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(54) INTELLIGENT SENSOR PLATFORMS
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## ABSTRACT

The invention in suitable embodiments is directed to selfadapting, scalable, and communicating sensor platforms that are further capable of autonomous and/or cognitive action. In one aspect, the invention relates to a multifunction sensor platform, such as a biomedical sensor platform, bio-molecular sensor platform, electronics sensor platform, communications sensor platform, information processing sensor platform, and the like. In another invention embodiment, one or more sensors improve the efficacy of a healthcare element and/or its usage in treating and/or preventing a disease, condition, or disorder.



Figure 1




Figure 4


Figure 5


Increasing Magnetic Field

Figure 6

## INTELLIGENT SENSOR PLATFORMS

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] This is a division of pending USPTO Utility application Ser. No. 12/399,906, with the title, "DYNAMIC BIONANOPARTICLE ELEMENTS", originally filed on Mar. 6, 2009 , and claims priority to that date. The invention relates generally to the field of intelligent, self-adapting, cognitive, autonomous, and scalable sensor platforms. In another invention embodiment, the invention relates to a multifunction sensor platform, such as a biomedical sensor platform, biomolecular sensor platform, electronics sensor platform, communications sensor platform, information processing sensor platform, and the like.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Structures at the nanoscale are sometimes referred to as nanoparticles. Some nanoparticles comprise cage elements that form cavities and or comprise vesicle elements; examples of which in the prior art teach elements such as nano-carbon endohedral cages (Fullerenes); capsids, the protein shell of a virus; liposomes; lipids; heat shock proteins; ferritins; vault ribonucleoprotein particles; Clathrin protein cages; and Coatomer I/II protein cages, among other various cage- or vesicle-forming elements. Additionally, prior art teaches that protein cage elements can coat vesicle elements; for example, Clathrin and Coatomer coated vesicles (CCV's). Additionally, prior art teaches that one or more types of cargo elements can be located internally with respect to a cage and vesicle element.
[0003] A cavity forming protein cage and a cage coated vesicle implementation is taught in issued U.S. Pat. No. 7,393,924 (Jul. 1, 2008, Vitaliano et al.) The cage and cage coated vesicle elements are formed in vitro from a plurality of isolated Clathrin/Coatomer protein subunits. As taught in U.S. Pat. No. 7,393,924, the enhanced functionalization capabilities of the isolated Clathrin and Coatomer I/II protein molecules enable a number of properties and features that make them superior to other cage and cage coated vesicle elements in the prior art.
[0004] But the instant invention teaches nanoscale element fabrication, assembly, operation, behavior and properties that are unique from prior protein art that encompasses various types of cavity-forming cage structures formed in vitro from a plurality of self-assembling subunits. For example, a fully formed Clathrin cage element as taught in U.S. Pat. No. 7,393,924, and generally speaking taught in other Clathrin art, is comprised of a plurality of 3-legged triskelia, each triskelion having 6 protein subunits; 3 Clathrin heavy chain and 3 Clathrin light chain subunits.
[0005] In marked contrast, the instant invention teaches that complete cages comprised of a plurality of 3-legged triskelia are not required to comprise one or more types of efficacious elements. Instead, in its most essential embodiment the instant invention teaches one or more nanoscale elements of one or more types formed from isolated, synthetic and or recombinant amino acid residues comprising in whole or in part one or more types of Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II proteins of one or more isoforms, including cloned isoforms. These isoforms with their differing amino acid sequences comprise (in this example, humans) the various types of Clathrin heavy chains, the various types of Clathrin light chains, encompass the distinct heavy chain and light chain
segments and domains, and in the case of Coatomer, comprise and encompass its domains and subunits, with different combinations of the latter known to exist within Coatomer complexes. Examples of amino acid sequences comprising Clathrin and Coatomer proteins, and their respective isoforms are listed in SEQ ID NO:1 to SEQ ID NO:30. Accordingly, one or more instant invention embodiments may also comprise minimalist, non-cage elements of one or more types. The minimalist element structure afforded by the instant invention affords a much broader and richer variety of element configurations and embodiments than those taught in prior Clathrin or other protein cage art.
[0006] For example, freed of the constraints of only forming cavity-forming protein cages in vitro, one or more noncage invention elements may also form one or more other types of nanoscale elements and structures, enabling new classes and types of applications. Example non-cage embodiments include, but are not limited to, functionalized nanotubule structures; protein-based nano-dendrimers suitable for biomedical and bio-molecular applications; and self-assembling, stable, bioactive, protein-based, hydrogel nanoparticles (nanogels). In other embodiments, one or more nanoscale elements and structures may be additionally formed and comprised of one or more non-invention elements of one or more types. Such structural plasticity and flexible element functionality are not taught in prior protein cage art.
[0007] Prior art often teaches one or more types of protein cages that carry one or more types of additional elements, e.g., cargo, to enable overall functionality and produce efficacious results. However, unlike prior art, the instant invention teaches, in one embodiment, one or more non-cage or cage elements may carry no additional elements like cargo, yet still can comprise inherently efficacious elements of one or more types, like drug elements, but not limited to. In one embodiment, one or more invention elements operating alone and without any additional elements such as cargo and the like comprise unique new types of inherently efficacious agents and elements that are distinctly different in behavior and functionality from prior art, and their unique features correspondingly enable new types of applications.
[0008] In another embodiment, one or more elements and or their additional elements in whole or in part may require only minimal functionalization to be efficacious; e.g., they may not require PEGylation or other types of functionalization to operate effectively.
[0009] In another embodiment, one or more elements carry one or more types of cargo and the cargo acts as the efficacious element. In another embodiment, one or more elements together with cargo elements act in efficacious concert.
[0010] In another embodiment, one or more elements are penetrating elements that enter one or more cells and gain access to the cytosol and intracellular elements of one or more types, including one or more cell organelles. Such elements may, in one embodiment, require minimal functionalization. In another embodiment, one or more elements may comprise one or more membrane fusion elements. These various features are not taught in prior protein cage art. In one embodiment, using cell crossing techniques yield efficacious cancer treatments, gene therapy, and the like.
[0011] Further, in cage, cavity, and vesicle prior art, one or more types of additional elements, e.g., cargo, are often inserted into a complex, fully formed structure, a sometimes difficult and laborious process. But the invention, in one or more embodiments, teaches that using utilizing non-cage ele-
ments of one or more types makes the addition of one or more elements less difficult as there is no insertion process into a cage, cavity, or vesicle to contend with. In another embodiment, additional element functionalization is simplified by decorating just the external surface of a cage, a feature not taught in prior Clathrin art.
[0012] In another embodiment, one or more assay, diagnostic, therapeutic, and prosthetic applications and the like can be performed ensemble using the same bioengineered element.
[0013] These various functionalization capabilities enable a highly flexible nano-platform that features improved stability, rigidity, functionality and loading capacity relative to other nanoparticles, and being comprised of ubiquitous proteins, features low antigenicity in one or more embodiments. In one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements may be harmlessly dissolved, passed, and or excreted from the body.
[0014] In one embodiment, the current application teaches one or more elements comprising one or more types of hybrid elements and arrangements, which can produce efficacious results. In one embodiment, one or more invention elements are conjugated to natural biological/molecular elements, like cells, but not limited to, forming one or more types of hybrid elements in vitro and or in vivo. Such hybrid elements may operate alone or with additional elements, e.g., with cargo. In another embodiment, such hybrid elements may fuse in vitro and or in vivo with non-invention elements, such as those comprising natural elements in cells, but not limited to. This type of hybrid/fusion capability and flexibility is not taught in the prior art.
[0015] In another embodiment, the current application teaches one or more elements, functioning alone or with one or more additional elements, which comprise efficacious replacements for one or more elements of one or more types, including non-invention elements. In one embodiment, one or more elements may replace one or more types of naturally occurring cell elements, to efficacious effect. This replacement capability is not taught in the prior art.
[0016] In one embodiment, the instant invention teaches one or more elements, functioning alone or with one or more additional elements, which comprise one or more cellular repair elements, of one or more types; a capability not taught in the prior art. In another embodiment the elements are cellular regeneration elements.
[0017] Prior art also does not teach that cage, vesicle elements, or their various subunit elements efficaciously operate in the extra-cellular spaces, e.g., in the synaptic spaces between neurons. But the instant invention teaches one or more types of elements capable of such extracellular operation, including for the in situ remediation, removal and or sequestration of undesirable organic and or non-organic elements.
[0018] The invention further teaches a biological model that is consistent, not from the complete cage element level up, but from the minimalist, non-cage element level up, in vitro and in vivo, making drug discovery safer, more efficacious, more time and cost effective, and overall, a much more rapid process than prior art.
[0019] In another embodiment, one or more elements may comprise one or more types of minimalist, non-cage elements than that taught in prior art for doing clinical trials of one or more types of agents, including their targeted agent delivery, including high precision dosing.
[0020] In one embodiment, the instant invention teaches one or more elements that in whole or in part execute one or
more types of actions for creating, spawning, comprising, modifying, repairing, regenerating, reassembling, and or control and regulation of one or more cells, cellular elements, cell organelles, including like actions and behaviors involving cellular processes such as endocytosis, exocytosis, mitosis, trafficking and signaling, communication between cells, receptor upregulation and downregulation, other behaviors, and the like. Failures and defects in any of these cellular elements and processes can lead to diseases, for example, cancer. This type of efficacious behavior is not taught in prior art, including in protein cage art.
[0021] In one invention embodiment, one or more elements, with or without additional elements, and in some embodiments with minimal functionalization, enter the central nervous system, including passing the blood brain barrier (BBB) for efficacious effect. Although different protein cage types, e.g., viruses, have been investigated as MRI nanoprobes, some types of these cages in prior art did not cross the BBB, and other types in prior art were shown to be immunogenic after crossing the BBB .
[0022] In one embodiment, the invention enables post administration delivery of one or more types of agents into the CNS in 30 minutes or less. In other embodiments, delivery of agents occurs in 30 minutes or more. In another embodiment, agents operate in the inter-neuronal spaces. Prior art does not teach such flexible CNS delivery arrangements.
[0023] The instant invention teaches self-directing, selfreplicating, self-adapting, self-repairing, self-regulating, and or self-regenerating methods for one or more minimalist, non-cage elements, which can also perform on-the-fly target prioritization. Prior protein cage art does not teach such selfmodifying methods at a minimalist, non-cage element level.
[0024] Prior art does not teach enabling and or utilizing quantum mechanical effects using just one or more minimalist, non-cage elements. But in one embodiment, the instant invention teaches enabling and utilizing such quantum mechanical effects.
[0025] The instant invention also teaches a plurality of elements of one or more types that can, in one illustrative embodiment, function as biomedical platform and the like, and in another example embodiment, function as a biomolecular component platform and the like, or as an information processing platform that can carry out algorithmically defined actions, and other types of platforms.
[0026] Thus, there exists a need for an improved bio-nanostructure element that overcomes the limitations in the prior art for various types of in vivo and in vitro applications.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0027] The invention, in one aspect, remedies the deficiencies of the prior art by teaching modifiable, interactive, dynamic bio-nanoparticle elements, some of which may comprise minimalist, non-cage embodiments, with or without one or more additional elements of one or more types located on and or in one or more elements; whose applications, in one or more embodiments, focus on forming in whole or in part one or more nanoscale elements and structures of one or more types that execute one or more functions and or effect one or more ends in vivo and or in vitro.
[0028] In one illustrative embodiment, the invention is an improvement over other in vivo biodegradable polymer nanospheres, liposomes, lipids, capsids agent delivery systems, as
well as endohedral Fullerenes and other bio-nanoparticles in the prior art because the invention enables, among other unique features:
[0029] Simplified nanoscale fabrication
[0030] Simplified cargo and other element type attachment.
[0031] Cell and organelle crossing, and or membrane fusion.
[0032] Low antigenic, "green" nanotechnology.
[0033] Interaction, control, and regulation of cellular processes, like endocytosis, exocytosis, mitosis, trafficking and signaling, communication between cells, receptor upregulation and downregulation, other cellular behaviors, and the like.
[0034] Entering the CNS, including passing the blood brain barrier, and in some cases, in less than 30 minutes post administration.
[0035] One or more elements that carry no additional elements, like cargo, and operating alone produce an efficacious effect, acting like a drug, for example.
[0036] Hybrid invention elements comprised of one or more types of non-invention elements, e.g., natural cell elements.
[0037] Self-modifying, orchestrated actions at a minimalist, non-cage level using natural control laws that govern biological elements.
[0038] Methods and behaviors defined by algorithms.
[0039] In one particular embodiment, one or more of selfassembling Clathrin and or Coatomer elements are functionalized, modified and or bioengineered using commercially available biotechnology tools and other tools and techniques known in the art, which makes the invention more versatile and cost-effective than the existing art.
[0040] In another embodiment, one or more elements are also comprised of one or more non-invention elements, e.g., one or more invention elements are conjugated to natural biological/molecular elements, like cells, but not limited to, forming one or more types of hybrid elements in vitro and or in vivo.
[0041] In one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements can be of any suitable size. According to an illustrative embodiment, one or more elements are nanoscale elements.
[0042] The invention, in one embodiment, teaches one or more elements that dynamically and interactively respond to changing in vivo and or in vitro environments; e.g., change of pH , temperature, biochemical, or biological conditions, and the like.
[0043] In one embodiment, one or more elements, in one or more configurations, utilize self-directing, self-adapting, self-assembling, self-repairing, self-regenerating, self-regulating, and or self-replicating methods.
[0044] In one embodiment, one or more elements, in one or more configurations, utilize goal directed methods.
[0045] In one embodiment, one or more elements utilize, respond to, and or exhibit one or more effects, such as quantum mechanical, mechanical, photonic, acoustic, electrical, biochemical and chemical, and the like.
[0046] The invention, in one embodiment, provides one or more elements that maintain structural and or functional integrity long enough to do useful work, in vivo and or in vitro.
[0047] According to one feature, one or more elements re-supply, repair, reassemble and or regenerate defective,
destroyed and or inoperable elements of one or more types, including non-invention elements, in vivo and or in vitro.
[0048] In another embodiment, one or more types of elements, unlike other nanoparticles in the art; such as nanocarbon, virus capsids, as well as nano-coating elements like polysorbate; may exhibit no or limited immunogenic, toxic, and or environmental impact effects, and depending on cargo and other element type also may require little or no functionalization,
[0049] In another embodiment, elements maintain structural integrity at room temperature in vitro and vivo, which eliminates the need for elaborate structure stabilizing mechanisms, like cooling systems.
[0050] Another advantage of the invention is that its protein material does not exhibit extreme hydrophobicity.
[0051] According to another feature, one or more elements are protected from the external environment, and the invention is stable with respect to dissociation and any element toxicity is sequestered from the surrounding in vivo and or in vitro environment.
[0052] In some embodiments, bonding and or attachment methods of one or more types, e.g., covalent, non-covalent, and any other bond type that can be explained by quantum theory, are used to directly attach one or more elements, internally or externally to one or more other elements in an ordered arrangement.
[0053] In one embodiment, one or more elements each may bond with one or more other elements, of one or more types, including invention and non-invention elements.
[0054] In one embodiment, one or more elements may additionally have located on and or in them one or more cargo elements of one or more types, formed from one or more types of molecules.
[0055] In another embodiment, the invention features precise, highly ordered placement of additional elements, like cargo elements, with minimal inter-element spacings on one or more elements and structures.
[0056] In one embodiment, one or more cargo elements comprise natural, isolated, synthetic and or recombinant elements.
[0057] In one embodiment, one or more cargo carrying elements include in whole or in part one or more non-invention elements of one or more types
[0058] In one embodiment, one or more cargo elements and or cargo carrying elements comprise hybrid elements of one or more types.
[0059] In one embodiment, one or more elements of one or more types do not carry cargo elements.
[0060] In one embodiment, nanoscale ensembles comprising one or more types of elements allow for a large variety and number of possible cargo element configurations.
[0061] In one embodiment, one or more elements may additionally have located on and or in them one or more elements such as ligand elements, receptor elements, adaptor protein elements, and the like, formed from one or more types of molecules, which may also comprise one or more hybrid elements formed from one or more non-invention elements.
[0062] In another embodiment, one or more elements may be comprised of one or more elements derived in part from one or more types of elements, for example, but not limited to, an amino acid sequence derived from a Clathrin or Coatomer protein.
[0063] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements, in one or more configurations, are coated in whole
or in part with chemicals, metals, biomaterials, and or other substances, of one or more types.
[0064] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements, in one or more configurations, comprise one or more organic, inorganic, and or synthetic material elements, of one or more types, in one or more forms and or phases, in whole or in part
[0065] In one embodiment, one or more elements are radiation shielded, radio frequency (RF) shielded, thermally shielded, chemically shielded, and the like, in whole or in part, and in one or more configurations.
[0066] In various embodiments, one or more elements may be of more than one functionalization type, and or express more than one type of functionality.
[0067] In one embodiment, one or more elements in whole or in part may require minimal or no functionalization to be efficacious elements, like a drug and the like, but not limited to.
[0068] In another embodiment, one or more elements in whole or in part comprise one or more structures, of one or more types
[0069] In another embodiment, one or more elements in whole or in part comprise a shape programmable and or shaped scaffolding system via which one or more elements of one or more types form one or more structures with one or more types of shapes and or functions.
[0070] In one embodiment, one or more elements act as one or more types of efficacious replacements for one or more other elements, including non-invention elements, in vitro and or in vivo, e.g., act as replacements for one or more natural elements commonly found in cells, but not limited to. This type of replacement functionality is not taught in prior art, including protein cage art.
[0071] According to one approach, various self-assembling and self-directed methods are employed. Elements and or their platforms can be formed from the bottom-up, one element at a time. Another advantage of bottom-up fabrication is that it reduces the amount of superfluous material that surrounds each cargo element, reducing the element's exposure to contaminant background radiation and thereby improving the functional effectiveness of the element.
[0072] In one embodiment, the instant application teaches one or more nanoscale elements of one or more types formed from isolated, synthetic and or recombinant amino acid residues comprising in whole or in part one or more types of Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II proteins of one or more isoforms, including cloned isoforms. The efficacious elements may comprise minimalist, non-cage forming elements in one or more embodiments. In other embodiments, one or more Clathrin or Coatomer cage elements comprise efficacious elements.
[0073] In one embodiment, one or more elements may additionally comprise a hybrid molecular element formed from one or more other types of molecules.
[0074] The instant invention teaches that in one or more non-cage element embodiments it features unique types of dynamic properties and capabilities not found in fully selfassembled, cavity-forming cage structures as taught in the prior art.
[0075] In one embodiment, an element is comprised of one or more 3-legged triskelia, each triskelion having 6 protein subunits; 3 Clathrin heavy and 3 light chain subunits. In another example embodiment, the instant invention teaches one or more configurations as being comprised of only 3

Clathrin heavy subunits or only 3 light chain subunits. In another illustrative embodiment, configurations comprised of less than 3 Clathrin heavy or 3 light chain subunits are enabled. In another embodiment, the invention teaches elements comprising in part one or more types of Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II proteins of one or more isoforms
[0076] Likewise, the invention teaches one or more highly flexible element embodiments formed from Coatomer I/II proteins. In one embodiment, one or more nanoscale elements of one or more types are formed from isolated, synthetic and or recombinant amino acid residues comprising in whole or in part one or more types of Coatomer I/II proteins of one or more isoforms, including cloned isoforms. Components of both COP1 and Clathrin-adaptor coats share the same structure and the same motif-based cargo recognition and accessory factor recruitment mechanisms, which leads to insights on conserved aspects of coat recruitment, polymerization and membrane deformation. These themes point to the way in which evolutionarily conserved features underpin these diverse cell pathways.
[0077] In one example embodiment, one or more elements comprised of Coatomer (COPI and COPII) proteins, which can efficaciously act alone or with additional elements, are used instead of Clathrin proteins, preferably in those applications where Coatomer characteristics would be more desirable than those of Clathrin. Coatomer I/II protein elements may, in one or more embodiments, be comprised of one or more alpha, beta, beta', gamma, delta, epsilon and or zeta subunits. Different combinations of these subunits are known to exist within Coatomer complexes. According to an illustrative embodiment, a Coatomer subunit is a nanoscale element. In one invention embodiment, Clathrin and Coatomer elements and one or more methods may be used together in one or more configurations, taking advantage of their respective capabilities.
[0078] Freed from the constraints of only assembling into cavity forming cages in vitro, one or more non-cage elements of one or more types may self-assemble into one or more other types of complex elements and or material forms, enabling new classes of applications. For example, but not limited to, using techniques known in the art, bioengineered strands of Clathrin and or Coatomer proteins form functionalized nano-tubules (Zhang, et al. 2007) for biomedical applications and bio-molecular components. In another bioengineered embodiment, invention elements comprise repeatedly branched, highly symmetrical structures, forming proteinbased nano-dendrimers suitable for biomedical and bio-molecular applications. In another embodiment, self-assembling, stable, bioactive, protein-based, hydrogel nanoparticles (i.e., nanogels), some with tunable structural properties, are enabled. Generally, hydrogels are of interest to the biomedical field, e.g., for treating trauma, because the hydrated networks can provide a physiological environment where biological species can survive or grow. In other embodiments, one or more other types of non-cage forming structures, elements, and forms of materials comprised of invention elements are formed using techniques known in the art.
[0079] Unlike cage, cavity, and vesicle systems in the prior art where one or more additional elements, e.g., cargo, are inserted into a complex, fully formed structure; a sometimes difficult and laborious process; the invention, in one embodiment, teaches that it can be functionalized with one or more additional elements at a much more fundamental nano-ele-
ment level, e.g., by using non-cage elements of one or more types formed from amino acid residues of Clathrin or Coatomer proteins. Such functionalized, minimalist elements may further self-assemble in vitro into one or more nanoscale structure elements, including cages. This makes the addition of one or more elements easier and simpler as there is no insertion process into a completely formed cage, cavity, or vesicle. In another embodiment, additional element functionalization is simplified by decorating just the external surface of a cage.
[0080] According to one illustrative configuration, one or more types of elements, such as cargo elements, may interfere with the invention's overall operation if carried in the same element as other element types. Instead, the problematic elements are carried in a separate element that exclusively carries non-interfering elements, thereby inhibiting disruptive interference of invention operations. Such non-interfering elements may be functionally and or physically linked with other elements carrying other element types.
[0081] In one embodiment, one or more elements efficaciously operate alone and carry no additional elements, e.g., cargo. In one embodiment, such solo element functionality produces a unique new type of efficacious element, and its unique features correspondingly enable new types of applications.
[0082] Some embodiments include a molecule having an unpaired electron, a transition metal ion, which can be found in the active centers of many proteins (metalloproteins), or a material having any defect that produces an unpaired electron.
[0083] According to one in vivo application for enhanced medical imaging, paramagnetic lanthanide, transition metal ion complexes, and the like are cargo elements that modify the NMR relaxation times of nearby proton nuclei of H 2 O molecules, leading to brighter images and enhanced contrast between areas comprising the contrast agent and the surrounding tissues.
[0084] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements accept free radical molecules such as nitroxide molecule spin labels for electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR) based invention applications.
[0085] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements accept and or comprise one or more types of labels and assay strategies, and instruments for detection of one or more such labeled and or assay elements may include, but are not limited to: fluorescence and confocal microscopy, flow cytometry, laser scanning cytometry, fluorescence microplate analysis and biochips, immunoassay systems, nucleic acidbased diagnostics, and the like. In various embodiments, one or more elements meet and or surpass the requirements for label and assay sensitivity, accuracy and convenience.
[0086] In another embodiment, one or more types of elements such as comprising in whole or in part one or more large molecule elements, small molecule elements, cargo elements, agent elements, device elements, drug elements, and the like, enter the CNS, including passing the blood brain barrier, in 30 minutes or less and or in 30 minutes or more, post administration, and, depending on cargo and other element type, may require minimal functionalization for such element passage.
[0087] In some configurations, one or more elements comprise a cargo element, while in other configurations they comprise multiple elements, of one or more types. In some configurations, one or more or each of the elements and or
cargo elements is a metal, and or may include one or more metals. Alternatively, each of the elements and or cargo elements is or includes non-metal elements. In other embodiments, elements and or cargo elements are exclusively nonmetal elements that may include gases, as well as other elements like biological elements, drugs, optics, polymers, etc. In another embodiment, one or more elements and or additional elements comprise one or more types of material forms, including a solid, gas, vapor, crystal, and the like. In another embodiment one or more invention and or non-invention elements, in one or more combinations, comprise one or more types of isolated, synthetic and or recombinant elements.
[0088] An invention element, in one functionalized configuration, includes receptor molecules; natural, isolated, synthetic and or recombinant, for capturing and ordering the placement of one or more elements, like cargo elements, on one or more elements.
[0089] An invention element, in another functionalized configuration, includes adapter molecules; natural, isolated, synthetic and or recombinant, disposed between the receptor molecules and one or more elements to couple the receptor molecules to another element, like to a cargo element.
[0090] An invention element, in one functionalized configuration features ligands, natural, isolated, synthetic and or recombinant, including drugs, of one more types attached to receptors and or adapter protein elements.
[0091] In one configuration, one or more elements, of one or more types, are attached to one or more types of amino acids on one or more elements.
[0092] In another configuration, biotin-avidin is used as a coupler of one or more elements, of one or more types, to one or more elements of one or more types.
[0093] In another configurations, PEGylation, a crosslinker, molecular bridge, molecular tether, and the like are used to attach one or more elements, of one or more types, to one or more elements of one or more types.
[0094] In one example, molecules of one or more types are attached to a short molecular tether to one or more elements via site directed substitution mutagenesis, followed by reaction of a unique amino acid group with a specific molecular label.
[0095] In another embodiment, free radicals, toxic elements, other types of undesirable elements and the like circulating within an in vivo environment are scavenged via molecular tethers, via other elements of one or more types attached to one or more invention elements, and or via direct binding to one or more elements.
[0096] In another embodiment, the invention takes full advantage of protein flexibility and plasticity to create elements of one or more types that are bonded, fastened, fused, and or affixed to one or more other elements, of one or more types.
[0097] In one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements and or bonded elements are coated in whole or in part with other elements, such as chemical, biological and or metallic materials, and the like. The coating elements may be or include organic, inorganic, and or synthetic materials, or a combination thereof.
[0098] In another invention embodiment, site directed mutagenesis is used to incorporate one or more elements, of one or more types, into one or more other elements, of one or more types.
[0099] In one embodiment site-directed mutagenesis using one or more types of primer; including its reverse complement; are used to insert one or more DNA sequences of one or more types into one or more coding regions of one or more elements.
[0100] In another embodiment, cloning is done of one or more genes encoding one or more elements. In another embodiment, one or more amino acids and or their encoder gene are controlled, regulated, modified, and the like, by one or more methods known in the art to produce an efficacious effect, in vivo and or in vitro.
[0101] In one embodiment, one or more elements of one or more types comprise targeted and or non-targeted drug elements, biological elements, other forms of healthcare elements, including cosmetic elements, in one or more configurations or combinations, for diagnosing, remedying, inhibiting, mitigating, curing, and or preventing one or more types of diseases, infections, physical or mental trauma, other forms of physical and mental afflictions, and the like, of one or more types, including types featuring minimal immunogenic and or toxic effects.
[0102] In one embodiment, one or more elements are used as a means for evaluating drug advancement and efficacy.
[0103] The invention teaches a biological model and or method that is consistent from a minimalist component level up, e.g., amino acid residues comprising in part one or more Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II proteins of one or more isoforms, making drug discovery safer, more efficacious, more time and cost effective, and overall, a much more rapid process.
[0104] In one personalized medicine embodiment, the invention reduces drug side effect profiles and or produces greater agent efficacy, as well as excludes agents that may have no efficacy in a particular individual. The invention, in one embodiment, provides for individual patient factors such as genotype, phenotype, age, gender, ethnicity etc., to be taken into account by one or more elements and factored into dosing and administration consideration.
[0105] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more types of pluripotent stem cells and or comprise one or more stem cell delivery methods.
[0106] According to one feature, one or more elements may be or include one or more research, therapeutic, diagnostic, vaccine, assay, and or prosthetic agents, in one or more configurations, and thereby constitute one or more types of biomedical elements. Such biomedical elements may be, for example, nano-structured and/or include chemical, biological and/or metallic materials. The biomedical elements may be or include organic, inorganic, and or synthetic materials, or a combination thereof.
[0107] Medical, biomedical, bioengineered, and or biological applications and platforms of the instant invention may include, but are not limited to, imaging; sensor; genetic and protein assay; diagnostic; drugs and drug delivery; prosthetic; inter- and extra-cellular tissue; whole organ; circulatory system; medical device; implantable defibrillator; pacemaker; coronary stents; angioplasty device; and other like applications.
[0108] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more applications that perform analysis, of one or more types, of disorders of complex inheritance.
[0109] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more applications that perform analysis, of one or more types, of pharmacologic therapy.
[0110] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more types of prognosis and therapy selection"theradiagnostics".
[0111] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more genomic applications of one or more types.
[0112] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more oncology applications of one or more types.
[0113] In one or more embodiments, one or more elements may use routes of administration comprising one or methods of one or more types, such as those defined by CDER Data Element Number C-DRG-00301 in the US FDA Data Standards manual. Routes of in vitro administration of one or more elements may also comprise one or more forms.
[0114] In one or more embodiments, one or more pharmaceutical and drug formulations of one or more types are used, in whole or in part, such as tablet, capsule, soft galantine capsule, topical, injections, eye drops, syrups and liquids, soap and cosmetics, birth control device, and the like, but not limited to, as well as one or more types of biologics, chemical compounds, water soluble compositions, and the like, but not limited to. In vitro formulations may also comprise one or more formulations of one or more types in one or more embodiments.
[0115] According to one feature, one or more elements respond to one or more external and/or internal stimuli, which can be, for example, mechanical, chemical, biochemical, biological, metabolic, covalent, non-covalent, photonic, sonic, acoustical, thermal, fluidic, electromagnetic, magnetic, radioactive, quantum mechanical, or electrical in nature Examples of such a stimulus response is altering a cargo element carried by an element; the altering of the element itself; causing changes in cellular process like endocytosis, exocytosis, mitosis, trafficking and signaling, and the like, including other conformational changes.
[0116] In another embodiment, photonic energy impacting one or more elements produces electrical current, and or photonic energy, e.g., a laser.
[0117] In general, in another embodiment, one or more element and or platform are physically and/or functionally cooperative with other suitable types or forms of elements, agents, organisms, materials, substances, components, devices, and or systems, including non-invention elements, in vitro and/or in vivo.
[0118] The invention, in one embodiment, provides for a plurality of elements comprising aggregated, complex selfassembled nanoscale structures that dynamically bind together one or more types of endogenous, exogenous, homogeneous, and or heterogeneous elements into one or more complex elements, which also may have one or more payload types.
[0119] The invention, in one embodiment, provides a capability for in vivo and in vitro integration of one or more types of elements into other elements, devices and mechanisms, some of which may also be non-invention elements, that also may be linked together functionally or logically, including with other devices and or operators, locally or at a distance, significantly enhancing the overall capabilities of the invention.
[0120] In one embodiment, the invention provides for the ability of one or more elements to track, recognize, attack and or destroy multiple targets on the fly, in vivo and in vitro, using dynamic target prioritization for a single element type and or multiple element types.
[0121] In one application, one or more elements, including cargo elements, comprise one or more types of targeted agent delivery systems and or agents in vivo or in vitro, including high precision dosing, using, as appropriate, ligands, targeting moieties, and or other vectors. In one application, one or more targeted elements comprise one or more research, remedial, inhibitory, mitigation, preventive, prosthetic, assay, and or other type of bio-molecular agent or device, in one or more combinations, and may altogether comprise a unified element and or platform.
[0122] The invention, in one embodiment, provides for a method for targeted delivery systems that leverage and utilize biological control laws and that may act as self-directed systems.
[0123] According to another invention embodiment, one or more targeted elements may use molecular-imprint technology, which is used for the production of molecule-specific cavities that mimic the behavior of receptor binding sites, without the temperature sensitivity of natural systems.
[0124] According to another feature, biodegradable films may also be used as a pliable template for one or more targeted elements, which are pressed into a biodegradable film and then removed, leaving a physical mold of the element's shape. The film can then be hardened and used by an element to detect a particular element, which may be, but is not limited to, a particular receptor, protein, or cell, since its complex imprint shape on the film will bind only to that particular biological element.
[0125] In one embodiment, the invention provides for a targeting system using biodegradable nanocapsules for delivery of one or more elements in vivo or in vitro.
[0126] In another application, a nanoscale platform comprised of a plurality of elements performs molecular-level and or cellular-level target site loitering, monitoring, repair, construction and or dynamic, interactive control and regulation of biological systems, in vitro and in vivo.
[0127] In another embodiment, one or more elements, including in whole or in part one or more non-invention elements, operating alone or with one or more additional elements, comprise one or more types of membrane fusion elements. In one embodiment, the resulting biological processes and interactions from such fusion may lead to a series of controlled, regulated, extended, modulated, purposefully, and or self-directed methods and or behaviors of elements.
[0128] In one example embodiment, one or more elements in whole or in part execute one or more types of actions involving conformational changes, bonding, attachment, and or the fusion of one or more elements to a cell membrane, one or more of which actions may lead to changes in cellular processes, such as endocytosis, exocytosis mitosis, trafficking and signaling, and the like, and or enable the precise dispatch and sequenced delivery of selected agents from an element to a target cell. Alternatively, a series of interlocking steps between a part of a cell membrane, and all, or a subset of the materials comprising an element may cause the cessation of one or more element's delivery to a target cell, and or enable delivery from other sources.
[0129] In another configuration, one or more elements dynamically respond to natural environmental conditions and manifest special functions. The various control laws that regulate biochemical reactions and physiological processes often display features that allow biomolecules or biological structures to perform more tasks than are reasonably expected from a simple mechanical device. In one embodiment, the
invention takes deliberate advantage of these biological control laws. Via the use of bio- and genetic engineering methods known in the art, the invention makes use of these control laws to dynamically regulate complex in vivo and in vitro biochemical reactions and physiological processes. An example of biological control laws at work is the automatic self-directed, self-assembly of in vitro and in vivo Clathrin and Coatomer proteins.
[0130] In one embodiment, intramolecular dynamics of biomolecules and the concerted and interlocking steps of conformational changes lead to deliberately purposeful actions. For example, one or more elements may fit spatially and each step in a process fits temporally (kinetically) with an element of anticipation of the purposeful outcome.
[0131] In another example case, the spatially and temporally defined events between the cell and one or more elements may cause the invention to release diagnostic and monitoring agents to determine the most appropriate course of therapeutic action. The calculated utilization of biological control laws by one or more elements may, for example, provide for a sophisticated drug delivery system that provides optimal dosing by altering its drug delivery behavior, as well as producing minimal side effect profiles.
[0132] A further advantage of the invention is that it provides elements that can be bio-engineered to prevent in vivo uptake by one or more types of organs, tissue, cells, and bone. In the converse, another advantage is that one or more elements can be bio-engineered for highly selective uptake by one or more types of targeted cells, tissue, organs, bone, as well as by other organic and inorganic matter. In another embodiment, one or more elements comprise a non-selective uptake, non-targeted drug delivery system.
[0133] In another embodiment, the invention provides for the ability of one or more elements to intelligently monitor, control and regulate, react, and further adjust biological processes after delivery of the payload, enabling high precision dosing.
[0134] Another advantage of the invention is that Clathrin can cross cell membranes including the blood brain barrier (Gragera et al 1993) and can move through the synaptic clefts (Granseth et al 2007). In one embodiment, bioengineered Clathrin actively transports substances in and out of cells including neurons and blood brain barrier cells.
[0135] In another embodiment, one or more elements, operating alone or with one or more additional elements, comprise one or more types of cell membrane crossing elements and gain access to the cytosol and intracellular elements of one or more types, including one or more cell organelles. Such elements may, in one embodiment, require minimal functionalization to cross the cell membrane and or enter a cell organelle
[0136] In one embodiment, one or more elements, in whole or in part, in one or more combinations, take one or more actions to create, spawn, comprise, modify, regenerate, reassemble, and or control and regulate one or more cells, cellular elements and or cellular processes of one or more types.
[0137] In one embodiment, one or more elements, in whole or in part, in one or more combinations, take one or more actions to rectify and or repair failures and defects in cellular processes, such as, endocytosis, exocytosis, mitosis, trafficking and signaling, and the like. Such failures and defects can lead to diseases, for example, cancer.
[0138] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise in situ in vivo elements for remediation, removal and or
sequestration of one or more types of contaminants, toxins, undesired organic or inorganic elements, and the like.
[0139] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise in situ environmental elements for remediation, removal and or sequestration of one or more types of in vitro environmental contaminants and or toxins; for example, chlorinated solvents TCE, PCE, PCBs, c-DCE, DNAPL, heavy metals (chromium), biofilm, synthetic chemicals, and the like.
[0140] In one embodiment, some or all elements may also operate under the control and influence of other in vitro and or in vivo elements, including non-invention elements, and altogether may comprise a scalable, nanoscale platform.
[0141] In general, in another aspect, the invention is directed to a method of forming one or more types of scalable platforms, including the steps of providing one or more embodiments of the elements to deliberately carry out a series of tasks of one or more types, which tasks and or methods may be externally directed or internally self-directed, or a combination thereof. In other embodiments, one or more nanoscale platforms may be additionally comprised of one or more non-invention elements and platforms of one or more types. [0142] One or more elements, in one platform embodiment, may also modify, process, manipulate, encode and decode, input, output, transmit, communicate, store and or read information using techniques and methods known in the art, in vivo and in vitro.
[0143] In one embodiment, scalable information processing platforms use some or all elements as bits that are programmable into a plurality of logical states. In another configuration, the invention features a scalable informationprocessing platform that may include one or more elements. [0144] As a general characteristic, one or more elements may take any suitable form, and multiple embodiments may be used as elements, and or further combined in any suitable manner to create one or more cargo carrying and or non-cargo carrying nanoscale elements ("elements"), and or multifunction nanoscale platforms ("platforms") of one or more types, operating in vitro and or in vivo, such as: multiple polypeptide elements and platforms; biological elements and platforms; large molecule elements and platforms; small molecule elements and platforms; biomedical elements and platforms; medical elements and platforms; diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, prevention of disease or other type of drug elements and platforms; targeted and or non-targeted delivery elements and platforms; cell, cell organelles, or cell material crossing elements and platforms; personal medicine elements and platforms; elements and platforms that, post administration, in whole or in part enter the central nervous system, including passing the blood brain barrier in 30 minutes or less and or in 30 minutes or more; healthcare elements and platforms; reproductive health elements and platforms; substance abuse disorder treatment elements and platform; bioengineered elements and platforms; cosmetic elements and platforms; agricultural elements and platforms; sensor elements and platforms; research and development elements and platforms; scientific elements and platforms; crystal elements and platforms; electronic elements and platforms; photonic energy elements and platforms; information processing or storage elements and platforms; energy storage elements and platforms; in situ elements and platforms for remediation, removal and or sequestration of undesirable elements and platforms of one or more types; quantum mechanical elements and platforms; telecommunication elements and platforms; and the like; one or more of which nanoscale elements
and platforms may be additionally comprised of one or more non-invention elements and platforms of one or more types, and with or without one or more types of cargo elements located on and or in one or all or a subset of elements.
[0145] In general, in a further aspect, the invention is directed to a method of forming one or more formations of nanoscale elements formed in vitro from one or more elements of one or more types formed from isolated, synthetic and or recombinant amino acid residues comprising in whole or in part one or more types of Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II proteins of one or more isoforms, including cloned isoforms; with or without one or more additional elements of one or more types located on and or in one or more elements; forming in whole or in part one or more types of element carrying and or non-element carrying nanoscale elements and structures; one or more of which elements may also comprise one or more non-invention elements of one or more types, forming hybrid elements; wherein one or more elements, using one or more types of methods, executes one or more functions and or effects one or more ends in vivo and or in vitro.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0146] The foregoing and other aspects of the invention may be more fully understood from the following description, when read together with the accompanying drawings in which like reference numbers indicate like parts.
[0147] FIG. 1 is a conceptual diagram depicting a Clathrin triskelion comprised of one or more elements of one or more types employed in an illustrative embodiment of the invention.
[0148] FIG. 2 is a conceptual cross-sectional view of one or more Clathrin protein, receptor, adaptor protein, and cargo elements in an illustrative embodiment.
[0149] FIG. 3 is a computer generated frontal view of an actual Clathrin cage comprised of a plurality of Clathrin triskelia, and, in an illustrative embodiment, comprising one or more invention elements.
[0150] FIG. 4 is a flow diagram depicting conceptually the formation of individual Clathrin elements during endocytosis, which also serves to illustrate how the instant invention operates in one or more embodiments.
[0151] FIG. 5 is a conceptual diagram depicting Coatomer I/II protein comprised of one or more subunit and domain elements of the type employed in an illustrative embodiment of the invention.
[0152] FIG. 6 is an exemplary energy level diagram $\mathbf{6 0 0}$ illustrating the energy levels associated with a hyperfine interaction between electron and nuclear spin in the presence of magnetic fields.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE ILLUSTRATIVE EMBODIMENTS

[0153] The instant invention is comprised of one or more formations of nanoscale elements formed in vitro from one or more elements of one or more types formed from isolated, synthetic and or recombinant amino acid residues comprising in whole or in part one or more types of Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II proteins of one or more isoforms, including cloned isoforms, and which operate in vitro and or in vivo. In one embodiment, one or more elements form one or more configurations of one or more types, described below.
[0154] FIG. 1 is a conceptual diagram illustrating the basic unit of Clathrin, a three-leg pinwheel protein structure, and
each complete leg is typically called a 'monomer'. The arrangement of the monomers in the three-dimensional protein is the quaternary structure. Each Clathrin leg monomer is further comprised of two subunits, one 190 kDa subunit ("heavy chain") and one $24-27 \mathrm{kDa}$ subunit ("light chain"). Three, two-subunit Clathrin monomers self-assemble and combine to create triskelion element 100. It is this triskelion morphology that allows Clathrin to form its unique polyhedral network.
[0155] In FIG. 1, the assembled triskelion element 100 is comprised of three monomer leg elements 102a-102c. The three leg elements $102 a-102 c$ extend radially from a hub section 108. The filamentous portion of Clathrin triskelion legs $\mathbf{1 0 2 a - 1 0 2} c$ is formed by a continuous superhelix. A naturally occurring Clathrin leg is about $47.5 \mathrm{~nm}(475 \AA)$ long. In the instant invention, Clathrin leg length and or molecular weights can be modified and or adjusted by using bioengineering techniques known in the art.
[0156] In the case of humans, there are two isoforms each of Clathrin heavy chain ( CHC 17 and CHC 22 ) and light chain ( LCa and LCb ) subunits, all encoded by separate genes. CHC17 forms the ubiquitous Clathrin-coated vesicles that mediate membrane traffic. CHC22 is implicated in specialized membrane organization in skeletal muscle. CHC 17 is bound and regulated by LCa and LCb , whereas CHC 22 does not functionally interact with either light chain.
[0157] In one embodiment, a Clathrin triskelion is composed of a trimer of heavy chains 104a-104 $c$ each bound to a single light chain $\mathbf{1 0 6} a \mathbf{- 1 0 6} c$, respectively. In the case of one isoform embodiment, CHC17 (SEQ ID NO:1), a Clathrin heavy chain element is comprised of a 1675 amino acid residue protein, which is encoded by a gene consisting of 32 exons. In the case of another isoform embodiment, CHC 22 , a Clathrin heavy chain element is comprised of a 1640 amino acid residue protein (SEQ ID NO:2).
[0158] In one or more invention embodiments, efficacious elements formed in part from Clathrin amino acid residues include, but are not limited to, a N-terminal globular domain $\mathbf{1 1 0 a - 1 1 0} c$ (residues 1-494) that interacts with adaptor proteins (e.g., AP-1, AP-2, b-arrestin), a light chain-binding region (residues 1074-1552), and a trimerization domain (residues $1550-1600$ ) near the C-terminus.
[0159] One or more of the Clathrin heavy chain amino acid sequences as described in SEQ ID NO: 1 and SEQ ID NO:2, but not limited to, and in whole or in part may be modified, altered, adapted or functionalized in one or more ways in one or more embodiments of the invention.
[0160] In the illustration, the three Clathrin monomer elements $\mathbf{1 0 2} a-102 c$ are comprised of six subunit elements, three of which subunits are the heavy chain subunit elements $104 a$ $104 c$. The three heavy chain subunits are comprised of several distinct domains and segments, one or more of which may comprise one or more invention elements in one or more embodiments, and may be functionalized via one or more techniques known in the art.
[0161] In general, each heavy chain comprises eight repeated motifs (CHCR 0-7), which make up the proximal, knee, distal and ankle segments of a Clathrin leg. The heavychain amino terminus folds into the terminal domain (TD) and is attached to CHCR0 by a helical linker. (Brodsky, 2004). The three Clathrin heavy chains are joined at their C-termini (located within hub element 108), extending into proximal and distal leg domains ending in globular N -terminal domain elements $110 a-110 c$, and which are responsible
for peptide binding. The Clathrin heavy chain terminal domains provide multiple interaction sites for a variety of adaptor proteins (AP) that can bind multiple receptors occupied by ligands. These sites prevent chemical interactions between cargo elements. The heavy chain N -terminal domain elements $\mathbf{1 1 0} a-110 c$ are each comprised of a seven-bladed beta-propeller connected to a flexible physiological er region, respectively. This propeller domain interacts with a host of accessory proteins participating in receptor-mediated endocytosis such as adaptor proteins, non-visual arrestins and the uncoating ATPase, hsc 70. The propeller domain is followed by a long filamentous segment, which is interrupted by a bent region between the distal and proximal domains, and ends in the trimerization domain at the C-terminus.
[0162] Besides harboring determinants important for driving the association of individual Clathrin molecules during lattice formation, each of the three heavy chain $\mathbf{1 0 4 a - 1 0 4 c}$ proximal domains also include binding sites for attaching the three light chain subunit elements $\mathbf{1 0 6 a - 1 0 6} c$, respectively, forming three complete Clathrin monomers. The three light chain subunits are also comprised of several distinct domains and segments, one or more of which may comprise one or more invention elements in one or more embodiments, and may be functionalized via one or more techniques known in the art.
[0163] Among other roles, Clathrin light chains prevent Clathrin heavy chains from interacting with each other. On the other hand, assembly proteins bind to light chains and cause a change in them such that they no longer prevent heavy chains from interacting. Clathrin light chains consist of what has been described as a linear array of domains: regions of protein discernable from the primary sequence or with distinct biochemical properties. These are an N-terminal segment, a region that is $100 \%$ conserved between light chains, a portion to which Hsc70 binds, a calcium binding domain, a region which binds the heavy chain, a site for neuronalspecific splice inserts and then finally a calmodulin-binding domain at the C-terminus domain (Royle, 2006). The light chain C-terminal residues are also important for enhancing the in vitro assembly of hub 108 at low pH .
[0164] One or more of the Clathrin light chain amino acid sequences as described in SEQ ID NO:12 and SEQ ID NO:13 but not limited to, and in whole or in part may be modified, altered, adapted or functionalized in one or more ways in one or more embodiments of the invention.
[0165] In one embodiment, each of the 3 heavy chain subunits $104 a-104 c$ may each have 3 light chains subunits $106 a$ $106 c$ attached, respectively, forming the typical, three-monomer Clathrin triskelion structure. But in another embodiment, each leg $102 a-102 c$ may include only the 3 Clathrin heavy chain subunits $104 a-104 c$, respectively, which is distinctly unique from the classic Clathrin monomer configuration. In yet another unique embodiment, only 3, non-attached light chain subunits $106 a-106 c$ are used.
[0166] In one distinctive embodiment of the invention, a 3 -legged pinwheel configuration 100 is not enabled, and only partial pinwheel structures are used. In one embodiment, a partial pinwheel configuration of one or two legs (one or two Clathrin monomers) is comprised of one or two Clathrin heavy chains and one or two corresponding light chain subunits. In another embodiment, one or two elements comprised of only one or two Clathrin heavy chain subunits are used; e.g., subunits $102 a$, or $102 a-102 b$. In one embodiment, only one or two unattached light chain subunits are used.
[0167] In another distinctive embodiment of the invention, one or more elements of one or more types are formed from isolated, synthetic and or recombinant amino acid residues comprising in part one or more types of Clathrin heavy chain and or light chain proteins of one or more isoforms as described in SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:12 and SEQ ID NO:13, respectively.
[0168] In one embodiment, one or more N -terminal domain elements, e.g., $\mathbf{1 1 0} a, \mathbf{1 1 0} b$ and or $\mathbf{1 1 0} c$ are bioengineered to facilitate, modify, regulate or control peptide binding of one or more types, as well as interaction sites for one or more types of adaptor proteins.
[0169] In one embodiment, one or more domain elements of heavy chain subunits and or light chain subunits are bioengineered to facilitate, modify, regulate or control one or more Clathrin protein characteristics and or behaviors in vivo and or in vitro.
[0170] FIG. 2 is a conceptual cross-sectional view of a biological endohedral consisting of Clathrin protein elements. In this illustrative embodiment, one or more elements $102 a-102 c, 106 a-106 c, 104 a-104 c, 110 a-110 c$, element 108, and or one or more types of elements formed from isolated, synthetic and or recombinant amino acid residues comprising in whole or in part one or more Clathrin proteins of one or more isoforms, and with or without one or more additional elements of one or more types, may comprise one or more multiple polypeptide elements of one more types. The latter are labeled in FIG. 2 as elements 206a, 204a, 202 $a$, and $208 a$, which are formed in vitro, and also may operate in vitro and or in vivo. One or more of elements 206a, 204a, 202 $a$, and or $208 a$ may comprise one or more types of functionalization, include invention and non-invention elements, express one or more types of functionality, and or form one or more types of structures.
[0171] In one illustrative embodiment, but not limited to, one or more elements $206 a$ may comprise one or more elements $102 a-102 c, 106 a-106 c, 104 a-104 c, 110 a-110 c$, element 108, and or one or more types of elements formed from isolated, synthetic and or recombinant amino acid residues comprising in whole or in part one or more Clathrin proteins of one or more isoforms, and express one or more types of functionality in one or more embodiments.
[0172] In another embodiment, one or more elements $206 a$ may be comprised of, and or help comprise one or more types of non-invention elements, such as a natural cell element in one embodiment, comprising one or more types of hybrid elements in one or more embodiments.
[0173] In another embodiment, one or more elements $206 a$ may be comprised of, and or help comprise one or more types of isolated, synthetic, recombinant and or natural molecules in one or more embodiments.
[0174] In one illustrative embodiment, but not limited to, one or more elements $202 a$ may comprise cargo elements of one or more types, including natural, isolated, synthetic and or recombinant, including natural and or synthetic ligands and or drugs, and may express more than one type of functionality. In one embodiment, one or more other elements, of one or more types, including invention and non-invention elements each may bond with one or more respective cargo elements $202 a$.
[0175] In one embodiment, one or more cargo elements $202 a$ are cavity forming and are non-permeable, semi-permeable, and or permeable, and or can change from one permeable state to another. In one embodiment, the cavity forming
elements comprise one or more types of elements and or agents, including gas, vapor or fluid, with or without dopants. In one embodiment, one or more cargo cavities elements comprise one or more types of elements and or agents, including one or more types of metals.
[0176] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more efficacious cargo elements $202 a$ carried on one or more elements may comprise the total functionality. In another embodiment, one or more other elements, of one or more types, including invention and non-invention elements may act in concert with one or more cargo elements $202 a$ to achieve ensemble efficacy.
[0177] In one embodiment, but not limited to, one or more elements $204 a$ may comprise attachment and or receptor elements for one or more elements $202 a$ of one or more type, and or express more than one type of functionality. In one embodiment, one or more other elements, of one or more types, including invention and non-invention elements each may bond with one or more respective elements 204a. In another embodiment, receptor molecules $204 a$ can be bioengineered to recognize and associate with specific molecules, which may also be synthetic and or natural ligands and or drugs. In another embodiment, receptor molecules $204 a$ can be natural, isolated, synthetic and or recombinant.
[0178] In one embodiment, but not limited to, one or more elements $208 a$ of the instant invention may comprise the major types of adaptor elements, like the heterotetrameric adaptor protein (AP) elements, and the monomeric GGA (Golgi-localizing, Gamma-adaptin ear domain homology, ARF-binding proteins) adaptors. In one illustrative embodiment, elements $208 a$ comprise one or more small sigma subunits of various adaptins from different AP adaptor elements. The AP complex family has six members in mammals: $\mathrm{AP}-1 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{AP}-2, \mathrm{AP}-3 \mathrm{~A}$ and $\mathrm{AP}-4$ are ubiquitously expressed. The other two members, AP-5 and AP-6, are cell-type specific isoforms of AP-1A and AP-3A: the epithelium-specific AP-1B and the neuron-restricted AP-3B. (Ohno, 2006). In another embodiment, AP180, like AP-2 and AP-3, binds to N-terminal domains $\mathbf{1 1 0} a-\mathbf{1 1 0} c$ of Clathrin. In one embodiment, one or more AP elements may be functionalized at one or more heavy chain terminal domain elements $110 a-110 c$. In one embodiment, one or more other elements, of one or more types, including invention and non-invention elements each may bond with one or more respective elements 208a. In another embodiment, adapter molecules 208 $a$ are bioengineered to recognize specific receptor molecules and to couple the receptor molecules to Clathrin and or Coatomer protein elements. In another embodiment, adapter molecules $208 a$ can be natural, isolated, synthetic and or recombinant.
[0179] In one embodiment, one or more elements $206 a$, $204 a$, and or $208 a$ operate alone without cargo element $202 a$, and comprise one or more types of inherently efficacious solo acting elements.
[0180] In one embodiment, unlike prior Clathrin art, a plurality of elements $\mathbf{2 0 6} a, \mathbf{2 0 4} a$, and or $208 a$ operate without cargo elements $\mathbf{2 0 2} a$, and comprise an inherently efficacious cage element $\mathbf{2 1 2}$ of one or more types, like a drug element, for example, which is unlike prior Clathrin art.
[0181] In one embodiment, also unlike prior Clathrin art, a plurality of elements 206a, with or without one or more additional other elements comprise cage element 212, and element 212 has one or more elements, of one or more types and affixed via one or methods, located on the outside part of cage element 212; that is, located outside the cavity formed by
cage 212. In another embodiment, further unlike prior Clathrin art, a plurality of elements $206 a$, with or without one or more additional other elements, comprise cage element 212, and element $\mathbf{2 1 2}$ has one or more elements, of one or more types and affixed via one or methods, located on both the outside, and inside parts (i.e., located within the cage cavity), of cage element 212.
[0182] According to one invention feature, cargo attachment element $204 a$ and or element $208 a$ shields cargo element $202 a$ in the same element $206 a$ from interacting. According to another feature, the shielding properties of element $206 a$ shields and inhibits chemical and molecular interactions between it and the external environment. According to a further feature, element $\mathbf{2 0 6} a$ protectively sequesters cargo elements $202 a$ from the external environment.
[0183] In another embodiment, one or more non-invention, "natural" Clathrin elements 206b-206 $f$ (the term "natural" hereinafter generally refers to non-isolated, non-recombinant, and non-synthetic protein elements) join with one or more isolated, recombinant, and or synthetic elements; in this example, 206a; to form a natural/invention hybrid Clathrin cage element 212. In another embodiment, hybrid cage element 212 may also be comprised of natural cage element 220, which is a vesicle, forming a hybrid Clathrin Coated Vesicle.
[0184] FIG. 3 is a computer generated frontal view of a Clathrin cage 300 comprised of a plurality of natural Clathrin triskelia elements 302-308, respectively. In an illustrative embodiment, element $\mathbf{3 1 0}$ is an invention element, comprised of three heavy chain elements $104 a-104 c$ - which may or may not include three respective light chain elements $106 a$ 106 c-forming a hybrid or fused cage $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ comprised of natural elements and invention elements. In this role, element 310 comprises an efficacious replacement for a natural triskelia element.
[0185] FIG. 4 is a flow diagram 400 depicting, conceptually, the formation of a plurality of natural Clathrin elements 206b-2026f, and, in this example, along with invention element ( $\mathbf{2 0 6} a$ ) into cage 200, which at step $\mathbf{4 4 0}$, shows Clathrin coated vesicle 220. The process by which natural Clathrin molecules 206 $b$-206 $d$ obtain natural cargo molecules 202 $b$, $\mathbf{2 0 2} c$, and $\mathbf{2 0 2} d$ in this example is known as Clathrin mediated endocytosis (CME), a process wherein a cell takes in macromolecules by forming vesicles derived from the plasma membrane. Endocytosis is crucial to cellular function. Via CME, cells internalize cargo attachment elements, transmembrane channels, transporters and extracellular ligands such as hormones, growth factors and nutrients.
[0186] In one embodiment, one or more invention elements are biologically engineered to take or induce one or more types of actions, such as to create, spawn, comprise, modify, repair, regenerate, reassemble, and or control and regulate CME, as well as exocytosis, mitosis, trafficking, signaling processes, other behaviors, and the like. Defects and disorders in any of these critical cellular processes can lead to disease, and one or more types of these processes may be modified in one or more embodiments of the instant invention, for example, to achieve therapeutic effect.
[0187] In one embodiment, the instant invention takes or induces one or more efficacious actions involving receptormediated endocytosis that encompass nutrient uptake (LDL, transferrin, etc.), membrane recycling, membrane protein recycling, antigen uptake, synaptic vesicle recycling, and signaling receptor down-regulation.
[0188] In one or more embodiments, one or more invention elements comprise counterparts to natural Clathrin proteins that may inherently behave as a drug; e.g., one or more invention elements are functionalized for in vivo delivery and carry no additional elements, such as cargo. Such solo acting element embodiments would interact in one or more ways with natural cells and their processes, and by so doing diagnose, regulate and or cure one or more diseases and disorders relating to endocytosis.
[0189] An increase of a cellular component is called upregulation. Upregulation is an increase in the number of receptors, e.g., see elements $\mathbf{2 0 4} b, 204 c$, and $204 d$ in FIG. 4, on the surface of target cells, making the cells more sensitive to a hormone or another agent. For example, there is an increase in uterine oxytocin receptors in the third trimester of pregnancy, promoting the contraction of the smooth muscle of the uterus. In one or more embodiments, one or more invention elements, either by acting alone and or in part with other elements of one or more types, including natural and or non-invention elements, efficaciously modify, control and regulate, interfere with, create, and or spawn elements, and or induce actions or behaviors that increase the upregulation of one or more types of receptors of the surfaces of target cells.
[0190] On the other hand there is downregulation, an example of which is the cellular decrease in the number of receptors to a molecule, such as a hormone or neurotransmitter, which reduces the cell's sensitivity to the molecule. In the literature, downregulation is the process by which a cell decreases the quantity of a cellular component, such as RNA or protein, in response to an external variable. In one or more embodiments, one or more invention elements, either by acting alone and or in part with other elements of one or more types, including natural and or non-invention elements, efficaciously modify, control and regulate, interfere with, create, and or spawn elements, and or induce actions or behaviors that increase the downregulation of one or more types of receptors.
[0191] Exocytosis is the reverse process of endocytosis, whereby a cell directs secretory vesicles out of the cell membrane. These membrane-bound vesicles contain soluble proteins to be secreted to the extracellular environment as well as membrane proteins and lipids that are sent to become components of the cell membrane. Exocytotic vesicles are usually not Clathrin-coated; most of them have no coat at all. However, two observations suggest that Clathrin effectively 'tracks’ vesicle proteins leaving a synapse. In one study (Granseth, et al, 2008) the amount of a Clathrin light chain (LC) tagged with the element mRFP leaving the synapse was proportional to the number of vesicles released by the stimulus, as assessed by the amplitude of a sypHy signal (sypHy is an improved fluorescent reporter of exocytosis). Second, in the same study the movement of LC-mRFP began without a significant delay and peaked with the sypHy signal. The movement of Clathrin out of the synapse together with synaptophysin and synaptobrevin is most easily explained as representing CME (Clathrin mediated endocytosis) of vesicles at sites removed from the active zone. This interpretation is consistent with studies showing that the machinery for CME is not at the active zone, but in the surrounding regions of membrane (Heuser \& Reese, 1973; Ringstad et al. 1999; Qualmann et al. 2000; Teng \& Wilkinson, 2000). Thus, Clathrin is naturally found in the extracellular space and may play a role in regulating exocytosis and or endocytosis. In one or more illustrative embodiment, one or more elements of one
or more types may efficaciously operate in inter- and or extracellular spaces of one or more types; for example, perform remediation, sequestration, or removal of one or more types of undesirable elements.
[0192] Membrane trafficking only occurs during interphase. As the cell enters mitosis, Clathrin-mediated membrane traffic is rapidly shut down and only resumes in late telophase. Clathrin may therefore have a separate function that is distinct from membrane trafficking, which operates during mitosis. Clathrin is thus a multifunction protein: during interphase its function is in membrane trafficking and during mitosis it has a role in stabilizing spindle fibers (Royle, 2006). In one invention embodiment, mitosis may be efficaciously controlled and regulated, modified, and or induced via one or more methods and instances of the instant invention.
[0193] In another embodiment, one or more elements are comprised of, but not limited to, one or more isolated, synthetic, and or recombinant adaptor protein molecules, tubulin protein molecules, dynamin protein molecules, epsin protein molecules, endophilin protein molecules, synaptotagmin protein molecules, and or other types of protein molecules associated with Clathrin and Coatomer proteins and processes, for efficacious effect.
[0194] In another embodiment, one or more natural adaptor protein molecules, tubulin protein molecules, dynamin protein molecules, epsin protein molecules, endophilin protein molecules, synaptotagmin protein molecules, and or other types of protein molecules involved with associated with Clathrin and Coatomer proteins and processes form efficacious hybrid elements when also comprised of one or more types of invention elements.
[0195] The CME process involves a dynamic interaction between Clathrin and a wide range of other protein molecules, and altering the compositions and behaviors of the various molecular parties involved. For example, the cell uses endocytosis to control and regulate the density of receptors on the cell surface and to acquire nutrients. Endocytosis of ligand-activated cargo attachment elements is essential for the proper attenuation of a variety of signal transduction processes, as well as for co-localization of activated cargo attachment elements with downstream signaling molecules. Endocytosis also counterbalances secretion, preventing continuous expansion of the plasma membrane. Endocytosis thus internalizes macromolecules and fluid, and after sorting, directs the internalized molecules for degradation or recycling.
[0196] The endocytosis process begins when proteins bound to cargo attachment elements accumulate in coated pits $\mathbf{4 0 4}$, which are specialized regions of the cell membrane 402 where it is indented and coated on its cytoplasmic side with a bristle-like coat composed of two natural proteins: Clathrin and protein adapters. Most, if not all, intracellular transport vesicles are encased in a proteinaceous coat, one class of which is Clathrin-coated vesicles (CCVs). CCVs also mediate the transport of lysosomal hydrolases from the transGolgi network, as well as the efficient internalization of extracellular solutes such as nutrients, hormones, growth factors, and immunoglobulins at the plasma membrane.
[0197] Clathrin also transports proteins from the Golgi to other organelles. In neurons, endocytosis is critical to allow rapid synaptic vesicle regeneration. Besides Clathrin, there are other coat-forming proteins, such as COP I and COP II, which mediate intracellular traffic and there are Clathrin-
independent endocytic pathways which mediate internalisation of a variety of cargo (Royle, 2006).
[0198] In one invention embodiment, the natural endocytosis process is transformed into a versatile therapeutic method to regulate the intensity, localization, half-life and function of signaling elements (signalosomes) that form in cells upon, for example, binding of growth factors, cytokines and morphogens to their cognate receptors. In one example embodiment, the invention rectifies breakdowns in the function of endocytic adaptors that might facilitate impairment of tissue homeostasis and consequent tumor development. In another illustrative embodiment, one or more invention elements, acting alone or not, interact with natural adaptor proteins required for appropriate receptor downregulation and which play distinct roles in oncogenesis. (Crosetto, et al. 2005) In another embodiment, CME elements might also comprise one or more invention cargo elements ( $\mathbf{2 0 2} a$ in FIG. 4), which can be drugs, other ligands, and the like.
[0199] In one embodiment, referring to FIG. 4, a natural Clathrin coated vesicle $\mathbf{2 2 0}$ is desired to form to endocytose over-expressed natural receptor elements $204 b$ and $\mathbf{2 0 4} c$ that are initially located outside cell membrane 402 . The appearance of one or more types of invention elements, such as element ( $\mathbf{2 0 6} a$ ) in the illustrative example, outside cell membrane 402 and or by crossing 402, dynamically begin to create, induce, spawn, mediate, control and regulate, regenerate, and or interact with one or more natural endocytosis processes and behaviors. With the prompting of one or more types of invention Clathrin elements, one or more biological processes acting on cell membrane 402 induce a Clathrin bud 404 to form at 420.
[0200] As shown at 430 and $\mathbf{4 4 0}$, after forming completely around bud 404, natural Clathrin elements 206 $b-206 d$ pinch off (scission) from membrane 402 with the desired over expressed receptors $204 b$ and $\mathbf{2 0 4} c$ held inside vesicle 220. After excision, bud $\mathbf{4 0 4}$ has evolved into a plurality of natural Clathrin elements $206 \mathrm{~b}-206 \mathrm{f}$, some of which are attached to one or more types of over expressed receptor elements $204 b$ and 204c, as well as attached to other receptor elements; which in this example are the normally expressed natural elements 204d.
[0201] In one illustrative embodiment, the otherwise allnatural plurality of Clathrin elements in FIG. 4 includes one or more non-cargo carrying; solo acting invention elements (206a), forming a "hybrid" CCV 440 with the desired efficacious properties and behavior. This hybrid CCV then follows normal pathways within the cell, causing downregulation of the desired over-expressed receptor elements, which may be associated with one or more types of neurotransmitters, viruses, cholesterol, as well as with other cargo types, restoring a cell to its normal, healthy state.
[0202] In another illustrative embodiment, natural Clathrin coated vesicle structure 440 in FIG. 4 is additionally comprised of one or more non-cargo carrying invention receptor element $204 a$ and or adaptor element $208 a$ (as illustrated in FIG. 2), forming a hybrid or fused Clathrin coated vesicle 440 in FIG. 4, with the desired efficacious properties and behavior. In another embodiment, one or more hybridized and or invention elements may enter the cell nucleus and or other organelles and cell elements.
[0203] The fusion and or participatory actions of one or more non-additional element carrying, solo acting invention elements 206a, 204 $a$, and or $208 a$ in FIG. 2 may yield a therapeutic effect, and are an example embodiment of inher-
ently efficacious invention elements in action. In another embodiment, natural or hybrid CCV 440 in FIG. 4 also includes one or more invention cargo molecules (202a) that may have been transported into the cell via their attachment to one or more natural and or invention receptor elements.
[0204] Referring again to FIG. 4, in another example embodiment, a therapeutic effect is accomplished via one or more invention elements by regulating EGFR (epidermal growth factor receptor), which exists on the cell surface and is activated by binding of its specific ligands including epidermal growth factor and transforming growth factor a (TGFa).
[0205] When these natural cargo attachment elements are activated, cells rapidly clear them from the surface and destroy them. Control of EGF receptor signaling is performed by Clathrin-mediated endocytosis. Natural Clathrin coats also exist on endosomes and are involved in endosomal sorting of the EGFR. A defect in this overall process will likely lead to uninhibited growth of cells and tumors. EGFR expression, over-expression, or mutation is associated with cancer progression, advanced disease, drug resistance, aggressive disease, poor prognosis, and reduced survival. EGFR is considered one of the main proteins elevated in breast, lung, and prostrate cancers, among others. Brain cancer is also implicated with over-expressed EGFR. Other work has shown that using monoclonal antibodies for EGFR, or anti-EGFR, has proven an effective strategy for getting nanoparticles to specifically attach themselves to cancer cells. Additional work has shown effectiveness of EGFR as the cancer-targeting pathway. In one embodiment, CME, cell fusion, cell penetrating, and or one or more types of other participatory actions of one or more solo operating, efficacious invention elements 206a, 204a, and or $208 a$ in FIG. 2 may yield a therapeutic effect in controlling, regulating, or mediating EGFR activity. In another example embodiment of modulating EGFR activity, cargo elements ( $\mathbf{2 0 2} a$ ) in FIG. 4 may comprise one or one or more types of cancer drugs or biologicals delivered directly into cells and organelles that are transported into the cell via their attachment to one or more natural and or invention receptor elements during CME, by cell fusion, by directly penetrating cell membrane $\mathbf{4 0 2}$, and or by one or more types of other participatory actions. In another embodiment, invention cargo elements ( $\mathbf{2 0 2} a$ ) may comprise one or more diagnostic agents, or combine one or more diagnostic agents and therapeutic agents in the same payload. In one or more embodiments, one or more invention elements of one or more types may thus comprise an efficacious method for the diagnosis, treatment, remedying, curing, and or prevention of one or more types of cancers, including those cancer types that fall outside the scope of EGFR-related activity.
[0206] FIG. 5 is a conceptual diagram illustrating the basic units of Coatomer I and II proteins. COPII and Clathrin cages are both constructed from $\partial$-solenoid and $\beta$-propeller building blocks (Fotin et al., 2004b; ter Haar et al., 1998; Ybe et al., 1999). In various embodiments of the invention, one or more elements of one or more types are formed from isolated, synthetic and or recombinant amino acid residues comprising in whole or in part one or more types of Coatomer proteins of one or more isoforms, including cloned isoforms. Examples of various Coatomer subunit amino sequences are listed in SEQ ID NO:15, SEQ ID NO:18, SEQ ID NO:21, SEQ ID NO:26, SEQ ID NO:27, SEQ ID NO:29, and SEQ ID NO:30. In another embodiment, one or more Coatomer subunit amino
acid sequences may be modified, altered, adapted or functionalized in one or more ways in one or more embodiments of the invention.
[0207] In one embodiment, Coatomer is comprised of seven distinct subunits: alpha, beta, beta ', gamma, delta, epsilon and zeta subunits, respectively.
[0208] In Clathrin, a triskelion assembly unit lies at each vertex, and the $\partial$-solenoid legs of neighboring triskelia interdigitate extensively as they extend toward the adjacent vertices; the $\beta$-propeller is not part of the architectural core and instead projects in toward the membrane to interact with adaptor molecules (Fotin et al., 2004; Kirchhausen, 2000). In contrast, the COPII assembly unit is a rod that constitutes the edge of a cuboctahedron, and four rods converge to form the vertex with no interdigitation of assembly units. $\partial$-solenoid domains form the core of the edge, but, unlike Clathrin, the COPII vertices are formed from $\beta$-propellers. In summary, the COPII and Clathrin lattices seem not to share common construction principles other than the use of $\partial$-solenoid and $\beta$-propeller folds.
[0209] Crystallographic analysis of the Coatomer II assembly unit reveals a 28 nm long rod, element $\mathbf{5 0 2}$, comprising a central solenoid dimer capped by two $\beta$ propeller domains, elements 504, at each end. GTPase, elements 508, bind to adaptor elements 506, which bind to elements 502 . In the illustration, element $\mathbf{5 0 2} a$ is an invention element that acts as an efficacious replacement element for one or more natural element $\mathbf{5 0 2}$, forming a hybrid Coatomer element. The structural geometry and properties of COPI coats remain to be determined. However, by analogy to the COPII and Clathrin structural units, they probably involve a preassembled cage protein (CP) scaffold that is generated by the $\beta$-propellercontaining and $\partial$-solenoid-containing subunits and an adaptor protein (AP) subcomplex. Together these could form an $\mathrm{AP}-\mathrm{CP}$ heptaheteromeric functional unit in the cytosol. (Gurka, et al. 2006)
[0210] COPI and COPII play a major role in exocytosis, as also can their invention element counterparts. Clathrin can also play a role in exocytosis, but to a lesser extent than Coatomer. The exocytosis process refers to the fusion of intracellular vesicles with the plasma membrane. It occurs via two major processes, a constitutive pathway and a regulated pathway. These are the major ways that the cell secretes materials, wherein a cell secretes macromolecules (large molecules) by fusion of vesicles with the plasma membrane. Coatomer-coated vesicles, which are typically less than fifty nanometers in size, are also involved in vesicular transport between the Golgi apparatus, endoplasmic reticulum and plasma membrane. Coatomer I vesicles shuttle elements from the Golgi to the endoplasmic reticulum (ER). Coatomer II vesicles shuttle elements from the ER to the Golgi. Coatprotein I/II subunits (COPs) require ATP to assemble into a coat and unlike Clathrin coats, the Coatomer coat remains on the vesicle until docking occurs. In some instances, Coatomer proteins are also involved in endocytosis, but are unrelated to Clathrin. Thus, while Clathrin also mediates endocytic protein transport from the ER to the Golgi, Coatomers (COPI, COPII) primarily mediate intra-Golgi transport, as well as the reverse Golgi to ER transport of dilysine-tagged proteins. Coatomers reversibly associate with Golgi (non-Clathrincoated) vesicles to mediate protein transport and for budding from Golgi membranes. In one or more embodiments, one or more COPI/COPII invention elements and or Clathrin invention elements, either by acting alone and or in part with other
elements of one or more types, including natural and or noninvention elements, efficaciously modify, control and regulate, interfere with, create, and or spawn elements and or induce actions or behaviors involving exocytosis.
[0211] Cells of the mammalian immune system undergo selective changes in protein glycosylation during differentiation, immune activation, and autoimmune disease. In many, if not most of these types of diseases endocytosis and cellular trafficking and signaling plays a role. Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, (and 5, in some embodiments), but not limited to, in one embodiment, one or more invention elements of one or more types, in whole or in part selectively interfere with, fuse with, control and regulate, induce, and otherwise modify endocytosis, receptor-specific processing, trafficking and signaling, and other behaviors for efficacious effect in one or more types of autoimmune diseases, including, but not limited to, one or more types of diabetes, CNS autoimmune diseases, and other types of autoimmune diseases that effect the body.
[0212] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, (and 5 in some embodiments), but not limited to, in one embodiment, one or more invention elements of one or more types selectively interfere with, control and regulate, and or modify secretory products that participate in inflammation and immunoregulation; and also in other embodiments, whereby endocytosis mediated by specific receptors for immunoglobulin or by other opsonins is important in removal of damaged self or foreign particles. In another embodiment, defects in membrane receptor function, whether inherited or acquired, and the pathogenesis of immune diseases may be remedied, inhibited, mitigated, and or prevented.
[0213] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, in one embodiment, but not limited to, one or more invention elements of one or more types efficaciously fuse with and or functionally replace one or more natural elements commonly found in endocytosis, exocytosis, mitosis, trafficking and signaling, and the like, either by acting alone and or in part with other elements of one or more types, including natural and or non-invention elements.
[0214] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, but not limited to, in another embodiment, one or more invention elements of one or more types efficaciously cross over into a cell, its elements, and or its organelles, such as its nucleus, either by acting alone and or in part with other elements of one or more types, including natural and or non-invention elements.
[0215] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, in another embodiment, but not limited to, one or more invention elements efficaciously create, spawn, comprise, modify, repair, regenerate, reassemble, and or control and regulate one or more natural elements commonly found in endocytosis, exocytosis, mitosis, trafficking and signaling, other cellular behaviors, and the like, either by acting alone and or in part with other elements of one or more types, including natural and or non-invention elements.
[0216] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, in another embodiment, but not limited to, one or more invention elements efficaciously utilize natural and or genetically engineered elements to encode components of the intracellular sorting machinery that mediate the selective trafficking of lipids and proteins in the secretory and endocytic pathways, to efficacious effect.
[0217] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, in another embodiment, but not limited to, one or more invention ele-
ments efficaciously utilize genetic agents and elements, including, but not limited to, proteins; peptides; DNA and DNA variants; RNA and RNA variants such as mRNA, iRNA and siRNA; RNA-induced silencing complex (RISC), other genetic-modifying agents and methods, and the like.
[0218] In another embodiment, but not limited to, one or more invention elements efficaciously utilize one or more oligonucleotides in antisense therapy. These antisense DNA drugs work by binding to messenger RNAs from disease genes, so that the genetic code in the RNA cannot be read, stopping the production of the disease-causing protein.
[0219] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements may comprise one or more RNAi (RNA interference) elements and or RNAi variants such as small interfering RNA molecules (siRNA), but not limited to, that may collaborate with proteins in the cell and also may form a nanoscale element called a RISC (RNA-Induced Silencing Complex). RNAi and or RISCs may be used to head off a genetic disease before the first symptom appears, based on an analysis of an individual's predisposition to certain diseases. This methodology is a way of silencing a specific gene, for example, genes that direct cancer cells to proliferate or that create overproduction of proteins that cause rheumatoid arthritis. Basically, RNAi works by scanning RNA templates that may cause a disease and cleaving that RNA template, and enzymes then destroying the template before it can complete its actions on the offending DNA. One of the key barriers to successful RNAi therapy is their finding their way to a specific site in the body and then the RNAi not degrading rapidly before it can do useful work. In one illustrative embodiment, RNAi, siRNA, RISC elements and or other suitable methods may be targeted by an invention element such that one or more such RNA elements seek out and destroy potentially harmful genetic elements and or other genetic processes.
[0220] As noted in the literature, Clathrin heavy chain is known to be a cytosolic protein that functions as a vesicle transporter. However, the Clathrin heavy chain exists not only in cytosol but also in cell nuclei. The p53 gene, in which mutations have been found in $>50 \%$ of human cancers, encodes a protein that plays an important role in preventing tumorigenesis. Clathrin heavy chain expression enhances p53-dependent transactivation, whereas the reduction of Clathrin heavy chain expression by RNA interference (RNAi) attenuates its transcriptional activity. Moreover, Clathrin heavy chain binds to the p53-responsive promoter in vivo and stabilizes p53-p300 interaction to promote p53-mediated transcription. Thus, nuclear Clathrin heavy chain is required for the transactivation of p 53 target genes and plays a distinct role from Clathrin-mediated endocytosis (Enari, et al 2006). In one embodiment, p53 and or one or more other types of genes, their diseases and disorders, and or RNAi related activities may be efficaciously controlled and regulated, mitigated, prevented, and or modified via one or more embodiments of the instant invention.
[0221] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, in another embodiment, but not limited to, one or more elements, acting alone or not, would achieve therapeutic effect by deliberately controlling and regulating, or modifying faulty exocytosis and or endocytosis processes that produce disorders and diseases. This is a health critical situation, as the role of dopamine receptors and transporters; the excitability of dopaminergic neurons; and the regulation of extracellular dopamine levels in the brain, especially in relation to the diseased state, has proven to be imperative for a further understanding of
dopaminergic neurotransmission as a whole. For example, dopaminergic neurotransmission critically depends on exocytotic release and neuronal uptake of dopamine, as well as on diffusion away from the release site. Once target cells are reached, dopamine can bind to and activate dopamine receptors. The subsequent cellular response depends on the type of dopamine receptor that is activated and the signal transduction mechanisms that are coupled to these receptors. Disturbances in one or more of the above-mentioned aspects of dopaminergic transmission could lead to severe neurological and neuropsychiatric disorders such as Parkinson's disease, depression, addiction, schizophrenia, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, restless legs syndrome, Tourette syndrome, and the like, and in or more invention embodiments, one or more such disorders may be efficaciously treated.
[0222] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, in another embodiment, but not limited to, one or more elements, during some operations may interact with, for example, an externally applied magnetic field, like during NMR. However, since invention protein elements are electrically neutral, only minimal (e.g., no) structural distortion of the elements occurs in the presence of the magnetic field. Therefore, using invention elements to capture other types of elements, which may be, for example, one or more NMR contrast agents for developmental imaging and diagnostic studies, and which contrast agents may also be capable of crossing cellular membranes, protects and extends the utility of the invention.
[0223] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, in another embodiment, but not limited to, one or more elements may comprise, for example, one or more metal ions including, but not limited to, the gadolinium (III) chelate compounds of DTPA, DO3A, DOTA and other variations of these linear and macrocyclic ligands that act as targeted and or non-targeted contrast agents.
[0224] Direct Gd3+-OH2 chemical bonds, which exchange rapidly with other bulk H 2 O molecules, produce the mechanism whereby unpaired electrons on Gd3+ relax the proton nuclei of many nearby H 2 O molecules. Accordingly, the behavior of T1 contrast agents, such as those based on gadolinium requires good direct contact with tissue water molecules (spin-lattice relaxation mechanism) to be efficient. Thus, it is often preferable to bind them to the external surface of the carrier. (Hooker, et al. 2007) In one embodiment, one or more elements facilitate better contact to tissue water because one or more contrast agents of one or more types are not located in the interior part of a cage (in its cavity), but rather, located on much more exposed non-cage elements of one or more types. In one embodiment, one or more cage element 212 has one or more contrast agents of one or more types located on the outside part of cage element 212; or on both the inside and outside parts of element 212.
[0225] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more imaging or study elements comprise one or more treated manganese minerals, such as oxides, silicates, and carbonates for imaging and study enhancement.
[0226] Besides Gd3 complexes, there is another important class of contrast agents for MRI that is based on polysaccharide coated iron oxide particles. Their peculiarity stems from the fact that their blood half-life and distribution to different organs of the reticuloendothelial system (RES) depend upon the particle size (Aime, et al 1998). In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more of a wide range of lanthano-invention labeled derivatives for custom-designed contrast agents.
[0227] In another embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more therapeutic agents in addition to one or more imaging contrast and diagnostic agents.
[0228] In another illustrative embodiment, targeted and or non-targeted in vivo delivery of one or more elements are internally and or externally monitored, directed, activated, deactivated and or regulated, locally and or at a remote distance by, for example, but not limited to, NMR, ESR, ultrasound, radio transmissions, and or biochemical reactions.
[0229] Additionally, in other embodiments, NMR is combined with other techniques, such as ENDOR, which combines the best aspects of ESR and NMR, to yield high sensitivity and nuclear selectivity, respectively, for in vivo and in vitro studies.
[0230] In one embodiment, one or more different sized, paramagnetic coated, quantum dots, and or photonic dots are used as one or more contrast markers in magnetic resonance imaging (Mulder, et al., 2009). In other embodiments, one or more different sized quantum dots, and or photonic dots may be used in positron emission tomography (PET) for in-vivo molecular imaging, or as fluorescent tracers in optical microscopy.
[0231] In another configuration, one or more types of elements comprise one or more radiodiagnostic agents for nuclear medicine.
[0232] Referring again to FIG. 2, in further illustrative embodiments, free-floating cargo may be carried in cavity forming cargo elements $202 a$ that comprise a fluid, gas, or vapor; which free-floating cargo, for example, may be one or more molecular ensembles for enhanced medical imaging, and which cargo may also be carrying one or more therapeutic agents.
[0233] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, in another embodiment, but not limited to, one or more invention elements comprise one or more types of elements in whole or in part, such as one or more drug and pharmacological elements; biological elements; biomedical or medical elements; and the like, including healthcare elements; bioengineered elements; cosmetic elements; and the like.
[0234] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, but not limited to, in one embodiment, one or more elements of one or more types comprise targeted and or non-targeted drug delivery elements, including their high precision dosing, or other forms of healthcare elements for diagnosing, remedying, inhibiting, mitigating, curing, and or preventing one or more types of diseases, infections, physical or mental trauma, or other forms of physical and mental afflictions.
[0235] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, but not limited to, in one embodiment, one or more elements comprise an in vitro and or in vivo model and or system for research study, including a model, method, and or system for the research and development of new drugs, therapies, prosthetics, and drug delivery systems, including an accelerated drug discovery process.
[0236] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, in another embodiment, but not limited to, one or more elements, acting alone or not, are utilized for studying, discovering, preventing, curing, mitigating, and or healing one or more types of animal, tree, plant, grain, grass, agricultural, vegetable, and or fungal diseases, disorders, infestations, and or blights.
[0237] Referring again to FIGS. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, in another embodiment, but not limited to, one or more elements are used for studying, discovering, designing, and or enabling of genetically engineered elements, for example, one or more
types of genes, cells, and other biological elements and products in animals, trees, plants, grains, grasses, agriculture, vegetables and fungi.
[0238] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more methods for nourishing and or promoting healthy growth in one or more types of animals, trees, plants, grains, grasses, agriculture, vegetables and or fungi.
[0239] Referring again to FIGS. 2 and 4, in another embodiment, but not limited to, the heat shock cognate protein, hsc 70, and its molecular co-chaperone auxilin, help to regulate the natural endocytosis aftermath of natural CCV uncoating and disassembly. Hsc 70 also promotes uncoating and disassembly of Coatomer I and II vesicles. In cells overexpressing ATPase-deficient hsc70 mutants, uncoating of CCVs is inhibited in vivo. In one embodiment, bioengineered elements may be used to regulate under or over expression of hsc70 and or auxilin. In one example embodiment, using a monoclonal antibody or other agent type as cargo against hsc 70 blocks the hsc 70 -mediated release of invention and or non-invention Clathrin from coated vesicles. In another example embodiment, or more auxilin elements comprise invention elements.
[0240] In one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements are stable with respect to dissociation, including one or more associated non-invention elements.
[0241] In another illustrative embodiment, disassembly and dissolution of one or more elements are deliberately inhibited and control and regulated, including one or more associated non-invention elements.
[0242] In one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements remain stable for a time certain or estimated time before the onset of dissociation, including one or more associated non-invention elements.
[0243] In one illustrative embodiment, dissociation of one or more elements may occur in whole or in part, including one or more associated non-invention elements.
[0244] In one illustrative embodiment, one or more cargo elements may comprise one or more uncoating and dissociation agents and or use one or more methods for controlled and regulated release of agents or cargo from one or more elements, including one or more associated non-invention elements.
[0245] In another embodiment, disassembly and dissolution of one or more elements, including one or more associated non-invention elements are inhibited, controlled and regulated, and or promoted by using one or more specific agents, stimuli, and or other methods.
[0246] In one embodiment, but not limited to, one or more invention elements of one or more types are formed in vitro via the following protocols, which may be modified and or substituted by one or more other types of protocols in one or more invention embodiments: (Adapted from Campbell, C et al., Biochemistry 23, 4420-4426 (1984), Pearse \& Robinson, EMBO J. 9:1951-7 (1984), and Zhu, et. al., Methods in Enzymology, 328, 2001, Kedersh N, et al., J. Cell Biology 103, 1986.)
[0247] (Adapted from Campbell, C et al., Biochemistry 23, 4420-4426 (1984), Pearse \& Robinson, EMBO J. 9:1951-7 (1984), and Zhu, et. al., Methods in Enzymology, 328, 2001, Kedersh N, et al., J. Cell Biology 103, 1986.)

Part I. Method of Differential Centrifugation.
[0248] 1. Make up 1 L of a buffer (buffer A) that comprises: 50 mM Mes $\mathrm{pH} 6.5,100 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, 1 \mathrm{mM}$ EGTA, 0.5 mM $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}, 0.02 \% \mathrm{NaN}_{3}, 1 \mathrm{mMDTT}$ a day prior to experiment and storage at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[0249] 2. Add 1:100 PMSF proteases inhibitor to buffer A ( $200 \mathrm{ul} / 20 \mathrm{ml}$ ).
[0250] 3. Collect and wash 14 rat brains ( $\sim 2.0 \mathrm{~g}$ ) and livers $(-20.0 \mathrm{~g})$. Wash and place the brains in ice-cold buffer A. Perfuse the livers with ice-cold PBS and collect them in ice-cold buffer A.
[0251] 4. Mince and homogenize the brains in a PotterElvehjem grinder with 2 volume of ice-cold buffer A per total brain wet weight $(\sim 90 \mathrm{ml})$. Do the same with the livers ( -400 ml ).
[0252] 5. Centrifuge the homogenate at $23,000 \mathrm{~g}(11,900$ rpm ) in a Sorvall GSA or at $13,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ in a Sorvall SS34 rotor for 45 min at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[0253] 6 . Collect the supernatant and centrifuge at $43,000 \mathrm{~g}$ $(18,000 \mathrm{rpm})$ in a Sorvall SS34 rotor or at $20,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ in a ti 45 Beckman rotor for 1 h at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[0254] 7. Resuspend the pellet in 10 ml of ice-cold buffer A , use a loose-fitting Teflon-glass Dounce homogenizer.
[0255] 8. Collect homogenate in a 50 ml conical tube. Wash pestle and glass homogenizer with 5 ml of buffer A , and add this to homogenate until total volume is 15 ml . Add 1:100 PMSF
[0256] 9. Dilute the homogenate 1:1 with 15 ml of $12.5 \%$ Ficoll/12.5\% sucrose (both in ice-cold buffer A), and mix by inversion to ensure homogeneity.
[0257] 10. Centrifuge at $43,000 \mathrm{~g}(18,000 \mathrm{rpm})$ in a Sorvall SS34 rotor or at $20,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ in a ti 45 Beckman rotor for 30 $\min$ at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[0258] 11. Collect the supernatant in a graduate cylinder and dilute it 1:5 in ice-cold buffer A. Add 1:100 PMSF
[0259] 12. Centrifuge the supernatant at $100,000 \mathrm{~g}(33,000$ rpm ) in a Beckman 70.1 Ti rotor or at $31,100 \mathrm{rpm}$ in a ti 45 Beckman rotor for 1 h at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[0260] 13. Collect pellet and resuspend in $5-10 \mathrm{ml}$ of icecold buffer A by using a loose-fitting Teflon-glass Dounce homogenizer. Add 1:100 PMSF
[0261] 14. Leave the homogenate on ice for about 30 min , and take an aliquot of 10 ul for EM, and dilute 1:10 for brain, 1:100 for liver.
Part II. Purification of CCVs Using Density Gradients (Zhu's CCVs and Clathrin Coat Preparation). Submit the Crude Clathrin-Coated Vesicles from Fresh Rat Brain to Discontinuous Sucrose Gradient for Remove Contaminating Vaults.
[0262] 1. CCVs resuspended in $(5-10 \mathrm{ml})$ buffer A
[0263] 2. Preparer a discontinuous sucrose gradient in SW28 tubes by carefully layering 5 ml of $40 \%, 5 \mathrm{ml}$ of $30 \%, 6 \mathrm{ml}$ of $20 \%, 8.5 \mathrm{ml}$ of $10 \%$, and 8.5 of $5 \%$ sucrose solutions in buffer A from bottom to top.
[0264] 3. CCVs $(5-10 \mathrm{ml})$ is laid on top of the gradient and centrifuged at $100,000 \mathrm{~g}(25,000 \mathrm{rpm})$ in a SW28 rotor for 1 hr at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[0265] 4. Collect twenty-six 1.5 ml factions from the top.
[0266] 5. Small aliquots from every other faction are analyzed for CCVs using 10\% SDS-PAGE. [Fractions comprising the CCVs (typically fractions 12-21 as numbered from the top of the gradient) are combined, diluted with 3 volumes of buffer A, and centrifuge at $112,000 \mathrm{~g}(31,100$
rpm ) in a ti 45 Beckman rotor for 1 h at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. or at 33,000 rpm in a Beckman 70.1Ti rotor for 1 h at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Add 1:100 PMSF]
[0267] 6. Resuspend the pellet in ice-cold buffer A, do a protein assay to yield an approximate concentration. Usually add 1 to 2 ml of buffer A .
[0268] 7. Aliquot the homogenate in aliquots of 200 ul and store at $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Take an aliquot of 10 ul each for EM and SDS-gel PAGE.
Part III. Isolation of Triskelia and APs from CCVs Using Keen's Method.
[0269] 1. Dialyze CCVs against 0.01M Tris buffer, Ph 8.5, 3 mM azide for 5 hours.
[0270] 2. Centrifuge at $240,000 \mathrm{~g}(51,200 \mathrm{rpm})$ for 20 min at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Because you are using low amount of sample; (IF we have less than 2 mL , Do not use the lid or close the centrifuge tubes of the 70.1 Ti rotor.) The soluble coat proteins comprising triskelial and APs are separated from the residual Clathrin-coat vesicle membranes.
[0271] 3. Collect the soluble fraction and do protein assay.
[0272] 4. Take an aliquot of 10 ul for EM and 50 ul for SDS-gel PAGE.
Part IV. Separation by FPLC of AP-1 from AP-2 with Hydroxyapatite Column

Solutions:
[0273]
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\hline \text { Stocks: } & \begin{array}{l}1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NaH} \\ 2\end{array} \mathrm{PO}_{4} ; \mathrm{pH} 7.1 & (30 \mathrm{~g} / 250 \mathrm{ml}) \\ & 5 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NaCl}\end{array}\right)$
[0274] Both buffers need to be filtered and degassed prior to use.
AP buffer:

| $100 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{MES}, \mathrm{pH} 7.0$ | $39 \mathrm{~g} / 21$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 150 mM NaCl | $17.5 \mathrm{~g} / 21$ |
| 1 mM EDTA | 4 ml of 500 mM solution $/ 21$ |
| $0.02 \% \mathrm{NaN}_{3}$ | 4 ml of $10 \%$ solution $/ 21$ |
| 0.5 mM DTT | -> add just before use <br>  |

[0275] Hydroxyapatite Column:
[0276] 5 ml Econo-Pac CHT-II from BioRad; the column is stored at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. in low $\mathrm{PO}_{4}$ buffer

## Procedure:

[0277] Connect the hydroxyapatite column to the FPLC system via the BioRad adaptors. Put a $0.2 \mu$ syringe filter at the inlet of the column.
[0278] Use the following FPLC settings:
[0279] Sensitivity: 1
[0280] Flow: $1 \mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{min}$
[0281] Chart Recorder speed: $0.5 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{min}$
[0282] Make sure the fraction collector is set at "ml" and a volume of " 1 "
[0283] Pump A is used for the low $\mathrm{PO}_{4}$ buffer; Pump B for the high PO4 buffer. Wash the pumps with Valve 1 in position " 3 ".
[0284] Once the FPLC system is set up, start washing the column with 20 ml of high $\mathrm{PO}_{4}$ buffer ( $=20 \mathrm{~min}$ ). Be sure to switch on UV-Lamp.
[0285] This is followed by equilibration of the column with low $\mathrm{PO}_{4}$ buffer; i.e. until the baseline is stable. The backpressure of the system should be approx. 0.1 MPa and must not exceed 0.35 Mpa .
[0286] During the equilibration phase (Valve 1 in position " 1 "="Load"), the 50 ml superloop is loaded with the AP sample (Pump C; $5 \mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{min}$ ).
[0287] With the column equilibrated and the superloop loaded, switch Valve 1 into position " 2 "="Inject". The APs are injected over the column at a flow rate of $1 \mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{min}$.
[0288] After the injection is completed, continue running low $\mathrm{PO}_{4}$ buffer over the column until the baseline is stable. Don't forget to prepare 1.5 ml tubes for the fraction collector.
[0289] AP-1 and AP-2 are then eluted from the column using Method 6:

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 0.0 | CONC $\%$ B | 0.0 |
| 0.0 | VALVE.POS | 1.1 |
| 0.0 | CM/ML | 0.50 |
| 0.0 | PORT.SET | 6.1 |
| 40.0 | CONC $\%$ B | 0.0 |
| 40.0 | ML/MIN | 1.00 |
| 50.0 | CONC $\%$ B | 100 |

The elution profiles for AP-1 and AP-2 tend to vary considerably from one purification to another; $\mathrm{AP}-1$ is eluted first.
[0290] AP-1 tends to be eluted from the column in three to four 1 ml fractions, usually starting at around \#13.AP-2 is usually eluted in up to 15 fractions, starting at around $\# 25$. The fractions comprising the APs need to be verified by SDS-PAGE (two gels of $10 \%$ or $12 \%$ )
[0291] Wash column with low $\mathrm{PO}_{4}$ buffer; store at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[0292] Pooled AP-1 fractions and pooled AP-2 fractions are dialyzed against 1 liter of AP buffer overnight, and for a few more hours after exchanging the buffer ( $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.). The samples are then stored at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[0293] Typically, the concentration for Clathrin (peak fractions) is approx. $0.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$, for AP-1 and AP-2 between $0.3-0.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$.
[0294] According to one illustrative embodiment, but is not limited to, recombinant Clathrin formation may be achieved in the following exemplar manner. Stoichiometric quantities of adaptor elements $208 a$ comprising AP-1 and AP-2 are required for Clathrin self-assembly at physiological pH . However, in vitro Clathrin self-assembly occurs spontaneously below about pH 6.5 . Recombinant terminal and distal domain fragments are produced and combined with recom-binant-produced hub fragments in assembly buffer as described below in order to induce formation of one or more Clathrin elements, such as those comprising elements 206a, for use in the invention.
[0295] In one illustrative technique, bovine Clathrin heavy chain cDNA encoding heavy chain amino acids 1-1074 (SEQ ID NO: 1) is cloned into the pET23d vector (Novagen)
between the NcoI (234) and XhoI (158) sites. Expression of the cloned sequence results in a terminal and distal domain fragments having a C-terminal polyhistidine tag. Hub fragments corresponding to amino acids 1074-1675 (SEQ ID NO: 1) are cloned into vector pET15b (Novagen) between the BamHI (319) and Xhol (324) sites. Expression of the hub fragments produces the proximal leg domain and central trimerization domain of the Clathrin hub with an N-terminal polyhistidine tag. Vectors comprising the heavy chain and hub domains are expressed in E. coli by induction with 0.8 mM isopropyl-B-D-thiogalactopyranoside for 3 hours at 30 degrees Celsius. Expressed proteins are isolated, recombinant, and or synthetic from bacterial lysate in binding buffer ( 50 mM Tris- HCl ( pH 7.9 ), $0.5 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NaCl}, 5 \mathrm{mM}$ imidazole) in a nickel affinity resin using the polyhistidine tag. Proteins are eluted with $206 a \mathrm{mM}$ EDTA and dialyzed against 50 mM Tris- $\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{pH} 7.9)$. Hub fragments are further isolated, recombinant, and or synthetic using size exclusion chromatography on a Superose 6 column (Pharmacia).
[0296] In another exemplar technique, Clathrin assembly reactions are performed using expressed heavy chain and hub fragments by overnight dialysis at 4 degrees Celsius in assembly buffer ( 100 mM 2 -(N-morpholino)ethanesulfonic acid, pH 6.7, $0.5 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{MgCl} 2,1 \mathrm{mMEGTA}, 1$ MMTris(2-carboxy-ethyl)-phosphine hydrochloride, $3 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{CaCl2}$. Assembly reactions are centrifuged for 5 minutes at $12,000 \mathrm{rpm}$. The supernatant is then centrifuged for 45 minutes at $45,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ $(100,000 \times g)$. The pellets are resuspended in assembly buffer, and protein composition is determined on SDS-PAGE. The efficiency of element $\mathbf{2 0 6} a$ formation can be determined by electron microscopy by diluting assembly reactions $1: 5$ in 10 mM Tris pH 7.9 , and placing aliquots on a glow-discharged carbon-coated grid, using $1 \%$ uranyl acetate as the stain.
[0297] According to another illustrative embodiment, but is not limited to, recombinant Clathrin formation may be achieved in the following exemplar manner, as described by Rapoport, et al. (MBC 2008): A cDNA encoding rat Clathrin heavy chain (Kirchhausen et al., 1987a) is used as a template to generate full-length ( 1675 HC ), nested C-terminal truncations ( $1661 \mathrm{HC}, 1643 \mathrm{HC}, 1637 \mathrm{HC}, 1630 \mathrm{HC}$, and 1596 HC ), internal deletions ( 1675 PIVYGQ HC, 1643 PIVYGQ HC, and 1675 QLMLTA HC), and mutations (1643LML-AAA HC ) of the heavy chain; each is then subcloned into the insect cell expression vector pFastBacl (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.). A cDNA encoding rat liver Clathrin light chain LCa (Kirchhausen et al., 1987b) is used as the template to subclone the region encoding the full light chain (residues 1-256) into the insect cell expression vector pFastBacHTb . The final construct (rLCali) comprises at its N terminus a $6 x$-His-tag followed by a linker of 20 residues. Baculoviruses suitable for infection and expression are generated with the Bac-to-Bac system (BD Biosciences, San Jose, Calif.). Virus stocks are obtained after four rounds of amplification, and they are kept in the dark at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The open reading frame of rat brain Clathrin light chain LCal is also used as a template to subclone it into the bacterial expression vector pET28b (Novagen, Madison, Wis.) between the NcoI and EcoRI restriction sites so as to generate a native, nontagged light chain. All constructs are verified by DNA sequencing. Clathrin heavy chains together with light chain are expressed in Hi5 insect cells (1L, 1-1.5 $206 a$ cells $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ) grown for 2-3 din spinner flasks at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. in Excell 420 medium after coinfection with the appropriate viruses. Alternatively, Clathrin heavy chain only is expressed in a similar way. The cells are
centrifuged at 1000 rpm for 10 min at room temperature by using an H6000A rotor (Sorvall, Newton, Conn.), and the pellets are resuspended in 20 ml lysis buffer $(50 \mathrm{mM}$ Tris, pH $8.0,300 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, 1 \mathrm{mM}$ EDTA, 3 mM mercaptoethanol, and half of a tablet of Complete Protease Inhibitor Cocktail [Roche Applied Science, Indianapolis, Ind.]). The resuspended pellets are sonicated for 1 min on ice (Flat tip at $20 \%$ power, Ultrasonic processor XL; Heat Systems, Farmingdale, N.Y.), cell debris is removed by centrifugation at $90,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for 20 min at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. by using a TLA 100.4 rotor (Beckman Coulter, Fullerton, Calif.), and the supernatant ( 20 ml ) is dialyzed at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. for 12 h against $2 \times 21$ of cage buffer $(20 \mathrm{mM}$ [2-(N-morpholino)ethanesulfonic acid] MES, $\mathrm{pH} 6.2,2$ $\mathrm{mMCaCl} 2,0.02 \% \mathrm{NaN3}$, and 0.5 m Mdithiothreitol [DTT]). The sample is then centrifuged at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$., first at low speed ( 1000 rpm for 10 min ) to remove large aggregates and then at high speed ( $54,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for 1 h ) by using a Ti rotor (Beckman Coulter). The pellet, primarily comprising Clathrin (presumably assembled as cages) is resuspended in 6 ml of 100 mM MES, $\mathrm{pH} 6.5,3 \mathrm{mM}$ EDTA, $0.5 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{MgCl} 2,0.02 \% \mathrm{NaN} 3$, 0.5 mM DTT, and 0.5 mM phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride) followed by addition of 3 ml of 2.4 MTris, $\mathrm{pH} 7.4,1 \mathrm{mMDTT}$, and incubation for 20 min at room temperature, a condition used to dissociate native Clathrin assemblies. The sample is centrifuged at $90,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for 20 min at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. by using a TLA 100.4 rotor, and most of the Clathrin is recovered in the supernatant. The resulting sample is subjected to gel filtration chromatography ( $90 \mathrm{~cm} \times \varnothing=3 \mathrm{~cm}$ column comprising Sephacryl-S 500 [GE Healthcare, Little Chalfont, Buckinghamshire, United Kingdom] in 0.5 M Tris, $\mathrm{pH} 7.4,0.04 \%$ $\mathrm{NaN3}$, and 0.5 mMDTT ) at room temperature and with a flow of $2 \mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{min}$. Fractions of 5.5 ml comprising the Clathrin peak $(100 \mathrm{ml})$ are pooled and then subjected to adsorption chromatography ( 5 ml , hydroxyapatite, Econo-Pac CHT-II; BioRad, Hercules, Calif.); the column is pre-equilibrated with low phosphate buffer ( 10 mM NaH2PO4, $\mathrm{pH} 7.1,100 \mathrm{mM}$ $\mathrm{NaCl}, 0.02 \% \mathrm{NaN3}$, and 0.5 mM DTT) and eluted with a linear gradient from low to high phosphate concentration ( 500 mM NaH2PO4, pH $7.1,100 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, 0.02 \% \mathrm{NaN} 3$, and 0.5 mM DTT) at room temperature with a flow of 1 $\mathrm{m} 1 / \mathrm{min}$. Fractions $(1 \mathrm{ml})$ are collected into microcentrifuge tubes comprising 21 of 0.5 M EDTA. Typical Clathrin yields are in the range of $3-40 \mathrm{mg}$ per 11 of cell culture. Western blot analysis is used to confirm the expression of Clathrin heavy and light chains. The rat Clathrin light chain rLCalb is expressed in Escherichia coli strain BL21(DF3). The bacteria are grown in Luria-Bertani (LB) medium comprising $30 \mathrm{mg} / 1$ kanamycin at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. with shaking ( 250 rpm ) to an optical density of 0.5 . Expression is induced by addition of isopro-pyl-d-thiogalactoside (IPTG) (final concentration, 0.6 mM ). After 3 h , the cell are harvested by centrifugation at 5000 rpm for 10 min at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. by using an H6000A rotor (Sorvall) and resuspended in ice-cold lysis buffer ( 20 mMBis -Tris adjusted to pH 6.0 at room temperature, 0.5 mM dithiothreitol, 1 mM EDTA, and Complete Protease Inhibitor Cocktail) by using 20 ml of lysis buffer per 3.5 g of wet cell weight. The suspension is placed into a glass vessel, and the vessel is immersed in boiling water for 4 min and then chilled on ice. The boiled suspension is centrifuged at $54,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for 30 min at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. by using a 60 Ti rotor (Beckman Coulter) to remove the precipitated material. rLCalb is purified from the filtered supernatant ( 0.2 -msyringe filter) by anion exchange chromatography at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. on a HiTrap MonoQ column equilibrated with buffer A ( 20 mM Bis-Tris, adjusted to pH 6.0 at room temperature, and
0.5 mM dithiothreitol) and eluted using a linear gradient from 0 to $32 \%$ buffer B ( 20 mMBis -Tris, adjusted to pH 6.0 at room temperature, 0.5 mM dithiothreitol, and 1 MNaCl ). For the in vitro reconstitution of Clathrin, recombinant heavy chain (expressed in insect cells without light chain) is mixed with excess rLCalb (expressed in bacteria) by using a weight ratio of 3:1 (equivalent to a molar ratio HC:LC of 1:2.4) just before cage or coat assembly for 40 min at room temperature.
[0298] Part V. Clathrin Coat Formation

## Reagents

[0299] 1. Coat formation buffer

| 80 mM Mes hydrate pH 6.5 | $31.23 \mathrm{~g} / 2 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20 mM NaCl | $2.34 \mathrm{~g} / 2 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 2 mM EDTA | 8 mL of 500 mM stock solution $/ 2 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 0.4 mM DTT | 1.6 mL of 500 mM stock solution $/ 2 \mathrm{~L}$ |

[0300] 2. Clathrin
[0301] 3. AP-2

## Procedure

[0302] (1) Place a solution of clathrin and AP-2 into a dialysis chamber
[0303] clathrin: $\mathrm{AP}-2=3: 1$ to $4: 1(\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{w})$
[0304] (2) Dialyze over night against coat formation buffer; replace buffer and dialyze for an additional 3-4 h .
[0305] (3) Transfer to a centrifuge tube, centrifuge to remove larger aggregates
[0306] rotor: TLA- $100.4,12000 \mathrm{rpm}, 4^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ., 10 \mathrm{~min}$
[0307] (4) Transfer supernatant to fresh centrifuge tube, centrifuge to collect coats
[0308] rotor: TLA-100.4, $65000 \mathrm{rpm}, 4^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ., 12 \mathrm{~min}$
[0309] (5) Immediately withdraw supernatant with a 1 mL pipette.
[0310] (6) Wash carefully with buffer around the pellet.
[0311] (7) Resuspend the pellet by adding buffer, allowing to stand at room temperature for $10-15 \mathrm{~min}$, then slowly wash buffer over the pellet to resuspend using a micropipettor (avoid foaming)
[0312] volume: $120-150 \mathrm{uL}$ for a pellet of $\sim 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ diameter

Part VI. Clathrin Cage Formation
Reagents
[0313] 1. Cage Formation Buffer:
[0314] 20 mM Mes, $\mathrm{pH} 6.2(3.9 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{l})(7.8 \mathrm{~g} / 2 \mathrm{l})$
[0315] $2 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{CaCl} 2(2 \mathrm{ml}$ of $1 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{l})(4 \mathrm{ml}$ of $1 \mathrm{M} / 2 \mathrm{l})$
[0316] $0.02 \% \mathrm{NaN3}(2 \mathrm{ml}$ of $10 \% / 1)(4 \mathrm{ml}$ of $10 \% / 21)$
[0317] $0.5 \mathrm{mMDTT}(1 \mathrm{ml}$ of $500 \mathrm{mM} / 1)(2 \mathrm{ml}$ of $500 \mathrm{mM} / 2$
1)
[0318] 2. Clathrin

## Procedure

[0319] (1) Place a solution of Clathrin ( $0.5-1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ ) into a dialysis chamber
[0320] (2) Dialyze over night against cage formation buffer; replace buffer and dialyze for an additional 3-4 h.
[0321] (3) Transfer to a centrifuge tube, centrifuge to remove larger aggregates
[0322] rotor: TLA-100.4, $12000 \mathrm{rpm}, 4^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ., 10 \mathrm{~min}$
[0323] (4) Transfer supernatant to fresh centrifuge tube, centrifuge to collect coats
[0324] rotor: TLA- $100.4,65000 \mathrm{rpm}, 4^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ., 12 \mathrm{~min}$
[0325] (5) Immediately withdraw supernatant with a 1 mL pipette.
[0326] (6) Wash carefully with buffer around the pellet.
[0327] (7) Resuspend the pellet by adding buffer, allowing to stand at room temperature for $10-15 \mathrm{~min}$, then slowly wash buffer over the pellet to resuspend using a micropipettor (avoid foaming)
[0328] Production of Recombinant Auxilin
[0329] A protein chimera of glutathione transferase (GST) with bovine auxilin (spanning residues 547-910) is generated by fusion in the vector pGEX4T-1 and then used for expression in E. coli BL21 (Fotin et al., 2004a). The bacteria are grown in LB medium supplemented with ampicillin to an OD600 0.5-0.6 at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Protein expression is induced by addition of 1 mM IPTG (final concentration) and the cells grown for another 4 h at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The cells (from 11 of culture) are centrifuged at 5000 rpm for 15 min at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$., and the pellet is kept frozen overnight. The pellet is resuspended in 25 ml of pGEX lysis buffer ( 20 mM HEPES, $\mathrm{pH} 7.6,100 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{KCl}, 0.2$ mM EDTA, $20 \%$ glycerol, 1 mM DTT, and half a tablet of Complete Protease Inhibitor Cocktail) and sonicated on ice using three consecutive sonication cycles of 60,30 , and 30 s (standard microtip, 20\% power). The sample is centrifuged at $45,000 \mathrm{rpm}$ for 1 h at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. by using a 60 Ti rotor, and the supernatant mixed with 0.5 ml of a $50 \%(\mathrm{vol} / \mathrm{vol})$ slurry of glutathione-Sepharose 4 beads (GE Healthcare). After 2 h of end-over-end rotation at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$., the beads are poured into a propylene Econo-Column (Bio-Rad), washed with 15 ml of pGEX lysis buffer, and then washed with 15 ml of 25 mM HEPES, $\mathrm{pH} 7.0,100 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}$, and 0.1 mM EGTA. Elution of GST-auxilin (in 2 ml ) is achieved by supplementing the solution with 50 mM glutathione, adjusted to pH 8 . These steps are carried out at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Release of the GST portion is achieved by incubation of 1 mg of GST-auxilin with 1 U of thrombin at room temperature for 6 h . Proteolysis is ended by addition of 1 mg of Pefabloc SC (Roche Applied Science). The 40 -Da auxilin fragment is further purified using a Mono S column (Pharmacia, Peapack, N.I.). The sample is first dialyzed overnight against MES buffer A ( 50 mM MES, pH $6.7,1 \mathrm{mM}$ EDTA, and 3 mM -mercaptoethanol), and then it is loaded onto the column (pre-equilibrated with MES buffer A) and eluted with a linear gradient of buffer A and with MES buffer B ( 50 mM MES, $\mathrm{pH} 6.7,500 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, 1 \mathrm{mMEDTA}$, and 3 mM -mercaptoethanol) at a flow of $1 \mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{min}$. The auxilin sample is stored at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. with $20 \%$ glycerol (final concentration).
[0330] Production of Recombinant Hsc70
[0331] N-terminal $6 x$-His-tagged bovine Hsc70 (full length) cloned into the pET 21 avector is expressed in E. coli BL21. The bacteria are grown at $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. in LB supplemented with $0.1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ ampicillin to an OD600 of 0.5 , transferred to $28^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$., and induced with 0.1 mM IPTG for 5 h . The cells are centrifuged at 5000 rpm for 15 min at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$., and the pellets from 11 culture resuspended in 25 ml 50 mM Tris, $\mathrm{pH} 8.0,300$ $\mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, 1 \mathrm{mM}$ ATP, 2 mM MgCl 2 , 10 mM -mercaptoethanol, and half a tablet of Complete Protease Inhibitor Cocktail without EDTA. The supernatant obtained after sonication and centrifugation (as with auxilin) is mixed with 1 ml of $50 \%$ ( $\mathrm{vol} / \mathrm{vol}$ ) slurry of nickelnitrilotriacetic acid-agarose beads (QIAGEN, Valencia, Calif.) for 4 h by endover-end rotation at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The beads are placed into an Econo Pac column and then
washed with 30 ml of 50 mM Tris, $\mathrm{pH} 8.0,300 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, 10$ mM -mercaptoethanol, 10 mM imidazole, 1 mM ATP, and 1 $\mathrm{mM} \mathrm{MgCl} 2)$. Hsc 70 is then eluted at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. with $5-6 \mathrm{ml}$ of the same solution supplemented with 200 mM imidazole. Fractions of 1 ml are collected into microcentrifuge tubes comprising 401 of 0.1 M EGTA. The samples comprising $20 \%$ glycerol (final concentration) are stored at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[0332] According to another illustrative embodiment, Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II proteins are extracted and prepared from Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II coated vesicles obtained from non-rat, non-bovine organic tissue, including from human tissue, in whole or in part. In another embodiment, Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II coated proteins are extracted and prepared from Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II coated vesicles obtained by donor/recipient tissue matching using established techniques. In another embodiment, Clathrin and or Coatomer I/II proteins are prepared, in whole or in part, by using stem cells, cloning and or other genetic manipulation techniques known in the prior art to produce genetically matched tissue for a donor recipient.
[0333] According to one illustrative embodiment, the coat protein I (COPI) assembly process is carried out by preparing Coatomer subunits from cytosolic preparations, including methods, but are not limited to, as essentially described in Spang, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA. 1998 Sep. 15; 95 (19): 11199-11204. Coatomer, a nanoscale element comprised of seven distinct subunits (alpha, beta, beta ', gamma, delta, epsilon and zeta subunits, respectively) and ADP-ribosylation factor (ARF, an N-myristylated small GTP-binding protein) are the only cytoplasmic proteins needed.
[0334] In another illustrative embodiment, the coat protein I (COPI) assembly process is carried out by preparing Coatomer subunits from cytosolic preparations, including methods, but are not limited to, as essentially described in Sheff, et al, The Journal Of Biological Chemistry, Vol. 271, No. 12, Issue Of March 22, Pp. 7230-7236, 1996 "Purification of Rat Liver Coatomer (COPI')-Purification of rat liver Coatomer is accomplished through a substantial modification of the method of Waters and Rothman (13). Unless otherwise noted, all operations are performed at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Approximately 250 g of fresh liver from 10-15 adult Sprague-Dawley rats (Harlan Sprague-Dawley) are homogenized in 2 volumes of buffer ( 25 mM Tris, $\mathrm{pH} 7.5,320 \mathrm{mM}$ sucrose, 500 mM KCl , 2 mM EDTA, 1 mM dithiothreitol) comprising protease inhibitors ( $2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ pepstatin A, antipain, and leupeptin; 1 mM phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride) using a polytron homogenizer with $1.5-\mathrm{cm}$ cutter assembly at maximum speed for three $1-\mathrm{min}$ bursts on ice with $1-\mathrm{min}$ rests. The lysate is cleared by sequential centrifugation at 90003 g for 15 min followed by centrifugation of the supernatant at $100,0003 \mathrm{~g}$ for 1 h . This material ( S 100 ) is stored at $270^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. for up to 4 months. For a typical purification, 150 ml of S 100 is diluted 6 -fold with cytosol buffer ( 25 mM Tris, $\mathrm{pH} 7.5,1 \mathrm{mM}$ dithiothreitol, 1 mM EDTA plus protease inhibitors as above). Protein concentration is $5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$. Ammonium sulfate is added to $25 \%$ of saturation and stirred for 15 min on ice, and then precipitate is removed by centrifugation, and the supernatant is brought to ammonium sulfate at $45 \%$ of saturation with stirring on ice. The precipitate is collected by centrifugation and redissolved in 150 ml of cytosol buffer. An additional 120 ml of cytosol buffer is added and then 30 ml of $60 \%$ (w/v) polyethylene glycol 3350 in distilled H 2 O with gentle stirring. The mixture is incubated at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. for 30 min , and the precipitate is collected by centrifugation at $10,0003 \mathrm{~g}$ for 15
min . The precipitate is resuspended in 20 ml of G buffer ( 10 mM Tris, $\mathrm{pH} 7.5,0.2 \mathrm{mMATP}, 0.2 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{CaCl} 2$ ), the insoluble material is removed by centrifugation, and the supernatant is passed over a $20-\mathrm{ml}$ column comprising 250 mg of DNase-I (Sigma) coupled to agarose (Affi-Gel-10, Bio-Rad, prepared according to the manufacturer's directions) to remove contaminating actin and actin binding proteins. Eluent is desalted into cytosol buffer using 10DG desalting columns (Bio-Rad) and applied to a $50-\mathrm{ml}$ DEAE cellulose column (DE52, Whatman) equilibrated in cytosol buffer. COPI is eluted with a $100-400 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{KCl}$ gradient over 200 ml , with the elution of COPI followed by spot blot on nitrocellulose using EAGE antibody. In a final step, peak COPI fractions are pooled, diluted 1:1 with cytosol buffer, and applied to a $1-\mathrm{ml}$ Mono-Q column (Pharmacia) equilibrated in cytosol buffer and mounted on a fast protein liquid chromatography apparatus (Pharmacia). The column is swished with 300 mM NaCl and then eluted with a $350-400 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}$ gradient over 20 ml . COPI, as assayed by the presence of b-COP on a spot blot using EAGE antibody, eluted as a single peak. The presence and purity of COPI is confirmed by SDS-PAGE. An alternative final step is employed in preparing samples for twodimensional dimensional gels. Here, DEAE eluent is concentrated in a Centricon-30 microconcentration (Amicon) to 400 ml and applied to a $24-\mathrm{ml}$ Superose-6 (Pharmacia) column equilibrated in cytosol buffer with 50 mM KCl . As with Mono-Q, COPI eluted in a single peak. This final step produces a somewhat lower yield and comprises some contaminants between 30 and 100 KD by SDS-PAGE. For copurification of labeled CHO cytosol and rat liver COPI, all quantities are divided by $3,1 \mathrm{ml}$ of labeled cytosol is added to 50 ml of rat liver S100, and the Mono-Q column is used as the final step.
[0335] The increasing interest in the targeting of foreign moieties at sites in the body where their activity is required is addressed by the invention in one more embodiments. It is important that agents, like drugs, particularly those having undesirable side effects, are delivered to the site where they are supposed to act. Many molecular species require that they be delivered in a site specific manner, often to particular cells, for example, polynucleotides (anti-sense or ribozymes), metabolic co-factors or imaging agents. One such system has been described by Wu et al., J. Biol. Chem., 263, 1462114624 and WO-A-9206180, in which a nucleic acid useful for gene therapy is conjugated with polylysine linked to galactose which is recognized by the asialoglycoprotein cargo attachment elements on the surface of cells to be targeted. However, there are many occasions, such as in the delivery of a cytotoxic drug, when it would not be satisfactory to use a delivery system in which the targeting and or masking moiety and or vector to be delivered is so exposed. This need is addressed by various delivery system embodiments of the invention that possess the flexibility to target a wide range of biologically active foreign moieties.
[0336] In one embodiment, the invention includes one or more elements having one or more suitable sites for subsequent attachment of a targeting and or masking moiety and or vector, and one or more elements having one or more surfaces and or protein coats to which one or more targeting and or masking moieties and or vectors have already been attached.
[0337] In one embodiment, one or more masking moieties are attached to the surface of one or more invention elements. These masking moieties prevent the recognition by a specific cell surface and instead allows for intravenous administration
applications. For example, the surface masking characteristics may be provided by poly (ethylene glycol) (PEG) by using various PEG-PLA and PLGA mixtures. PEG conjugation masks the protein's surface, reduces its renal filtration, prevents the approach of antibodies or antigen processing cells and reduces its degradation by proteolytic enzymes. In one embodiment, PEGylated elements significantly improve element stability and prevent leakage of agents from elements. Studies have shown that protein-based nanoparticles and liposomes without PEGs have a short circulation time due to rapid uptake by macrophages of the reticulo-endothelial system (RES), primarily in the liver and spleen. Finally, PEG conveys to molecules its physico-chemical properties and therefore modifies biodistribution and solubility of peptide and non-peptide nanoparticles. Thus, recent studies have used mostly nanoparticles with PEGs. The PEG coating is highly hydrated and this layer protects against interactions with molecular and biological components in the blood stream, as well as nonspecific binding to tissue. In one embodiment, one or more elements, in one or more configurations, are internally and or externally attached, coated, and treated, in whole or in part by using steric stabilizers including, but not limited to, steric stabilizers selected among dipalmitoyl phosphatidyl ethanolamine-PEG, PEG-stearate, the esters of the fatty acids from the myristic acid to the docosanoic acid with methyl ether PEG, the diacylphosphatidyl ethanolamines esterified with methyl ether PEG and the polylactates and the polyglycolactates esterified with methyl ether PEG. In one embodiment, one or more elements are not required to be PEGylated to efficaciously operate.
[0338] In another embodiment, one or more elements, and in one or more configurations are internally and or externally coated or treated in whole or in part with surfactants, including, but not limited to, surfactant agents selected among soybean phosphatidylcholine, dioleyl phosphatidylcholine, dipalmitoyl phosphatidylcholine, hydrogenated soy-bean phosphatidylcholine, phosphatidylethanolamine and phosphatidylserine), and or with cosurfactants, including, but not limited to cosurfactant agents selected among ethanol, propanol, isopropanol, butanol, sodium taurocholate, sodium glycocholate, propylene glycol, butyric acid and benzoic acid.
[0339] In one or more embodiments, ligands can be of one or more efficacious types, such as drugs, and may be bioengineered, and or comprise isolated, recombinant, synthetic, and or cloned elements.
[0340] In one embodiment, one or more types of ligands may be functionalized and or attached in one or more ways to one or more elements.
[0341] In one embodiment, ligands are natural ligands of one or more types. In another embodiment, one or more types of natural ligands are modified and or functionalized. In another embodiment, invention element ligands and natural element ligands are combined to comprise one or more types of hybrid ligand elements.
[0342] In another embodiment, the course of a natural ligand and or invention ligand element during cellular signaling, trafficking, downregulation, upregulation, endocytosis, exocytosis, and other cellular entry or exit, cellular inter- and or intra-actions, and the like, may be efficaciously controlled, regulated, and or modified by one or more elements to yield one or more diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, prevention of disease, or other types of efficacious effects, and the like.
[0343] Examples of some natural ligands, but not limited to, that may be subject to efficacious control, modification, and or regulation in one or more invention embodiments are listed below:
[0344] Toxins and lectins, e.g.,
[0345] Diptheria Toxin
[0346] Pseudomonas toxin
[0347] Cholera toxin
[0348] Ricin
[0349] Concanavalin A
[0350] Viruses, e.g.,
[0351] Rous sarcoma virus
[0352] Semliki forest virus
[0353] Vesicular stomatitis virus
[0354] Adenovirus
[0355] Influenza
[0356] West Nile
[0357] Serum transport proteins and antibodies, e.g.,
[0358] Transferrin
[0359] Low density lipoprotein
[0360] Transcobalamin
[0361] Yolk proteins
[0362] IgE
[0363] Polymeric Ig
[0364] Maternal Ig
[0365] IgG, via Fc receptors
[0366] Hormones and Growth Factors, e.g.,
[0367] Insulin
[0368] Epidermal Growth Factor
[0369] Growth Hormone
[0370] Thyroid stimulating hormone
[0371] Nerve Growth Factor
[0372] Calcitonin
[0373] Glucagon
[0374] Prolactin
[0375] Luteinizing Hormone
[0376] Thyroid hormone
[0377] Platelet Derived Growth Factor
[0378] Interferon
[0379] Catecholamines
[0380] LDL
[0381] Neurotransmitters
[0382] Substance P
[0383] A neurotransmitter known to stimulate pain receptors
[0384] In one or more embodiments, one or more elements are conjugated (bonded) with one or more other elements (e.g., ligands), agents, materials, and or substances of one or more types, including those developed by $3^{\text {rd }}$ parties, which may be used singly or mixed together in one or more configurations for medical and biological research, diagnosis, therapy, or prosthetic purposes. One or more biomedical elements such as ligands and other types of biomedical functionalization elements may be directly and or indirectly attached, bonded, fastened, cross-linked, and or affixed to and or incorporated into one or more invention elements, as well as one or more non-invention and or natural elements. In one embodiment, attachment is achieved via molecular tethers. In another embodiment, no molecular tether is involved. In one configuration, a free radical molecule may be attached directly to one or more invention elements. In another embodiment, one or more elements may be bonded, fastened, and or affixed to one or more elements by being included in a modified protein sequence of one or more elements or bonded elements; by
using a spacer; by covalent bonding; by site directed mutagenesis; by genetically engineered mutation and or modification; by peptides; by proteins; by DNA; by antibodies; by monoclonal antibodies; by recombinant elements; and via other bioengineering techniques and methods known in the art.
[0385] According to one embodiment, the protein amino acid sequence of one or more elements are modified to provide a site suitable for attachment thereto of an in vivo or in vitro targeting and or masking moiety. In one illustrative embodiment, one or more target-specific ligands and or targeting moieties are directly attached to one or more elements via one or more amino acid groups, and or attached via one or more short molecular tethers.
[0386] In another embodiment, one or more functionalization elements, of one or more types, comprise highly specific targeting agents, such as, but not limited to, antibodies, peptides or small molecules, large molecules, and other functional ligands, such as fluorophores and permeation enhancers, and the so functionalized nanoparticles may target receptors, transporter, enzymes and or intracellular processes in vivo with high affinity and specificity.
[0387] In one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements such as diagnostic, therapeutic, prosthetic, and or assay agents, but not limited to, are delivered to a target in vivo or in vitro using a variety of guidance techniques, including for example, optical (photonic), acoustic, electric, biological, chemical, mechanical reactions and forces, but not limited to, and one or more elements may be delivered singly and or in one or more configurations to one or more targets.
[0388] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more diagnostic agents like imaging contrast or radioactive agents to perform site designation, site specificity, and site retention for targeted in vivo delivery of therapeutics; the latter may also comprise part of the same diagnostic payload.
[0389] In one illustrative embodiment, the invention enables targeted agent delivery systems that retain their structural integrity and that may also loiter for a calculated period of time at the targeted area of concern after delivery of agent payload.
[0390] In one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements comprise molecules arranged in specific patterns. The pattern of elements precisely mirrors or mimics a spatial or physical pattern a target cell in a human or animal body expects to see and will recognize, and one or more elements are accepted by the target cell, which can be a cancer cell or HIV infected cell, for example.
[0391] In one embodiment, gold metal nanoparticle probes with sensor ligands and using electrical charges are bonded to one or more elements, and or attached to ligands, targeting moieties, and or vectors. The gold particles carry short strands of artificial DNA (oligonucleotides) tailored to match known segments of biological DNA that are implicated in, or linked to, disease.
[0392] Target-specific ligand binding and any subsequent changes within or to one or more elements may be a result of either covalent or non-covalent interactions-the latter including hydrogen bonding, ionic interactions, Van der Waals interactions, and hydrophobic bonds-depending on the application, system design, receptor design, cargo type and or the interaction/application environment.
[0393] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements, ligands, targeting moieties, vectors, and the like utilize the method of chirality.
[0394] In another illustrative embodiment, reactions and forces arise from one or more ligands and or targeting moieties binding to targets, including covalent and non-covalent interactions, which ligands are tethered and or directly attached to one or more invention elements. Ligand binding to one or more specific targets may produce one or more conformational changes sufficient to deform and or rupture one or one or more elements in whole or in part, thereby causing one or more elements to be released. The targeting moieties can be selected by one of ordinary skill in the art keeping in mind the specific cell surface to be targeted. For example, if one wishes to target the asialoglycoprotein receptor on the hepatocytes in the liver, an appropriate targeting moiety would be clustered trigalactosamine. Once a specific targeting moiety has been selected for a particular cell to target, the different targeting moieties can be attached either by covalent linkage directly onto the surface of one or more invention elements, or by indirect linkage via, for example, a biotinavidin bridge. In another embodiment, depolymerization (e.g., by cytosolic Hsc 70) of the Clathrin and or Coatomer element exposes one or more transmembrane proteins (V-SNARE) that direct one or more elements to their destinations by binding to a specific T-SNARE protein on the target organelle. The fusion protein SNAP25 causes the one or more elements to fuse with the target membrane
[0395] In one embodiment, avidin is attached covalently to the surface of one or more elements and a biotinylated ligand attaches non-covalently to the avidin. In another embodiment, biotin is covalently attached to the surface of one or more invention elements, and then avidin is used as a bridge between the biotinylated polymer and the biotinylated ligand. Targeting agents may also include one or more biocompounds, or portions thereof, that interact specifically with individual cells, small groups of cells, or large categories of cells. Examples of useful targeting agents include, but are not limited to, low-density lipoproteins (LDS's), transferrin, asiaglycoproteins, gp120 envelope protein of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), and diphtheria toxin, antibodies, and carbohydrates. A variety of agents that direct compositions to particular cells are known in the prior art (see, for example, Cotten et al., Methods Enzym, 1993, 217, 618).
[0396] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more classical structural activity relationships (SARs) based drug discovery approaches are combined with one or more other techniques to form a specific case of targeted drug delivery, for example, but not limited to, one or more structural metabolism relationships (SMRs) that in combination with SARs are sometimes termed as retrometabolic drug design approaches. These active drugs are designed to undergo singular metabolic deactivation after they achieve their therapeutic roles, and may produce specific action at the site of application without affecting the rest of the body.
[0397] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more agent functionalities and or methods that produce targeting by changing molecular properties of an overall target molecule, as a result of enzymatic conversion, but also, for example, may involve one or more pharmacophores. These elements, sometimes referred to as the targetor (Tor) moiety, are converted by site-specific enzymes to active functions. In addition to the Tor moiety, one
or more other functions may be introduced into elements for in vivo use, which can be named as "protector functions" that serve as lipophilicity modifiers or protectors of certain functional groups in therapeutic agent molecules.
[0398] In other illustrative embodiments, one or more other types of targeting delivery systems and methods can be used, for example, but not limited to, in whole or in part in one or more configurations: surfactants (surface-active substances) and or cosurfactants; enzymatic physical-chemical-based targeting; site-specific enzyme-activated targeting; vectors, such as ligand-based, non-viral-based, and Protein/DNA polyplex vector targeting; receptor-based chemical targeting; organic and or inorganic synthetic elements; transmembrane proteins (V-SNARE); peptides, including peptides that cross cell membranes and home specifically to certain diseases; nanostructured dendrimers and hyperbranched polymers; molecular Trojan horses; adenovirus, herpes simplex virus, adeno-associated virus or other virus vectors for targeted delivery that do not cause toxicity; antibodies, including monoclonal antibodies; nanoparticles, including polymer nanoparticles like polymer, polybutylcyanoacrylate, and ethyl alcohol nanoparticles; immunotoxins; hormonal therapy; tissue-specific gene expression; gene therapy; pegylated immunoliposomes; anti-sense therapy; biological elements and or agents, including biological elements and agents conjugated with other agents, such as transferrin, but not limited to such; chemical elements and agents; devices, systems, and or mechanisms; liposomes, including liposomes conjugated with transferrin, but not limited to such; confor-mationally-constrained peptide drugs targeted at the bloodbrain barrier; endogenous blood brain barrier and or blood tumor capillary transporters; inhibiting and or modulating blood brain barrier active efflux transporters; air and or other gas bubbles; blood brain barrier breaking and or disrupting elements and agents; blood brain barrier tight junction separating and or endocytoses elements and agents; vector-mediated delivery of opioid peptides to the brain; brain drug delivery of peptides and protein drugs via vector-mediated transport at the blood brain barrier, neurotrophic, neuroprotective, and various peptides and drugs, and the like.
[0399] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements cross various in vivo biological barriers, such as the transmucosal passage, and may also cross the blood-brain barrier (BBB) and the blood-cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) barrier for targeted and or non-targeted in vivo delivery of CNS agents and elements. In one embodiment, one or more BBBpassing elements comprise small and or large molecule drugs.
[0400] Natural Clathrin, and in particular its ability to 'track' vesicle proteins leaving a synapse into the extracellular space (Granseth, et al 2007) indicates that the protein is not immediately scavenged by phages and other "housecleaning" elements in the brain, and further, may move freely about CNS spaces. In one embodiment, one or more elements efficaciously move through the CNS spaces and comprise in situ elements for remediation, removal, and or sequestration of one or more types of contaminants, toxic elements, undesirable organic or inorganic elements, and the like.
[0401] In another embodiment, extensive modification and functionalization of agents and elements may not be required for CNS entrance and or BBB passage. Only minimal functionalization may be required, depending on cargo and element type.
[0402] In another embodiment, one or more CNS-entering and or BBB-passing elements of one or more types may
behave as a drug by themselves-i.e., they efficaciously operate alone without carrying additional elements, e.g., cargo elements. In another embodiment, one or more elements of one or more types carry one or more additional elements of one more types past the BBB.
[0403] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements enter the CNS and or cross the blood brain barrier for targeted delivery of agents and elements, including, but not limited to, small and or large molecules, non-lipid-soluble micromolecules, macromolecules, light sources, hydrophilic and or hydrophobic agents, such as therapeutic, diagnostic, and prosthetic agents, and other structured cargo to specific cells and areas within the brain, and such agents and or cargo may comprise one or more sensor agents, assay agents, diagnostic agents, prosthetic agents, and also may comprise agents like central nervous system drugs, antibiotics, and antineoplastic agents of one or more types, but are not limited to such.
[0404] In another embodiment, one or more elements are capable of circumventing the fluid-brain barriers by intracellular routes related to three separate and distinct endocytic processes. The three endocytic processes from the least to the most specific are fluid- or bulk-phase endocytosis, adsorptive endocytosis, and receptor-mediated endocytosis.
[0405] There are several transport mechanisms and techniques known in the art to be involved in the uptake of nanoparticles by the brain across the BBB (Lockman et al. 2002, Begley, 2004, de Boer et al. 2007), one or more of which may be utilized in one or more invention embodiments. These mechanisms and techniques include: simple diffusion of lipophilic molecules, the BBB-specific influx transporters, including organic anion and cation transporters and transcytosis or endocytosis. In one embodiment, one or more elements are internalized at the BBB by one or two different endocytosis mechanisms: receptor-mediated endocytosis (RME) and adsorptive-mediated endocy tosis (AME). AME is triggered by an electrostatic interaction between the positively charged moiety of the peptide and the negatively charged region of the plasma membrane. In contrast, RME is specific to certain peptides such as insulin and transferrin.
[0406] In one embodiment, delivery through the bloodbrain barrier of one or more types of small or large molecule cargo elements, and or molecules with polar functional groups is accomplished via chimeric peptides. The latter are formed when a transportable vector, such as cationized albumin , lectins, or a receptor-specific monoclonal antibody, is conjugated to a therapeutic compound that is normally not transported through the BBB. In one embodiment, conjugation of drugs to transport vectors is facilitated by, but not limited to, the use of avidin-biotin technology. In another embodiment, chimeric peptides are not required to pass through the blood-brain barrier, depending on cargo and element types.
[0407] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements may be coated with one or more surfactants and or cosurfactants, including, but not limited to, polysorbate 20, 40,60 and 80 , and or with one or more other materials and substances to cross various biological barriers, such as the transmucosal passage, and also to overcome the blood-brain barrier ( BBB ), the transmucosal passage, and the blood-cerebrospinal fluid barrier (CSG) for targeted delivery of agents and elements nanoparticles. In another embodiment, surfactants and or cosurfactants are not required to achieve such BBB-passing functionality, depending on cargo and element
type. E.g., in the prior art, it has been shown that using such surfactants and co-surfactants can cause an immunogenic response.
[0408] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements may be cationized to facilitate blood brain barrier passage. In another embodiment, cationization is not required to achieve such functionality, depending on cargo and element type.
[0409] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements cross the blood brain barrier due to disruption of the barrier by acoustic techniques, such as by using ultrasound.
[0410] In another embodiment, zonula occludens toxin and its eukaryotic analogue, zonulin, (zot) are protein ligands attached to one or more invention elements. Zonulin, the natural ligand of the Zot target receptor, interacts with these cargo attachment elements at the blood brain barrier, unlocking the tight junctions (TJ) in the brain that regulate the blood-brain barrier at that receptor. TJ-unlocking allows passage of one or more elements through the BBB , and thereby enables delivery of small and large molecules, non-lipidsoluble micromolecules, macromolecules, light sources, and other structured cargo elements to the brain. In another embodiment, Zonulin is not required to pass through the blood-brain barrier, depending on cargo and element types.
[0411] Extracellular pathways circumventing the fluidbrain barriers in humans are comparable in the CNS of rodents and a subhuman primate. The most highly documented extracellular route is through the circumventricular organs (e.g., median eminence, organum vasculosum of the lamina terminalis, subfornical organ, and area postrema), all of which comprise fenestrated capillaries and, therefore, lie outside the BBB. In one embodiment, blood-borne macromolecules; specifically fluid-phase molecules released by the invention; escaping fenestrated vessels supplying the circumventricular organs move extracellularly into adjacent brain areas located behind the BBB.
[0412] The potential intracellular and extracellular pathways that blood-borne substances carried within one or more elements may follow in various embodiments for circumventing the fluid-brain barriers and entry to the CNS are therefore numerous, and various invention embodiments are used as appropriate. One invention embodiment, for example, uses the nasal cavity as a route for delivery of one or more types of drugs and other agents, especially for systemically acting drugs that are difficult to deliver via routes other than injection. Embodiments for the use of the nasal cavity for drug delivery also extend to circumventing the blood brain barrier. Drugs have been shown to reach the CNS from the nasal cavity by a direct transport across the olfactory region situated at the loft of the nasal cavity. It is the only site in the human body where the nervous system is in direct contact with the surrounding environment. In one embodiment, the nasal route would be important for rapid uptake of one or more types of drugs used in crisis treatments and management, such as for acute pain, epilepsy, psychic agitation, and for one or more other types of centrally acting drugs where the pathway from nose to brain provides a faster and more specific therapeutic effect. Furthermore, in another embodiment, the trigeminal nerve and, in animals, the vomeronasal organ also connects the nasal cavity with the brain tissue. One or more methods of nasal delivery to the CNS, which may also be used by the instant invention, but not limited to, are described in Dhuria, et al, 2008; Ma et al, 2007; and Thorne et al. 1995.
[0413] The nasal cavity has a relatively large absorptive surface area and the high vascularity of the nasal mucosa ensures that absorbed compounds are rapidly removed (Mainardes, et al 2006). In one embodiment, two routes, singly or in combination, are used via which one or more types of molecules are transported from the olfactory epithelium into the CNS and/or CSF. The first is the epithelial pathway, where one or more types of compounds pass paracellularly across the olfactory epithelium into the perineural spaces, crossing the cribriform plate and entering the subarachnoid space filled with CSF. From here the molecules can diffuse into the brain tissue or will be cleared by the CSF flow into the lymphatic vessels and subsequently into the systemic circulation. The second embodiment utilizes the olfactory nerve pathway, where compounds may be internalized into the olfactory neurones and pass inside the neuron through the cribriform plate into the olfactory bulb. In another embodiment, it is possible that further transport into the brain can occur by bridging the synapses between the neurons. After reaching the brain tissue, the drugs are cleared either via the CSF flow or via efflux pumps such as p-glycoprotein at the BBB into the systemic circulation. Despite the potential of the nasal route, there are some factors that limit the intranasal absorption of drugs. These barriers include the physical removal from the site of deposition in the nasal cavity by the mucociliary clearance mechanisms, enzymatic degradation in the mucus layer and nasal epithelium and the low permeability of the nasal epithelium removed (Mainardes, et al 2006). Colloidal carriers systems, such as nanoparticles and liposomes have demonstrated great efficacy in increasing drug bioavailability via the nasal route (Illum, 2002) In one invention embodiment, one or more elements comprise a colloidal carrier for enhanced nasal delivery of one or more elements, of one or more types.
[0414] Further, in one embodiment, it is possible to greatly improve the nasal absorption of one or more types of drugs and other elements by administering them in combination with an absorption enhancer that promotes the transport of the drug across the nasal membrane. Another invention embodiment comprises a nasal drug-delivery system that combines an absorption enhancing activity with a bioadhesive effect, which increases the residence time of the formulation in the nasal cavity. In one embodiment, this method can be even more effective for improving the nasal absorption of polar drugs. In one or more embodiments, a wide range of absorption enhancer systems can be utilized. In another embodiment, depending on cargo and element types, minimal functionalization may be required to take advantage of nasal absorption for efficacious passage to brain cells.
[0415] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements and in one or more configurations comprise in vivo and or in vitro sensor systems, assay systems, therapeutic drugs and other suitable methods to do genetic-based (traitbased) and or phenotype (state-based) drug dosing. In one embodiment, drugs are delivered at optimally effective and safe doses per each individual.
[0416] The invention, in one embodiment, provides for individual patient factors such as genotype, phenotype, age, gender, ethnicity etc., to be taken into account by one or more elements and factored into dosing and administration consideration. It has been demonstrated that inter-individual response variability can be 40 -fold or more with practically all classes of psychotropic drugs. This makes it difficult to formulate rational guidelines for dosing and interpretation of
biological parameters (such as plasma or serum drug concentrations) that might be associated with a therapeutic response. Although much remains unknown, a number of factors have been characterized as important determinants of patient-topatient variability. These encompass genetics, disease state, nutritional status, concurrent use of drugs, and other pharmacoactive substances, including demographic factors such as age, gender, and ethnicity. Therefore, there is a requirement for in vivo systems that analyze many of these factors and dynamically adjust dosing accordingly.
[0417] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more personalized medicine elements, and which elements' efficacy may be increased, because responses arising from one or more individual variability factors; such as, but not limited to, genotype, phenotype, disease state, metabolic state, nutritional status, coninstant use of drugs, and other pharmacoactive substances, and also demographic factors such as age, and ethnicity; are factored into the elements, pre-delivery and or post delivery. Side effect profiles may also be reduced via such personalized medicine embodiments.
[0418] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more patented drugs; drugs that are about to go off patent; have already gone off patent (generics); and or their active metabolites, and which drugs' efficacy may be beneficially altered and or enhanced by use of the invention. These beneficial changes in the status of an existing drug may be achieved by the invention in one or more embodiments, for example, but not limited to: the ability to target specific areas in the body; to pass the blood brain barrier; to cross over into cells and their organelles; to fuse with cell membranes; to gain access to the cytosol; to offer the benefits of low antigenicity or minimal immunogenic effects; to modify, regulate, and or control cellular processes; to more efficiently and efficaciously carry drugs; and or to dynamically and or statically adjust the drug's responses and dosages arising from inter-individual variability due to one or more factors, such as, but not limited to, genotype, phenotype, disease state, metabolic state, nutritional status, coninstant use of drugs, and other pharmacoactive substances, and also demographic factors such as age, gender, and ethnicity of the patient. New patent filings for about to go off patent drugs and drugs already off patent may be enabled by one or more invention embodiments, such as affording increased drug efficacy, and or by enabling a better safety profile for the drug in question.
[0419] In various embodiments, the instant invention can carry one or more types of biomedical or healthcare elements, for example and without limitation: one or more therapeutic elements; pharmaceutical elements; diagnostic elements; assay elements; cosmetic elements; agents for treating one or more types of autoimmune diseases; agents for treating one or more types of infectious diseases; biological elements; radioactive agents or nuclear medicine agents; contrast agents; nano-scale biosensors; restorative agents; regenerative agents; cell, tissue, organ or circulatory repair elements; drug discovery agents; drug designer agents; drug research and development agents; drug fabrication agents; drug control and regulation agents; drug modifier agents; targeted drug delivery agents; clinical drug trial agents; antibiotics; antibacterials; vaccines; antiviral and anti-parasitic drugs; cytostatics; vitamins; proteins and peptides, including enzymes; hormones or other biological elements; prosthetic elements; intelligent nano-prostheses that supplement or enhance cell, tissue, or organ functioning; surgical elements; magnetic iron oxide nanoparticles; nano-scale biosensors; assays; diagnos-
tic systems or nano-devices for in vivo delivery of targeted therapy to combat diseases, such as cancer and HIV, and the like, including other types and forms of drug elements for the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, prevention of disease. Some or all such elements may operate under the control and influence of various other elements and or methods and comprise another type of invention platform.
[0420] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements in whole or in part, cure, mitigate, or treat one or more types of bodily injuries and insults, including traumatic injury, blood clots, and the like, but not limited to.
[0421] In one embodiment, nano-engineered scaffolds comprised of a plurality of elements are able to support and promote cellular differentiation and growth in injured or degenerated regions.
[0422] In one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more types of small and or large molecules and may utilize one or more methods to enter the CNS and or cross the blood brain barrier, in whole or in part, for delivery of one or more assay, diagnostic, therapeutic agents, and drugs, of one or more types, to cells and or targeted areas within the brain, like, for example: contrast agents; central nervous system drugs; antibiotics; antineoplastic agents, which may be used for treating malignant brain tumors (primary and or metastasized, of one or more types) or benign neoplasms; Parkinson's agents; Multiple Sclerosis agents; epilepsy agents; meningitis agents; Alzheimer's disease agents; HIV infection agents; memory agents; stroke agents; coma agents; and the like; or comprise one or more psychotropic agents or therapies of one or more types to study, diagnose, cure, mitigate, or treat of one or more types of mental health and illness, including, but not limited to, stress; anxiety; depression; mania; bipolar disorder; attention deficit (hyperactivity) disorder; panic attacks; phobias; addictions; anger; rage; suicidal thoughts and tendencies; substance abuse disorder; post traumatic stress disorder; psychoses; mental retardation; autism; delirium symptoms; schizophrenia; neuroses; and or enhancing memory; cognition; cognitive functioning; the effects of cognitive therapy, and the like; including other types and forms of drug elements for the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of one or more types of CNS diseases. In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements enter the CNS, including crossing the blood brain barrier, in whole or in part, to diagnose, cure, mitigate, or treat one or more types of CNS injuries and insults, including traumatic brain injury, blood clots, and the like, but not limited to.
[0423] In one embodiment, one or more elements promote neuroprotection by limiting the damaging effects of free radicals generated after head injury, a major factor contributing to neuropsychiatric degenerative disorders (e.g., Alzheimer's).
[0424] In one embodiment, nano-engineered scaffolds comprised of a plurality of elements are able to support and promote neuronal differentiation and growth in injured or degenerated brain regions.
[0425] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements comprise a light source, for use, for example, but not limited to, in a photodynamic therapy (PDT) system for age related macular degeneracy (AMD).
[0426] Compounds such as drugs, amino acids, carbohydrates, proteins, nucleotide bases, hormones, pesticides and co-enzymes have been successfully used in the prior art for the preparation of selective recognition matrices. A wide variety of print molecules have been used in various imprint-
ing protocols known in the art. Of all the imprinting strategies known in the art, it has become evident that the use of noncovalent interactions between the print molecule and the functional monomers is the more versatile. The apparent weakness of these interaction types, when considered individually, may be overcome by allowing a multitude of interaction points simultaneously. Together with the fast association and dissociation kinetics of these bond types, so that in a short time many possible combinations can be checked before the correct partners associate, this protocol has proven advantageous. Furthermore, the use of non-covalent interactions in the imprinting step closely resembles the recognition pattern observed in nature. Example invention molecular imprint embodiments in the art include, but are not limited to:
[0427] Fragmented polymer monoliths
[0428] Composite polymer beads
[0429] Polymer beads from suspension, emulsion or dispersion polymerization
[0430] In-situ polymerization
[0431] Polymer particles bound in thin layers
[0432] Polymer membranes
[0433] Surface-imprinted polymer phases
[0434] In one illustrative embodiment, the invention uses molecular-imprint technology, wherein biodegradable films are used as a pliable template for elements, which elements are pressed into a film and then removed, leaving a physical mold of the element's shape. In one embodiment, this can facilitate catalysis of certain reactions and may also be used for shape selective separations. In other embodiments, imprinted polymers may facilitate the fabrication of elements to achieve selective diffusion; as chromatographic supports for the separation of enantiomers and oligonucleotides by invention elements; to provide the recognition element for an invention chemical sensor; and for the synthesis of polymeric materials that mimic biological cargo attachment elements and are targeted by invention elements, and or play a role in the design of new drugs. In one embodiment, this invention process provides for imprinted biodegradable capsule production with target or site-specific feature sizes at the molecular level. Other invention embodiments may utilize imprinted membranes and thin films that also function as an artificial cell wall for the selective transport of targeted drugs, peptides and biologically important molecules.
[0435] Surface imprinting involves the following steps: The print molecule, usually a large one, is first allowed to form adducts with functional monomers in solution and the formed elements are subsequently allowed to bind to an activated surface such as silica wafers or glass surfaces. Thus, with this technique, a designed imprinted (imaged) surface is obtained. This approach should potentially be valuable for creating specific cell binding surfaces. When preparing molecularly imprinted polymer monoliths against large imprint species, there is a risk of permanent entrapment of the template in the polymer after polymerization. When using thin polymeric layers or imprinted surfaces this drawback may be overcome.
[0436] In one embodiment, imprinted nanocapsules using techniques known in the art and as discussed above, one or more elements utilize and or constitute a nanocapsule with manifold, multi-tiered capabilities for in vivo administration and targeted delivery. The imprinted nanocapsule is delivered in vivo to detect and target a particular in vitro imprinted biological element, which may be, but is not limited to, a particular type of receptor, protein, or cell, since its imprint
shape on the nanocapsule will only bind in vivo to that particular biological element target. The molecular-level imprint process thereby provides for targeting one or more elements using biodegradable nanocapsules for in vivo agent delivery. In addition, vectors and targeting moieties, and blood brain barrier, transmucosal, and CSF barrier breaching elements, and other elements and substances may also be attached to the surface of the molecular imprint nanocapsule or otherwise be conjugated to it.
[0437] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements may be used in conjunction with molecularly imprinted polymers known in the art as recognition elements in biosensor-like devices. In one embodiment, imprinted polymer embodiments may be highly resistant sensing element alternatives.
[0438] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements are encapsulated in whole or in part in one or more biodegradable controlled-release polymers, which polymers may also be conjugated with other elements and agents. The polymer capsule, and or one or more elements may also be coated with one or more surfactants and or cosurfactants and or with other materials and substances. One or more targeting and or masking moieties and or other targeting vectors may also be attached on the polymer surface, and or on one or more elements.
[0439] In one embodiment, one or more elements are put into one or more biodegradable controlled-release polymeric capsules, and these elements transform "dumb" polymeric delivery capsules into "smart" systems.
[0440] In the instance of polymeric nanocapsules, which may be molecular imprinted or not, illustrative controlledrelease polymeric nanocapsule embodiments of the invention may include one or more of the following delivery systems, but not limited to, and in one or more configurations:
[0441] 1. Diffusion-controlled systems
[0442] 2. Water penetration-controlled delivery devices
[0443] 3. Chemically controlled systems
[0444] 4. Drugs covalently attached to polymer backbone systems, which delivery systems can be further subdivided into soluble systems and insoluble systems. Insoluble systems are used as a subcutaneous or intramuscular implant for the controlled release of the chemically tethered therapeutic agent. Soluble systems are used in targeting applications.
[0445] 5. Drug release determined predominantly by erosion systems, whereby certain polymers can undergo a hydrolysis reaction at decreasing rates from the surface of a device inward, and under special circumstances the reaction can be largely confined to the outer layers of a solid device. Two such polymers are poly (ortho esters) and polyanhydrides, because the rates of hydrolysis of these polymers can be varied within very wide limits, considerable control over the rate of drug release can be achieved.
[0446] 6. Poly (ortho esters) systems, which are highly hydrophobic polymers that comprise acid-sensitive linkages in the polymer backbone.
[0447] 7. Polyanhydrides materials as bioerodible matrices for the controlled release of therapeutic agents. Aliphatic polyanhydrides hydrolyze very rapidly while aromatic polyanhydrides hydrolyze very slowly, and excellent control and regulate over the hydrolysis rate can be achieved by using copolymers of aliphatic and aromatic polyanhy-
drides. In this way, erosion rates over many days have been demonstrated, and erosions rates measured in years have been projected.
[0448] The form in which the foreign moiety, vector and or cargo are held within one or more elements will depend on the release properties and methods required. For release at the targeted site, it will be important to ensure that the right conditions prevail, for example, to permit cell localization and internalization via receptor mediated endocytosis.
[0449] In one illustrative embodiment, the invention enables one or more types of delivery systems that engage in an iterative, interactive, and dynamic dialog with one or more targets; follow a sequence of actions governed by biological control laws and methods; and or use behaviors and methods as defined by graphs and or an algebra, for example, a Lie algebra. In one illustrative example, one or more elements follow an algorithm expressed by the invention, such as in this illustrative embodiment:
[0450] 1) One or more elements, that may be with or without cargo elements, docks and or loiters on or near one or more cell membranes,
[0451] 2) One or more elements enter one or more target cells, while one or more other elements continue to loiter nearby or stay docked at the cell membrane.
[0452] 3) The docked and or loitering element elements wait for a time period,
[0453] 4) The targeted cell produces one or more reactions, for example, manufactures and or secretes an agent in response to the element's docking and or delivering its cargo,
[0454] 5) The docked element and or loitering elements analyze the new cell behavior and or its secretions,
[0455] 6) The docked element or loitering elements undergo a conformational change in response to the cell's new behavior,
[0456] 7) The docked element and or loitering elements self-adapt, producing yet another conformational change in the cell, and or releases another round of one or more agents that are taken up by the targeted cell, and,
[0457] 8) The foregoing process is repeated as required to achieve an efficacious effect.
[0458] In another embodiment, one or more light sources comprised of one or more elements operate in an intelligently staged sequence or orchestrated series of actions, which may be multiplexed or done in parallel by using one or more light and thermal energy emitting sources and methods. By using one or more light and or thermal energy emitting sources, optical and or thermal energies from one or more light sources operate on one or more photosensitive and or thermal sensitive elements comprising one or more elements that also comprise one or more entrapped agents. This method results in a staged series of overall actions that follow an intelligently ordered sequence of events. In an example embodiment, first a diagnostic agent from one or more elements is released by an optical and or thermal trigger, and the agent's positive finding of a disease, like cancer or HIV then causes one or more therapeutic agents to be released from the same and or other one or more other elements by one or more optical and or thermal triggers. Agent dosages are released in calculated amounts, and the dosages may be non-targeted or targeted.
[0459] In another illustrative embodiment, cavity-forming cargo elements have one or more compartments that in whole or in part are separated by one or more barriers, for example, but not limited to, one or more phospholipid membrane bar-
riers and or one or more barriers comprised of molecularimprinted films. The barriers may exhibit structural transitions due to internal or external stimuli. In one embodiment, agents or cargo entrapped within one or more elements remain sequestered within their respective compartments until a change in barrier permeability state is triggered by contact, for example, by a ligand, with one or more specific targets or sites. The subsequent biochemical and or biological reactions cause the barriers to alter states into an opened state and release entrapped cargo and agents from one or more invention elements. In one example embodiment, binary mixtures of therapeutic and or diagnostic agents are mixed together as needed to dynamically and more efficaciously deal with a disease or disorder.
[0460] The invention, in one or more embodiments, comprises in whole or in part one or more elements, components, devices, systems, and the like, of one or more types, formed by using one or more engineering disciplines and related engineering technology disciplines of one or more types. Listed below are some such example invention embodiments, but are not limited to.
[0461] In one embodiment, the invention remedies the deficiencies of prior art by providing one or more elements of one or more types, a plurality of which may also comprise one or more nanoscale platforms of one or more types. A platform according to the invention may be used, for example, in biomedical, electronics, telecommunications, and information processing applications.
[0462] FIG. 6 is an exemplary energy level diagram $\mathbf{6 0 0}$ illustrating the energy levels associated with a hyperfine interaction between electron and nuclear spin in the presence of magnetic fields of the type used to do ESR spin label studies, which may be done in vivo and in vitro in one invention embodiment. The hyperfine interaction is a strictly quantum mechanical phenomenon. In an atom, the electron possesses an intrinsic quantum mechanical quantity known as spin. The nucleus of an atom also possesses spin. Intrinsic spin tends to generate a spin magnetic moment that is capable of interacting with other magnetic moments and fields. Generally, the spin magnetic moment of the nucleus does not interact with the spin magnetic moment of the electron. However, in the presence of a strong magnetic field, the spin magnetic moments of the electron and nucleus become coupled and interact.
[0463] In one illustrative embodiment, the electron is excited using pulses of electromagnetic radiation while maintaining its spin configuration. The source of the electromagnetic radiation may be, for example, an ordinary lamp, an LED, a time-varying magnetic field generator, a laser, or an electromagnetic field generator. A hyperfine interaction gives rise to electron nuclear double resonance (ENDOR) techniques. According to one illustrative embodiment of the invention, room temperature EPR and ENDOR techniques known in the art are used for performing in vivo spin probe studies.
[0464] In another embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more diagnostic agents, and during the same NMR/MRI, or EPR, or ESR, or ESEEM, or ENDOR, or PET, or SPECT, or OCT operation, one or more elements use quantum information processing techniques known in the art can modify, process, manipulate, encode and decode, input, output, transmit, communicate, store and read information using one or more modulated signals, methodologies, or carrier signals of one or more types.
[0465] In one embodiment, one or more invention elements in one or more configurations, are bonded, tethered, or otherwise incorporated into one or more invention and or noninvention elements, comprising functionalized nanoscale elements, components, devices, systems, and or platforms such as, but not limited to, nano-lasers, quantum dots; photonic dots; nanoscale DNA chips; protein assay chips; assay elements; environmental, protein, phenotype, DNA, and or metabolic assay and analysis elements.
[0466] In another embodiment, one or more elements may comprise a bio-lasing structure, in vivo or in vitro.
[0467] In one embodiment, one or more elements in one or more configurations comprise nano-sensor elements; including, but not limited to, radioactivity sensors; chemical sensors; biological sensors; electromagnetic sensors; acoustic sensors; visible, infrared, and or ultraviolet wavelength sensors; tactile sensors; pressure sensors; volumetric sensors; flow sensors; and temperature sensors; and one or more of which sensors may constitute a bio-molecular device.
[0468] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms utilize and or employ one or more types of transmitter and or receiver elements as sensors and or for transmission of information of one or more types in vivo and in vitro.
[0469] In another embodiment, one or more elements and in one or more configurations comprise one or more nanoscale elements, components, devices, systems, and or platforms that input, read out, process, analyze, output and report on information gathered by one or more types of diagnostic, test, label, tag, reporter, sensor, and or assay elements.
[0470] In one embodiment, quantum dots and or photonic dots are released in vivo or in vitro from one or more elements, and the quantum dots and or photonic dots are coated in whole or in part in one or more surfactants, cosurfactants, and other materials or sequestering substances.
[0471] In one embodiment, quantum dots are tagged to one or more elements. The specific wavelength glow of the quantum dots enables the identification of specific pathologies, disorders, metabolic states, proteins or DNA making it possible to diagnose various diseases.
[0472] In one embodiment, one or more nanoscale quantum dot assays using tiny permutations of color tag a million or more different proteins or genetic sequences in a process called multiplexing. In one embodiment, one or more quantum dots of various sizes are excited at the same wavelength but have different emission wavelengths, and act as probes in experiments where multiple fluorescent measurements need to be made simultaneously, such as flow cytometry or confocal microscopy.
[0473] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements are sufficient to implement in vivo or in vitro genetic and protein nanoscale optical biological assay systems and methods. In one illustrative configuration, one or more elements comprise one or more nano-scale DNA chips known in the art, and or one or more nano-scale DNA chips known in the art to detect DNA samples formed from bonding with the target DNA on a chip, and or reference DNA nano-chips.
[0474] In another illustrative configuration, one or more elements comprise one or more protein array techniques known in the art. The array surfaces are designed to bind to one or more hydrophobic, hydrophilic (cation or anion) or specific ligands, and also include a protein array reader known in the art.
[0475] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements are used in a multiplexed analysis system or method that provides a nanoscale replacement for DNA-chip technology and can be used for the analysis of genetic variance, proteomics, and gene expression.
[0476] In another embodiment, one or more elements produce specific light emissions and or thermal energies caused by their coming into contact with a particular metabolic state, medical disorder, disease pathology, genotype, phenotype and or other specific stimuli. One or more entrapped agents carried by one or more elements are thereby selectively triggered and released. In doing so, they form a targeted agent delivery system without exposing the entire body-or an indiscriminate area--to a similar dose of light, thermal energy, and or agents. The agents may be delivered in vivo by means known in the art.
[0477] In one illustrative embodiment, photonic energies from one or more elements thermally operate on one or more other elements that may have one or more entrapped materials, such as, but not limited to, therapeutic, diagnostic, and or therapeutic agents within an aqueous interior, and or that may have one or more entrapped nanoparticles such as liposomes, micelles, proteins, other biological and or bioengineered elements, including organic, inorganic, and synthetic materials, and or that may have one or more hydrophobic materials bound to a lipid bilayer membrane. The well-known permeability increase at the phase transition temperature provides a means to trigger release of an entrapped agent, like, for example release of a therapeutic agent in locally heated tissues. In one embodiment, efficient in vivo or in vitro release of entrapped agents at non-targeted and or targeted sites are triggered by light emitted by one or more light sources when the one or more elements comprise a photoisomerisable species.
[0478] In another embodiment, the method of one or more LuxR proteins and lux bioluminescence genes and or other luminescent causing genes known in the art are utilized and are bioengineered and incorporated into one or more elements, ligands, targeting moieties, and or vectors, which may also be conjugated with one or more other elements, materials, and substances. In one embodiment, luminescent causing genes provide optical pumping sufficient to excite one or more quantum dots and or photonic dots.
[0479] In an illustrative embodiment, in vivo release from one or more cargo elements comprised of one or more entrapped liposomal and or non-liposomal-entrapped agents are optically triggered by photons emitted by light sources of one or more types. In one illustrative embodiment, one or more light sources produce specific light wavelength emissions caused by their coming into contact with, for example, a specific disease at in vivo target site and causes diagnostic, therapeutic, and or prosthetic agents comprised in a photosensitive invention delivery system to be triggered and released from one or more invention elements, thereby forming a highly targeted drug delivery system. For example, in one embodiment, one or more cargo elements comprise an amphipathic lipid, such as a phospholipid, having two chains derived from fatty acid that allow the lipid to pack into a bilayer structure. One or more photosensitizers may be incorporated into the entrapped materials' cavity and or membranes.
[0480] In one illustrative embodiment, a phospholipid (1,2-(4'-n-butylphenyeazo-4"(-phenylbutyroyl))-glycero-3-phosphocholine ('Bis-Azo PC'), is substituted with azobenzene
moieties in both acyl chains that can be photoisomerised by a fast nanolaser pulse. One or more other photoisomerisable species can be used in other embodiments. Agent release from one or more cargo elements occurs on the milliseconds timescale and photosensitised cargo elements thereby serve as light sensitive elements to allow for the triggered release of agents from one or more invention elements. In one embodiment, cholesterol additives may be used. The addition of cholesterol may have a marked effect on kinetics of agent release from cargo elements, and in some circumstances can result in substantial enhancement of light sensitivity in one or more photosensitised elements comprising one or more invention elements, In another embodiment, thermal and photosensitive activation systems acting together comprise one or more elements.
[0481] The invention, in one embodiment, comprises an in vitro and or in vivo nanoscale, biomolecular electronics element and or nano-electronics element, i.e., bio-molecular devices, which may be employed in a scalable, intelligent, biomolecular electronics device platform and or a nano-electronics device platform. The platform may also be comprised of one or more non-invention elements and devices, such as crystals, conductors, insulators, semiconductors, MEMS, and circuits, but not limited to such. And further, the platform may also be coated in one or more surfactants and or cosurfactants and or metals, elements, materials and substances.
[0482] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms are used for biomolecular electronic and or nanoelectronic devices. Biological molecules, particularly proteins and lipids are used to perform the basic properties necessary for the functioning of biomolecular electronic devices. These biological materials conduct and transfer molecules from one location to another, are capable of major color changes on application of an electric field or light and can produce cascades that can be used for amplification of an optical or an electronic signal. All these properties can be applied to electronic switches, gates, storage devices, biosensors, biological transistors, to name just a few. In general, the electrical properties of bilayer lipid membranes are easily measurable for signal generation and transduction. In one embodiment, hybrid elements comprising cells with intact plasma membranes can be considered to act as tiny capacitors under the influence of an electric field. Whereas sufficiently high field strength may increase the membrane potential past a critical point leading to the breakdown of the membrane, experimental care must be taken. (Dielectric breakdown of biological membrane occurs at about 1 volt across the membrane.) On the other hand, the use of electrostatic potentials around the lipid molecules is very attractive, because they are controllable.
[0483] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise nanoscale elements, components, devices, systems and or platforms, in one or more configurations, which form connectors for carrying information from a storage, processing or communications element or device to another, of one or more types.
[0484] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more information processing elements, components, devices, systems and or platforms such as, for example, but not limited to, encoders and decoders, memory, logic gates, registers, circuits, wiring and connectors, input and output elements, analog to digital and digital to analog converters and system architectures known in the art.
[0485] In one embodiment, one or more invention elements comprise nanoscale elements, components, devices, systems and or platforms that modify, process, manipulate, encode and decode, input, output, transmit, communicate, store and read various forms and types of information using a variety of suitable techniques known in the art, in vivo and in vitro.
[0486] A scalable information-processing invention platform may also include an encoder, e.g., a predetermined or specific DNA sequence that deliberately encodes at least a subset of the elements to take the form of specified sequence, as well as a decoder for reading information from at least a subset of the protein-based information processing elements. Examples of such a bio-system decoder are, but not limited to, a dye-based protein assay, a quantum dot-based assay, or other protein assay methods known in the art. Another example of encoders/decoders is the use of NMR and ESR and other methods known in the art that can effect and discern protein behaviors and their physical characteristics. Another example of encoders/decoders is the use of photons of different wavelengths and photo detectors.
[0487] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise in vitro and or in vivo nanoscale information processing elements, components, devices, systems and or platform, which may follow and execute algorithms of one or more types expressed by or use biological control and regulate laws, processes, and or methods, and or geometrically derived algorithms such as graphs and Lie algebras, including Clifford algebras, but not limited to.
[0488] In another embodiment, one or more elements comprise a cognitive information processing element, device, and or platform of one or more types that follow and execute algorithms expressed by or use biological control and regulate laws and or processes, and or geometrically derived algorithms such as graphs and Lie algebras, including Clifford algebras, but not limited to.
[0489] In another embodiment, one or more elements comprise a hybrid digital and analog information processing element, device, and or platform of one or more types, wherein enlisting the rich repertoire of biochemical reactions and adopting a nested hierarchical organization makes intermixing of digital an analog processing possible in bio-computing applications.
[0490] In one embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more nanoscale information processing elements, components, devices, systems and or platform that utilize photons emitted by invention light sources of one or more types as the basis of computation and or transmission and communication.
[0491] According to one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more nano-computer elements, components, devices, systems and or platforms of one or more types that are programmable, and or autonomous acting, and or do cognitive processing, which bio-nano-computers may also utilize self-replicating, self-adapting, selfrepairing, self-regulating, and or self-regenerating methods, and which are used for applications at the cellular, molecular, and nanoscale level that may include, but are not limited to, biomedical imaging, sensors, diagnostic systems, assay systems, therapeutic systems, drug delivery systems, prosthetic systems, cybernetic systems, cellular-level nano-fabrication systems, and inter- and intra-cellular imaging, repair, and engineering systems, the monitoring, sensing, imaging, diagnosing, repairing, constructing, fabricating, and or control and regulating of organic and or inorganic elements, and
which bio-nano-computer elements and or platforms also may utilize and leverage biological control and regulate laws and or methods, and or geometrically derived algorithms such as graphs and Lie algebras, including Clifford algebras, but not limited to, in the performance of their tasks.
[0492] In one illustrative embodiment, one or more element chains are created via a molecular bridge group. To align the elements with respect to one another and also with respect to an external magnetic or electrical field. In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms and in one or more configurations are embedded in another material, like liquid crystal.
[0493] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms and in one or more configurations are coated completely and or partially in a metal.
[0494] In another embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms and in one or more configurations are coated completely and or partially in reflective and or non-reflective coatings.
[0495] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms and in one or more configurations are used to coat completely and or partially metals, crystals, insulators, conductors, semiconductor components, wires, and devices.
[0496] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms and in one or more configurations facilitate the externally and or mechanistically directed alignment of, for example, but not limited to, biological elements, various other non-invention nanoparticles, carbon nanotubes, crystals, conductors, semiconductors, insulators, and or other devices, materials and substances, which aligned assemblies may further be coated in one or more surfactants and or metals, elements, materials and substances.
[0497] In one embodiment, one or more elements in one or more configurations include other types of nanoparticle elements such as, but not limited to, polymer-based, polybutyl-cyanoacrylate-based, and cetyl alcohol-based nanoparticles, empty cage Fullerenes, endohedral Fullerenes, carbon nanotubes, cells, liposomes, capsids, dendrimers, micelles, and the like.
[0498] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms of one or more types in whole or in part enable a shape programmable and or scaffolding system to which one or elements of one or more types, including natural and or non-invention elements are affixed and or further form more one or more structures of one more types
[0499] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms in one or more configurations form and or include optical elements such as, but not limited to, optics; optoelectronic elements; photoelectric elements; photodetectors; and photosensitive elements, which optical elements may also be coated or treated in whole or in part with materials that affect their optical properties.
[0500] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms and in one or more configurations form and or include imaging elements and sensors, such as, but not limited to, CCDs and CMOS optical elements.
[0501] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms, in one or more configurations include and or comprise photonic to electrical energy conversion elements.
[0502] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms form one or more electronic circuits, which circuit may also be comprised of one or more other elements such as empty Fullerenes, endohedral Fullerenes, nanotubes, crystals, insulators, conductors, semiconductors, and or other
materials, substances and devices, which circuits also may be coated in one or more surfactants and or cosurfactants and or other materials and substances.
[0503] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms are switched on or off and or change states by applying an electric field, and may also comprise one or more transistors or devices in another embodiment.
[0504] In another embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms and in one or more configurations; self-assemble, and or are shape-programmed, and or use biological control and regulate laws, processes and methods, and or use geometrically derived algorithms such as graphs and Lie algebras, including Clifford algebras, but not limited to, and or are mechanically assembled via lithography, and or utilize other externally directed techniques and methods known the art, and or some combination thereof; form natural positions that are associated with electronic circuits and or information processing devices, such as atomic and molecular scale device design, their interconnection, nanofabrication and circuit architectures.
[0505] According to one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms comprise one or more crystal structures and elements, of one or more types.
[0506] According to one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms comprise one or more desiccated elements, of one or more types.
[0507] According to one illustrative embodiment, one or more invention comprise one or more hydrated and or rehydrated elements and or platforms, of one or more types.
[0508] According to one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms comprise one or more rehydration elements and or platforms, of one or more types.
[0509] According to one illustrative embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms are embedded and or incorporated into one or more materials, substances, devices, agents, devices, systems, organisms, and or mechanisms of one or more types.
[0510] In another illustrative embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms comprise one or more magnetic nanoparticles of one or more types.
[0511] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms are nanoscale recording memory media or components, which may incorporate metals, ferromagnetic materials, and or ferroelectric materials and elements, and or may form into magnetic rings, and or may form vertically polarized magnetic domains and or form magnetic domains on isolated islands of one or more types.
[0512] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms are nanoscale photovoltaic cells or components of one or more types.
[0513] In one embodiment, one or more elements are nanoscale batteries or components of one or more type for storing electronic charge.
[0514] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms comprise a nanoscale environmental hazardscreening device, and or comprise an in situ remediation, removal and or sequestration component or system of one or more types.
[0515] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms comprise an opto-electronic device, system or component of one or more types.
[0516] In one illustrative embodiment, embodiment, one or more elements comprise one or more nanoscale passive and or active linear or nonlinear optic components, and or particle
detectors, and or other elements sufficient to implement in vivo or in vitro optical system arrays and methods.
[0517] In another embodiment, one or more elements comprise in vivo or in vitro detection, diagnostic and tracking agents for chemical, biological, and or nuclear elements and activities, but not limited to such.
[0518] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms comprise a spin-based electronics element or system of one or more types.
[0519] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms exploit the Coulomb blockade-like properties of self-assembled proteins, wherein a single particle at a time may move through a transmembrane protein-based channel.
[0520] In one embodiment, one or more elements and or platforms utilize and or exploit the Casimir effect, which is a small attractive force that acts between two closely parallel, uncharged conducting elements. It is due to quantum vacuum fluctuations of the electromagnetic field.
[0521] In some illustrative embodiments, one or more elements and or platforms and in one or more configurations are physically linked via molecular addends of one or more types, but are not limited to such addend types.
[0522] In other illustrative configurations, one or more elements and or platforms are functionally linked via photonic, chemical, electromagnetic, electrical and/or quantum (nonclassical) interactions of one or more types, including the Internet, to work and cooperate locally and/or remotely.
[0523] One or more elements and or platforms of one or more types may be encapsulated, packaged, stored, incorporated, and or utilize one or more methods known in the art, including for example, but not limited to: catheters; injections, including intramuscular injections; syringes; droppers and bulbs; pills; intravenous means; oral means; anal means; capsules; nanocapsules; nanoparticles; nano-devices; prescriptions; hospital and medical supplies; dental supplies; non-prescriptions; medications; over the counter products and remedies; alternative medicine supplies, systems, products and devices; hair care products; splints, casts, walkers, crutches, canes, wheelchairs, and other ambulatory aids; natural foods; vitamin and mineral supplements; first aid products; emergency health care procedures, systems, devices, and products, including combat medicine; health care products; grafts; skin patches; bandages; adhesives; wraps; masks; markers; powders; granules; geriatric care products; pediatric care products; diagnostic devices, systems, and products; medical imaging devices, systems, and products; telemedicine devices, systems, and products; in vivo monitoring systems, products, systems, and devices; in vitro monitoring systems, products, systems, and devices; laundry products; chemical, nuclear and biological sensors;
sensors; bio-sensors; environmental sensors; combat systems, clothing, uniforms, and protective gear; food preparation products; food testing and safety devices, systems, and products; food storage wraps, systems, devices, and products; water treatment devices, systems and products; waste storage, management, and treatment systems and products; sewerage systems and products; plumbing systems and products; bed and bath products; animal care and veterinary products; animal feed; animal slaughter systems and products; cooking products; cookware; forensic devices, systems and products; home and office cleaning products; home products; office products; personal products; industrial products; home and office care products; paper products; personal hygiene products; sexual hygiene and safety products; sexual reproduction devices, systems, and products; sexual arousal products and devices; dental and dental care products; oral hygiene products, devices, and systems; robotic products, systems and devices; cybernetic devices; jewelry; novelties; solvents; agro-products; plants; animals; vehicles; biologicals; chemicals; cells; tissue; organs; proteins; liposomes; phages; micelles; peptides; antibodies; monoclonal antibodies; DNA; RNA; IRNA; siRNA; RISC; cloning; human contact; microelectromechanical systems (MEMS) and other types of nanosystems; food utensils; tools; appliances; consumer electronics; paints and finishes; heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems; construction, building, home and office materials; water; milk; food and other edible or chewable substances and items; prostheses; food and drink additives and supplements; drinks; beverages; soaps; creams; ointments; salves; topical agents; cosmetics; beautifying agents; liquids; fluids; oils; gels; adhesives; aerosols; vapors; airborne methods; pumps; fragrances and perfumes; textiles; sporting and athletic goods and devices; physical work out and training systems, devices, and products; sports medicine systems, devices, and products; recreational products and gear; shoes, clothing, and apparel; eyewear; sprays; dyes; biological elements; organ; implants; stents; prosthetic devices; artificial skin, blood, limbs, joints, bones, cells, eyes, organs, and other artificial body parts and biological elements; subcutaneous means; incisions; surgical means; and in-patient and out-patient medical procedures.
[0524] The above-described embodiments have been set forth to describe more completely and concretely the present invention, and are not to be construed as limiting the invention. It is further intended that all matter and the description and drawings be interpreted as illustrative and not in a limiting sense. That is, while various embodiments of the invention have been described in detail, other alterations, which will be apparent to those skilled in the prior art, are intended to be embraced within the spirit and scope of the invention.

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asn | Asn <br> 1220 | Val | Ser | Asn | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 1225 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Leu | Ala | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 1230 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Val | His |
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| His | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1280 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Glu | Leu | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Glu} \\ & 1285 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Ile | Asn | Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 1290 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Asp | Arg |
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| Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1355 \end{aligned}$ | His | Leu | Trp | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1360 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Val | Phe | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 1365 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Lys | Tyr |
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Gln Val Val Ile Ile Asp Met Asn Asp Pro Ser Asn Pro Ile Arg Arg
Pro Ile Ser Ala Asp Ser Ala Ile Met Asn Pro Ala Ser Lys Val Ile

| 70 |
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| 75 |
| :---: | :---: |

80

Ser Lys Met Lys Ala His Thr Met Thr Asp Asp Val Thr Phe Trp Lys
Trp Ile Ser Leu Asn Thr Val Ala Leu Val Thr Asp Asn Ala Val Tyr115 - 120 - 125
His Trp Ser Met Glu Gly Glu Ser Gln Pro Val Lys Met Phe Asp Arg130135140
His Ser Ser Leu Ala Gly Cys Gln Ile Ile Asn Tyr Arg Thr Asp Ala
Lys Gln Lys Trp Leu Leu Leu Thr Gly Ile Ser Ala Gln Gln Asn Arg
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Pro Ile Glu Gly His Ala Ala Ser Phe Ala Gln Phe Lys Met Glu Gly195200205
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|  | 1040 |  | 1045 |  |  |  |  | 1050 |  |  |
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| Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 1055 \end{aligned}$ | Ala Asn Ile Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 1060 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Asn | Glu | Leu | Phe <br> 1065 | Glu | Glu Ala |
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| Val | Leu $1085$ | Ile Glu His Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 1090 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Leu | Asp | Arg | Ala $1095$ | Tyr | Glu Phe |
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| Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 1115 \end{aligned}$ | Leu Gln Lys Gly | Met $1120$ | Val | Lys | Glu | Ala | Ile <br> 1125 | Asp | Ser Tyr |
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| Met | Ala <br> 1160 | Arg Lys Lys Ala | Arg <br> 1165 | Glu | Ser | Tyr | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1170 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Glu Leu |
| Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe } \\ & 1175 \end{aligned}$ | Ala Leu Ala Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 1180 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Arg | Leu | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1185 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Glu Glu |
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| Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1265 \end{aligned}$ | Phe Arg Leu Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 1270 \end{aligned}$ | Met | Cys | Gly | Leu | His <br> 1275 | Ile | Val Val |
| His | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1280 \end{aligned}$ | Asp Glu Leu Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1285 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Ile | Asn | Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 1290 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Asp Arg |
| Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 1295 \end{aligned}$ | Phe Glu Glu Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 1300 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Met | Leu | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1305 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Leu Gly |
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| Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 1325 \end{aligned}$ | Lys Phe Lys Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \\ & 1330 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Met | Arg | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { His } \\ & 1335 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Glu Leu |
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| Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 1400 \end{aligned}$ | Val Glu Leu Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 1405 \end{aligned}$ | Arg |  | Ile | $\mathrm{Gln}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe } \\ & 1410 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr | Leu Glu |
| Phe | Lys <br> 1415 | Pro Leu Leu Leu | Asn $1420$ | Asp | Leu | Leu | Met | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 1425 \end{aligned}$ |  | Ser Pro |



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Asn Leu Gly Ile Asn Pro Ala Asn Ile Gly Phe Ser Thr Leu Thr Met
$2025 \quad 30$
Glu Ser Asp Lys Phe Ile Cys Ile Arg Glu Lys Val Gly Glu Gln Ala
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Gln Val Val Ile Ile Asp Met Asn Asp Pro Ser Asn Pro Ile Arg Arg } \\ 50 & 55 \\ 60\end{array}$


| 465 |  |  |  |  | 470 |  |  |  |  | 475 |  |  |  | 480 |
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| Arg | Ala | Asn |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 485 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Lys V | Val | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 490 \end{aligned}$ | Cys | Phe Ala | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 495 \end{aligned}$ | Gly |
| Gln | Val | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 500 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Val | Leu | yr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 505 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Lys | al Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 510 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Pro |
| Asp | Trp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 515 \end{aligned}$ | he | eu | Leu |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 520 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Met | rg | Ile Ser |  | Asp | Gln |
| Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \\ & 530 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | ne | la | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Met } \\ & 535 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Val | Gln | $s p$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu Glu } \\ & 540 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Ala |
| Asp <br> 545 | Ile | Thr | n | le | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 550 \end{aligned}$ | Asp V | 1 | Phe | Met | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 555 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr Asn | Leu |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \\ & 560 \end{aligned}$ |
| Gln | Cys | Thr | la | Phe $565$ | Leu | Leu A | Asp A | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu L } \\ & 570 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Asn Asn | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 575 \end{aligned}$ | Ser |
| Glu | Gly | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 580 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{Gln}$ | Thr | Arg L | Leu L | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 585 \end{aligned}$ | Glu M | Met | Asn Leu | Met $590$ | His | Ala |
| Pro | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 595 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | sp | Ala | Ile L | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | Gly | Asn | $1 n$ | et Phe 605 | Thr | His | TYr |
| Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 610 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | is | le | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \mathrm{~L} \\ & 615 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | cys | $1 u$ | ys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala Gly } \\ & 620 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Leu | Gln |
| Arg | Ala | u | u | is | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe } \\ & 630 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | $p$ | u | $y r A$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 635 \end{aligned}$ | Ile Lys | Arg | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 640 \end{aligned}$ |
| Val | His | Thr |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 645 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | sn P | Pro | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trp L } \\ & 650 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | al Asn | Tyr | Phe $655$ | Gly |
| Ser | Leu | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 660 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Asp | Ser L | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 665 \end{aligned}$ | Cys | Leu | Arg Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Met } \\ & 670 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Ser |
| Ala | Asn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 675 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | $\ln$ | Asn | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 680 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Cys | al | $\begin{array}{r} \ln \mathrm{Val} \\ 685 \end{array}$ | Ala | Ser | Hs |
| Tyr | His $690$ | Glu | Gln | eu | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 695 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Ser | eu | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu Leu } \\ & 700 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | Glu | Ser |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe } \\ & 705 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | er |  | Lu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 710 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | e | Tyr | he | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 715 \end{aligned}$ | Gly Ser | Ile | $\mathrm{Va}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 720 \end{aligned}$ |
| Phe | Ser | 1 n | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 725 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | al | is | he | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys T } \\ & 730 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr | le Gln | la | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 735 \end{aligned}$ | Cys |
| Lys | Thr | Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \\ & 740 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Lys | Glu | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 745 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Ile | Cys Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 750 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Asn |
| Cys | Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 755 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | u | Arg | Val L | Lys $760$ | Asn | Phe | eu | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Hys Glu } \\ 765 \end{array}$ | Ala | ys | Leu |
| Thr | Asp $770$ | Gln | eu | ro | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile I } \\ & 775 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Val | Cys | Asp | Arg Phe 780 | Asp | Phe | Val |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { His } \\ & 785 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Leu | Val | u | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 790 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Tyr | rg | sn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 795 \end{aligned}$ | Leu Gln | Lys | Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 800 \end{aligned}$ |
| Glu | Ile | Tyr | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 805 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Val A | Asn Pr | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 810 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Leu Pro | Val | Val $815$ | Ile |
| Gly | Gly | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 820 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Val | Asp |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 825 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Asp | Val Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 830 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Leu |
| Ile | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 835 \end{aligned}$ | Val | $r g$ | Gly | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{Gln} \\ 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe } \\ & 840 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Thr | Asp | $\begin{aligned} \text { Glu Leu } \\ 845 \end{aligned}$ | Val |  | Glu |
| Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 850 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Arg | Asn | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu L } \\ & 855 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Leu | Leu | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro Trp } \\ & 860 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Glu | Ala |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 865 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | His | Glu | Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cys } \\ & 870 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Glu | Pro | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 875 \end{aligned}$ | His Asn | Ala | Leu | Ala $880$ |








| Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1490 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr | Asp | Asn | Phe | Asp $1495$ | Asn |  | Ser | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1500 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Arg Leu |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 1505 \end{aligned}$ | His | Glu | Leu | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1510 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | Arg | Arg | Ile | Ala <br> 1515 | Ala | Tyr Leu |
| Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 1520 \end{aligned}$ | Gly | Asn | Asn | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trp } \\ & 1525 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Gln | Ser | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1530 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Cys Lys |
| Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 1535 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Leu | Tyr | Lys | Asp $1540$ | Ala | Met | Gln | Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1545 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Glu Ser |
| Lys | Asp <br> 1550 | Thr | Glu | Leu | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1555 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Leu | Leu | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trp } \\ & 1560 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | Leu Gln |
| Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1565 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Arg | Glu | Cys | Phe $1570$ | Gly | Ala | Cys | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe } \\ & 1575 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Cys Tyr |
| Asp | Leu $1580$ | Leu | Arg | Pro | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 1585 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Leu | Glu | Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1590 \end{aligned}$ | Trp | Arg His |
| Asn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 1595 \end{aligned}$ | Met | Asp | Phe | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Met } \\ & 1600 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Tyr | Phe | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 1605 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Met Lys |
| Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 1610 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Thr | Lys V | Val | Asp <br> 1615 | Lys | Leu | Asp | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 1620 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Ser Leu |
| Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 1625 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Glu | Glu | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1630 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Glu | Thr | $\mathrm{Gln}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 1635 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Val Tyr |
| Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 1640 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Gln | Leu | Met | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 1645 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Ala | Gly | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 1650 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Ala Val |
| Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 1655 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Ala | Pro | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 1660 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr | Gly | Tyr | Thr | Ala $1665$ | Pro | Pro Tyr |
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| Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 1325 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Phe | Lys | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 1330 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Met | Leu |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { His } \\ & 1335 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trp } \\ & 1340 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Arg V | Val |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 1345 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Lys | Val |  | Arg $1350$ | Ala | Ala | Glu |
| Gln | Ala $1355$ | His | Leu | Trp | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1360 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Val | Phe |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 1365 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Lys | TYr |
| Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1370 \end{aligned}$ | TYr | Asp | Asn | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 1375 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Thr |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 1380 \end{aligned}$ | His | Pro | Thr |
| Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1385 \end{aligned}$ | Trp | Lys | Glu | Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 1390 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | Lys | Asp | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 1395 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Lys | Val |
| Ala | Asn <br> 1400 | Val | Glu I | Leu | Cys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 1405 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Ala | Leu |  | Phe $1410$ | Tyr | Leu | Asp |
| Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 1415 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Leu I | Leu | Ile | Asn <br> 1420 | Asp | Leu | Leu | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 1425 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Ser | Pro |
| Arg | Leu $1430$ | Asp | His | Thr | Trp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 1435 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Ser | Phe | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 1440 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Ala | Gly |
| Gln | Leu $1445$ | Pro | Leu V | Val | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 1450 \end{aligned}$ | TYr | Leu | Arg | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 1455 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Ser | His |
| $\lambda_{\text {an }}$ | Asn <br> 1460 | Lys | Ser V | Val | Asn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1465 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Leu | Asn | His | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 1470 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Thr | Glu |
| Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1475 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Tyr | $\text { Gln } I$ | Asp | Ala <br> 1480 | Met | Gln |  | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1485 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Ser | Arg |
| Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1490 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Leu A | Ala | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 1495 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Leu | Gln | Trp | Phe $1500$ | Leu | Glu | Glu |
| Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 1505 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Glu | Cys | Phe | Ala <br> 1510 | Ala | Cys | Leu | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 1515 \end{aligned}$ | Cys | Tyr | Asp |
| Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 1520 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Pro | Asp | Met | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 1525 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Glu | Leu | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Trp} \\ & 1530 \end{aligned}$ | Arg |  | Asn |
| Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 1535 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Leu $A$ | Ala | Met | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 1540 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr |  |  | Gln | Val 1545 | Met | Arg | Glu |
| Tyr | Leu $1550$ | Ser | Lys V | Val | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 1555 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Asp | Ala | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1560 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Leu | Pro |
| Pro | Ser $1565$ | Lys | Arg | Ser M | Met |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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$2025 \quad 30$
Glu Ser Asp Lys Phe Ile Cys Ile Arg Glu Lys Val Gly Glu Gln Ala
354045
Gln Val Val Ile Ile Asp Met Asn Asp Pro Ser Asn Pro Ile Arg Arg
505560
Pro Ile Ser Ala Asp Ser Ala Ile Met Asn Pro Ala Ser Lys Val Ile


| Arg | a | Asn |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 485 \end{aligned}$ | Asn L | Lys |  | $\text { Ile } G$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \\ & 490 \end{aligned}$ | $\text { Cys } P$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr Gly } \\ & 495 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gln | Val | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 500 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Val | Leu | Tyr | Ala L $505$ | Lys | Lys V | Val | Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 510 \end{aligned}$ | Thr Pro |
| Asp | Trp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 515 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | Leu | Leu | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 520 \end{aligned}$ | Val M | Met | Arg | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 525 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Asp Gln |
| Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 530 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Phe | Ala | Gln M | $\begin{gathered} \text { Met } \\ 535 \end{gathered}$ | Leu | Val G | Gln | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Glu} \\ & 540 \end{aligned}$ | Glu. | Pro | Leu Ala |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 545 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Thr | $\ln$ | le | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val A } \\ & 550 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Val | Phe M | et | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 555 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr | Asn | Leu | $\begin{array}{r} \text { le } \begin{array}{l} \mathrm{Gln} \\ 560 \end{array} \end{array}$ |
| Gln | Cys | Thr | Ala | Phe $565$ | Leu L | Leu | Asp |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 570 \end{aligned}$ | Lys A | Asn | Asn | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro Ser } \\ & 575 \end{aligned}$ |
| Glu | Gly | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 580 \end{aligned}$ | $\text { Gln }]$ | hr A | Arg | eu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 585 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Met | sn | eu. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Met } \\ & 590 \end{aligned}$ | His Ala |
| Pro | Gln | Val $595$ | Ala | Asp | Ala | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | Gly A | Asn | Gln M | Met | Phe $605$ | Thr | His Tyr |
| Asp | Arg $610$ | Ala | His | le | la | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \\ & 615 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Cys | lu | Lys A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 620 \end{aligned}$ | Gly | Leu | eu Gln |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 625 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Leu | $1 u$ | is | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe T } \\ & 630 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | sp | Leu T | $r$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 635 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | ys | rg | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Ala Val } \\ 640 \end{array}$ |
| Val | His | Thr | is | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 645 \end{aligned}$ | Leu A | Asn | Pro | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Trp} \\ & 650 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Val | Asn | Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe Gly } \\ & 655 \end{aligned}$ |
| Ser | u | r | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 660 \end{aligned}$ | $\text { Glu } \mathrm{I}$ | sp | er | u | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 665 \end{aligned}$ | s | Leu | g | la | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Met } \\ & 670 \end{aligned}$ | Leu Ser |
| Ala | Asn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 675 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Gln | sn L | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \\ & 680 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Cys | al | $\ln$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 685 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Ser Lys |
| Tyr | His $690$ | Glu | Gln | Leu | Ser T | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 695 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Ser | u | le 7 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 700 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Phe | Glu Ser |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe } \\ & 705 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | r | e | Iu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly I } \\ & 710 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | e | Tyr | he | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 715 \end{aligned}$ | Gly | Ser | Ile | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fal Asn } \\ 720 \end{array}$ |
| Phe | Ser | 1 n | sp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 725 \end{aligned}$ | Asp V | Val | is |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 730 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr | Ile | ln | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala Cys } \\ & 735 \end{aligned}$ |
| Lys | Thr | Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \\ & 740 \end{aligned}$ | Ile L | Lys | lu | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu A } \\ & 745 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Ile | Cys | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 750 \end{aligned}$ | Ser Asn |
| Cys | Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 755 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Glu | rg |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 760 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Phe | eu | ys | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Glu} \\ & 765 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Lys Leu |
| Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 770 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | eu | ro | eu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 775 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Val | Cys |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 780 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | Asp | Phe Val |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { His } \\ & 785 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | u | Val | eu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr I } \\ & 790 \end{aligned}$ | eu | Tyr | $r g$ | sn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 795 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | $1 n$ | Lys | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Tyr Ile } \\ 800 \end{array}$ |
| Glu | Ile | Tyr | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{G} \ln \mathrm{I} \\ & 805 \end{aligned}$ | Lys V | Val | Asn | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 810 \end{aligned}$ | Arg L | Leu | Pro |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val Ile } \\ & 815 \end{aligned}$ |
| Gly | Gly | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 820 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Jal | Asp | Cys | Ser $825$ | Glu | Asp | 7al | Ile | Lys | Asn Leu |
| Ile | u | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 835 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Arg | Gly | Gln | Phe $840$ | Ser T | Thr | Asp | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 845 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Ala Glu |
| Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 850 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Arg | $\text { Asn } 7$ | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu I } \\ & 855 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Leu I | Leu | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 860 \end{aligned}$ | $\operatorname{Trp}$ | Leu | Glu Ala |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 865 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | His | Glu | Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cys } \\ & 870 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Glu | Pro A | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr H } \\ & 875 \end{aligned}$ | His | Asn | Ala | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Leu } \begin{array}{r} \text { Ala } \\ 880 \end{array} \end{array}$ |



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| Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 1415 \end{aligned}$ | Pro |  |  | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 1420 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Leu | eu |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 1425 \end{aligned}$ |  | Ser | Pr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 1430 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | His | Thr | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1435 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Asn | Tyr | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 1440 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Val | Lys |
| Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 1445 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Leu | Val | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 1450 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr | Leu | Arg | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 1455 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Asn | His |
| Asn | Asn $1460$ | Lys | Ser | Val | Asn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1465 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Leu | Asn | Asn | Leu $1470$ | Phe | Ile | Thr |
| Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1475 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Tyr | Gln | Ala | Leu $1480$ | Arg | Thr | Ser | Ile | Asp $1485$ | Ala | Tyr | Asp |
| Asn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe } \\ & 1490 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Asn | Ile | Ser | Leu $1495$ | Ala | Gln | Arg | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1500 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | His | Glu |
| Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 1505 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Phe | Arg | Arg | Ile $1510$ | Ala | Ala | Tyr | Leu | Phe $1515$ | Lys | Gly | Asn |
| Asn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 1520 \end{aligned}$ | Trp | Lys | Gln | Ser | Val $1525$ | Glu | Leu | Cys | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 1530 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Ser | Leu |
| TYr | Lys 1535 | Asp | Ala | Met | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 1540 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Ser | Glu | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 1545 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Thr | Glu |
| Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1550 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Glu | Leu | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 1555 \end{aligned}$ | Trp | Phe | Leu | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1560 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Lys | Arg |
| Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cys } \\ & 1565 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | Gly | Ala | Cys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 1570 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | Thr | Cys | Tyr | Asp <br> 1575 | Leu | Leu | Arg |
| Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 1580 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Val | Leu | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 1585 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Trp | Arg | His | Asn $1590$ | Ile | Met | Asp |
| Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1595 \end{aligned}$ | Met | Pro | Tyr |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 1600 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Val | Met | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 1605 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr | Leu | Thr |
| LYs | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 1610 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Lys | Leu | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 1615 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Glu | Ser | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 1620 \end{aligned}$ | LYs | Glu | Glu |
| Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 1625 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Thr | Glu | Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 1630 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Ile | Val | Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 1635 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Leu | Ser |

$<210>$ SEQ ID NO 12
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$<300>$ PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
$<308>$ DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: UniProt KB/PO9496
$<309>$ DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2009-05-26
$<313>$ RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) . (248)
$<400>$ SEQUENCE: 12


$<210>$ SEQ ID NO 13
$<211>$ LENGTH: 229
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$<213>$ ORGANISM: HOmO sapiens
$<300>$ PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
$<308>$ DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: UniProt KB/P09497
$<309>$ DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2009-05-26
$<313>$ RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) . (229)
$<400>$ SEOUENCE. 13
$<400>$ SEQUENCE: 13


$<210>$ SEQ ID NO 14
$<211>$ LENGTH: 236
$<212>$ TYPE: PRT
$<213>$ ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
$<300>$ PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
$<308>$ DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: NCBI/NP_001070145
$<309>$ DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2008-05-01
$<313>$ RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) .. (236)
$<400>$ SEQUENCE : 14

Asp Glu Ala Phe Ala Ile Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Gly Pro Gln Pro
505560


| Gly Glu Tyr Tyr Gln Glu Ser Asn Gly Pro Thr Asp Ser Tyr Ala Ala |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| 85 | 90 |


Arg Lys Gln Glu Ala Glu Trp Lys Glu Lys Ala Ile Lys Glu Leu Glu
Glu Trp Tyr Ala Arg Gln Asp Glu Gln Leu Gln Lys Thr Lys Ala Asn
145
150
Asn Arg Val Ala Asp Glu Ala Phe Tyr Lys Gln Pro Phe Ala Asp Val

| Ile Gly Tyr Val Ala Ala Glu Glu Ala Phe Val Asn Asp |  |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | 180 |
| 185 |  |


| Ser Ser Pro Gly Thr Glu Trp Glu Arg Val Ala Arg Leu Cys Asp Phe |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 195 | 200 | 205 |

Asn Pro Lys Ser Ser Lys Gln Ala Lys Asp Val Ser Arg Met Arg Ser210 215 220
Val Leu Ile Ser Leu Lys Gln Ala Pro Leu Val His
225230235

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<210> SEQ ID NO 15
<211> LENGTH: 1224
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<300> PUBLICATION INFORMATION.
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$<308>$ DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: UniProtKB/P53621
$<309>$ DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2009-05-26
$<313>$ RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) . (1224)
$<400>$ SEQUENCE: 15




$<210>$ SEQ ID NO 16
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$<300>$ PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
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$<309>$ DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2008-05-11
$<313>$ RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) .. (1224)
$<400>$ SEQUENCE: 16




$<210>$ SEQ ID NO 17
$<211>$ LENGTH: 1233
$<212>$ TYPE : PRT
$<213>$ ORGANISM: HOMO sapiens
$<300>$ PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
$<308>$ DATABASE ACCESSION NUNBER: NCBI/NP_001091868
$<309>$ DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2008-05-11
$<313>$ RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) .. (1233)
$<400>$ SEQUENCE : 17





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<210> SEQ ID NO 18
<211> LENGTH: 953
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<300> PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
<308> DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: UniProtKB/P53618
<309> DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2009-05-05
<313> RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) .. (953)
<400> SEOUENCE: 18
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Met Thr Ala Ala Glu Asn Val Cys Tyr Thr Leu Ile Asn Val Pro Met
Asp Ser Glu Pro Pro Ser Glu Ile Ser Leu Lys Asn Asp Leu Glu Lys
$2025 \quad 30$
Gly Asp Val Lys Ser Lys Thr Glu Ala Leu Lys Lys Val Ile Ile Met
354045
Ile Leu Asn Gly Glu Lys Leu Pro Gly Leu Leu Met Thr Ile Ile Arg
505560
Phe Val Leu Pro Leu Gln Asp His Thr Ile Lys Lys Leu Leu Leu Val
$65-70 \quad 7580$
Phe Trp Glu Ile Val Pro Lys Thr Thr Pro Asp Gly Arg Leu Leu His



$<210>$ SEQ ID NO 19
$<211>$ LENGTH: 906
$<212>$ TYPE: PRT
$<213>$ ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
$<300>$ PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
$<308>$ DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: UniProtKB/P35606
$<309>$ DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2009-05-05
$<313>$ RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) .. (906)
$<400>$ SEQUENCE: 19



| Cys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 690 \end{aligned}$ | His | His | Ala | Gln | $\begin{gathered} \text { Asp } \\ 695 \end{gathered}$ | Tyr | Gly | $\text { Gly } \mathrm{L}$ | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 700 \end{aligned}$ | Leu Leu |  | Thr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 705 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Gly | Asn | Ala | Asn <br> 710 | Met | Val | Asn | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Lys } & L \\ 7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 715 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Glu Gly | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 720 \end{aligned}$ |
| Arg | Asp | Gly | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 725 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Val |  | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Met S } \\ & 730 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Tyr | Phe Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 735 \end{aligned}$ | Gly |
| Lys | Val | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 740 \end{aligned}$ | Cys | Leu | Glu | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu I } \\ & 745 \end{aligned}$ | Ile A | rg | Thr | $\begin{aligned} \text { Gly Arg } \\ 750 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Pro |
| Glu | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 755 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | eu | $1 a$ | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 760 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr L | Leu | ro | ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln Val } \\ & 765 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Arg |
| Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 770 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Leu | $\operatorname{Trp}$ | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 775 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Leu | Ser | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 780 \end{aligned}$ | Asn Gln | Lys | Ala |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 785 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Ser | Leu $A$ | Ala | Asp <br> 790 | Pro | Thr | Glu T | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Tyr } \\ 7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 795 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Leu Phe | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 800 \end{aligned}$ |
| Leu | Lys | Glu | Ala | Phe $805$ | Val | Val | Glu | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Trp} \mathrm{V} \\ & 810 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Lys | Glu Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { His } \\ & 815 \end{aligned}$ | Ala |
| Asp | Leu | Trp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 820 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Lys | Gln | Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro I } \\ & 825 \end{aligned}$ | Leu V | al | Thr | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Pro Asn } \\ 830 \end{array}$ | Glu | Glu |
| Arg | Asn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 835 \end{aligned}$ | Met | Glu | Glu | Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 840 \end{aligned}$ | Asp 1 | Phe | Gln | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser Arg } \\ & 845 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Thr |
| Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \\ & 850 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Glu | Leu | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gly} \\ & 855 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Pro | Ala | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 860 \end{aligned}$ | Thr Pro | Val | Ile |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 865 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | er | fis | hr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 870 \end{aligned}$ | sn | Lys | Glu |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 875 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Leu Leu | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 880 \end{aligned}$ |
| Glu | Val | Asp | Leu | Asp 885 | Asn | Leu | Glu | Leu | Glu A $890$ | Asp | Ile | Asp Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 895 \end{aligned}$ | Asp |
| Ile | Asn | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 900 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Asp | Ile | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp A } \\ & 905 \end{aligned}$ | Asp |  |  |  |  |  |

$<210>$ SEQ ID NO 20
$<211>$ LENGTH: 877
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$<213>$ ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
$<300>$ PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
$<308>$ DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: NCBI/EAW79040
$<309>$ DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2006-12-18
$<313>$ RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) . (877)
$<400>$ SEOUENCE: 20




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<210> SEQ ID NO 21
<211> LENGTH: }51
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<300> PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
<308> DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: UniProtKB/ P48444
<309> DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2009-05-26
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$<210>$ SEQ ID NO 22
$<211>$ LENGTH: 552
$<212>$ TYPE: PRT
$<213>$ ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
$<300>$ PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
$<308>$ DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: NCBI/ACAO5944
$<309>$ DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2008-02-20
$<313>$ RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) . (552)
$<400>$ SEQUENCE: 22


|  | 210 |  |  |  | 215 |  |  |  |  | 220 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 225 \end{aligned}$ | Gly | Phe | Gly Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 230 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Val | Ser |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 235 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Thr | Al | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Met } \\ & 240 \end{aligned}$ |
| Ile | Thr | Glu | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Thr } \begin{array}{r} \text { Ile } \\ 245 \end{array} \end{array}$ | Ile | Glu | Thr | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Lys | Val | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 255 \end{aligned}$ | Ala |
| Pro | Ala | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro Ser } \\ & 260 \end{aligned}$ | zly | Pro | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 265 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Leu | Lys | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 270 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | LYs |
| Gly | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 275 \end{aligned}$ | Val Asp | Asn | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Val} \\ & 280 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Lys | Leu | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 285 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Gly | Glu |
| Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 290 \end{aligned}$ | Met | Ser Ser | Ser | $\begin{gathered} \text { Met } \\ 295 \end{gathered}$ | Gly | Lys | Arg | Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Ala | Thr | Lys |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Met } \\ & 305 \end{aligned}$ | His | Ala | Pro Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 310 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Met | Glu |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 315 \end{aligned}$ | His | Met | Lys | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 320 \end{aligned}$ |
| Glu | Lys | Ile | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Thr } \\ \hline 25 \end{array}$ | Thr | Cys | Gly | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 330 \end{aligned}$ | Gly | Gly | Leu | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 335 \end{aligned}$ | Met |
| Glu | Leu | His | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly Met } \\ & 340 \end{aligned}$ | [le | Met | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 345 \end{aligned}$ | Il | Ser | Asp | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr | Gly |
| Arg | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 355 \end{aligned}$ | Leu His | Val | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 360 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Asp | Lys | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 365 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Gln | Leu |
| $\mathrm{Gln}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 370 \end{aligned}$ | His | Pro Asn | Jal | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 375 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Lys | eu | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 380 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Glu | Ser | Leu |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 385 \end{aligned}$ | Gly | Leu | Lys Asn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 390 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Lys | Ser |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 395 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Asn | Ser | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 400 \end{aligned}$ |
| Gly | Val | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \text { Trp } \\ & 405 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Leu | Gln | Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 410 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Glu | Ser | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 415 \end{aligned}$ | Pro |
| Leu | Thr | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn Cys } \\ & 420 \end{aligned}$ | $\operatorname{Trp}$ | Pro | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 425 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | GlY | Asn | Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cys } \\ & 430 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Val |
| Asn | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 435 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr Glu | Leu | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Glu} \\ & 440 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Asn | Leu | Glu | Leu $445$ | Asn | Asp | Val |
| Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 450 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Ile Pro | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 455 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Gly | fal | Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 460 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Val |  | Gly |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 465 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Asp | Yy Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 470 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | His | Asp | Se | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 475 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Asn | Thr | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 480 \end{aligned}$ |
| Trp | Cys | Leu | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Pro } \begin{array}{r} \text { Val } \\ 485 \end{array} \end{array}$ | Ile | Asp | Ala | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 490 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Ser | Gly | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 495 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{Glu}$ |
| Phe | Ser | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala Gly } \\ & 500 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Pro | Asn | Asp <br> 505 | Phe | Phe |  | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 510 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Ser |
| Phe |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 515 \end{aligned}$ | Lys Lys | Asn | Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Cys} \\ & 520 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Ile | $\mathrm{Gln}$ | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 525 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Val | Thr |
| Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 530 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Gly Asn | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 535 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Arg | Phe | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 540 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Thr | Thr | Phe |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 545 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Asp | Lys Tyr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 550 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Leu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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<210> SEQ ID NO 2.3
<211> LENGTH: 308
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<300> PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
<308> DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: UniProtKB/O14579
<309> DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2009-05-05
<313> RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) .. (308)
<400> SEQUENCE: 23
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| sp | Glu | eu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe Asp } \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | Val |  | sn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 25 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | 'yr | e | $1 Y$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr Gln |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gln | Cys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | Asn Glu | Ala | $\mathrm{Gln}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Lys | Leu |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ |  | Glu Arg |
| Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | rg Asp | Val | Phe 55 | Leu | Tyr | Arg | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Ala | Gln Arg |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 65 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | Gly | Val Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Glu | Ile | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 75 \end{aligned}$ | Ser | Ser | Ala | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Pro Glu } \\ 80 \end{array}$ |
| Leu | Gln | Ala | $\begin{gathered} \text { Val Arg } \\ 85 \end{gathered}$ | Met | he | Ala | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 90 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Ala | His | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser Arg } \\ & 95 \end{aligned}$ |
| Arg | Asp | Ser | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile Val } \\ & \text { 100 } \end{aligned}$ | Ala | ilu | eu | Asp <br> 105 | Arg | Glu | et | Ser | Arg <br> 110 | Ser Val |
| Asp | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 115 \end{aligned}$ | Asn Thr | r | he | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Met | Ala | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 125 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Tyr Leu |
| His | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asp } \\ & 130 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Asn Pro | Asp | Ala $135$ | Ala | Leu | Arg | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | His | Gln | Gly Asp |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 145 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Glu | Cys Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | let | Thr | al | $\mathrm{Gln}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 155 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Leu | Lys | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Leu Asp } \\ 160 \end{array}$ |
| Arg | Leu | Asp | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Leu Ala } \\ 165 \end{array}$ | Arg | Lys | Glu | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 170 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Met | $\mathrm{Gln}$ | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu Asp } \\ & 175 \end{aligned}$ |
| Glu | Asp | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr Leu } \\ & 180 \end{aligned}$ | hr | $\ln$ | u | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 185 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Ala | Trp | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 190 \end{aligned}$ | Leu Ala |
| Thr | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 195 \end{aligned}$ | Gly Tyr | Pro | $1 u$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Val | sn | eu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile } \\ & 205 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Leu Ser |
| Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{His} \\ & 210 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Gly Lys | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 215 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Val | Thr | sn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 220 \end{aligned}$ | TYr | Leu | Ser Gln |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 225 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | sp | Ala His | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 230 \end{aligned}$ | er | His | Pro | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ile I } \\ & 235 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Glu | Tyr | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Gln} \text { Ala } \\ 240 \end{array}$ |
| Lys | Glu | Asn | Asp Phe <br> 245 | Asp | Arg | eu | Val | Leu | $\mathrm{Gln} \mathrm{~T}$ | Tyr | Ala | ro | Ser Ala |

$<210>$ SEQ ID NO 25
$<211>$ LENGTH: 257
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$<213>$ ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
$<300>$ PUBLICATION INFORMATION:
$<308>$ DATABASE ACCESSION NUMBER: NCBI/NP_955474
$<309>$ DATABASE ENTRY DATE: 2008-09-28
$<313>$ RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO: (1) . (257)
$<400>$ SEQUENCE : 25




|  |  |  | 580 |  |  |  |  | 585 |  |  |  |  | 590 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ser | Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 595 \end{aligned}$ | Ile | Thr | Ala | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{Gln}$ | Pro | Glu | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 605 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Thr |
| Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Gln} \\ & 610 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Ile | Phe | Gln | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 615 \end{aligned}$ | Gln | Leu | Ala | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 620 \end{aligned}$ | Pro |  | Phe |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 625 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Gly | Pro | Leu | Phe <br> 630 | Lys | Ser | Ser | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 635 \end{aligned}$ | Pro | Val | Ala | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 640 \end{aligned}$ |
| Glu | Ser | Glu | Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 645 \end{aligned}$ | Tyx | Val | Ile | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cys } \\ & 650 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Lys | His |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe } \\ & 655 \end{aligned}$ | Thr |
| Asn | His | Met | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 660 \end{aligned}$ | Phe | $\mathrm{Gln}$ |  | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cys } \\ & 665 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Asn | Thr | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asn } \\ & 670 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Gln |
| Thr | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 675 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Val | Thr | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 680 \end{aligned}$ | Met | Glu | Pro |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 685 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Tyr | Glu |
| Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 690 \end{aligned}$ | Cys | Tyr | Val | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 695 \end{aligned}$ | Arg | Ser | Leu | Pro | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyr } \\ & 700 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Gln | Pro | Gly |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 705 \end{aligned}$ | Cys | Tyr | Thr | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 710 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Leu | Pro | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 715 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Pro |  | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 720 \end{aligned}$ |
| Ala | Cys | Thr | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 725 \end{aligned}$ | Cys | Met | Met | Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phe } \\ & 730 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Val | Lys | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cys } \\ & 735 \end{aligned}$ | Asp |
| Pro | Thr | Thr | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 740 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | Thr | Asp | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 745 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{Gly}$ | Tyr | Glu | Asp | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glu } \\ & 750 \end{aligned}$ | Tyr | Val |
| Leu | Glu | Asp <br> 755 | Leu | glu | Val |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 760 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Asp | His |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 765 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Val | Met |
| Lys | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 770 \end{aligned}$ | Asn | Phe | Glu | Ala | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 775 \end{aligned}$ | $\operatorname{Tr} p$ | Asp | Glu | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gly } \\ & 780 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Glu | Phe | Glu |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 785 \end{aligned}$ | Glu | lu |  | he | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 790 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Thr | $1 e$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lys } \\ & 795 \end{aligned}$ | Thr | Leu. |  | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala } \\ & 800 \end{aligned}$ |
| Val | Gly | Asn | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Val } \\ & 805 \end{aligned}$ | Lys | Phe | Leu | Gly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Met } \\ & 810 \end{aligned}$ |  | Pro | Cys | Glu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 815 \end{aligned}$ | Ser |
| Asp | Lys | Val | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 820 \end{aligned}$ | Asp | Asn | Lys | Asn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thr } \\ & 825 \end{aligned}$ | His | Thr | Le | Leu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 830 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Gly |
| Val | Phe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 835 \end{aligned}$ | Gly | Gly | His | Asp | Ile $840$ | Leu | Val | Arg | Se | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arg } \\ & 845 \end{aligned}$ |  | Leu |  |
| Leu | Asp <br> 850 | Thr | val |  | Met | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gln } \\ & 855 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Thr | Ala | Arg | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ser } \\ & 860 \end{aligned}$ | Leu | Glu |  | Leu |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pro } \\ & 865 \end{aligned}$ | Val | Asp | Ile | Ile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leu } \\ & 870 \end{aligned}$ | Ala | Ser | Val | Gly |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 25 | 30 |

Asp Thr Tyr Pro Ser Val Lys Glu Gln Lys Ala Phe Glu Lys Asn Ile
he Asn Lys Thr His Arg Thr Asp Ser Glu Ile Ala Leu Leu Glu Gly
505560
Leu Thr Val Val Tyr Lys Ser Ser Ile Asp Leu Tyr Phe Tyr Val Ile

| 65 | 70 |
| :--- | :--- |$\quad 85 \quad 80$


| Gly Ser Ser Tyr Glu Asn Glu Leu Met Leu Met Ala Val Leu Asn Cys |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 85 | 90 |


| Leu Phe Asp Ser Leu Ser Gln Met |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Leu Arg Lys Asn Val Glu Lys Arg |  |  |
| 100 | 105 | 110 |

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In view of the foregoing, what is claimed is:

1. An intelligent sensor platform comprising: (a) more than one sensor element capable of executing or following a selfadaptive algorithm and including a capability for an autonomous and/or a cognitive action, (b) a selected sensor function, (c) a bi-directional communications link and data and/or instructions to or from the sensor element are communicated over the link, wherein a scalable, distributed and intelligent platform comprising more than one interconnected sensor is enabled.
2. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the self-adaptive algorithm includes one or more algorithms including, but not limited to, biological control law, graph, Lie algebra, Clifford algebra algorithms, or a combination thereof.
3. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the autonomous and/or cognitive action includes one or more actions including, but not limited to, self-adapting, self-directing, self-insight, self-reasoning, self-repairing, self-regulating, self-regenerating action, self-replicating, perceiving, knowledge acquisition actions, or a combination thereof.
4. The intelligent sensor platform of claim 1 , wherein the sensor function is selected from an activation, adjustment, command, control, classifying, cybernetic, storage, deactivation, diagnosing, directing, identifying, processing, monitoring, programmable, prosthetic, receiving, sensing, targeting, transmitting function.
5. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the sensor element is further capable of following and/or executing non-self adaptive algorithms.
6. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the sensor element is one or more sensor element type suitable for executing or following an algorithm.
7. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the sensor element and/or the link is physically linked to a local or remote element, device, user, operator.
8. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the sensor element and/or the link is functionally or logically linked to a local or remote element, device, user, operator
9. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the link is a biochemical, biological, chemical, electrical, electromagnetic, wired network, Internet, intra-molecular, kinetic, mechanical, metabolic, wireless network, optical, photonic, physiological, or a quantum mechanical link, or a combination thereof.
10. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the sensor is further capable of being incorporated into an agent, device, material, mechanism, organism, substance, or a system of one or more type.
11. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the sensor element is further capable of sensing and/or responding to an internal or external stimulus.
12. The intelligent sensor platform of claim 11, wherein the stimulus includes one or more stimuli including, but not limited to, an acoustical, chemical, biochemical, biological, fluidic, metabolic, covalent, non-covalent, ionic, disorder, disease, electrical, electromagnetic, genotype, magnetic, mechanical, phenotype, photonic, toxin, temperature, pH , pathogen, pathology, quantum mechanical, radioactive, radiological, sonic stimuli, or a combination thereof.
13. The intelligent sensor platform of claim 1, wherein the sensor element is further capable of absorbing energy, receiving energy, storing energy, emitting energy, controlling energy, transforming energy, or transmitting energy, or a combination thereof.
14. The intelligent sensor platform of claim 13 , wherein the energy is acoustical, biochemical, bioluminescent, biological, Casimir, chemical, Coulomb blockade, laser, electron, electrical, electrical field, electromagnetic, enzyme, ESR, light emitting diode, luminescent, magnetic field, mechanical, metabolic, NMR, pH , ordinary light, photoisomerisable species, OCT, optoelectronic, PET, photodetector, photoelectric, photonic, photosensitive, photovoltaic, quantum dot, quantum mechanical, radio transmission, sonic, SPECT, spin-electron, or thermal energy, or a combination thereof.
15. The intelligent sensor platform of claim 13, wherein the energy further enables in whole or in part the sensor to perform an action.
16. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the sensor platform comprises multiple sensor elements, selected functions, communication links.
17. The intelligent sensor platform of claim $\mathbf{1}$, wherein the sensor is further capable of being formulated for in vivo or in vitro use in human or animals.
18. The intelligent sensor platform of claim 17 , wherein the sensor is capable of improving the efficacy of a healthcare element and/or usage thereof in treating or preventing a disease, condition, or disorder.
19. The intelligent sensor platform of claim 17, wherein a formulation comprised of purified or synthetic clathrin coatomer or non-clathrin coatomer protein molecules is further capable of comprising the intelligent sensor for in vivo or in vitro use.
20. A method for an intelligent sensor platform comprising: (a) forming more than one sensor element capable of executing or following a self-adaptive algorithm and including a capability for an autonomous and/or a cognitive action, (b) a selected sensor function, (c) a bi-directional communications link and data and/or instructions to or from the sensor element are communicated over the link, wherein a scalable, distributed and intelligent platform comprising more than one interconnected sensor is enabled.

[^0]:    SEQUENCE LISTING

