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Improvement in the isolation of antennas mounted on a printed circuit board

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IMPROVEMENT IN THE ISOLATION OF ANTENNAS MOUNTED ON A PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

DESCRIPTIVE ABSTRACT

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The present invention relates to a circuit comprising on a same board (1) at least one antenna (2, 3), a processing circuit and a cover (4) covering the processing circuit. Said circuit comprises between the antenna (3) and the cover (4) at least one isolation element (6, 6') realized partly on the board and partly on the cover.

Figure 1,

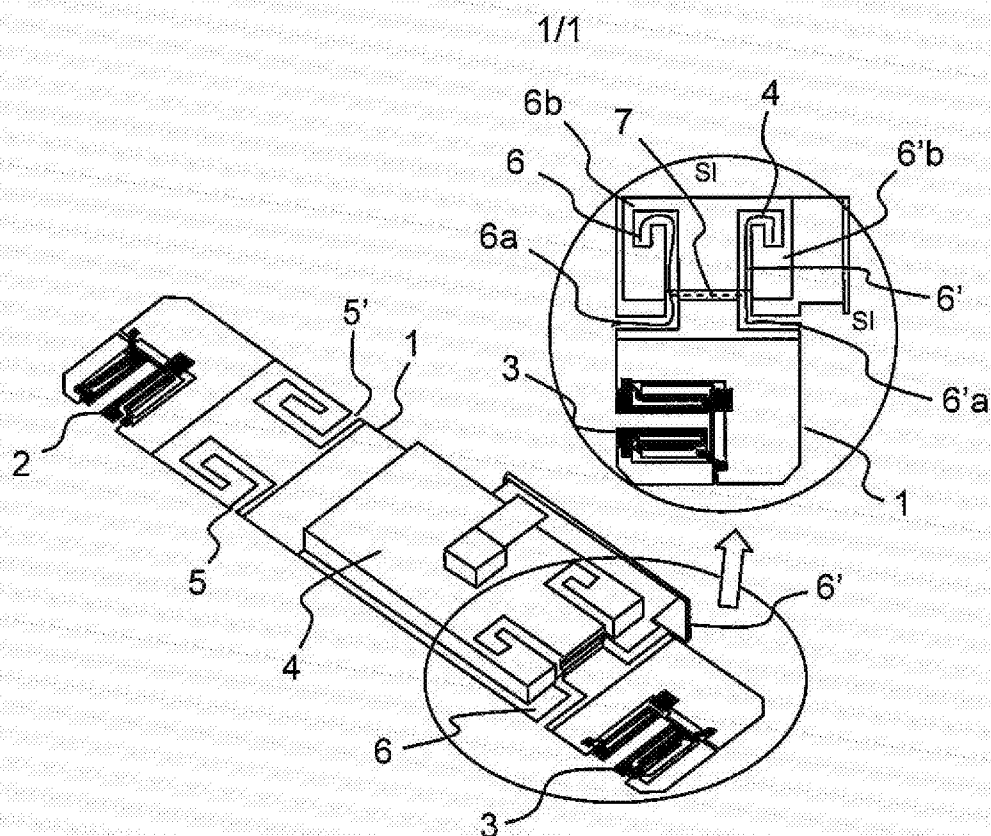


FIG.1

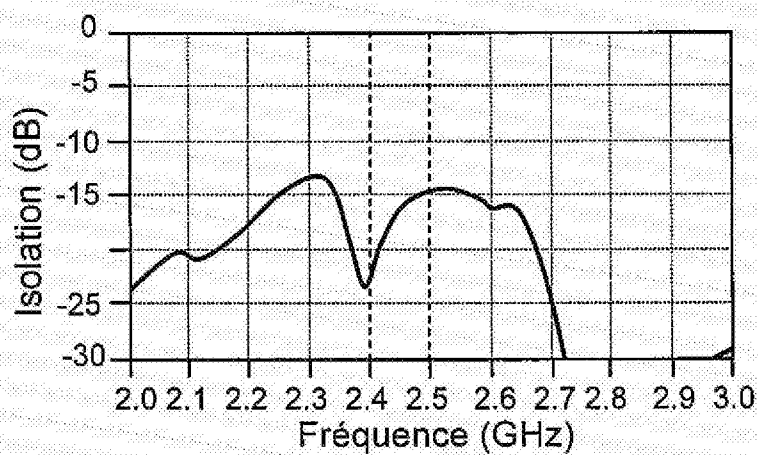


FIG.2

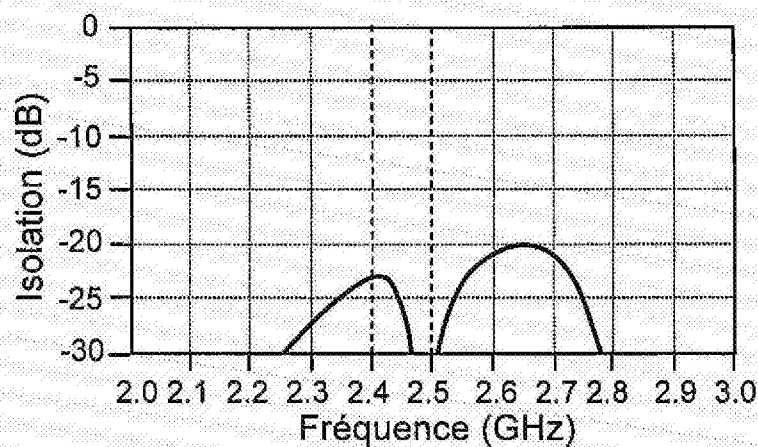


FIG.3

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION STANDARD PATENT

Invention Title:

*Improvement in the isolation of antennas mounted on a printed
circuit board*

The following statement is a full description of this invention including
the best method of performing it known to us:-

Technical Field:

The present invention relates, in a general manner, to the printed circuit boards used in wireless systems. It relates more particularly to boards comprising on a same substrate at least one antenna and a processing
5 circuit covered by a cover such as a shielding cover.

Technological background:

In the wireless communications field, increasing use is made of MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) circuits in order to increase the capacity of the transmission circuits and improve the coverage. The result is
10 a use of a larger number of antennas. When the antennas are printed directly or placed on the printed circuit board or PCB, this induces, in the ground plane, currents that potentially affect the behaviour of the other antennas as well as that of the processing circuits positioned near the antennas. It is
15 therefore necessary to isolate the elements from each other to limit current leakage without deteriorating the performances of the antennas. Moreover, in the case of MIMO systems, the antennas must be strongly isolated to obtain the level of decorrelation from the required signal to provide the optimum performances for the MIMO system. However, the space on the board being
20 limited, the isolation constraints are very strong. In addition, in the case of systems operating at several frequency bands, an isolation between bands is most frequently required to ensure a correct coexistence of all the radios in the frequency band.

Moreover, shielding covers are frequently used fixed on the top of
25 the processing circuit to reduce the electromagnetic interferences and radio frequencies, by reducing the radiation levels. This use is increasingly frequent as the current wireless systems are most often multi-band and multi-mode, which leads to greater interference problems. Moreover, the tendency
30 toward miniaturization of wireless devices and toward the integration of multiple circuits on a same board requires improved isolation and shielding.

In addition, the regulation relating to the levels of electromagnetic waves and radio frequencies is increasingly restrictive.

It is known, particularly in US patent 2003/0193437, to use slots
5 between two antennas to reduce the mutual coupling of the antennas and limits surface current leaks. However, this type of isolation requires surface because the length of the slots is noticeably equal to $\lambda/4$ where λ is the wavelength at the operating frequency of the circuit. Hence, for an operating frequency of 2.4GHz, the wavelength is about 30mm.

10

Summary of the invention:

The present invention thus proposes a low cost solution to the above problems that enables the required isolation to be obtained without increasing the size of the printed circuit board and without adding additional
15 components or mechanical parts.

The present invention relates to a circuit comprising on a same board at least one antenna, a processing circuit and a cover covering the processing circuit, characterized in that it comprises, between the antenna and the cover, at least one isolation element formed by a slot line partly
20 realized on the board and partly on the cover.

According to one embodiment, the slot line comprises a first and a second slot line interconnected by a third slot line. The first and a second slot lines have a first length, respectively L1 and L2 on the board and a second length, respectively L'1 and L'2 on the cover such that L1+L'1 is equal to or
25 different from L2+L'2. The length of the first and second slot-line is close to $\lambda_g/4$ where λ_g is the wavelength at the operating frequency.

Brief description of the drawings:

Other characteristics and advantages of the invention will appear
30 upon reading the description of an embodiment realized with reference to the enclosed drawing, wherein:

Figure 1 is a diagrammatic perspective view of an embodiment of the present invention, the circled part being an enlarged view of a portion of the board on which the present invention is realized.

Figure 2 shows the level of isolation between the two antennas of figure 1 without the isolation element in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 3 is a curve representing the level of isolation between the two antennas with the isolation element in accordance with the present invention.

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Detailed description of one embodiment

The present invention is described by referring to a printed circuit board used in an application comprising two antennas operating in the band of 2.4GHz with a 2x2 MIMO circuit capable of being integrated into a set-top box. However, it is obvious to those skilled in the art that this embodiment is provided for information only and can be modified in many ways without leaving the scope of the present invention. It can be used in many devices operating in a wireless manner such as mobile devices, tablets, gateways, etc.

As shown in figure 1, on a board 1 two antennas 2 and 3 were realized at each end of the board. Between the two antennas 2 and 3, were mounted on the same board 1 a processing circuit for the signals received and emitted by the two antennas. This processing circuit is covered by a shielding cover 4 to reduce the electromagnetic interferences and the radiofrequency interferences while isolating the processing circuits of the antennas.

In a known manner, the shielding cover 4 is generally made by stamping and fixed to the board during the same assembly procedure as the components, namely by using component surface mount technology. The cover can be realized in a single part or in two parts to enable the inspection and repair of the components.

30

As shown in figure 1, one of the antennas, namely the antenna 2 in the embodiment shown, is isolated from the cover 4 by two isolation slots 5, 5' realized directly on the printed circuit board 1 along the edges of said board. However, as shown in figure 1, the second antenna 3 is positioned
5 near the cover 4. So as not to increase the surface of the printed circuit board and, as shown in the enlarged part of figure 1, in accordance with the present invention, the isolation element between the antenna 3 and the cover 4 is realized partly on the board 1 and partly on the cover 4. In a more precise manner and as shown on the enlarged part, the isolation means is
10 constituted by two slot-lines 6 and 6' each having two parts, that is 6a, 6b, 6'a and 6'b, the part 6a and 6'a being realized in the printed circuit board 1 whereas the part 6b and 6'b is realized in the cover 4. To prevent these two slot-lines 6 and 6' from being short circuited at the level of the printed circuit, they are interconnected by a slot 7.

15 To obtain the required isolation, the total length of each slot 6, 6' is chosen to be noticeably equal to $\lambda_g/4$ where λ_g is the wavelength at the operating frequency. Hence, if the parts 6a and 6'a have respectively lengths L1 and L2 and if the parts 6b and 6'b have respectively lengths L'1 and L'2, the total length of the slots 6 and 6' must be such that $L1 + L'1 \cong L2 + L'2 \cong$
20 $\lambda_g/4$. However, solutions such that $L1 + L'1 \neq L2 + L'2$ are also within the scope of the invention.

A device such as shown in figure 1 was simulated with the 3D electromagnetic simulation tool known under the name HFSS (Ansys). A first simulation was realized without the isolation element in accordance with the
25 present invention and a second simulation was realized with an isolation element such as shown in figure 1.

As shown in figure 2, it is seen that without the isolation element in accordance with the present invention, the isolation level in the band of the 2.4GHz is, in the worst case, around 14dB.

30 As shown in figure 3, the isolation response between the two antennas is now around -20dB in the band of the 2.4GHz, which shows an

increase of more than 5dB. The line of the surface currents when the antenna 3 is excited, shows the efficiency of the isolation elements 6 and 6' in relation to the result obtained without these isolation elements. A reduction of the coupling between the two antennas is thus obtained and a behaviour of the antenna 3 less sensitive to its position on the board and to the manner of connecting its ground plane to the overall ground of the system.

It is evident to those skilled in the art that the slot-lines realizing the isolation element can have identical or different lengths in such a manner as to increase either the isolation level or the isolation band. Moreover, the slots can have an L form or a C form or any other form compatible with their location.

THE CLAIMS DEFINING THE INVENTION ARE AS FOLLOWS:

1 – Circuit comprising on a same board at least one antenna, a processing circuit and a cover covering the processing circuit, characterized in that it comprises, between the antenna and the cover, at least one isolation element formed by a slot line partly realized on the board and partly on the cover.

2 – Circuit according to claim 1, characterized in that the slot line comprises a first slot-line and a second slot-line interconnected by a third slot-line.

3 – Circuit according to claim 1, characterized in that the first and the second slot-lines have a first length, respectively $L1$ and $L2$ on the board and a second length, respectively $L'1$ and $L'2$ on the cover such that $L1 + L'1$ is equal to or different from $L2 + L'2$.

4 – Circuit according to one of claims 1 and 2, characterized in that the length of the first and second slot-lines is close to $\lambda_g/4$ where λ_g is the wavelength at the operating frequency.

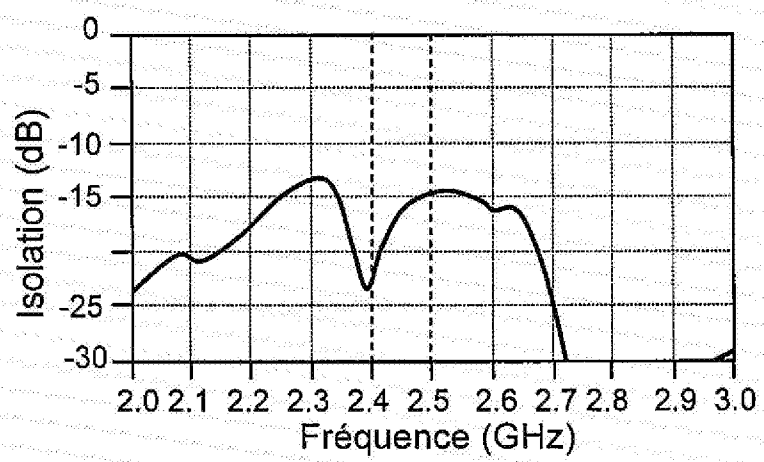
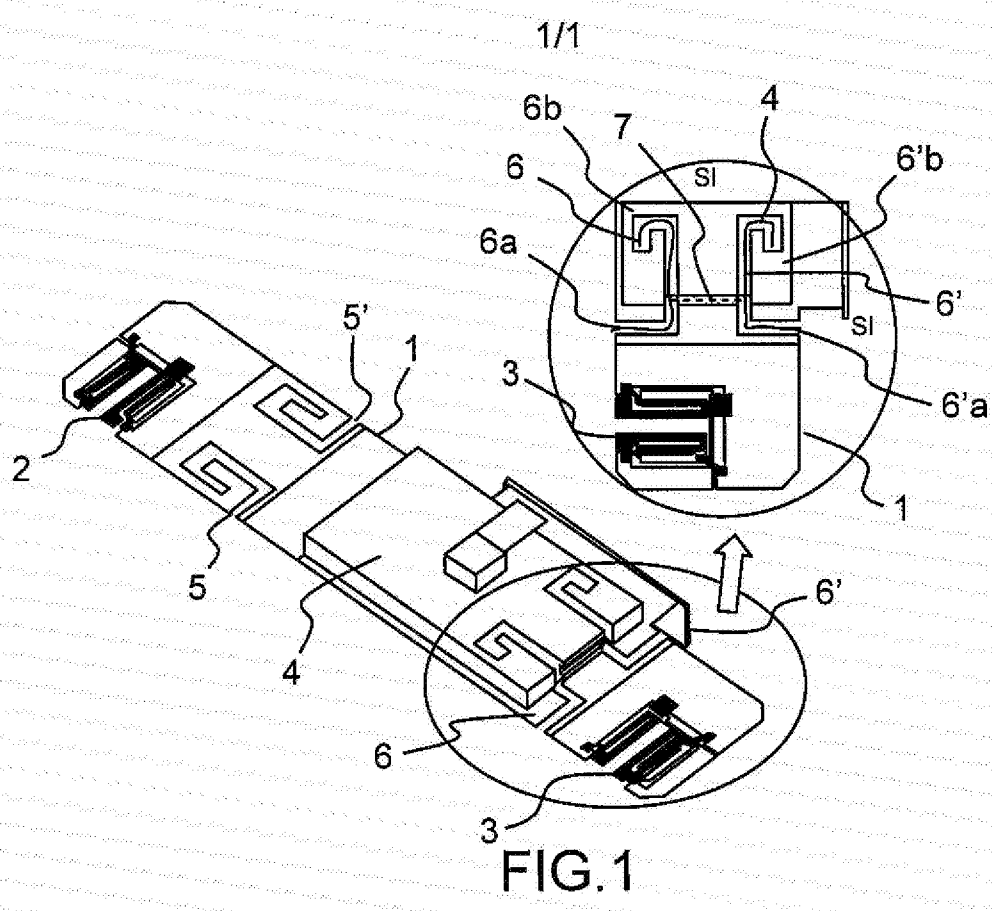


FIG. 2

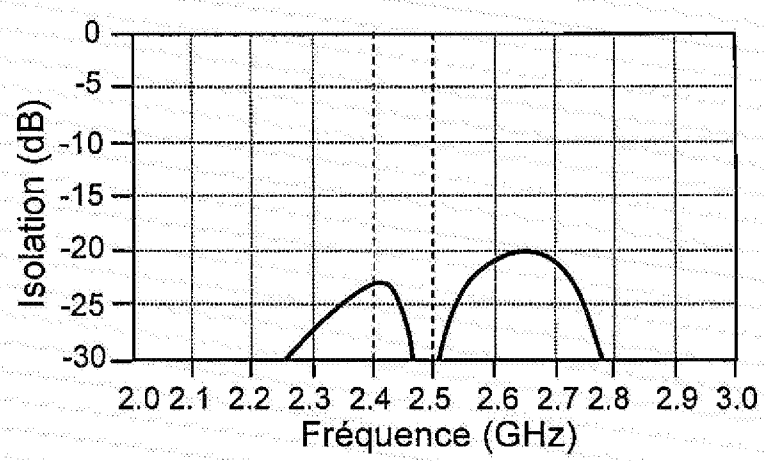


FIG. 3