

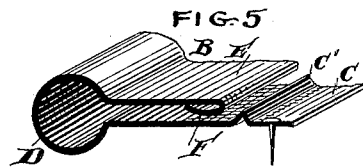
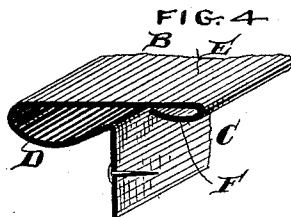
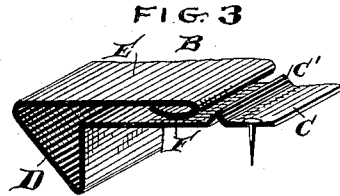
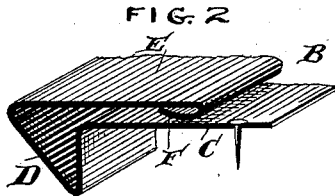
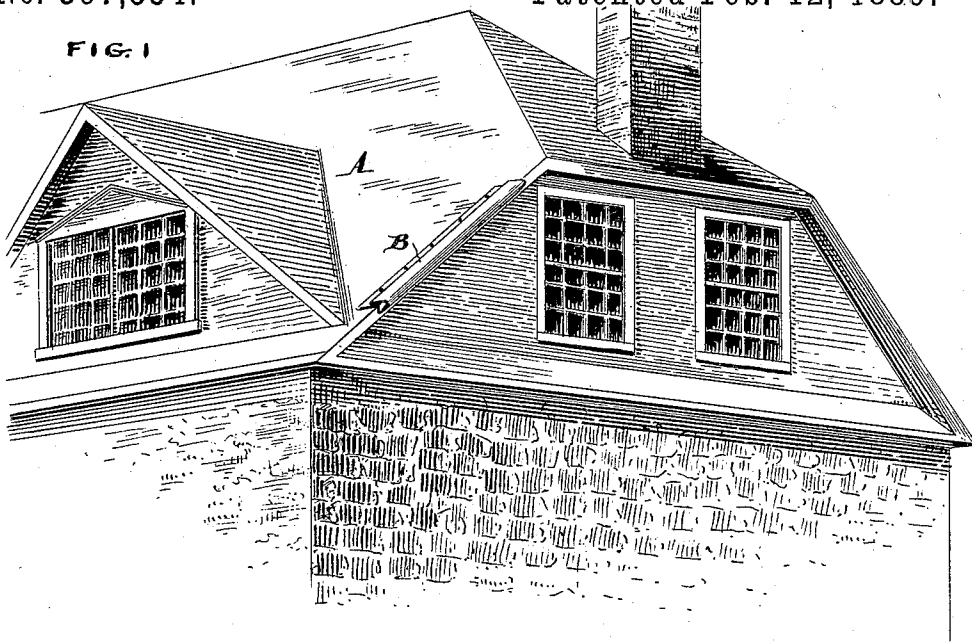
(No Model.)

J. E. CARROLL.

GABLE END FINISH FOR ROOFING.

No. 397,534.

Patented Feb. 12, 1889.



WITNESSES:

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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CORTRIGHT METAL ROOFING COMPANY, OF SAME PLACE.

GABLE-END FINISH FOR ROOFING.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 397,534, dated February 12, 1889.

Application filed December 22, 1888. Serial No. 294,380. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN E. CARROLL, of the city and county of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, have invented a new and useful Improved Gable-End Finish for Roofing, of which the following is a true and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, which form a part of this specification.

My invention relates to the device known among roofers as "gable-end finish," such devices being secured on the ends of gables or other analogous parts of a roof, and serving at the same time to prevent the entrance of water on the under side of the roofing-plates and to give an ornamental finish.

The object of my invention is to provide a device of this kind peculiarly though not exclusively adapted for use with what are known as "metallic shingles" or "roofing-plates," and which will provide improved facilities for conducting away any water which may penetrate to the end of the roofing-plates, be easily attached to the edge of the gable, and of an ornamental and sightly character.

My invention will be best understood by reference to the drawings, in which it is illustrated; and it consists of the peculiarly-formed metallic plate hereinafter described, and specifically referred to in the claims.

Reference being now had to the drawings which illustrate my invention, Figure 1 is a perspective view of the roof of a house having gables; and Figs. 2, 3, 4, and 5, perspective views of different modifications of my improved gable-end finish.

A indicates the roof of a house; B, the gable-end finish, made up, as shown, of a plate of sheet metal bent so as to have a flange, E, adapted to extend over the ends of the shingles or plates, a depressed gutter, D, adapted to extend beneath the ends of the shingles or plates, and a flange, C, by which it is secured to the edge of the gable. Preferably, I bend the end of the flange E inward, as shown at F, so as to form a rounded end, which facilitates the entrance of the roofing-plate beneath the flange E, and also forms a tighter joint between said flange and the shingle than would be the case were the end of the flange E per-

fectly plain and straight. To insure tightness in the joint between the shingles and the flange E, a ridge, C', may be formed in the flange C, so as to extend parallel to and in front of the edge of flange E. This ridge of course forms a tighter joint on the under side of the roofing plates or shingles than would be the case if they rested on the plain flange.

As shown in Figs. 2, 3, and 5, the nailing-flange C extends parallel with the upper flange, E, and the device is nailed on the top of the gable edge, as shown at B in Fig. 1. It is sometimes desirable, however, to nail the device on the outer edge of the gable, in which case the nailing-flange should be bent downward at right angles to the flange E, as shown in Fig. 4. As is clearly indicated in the figures, the depressed gutter does not require that the metal should be bent in any particular way, so long as it forms a gutter, D. Any desired ornamental form may be given to this part of the plate.

Where, as in Figs. 2, 3, and 5, the nailing-flange lies parallel with the upper flange, E, the gable-end finish B must be secured in place, as shown in Fig. 1, before the roofing plates or shingles are inserted in it, as they extend over the nailing-flange. Where, however, the nailing-flange is bent downward, as in Fig. 4, it is not absolutely necessary that the gable-end finish should be secured to the roof before the roofing-plates are inserted in it, as the device may be pushed upward on the edges of the shingles or plates until its flange rests against the edge of the gable, and then secured to said edge by nailing.

Having now described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. As a gable-end finish for roofing, a sheet-metal plate bent so as to have a flange, E, adapted to extend over the edge of the roofing-plates, a gutter, D, arranged to extend below the ends of said roofing-plates, and a nailing-flange, C, by which it is secured to the edge of the gable, all substantially as shown and described.

2. As a gable-end finish for roofing, a sheet-metal plate bent so as to have a flange, E, adapted to extend over the edge of the roof-

ing-plates and having a turned-in edge, a gutter, D, arranged to extend below the ends of said roofing-plates, and a nailing-flange, C, by which it is secured to the edge of the gable, all substantially as shown and described.

5 3. As a gable-end finish for roofing, a sheet-metal plate bent so as to have a flange, E, adapted to extend over the edge of the roofing-plates, a gutter, D, arranged to extend below the ends of said roofing-plates, and a nailing-flange, C, with rib C' formed on it, by which it is secured to the edge of the gable, all substantially as shown and described.

4. As a gable-end finish for roofing, a sheet-metal plate bent so as to have a flange, E, adapted to extend over the edge of the roofing-plates and having a turned-in edge, a gutter, D, arranged to extend below the ends of said roofing-plates, and a nailing-flange, C, with rib C' formed on it, by which it is secured to the edge of the gable, all substantially as shown and described.

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