

Feb. 21, 1939.

M. GOLDMAN

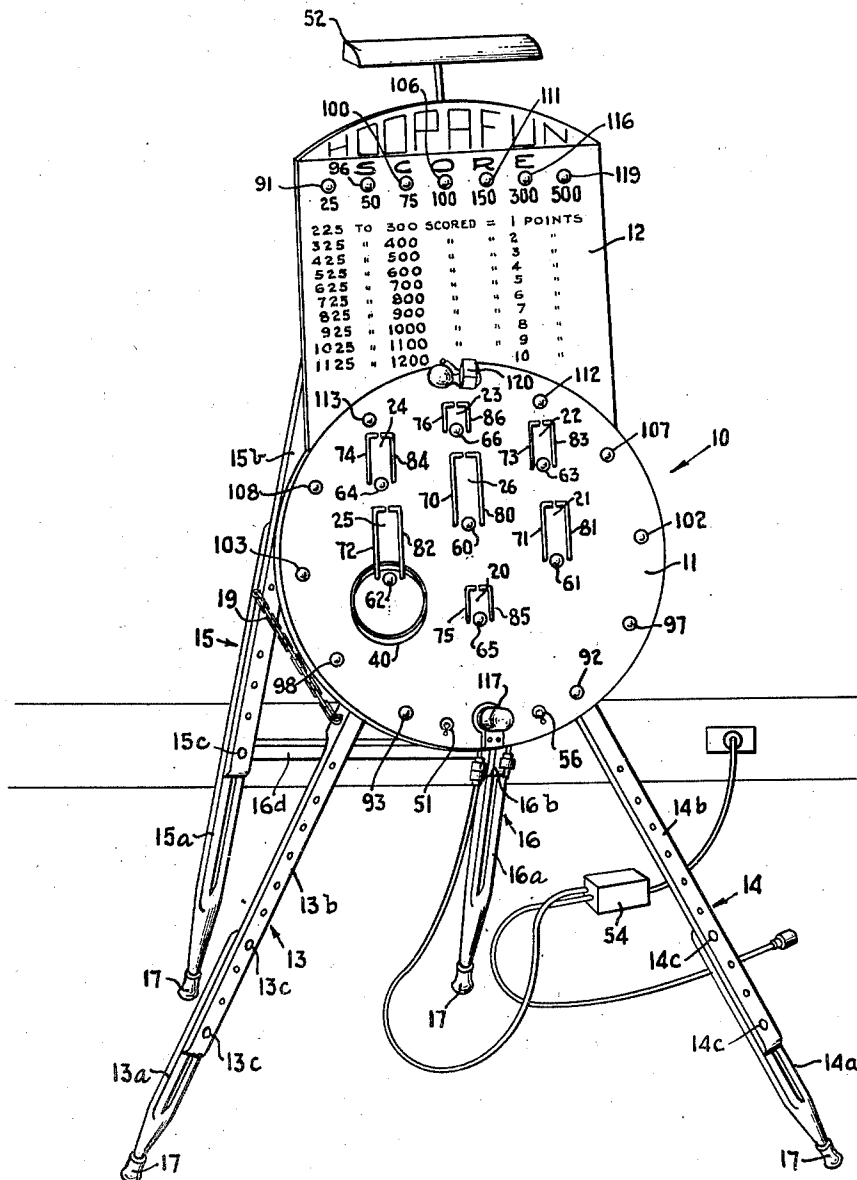
2,148,346

AMUSEMENT DEVICE

Filed April 26, 1938

3 Sheets-Sheet 1

FIG. 1



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FIG. 2

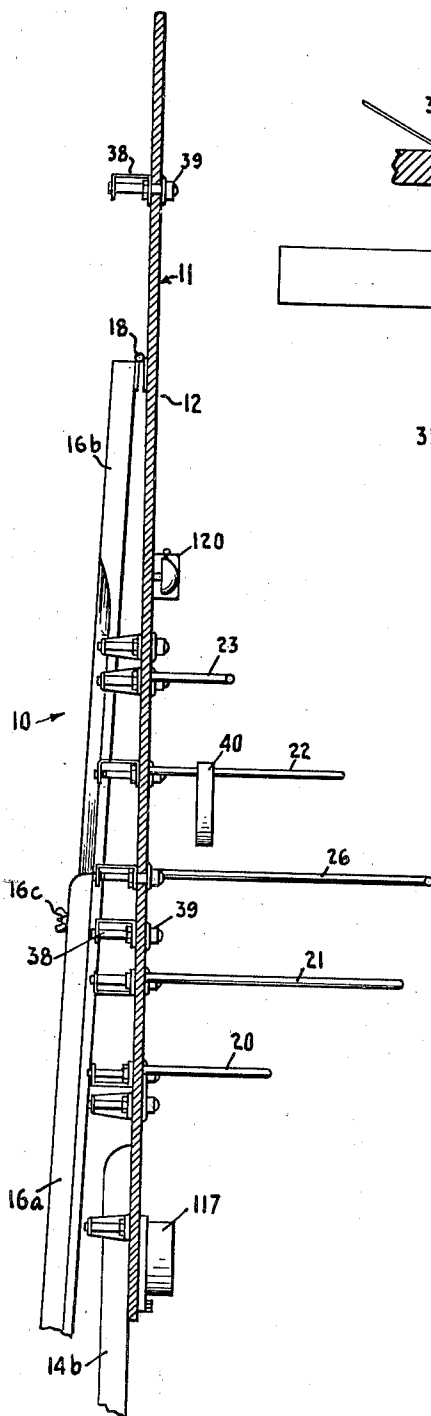


FIG. 3

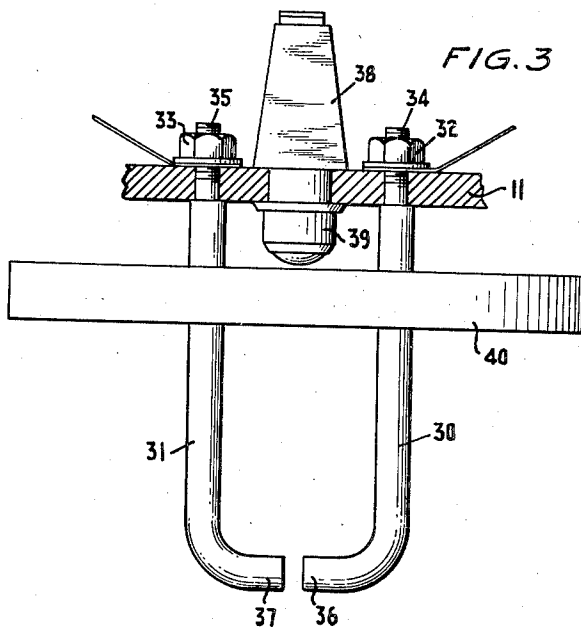
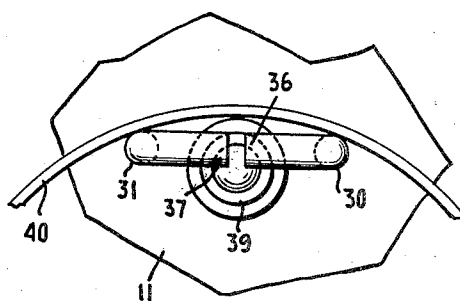


FIG. 4



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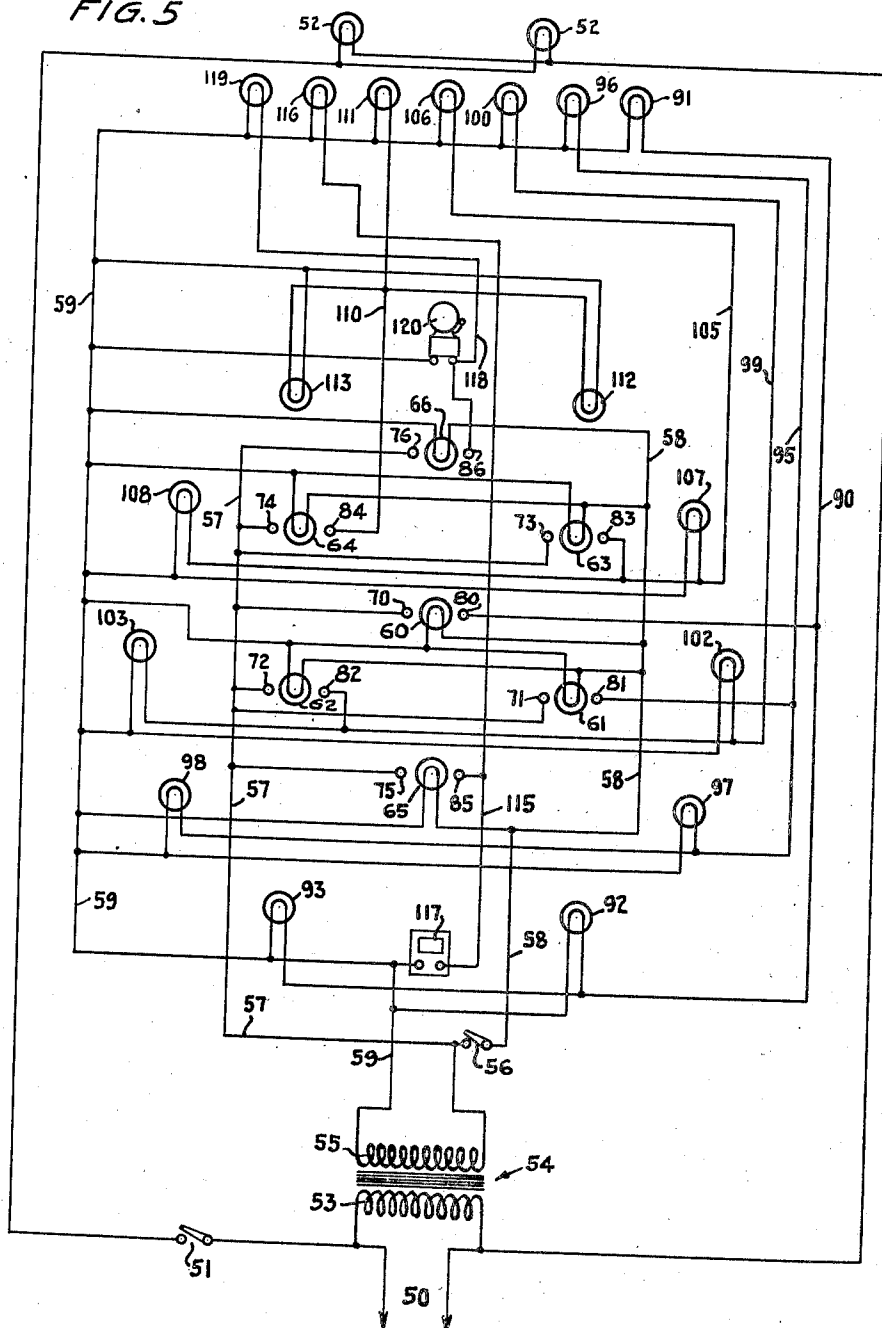
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AMUSEMENT DEVICE

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FIG. 5



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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AMUSEMENT DEVICE

Moses Goldman, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Application April 26, 1938, Serial No. 204,420

2 Claims. (Cl. 273-104)

This invention relates generally to amusement devices and more particularly to a novel game of skill of the type comprising a combination of hoops and a plurality of targets, especially a game of this type including a new and improved electrical score displaying mechanism functioning in conjunction therewith.

It is among the major objects of the present invention to provide a novel amusement device of the type hereinbefore generally referred to, comprising a game of skill including in combination a plurality of hoops and targets adapted to receive said hoops, and a new and improved score displaying mechanism whereby the location of hoops on any of several targets actuates said mechanism.

Another important object of the present invention resides in the provision of novel target means adapted to receive and cooperate with hoops tossed thereon whereby the score displaying mechanism is actuated.

Another object is the provision of a novel game board comprising a plurality of targets of the type hereinabove referred to, arranged in predetermined relationship and associated with said score displaying mechanism whereby hoops may be tossed on any of the several targets independently and without interference with other targets whereby said score displaying mechanism is actuated.

An additional and important object is the provision of a novel and improved game device as hereinbefore referred to, comprising targets formed of metallic members and adapted to cooperate with metallic hoops tossed thereon whereby electrical circuits are altered, actuating a visible score displaying mechanism.

It is another object of the present invention to provide an amusement device including means for receiving a plurality of hoops when tossed upon one of several relatively stationary target numbers, and means for visibly displaying the total number of target numbers so engaged with said hoops.

It is also an object of the present invention to provide an amusement device and novel game board comprising a plurality of relatively stationary standards, toward which a plurality of hoops are thrown and upon which said hoops can be positioned in any of several localities on said game board, combined with an electrical circuit wherein means are provided for visibly and/or audibly indicating the number and/or position of hoops engaging the said members.

It is a further and additional object of the

present invention to provide a novel type of switching means whereby an electrical circuit can be controlled through the tossing of electrically conductive hoops upon a standard or a member, thereby effecting the completion of one or several of a plurality of electrical circuits associated with said member.

One of the major advantages of this novel amusement device according to the instant invention is its comparative simplicity of construction both from the standpoint of material used and from the viewpoint of fabrication, whereby economies concomitant thereto result during the course of manufacture.

Another feature is that the novel structure according to the invention is of relatively rugged construction and, accordingly, is not easily damaged by rough handling or prolonged use.

A novel feature of the amusement device according to the present invention is that means are included therein for the playing of a game in relative darkness, in which case target lights are electrically illuminated by connection to an appropriate source of current and a cooperating score displaying mechanism are electrically illuminated through association with electrical circuits connected with the targets.

Other objects, features and advantages of the new and improved amusement device according to the present invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art during the course of the following description.

Regarded in certain of its broader aspects the present invention comprises a novel game and score board adapted for use in conjunction with metallic hoops and the like and including a plurality of spaced projecting target members adapted to receive the hoops, said target members comprising electrically associated metallic elements connected with circuits whereby visual score displaying means are actuated.

In order to facilitate a fuller and more complete understanding of the matter of the present invention a specific embodiment thereof, herein illustrated, will be hereinafter described, it being particularly understood however that the embodiment illustrated is given solely by way of example and is non-limitative.

Referring, then, to the drawings—

Fig. 1 is substantially a perspective view of the now preferred embodiment of the present invention, shown in playing position for use with one of the hoops positioned on one of the targets;

Fig. 2 is essentially a fragmentary vertical sectional view of the game and score board illus-

trated in Fig. 1, showing details of the construction thereof;

Fig. 3 is substantially a top plan view of one of the target elements showing a hoop positioned thereon in a portion of the game board, being shown in fragmentary sectional view;

Fig. 4 is essentially a detailed front view of a portion of the game board showing a hoop in position upon one of the target members; and

Fig. 5 is an essentially schematic electrical circuit diagram of the apparatus.

An amusement device according to the present invention comprises a game and score board used in conjunction with a plurality of hoops, the hoops being formed of relatively light metallic electrically conductive material. The game board generally designated by the numeral 10 comprises a centrally located portion 11, substantially circular in outline, having attached thereto, and preferably formed integral therewith, a score board 12. In the presently preferred embodiment of the instant invention the game board 11 is formed of material having appreciable resilience whereby hoops striking same during playing of the game, as will be hereinafter described, are at least repelled or thrown back therefrom. The game and score boards are preferably supported upon front legs, generally designated by the numerals 13 and 14, and rear legs 15 and 16. It is to be noted that the legs are adjustably extensible, the leg 13 comprising portions 13a and 13b fastened together by connector members 13c, and the leg 14 comprising elements 14a and 14b held together by fastening means 14c passing through openings formed in the leg elements. Similarly, the rear legs are adjustable, the leg 15 comprising elements 15a and 15b and the leg 16 comprising elements 16a and 16b held together by fastening means 15c passing through perforations formed in the leg elements. A spreader 16d, attached to the rear legs 15 and 16 serves to provide greater stability when the device is in use. It is preferred that rubber tips 17 be provided on the bottom end of each of the legs to prevent slipping and sliding when the device is positioned on a relatively smooth surface. It is also preferred that the upper portion of the rear legs 15 and 16 be attached to the rear part of the score board as, for example, by means of the hinge 18 connected to the element 16b, whereby the rear legs can be folded against the game and score board proper when the device is not in use. A chain 19, together with a similar chain (not shown) on the other side of the device, serves to connect the rear legs with the front legs, thereby limiting the movement of the former relative to the latter and to facilitating firmly holding the device in relatively stationary and proper tilted playing position. By adjustment of the length of the chains, it will be apparent that a greater or lesser cant can be imparted to the board as appears desirable. It will, of course, be understood that the front legs are substantially fixedly secured to the lower portion of the game board by fastening means not shown.

A plurality of target members 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 and 26 are mounted upon the game board 11, projecting outwardly therefrom and positioned substantially perpendicularly thereto, essentially as shown. In the presently preferred embodiment of the instant invention, the shortest distance between adjacent target members is greater than the external diameter of the hoops used in conjunction therewith, whereby, during use of the device, hoops can be retained on the game

board solely by engagement with the target members. It will, of course, be understood that inasmuch as the target members are positioned essentially perpendicularly relative to the surface of the game board, they are disposed obliquely relative to the surface whereon the device rests when the device is in a playing position, due to the fact that the supporting members serve to hold the game and score board 11 and 12 disposed at a slight angle away from the vertical, relative to the supporting surface. It is preferred that the several target members be of different lengths inasmuch as relatively long members are more readily engaged with hoops than are shorter members, whereby variations in score value, proportional to the difficulty of engaging a particular target member with hoops is possible.

Referring especially to Figs. 3 and 4, wherein a typical target member is illustrated, it will be noted that the member comprises a pair of co-operating L-shaped elements 30 and 31, mounted in openings formed in the board 11 by means including nuts 32 and 33 receivable on and engageable with threaded portions 34 and 35, respectively, of the elements 30 and 31. It will be noted that the free end portions 36 and 37 of the elements 30 and 31 are disposed in aligned adjacency but not adjoining, substantially as shown in Figs. 3 and 4. It will be noted that the distance between the end portions 36 and 37 of the elements 30 and 31 is smaller than the width of the electrical conductive hoop 40 thereby preventing the hoop from entering the space when tossed toward the target members. Thus, in order to complete the circuit the hoop is required to rest upon each of the elements. Electrical illuminating means, generally designated by the numeral 38, is provided and positioned between the elements of the target member. It will be noted that location of the illuminating means 38 between the target elements as mentioned serves to protect the former when hoops are tossed on the latter or strike adjacent parts of the score board. It is preferred that the illuminating means 38 include an ornamental bezel 39 having a transparent window formed therein of appropriate color.

Each of the target members 20 to 26, inclusive, is structurally substantially the same as the heretofore described target member comprising elements 30 and 31, although the several target members preferably differ in length as hereinabove mentioned. It will be noted that inasmuch as the board 11 is formed of electrically insulative material, the elements 30 and 31 are normally not electrically connected. When, however, a hoop 40 rests upon said target member it completes an electrical circuit between the elements 30 and 31. The preferred electrical circuit operably associating the target members and the visible and audible score indicating means will be hereinafter described.

Referring especially to Fig. 5, a power source 50 connected through the switch 51 to the lamp 52 provides illumination of the game board and score displaying board. The lines from the power source are connected to the primary 53 of the transformer 54, and the secondary 55 of said transformer is connected on one side directly to the feed line 57 and through the switch 56 to the feed line 58 and on the other side to the feed line 59. A plurality of target lamps 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65 and 66 are connected across the feed lines 58 and 59 and, accordingly, are lighted when current is flowing and switch 56 is closed. As hereinbe-

fore described, each of the target members comprises a pair of metallic elements electrically connectible by a metallic hoop resting thereon. One element of each target member is connected to one of the feed lines, that is, to say, elements 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75 and 76 are connected to the feed line 57. The other element of each target member is connected through the visible and audible indicating mechanism as will be hereinafter described.

It will be noted that Figure 5, with respect to score values only, is a back view of Figure 1 and, therefore, said score values should be read on Figure 5 from right to left so that they will correspond to the graduations of score values in Figure 1 from left to right.

Referring now to the central target member 26, it will be noted that one of the elements thereof 70 is connected to the line 57 and the other element 80 is connected through the line 90 to one terminal of the lamp 91, the other terminal of said lamp being connected to the feed line 59. The line 90 is also connected to one terminal each of the lamps 92 and 93 located near the peripheral portion of the game board 10, the other terminal each of said lamps being connected to the feed line 59. Accordingly, when a hoop rests upon the target elements 70 and 80, the lamps 91, 92 and 93 are connected to the feed lines 57 and 59.

Referring now to the target member 21, one element 71 of which is connected to the line 57 as heretofore described, it will be noted that the other element 81 is connected through the line 95 to one terminal of lamp 96, the other terminal of said lamp being connected to the feed line 59. The line 95 is also connected to one terminal each of the lamps 97 and 98, the other terminal of each of said lamps being connected to the feed line 59. Accordingly, when a hoop rests upon the elements 71 and 81 the lamps 96, 97 and 98 are connected to the feed lines 57 and 59.

Referring now to the target member 25, it will be noted that one element 72 thereof is connected to the feed line 57 and the other element 82 is connected to the line 99, said line 99 being connected to one terminal of the lamp 100, the other terminal of said lamp being connected to the feed line 59. The line 99 is also connected to one terminal each of the lamps 102 and 103, the other terminal of each of said lamps being connected to the feed line 59. Accordingly, when a hoop rests upon the target elements 72 and 82, the lamps 100, 102 and 103 are directly connected to the feed lines 57 and 59.

Referring now to the target member 22, it will be noted that one element thereof 73 is connected to the line 57 and the other element thereof 83 is connected to the line 105, said line 105 being connected to one terminal of the lamp 106, the other terminal of said lamp being connected to the line 59. The line 105 is also connected to one terminal each of the lamps 107 and 108, the other terminal of each of said lamps being connected to the line 59. Accordingly, when a hoop rests upon the target member 22, connecting the elements 73 and 83 thereof, the lamps 106, 107 and 108 are connected to the feed lines 57 and 59.

Referring now to the target member 24, it will be noted that one element thereof 74 is connected to the feed line 57 and the other element thereof 84 is connected to the line 110, said line being connected to one terminal of the lamp 111 and the other terminal of said lamp being connected to the feed line 59. The line 110 is also connected

to one terminal each of the lamps 112 and 113, the other terminal of each of said lamps being connected to the feed line 59. Accordingly, when a hoop rests upon said target member 24, connecting the elements 74 and 84 thereof, the lamps 111, 112 and 113 are connected to the feed lines 57 and 59.

Referring now to the target element 20, it will be noted that one element thereof 75 is connected to the feed line 57 and the other element thereof 85 is connected to the line 115, said line being connected to one terminal of the lamp 116, the other terminal of said lamp being connected to the feed line 59. The line 115 is also connected to one terminal of a buzzer 117, the other terminal of said buzzer being connected to the feed line 59. Accordingly, when a hoop rests on said target member 20, connecting the elements 75 and 85 thereof, the lamp 116 and the buzzer 117 are connected to the feed lines 57 and 59. It will be noted that this target member and also the target member 23, to be hereinafter described, provide means for audibly indicating score whenever a hoop rests thereon, in addition to the visible score displaying means, namely, in this instance, lamp 116.

Referring now to the target member 23, it will be noted that one element thereof 76 is connected to the feed line 57 and the other element thereof 86 is connected to the line 118, said line 118 being connected to one terminal of the lamp 119 and the other terminal of said lamp being connected to the feed line 59. Said line 118 is also connected to one terminal of the bell 120, the other terminal of said bell being connected to the feed line 59. Accordingly, when a hoop rests upon the target member 23, connecting the elements 76 and 86 thereof, the visual score indicating means, viz., the lamp 119 and the audible score indicating means, namely, the bell 120 are connected to the feed lines 57 and 59.

During the playing of the game the player positions himself at a reasonable distance in front of the device and endeavors by tossing or throwing hoops to position same upon all of the target members. It will be seen that under certain conditions the game can be played in substantially total darkness, inasmuch as each of the targets is provided with target illuminating means, hereinbefore referred to, controlled by the switch 56. As the hoops rest upon the various target members, they actuate the audible and visual score-indicating means, as hereinbefore described, whereby various lamps positioned upon the peripheral portion of the essentially circular game board, and also the lamps of the score board are electrically associated with the power source. It will be seen that not only can scoring be accomplished during the playing of the game in substantially total darkness, but also the scoring will be visibly displayed upon both game and score boards by the various lamps thereon positioned, as hereinabove described.

It will also be apparent to those familiar with this art that certain modification can be made in the device according to the present invention, from the embodiment herein illustrated and described without departure from the spirit of the invention, as, for instance, the hereinabove described score mechanism can be modified by including and electrically associating therewith a sign whereon printed matter appears, adapted to be illuminated or otherwise exposed or emphasized in sections, as, for instance, by positioning an electric light behind each letter, when

the sign is made up of a plurality of transparent or at least translucent letters or numerals whereby as hoops fall on the respective target members, parts of said printed matter are illuminated.

- 5 It is preferred that all of the printed matter be illuminated by positioning one hoop on each of the several target members. This embodiment of the present invention is of a special value for amusement purposes, inasmuch as successive
10 throwing of hoops often causes hoops positioned on certain of the target members to be knocked or removed therefrom, whereby the difficulty of positioning one hoop on each of the members is augmented. This effect can be made more pronounced by arranging the scoring system where-
15 by the target members of shortest length are highest in score value and, accordingly, most desirable to a player endeavoring to make a high score. It will be noted that under these condi-
20 tions an initially high score obtained by throwing the first or at least one of the first hoops in a game, can be materially altered during the subsequent playing of the game when the total score is the summation of the individual
25 scores made by positioning hoops on certain of the target members, whereby the final score of the player is broadly uncertain until the last hoop has been thrown. In other words, the score is highly flexible until all hoops are thrown. The
30 first hoop may fall on a target member of the highest score, for example, 500, and on the next score may be knocked therefrom, whereby a total score is thereby diminished by 500. There-
35 fore, until the game is completed, the player's score is variable, from high to low, and vice versa.

It will be understood, of course, that various score values can be applied to the lamps illuminated as aforesaid by positioning hoops on the
40 respective target members and after a plurality of hoops have been thrown and engaged with the members the total score will comprise the sum of score points equivalent to each of the lamps illuminated in the upper portion of the
45 score board.

It will, of course, be understood that instead of scores, penalties, forfeits and the like, can be imposed or awarded to the players making scores of predetermined value or to players positioning
50 hoops on preselected target members.

It is preferred that the indicating lights on the peripheral portion of the target board and on the score board be of different colors whereby, if desired, individual players can attempt to
55 light the lights of a particular predetermined or preselected color, or to actuate the audible score indicating apparatus, thereby providing a still further modification of the game as hereinabove described.

60 It is also to be noted that the amusement device according to the present invention, is substantially and exclusively a game of skill wherein proficiency is acquired through practice as con-

trasted to games of chance, wherein proficiency is not necessarily predicated upon practice but is largely the result of casual and fortuitous occurrences.

It is to be understood that this improvement is capable of extended application and is not confined to the exact showing of the drawings nor to the precise construction described, and, therefore, such changes and modifications may be made therein as do not affect the spirit of the invention nor exceed the scope thereof as expressed in the appended claims.

What is claimed is:—

1. An amusement device of the type described comprising a plurality of light hoops formed of electrically conductive material, a supported game board, electrically actuated visual and audible score indicating means mounted on said board, a plurality of substantially fixedly positioned projecting target members mounted on
15 said board in spaced arrangement, each of said target members comprising a pair of cooperating L-shaped elements formed of electrically conductive material arranged with end portions adjacent without adjoining each other whereby a U-
20 shaped configuration is presented, the distance between the ends of said L-shaped elements being less than the width of the electrically conductive hoop, and an electrical circuit associating said target members and said visual and audible
25 score displaying means whereby a hoop tossed on one of said targets will rest on the outer portions thereof and complete electrical circuits causing said score displaying means to be actuated.

2. An amusement device of the type described comprising a plurality of light hoops formed of electrically conductive material, a supported materially upright, though slightly inclined game board, essentially circular in outline and formed of electrically insulative material resilient substance, electrically actuated visual and audible
35 score indicating means mounted on said board, a plurality of substantially fixedly positioned projecting members mounted on said board in spaced arrangement extending therefrom in substantially perpendicular relationship, said target
40 members being of different length, each of said target members comprising a pair of cooperating L-shaped elements formed of electrically conductive material arranged with end portions adjacent without adjoining each other whereby a U-
45 shaped configuration is presented, the distance between the ends of said L-shaped elements being less than the width of the electrically conductive hoop, and an electrical circuit associating said target members and said visual and
50 audible score displaying means whereby a hoop tossed onto one of said targets will rest on the outer portions thereof and complete electrical circuits, causing said score displaying means to
55 be actuated.

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