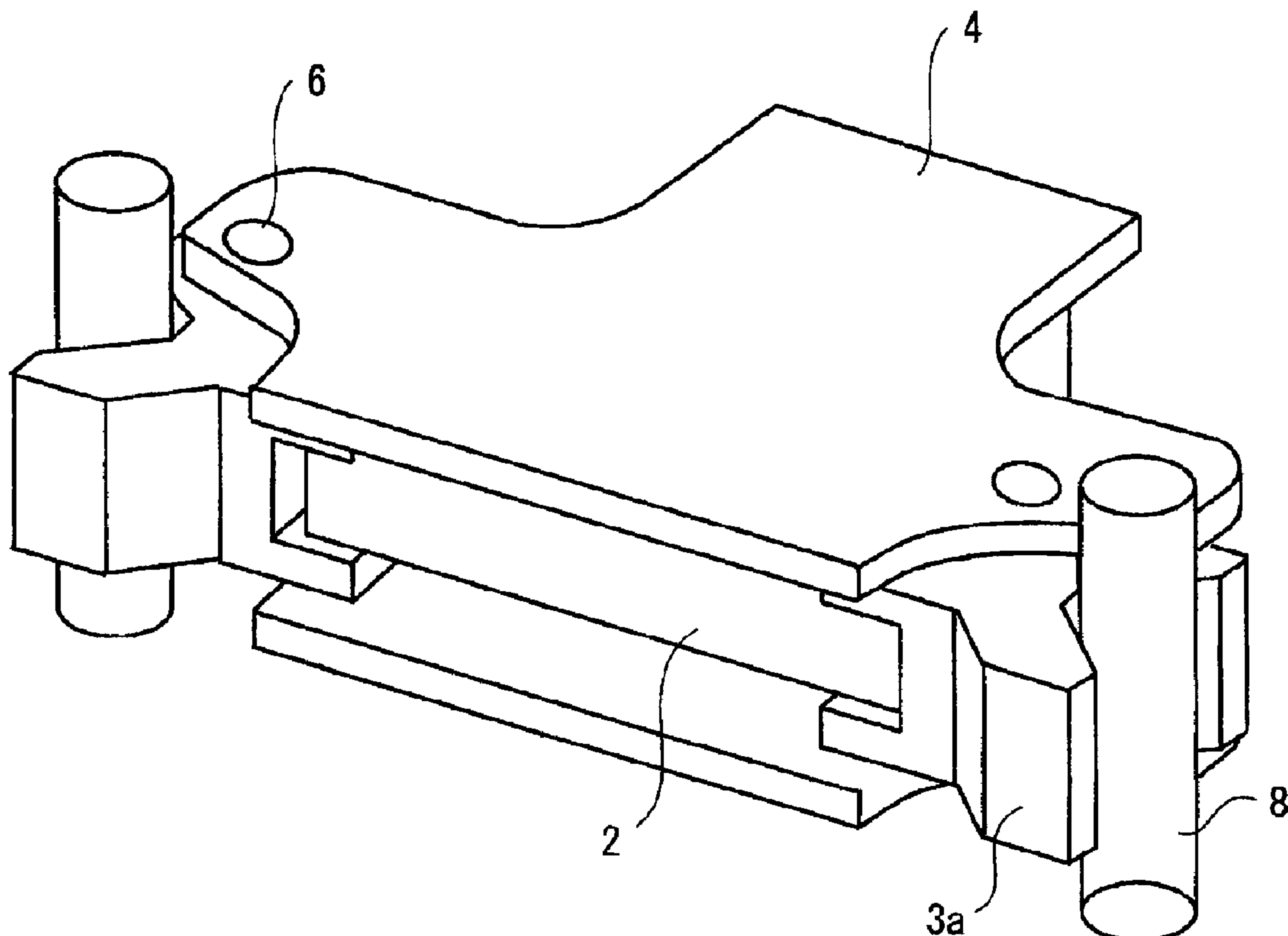




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(54) Title: CLAMPING DEVICE AND TRANSFER ROBOT



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

To provide a clamping device capable of clamping an object even when variations are large, and a wheeled platform. A clamping device 10 includes an actuator that moves straight, a link 2 that extends in a direction perpendicular to a straight-movement direction of the actuator, and a clamp portion 3 rotatably attached at both ends of the link 2, the clamp portion comprising a nail portion 3a to clamp a portion to be clamped 8. The actuator moves straight and the clamp portion 3 rotates in such a manner that the clamp portion 3 opens from the inside toward the outside to clamp the portion to be clamped 8.

ABSTRACT

To provide a clamping device capable of clamping an object even when variations are large, and a wheeled platform. A clamping
5 device 10 includes an actuator that moves straight, a link 2 that extends in a direction perpendicular to a straight-movement direction of the actuator, and a clamp portion 3 rotatably attached at both ends of the link 2, the clamp portion comprising a nail portion 3a to clamp a portion to be clamped 8. The actuator moves straight and the clamp
10 portion 3 rotates in such a manner that the clamp portion 3 opens from the inside toward the outside to clamp the portion to be clamped 8.

DESCRIPTION

CLAMPING DEVICE AND TRANSFER ROBOT

Technical Field

5 [0001]

The present invention relates to a clamping device and a transfer robot to transfer an object to be carried such as a wheeled platform.

Background Art

10 [0002]

Figs. 9 and 10 show related transfer robots. In particular, Figs. 9 and 10 show a vertical multi-joint type robot and a horizontal multi-joint type robot respectively. The vertical multi-joint type robot 200 includes a foundation 201 grounded on a floor surface, a support
15 portion 202 attached on the foundation 201 through a link mechanism (not shown), a first arm 204 attached to the support portion 202 by a link mechanism 203 in such a manner that the first arm 204 can rotate in a vertical direction, a second arm 206 attached to the first arm 204 by a link mechanism 205 in such a manner that the second arm 205 can
20 rotate in a vertical direction, a hold portion 208 attached to the second arm 206 by a link mechanism 207 in such a manner that the hold portion 206 can rotate in a vertical direction, and a pin 209 attached to the hold portion 208. The first arm 204, the second arm 206, and the hold portion 208 are vertically moved by rotating the link mechanisms
25 203, 205 and 207. Further, the support portion 202 moves horizontally by the link mechanism disposed between the foundation 201 and the support portion 202.

[0003]

Meanwhile, the horizontal multi-joint type robot 300 includes a
30 foundation 301 grounded on a floor surface, a link mechanism 302 attached on the foundation 301, a first arm 303 attached by the link mechanism 302 in such a manner that the first arm 303 can rotate in a horizontal direction, a second arm 306 attached to the first arm 303 by the link mechanism 305 in such a manner that the second arm 306 can

rotate in a horizontal direction, a hose 304 containing electrical wires connected to the second arm 306, and a cylinder 307 that is provided in the second arm 306 and moves vertically. The first arm 303 and the second arm 306 move horizontally by rotating the link mechanisms 302
5 and 305. An example of a publicly-known transfer robot that horizontally carries an object to be carried like the one described above is a transfer robot disclosed in Patent document 1.

[0004]

Note that in such transfer robots, following methods can be
10 conceivable as a related clamping mechanism used to carry a heavy object. 1) A method in which a hand pin is inserted into and fixed in a clamp hole provided in a wheeled platform. 2) A method in which a clamp portion (such as a bar) provided in a wheeled platform is sandwiched and fixed by a hand(s).

15 [Patent Document 1]

Japanese Utility Model Registration No. 3115497

Disclosure of Invention

Technical Problem

20 [0005]

However, following problems arise when the above-described method is employed in a situation where variations in manufacturing accuracy/stop accuracy or the like of the wheeled platform are large. In the case of 1), a pin of a hand is inserted into a clamp hole of a
25 wheeled platform or the like in a straight movement. However, the tip of the pin is tapered so that the variations are absorbed. Therefore, to increase the tolerable variations, it is necessary to increase the guiding of the clamp hole of the wheeled platform or the like. Further, errors in the stop position can be absorbed by increasing the guiding taper of
30 the clamp hole. However, since both the pin and the hole become larger, it is very difficult to establish them when the available space is limited. Alternatively, it is necessary to provide an additional external positioning mechanism to improve the stop accuracy.

[0006]

In the case of 2), the stroke of the clamp hand becomes larger. Therefore, when the safety needs to be taken into consideration, it is necessary to reduce the thrust or to attach a cover. However, a heavy object cannot be fixed with the reduced thrust. Further, if a cover is attached, the hand portion becomes larger. Therefore, it is very difficult to establish it when the available space is limited.

[0007]

Since the wheeled platform or the like coexists with a worker(s) and is carried by the worker or on a conveyer having no positioning means, the stop position accuracy at the clamping position is poor. Further, if a positioning mechanism such as a conveyer is further added, the costs would become very high because a safety measure needs to be taken for the worker who coexists with the wheeled platform or the like. Therefore, the clamping has to be performed in a poor positioning accuracy state.

[0008]

The present invention has been made to solve a problem like this, and an object thereof is to provide a clamping device capable of clamping an object even when the variations are large, and a wheeled platform.

Technical Solution

[0009]

To achieve the above-described object, a clamping device in accordance with the present invention includes: an actuator that moves straight; a link that extends in a direction perpendicular to a straight-movement direction of the actuator; and a clamp portion rotatably attached at both ends of the link, the clamp portion including a nail portion to clamp a portion to be clamped, wherein the actuator moves straight and the clamp portion rotates so that the portion to be clamped is clamped.

[0010]

In the present invention, the actuator moves straight and the clamp portions thereby clamp the portion to be clamped from the inside,

so that the portion to be clamped can be joined to the wheeled platform or the like. With the rotational mechanism of the clamp portions, it is possible to absorb large variations in the wheeled platform position and large variations in the hand portion position of the device on the transferring side without requiring a large space.

[0011]

A transfer robot in accordance with the present invention includes: a foundation; a link mechanism provided in the foundation; a first arm attached to the foundation by the link mechanism such that the first arm can rotate in a horizontal direction; a caster that moves the first arm by using the link mechanism as axis, the caster being attached on a lower surface of the first arm; a hold portion provided on an upper surface of the first arm to hold an object to be carried; and a clamping device provided at an end of the hold portion, wherein the link mechanism includes: a motor; a first speed reduction mechanism that controls a rotation by the motor; and a second speed reduction mechanism that controls a turning movement of the first arm, the second speed reduction mechanism being connected to the first speed reduction mechanism, wherein the clamping device includes: an actuator that moves straight; a link that extends in a direction perpendicular to a straight-movement direction of the actuator; and a clamp portion rotatably attached at both ends of the link, the clamp portion including a nail portion to clamp a portion to be clamped, and wherein the actuator moves straight and the clamp portion rotates so that the portion to be clamped is clamped.

[0012]

In the present invention, the caster(s) is further attached on the lower surface of the first arm to support the weight of the robot itself. In addition, an object to be carried is carried by turning the arm in a horizontal direction by the link mechanism. As a result, it is possible to use a low-power motor.

Advantageous Effects

[0013]

In accordance with the present invention, a clamping device capable of clamping an object even when variations are large, and a wheeled platform can be provided.

5 **Brief Description of Drawings**

[0014]

Fig. 1 shows a clamping device in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 shows an aspect of an action of a clamping device before
10 the clamping;

Fig. 3 shows an aspect of an action of a clamping device after the clamping;

Fig. 4 shows a transfer robot to which a clamping device in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention is
15 attached;

Fig. 5 shows, similarly, a transfer robot to which a clamping device in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention is attached;

Fig. 6 shows, similarly, a transfer robot to which a clamping
20 device in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention is attached;

Fig. 7 shows, similarly, a transfer robot to which a clamping device in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention is attached;

Fig. 8 shows, similarly, a transfer robot to which a clamping
25 device in accordance with an exemplary embodiment of the present invention is attached;

Fig. 9 shows a related vertical multi-joint type robot; and

Fig. 10 shows a related horizontal multi-joint type robot.

30

Explanation of Reference

[0015]

1 ACTUATOR

2 LINK

- 3 CLAMP PORTION
- 3a CLAMP NAIL
- 4 COVER
- 6 FULCRUM
- 5 7 PIN
- 8 PORTION TO BE CLAMPED
- 10 CLAMPING DEVICE
- 11 BASE PORTION
- 12a, 12b LINK PORTION
- 10 13 FRONT-END LINK PORTION
- 15a, 15b, 15c, 15d MOTOR
- 16a, 16b, 16c, 16d SPEED REDUCTION MECHANISM
- 17 FOUNDATION
- 18b, 18c, 18d, 18e SPEED REDUCTION MECHANISM
- 15 19b, 19c, 19d ARM
- 20b, 20c, 20d CASTER
- 31 WHEELED PLATFORM
- 32 CASTER
- 33 CLAMP BAR
- 20 100 TRANSFER ROBOT

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

[0016]

Specific exemplary embodiments to which the present invention is applied are explained hereinafter with reference to the drawings. In these exemplary embodiments, the present invention is applied to a clamping device and a transfer robot to transfer an object to be carried such as a wheeled platform.

[0017]

Figs. 1 and 2 show a clamping device in accordance with this exemplary embodiment. The clamping device 10 is provided at an end of a transfer robot, which is described later, and used to join to a wheeled platform. The clamping device 10 includes an actuator 1 that moves straight, a link 2 that extends in a direction perpendicular to the

straight movement direction of the actuator 1, clamp portions 3 attached to the both ends of the link 2, and a cover 4. Each of the clamp portions 3 includes a clamp nail 3a that clamps a portion to be clamped 8. The actuator 1 moves straight and the clamp portion 3 rotate so that the portion to be clamped 8 is clamped.
[0018]

For example, two clamp bars (portion to be clamped) are provided in the wheeled platform or the like, and the clamp portions 3 of the clamping device hold and grasp these two clamp bars from the inside. It is possible to absorb large variations in the wheeled platform position and large variations in the hand position on the moving device side before the clamping.
[0019]

Further, the actuator 1 in accordance with this exemplary embodiment may be a low-power actuator (e.g., 80 W or lower). The actuator 1 is fixed on the cover 4. Further, the link 2 is provided at the tip of the actuator 1. Furthermore, in each of the clamp portions 3, the clamp nail 3a is attached to the cover 4 in such a manner that the clamp nail 3a can rotate on a fulcrum 6. The clamp nail 3a is connected to a pin 7 fixed to the link 2 through an oblong hole. The oblong hole portion, which serves as the connection point between the link 2 and the clamp portion 3, acts as the point of effort. Further, the connection point between the portion to be clamped 8 and the clamp portion 3 acts as the point of action.
[0020]

In this exemplary embodiment, the lateral force is relieved to the link 2 by rotating the clamp nail 3a, so that the load exerted on the actuator 1 can be reduced, thus enabling the thrust to be reduced. Various forces that would be exerted so that the clamping is disengaged including friction between the wheels of the wheeled platform and the floor surface and an inertial force during acceleration are exerted while the object is being carried. Therefore, the actuator 1 of the clamp portion needs to exert a force capable of coping with those forces.

[0021]

Note that the clamping device 10 in accordance with this exemplary embodiment uses a rotational movement mechanism, and uses the straight-movement end (7) as the point of effort. Further, the clamp portions 3 are provided in such a manner that the clamp portions 3 can rotate on the fulcrums 6. As a result, it is possible to reduce the thrust of the actuator 1.

[0022]

Further, by using the mechanism (pin or hand) that directly clamps an object with a straight movement, the required space is reduced. With the method in which one of the tapered clamp nails is used as the rotation center and clamping is performed by the rotational movement of the clamp nail with the straight-movement actuator, it is possible to clamp even a wheeled platform or the like having large position variations while making the hand perform positioning.

[0023]

Figs. 2 and 3 show aspects of an action of a clamping device. In particular, Figs. 2 and 3 show aspects before and after clamping respectively. From the state shown in Fig. 2, the actuator 1 moves straight and the clamp portions 3 rotate by using the fulcrums 6 as references. As a result the portion to be clamped 8 can be clamped as shown in Fig. 3.

[0024]

Figs. 4 to 8 show a transfer robot to which the above-described clamping device is attached. The transfer robot 100 includes a base portion 11, link portions 12a and 12b, a front-end link portion 13, and a clamping device 10. The base portion 11 is fixed on the floor surface, and a wheeled platform 31 is held by the clamping device 10 provided at the front-end link portion 13. Then, each of the link portions 12a and 12b and the front-end link portion 13 rotates in a horizontal direction, so that the wheeled platform 31 can be transferred in a horizontal direction.

[0025]

The base portion 11 includes a motor 15a, a first speed reduction

mechanism 16a that is attached to the tip of motor 15a and rotates on a vertical axis by the motor 15a, and a foundation 17 on which the first speed reduction mechanism 16a is attached. The transfer robot 100 in accordance with this exemplary embodiment is configured so as to perform only two-dimensional movements, so that the load on the motor 15a can be reduced. For example, a low-power motor of 80 W or lower can be used.

[0026]

As shown in Fig. 5, the link portion 12a includes a second speed reduction mechanism 18b connected to the first speed reduction mechanism 16a of the base portion 11, an arm 19b that serves as a second arm, a motor 15b, a first speed reduction mechanism 16b that is rotated by the motor 15b, and a caster 20b that is attached on the lower surface of the arm 19b and supports and moves the arm 19b. The second speed reduction mechanism 18b is attached at one end of the upper surface of the arm 19b and the first speed reduction mechanism 16b is disposed at the other end of the arm 19b. Each of the first speed reduction mechanism and the second speed reduction mechanism is a mechanism to reduce the rotation speed of the motor, and constructed by a combination of a speed reducer, a gear box, a cogwheel(s), and the like. Similarly to the first speed reduction mechanism 16a, the second speed reduction mechanism 18b also rotates around a vertical axis in a horizontal direction. The motor 15a, the first speed reduction mechanism 16a, and the second speed reduction mechanism 18b constitute a link mechanism.

[0027]

The first speed reduction mechanism 16a of the above-described base portion 11 is rotated by the motor 15a, and by this rotation, the second speed reduction mechanism 18b connected to the first speed reduction mechanism 16a is rotated. Note that the first speed reduction mechanism 16a and the second speed reduction mechanism 18b are configured in such a manner that their cogwheels mate with each other. The second arm 19b turns in a horizontal direction by rotating the second speed reduction mechanism 18b. The link portion

12b has a similar configuration as that of the link portion 12a.

[0028]

The front-end link portion 13 includes a second speed reduction mechanism 18d, an arm 19d that serves as a first arm, a motor 15d, a
5 first speed reduction mechanism 16d that is rotated by the motor 15d, and a caster 20d that is attached on the lower surface of the arm 19d and supports/moves the arm 19d. The second speed reduction mechanism 18b is attached at one end of the upper surface of the arm 19d. The front-end link portion 13 includes the clamping device 10
10 that connects to the first speed reduction mechanism 16d.

[0029]

Further, as shown in Figs. 7 and 8, the clamp portions 3 of the clamping device 10 rotate in such a manner that they open from the inside toward the outside to clamp the clamp bars 33 attached to the
15 wheeled platform 31, so that the wheeled platform 31 and the clamping device 10 are joined to each other. The clamping device 10 can easily join to the wheeled platform 31, which includes wheels 32, just by providing the wheeled platform 31 with the clamp bars 33.

[0030]

20 In this exemplary embodiment, clamping can be performed in a small space. Therefore, by disposing a bar(s) having a circular shape in cross-section in the portion to be clamped of the wheeled platform or the like, the transfer robot that can coexist with a worker can be realized with the same mechanism regardless of the shape of the
25 wheeled platform and/or the shape of the object to be carried.

[0031]

The scope of the claims should not be limited by the embodiments set out herein but should be given the broadest interpretation consistent with the description as a whole.

30

Industrial Applicability

[0032]

The present invention can be used in clamping devices and

transfer robots to transfer an object to be carried such as a wheeled platform.

CLAIMS:

1. A clamping device for holding and grasping portions to be clamped from the inside, even when variations are large comprising:
 - a cover;
 - an actuator fixed on the cover that is configured to move straight;
 - a link provided at a tip of the actuator that extends in a direction perpendicular to a straight-movement direction of the actuator; and
 - respective clamp portions rotatably attached at each end of the link, each clamp portion comprising a respective pair of tapered clamp nail portions to clamp a portion to be clamped, one of the tapered clamp nail portions of each pair being attached, towards a distal end, to the cover in such a manner that it can rotate on a fulcrum as a rotation centre for the respective clamp portion, the clamp portions rotating on the respective fulcrums using the respective fulcrums as references;wherein, when the actuator moves straight, the clamp portions rotate in such a manner that they open from the inside toward the outside so that the portions to be clamped are clamped.
2. A transfer robot comprising:
 - a foundation;
 - a link mechanism provided in the foundation;
 - a first arm attached to the foundation by the link mechanism such that the first arm can rotate in a horizontal plane;
 - a caster that moves the first arm by using the link mechanism as axis, the caster being attached on a lower surface of the first arm;
 - a hold portion provided on an upper surface of the first arm to hold an object to be carried; and
 - a clamping device according to claim 1 provided at an end of the hold portion,wherein the link mechanism comprises:
 - a motor;
 - a first speed reduction mechanism that controls a rotation by the motor; and
 - a second speed reduction mechanism that controls a turning movement of the first arm, the second speed reduction mechanism being connected to the first speed reduction mechanism.

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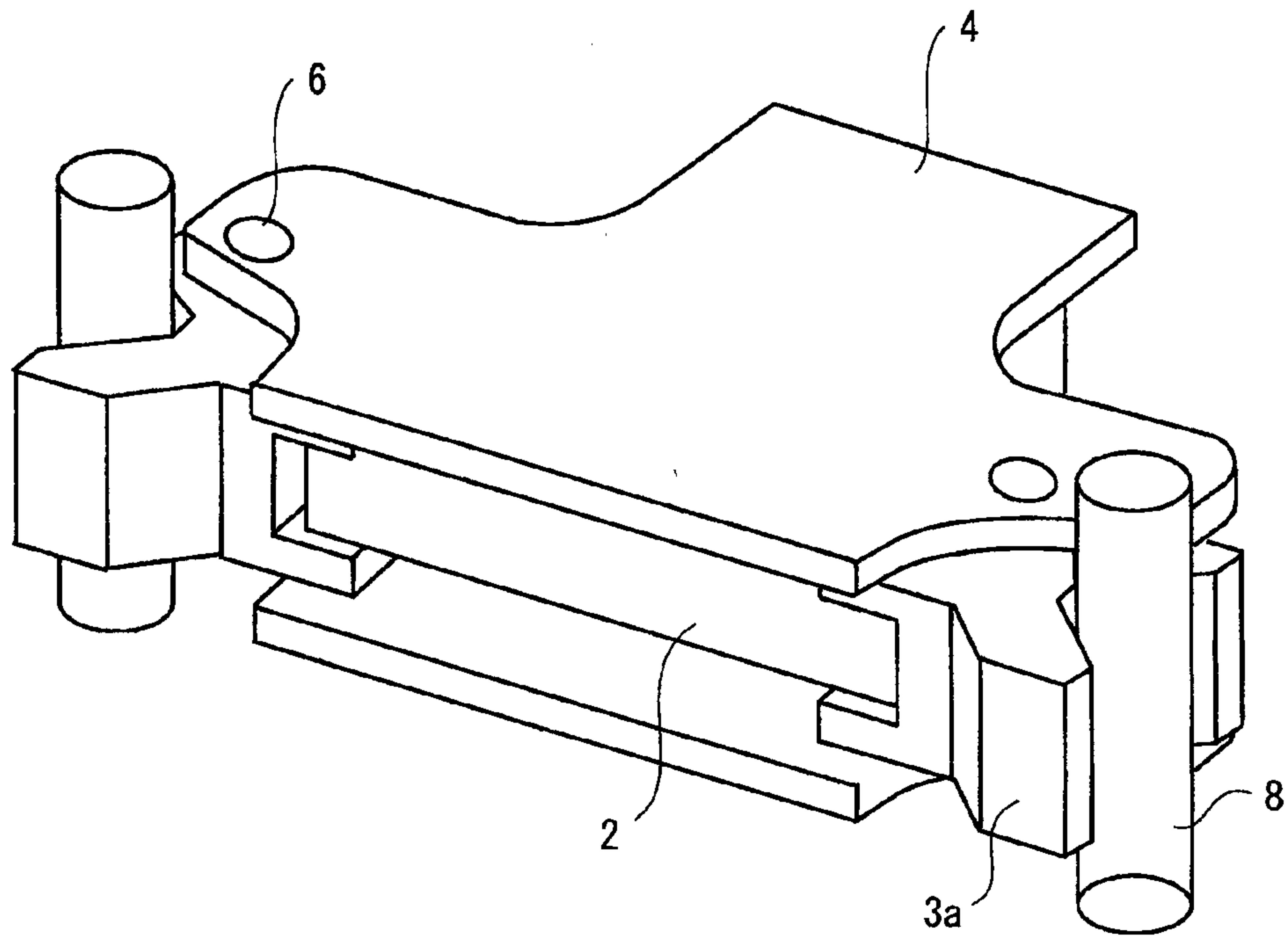


Fig. 1

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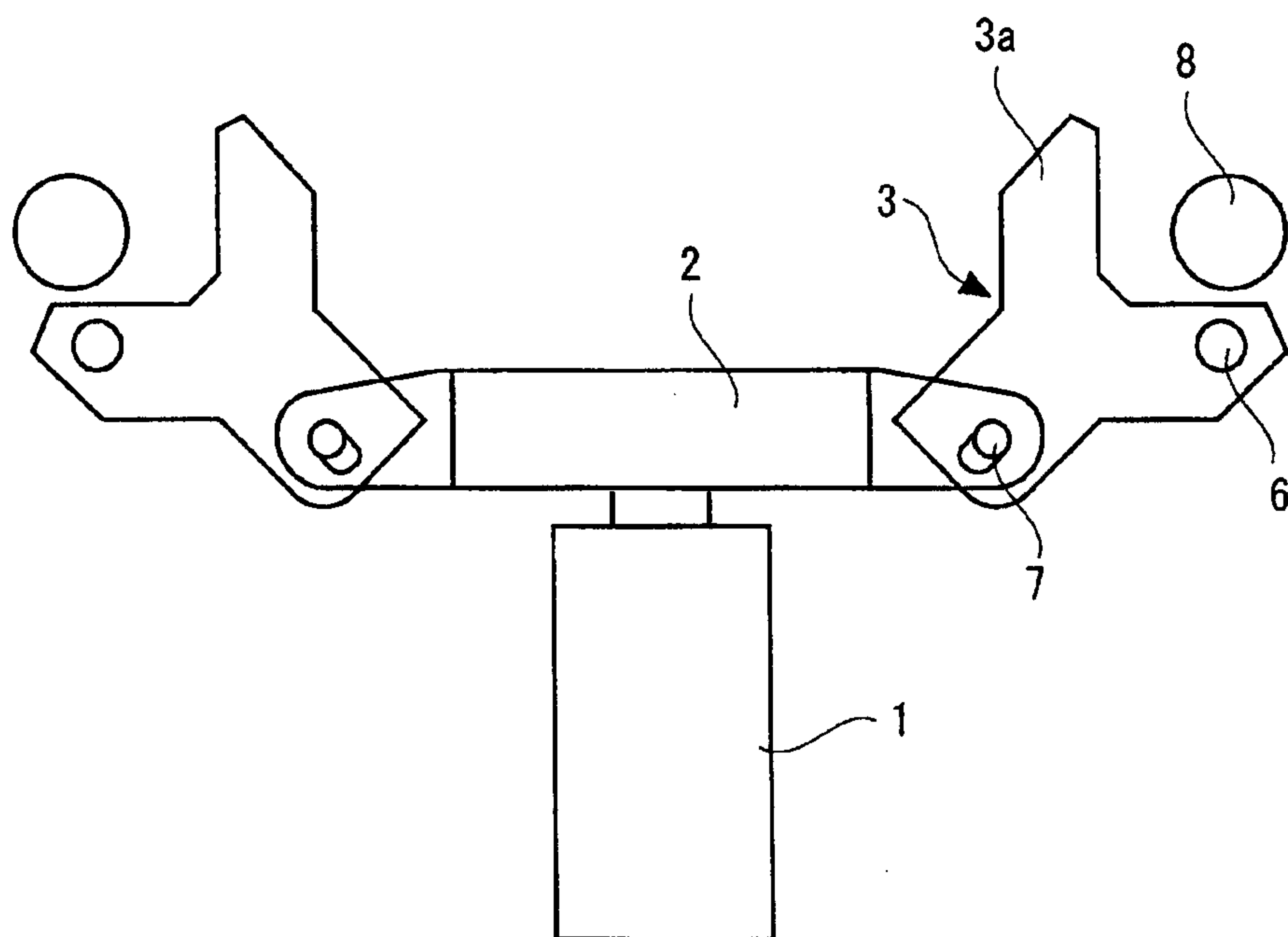


Fig. 2

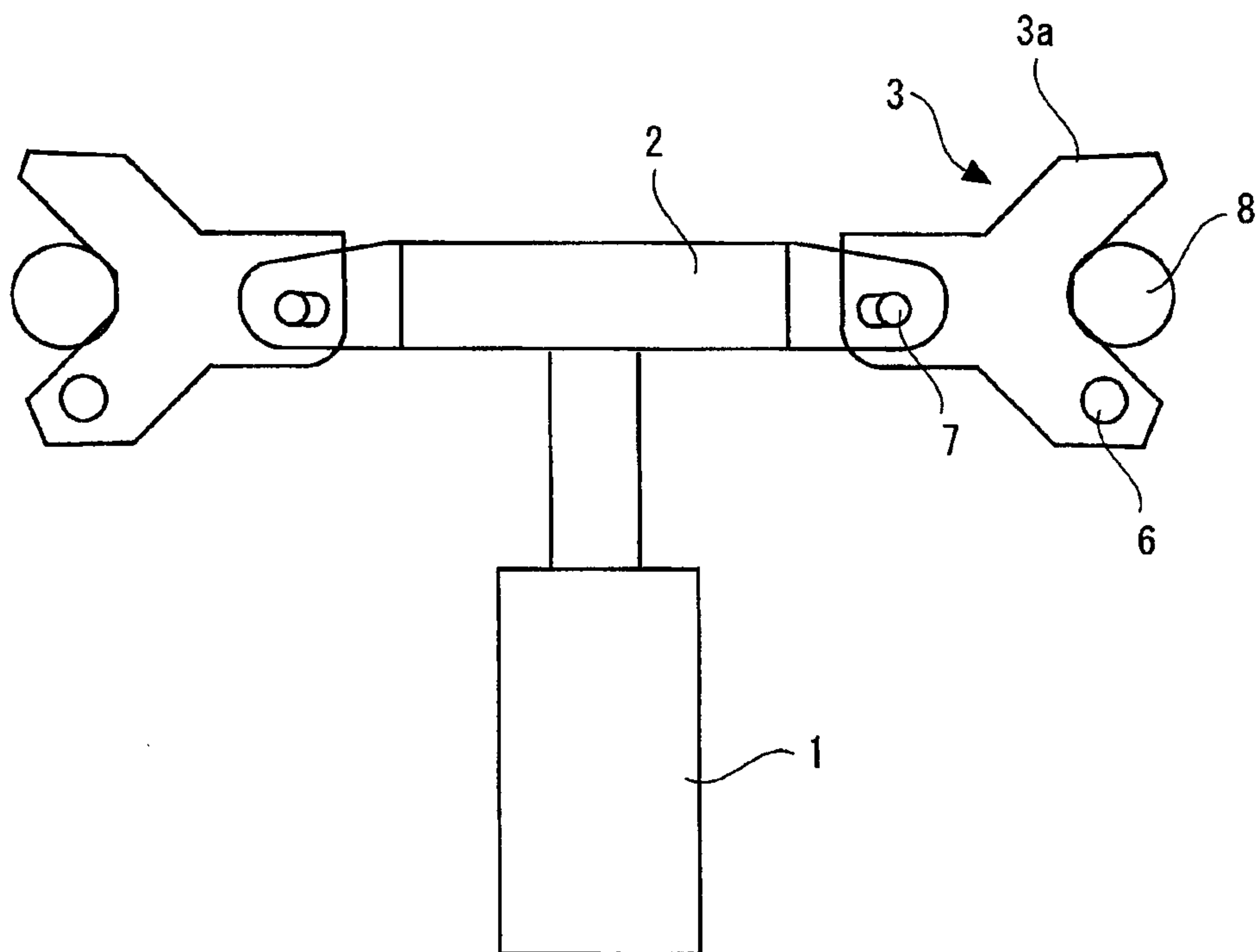


Fig. 3

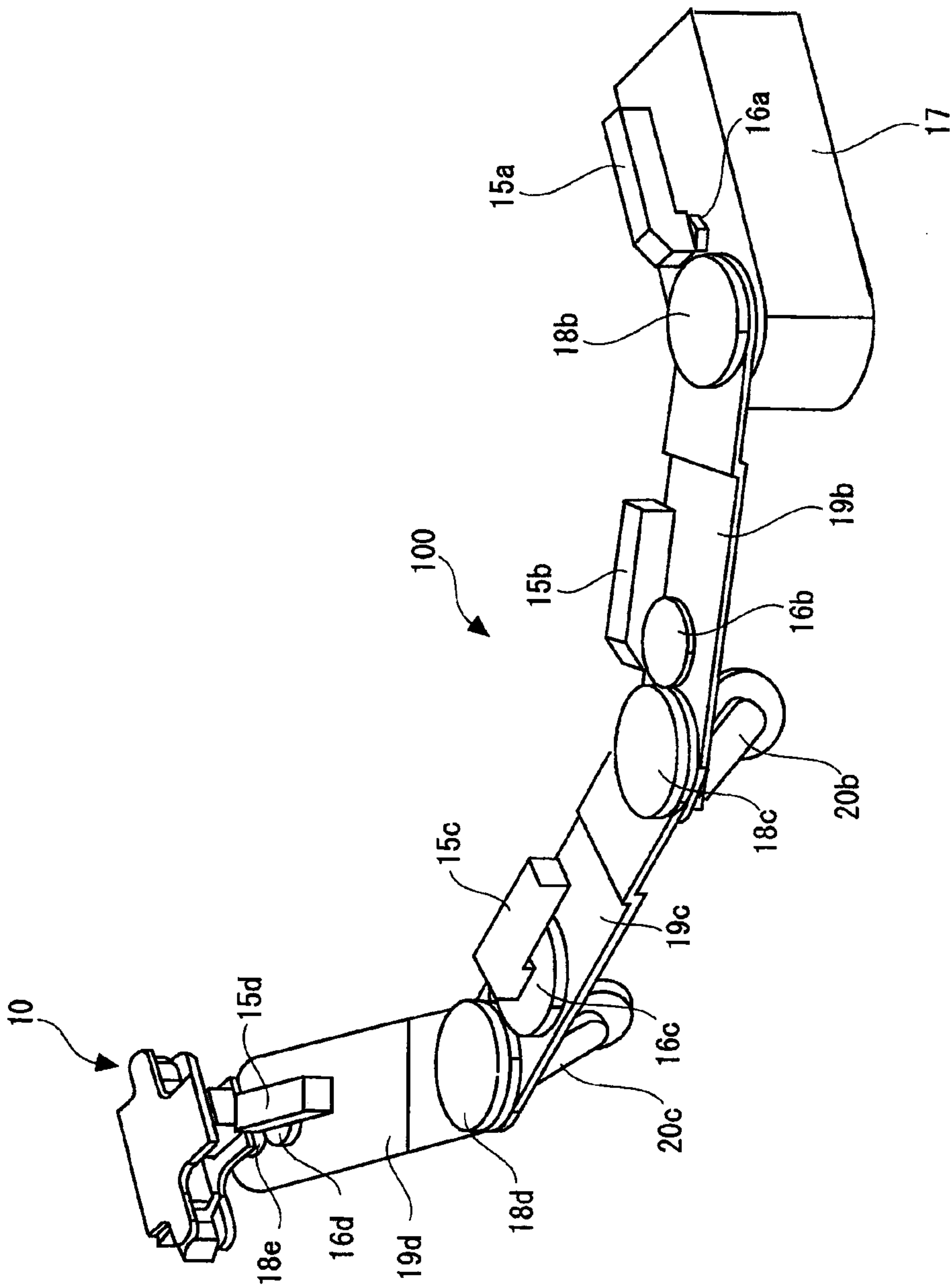


Fig. 4

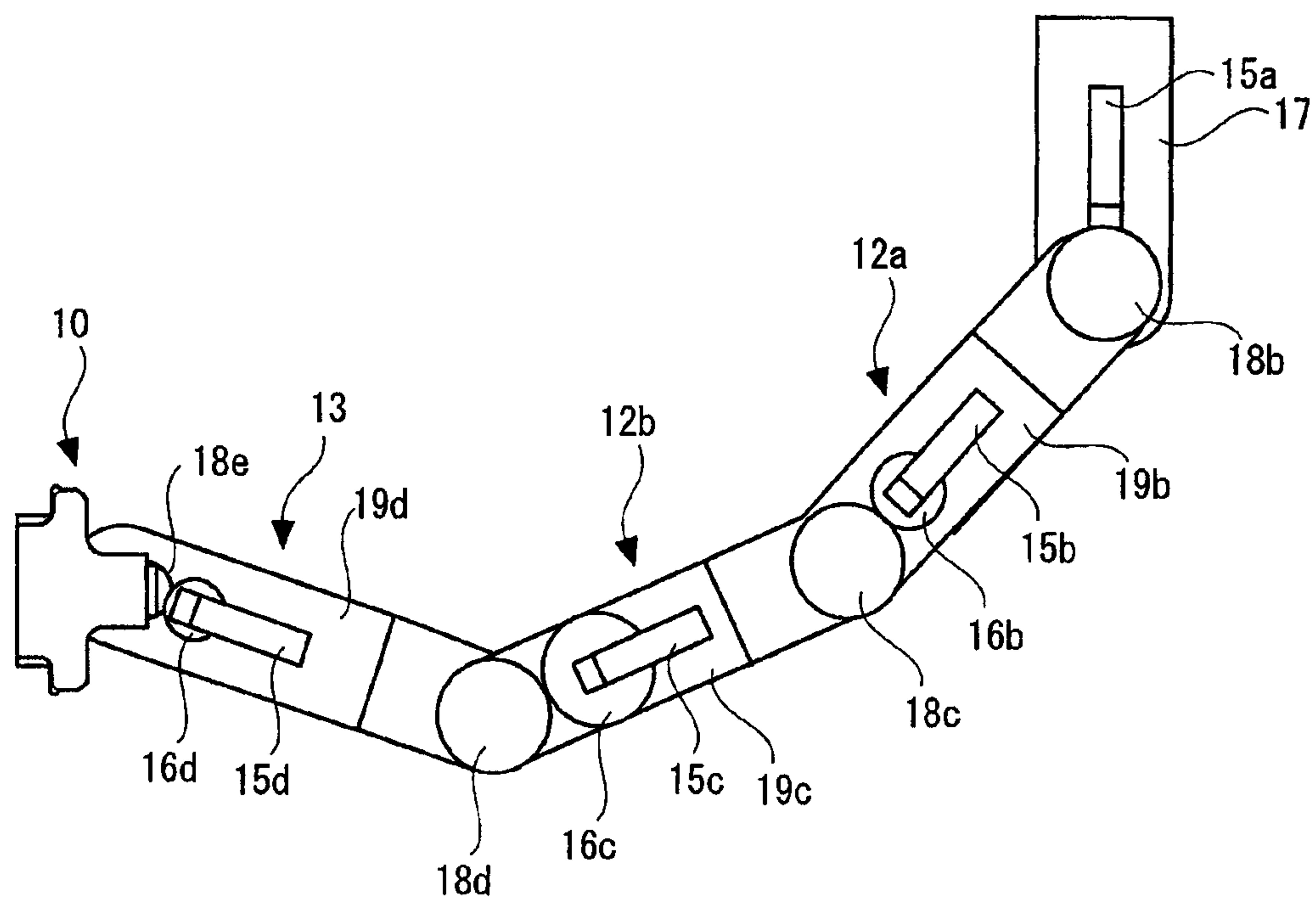


Fig. 5

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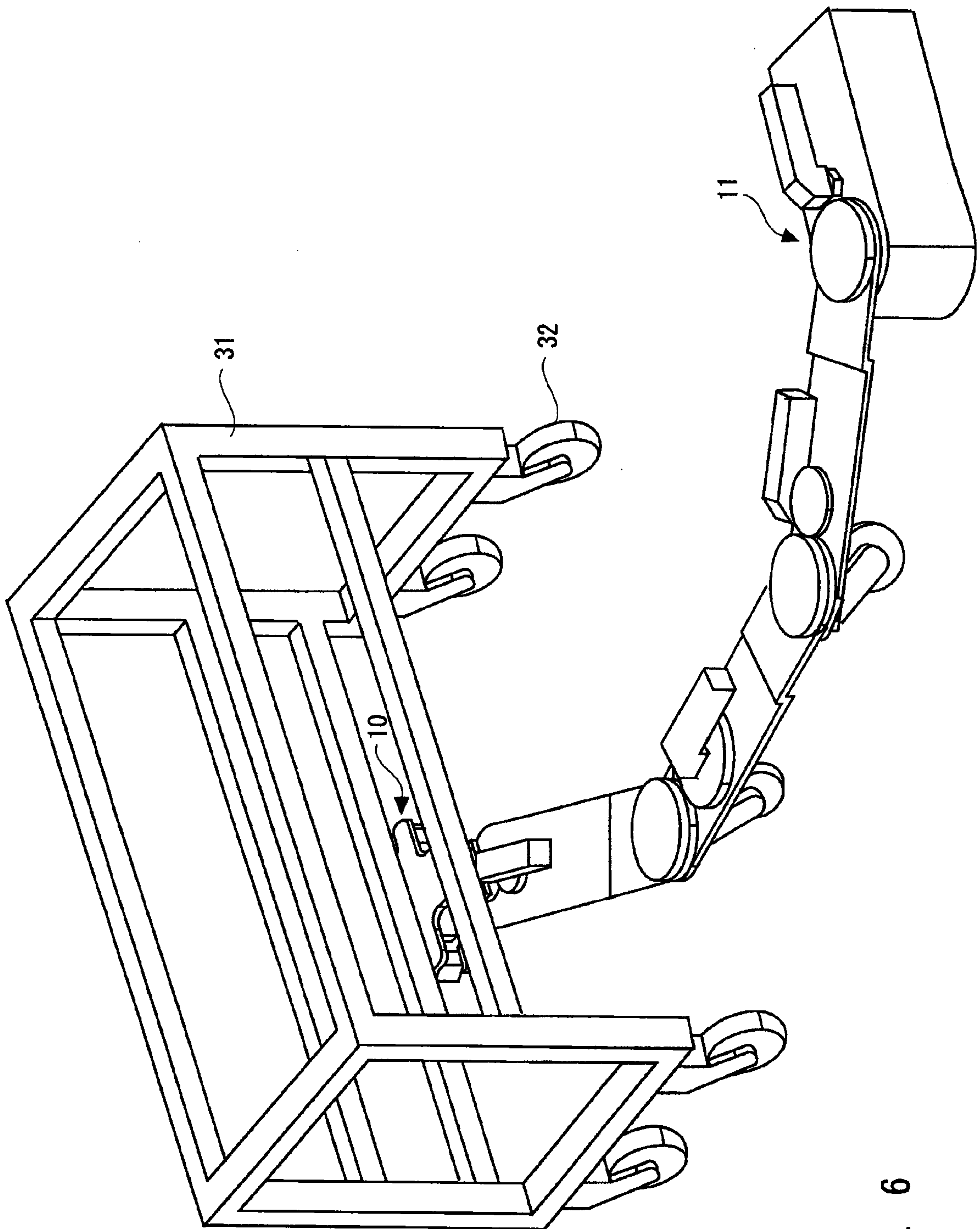


Fig. 6

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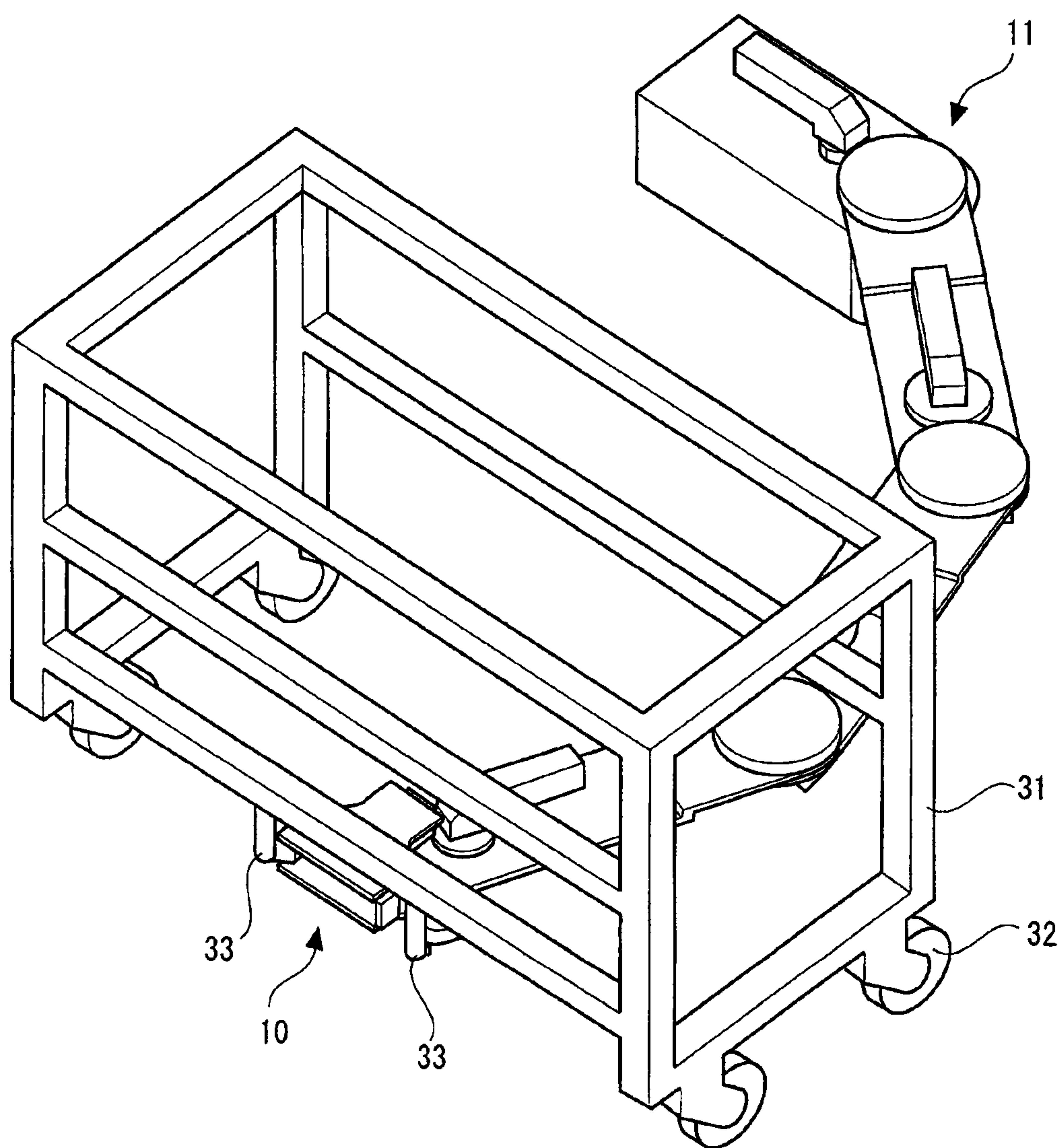


Fig. 7

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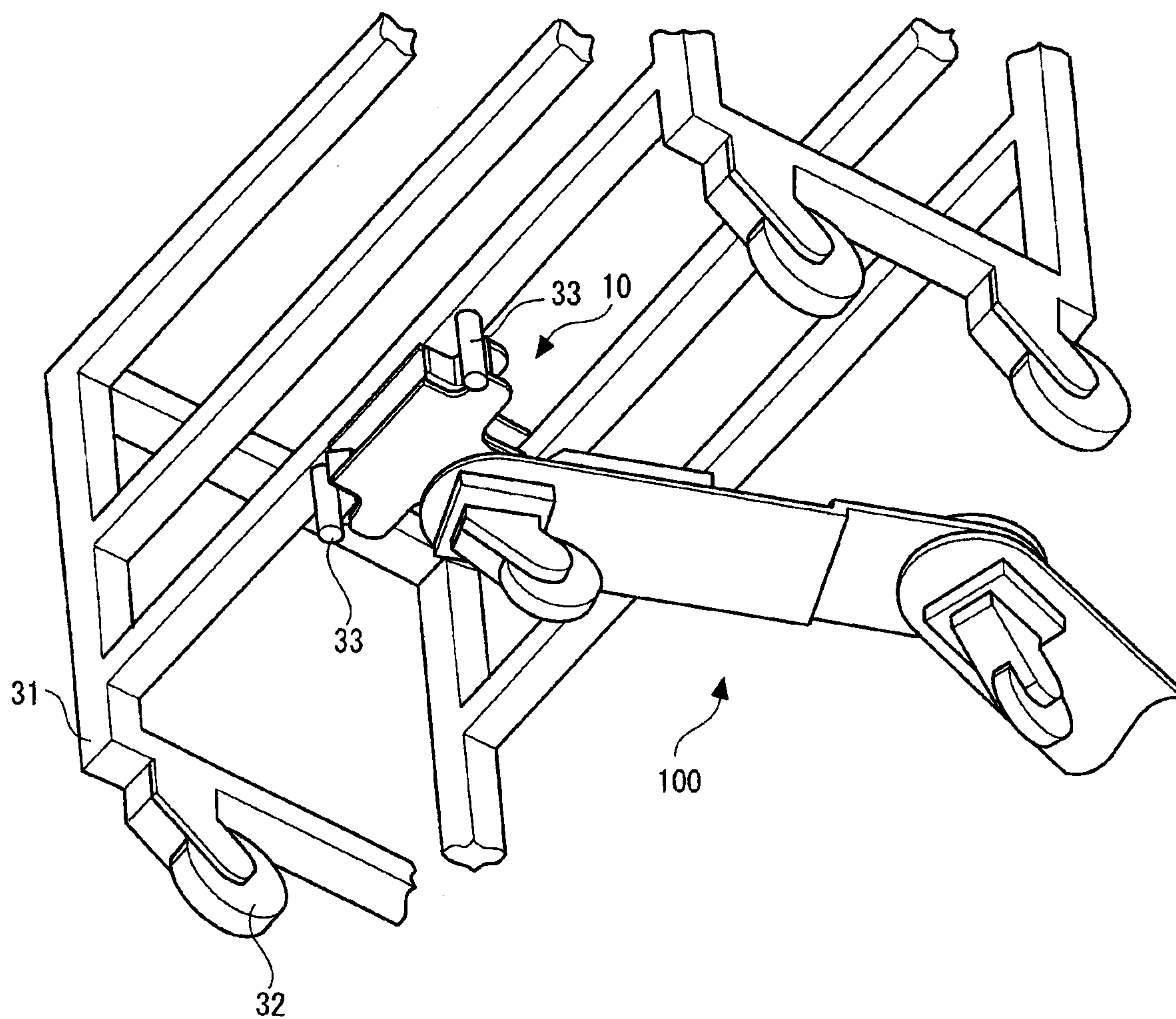


Fig. 8

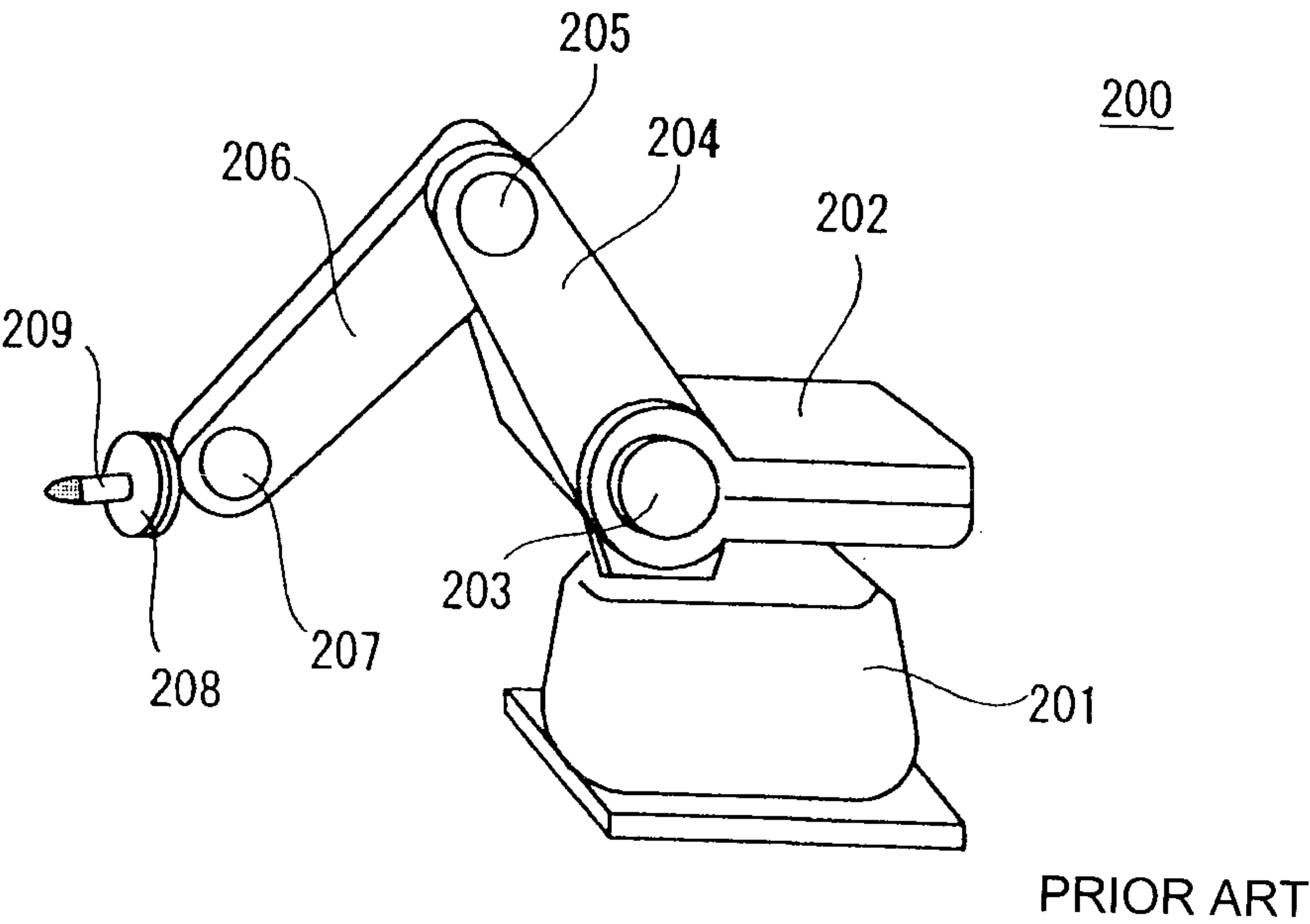


Fig. 9

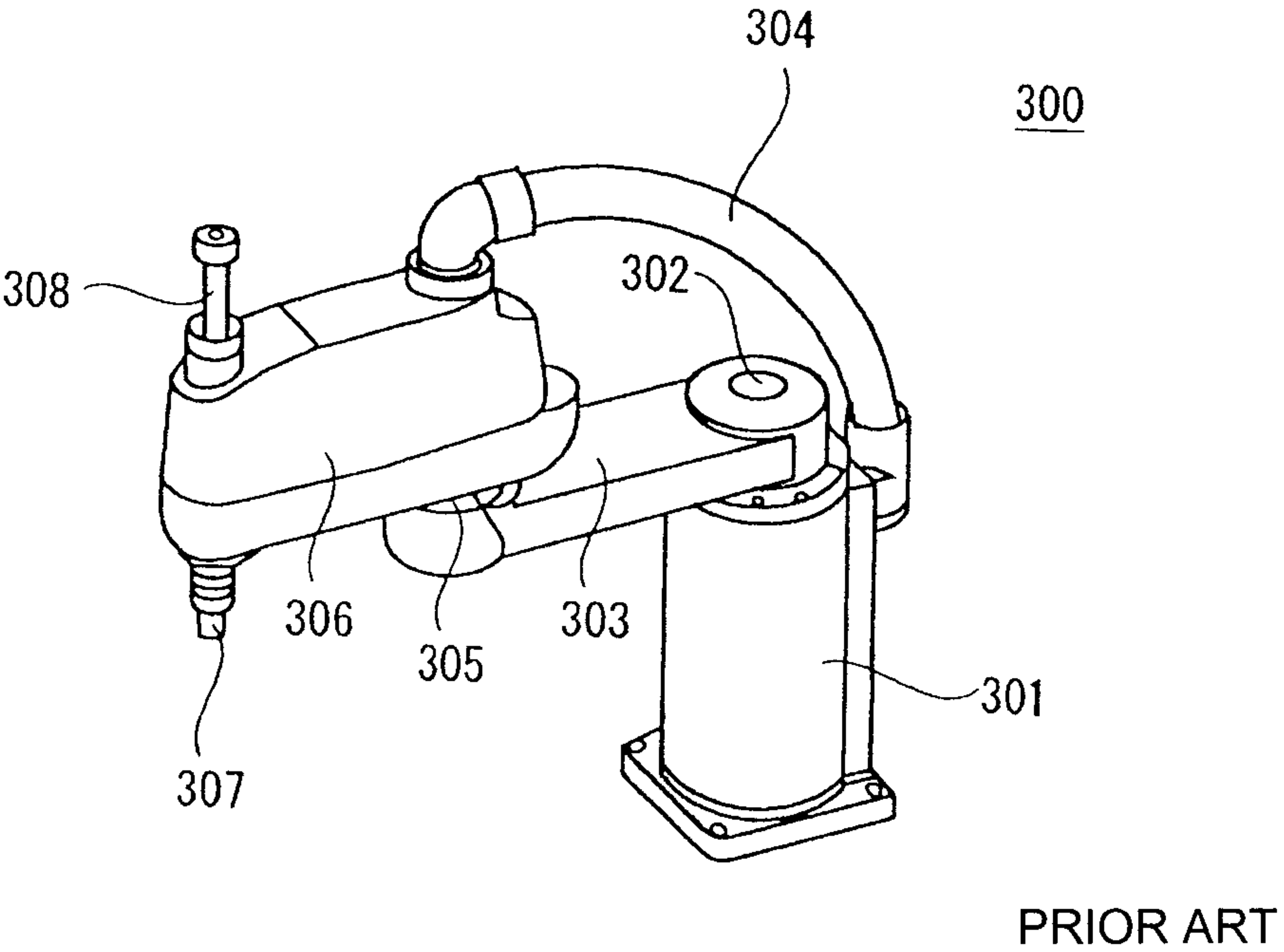


Fig. 10

