% yield); MS (ESI) 623.22 (M+H⁺).

Example 67: Synthesis of Compound 32

Using a similar protocol to make compound 29, tert-butyl 3-hydroxypiperidine-1-carboxylate is replaced with (3S)-1-65 methanesulfonylpyrrolidin-3-ol and INT-01 is replaced with INT-25 to make {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]

 $[(2R)-4-\{[(3S)-1-methanesulfo-nylpyrrolidin-3-yl]oxy\}$ butan-2-yl]amine (32).

Example 68: Synthesis of Compound 33

33

34

$$\begin{array}{c} F \\ F \\ \hline \\ O \\ \hline \\ S \\ \hline \\ N \\ \hline \\ \end{array}$$

Using a similar protocol to make compound 29, tert-butyl 3-hydroxypiperidine-1-carboxylate is replaced with (3R)-1-methanesulfonylpyrrolidin-3-ol and INT-01 is replaced with INT-25 to make {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)[(2R)-4-{[(3R)-1-methanesulfonylpyrrolidin-3-yl]oxy}butan-2-yl]amine (33).

Example 69: Synthesis of Compound 34

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-47

(2R,4S)-4-Hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (0.5 mmol) is dissolved in DCM (2.5 mL) and triethylamine (1.0 mmol) is added followed by methanesulfonyl chloride (0.5 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at RT the reaction is poured into 1N aqueous hydrochloric acid (25 mL), and extracted with EtOAc (3×25 mL). The combined organic layers are washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude (2R,4S)-4-hydroxy1-methanesulfonylpyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (INT-47) which is used in the next reaction without further purification

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 34

To a solution of INT-47 (0.25 mmol) in DMF (3 mL) is added sodium hydride (0.5 mmol) in portions at 0° C. over 30 min. A solution of INT-25 (0.25 mmol) is added and the

15

25

40

45

50

solution is stirred at RT for 3 h. The reaction mixture is quenched with ice, the pH is adjusted to pH ~3 using 1N aqueous hydrochloric acid, and the mixture is extracted into EtOAc (2×25 mL). The combined organic layers are washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by silica gel chromatography to yield (2R,4S)-4-[3R)-3-({[2chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)butoxy]-1-methanesulfonylpyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (34).

Example 70: Synthesis of Compound 36

Using a similar protocol to make compound 34, (2R,4S)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid is replaced with (2S,4S)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid to make $(2S,4S)-4-[3R)-3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]\}$ methyl\{2,2-diphenylethyl)amino}butoxy\{-1-methanesulfonylpyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (36).

Example 71: Synthesis of Compound 38

Using a similar protocol to make compound 34, (2R,4S)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid is replaced with 65 (2S,4R)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid to make $(2S,4R)-4-[(3R)-3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]$

methyl \((2,2-diphenylethyl) amino) - butoxy \] -1-methanesulfonylpyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (38).

Example 72: Synthesis of Compound 40

40

INT-48

Using a similar protocol to make compound 34, (2R,4S)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid is replaced with (2R,4R)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid to make $(2R,4R)-4-[(3R)-3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]$ methyl\(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino\)-butoxy\-1-methanesulfonylpyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (40).

Example 73: Synthesis of Compound 61

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-48

Bromide INT-01 (200 mg, 0.395 mmol) and (S)—N-Boc-3-pyrrolidinol (147 mg, 0.783 mmol) were dissolved in dry DMF (3 mL). Sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil, 28.2 mg, 0.706 mmol) was added and the reaction was stirred at 45° C. overnight or until TLC showed the bromide was mostly 60 consumed. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, extracted with 1:1 EtOAc/hexanes (3×100 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate, the solvent was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the material was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/hexanes=1/5 to 1/3) to afford INT-48 as a slightly yellow oil (206 mg, 52%).

35

40

136

Example 74: Synthesis of Compound 62

Protected amine INT-48 (127 mg, 0.206 mmol) was dissolved in dry DCM (10 mL) and treated with trifluoroacetic acid (0.80 mL). The mixture was stirred at RT for 3 ²⁰ h or until TLC confirmed full removal of the protecting group. The reaction was carefully quenched with saturated potassium carbonate solution (100 mL), extracted with DCM (3×100 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate, and ²⁵ solvent was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude amine INT-49 that was used in the next step without further purification.

INT-49 was dissolved in dry DCM (5 mL), and treated with triethylamine (0.142 mL, 1.01 mmol) and methanesulfonyl chloride (0.039 mL, 0.5 mmol). The reaction was $_{50}$ stirred at RT overnight or until TLC showed complete consumption of the starting material. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL), washed with 10:1 water/ saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (100 mL) and water (100 mL), and the combined aqueous layers were re-extracted with EtOAc (100 mL). The second organic layer was washed with water (100 mL) and the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel preparative TLC (2×2000 micron plates, EtOAc/hexanes=2/ 3) to afford {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl)(3-{[(3S)-1-methanesulfonylpyrrolidin-3-ylloxy\propyl)amine (61) as a slightly yellow foam (86 mg, 70% over two steps). ES(pos)MS m/z 595.20 (M+H $^+$).

$$O = S$$

$$O =$$

Synthesis of 62 followed the protocol outlined for compound 61 substituting 1-N-Boc-3-hydroxyazetidine for (S)—N-Boc-3-pyrrolidinol. The reaction sequence yielded {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl){3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy] propyl}amine (62) as a viscous oil (215 mg, 63% over three steps). ES(pos)MS m/z 581.18 (M+H⁺).

Example 75: Synthesis of Compound 63

Synthesis of compound 63 followed the protocol outlined for compound 61 substituting (R)—N-Boc-3-piperidinol for (S)—N-Boc-3-pyrrolidinol. The reaction sequence yielded {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)(3-{[(3R)-1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl] oxy}propyl)amine (63) as a viscous oil (105 mg, 33% over three steps). ES(pos)MS m/z 609.21 (M+H⁺).

Example 76: Synthesis of Compound 66

15

40

137

Step 2: Synthesis of Compound 42

Synthesis of compound 66 followed the protocol outlined for compound 61 substituting (S)—N-Boc-3-piperidinol for (S)—N-Boc-3-pyrrolidinol. The reaction sequence yielded {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{(2,2-diphenylethyl)(3-{[(3S)-1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl] oxy}propyl)amine (66) as a viscous oil (91 mg, 29% over three steps). ES(pos)MS m/z 609.21 (M+H⁺).

Example 77: Synthesis of Compound 67

Synthesis of compound 67 followed the protocol outlined for compound 61 substituting N—Boc-cis-4-hydroxy-L-proline for (S)—N-Boc-3-pyrrolidinol. The reaction sequence yielded (2S,4S)-4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-1-methanesulfonylpyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (67) as a viscous oil (163 mg, 26% over three steps). ES(pos)MS m/z 653.17 (M+H⁺).

Step 1: Synthesis of INT-50

To a solution of INT-46 (0.2 g, 0.37 mmol) in DCM (5 mL) was added DIPEA (96 μ L, 0.55 mmol) and ethyl 60 bromoacetate (49 μ L, 0.44 mmol) at 0° C. The reaction was stirred at RT for 4 h, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel chromatography to yield ethyl 2-{3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2, 2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-piperidin-1-yl}acetate (INT-50) as syrup (0.19 g, 83% yield); TLC=30% EtOAc/hexanes (0.6 Rf).

$$\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & &$$

138

INT-50 (0.15 g, 0.24 mmol) was dissolved in 1:1 MeOH and THF (3 mL) and treated with 2N sodium hydroxide (0.5 mL) at 0° C. The mixture was stirred at RT overnight and then concentration under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in DCM (5 mL) and water (5 mL), carefully neutralized with 1N hydrochloric acid to pH ~7, transferred into a separating funnel, and the organic layer was separated. The water layer was re-extracted with DCM (2×5 mL). The combined DCM layers were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by preparative TLC to yield 2-{3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}-(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]piperidin-1-yl}acetic acid (42) as a syrup (0.12 g, 86% yield); TLC=5% MeOH/DCM (0.3 Rf); MS (ESI) 589.1 (M+H⁺).

Example 79: Synthesis of Compound 43

To a solution of hydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.05 g, 0.68 mmol) in MeOH (2.5 mL) is added potassium hydroxide (0.04 g, 0.68 mmol) in an ice-bath for 1 h. The salts are filtered off and the filtrate containing free hydroxylamine in MeOH is collected. INT-50 (0.2 mmol) in THF (2 mL) is added to the above solution and stirred at RT for 3 h. The reaction is concentrated under reduced pressure, the residue is diluted with water (10 mL) and acidified with 2N aqueous hydrochloric acid to pH ~4. The mixture is extracted with EtOAc (2×10 mL). The organic layers are separated, washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue is purified by preparative TLC to yield 2-{3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-piperidin-1-yl}-N-hydroxyacetamide (43).

60

65

Using a similar protocol to make compound 42, tert-butyl 3-hydroxypiperidine-1-carboxylate is replaced with tert-butyl 3-hydroxypyrrolidine-1-carboxylate to make 2-{3[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]pyrrolidin-1-yl}acetic acid (44).

Example 81: Synthesis of Compound 45

Using a similar protocol to make compound 43, reaction of compound 44 with hydroxylamine affords 2-{3-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenyl-ethyl)amino)propoxy]pyrrolidin-1-yl}-N-hydroxyacetamide (45).

Example 82: Synthesis of Compound 77

140

INT-31 (0.15 mmol) is dissolved in THF (3 mL) and treated with 6N hydrochloric acid (2 mL). The reaction is stirred for 3.5 h at RT, or until TLC showed complete consumption of starting material. The reaction is carefully quenched with saturated potassium carbonate solution to adjust the pH to 8-9. The mixture is diluted with EtOAc (50 mL), washed with water (2×50 mL), and the combined aqueous layers are re-extracted with EtOAc (50 mL). The second organic layer is washed with water (50 mL) and the combined organic layers are dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude aldehyde which is oxidized directly to the carboxylic acid without further purification and using known literature protocols (e.g. *Org. Lett.* 2003, 5, 1031-1034).

The crude aldehyde (0.15 mmol) is dissolved in DMF (3 mL) and treated with methanesulfonic acid (0.15 mmol) and Oxone® (0.15 mmol). The reaction is stirred for 3 h at RT, the mixture is diluted with EtOAc (50 mL), washed with water (2×50 mL), and the combined aqueous layers are extracted with EtOAc (50 mL). The second organic layer is washed with water (50 mL) and the combined organic layers are dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, concentrated under reduced pressure, and purified by silica gel column chromatography to afford 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid

Example 83: Selected LXR Agonists of the Invention

Exemplary LXR agonists of the invention that are synthesized by combining intermediates and methods described herein are listed in Table 4.

To make certain fluoridated compounds, starting materials for described syntheses are replaced as follows: 2-(phenyl) propan-1-amine is replaced by 2-(4-fluorophenyl)propan-1-amine [456-01-9]; phenethylamine is replaced with 2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethylamine [1583-88-6]; benzylamine is replaced with 4-fluorobenzylamine [140-75-0]; 2-phenyl-2-methylpropan-1-amine is replaced with 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropan-1-amine [40377-35-3]; and phenethylamine is replaced 2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethan-1-amine which is made by standard lithium aluminum hydride reduction of 2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)acetamide (Enamine #EN300-96772).

To make certain desfluoridated compounds, INT-08 is replaced by INT-67 which is made from 4-bromo-2-(methylsulfonyl)benzaldehyde [849035-77-4] by standard sodium borohydride reduction and following a similar sequence of steps described for INT-08.

TABLE 4

Additional LXR a	agonists	of the	Invention.
------------------	----------	--------	------------

#	Name
98	$(2-fluoro-6-methane sulfonyl-4- \big\{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenyl propyl)(\big\{[3-methyl-2-phenyl propyl)(\big\})\}\big\})$
99	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)methanol (2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-
100	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)methanol (2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
101	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)methanol (4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-
	methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol
102	(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol
103	[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol
104	$[2-fluoro-4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpr$
105	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol [2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
106	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol [2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-
107	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol {4-[3-{{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
108	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol [4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-
100	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-
109	methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol [4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl]({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6- methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol
110	$\label{eq:condition} $$ \{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[(4-final final fin$
111	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:
112	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
113	fluoropheny)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol {4-[3-{{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-(4-
114	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol {2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-methyl-2-
	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
115	{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
116	{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
117	{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
118	$\label{lem:condition} \ensuremath{ \{2\text{-fluoro-4-[3-(\{[2\text{-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}\}[2\text{-}(4\text{-fluorophenyl})\text{-}2\text{-}1\text{-}1\text{-}1\text{-}1\text{-}1\text{-}1\text{-}1\text{-}1$
119	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol {2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-(4-
120	fluoropheny)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol {2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
121	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol (2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)methanol
122	(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl))({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)methanol
123	(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)methanol
124	{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
125	(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl))({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol
126	$(4-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) a mino] propoxy\}-2-(2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) a mino] propoxy\}-2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) a mino] propoxy\}-2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl]methyl\}) a mino] propoxy\}-2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl]methyl]methyl] a mino] propoxy\}-2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl]methyl]methyl] a mino] propoxy\}-2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl]methyl]methyl]methyl]methyl) a mino] propoxy\}-2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)phenylethyll(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyll(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyll(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyll(\{[3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll([3-(trifluoromethyll$
127	methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol (4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-
128	methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol (4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-
129	methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol (4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-
130	methanesulfonylphenyl)methanol [4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-
131	methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol [4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl]-2-methylpropyl]({[3-
	$(trifluoromethyl) phenyl] methyl \}) amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] methanol \\$
132	$[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) a mino \} propoxy)-2-methane sulfonylphenyl]methanol$
133	$[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino\} propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol$
134	{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
	x v / v J /x x v J

Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.

	Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.
#	Name
135	[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol
136	[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl]({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol
137	{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
138	{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
	methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
139	{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
140	{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
141	{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
142	{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
143	{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
144	{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
145	{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
146	methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol {4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
	methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
147	{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
148	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol {4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
1.0	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
149	${4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[2-(4-)]}$
150	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol {4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
100	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol
151	[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl){[3-
152	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine [3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-phenylethyl){[3-
132	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
153	[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-phenylpropyl){[3-
154	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine (2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})[3-(3-
10.	methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine
155	(2,2-diphenylethyl)[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-
156	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})[3-(3-
100	methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine
157	benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})[3-(3-
158	methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine benzyl[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
159	$[(4-fluor ophenyl) methyl] [3-(3-methane sulfonyl phenoxy) propyl] \\ \{[3-methane sulfonyl phenoxy) propyl] \\ [3-methane sulfonyl phenoxy) propyl] \\ [3-methane sulfonyl phenoxy] \\ [3-me$
1.00	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
160	[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
161	[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
162	[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
163	{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl][3-(3-
	methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine
164	[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})[3-(3-
165	methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
166	$\label{lem:condition} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[2$-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-decomposition)]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[2$-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-decomposition)]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[2$-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-decomposition)]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[2$-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-decomposition)]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]}} \ensuremath{\hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]}} \hbox{$[3$-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propylphenoxy)propylphenoxy)propylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphenoxypropylphen$
167	methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amine {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-
167	[2-cnioro-3-(trinuorometnyi)pnenyi]metnyi][3-(3-metnanesuironyipnenoxy)propyi](2-phenylethyl)amine
168	{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-
	phenylpropyl)amine
169	{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl][3-(3-

- [2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl][(4-fluorophenyl)methyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine
 [2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl][2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine
 [2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl][2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine
 [2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl][2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine

TABLE 4-continued

Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.

	Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.
#	Name
173	$\\ \left. \left\{ [2\text{-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] methyl \right\} [3\text{-}(3\text{-methanesulfonylphenoxy}) propyl] (2\text{-methanesulfonylphenoxy}) propyl] (2\text{-methanesulfonylphenoxy}) \\ \left. \left\{ [2\text{-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] methyl \right\} [3\text{-}(3\text{-methanesulfonylphenoxy}) propyl] (2\text{-methanesulfonylphenoxy}) \\ \left. \left\{ [2\text{-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] methyl \right\} [3\text{-}(3\text{-methanesulfonylphenoxy}) propyl] (2\text{-methanesulfonylphenoxy}) \\ \left. \left\{ [2\text{-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] methyl \right\} [3\text{-}(3\text{-methanesulfonylphenoxy}) \\ \left. \left\{ [2\text{-fluoromethyl]phenyl}] methyl met$
174	methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amine {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-phenylethyl)amine
175	{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-phenylpropyl)amine
176	{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine
177	{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine
178	$\label{lem:condition} $$ [2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl][2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine$
179	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:
180	1-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol
181	1-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol
182	1-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol
183	$1-(4-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino] propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) ethan-1-ol$
184	$1-(4-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino] propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) ethan-1-ol$
185	$1-(4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol$
186	$1-(4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino] propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) ethan-1-ol$
187	1-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol
188	1-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
189	1-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
190	1-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl]({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
191	1-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
192	1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
193	1-[4-(3-{[2-difluoro-2-(4-fluoropheny)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-
194	methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 1-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
154	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6- methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
195	$1-\left\{4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2\text{-chloro-}3-\left(\text{trifluoromethyl}\right)\text{phenyl}\right]\text{methyl}\right\}\left(2\text{-methyl-}2-\right)\right\}\right\}$
196	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
197	1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
198	$methylpropyl] amino) propoxyl-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl\} ethan-1-ol 1-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[(4-(4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl-1-(4-(4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl-1-(4-(4-(4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl-1-(4-(4-(4-(4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl-1-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-(4-$
199	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
200	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
201	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
202	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2- phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
203	phenyleurylamino)propoxy]-o-medianesunonylphenyl]methyl}{2- phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-o-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
204	1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
205	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2- fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
206	nuoro-o-metnanesulionyipnenyi}etnan-i-oi 1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2- methylpropyl]amino)propoxyj-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-i-oi
207	$1-\{2-fluoro-4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[2-(4-fluoro-4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]]])\})$
208	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:
209	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 1-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol

TABLE 4-continued

Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.

	Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.
#	Name
210	$1-(2-methane sulfonyl-4-\{3-[(2-phenylethyl)(\{[3-phenylethyl)([3-phenylethyl)$
211	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol 1-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
212	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol 1-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}- 2-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol
213	2-inethalicsunionyiphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)than-1-ol
214	1-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol
215	$1-(4-\{3-[benzy](\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino] propoxy\}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) ethan-1-ol$
216	$1-(4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol$
217	$1-[4-(3-\{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl](\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino\} propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol$
218	1-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl-1-ol
219	$1-[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino\}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol \\ 1-[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino\}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylpheny$
220	1-[4-()-{[2-(4-10070)]neily)propy]}{[3-(triluoroineily)pnenylpnenylpnenylpnenyl)ethan-1-ol 1-[4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
222	1-{4-(3-{[12-chindor-3-(ulmidoline(hyphraty)
223	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amino]propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 1-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
224	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
225	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
226	methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 1-{4-[3-{{[[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
227	methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4- fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
228	ntdophenyi/mixdy/jaimio/propoxy/=2-international propoxyl-1-for 1-{4-[3-{{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-} methylpropyl]amino)propoxy -2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
229	1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
230	1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
231	1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
232	$1-\{4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl\}ethan-1-ol$
233	$1-\{4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl\}ethan-1-ol$
234	1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
235	1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
236	1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
237	1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
238	1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-
240	2-intoro-on-international property of the first control of the first con
241	Thuoro-6-methanesulfonyl-et-3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)([3-
242	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzaldehyde 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-
243	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-
244	$\label{lem:methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde} $$ 4-{3-[benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-$
245	$methane sulfonyl benzal dehy de \\ 4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-defined by the sulform of the propoxy and the sulform of th$
246	$methane sulf on ylben zaldehyde \\ 2-fluoro-4-(3-\{[(4-fluor ophenyl)methyl](\{[3-4-fluor ophenyl]methyl](\{[3-4-fluor ophenyl]methyl](\{[3-4-fluor ophenyl]methyl]methyl](\{[3-4-fluor ophenyl]methyl]methyl]methyllmet$
247	$\label{lem:condition} $$ (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl) amino propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-definition of the condition of the$
	$(trifluoromethyl) phenyl] methyl \}) a mino \} propoxy) - 6 - methane sulfonyl benzalde hyde$

Additional LXR agonists of the Invention	Additiona
--	-----------

	Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.
#	Name
248	2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
240	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
249	2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
250	$4-(3-\{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{[2-fluoro-3-4-(4-fluoro-3-4-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{[2-fluoro-3-4-(4-fluoro-3-4-(4-fluoro-3-4-(4-fluoro-3-(4-f$
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-
251	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
252	4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-
	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
253	$\label{eq:continuous} 4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-methyl-$
254	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-
237	6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
255	$4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxylpropy$
256	fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
200	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
257	$\label{eq:continuous} 4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-fluorophe$
258	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
200	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
259	
260	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-
200	6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
261	2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-
262	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
263	2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
264	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzaldehyde
265	2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
266	2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
2.5	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
267	4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
268	2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
260	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzaldehyde
269	2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzaldehyde
270	2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
271	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzaldehyde 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-
2/1	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
272	$4-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylmethyl$
273	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-
	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
274	4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
275	4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-
	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
276	4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
277	4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-
270	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
278	4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
279	$4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluor ophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino\} propoxy)-2-(3-\{[2-(4-fluor ophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino\} propoxy)-2-(3-(4-fluor ophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino\} propoxy)-2-(3-(4-fluor ophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino\} propoxy)-2-(3-(4-fluor ophenyl)phenyl]methyl] amino\} propoxy)-2-(4-fluor ophenyl)phenyl]methyl] amino propoxy)-2-(4-fluor ophenyl)phenyl]methyllmeth$
280	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
200	4-[3-({[2-cnioro-3-(uninformethyl)pnenyl]nenyl]renyl]renyl]renyl]ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
281	$4-(3-\left\{[2,2-\text{difluoro-}2-(4-\text{fluorophenyl})\text{ethyl}](\left\{[2-\text{fluoro-}3-(4-\text{fluorophenyl})\text{ethyl}]\right\})$
282	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
202	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
283	4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(triffluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
284	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
201	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde

Additional	LXR	agonists	of	the	Invention.

_		Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.
	#	Name
_	285	
	286	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
	287	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
	288	
	289	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{[2-(4-
	290	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-(4-
	291	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
	292	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
	293	methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
	294	rethanesulfonylbenzaldehyde 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-
		2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
	295	$\label{eq:continuous} 4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde$
	296	$\label{lem:condition} $$4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl][2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde$
	297	4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
	298	methyl 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzoate
	299	methyl 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzoate
	300	methyl 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
	301	methyl 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-
	302	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzoate methyl 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-
	303	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-
	304	$fluoro-6-methan esulfonyl benzoate methyl \ 4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoromethyl) phenyl methyl \ 4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoromethyl) phenyl methyl \ 4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]) amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoromethyl) phenyl methyl \ 4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]) amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoromethyl) phenyl \ 4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]) amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoromethyl) \ 4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl] amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoromethyl \ 4-\{3-[benzyl([2-fluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl] \ 4-\{3-[benzyl([2-fluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]methyl \ 4-\{3-[benzyl([2-fluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl \ 4-\{3-[benzyl([2-fluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]methyl \ 4-\{3-[benzyl([2-fluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl \ 4-[benzyl([2-fluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl \ 4-[benzyl([2-fluoromethyl)phenyl([2-fluoromethyl)phenyl([2-fluoromethyl)$
	305	$ 6-methan esulfonyl benzoate \\ methyl \ 4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluor o-6-methyl benzyl(\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluor o-6-methyl benzyl(\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluor o-6-methyl benzyl(\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl])amino]propoxy\}-2-fluor o-6-methyl benzyl(\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl])amino]propoxy]-2-fluor o-6-methyl benzyl([3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl[3-(trifluor omethyl$
	306	methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-
	307	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-
	308	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
	309	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-
	310	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
		fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
	311	methyl 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
	312	methyl 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
	313	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
	314	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
	315	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxyl-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
	316	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
	317	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxyl-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
	318	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyllamino)propoxyl-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
	319	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
	320	$\label{lem:conditional} fluorophenyl) ethyl] amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl](2-methyl-$
	321	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-
	322	phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-
		phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate

#	Name
323	methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyllamino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate
324	methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
325	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
326	$\label{lem:condition} fluorophenyl) ethyl] amino) propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]\{2-(4-methyl)phenyl]methyl] fluoromethyl) phenyll phe$
327	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
328	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzoate methyl 2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-{(2-phenylethyl)({[3-
329	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzoate methyl 2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
330	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}benzoate methyl 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-
	$(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) a mino]propoxy\}-2-methane sulfonyl benzoate$
331	$methyl\ 4-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate$
332	methyl 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
333	methyl 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
334	methyl 4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
335	methyl 4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
336	methyl 4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-
337	$\label{lem:control} $$ (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl) amino propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl $$ (3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]ethyl](\{[3-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]ethyl](\{[3-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]ethyl](\{[3-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]ethyl]ethyl)$
338	$\label{lem:control} $$ (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl) amino propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl $4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]([3-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl])) $$$
339	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
340	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-
341	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
342	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
343	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
344	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
345	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
346	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
347	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
348	methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
349	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
350	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
351	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-
352	2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-
353	2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
354	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
355	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
356	methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
357	2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol
358	2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol
359	2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol
360	2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)){[[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol
	= 1more a meaneneoution, ipnen, i/email 1 or

	Additional	LXR	agonists	of the	Invention.
--	------------	-----	----------	--------	------------

#	Name
361	$2-(4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl)$
362	methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol
363	$2-(4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl])amino]propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl])amino]propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl])amino]propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl[[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl[[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl[[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl[[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl[[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoro-3$
364	methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
365	2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
366	2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}}amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
367	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
368	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-
369	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
309	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-
370	methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
371	2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol
372	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
373	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
374	fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
375	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
376	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
377	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
378	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
379	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-
5,75	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-
380	methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-
381	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-{{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
382	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
383	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
384	$2-\left\{2-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right)phenyl\right]methyl\right\}\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right)phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right)phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right)phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right)phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right)phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right]phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right]phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right]phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right]phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right]phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right]phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoro-4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-fluoro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right]phenyl\right]methyl\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluoromethyl)methyl\right]$
385	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
386	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
380	$ 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-\{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}phenyl)ethan-1-ol$
387	2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol
388	2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
389	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-
390	$ 2-methane sulfonylphenyl) ethan -1-ol \\ 2-(4-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino]propoxy\}-2-oromethyl) ethan -1-ol \\ 2-(4-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]) amino]propoxy\}-2-oromethyl) ethan -1-ol \\ 2-(4-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]) amino]propoxy\}-2-oromethyl) ethan -1-ol \\ 2-(4-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]) amino]propoxy\}-2-oromethyl) ethan -1-ol \\ 2-(4-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl](\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyle$
	methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol
391	2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol
392	2-(4-{3-[benzy]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol
393	$2-(4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-$
394	methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol 2-[4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-
	methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
395	2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
396	$2-[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino\} propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol$
397	$2-[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluor ophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) a mino\} propoxy)-2-(4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluor ophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\})) a mino\} propoxy)-2-(4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluor ophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\})) a mino\} propoxy)-2-(4-(4-fluor ophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) a mino\} propoxy)-2-(4-(4-fluor ophenyl)phenyl]methyl]methyl] methyl]methyllmethyl$
	methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol

	Additional	LXR	agonists	of	the	Invention.	
--	------------	-----	----------	----	-----	------------	--

	Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.
#	Name
398	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
399	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-
5,,,	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
400	2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
401	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
101	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
402	$2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-(2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-(3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl)methylmethyl$
403	methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
703	methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
404	$2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]methyl\}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methylmethylm$
405	methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
403	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
406	$2-\left\{4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-chloro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right)phenyl\right]methyl\right\}\right]\right]2-\left(4-fluorophenyl\right)-2-\left($
407	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
407	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
408	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol
409	2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
410	2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
	methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
411	2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
412	2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
413	2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
414	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
415	2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
416	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid
417	2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
418	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-
.10	2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid
419	2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-
420	methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-
720	methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid
421	$2-(4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]methyl])amino]propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]methyl])amino]propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-(benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl[$
422	methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-
722	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid
423	$2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]([3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyll)([3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyll)([3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyll)([3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyll)([3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyll)([3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyll)([3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyll)([3$
424	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
424	2-[2-ndoro-4-(5-{[2-(4-ndorophenyr]ethyr]}] (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]acetic acid
425	2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-
126	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid
426	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
427	2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic
428	acid 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
120	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic
	acid
429	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxyl-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
430	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
	fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
431	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2- fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid

- 431 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
 432 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
 433 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
 434 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid

Additional LXR agonists of the In	ivention.
-----------------------------------	-----------

#	Name
435	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
436	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
437	
438	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-{{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy[-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid
439	2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid
440	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-
441	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
442	The property of the property o
443	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxyl-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
444	2-{2-fluoro-3-{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)penyl]methyl}{2- phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid
445	fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
446	$2-(2-methane sulfonyl-4-\{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenyl propyl)(\{[3-methyl-2-phenyl propyl)([3-methyl-2-phenyl propyl propyl$
447	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-
448	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
449	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl)amino]propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-
450	2-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-
451	methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid
452	2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid
453	2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid
454	2-[4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid
455	2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid
456	2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid
457	$ 2-[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl](\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino\} propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid \\$
458	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
459	2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid
460	2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid
461	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
463	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
464	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
465	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
466	$2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl\}acetic acid$
467	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
468	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
469	$2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl\}acetic acid$
470	2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid
471	$2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl\}acetic acid$
472	2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid

Additional	LXR	agonists	of	the	Invention.	

#	Name
473	$2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-fluorophe$
474	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
475	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
476	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid N-[(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-
	$(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) a mino]propoxy\}phenyl)methyl]acetamide$
477	N-[(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide
478	$N-[(2-fluoro-6-methane sulfonyl-4-\{3-[(2-phenyl propyl))(\{[3-phenyl propyl)\})\}]$
479	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)methyl]acetamide N-[(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
480	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:
	6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide
481	N-[(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide
482	$N-[(4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide$
483	$N-\{[2-fluoro-4-(3-\{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl)methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl)methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl]methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl]methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl]methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl]methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl]methyl](\{[3-fluorophenyl]methyl]methyl]methyl]methyl]methyl]methyl]methyllmet$
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6- methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide
484	$N-\{[2-fluoro-4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl](\{[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methy$
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6- methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide
485	N-{[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-
	methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide
486	N-{[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl])({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-
407	methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide
487	N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
488	N-{[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-
	methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide
489	N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
49 0	N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
491	$N-(\left\{4-\left[3-(\left\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl\right]methyl\right\}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy\right]-2-normalized (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxyl-2-normalized (3-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxyl-2-normalized (3-phenylpropylpropyl)amino)propoxyl-2-normalized (3-phenylpropylpropylpropylpropylpropylpropyl)amino)propoxyl-2-normalized (3-phenylpropylpro$
492	fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6- methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
493	$N-(\left\{4-\left[3-(\left\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl\right]methyl\right\}\left[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-fl$
494	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
495	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
723	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-
496	methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-methyl-2-
497	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
497	$N-(\{2\text{-fluoro-4-}[3\text{-}(\{[2\text{-fluoro-3-}(\text{trifluoromethyl})\text{phenyl}]\text{methyl}\}\{2\text{-}phenylethyl}) amino) propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl} methyl) acetamide$
498	N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
499	N-{[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6- methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide
500	$N-[(4-\{3-[benzy](\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino] propoxy\}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) methyl] acetamide$
501	$N-(\{2-fluoro-4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}](4-fluoro-4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}](4-fluoro-4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]methyl]))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))$
502	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
503	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl)acetamide N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}]2-(4-
303	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
504	N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
505	$N-[(2-methane sulfonyl-4-\{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenyl propyl)(\{[3-methyl-2-phenyl propyl)($
506	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)methyl]acetamide N-[(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-
	$(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\} amino]propoxy\} phenyl)methyl]acetamide$

	IABLE 4-continued
	Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.
#	Name
507	$N-[(2-methane sulfonyl-4-\{3-[(2-phenyl propyl)(\{[3-methane sulfonyl-4-\{3-methane sulfonyl-4-(3-methane sulfo$
508	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:
509	
510	N-[(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide
511	N-[(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide
512	$\label{eq:new_section} N-[(4-\{3-[benzyl(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino]propoxy\}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide$
513	$N-\{[4-(3-\{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl](\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino\}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl\}acetamide $
514	N-{[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide
515	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:
516	$N-\{[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl]propy]](\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino\}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl\}acetamide$
517	N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
518	N-{[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-
519	methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide N-{[4-(3-{[2,2-diffluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide
520	$N-(\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}\{2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl\}methyl)acetamide$
521	N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxyl-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
522 523	$N-(\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl)acetamide \\N-(\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-$
524	2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
525	$\label{local-problem} fluorophenyl] methyl] amino) propoxy] -2-methanesulfonylphenyl] methyl) acetamide N-(\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl] fluorophenyl) methyl $
526	$methyl propyl] amino) propoxy]-2-methane sulfonyl phenyl] methyl) acetamide N-(\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl] methyl) \{[2-(4-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl] methyl) acetamide N-(\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl] methyl) phenyl] methyl) acetamide N-(\{4-[3-(\{[2-([4-[3-([4-[3-([4-[3-[4-[4-[3-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-$
527	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide N-{{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}]{2-(4-
528	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl)acetamide N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}_2- phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
529	N-{{4-[3-{[[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
530	$N-(\{4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl\}methyl)acetamide$
	$N-(\{4-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl\}methyl)acetamide$
532	N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxyl-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide
533 534	N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
535	14-(12-(12-moro-3-(manonimenty))meny)meny) fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
536	2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfony)-4-{3-[(2-fleury)-2-pleury)propan-2-ol 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfony)-4-{3-[(2-pleury)-1]([3-
537	2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfony)-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropax)}phenyl)propan-2-ol 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfony)-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
538	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)propan-2-ol 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-
539	2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-
540	rethanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol 2-(4-{3-[benzy]({[2-fluoro-3-(tirifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-
541	methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-
	methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol
542	$\label{lem:condition} $$2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol$

TABLE 4-continued

Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.

#	Name
543	2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol
544	2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol
545	2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol
546	2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-
547	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
547	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
548	2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6- methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol
549	2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-
	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-
	methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol
550	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
551	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
	fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
552	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
553	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
	fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
554	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
555	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
333	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
556	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
557	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
557	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
558	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-
	phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
559	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
560	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
	$fluor ophenyl) methyl] amino) propoxy]-6-methane sulfonyl phenyl\} propan-2-ol$
561	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
562	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
563	2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
564	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
J07	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)propan-2-ol
565	2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-
566	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)propan-2-ol 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-
566	2-(2-internates an interpretation of the first and a second of the second of the first and a sec
567	2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-
5.00	2-methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol
568	$ 2-(4-\{3-[(2,2-diplenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino] propoxy\}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) propan-2-ol$
569	2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-
	methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol
570	2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol
571	2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-
	methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol
572	2-[4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-
573	methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-
313	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol
574	$2-[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluor ophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino\}propoxy)-2-[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluor ophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino\}propoxy)-2-[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluor ophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino\}propoxy)-2-[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluor ophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl])amino\}propoxy)-2-[4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluor ophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl])amino\}propoxy)-2-[4-(3-(4-fluor ophenyl)ethyl]methylmethy$
575	methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-
313	methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol
576	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
577	2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]propan})-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol
578	2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-
	$(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl \}) amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl] propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl propan-2-ologogy amino \} propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl phenyl propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl propoxy) - 2 - methane sulfonyl phenyl ph$
579	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
	pnonyipropyr/ammo/propoxyj-z-memanesunonyipnenyi}propan-z-or

|--|

#	Name
580	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
581	$methane sulfonyl phenyl \cite{Condition} propan-2-ol 2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2-phenyl propyl)amino) propoxy]-2-ol 2-fall (and the condition of t$
582	methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-
	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
583	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
584	2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
585	$2-\left\{4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-chloro-3-\left(trifluoromethyl\right)phenyl\right]methyl\right\}\right]2-\left(4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4-4$
586	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
587	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-
	methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
588	2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
589	2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
590	$2-\left\{4-\left[3-\left(\left\{\left[2-\text{fluoro-}3-\left(\text{trifluoromethyl}\right)\text{phenyl}\right]\text{methyl}\right\}\right]2-\left(4-\text{fluorophenyl}\right)-2-\right\}$
591	methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
592	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol
593	$2-\{4-[3-(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl\}propan-2-ol$
594	6-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
595	6-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-
596	$\label{lem:control} $$ (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl) amino propoxy-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one $$ (-3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one $$ (-3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]methyl})amino}propoxy-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one $$ (-3-{[2-(4-fluo$
597	dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one 6-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-3,4-
598	dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one 6-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-
	fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
599	6-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
600	6-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3- (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
601	6-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-
602	
603	dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one 6-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-3,4-
604	dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one 6-[3-([[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl][(4-
	fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
605	6-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
606	6-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
607	6-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-
608	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one 6-[3-{{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{2-methyl-2-
609	phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one 6-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-3,4-
	dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
610	6-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
611	$ 6-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one \\$
612	6-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-
613	$methylpropyl] amino) propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one \\ 6-[3-(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-1,2-(4-fluorophenyl) phenyl[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-1,2-(4-fluorophenyl) phenyl[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-1,2-(4-fluorophenyl) phenyl[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-1,2-(4-fluorophenyl) phenyl[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl] phenyl[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl] phenyl[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethy$
614	3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one 6-[3-{{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}}[2-(4-
	fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
615	$\label{lem:condition} 6-\{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino]propoxy\}-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one$
616	$ 6-\left(3-\left[(2-phenylethyl)\left(\left\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\right\}\right)amino]propoxy\right\}-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one $
617	$6-\big\{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)(\big\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\big\}) a mino]propoxy\big\}-3,4-dihydro-1000000000000000000000000000000000000$
	1H-2-benzopyran-3-one

TABLE 4-continued

Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.

	Additional LXR agonists of the Invention.
#	Name
618	6-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
619	$ 6-\{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino] propoxy\}-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one \\$
620	6-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
621	$ 6-\{3-[benzyl(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) amino] propoxy\}-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one \\$
622	6-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-3,4-dihydro-1H-2-benzopyran-3-one
623	{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
624	{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}(2-phenylethyl){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
625	{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}(2-phenylpropyl){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
626	$\label{eq:condition} (2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})\\ \{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl\\ amine$
627	(2,2-diphenylethyl)({3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl})){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
628	$benzyl(\{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) \\ \{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl\} \\ amine$
629	benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}){3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine
630	benzyl({3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl})}[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
631	$[(4-fluor ophenyl)methyl](\{3-[(1-methane sulfonyl piperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl\})\{[3-(trifluor omethyl)phenyl]methyl\}amine$
632	(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
633	[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
634	[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl})){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
635	{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]{2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine
636	[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}){3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine
	[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
638	yl)oxy]propyl})(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amine
639	{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}({3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl})(2-phenylethyl)amine
640	{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}({3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl})(2-phenylpropyl)amine
641	{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine
642	{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine
643	{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine
644	{[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine
645	{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}({3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl})(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amine
646	{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}((3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl})(2-phenylethyl)amine
647	{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}((3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl})(2-phenylpropyl)amine
648	{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine
649	{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl]amine
650	{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl]amine
651	{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]{3-[(1-methanesulfonylpiperidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl]amine
652	{3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]amine
653	{3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}(2-phenylethyl){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]amine
654	{3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}(2-phenylpropyl){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine
655	$\label{eq:condition} $(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})\{3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl\}amine$

TABLE 4-continued

Additional LXR agonists of the Invention

Name $(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl \}) \{[3-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{3-(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl \}) \} [3-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{3-(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl \}) \} [3-(2,2-diphenylethyl)(\{3-(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl \}) \} [3-(2-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl \} \} [3-(2-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy] \} [3-(2-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl \} \} [3-(2-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]] [3-(2-metha$ (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}){3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3yl)oxy]propyl}amine benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}){3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3yl)oxy]propyl}amine benzyl({3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy|propyl}){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxylpropyl}){[3-661 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine $[2\hbox{-}(4\hbox{-fluorophenyl})ethyl](\{3\hbox{-}[(1\hbox{-methane sulfonyla zetidin-3-yl})oxy]propyl\})\{[3\hbox{-}(2\hbox{-fluorophenyl})ethyl](\{3\hbox{-}[(1\hbox{-methane sulfonyla zetidin-3-yl})oxy]propyl\})\})\}$ 662 (trifluoromethyl)phenyllmethyl}amine [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}){[3-663 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine $\\ \left. \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] methyl \right\} [2,2\text{-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl}] \right\} [3,2\text{-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl}] \\ \left. \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} [2,2\text{-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl}] \right\} [2,2\text{-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl}] \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} [2,2\text{-difluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} [2,2\text{-difluoromethyl)phenyl} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} [2,2\text{-difluoromethyl)phenyl} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} [2,2\text{-difluoromethyl)phenyl} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \right\} \\ \left\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] \\ \left\{ [2\text{-$ 664 methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine $\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} $[2,2$-diffuoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)](t]/$[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]\\ $[3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl]$ amine $$[1,2]$ amine $$ $[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl\})\{[3-(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl\})$ 666 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine 667 yl)oxy]propyl})(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amine 668 $\{[2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] methyl\} (\{3\text{-}[(1\text{-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-methyl}) methyl)\}) (\{3\text{-}[(1\text{-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-methyl}) methyl)] (\{3\text{-}[(1\text{-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidin-3-methylazetidi$ yl)oxy]propyl})(2-phenylethyl)amine {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}({3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-669 d)oxy]propyl})(2-phenylpropyl)amine {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]{3-[(1nethanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amin {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]{3-[(1methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]{3-[(1nethanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine $\{ [2\text{-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}] methyl \} [2\text{-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl}] \{ 3\text{-[(1-fluorophenyl)propyl}] \} \}$ methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine $\label{eq:continuous} \ensuremath{\{\text{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]}} methyl\ensuremath{\}(\{\text{3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-methyl)})} \ensuremath{\}} \ensuremath{\{\text{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]}} \ensuremath{\}} \ensure$ l)oxy]propyl})(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amine $\{[2\text{-fluoro-3-}(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}(\{3\text{-}[(1\text{-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-methanesulfonylazetidin-3-methyl})\}))$ l)oxy]propyl})(2-phenylethyl)amine {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}({3-[(1-methanesulfonylazetidin-3l)oxy]propyl})(2-phenylpropyl)amine {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]{3-[(1methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy|propyl}amine {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]{3-[(1methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]{3-[(1-fluorophenyl)ethyl] methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine 680 {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]{3-[(1methanesulfonylazetidin-3-yl)oxy]propyl}amine

Example 84: ApoE Gene Expression Analysis by qRT-PCR

Cancer cells (MeWo) were treated in presence of drug or control (DMSO) at indicated concentrations for 48 h. RNA was extracted from whole cell lysates using the Total RNA Purification Kit (17200, Norgen, Thorold, Canada). 600 ng 55 of total RNA was then reverse transcribed into cDNA using the Verso cDNA Synthesis Kit (AB-1453/B, Fisher Scientific). 6 ng of the resulting cDNA was then mixed with SYBR green PCR Master Mix (4309155, Applied Biosystems) and the appropriate primers. Each reaction was per- 60 formed in quadruplicate, and mRNA expression was quantified by performing real-time PCR amplification using a StepOne Plus Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems). GAPDH was used as an endogenous control for normalization. EC₅₀ values were calculated using Prism6 software and plotting expression values versus drug concentration.

The following primers were used:

50

ApoE Forward:

(SEQ ID NO: 1)

5'-TGGGTCGCTTTTGGGATTAC-3'

ApoE Reverse:

(SEQ ID NO: 2)

5'-TTCAACTCCTTCATGGTCTCG-3'

GAPDH Forward:

(SEQ ID NO: 3)

5'-AGCCACATCGCTCAGACAC-3'

GAPDH Reverse:

(SEQ ID NO: 4)

Results: The results of ApoE gene expression analysis are shown in Table 5. The results are shown in relation to GW3965 ApoE expression at 1 μ M (i.e. 100%). EC₅₀ values for selected compounds are shown in Table 6.

173 TABLE 5

174 TABLE 6-continued

Results of ApoE gene expre	ssion analysis		_	EC ₅₀ values for ApoE expression	for selected compounds
Compound	1 μΜ	10 μ M	5	Compound	$EC_{50}\left(\mu M\right)$
GW3965	100%	++	_ ,	29	<0.3
SB742881	++	++		31	<1.0
WO2007002563 Tb. 1 Ex. 19	++	++		35	<3.0
WO20100138598 Ex. 9	++	++		59	<0.3
O2013138565 Racemic Ex. E2a	++	++		60	<0.3
1	+++	+	10	62	<1.0
2	++	++	10	63	<3.0
3	++	+		64	<1.0
4	++	++		65	<1.0
6	+++	++		66	<3.0
7	+++	++		79	<1.0
8	+++	+++		80	<1.0
9	++	+++	15	81	<0.3
24	++	++		83	<1.0
25	++	+		85	<1.0
26	+	+		89	<1.0
29	++	+++		90	<1.0
30	++	+++			
31	++	+++	20		
35	+	++			
59	++	++		Example 85: Matrigel	Invesion Asset
60	++	+++		Example 65. Mainger	Ilivasion Assay
61	++	+++			
62	+++	+++		Cancer cells (MeWo) were pro	e-treated in presence
63	+++	+++	25	μM drug or control (DMSO) for	
64	+++	+++		cells were switched to serum-	
65	+++	+++			
66	+++	+++		DMEM-based media for 16 h in t	
67	+	+		control, respectively. Trans-w	ell invasion char
71	+	ND		(354480, BD Biosciences, Bedfor	
72	+++	+++	30	brated in DMEM-based media pr	
73	+++	+++	30		
74	++	++		assay by adding 0.5 ml of starva	
75	++	+++		bottom chambers. After 30 mi	n, the media in th
78	++	ND		chamber was removed, and 0.5	ml of media conta
79	+++	+++		1×10^5 cancer cells in the present	
80	+++	+++			
81	++	++	35	into each matrigel-coated trans	
82	++	ND		allowed to invade through the ma	trigel-coated inserts:
83	+++	ND		h at 37° C.	-
84	++	++			wagion agan with
85	+++	ND		Results: The results of the in	
87	++	ND		compounds are shown in Table 7	' •
88	+++	ND	40		
89				TABLE	7
	+++	+++ ND		TABLE	1
90	+++	ND		Invasion assay	reculto
	+++	++		IIIVASIOII ASSAV	results
91	++	ND			0/ 00 11
92					
92 93	+	+	45		% of Cells
92			45		% of Cells Migrated Compared

[&]quot;+++" > 80% ApoE induction,

ND = Not Determined

TABLE 6 EC₅₀ values for ApoE expression for selected compounds

Compound	$EC_{50}\left(\mu M\right)$
GW3965	<0.3
SB742881	<1.0
WO20100138598 Ex. 9	<1.0
WO2013138565 Racemic	< 0.3
Ex. E2a	
1	<1.0
4	<1.0
6	< 0.3
7	<1.0
8	<1.0
9	< 0.3

-treated in presence of 1 72 h after which cancer tarvation in 0.2% FBS e presence of the drug or ell invasion chambers l, Mass.) were pre-equilior to the beginning of the ion media to the top and the media in the top ml of media containing of the drug, was added well insert. Cells were rigel-coated inserts for 24

asion assay with select

	Invasion assay re	sults
5	Compound	% of Cells Migrated Compared to Control
	GW3965	<70%
	SB742881	<70%
0	WO20100138598 Ex. 9	<90%
	DMSO Control	100%
	1	<95%
	8	<50%
	9	<50%
	29	<50%
5	31	<70%

Example 86: Whole Blood Gene Expression Analysis of ApoE

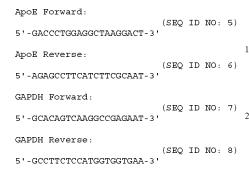
60 Six drops of blood are collected from BL6 mice by Submandibular Sampling into serum blood sample collection tubes, inverted 8-10 times before centrifugation at 2,000 g for 10 min. Blood serum is removed and RNA was 65 extracted from whole cell lysates using the Total RNA Purification Kit (17200, Norgen, Thorold, Canada). 600 ng of total RNA is then reverse transcribed into cDNA using the

[&]quot;++" > 40% induction,

and "+" < 40% induction,

Verso cDNA Synthesis Kit (AB-1453/B, Fisher Scientific). 6 ng of the resulting cDNA is then mixed with SYBR green PCR Master Mix (4309155, Applied Biosystems) and the appropriate primers. Each reaction is performed in quadruplicate, and mRNA expression is quantified by performing real-time PCR amplification using a StepOne Plus Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems). GAPDH is used as an endogenous control for normalization.

The following primers were used:



Example 87: In Vivo Primary Tumor Growth Assay

For primary tumor growth studies, 5×10⁴ B16F10 melanoma cells were mixed 1:1 with matrigel and subcutaneously injected into the lower flanks of 6-week old C57B16 30 mice. Upon the formation of palpable tumors, 4-5 days after tumor cell injection, 10 mice were randomly assigned to groups eating a control diet or a diet supplemented with compound 8 (5 and 25 mg/kg). Tumor volume was calculated as (small diameter)²×(large diameter)/2 and tumor 35 growth inhibition was measured relative to vehicle control.

Results: The result of in vivo tumor growth inhibition of compound 8 is shown in Table 8. Compound 8 demonstrated 39% tumor growth inhibition of B16F10 melanoma cells in vivo at 25 mpk.

TABLE 8

In vivo tum	or growth inhibition	assay results for co	ompound 8.
	Control	5 mg/kg Cmpd 8	25 mg/kg Cmpd 8
Mean tumor volume (mm3) (+/-S.E.M.)	784 (+/-77)	686 (+/-97)	475 (+/-56)
Tumor growth inhibition % of control (+/-S.E.M.)	0% (+/-10%)	13% (+/-12%)	39% (+/-7%)

Example 88: Pharmacodynamic Analysis of ApoE

In Vivo Dosing and Sample Collection: 6-7 week old B16F10 mice received a single dose of Compound 8 at 52.6 mg/kg, formulated in 2% DMSO/20% Propylene Glycol/78% 0.5% Methylcellulose (400 cp) at a final concentration of 4.62 mg/mL by oral gavage. Bleeds were taken at 0.5 h, 2 h, 4 h, 8 h, 16 h, 24 h and 48 h. Mice were bled twice, the first bleed was drawn submandibular and the second through intracardiac puncture. Blood was collected in Dipotassium EDTA Microtainer tubes (02-669-38, Fisher). To isolate 65 peripheral blood lymphocytes, blood samples were centrifuged at 2000 g for 5 min. After separation of the plasma,

176

Erythrocytes were lysed in 1 mL Erythrocyte Lysis (EL) buffer (79217, Qiagen) and incubation at room temperature for 20 min. Samples were centrifuged at 400 g for 10 min, and peripheral blood lymphocytes washed once in EL buffer, followed by one wash in PBS.

ApoE Gene Expression Analysis by qRT-PCR: RNA was extracted from peripheral blood lymphocytes using the Total RNA Purification Micro Kit (35300, Norgen, Thorold, Canada). 200-300 ng of total RNA was then reverse transcribed into cDNA using the Verso cDNA synthesis Kit (AB-1453B, Fisher Scientific) and 6 ng of the resulting cDNA was mixed with SYBR Green PCR Mater Mix (4385612, Applied Biosystems) and quantitative real-time PCR amplification was performed using an ABI Prism 7900HT Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems, Austin, Tex.). Each PCR reaction was carried out in quadruplicates. Gene expression was normalized to GAPDH, which was used as an endogenous control. Primers used as described in Example 86.

Results: The results of ApoE induction in vivo by compound 8 is shown in Table 9 where Pre-Dose represents endogenous levels of ApoE induction prior to dosing, n is the number of samples analyzed, and values are expressed as fold induction over pre-dose endogenous ApoE levels (normalized to 1.0). Peak induction of compound 8 is >6-fold over background at 4 h.

TABLE 9

m:		Ella Eri d o
Time		Fold ApoE Induction Over
Sampling	n	Pre-Dose Level (+/-S.D.)
Pre-Dose	3	1.0 (+/-0.2)
0.5 h	2	1.3 (+/-0.3)
2 h	2	2.7 (+/-0.5)
4 h	3	6.3 (+/-1.8)
8 h	4	3.8 (+/-2.4)
16 h	4	0.3 (+/-0.4)
24 h	5	0.4 (+/-0.6)
48 h	4	0.1 (+/-0.3)

Example 89: Immunohistochemistry Analysis of ApoE

Human primary melanoma skin samples are resected from melanoma patients, formalin-fixed, embedded in paraffin, and sectioned into 5-um-thick increments. To determine ApoE protein expression, the samples are first de-paraffinized by two consecutive xylene washes (5-min each), and 50 rehydrated in a series of ethanol washes (100%, 95%, 80%, and 70% EtOH). ApoE antigen is retrieved by incubating the samples in the presence of proteinase K (5 µg/mL) for 20 min at room temperature. To quench endogenous peroxidase activity, the slides are incubated in 3% H₂O₂ solution. The slides are then blocked in three consecutive Avidin, Biotin, and horse serum block solutions for 15 min each at room temperature (SP-2001, Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, Calif.). ApoE is detected by staining with D6E10 anti-ApoE antibody (ab1908, Abcam), which is used at a 1:100 dilution in PBS at 4° C. overnight. The primary antibody is then recognized by incubating the slides in a peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody (PK-4002, Vector Laboratories) and exposed by DAB (SK-4105, Vector Laboratories) oxidation reaction. The slides are imaged at 10× magnification and analyzed in a double-blinded manner. ApoE expression is quantified by counting the number of DAB-positive cells and measuring the area of extracellular ApoE staining. Total ApoE staining signal is expressed as the percentage staining

area per given tumor area, determined based on matched H&E-stained slides for each sample.

Example 90: Western Blot Analysis of ApoE in Plasma Samples

For analysis of ApoE protein levels in plasma samples, 8 □g of plasma is separated by SDS-PAGE and transferred to a PVDF membrane. The membrane is blocked in 5% milk in PBS/0.1% Tween-20 (PBS-T) for 1 h at room temperature (RT), washed three times in PBS-T before incubation with primary antibodies against mouse ApoE (ab20874, Abcam), or human ApoE (ab1906, Abcam) and transferrin (ab82411). Transferrin is used to normalize the ApoE signal. The membrane is washed three times in PBS-T and blotted with secondary antibody (65612, Invitrogen) for 1 h at RT. Following three washes in PBS-T, the membrane is developed using ECL substrate (32106, Pierce) according to the manufacturers instructions.

Example 91: Gene Expression Analysis in Human Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells (PBMCs)

Purified PBMC are suspended in culture medium (RPMI+ 10% FBS+1% penicillin/streptomycin/amphotericin B with 1% L-glutamine) and transferred into 6-well culture dishes at 5×10^6 cells/well. After one hour, drug or control (DMSO) is added and incubation is continued for 48 h. The conditioned media is removed and centrifuged at 450 g for 5 min. $_{30}$ The cell pellet is washed once in PBS before resuspending in lysis buffer (17200, Norgen, Thorold, Canada). The remaining adherent cells are washed once in PBS and directly lysed by the addition of lysis buffer. The fractions are pooled and RNA extracted (17200, Norgen, Thorold, Canada). 600 ng of total RNA is then reverse transcribed into cDNA using the Verso cDNA Synthesis Kit (AB-1453/ B, Fisher Scientific). 6 ng of the resulting cDNA is mixed with SYBR green PCR Master Mix (4309155, Applied Biosystems) and the appropriate primers. Each reaction is performed in quadruplicate, and mRNA expression is quantified by performing real-time PCR amplification using a StepOne Plus Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems). GAPDH is used as an endogenous control for normalization.

The following primers are used:

ApoE Forward:	(SEQ ID NO: 1)
5'-TGGGTCGCTTTTGGGATTAC-3'	(SEQ ID NO: I)
ApoE Reverse:	(SEQ ID NO: 2)
5'-TTCAACTCCTTCATGGTCTCG-3'	(510 15 16. 2)
GAPDH Forward:	(SEO ID NO: 3)
5'-AGCCACATCGCTCAGACAC-3'	(520 15 16. 5)
GAPDH Reverse:	(SEO ID NO: 4)
5'-GCCCAATACGACCAAATCC-3'	(520 15 16. 1)
ABCG1 Forward:	(SEO ID NO: 9)
5'-GCCACTTTCGTGGGCCCAGTGA-3'	(,
ABCG1 Reverse:	(SEO ID NO: 10)
5'-TCTCATCACCAGCTGTGTTGCA-3'	(

178

-continued
ABCA1 Forward:

(SEQ ID NO: 11)
5'-TGC TGC ATA GTC TTG GGA CTC-3'

ABCA1 Reverse:

(SEQ ID NO: 12)
5'-ACC TCC TGT CGC ATG TCA CT

Example 92: LXR α/β Agonist Activity and Selectivity Profiling

DiscoveRx PathHunter cells (NR1H2 for β; NR1H3 for $\alpha)$ are seeded in a total volume of 20 μL in white-walled, 384-well microplates and incubated at 37° C. for the appropriate time prior to testing. Assay media contains charcoaldextran-filtered serum to reduce the level of hormones present. Serial dilution of drug is performed to generate 5x sample in assay buffer and 3.5 μ L of each 5× sample is added to cells in the appropriate well. The plate is incubated at 37° ²⁰ C. or RT for 3-16 hours. Final assay vehicle concentration is 1%. Assay signal is generated through a single addition of 12.5 μL or 15 μL (50% v/v) of PathHunter Detection reagent cocktail, followed by incubation for 1 h at RT. Microplates are analyzed by chemiluminescent using a PerkinElmer EnvisionTM instrument. Compound activity is calculated using CBIS data analysis suite (Chem Innovation, Calif.). Percentage agonist activity is calculated using the following formula:

Actvity=100%x(mean of test sample-mean of vehicle control)/(mean control ligand-mean of vehicle control)

Example 93: Allergic Contact Dermatitis of the Mouse Ear

The mouse contact dermatitis model (ear edema model) has been previously used for the characterization of topical application of LXR activators for their effect on skin inflammation (Fowler et al. J. Invest. Dermatol. 2003, 120, 246).

Briefly, phorbol 12-myristate-13-acetate (PMA) is applied topically to both the inner and outer surface (10 μL each surface, 20 µL total) of the left ears of the mice to induce irritant contact dermatitis. Acetone alone (vehicle) is applied to the right ears. Test compounds (20 µL/side) are applied 30 min prior and 15 min after PMA application to both surfaces of left ear (40 µL total). Identical treatments are performed with 20 μL of the positive control (0.05% clobetasol) and the vehicle group (acetone application 50 alone). Blood samples (approximately 60 μL) are collected from retro-orbital plexus of 5 mice (from each group), at the 6 h time point, into labeled micro-tubes containing K₂EDTA solution as an anticoagulant. Plasma is immediately harvested by centrifugation at 4000 rpm for 10 min at 4±2° C. 55 and stored below -70° C. until bioanalysis. The inflammatory insult induced by PMA is assessed as the percentage increase in ear thickness and/or ear weight in the treated left ear versus the vehicle-treated right ear. Ear thickness is measured with a digital caliper followed by whole ear weight to ascertain changes in ear weights. The extent of inflammation is quantitated according to the following equation:

ear swelling (%)=100×(a-b)/b

65 where a is the thickness/weight of the left (treated) ear and b is the thickness/weight of the right (untreated control) ear. After obtaining the samples for assessment of ear thickness/

weight, biopsies are obtained from adjacent sites for routine histopathology fixation in 4% freshly prepared paraformaldehyde in phosphate-buffered saline. Ear swelling and ear weight for test compounds are compared to Clobetasol (corticosteroid used to treat various skin disorders).

Example 94: Alzheimer's Disease Mouse Model

A mouse model of Alzheimer's disease has been previously described for the characterization of LXR agonist's ability to reduce Aß levels and ameliorates plaque burden in Tg2576 mice (Neuron 2008, 58 (5), 681-693).

In Vivo Dosing and Sample Collection: Tg2576 mice or wild type littermates (5 animals/group), 12 months of age, are fed AIN-76A standard rodent diet alone or supplemented with test compound (e.g., at 120 mg/kg; 33 mg/kg/day) ad libitum for 4 months. The animals are sacrificed, and the right hemispheres are fixed and processed for immunohistochemical analysis. The left hemispheres are snap-frozen on dry ice and subject to serial extraction of total RNA, DNA and protein. Wild type mice (C57BL/6), Apoe null mice (B6129P2-Apoe^{tm1Unc/J}) and Abca1 heterozygote mice (DBA/1-Abca1^{tm1Jdm/J}) are obtained from Jackson Laboratory (Bar Harbor, Me.). Abca1 +/+, +/- and -/- mice are bred from Abca1 heterozygote mice (DBA/1-Abca1 $^{tm1Jdm/J}$). Tg2576 mice are maintained by crossing to 25 B6SJLF1/J animals. A β plaque burden is monitored by 6E10 staining in the hippocampus by quantifying plaque number and plaque area for treated groups vs control. Levels of full-length APP, C99 C-terminal fragment, total Aβ, ABCA1 and ApoE are monitored by Western blot analysis. The 30 results are normalized to β -actin.

Immunohistochemistry and Image Analysis: Post-fixed hemispheres are sectioned sagittally into $10 \ \mu m$ sections using a cryostat. Sections are mounted, air-dried, and then stored at 4° C. until use. For Aβ immunohistochemistry, 35 sections (3 per mouse, about 1.2 mm-1.5 mm from the midline, spaced 0.1 mm apart from each other) are incubated in 70% formic acid for 3 min and the endogenous tissue peroxidase activity is quenched by incubation with 1% peroxide in methanol for 10 min. Sections are then microwaved in distilled water for 3 min, and then incubated with blocking solution (5% normal goat serum and 0.1% Triton X-100 in PBS) for 1 h. Sections are incubated with primary antibody in the blocking solution overnight at 4° C. The antigens are detected by secondary antibodies using standard ABC-DAB methods. Sections are counterstained with 45 hematoxylin. The 6E10 antibody against human Aβ is used to stain Aβ plaques. Images are analyzed using Image Pro-Plus software (Media Cybernetics, Silver Spring, Md.).

Example 95: Gene Expression Analysis in Whole Tissue

Organs (e.g. liver, lung, small intestine, brain, tumor, etc.) are removed from control or drug-treated animals (See Example 99) are snapfrozen in liquid nitrogen until further processing. Frozen tissue (10 mg) is homogenized in 600 μl lysis buffer (17200, Norgen, Thorold, Canada) using a scalpel followed by passing the lysate 5-10 times through a 25G needle attached to a syringe. The lysate is transferred to a microcentrifuge tube and centrifuged for 2 min at 14,000 g. The supernatant is transferred to a new microcentrifuge tube and an equal amount of 70% ethanol is added and mixed by vortexing. 650 µl of the lysate is loaded onto a RNA extraction column and processed according to the manufacturers protocol (17200, Norgen, Thorold, Canada). 600 ng of total RNA is then reverse transcribed into cDNA 65 using the Verso cDNA Synthesis Kit (AB-1453/B, Fisher Scientific). 6 ng of the resulting cDNA is mixed with SYBR

180

green PCR Master Mix (4309155, Applied Biosystems) and the appropriate primers (see Example 98). Each reaction is performed in quadruplicate, and mRNA expression quantified by performing real-time PCR amplification using a StepOne Plus Real-Time PCR System (Applied Biosystems). GAPDH is used as an endogenous control for normalization.

Alternatively, ApoE levels are determined by W-blot analysis, in which case mouse lung and brain tissues are homogenized on ice in RIPA buffer (Sigma-Aldrich). Mouse adipose tissue is homogenized in TNET buffer (1.5 mM Tris [pH 7.5], 150 mM NaCl, 2 mM EDTA, 1% triton, protease inhibitors). Total protein lysates are separated by SDS-PAGE and processed as described in Example 102, with the exception that tubulin (2148, Cell Signaling Technology) is used as an internal loading control.

The following primers were used:

ApoE Forward: 5'-GACCCTGGAGGCTAAGGACT-3' ApoE Reverse: 5'-AGAGCCTTCATCTTCGCAAT-3' GAPDH Forward: 5'-GCACAGTCAAGGCCGAGAAT-3' GAPDH Reverse: 5'-GCCTTCTCCATGGTGGTGAA-3' ABCA1 Forward: 5'-ATGGAGCAGGGAAGACCAC-3' ABCA1 Reverse: 5'-GTAGGCCGTGCCAGAAGTT-3' ABCG1 Forward: 5'-TTTCCCAGAGATCCCTTTCA-3' ABCG1 Reverse: 5'-ATCGAATTCAAGGACCTTTCC-3'

Other Embodiments

All literature and similar material cited in this application, including, but not limited to, patents, patent applications, articles, books, treatises, and web pages, regardless of the format of such literature and similar materials, are expressly incorporated by reference in their entirety. In the event that one or more of the incorporated literature and similar materials differs from or contradicts this application, including but not limited to defined terms, term usage, described 50 techniques, or the like, this application controls.

While the methods have been described in conjunction with various embodiments and examples, it is not intended that the methods be limited to such embodiments or examples. On the contrary, the present disclosure encompasses various alternatives, modifications, and equivalents, as will be appreciated by those of skill in the art.

While the methods have been particularly shown and described with reference to specific illustrative embodiments, it should be understood that various changes in form and detail may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the present disclosure. Therefore, all embodiments that come within the scope and spirit of the present disclosure, and equivalents thereto, are intended to be claimed. The claims, descriptions and diagrams of the methods, systems, and assays of the present disclosure should not be read as limited to the described order of elements unless stated to that effect.

SEQUENCE LISTING

```
<160> NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 16
<210> SEQ ID NO 1
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct
<400> SEQUENCE: 1
tgggtcgctt ttgggattac
                                                                       20
<210> SEQ ID NO 2
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct
<400> SEQUENCE: 2
ttcaactcct tcatggtctc g
                                                                       21
<210> SEQ ID NO 3
<211> LENGTH: 19
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct
<400> SEQUENCE: 3
agccacatcg ctcagacac
                                                                       19
<210> SEQ ID NO 4
<211> LENGTH: 19
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct
<400> SEQUENCE: 4
                                                                       19
gcccaatacg accaaatcc
<210> SEQ ID NO 5
<211> LENGTH: 22
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct
<400> SEQUENCE: 5
gccactttcg tgggcccagt ga
                                                                       22
<210> SEQ ID NO 6
<211> LENGTH: 22
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct
<400> SEQUENCE: 6
                                                                       22
tctcatcacc agctgtgttg ca
<210> SEQ ID NO 7
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
```

-continued

<220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct	
<400> SEQUENCE: 7	
tgctgcatag tcttgggact c	21
<pre><210> SEQ ID NO 8 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct</pre>	
<400> SEQUENCE: 8	
acctectgte geatgteact	20
<210> SEQ ID NO 9 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct	
<400> SEQUENCE: 9	
gaccctggag gctaaggact	20
<pre><210> SEQ ID NO 10 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct <400> SEQUENCE: 10</pre>	
(400) BEQUENCE: 10	
agaggettea tetteggaat	20
agageettea tettegeaat	20
<pre>agagccttca tcttcgcaat <210> SEQ ID NO 11 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct</pre>	20
<210> SEQ ID NO 11 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE:	20
<210> SEQ ID NO 11 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct	20
<pre><210> SEQ ID NO 11 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct <400> SEQUENCE: 11 gcacagtcaa ggccgagaat </pre> <pre><210> SEQ ID NO 12 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct </pre>	
<pre><210> SEQ ID NO 11 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct <400> SEQUENCE: 11 gcacagtcaa ggccgagaat </pre> <pre><210> SEQ ID NO 12 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct <400> SEQUENCE: 12</pre>	20
<pre><210> SEQ ID NO 11 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct <400> SEQUENCE: 11 gcacagtcaa ggccgagaat </pre> <pre><210> SEQ ID NO 12 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct </pre>	
<pre><210> SEQ ID NO 11 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct <400> SEQUENCE: 11 gcacagtcaa ggccgagaat </pre> <pre><210> SEQ ID NO 12 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct <400> SEQUENCE: 12</pre>	20
<pre><210> SEQ ID NO 11 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct <400> SEQUENCE: 11 gcacagtcaa ggccgagaat <210> SEQ ID NO 12 <211> LENGTH: 20 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE: <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct <400> SEQUENCE: 12 gccttctcca tggtggtgaa <210> SEQ ID NO 13 <211> LENGTH: 19 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence</pre> <220> FEATURE: <210> SEQ ID NO 13 <211> LENGTH: 19 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence <220> FEATURE:	20

```
-continued
```

```
<210> SEQ ID NO 14
<211> LENGTH: 19
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct
<400> SEQUENCE: 14
gtaggccgtg ccagaagtt
                                                                        19
<210> SEQ ID NO 15
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct
<400> SEQUENCE: 15
tttcccagag atccctttca
                                                                        20
<210> SEQ ID NO 16
<211> LENGTH: 21
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223 > OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic construct
<400> SEQUENCE: 16
                                                                        21
atcqaattca aqqacctttc c
```

35

The invention claimed is:

1. A compound of Formula I:

wherein A is:

Formula Ia 50

Rd

(RB)_e

55

wherein e is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4;

 R^4 is optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ acyl, optionally substituted $C_1\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ alkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_2\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_6$ heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_3\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted $C_4\text{-}C_{10}$ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted $C_8\text{-}C_{12}$ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$ aryl, optionally substituted $C_6\text{-}C_{10}$

aryl C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₉ heteroaryl, optionally substituted C₂-C₉ heteroaryl C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C2-C9 heterocyclyl, 8F optionally substituted C₂-C₉ heterocyclyl C₁-C₆ alkyl; each R^B is independently hydroxyl, optionally substituted amino, halo, thiol, optionally substituted amino acid, optionally substituted C1-C6 acyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ alkenyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 alkynyl, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ heteroalkyl, optionally substituted C₂-C₆ heteroalkenyl, optionally substituted C2-C6 heteroalkynyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, optionally substituted C₈-C₁₂ cycloalkenyl, optionally substituted C₄-C₁₀ cycloalkynyl, optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl, optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C2-C9 heteroaryl, optionally substituted C2-C9 heteroaryl C1-C6 alkyl, optionally substituted C2-C9 heterocyclyl, or optionally substituted C₂-C₉ heterocyclyl C₁-C₆ alkyl; and

186

L is —O—; a is 2 or 3; b is 1; c is 0; d is 1;

each R¹, R², R⁶, R⁷, R⁸, and R⁹ are independently hydrogen or optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl;

 R^3 is hydrogen, halo, or optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl;

R⁴ is hydrogen, optionally substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl, optionally substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, or optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl;

 R^{5} is optionally substituted C_{6} - C_{10} aryl; and B is optionally substituted C_{6} - C_{10} aryl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

30

35

55

60

65

2. The compound of claim **1**, wherein each R^6 and R^7 is hydrogen.

3. The compound of claim 1, wherein R^3 is hydrogen.

4. The compound of claim **1**, wherein R⁴ is hydrogen, phenyl, cyclohexyl, or methyl.

5. The compound of claim 1, wherein R⁵ is phenyl.

6. The compound of claim **1**, wherein each R^8 and R^9 is hydrogen.

7. The compound of claim 1, wherein $-(CR^1R^2)_a$ — has the structure:

8. The compound of claim **7**, wherein $-(CR^1R^2)_3$ — has the structure:

9. The compound of claim **1**, wherein said compound has the structure:

-continued

$$_{\rm A}$$
 $_{\rm CH_3}$

$$A \xrightarrow{\text{H}_3\text{C}} N$$

- 10. The compound of claim 1, wherein said optionally substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryl is 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl, 2-fluoro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl, 3-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)-phenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl, 3-trifluoromethyl-4-fluoro-phenyl, or 3-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl.
- 11. The compound of claim 10, wherein B is 2-chloro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl, 2-fluoro-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl, or 3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl.
- 12. The compound of claim 11, wherein B is 2-chloro-3- trifluoromethyl-phenyl.
 - 13. A compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, selected from:

$$F \xrightarrow{F} F$$

$$Cl$$

$$CH_3$$

$$CH_3$$

$$CH_3$$

$$CH_3$$

$$F \xrightarrow{F} F$$

$$Cl$$

$$Ho$$

$$F$$

$$F$$

$$N$$

$$N$$

$$F$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

$$\begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &$$

-continued OH
$$F$$
 SO_2Me , SO_2Me , CF_3 CI SO_2Me CF_3 CI SO_2Me SO_2Me

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

60

-continued HO HO

(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenyl-propyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)methanol,

F₃C

(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl) methanol,

(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl) methanol,

(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) methanol,

(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) methanol,

[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,

[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl] ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,

[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,

[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,

{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2, 2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,

[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,

{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino) propoxyl-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol.

{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl) methanol,

(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-(trifluo-romethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl) methanol,

(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl) methanol,

25

45

60

197

- {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2, 2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- (4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) methanol,
- (4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) methanol.
- (4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) methanol.
- (4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) methanol.
- (4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) methanol,
- [4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,
- [4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,
- [4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,
- [4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}]2, 2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- [4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methanol,
- [4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyllmethanol.
- {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-50 fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,

- {4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol.
- {4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- {4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl) propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methanol,
- [3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine,
- [3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-phenylethyl){[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine,
- [3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-phenylpropyl) {[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine,
- (2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl] amine
- (2,2-diphenylethyl)[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine,
- benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine,
- benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine,
- benzyl[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine,
- [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy) propyl]{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine,
- [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl][3-(3-methanesulfo-nylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}amine,
- [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy) propyl]{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}amine,
- [2-(4-fluorophenyl) propyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}amine,
- {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-dif-luoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-methanesulfonyl-phenoxy)propyl]amine,
- [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl) ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})[3-(3-methanesulfonyl-phenoxy)propyl]amine,
- [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl) ethyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]{[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}amine,
- {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-methyl-2-phenyl-propyl)amine,
- {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-phenylethyl) amine,
- {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-phenylpropyl) amine
- {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl] amine.
- {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine,

15

40

45

50

60

65

199

- {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]
- {[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl) propyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)pro- 5 pyl]amine,
- {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[3-(3methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amine.
- {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[3-(3methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-phenylethyl)
- {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[3-(3methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl](2-phenylpropyl)
- {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl] amine.
- {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine,
- {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]
- {[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl][3-(3-methanesulfonylphenoxy)propyl]amine,
- 1-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy{phenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 1-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 1-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy{phenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- $1-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluorom$ ethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 1-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 1-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino|propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- $1-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]}}$ methyl})amino|propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- $1-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})}$ amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) ethan-1-ol.
- $1-[2-fluoro-4-(3-\{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl](\{[3-(trifluo$ romethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino{propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- $1-[2-fluoro-4-(3-\{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]\}]$ ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino\propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 1-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino{propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyllethan-1-ol,
- 1-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino{propoxy)-6methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-

- 1-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino{propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl] ethan-1-ol.
- $1-[4-(3-\{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{[3-(trif$ luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino{propoxy)-2fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl\{(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy\}-6methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl\(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy\[-6methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl [2-(4-fluorophenyl) propyl amino) propoxy]-6methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy{phenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 1-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl) ethan-1-ol,
- 1-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino[propoxy}phenyl) ethan-1-ol,
- 1-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
 - $1-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phe$ nyl|methyl})amino|propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 1-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino|propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) ethan-1-ol,

15

45

55

60

201

- 1-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) ethan-1-ol.
- $\begin{array}{l} 1\text{-}(4\text{-}\{3\text{-}[benzyl(\{[3\text{-}(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}\})\\ amino]propoxy\}\text{-}2\text{-}methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1\text{-}ol, \end{array}$
- 1-[4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 1-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 1-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 1-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 1-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trif-25 luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol.
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,

- 1-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 1-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol.
- 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzaldehyde,
- 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methane-sulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenyl-propyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzaldehyde,
- 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfo-nylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfo-nylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde.
- 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesul-fonylbenzaldehyde.
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,

20

45

203

- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde.
- 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methane-sulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzaldehyde,
- 2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzaldehyde,
- 2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzaldehyde,
- 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde.
- 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde
- 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde.
- 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde.
- 4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,

- $\label{eq:condition} $$4-(3-\{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\})amino}$ propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,$
- 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methane-sulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenz-aldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde.
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde.
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methane-sulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methane-sulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenz-aldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde.
- 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde,
- 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzaldehyde.
- methyl 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino[propoxy}benzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzoate,
- methyl 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methane-sulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenyl-ethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzoate,
- methyl 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,

- methyl 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(tri-fluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(tri-fluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3- 20 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] 35 methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate.
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] 50 methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phe-nyl]methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino) propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phe-nyl]methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-meth-anesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phe-nyl]methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-meth-60 anesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phe-nyl]methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phe-65 nyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl] amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,

- methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phe-nyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phe-nyl]methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino) propoxyl-6-methanesulfonylbenzoate.
- methyl 2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzoate,
- methyl 2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzoate,
- methyl 2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}benzoate,
- methyl 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluo-romethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate.
- methyl 4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate.
- methyl 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phe-nyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate
- methyl 4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate.
- methyl 4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate.
- methyl 4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl) propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate.
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate.
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methane-sulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,

207

- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] 10 methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methane-sulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methane-sulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] 25 methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- methyl 4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylbenzoate,
- 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl))({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfo-nylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl] ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,

- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl] ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl))({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl) ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl) ethan-l-ol
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,

45

55

60

209

- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) ethan-1-ol.
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) ethan-1-ol.
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)ethan-1-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- $2-[4-(3-\{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl](\{[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}) \\ amino\}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,$
- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,

- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol.
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}ethan-1-ol,
- 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfo-nylphenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) acetic acid,
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid,
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl] ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid,
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyllacetic acid.
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid.
- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl] acetic acid.
- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid.
 - 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,

40

211

- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxyl-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino[propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid.
- 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl) acetic acid.
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluorom-ethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) acetic acid.
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) acetic acid,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)acetic acid,
- 2-[4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid,

- 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
 - 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
 - 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
 - 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}acetic acid,
- N-[(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide,

40

213

- N-[(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino[propoxy}phenyl) methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) methyl]acetamide,
- N-{[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide,
- N-{[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl] ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl] methyl}acetamide,
- N-{[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl|methyl}acetamide,
- N-{[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl) acetamide,
- N-{[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] 65 methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,

- N-{[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide,
- N-[(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfo-nylphenyl)methyl]acetamide,
- N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide.
- N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-[(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl) ({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl) methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl) methyl]acetamide.
- N-[(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluorom-ethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesul-fonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) methyl]acetamide,
- N-[(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)methyl]acetamide,
- N-{[4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide,
 - N-{[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide,
 - N-{[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide,
 - N-{[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide,
 - N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide.
 - N-{[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl] methyl}acetamide,
 - N-{[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]methyl}acetamide,

30

40

45

55

60

215

- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide.
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxyl-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- N-({4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}methyl)acetamide,
- 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}phenyl)propan-2-ol,
- 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)propan-2-ol.
- 2-(2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)propan-2-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) propan-2-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfo-nylphenyl)propan-2-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfo-nylphenyl)propan-2-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl) propan-2-ol,

- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol,
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl] ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol.
- 2-[2-fluoro-4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-fluoro-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}(2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino) propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,

15

20

40

50

- 2-{2-fluoro-4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-6-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl) ({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino] propoxy}phenyl)propan-2-ol,
- 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylethyl)({[3-(trifluo-romethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)propan-2-ol,
- 2-(2-methanesulfonyl-4-{3-[(2-phenylpropyl)({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}phenyl)propan-2-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl))({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[(2,2-diphenylethyl)({[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) propan-2-ol,
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl})amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl) propan-2-ol.
- 2-(4-{3-[benzyl({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino]propoxy}-2-methanesulfonylphenyl)propan-2-ol.
- 2-[4-(3-{[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonyl-phenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonyl-phenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]({[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino) propoxyl-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}) amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-[4-(3-{[2,2-difluoro-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]({[3-(trif-luoromethyl)phenyl]methyl})amino}propoxy)-2-methanesulfonylphenyl]propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,

- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(triffuoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-methyl-2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2-phenylpropyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methylpropyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol,
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-fluoro-3-(triffluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} [2-(4-fluorophenyl)propyl]amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol, and
- 2-{4-[3-({[2-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl} (2,2-diphenylethyl)amino)propoxy]-2-methanesulfonylphenyl}propan-2-ol.
- 14. The compound of claim 1, wherein at least one of R^A or R^B is optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl, wherein the optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 heteroalkyl is $-OR^V$, wherein R^V is:

- wherein each R' and R" is independently hydrogen, optionally substituted C_1 - C_6 alkyl, or optionally substituted C_6 - C_{10} aryl C_1 - C_6 alkyl.
- 15. A method of ameliorating one or more symptoms of cancer comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of claim 1, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof to a subject in need thereof.
- 16. A method of ameliorating one or more symptoms of cancer comprising contacting a cell with an effective amount of a compound of claim 1, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

15

- 17. The method of claim 15, wherein said cancer is breast cancer, colon cancer, renal cell cancer, non-small cell lung cancer, hepatocellular carcinoma, gastric cancer, ovarian cancer, pancreatic cancer, esophageal cancer, prostate cancer, sarcoma, glioblastoma, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, 5 acute myeloid leukemia, multiple myeloma, or melanoma.
- 18. The method of claim 15, wherein said method further comprises administration of an additional anticancer therapy.
- 19. The method of ameliorating one or more symptoms of 10 a neurological disorder comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of claim 1, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof to a subject in nee thereof, wherein said neurological disorder is Alzheimer's disease.

* * * *