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United States Patent [19]

Izsak et al.

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- [54] **STRAWBERRY PLANT SHALOM**
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Related U.S. Application Data

- [63] Continuation of Ser. No. 489,407, Mar. 6, 1990, abandoned.

Foreign Application Priority Data

- Mar. 17, 1989 [IL] Israel 1430/89
- [51] Int. Cl.⁵ **A01H 5/00**
- [52] U.S. Cl. **Plt./48**
- [58] Field of Search Plt. 48, 49

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[57] ABSTRACT

A new and distinct variety of strawberry (*Fragaria L.*) called "Shalom" is disclosed. The variety is a cross between "Rachel" and "Douglas", which results in a variety that flowers several months earlier than other known strawberry varieties.

2 Drawing Sheets

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This is a continuation of application Ser. No. 07/489,407 filed Mar. 6, 1990, now abandoned.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct variety of strawberry (*Fragaria L.*) called "Shalom". The variety was developed from an organized scientifically designated breeding program carried out at the Agricultural Research Organization, the Volcani Center, Bet Dagan, Israel. The variety is the product of selection of seedlings resulting from crosses between the strawberry varieties "Rachel" and "Douglas". The variety was asexually vegetatively propagated through runners and the reproduction ran true.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The new variety "Shalom" resembles the variety "Douglas" and is able to grow in September and produce fruit starting in November and lasting until summer. The production of fruit beginning in November is two months earlier than any known variety of *Fragaria L.* The fruit of the "Shalom" variety is characterized by good taste, good shape and size as well as a long shelf life.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

FIG. 1. Photograph of the "Shalom" variety illustrating the foliage and fruit.

FIG. 2. Photograph of the "Shalom" variety illustrating the fruit.

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FIG. 3. Photograph of the "Shalom" variety illustrating the entire plant with both flowers and fruit.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The "Shalom" variety was grown in winter under polyethylene tunnels in Israel. "Shalom" is a short day variety that flowers earlier than other known short day length strawberry varieties. Flowering and fruit production is not affected by the use of polyethylene wind tunnels. This production procedure is utilized in normal agricultural practices by the skilled artisan and does not involve temperature or light control. Mother plants were stored at 0° C. from January through April. They were then planted in the nursery without further treatment. Runners with plantlets were produced during summer. These young plantlets were collected from the nursery in September and transferred to raised beds. Average temperatures at that time of the year are 30° C. during the day and 22° C. at night. Water and fertilizers were applied through drip irrigation. An example of an optimum planting date is between September 15th to the 20th with the approximate date of flowering on October 20, and the approximate date of first fruiting on November 20. "Shalom" flowering is not induced by chilling, but by natural exposure to short day length (long nights) characteristic of late fall and early winter. Color readings described herein were taken under natural light conditions and color identifications were made by reference to the Royal Horticultural Society Colour

Chart (RHSCC), except where common terms of color definition are employed.

The pertinent characteristics of the present invention are presented in Table 1 and Table 2. Additionally, the variety "Shalom" (1) has no tendency toward fruit malformation; (2) disease resistance appears normal in that no particular problematic conditions arose during trials; and (3) the type of bearing is not remontant (e.g., "Shalom" blooms perpetuously, during late fall and winter).

The fruit is longer than broad, with primary, secondary and tertiary fruit possessing a moderately distinct shape (Table 2). The fruit is firm with a dark red color (Table 2).

The variety "Shalom" flowers several months earlier than known strawberry varieties. One of closest known varieties would be "Karina" (Table 1) as well as the new varieties under co-pending U.S. patent application Ser. Nos. 07/735,969 ("Sharon"), 07/735,968 ("Dorit"), 07/735,967 ("Smadar"), and 07/435,970 ("Saa'id"). Additionally, early flowering results in early fruit production for "Shalom" and the four co-pending varieties (Table 3). Total Soluble Solids (TSS), percent acidity and aroma are presented in Table 4 by comparison to the varieties listed in Table 3.

TABLE 1

PLANT CHARACTERISTICS OF "SHALOM"		
MORPHOLOGICAL TRAIT	DESCRIPTION ^a	COMPARABLE VARIETY ^b
Classification	Botanical-Fragaria L.	
Plant habit	Flat-Globose	"Senagana"
Plant density	Dense	"Talisman"
Plant vigor	Strong	"Grande"
<u>Leaf:</u>		
a) Length	14-19 cm	
b) Width	10-12 cm	
c) Color	Green Group 147 A (RHSCC)	
1) Upper Side:	Very Dark	
d) Blistering	Strong	
e) Cross-section	Slightly Convex	
f) # of leaflets	Sometimes > 3	
<u>Terminal leaflet</u>		
a) Length/Width ratio	Longer than broad	
b) Shape of base	Obtuse	
c) Shape of teeth	Rounded	
d) Length	5-6 cm	
e) Width	4-5 cm	
<u>Flower</u>		
a) Size	Medium	"Gorella"
b) Size of calyx to corolla	Same size	
c) Size of inner calyx versus outer calyx	Same size	
d) Spacing of petals	Free	
e) Petal length/width	Longer than Broad	
f) Time of flowering	Early	"Karina" ^c
<u>Stolon</u>		
a) Number	Few	
b) Thickness	Thin	
c) Pubescence	Weak	
d) Anthocyanin coloration	Medium	
<u>Petiole</u>		
a) Pose of hairs	Outwards	
b) Length	8-13 cm	
<u>Inflorescence</u>		
a) Position relative	Level	

TABLE 1-continued

PLANT CHARACTERISTICS OF "SHALOM"		
MORPHOLOGICAL TRAIT	DESCRIPTION ^a	COMPARABLE VARIETY ^b
to foliage		

^aThe description of "Shalom" is based on the test guidelines for *Fragaria* L. of the International Union for the Protection of New Plant Varieties. (UPOV)

^bOnly characteristics which are relevant for comparing varieties are listed.

^c"Shalom" flowers at the end of October. One of the earliest known varieties for comparison is "Karina", which flowers in January.

TABLE 2

FRUIT CHARACTERISTICS OF "SHALOM"	
CHARACTERISTIC	DESCRIPTION
Time of ripening	Early
Ratio of length/maximum width	Longer than Broad
Primary Fruit ^a	Conical
Length	40-48 mm
Width	28-35 mm
Secondary Fruit	Conical
Length	32-35 mm
Width	25-30 mm
Tertiary Fruit	Ovoid
Length	25-28 mm
Width	24-25 mm
Size	Large
Band without achenes	Narrow
Unevenness of surface	Weak
Color	Dark red
Evenness of color	Even
Glossiness	Medium
Insertion of achenes	Level with surface
Insertion of calyx	Level with surface
Pose of calyx segments	Clasping
Size of calyx in relation to fruit diameter	Larger
Adherence of calyx	Strong
Firmness	Firm
Color of Flesh	Dark red
Evenness of flesh color	Uneven
Sweetness ^b	Medium
Color	43 AR circa (RHSCC)
Taste ^b	Normal

^aThere is a moderate difference between the shape of the primary and secondary fruit.

^bSee Table 4.

TABLE 3

COMPARATIVE YIELD OF "SHALOM" ^a						
	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Shalom	50	70	80	100	100	70
Sharon ^b	40	60	80	80	80	80
Dorit ^c	30	70	100	100	100	100
Smadar ^d	50	70	100	100	100	50
Saa'id ^e	0	70	100	100	100	100
Douglas ^f	0	0	40	150	150	150
Chandler ^g	0	0	30	150	150	120

^aAverage yield in g/m² in Ramat Hadar, Israel (1989-90). The time of ripening for "Shalom" fruit is early.

^bU. S. application Ser. No. 07/735,969. The time of ripening for "Sharon" fruit is very early.

^cU. S. application Ser. No. 07/735,968. The time of ripening for "Dorit" fruit is early.

^dU. S. application Ser. No. 07/735,967. The time of ripening for "Smadar" fruit is very early to early.

^eU. S. application Ser. No. 07/735,970. The time of ripening for "Saa'id" fruit is early to medium.

^fU. S. Plant Pat. No. 4,487. The time of ripening for "Douglas" fruit is late.

^gU. S. Plant Pat. No. 5,262. The time of ripening for "Chandler" fruit is late.

TABLE 4

COMPARATIVE FRUIT CHARACTERISTICS OF "SHALOM"				
	T.S.S. ^a in %	Acidity ^b in %	Aroma	Taste
Shalom	8.0-9.0	1.0	4	Normal
Sharon ^c	6.5-7.0	1.0	3	Slightly

TABLE 4-continued

COMPARATIVE FRUIT CHARACTERISTICS OF "SHALOM"				
	T.S.S. ^a in %	Acidity ^b in %	Aroma	Taste
				Acidic
Dorit ^d	8.5-9.5	1.0	5	Good
Smadar ^e	8.5-9.5	1.0	5	Good
Saaid ^f	8.0-9.0	1.0	3	Normal
Douglas ^g	6.5-7.0	0.8	3	Slightly Acidic
Chandler ^h	6.5-7.0	0.8	3	Slightly

TABLE 4-continued

COMPARATIVE FRUIT CHARACTERISTICS OF "SHALOM"				
	T.S.S. ^a in %	Acidity ^b in %	Aroma	Taste
				Acidic

^aTotal Soluble Solids expresses fruit sweetness and was determined with a refractometer.
^bPercent of acidity was determined as follows: 2 cc of juice extract was mixed with 20 cc of water. Five drops of fenolphthalein was added and the mixture was titrated with NaOH. The percent acidity is calculated as the quantity of NaOH (cc) × 0.32.
^cU. S. application Ser. No. 07/735,969.
^dU. S. application Ser. No. 07/735,968.
^eU. S. application Ser. No. 07/735,967.
^fU. S. application Ser. No. 07/735,970.
^gU. S. Plant Pat. No. 4,487.
^hU. S. Plant Pat. No. 5,262.

What is claimed is:
1. A new distinct variety of strawberry substantially as illustrated and described and distinguished as being able to grow in September and produce fruit starting in November and lasting until summer, with fruit having a good taste and shape and a long shelf life.
* * * * *

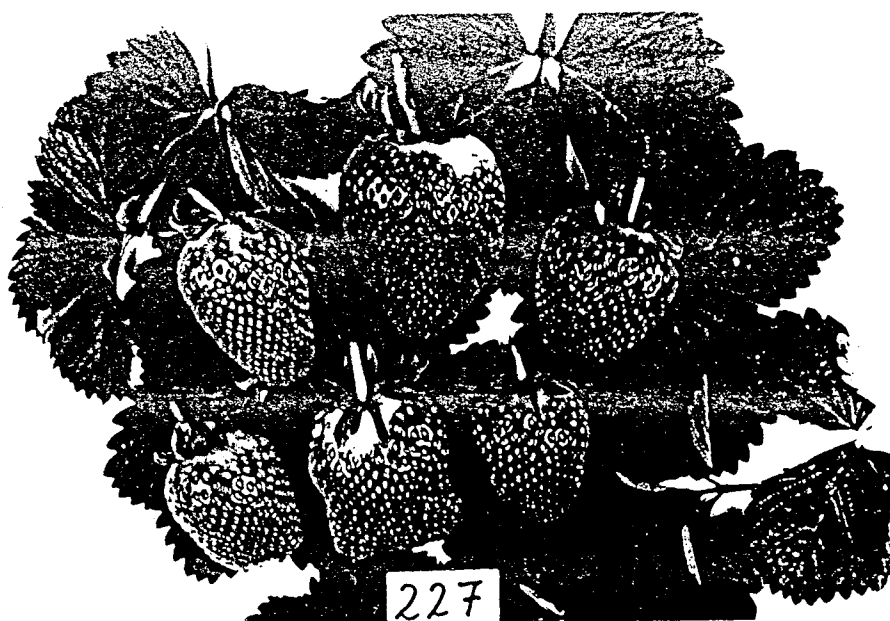


FIG. 1

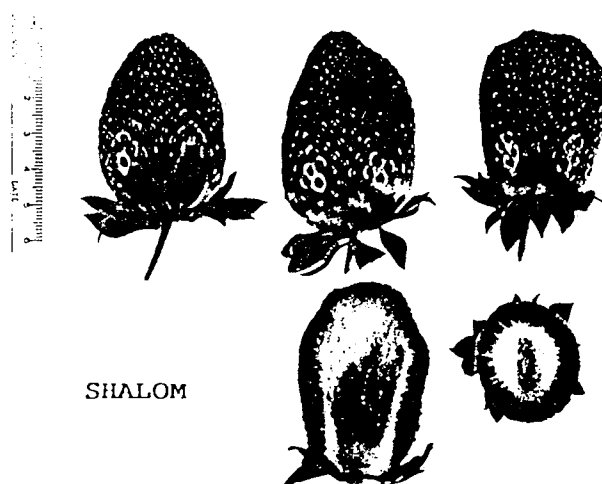


FIG. 2



FIG. 3