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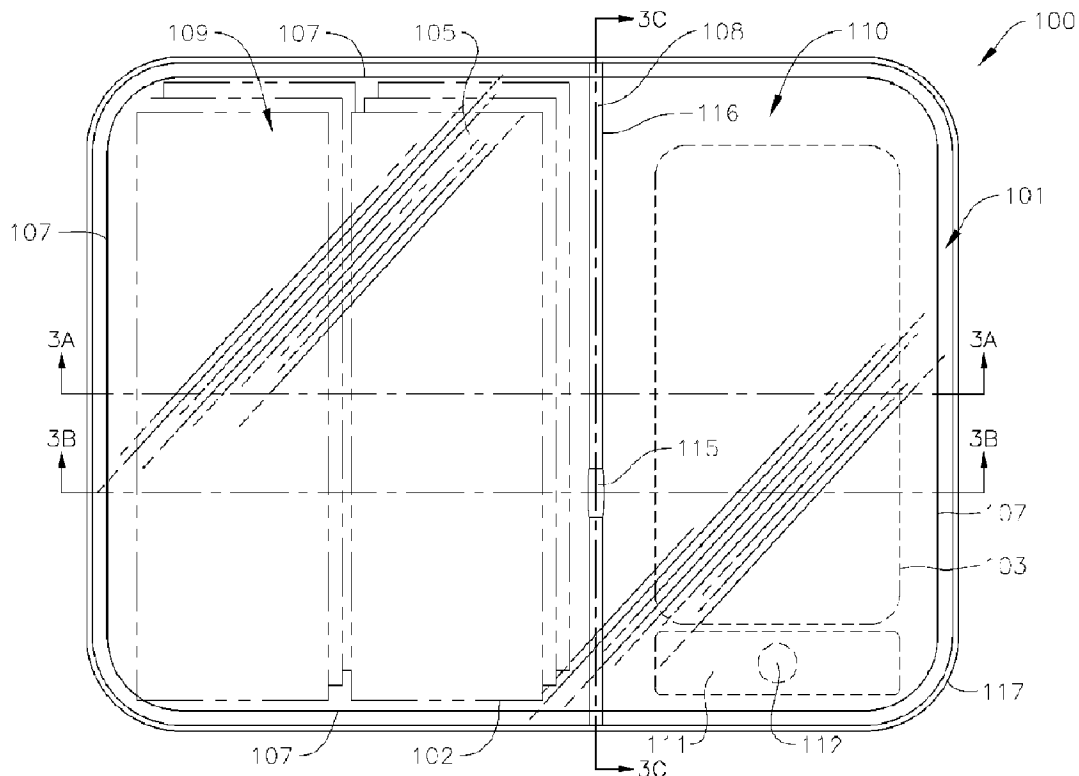
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(54) Titre : CONTENANT AVEC ABSORBEUR D'OXYGENE

(54) Title: CONTAINER WITH AN OXYGEN ABSORBER



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

A container including a tray, an oxygen absorber, and a removable film. The tray includes a base, at least one sidewall extending in a first direction from the base, and at least one partition extending in the first direction from the base. The partition divides an interior of the tray into at least a first compartment and a second compartment adjacent to the first compartment. The container also includes at least one aperture in the at least partition. The aperture places the first compartment in fluid communication with the second compartment. The oxygen absorber is in the first compartment or the second compartment, and the removable film covers the first compartment and the second compartment.

ABSTRACT

A container including a tray, an oxygen absorber, and a removable film. The tray includes a base, at least one sidewall extending in a first direction from the base, and at least one partition extending in the first direction from the base. The partition divides an interior of the tray into at least a first compartment and a second compartment adjacent to the first compartment. The container also includes at least one aperture in the at least partition. The aperture places the first compartment in fluid communication with the second compartment. The oxygen absorber is in the first compartment or the second compartment, and the removable film covers the first compartment and the second compartment.

BACKGROUND

1. Field

[0001] The present disclosure relates generally to containers having an oxygen absorber.

10 **2. Description of Related Art**

[0002] Containers are commonly utilized to ship and store products that are susceptible to damage or quality degradation due to various environmental conditions, such as heat and humidity. For instance, products that are susceptible to quality degradation when exposed to moisture in the air may be packaged in a vacuum sealed container. The process
15 of vacuum packing includes placing one or more products inside a sealable and flexible container, such as a plastic film pouch, drawing air out of the container, and then sealing the container. The vacuum packing process may be performed by external sealers, single or double vacuum chamber machines, or automatic belt vacuum chamber machines. However, vacuum packing is costly, susceptible to defective seals, and limits product
20 throughput during manufacturing. Other packaging utilized to protect products against moisture in the air includes shrink film. However, shrink film is susceptible to damage during transportation and storage and may not have sufficient integrity to hold multiple products together.

SUMMARY

25 **[0003]** The present disclosure is directed to various embodiments of a container. In one embodiment, the container includes a tray having a base, at least one sidewall extending in

5 a first direction from the base, and at least one partition extending in the first direction from the base. The at least one partition divides an interior of the tray into at least a first compartment and a second compartment adjacent to the first compartment. The tray also includes at least one aperture in the at least one partition. The first compartment is in fluid communication with the second compartment through the at least one aperture in the
10 partition. The container also includes an oxygen absorber in one of the first compartment or the second compartment, and a removable film covering the first compartment and the second compartment.

[0004] The removable film may be sealed to each of the at least one sidewall and the at least one partition.

15 **[0005]** The at least one aperture may be a notch in an end of the at least one partition distal to the base.

[0006] The oxygen absorber may be in the second compartment, and the second compartment may be volumetrically smaller than the first compartment.

[0007] The at least one sidewall may include a pair of opposing sidewalls, and a pair of
20 opposing end walls connected to the pair of opposing sidewalls.

[0008] The container may also include a removable lid covering the removable film.

[0009] The container may also include an oxygen indicator in the one of the first compartment or the second compartment.

[0010] The oxygen absorber may include a mixture of iron powder and sodium chloride
25 in a porous sachet.

[0011] The mixture may also include activated carbon.

[0012] The container may also include a product in the other one of the first compartment or the second compartment.

- 5 **[0013]** The product may include a plant extract, such as nicotine.
- [0014]** The product may be a cosmetic product (e.g., blush or eye shadow in a compact).
- [0015]** The removable film may be translucent or transparent.
- [0016]** The at least one partition may include the same material as the at least one
sidewall.
- 10 **[0017]** The at least one partition may be thicker than the at least one sidewall.
- [0018]** The at least one partition may have a higher specific heat than the at least one
sidewall.
- [0019]** The present disclosure is also directed to various embodiments of a container. In
one embodiment, the container includes a tray including a first compartment, a second
15 compartment, a partition separating the first compartment from the second compartment, at
least one product in the first compartment, and an oxygen absorber in the second
compartment. The partition is configured to permit air in the first compartment to flow into
the second compartment through the partition. The oxygen absorber is configured to reduce
an amount of the air in the first compartment by an oxidation reaction. The partition is
20 configured to mitigate against a transfer of heat from the second compartment to the first
compartment during the oxidation reaction.
- [0020]** The container may include a film covering the first compartment and the second
compartment. The film is configured to prevent air outside of the container from entering the
first compartment or the second compartment.
- 25 **[0021]** The tray may include a base, at least one sidewall extending from the base, and
at least one partition extending from the base. The at least one partition divides an interior
of the tray into the first compartment and the second compartment.

5 **[0022]** The present disclosure is also directed to various methods of manufacturing a container. In one embodiment, the method includes inserting at least one product into a first compartment of a tray, inserting an oxygen absorber into a second compartment of the tray separated from the first compartment by at least one partition, and sealing the at least one product in the first compartment and the oxygen absorber in the second compartment with
10 a film. The partition is configured to permit air in the first compartment to flow into the second compartment through the partition. The oxygen absorber is configured to reduce an amount of the air in the first compartment by an oxidation reaction. The partition is configured to mitigate against a transfer of heat from the second compartment to the first compartment during the oxidation reaction. The film is configured to prevent air outside of the container
15 from entering the first compartment or the second compartment.

[0023] The method may also include forming at least one aperture in the partition. The at least one aperture places the first compartment in fluid communication with the second compartment.

[0024] This summary is provided to introduce a selection of features and concepts of
20 embodiments of the present disclosure that are further described below in the detailed description. This summary is not intended to identify key or essential features of the claimed subject matter, nor is it intended to be used in limiting the scope of the claimed subject matter. One or more of the described features may be combined with one or more other described features to provide a workable device.

5 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0025] The accompanying drawings, together with the specification, illustrate exemplary embodiments of the present disclosure, and, together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the present disclosure.

[0026] FIG. 1 is a top view of a container according to one embodiment of the present disclosure;

[0027] FIG. 2 is an exploded side view of the embodiment of the container illustrated in FIG. 1;

[0028] FIGS. 3A-3C are cross-sectional views of the embodiment of the container illustrated in FIG. 1; and

15 [0029] FIG. 4 is a flowchart illustrating tasks of a method of manufacturing a container according to one embodiment of the present disclosure;

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0030] The present disclosure is directed to various embodiments of a multi-chamber or multi-compartment container including an oxygen absorber in one of the compartments, a product contained in another one of the compartments, and a partition separating the first
20 compartment from the second compartment. The partition is breathable such that the first compartment is in fluid communication with the second compartment through the partition. Accordingly, air contained in the compartment containing the product may flow through the partition and into the compartment containing the oxygen absorber, and any moisture
25 contained in the air may oxidize the oxygen absorber, which consumes and reduces the concentration of oxygen in the air. In this manner, the oxygen absorber is configured to reduce the concentration of oxygen inside the container, which might otherwise damage or

5 degrade the quality of the product contained in first compartment of the container. Additionally, in one or more embodiments, the partition acts as a thermal insulator and/or a heat sink to protect the product housed in the container against excessive heat generated by the oxygen absorber during the oxidation process, which might otherwise damage or degrade the quality of the product housed in the container.

10 **[0031]** With reference now to FIGS. 1-3C, a container **100** according to one embodiment of the present disclosure includes a tray **101**, one or more products **102** and an oxygen absorber **103** housed in an interior **104** of the tray **101**, and a film **105** covering the one or more products **102** and the oxygen absorber **103** in the interior **104** of the tray.

15 **[0032]** In the illustrated embodiment, the tray **101** includes a base **106** (e.g., a flat or generally flat base wall), at least one sidewall **107** extending from the base **106**, and at least one partition **108** extending from the base **106**. In the illustrated embodiment, the at least one sidewall **107** and the at least one partition **108** extend in the same direction (e.g., upward) from the base **106**. In the illustrated embodiment, the base **106** and the at least one sidewall **107** together define the interior **104** of the tray **101**, and the at least one

20 partition **108** divides or separates the interior **104** of the tray **101** into a first compartment (or first chamber) **109** and a second compartment (or second chamber) **110** adjacent to the first compartment **109** (e.g., the tray **101** includes first and second compartments **109**, **110** on opposite sides of the partition **108**). In one or more embodiment, the partition **108** may divide the interior **104** of the tray **101** into any other desired number of compartments (e.g.,

25 one or more partitions may divide the interior **104** of the tray **101** into three or more compartments).

[0033] In one or more embodiments, a height H_1 of the partition **108** is substantially equal to a height H_2 of the at least one sidewall **107**, although in one or more embodiments, the

5 height H_1 of the partition **108** may be different than the height H_2 of the at least one sidewall **107** (e.g., the height H_1 of the partition **108** may be greater than or less than the height H_2 of the at least one sidewall **107**).

[0034] In the illustrated embodiment, the base **106** is generally rectangular and the at least one sidewall **107** includes a pair of opposing sidewalls and a pair of opposing end
10 walls arranged in a rectangular configuration. In one or more embodiments, the tray **101** may have any other shape. For instance, in one or more embodiments, the base **106** of the tray **101** may be any other suitable polygonal shape, such as, for example, triangular, square, pentagonal, or hexagonal. In one or more embodiments, the number and arrangement of the sidewalls may depend on the configuration (e.g., shape and size) of the
15 base **106**. For instance, in one or more embodiments in which the base **106** is circular, the at least one sidewall **107** may be a single cylindrical sidewall.

[0035] Additionally, in the illustrated embodiment, the one or more products **102** are housed in the first compartment **109** and the oxygen absorber (i.e., the oxygen scavenger) **103** is housed in the second compartment **110** such that the one or more products **102** are
20 separated from the oxygen absorber **103** by the partition **108**. In one or more embodiments, one or more of the products **102** housed in the first compartment **109** includes one or more plant extracts, such as nicotine (e.g., the products **102** may be liquid nicotine cartridges for use with vaporizers). In one or more embodiments, one or more of the products **102** housed in the first compartment **109** is a cosmetic product (e.g., a compact including blush or eye
25 shadow). In one or more embodiments, the one or more products **102** may be any other kind or type of products, such as, for instance, any other type or kind of products that are susceptible to damage or degradation of quality when exposed to oxygen and/or moisture.

5 **[0036]** In the illustrated embodiment, the second compartment **110** that houses the oxygen absorber **103** is smaller (e.g., volumetrically smaller) than the first compartment **109** that houses the one or more products **102**. In one or more embodiments, the first and second compartments **109**, **110** may have any other suitable relative sizes depending, for instance, on the size of the one or more products **102** housed in the first compartment **109**,
10 the size of the oxygen absorber **103** housed in the second compartment **110**, and the overall size of the tray **101**. In one or more embodiments, the size of the second compartment **110** that houses the oxygen absorber **103** may be selected depending on the amount (e.g., volume or exposed surface area) of the oxygen absorber **103** that is required to oxidize a sufficient amount of the oxygen in the interior of the tray **101** to protect the one or more
15 products **102** against damage or degradation of quality when exposed to oxygen and/or moisture. In general, the size of the oxygen absorber **103** and thus the size of the second compartment **110** that accommodates the oxygen absorber **103** increases with increasing size of the first compartment **109** (e.g., increasing overall size of the products **102**) such the larger oxygen absorber **103** is capable of oxidizing the increased volume of air in the interior
20 **104** of the tray **101**. For instance, in one or more embodiments, the first compartment **109** may be the same or substantially the same size (e.g., the same or substantially the same volume) as the second compartment **110**. In one or more embodiments, the second compartment **110** that houses the oxygen absorber **103** may be larger (e.g., volumetrically larger) than the first compartment **109** that houses the one or more products **102**.
25 **[0037]** In one or more embodiments, the oxygen absorber **103** includes a mixture of ferrous carbonate (e.g., iron powder) and a metal halide catalyst (e.g., sodium chloride) in a porous sachet or porous packet. The ferrous carbonate (e.g., iron powder) in the mixture is configured to oxidize when exposed to moisture in the air (i.e., moisture in the air activates

5 the ferrous carbonate), and this oxidation process consumes oxygen in the air and thereby reduces the overall concentration of oxygen in the air. The metal halide catalyst (e.g., sodium chloride) in the mixture, which acts as a catalyst or activator for the oxidation process, reduces the minimum threshold of moisture in the air required to activate the oxidation of the ferrous carbonate. In one or more embodiments, the mixture may include
10 any other suitable catalyst or activator. Additionally, in one or more embodiments, the mixture may also include activated carbon, which is configured to adsorb other gases and some organic molecules. In one or more embodiments, the oxygen absorber **103** may include any other suitable material or materials. For instance, in one or more embodiments, the oxygen absorber **103** may include non-ferrous materials, such as, for example,
15 ascorbate, sodium hydrogen carbonate, citrus, and/or ascorbic acid, and/or any other materials suitable, for example, to mitigate against odor or degradation to the flavor profile of the one or more products **102**.

[0038] In one or more embodiments, the container **100** may also include an oxygen indicator **111** in the second compartment **110** (i.e., the second compartment **110** of the tray
20 **101** may house both the oxygen absorber **103** and the oxygen indicator **111**). In one or more embodiments, the oxygen indicator **111** is a visual indicator of the presence of oxygen in the interior **104** of the container **100** above a threshold limit. Accordingly, the oxygen indicator **111** may be utilized to determine if the film **105** is sealed to the tray **101** properly and if the oxygen absorber **103** is functioning properly to remove the oxygen from the interior
25 **104** of the tray **101**. For instance, in one or more embodiments, the oxygen indicator **111** may include a visual indicator portion **112** (e.g., a circular portion, such as a dot) configured to change color when oxygen is present inside the interior **104** of the tray **101** above the threshold limit (e.g., the visual indicator portion **112** of the oxygen indicator **111** may be

5 configured to change from pink or a reddish hue color when the oxygen level in the interior
104 of the tray 101 is below the threshold limit to blue when the oxygen level in the interior
104 of the tray 101 is above the threshold limit). In one or more embodiments, the film 105
may be translucent or transparent, in whole or in part, to enable a user to view the oxygen
indicator 111, or at least the visual indicator portion 112 of the oxygen indicator 111, housed
10 in the second compartment 110 of the tray 101. In one or more embodiments, the container
100 may be provided without the oxygen indicator 111.

[0039] In the illustrated embodiment, the film 105 of the container 100 covers the first
and second compartments 109, 110 of the tray 101 and forms a fluid-tight seal with the tray
101 sealing the one or more products 102 in the first compartment 109 and sealing the
15 oxygen absorber 103 and, optionally, the oxygen indicator 111 in the second compartment
110. The film 105 is removable to enable access to the one or more products 102 housed
in the first compartment 109. In one or more embodiments, the film 105 may be sealed (e.g.,
heat sealed and/or bonded with adhesive) to an upper end 113 of each of the one or more
sidewalls 107 and an upper end 114 of the partition 108. In one or more embodiments, the
20 film 105 is sealed along the entirety of the at least one sidewall 107 (e.g., along the entire
periphery of the tray 101) such that air from the surrounding atmosphere (the exterior of the
container 100) cannot enter the interior 104 of the tray 101. The film 105 may be formed of
any suitable material, such as, for instance, biaxially-oriented polyethylene terephthalate
(BoPET). In one or more embodiments, the film 105 (or at least a portion thereof) may be
25 translucent or transparent to enable a user to view the one or more products 102 housed in
the first compartment 109 and/or the oxygen indicator 111 (or at least the visual indicator
portion 112 of the oxygen indicator 111) housed in the second compartment 110.

5 **[0040]** In the illustrated embodiment, the partition **108** is breathable such that the first compartment **109** is in fluid communication with the second compartment **110** through the partition **108**. In one or more embodiments, the partition **108** includes one or more apertures **115** (e.g., one or more openings) placing the first compartment **109** in fluid communication with the second compartment **110**. In the illustrated embodiment, the aperture **115** is a notch
10 along an end **114** (e.g., an upper edge) of the partition **108** distal to the base **106** (e.g., the notch is located at a first end of the partition **108** opposite to a second end of the partition **108** coupled to the base **106**). The notch **115** may have any suitable shape, such as, for instance, a curved shape (e.g., an arcuate shape) or a polygonal shape (e.g., rectangular). In the illustrated embodiment, the notch forms a gap between the partition **108** and the film
15 **105** through which air may flow from the first compartment **109** to the second compartment **110**. Additionally, in the illustrated embodiment, the film **105** is sealed (e.g., heat sealed and/or bonded with adhesive) along an entirety of the length of the upper end **114** of the partition **108** except at the aperture **115** (e.g., the notch) such that air in the first compartment **109** cannot flow into the second compartment **110** except through the
20 aperture **115** in the upper end **114** of the partition **108**. In one or more embodiments, the aperture **115** may be an opening (e.g., a hole) along any portion of the partition **108**. In one or more embodiments, the partition **108** may be a liquid-tight but air-permeable membrane and the apertures **115** in the partition **108** may be the porosity of the membrane partition **108** that permits air to pass through the membrane partition **108**. In one or more
25 embodiments, the partition **108** may be an air-permeable open-cell material, such as open cell foam, and the apertures **115** in the partition **108** may be the open cells, pores, or voids in the open-cell material.

5 **[0041]** As described above, the air in the first compartment **109** housing the one or more products **102** is configured to flow through the aperture **115** in the partition **108** and into the second compartment **110** housing the oxygen absorber **103**. When the ferrous carbonate (e.g., iron powder) in the oxygen absorber **103** is exposed to moisture in the air, the ferrous carbonate is configured to oxidize (i.e., moisture in the air activates the ferrous carbonate),
10 and this oxidation process consumes oxygen in the air and thereby reduces the overall concentration of oxygen in the air trapped inside the interior **104** of the tray **101**. Moreover, as the air in the first compartment **109** flows into the second compartment **110** through the aperture **115** in the partition **108** and is consumed by the oxygen absorber **103**, moisture in the air is drawn away from the one or more products **102** housed in the first compartment
15 **109**. In one or more embodiments, the moisture in the air may condense and form condensate on the portion of the film **105** covering the second compartment **110** that houses the oxygen absorber **103**. In this manner, the container **100** is configured to protect the one or more products **102** against damage or degradation of quality, which might otherwise occur when the one or more products **101** are exposed to oxygen and/or moisture.
20 Additionally, the oxidation of the ferrous carbonate (e.g., iron powder) in the oxygen absorber **103** is an exothermic reaction.

[0042] In the illustrated embodiment, the partition **108** functions as a thermal insulator and/or a heat sink configured to protect the one or more products **102** contained in the first compartment **109** of the tray **101** against excessive heat generated by the oxygen absorber
25 **103** in the second compartment **110** of the tray **101** during the oxidation process, which might otherwise damage or degrade the quality of the one or more products **102** contained in the container **100**. For instance, in one or more embodiments, the partition **108** is configured to prevent the temperature in the first compartment **109** from increasing more

5 than approximately 5 °F (approximately 3 °C) due to the heat created by the oxidation of the iron powder in the oxygen absorber **103**. In one or more embodiments, the material of the partition **108** may be the same as the material of the one or more sidewalls **107** and the base **106** (e.g., the entire tray may be made out of the same material), but the partition **108** may have a thickness T_1 greater than a thickness T_2 of the one or more sidewalls **107** and/or
10 a thickness T_3 of the base **106** of the tray **101**. In one or more embodiments, the material of the partition **108** may be different than the material of the one or more sidewalls **107** and/or the material of the base **106**. For instance, in one or more embodiments, the tray **101** may be made of plastic and the partition **108** may be coated or lined with a thermal barrier material (e.g., a metallic or ceramic layer) configured to mitigate against the transfer of heat
15 from the second compartment **110** housing the oxygen absorber **103** to the first compartment **109** housing the one or more products **102**. In one or more embodiments, the thermal barrier layer **116** may be on a portion (e.g., a wall) of the partition **108** facing toward the second compartment **110**. In one or more embodiments, the thermal barrier layer **116** may be formed by metallizing at least a portion of the partition **108**. In one or more
20 embodiments, the partition **108** may have a higher specific heat than the one or more sidewalls **107** and/or the base **106** such that the partition **108** is configured to absorb a sufficient amount of the heat generated in the second compartment **110** by the oxidation process performed by the oxygen absorber **103** to prevent the one or more products **102** from being excessively heated.

25 **[0043]** In one or more embodiments, the size of the aperture **115** (e.g., the notch) may be selected to be large enough to permit air to flow from the first compartment **109**, through the aperture **115** in the partition **108**, and into the second compartment **110** where the oxygen will be consumed by the oxygen absorber **103**, but not so large that heat generated

5 by the oxidation process in the oxygen absorber **103** is excessively transferred to the one or more products **102** in the first compartment **109** through the aperture **115** in the partition **108**. Additionally, in one or more embodiments, the aperture **115** in the partition **108** may not be so large that the oxygen absorber **103** can pass through the aperture **115** and move from the second compartment **110** into the first compartment **109**.

10 **[0044]** In one or more embodiments, the container **100** may also include a removable lid or cover **117** configured to cover the removable film **105**. The removable lid **117** is configured to protect the film **105** and prevent inadvertent damage to the film **105**, such as puncturing, that could permit moisture-containing air to enter into the interior **104** of the tray **101**, which could damage or degrade the quality of the one or more products **102** contained

15 in the container **100**. In one or more embodiments, the lid **117** may be configured to be removably secured to the tray **101** with a snap fit (e.g., the lid **117** may be configured to engage the one or more sidewalls **107** of the tray **101** with a snap fit). In one or more embodiments, the lid **117** may be configured to be removably secured to the tray **101** in any other suitable manner and/or with any other suitable mechanism, such as, for instance, with

20 one or more straps or bands. In one or more embodiments, the lid **117** may be translucent or transparent to permit a user to view the one or more products **102** housed in the first compartment **109** and/or view the oxygen indicator **111** housed in the second compartment **110**.

[0045] FIG. 4 is a flowchart illustrating tasks of a method **200** of manufacturing a

25 container according to one embodiment of the present disclosure. As illustrated in FIG. 4, the method **200** includes a task **210** of obtaining or manufacturing a tray. In one or more embodiments, the tray includes a first compartment and a second compartment separated

5 from the first compartment by a partition. In one or more embodiments, the tray may be the same as or similar to the embodiment of the tray **101** illustrated in FIGS. 1-3C.

[0046] In the illustrated embodiment, the method **200** also includes a task **220** of placing one or more products (e.g., a product containing plant extract, such as nicotine) in the first compartment, and a task **230** of placing an oxygen absorber in the second compartment.

10 In one or more embodiments, the method **200** may also include a task **240** of placing an oxygen indicator in the second compartment.

[0047] In one or more embodiments, the partition is breathable (e.g., contains one or more apertures) such that the first compartment is in fluid communication with the second compartment through the partition. When the air in the first compartment of the tray, which
15 houses the one or more products, flows through the partition and into the second compartment of the tray, the ferrous carbonate (e.g., iron powder) in the oxygen absorber is exposed to moisture in the air, which causes the ferrous carbonate to oxidize (i.e., moisture in the air activates the ferrous carbonate). This oxidation process consumes oxygen in the air and thereby reduces the overall concentration of oxygen in the air trapped
20 inside the interior of the tray. This oxidation process of the ferrous carbonate (e.g., iron powder) in the oxygen absorber also generates heat, which could damage or otherwise degrade the quality of the one or more products housed in the first compartment of the tray. In one or more embodiments, the partition functions as a thermal insulator and/or a heat sink configured to protect the one or more products contained in the first compartment of
25 the tray against excessive heat generated by the oxygen absorber in the second compartment of the tray during the oxidation process. The configuration (e.g., shape, size, and material) of the partition may be the same as or similar to the configuration of the partition **108** described above with reference to the embodiment illustrated in FIGS. 1-3C.

5 Moreover, as the air in the first compartment flows into the second compartment through the aperture in the partition and is consumed by the oxygen absorber, moisture in the air is drawn away from the one or more products housed in the first compartment, which protects the products against damage or degradation of quality that might otherwise occur if the products were exposed to oxygen and/or moisture. For instance, in one or more
10 embodiments in which a cosmetic product (e.g., blush or eye shadow in a compact) is provided in the first compartment, drawing air away from the first compartment due to the consumption of oxygen by the oxygen absorber in the second compartment is configured to preserve the color of the cosmetic product (e.g., the oxygen absorber is configured to protect the cosmetic product from the oxygen in the container, which might otherwise
15 degrade, tarnish, or change the color of the cosmetic.

[0048] In the illustrated embodiment, the method **200** also includes a task **250** of sealing the one or more products in the first compartment of the tray and sealing the oxygen absorber (and optionally the oxygen indicator) in the second compartment of the tray with a film. In one or more embodiments, the task **250** of sealing the one or more products and the
20 oxygen absorber in the first and second compartments, respectively, may include heat sealing the film to the tray and/or bonding the film to the tray with an adhesive. The film is configured to prevent moisture-containing air from the surrounding atmosphere (the exterior of the container) from entering an interior (e.g., the first and second compartments) of the tray, which could damage or degrade the quality of the one or more products contained in
25 the container. In one or more embodiments, the film may be removable to enable a user to access the one or more products housed in the first compartment of the tray. In one or more embodiments, the film may be the same as or similar to the film **105** described above with reference to the embodiment illustrated in FIGS. 1-3C.

5 **[0049]** In one or more embodiments, the method **200** may also include a task **260** of
attaching a removable lid or cover to the tray. The lid is configured to protect the film and
prevent inadvertent damage to the film, such as puncturing, that could permit moisture-
containing air to enter into the interior of the tray, which could damage or degrade the quality
of the one or more products contained in the container. In one or more embodiments, the
10 configuration of the lid may be the same as or similar to the embodiment of the lid **116**
described above with reference to the embodiment illustrated in FIGS. 1-3C. In one or more
embodiments, the method **200** may not include the task **260** of attaching a lid to the tray.

[0050] While this invention has been described in detail with particular references to
exemplary embodiments thereof, the exemplary embodiments described herein are not
15 intended to be exhaustive or to limit the scope of the invention to the exact forms disclosed.
Persons skilled in the art and technology to which this invention pertains will appreciate that
alterations and changes in the described structures and methods of assembly and operation
can be practiced without meaningfully departing from the principles, spirit, and scope of this
invention, as set forth in the following claims, and equivalents thereof.

20

5 WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A container comprising:

a tray comprising:

a base;

at least one sidewall extending in a first direction from the base; and

10 at least one partition extending in the first direction from the base, the
at least one partition dividing an interior of the tray into at least a first compartment and a
second compartment adjacent to the first compartment; and

15 at least one aperture in the at least one partition, wherein the first
compartment is in fluid communication with the second compartment through the at least
one aperture in the partition;

an oxygen absorber in one of the first compartment or the second
compartment; and

a removable film covering the first compartment and the second
compartment.

20

2. The container of claim 1, wherein the removable film is sealed to each of the
at least one sidewall and the at least one partition.

25 3. The container of claim 1, wherein the at least one aperture comprises a
notch in an end of the at least one partition distal to the base.

- 5 4. The container of claim 1, wherein the oxygen absorber is in the second compartment, and wherein the second compartment is volumetrically smaller than the first compartment.
- 10 5. The container of claim 1, wherein the at least one sidewall comprises:
a pair of opposing sidewalls; and
a pair of opposing end walls connected to the pair of opposing sidewalls.
- 15 6. The container of claim 1, further comprising a removable lid covering the removable film.
7. The container of claim 1, further comprising an oxygen indicator in the one of the first compartment or the second compartment.
- 20 8. The container of claim 1, wherein the oxygen absorber comprises a mixture of iron powder and sodium chloride in a porous sachet.
9. The container of claim 8, wherein the mixture further comprises activated carbon.
- 25 10. The container of claim 1, further comprising a product in the other one of the first compartment or the second compartment.
11. The container of claim 10, wherein the product comprises a plant extract.

- 5 12. The container of claim 11, wherein the plant extract comprises nicotine.
13. The container of claim 10, wherein the product comprises a cosmetic.
14. The container of claim 1, wherein the removable film is translucent or
10 transparent.
15. The container of claim 1, wherein the at least one partition comprises the
same material as the at least one sidewall.
- 15 16. The container of claim 15, wherein the at least one partition is thicker than
the at least one sidewall.
17. The container of claim 1, wherein the at least one partition has a higher
specific heat than the at least one sidewall.
- 20 18. A container comprising:
 a tray comprising:
 a first compartment;
 a second compartment; and
25 a partition separating the first compartment from the second
compartment;
 at least one product in the first compartment; and
 an oxygen absorber in the second compartment,

5 wherein the partition is configured to permit air in the first compartment to
flow into the second compartment through the partition,
 wherein the oxygen absorber is configured to reduce an amount of the air in
the first compartment by an oxidation reaction, and
 wherein the partition is configured to mitigate against a transfer of heat from
10 the second compartment to the first compartment during the oxidation reaction.

19. The container of claim 18, further comprising a film covering the first
compartment and the second compartment, wherein the film is configured to prevent air
outside of the container from entering the first compartment or the second compartment.

15

20. The container of claim 18, wherein the tray comprises:
a base;
at least one sidewall extending from the base; and
at least one partition extending from the base, wherein the at least one partition
20 divides an interior of the tray into the first compartment and the second compartment.

21. A method of manufacturing a container, the method comprising:
inserting at least one product into a first compartment of a tray;
inserting an oxygen absorber into a second compartment of the tray separated from
25 the first compartment by at least one partition; and
 sealing the at least one product in the first compartment and the oxygen absorber
in the second compartment with a film,

5 wherein the partition is configured to permit air in the first compartment to
flow into the second compartment through the partition,
 wherein the oxygen absorber is configured to reduce an amount of the air in
the first compartment by an oxidation reaction, and
 wherein the partition is configured to mitigate against a transfer of heat from
10 the second compartment to the first compartment during the oxidation reaction, and
 wherein the film is configured to prevent air outside of the container from
entering the first compartment or the second compartment.

22. The method of claim 21, further comprising forming at least one aperture in
15 the partition, the at least one aperture placing the first compartment in fluid communication
with the second compartment.

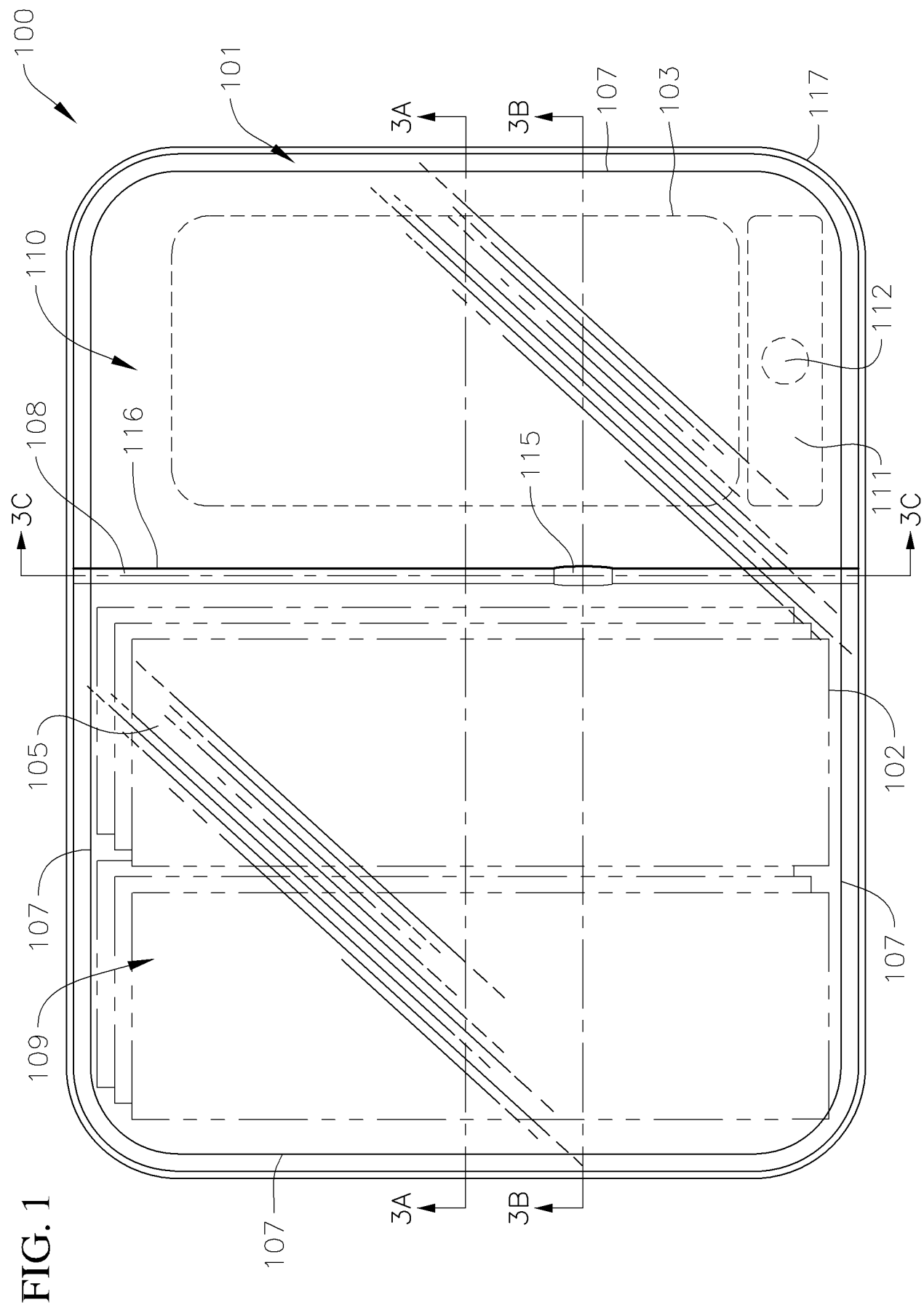


FIG. 1

FIG. 2

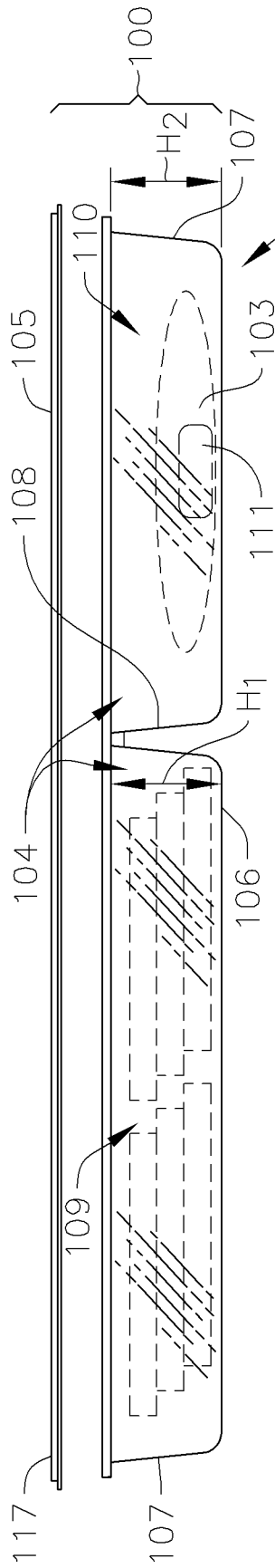


FIG. 3A

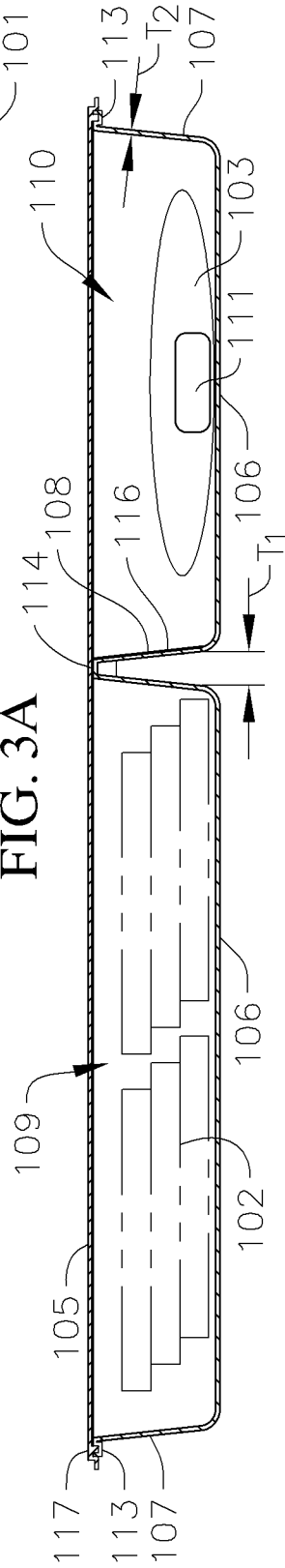


FIG. 3B

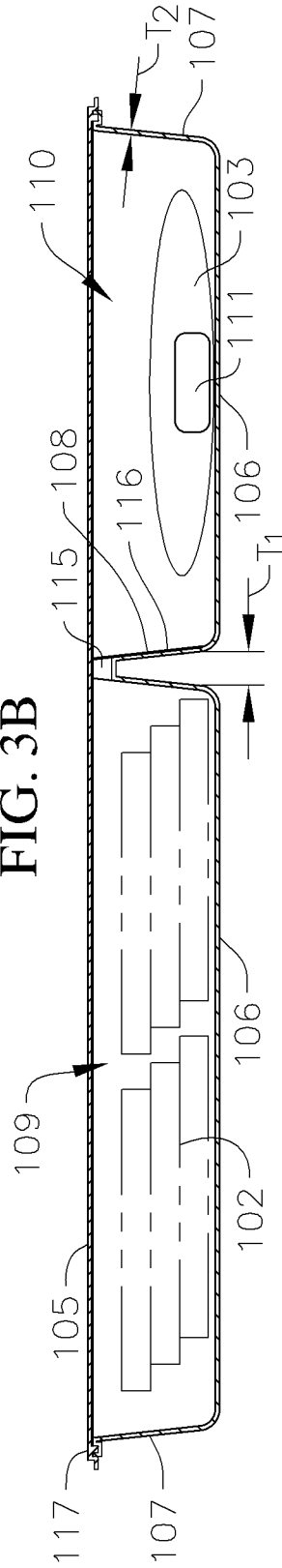


FIG. 3C

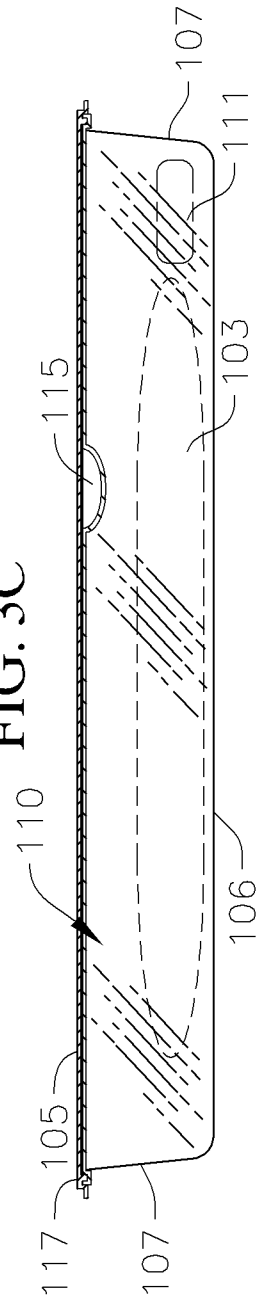


FIG. 4

