April 23, 1929. M. A. CLARK 1,710,296

COAT HANGER WITH IDENTIFICATION LABEL

Filed Oct. 26, 1926

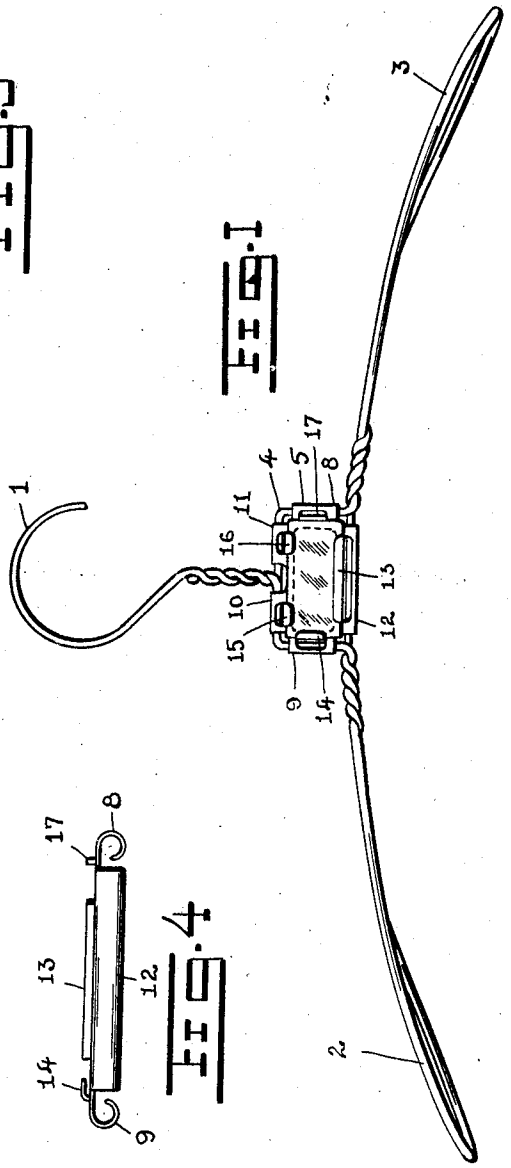


Fig. 1

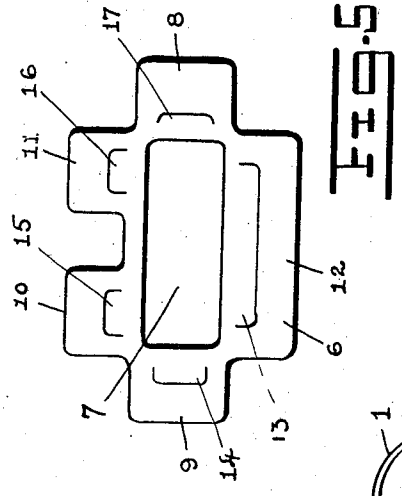


Fig. 5

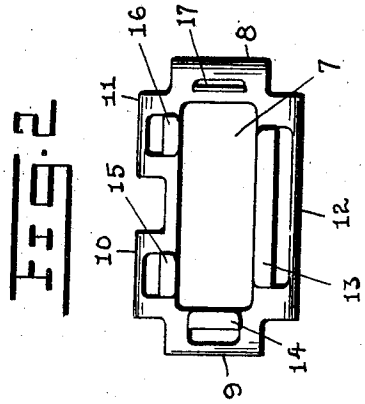


Fig. 2

Fig. 4

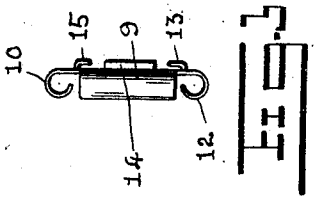


Fig. 7

Inventor

Mabel A. Clark

By Frank Keiper

Attorney

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

MABEL A. CLARK, OF ROCHESTER, NEW YORK, ASSIGNOR TO CLARK-LINDSAY CORPORATION, OF ROCHESTER, NEW YORK, A CORPORATION OF NEW YORK.

COAT HANGER WITH IDENTIFICATION LABEL.

Application filed October 26, 1926. Serial No. 144,358.

The object of this invention is to construct a coat hanger so that a label or index card holder can be embodied therein and form a part thereof.

This and other objects of this invention will be fully illustrated in the drawing, described in the specification and pointed out in the claim at the end thereof.

In the accompanying drawing:

Figure 1 is a side elevation of the coat hanger provided with the label holder.

Figure 2 is a detail front elevation of the label holder.

Figure 3 is an end elevation of the label holder.

Figure 4 is a bottom plan view of the label holder.

Figure 5 is a plan view of the blank from which the label holder is formed.

In the several figures of the drawing like reference numerals indicate like parts.

The subject matter of my present invention comprises a label or index card holder that is embodied in a coat hanger so that the garment supported by the hanger can be readily identified and listed or indexed in accordance with an index system.

As illustrated in the figures the coat hanger is preferably bent up from a single piece of wire. A hook 1 is formed in the center and two loops 2 and 3 are provided at each end. Intermediate of the loops 2 and 3 and below the hook 1 is formed the rectangular frame 4. As above pointed out the hanger is formed from a single piece of wire which starts with the hook and extends down to the middle of the frame 4. It then forms the upper right hand corner of the frame 4 and then extends from the lower right hand corner of the frame to the right and back again to form the loop 3. From the loops 3 the wire extends along the bottom of the frame 4 from where it projects to the left and back again to form the loop 2 of the hanger. From the inner end of the left hand loop 2 the wire passes up and over the left hand corner of the frame 4 to the middle thereof and from there for a short distance to the lower end of the hook. At the points where the wire extends in opposite directions parallel to each other the sections of the wire are twisted together to make the hanger strong and rigid.

The frame 4 is supplemented with a label or card holder 5 which is stamped out of sheet metal from a blank 6 illustrated in Figure 5. The central portion of this blank is cut out to form the opening 7 therein and around it are grouped the ears 8 and 9 at the right and left respectively, the ears 10 and 11 at the top and the ear 12 at the bottom. These ears are adapted to be bent back and are coiled around the wire forming the sides, top and bottom of the frame 4 as illustrated in Figure 1 in order to hold the depression or pocket 7 centrally of the frame to receive the label or index card.

From the ears are struck up the lugs 13, 14, 15 and 16 which are bent to form short guide channels and overhanging flanges that project over the top and bottom and left hand side of the label or index card. At the right hand side of the label holder a lug 17 is struck up, but this lug is short and is not bent to form a channel or overhanging flange. It is left this way in order to allow the label or card to be moved over it in place in front of the opening of the holder and between the overhanging lugs 13, 14, 15 and 16 which hold the label or card in place.

A label or index card can thus be readily inserted and replaced by other labels or cards in order to identify or classify the garment supported on the coat hanger.

I claim:

In a label holder, the combination of a plate having an opening therein, rearwardly curved ears on the perimeter of said plate adapted to engage a rigid frame and hold the plate in place thereon outwardly projecting lugs struck out from the front of said rearwardly curved ears, a flange projecting toward the opening in said plate from each of the lugs located on the top, bottom and one end of the opening, said flanges being adapted to overlap a label placed in front of said plate and the opening therein, the lug at the end of the opening having no flange being adapted to hold the label against endwise movement between the lugs but permit the insertion of the label under the flanges provided on the remaining lugs.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature.

MABEL A. CLARK.