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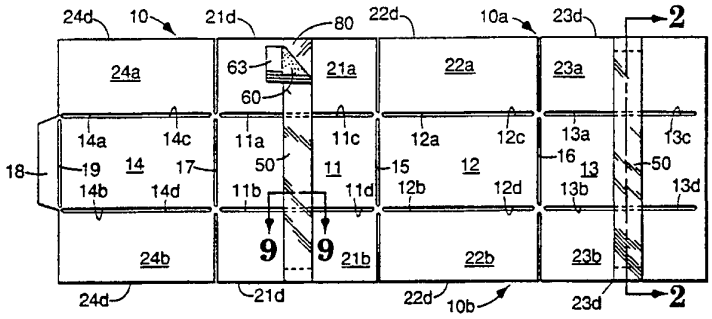

(57) Abstract

A pretaped container blank which may be quickly and easily formed into a three-dimensional container without the need for additional components or tools. The container blank includes (i) a plurality of interconnected panels (11, 12, 13, 14) and (ii) a plurality of closure flaps (21a, 21b, 22a, 22b, 23a, 23b, 24a, 24b) including a carrier flap (21a, 23a, 21b, 23b) hingedly connected to at least one of the panels. The tape structure (50) is attached to the container blank and includes (i) a release surface (80) on the carrier flap, and (ii) a length of closure adhesive tape (60) extending over substantially the entire length of the release surface and a distance across the panel or flap to which the carrier flap is connected sufficient for the tape to remain attached to the container blank upon removal of that length of the tape from the release surface. Several embodiments of container blanks and tape structures are disclosed.

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PRETAPED CONTAINER BLANKS

Field of the Invention

The invention relates to corrugated fiberboard and paperboard containers and systems for erecting a three-dimensional container from a container blank or a collapsed container structure.

Background

Cardboard containers are frequently erected from collapsed container structures by securing pressure sensitive box sealing tape along the seams between the closed side flaps. The tape is generally applied from a roll using automatic dispensing and taping equipment or a manually operable hand-held dispenser. Those who have attempted to perform the seemingly simple task of manually erecting a container structure and securing it with tape will attest to the fact that a certain level of skill and dexterity is required to retain the flaps in proper alignment while dispensing and applying the tape. An additional problem encountered by those who only occasionally erect such containers is that -- in accordance with Murphy's Law -- the roll of tape and dispensing tool are never to be found when they are needed.

Several efforts have been made to provide a fully self-contained container which is simple to assemble and does not require the use of additional tools.

United States Patent No. 2,998,180 issued to Dehoney, Jr. discloses a self-sealing container wherein the exterior surface of one side closure flap at each

end of the container is completely coated with an aggressive pressure sensitive adhesive covered with a release liner. The container is assembled at each end by folding the end flaps, folding the adhesive-coated side flap, removing the release liner, and folding the other side flap into adhesive engagement with the adhesive-coated side flap. While generally effective as a self-closing container, the container requires the use of substantial quantities of pressure sensitive adhesive, disposal of a sizable amount of release liner, and does not work with regular slotted containers (RSC) because of the need for fully overlapping side flaps.

United States Patents Nos. 3,276,664, issued to Johnson, and 2,896,836, issued to Bergstein, disclose self-sealing containers wherein the overlapping surfaces of closure flaps are pattern coated with an aggressive cohesive adhesive (bonds only to itself). The container is assembled at each end by first folding the end flaps and then folding the side flaps into adhesive engagement with the end flaps (Johnson) or each other (Bergstein). Those areas where the adhesive overlaps causes the flaps to bond together and thereby close the container. While generally effective as self-closing containers, the containers require that the adhesive be imaged onto the container within close tolerance levels to avoid premature bonding of the flaps and is subject to premature bonding of the individual flaps of a single container and the flaps of multiple containers due to shifting of the collapsed containers during shipping and handling. In addition, the fully assembled container is not sealed along the seam where the flaps come together and is subject to the introduction of contaminants into the container.

United States Patent No. 3,345,920, issued to Jordan discloses a self-sealing container wherein paired adhesive coated strips are attached to the underside of each of the innermost flaps. The strips extend upward through a slot in the innermost flaps positioned at the juncture of the outermost flaps for adhesively bonding to the exterior surface of each of the outermost flaps. While generally effective as a self-closing container, the positioning of the adhesive strips produces a weakly bonded container.

While these configurations are generally acceptable for limited uses, a need continues to exist for a reliable, high quality, inexpensive, self-contained collapsed container which is simple and easy to assemble and seal.

Summary of the Invention

We have discovered a self-contained container assembly which may be quickly and easily formed into a three-dimensional container and sealed without the need for additional components or tools. The container assembly includes a container blank and a tape structure. The container blank can be of any desired configuration, including, but not limited to, regular slotted container (RSC), die-cut diskette or book box, die-cut tuck in box, die-cut locking tab box, and three-sided tube mailer.

The RSC container blank includes (i) a plurality of laterally interconnected panels, and (ii) a set of closure flaps hingedly connected to the longitudinal edges of the panels at one end. The tape structure is attached to the container blank and includes (i) a release surface extending longitudinally along a first of the closure flaps from proximate the panel to which

the closure flap is connected to proximate the distal edge of the closure flap, and (ii) a length of closure adhesive tape extending over substantially the entire length of the first closure flap -- in overlapping relationship to the release surface -- and a distance across the panel to which the first closure flap is connected sufficient for the tape to remain attached to the container blank upon removal of that length of the tape extending across the first closure flap.

The tape structure is positioned along the width of the first closure flap so that the closure adhesive tape can secure the first set of closure flaps in an overlapping closed position by peeling the tape from the primary closure flap, folding the closure flaps in an overlapping relationship with the closure flaps positioned immediately to either side of the first closure flap closed last, and the closure tape adhesively applied over its original position on the first closure flap.

When the RSC container blank forms a rectangular container with a pair of assembly opposed end flaps and a pair of assembly opposed side flaps, the container assembly can include multiple tape structures on each end flap. The tape structures are laterally positioned on the end flaps to cover imaginary longitudinal lines extending inward from the side edges of each end flap a distance equal to the length of the side flap located proximate that side of the end flap. Such a lateral positioning locates the closure tape along the seam formed between the pair of side flaps when the container is formed and the flaps are folded inward to close the end of the container.

The die-cut diskette/book container blank can be modified by varying the dimensions of particular elements to tailor the container size to the intended content. The die-cut diskette/book container blanks include (i) a plurality of panels which, when assembled, form the bottom, front, back and sides of the container, (ii) a top flap hingedly connected to the back panel and a front flap hingedly connected to the top flap for closing the assembled container, and (iii) a pair of insert flaps hingedly connected to the front flap for insertion in a pair of slots formed by the side panels when the container blank is assembled. The tape structure is attached to the container blank and includes (i) a release surface extending along the inner surface of the front flap, and (ii) a length of closure adhesive tape extending over substantially the entire length of the release surface and continuing a distance across the outer surface of the front flap sufficient for the tape to remain attached to the container blank upon removal of that length of the tape extending across the release surface.

The tape structure is positioned such that when the die-cut diskette/box container blank is assembled, the closure adhesive tape is removed from the inside surface of the front flap, the front flap is then placed over the front panel with the insert flaps tucked into the slots formed on the side panels, and the adhesive closure tape is then adhered to the bottom panel of the container, thereby sealing the container.

The die-cut tuck in container blank includes (i) a plurality of panels which, when assembled, form the bottom, front, back and sides of the container, and (ii) a top flap hingedly connected to the back panel and a tuck flap hingedly connected to the front flap

for closing the assembled container by tucking the tuck flap inside the assembled container adjacent to the front panel. The tape structure is attached to the container blank and includes (i) a release surface extending along the outer surface of the tuck flap and optionally continuing onto the inner surface, and (ii) a length of closure adhesive tape extending over substantially the entire length of the release surface and continuing a distance across the outer surface of the top flap sufficient for the tape to remain attached to the container blank upon removal of that length of the tape extending across the release surface.

The tape structure is positioned such that when the die-cut tuck in container blank is assembled, the closure adhesive tape is removed from the outer surface of the tuck flap, the top flap is then placed over the opening of the container formed by the panels, the tuck flap is tucked inside the container adjacent the front panel, and the adhesive closure tape is then adhered to the front panel of the container, thereby sealing the container.

The die-cut locking tab container blank includes (i) a plurality of panels which, when assembled, form the bottom, top, back and front of the container which has first and second open ends, (ii) first and second end flaps and first and second closure flaps hingedly connected to the panels for closing the first and second openings when the container blank is assembled, and (iii) first and second locking tabs hingedly connected to the top container panel and configured to be inserted into the first and second closure flaps, respectively, for locking the assembled container closed. The tape structure is attached to the container blank and includes (i) a release surface

extending along the outer surface of the locking tabs and optionally continuing onto the inner surface, and (ii) a length of closure adhesive tape extending over substantially the entire length of the release surface and continuing a distance onto the outer surface of the top panel sufficient for the tape to remain attached to the container blank upon removal of that length of the tape extending across the release surface.

The tape structure is positioned such that when the die-cut locking tab container blank is assembled, the closure adhesive tape is removed from the outer surface of the locking tabs, the locking tabs are then inserted in slots in the closure flaps, and the adhesive closure tape is then adhered to closure flaps, thereby sealing the container.

The three-sided tube box includes (i) a plurality of laterally connected panels which, when assembled, form the sides of a triangular container which has first and second open ends, and (ii) a plurality of closure flaps hingedly connected to the panels for closing the first and second openings when the container blank is assembled. A panel tape structure is attached to the container blank and includes (i) a release surface extending along the inner surface of one of the panels, and (ii) a length of closure adhesive tape extending over substantially the entire length of the release surface and continuing a distance onto the outer surface of top panel sufficient for the tape to remain attached to the container blank upon removal of that length of the tape extending across the release surface. A flap tape structure includes (i) a release surface extending along the outer surface of a closure flap, and (ii) a length of closure adhesive tape extending over substantially the entire length of

the release surface and continuing a distance onto the adjacent panel sufficient for the tape to remain attached to the container blank upon removal of that length of tape extending across the release surface.

The panel tape structure is positioned such that when the panels of the three sided tube box are assembled, the closure adhesive tape is removed from the inner surface of one end panel and is securely adhered to another panel, thereby forming an open-ended tube box. The flap tape structure is positioned such the closure adhesive tape is peeled from one of the closure flaps, the other closure flaps are folded over one end opening in overlapping relationship with a closure flap having no tape structure being folded over last, with the adhesive tape then securely adhered to the last closed flap thereby sealing closed the end opening of the container.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a plan view of a regular slotted container embodiment of the pretaped container blank of this invention including a first embodiment of a tape structure.

Figure 2 is a cross-sectional view of the pretaped container blank of Figure 1 taken along line 2-2 showing the layers of container, target tape adhesive, target tape backing, closure tape adhesive and closure tape backing.

Figure 2A is a view like Figure 2 showing an alternative embodiment of the tape structure.

Figure 3 is a plan view of the regular slotted container embodiment of a pretaped container blank of this invention including a second embodiment of a tape structure.

Figure 4 is a cross-sectional view of the pretaped container blank of Figure 3 taken along line 4-4 showing the layers of container, low adhesion backsize, closure tape adhesive and closure tape backing.

Figure 5 is a plan view of the regular slotted container embodiment of a pretaped container blank of this invention including a third embodiment of a tape structure.

Figure 6 is a cross-sectional view of the pretaped container blank of Figure 5 taken along line 6-6 showing the various layers of container, adhesive and backing.

Figure 7 is a plan view of a fourth embodiment of a tape structure which includes areas of pre-activated adhesive.

Figure 8 is a partially assembled perspective view of the pretaped container blank of Figure 1.

Figure 9a is a cross-sectional view of the pretaped container blank of Figure 1 taken along line 9-9 showing the layers of the container, target tape adhesive, target tape backing, closure tape adhesive and closure tape backing.

Figure 9b is a view like Figure 9a, showing an alternate arrangement of the closure tape and target tape.

Figure 9c is a view like Figure 9b, showing another alternate arrangement of the closure tape and target tape.

Figure 10 is a plan view of the die-cut diskette/book embodiment of the pretaped container blank of this invention including a second embodiment of a tape structure.

Figure 11 is a partially assembled perspective view of the pretaped container blank of Figure 10.

Figure 12 is a bottom plan view of the assembled and sealed container blank of Figure 10.

Figure 13 is a plan view of the die-cut tuck in embodiment of the pretaped container blank of this invention including a second embodiment of a tape structure.

Figure 14 is a partially assembled perspective view of the pretaped container blank of Figure 13.

Figure 15 is a front elevational view of the assembled and sealed container blank of Figure 13.

Figure 16 is a plan view of the die-cut locking tab embodiment of the pretaped container blank of this invention including a second embodiment of a tape structure.

Figure 17 is a partially assembled perspective view of the pretaped container blank of Figure 13.

Figure 18 is a side elevational view of the assembled and sealed container blank of Figure 16.

Figure 19 is a plan view of the three sided tube mailer embodiment of the pretaped container blank of this invention including a second embodiment of a tape structure.

Figure 20 is a partially assembled perspective view of the pretaped container blank of Figure 19.

Figure 21 is a perspective view of the assembled and sealed container blank of Figure 19.

Figure 22 is a plan view of an alternate tab embodiment of the tape structure of this invention.

Detailed Discussion of the Invention Including a Best Mode

Definitions

As used herein, including the claims, the phrase *"flap"* means any of the components of the container blank, which, when assembled but not yet closed and sealed, are the components still free to move to close the container. As used herein, including the claims, the phrase *"panel"* means any of the components of the container blank, which, when assembled but prior to closing and sealing the container, are a fixed, stationary component of the container.

As used herein, including the claims, the phrase *"assembly opposed flaps"* means that the flaps are diametrically opposed to each other after the container is assembled. It is noted that flaps which are not diametrically opposed when the container is in blank form may become diametrically opposed when the container is assembled.

As used herein, including the claims, the phrase *"regular slotted container"* means a single piece fiber shipping container in which opposing flaps are the same length and the outer flaps meet in the center.

As used herein, including the claims, the phrases *"carrier flap," "carrier panel"* and *"carrier tab"* mean the flap, panel or tab of the container blank to which the closure adhesive is mounted prior to assembling and sealing the container blank.

As used herein, the phrases *"receiving panel"* and *"receiving flap"* mean the panel or flap of the container blank to which the closure adhesive is adhered when the container blank is assembled and sealed.

Nomenclature

10	Regular Slotted Container Blank
10a	First Open End of Container Blank
10b	Second Open End of Container Blank
11	First Panel of Container
11a	First Edge of First Panel
11b	Second Edge of First Panel
11c	Score Line Defining First Edge of First Panel
11d	Score Line Defining Second Edge of First Panel
12	Second Panel of Container
12a	First Edge of Second Panel
12b	Second Edge of Second Panel
12c	Score Line Along First Edge of Second Panel
12d	Score Line Along Second Edge of Second Panel
13	Third Panel of Container
13a	First Edge of Third Panel
13b	Second Edge of Third Panel
13c	Score Line Along First Edge of Third Panel
13d	Score Line Along Second Edge of Third Panel
14	Fourth Panel of Container
14a	First Edge of Fourth Panel
14b	Second Edge of Fourth Panel
14c	Score Line Along First Edge of Fourth Panel
14d	Score Line Along Second Edge of Fourth Panel
15	Score Line Between First and Second Panels
16	Score Line Between Second and Third Panels
17	Score Line Between Fourth and First Panels
18	Attaching Flap

19 Score Line Between Fourth Panel and Attaching Flap
21a End Flap Extending from First Edge of First Panel
21b End Flap Extending from Second Edge of First Panel
21d Distal Edge of End Flaps On First Panel
22a Side Flap On First Edge of Second Panel
22b Side Flap On Second Edge of Second Panel
22d Distal Edge of Side Flaps On Second Panel
23a End Flap On First Edge of Third Panel
23b End Flap On Second Edge of Third Panel
23d Distal Edge of End Flaps On Third Panel
24a Side Flap On First Edge of Fourth Panel
24b Side Flap On Second Edge of Fourth Panel
24d Distal Edge of Side Flaps On Fourth Panel

50 Adhesive Tape Structure
60 Closure Adhesive Tape
60m Adhesive Layer of Closure Adhesive Tape
60n Backing Layer of Closure Adhesive Tape
60w Length of Closure Tape Bonded to Container
60x Length of Closure Tape Bonded to Target Tape
60y Length of Closure Tape Bonded to Release Surface
60z Length of Closure Tape (60w + 60x + 60y)
61 Fixed End of Closure Tape
62 Releasable End of Closure Tape
63 Tab at Releasable End of Closure Tape
65 Y-shaped Tape Structure
66 First Length of Tape
67 Second Length of Tape
67a First Section of Second Length of Tape
67b Bonded Mid-Section of Second Length of Tape
67c Second Section of Second Length of Tape
68 Detachable Tab
69 Weakened Line
70 Target Tape
70m Adhesive Layer of Target Adhesive Tape
70n Backing Layer of Target Adhesive Tape
80 Release Surface

110 Die-cut Diskette/Book Container Blank
111 Front Panel
111a First Edge/Score Line
111b Second Edge/Score Line
112 Bottom Panel
112a First Edge/Score Line
112b Second Edge/Score Line
112c Third Edge/Score Line
112d Fourth Edge/Score Line
113 Rear Panel
113a First Edge/Score Line
113b Second Edge/Score Line
114 Top Flap
114a First Edge
114b Second Edge
114c Third Edge/Score Line

114d Fourth Edge/Score Line
115 Front Flap
115a First Edge/Score Line
115b Second Edge/Score Line
115c Free Edge
115′ Inner Surface
115" Outer Surface
116 Insert Flaps
116a First Edge
116b Second Edge
121 Left Side Panel
122 Outer Portion
123 Inner Portion
124 Double Score Line
125 Tab
126 Slot
131 Right Side Panel
132 Outer Portion
133 Inner Portion
134 Double Score Line
135 Tab
136 Slot
140 Side Interior Panel
141 Bottom Edge
142 Side Edge

210 Die-Cut Tuck In Container Blank
211 Front Panel
211a First Edge/Score Line
211b Second Edge/Score Line
211c Third Edge/Score Line
211d Free Edge
212 Bottom Panel
212a First Edge
212b Second Edge
213 Back Panel
213a First Edge/Score Line
213b Second Edge/Score Line
213c Third Edge/Score Line
213d Fourth Edge/Score Line
214 Top Flap
214a First Edge/Score Line
215 Tuck Flap
215′ Inner Surface
215" Outer Surface
215a Free Edge
221 Left Side Panel
222 Bottom Portion
222a First Edge
223 Outer Portion
223a Double Score Line
223b Bottom Score Line
224 Inner Portion
225 Tab

226 Slot
231 Right Side Panel
232 Bottom Portion
232a First Edge
233 Outer Portion
233a Double Score Line
233b Bottom Score Line
234 Inner Portion
235 Tab
236 Slot
240 Left Side Interior Panel
240a Bottom Edge
240b Side Edge
242 Right Side Interior Panel
242a Bottom Edge
242b Side Edge

310 Die-Cut Locking Tab Container Blank
310a First Opening
310b Second Opening
311 First Bottom Panel
311a First Edge/Score Line
311b Second Edge/Score Line
311c Third Edge/Score Line
312 Back Panel
312a First Edge/Score Line
312b Second Edge/Score Line
313 Top Panel
313a First Edge/Score Line
313b Second Edge/Score Line
313c Third Edge
313d Fourth Edge
314 Front Panel
314a First Edge/Score Line
314b Second Edge/Score Line
315 Second Bottom Panel
315a First Edge/Score Line
321 First End Flap
321a Bottom Edge
321b Top Edge
322 Second End Flap
322a Bottom Edge
322b Top Edge
323 Third End Flap
323a Bottom Edge
323b Top Edge
324 Fourth End Flap
324a Bottom Edge
324b Top Edge
330 First Closure Flap
330a First Edge/Score Line
330b Second Edge
330c Third Edge
331 First Tuck Flap

331a Free Edge
332 First Slot
340 Second Closure Flap
340a First Edge/Score Line
340b Second Edge
340c Third Edge
341 Second Tuck Flap
341a Free Edge
342 Second Slot
350 First Locking Tab
350′ Inner Surface
350" Outer Surface
350a First Edge/Score Line
350b Second Edge
350c Third Edge
350d Fourth Edge
351 Top Portion
352 Tuck Portion
353 Score Line
360 Second Locking Tab
360′ Inner Surface
360" Outer Surface
360a First Edge/Score Line
360b Second Edge
360c Third Edge
360d Fourth Edge
361 Top Portion
362 Tuck Portion
363 Score Line

410 Three Sided Tube Container Blank
410a First Opening
410b Second Opening
411 First Panel
411a First Edge/Score Line
411b Second Edge/Score Line
411c Third Edge/Score Line
411d Fourth Edge/Score Line
412 Second Panel
412a First Edge/Score Line
412b Second Edge Score Line
413 Third Panel
413′ Inner Surface
413" Outer Surface
413a First Edge/Score Line
413b Second Edge
413c Third Edge/Score Line
413d Fourth Edge/Score Line
414 Inner Panel
414a First Edge
421 First Flap
422 Second Flap
423 Third Flap
431 Fourth Flap

432 Fifth Flap
433 Sixth Flap

Components

Container Blank

The container blanks described below may be formed from any of the widely accepted materials used to manufacture such containers including corrugated fiberboard, flat fiberboard, corrugated polymeric and cellulosic fibers, sheets of solid polymeric materials, and the like.

REGULAR SLOTTED CONTAINER

Referring to Figure 1, a regular slotted container (RSC) blank **10** is shown prior to assembly. The RSC blank **10** must include at least one end flap **21/23** and a pair of assembly opposed side flaps **22a/24a** or **22b/24b** positioned at one end **10a/10b** of the container blank **10**. The container blank **10** is a unitary piece of material which includes a number of panels **11/12/13/14** and flaps **21a/22a/23a/24a/21b/22b/23b/24b** defined by longitudinally extending **15/16/17** and laterally extending **11c/12c/13c/14c/11d/12d/13d/14d** score lines formed in the container blank **10** in a conventional manner.

The regular slotted container blank **10** includes first, second, third and fourth panels **11/12/13/14** separated from one another by substantially parallel longitudinally extending score lines **15/16/17**. An attaching flap **18** extends from the side edge **(unnumbered)** of the fourth panel **14** and a score line **19** is formed between fourth panel **14** and attaching flap **18** for enabling the flap to be folded at substantially right angles to the fourth panel **14**.

Panels **11/12/13/14** include first laterally extending edges **11a/12a/13a/14a** defined by laterally extending score lines **11c/12c/13c/14c** and second laterally extending edges **11b/12b/13b/14b** defined by laterally extending score lines **11d/12d/13d/14d** respectively. A first set of closure flaps **21a/22a/23a/24a** are hingedly connected to panels **11/12/13/14** along the first laterally extending edges **11a/12a/13a/14a** thereof for closing the first open end **10a** of the container. Similarly, a second set of closure flaps **21b/22b/23b/24b** are hingedly connected to panels **11/12/13/14** along the second laterally extending edges **11b/12b/13b/14b** thereof for closing the second end **10b** of the container. Each of the closure flaps **21a/22a/23a/24a/21b/22b/23b/24b** are separated from one another along the longitudinally extending lateral edges **(unnumbered)** by slits or slots **(unnumbered)** so that the closure flaps **21a/22a/23a/24a/21b/22b/23b/24b** may be independently bent along the respective laterally extending score lines **11c/12c/13c/14c/11d/12d/13d/14d** for closing the erected container.

DIE-CUT DISKETTE OR BOOK BOX

Referring to Figure 10, a die-cut diskette/box container blank **110** is shown prior to assembly. Such containers can be sized to conveniently hold computer diskettes, books, and the like, but are not limited to such uses. The dimensions of the various components of the container blank **110** may be varied to suit the intended contents of the container, without departing from the present invention.

Die-cut container blank **110** includes front panel **111**, bottom panel **112**, and rear panel **113**. Front and bottom panels **111** and **112** are hingedly connected at

third edge or score line **112c**, and the bottom and rear panels **112** and **113** are hingedly connected at forth edge or score line **112d**. Die cut container blank **110** further includes left side panel **121** hingedly connected to bottom panel **112** at first edge or score line **112a**, and right side panel **131** is hingedly connected to bottom panel **112** at second edge or score line **112b**. Left side panel **121** is divided into outer portion **122** and inner portion **123** by double score line **124**. Similarly, right side panel **131** is divided into outer portion **132** and inner portion **133** by double score line **134**. On the outermost edge of left side panel **121** is tab **125**, and on the outermost edge of right side panel **131** is tab **135**.

A first side interior panel **140** is hingedly connected to one side of front panel **111** at score line **111a**, and a second side interior panel **140** is hingedly connected opposite the first at score line **111b**. Similarly, a third side interior panel **140** is hingedly connected to one side of rear panel **113** at score line **113a**, and a fourth side interior panel **140** is hingedly connected opposite the third at score line **113b**. Each of the interior side panels **140** has a bottom edge **141** and side edge **142**. A first slot **126** is formed in bottom panel **112** along score line **112a** to receive tab **125**, and a second slot **136** is formed along score line **112b** to receive tab **135**.

Top flap **114** is hingedly attached to rear panel **113** along third edge or score line **114c**. Top flap **114** is configured to fold over the opening bounded by the front, rear and side panels **111**, **113**, **121** and **131** of the container when container blank **110** is assembled, with top flap **114** being opposite to and parallel with bottom panel **112**. Front flap **115** is hingedly connected

to top flap **114** along forth edge or score line **114d**. Front flap **115** has free edge **115c** opposite score line **114d**. Hingedly connected to one side of front flap at first edge or score line **115a** is first insert flap **116**. Second insert flap **116** is hingedly connected to front panel **115** at the opposite edge or score line **115b**. Insert flaps **116** each have a first edge **116a** and arcuate second edge **116b**. Front flap **115** is configured to overlap front panel **111** when the container blank **110** is fully assembled and closed, with insert flaps **116** tucked into slots formed by the left and right side panels **121** and **131**. Front flap has inner surface **115'** which will be adjacent front panel **111** when assembled, and outer surface **115"** opposite the inner surface.

DIE-CUT TUCK IN BOX

Referring to Figure 13, a die-cut tuck in container blank **210** is shown prior to assembly. Die-cut container blank **210** includes front panel **211**, bottom panel **212**, and rear panel **213**. Front and bottom panels **211** and **212** are hingedly connected at first edge or score line **211a**, and the bottom and rear panels **212** and **213** are hingedly connected at edge or score line **213a**. Tuck in container blank **210** further includes a left side panel **221** hingedly connected to bottom panel **212** at edge or score line **213c**, and right side panel **231** hingedly connected to bottom panel **212** at edge or score line **213d**. Left side panel **221** is divided into three portions: bottom portion **222**, outer portion **223**, and inner portion **224**. Bottom portion **222** and outer portion **223** are hingedly connected at score line **223b**, and outer portion **223** is hingedly connected to inner portion **224** by double score line **223a**. On the opposite edge of inner portion **224** is tab **225** sized to lock into slot **226** formed in bottom portion **222** along score line **223b**. Likewise, right side panel **231** is divided into

three portions: bottom portion **232**, outer portion **233**, and inner portion **234**. Bottom portion **232** and outer portion **233** are hingedly connected at score line **233b**, and outer portion **233** is hingedly connected to inner portion **234** by double score line **233a**. On the opposite edge of inner portion **234** is tab **235** sized to lock into slot **236** formed in bottom portion **232** along score line **233b**.

A left side interior panel **240** is hingedly connected to one side of front panel **211** at score line **211b**, and a right side interior panel **242** is hingedly connected opposite the first at score line **211c**. Left side interior panel **240** has a bottom edge **240a** and side edge **240b**. Right side interior panel **242** likewise has a bottom edge **242a** and side edge **242b**.

Top flap **214** is hingedly attached to rear panel **213** along edge or score line **213b**. Top flap **114** is configured to fold over the opening bounded by the front, rear and side panels **211**, **213**, **221** and **231** of the container when container blank **210** is assembled, with top flap **214** being opposite to and parallel with bottom panel **212**. Tuck flap **215** is hingedly connected to top flap **214** along edge or score line **114d**. Front flap **115** has free edge **115c** opposite score line **214a**. Tuck flap **215** is configured to tuck inside the closed container and lay adjacent to front panel **211** when the container blank **210** is fully assembled and closed. Tuck flap **215** has outer surface **215"** which will be adjacent front panel **211** when assembled, and inner surface **215'** opposite the inner surface.

DIE-CUT LOCKING TAB BOX

Referring to Figure 16, a die-cut locking tab container blank **310** is shown. Container blank **310**

includes a first bottom panel **311** hingedly connected at first edge/score line **311a** to back panel **312**. Opposite score line **311a**, back panel **312** is hingedly connected at edge/score line **313a** to top panel **313**. Opposite edge/score line **313a**, top panel **313** is hingedly connected at edge/score line **313b** to front panel **314**. Opposite edge/score line **313b**, front panel **314** is hingedly connected at edge/score line **315a** to top panel **315**. These five panels are configured such that the container blank **310** may be folded into a container wherein second bottom panel **315** overlaps and remains adjacent to first bottom panel **311**, with top panel **313** opposed to and parallel to second bottom panel **315**. Back panel **312** and front panel **314** will now be parallel to and facing one another across the top and bottom panels. This will form an open container having first opening **310a** at one side and second opening **310b** opposite the first opening.

Hingedly connected to back panel **312** at edge/score line **312a** is first end flap **321**, and hingedly connected on the opposite edge/score line **312b** of back panel **312** is third end flap **323**. First and third end flaps each have a bottom edge **321a**, **323a**, respectively, facing first bottom panel **311**, and top edges **321b**, **323b**, respectively, facing top panel **313**. Likewise, second end flap **322** is hingedly connected to front panel **314** at edge/score line **314a**, and hingedly connected to front panel **314** on opposite edge/score line **314b** is fourth end flap **324**. Second and fourth flaps each have a bottom edge, **322a**, **322b**, respectively, facing second bottom panel **315**, and top edge **322b**, **324b**, respectively, facing top panel **313**.

First closure flap **330** is hingedly connected to first bottom panel **311** at score line **311b**, on the side

of container blank **310** which forms the first opening **310a**. On the opposite side of first closure flap **330**, first tuck flap **331** is hingedly connected along edge/score line **330a**. First tuck flap **330** has formed therein first slot **332** along score line **330a**. Likewise, second closure flap **340** is hingedly connected to first bottom panel **311** at score line **311c**, on the side of container blank **310** which forms the second opening **310b**. On the opposite side of second closure flap **340**, second tuck flap **341** is hingedly connected along edge/score line **340a**. Second tuck flap **340** has formed therein second slot **342** along score line **340a**.

First and second locking tabs **350**, **360** are hingedly connected to top panel **313** at the sides of the top panel forming the first and second container openings, **310a**, **310b**, respectively. First locking tab **350** is hingedly connected to top panel **313** at edge/score line **350a**. First locking tab **350** has inner surface **350'** and outer surface **350"**. Score line **353** divides locking tab **350** into top portion **351** adjacent top panel **313** and locking portion **352** extending beyond top panel **313**. Locking portion **352** has free edge **350d** opposite score line **353**. Top portion **351** is separated form top panel **313** by opposite free edges **350b** and **350c**. Likewise, second locking tab **360** is hingedly connected to top panel **313** at edge/score line **360a**. Second locking tab has inner surface **360'** and outer surface **360"**. Score line **363** divides locking tab **360** into top portion **361** adjacent top panel **313** and locking portion **362** extending beyond top panel **313**. Locking portion **362** has free edge **360d** opposite score line **363**. Top portion **361** is separated form top panel **313** by opposite free edges **360b** and **360c**.

THREE SIDED TUBE BOX

Referring to Figure 19, a three sided tube container blank **410** is shown. Container blank **410** includes an inner panel **414** hingedly connected at first edge/score line **411a** to first panel **411**. Opposite score line **411a**, first panel **411** is hingedly connected at edge/score line **411b** to second panel **412**. Opposite edge/score line **411b**, second panel **412** is hingedly connected at edge/score line **413b** to third panel **413**. These four panels are configured such that the container blank **410** may be folded into a container wherein inner panel **414** overlaps and remains adjacent to third panel **413**, thereby forming a triangular container having first panel **411** as its first side, second panel **412** as its second side and overlapping panels **413** and **414** as the third side. This will form an open container having first opening **410a** at one side and second opening **410b** opposite the first opening.

Three closure panels **421**, **422**, **423** are hingedly connected at the edges of the first, second and third panels **411**, **412**, **413** which form the first opening **410a**. First closure flap **421** is hingedly connected at score line **411c** to first panel **411**, second closure flap **421** is hingedly connected at score line **412a** to second panel **412**, and third closure flap **423** is hingedly connected at score line **413c** to third panel **413**. Three additional closure panels **431**, **432**, **433** are hingedly connected at the edges of the first, second and third panels **411**, **412**, **413** which form the second opening **410b**. Fourth closure flap **431** is hingedly connected at score line **411d** to first panel **411**, fifth closure flap **431** is hingedly connected at score line **412b** to second panel **412**, and sixth closure flap **433** is hingedly connected at score line **413d** to third panel **413**. All of the closure flaps are generally triangular, having a

truncated corner opposite the score lines attaching the flaps to the panels. The flaps are configured to overlap one another thereby closing the first and second openings of the assembled container blank **410**.

Adhesive Tape Structure

CLOSURE ADHESIVE TAPE

The adhesive tape structure **50** will first be described with respect to RSC blank **10**. Each of the embodiments of the adhesive tape structure **50** and its components may also be employed with other container blank configurations, including those described herein.

The adhesive tape structure **50** includes a length of closure adhesive tape **60** which may be peeled from the side flap **21a/21b/23a/23b** of the container blank **10** without losing complete contact with the container blank **10** and adhesively bonded along the distal edges **22d/24d** of a pair of opposed side flaps **22a/24a** or **22b/24b**. The reapplied closure tape **60** covers the seam **(not shown)** between the flaps **22a/24a** or **22b/24b** and bonds the pair of side flaps **22a/24a** or **22b/24b** together so as to close an open end of the container. In the RSC blank embodiment, side flaps **21a/21b/23a/23b** are carrier flaps and side flaps **22a/22b/24a/24b** are receiving flaps.

Two lengths of tape structure **50** are positioned at each open end **10a/10b** of the RSC container blank **10**. The tape structure **50** must extend over a portion of the first **11** and third **13** panels and across the respective end flaps **21a/21b/23a/23b** to at least proximate the distal edges **21d/23d** of the end flaps **21a/21b/23a/23b**. The tape structure **50** must be positioned relative to the second **12** and fourth **14** panels so that they are

positioned directly underneath the seam **(not shown)** formed by each set of paired side flaps **22a/24a** or **22b/24b** when that open end **10a/10b** of the container is closed. The lengths of tape structure **50** must be laminated to a release surface **80** at least along the surface of the end flaps **21a/21b/23a/23b** so that the tape structure **50** may be peeled from the end flap **21a/21b/23a/23b** and applied across the seam **(not shown)** of the corresponding pair of side flaps **22a/24a** or **22b/24b** during assembly.

Various configurations of tape structures **50** may be employed to achieve the necessary functionality described above. A first configuration is shown in Figures 1 and 2 where the release surface **80** and closure adhesive tape **60** extend completely across the entire length of the container blank **10** from the distal edge **21d/23d** at one open end **10a** to the distal edge **21d/23d** at the other **10b**. Release surface **80** in this embodiment is the release treated back surface of a second length of adhesive tape.

As shown in Figure 1, this configuration does not include a length **60w** of the closure adhesive tape **60** bonded to the container blank **10**. The entire length **60z** of closure tape **60** is laminated to the release surface **80**.

This configuration is simple to manufacture but includes unnecessary lengths of closure tape **60** and release surface **80** along the center of the panels **11/13**. In addition, the closure tape **60** is not permanently bonded to the container blank **10** anywhere along the length of the closure tape **60** such that a user unfamiliar with the procedure for assembling the container blank **10** may mistakenly or accidentally

remove the entire length of closure tape **60** from the container blank **10**.

A second configuration is shown in Figures 3 and 4 where the release surface **80** extends only across the end flap **21a/21b/23a/23b** and the closure adhesive tape **60** extends across both a portion of the panel **11/13** and the corresponding end flap **21a/21b/23a/23b**. This configuration provides that each tape structure **50** includes a detachable length **60y** of closure adhesive tape **60** laminated to a release surface **80** across the end flaps **21a/21b/23a/23b** for closing the open end **10a/10b** of the container blank **10** and a length **60w** of closure adhesive tape **60** permanently bonded to the panel **11/13** of the container **10** for preventing complete removal of the closure tape **60** from the container blank **10** during assembly and securing the closure tape **60** and side flaps **22a/22b/24a/24b** in position after assembly.

Alternatively, as shown in Figure 2A, the second configuration may include a single length of closure tape **60** which extends across both end flaps **21a/21b** or **23a/23b** and the panel **11/13** to which the end flaps **21a/21b** or **23a/23b** are connected. Such an alternate embodiment simplifies construction of the container blank **10** by forming two tape structures **50** with a single length of closure tape **60**.

While generally acceptable, the second configuration is not completely foolproof. Conceivably, a user unfamiliar with the procedure for assembling the container blank **10** may mistakenly peel the closure tape **60** not only from the end flaps **21a/21b/23a/23b** as appropriate but also from the panel **11\13** of the container blank **10** even though removal

from the panel **11\13** is much more difficult and will tend to rip the container blank **10**.

One option for preventing complete removal of the closure tape **60** from the RSC container **10** is to use a target tape **70** as the release surface **80**, forming a longitudinally extending laterally overhanging length of closure tape **60** by either employing a closure tape **60** which is wider than the target tape **70** or laterally offsetting the closure tape **60** relative to the target tape **70**, and then -- along at least a portion of the tape structure **50** connected to the panel **11/12/13** -- folding or tucking the overhanging longitudinal edge of the closure tape **60** under the target tape **70** to form an adhesive-to-adhesive bond between the tapes **60/70** as shown in Figures 9b and 9c. Formation of such a longitudinally hemmed adhesive tape structure is disclosed in United States Patent No. 5,079,900 issued to Pinckney et al. and assigned to the Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company, which is incorporated herein by reference.

A nearly foolproof configuration is shown in Figures 5 and 6. A Y-shaped tape structure **65** is formed by contacting the end of a first length of tape **66** to the mid-section of a second length of tape **67** with the adhesive coated surfaces of both lengths bonded together for a short distance **60x**. The first length of tape **66** (one of the legs of the Y structure) divides the second length of tape **67** into a first adhesive section **67a** (the other leg of the Y structure), a bonded mid-section **67b** where the first **66** and second **67** lengths of closure tape **60** are joined, and a second adhesive section **67c** which -- along with the bonded mid-section **67b** -- forms the base of the Y structure.

The Y-shaped tape structure **65** is applied to the RSC container blank **10** by (i) positioning the crotch of the Y-shaped tape structure **65** proximate to the score line **11c/11d/13c/13d** between the panel **11/13** and corresponding end flap **21a/21b/23a/23b** to which the tape structure **65** is to be attached with the crotch parallel to the score line **11c/11d/13c/13d** and resting either directly on the score line **11c/11d/13c/13d** or the panel **11/13** but not the end flap **21a/21b/23a/23b**, (ii) adhesively bonding the first length of tape **66** (one of the legs of the Y) to the end flap **21a/21b/23a/23b**, (iii) adhesively bonding the first adhesive section **67a** of the second length of tape **67** (the other leg of the Y) to the corresponding panel **11/13**, and (iv) aligning the bonded mid-section **67b** and second adhesive **67c** sections of the second length of tape **67** (the base of the Y) with the previously applied first length of tape **66**. The first length of tape **66** functions as a release surface **80** for the second adhesive section **67c** of the second length of tape **67**. The legs of the Y-shaped tape structure **65** -- which are adhesively bonded to the container blank **10** in opposite directions -- prevent the tape structure **65** from being peeled from the container blank **10** by pulling on the second adhesive section **67c** of the second length of tape **67**.

When the side flaps **22a/22b/24a/24b** of the container blank **10** are wider than the length of the end flaps **21a/21b/23a/23b** the tape structure **50** may be extended over the distal edge **21d/23d** of the end flap **21a/21b/23a/23b** and onto the back surface **(unnumbered)** of the end flap **21a/21b/23a/23b** in order to provide a length of closure adhesive tape **60** long enough to extend across substantially the entire seam **(not shown)** between the side flaps **22a/24a** or **22b/24b**. The back

surface **(unnumbered)** of the end flaps **21a/21b/23a/23b** is treated with a release coating to allow the closure tape **60** to be peeled from the end flap **21a/21b/23a/23b** for use in assembling the container **10**.

With respect to the die-cut diskette/book container blank **110**, tape structure **50** is arranged as follows. The front flap **115** is the carrier flap and bottom panel **112** is the receiving panel. The invention will be described with respect to a single tape structure **50**, however it is understood that additional tape structures may be placed side by side or spaced along front flap **115**. As seen in Figures 10-12, tape structure **50** is mounted to front flap **115** such that adhesive closure tape **60** can be peeled back from the front flap and adhered to the bottom panel **112** to seal the container closed. Release surface **80** is located on inner surface **115'** of front flap **115**, extending from free edge **115c** of the front flap towards score line **114d** where the front flap and top flap **114** are hingedly connected. Release surface **80** should be long enough to releasably secure the length **60y** of adhesive closure tape **60** which is necessary to adequately seal front flap **115** to bottom panel **112**. That is, when the container blank **110** is assembled and closed, the length **60y** of closure adhesive tape which was releasably secured to the inner surface **115'** of front flap **115** will now be securely adhered to bottom panel **112** beginning at score line **112c** which joins the front panel **111** to the bottom panel **112**. The closure tape will extend for a distance **60y** onto the bottom panel **112** as seen in Figure 12.

Tape structure **50** can be of any of the embodiments described above with respect to RSC blank **10**. As seen in Figure 11, closure adhesive tape **60** must extend from

free edge **115c** of front flap **115** along the outer surface **115"** of the flap for a distance sufficient to prevent complete removal of tape **60** from container blank **110** when it is peeled back from release surface **80** on the inner panel surface **115'**, and may, if desired, extend beyond score line **114d** onto top flap **114**. Release surface **80** may be target tape **70** adhered to inner surface **115'** of front panel **115**. Target tape **70** may extend around free edge **115c** onto outer surface **115"** for the full length of closure tape **60**, similar to the arrangement shown in Figure 2 with respect to the RSC container blank **10**. However, such an arrangement is prone to having the closure tape **60** completely removed from the container blank **110** during assembly, as discussed above. One way to minimize this risk would be to employ a closure tape **60** which is wider than the target tape **70** or laterally offsetting the closure tape **60** relative to target tape **70** and then folding or tucking the overhanging longitudinal edge of the closure tape **60** under the target tape **70** to form an adhesive-to-adhesive bond between the tapes **60** and **70** as seen in Figures 9b or 9c. The overlapping portion could be at free edge **115c** or on outer surface **115"** of front flap **115**.

Advantageously, release surface **80** will be limited to the inner surface **115'**, such that a length **60w** of closure tape **60** will be directly adhered to the container blank **110** for a sufficient distance on outer surface **115"** to prevent the tape **60** from accidently being completely removed, and may, if desired, extend beyond score line **114d** onto top flap **114**. This arrangement would be similar to that shown in Figure 4 with respect to RSC container blank **10**.

Another arrangement to minimize the risk of complete removal of adhesive closure tape **60** is that shown in Figures 5 and 6 with respect to RSC container **10** described above. As applied to container blank **110**, the crotch of the Y structure **65** would be placed at the free edge **115c**, or near the free edge on outer surface **115"** of the front flap **115**. The first length of tape **66**, one of the legs of the Y, would be adhered to the inner surface **115'** if the crotch of the Y is placed on free edge **115c**. First length **66** would extend onto outer surface **115"** if the crotch of the Y is placed some distance away from free edge **115c** on outer surface **115"**. The second length of tape **67**, the other leg of the Y, would be adhered to outer surface **115"** and may possibly extend onto top flap **114**. The bonded mid-section **67b** and second adhesive section **67c** would be overlapped with the first length **66**, which would thus act as release surface **80**. Second adhesive section **67c** can be peeled from the release surface **80** on inner surface **115'** and then adhered to bottom panel **112** to seal assembled container blank **110**.

With respect to the die-cut tuck in container blank **210**, tape structure **50** is arranged as follows. The tuck flap **215** is the carrier flap and front panel **211** is the receiving panel. The invention will be described with respect to a single tape structure **50** as illustrated in Figures 13-16, however it is understood that addition tape structures may be placed side by side or spaced along tuck flap **215**. Tape structure **50** is mounted to tuck flap **215** such that adhesive closure tape **60** can be peeled back from the tuck flap and adhered to the front panel **211** to seal the container closed. Release surface **80** is located on outer surface **215"** of tuck flap **215**, extending from score line **214a**, where the tuck flap and top flap **214** are hingedly

connected, towards free edge **215a** of the tuck flap. Release surface **80** should be long enough to releasably secure the length **60y** of adhesive closure tape **60** which is necessary to adequately seal top flap **214** to front panel **211**. That is, when the container blank **210** is assembled and closed as shown in Figure 15, the length **60y** of closure adhesive tape which was releasably secured to the outer surface **115"** of tuck flap **215** will now be securely adhered to front panel **211** beginning at free edge **211d** of front panel **211** and continuing towards score line **211a** which joins the front panel **211** to the bottom panel **212**. The closure tape can optionally be long enough to extend for a desired distance onto bottom panel **212**. For such an arrangement, release surface **80** will continue beyond outer surface **215"** of the tuck flap, around free edge **215a** of the tuck flap and onto inner surface **215'**. The portion **60y** of the closure tape releasably adhered to release surface **80** will likewise extend onto inner surface **215'**.

Tape structure **50** applied to container blank **210** can be of any of the embodiments described above with respect to the other container blanks. As shown in Figure 13, closure adhesive tape **60** must extend from score line **214a** of tuck flap **215** along the outer surface of the top flap **214** for a distance sufficient to prevent complete removal of tape **60** from container blank **210** when it is peeled back from release surface **80** on the outer panel surface **215"**. Release surface **80** may be target tape **70** adhered to outer surface **215"** of front panel **215**. Target tape **70** may extend beyond score line **214a** onto the outer surface of the top flap **214** for the full length of closure tape **60**, similar to the arrangement shown in Figure 2 with respect to the RSC container blank **10**. However, such an arrangement

is prone to having the closure tape **60** completely removed from the container blank **210** during assembly, as discussed above. One way to minimize this risk would be to employ a closure tape **60** which is wider than the target tape **70** or laterally offsetting the closure tape **60** relative to target tape **70** and then folding or tucking the overhanging longitudinal edge of the closure tape **60** under the target tape **70** to form an adhesive-to-adhesive bond between the tapes **60** and **70** as seen in Figures 9b or 9c. The overlapping portion could be at score line **214a** or on the outer surface of top flap **214**.

Advantageously, release surface **80** will not extend beyond score line **214a**, such that a length **60w** of closure tape **60** will be directly adhered to the container blank **210** for a sufficient distance on the outer surface of top flap **214** to prevent the tape **60** from accidently being completely removed. This arrangement would be similar to that shown in Figure 4 with respect to RSC container blank **10**.

Another arrangement to minimize the risk of complete removal of adhesive closure tape **60** is the Y arrangement shown in Figures 5 and 6 with respect to RSC container **10** described above. As applied to container blank **210**, the crotch of the Y structure **65** would be placed at the score line **214a** between the tuck flap **215** and the top flap **214**, or near the score line on the outer surface of top flap **214**. The first length of tape **66**, one of the legs of the Y, would be adhered to the outer surface **215"** if the crotch of the Y is placed on score line **214a**. First length **66** would extend onto the outer surface of top flap **214** if the crotch of the Y is placed away from score line **214a** some distance on top flap **214**. The second length of

tape **67**, the other leg of the Y, would be adhered to top flap **214**. The bonded mid-section **67b** and second adhesive section **67c** would be overlapped with the first length **66**, which would thus act as release surface **80**. Second adhesive section **67c** can be peeled from the release surface **80** on outer surface **215"** and then adhered to front panel **211** to seal assembled container blank **210**. If it is desired that an additional length of closure tape **60** extend onto bottom panel **212** to more securely seal the container, then first length **66** of the Y structure will continue around free edge **215a** of tuck flap **215** and onto inner surface **215'**, providing a longer release surface **80** which would allow for a longer portion **67c** of the adhesive closure tape **60** to be releasably secured to release surface **80**.

With respect to the die-cut locking tab container blank **310** illustrated in Figures 16-18, tape structure **50** is arranged as follows. The first and second locking tabs **350**, **360** are the carrier tabs, and first and second closure flaps **330**, **340** are the receiving flaps. Tape structure **50** is mounted to each locking tab such that adhesive closure tape **60** can be peeled back from the outer surface **350"**, **360"** of each locking tab and adhered to the first and second closure flaps **330**, **340** to seal the container closed after the tuck portion **352**, **362** of each locking tab is inserted into the slots **332**, **342**, respectively, of the closure flaps. Release surface **80** is located on outer surface **350"**, **360"** of each locking tab, extending at least from score lines **353**, **363**, where the top and tuck portions of each locking tab are connected, towards free edges **350d**, **360d** of each locking tab. Release surface **80** should be long enough to releasably secure the length **60y** of adhesive closure tape **60** which is necessary to adequately seal closure flaps **330** and **340** to the top

portions **351**, **361** of each locking tab. That is, when the container blank **310** is assembled and closed as shown in Figure 18, the length **60y** of closure adhesive tape which was releasably secured to each outer surface **350"**, **360"** of the locking tabs will now be securely adhered to the closure flaps beginning at score lines **330a**, **340a** of the closure flaps **330**, **340** and continuing towards score lines **311b**, **311c** which join the closure flaps to the first bottom panel **311**. The closure tape can optionally be long enough to extend for a desired distance onto first bottom panel **311**. For such an arrangement, release surface **80** will continue beyond the outer surfaces **350"**, **360"** of the locking tabs, around each free edges **350d**, **360d** of the locking tabs and onto inner surfaces **350'**, **360'** of the locking tabs. The portion **60y** of the closure tape releasably adhered to release surface **80** will likewise extend onto inner surfaces **350'**, **360'**.

Tape structure **50** applied to container blank **310** can be of any of the embodiments described above with respect to the other container blanks. As seen in Figure 16, closure adhesive tape **60** must extend from score lines **353**, **363** of locking tabs **350**, **360** onto the top portions **351**, **361** of the locking tabs for a distance sufficient to prevent complete removal of tape **60** from container blank **310** when it is peeled back from release surface **80** on the outer locking tab surfaces **350"**, **360"**. Release surface **80** may be target tape **70** adhered to the outer surfaces **350"**, **360"** of the locking tabs. Target tape **70** may be two individual lengths of tape, one per tab, or may alternatively extend as a single length of tape from beyond score line **353** of the first locking tab to beyond score line **363** of the second locking tab, as would of closure tape **60**, similar to the arrangement shown in Figure 2 with

respect to the RSC container blank **10**. However, such an arrangement is prone to having the closure tape **60** completely removed from the container blank **310** during assembly, as discussed above. One way to minimize this risk would be to employ a closure tape **60** which is wider than the target tape **70** or laterally offsetting the closure tape **60** relative to target tape **70** and then folding or tucking the overhanging longitudinal edge of the closure tape **60** under the target tape **70** to form an adhesive-to-adhesive bond between the tapes **60** and **70** as seen in Figures 9b or 9c. The overlapping portion could be at the score lines **353**, **363**, on the top portions **351**, **361**, or on the outer surface of top panel **313**.

Advantageously, release surface **80** will not extend beyond score lines **353**, **363** and onto top portions **351**, **361** of the locking tabs. With such an arrangement, a length **60w** of closure tape **60** will be directly adhered to the container blank **310** for a sufficient distance on the outer surface of the locking tab top portions **351**, **361**, and may extend onto top panel **313**, to prevent the tape **60** from accidently being completely removed. Two separate lengths of closure tape **60** could be used, or a single length extending from the release surface on the first locking tab, continuing across and securely adhered to the top panel **313**, and ending on the release surface on the second locking tab. This arrangement would be similar to that shown in Figure 4 with respect to RSC container blank **10**.

Another arrangement to minimize the risk of complete removal of adhesive closure tape **60** is the Y arrangement shown in Figures 5 and 6 with respect to RSC container **10** described above as applied to die-cut locking tab container blank **310**. One Y structure would

be applied to each locking tab of container blank **310**. The crotch of each Y structure **65** would be placed at the score lines **353**, **363** between the tuck portions **352**, **362** and the top portions **351**, **361**, of the locking tabs, or near the score line on the top portions **351**, **361**. The first length of tape **66**, one of the legs of the Y, would be adhered to the outer surfaces of tuck portions **352**, **362** if the crotch of the Y is placed on score lines **353**, **363**. First length **66** would extend onto the outer surface of top portions **351**, **361** if the crotch of the Y is placed away from score lines **353**, **363** some distance onto the top portions. The second length of tape **67**, the other leg of the Y, would be adhered to top portions **351**, **361** of the locking tabs, and could optionally extend onto the top panel **313** for a more secure bond. The bonded mid-section **67b** and second adhesive section **67c** would be overlapped with the first length **66**, which would thus act as release surface **80**. Second adhesive section **67c** can be peeled from the release surface **80** on the outer surface of tuck portions **352**, **362** and then adhered to closure flaps **330**, **340** to seal assembled container blank **310**. If it is desired that an additional length of closure tape **60** extend across the closure flaps **330**, **340** onto bottom panel **311** to more securely seal the container, then first length **66** of the Y structure will continue around free edges **350d**, **360d** of each locking tab and onto the inner surfaces **350'**, **360'**, providing a longer release surface **80** allowing a longer portion **67c** of the adhesive closure tape **60** to be releasably secured to release surface **80**.

With respect to the three sided tube container blank **410** illustrated in Figures 19-21, tape structures **50** are used on two type of components of the container blank.

First, a panel closure tape structure **50** is mounted on third panel **413**, making this the carrier panel. Adhesive tape **60** can be peeled back from the inner surface **413'** of the third panel **413** as seen in Figure 20 and securely adhered to first panel **411** to maintain the panels in a triangular configuration upon assembly, making first panel **411** the receiving panel. Two panel closure structures are illustrated in Figures 19 and 20, however more or less may be used as desired. As illustrated in Figure 20, release surface **80** is located on the inner surface **413'** of third panel **413**, extending at least from free edge **413b**, towards the score line **413a** on the opposite edge of third panel **413**. Release surface **80** should be long enough to releasably secure the length **60y** of adhesive closure tape **60** which is necessary to adequately seal third panel **413** to first panel **411**. That is, when the container blank **410** is assembled into a triangular, open ended tube box with third panel **413** adjacent to and overlapping inner panel **414**, the length **60y** of closure adhesive tape which was releasably secured to the inner surface of first panel **413** will now be securely adhered to the outer surface of first panel **411** beginning at score line **411a**, and continuing across the first panel **411** towards score line **411b**, as seen in Figure 21.

Second, a closure flap tape structure is mounted on one or more closure flaps on each open end of the container. In Figure 16, two such structures are illustrated at each end, one each on first and third closure flaps **421** and **423**, and one each on fourth and sixth closure flaps **431**, **433**, making these the carrier flaps. When two tape structures are used on each end, second and fifth flaps **422** and **432** are the receiving

flaps. It is also possible to use one carrier flap on each end rather than two. Tape structure **50** is mounted to first and third closure flaps **421**, **423**, such that adhesive closure tape **60** can be peeled back from the outer surface of each closure flap and securely adhered to the second closure flap **422** to seal the first opening **410a** closed after the first and third closure flaps are folded over the opening, with the second closure flap folded over last as seen in Figures 20-21. Release surface **80** is located on the outer surface of fist and third closure flaps **421**, **423**, extending at least from score lines **411c**, **413c**, where the closure flaps are connected to the panels, towards the opposite edges of closure flaps **421**, **423**. Release surface **80** should be long enough to releasably secure the length **60y** of adhesive closure tape **60** which is necessary to adequately seal second closure flap **422** over the first and third closure flaps **421**, **423**. That is, when the container blank **410** is assembled and closed, the lengths **60y** of closure adhesive tape which were releasably secured to the outer surface of each of the first and third closure flaps **421**, **423** will now be securely adhered to the outer surface of second closure flap **422** beginning at score lines **411c**, **413c** and continuing across the second closure flap **422**. Corresponding tape structures are mounted on fourth and sixth closure flaps **431**, **433** for securely adhering fifth closure flap **432** over the first-closed fourth and sixth closure flaps as seen in Figure 21.

Tape structure **50** applied to container blank **410** can be of any of the embodiments described above with respect to the other container blanks. With respect to the closure flaps, closure adhesive tape **60** must extend from score lines **411c**, **413c**, where the closure flaps are connected to the panel, onto the first and third

panels **411**, **413** for a distance sufficient to prevent complete removal of tape **60** from container blank **410** when it is peeled back from release surface **80** on the closure flaps **421**, **423** as seen in Figure 19. Release surface **80** may be target tape **70** adhered to the outer surfaces of first and third closure flaps **421**, **423**, and fourth and sixth closure flaps **431**, **433**. Target tape **70** may be four individual lengths of tape, one per carrier flap, or may alternatively extend as a single length of tape from beyond score line **411c** of the first closure flap, across the full length of first panel **411**, to beyond score line **411d** of the fourth closure flap, as would of closure tape **60**, similar to the arrangement shown in Figure 2 with respect to the RSC container blank **10**. Likewise, a single length could extend from beyond score line **413c** of third closure flap **423**, across the full length of third panel **413**, to beyond score line **413d** of sixth closure flap **433**. However, such an arrangement is prone to having the closure tape **60** completely removed from the container blank **310** during assembly, as discussed above. One way to minimize this risk would be to employ a closure tape **60** which is wider than the target tape **70** or laterally offsetting the closure tape **60** relative to target tape **70** and then folding or tucking the overhanging longitudinal edge of the closure tape **60** under the target tape **70** to form an adhesive-to-adhesive bond between the tapes **60** and **70** as seen in Figures 9b or 9c. The overlapping portion could be at the score lines **411c**, **411d**, **413c**, **413d**, or on the outer surface of first and third panels **411**, **413**.

Advantageously, release surface **80** will not extend beyond score lines **411c**, **411d**, **413c**, **413d**, onto the outer surface of first and third panels **411**, **413**. With such an arrangement, a length **60w** of closure tape

60 will be directly adhered to the container blank 410 for a sufficient distance on the outer surface of the first and third panels 411, 413 to prevent the tape 60 from accidently being completely removed. A separate length of closure tape 60 could be used for each of the four carrier flaps. Alternatively, a single length extending from the release surface on the first closure flap 421, continuing across and securely adhered to the first panel 413, and ending on the release surface on the fourth closure flap 431, with a corresponding length extending from the third flap 423 to the sixth flap 433 across third panel 413. This arrangement would be similar to that shown in Figure 4 with respect to RSC container blank 10.

With respect to the third panel 413, closure adhesive tape 60 must extend from free edge 413' onto the outer surface 413" of the third panel 413 for a distance sufficient to prevent complete removal of tape 60 from container blank 410 when it is peeled back from release surface 80 on inner surface 413'. Release surface 80 may be target tape 70 adhered to the inner surface 413' of first panel 413. Target tape 70 may extend beyond free edge 413b onto outer surface 413" of third panel 413, for the same length as closure adhesive tape 60. However, such an arrangement is prone to having the closure tape 60 completely removed from the container blank 410 during assembly, as discussed above. One way to minimize this risk would be to employ a closure tape 60 which is wider than the target tape 70 or laterally offsetting the closure tape 60 relative to target tape 70 and then folding or tucking the overhanging longitudinal edge of the closure tape 60 under the target tape 70 to form an adhesive-to-adhesive bond between the tapes 60 and 70 as seen in Figures 9b or 9c. The overlapping portion

could be at the free edge **413b**, or on the outer surface of third panel **413**. Advantageously, release surface **80** will not extend beyond free edge **413b** onto the outer surface **413"** of third panel **413**. With such an arrangement, a length **60w** of closure tape **60** will be directly adhered to the container blank **410** for a sufficient distance on the outer surface of the third panel **413** to prevent the tape **60** from accidently being completely removed.

Another arrangement to minimize the risk of complete removal of adhesive closure tape **60** is the Y arrangement shown in Figures 5 and 6 with respect to RSC container **10** described above. One Y structure would be applied to each closure flap of container blank **410**. Such an arrangement will be described with respect to first closure flap **421**. The crotch of Y structure **65** would be placed at the score line **411c** where the flap joins first panel **411**, or near the score line on the first panel **411**. The first length of tape **66**, one of the legs of the Y, would be adhered to the outer surface of first flap **421** if the crotch of the Y is placed on the score line **411c**. First length **66** would extend onto the outer surface of first panel **411** if the crotch of the Y is placed away from score line **411c** some distance onto the first panel **411**. The second length of tape **67**, the other leg of the Y, would be adhered to first panel **411**. The bonded mid-section **67b** and second adhesive section **67c** would be overlapped with the first length **66**, which would thus act as release surface **80**. Second adhesive section **67c** can be peeled from the release surface **80** on the outer surface of first closure flap **421**, and then adhered to second closure flaps **422** to seal assembled container blank **410**. A Y structure could also be used for the panel tape structure mounted to third panel **413**. The crotch

of Y structure **65** would be placed at the edge **413b**, or near the edge on the outer surface **413"** of the third panel. The first length of tape **66**, one of the legs of the Y, would be adhered to the inner surface **413'** of third panel **413** if the crotch of the Y is placed on the score line **411c**, and would extend onto the outer surface **413"** if the crotch of the Y is set back from the free edge **413b**. The second length of tape **67**, the other leg of the Y, would be adhered to the outer surface **413"**. The bonded mid-section **67b** and second adhesive section **67c** would be overlapped with the first length **66**, which would thus act as release surface **80**. Second adhesive section **67c** can be peeled from the release surface **80** on the inner surface **413'** of third panel **413**, and then adhered to first panel **411** to seal assembled container blank **410**.

Backing

Tapes useful in the manufacture of this invention include those tapes having backings made of mono-axially and biaxially oriented polypropylene, oriented polyester, filament/fiber combinations, paper and the like.

Adhesive

The adhesive may be selected from any of the well known and widely available aggressive adhesives used with box closure tapes. The adhesive may be a heat-activated adhesive such as ethylene vinyl acetate adhesives (particularly those having a high vinyl acetate content of about 18-30 wt%); a water-activated adhesive such as a gummed adhesive; a pressure sensitive adhesive such as acrylate adhesives and tackified block copolymer adhesives; etc. Because of the ease with which such closure tapes **60** may be

applied, the preferred adhesive is an aggressive pressure sensitive adhesive.

Particularly suitable pressure sensitive adhesive tapes for use as the closure tape **60** in the present invention include SCOTCH® brand tapes 373 and 375 available from the Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Closure tapes **60** using adhesives which do not possess any tack until activated, such as the gummed adhesives, must be activated in strategic locations during assembly of any of the above described pretaped container blanks so that the closure tape **60** will adhere to the container blank during shipping, handling and storage. The surface area of the closure tape **60** which is pre-activated must be strictly limited since the pre-activated areas will not be available for bonding to the carrier flaps, panels or tabs during assembly and oversized areas will tend to lift strips of paper from the container blank. One example of a suitable configuration is depicted in Figure 7 where the width of the pre-activated lines is about 1 to 2 mm. Other suitable configurations include a dotted pattern of activated adhesive or the inclusion of a thin line of pressure sensitive adhesive.

Tab

The releasable end **62** of the closure adhesive tape **60** includes a releasable tab **63**, also known as a lift tab or a finger tab, when a pressure sensitive adhesive is employed. The tab **63** prevents the releasable end **62** from adhesively bonding to the release surface **80** so that the releasable end **62** may be readily gripped for peeling of the closure adhesive tape **60** from the release surface **80**. The tab **63** is preferably

releasably bonded to the closure tape **60** so that the tab **63** may be removed after application of the closure adhesive tape **60** to the receiving flaps or panels and that portion of the closure adhesive tape **60** covered by the tab **63** also applied to the receiving flaps or panels. Suitable materials for use as the release tab **63** include silicone coated paper sheets or plastic films.

The releasable tab **63** may be eliminated by simply folding the releasable end **62** of the closure adhesive tape **60** back upon itself in adhesive-to-adhesive contact to create a nonadhesive tab **63** at the releasable end **62** of the closure tape **60**. While this option is generally simpler, less expensive and generates less waste, it is only practical where the presence of a nonadhesive tab **63** extending from the completely assembled and sealed box is acceptable from both a functional and aesthetic standpoint. Numerous other options are also available including coating the adhesive at the releasable end **62** of the closure tape **60** with a de-tackifying agent such as wax or talc; covering the releasable end **62** of the closure tape **60** with printing ink; manufacturing closure tape **60** which does not coat the releasable end **62** of the closure tape **60** with adhesive **60m**; etc. It is also possible to use a detachable tab **68** as shown in Figure 22. With detachable tab **68**, the user can grasp the unadhered tab to peel the closure tape **60** from the release surface **80**. The detachable tab **68** can then be torn along weakened line **69** such as a score line or perforated line so that no unadhered portion of closure tape **60** extends from the closed and sealed container.

RELEASE SURFACE

A release surface **80** is required when a pressure sensitive adhesive tape is employed. The release surface **80** provides appropriate release characteristics so that the pressure sensitive adhesive on the closure tape **60** may be peeled from the release surface **80** without leaving an adhesive residue on the release surface **80** and without lifting fragments of the release surface **80** which would interfere with adhesive bonding of the closure tape **60** to the receiving flaps or panels.

Any material capable of forming a bond with the container blank which is sufficient to prevent delamination of the material from the container blank when the closure adhesive tape **60** is peeled from the material and possessing the release characteristics outlined above may be used to form the release surface **80**. Suitable materials include target tapes and release coatings.

Target Tapes

Adhesive tapes used to form a release surface **80** are known as target tapes **70**. Tapes suitable for use as a target tape **70** include tapes that adhere well to the container blank and have a backing surface from which an adhesive closure tape **60** will release without lifting of the target tape **70** from the container blank or leaving residual adhesive **60m** on the target tape **70**. Examples of suitable pressure sensitive adhesive tapes suitable for use as the target tape **70** in the present invention include the same SCOTCH® brand tapes disclosed above as suitable for use as the closure tape **60** in this invention.

Release Coating

A release coating can be applied to the carrier flap, panel or tab of the container blank to provide the desired release surface **80**. The release coating provides a surface on the container blank with a reduced adhesive affinity for the pressure sensitive adhesive **60m** on the closure tape **60**.

Materials suitable as for use as the release coating include acrylates, fluorochemicals, polyethylenes, silicones, epoxy silicones, vinyl copolymers and combinations of these compounds. Additional compounds suitable for use as the release coating are disclosed in United States Patent No. 4,728,571 issued to Clemens et al. One family of commercially available silicone release coatings are available from Dow Corning Corporation of Midland, Michigan under the mark SYL-OFF®. Preferred types of low adhesion backsize are the siloxane and acrylate based compounds disclosed in United States Patent No. 4,973,513 issued to Riedel and the water-insoluble hydrophobic urethane (carbamate) copolymer of polyvinyl alcohol and octadecyl isocyanate disclosed in United States Patent No. 2,532,011 issued to Dahlquist et al, both assigned to the Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company of St. Paul, Minnesota.

The release coating may be applied by any of the conventional water or solvent-based coating techniques including air knife, trailing blade, direct and offset gravure, Meyer bar, wire-wound rod, reverse roll, roll coating, print bond and spray coating.

When a low-adhesion backsize is employed to form the release coating, a dried coating weight of at least about 0.04 mg backsize per cm^2 container surface is

generally effective for achieving the desired reduction in adhesion.

A final option available for providing the desired release characteristics with closure adhesive tapes **60** employing a pressure sensitive adhesive **60m** is the use of a release liner **(not shown)** covering the adhesive **60m**. The liner **(not shown)** would include a discontinuity such as a hole or slit **(not shown)** in the liner near the releasable end **62** of the closure tape **60** through which the adhesive **60m** could adhere to the container blank and hold the closure tape **60** in position until the container blank is assembled. Because of the additional refuse generated by the need to remove and dispose of the liner **(not shown)** during assembly, this embodiment is not the embodiment of choice for most applications.

Any of the pretaped container blanks described herein may be rendered reusable by also mounting a release surface **80** over the surface of the receiving flaps or panels which will be contacted by the closure tape **60** when the container is assembled and sealed. For example, a release surface **80** can be added to side flaps **22a/24a/22b/24b** of RSC blank **10** in the position where adhesive tape **60** is placed to seal the container closed. However, it must be remembered that incorporation of a release surface **80** on the receiving flaps or panels will decrease the strength of the adhesive bond between the closure tape **60** and the receiving flaps or panels and may not be suitable for those applications where maximum strength is required.

Assembling and Sealing the Container

Regular Slotted Container Blank

The free ends of the RSC container blank **10** are brought together and joined by means of the attaching flap **18** using a manufacturer's joint. The manufacturer's joint is formed by the manufacturer and may be achieved with taped joints, glued joints or wire-stitched joints. The jointed RSC container blank **10** may then be assembled into a three-dimensional container by (i) folding the end flaps **21a/23a** towards each other until they form a flat surface relative to one another, (ii) peeling the releasable adhesive tape **60y** from at least the entire length of each end flap **21a/23a**, (iii) folding the side flaps **22a/24a** over the folded end flaps **21a/23a** to form a flat surface, and (iv) applying the lengths of adhesive tape **60y** peeled from the end flaps **21a/23a** over the seam **(not shown)** between the side flaps **22a/24a** so as to connect the side flaps **22a/24a** and close the first end of the container. Once the desired contents have been placed in the container the container may be sealed by simply repeating steps (i) through (iv) above for the second end of the container.

Die-Cut Diskette and Book Container Blank

The die cut container blank **110** is shown unassembled in Figure 10, with the inside of the box shown face up. Thus, the steps of folding the blank described below will be made in the direction up out of the page to place the inside surfaces (shown face up in Figure 10) of the panels facing one another. The die cut container blank **110** is assembled by first folding the side interior panels **140** which are attached to the front panel **111** along score lines **111a** and **111b**. When the side interior panels **140** are perpendicular to front

panel **111** and parallel to one another, the front panel is then folded along score line **112c** to be perpendicular to bottom panel **112**, with bottom edges **141** of the side interior panels resting along score lines **112a** and **112b**. Similarly, the side interior panels **140** adjoining rear panel **113** are folded to be perpendicular to rear panel **113**. Rear panel **113** is then folded along score line **112d** to be perpendicular to bottom panel **112**. The bottom edges **141** of all four side interior panels **140** will now be resting along score lines **112a** and **112b**, with pairs of opposed side edges **142** facing one another.

Left side panel **121** is now folded along score line **112a** to be perpendicular with bottom panel **112** such that outer portion **122** is adjacent two of the interior side panels **140**. Left side panel **121** is then folded over on itself along double score line **124** to place inner portion **123** parallel to and facing outer portion **122**, with two interior side panels **140** sandwiched therebetween. Lastly, tab **125** is placed in slot **126**. The same steps are performed for right side panel **131**, concluding with tab **135** being placed in slot **136**. The container will now remain in this partially assembled position, and can be loaded as desired.

Referring to Figure 11, closure adhesive tape **60** is now peeled away from release surface **80** on inner surface **115'** of front flap **115**. Top flap **114** is folded along score line **114c** to close the opening bounded by the front, back and side panels. At this point, insert flaps **116** are folded along score lines **115a** and **115b** to be perpendicular to front flap **115** and parallel to one another. As front flap **115** is folded along score line **114d** to overlap front panel **111**, one insert flap **116** is simultaneously inserted into the slot formed between

outer portion **122** of left side panel **121** and the adjacent side interior panel **140**, while the second insert flap **116** is inserted into the slot formed between outer portion **132** of right side panel **131** and the adjacent side interior panel **140**. Closure adhesive tape **60** may now be secured to bottom panel **112** to seal the container as seen in Figure 12.

Die-Cut Tuck In Container Blank

The die-cut tuck in container blank **210** is shown unassembled in Figure 13 with the outside surfaces of the container shown face up. Thus, the folding steps described below will be performed to fold the container panels down into the page such that the inside surfaces of the panels (shown face down in Figure 13) will face the inside of the assembled container. First, back panel **213** is folded along score line **213a** to place the back panel **213** perpendicular to bottom panel **212**. This fold will simultaneously fold the left side panel **221** along score line **223b** and right side panel **231** along score line **233b**. Next, left side panel **221** is folded along score line **213c** to place bottom portion **222** adjacent bottom panel **212** and outer portion **223** perpendicular to back panel **213**. This will simultaneously place score line **223b** along free edge **212a** of bottom panel **212**. Likewise, right side panel **231** is folded along score line **213d** to place bottom portion **232** adjacent bottom panel **212** and outer portion **233** perpendicular to back panel **213**. This will simultaneously place score line **233b** along free edge **212b** of bottom panel **212**. First edge **222a** of the left side panel and first edge **232a** of the right side panel will now be adjacent one another.

Next, left side interior panel **240** is folded along score line **211b** to be perpendicular to front panel **211**,

and right side interior panel **242** is folded along score line **211c** to be perpendicular to front panel **211** and parallel to left side interior panel **240**. Then, front panel **211** is folded along score line **211a** to place it perpendicular to bottom panel **212** and parallel to back panel **213**. This will simultaneously place left side interior panel **240** adjacent to and inside outer portion **223** of the left side panel **221**, with bottom edge **240a** of left interior panel **240** along score line **223b**. Likewise, right side interior panel **242** will now be adjacent to and inside outer portion **233** of right side panel **231**, with bottom edge **242a** of right interior panel **242** along score line **233b**. Then, left side panel **221** is folded onto itself along double score line **223a**. This places inner portion **224** of the left side panel parallel to and facing outer portion **223**, with the left side interior flap **240** sandwiched therebetween. Tab **225** is inserted in slot **226** to lock the left side panel. Likewise, right side panel **231** is folded onto itself along double score line **233a**. This places inner portion **234** of the right side panel parallel to and facing outer portion **233**, with the right side interior flap **242** sandwiched therebetween. Tab **235** is inserted in slot **236** to lock the right side panel. The container is now ready to be loaded with the desired contents.

The container may now be closed and sealed as follows. Referring to Figure 14, closure adhesive tape **60** is peeled away from the release surface **80** on outer surface **215"** of tuck flap **215**. Top flap **214** may now be folded along score line **213b** to close the opening bounded by the front, back, and side panels **211**, **213**, **221**, **231**, placing top flap **214** parallel to and facing bottom panel **212**. Simultaneously, tuck flap **215** is tucked inside the container placing it adjacent to

front panel **211**. Closure tape **60** may now be securely adhered to front panel **211** from free edge **211d** towards score line **211a** as seen in Figure 15. If a longer piece of adhesive tape **60** is employed, it will continue past score line **211a** and onto the bottom panel **212**.

Die-Cut Locking Tab Container Blank

The die-cut locking tab container blank **310** is shown unassembled in Figure 16 with the outside surfaces of the container shown face up. Thus, the folding steps described below will be performed to fold the container panels down into the page such that the inside surfaces of the panels (shown face down in Figure 16) will face the inside of the assembled container.

First, the first bottom panel **311** and second bottom panel **315** are folded towards each other, until the second bottom panel **315** overlaps the first bottom panel **311**, such that a rectangular container open at first end **310a** and second end **310b** is formed. The above step will cause score lines **311a**, **313a**, **313b** and **315a** all to form right angles, such that front panel **314** and back panel **312** are parallel to and facing one another across the top and bottom panels **313**, **311**, **315**, and the top panel **313** is parallel to and facing second bottom panel **315**. First bottom panel **311** will be adjacent to the second bottom panel on the outside of the assembled container.

Next, the first opening **310a** is closed as follows. First end flap **321** is folded along score line **312a** to place the first end flap perpendicular to back panel **312**. Bottom edge **321a** of first end flap **321** will be along score line **311b** of the first bottom panel **311**, and top edge **321b** of the first end flap **321** will be

along edge **313c** of top panel **313**. Similarly, second end flap **322** is folded along score line **314a** to place the second end flap perpendicular to front panel **314**. Bottom edge **322a** of second end flap **322** will be along score line **311b** of the first bottom panel **311**, and top edge **322b** of the second end flap **321** will be along edge **313c** of top panel **313**. Next, first tuck flap **331** is folded along score line **330a** while first closure flap **330** is folded along score line **311b**. Tuck flap **331** is inserted in the slot formed between the top edges **321b**, **322b**, of the first and second end flaps and the top panel **313**, and first closure flap **330** will cover the first opening **310a**.

First closure flap **330** is then locked with the first locking lock tab **350** and sealed with the tape structure **50** mounted on the first locking tab. Top portion **351** of first locking tab **350** is folded along score line **350a** away from the first closure flap **330** while tuck portion **352** is folded along score line **353** towards first closure flap **330**. Adhesive closure tape **60** is peeled away from the outer surface **350"** of first locking tab **350**, so that locking portion 352 can be inserted in slot **332**, thereby locking the first locking tab **350** and first closure flap **330** together. Adhesive closure tape **60** is then securely adhered to the first closure flap **330** beginning at score line **330a** towards score line **311b**.

With first opening **310a** closed and sealed, the container may now be loaded with the desired contents. The same steps described for closing and sealing first opening **310a** are now repeated to close and seal second opening **310b** as ssen in Figures 17-18.

Three-Sided Tube Container Blank

The three-sided tube container blank **410** is shown unassembled in Figure 19 with the outside surfaces of the container shown face up. Thus, the folding steps described below will be performed to fold the container panels down into the page such that the inside surfaces of the panels (shown face down in Figure 19) will face the inside of the assembled container.

First, the third panel **413** and inner panel **414** are folded towards each other, until the free edge **414** of the inner panel is adjacent score line **413a**, such that a triangular container open at first end **410a** and second end **410b** is formed as seen in Figure 19. Adhesive tape 60 is peeled back from the release surfaces **80** on inside surface **413'** of the third panel **413** as seen in Figure 20, and then third panel **413** is folded over to overlap inner panel **414**. This will place free edge **413b** of the third panel adjacent score line **411a** which joins the inner panel **414** to the first panel **411**, as seen in Figure 21. Then adhesive tape **60** is securely adhered to second panel **411**, beginning at score line **411a** and extending towards score line **411b**.

Next, the first opening **410a** is closed as follows. The adhesive tape **60** is first peeled back from release surface 80 on first and third flaps **421**, **423**. First and third flaps **421** and **423** are then folded along score lines **411c**, **413c**, respectively to overlap one another and close first opening **410a**. Then second flap **422** is folded along score line **412a** to overlap the first and third flaps **421**, **423**. Second flap **422** must be folded after first and third flaps **421**, **423**, however it is not important which of the first and third flaps **421**, **423** is folded over first. First end **410a** is then sealed by securely adhering the adhesive tape from the first and

third flaps **421**, **423** onto second flap **422**. The two lengths of adhesive tape will partially overlap one another, it is not important which is applied first.

With first opening **410a** closed and sealed, the container may now be loaded with the desired contents. The same steps described for closing and sealing first opening **410a** are now repeated to close and seal second opening **410b** as seen in Figure 21.

In addition to the aspects described herein, any of the container blanks may also include or be packaged with customary enhancements such as an address label, internal cushioning, etc.

The present invention has now been described with respect to several embodiments thereof. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that many changes can be made in the embodiments described without departing from the scope of the present invention. For instance, any of the tape structure embodiments described herein may be applied to any of the container blank embodiments described herein. Furthermore, the tape structures described herein may be advantageously applied to any type of container, envelope, or package or the like in which one member is to be sealed against another member. Thus, the scope of the present invention should not be limited to the structures described in this application, but only by the structures described by the language of the claims and the equivalents of those structures.

What is claimed is:

1. A pretaped container blank for assembly into a three-dimensional container, comprising:

(a) a container blank including **(i)** a plurality of laterally interconnected panels, including a primary panel, each of said panels including first and second longitudinal ends defining first and second laterally extending edges respectively, and **(ii)** a first set of closure flaps, including at least one first primary closure flap, each flap of the closure flaps having a proximal edge hingedly connected to an adjoining one of the first laterally extending edges of the panels and a distal edge longitudinally spaced from the panels wherein the closure flaps are in paired relationship with the panels; and

(b) a tape structure attached to the container blank and including at least **(i)** a release surface extending longitudinally along the primary closure flap from proximate the proximal edge to proximate the distal edge of the primary closure flap, and **(ii)** a length of closure adhesive tape, wherein a first portion of the closure adhesive tape is mounted on the release surface and extends over substantially the entire length of the primary closure flap and a second portion of the closure adhesive tape is mounted a distance across the adjoining panel sufficient for the closure adhesive tape to remain attached to the container blank upon removal of the first portion from the primary closure flap;

wherein the tape structure is positioned along the proximal edge of the primary closure flap such that the

closure adhesive tape can secure the first set of closure flaps in an overlapping closed position in the assembled container by peeling the tape from the primary closure flap, folding the closure flaps in an overlapping relationship with the closure flaps positioned immediately to either side of the primary closure flap closed last, and the closure tape adhesively applied to the last closed closure flaps over its original position on the primary closure flap.

2. A pretaped container blank which may be assembled into a three-dimensional container, comprising:

(a) a container blank including:

(1) a plurality of laterally interconnected panels each including upper and lower edges, and

(2) a first set of closure flaps each connected to an adjoining one of the upper edges of the panels, respectively; each closure flap positioned in paired relationship with one of the plurality of panels, respectively, and having a hinged edge, a distal edge, a hinged edge to distal edge length, a left side edge, a right side edge, and a side edge to side edge width; said first set including at least a pair of assembly opposed first end flaps and a pair of assembly opposed first side flaps and

(b) a plurality of tape assemblies attached to the container blank, each tape assembly including at least:

(1) a release surface extending along each of the end flaps, respectively, from proximate the hinged edge to proximate the distal edge of each of the end flaps, and

(2) a length of adhesive tape, wherein a first portion of the adhesive tape is mounted to the release surface and extends over substantially the entire length of each end flap and a second portion of the adhesive tape is mounted for a distance across the adjoining panel sufficient for the adhesive tape to remain attached to the container blank upon removal of the first portion of the adhesive tape from the end flap; wherein the distance from the left side edge of each end flap to the adhesive tape of each end flap is less than the width of the side flap adjacent the left edge of the end flap, and the distance from the right side edge of each end flap to the adhesive tape of each end flap is less than the width of the side flap adjacent the right side edge of the end flap.

3. The pretaped container blank of claim 1 wherein the container blank includes four laterally interconnected panels configured to be assembled into a rectangular container.

4. The pretaped container blank of claim 2 wherein the container blank includes four laterally interconnected panels configured to be assembled into a rectangular container.

5. The pretaped container blank of claim 1 wherein the container blank is a regular slotted cardboard container blank.

6. The pretaped container blank of claim 2 wherein the container is a regular slotted cardboard container blank.

7. The pretaped container blank of claim 1 wherein the release surface is target tape.

8. The pretaped container blank of claim 2 wherein the release surface is target tape.

9. The pretaped container blank of claim 1 wherein the release surface is a layer of release coating.

10. The pretaped container blank of claim 2 wherein the release surface is a layer of release coating.

11. The pretaped container blank of claim 1 further comprising a second set of closure flaps including at least one second primary closure flap wherein each flap of the second set includes a proximal edge hingedly connected to the adjoining one of the second laterally extending edges of the panels and distal edges longitudinally spaced from the panels wherein the closure flaps of the second set are in paired relationship with the panels.

12. The pretaped container blank of claim 2 further comprising a second set of closure flaps, each connected to an adjoining one of the lower edges of the panels, respectively; each closure flap in the second set positioned in paired relationship with one panel of the plurality of panels, respectively, and having a hinged edge, a distal edge, a hinged edge to distal edge length, a left side edge, a right side edge, and a side edge to side edge width, said second set including at least a pair of assembly opposed second end flaps and a pair of assembly opposed second side flaps.

13. The pretaped container blank of claim 11 wherein (i) the first primary closure flap is hingedly

connected to the first laterally extending edge of the primary panel and the second primary closure flap is hingedly connected to the second laterally extending edge of the primary panel, and (ii) both the release surface and adhesive closure tape components of the tape structure extend continuously from proximate the distal edge of the first primary closure flap to proximate the distal edge of the second primary closure flap.

14. The pretaped container blank of claim 13 wherein **(i)** the release surface is a target tape, **(ii)** the adhesive closure tape is positioned relative to the target tape such that a first longitudinal edge of the adhesive tape laterally extends beyond a first longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to define a first longitudinally elongated margin along the adhesive tape, and **(iii)** a portion of the first margin is folded around the first longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to place the adhesive closure tape and target tape in adhesive-to-adhesive engagement at a first location.

15. The pretaped container blank of claim 12 wherein (i) the panels include a first panel and a second panel, (ii) one of the first end flaps is hingedly connected to the first panel and the other of the first end flaps is hingedly connected to the second panel, (iii) one of the second end flaps is hingedly connected to the first panel and the other second end flap is hingedly connected to the second panel, and (iv) one of the release surface and adhesive tape components of the tape assemblies extends continuously from proximate the distal edge of the first end flap connected to the first panel to proximate the distal edge of the second end flap connected to the first panel and another of

the release surface and adhesive tape components of the tape assemblies extends continuously from proximate the distal edge of the first end flap connected to the second panel to proximate the distal edge of the second end flap connected to the second panel.

16. The pretaped container blank of claim 15 wherein **(i)** the release surface is a target tape, **(ii)** the adhesive tape is positioned relative to the target tape such that a first longitudinal edge of the adhesive tape laterally extends beyond a first longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to define a first longitudinally elongated margin along the adhesive tape, and **(iii)** a portion of the first margin is folded around the first longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to place the adhesive tape and target tape in adhesive-to-adhesive engagement at a first location.

17. The pretaped container blank of claim 11 wherein (i) the first primary closure flap is hingedly connected to the first laterally extending edge of the primary panel and the second primary closure flap is hingedly connected to the second laterally extending edge of the primary panel, (ii) the release surface extends longitudinally along both of the first and second primary closure flaps from proximate the proximal edge to proximate the distal edge of each of the first and second primary closure flaps, respectively [flap], and (iii) the adhesive closure tape extends continuously from proximate the distal edge of the first primary closure flap to proximate the distal edge of the second primary closure flap whereby the adhesive closure tape overlaps the release surfaces on the first and second primary flaps and directly contacts the primary panel.

18. The pretaped container blank of claim 17 wherein **(i)** the release surface is a target tape, **(ii)** the adhesive closure tape is positioned relative to the target tape such that a first longitudinal edge of the adhesive closure tape laterally extends beyond a first longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to define a longitudinally elongated margin along the adhesive tape, and **(iii)** a portion of the margin is folded around the first longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to place the adhesive closure tape and target tape in adhesive-to-adhesive engagement.

19. The pretaped container blank of claim 12 wherein (i) the panels include a first panel and a second panel, (ii) one of the first end flaps is hingedly connected to the first panel and the other of the first end flaps is hingedly connected to the second panel, (iii) one of the second end flaps is hingedly connected to the first panel and the other second end flap is hingedly connected to the second panel, (iv) the release surface component of the tape structure extends longitudinally along each of the first and second end flaps from proximate the hinged edge to proximate the distal edge of each of the first and second end flaps, and (v) one adhesive tape component of the tape structure extends continuously from proximate the distal edge of the first end flap connected to the first panel to proximate the distal edge of the second end flap connected to the first panel whereby the adhesive tape overlaps the release surfaces on the first and second end flaps and directly contacts the first panel, and another adhesive tape component of the tape structure extends continuously from proximate the distal edge of the first end flap connected to the second panel to proximate the distal edge of the second end flap connected to the second panel whereby the

adhesive tape overlaps the release surfaces on the first and second end flaps and directly contacts the second panel.

20. The pretaped container blank of claim 19 wherein **(i)** the release surface is a target tape, **(ii)** the adhesive tape is positioned relative to the target tape such that a first longitudinal edge of the adhesive tape laterally extends beyond a first longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to define a longitudinally elongated margin along the adhesive tape, and **(iii)** a portion of the margin is folded around the first longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to place the adhesive tape and target tape in adhesive-to-adhesive engagement.

21. The pretaped container blank of claim 11 wherein the container includes at least two separate tape structures with one configured and arranged relative to each of the first and second primary closure flaps.

22. The pretaped container blank of claim 1 wherein the tape structure comprises a first length of tape having an adhesive side and a second length of tape having an adhesive side, wherein

(i) the adhesive side of the first length of tape is adhesively bonded at a first end to the adhesive side of the second length of tape for a distance effective to aggressively bond the lengths of tape and form a bonded mid-section of the second length of tape between a first adhesive section and a second adhesive section of the second length of tape,

(ii) the first length of tape is longitudinally adhesively bonded at a second end to the primary closure flap to form the release surface,

(iii) the first adhesive section of the second length of tape is longitudinally adhesively bonded to the panel hingedly connected to the primary closure flap, and (iv) the second adhesive section of the second length of tape is releasably adhesively attached to the previously applied first length of tape in an overlapping fashion.

23. The pretaped container blank of claim 2 wherein each tape structure comprises a first length of tape having an adhesive side and a second length of tape having an adhesive side, wherein (i) the adhesive side of the first length of tape is adhesively bonded at a first end to the adhesive side of the second length of tape [proximate the mid-section of the second length of tape] for a distance effective to aggressively bond the lengths of tape and form a bonded mid-section of the second length of tape between a first adhesive section and a second adhesive section of the second length of tape, (ii) the first length of tape of each tape structure is longitudinally adhesively bonded to one of the end flaps to form the release surface, (iii) the first adhesive section of the second length of tape of each tape structure is longitudinally adhesively bonded to the panel hingedly connected to the end flap to which the tape structure is attached, and (iv) the second adhesive section of the second length of tape of each tape structure is releasably adhesively attached to the previously applied first length of tape in an overlapping fashion.

24. The pretaped container blank of claim 1 wherein the primary closure flap has an outward facing surface and an inward facing surface and the tape structure extends across the outward facing surface, wraps around the distal edge of the primary closure flap, and

extends along the inward facing surface of the primary closure flap.

25. The pretaped container blank of claim 2 wherein each of the end flaps have an outward facing surface and an inward facing surface and the tape structure extends across the outward facing surface, wraps around the distal edge of the primary closure flap, and extends along the inward facing surface of the end flaps.

26. The pretaped container blank of claim 1 wherein the adhesive tape extends about 2 to 10 cm into the adjoining panel.

27. The pretaped container blank of claim 2 wherein the adhesive tape extends about 3 to 7 cm into the adjoining panel.

28. A pretaped container blank for assembly into a three-dimensional container, comprising:

(a) a container blank having **(i)** a plurality of laterally interconnected panels each including first and second longitudinal ends defining first and second laterally extending edges, respectively, and **(ii)** a first set of closure flaps, including one primary closure flap, each flap of said closure flaps including a proximal edge hingedly connected to an adjoining one of the first laterally extending edges of the panels and a distal edge longitudinally spaced from the panels wherein the closure flaps are in paired relationship with the panels; and

(b) an adhesive tape structure attached to the container blank and including **(i)** an adhesively

unactivated length extending over substantially the entire length of the primary closure flap with a first longitudinal end of the tape on the primary closure flap, **(ii)** an adhesively activated length extending across the adjoining panel for at least a distance sufficient for the tape to remain attached to the container blank upon removal of the unactivated length of the tape extending across the primary closure flap, and **(iii)** a small adhesively activated area proximate the first longitudinal end of the tape operative for holding the unactivated length of tape in position against the container.

29. The pretaped container blank of claim 14, wherein the adhesive closure tape is wider than the target tape.

30. The pretaped container blank of claim 29 wherein **(i)** the adhesive closure tape is positioned relative to the target tape such that a second longitudinal edge of the adhesive tape laterally extends beyond a second longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to define a second longitudinally elongated margin along the adhesive tape, and **(ii)** a portion of the second margin is folded around the second longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to place the adhesive closure tape and target tape in adhesive-to-adhesive engagement at a second location.

31. The pretaped container blank of claim 16, wherein the adhesive closure tape is wider than the target tape.

32. The pretaped container blank of claim 31 wherein **(i)** the adhesive closure tape is positioned

relative to the target tape such that a second longitudinal edge of the adhesive tape laterally extends beyond a second longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to define a second longitudinally elongated margin along the adhesive tape, and (ii) a portion of the second margin is folded around the second longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to place the adhesive closure tape and target tape in adhesive-to-adhesive engagement at a second location.

33. The pretaped container blank of claim 18, wherein the adhesive closure tape is wider than the target tape.

34. The pretaped container blank of claim 33 wherein (i) the adhesive closure tape is positioned relative to the target tape such that a second longitudinal edge of the adhesive tape laterally extends beyond a second longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to define a second longitudinally elongated margin along the adhesive tape, and (ii) a portion of the second margin is folded around the second longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to place the adhesive closure tape and target tape in adhesive-to-adhesive engagement at a second location.

35. The pretaped container blank of claim 19, wherein the adhesive closure tape is wider than the target tape.

36. The pretaped container blank of claim 35 wherein (i) the adhesive closure tape is positioned relative to the target tape such that a second longitudinal edge of the adhesive tape laterally extends beyond a second longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to define a second longitudinally elongated

margin along the adhesive tape, and (ii) a portion of the second margin is folded around the second longitudinal edge of the target tape so as to place the adhesive closure tape and target tape in adhesive-to-adhesive engagement at a second location.

37. A pretaped container blank for assembly into a three-dimensional container, comprising:

(a) a container blank including (i) a plurality of interconnected panels, including a first panel, a second panel and a receiving panel, wherein said second panel and said receiving panel are joined along a common score line, and (ii) a plurality of flaps, including a top flap hingedly connected at one edge thereof to said first panel, and a carrier flap hingedly connected at one edge thereof to said top flap, said carrier flap including an inner surface, an outer surface, and a free edge; and

(b) a tape structure attached to said container blank and including (i) a release surface mounted on said inner surface of said carrier flap adjacent said free edge, and (ii) a length of closure adhesive tape, wherein a first portion of said closure adhesive tape is releasably adhered to said release surface and a second portion of the closure adhesive tape extends around said free edge and onto said outer surface of said carrier flap for a distance sufficient for said closure adhesive tape to remain attached to said container blank upon removal of said first portion from said inner surface of said carrier flap;

wherein, upon assembly of said container blank into a three dimensional container, said top flap is configured to close an opening bounded by said plurality of panels, said carrier flap is configured to overlay said second panel such that said inner surface is adjacent said second panel, and said first portion of said adhesive tape may be removed from said release surface and securely adhered to said receiving panel from said common score line and extending onto said receiving panel.

38. A pretaped container blank for assembly into a three-dimensional container, comprising:

(a) a container blank including (i) a plurality of interconnected panels, including a first panel and a receiving panel, and (ii) a plurality of flaps, including a carrier flap and a top flap including a first edge and a second edge, wherein said carrier flap is hingedly connected to said top flap at said first edge and said carrier flap includes an inner surface and an outer surface, and wherein said top flap is hingedly connected to said first panel at said second edge; and

(a) a tape structure attached to said container blank and including (i) a release surface mounted on said outer surface of said carrier flap adjacent said first edge of said top panel, and (ii) a length of closure adhesive tape, wherein a first portion of said closure adhesive tape is releasably adhered to said release surface and a second portion of the closure adhesive tape extends beyond said first edge of said top flap and onto said top flap for a distance sufficient for said closure adhesive tape to remain attached to said container blank upon removal of said first

portion from said outer surface of said carrier flap;

wherein, upon assembly of said container blank into a three dimensional container, said top flap is configured to close an opening bounded by said plurality of panels, said carrier flap is configured to overlay said receiving panel from inside said assembled container such that said outer surface is adjacent said second panel, and said first portion of said adhesive tape may be removed from said release surface and securely adhered to said receiving panel.

39. A pretaped container blank for assembly into a three-dimensional container, comprising:

(a) a container blank including (i) a plurality of interconnected panels, including a first panel and a second panel, said second panel including a first flap edge, (ii) a plurality of flaps, including a first closure flap and a first tuck flap, wherein said closure flap is hingedly connected to said second panel along said flap edge and said tuck flap is hingedly connected to said closure flap at a first tuck edge of said closure flap, and wherein a first tab slot is formed along a portion of said tuck edge, and (iii) a first locking tab, wherein said locking tab includes a first top portion hingedly connected to said first panel, and a first tuck portion hingedly connected to said top portion at a first tab score line and including an outer surface; and

(a) a first tape structure attached to said container blank and including (i) a release surface mounted on said outer surface of tuck

portion of said locking tab adjacent said tab score line, and (ii) a length of closure adhesive tape, wherein a first portion of said closure adhesive tape is releasably adhered to said release surface and a second portion of the closure adhesive tape extends beyond said tab score line and onto said top portion of said locking tab for a distance sufficient for said closure adhesive tape to remain attached to said container blank upon removal of said first portion from said outer surface of said tuck portion;

wherein, upon assembly of said container blank into a three dimensional container, said closure flap is configured to close a first opening bounded by said plurality of panels, said tuck flap is configured to overlay a portion of said first panel from inside said assembled container, said locking tab is configured such that said tuck portion may be inserted into said tab slot thereby locking said closure flap closed, and said first portion of said adhesive tape may be removed from said release surface and securely adhered to said closure flap beginning at said tuck edge and continuing onto said closure flap.

40. A pretaped container blank for assembly into a three-dimensional container, comprising:

(a) a container blank including (i) a plurality of laterally interconnected panels, each of said panels including a panel edge, respectively and (ii) a plurality of first closure flaps, including a first carrier flap and a first receiving flap, wherein each of said closure flaps is hingedly connected to a respective one of said panels along a respective one of said first panel edges; and

(b) a first tape structure attached to said container blank and including (i) a first release surface mounted on said carrier flap adjacent said flap edge, and (ii) a first length of closure adhesive tape, wherein a first portion of said closure adhesive tape is releasably adhered to said release surface and a second portion of said closure adhesive tape extends beyond said first panel edge and onto an adjacent one of said panels for a distance sufficient for said second closure adhesive tape to remain attached to said container blank upon removal of said first portion from said carrier flap;

wherein, upon assembly of said container blank into a three dimensional container said plurality of closure flaps are configured to fold along said first panel edges to thereby close an opening bounded by said plurality of first panel edges, with said receiving flap being the last closed of said closure flaps, and wherein said first portion of said closure adhesive tape may be removed from said release surface and securely adhered to said receiving flap.

41. A pretaped container blank for assembly into a three-dimensional container, comprising:

(a) a container blank including (i) a plurality of laterally interconnected panels, including an inner panel at a first side of said blank, a receiving panel hingedly connected to said inner panel, and a carrier panel at a second end of said blank, wherein said carrier panel includes an inner surface, an outer surface and a free edge, each of said panels including a panel edge, respectively and (ii) a plurality of first closure flaps, wherein each of said flaps is hingedly

connected to a respective one of said panels along a respective one of said first panel edges; and

(b) a first tape structure attached to said container blank and including (i) a first release surface mounted on said inner surface of said carrier panel adjacent said panel free edge, and (ii) a first length of closure adhesive tape, wherein a first portion of said closure adhesive tape is releasably adhered to said release surface and a second portion of the closure adhesive tape extends beyond said panel free edge and onto said outer surface of said carrier panel for a distance sufficient for said first closure adhesive tape to remain attached to said container blank upon removal of said first portion from said inner surface of said carrier panel;

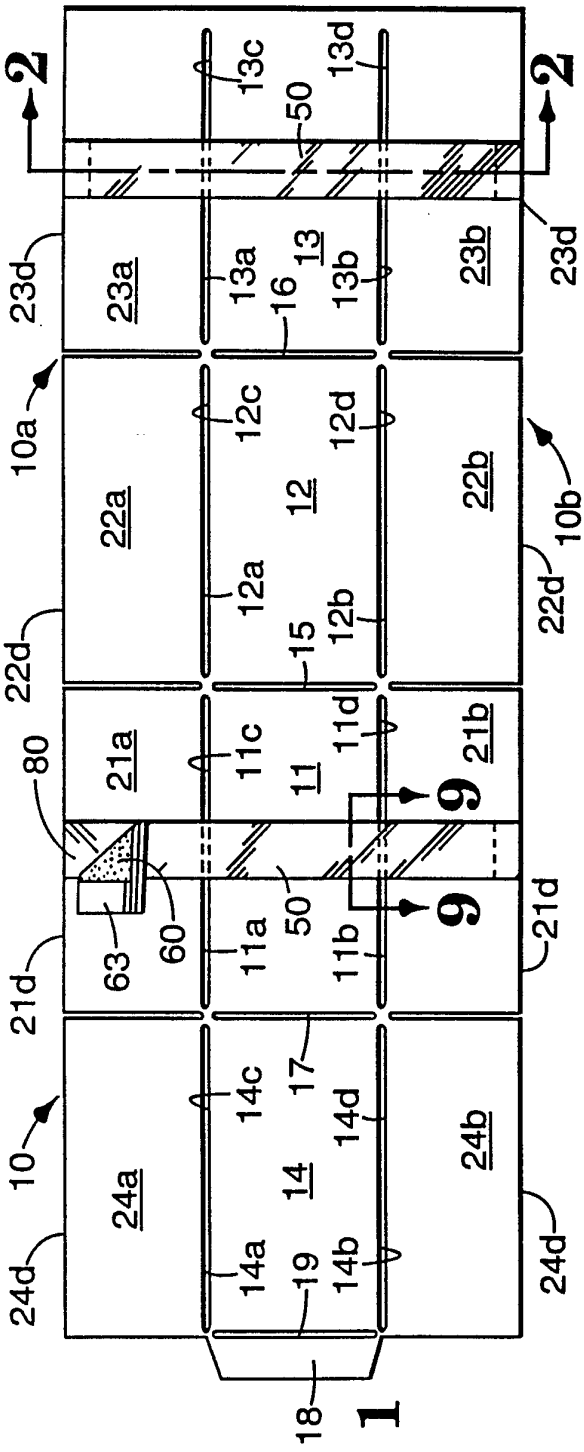
wherein, upon assembly of said container blank into a three dimensional container, said carrier panel is configured to overlay said inner panel thereby forming a three dimensional container having a first opening bounded by said first panel edges, and said first portion of said first length of closure adhesive tape may be removed from said first release surface and securely adhered to said receiving panel, and wherein said plurality of closure flaps are configured to fold along said first panel edges to thereby close said first opening.

42. The pretaped container blank of claim 41, wherein:

(a) said plurality of first closure flaps includes a first carrier flap and a first receiving flap;

(b) said container blank further includes a second tape structure attached to said container blank and including (i) a second release surface mounted on said carrier flap adjacent said flap edge, and (ii) a second length of closure adhesive tape, wherein a first portion of said second length of closure adhesive tape is releasably adhered to said release surface and a second portion of said second length of closure adhesive tape extends beyond said first panel edge and onto an adjacent one of said panels for a distance sufficient for said second closure adhesive tape to remain attached to said container blank upon removal of said first portion from said carrier flap; and

(c) upon assembly of said container blank into a three dimensional container said first closure flap and first receiving flap are configured to fold along said first panel edges to thereby close said first opening, with said first receiving flap being the last closed of said closure flaps, and wherein said first portion of said second length of closure adhesive tape may be removed from said second release surface and securely adhered to said first receiving flap.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11a
11b
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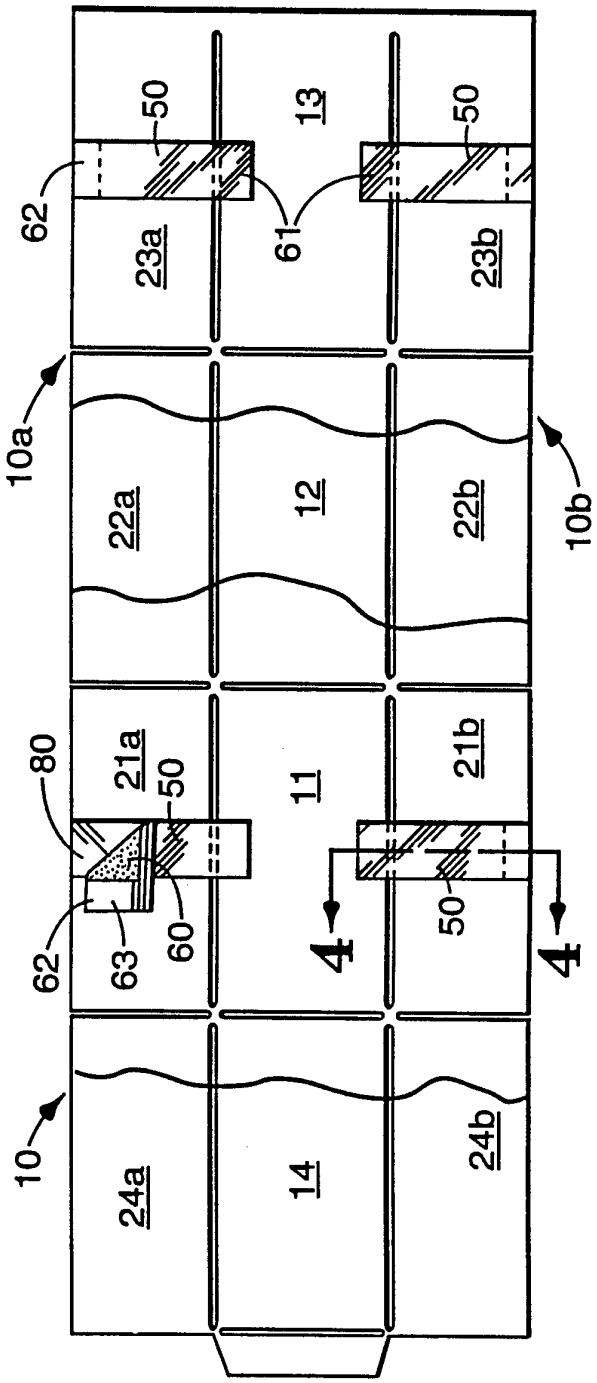
24d
24d
18

Fig. 1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24b

Fig. 3

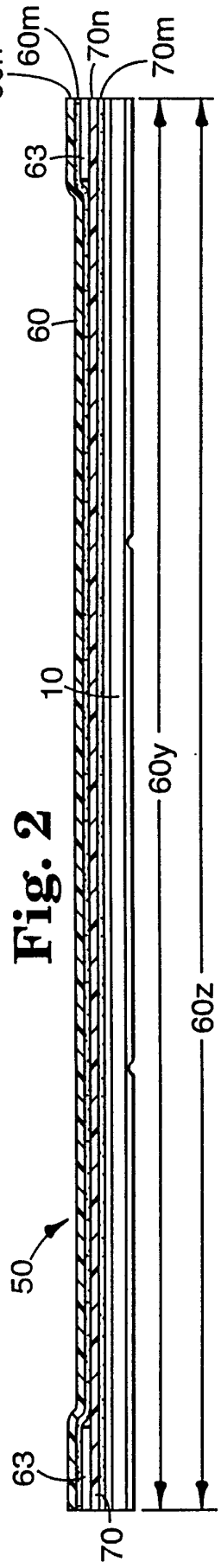


Fig. 2

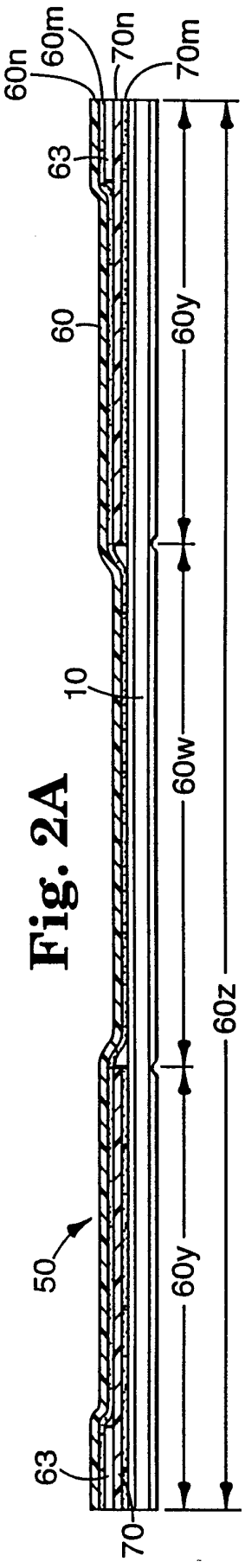


Fig. 2A

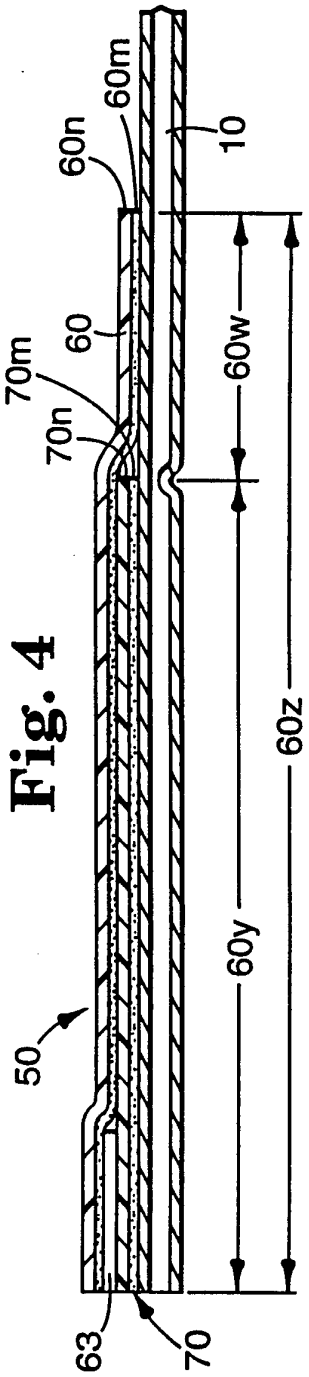


Fig. 4

Fig. 5

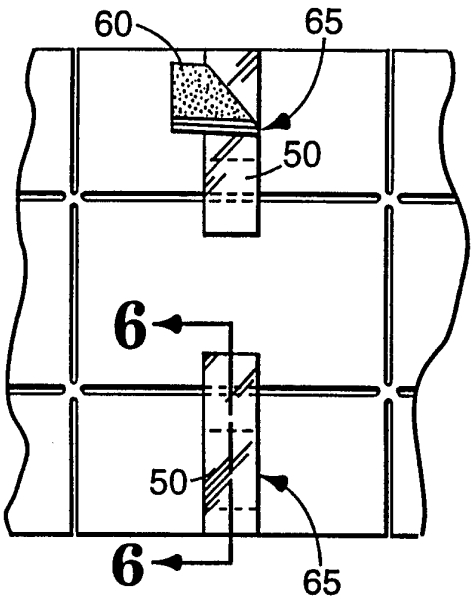


Fig. 7

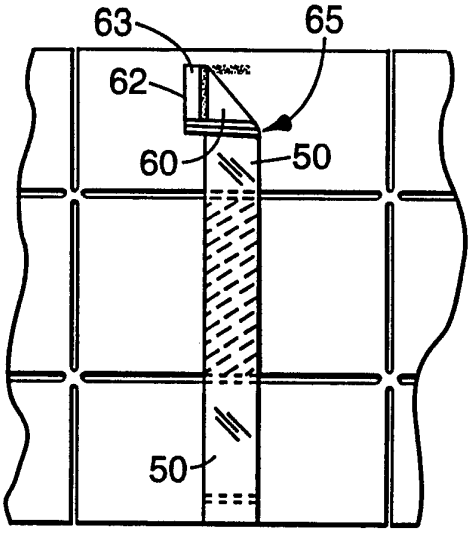


Fig. 6

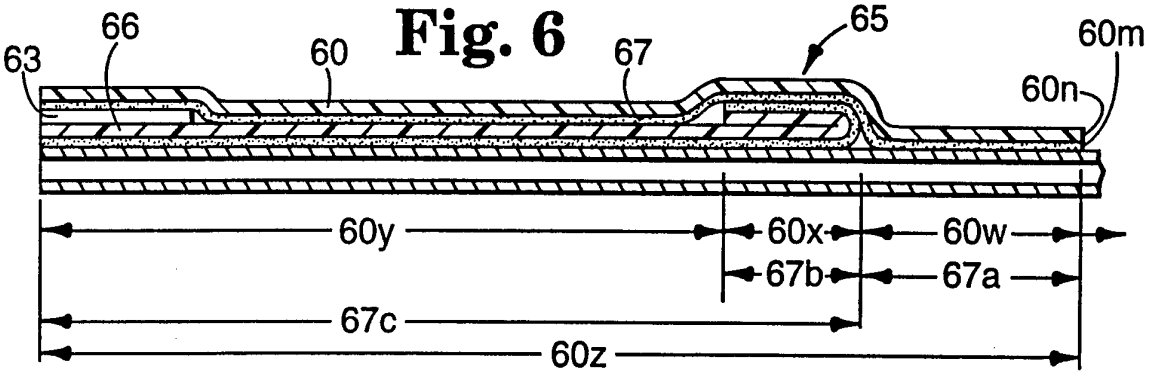


Fig. 8

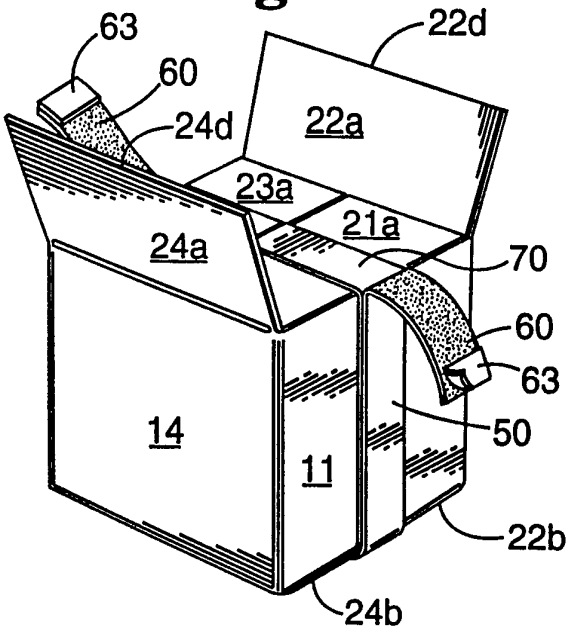


Fig. 9a

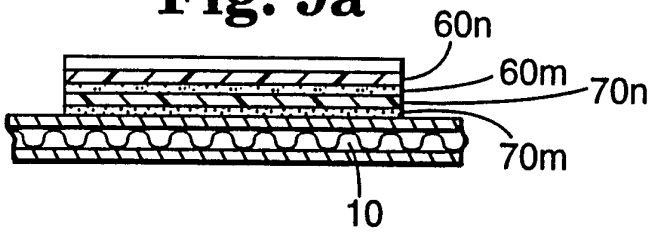


Fig. 9b

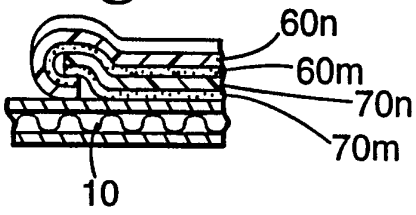
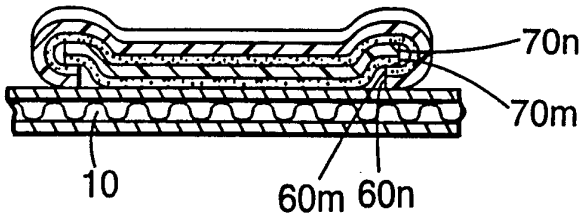
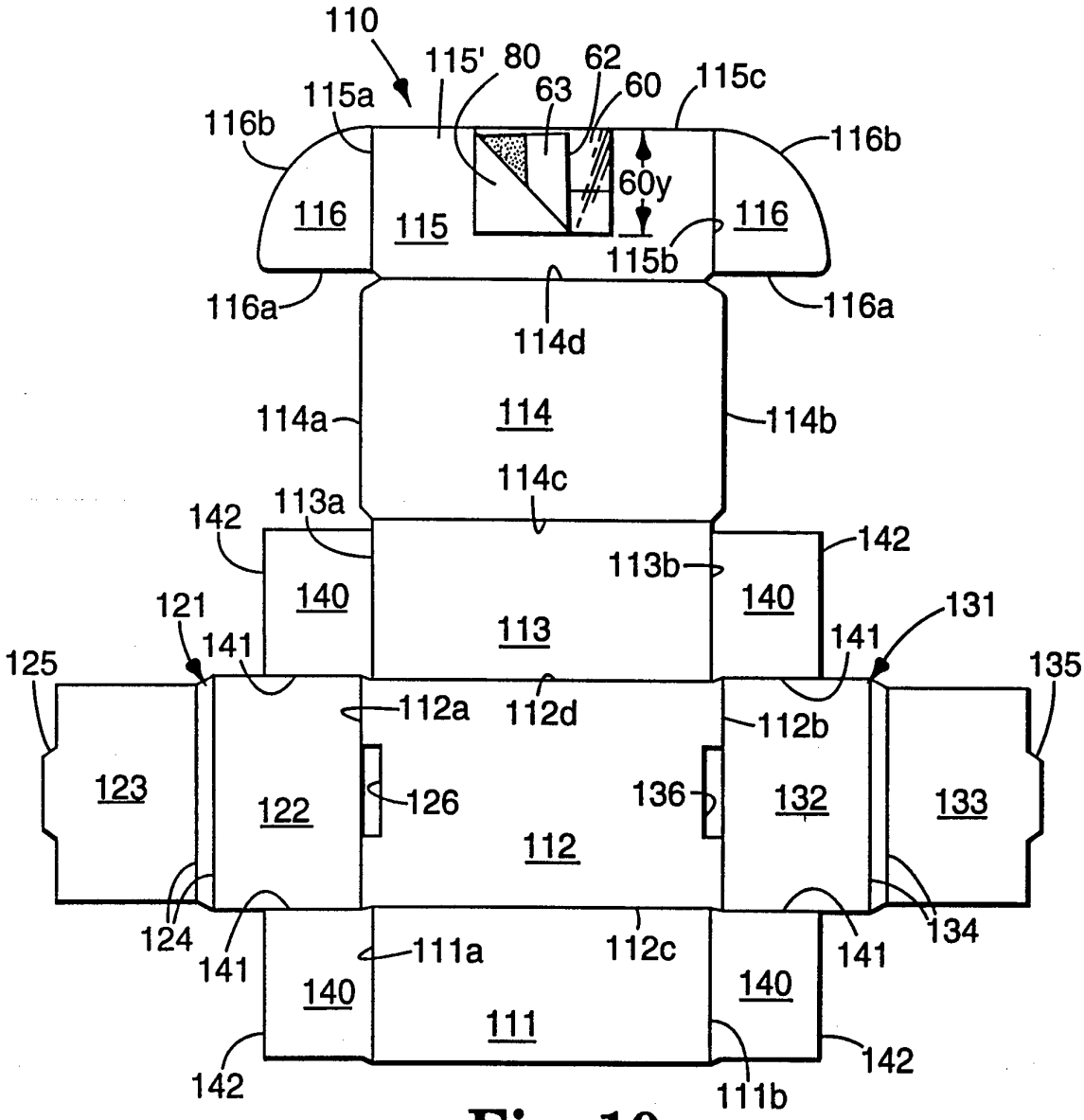


Fig. 9c

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116b
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114
114a
114b
114c
113a
142
142
113b
140
140
121
141
113
141
131
125
135
112a
112d
112b
123
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111a
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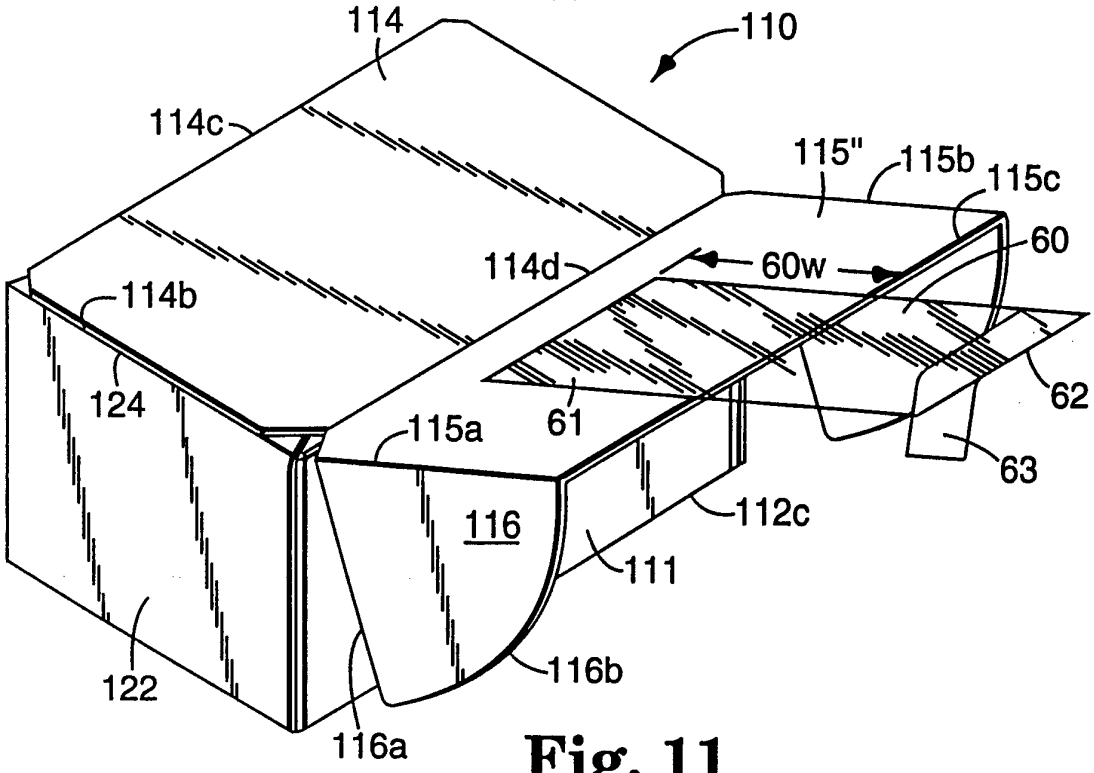
134
140
140
111
142
142
111b

Fig. 10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112c
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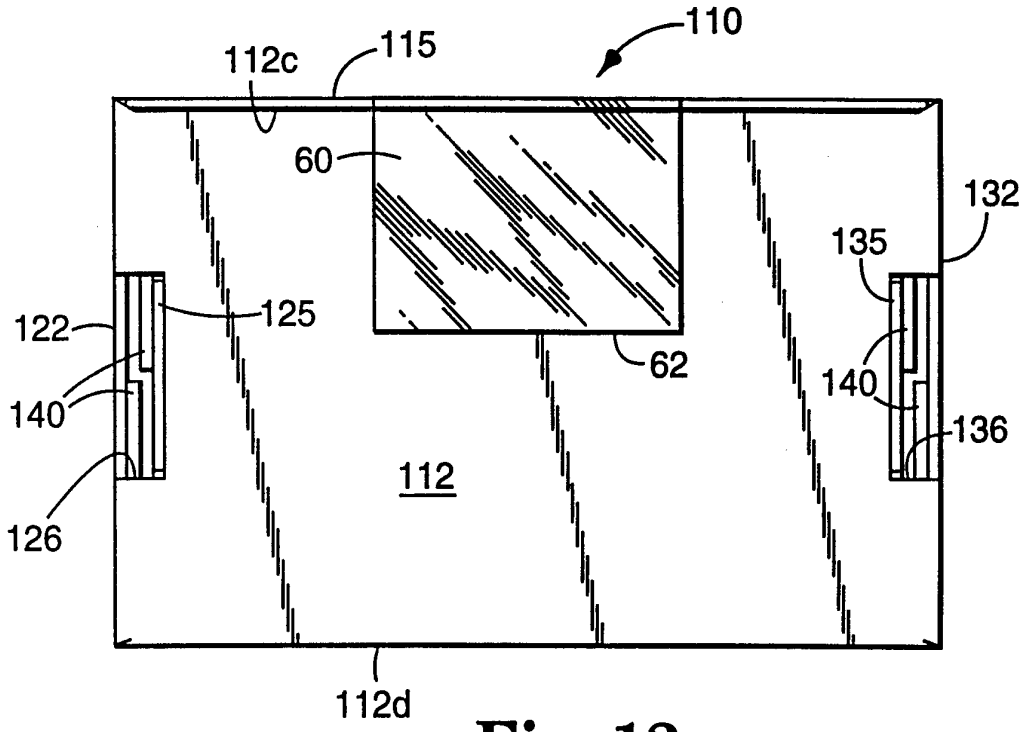
116b
116a

Fig. 11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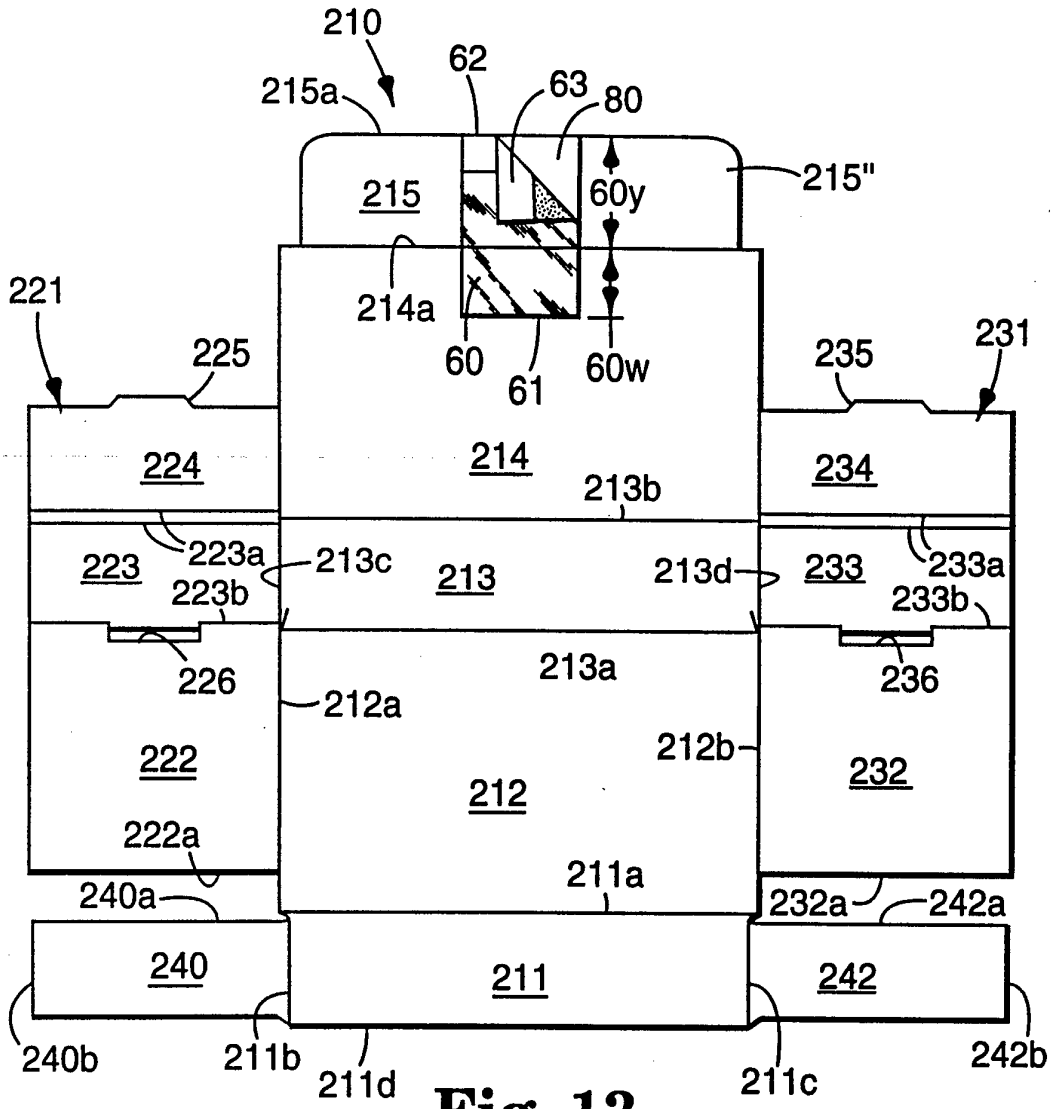
112d

Fig. 12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223a
213c
213
213d
233
233a
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233b
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213a
212a
212b
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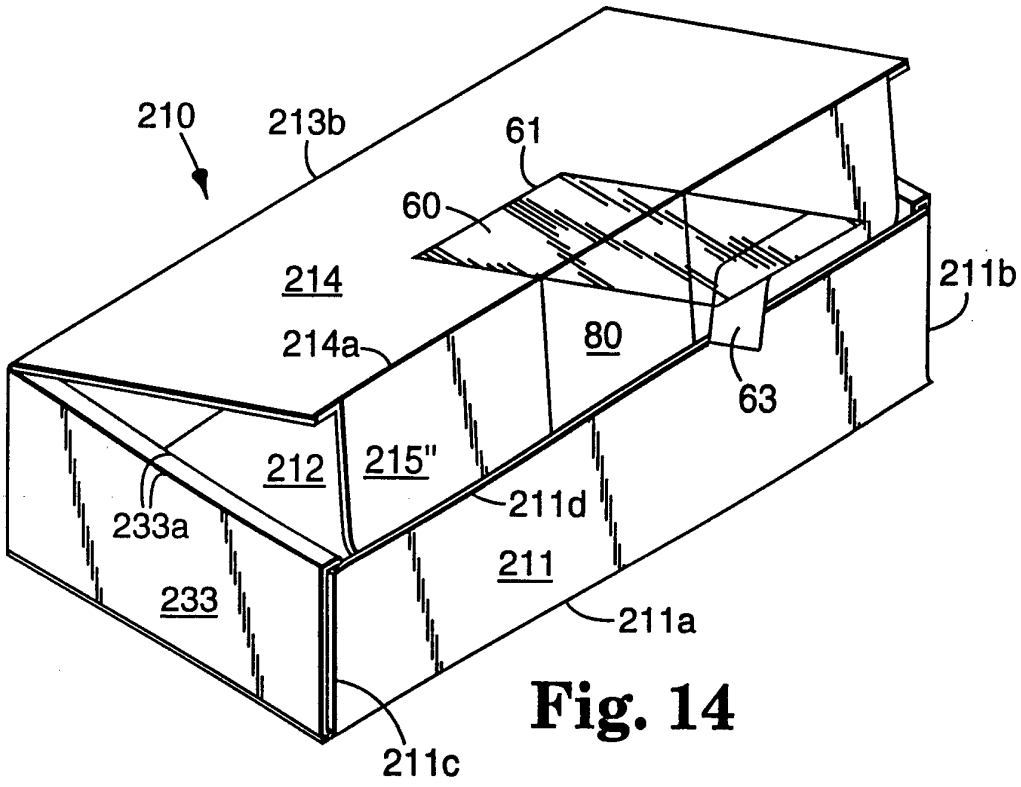
240b
211b
211d
211c
242b

Fig. 13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211d
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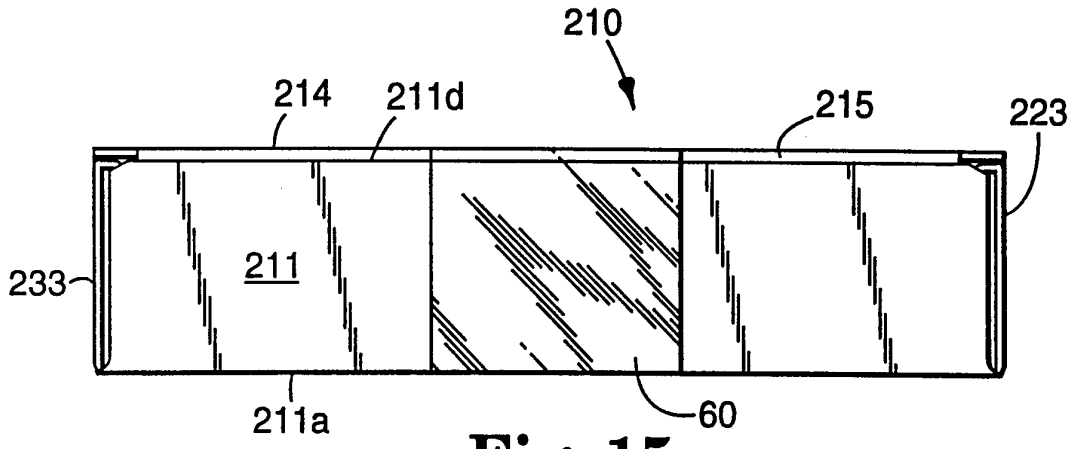
233
211a
211c

Fig. 14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211a
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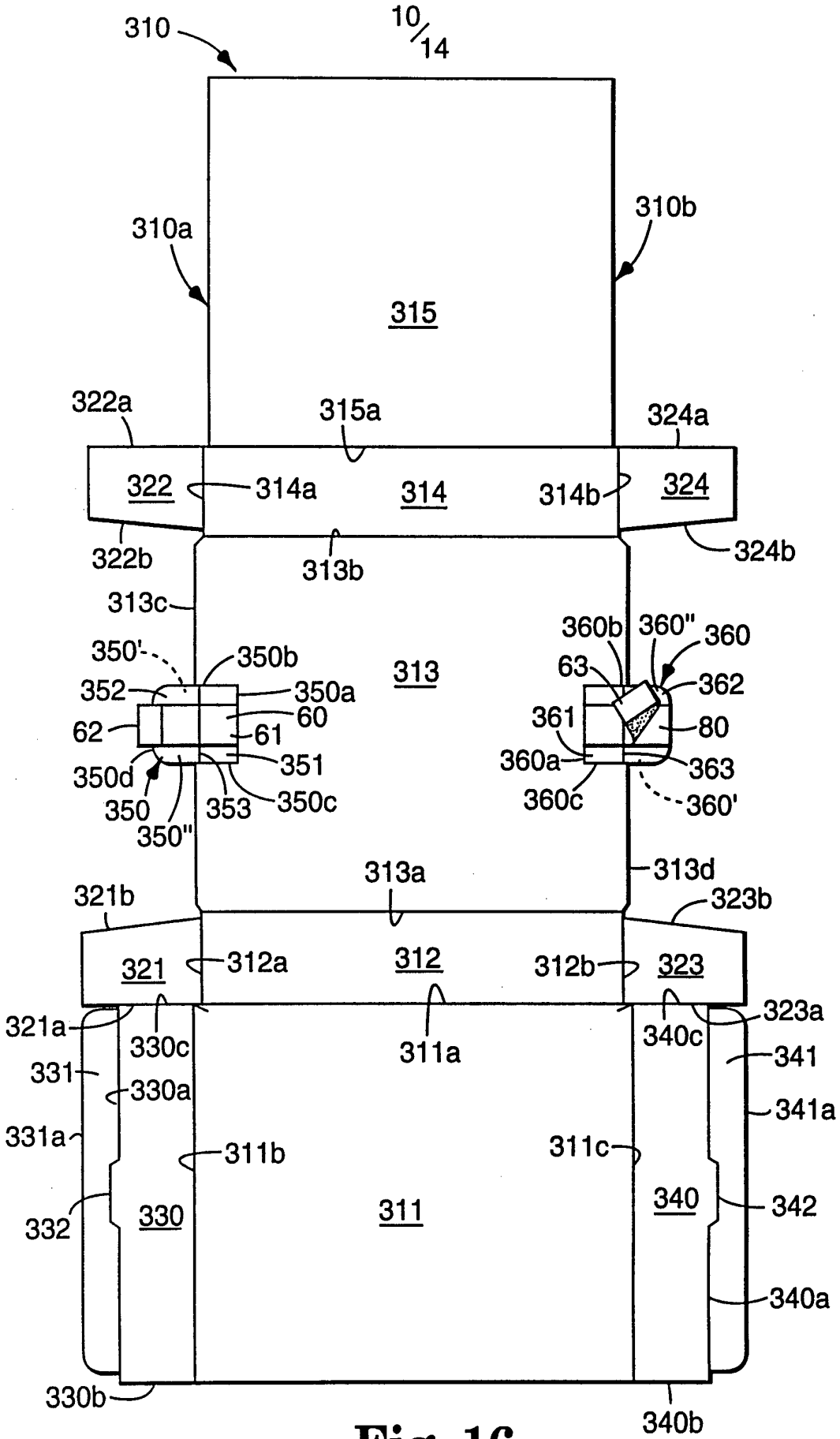
Fig. 15


10/14
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313c
360b
360"
360
350'
350b
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350a
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360a
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350d
350
353
350c
360c
360'
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330c
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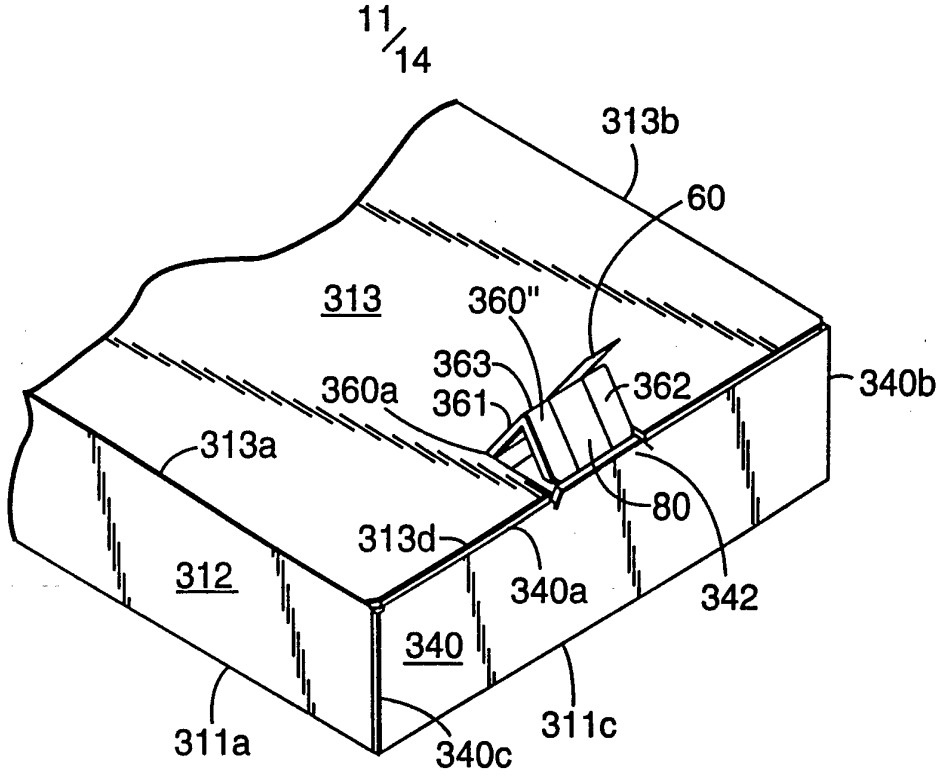
330b
340b

Fig. 16


11/14
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313
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361
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340a
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340
311c
311a
340c

Fig. 17

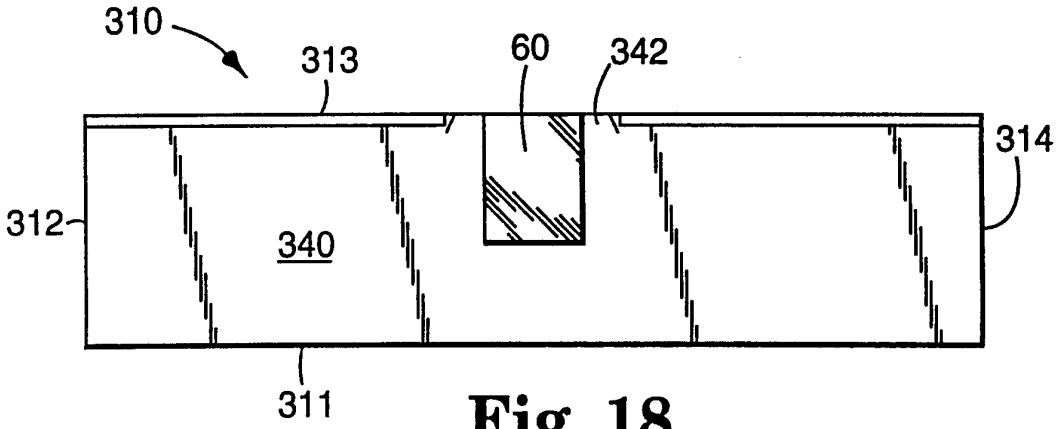
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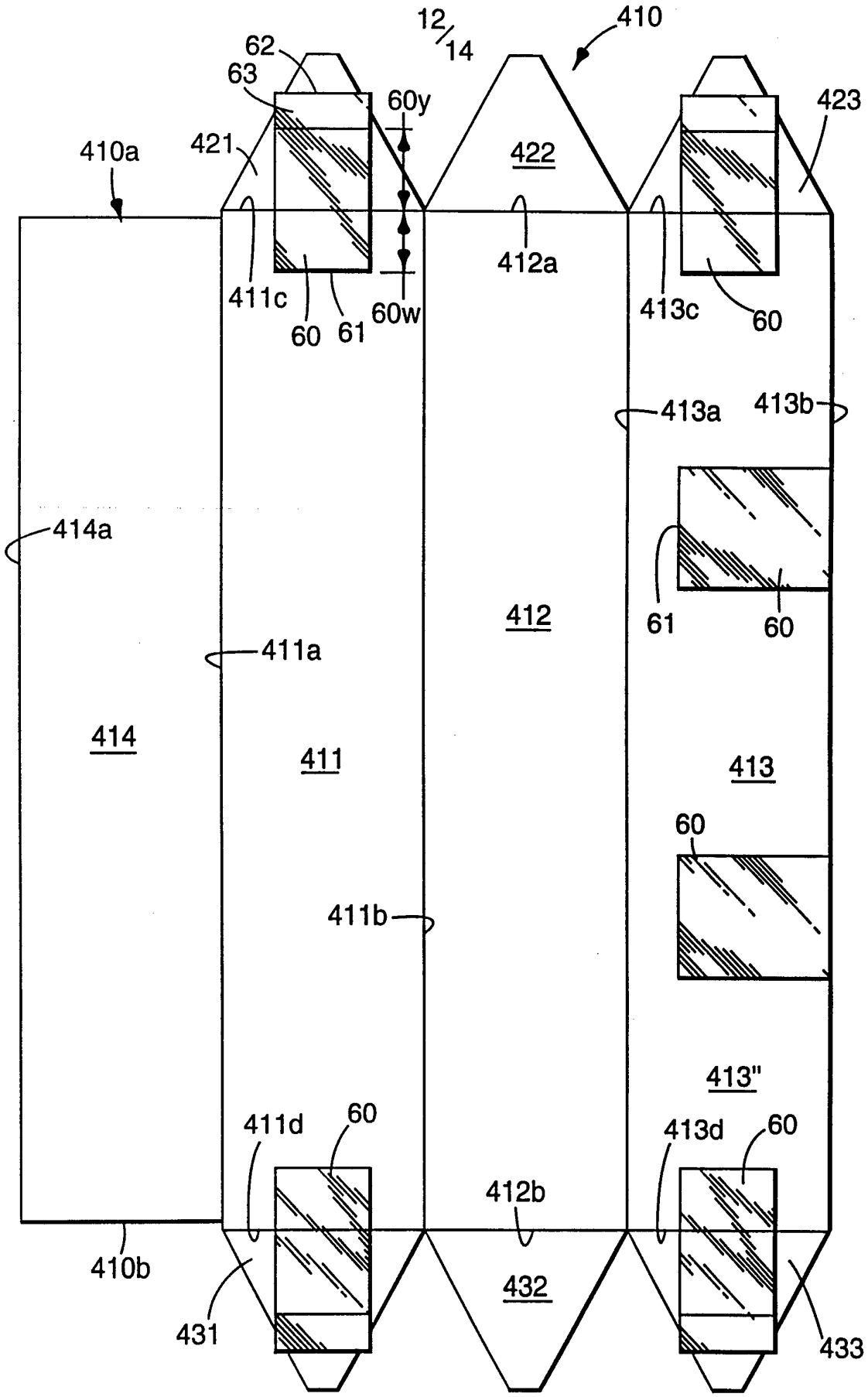
Fig. 18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412b
410b
432
431
433

Fig. 19

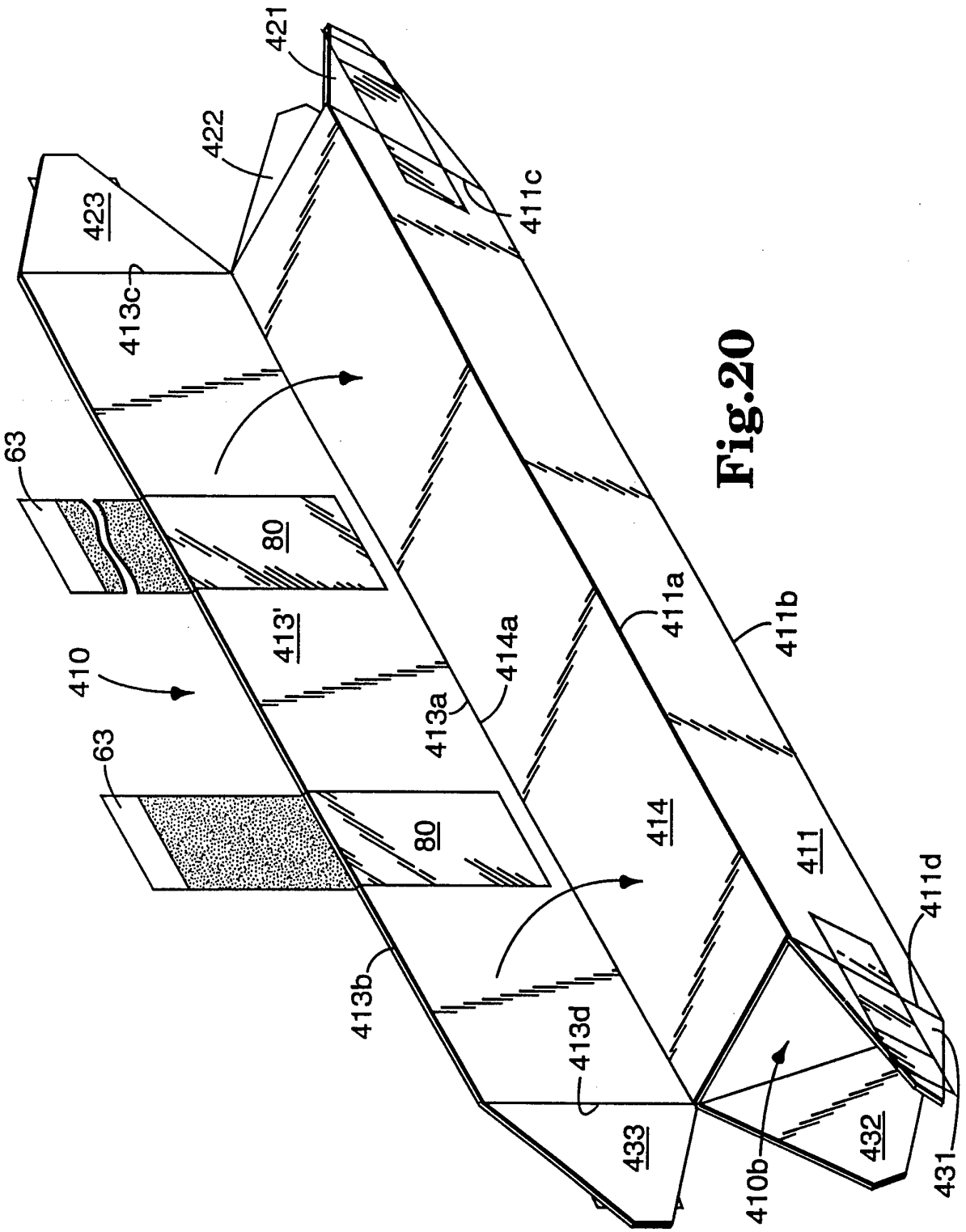
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Fig.20

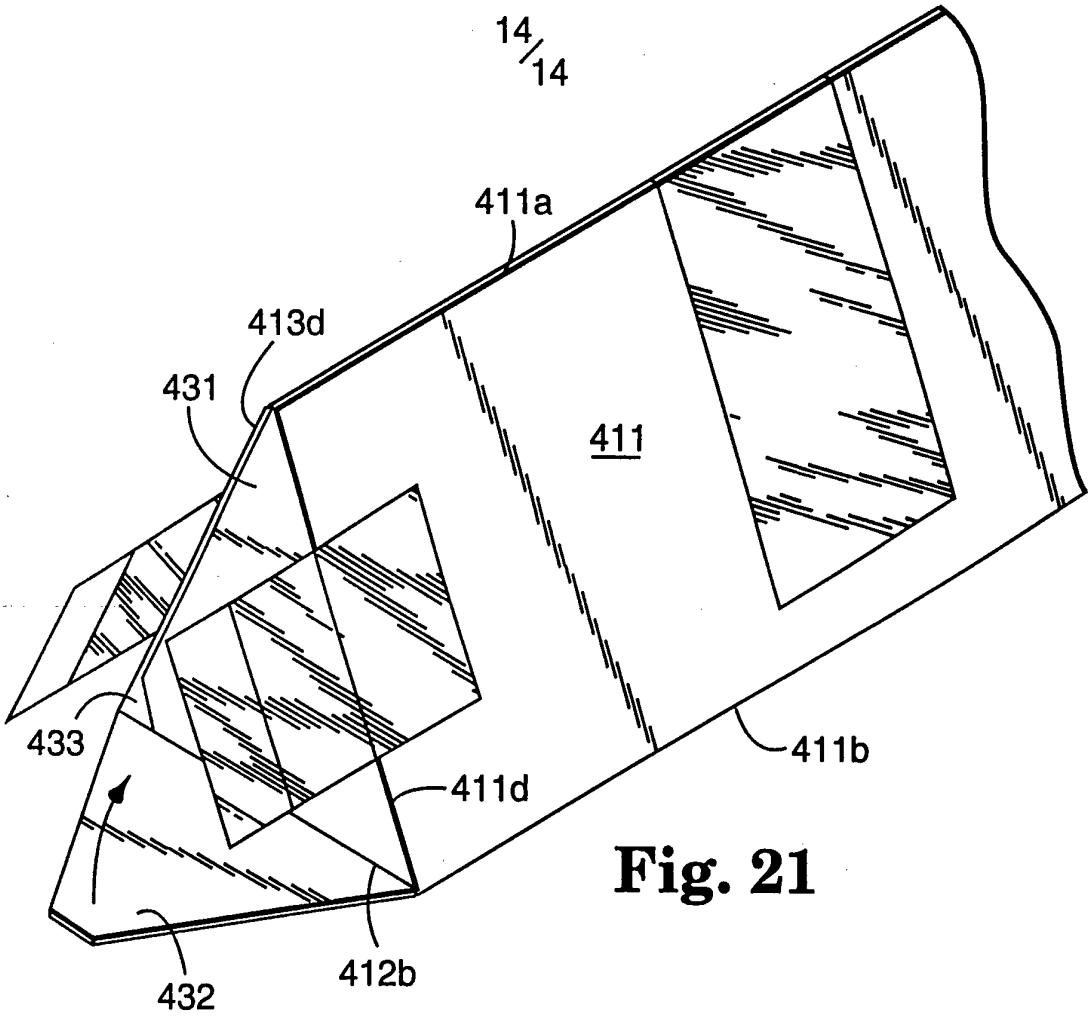

Fig. 21

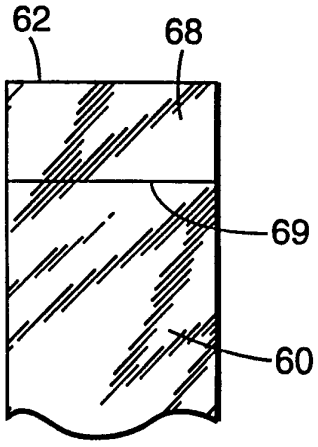

Fig. 22

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intern ıal Application No
PCT/US 94/11450

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 6 B65D5/42

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC 6 B65D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	FR,A,861 580 (THOMASSET) 12 February 1941 see the whole document	1-6,11, 12,21, 28,40
A,P	FR,A,2 701 453 (COLAS) 19 August 1994 see the whole document	1-6,11, 12,21,40

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

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Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
20 January 1995	15. 02. 95

Name and mailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer
European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Bridault, A

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

.ormation on patent family members

Intern ıal Application No
PCT/US 94/11450

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
FR-A-861580		NONE	
FR-A-2701453	19-08-94	NONE	