

Patented Apr. 25, 1911.

990,640.

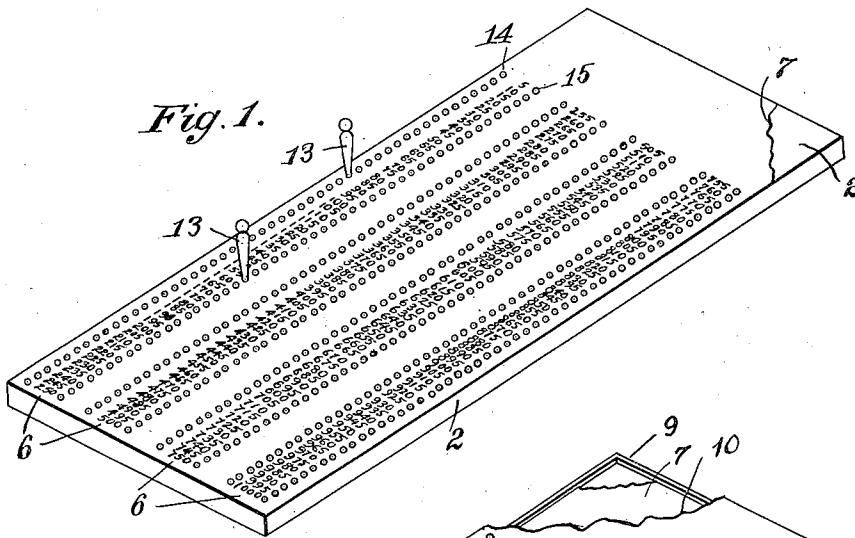


Fig. 1.

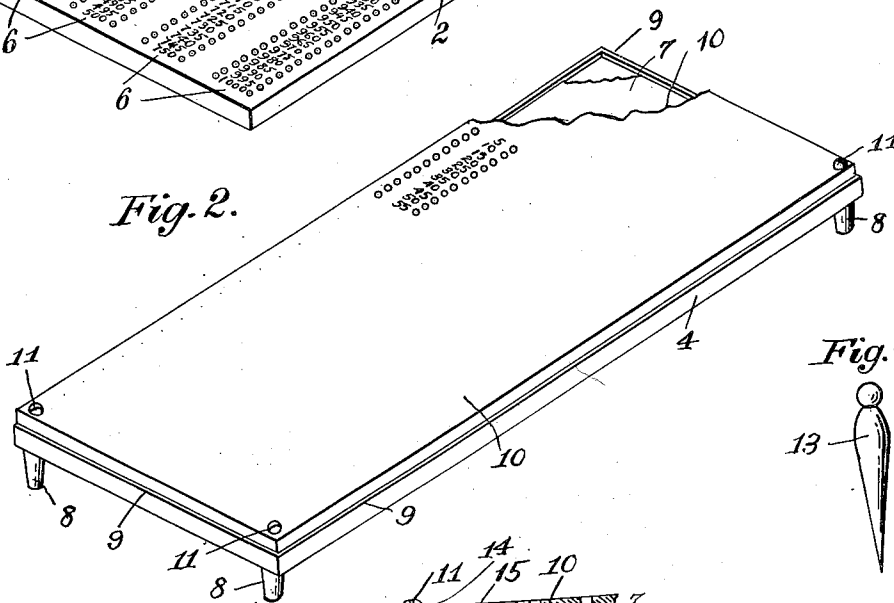


Fig. 2.

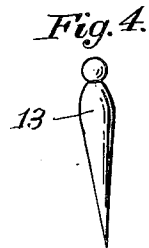


Fig. 4.

Fig. 5.

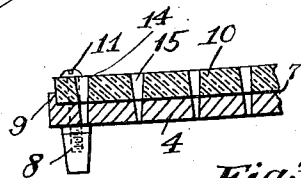
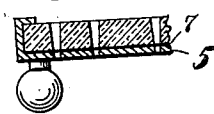


Fig. 3.

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PINOCHLE-COUNTER.

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Specification of Letters Patent.

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To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, DAVID F. DODGE, a citizen of the United States, residing at New York, borough of Brooklyn, in the 5 county of Kings and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Pinochle-Counters, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to pinochle record- 10 ers or counters, the object of the invention being to provide a simple device by means of which the players of pinochle may quickly and readily count up their score at each meld where two are playing, or as occasion re- 15 quires. As is well known to those familiar with this game, it is a rather difficult matter to keep track of the score, especially when it is a two-handed game. One of the players, with his hands full of cards, usually 20 endeavors to keep track of the score, and in order to do so must constantly be figuring up what each of them makes.

To do away with this constant figuring, as well as to enable each player to see just 25 what his score is at a glance, is the object of the present improvement.

In the drawings accompanying and forming part of this specification, Figure 1 is a perspective view of one form of this im- 30 proved pinochle recorder or counter; Fig. 2 is a perspective view of a different form thereof; Fig. 3 is a sectional detail view of the form of recorder shown in Fig. 2; Fig. 4 is a view of one of the counting pegs; and 35 Fig. 5 is a detail view of another way of making the recorder.

Similar characters of reference indicate corresponding parts throughout the figures of the drawings.

40 This improved recorder, which may be constructed of celluloid, hard rubber, fiber, wood, metal, glass, or any other suitable material, but preferably of celluloid, comprises a suitable base or supporting member 2. In 45 the form illustrated in Figs. 2 and 3 it is shown as of cast metal, as 4, and in the form shown in Fig. 5 it is illustrated as of sheet metal formation, as 5. This base is provided on its upper face with a plurality of columns 50 6 of numbers running from 5 to 1,000, the latter being the total number of points it is possible for a player to score in a pinochle game, the numbers in each column being multiples of five. These figures may be 55 marked in any suitable manner upon the base, according to the material of which it

is constructed, but in the form shown in Fig. 1 they are printed upon a sheet of paper 7 which may be pasted upon the base, and when the recorder is made in this form 60 several sheets may be supplied with each base so that when one becomes mutilated or worn a new one may be attached.

In the form shown in Fig. 2, the base 3, which, as stated, is of metal and provided 65 with suitable supports 8, whereby it is raised above the surface on which it is adapted to rest, thus enabling the pegs to project through the base so that the same can be made relatively thin and whereby the neces- 70 sity of tapering the holes in the base is avoided. The supports may be in the form of rubber knobs so as not to mar the table upon which the recorder may rest. The base in this form is provided with a flange 75 9 around its edge for the reception of a transparent top 10, such for instance as glass or other suitable material, which may be secured to the base by suitable fastening devices such as screws 11. Between the glass 80 top and the cast metal base the columns of figures are located, either by forming them directly on the base or on a sheet of paper, which latter may be placed between the base and the glass top. 85

In the form shown in Fig. 5 the glass or other transparent top is held in position by so bending the sheet metal base as to overlap the edges of the top. The recorder is provided with two sets of holes for each 90 column of figures, one set, as 14, located along one side of the column, as the left hand thereof, and the other, as 15, at the opposite or right hand side of the column, so that each figure of the column is between 95 a pair of holes. If desired, more than two sets of holes could be provided for each column of figures, but in the preferable form of the recorder it is as shown in the drawings. These holes extend through the 100 top and into and preferably through the base, and are shown as tapered for the reception of tapered counting pegs 13, two of one color or marking being provided for one player and two of another color or a 105 different marking for the opponent. One set of holes adjacent to each column, as for instance the set at the left hand side of each column of figures, is used by one player in counting, while the opposed set at the right 110 hand of the column of figures is used by the other player. Each recorder will have

placed upon it above the holes the necessary instructions for using the same.

In using the recorder, when the first meld is made, the player making the meld will place a peg in his column of holes opposite the figure necessary to indicate the amount, as for instance 10. When the second meld or count is to be recorded by the same player, the second peg of the same color is placed in the same column of holes as many points beyond the first peg as he is entitled to score, thus bringing the peg opposite the total amount to be registered. In making the third meld or count, the first peg originally placed opposite the figure 10 for instance is then removed and placed in the hole of the same column indicating the total amount to be recorded, and so on to the end of the game.

The first player having used the column of holes at the left hand of the figures for this purpose, the second player will use the column of holes at the right hand of the figures for registering his score. Thus, each player will be able to readily see what the last meld or count was and also the total number of points made at any time during the game, and without the necessity of using pencil and paper and constantly figuring up the count.

By constructing the recorder in the manner shown in Figs. 2 to 5 the glass or other transparent surface protects the figures from obliteration or mutilation, especially when they are printed upon a sheet of paper and attached to the base. Of course, it will be obvious that the base may be made of any suitable material, such for instance as celluloid, as hereinbefore stated, and that the figures may be printed or stamped, or otherwise placed upon such base as may be found most desirable in practice. When the recorder is made in its simplest form, as for instance a wood or fiber back or support having a printed sheet upon its face, the holes are formed both through the sheet and into and preferably through the back.

When the counter is made of celluloid the base will preferably comprise a sheet of this

material with the holes extending there- through and the figures impressed, or printed or otherwise applied thereto, and this sheet of celluloid, of sufficient thickness to give it stability, will be provided with supports such as 8 applied to the rear side thereof, whereby the base will be raised above the support upon which it is adapted to rest and thus permit the holes to extend through such base so that the pegs may project through the same.

I claim as my invention:

1. A pinochle counter comprising a supporting member provided with a series of holes arranged in four parallel columns, each column consisting of two rows of holes, and with a series of columns of figures arranged in consecutive multiples of five from 5 to 1,000, whereby the counter is adapted for use as a pinochle counter, each figure located adjacent to and adapted to be read with a pair of holes, and pegs, one or more of the same marking for each player, for insertion into said holes whereby the players may ascertain at a glance and without calculation their relative standing in the game from the beginning to the end of said game.

2. A pinochle counter comprising a supporting member made of celluloid and provided with a series of holes arranged in four parallel columns, each column consisting of two rows of holes, and with a series of columns of figures arranged in consecutive multiples of five from 5 to 1,000 printed or impressed thereon whereby the counter is adapted for use as a pinochle counter, each figure located adjacent to and adapted to be read with a pair of holes, and pegs, one or more of the same marking for each player, for insertion into said holes whereby the players may ascertain at a glance and without calculation their relative standing in the game from the beginning to the end of said game.

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