W. K. JONES.

COMBINATION SUIT.

APPLICATION FILED JAN. 19, 1915.

1,142,580.

Patented June 8, 1915.

Fig. 1.

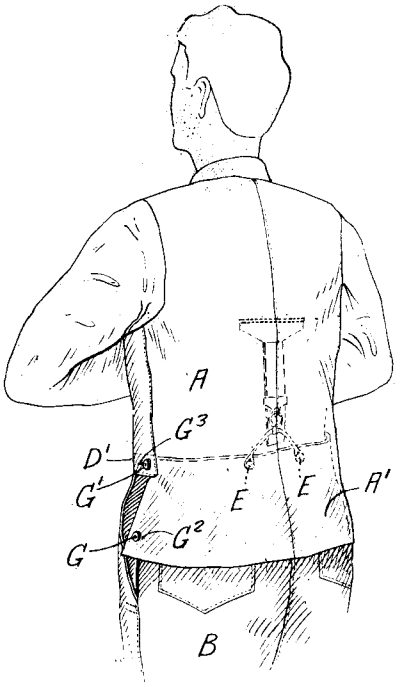
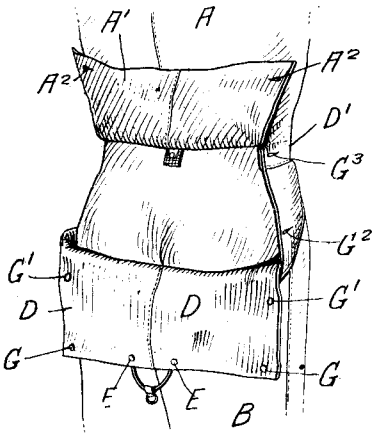


Fig. 2.



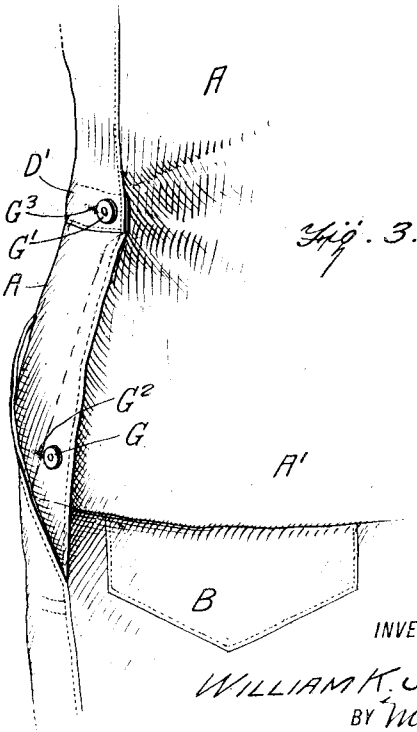


Fig. 3.

WITNESSES:

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

WILLIAM KETCHUM JONES, OF WICHITA, KANSAS.

COMBINATION-SUIT.

1,142,580. Specification of Letters Patent. Patented June 8, 1915.

Original application filed May 5, 1914, Serial No. 836,458. Divided and this application filed January 19, 1915. Serial No. 3,088.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WILLIAM K. JONES, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Wichita, in the county of Sedgwick and State of Kansas, have invented a new and Improved Combination-Suit, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

This application is a division of my original application for patent for a combination suit, filed May 5, 1914, Serial No. 836,458, and the invention hereinafter described and claimed is an improvement in that class of combination suits in which the short back of the body or jacket portion of the garment overlies a drop or seat flap.

In my invention the jacket skirt extends down so as to cover the hip pockets of the garment and overlie the hips of the wearer, thus effectually excluding dust and dirt from the pockets as well as from the under garments and body of the wearer. The drop flap and jacket skirt are detachably connected by buttons which are preferably secured to the drop flap, but may be secured to the body of the garment. One button is attached at the waist-band and another button is located at the bottom of the side slit or opening between the adjacent side edges of the skirt and the drop flap and preferably secured to the latter so that it serves the double purpose of holding down the skirt of the jacket and effecting the desired closure of the slit between the drop flap and front of the garment so as to exclude dust and dirt. The fastening also effected by the lower button serves to hold the jacket skirt snug and tight, thus obviating the danger of the skirt being caught by machinery, etc.

In the accompanying drawing, Figure 1 is a rear perspective view of the garment applied to a person. Fig. 2 is a similar view of the same with the jacket skirt turned up and the drop or seat flap turned down. Fig. 3 is a perspective showing the jacket skirt and drop or seat flap buttoned in a different position than that illustrated in Fig. 1.

In the several figures, A indicates the jacket or body portion of the garment and B, the trousers, the two being integrally connected at the front. The jacket is, however, open along the front median line from the collar to the crotch of the trousers, as required to permit the wearer to conveniently don or remove the suit. The back of the trousers B is provided with a sanitary drop flap D having at its upper end buttons E adapted to engage a strip which is connected with a strap attached to the back of the jacket on the inside, as will be understood by reference to dotted lines in Fig. 1. The back of the jacket is extended to form a so-called skirt A′ which is provided at its corners with buttonholes A^2 which adapt the skirt to be secured as shown in Figs. 1–2, or as shown in Fig. 3. The sides of the drop flap D are provided on the outer side with buttons G, G′, which are adapted to engage buttonholes G^2, G^3, formed on the sides of the trousers B adjacent to the slit or opening between them and the drop flap. As shown in Fig. 3, one of the buttonholes G^3 is located at the waistband D′ and the buttonhole G^2 is located near the bottom of the side slit. I desire it understood, however, that in place of the buttons being attached to the drop flap they may be attached to the trousers and engage buttonholes in the flap.

By the arrangement described, the drop flap can be securely fastened in position at the sides of the trousers and the skirt of the jacket also secured so as to cover the hip pockets and form an effective closure for the side slits between the trousers and the drop flap, thus excluding dust and dirt from the undergarments and person of the wearer, as well as protecting the hip pockets.

In Fig. 1 the skirt of the jacket is shown closed in normal position and overlapping the side edges of the trousers, whereas in Fig. 3 the jacket of the skirt is shown overlapped by the sides of the trousers.

What I claim is:—

The improved suit comprising a body portion and trousers integrally connected at the front and provided respectively with back skirt and drop flap, the skirt extending down and overlapping said drop flap to the side of the garment, and buttons located one at the waist-band and the other near the bottom of the side slit of the garment, said buttons effectively closing the slits, as described.

WILLIAM KETCHUM JONES.

Witnesses:

D. W. GALL,

A. W. HART.