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(54) **APPARATUS FOR RADIALY EXPANDING AND PLASTICALLY DEFORMING A TUBULAR MEMBER**

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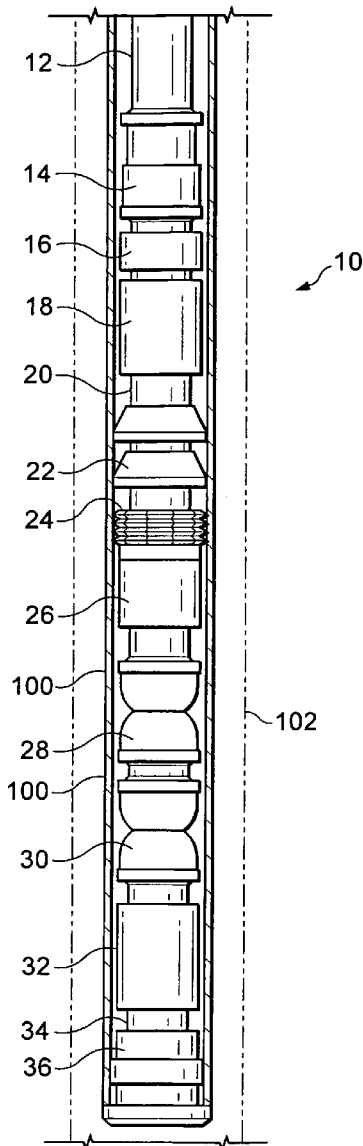
(52) **U.S. Cl. .... 166/298; 166/55.7; 166/285; 166/177.4**

(21) Appl. No.: **10/550,906**

(57) **ABSTRACT**

(22) PCT Filed: **Mar. 26, 2004**

An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member.



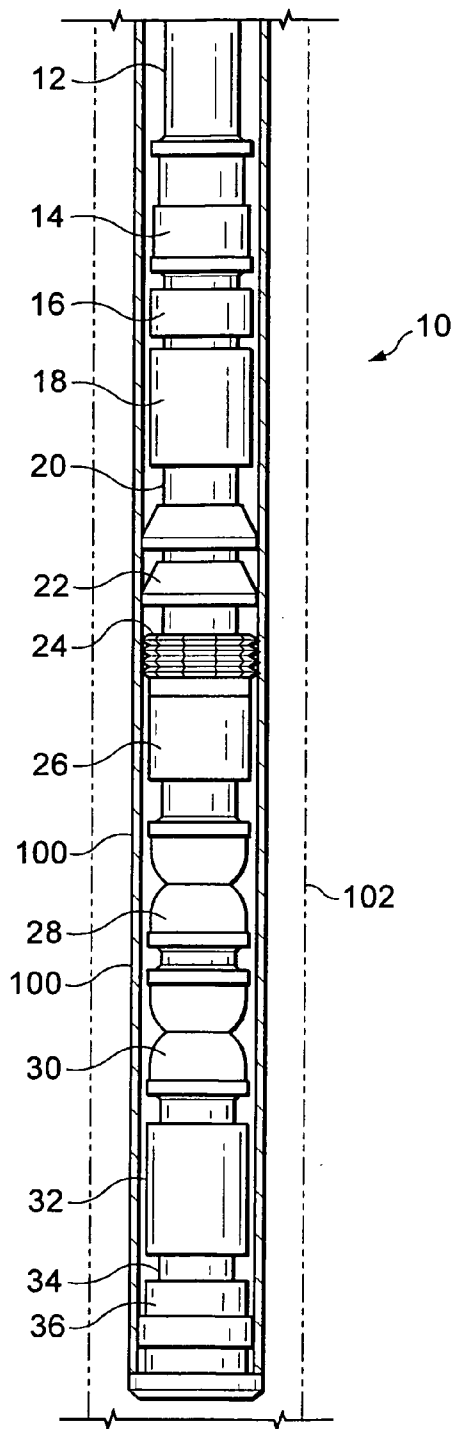


Fig. 1

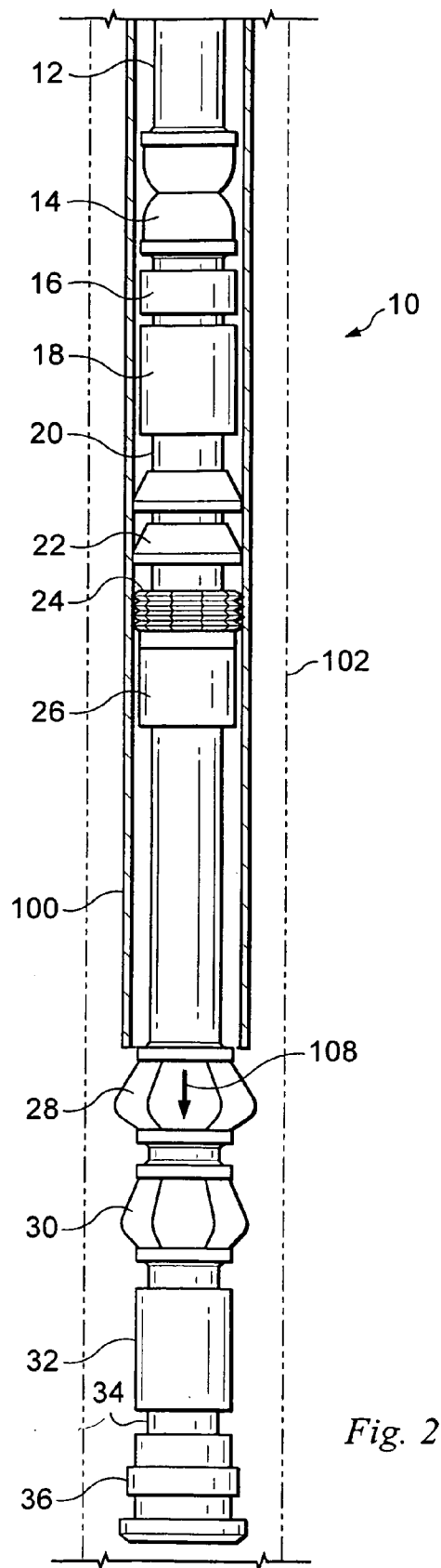
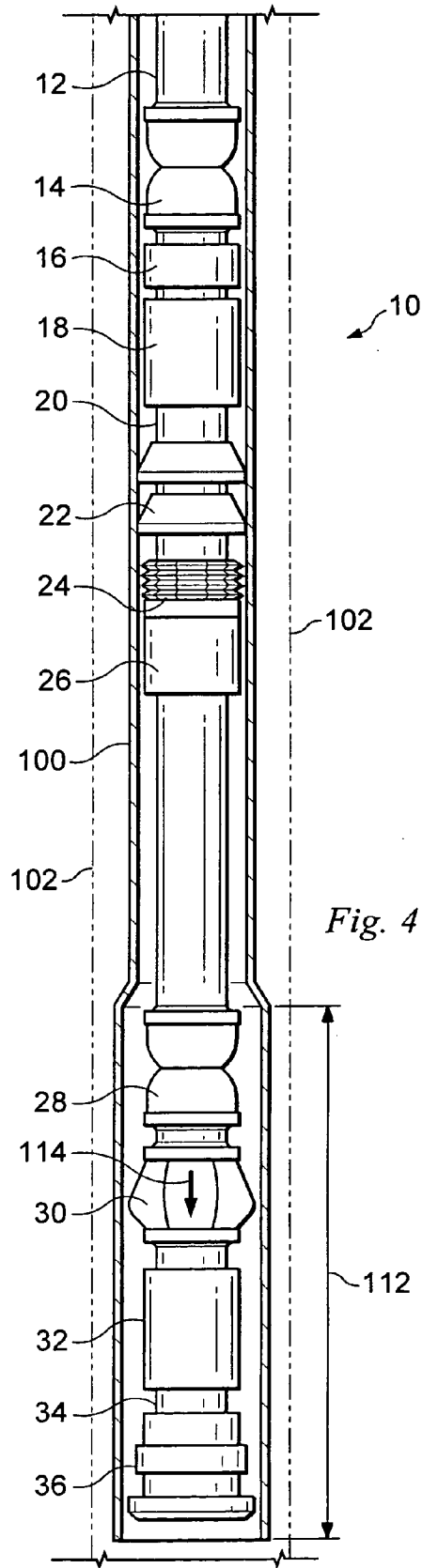
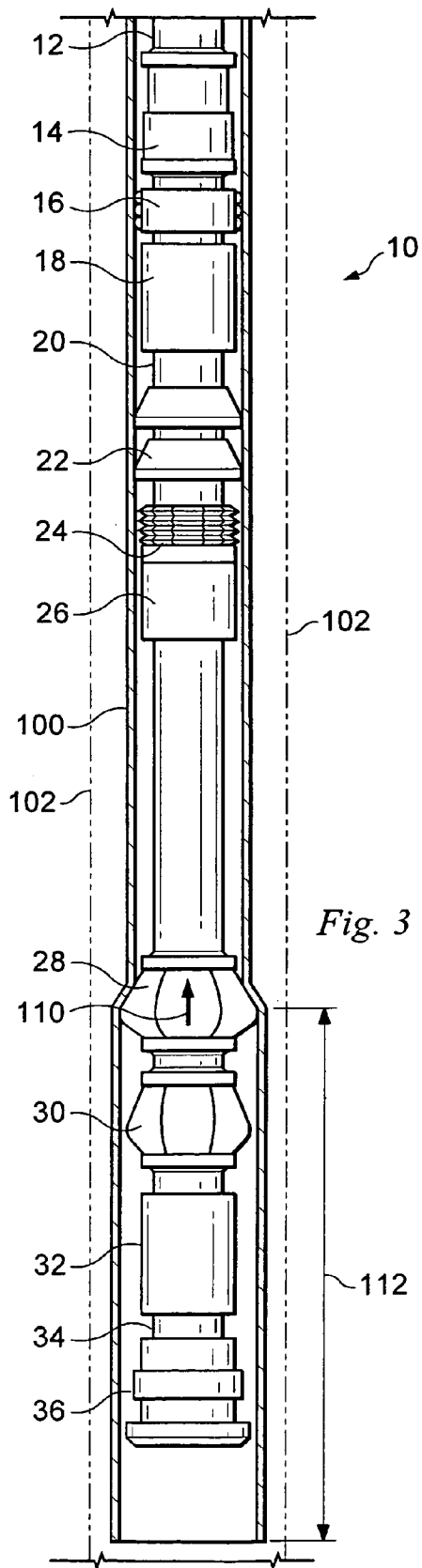


Fig. 2



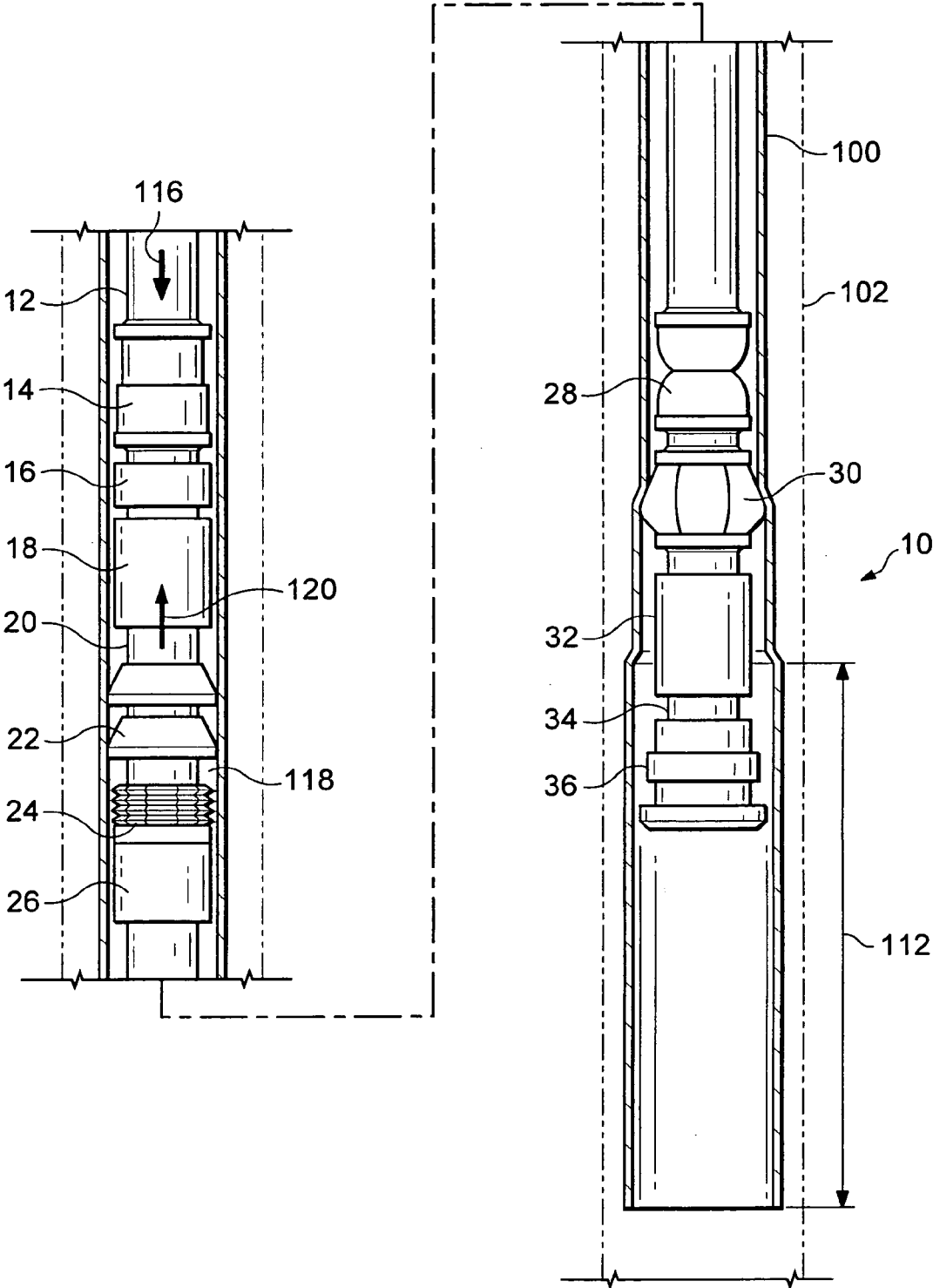


Fig. 5

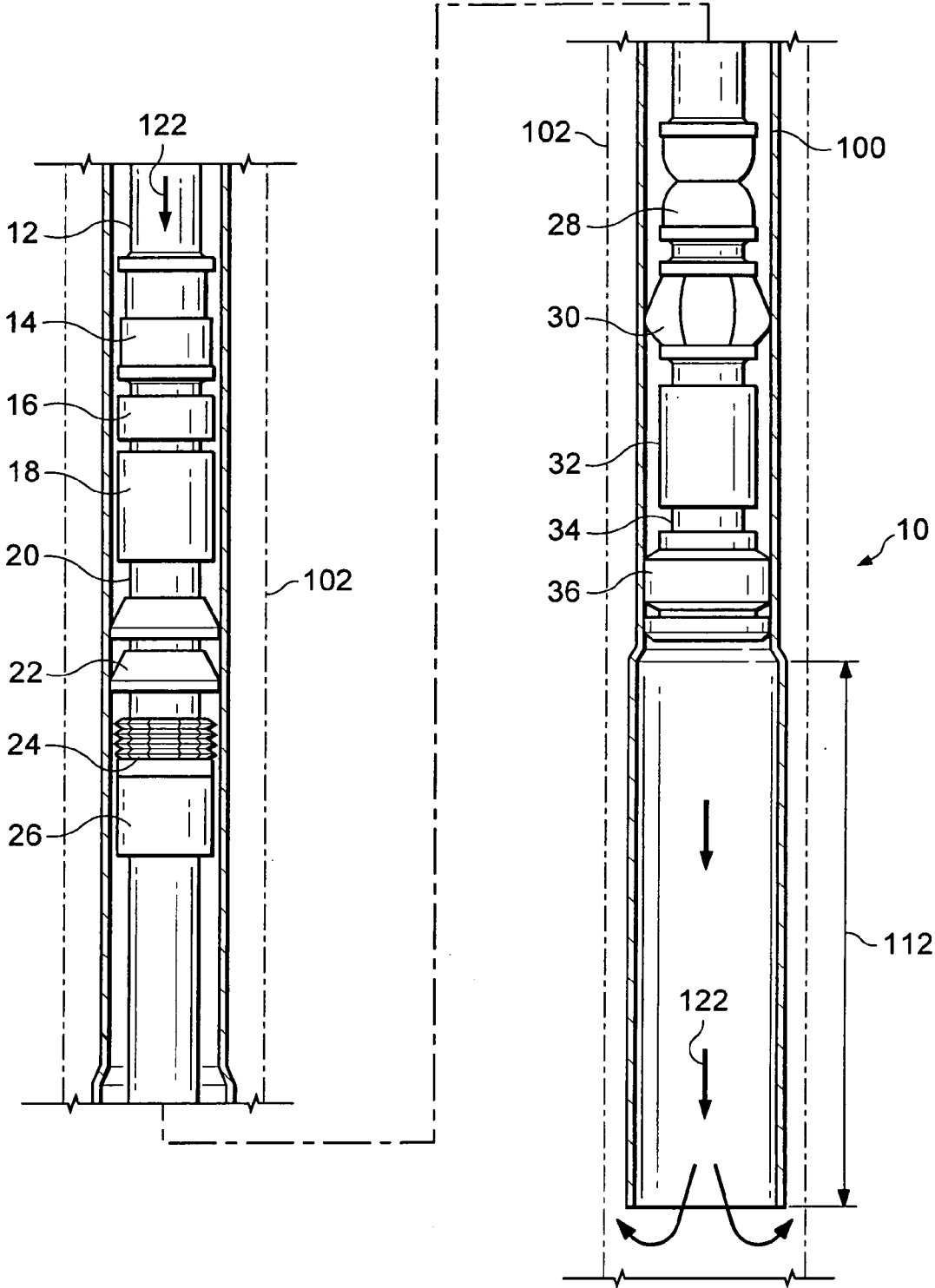


Fig. 6

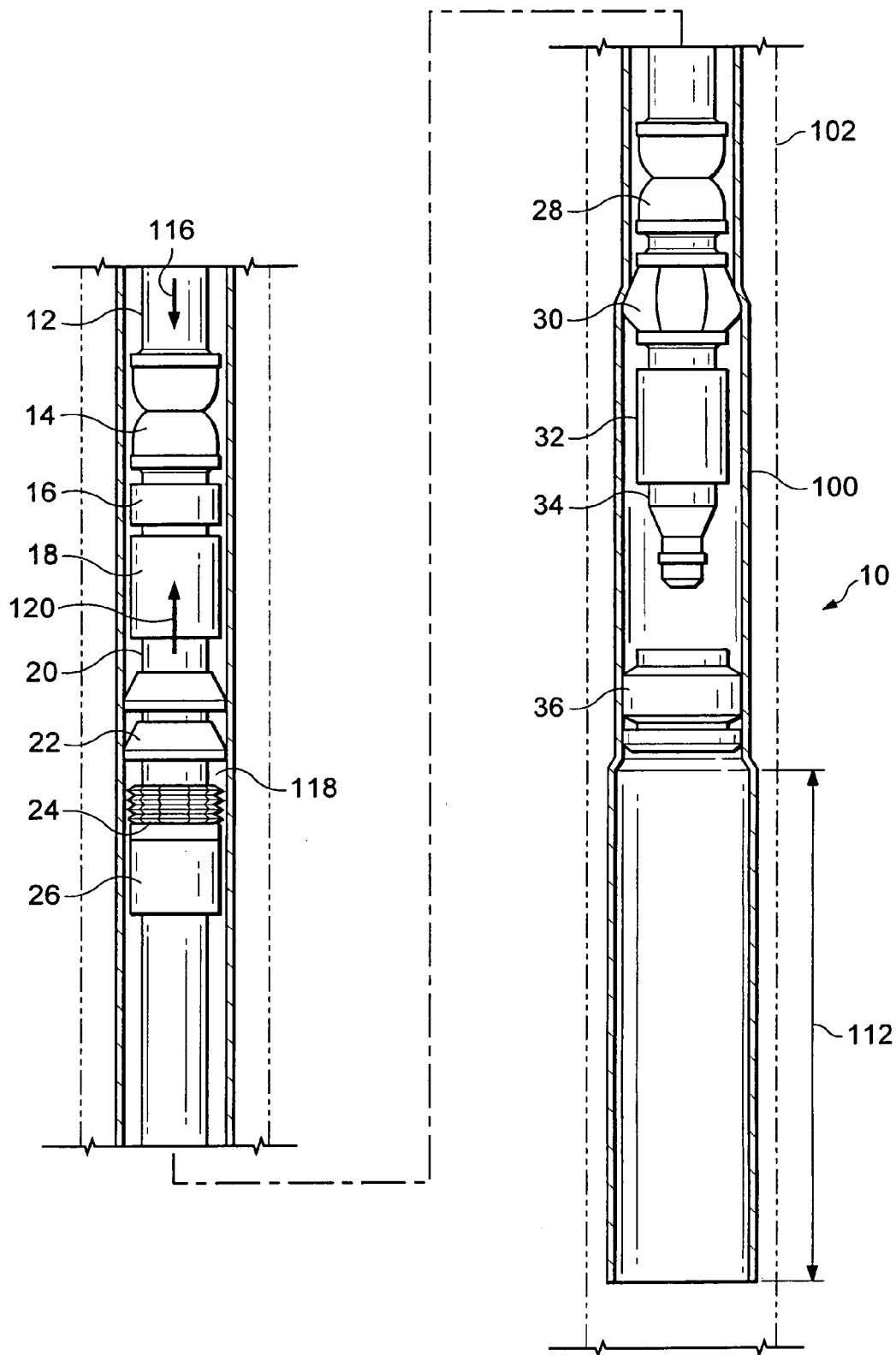


Fig. 7

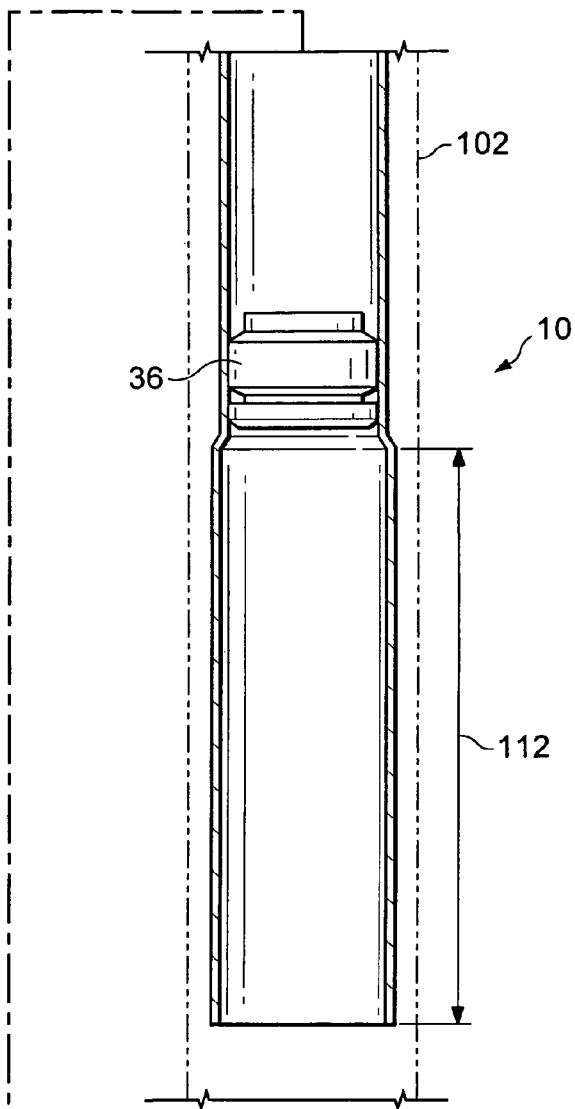
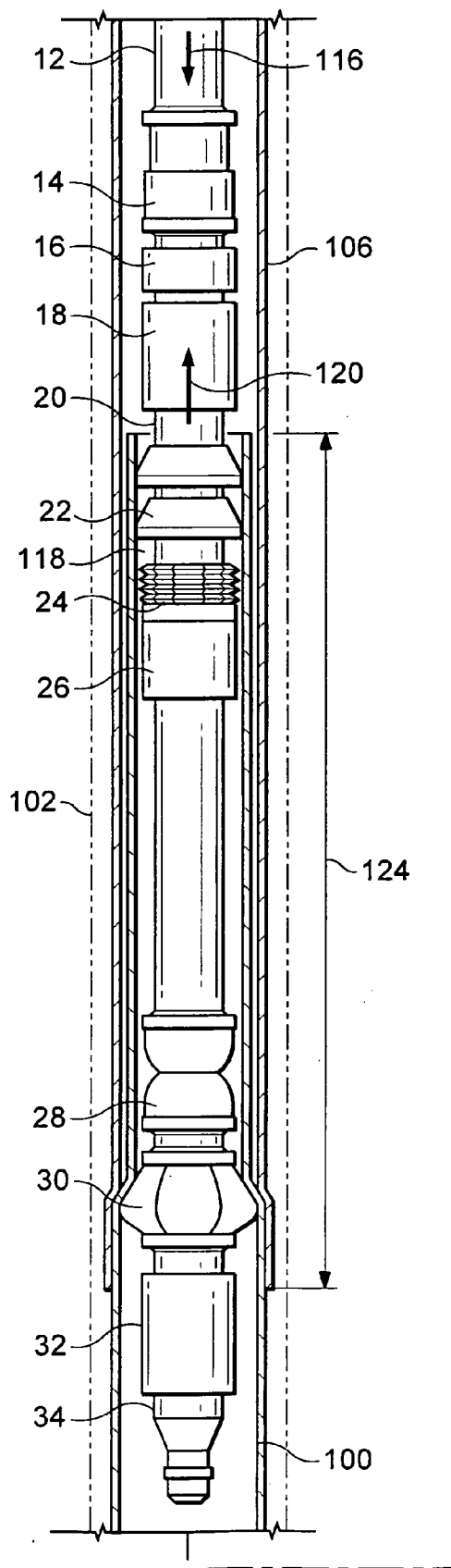


Fig. 8

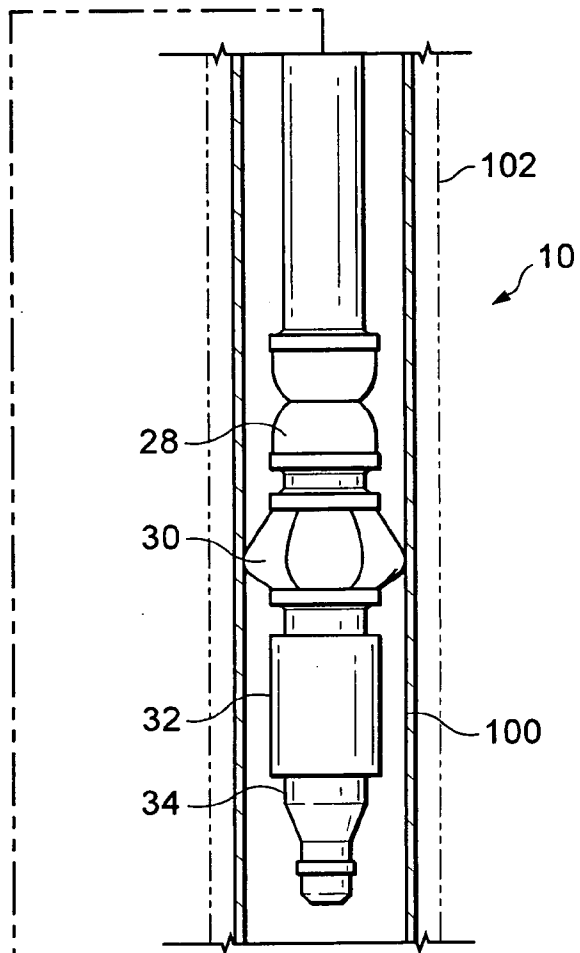
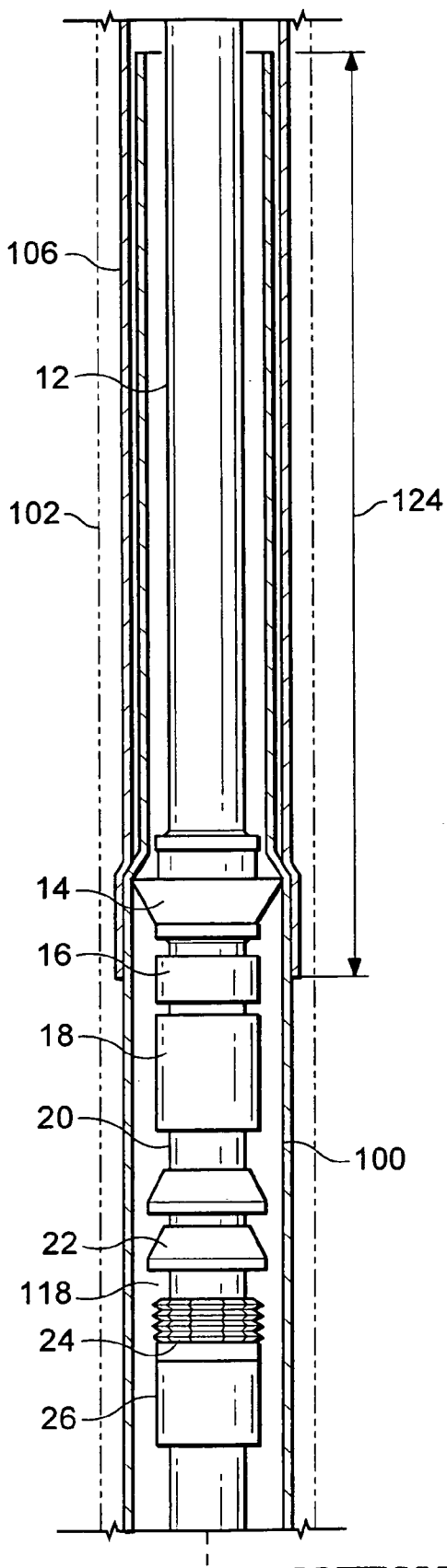


Fig. 9



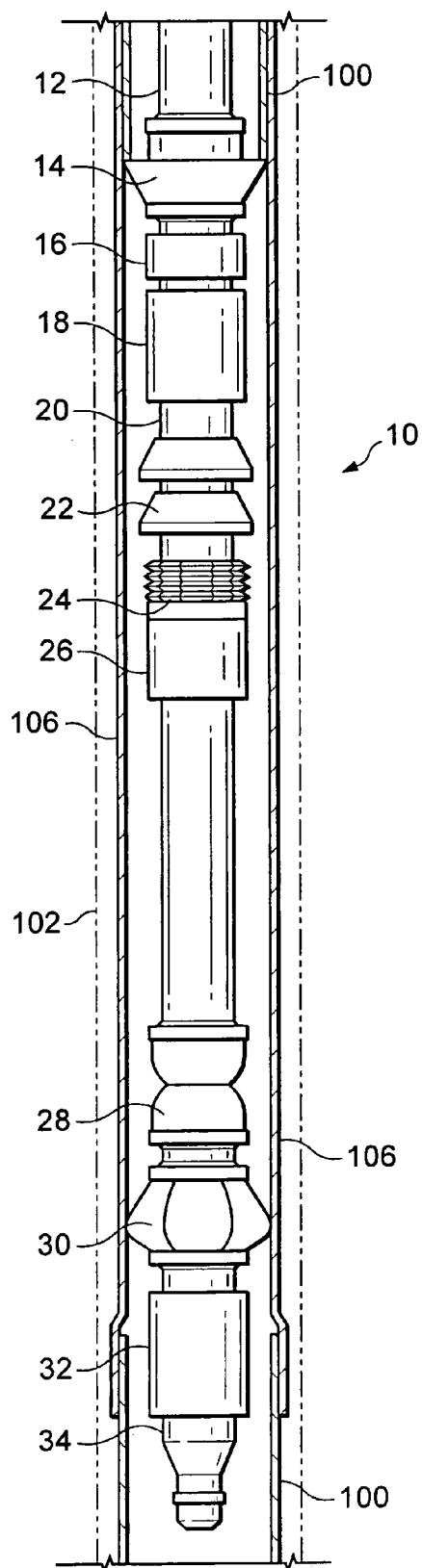


Fig. 10

Fig. 11-1

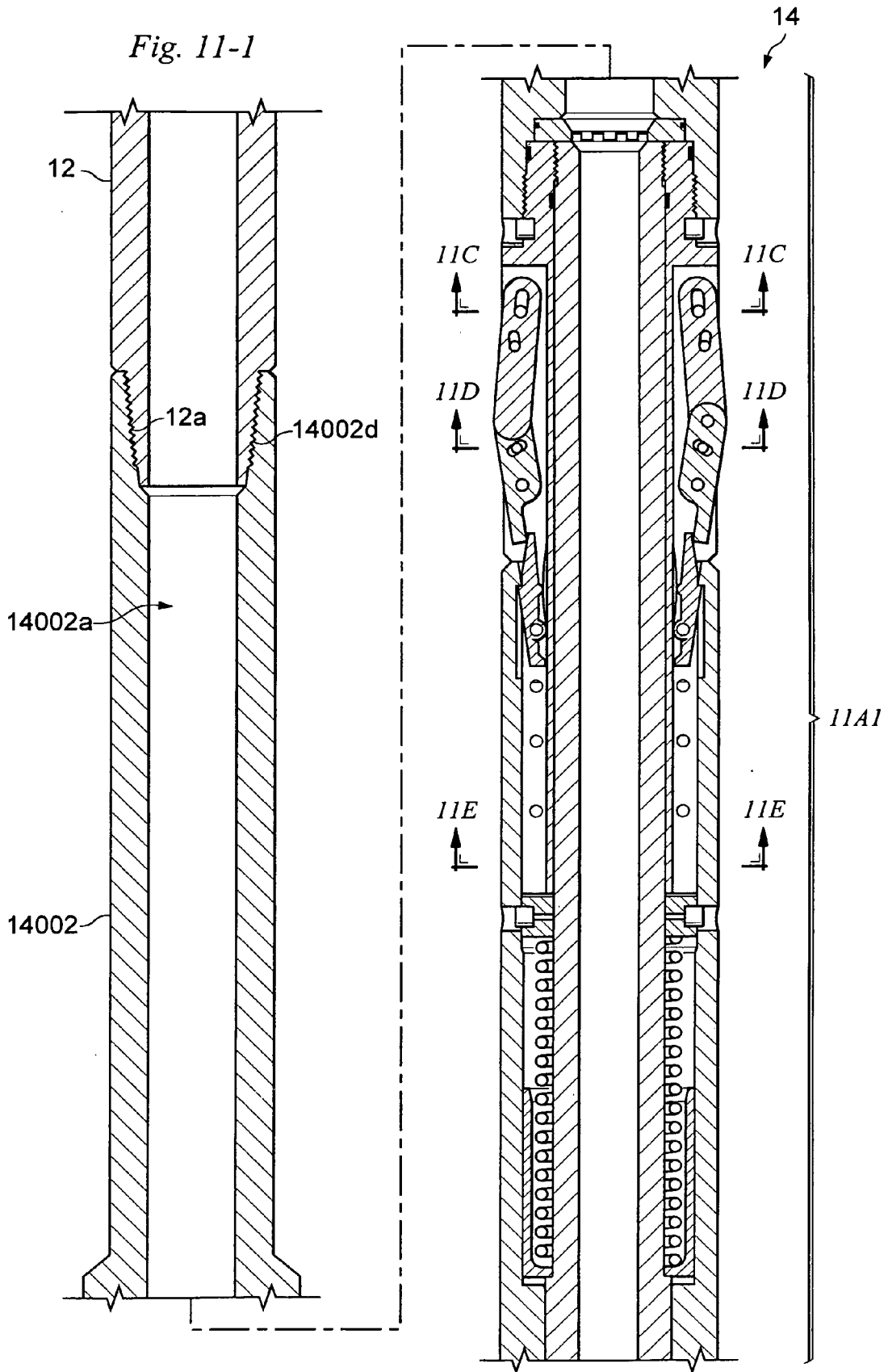


Fig. 11-2

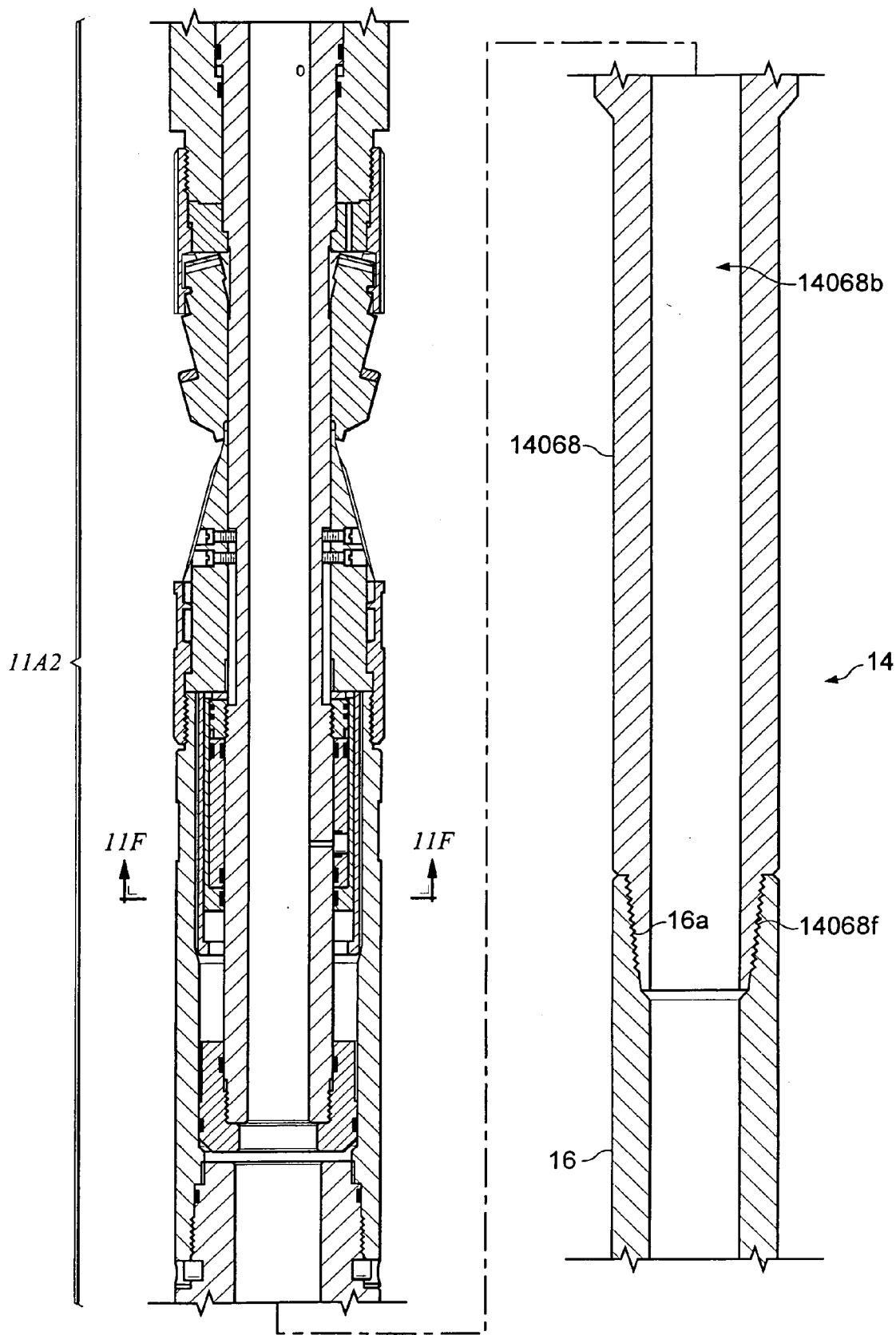
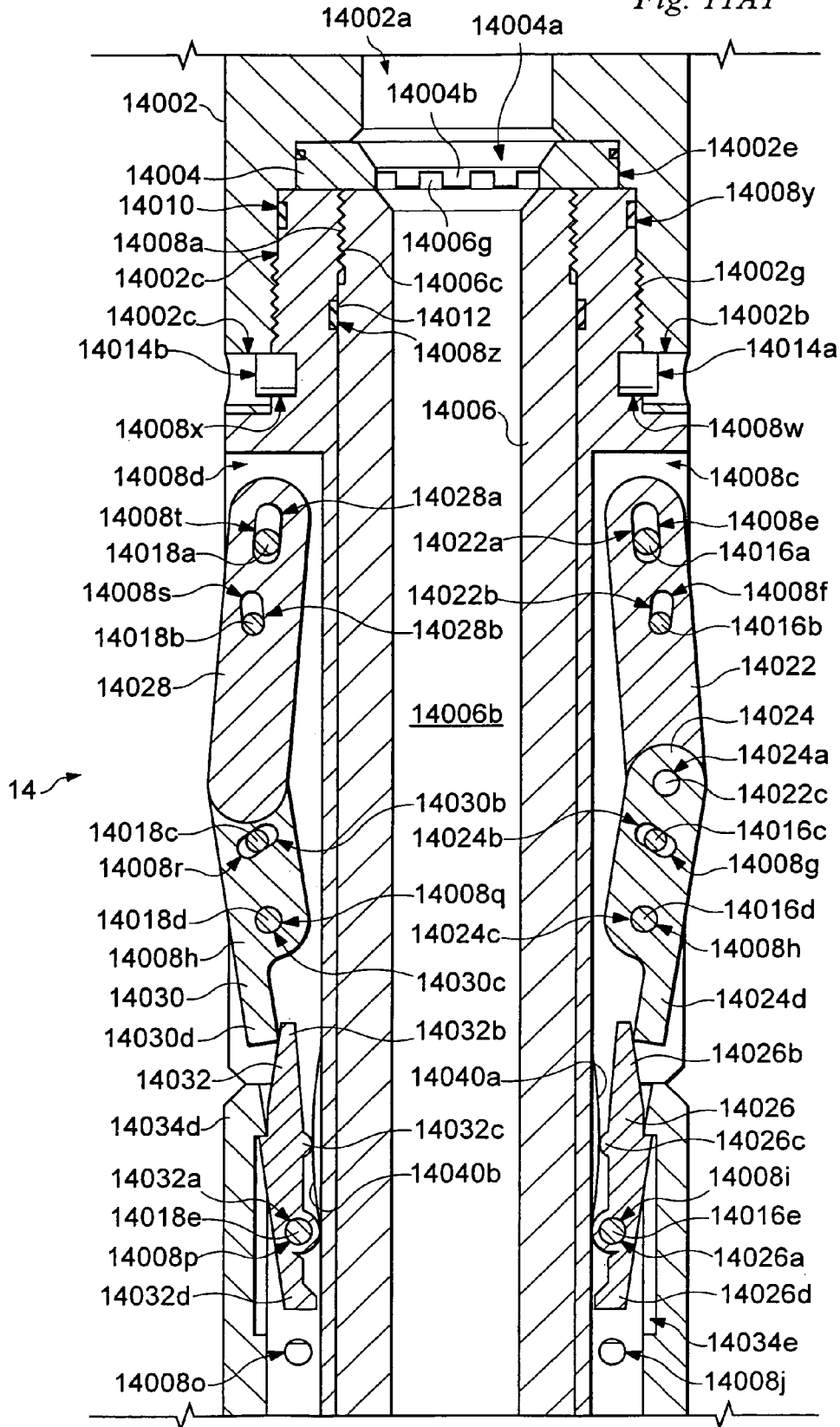
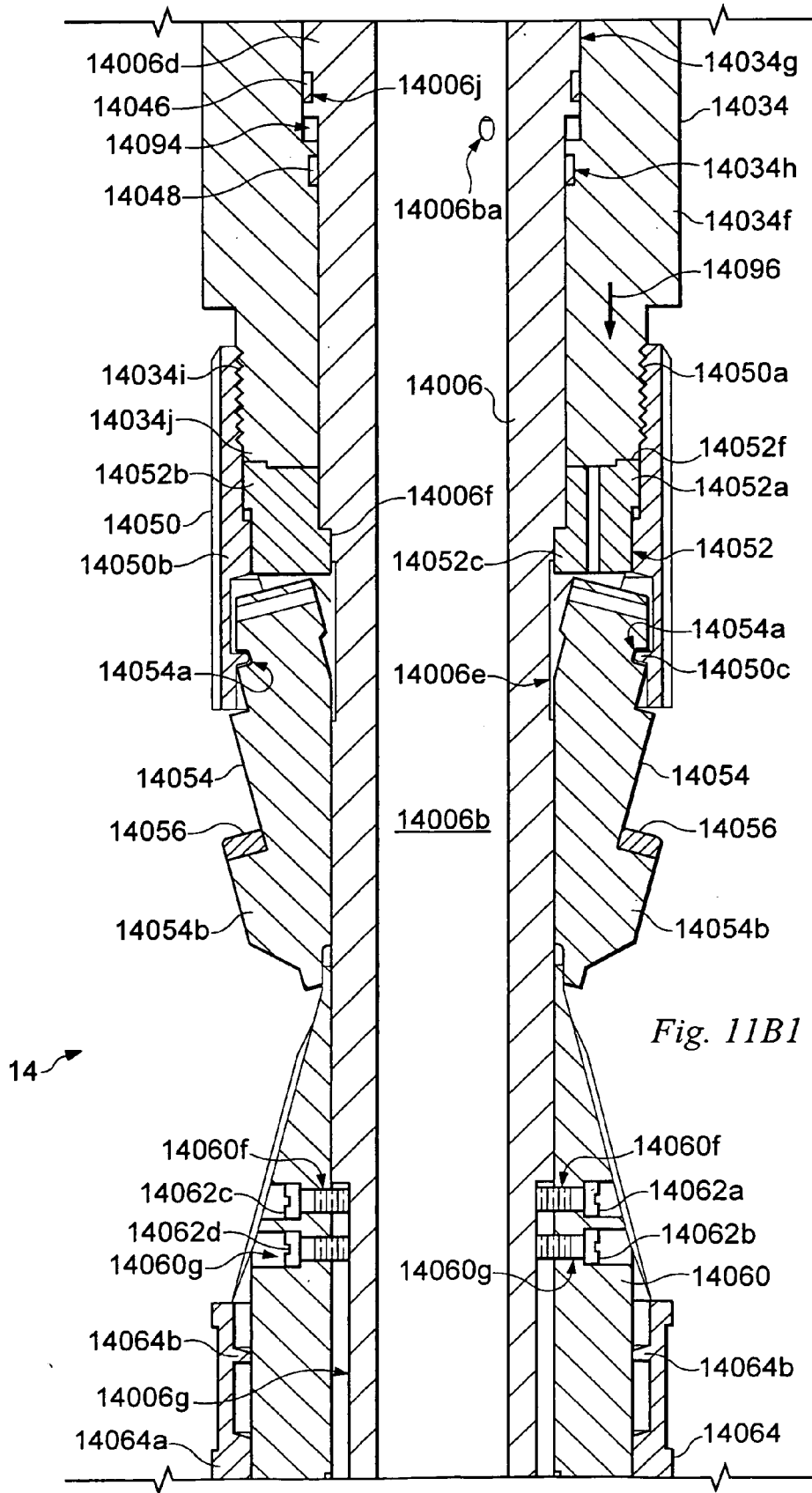
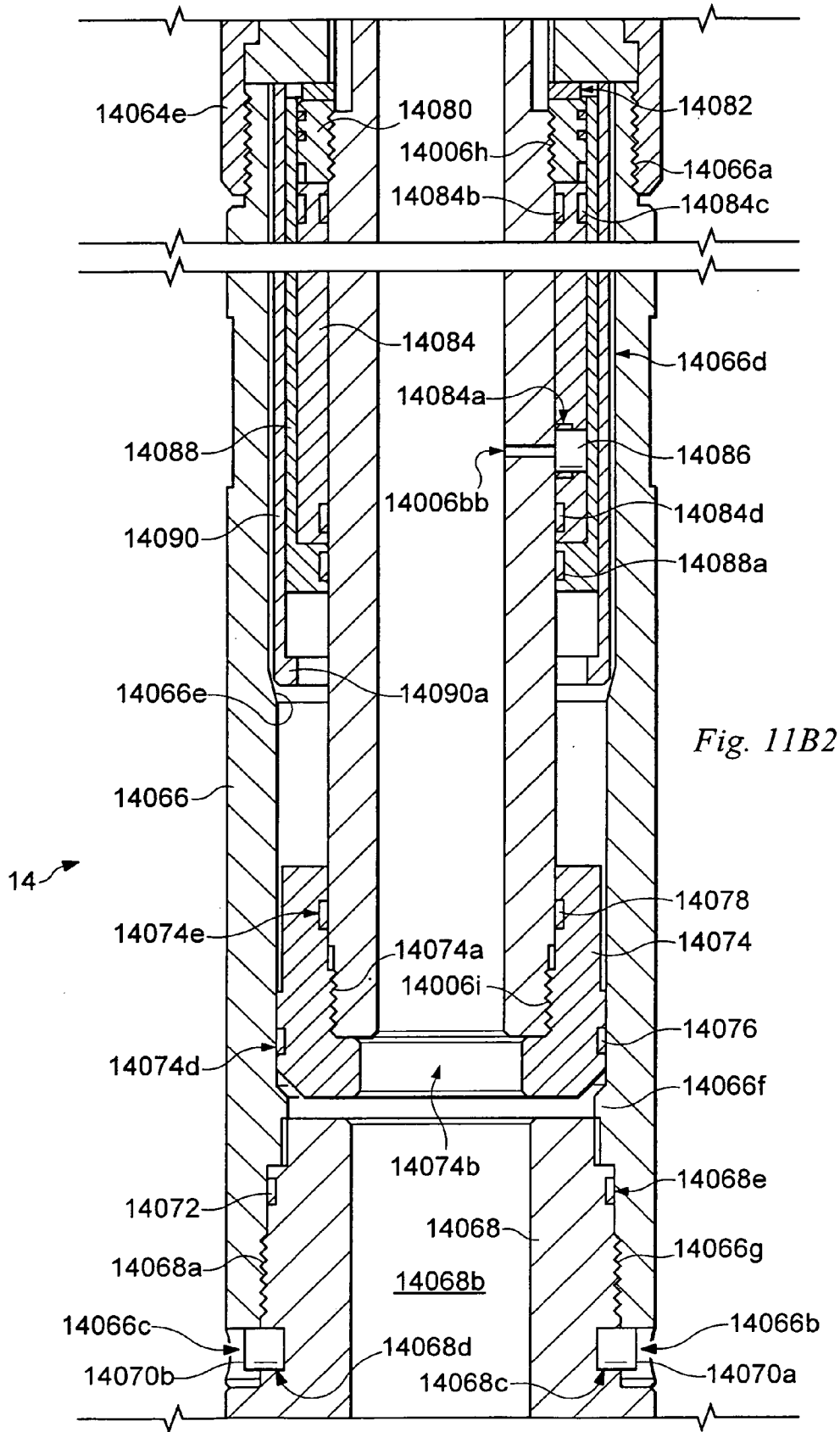


Fig. 11A1









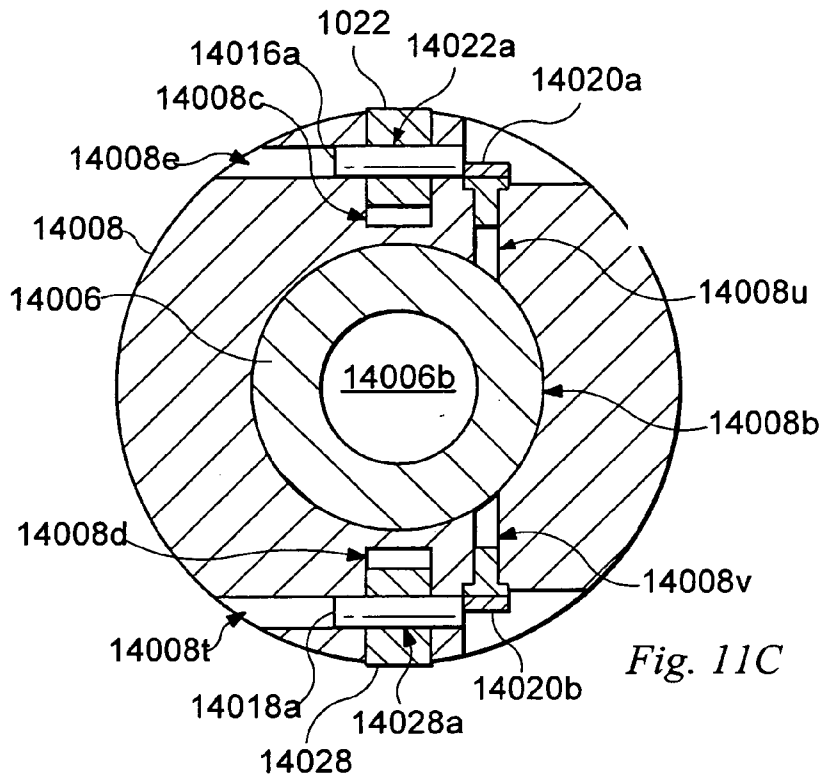


Fig. 11C

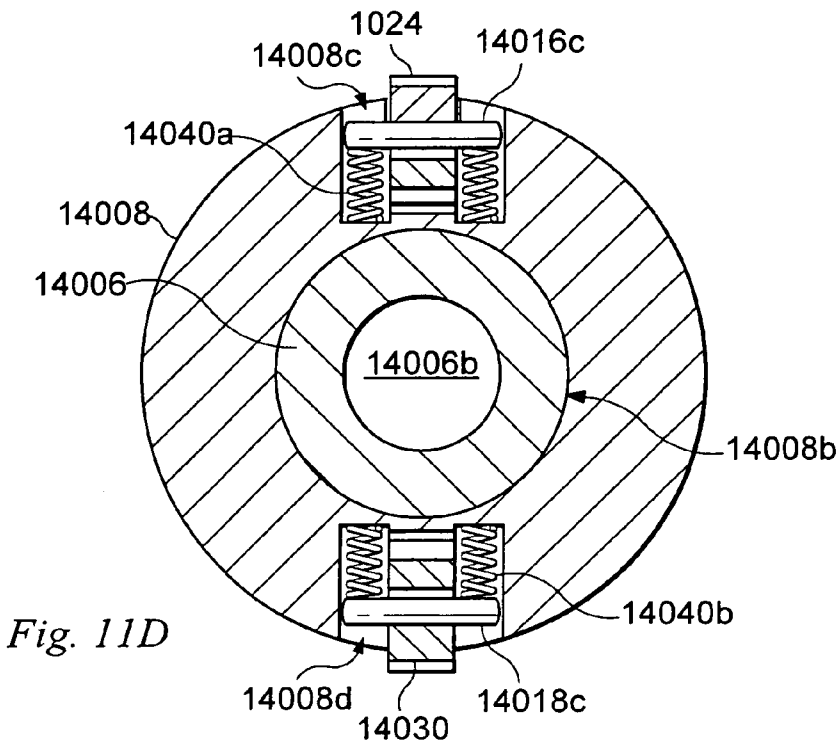


Fig. 11D



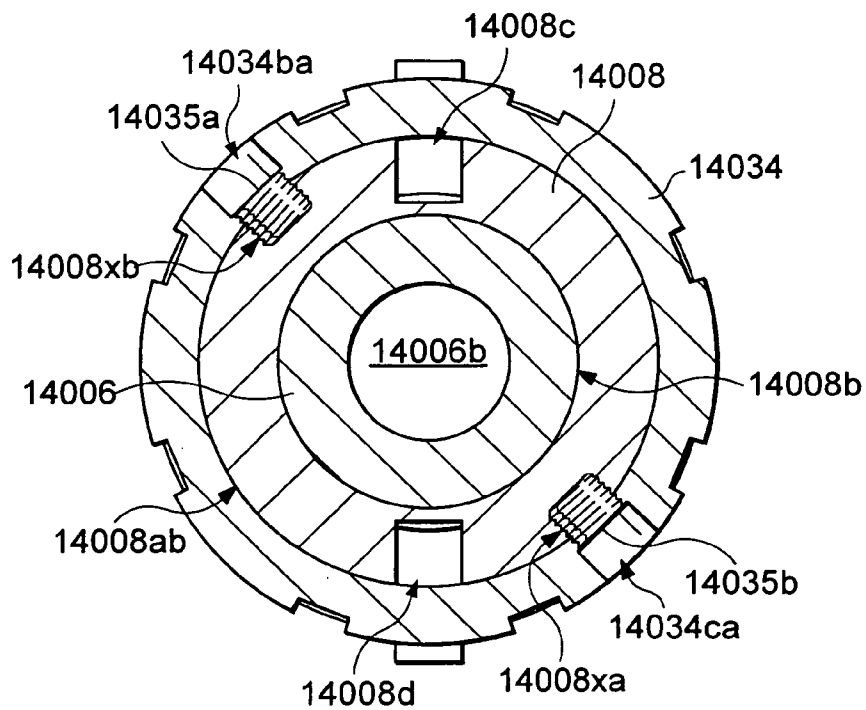


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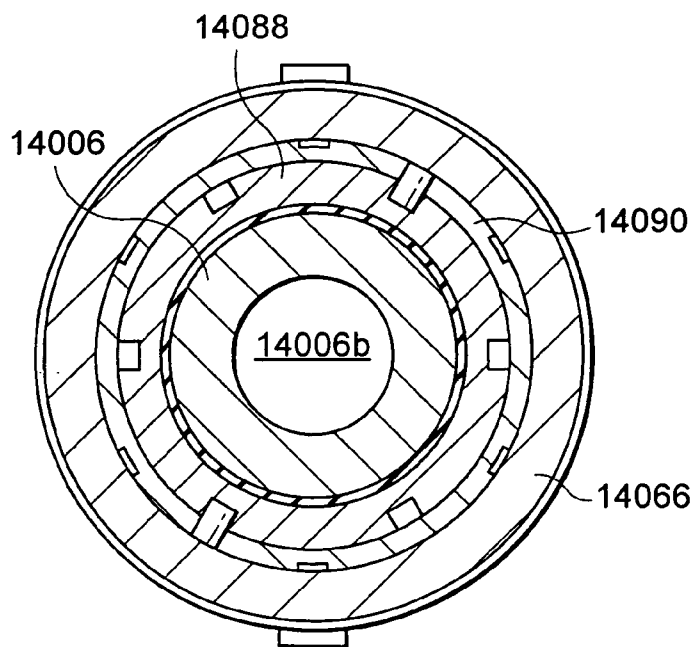


Fig. 11F

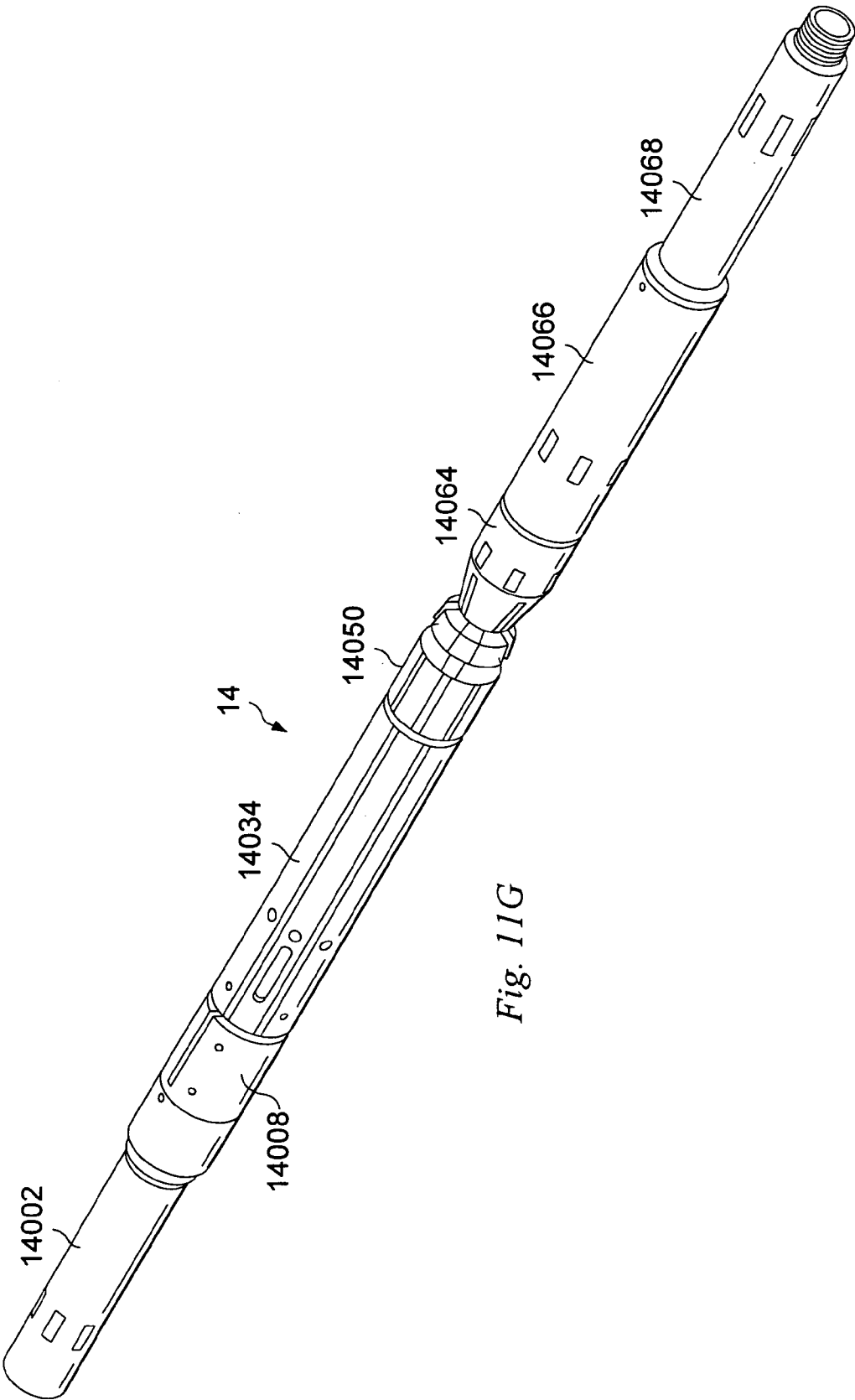


Fig. 11G

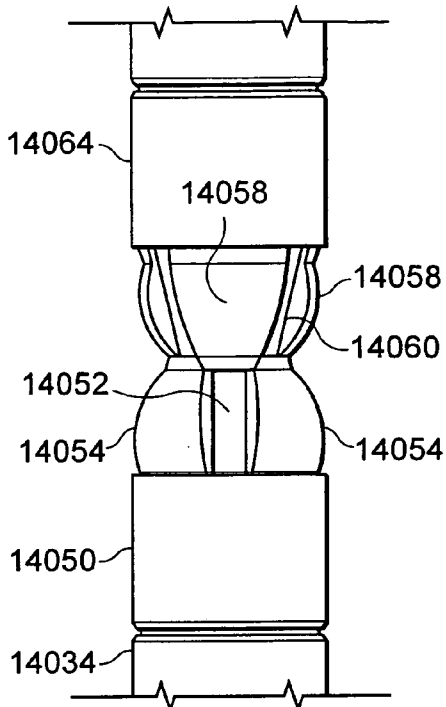


Fig. 11H

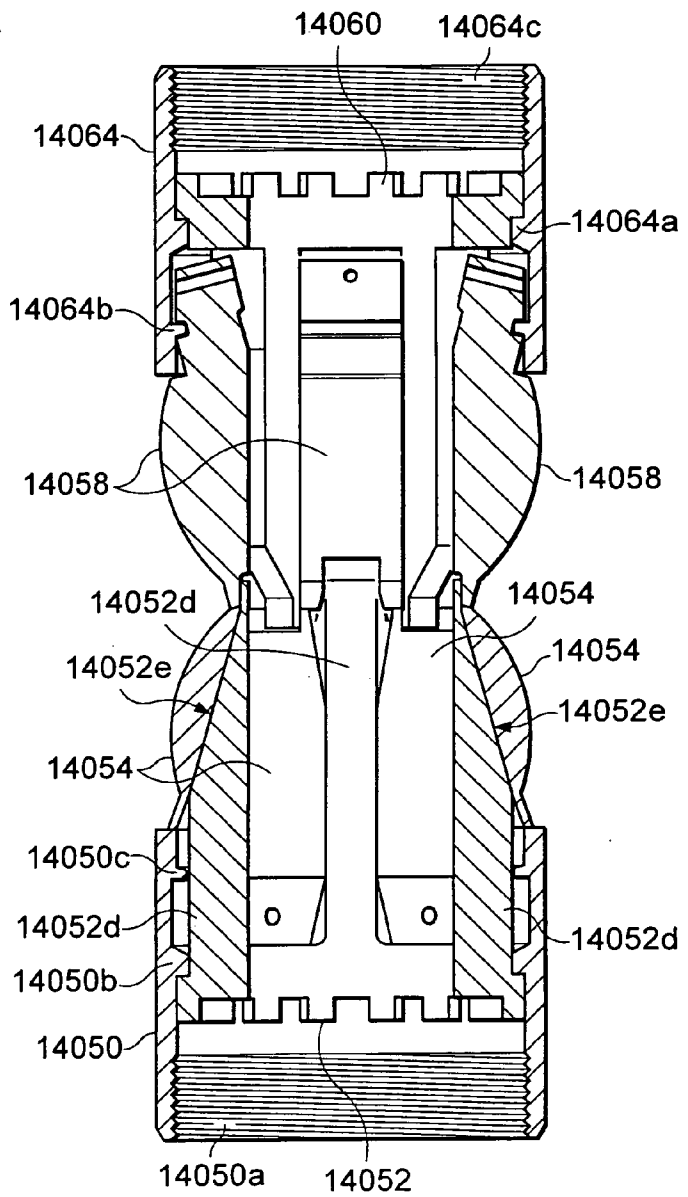


FIG. 11I

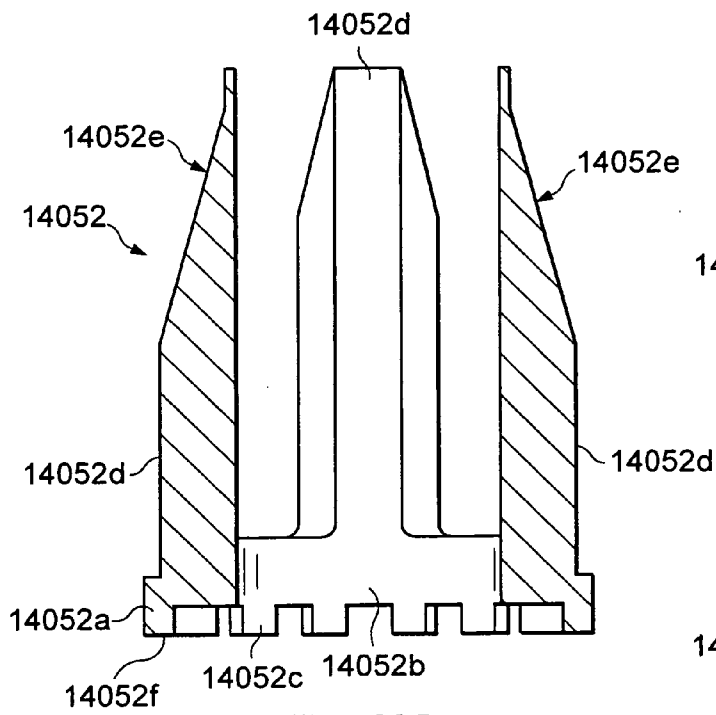


Fig. 11J

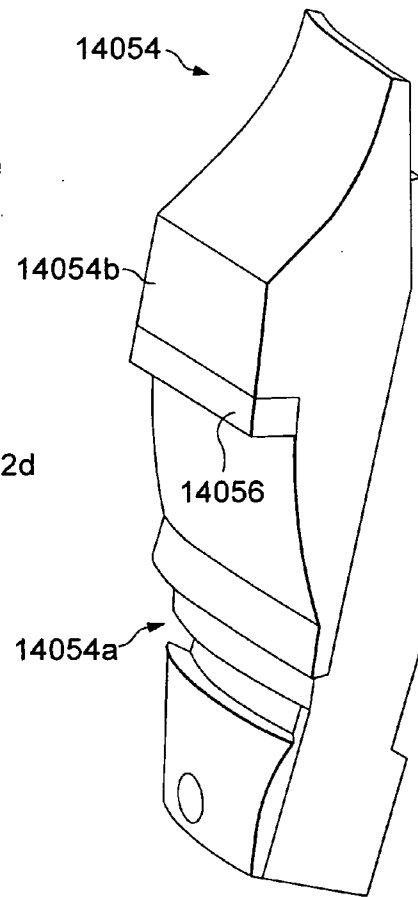


Fig. 11K

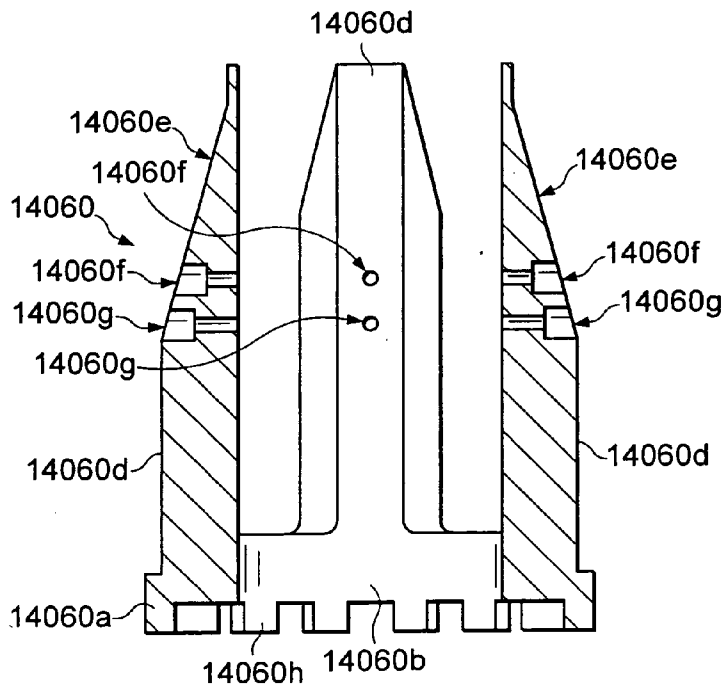


Fig. 11M

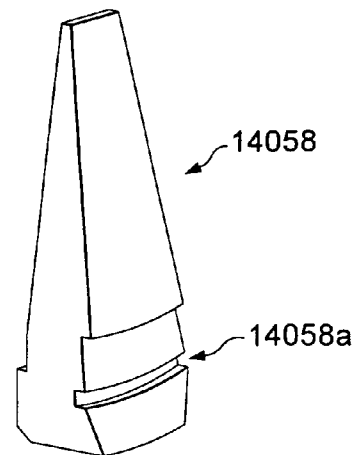


Fig. 11L

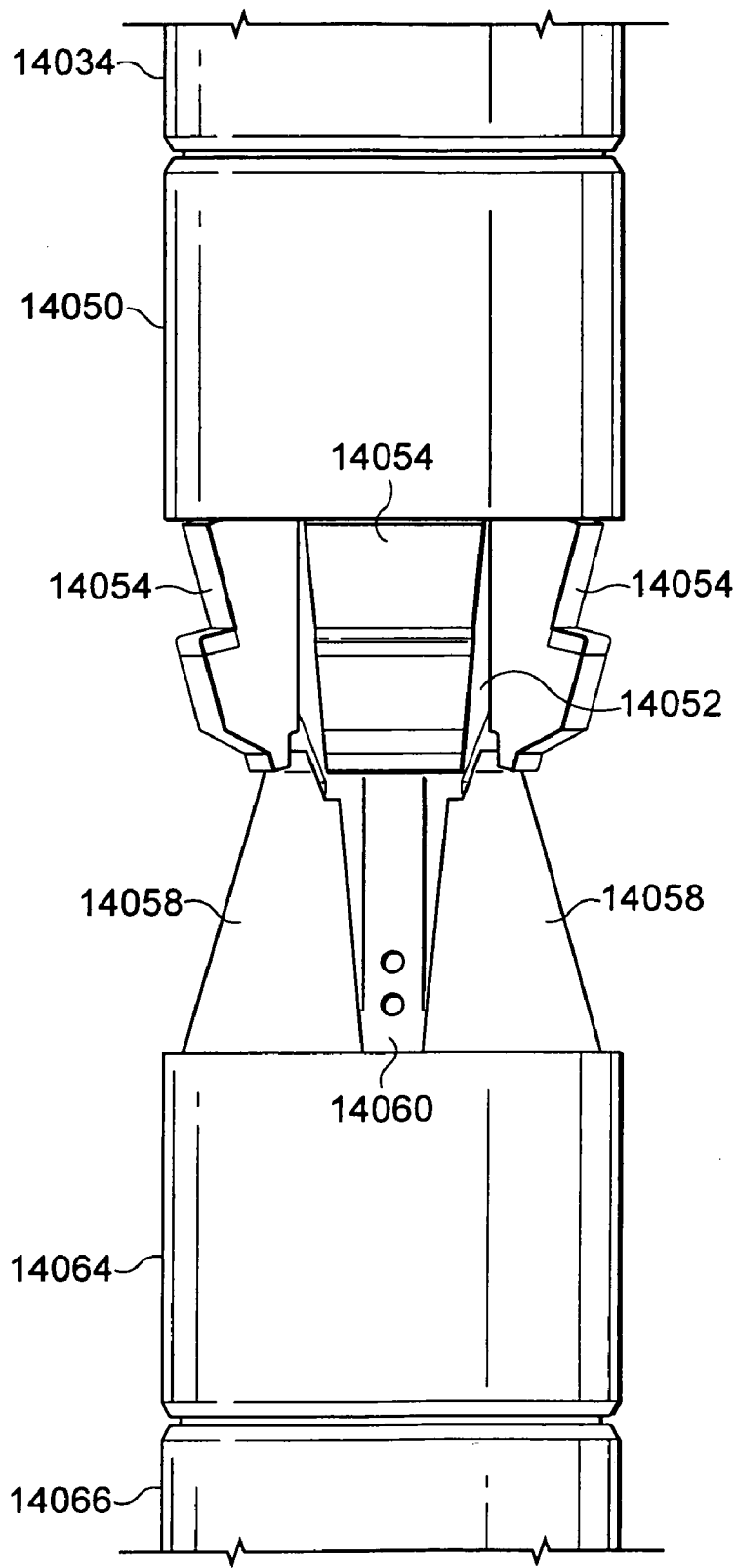


Fig. 11N

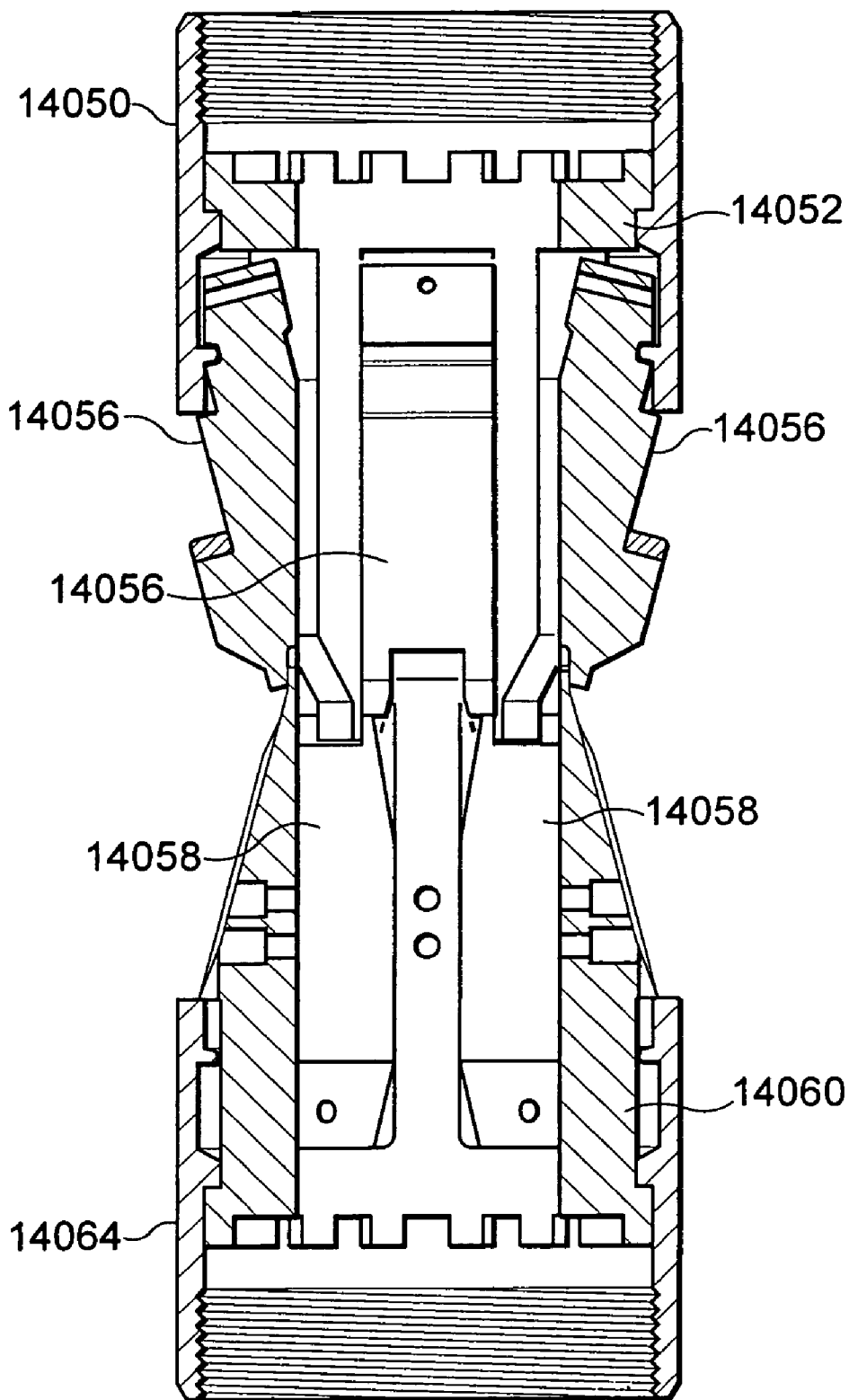
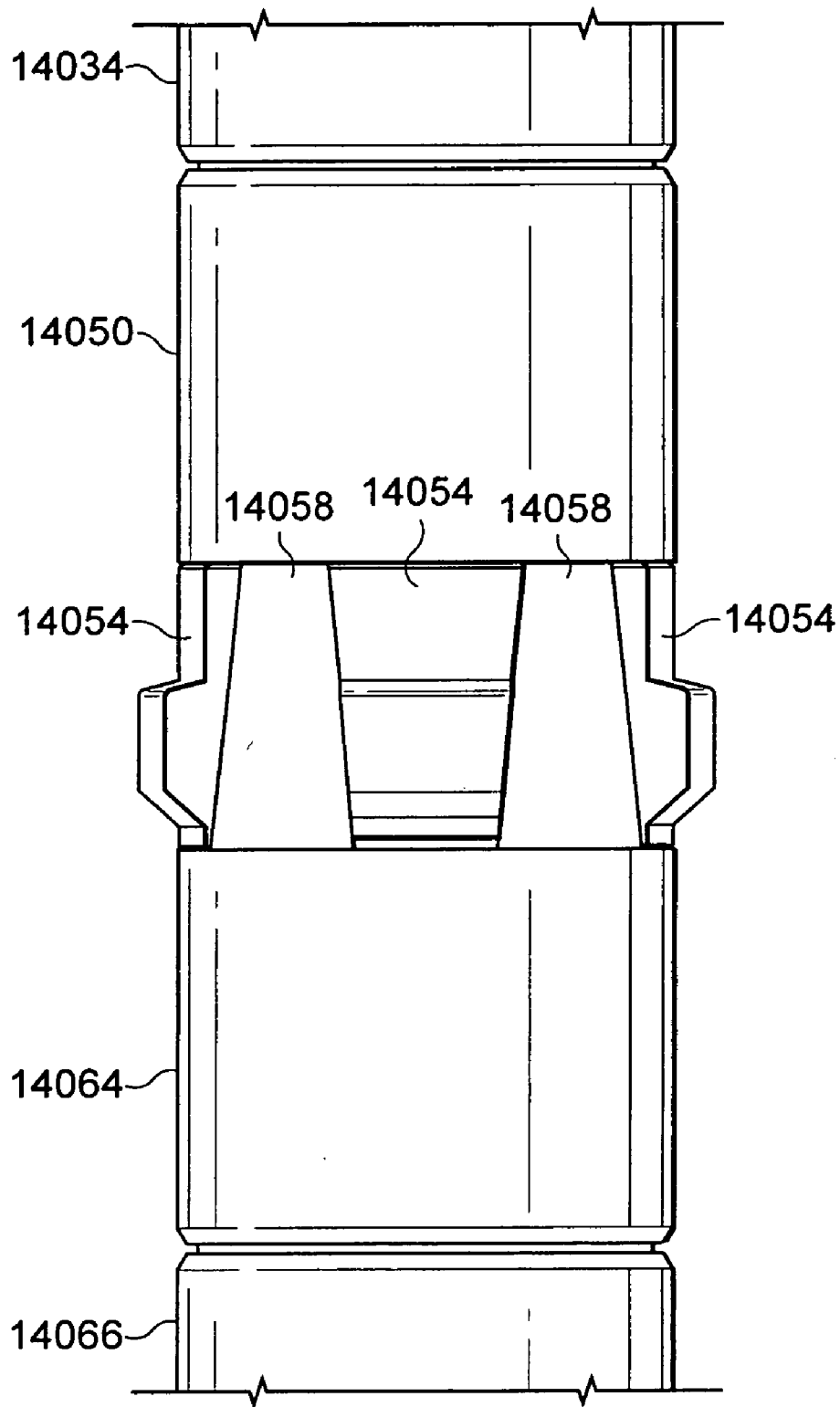
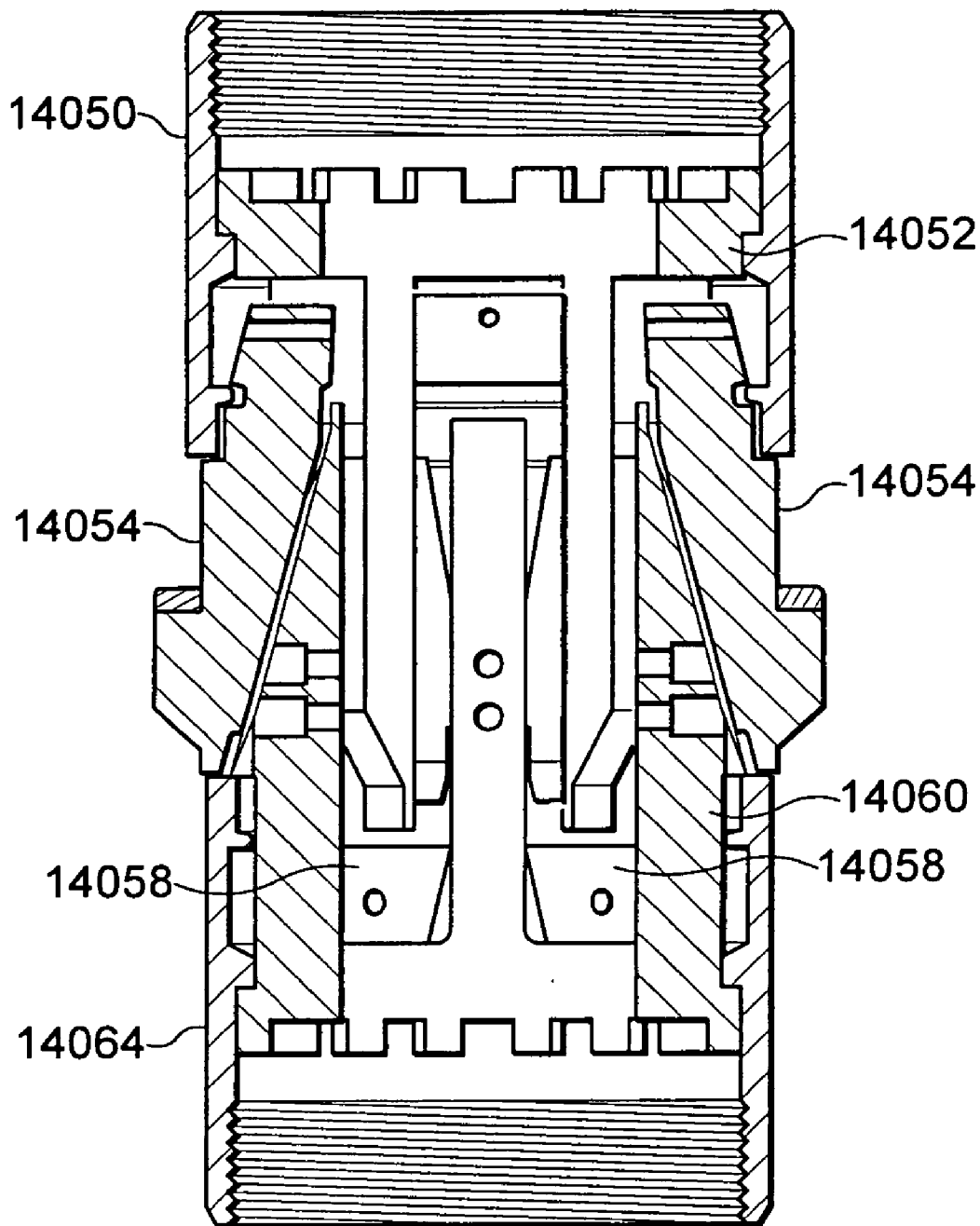


Fig. 110



*Fig. 11P*



*Fig. 11Q*



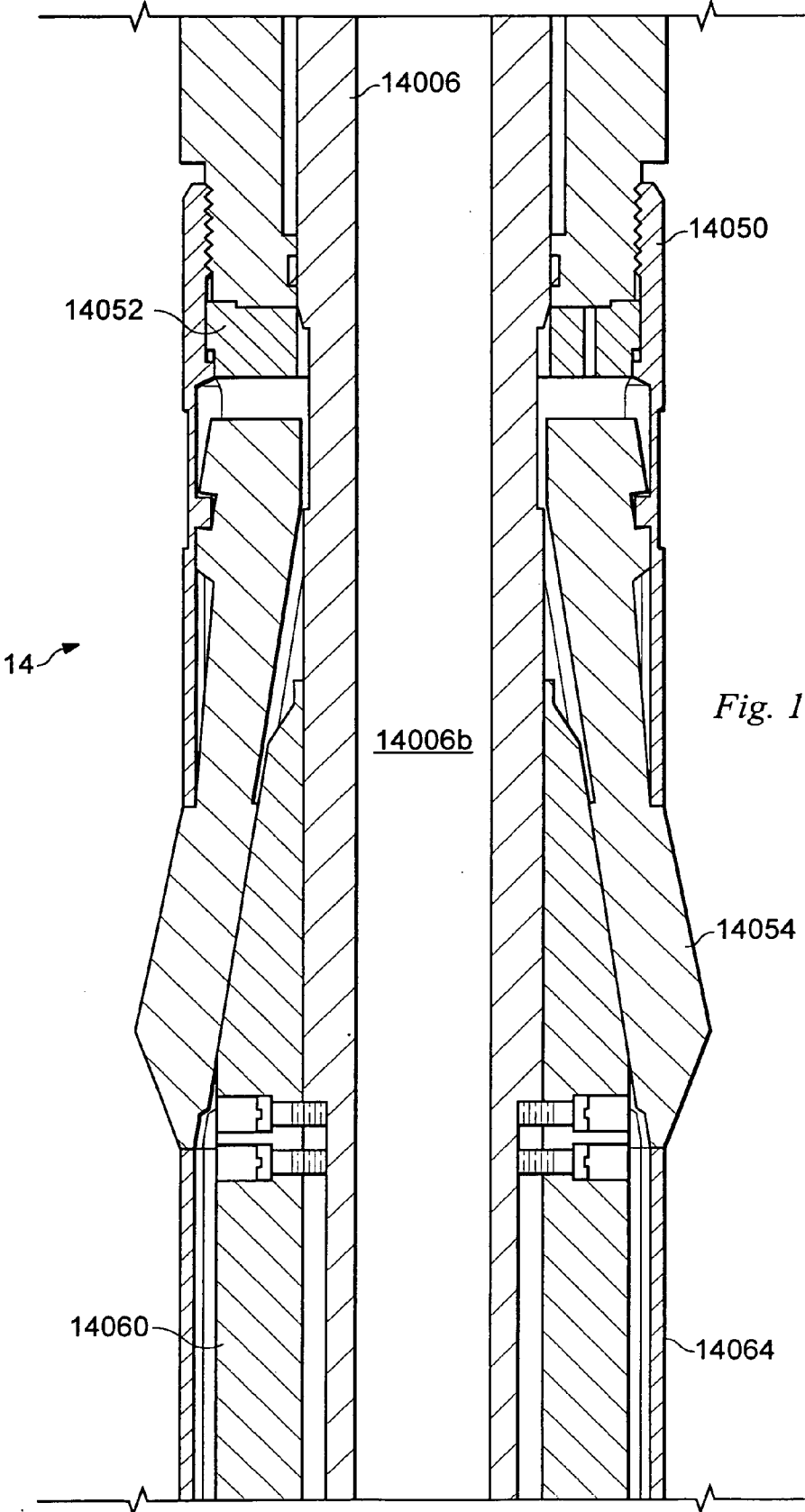


Fig. 11R

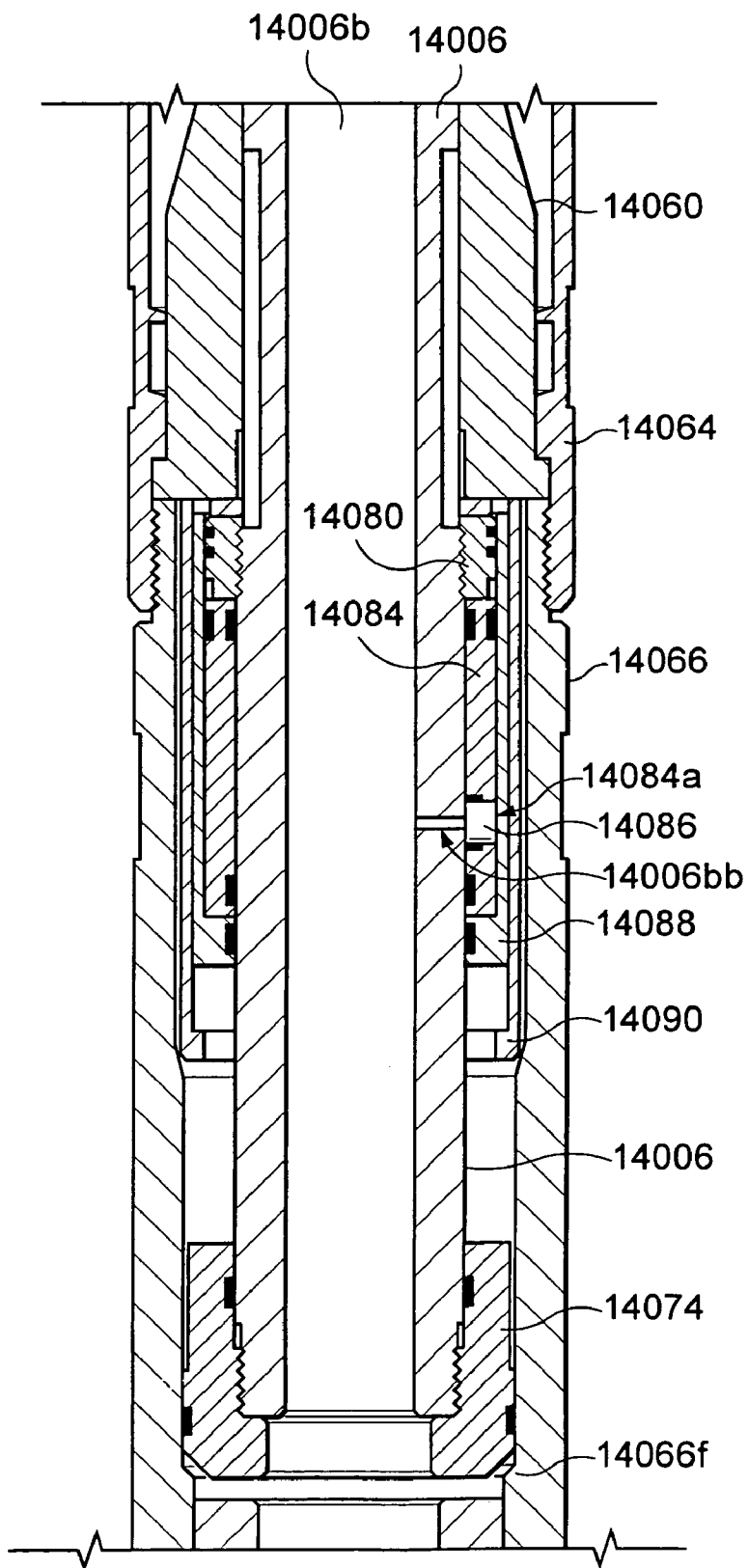


Fig. 11S





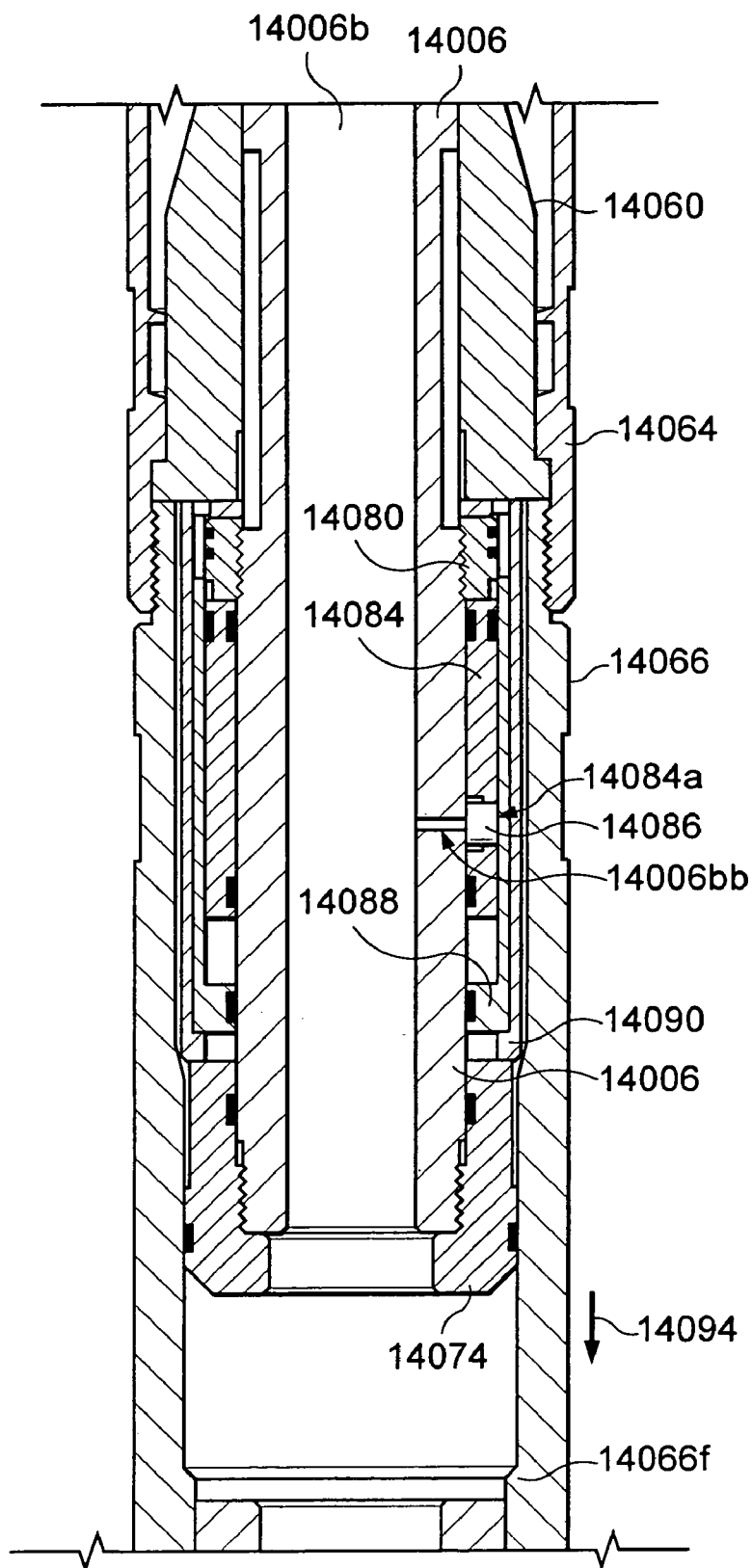
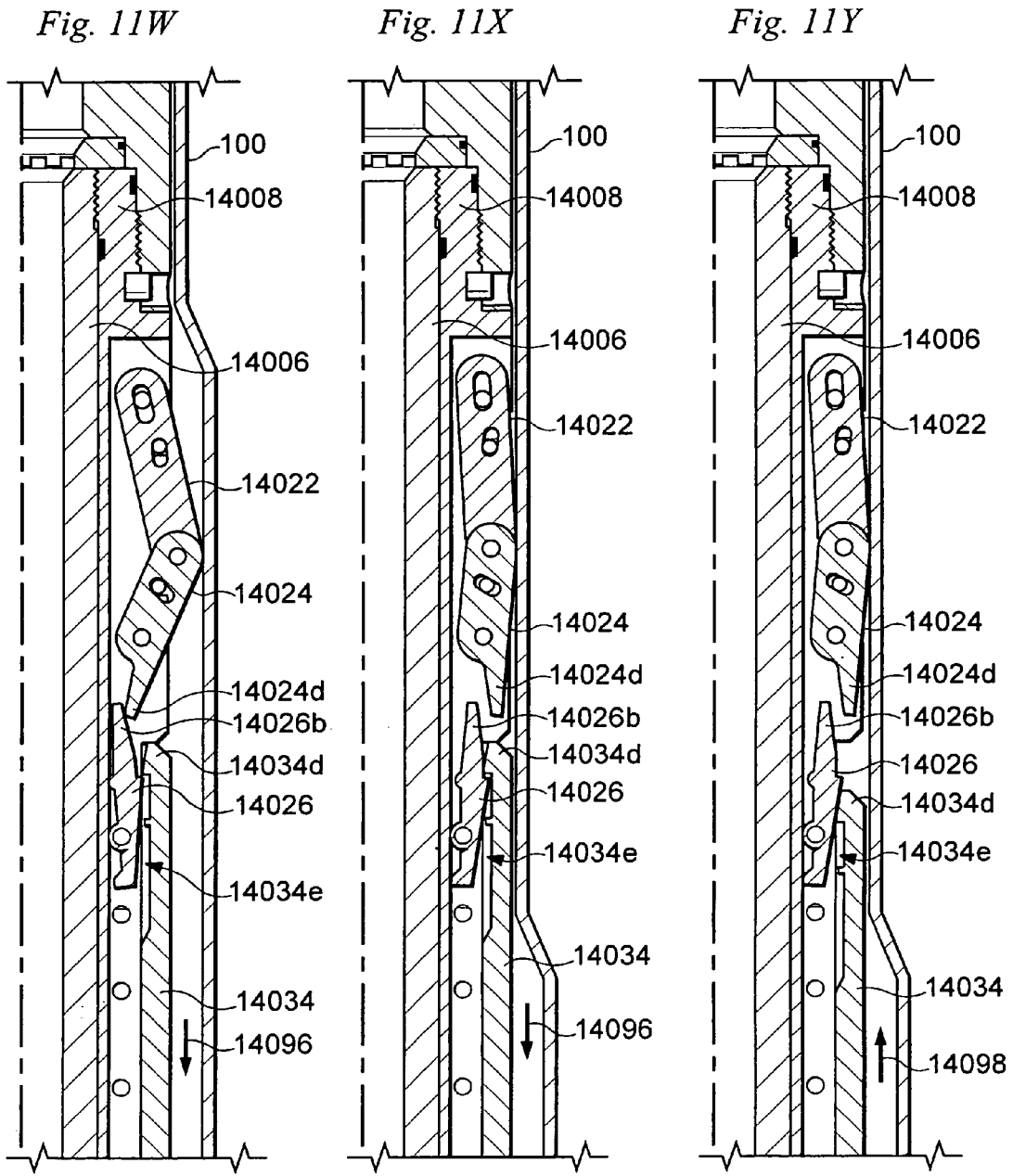


Fig. 11V



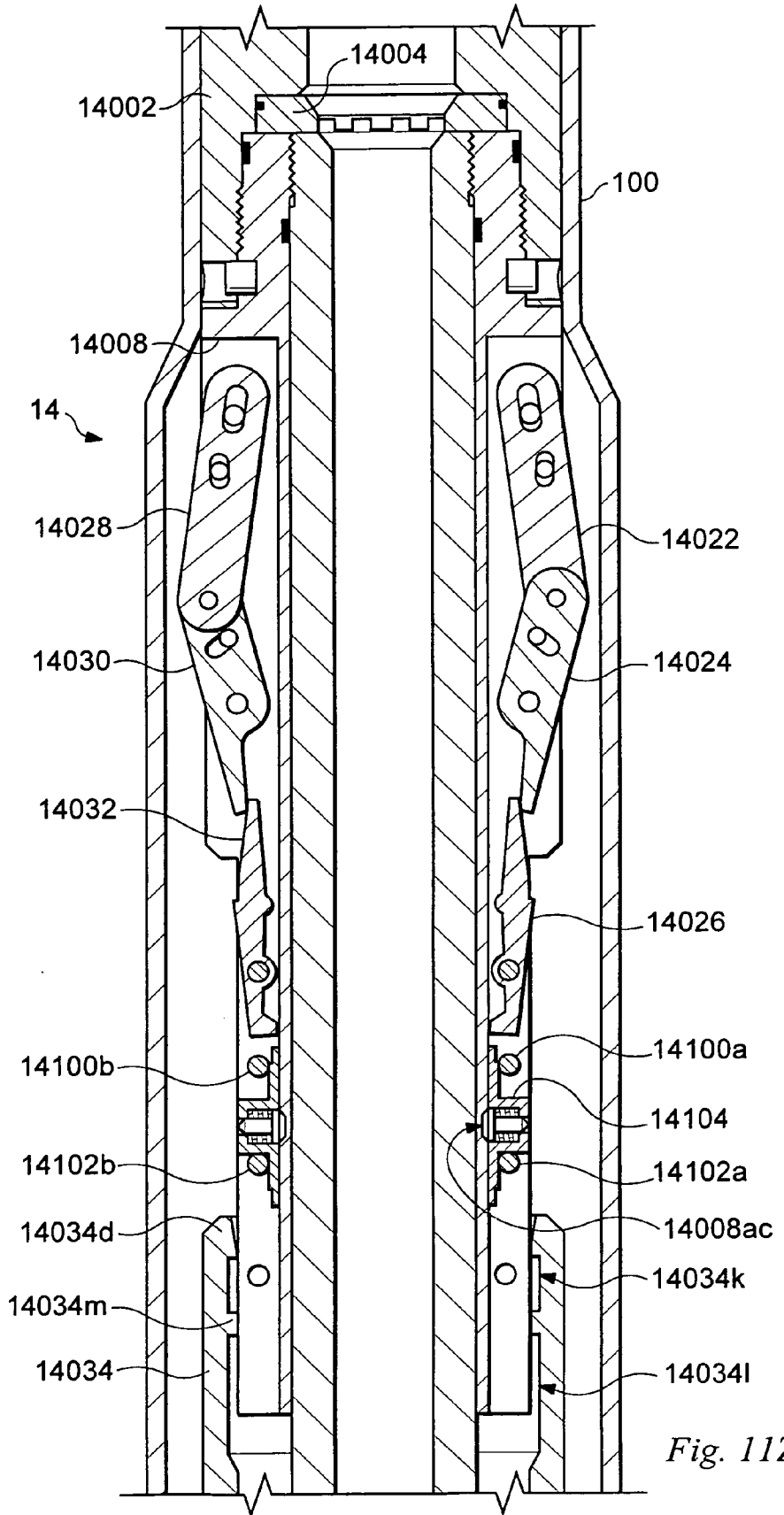


Fig. 11Z1

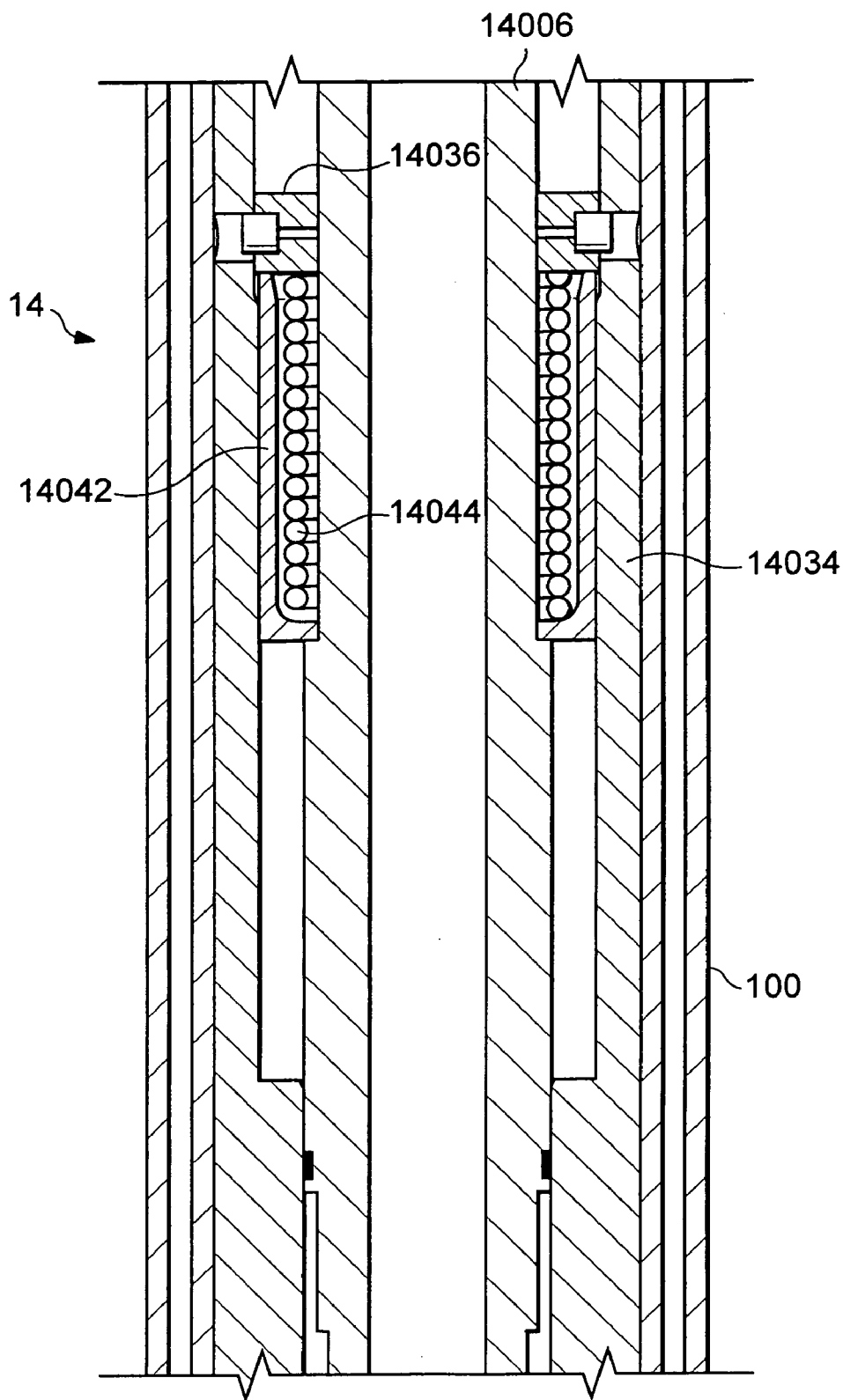


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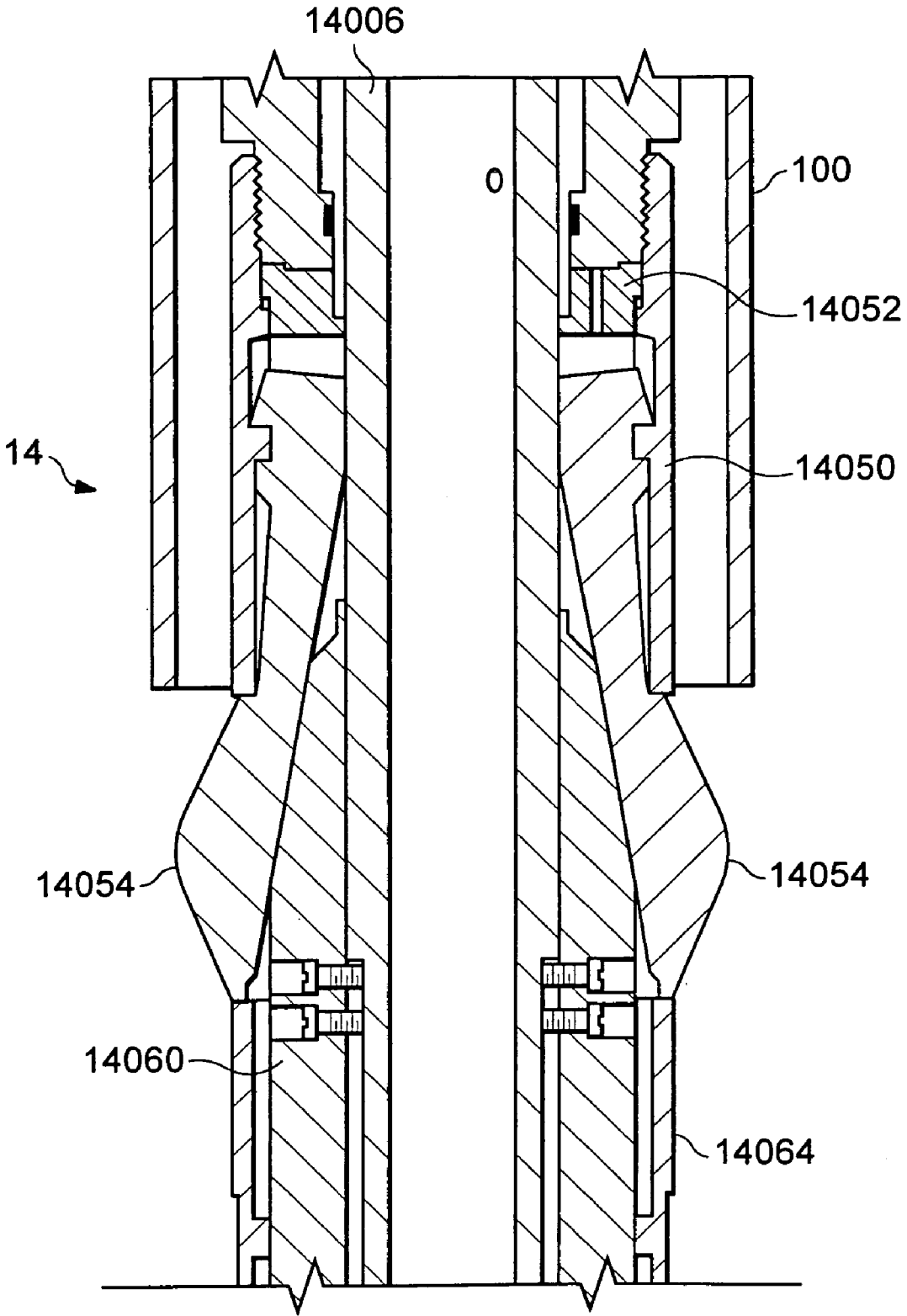


Fig. 11Z3

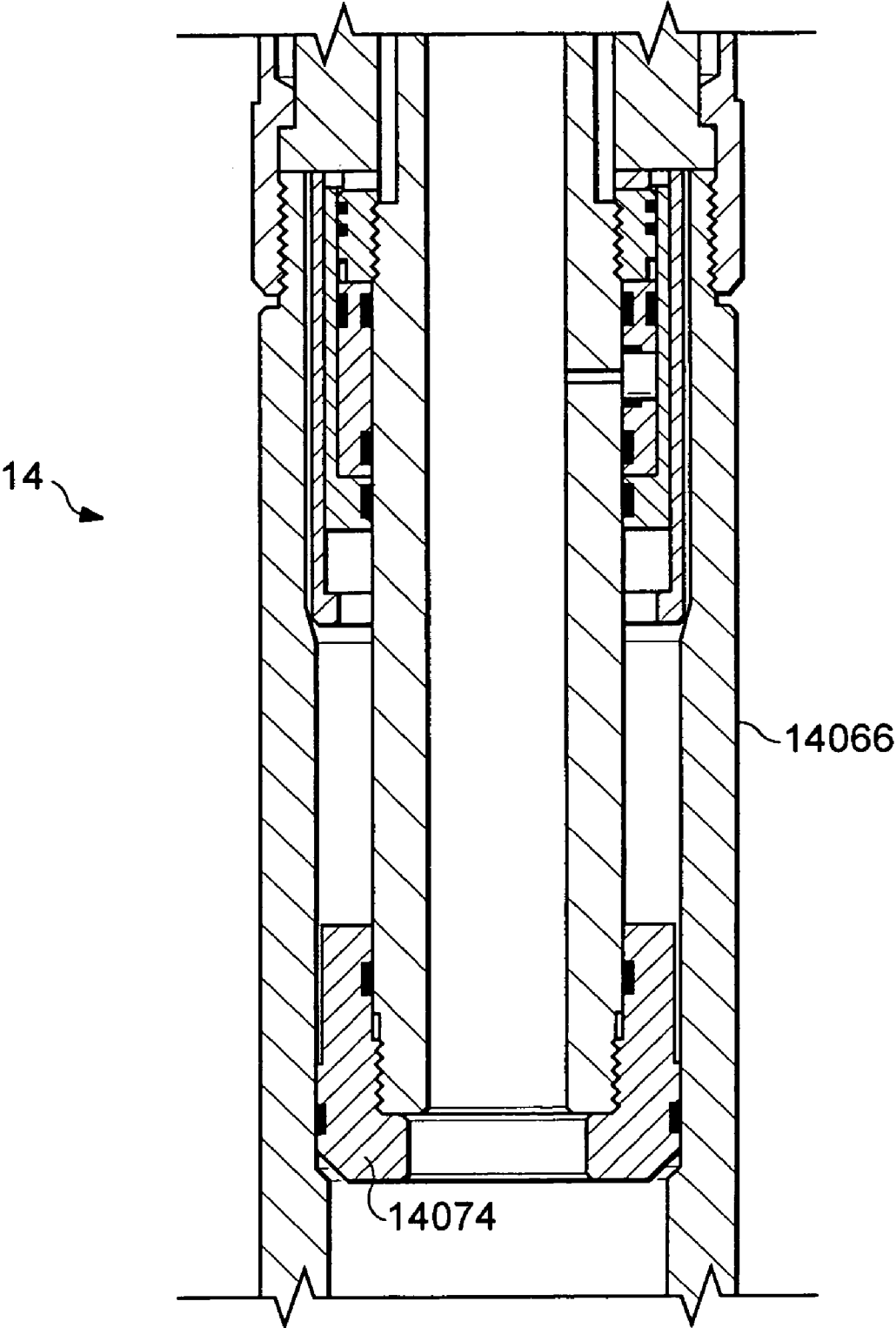


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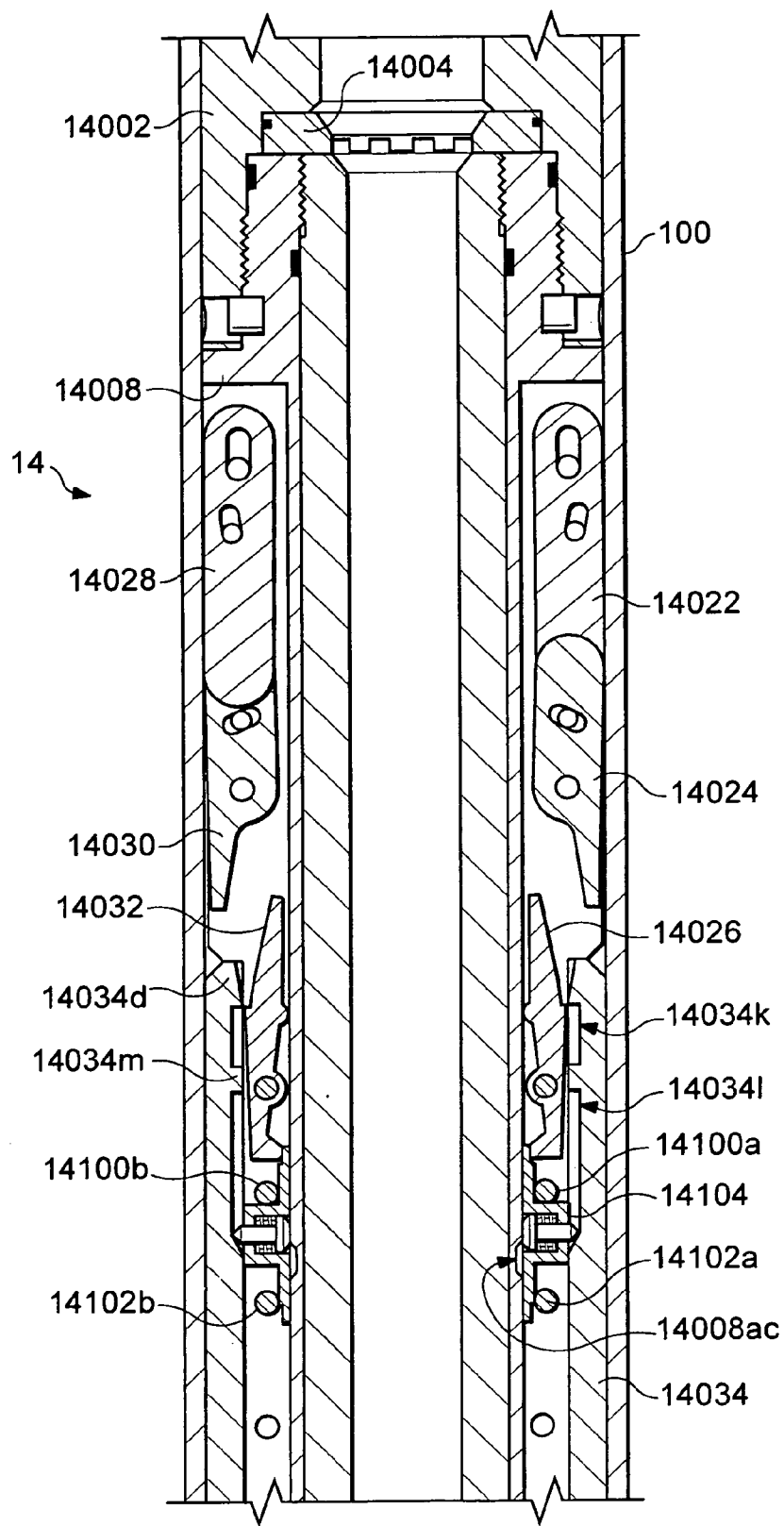


Fig. 11AA1

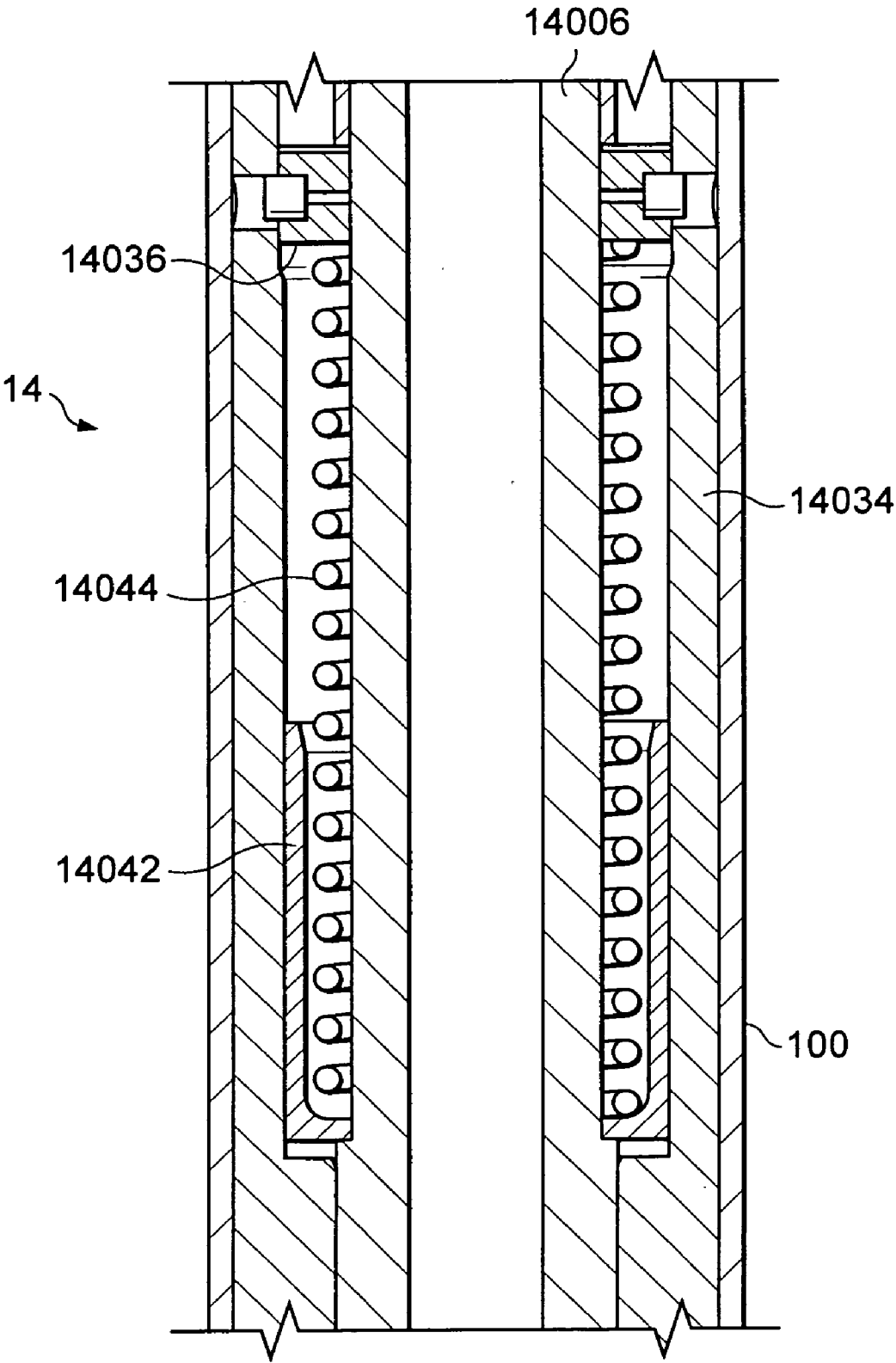


Fig. 11AA2

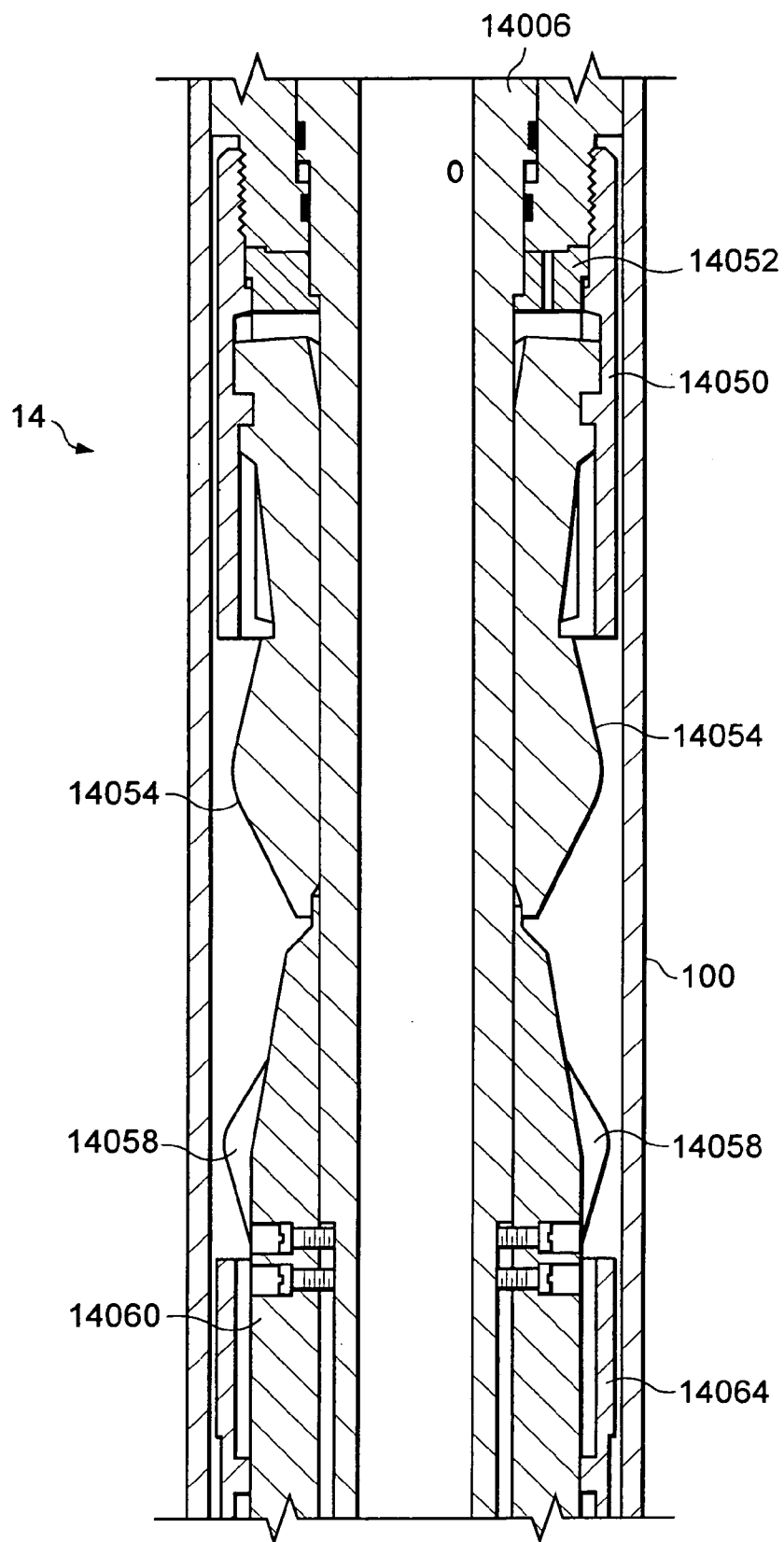


Fig. 11AA3

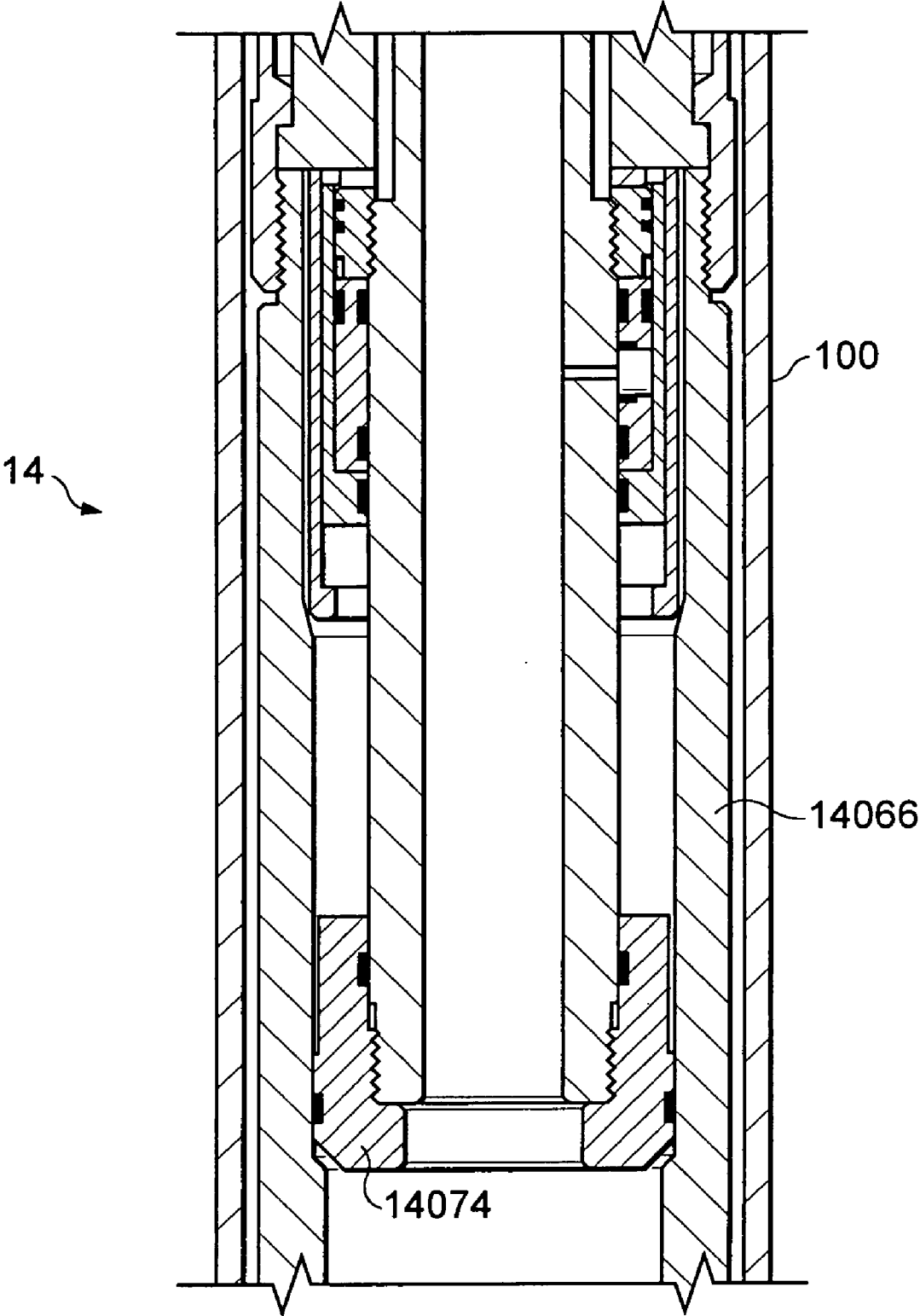


Fig. 11AA4

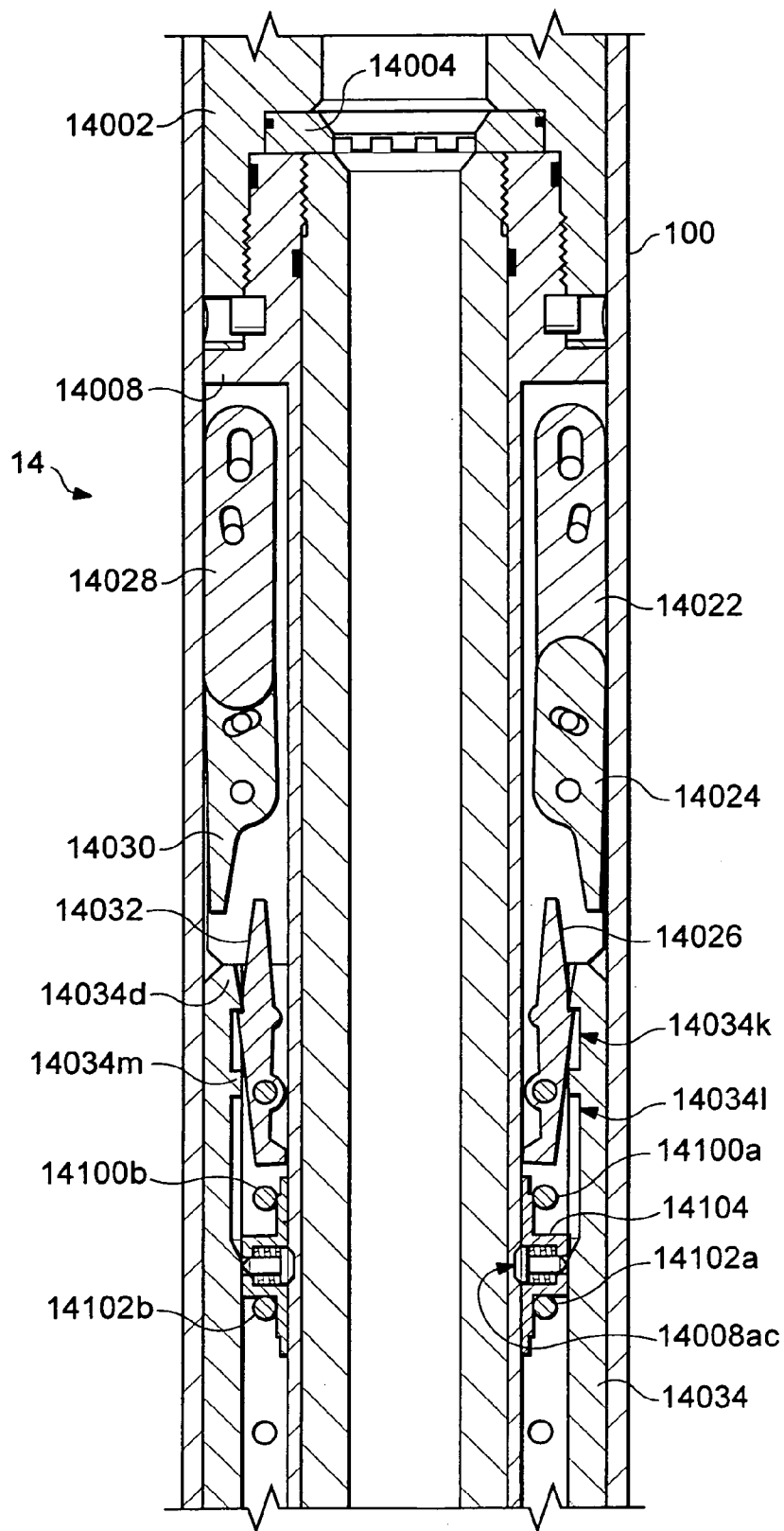


Fig. 11AB1

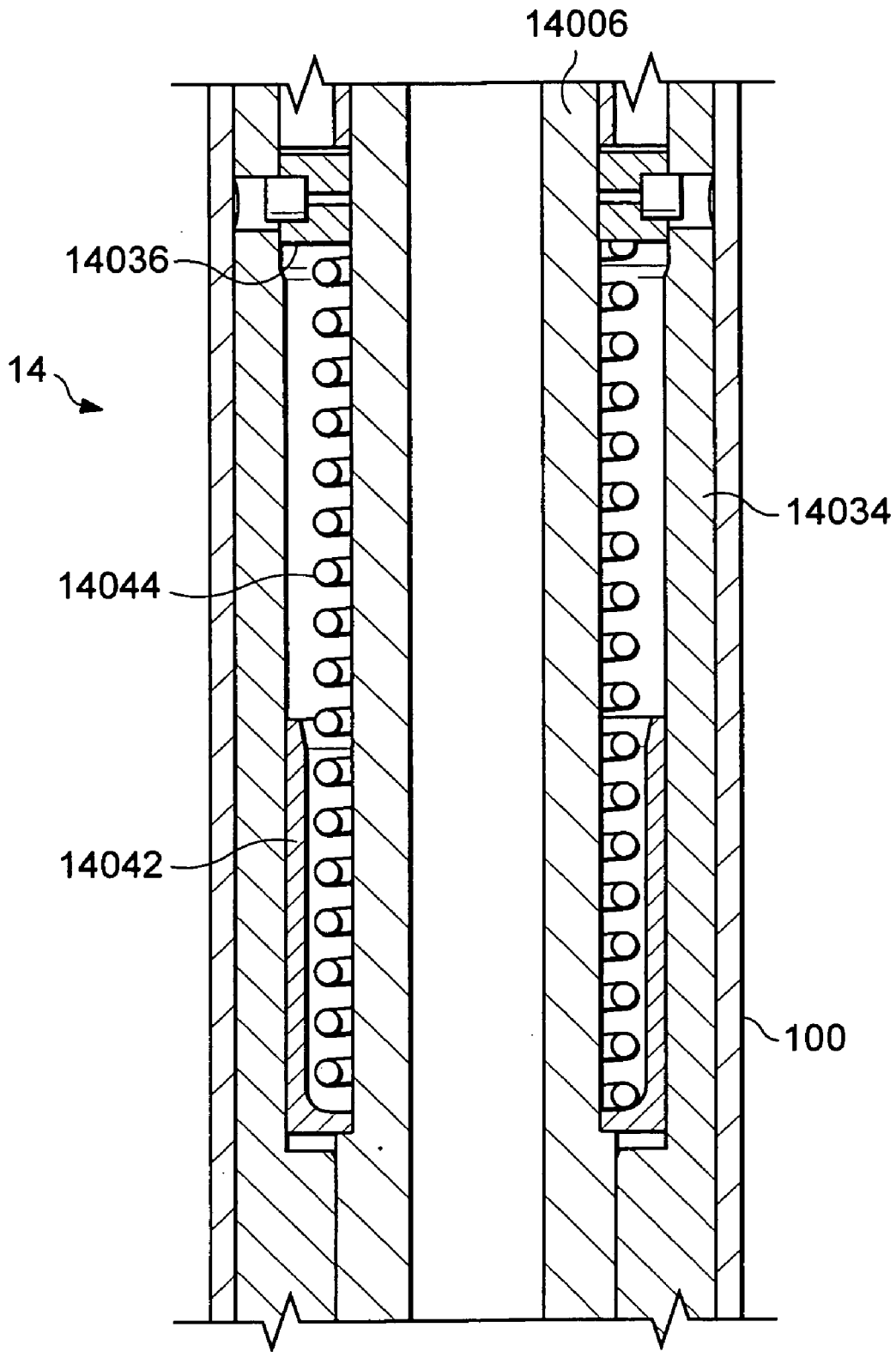
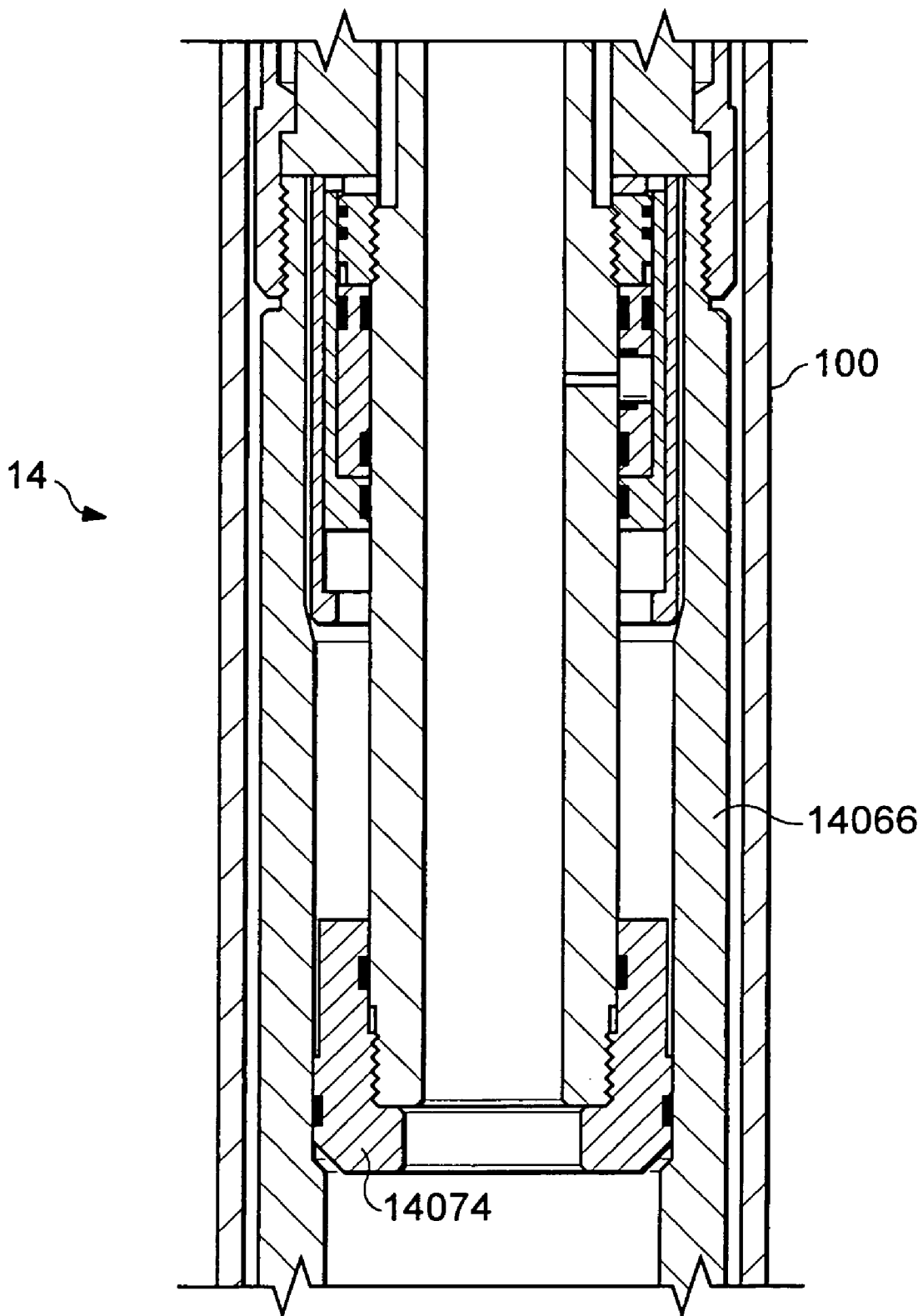


Fig. 11AB2







*Fig. 11AB4*

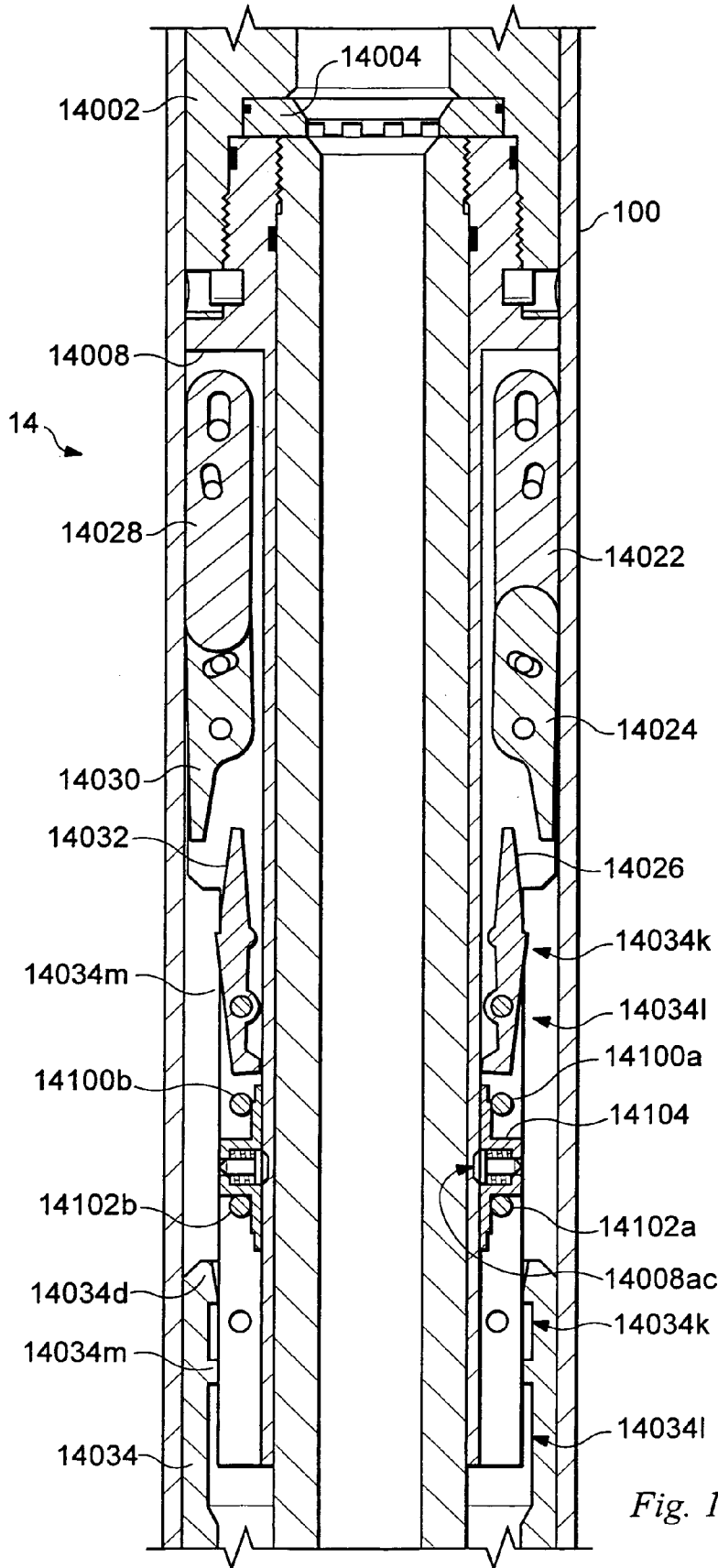


Fig. 11AC1

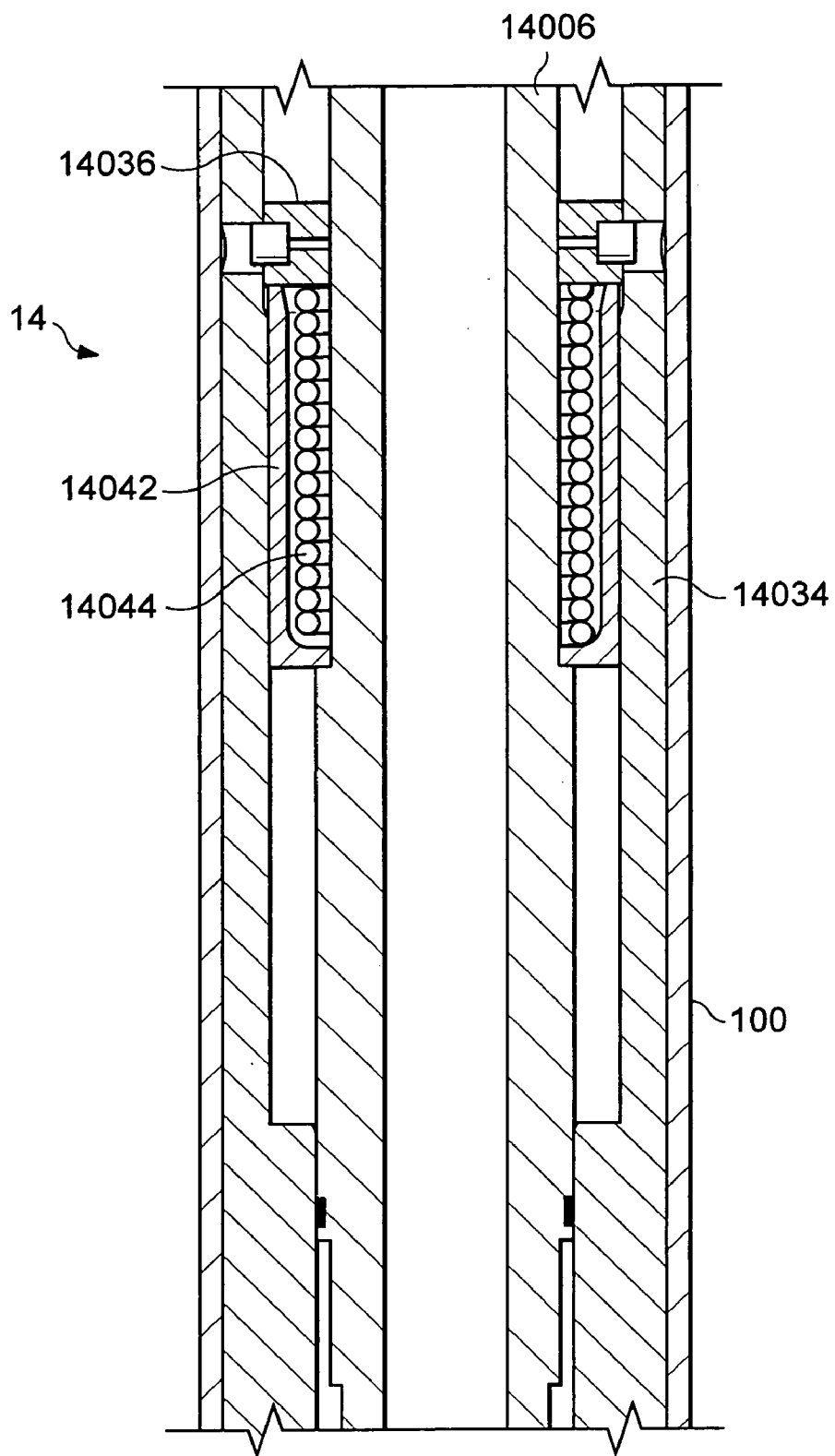


Fig. 11AC2

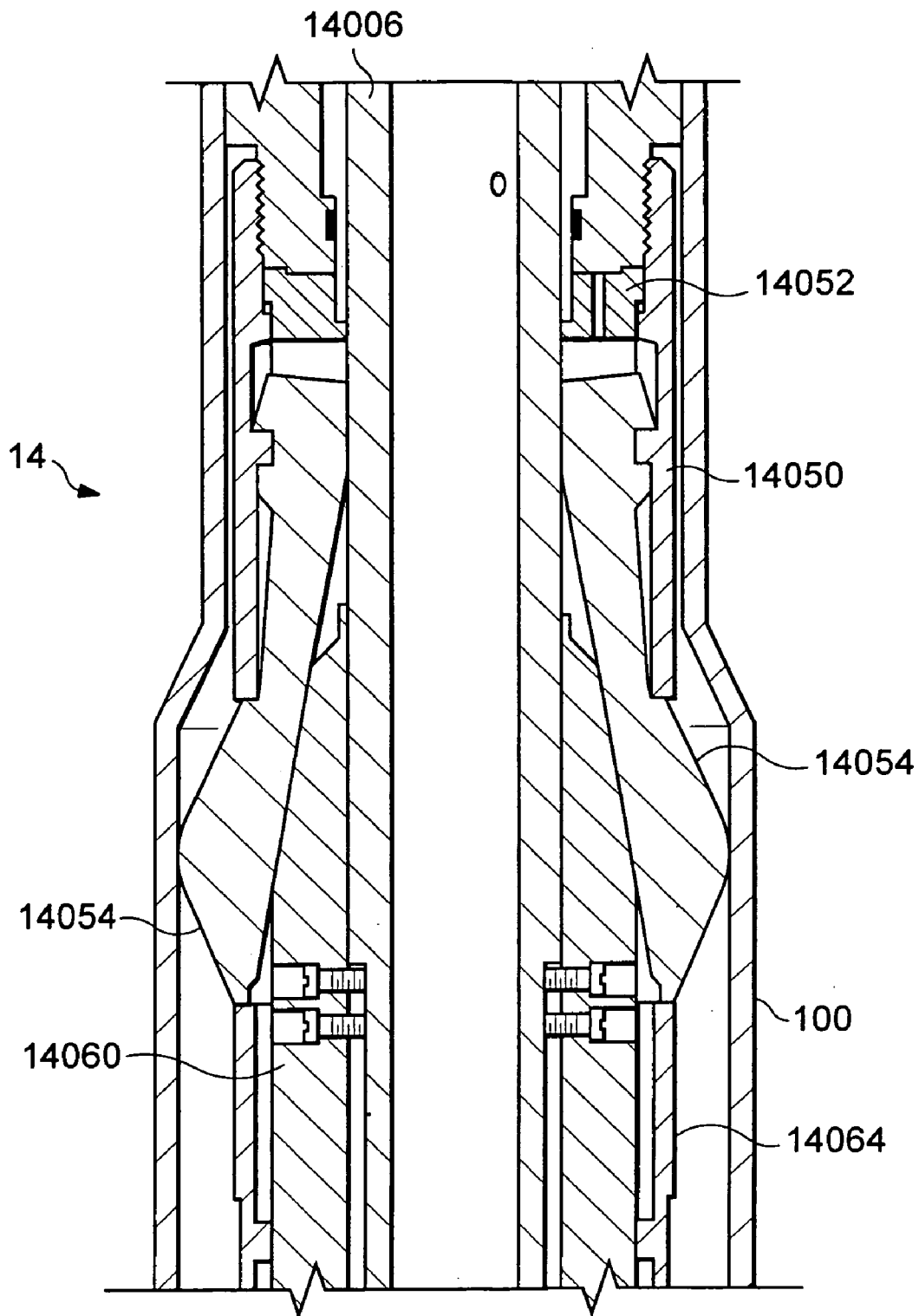


Fig. 11AC3

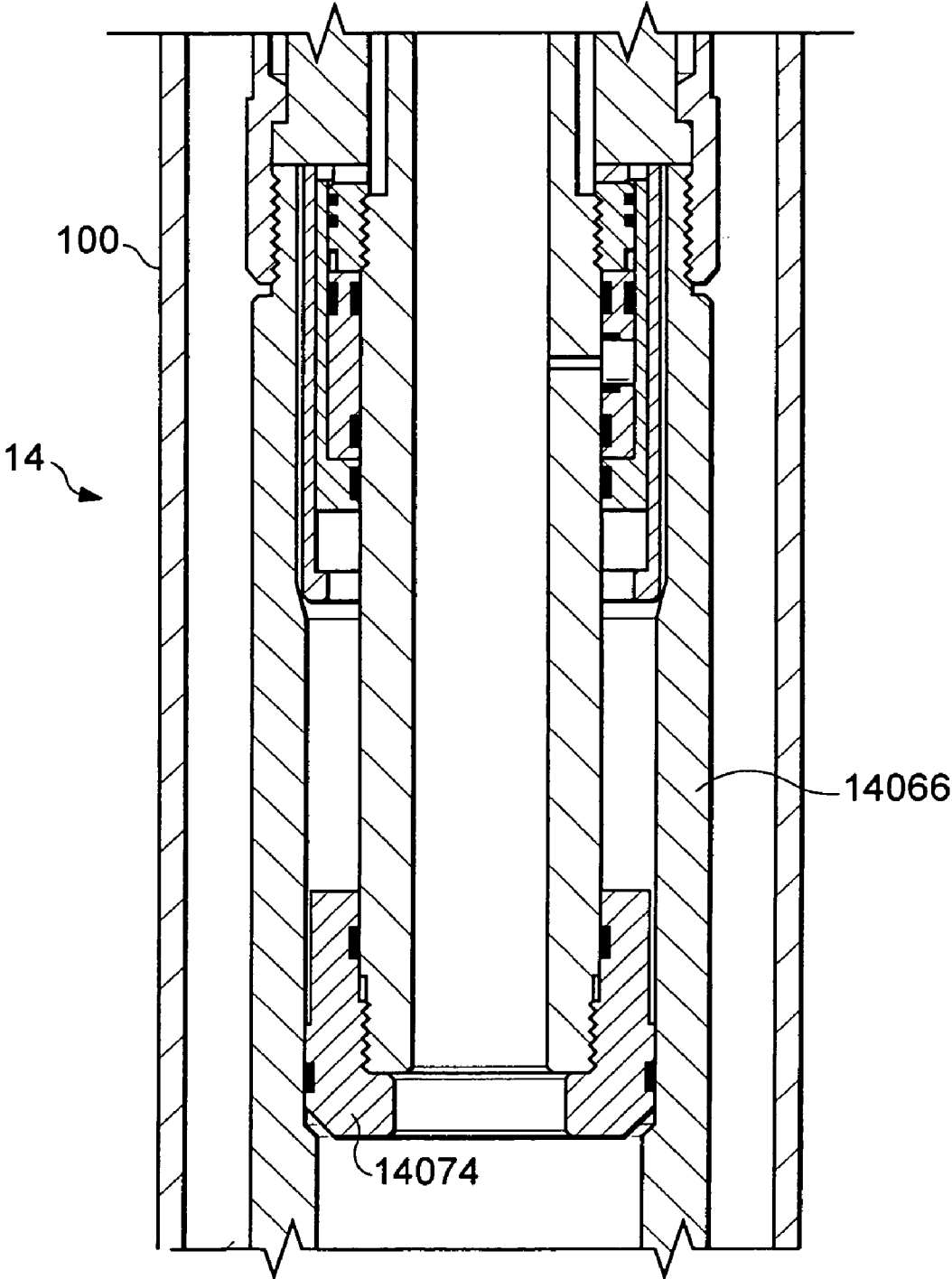


Fig. 11AC4

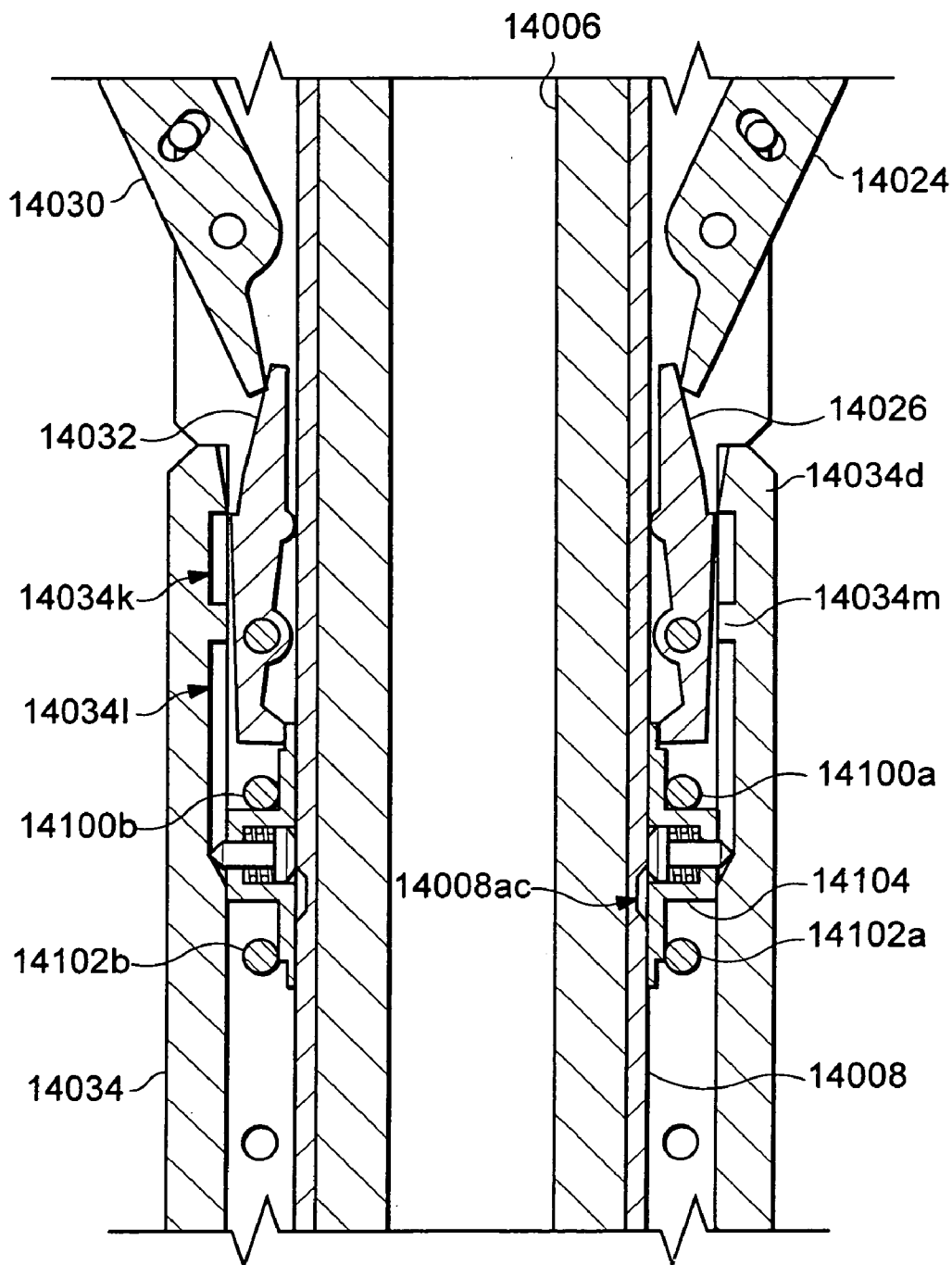


Fig. 11AD





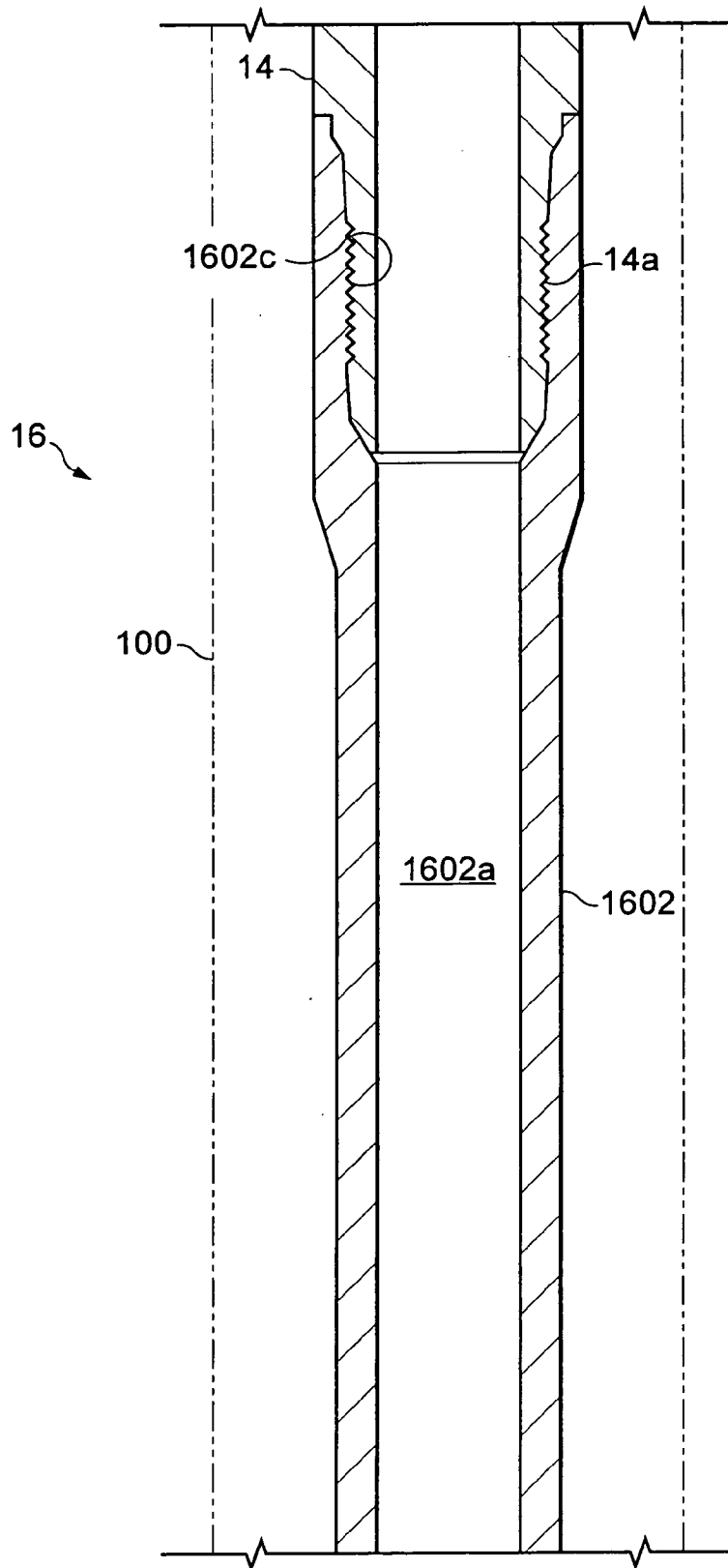


Fig. 12A1

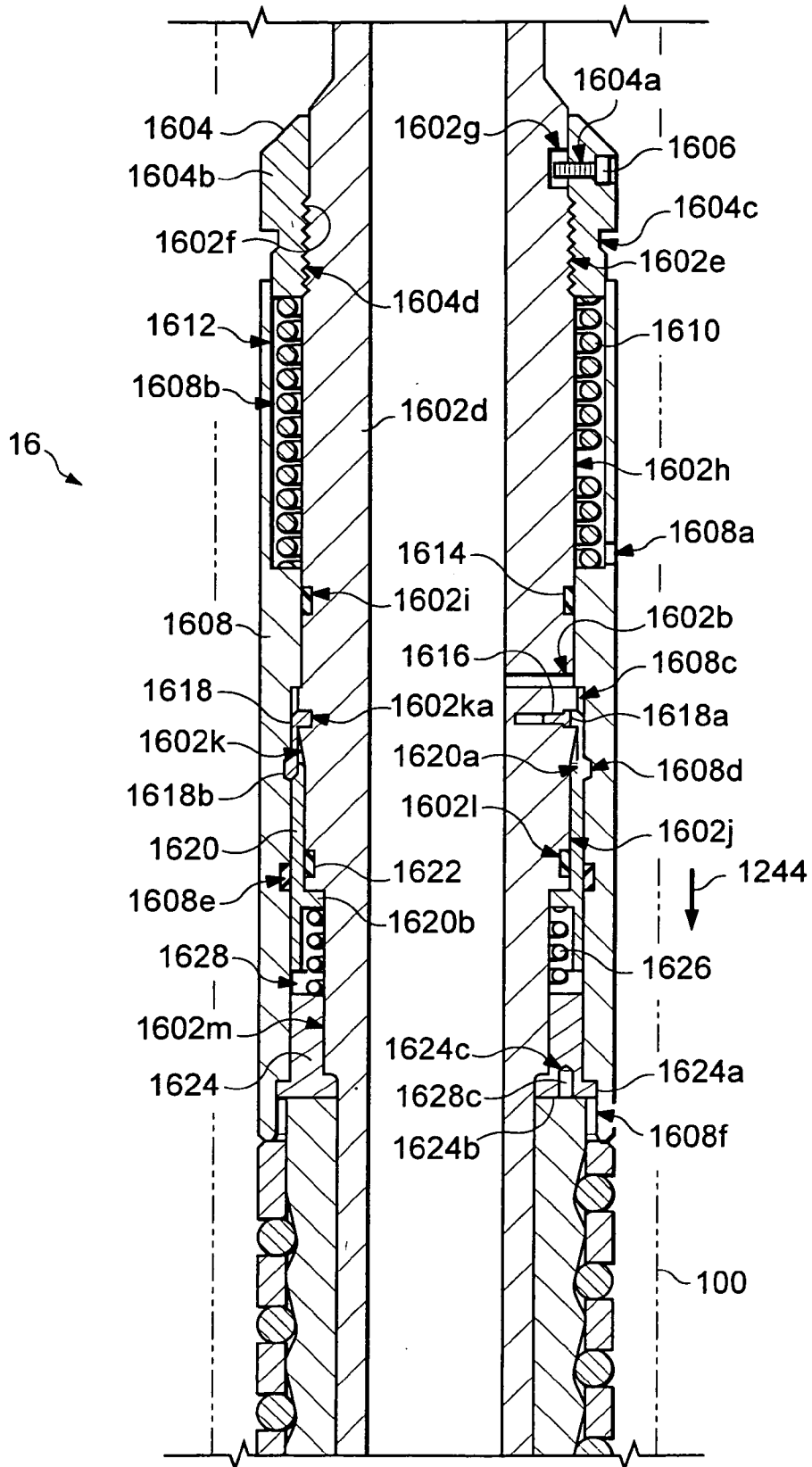


Fig. 12A2



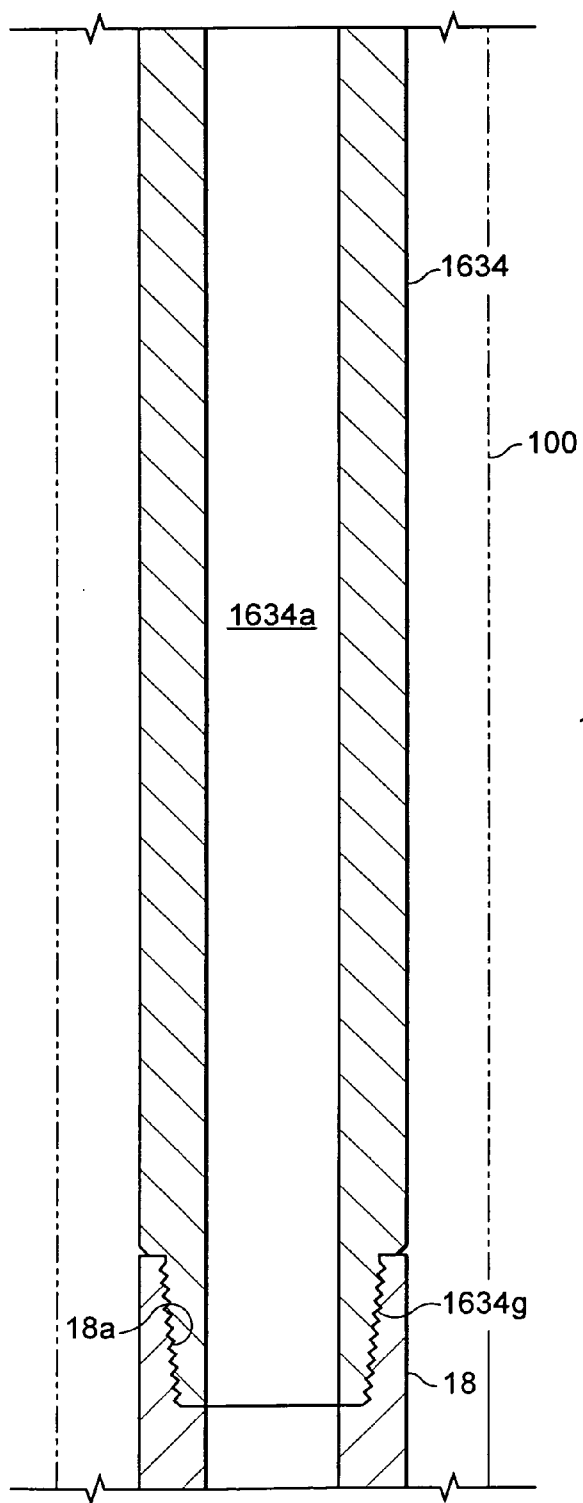


Fig. 12A4

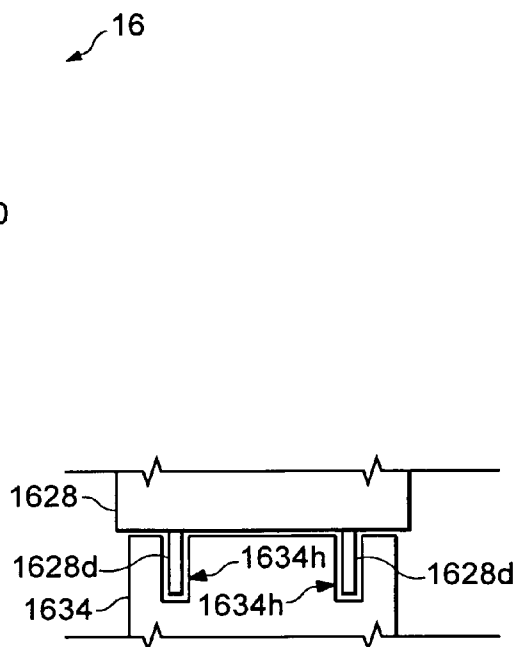


Fig. 12B

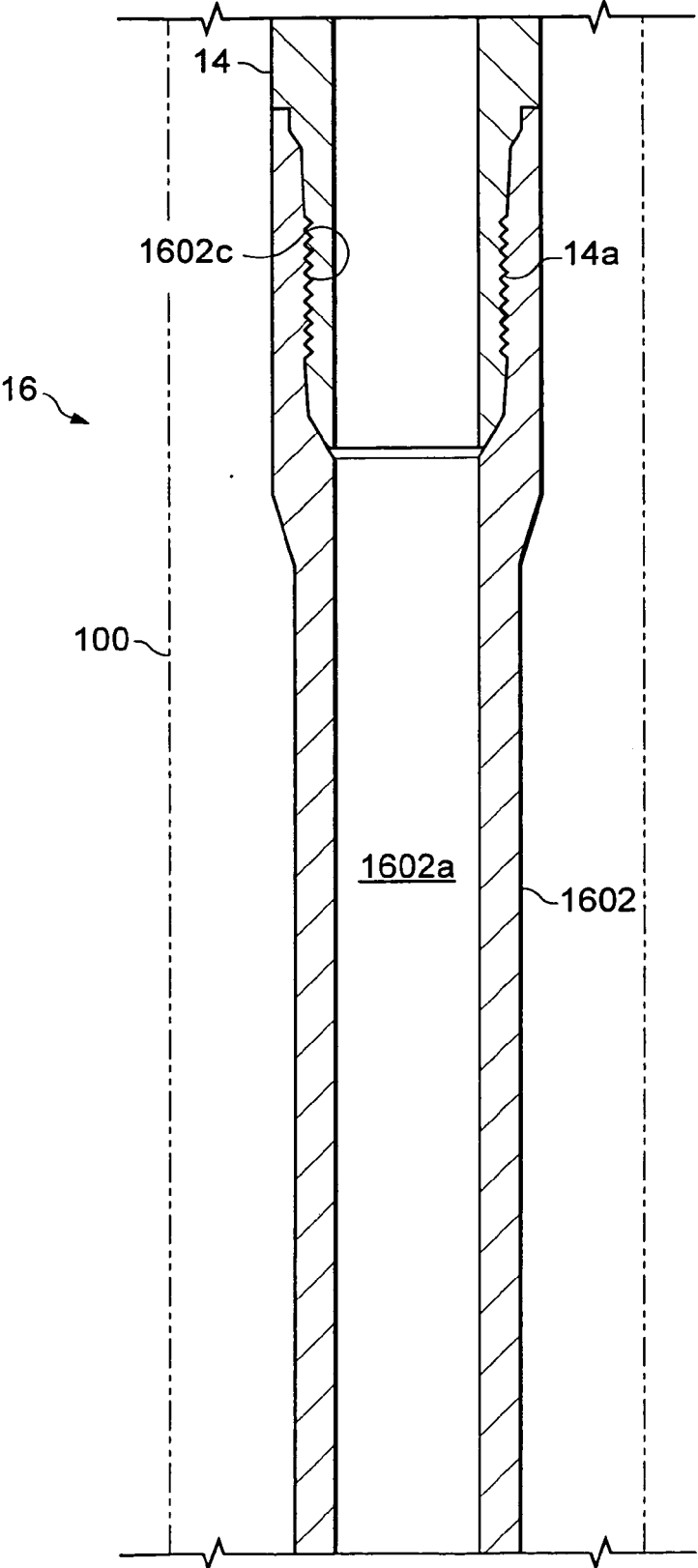


Fig. 12C1

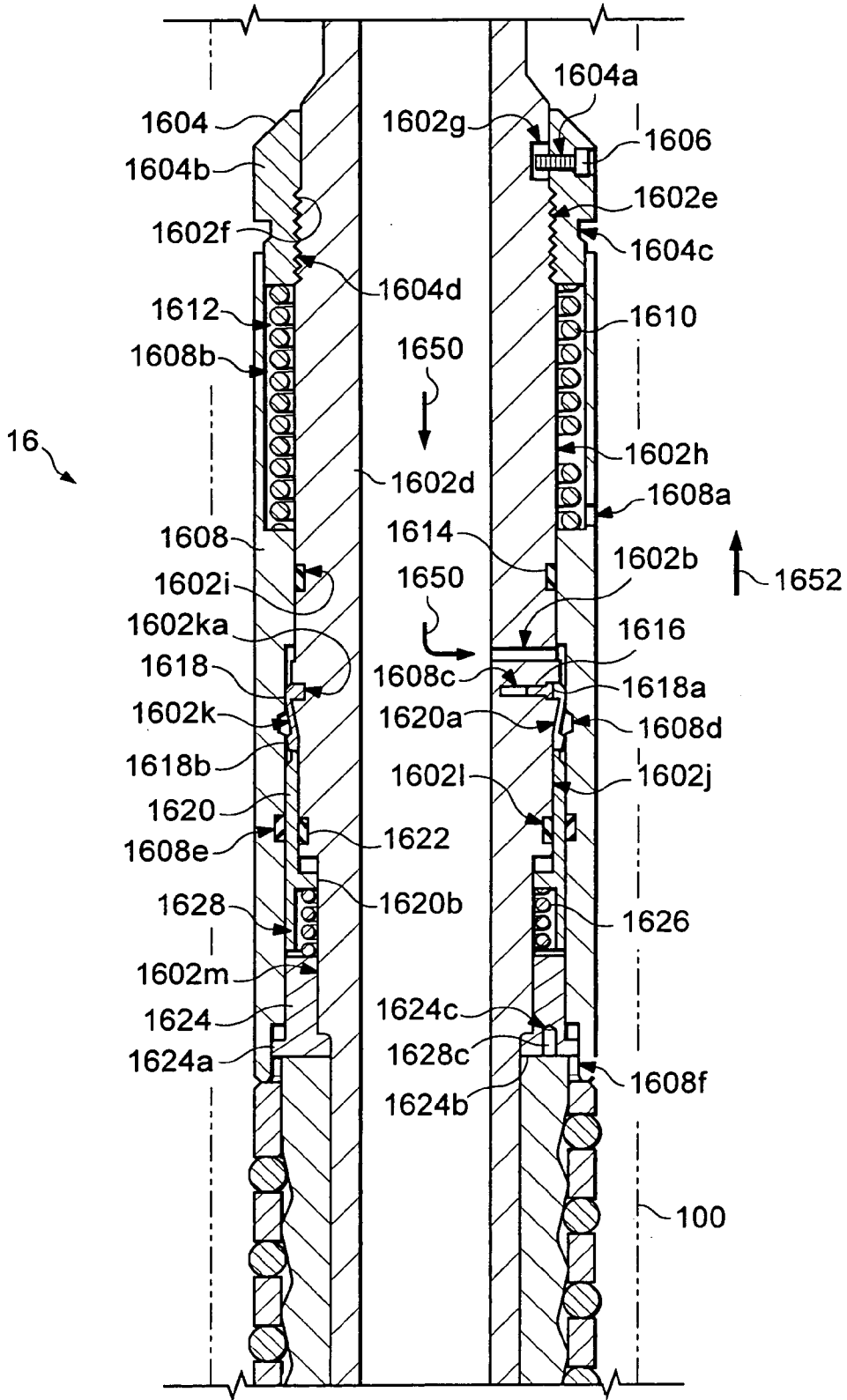


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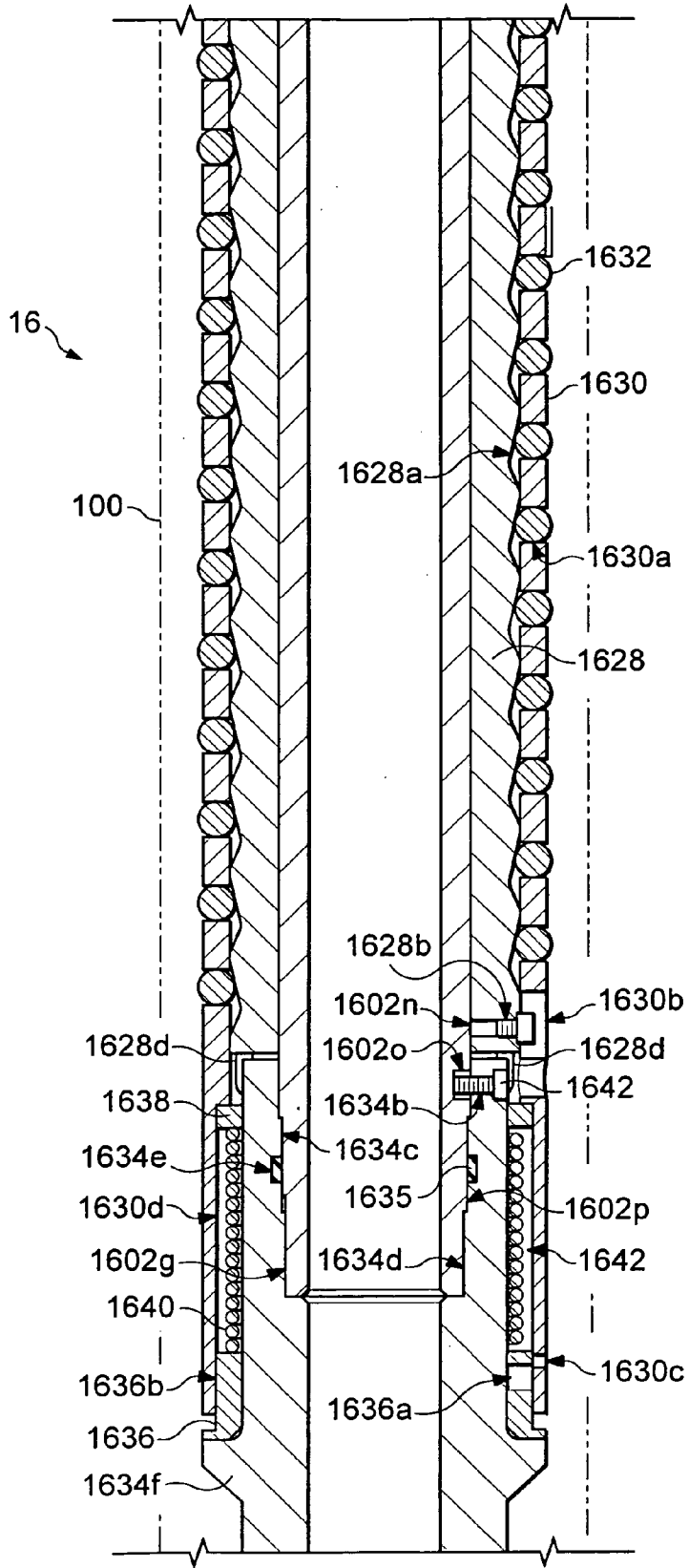


Fig. 12C3

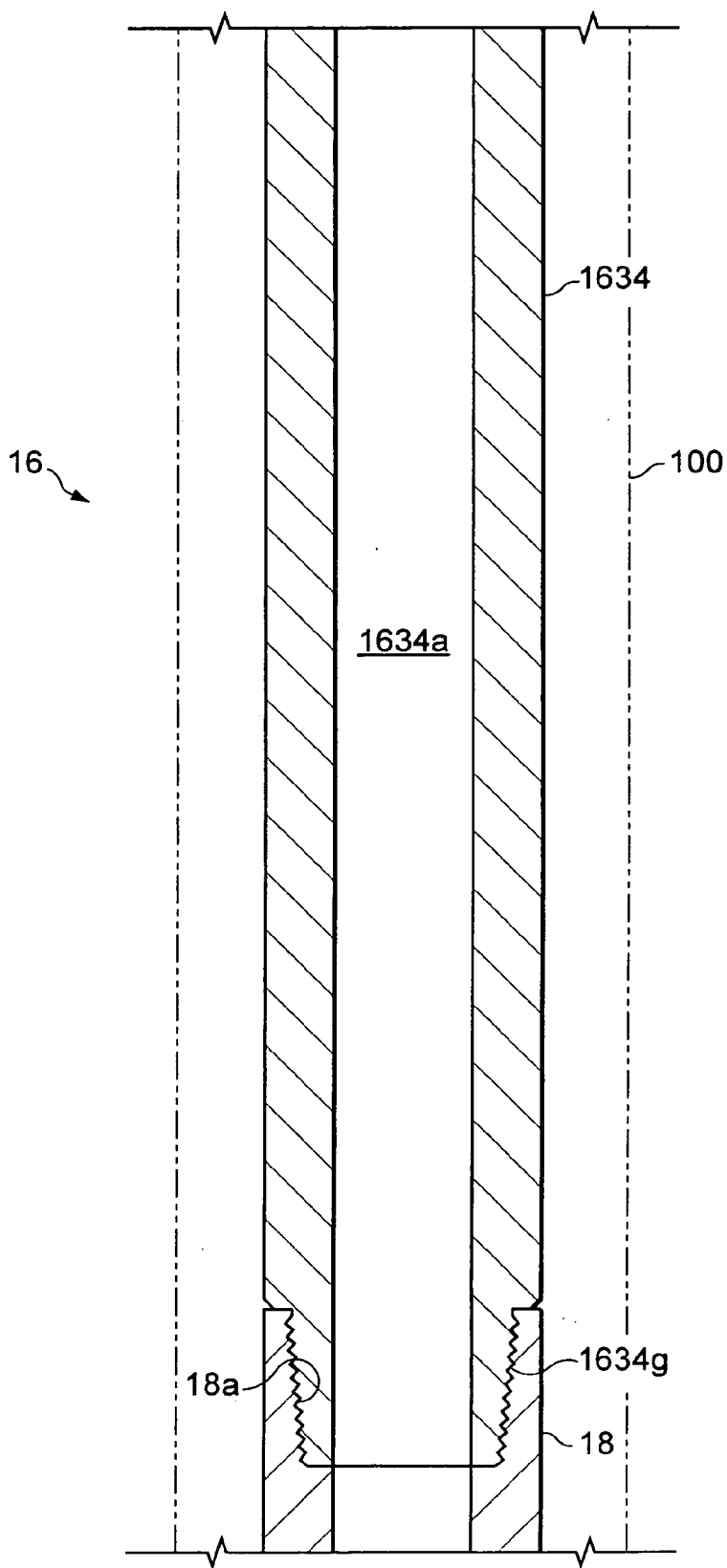


Fig. 12C4



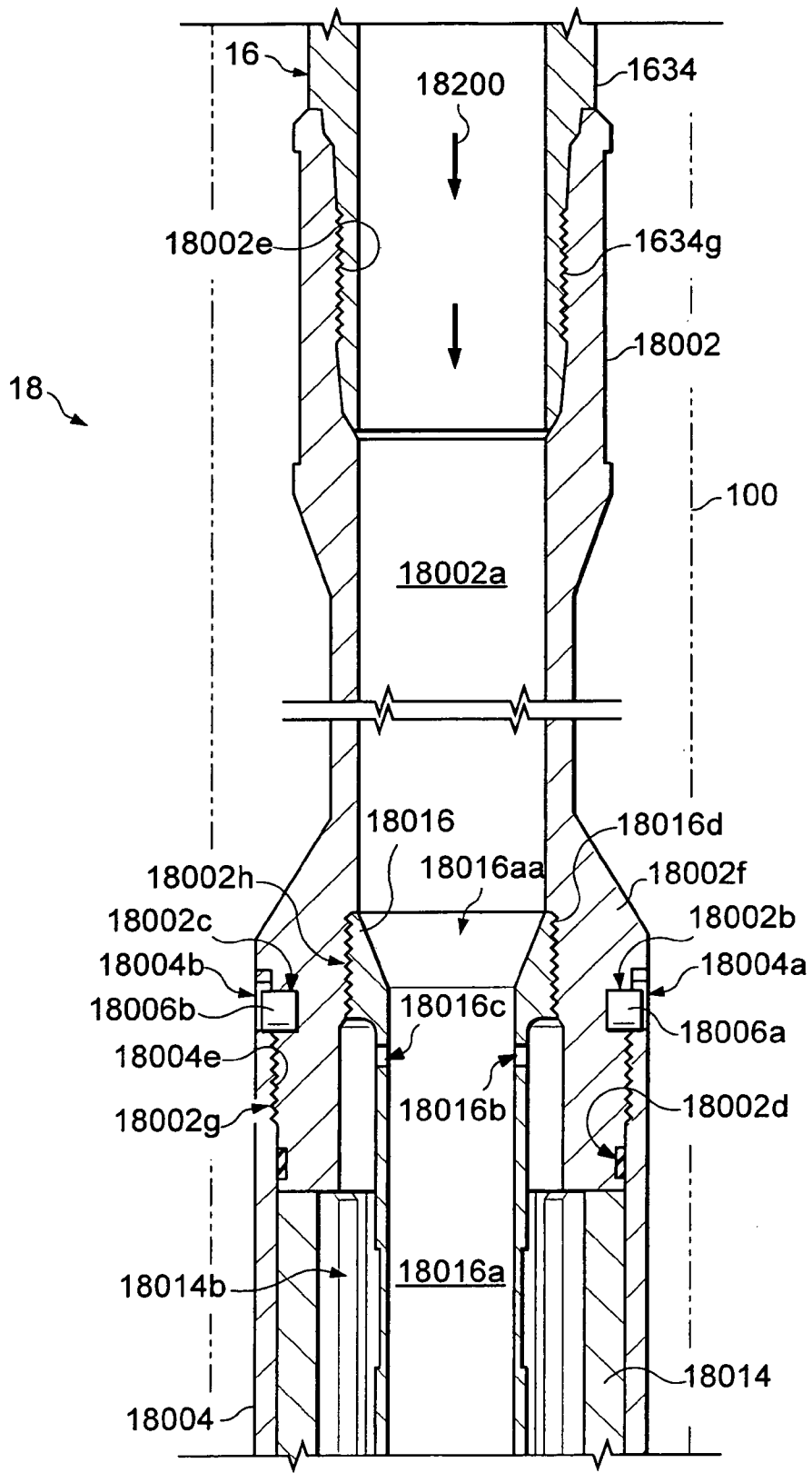
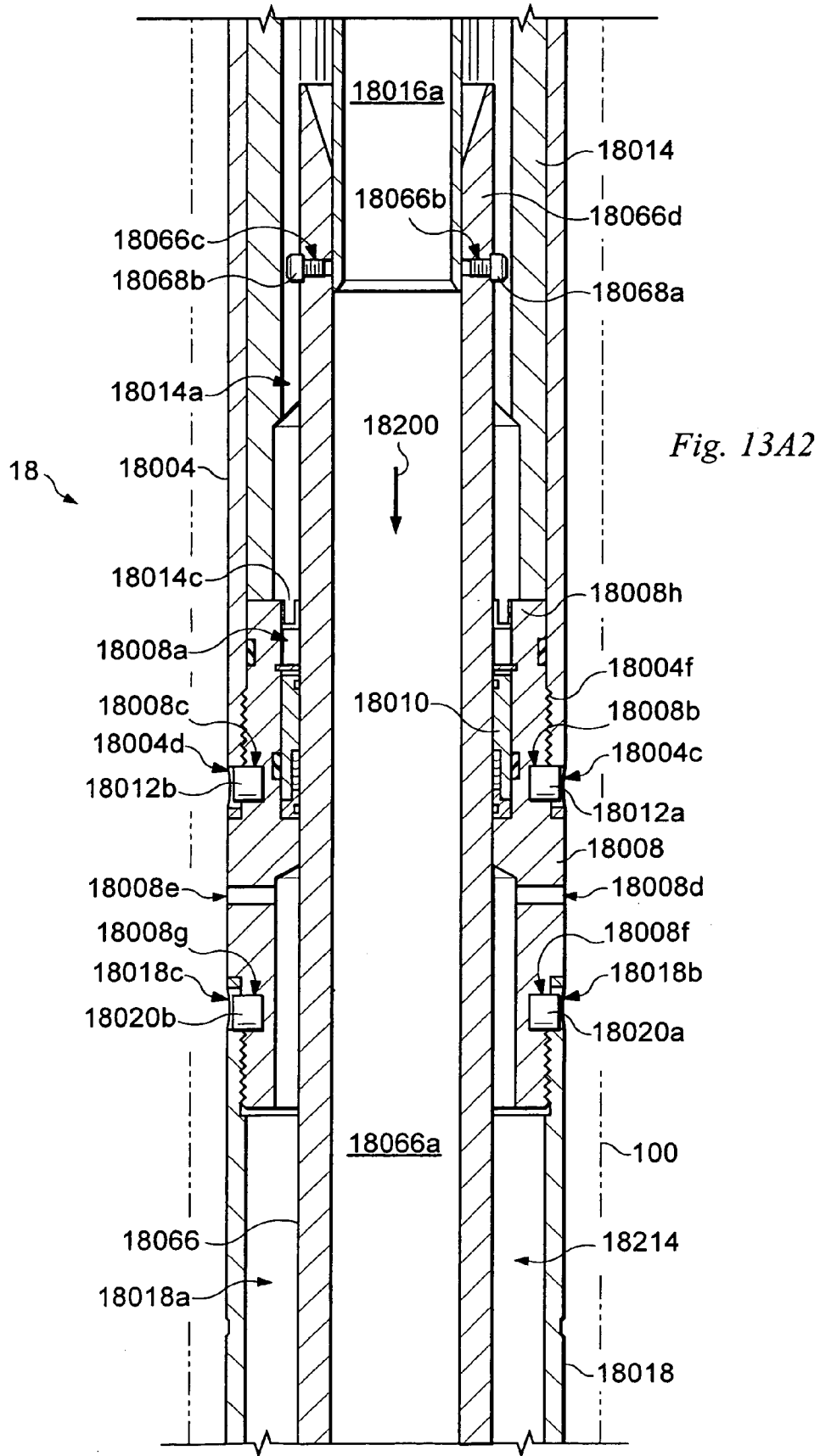


Fig. 13A1



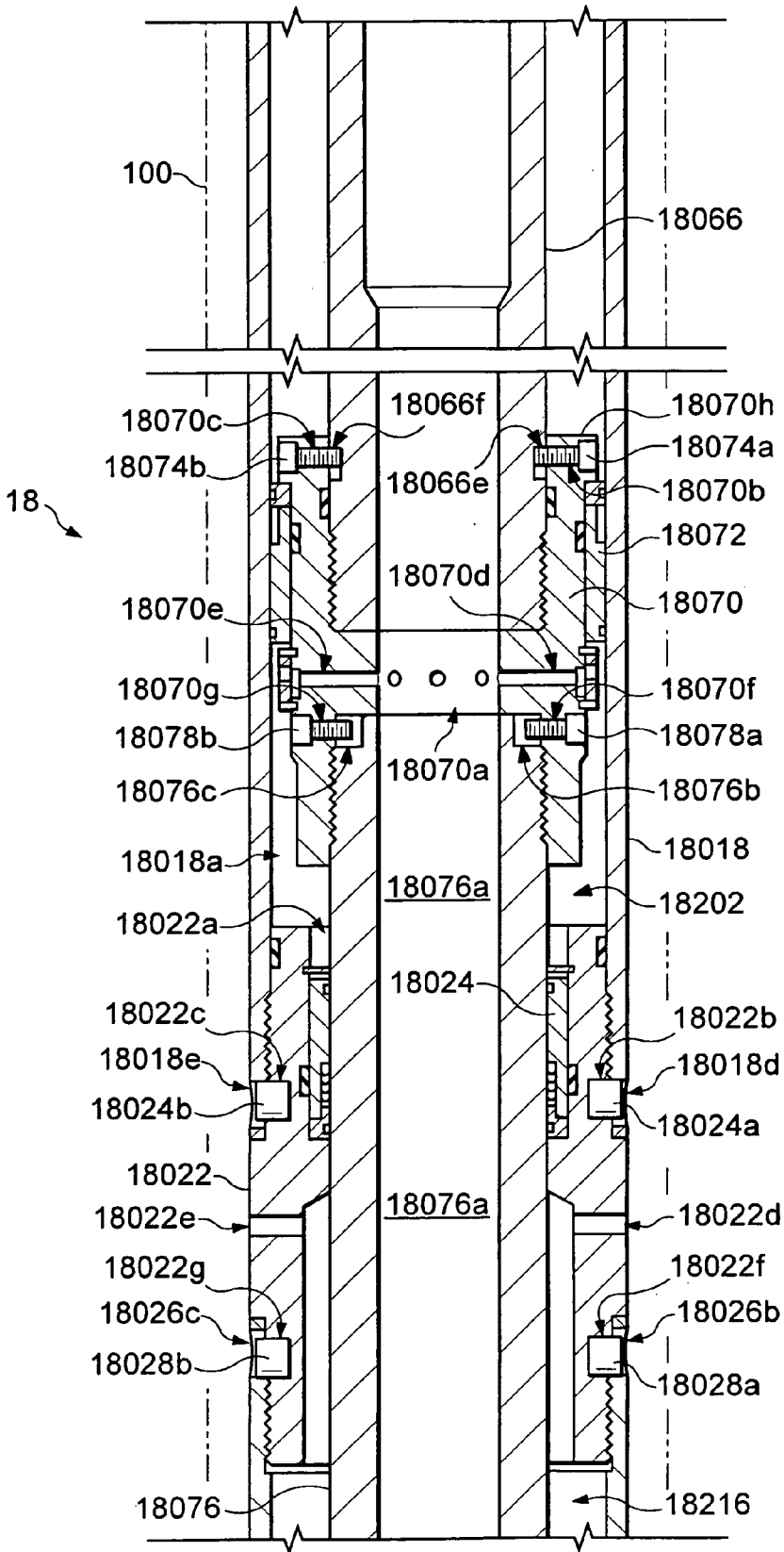


Fig. 13A3

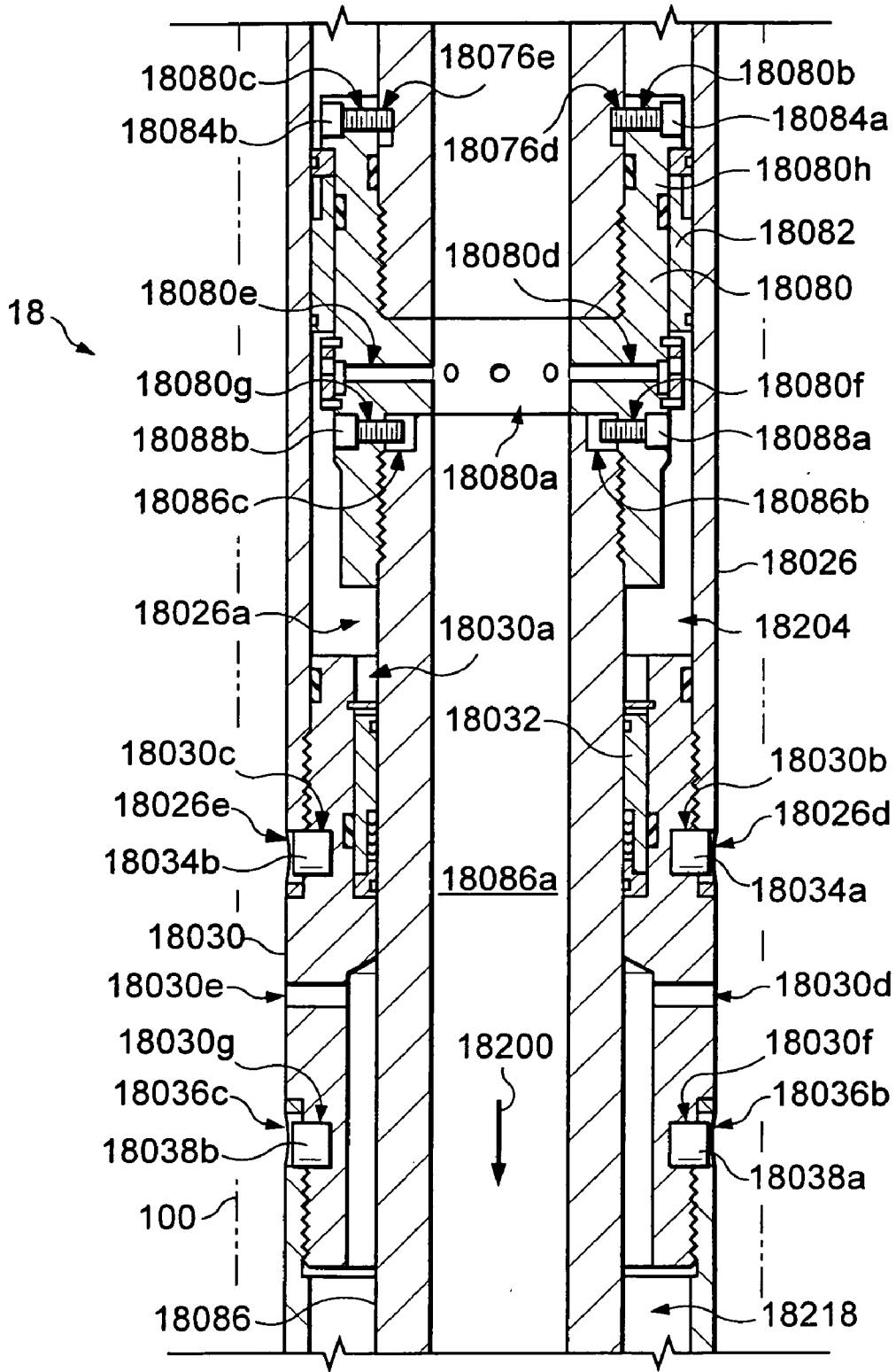


Fig. 13A4

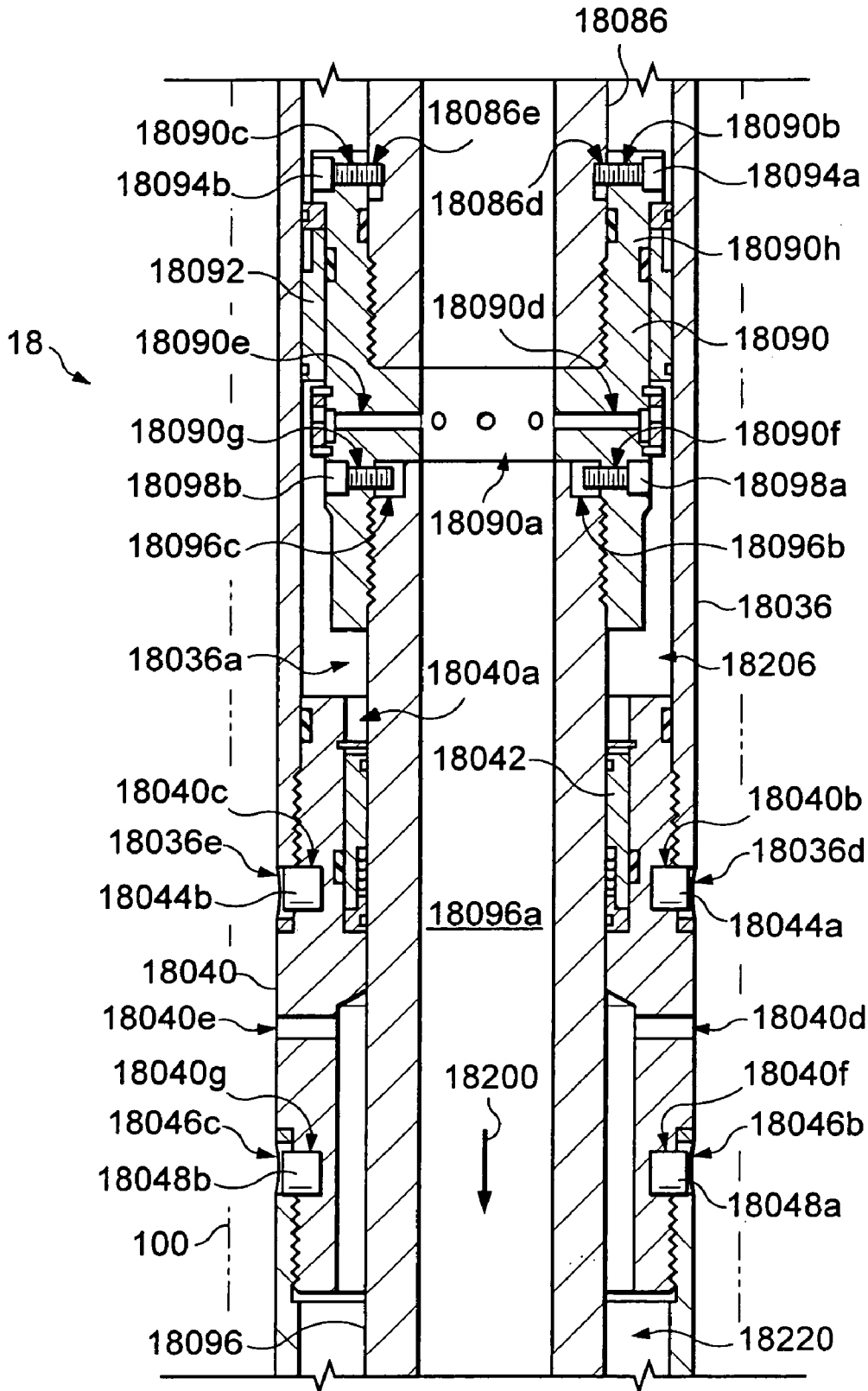


Fig. 13A5

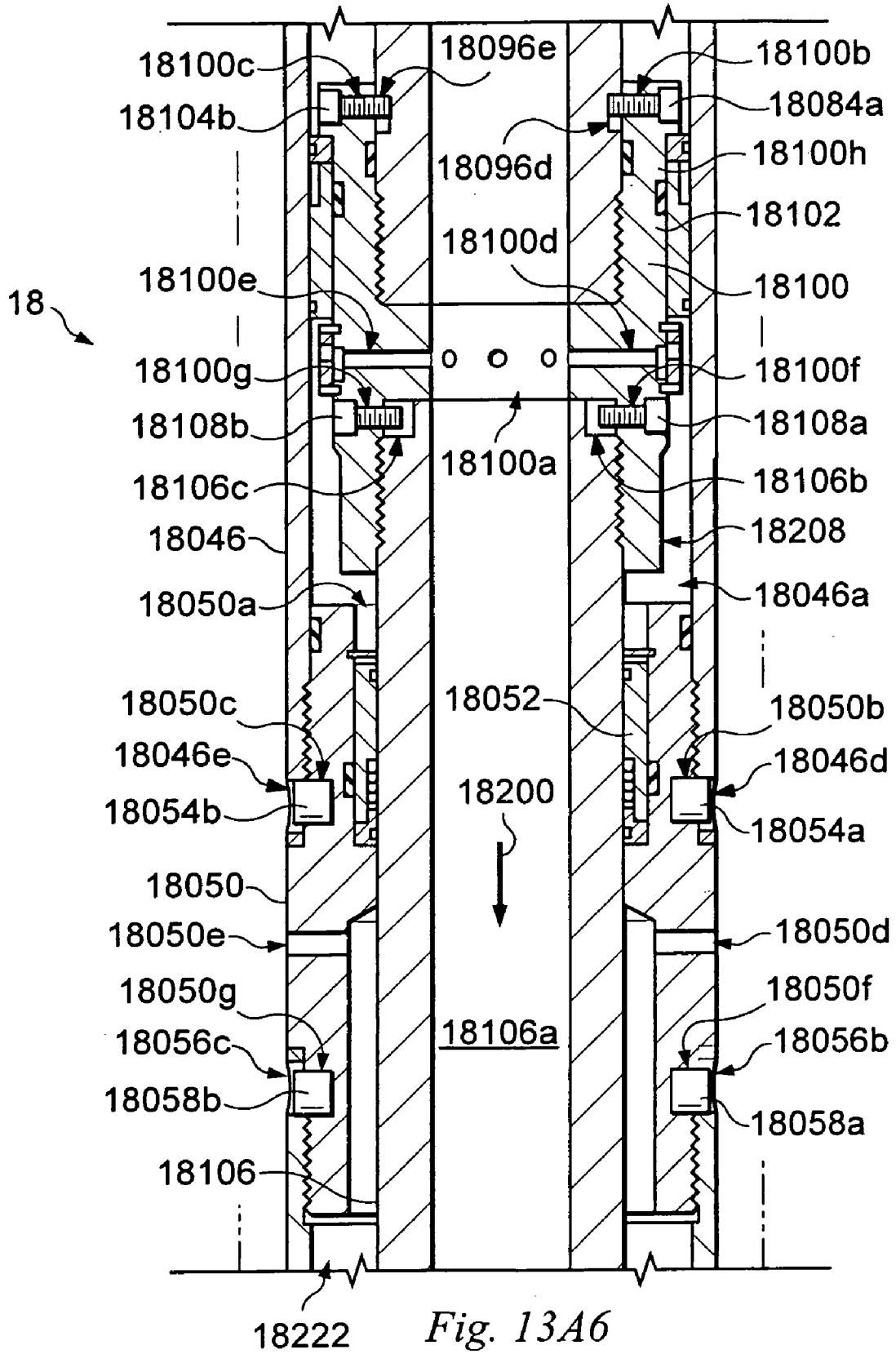


Fig. 13A6

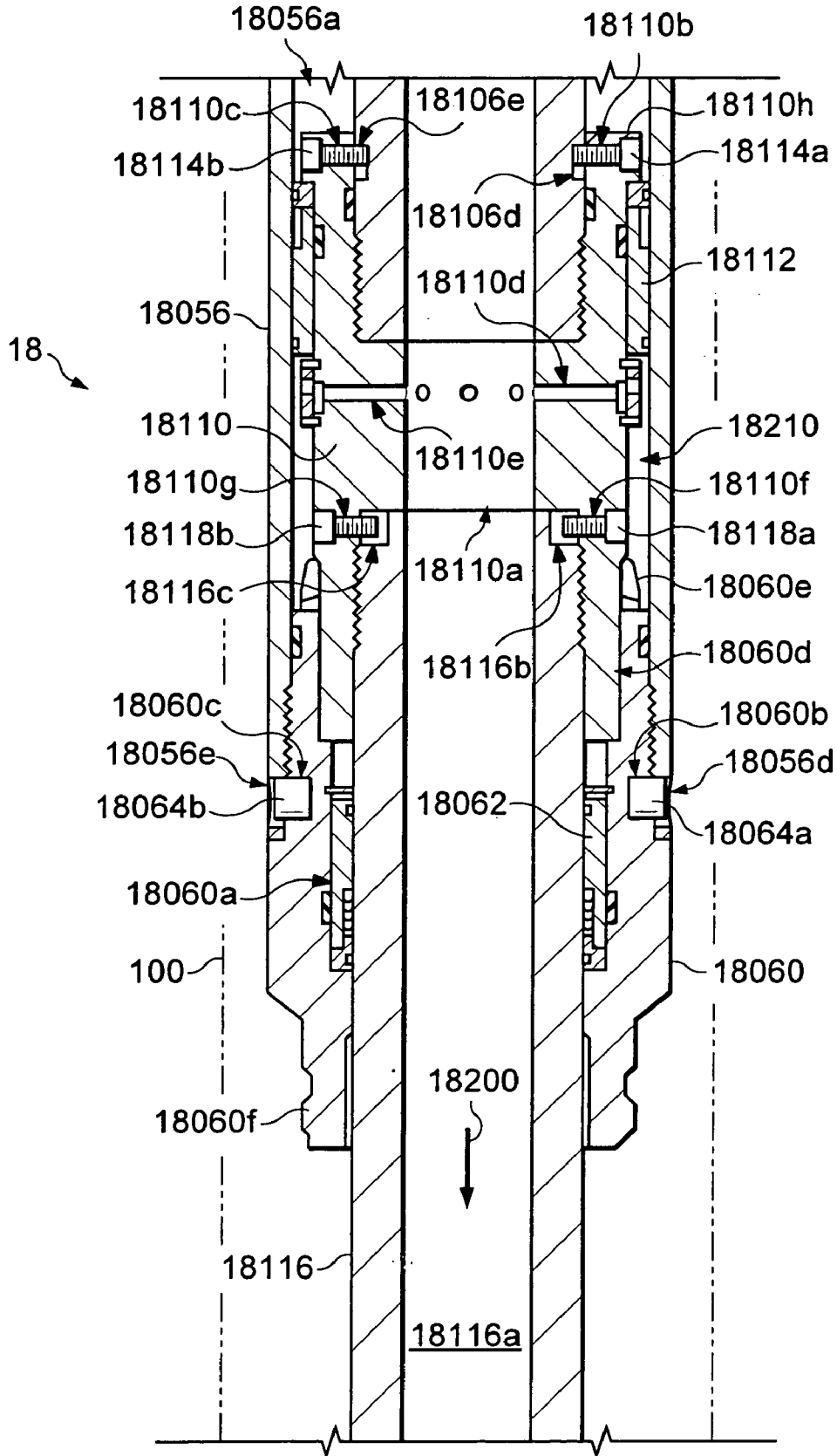


Fig. 13A7

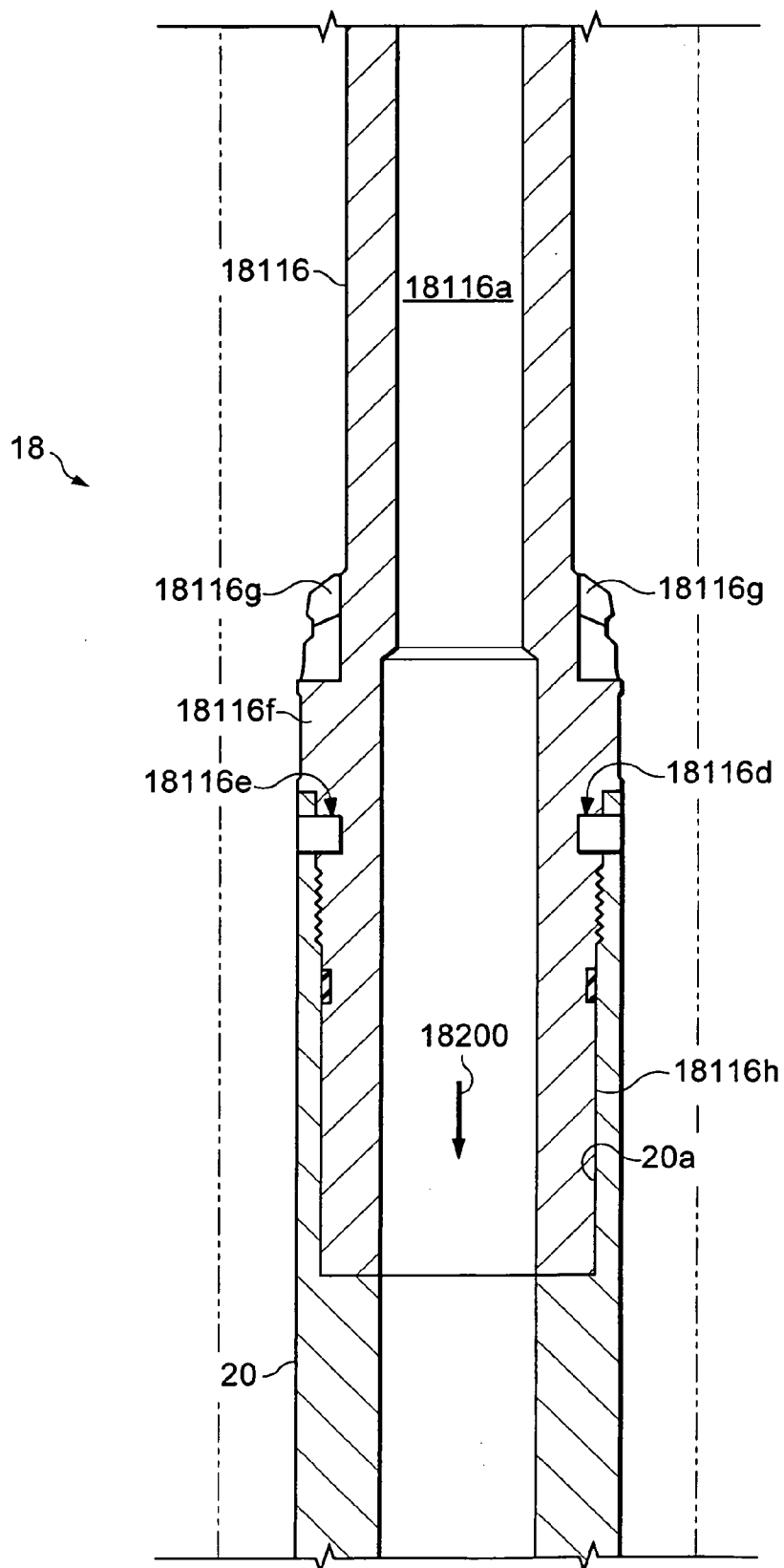


Fig. 13A8



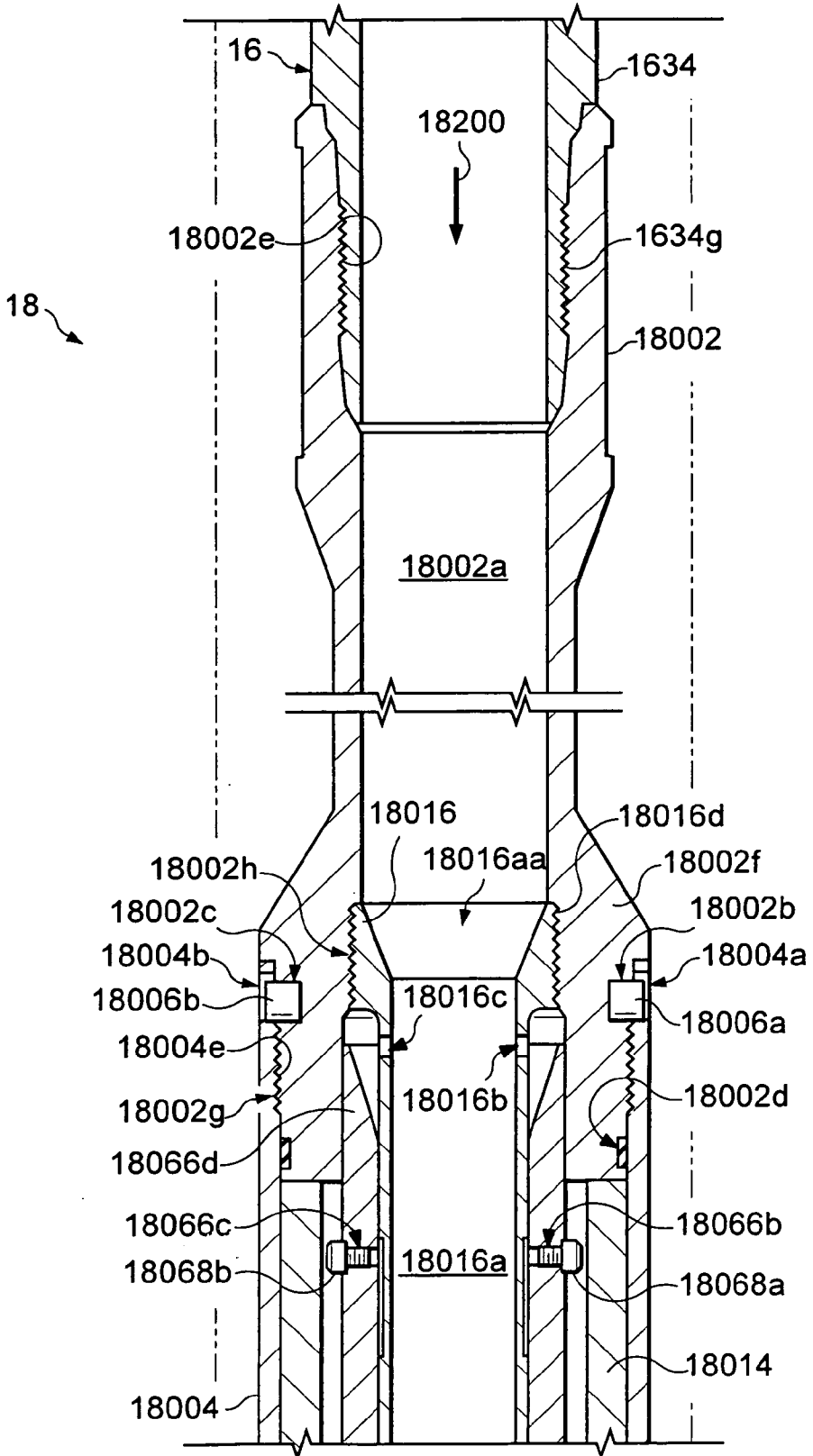


Fig. 13B1

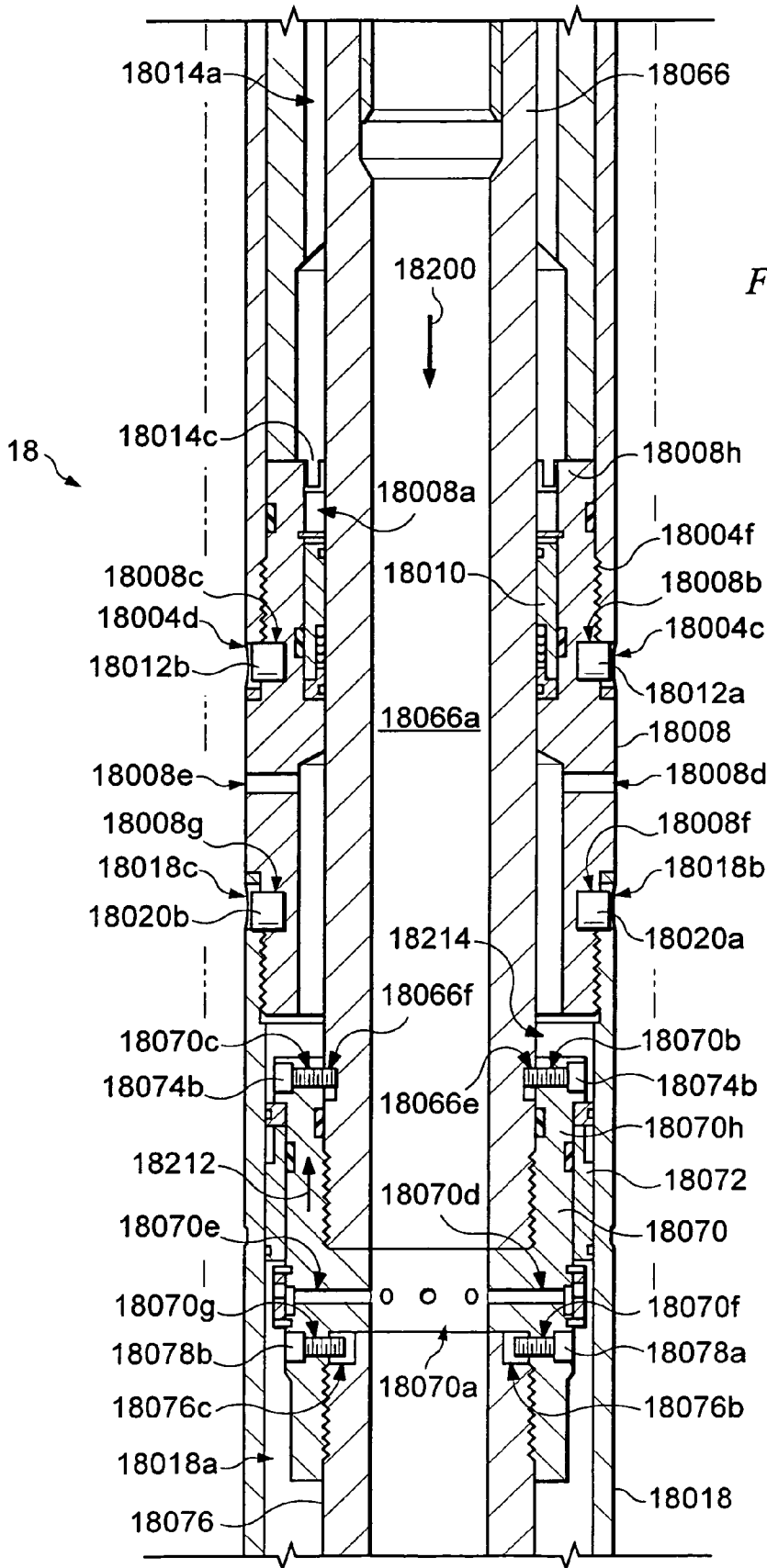


Fig. 13B2



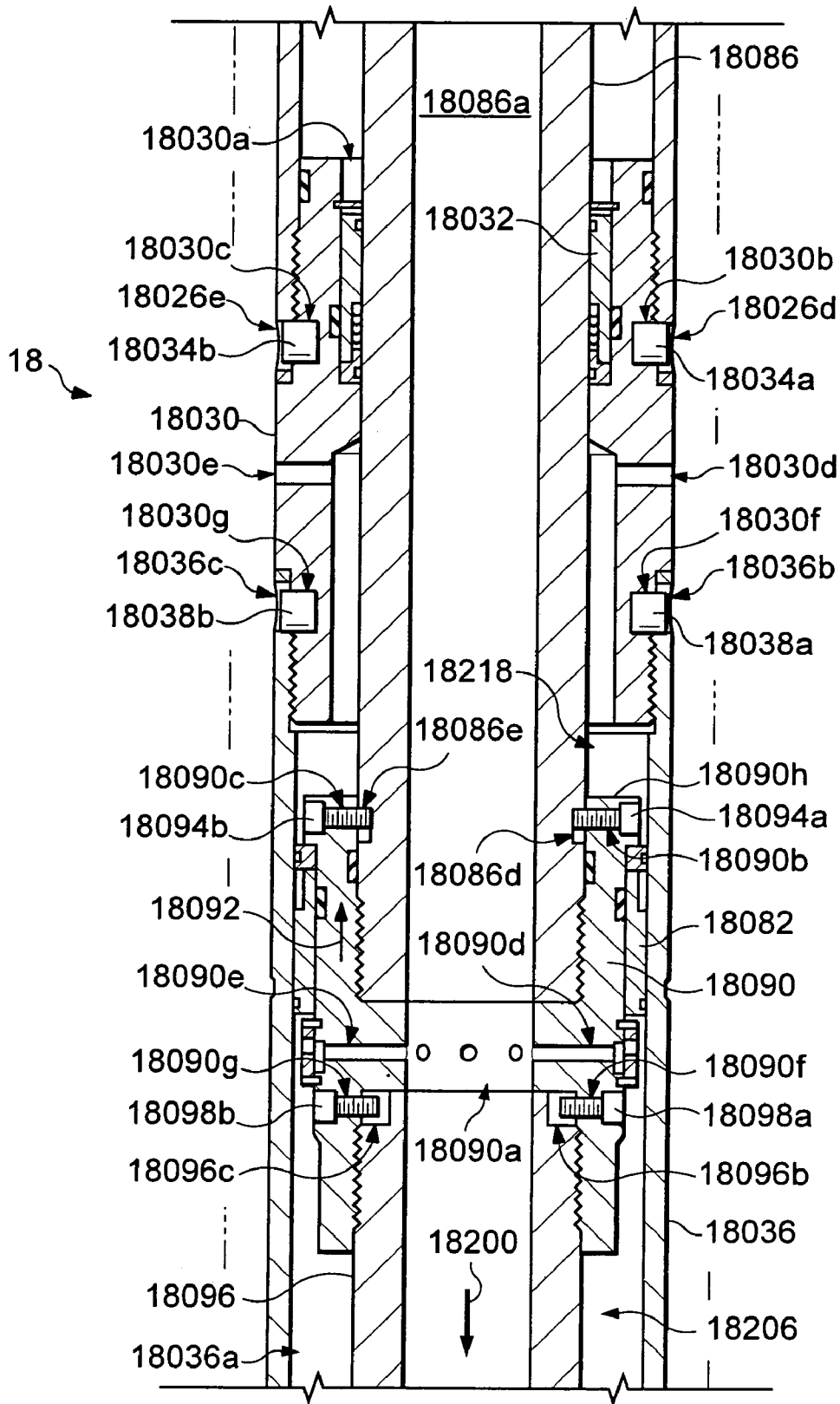


Fig. 13B4

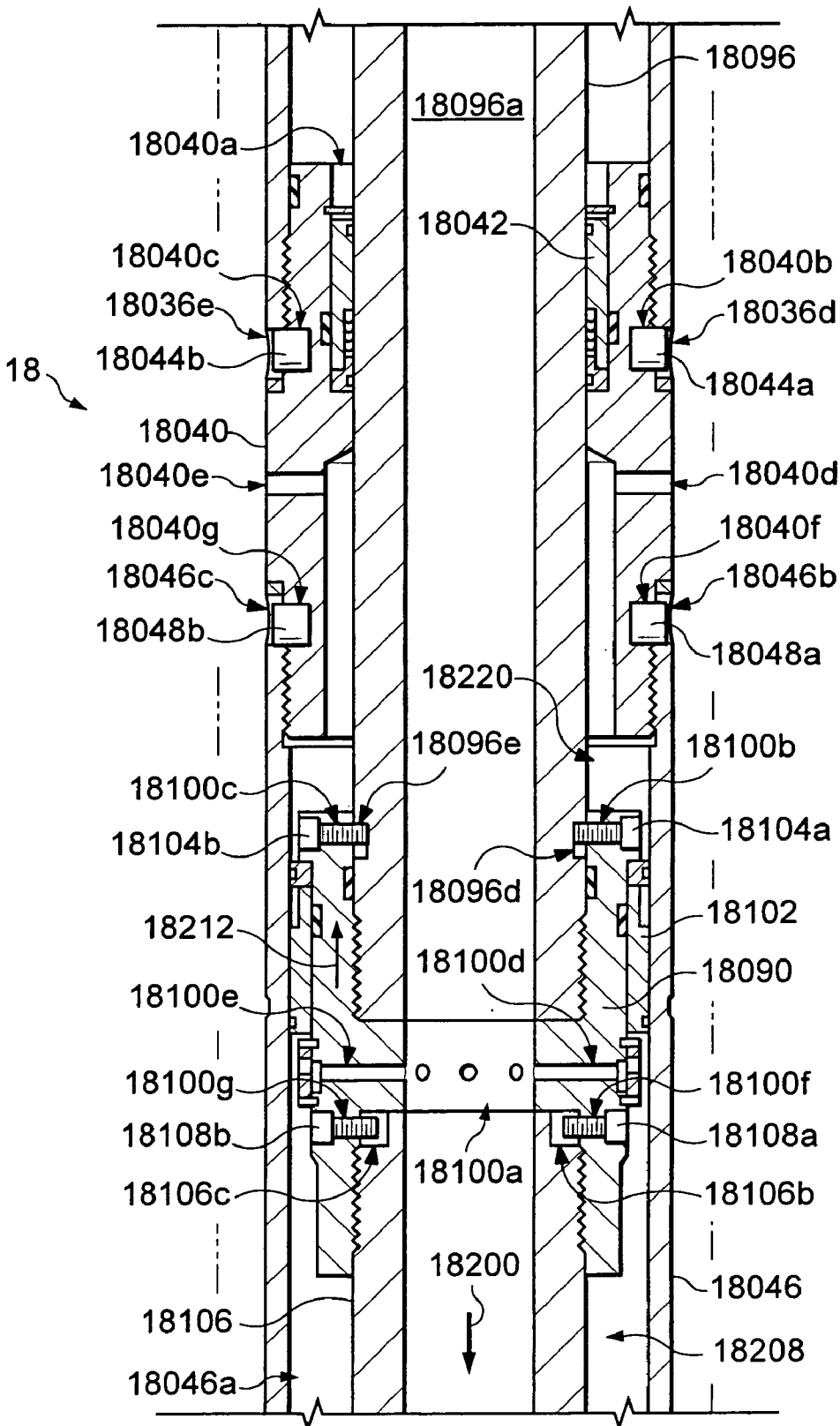


Fig. 13B5

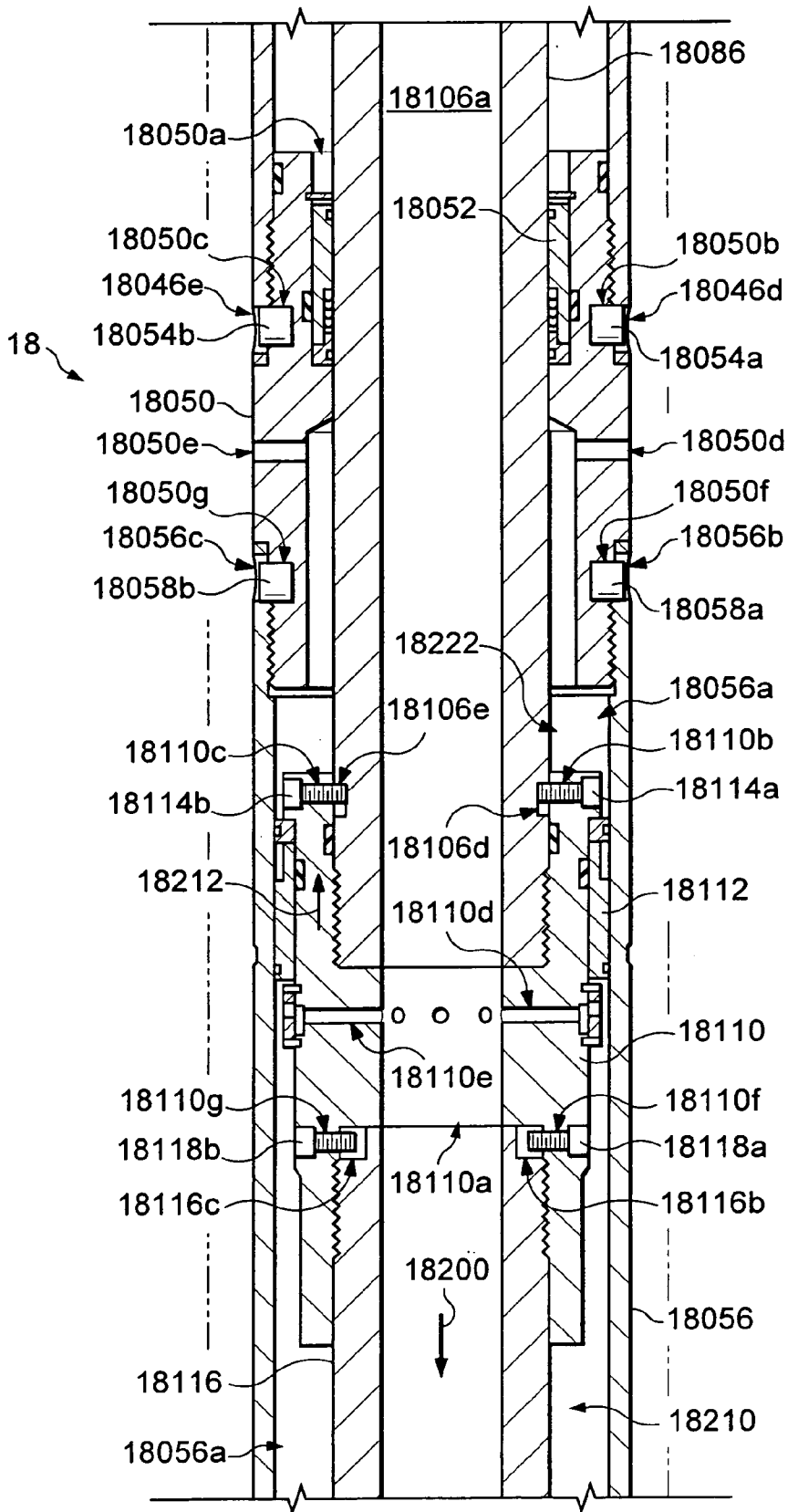


Fig. 13B6

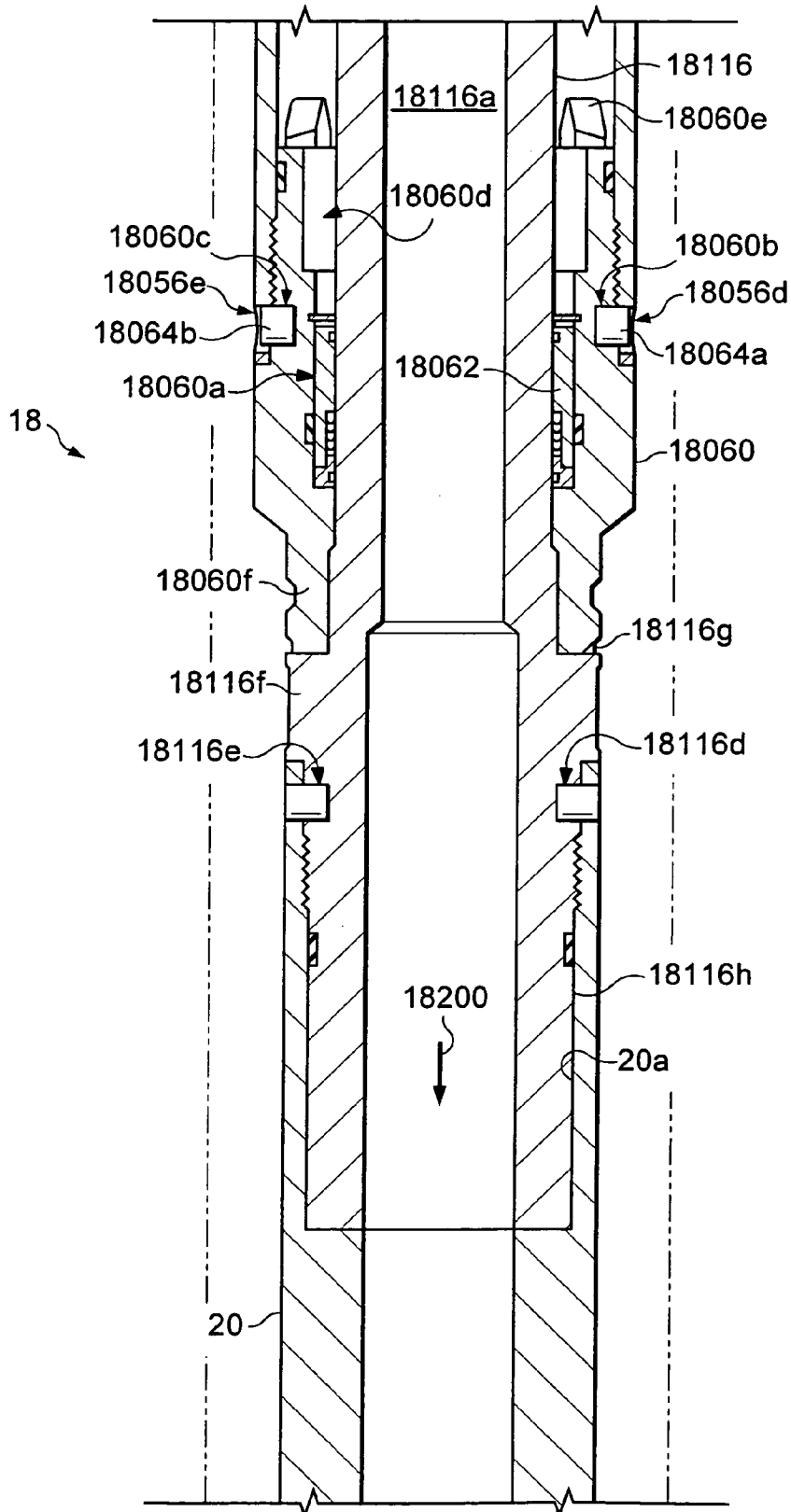


Fig. 13B7

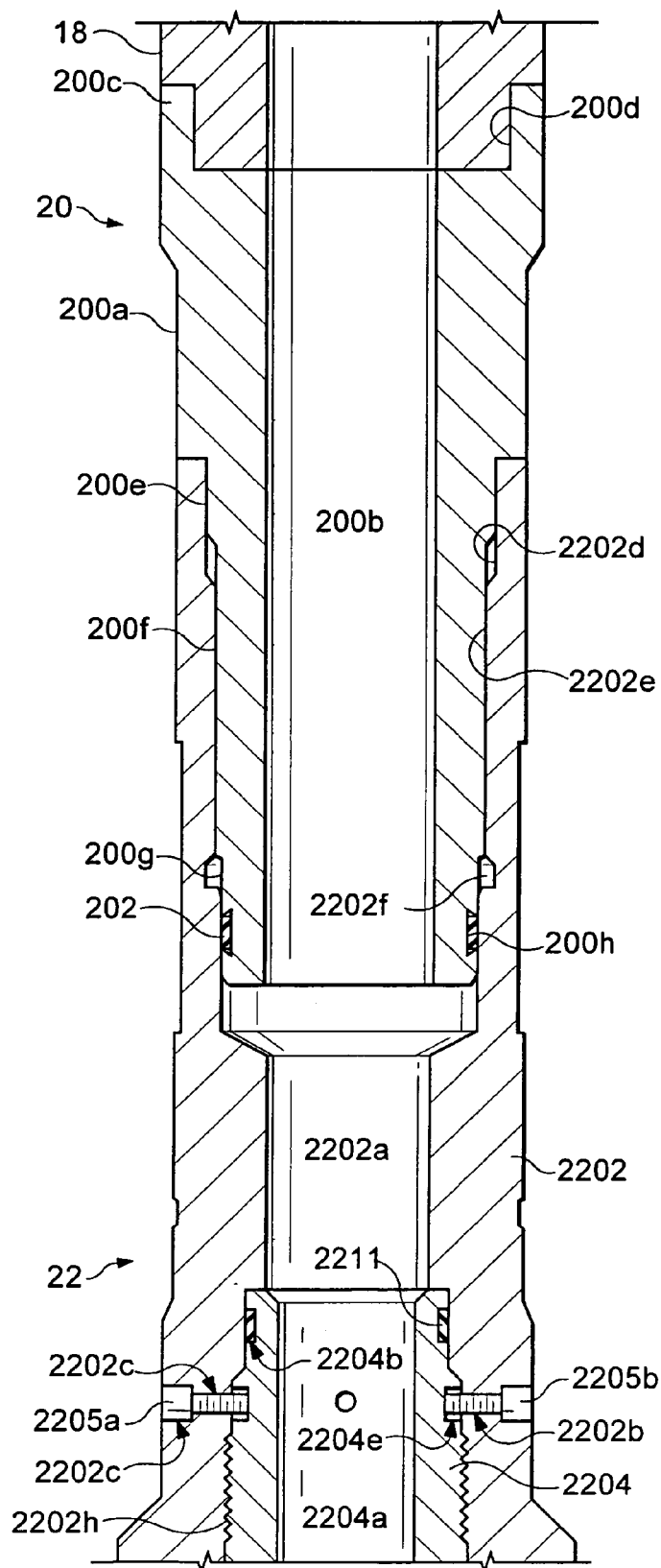


Fig. 14A





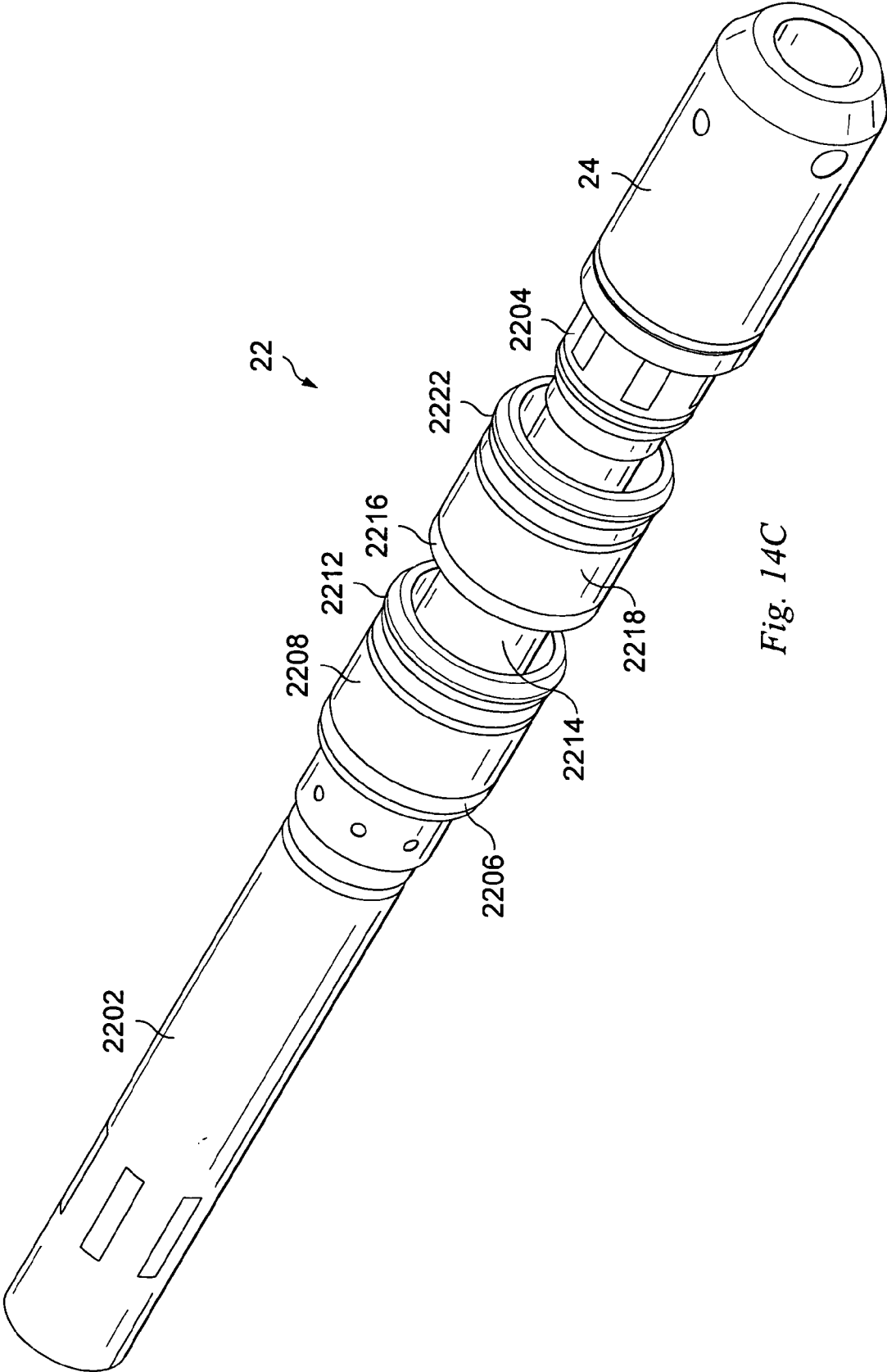


Fig. 14C

Fig. 15-1

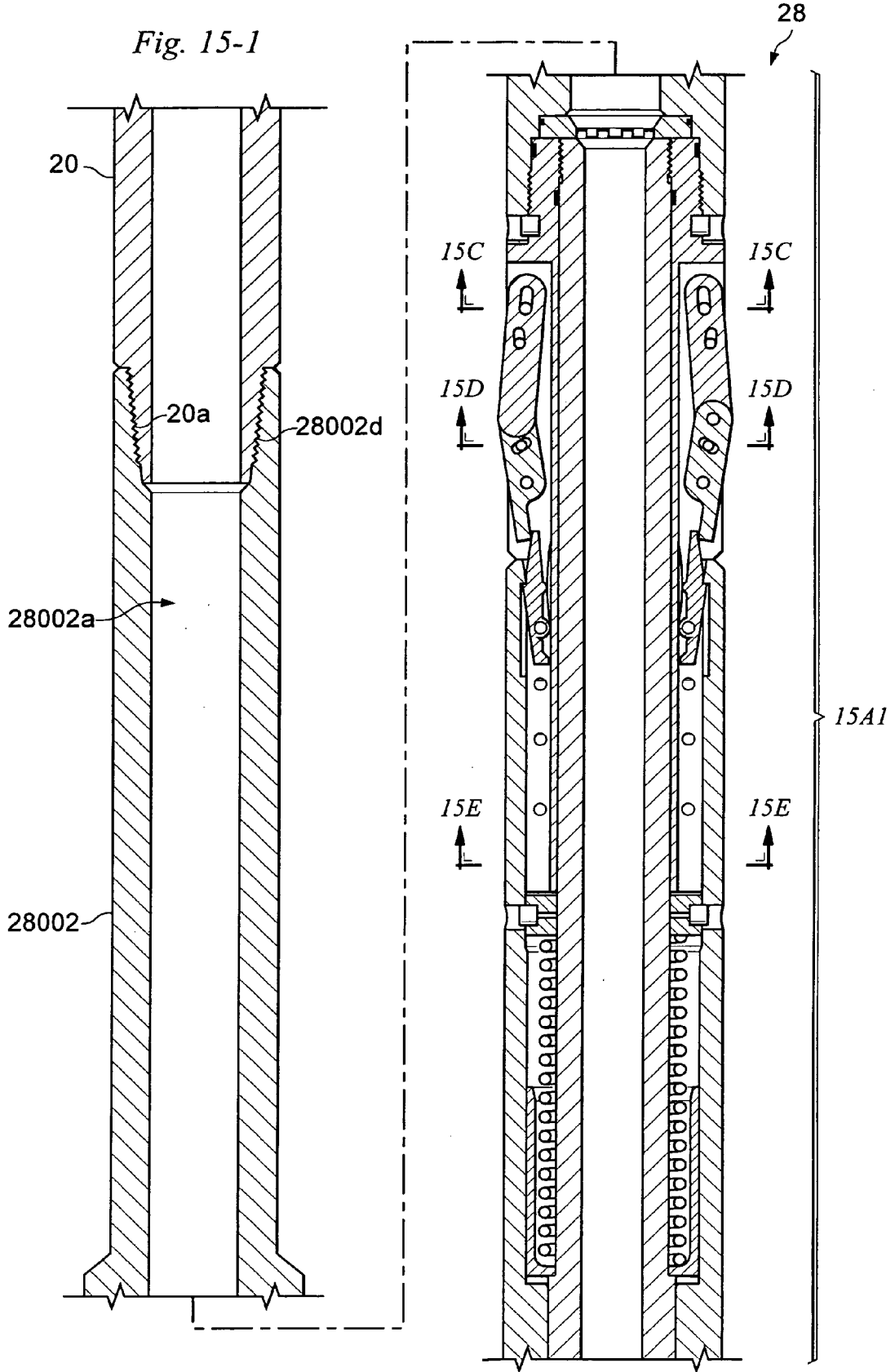


Fig. 15-2

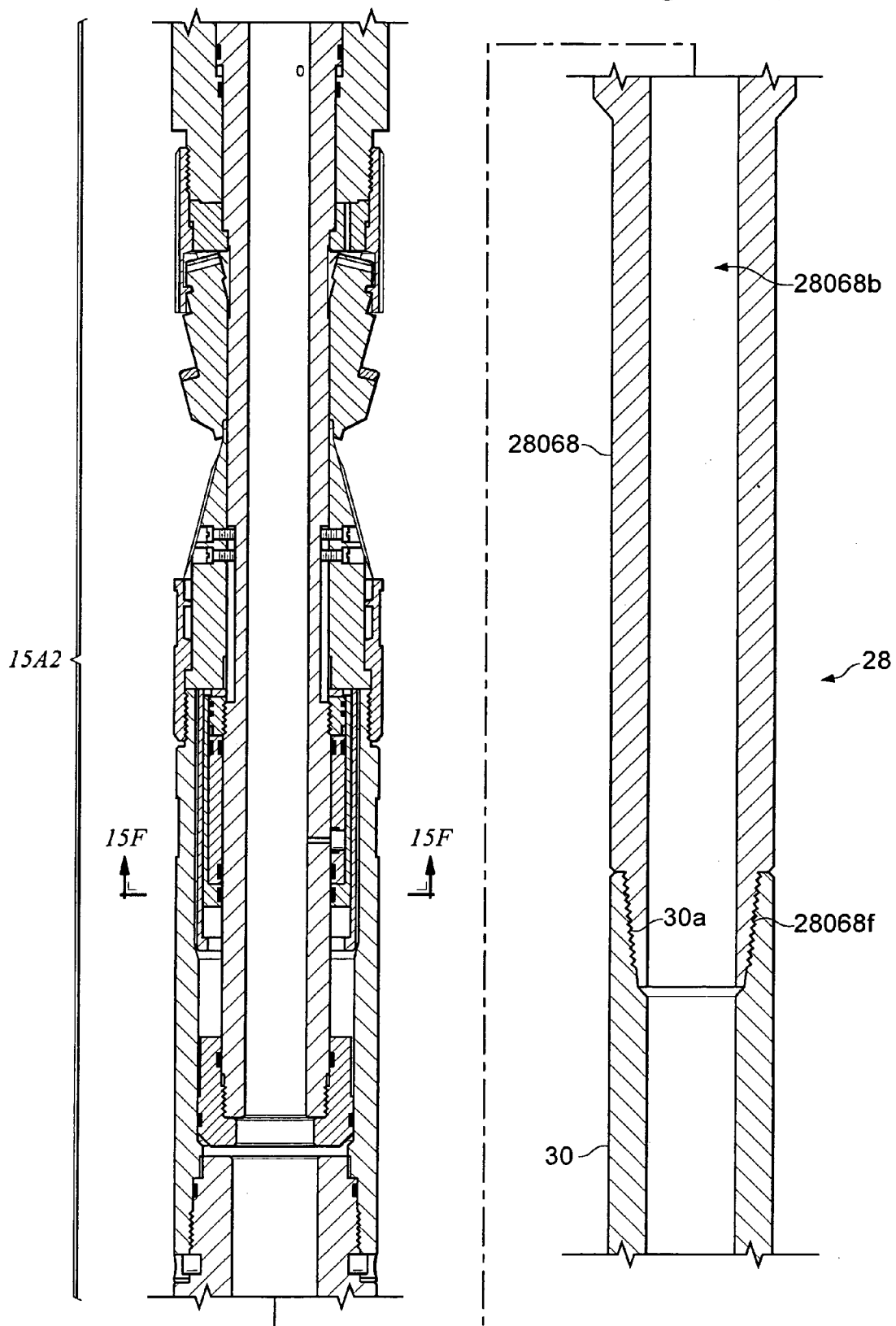
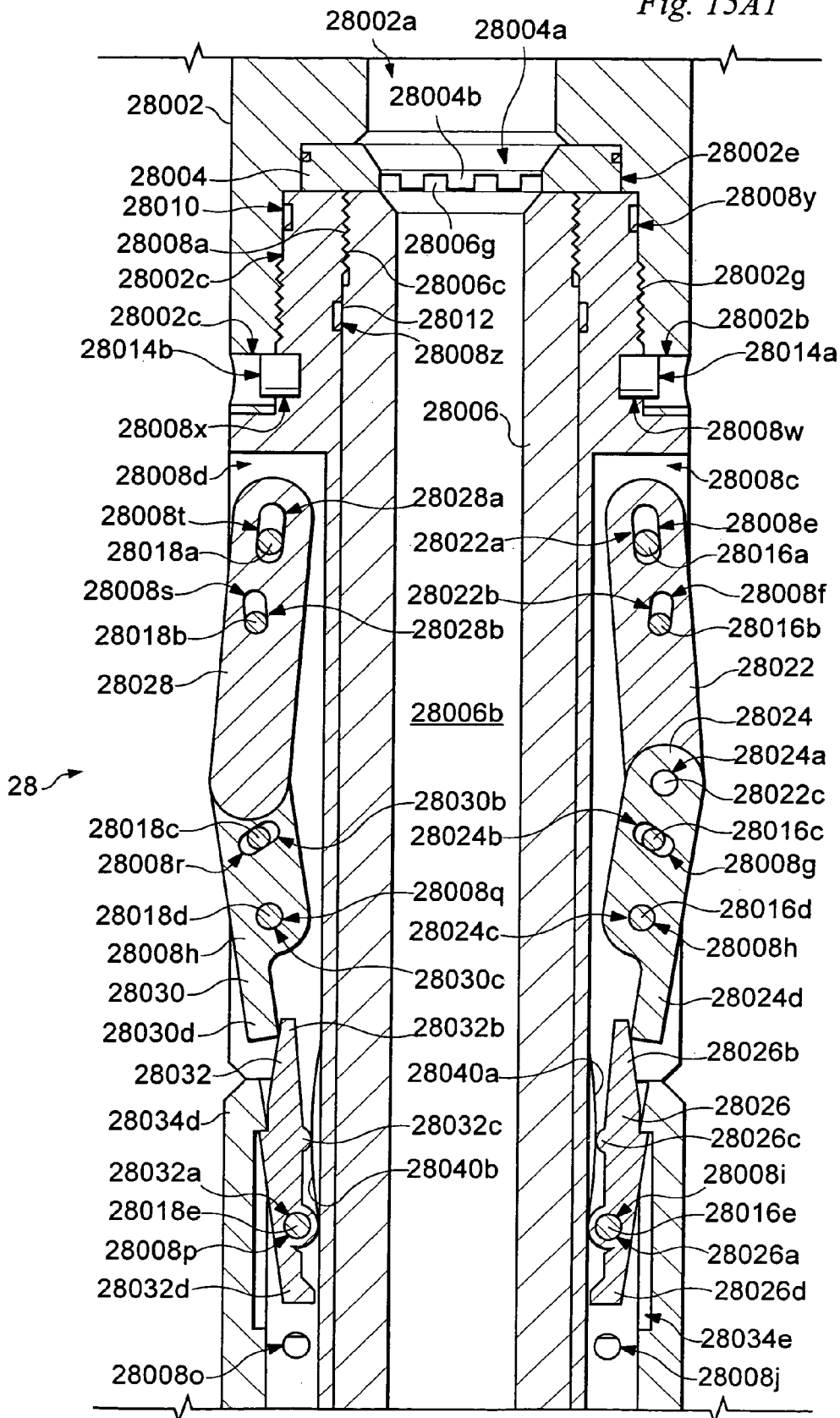
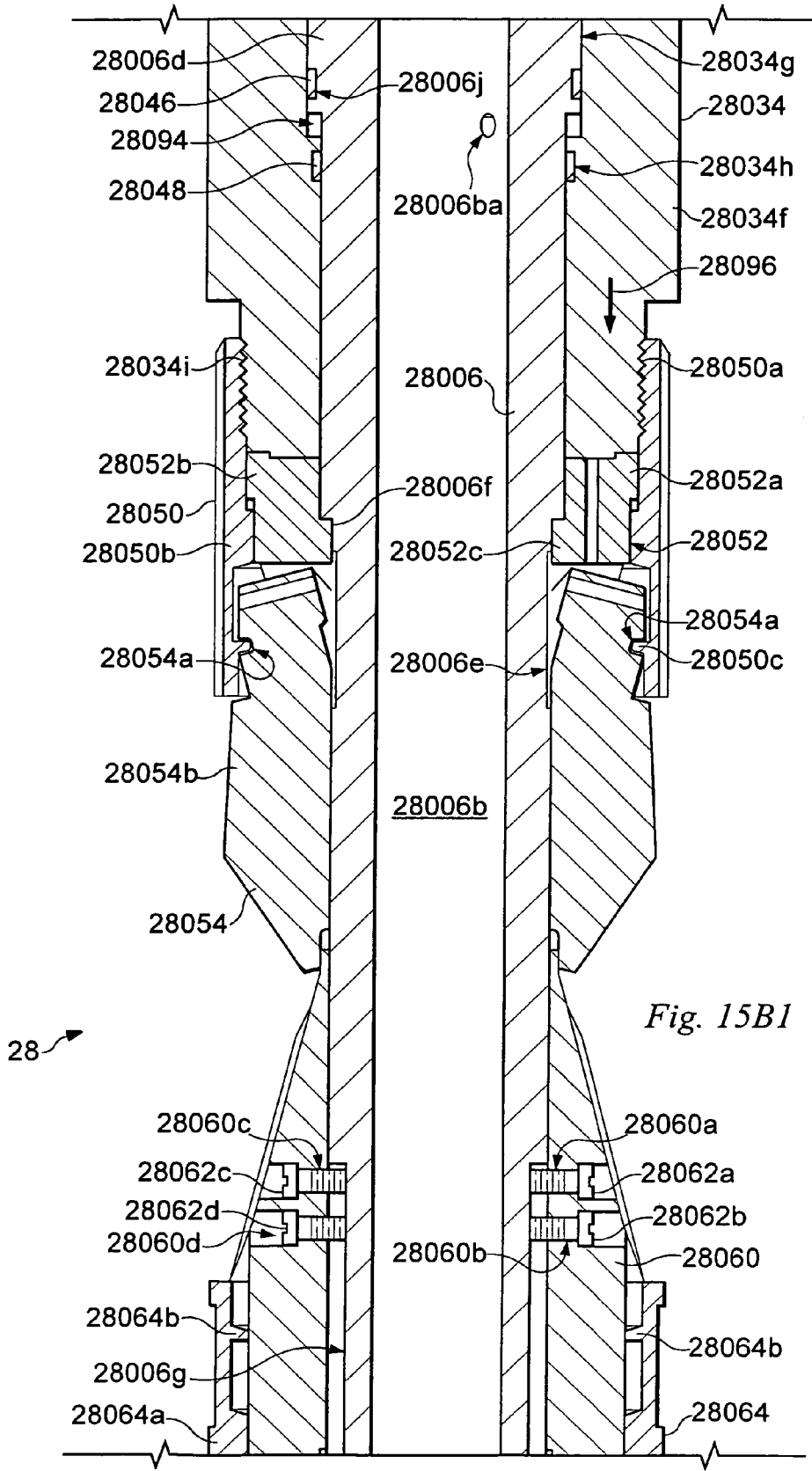
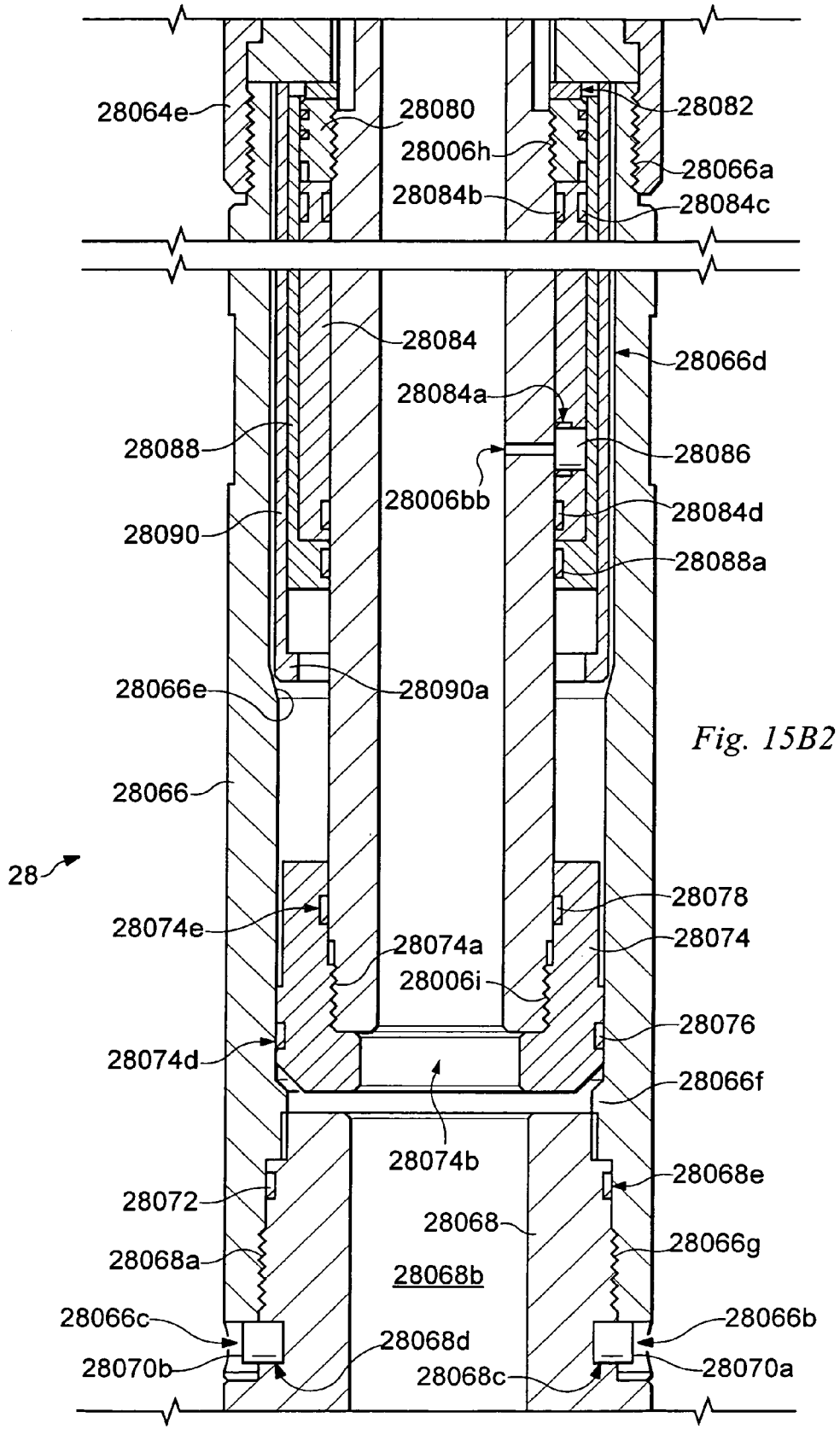


Fig. 15A1

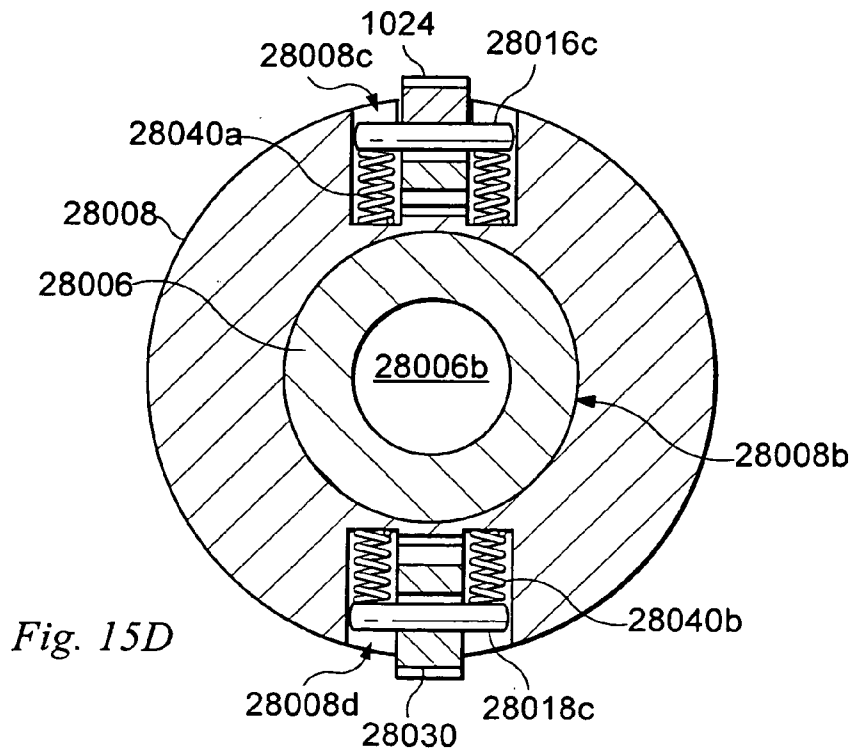
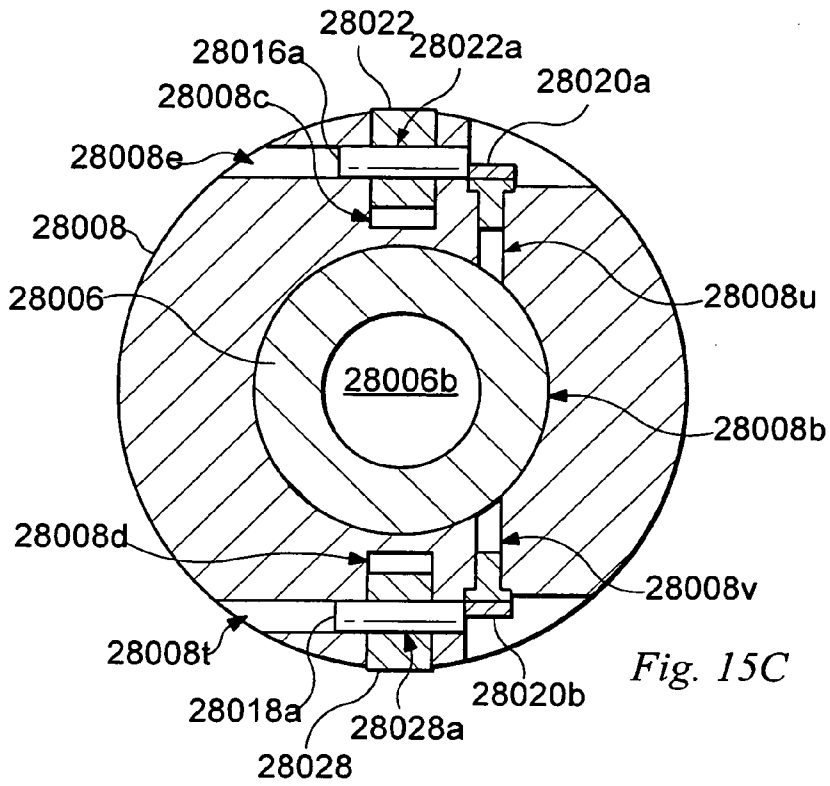












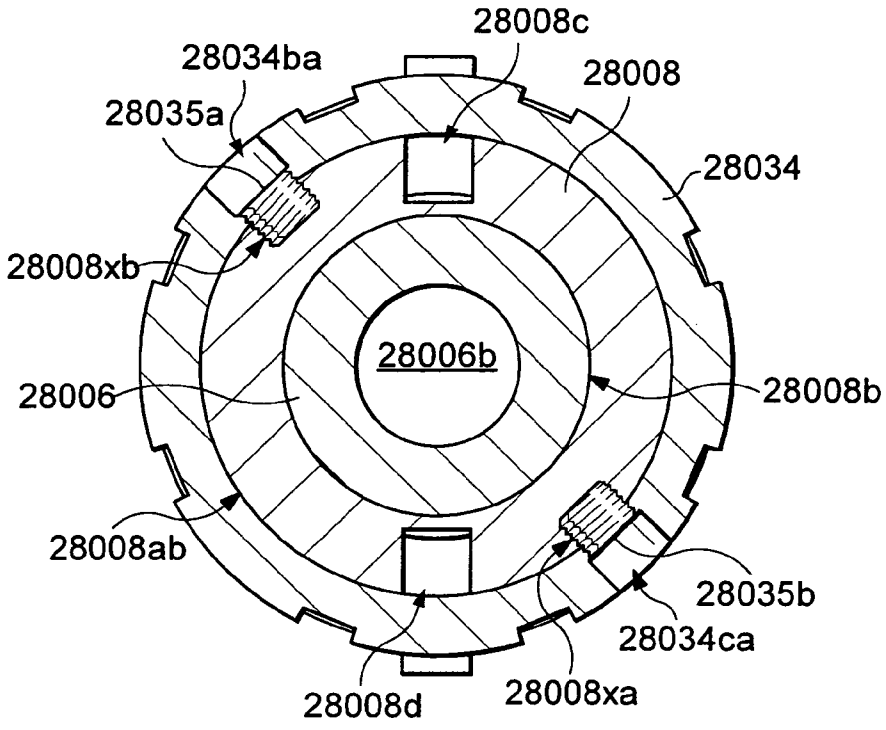


Fig. 15E

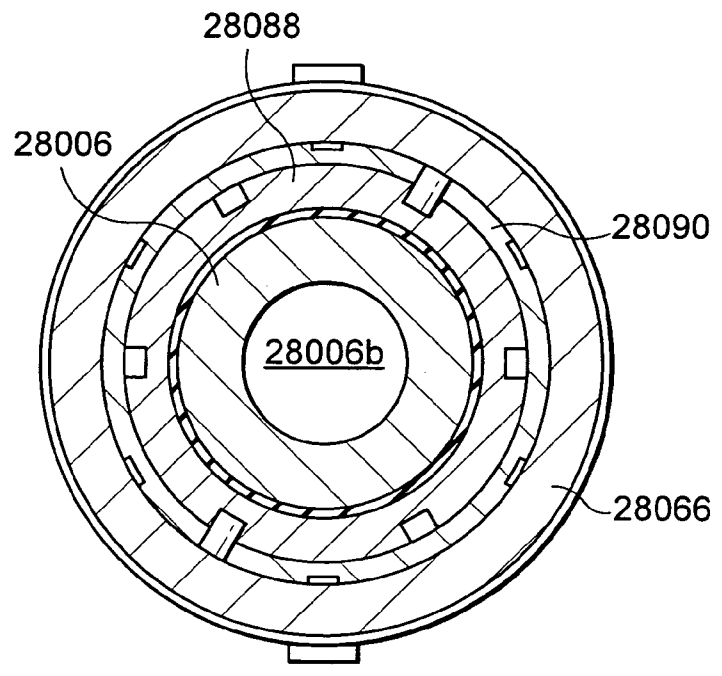


Fig. 15F

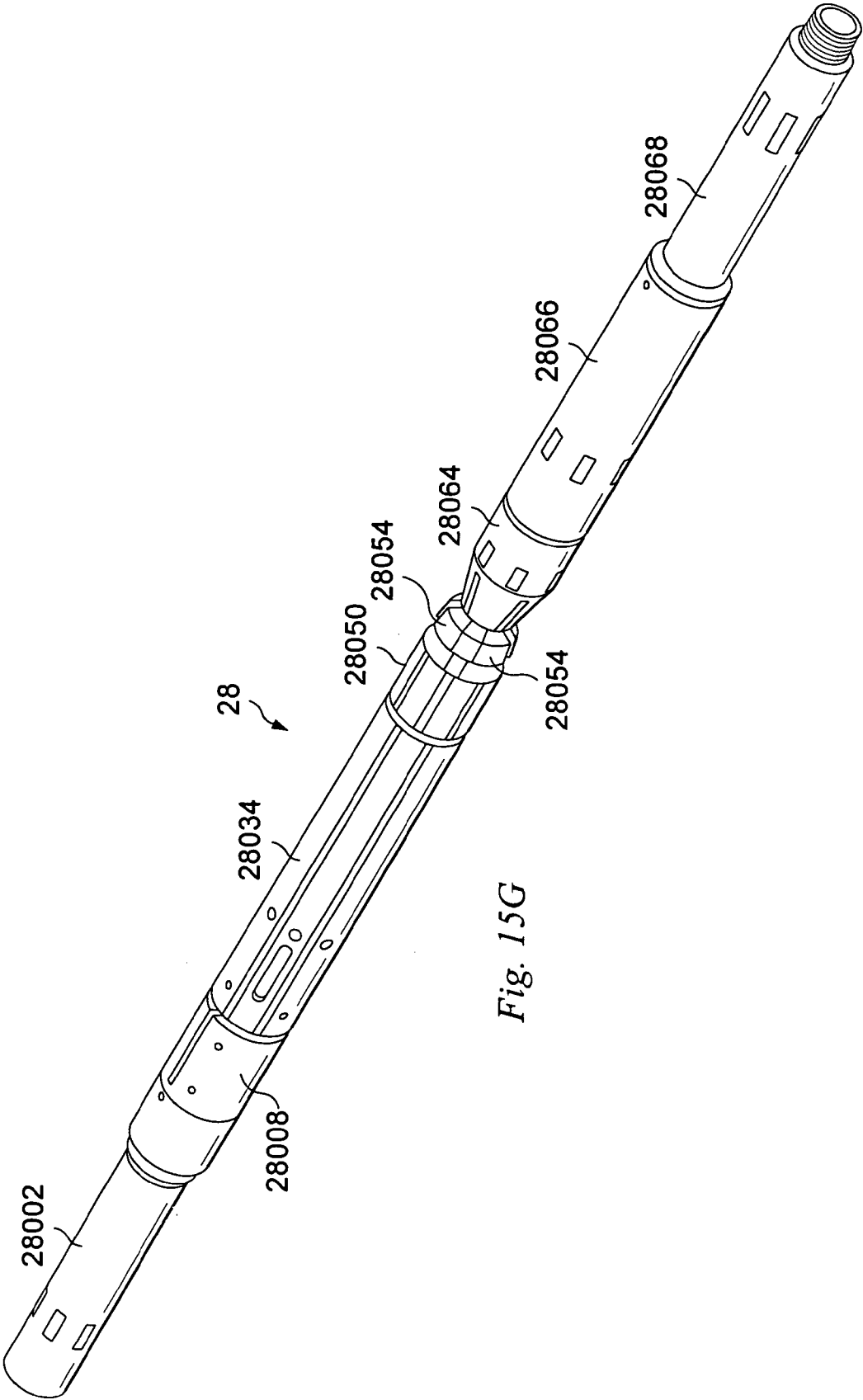


Fig. 15G

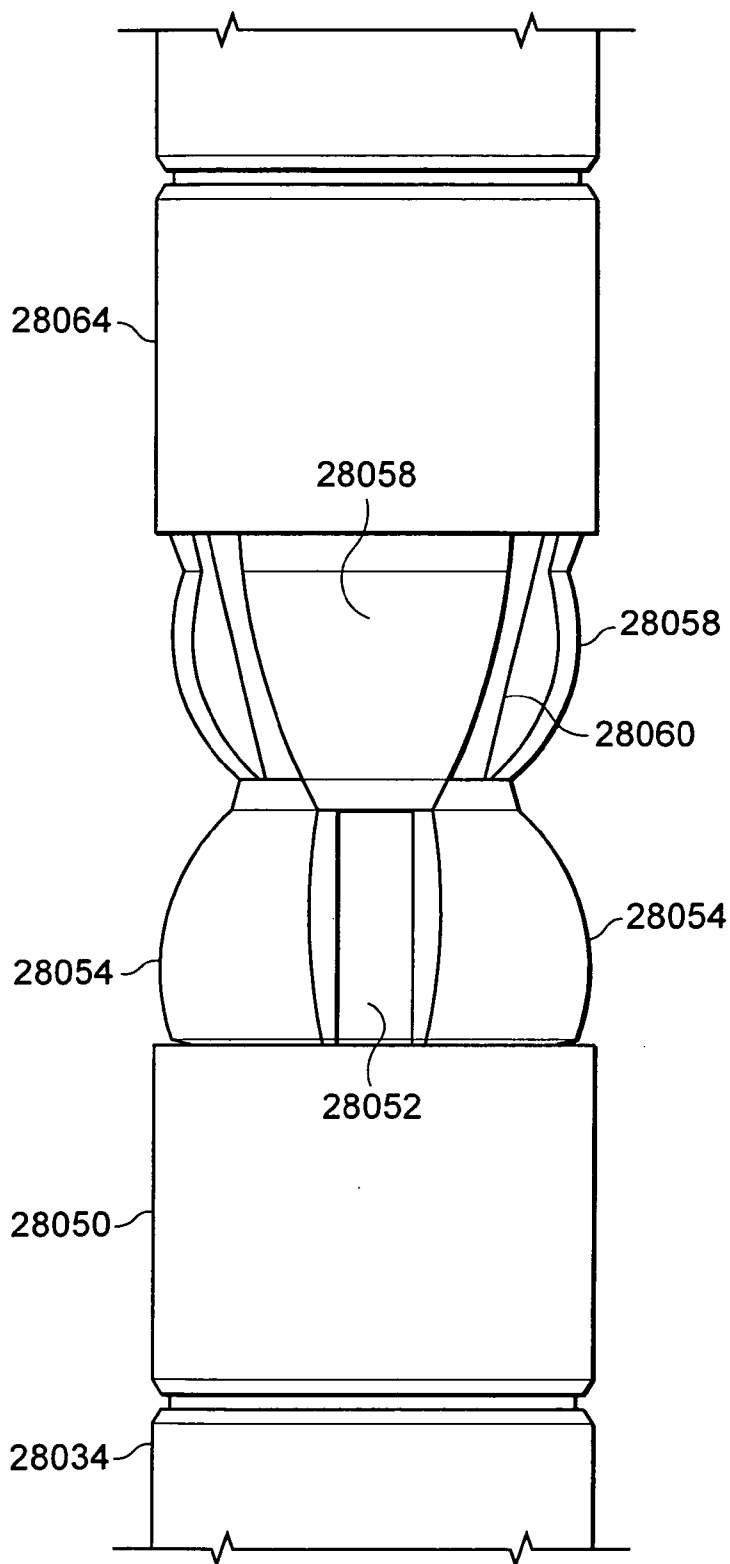


Fig. 15H

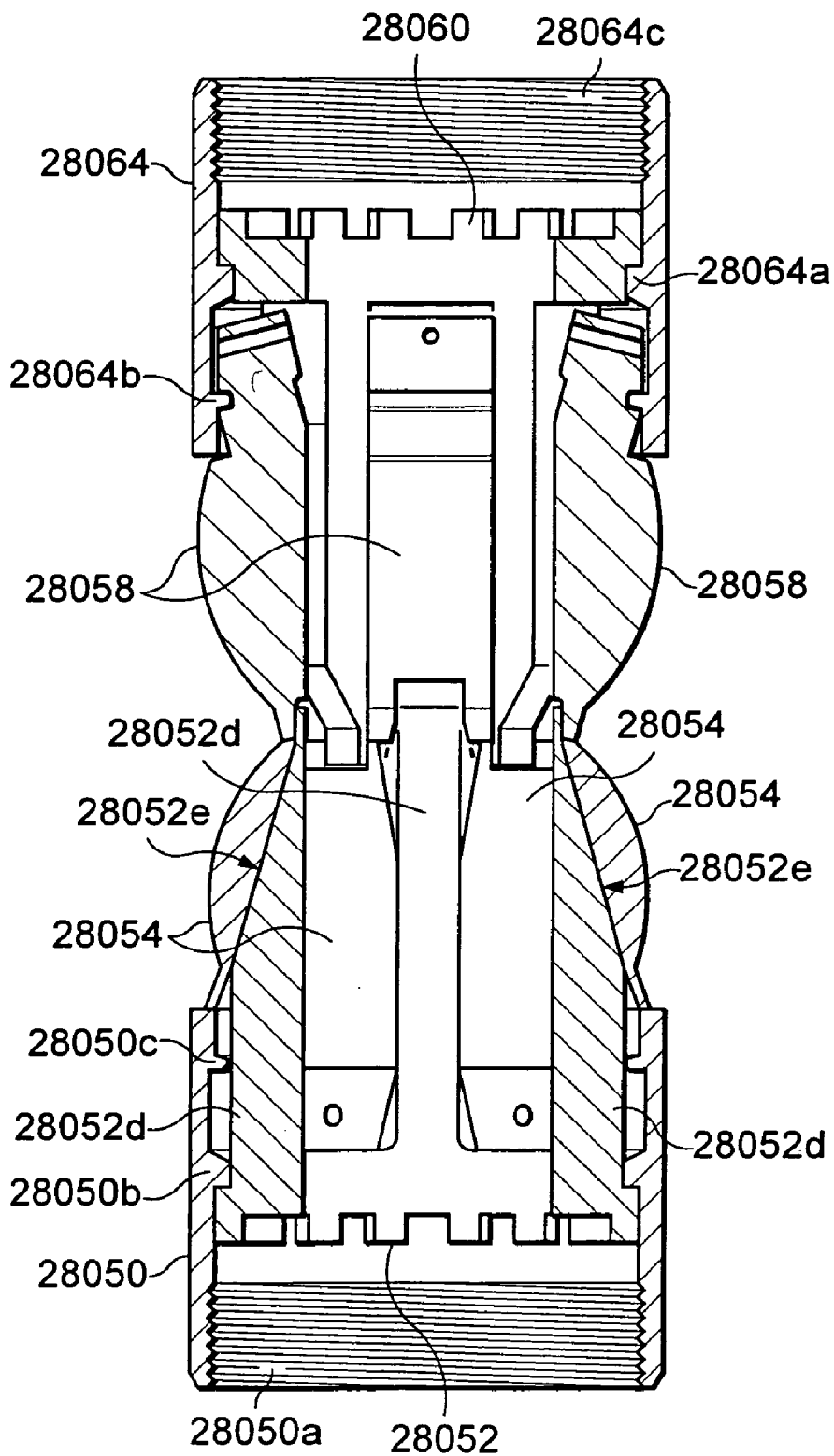


FIG. 15I

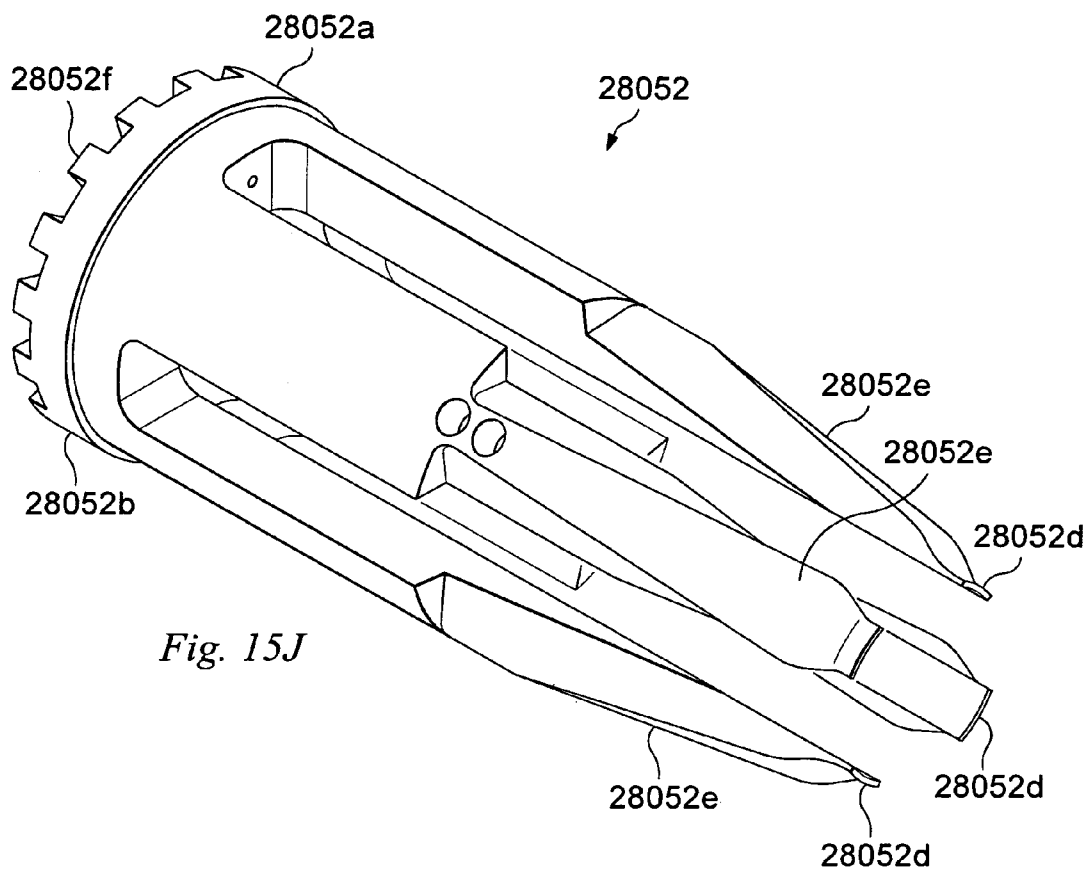


Fig. 15J

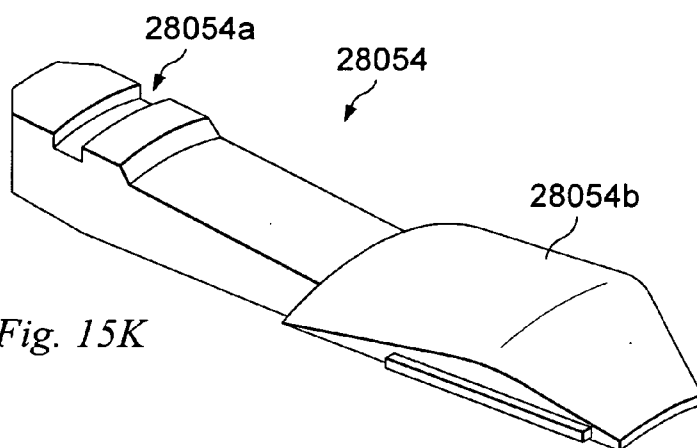


Fig. 15K

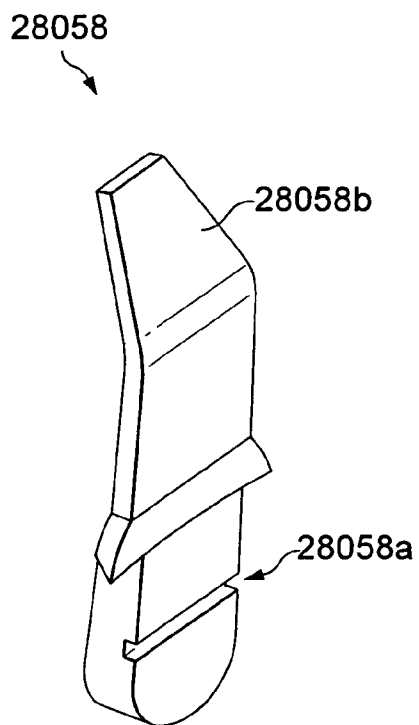


Fig. 15L

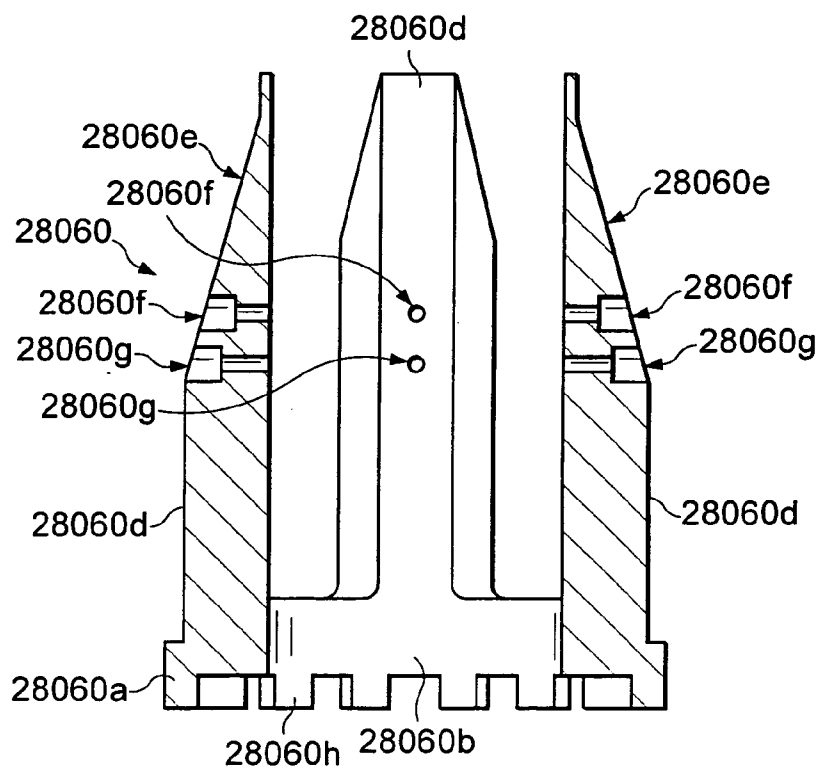


Fig. 15M

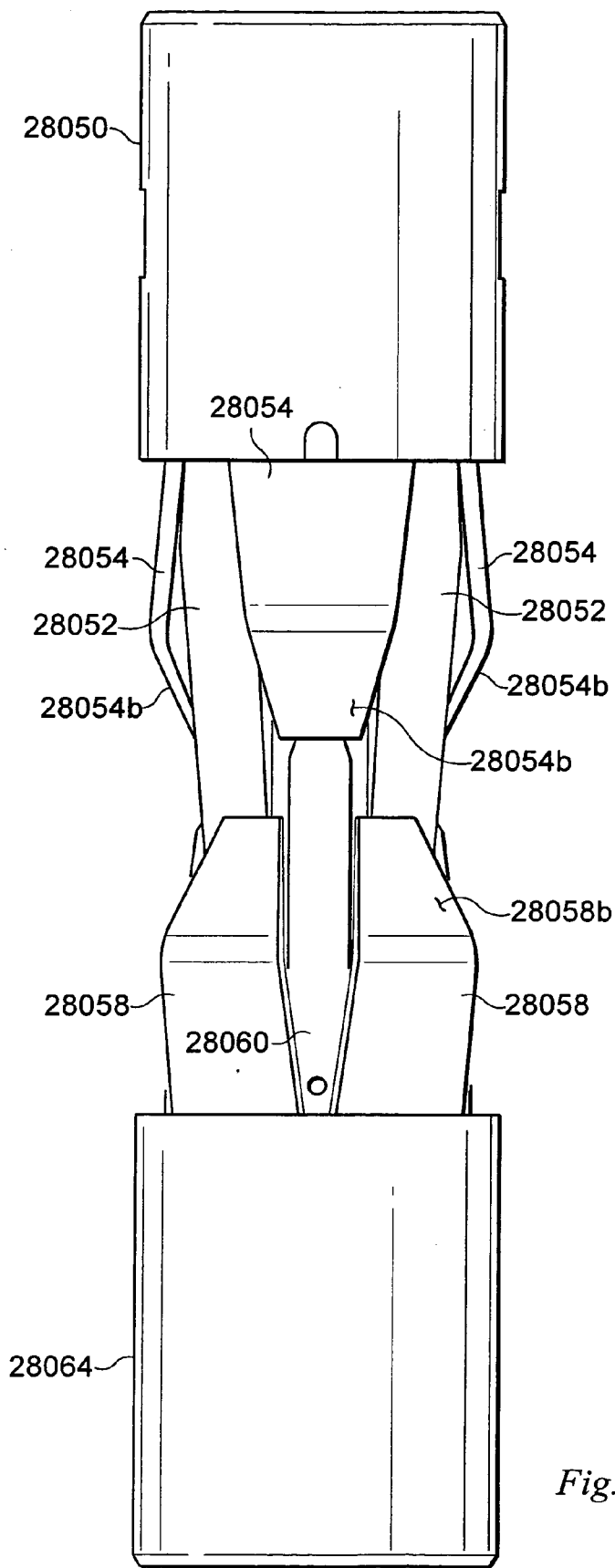


Fig. 15N



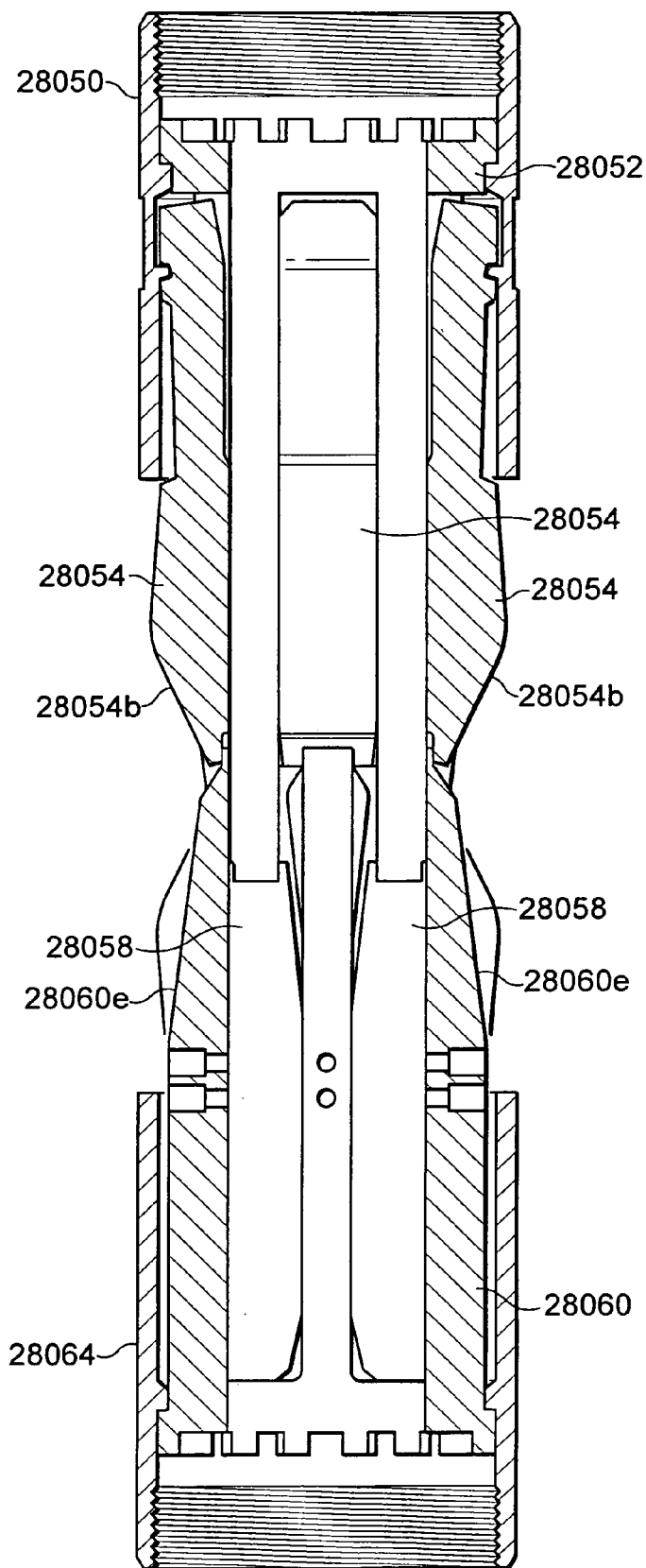
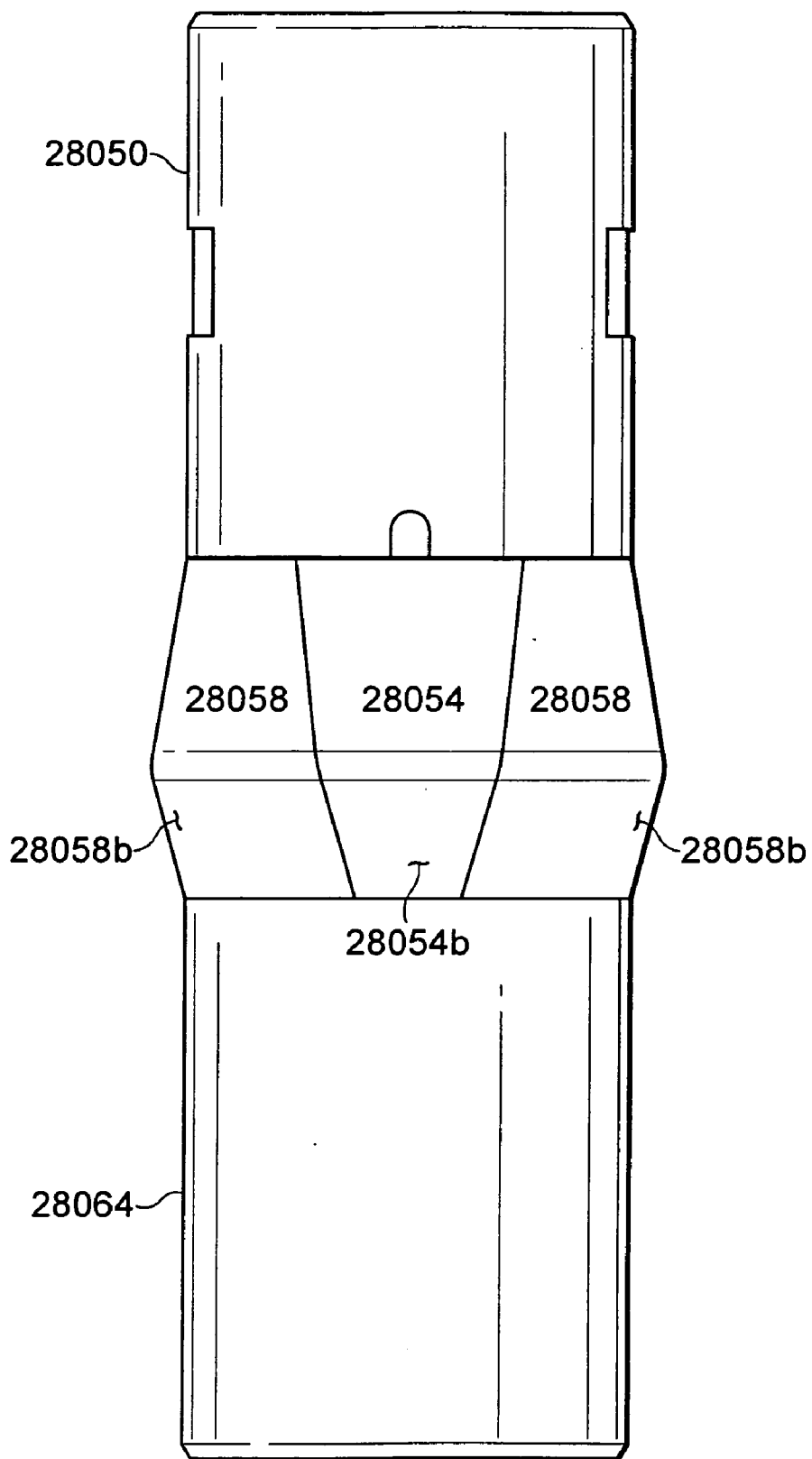
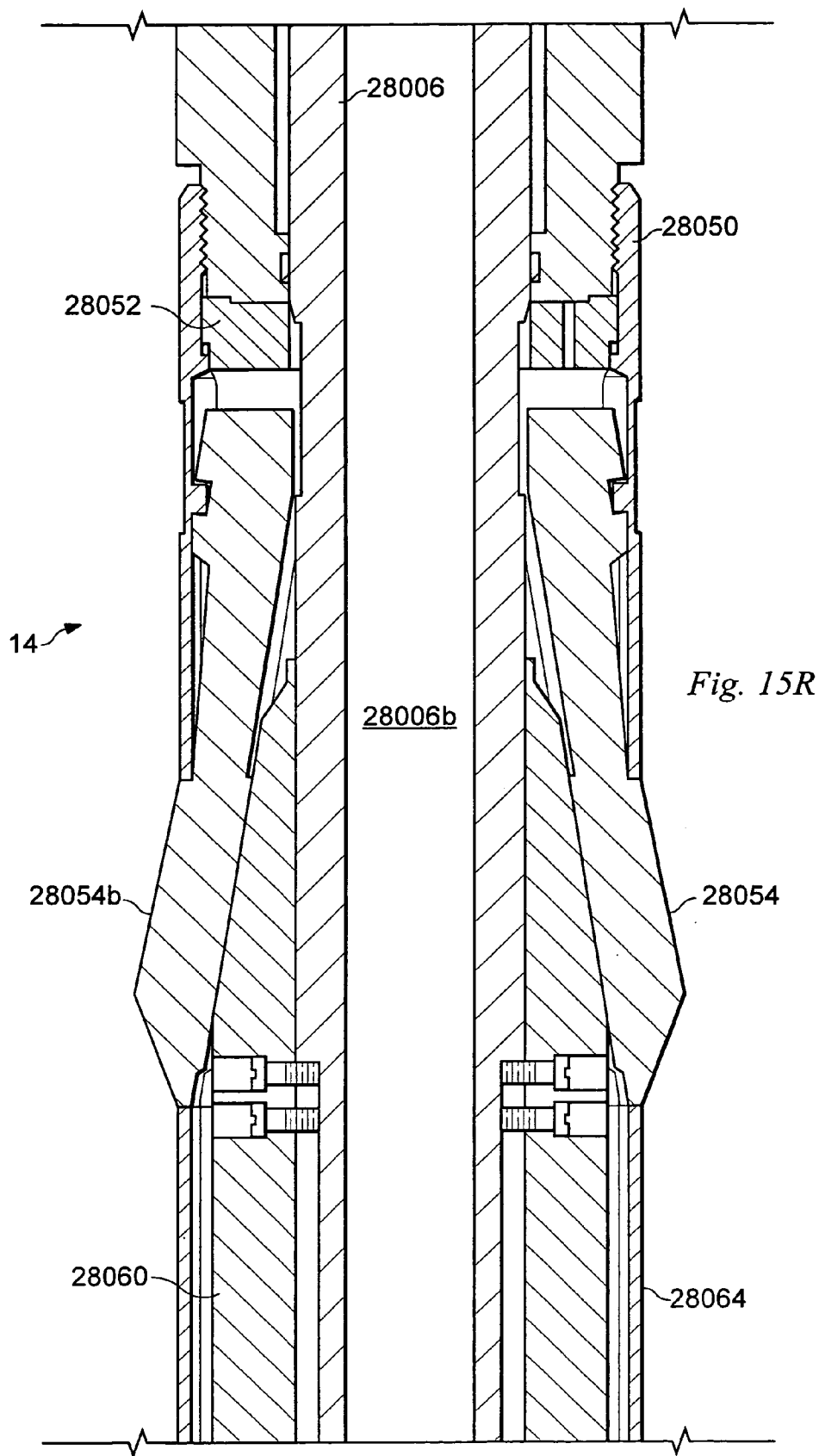


Fig. 150



*Fig. 15P*



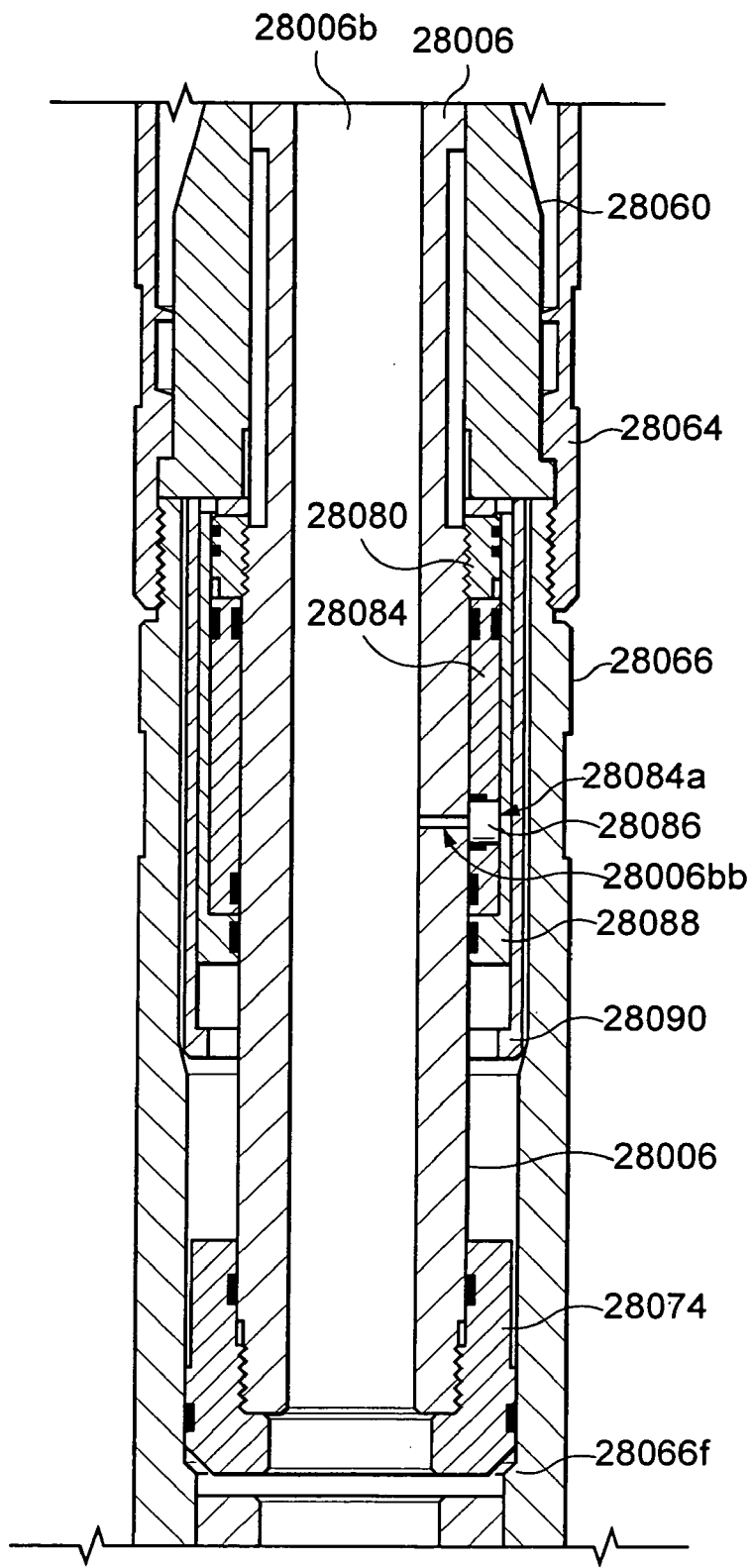


Fig. 15S

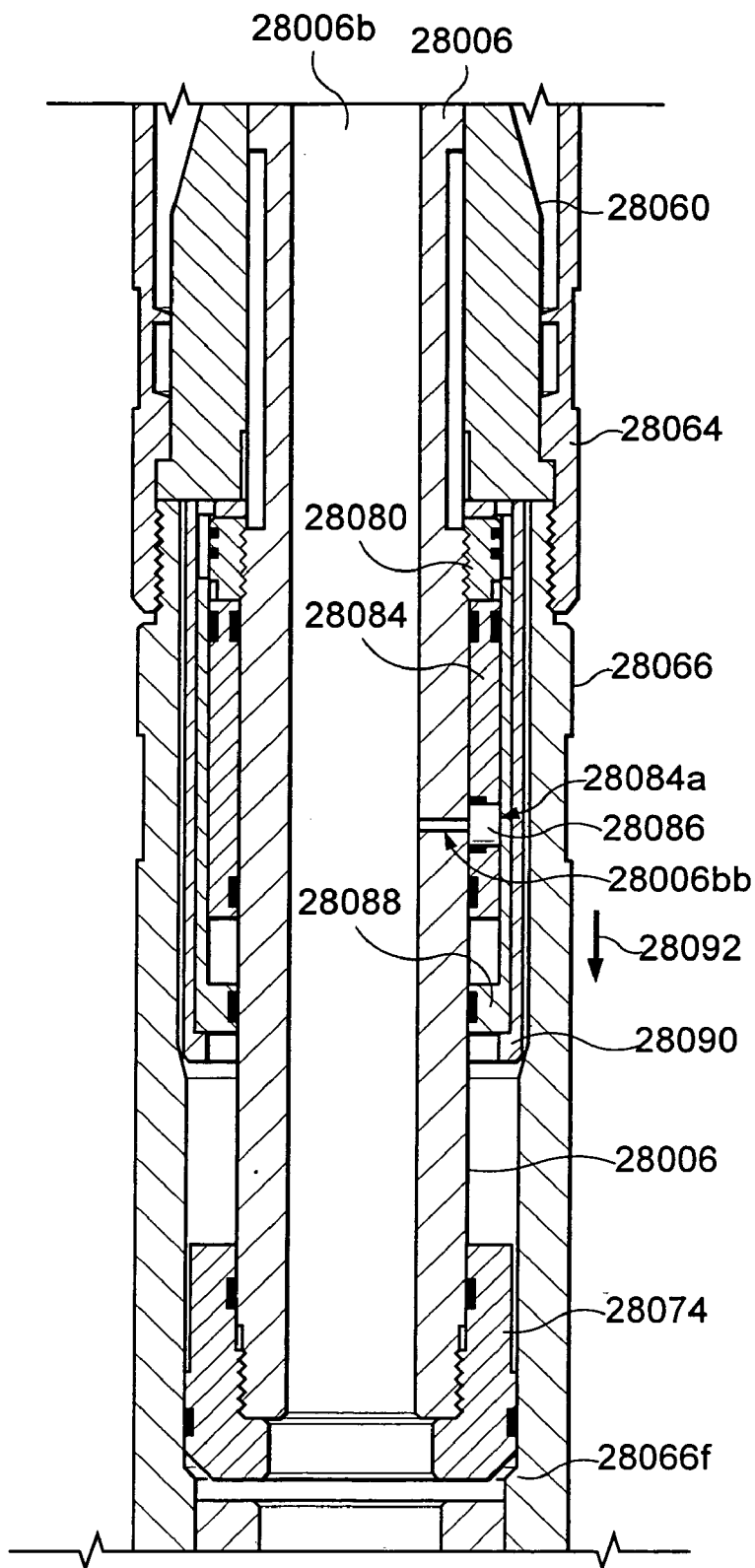


Fig. 15T

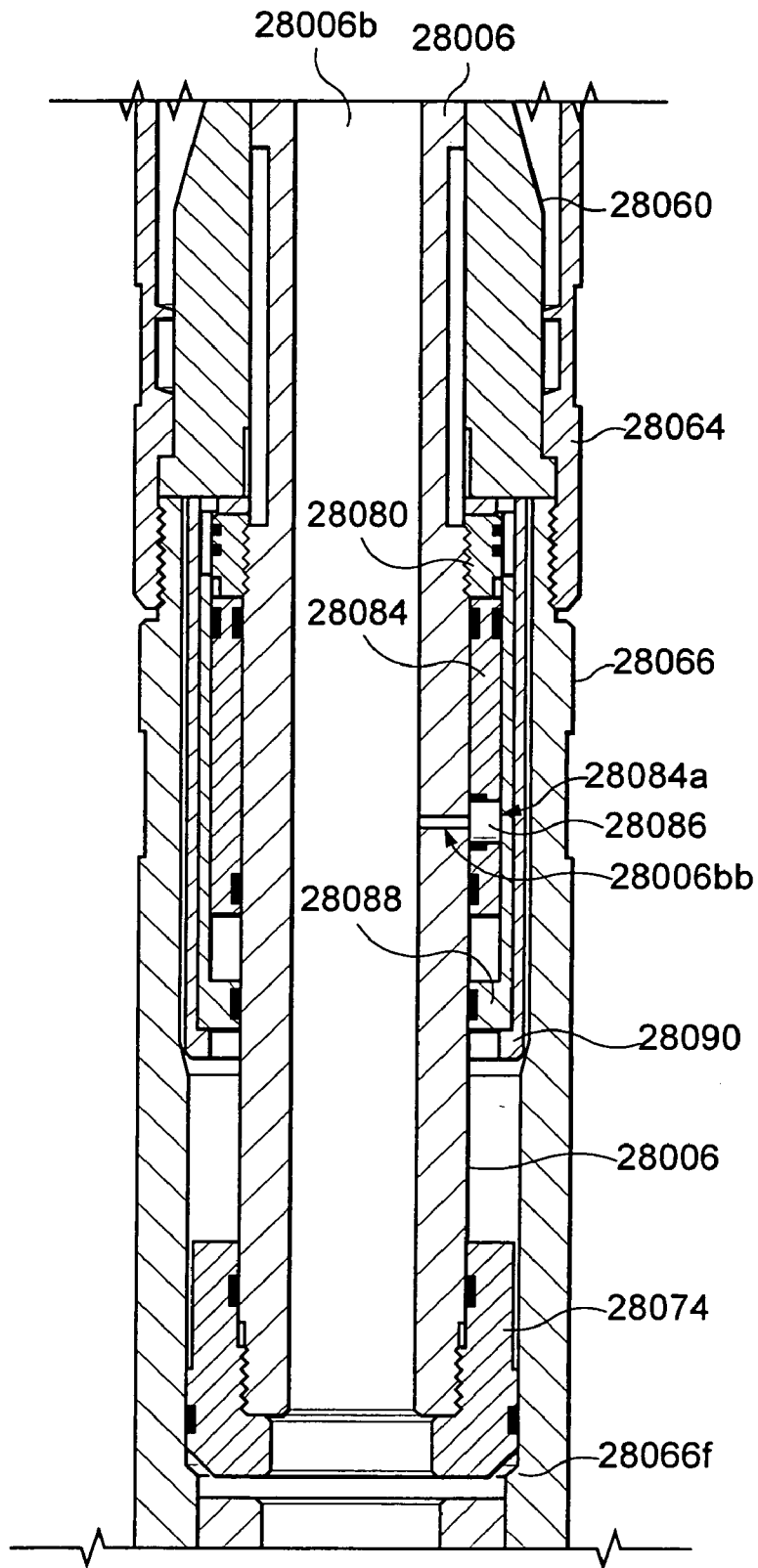


Fig. 15U

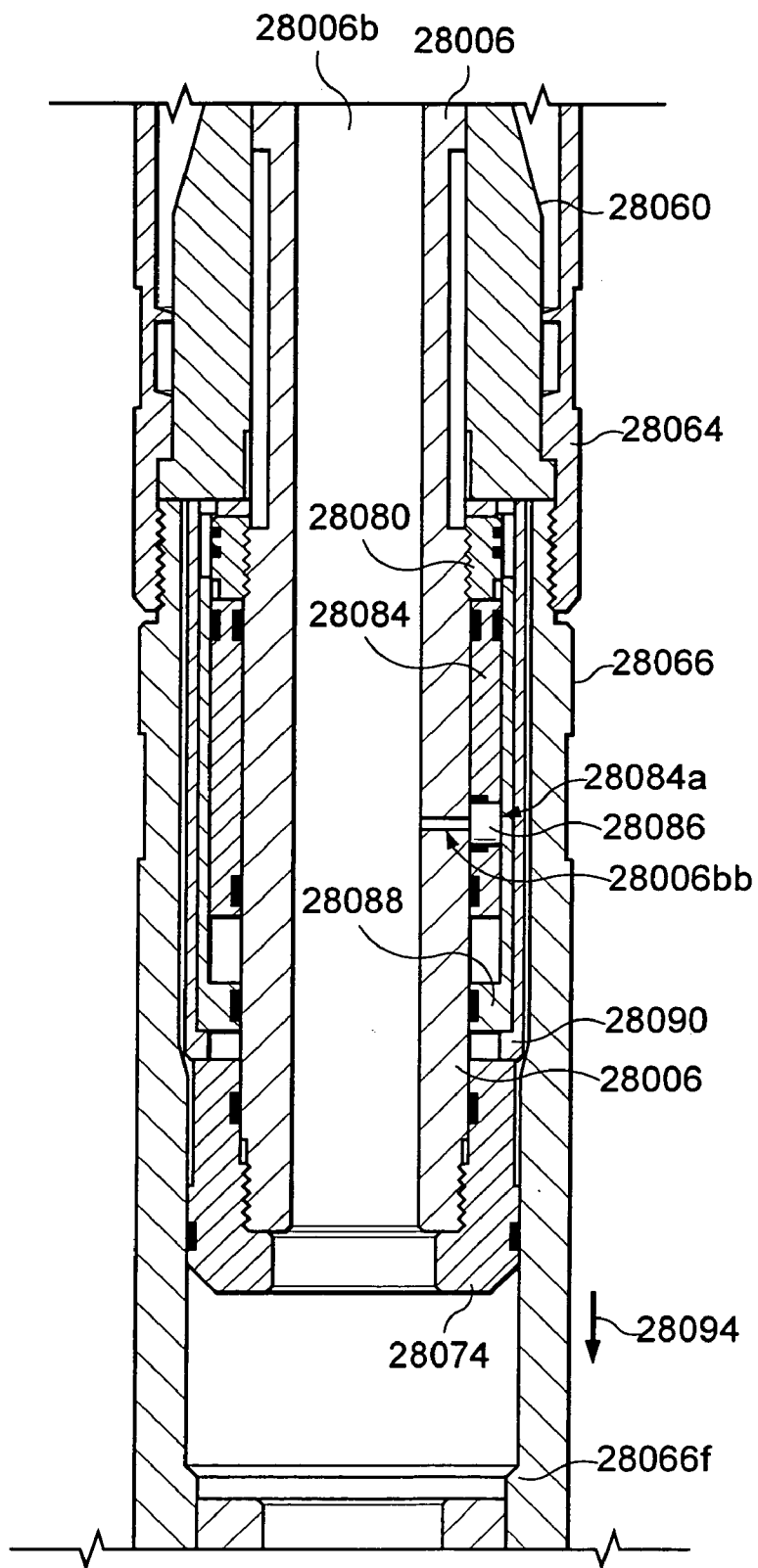
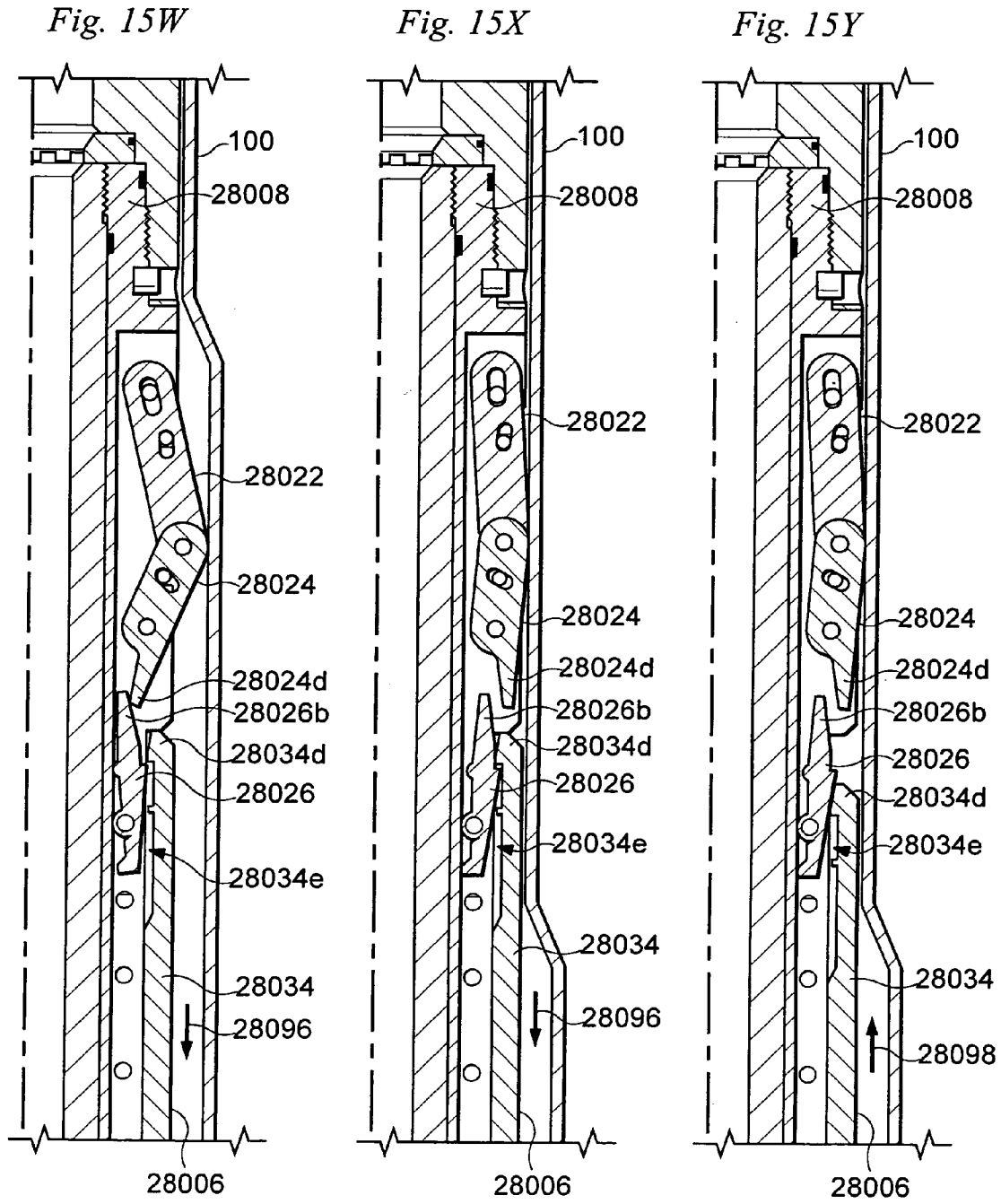


Fig. 15V





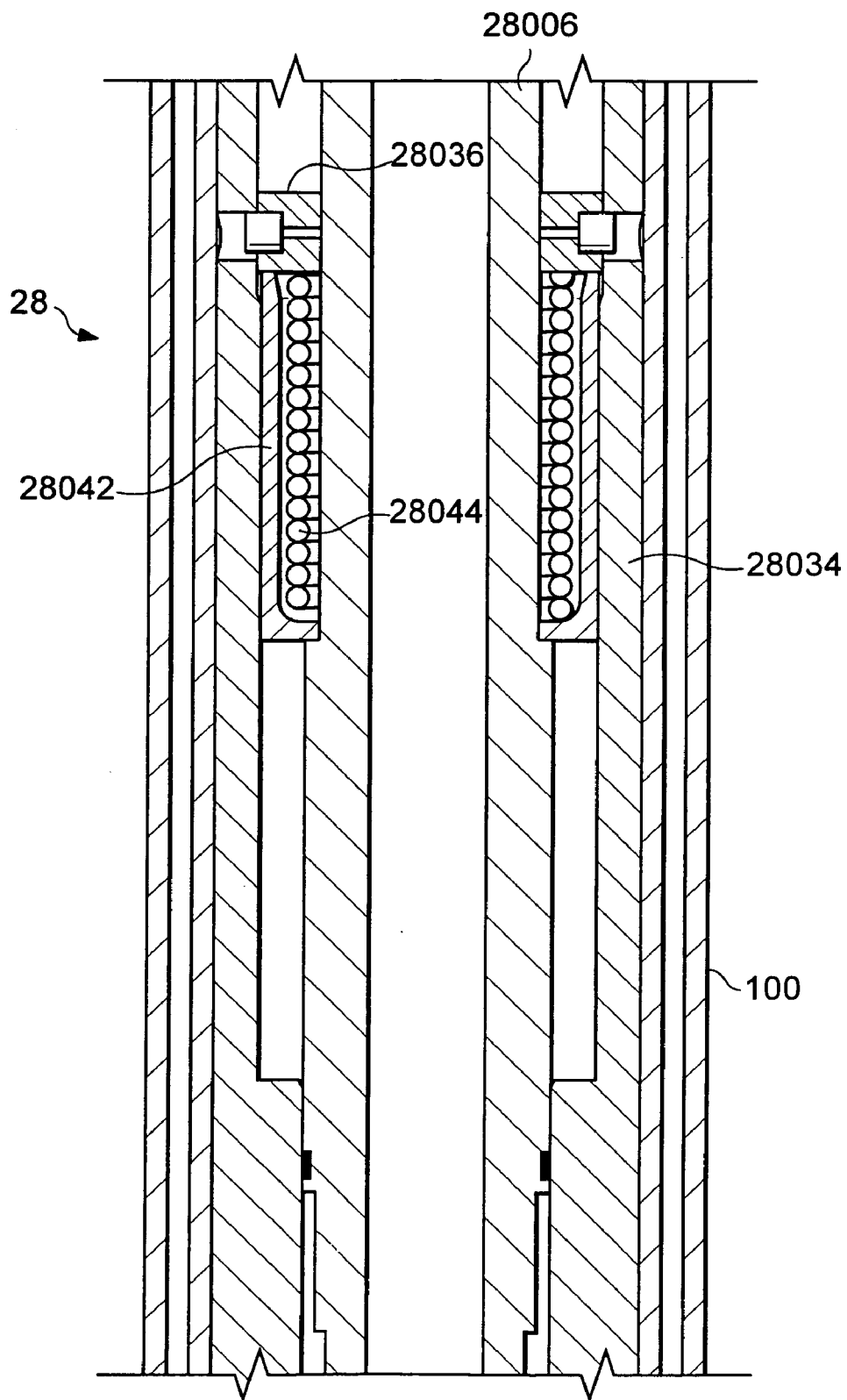


Fig. 15Z2

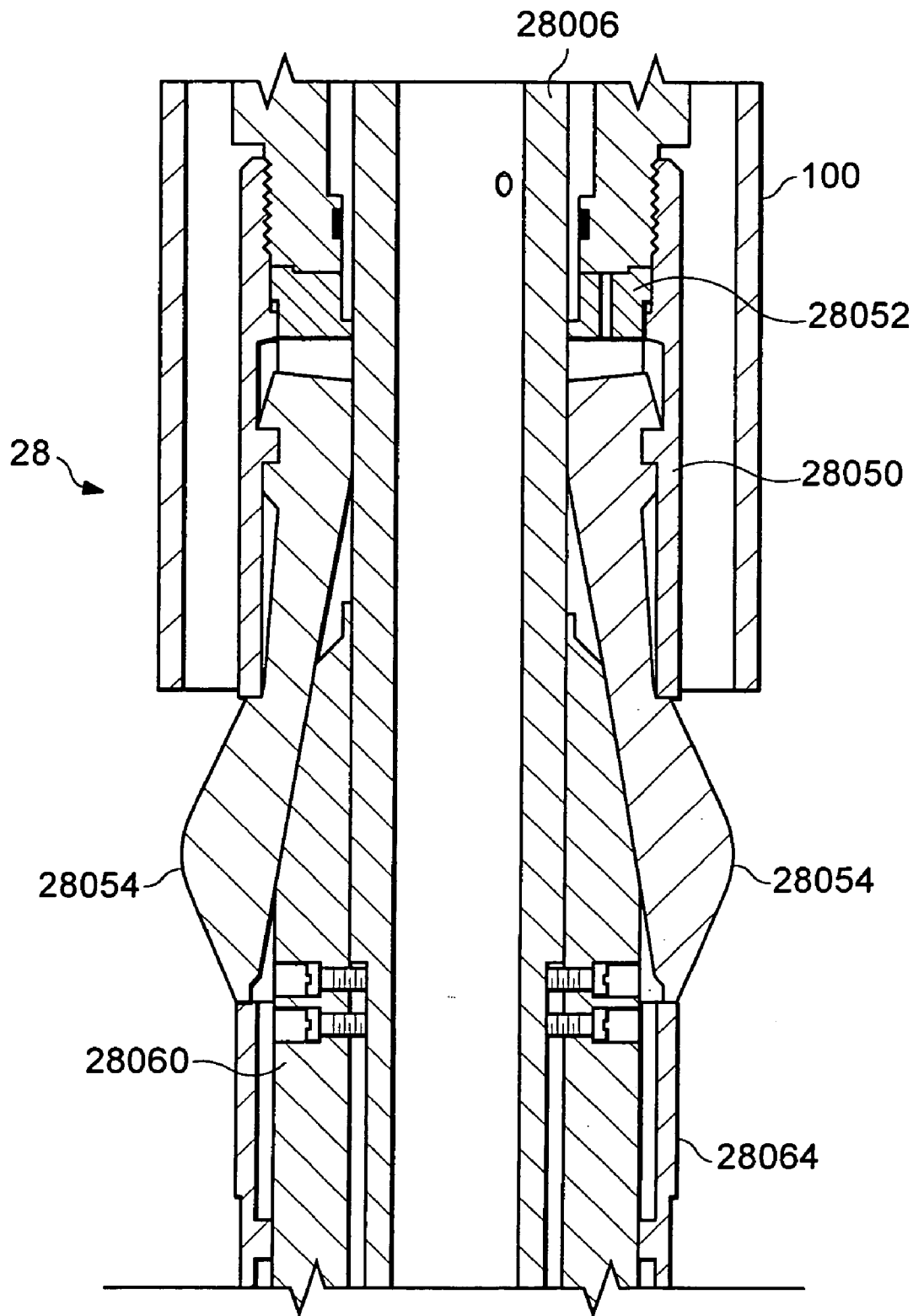


Fig. 15Z3

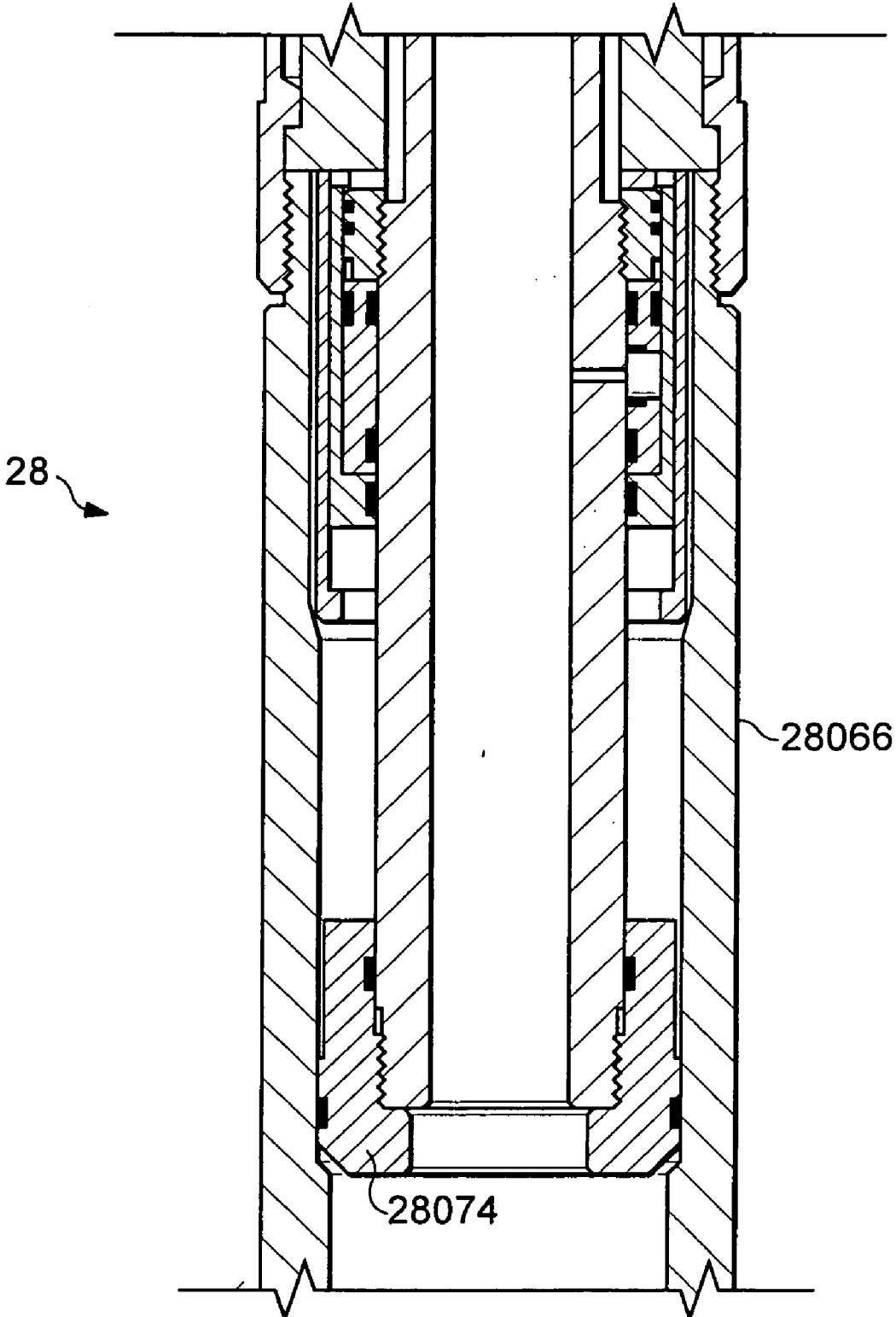


Fig. 15Z4

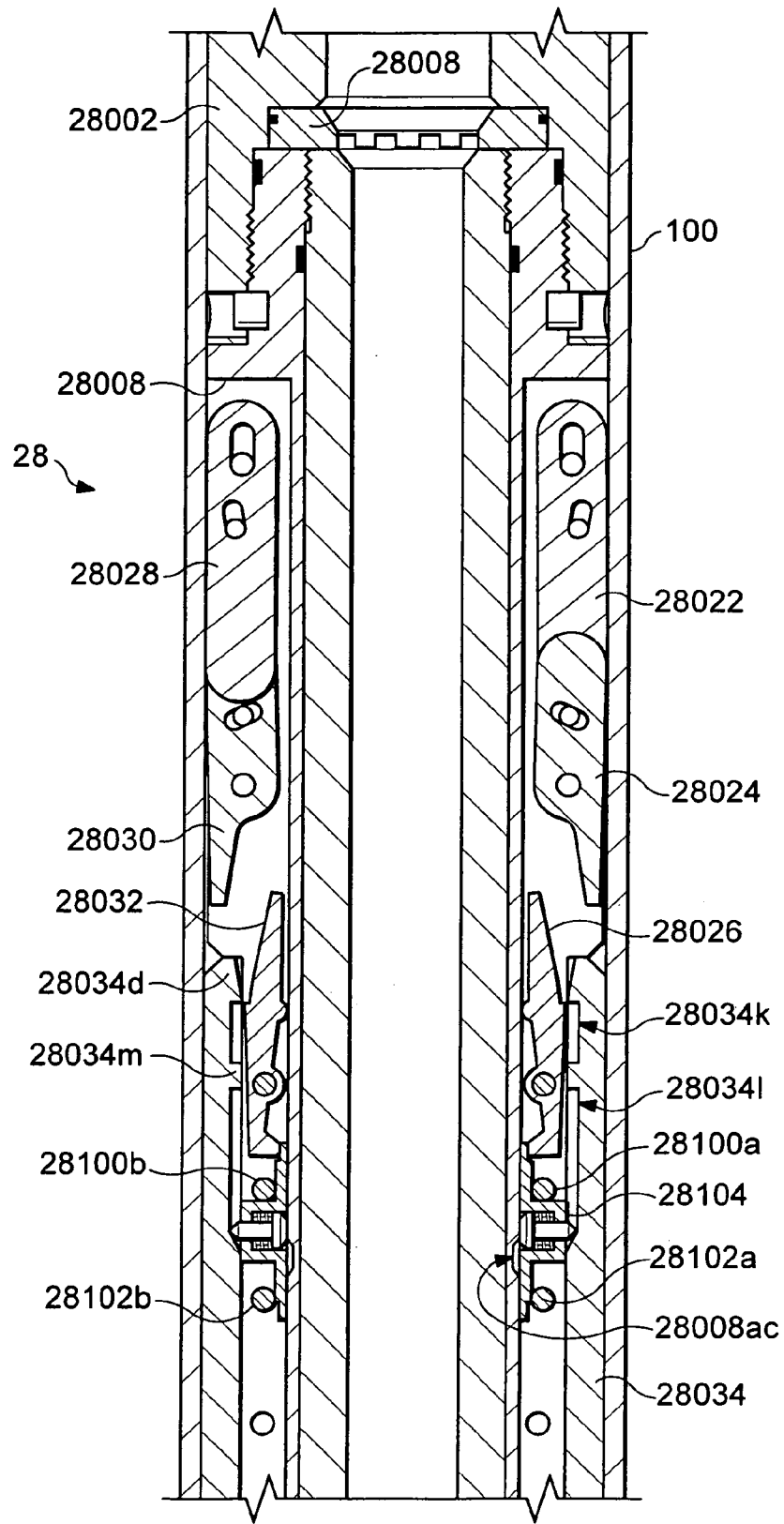


Fig. 15AA1

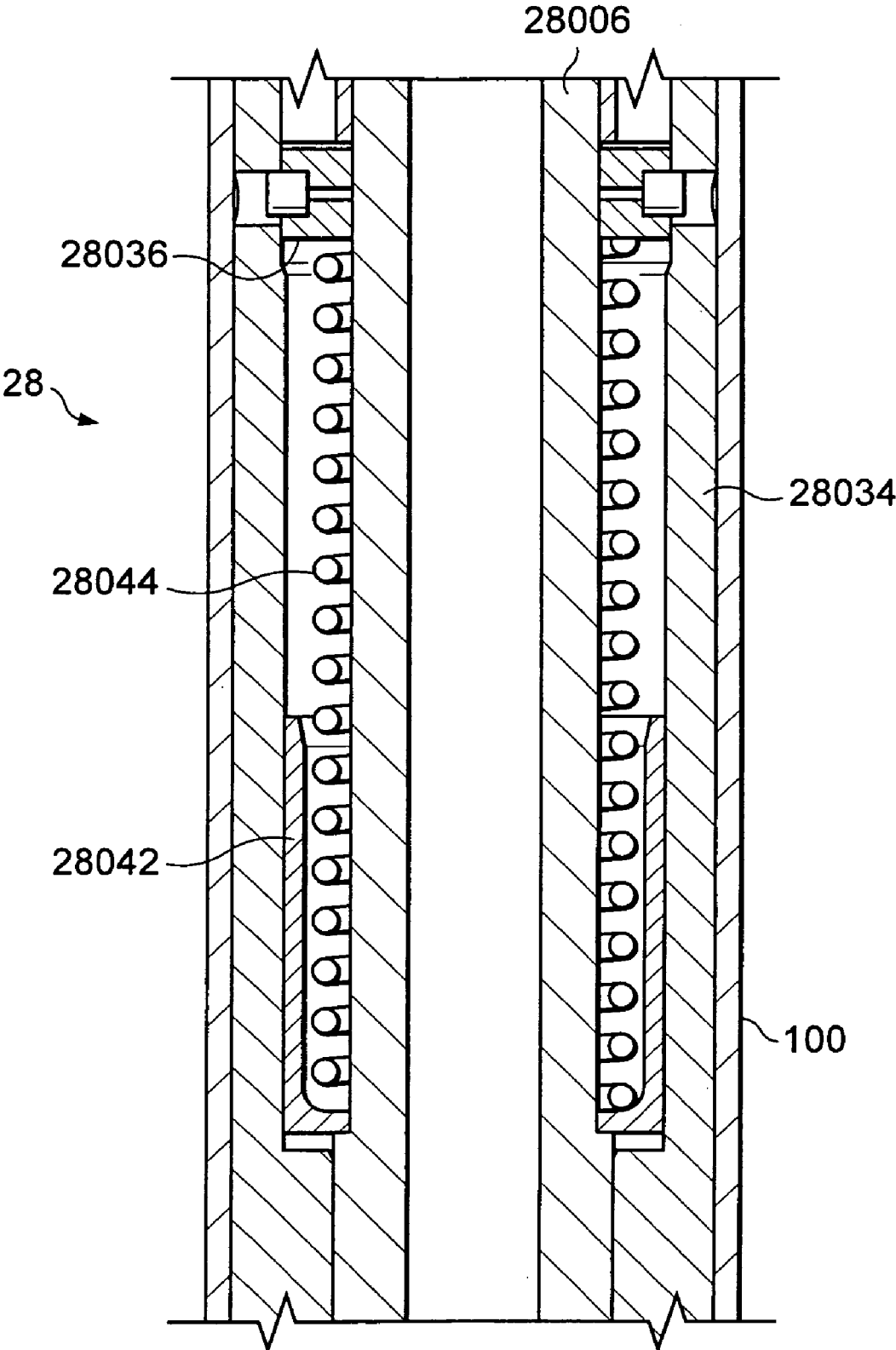


Fig. 15AA2

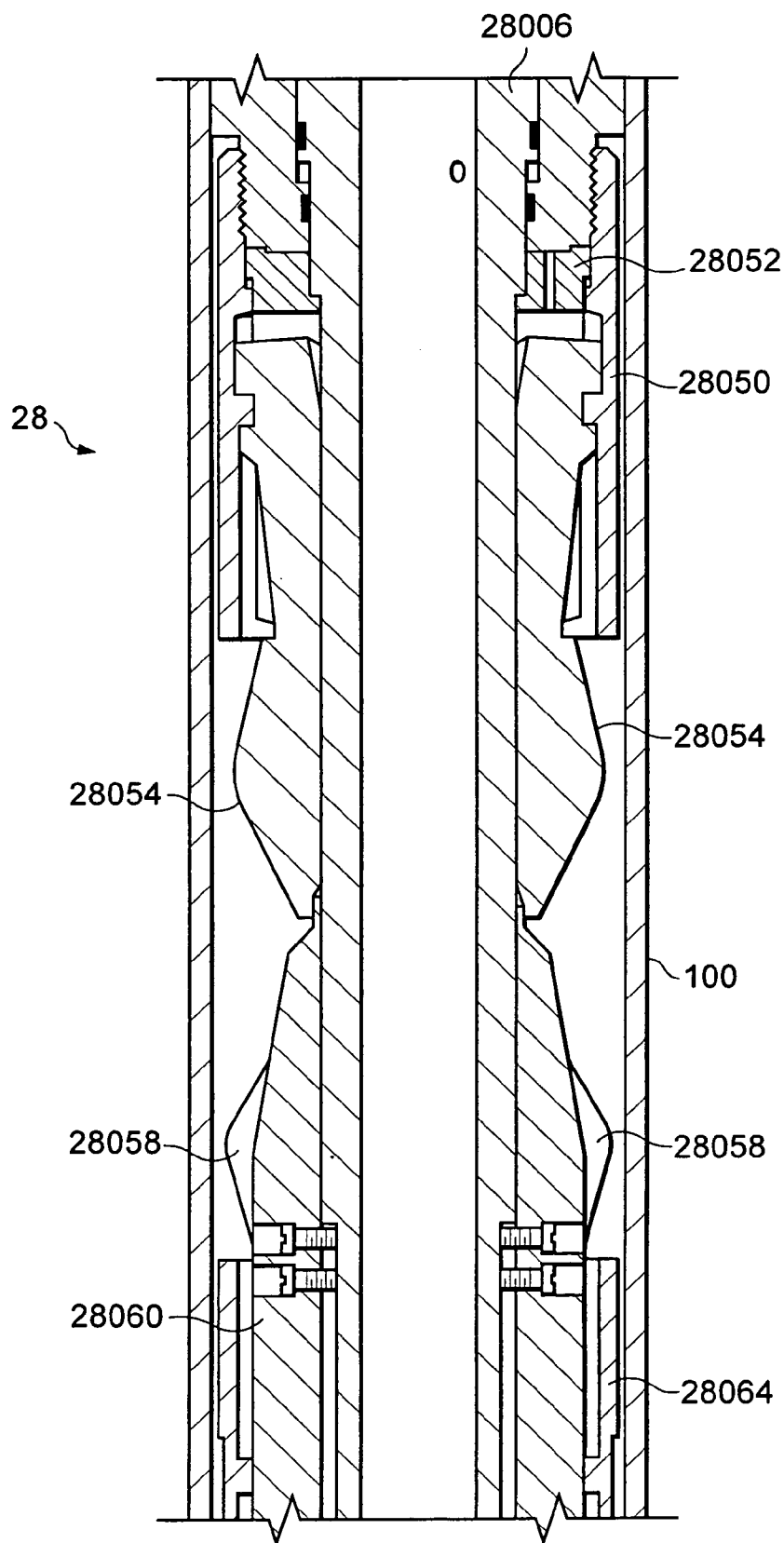
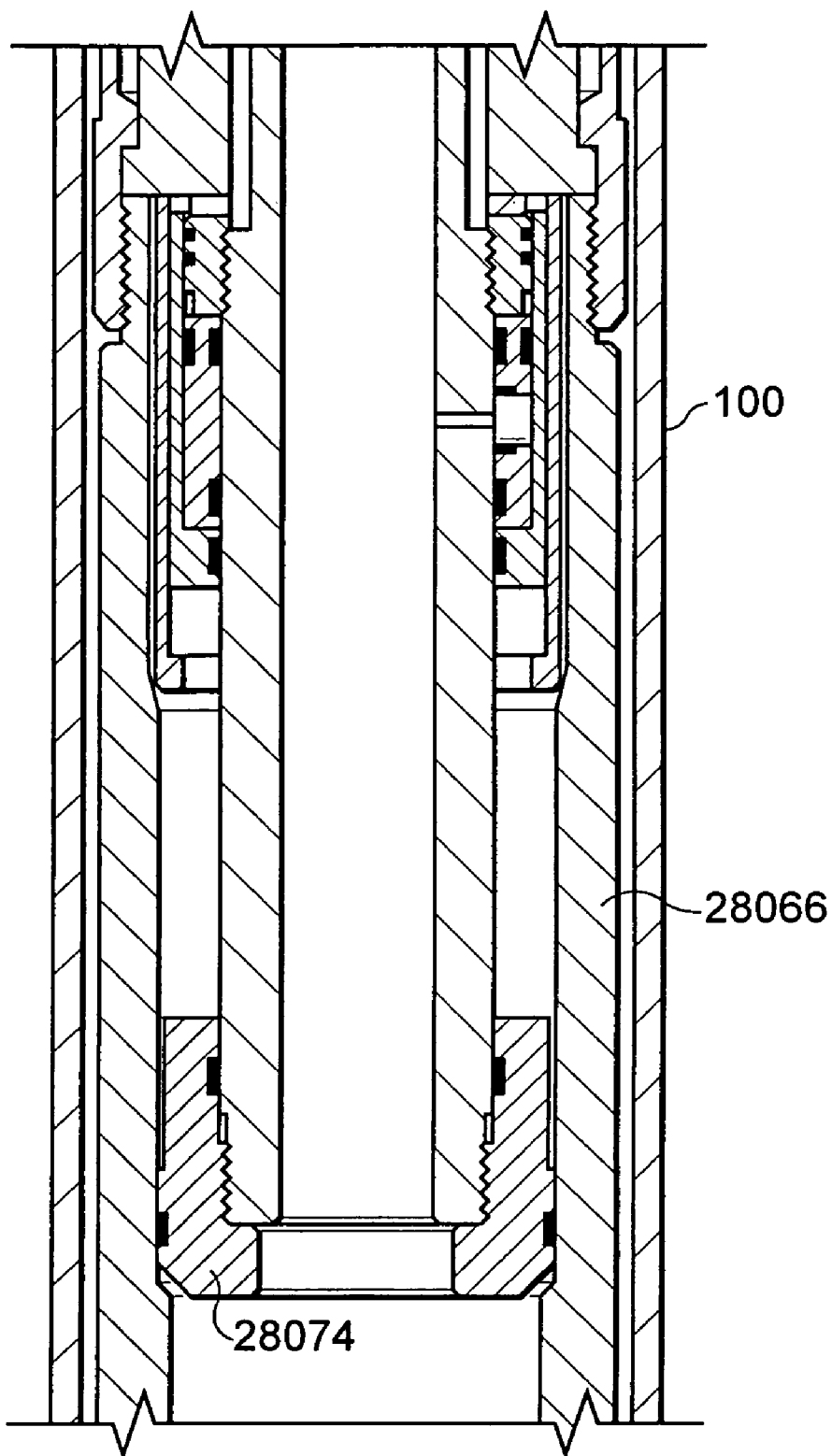


Fig. 15AA3



*Fig. 15AA4*

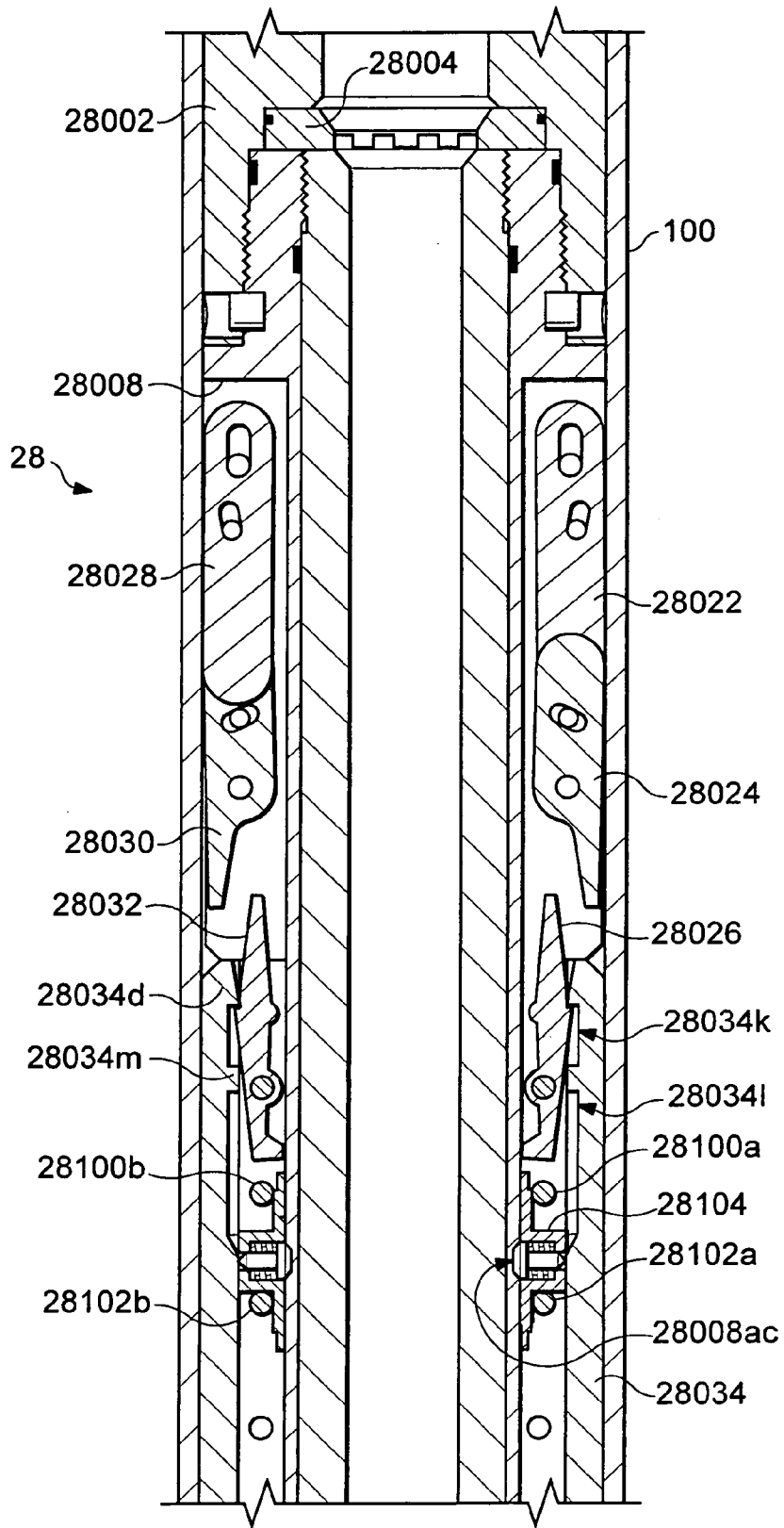


Fig. 15AB1



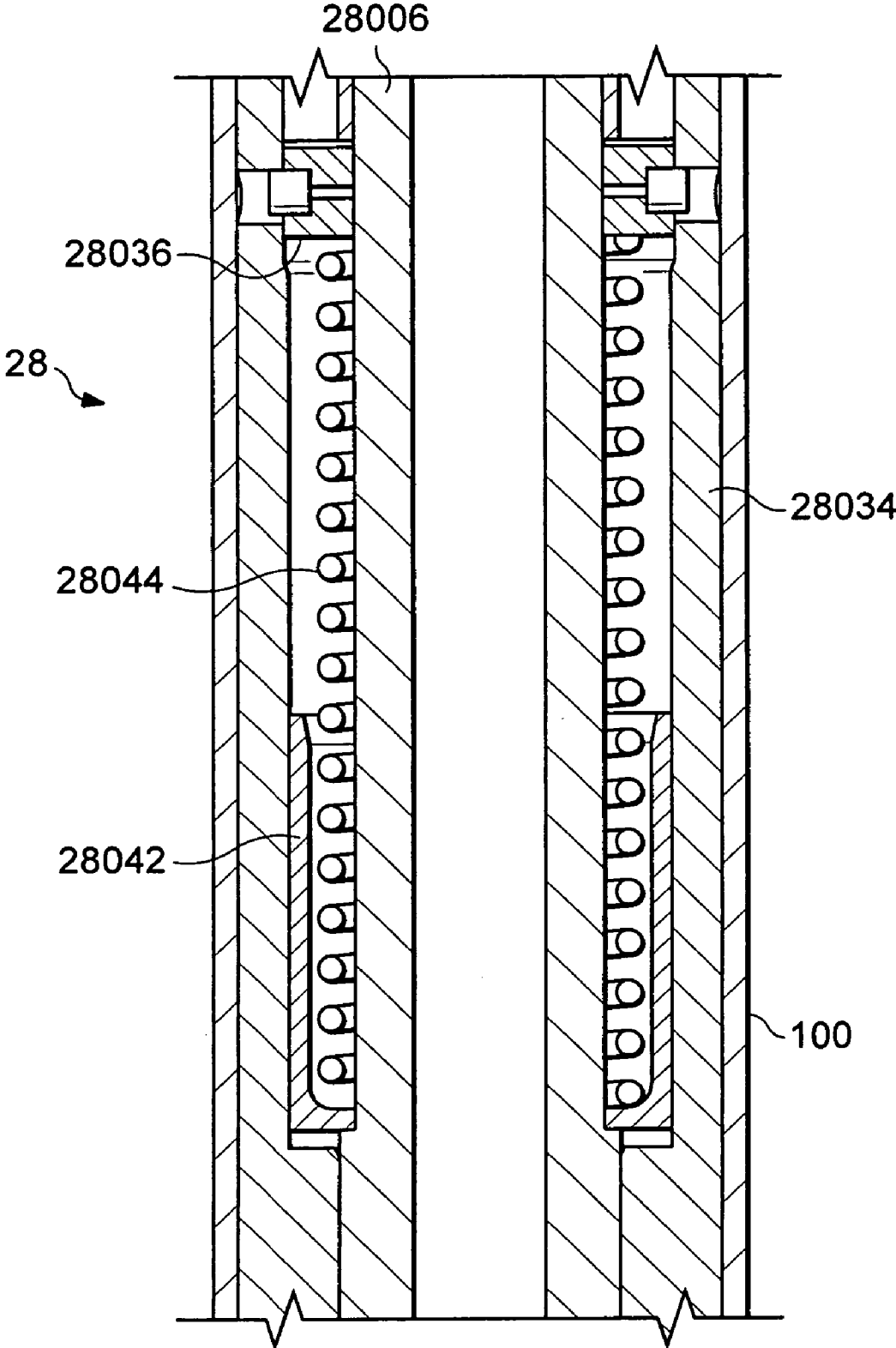


Fig. 15AB2

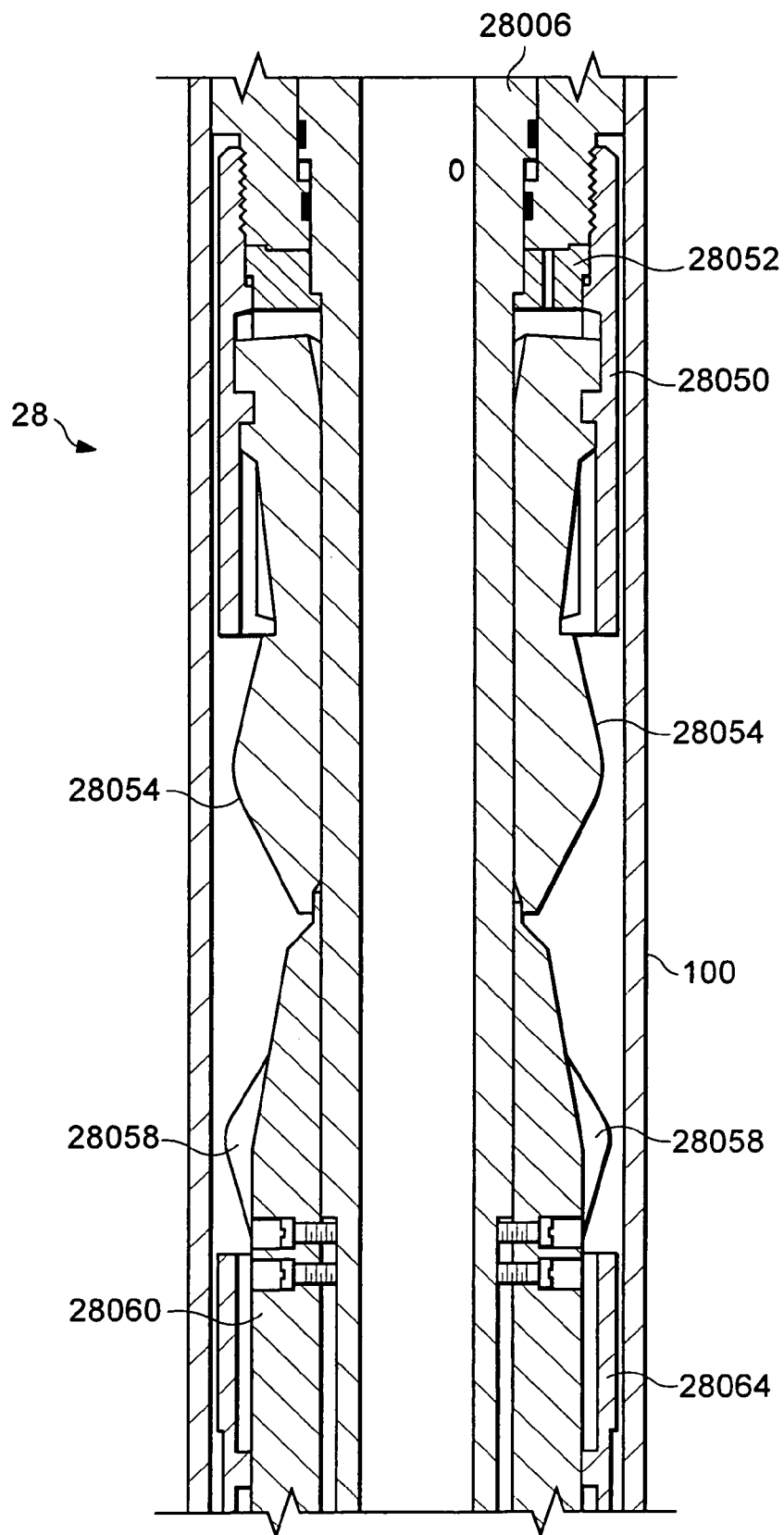


Fig. 15AB3

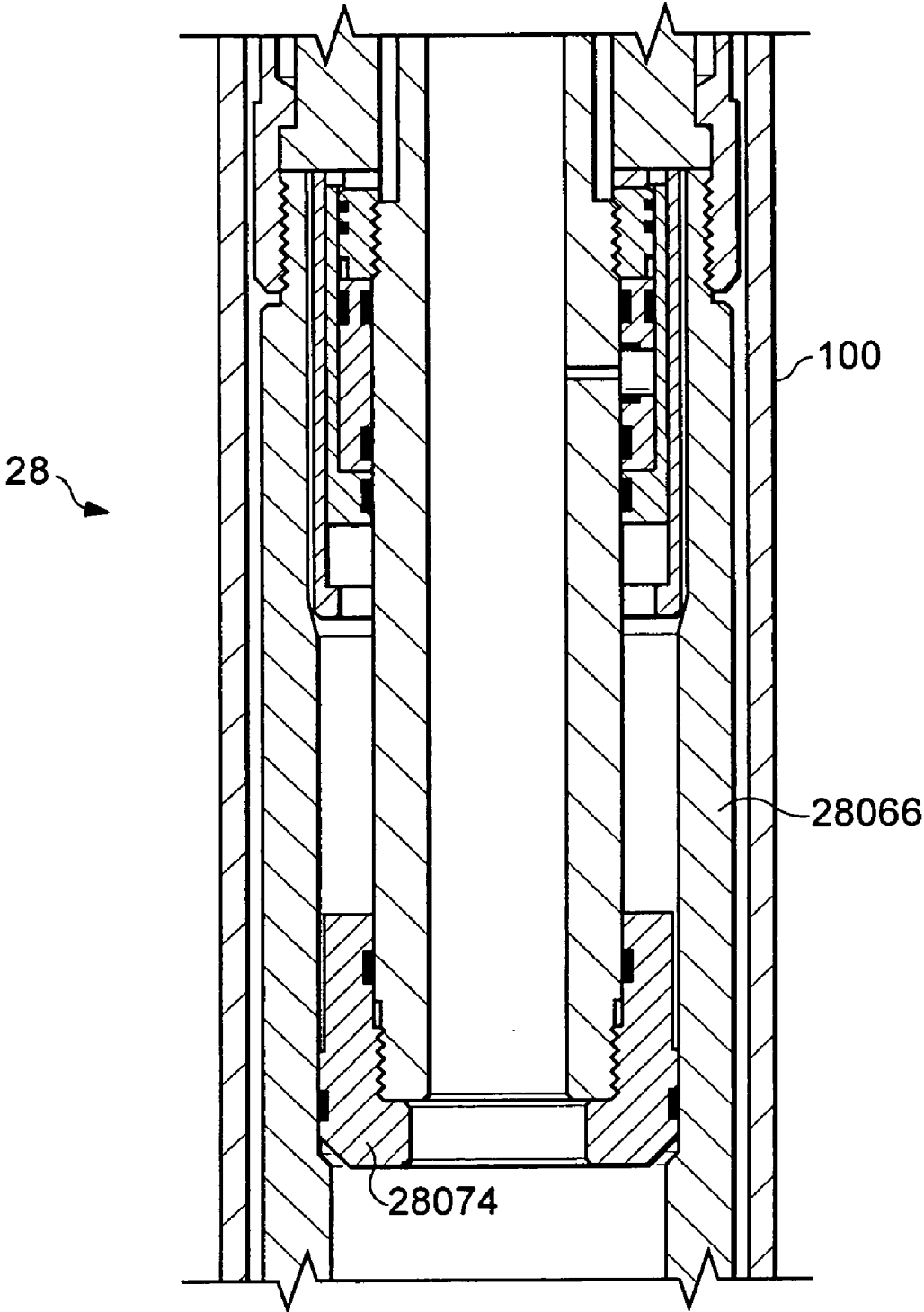


Fig. 15AB4

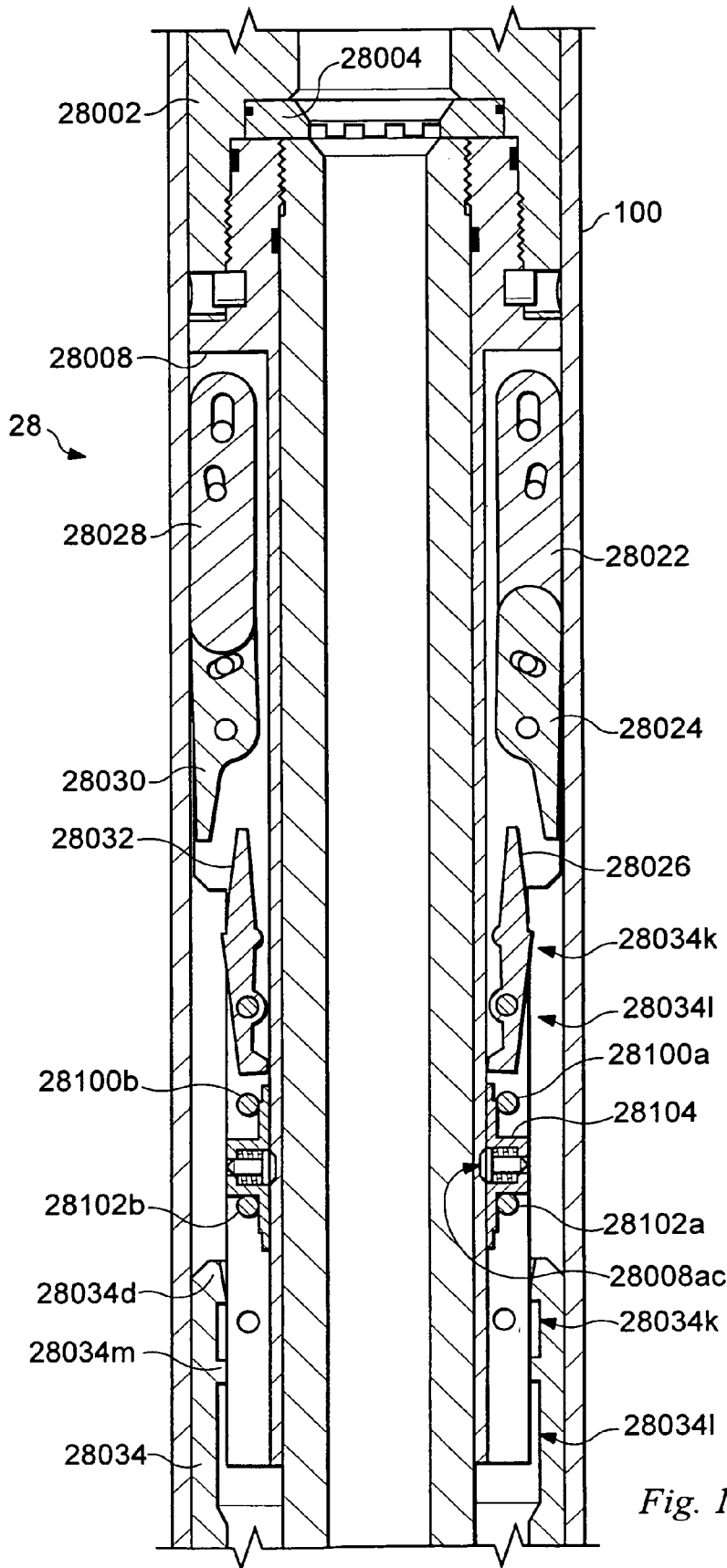


Fig. 15AC1

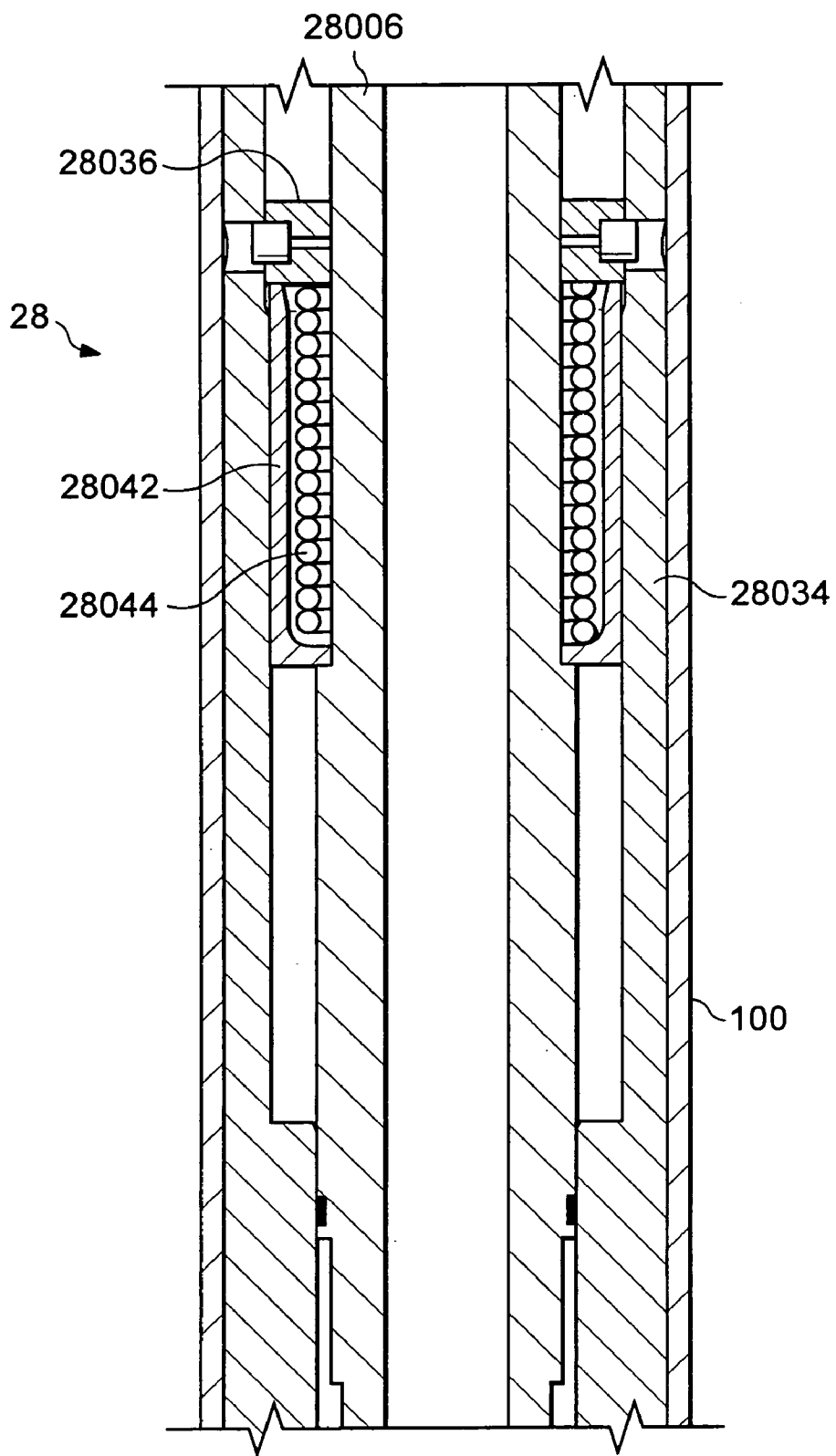


Fig. 15AC2

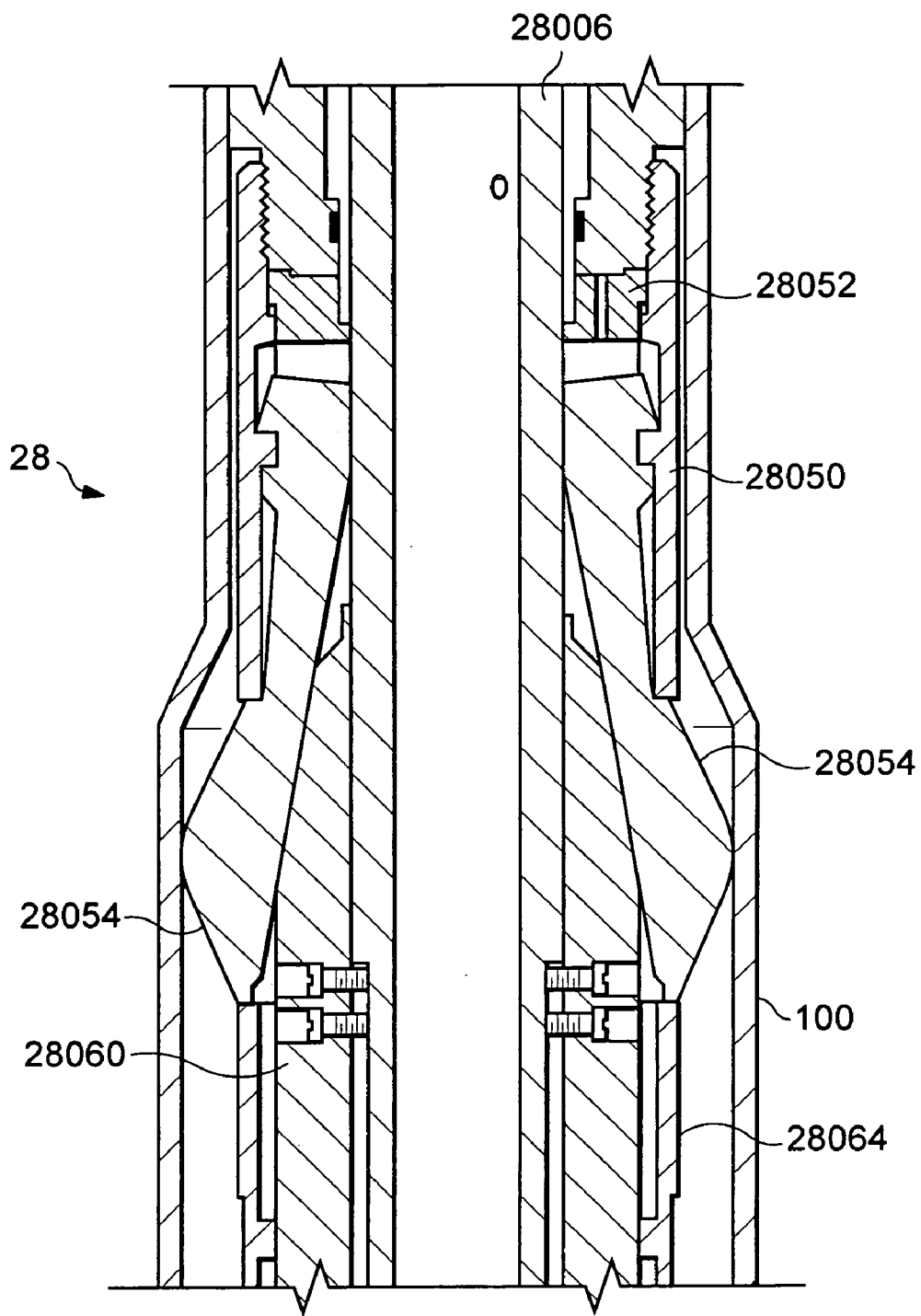
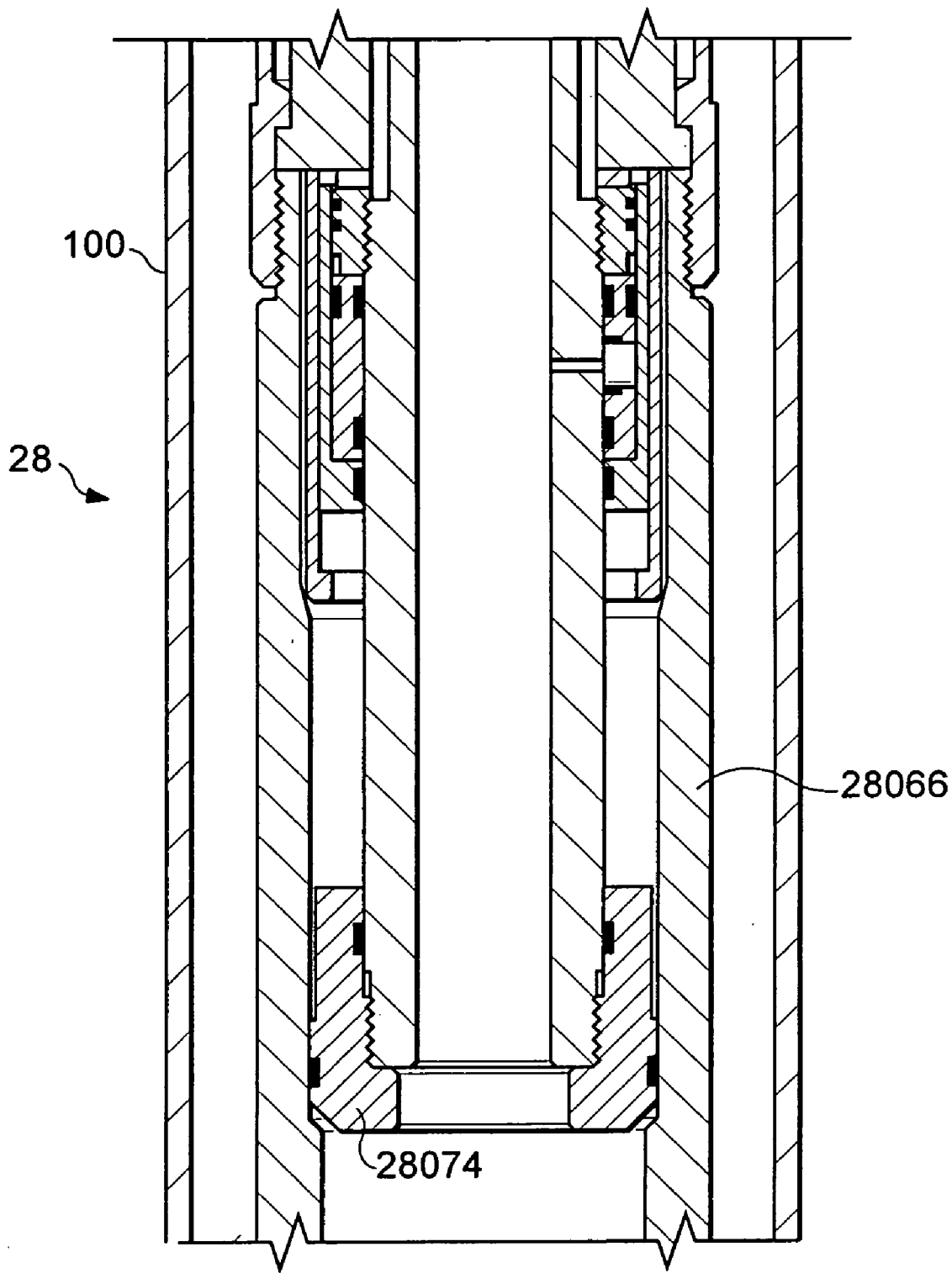


Fig. 15AC3



*Fig. 15AC4*

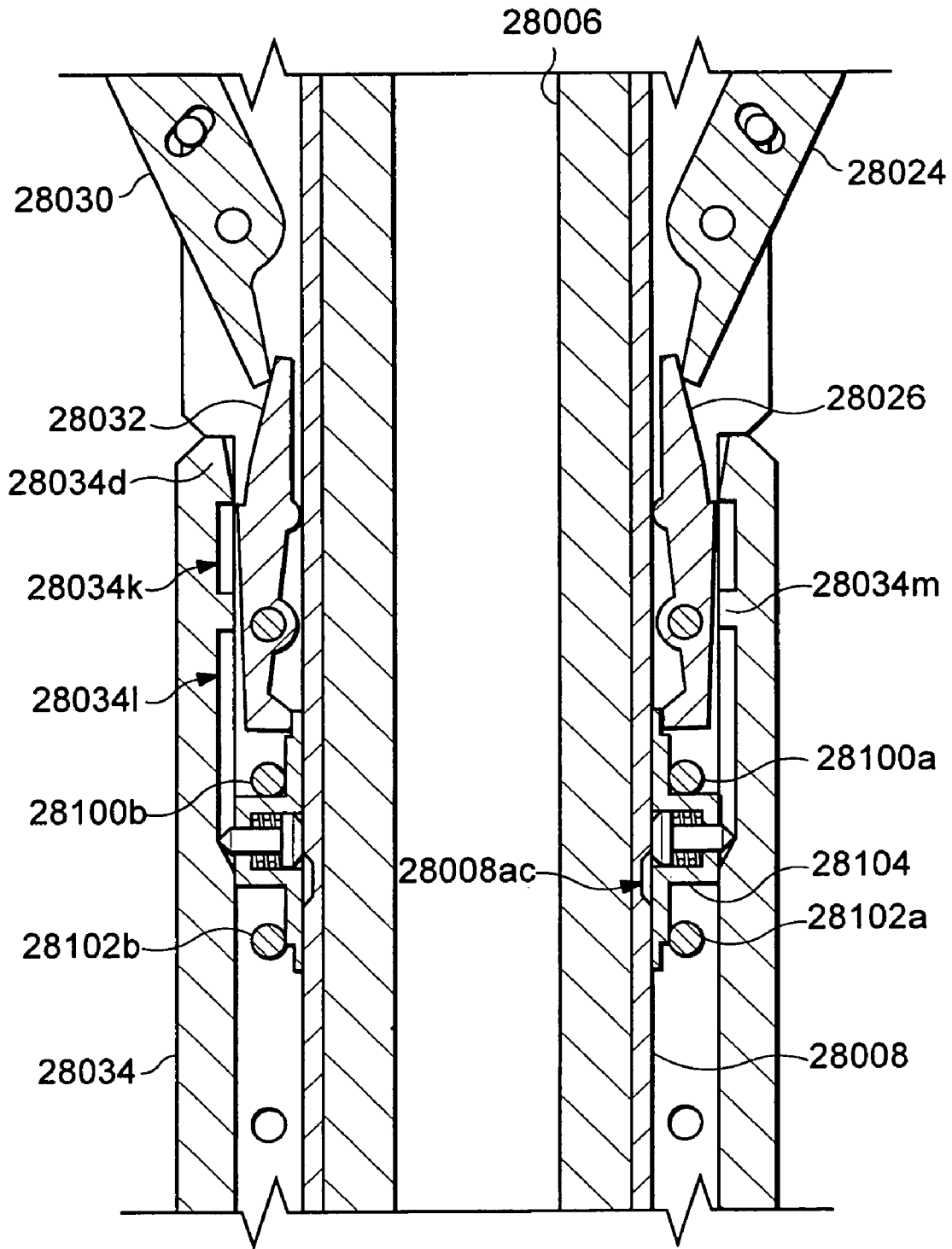


Fig. 15AD



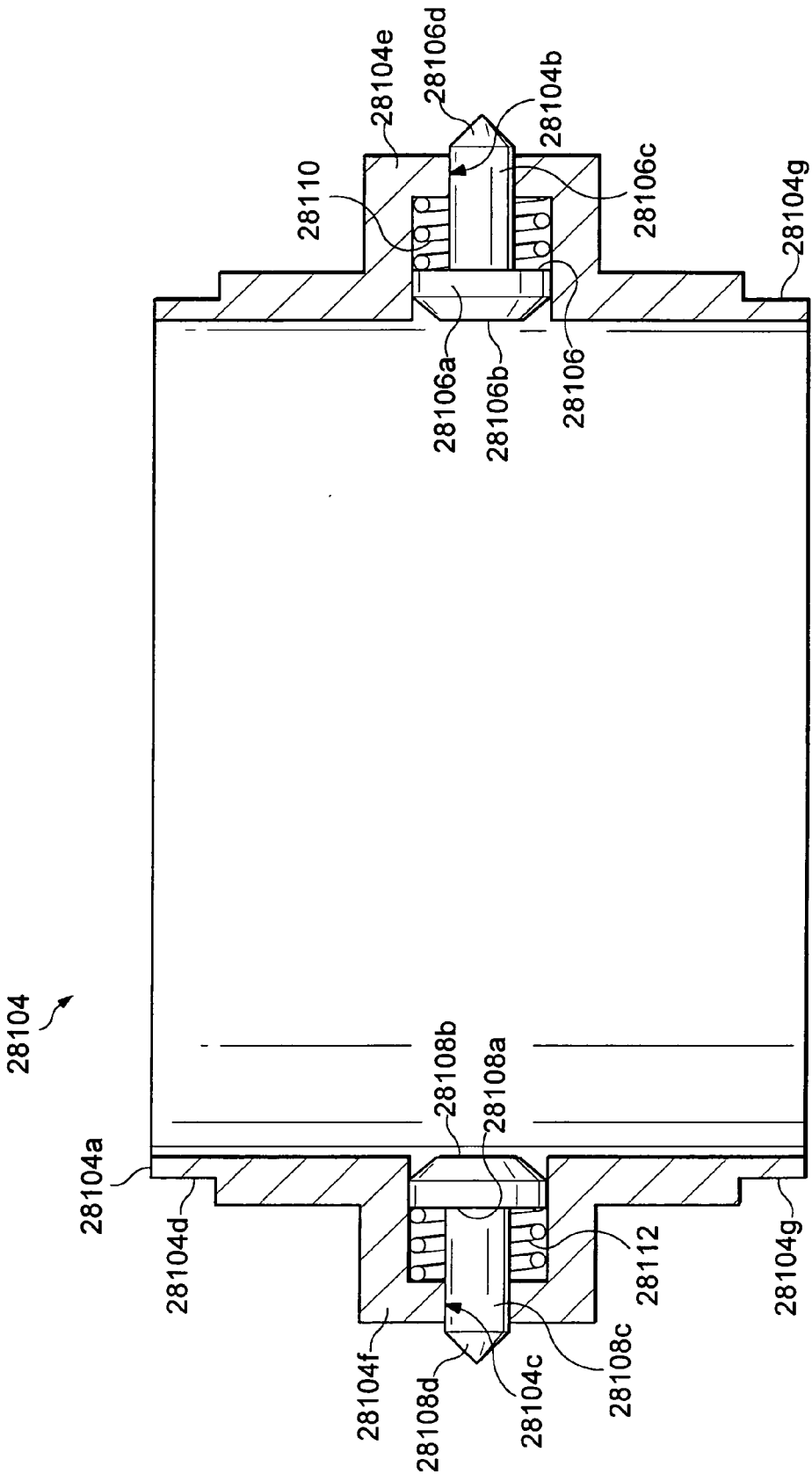


Fig. 15AE

Fig. 16-1

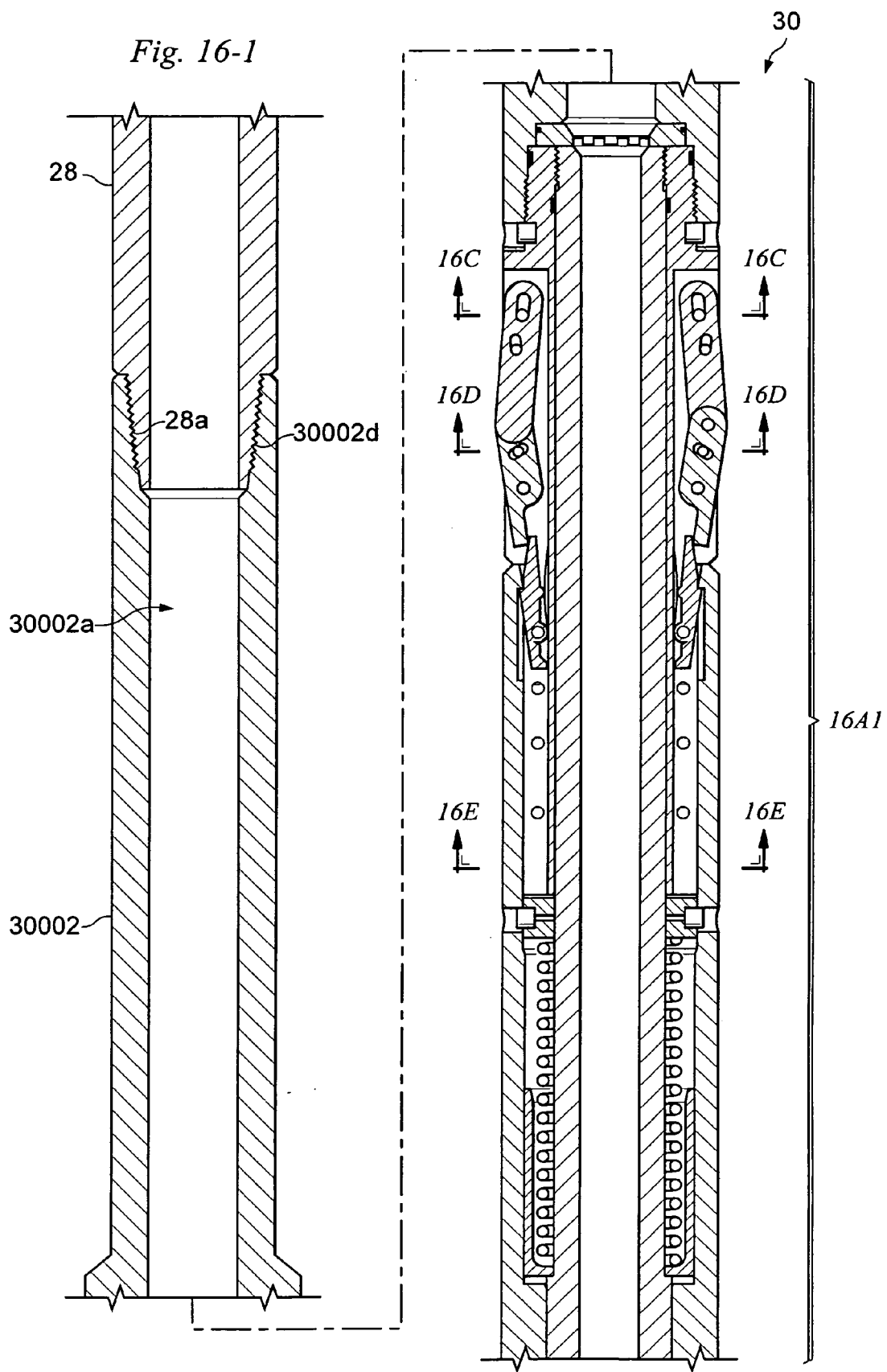


Fig. 16-2

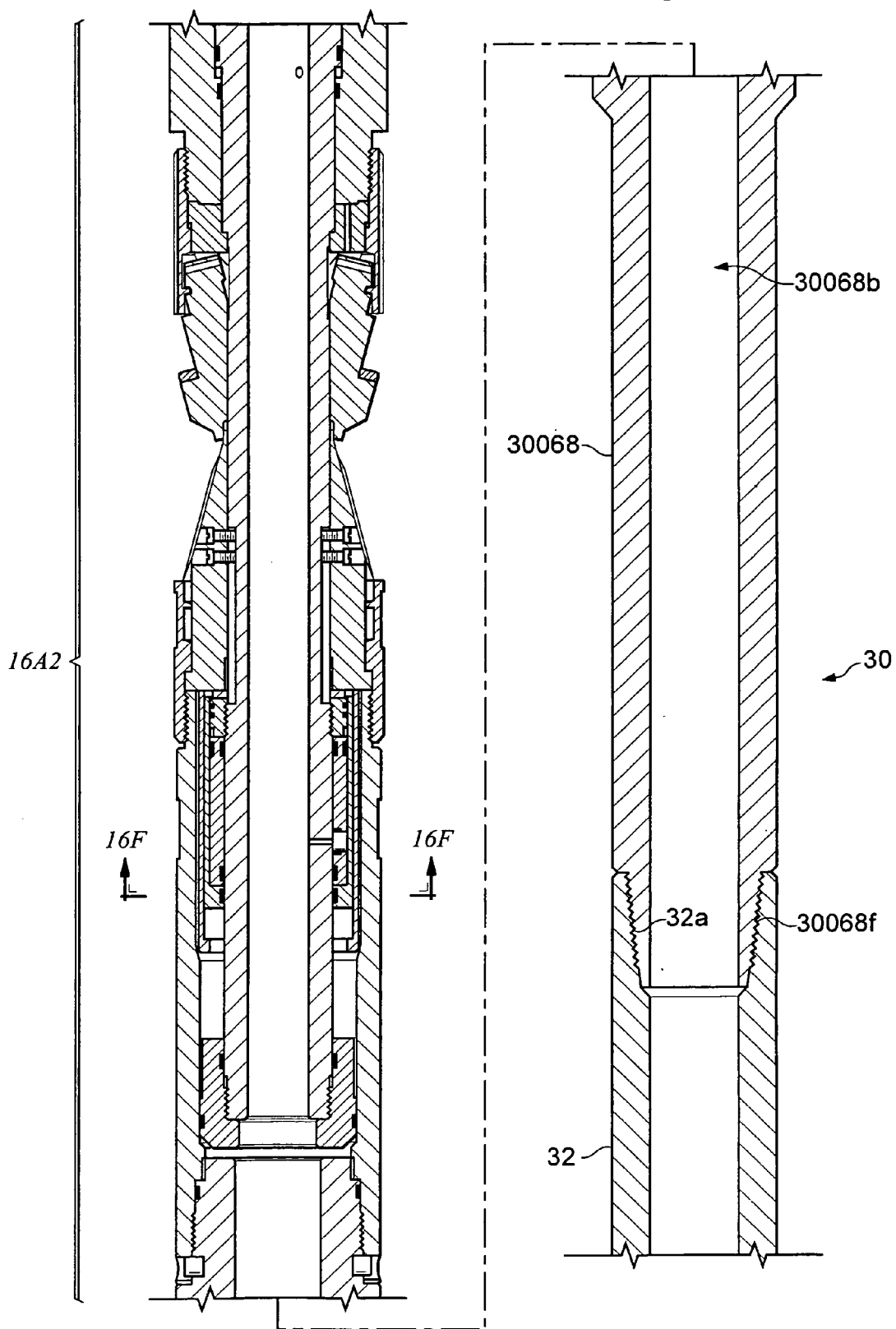
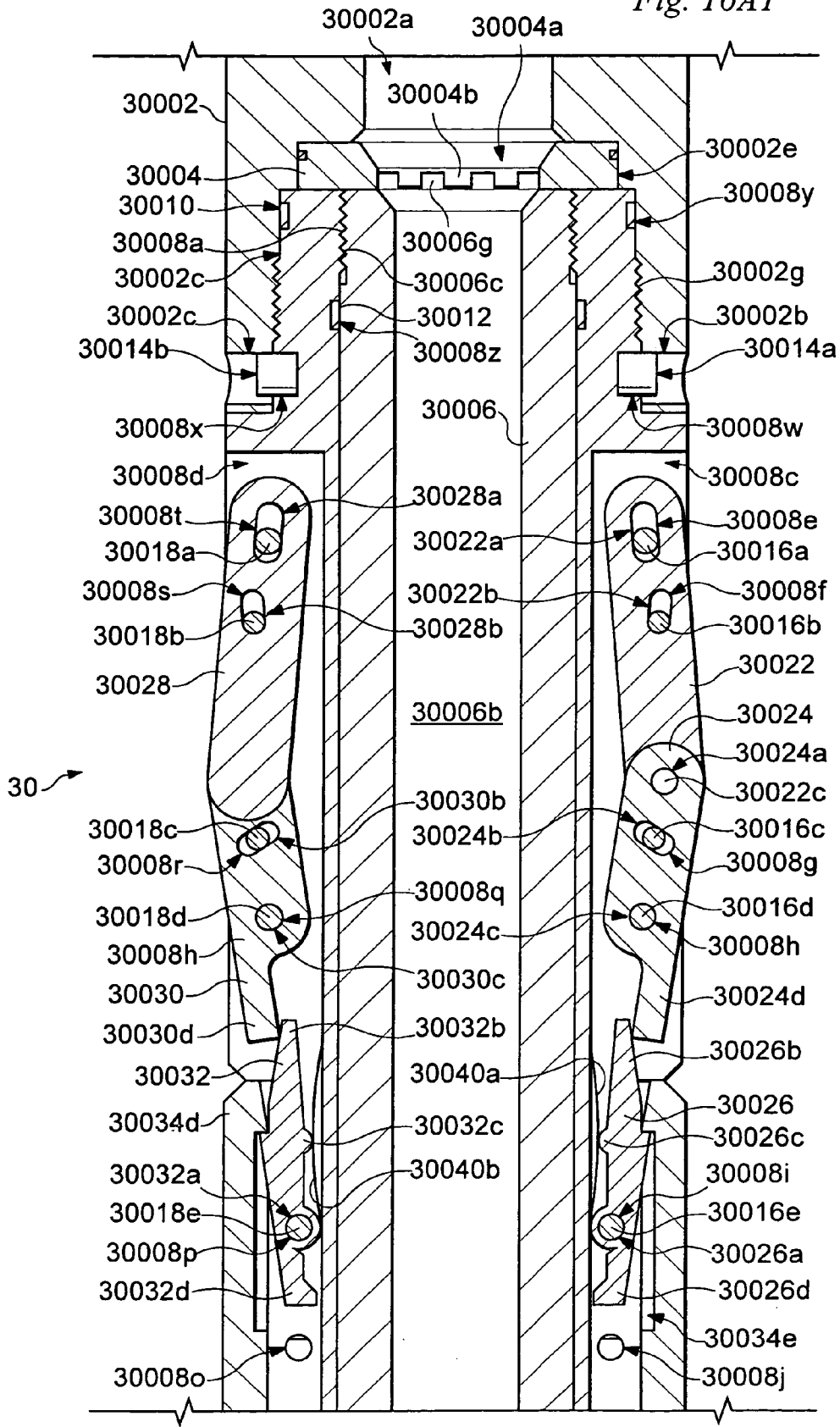
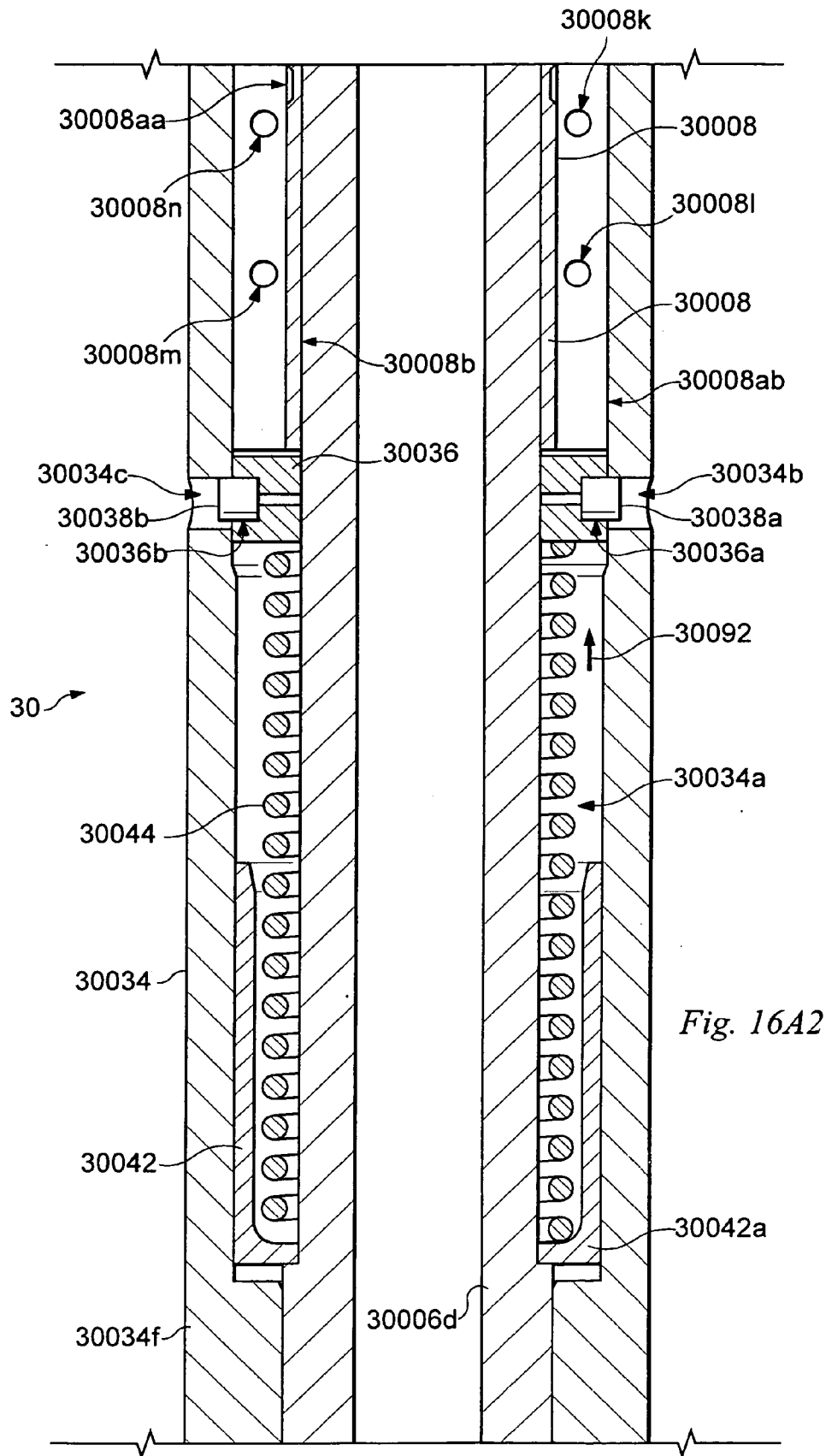
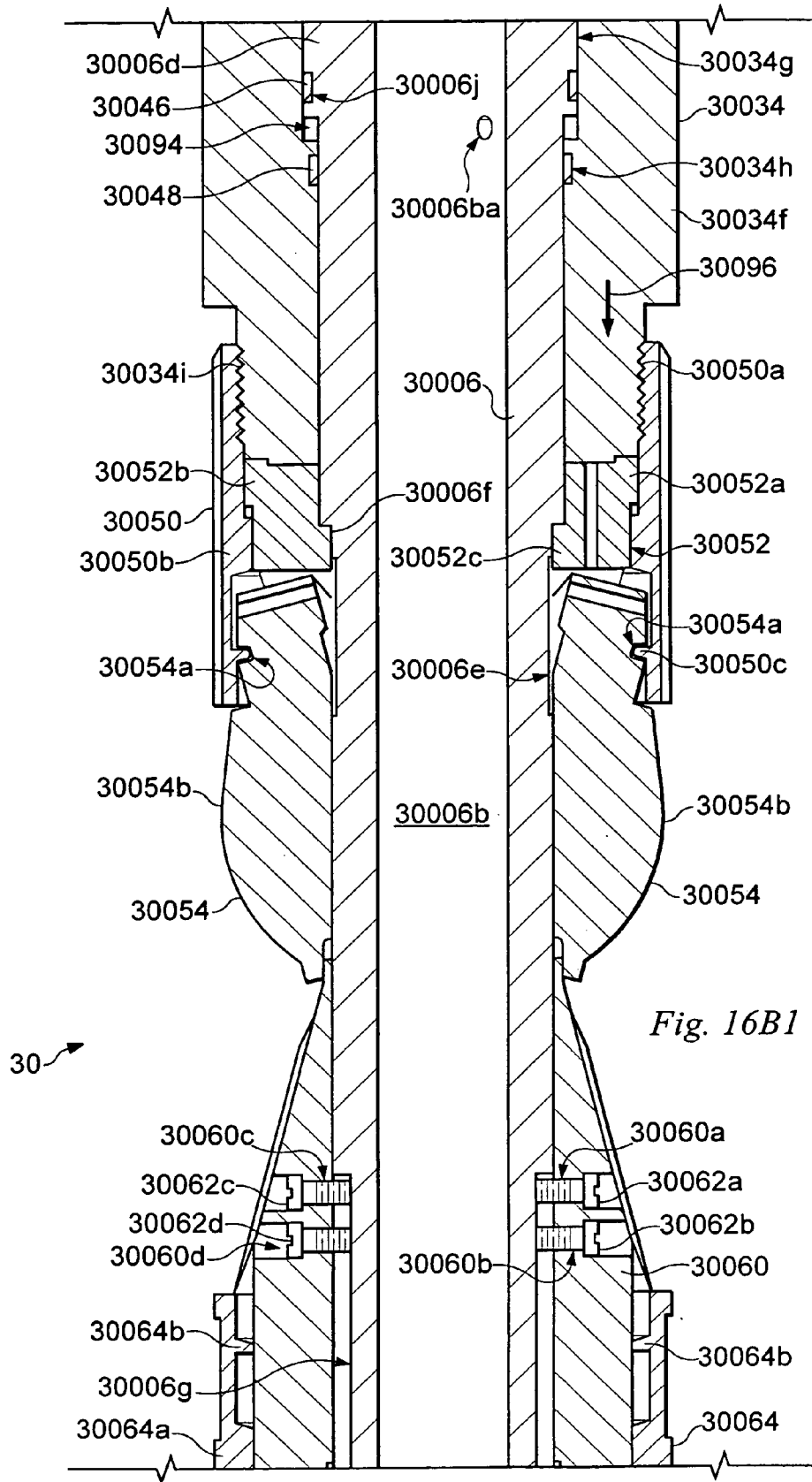
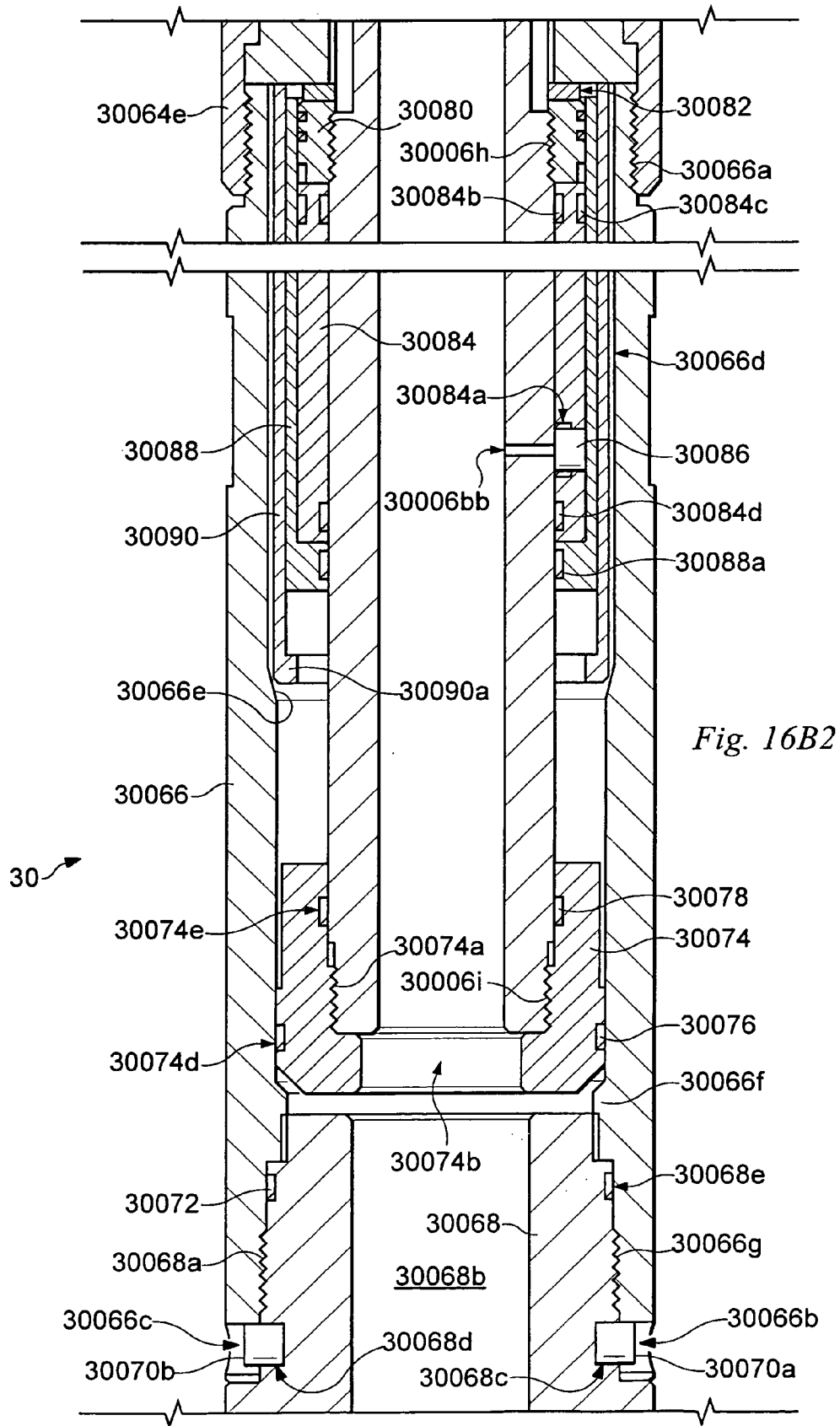


Fig. 16A1









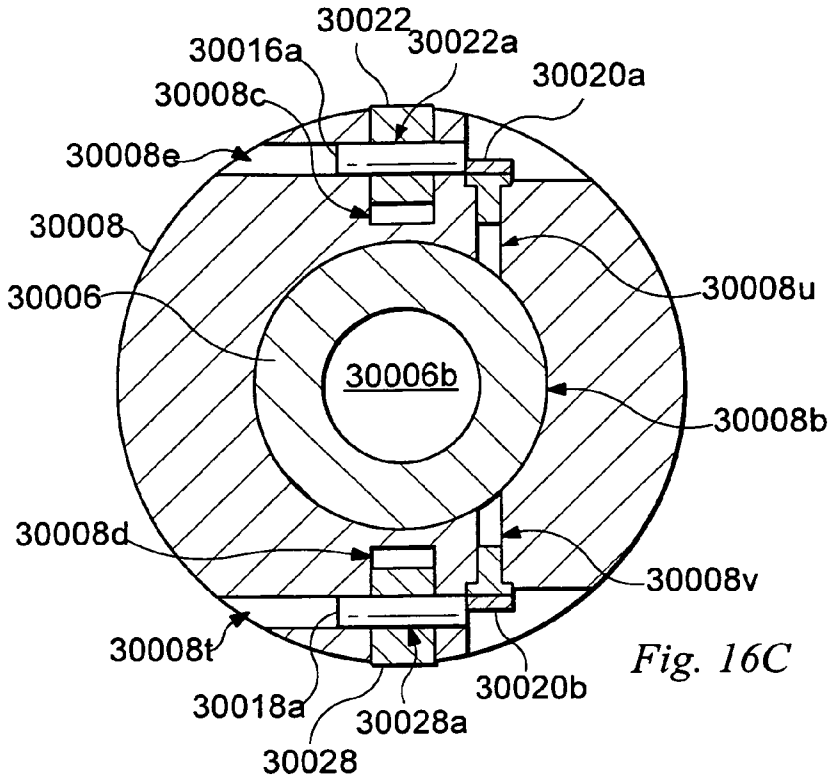


Fig. 16C

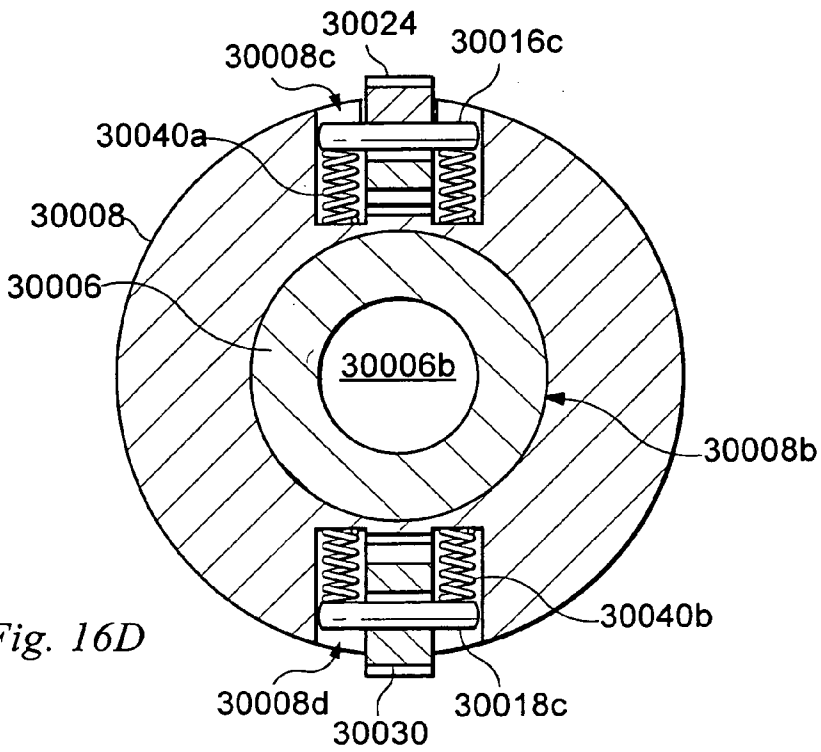


Fig. 16D



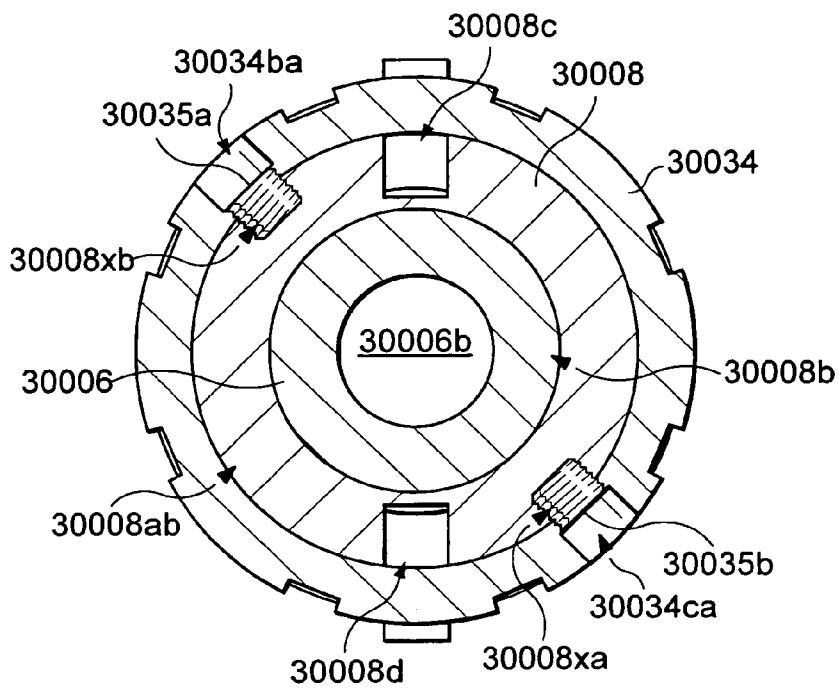


Fig. 16E

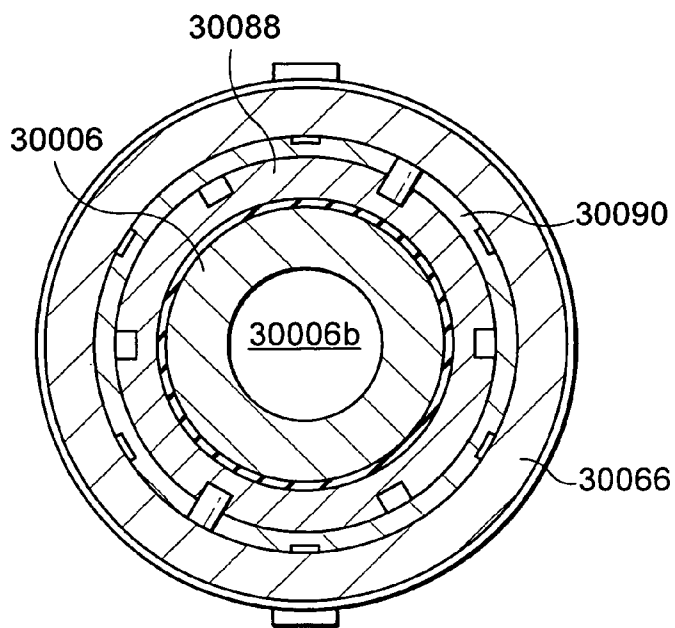


Fig. 16F

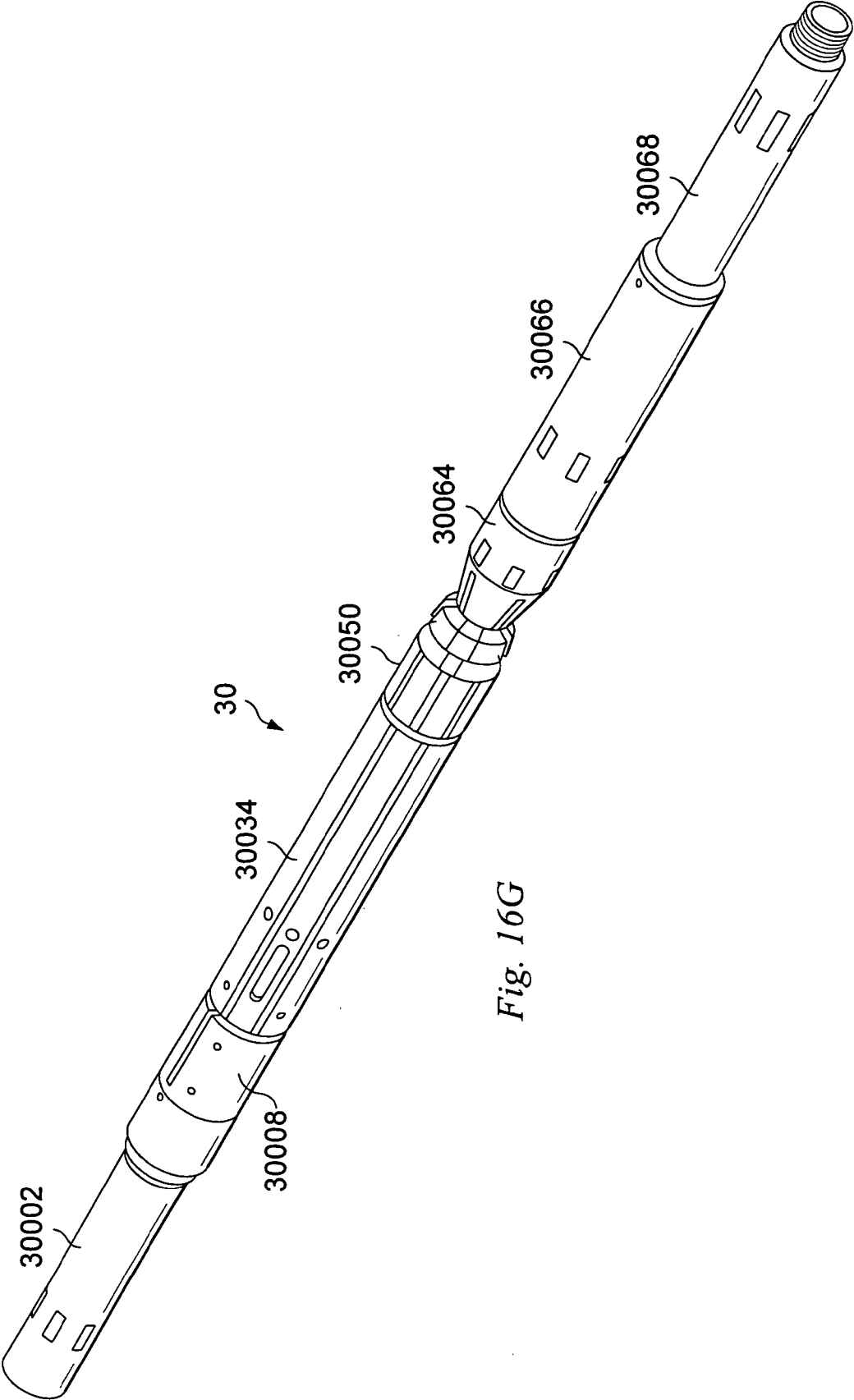


Fig. 16G

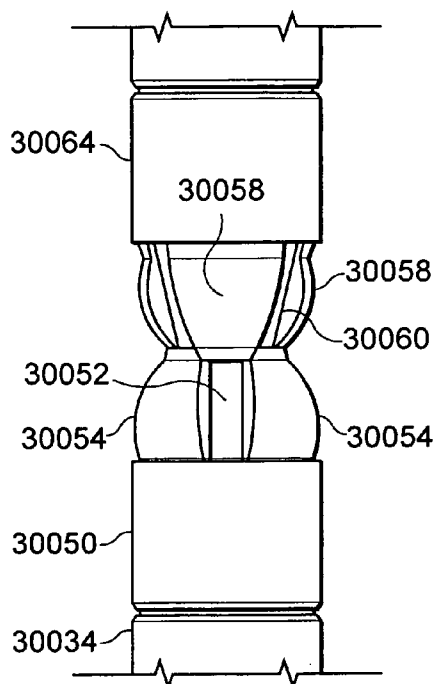


Fig. 16H

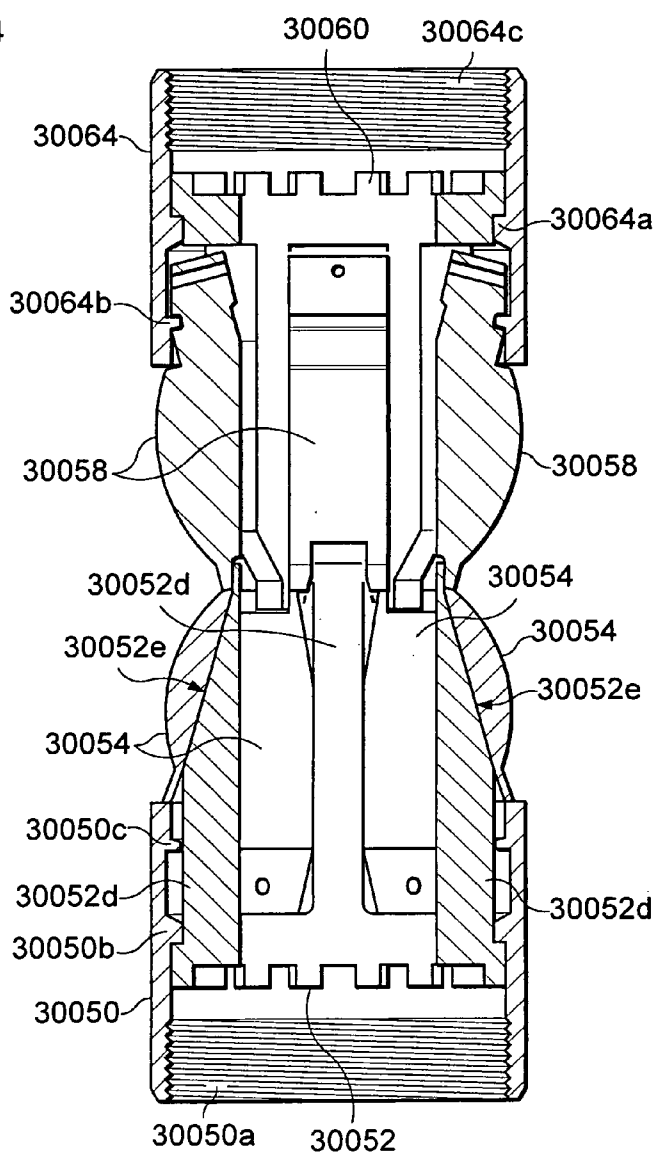
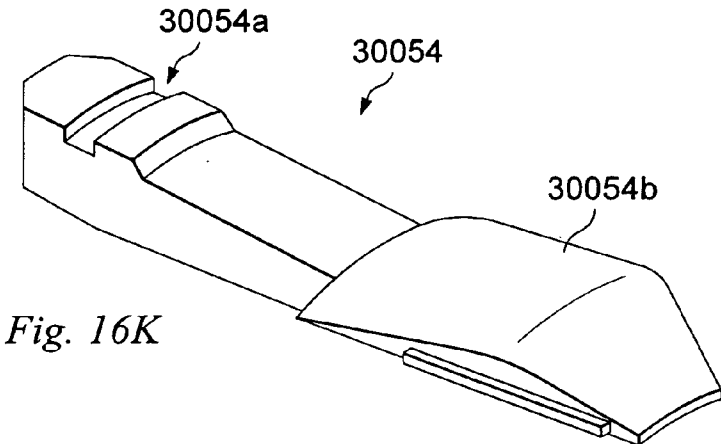
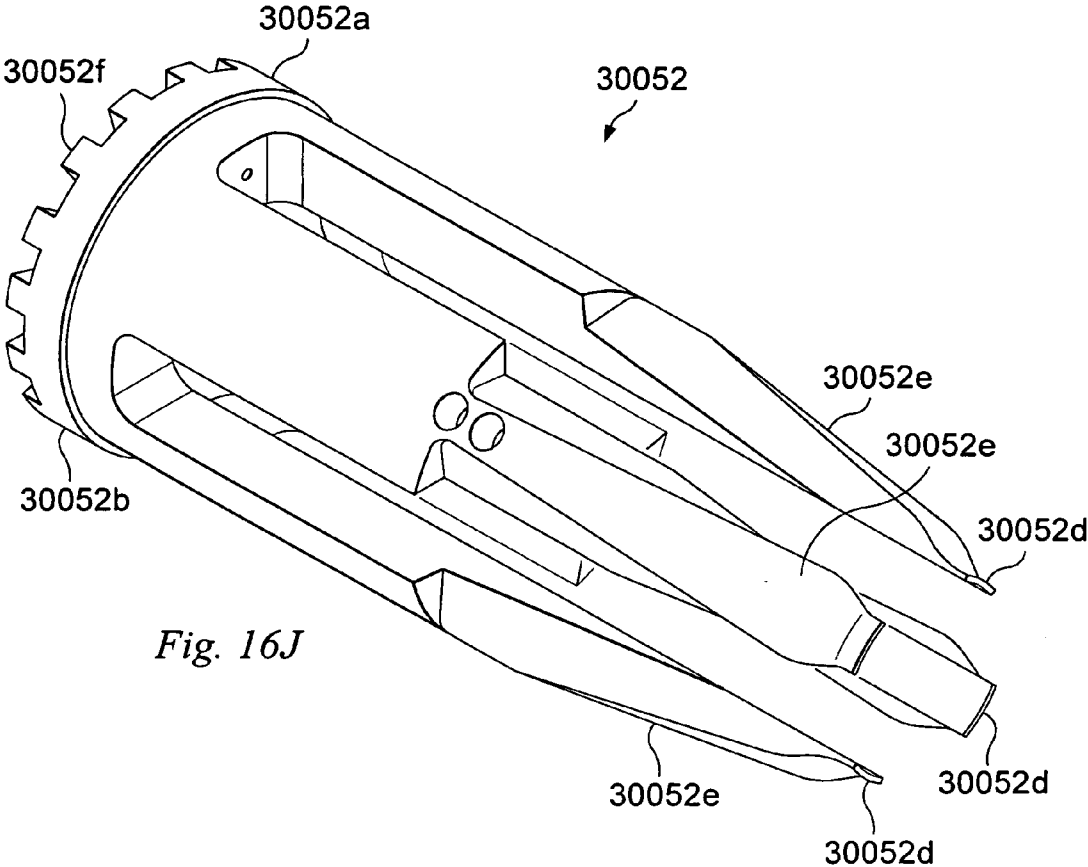


FIG. 16I



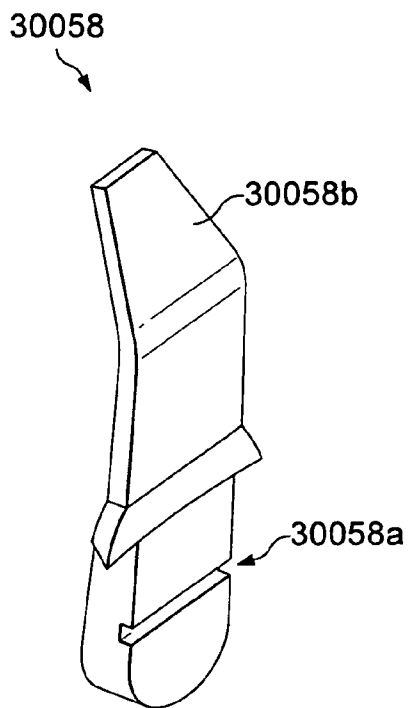


Fig. 16L

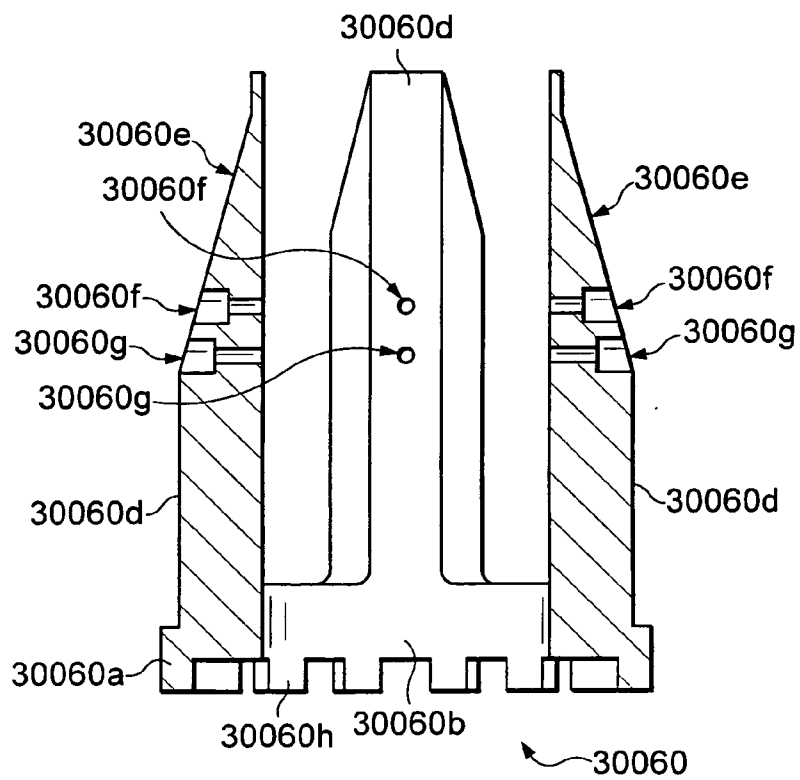


Fig. 16M

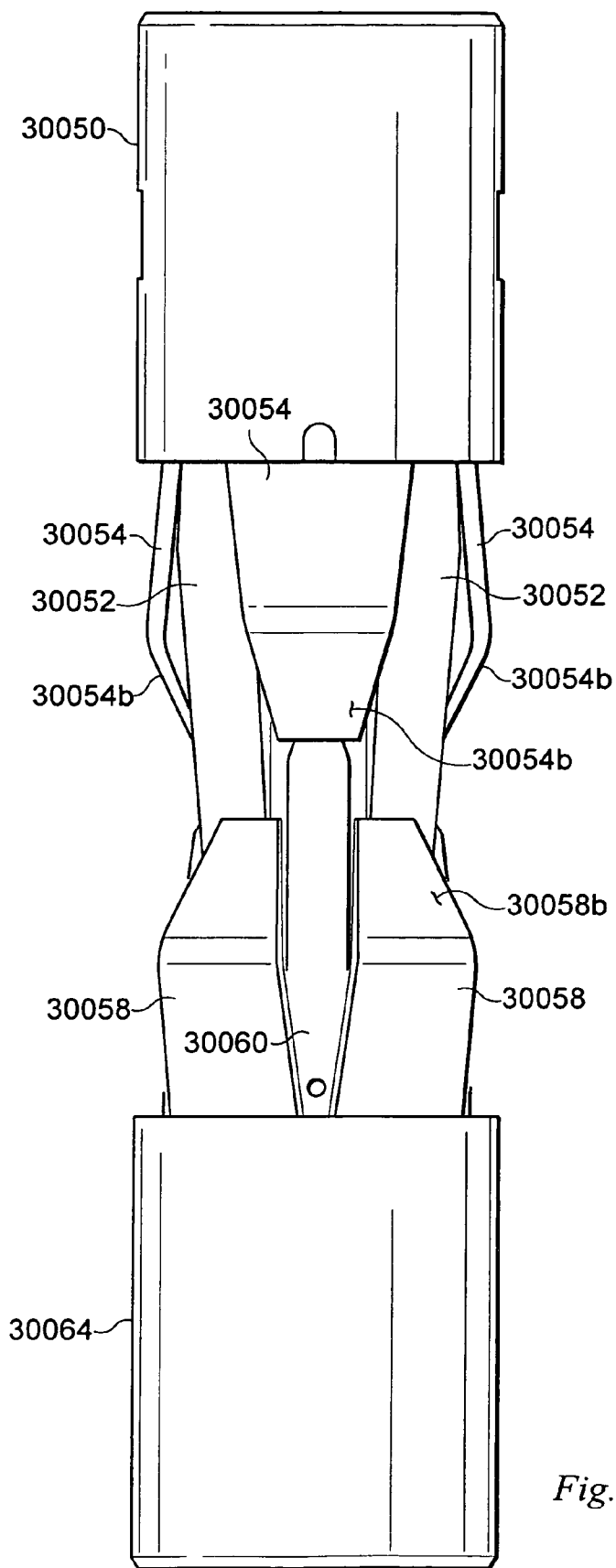


Fig. 16N

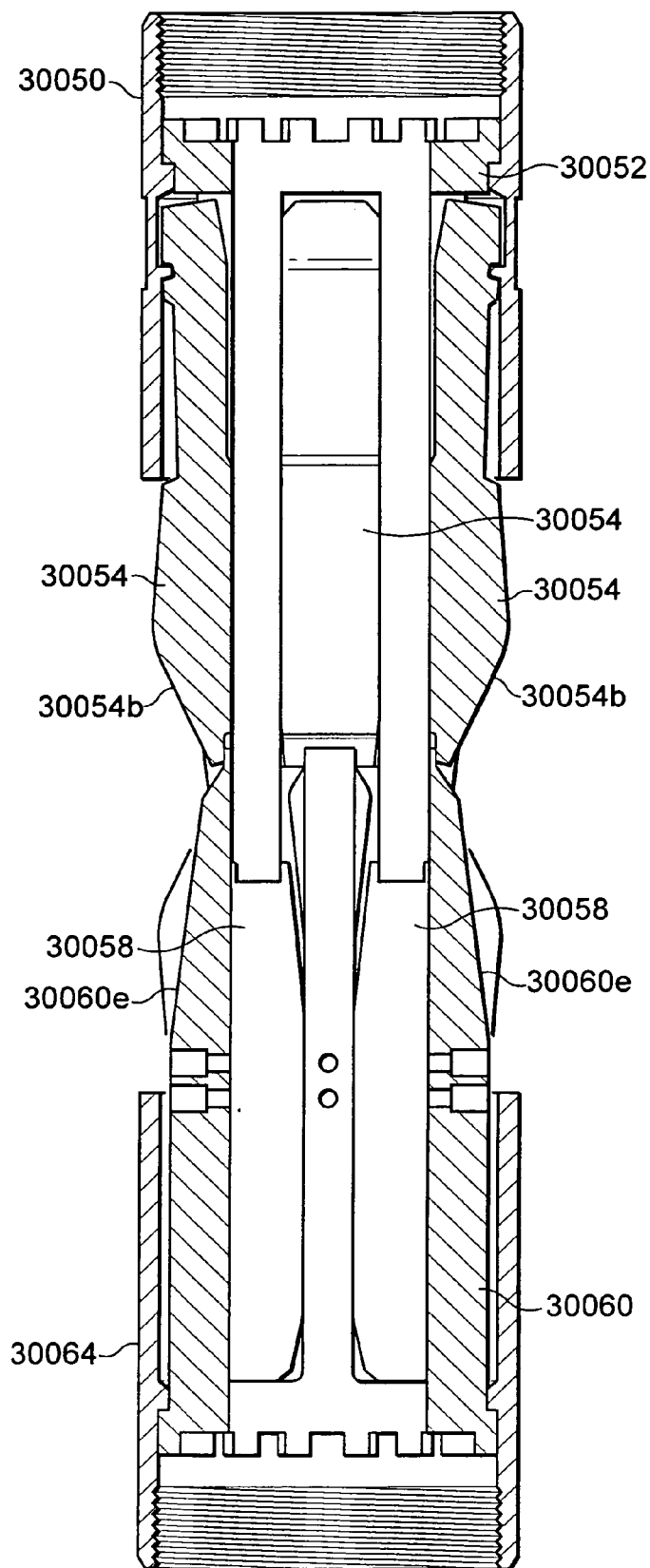
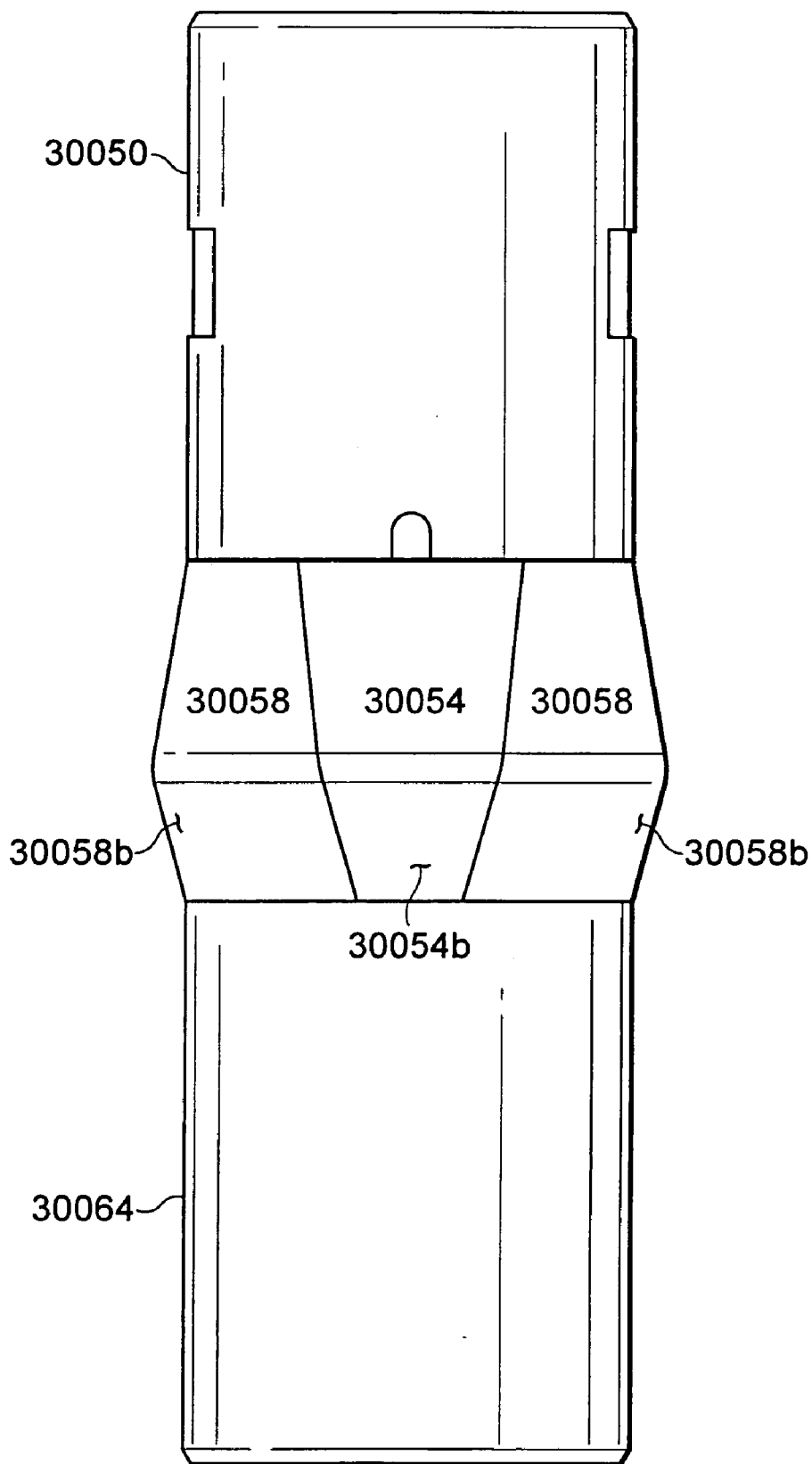
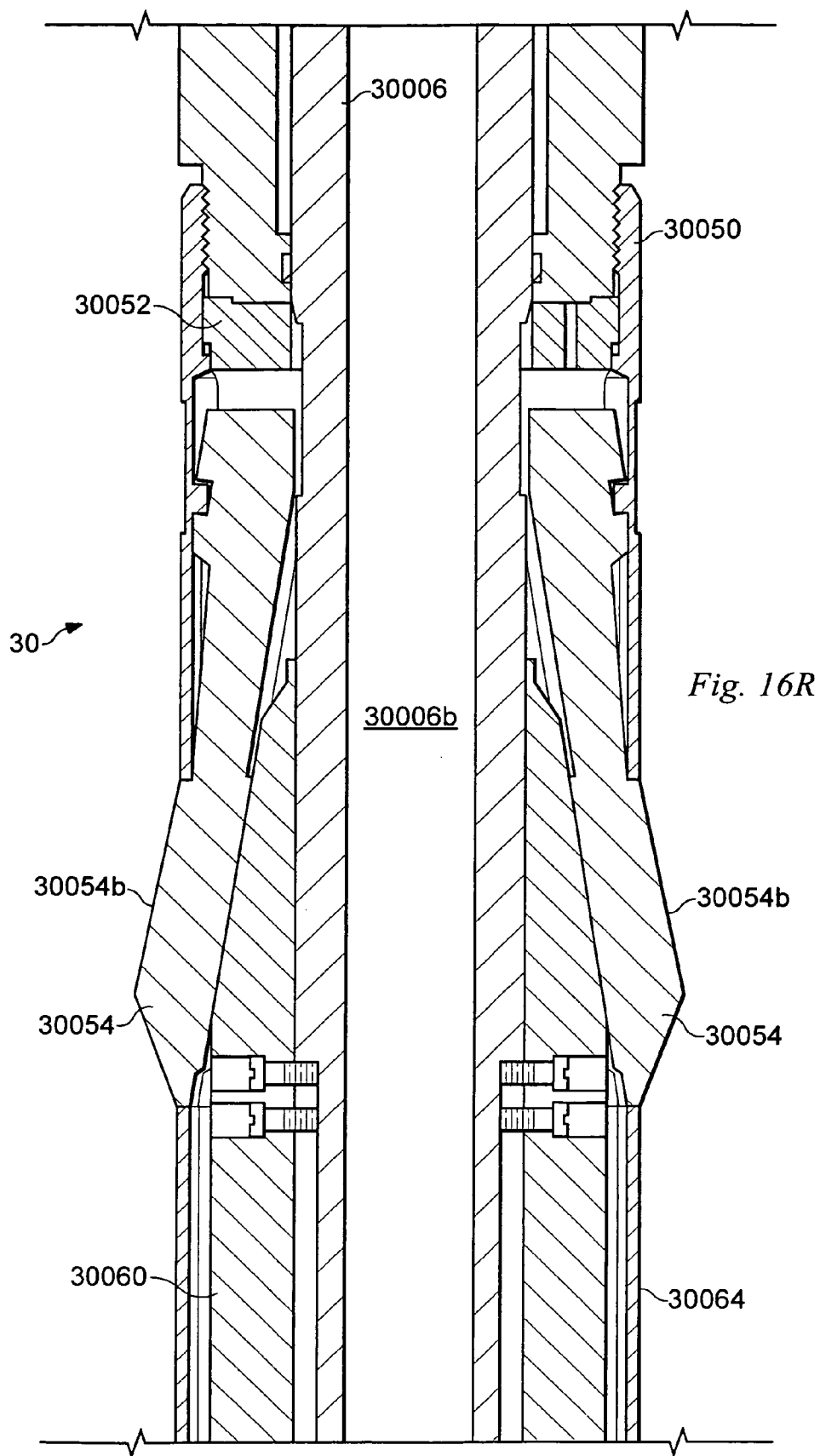


Fig. 160



*Fig. 16P*





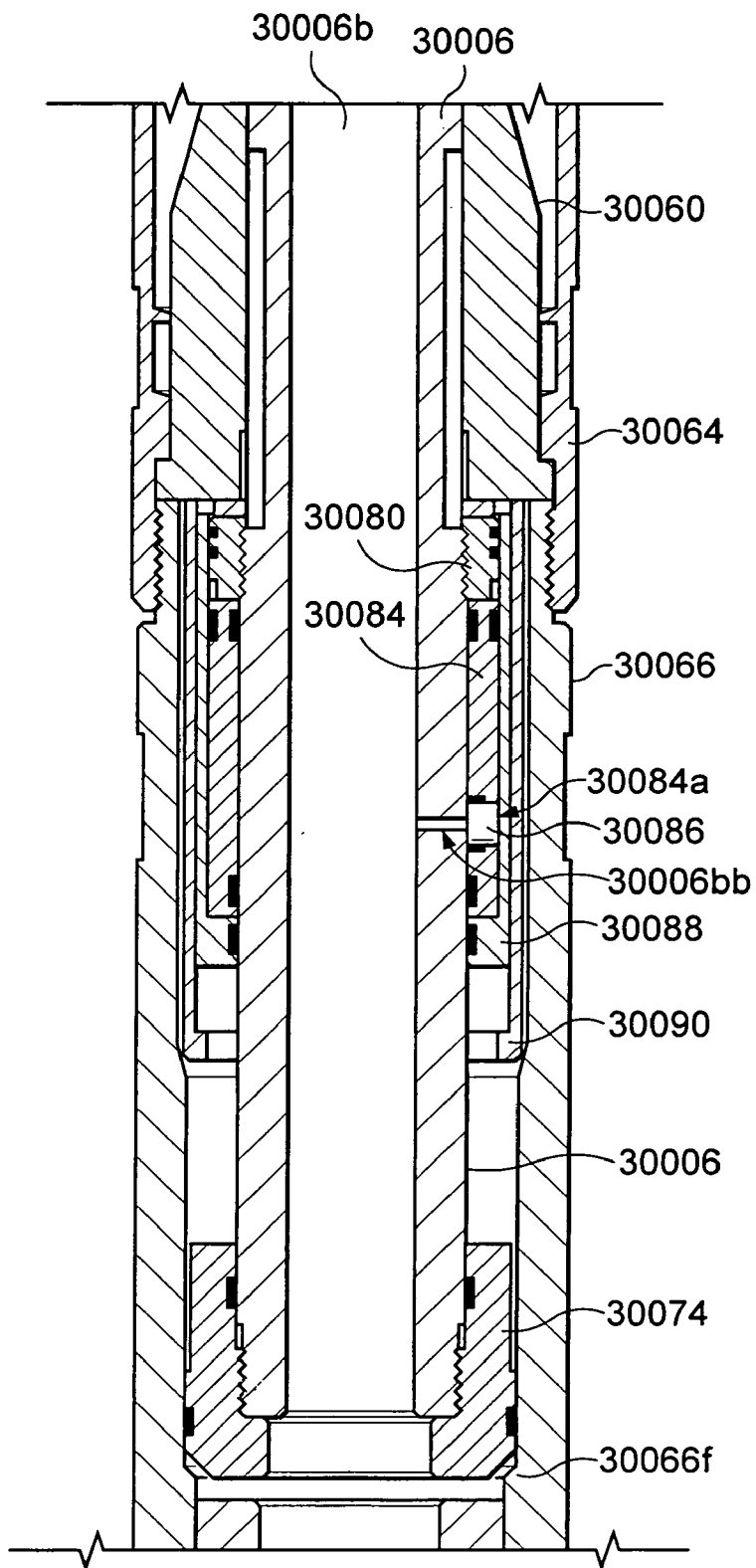


Fig. 16S

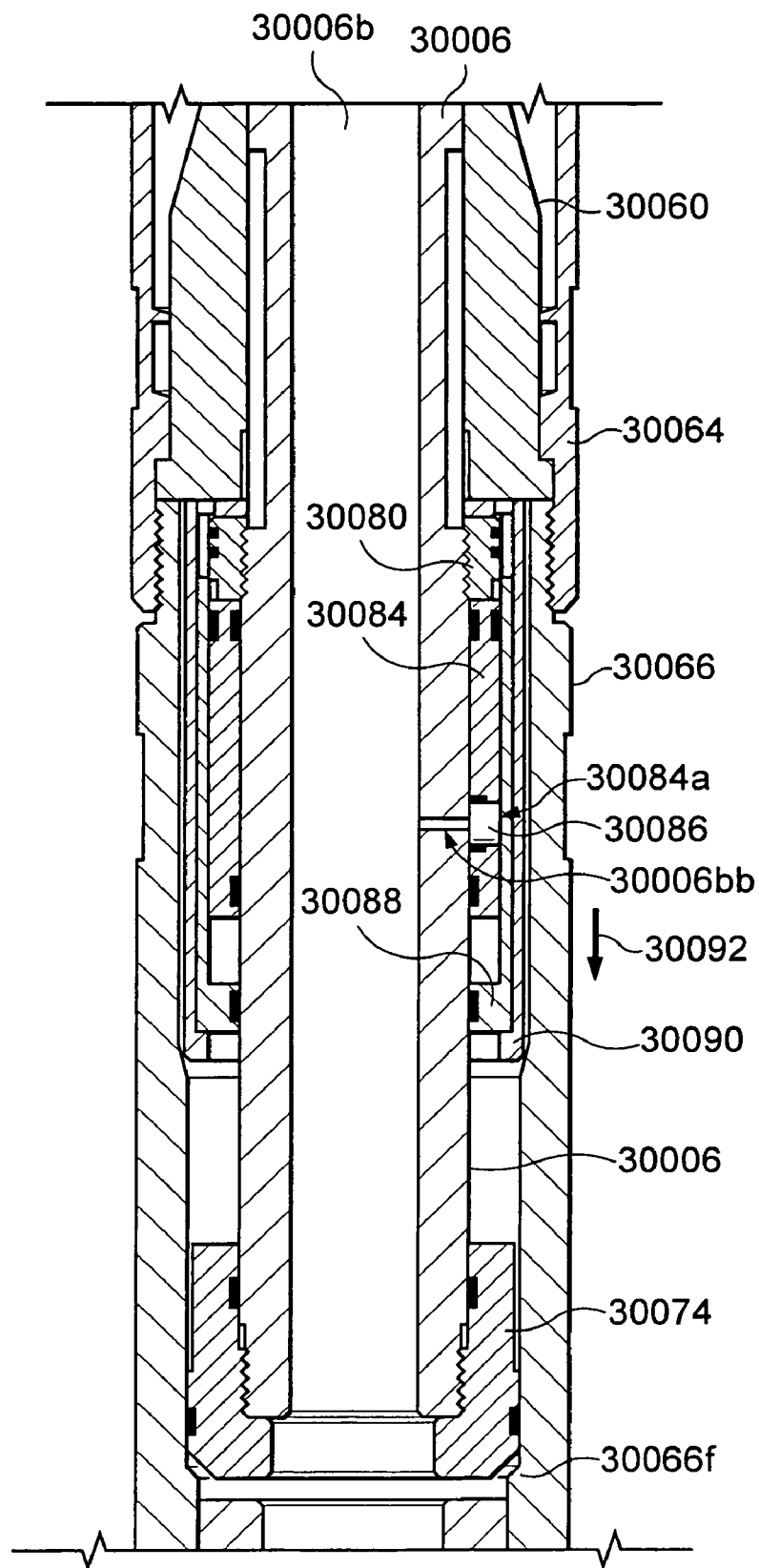


Fig. 16T

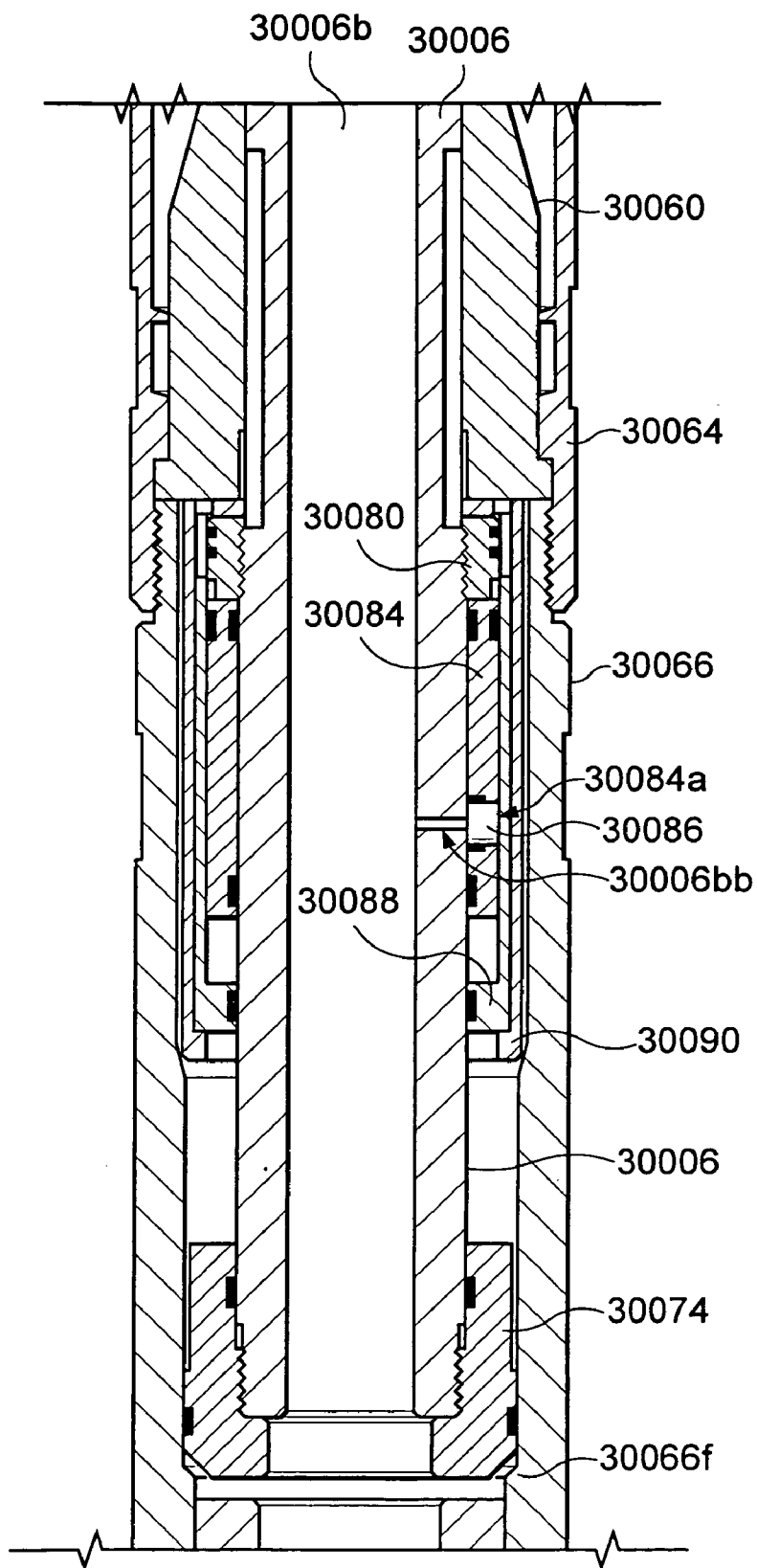


Fig. 16U

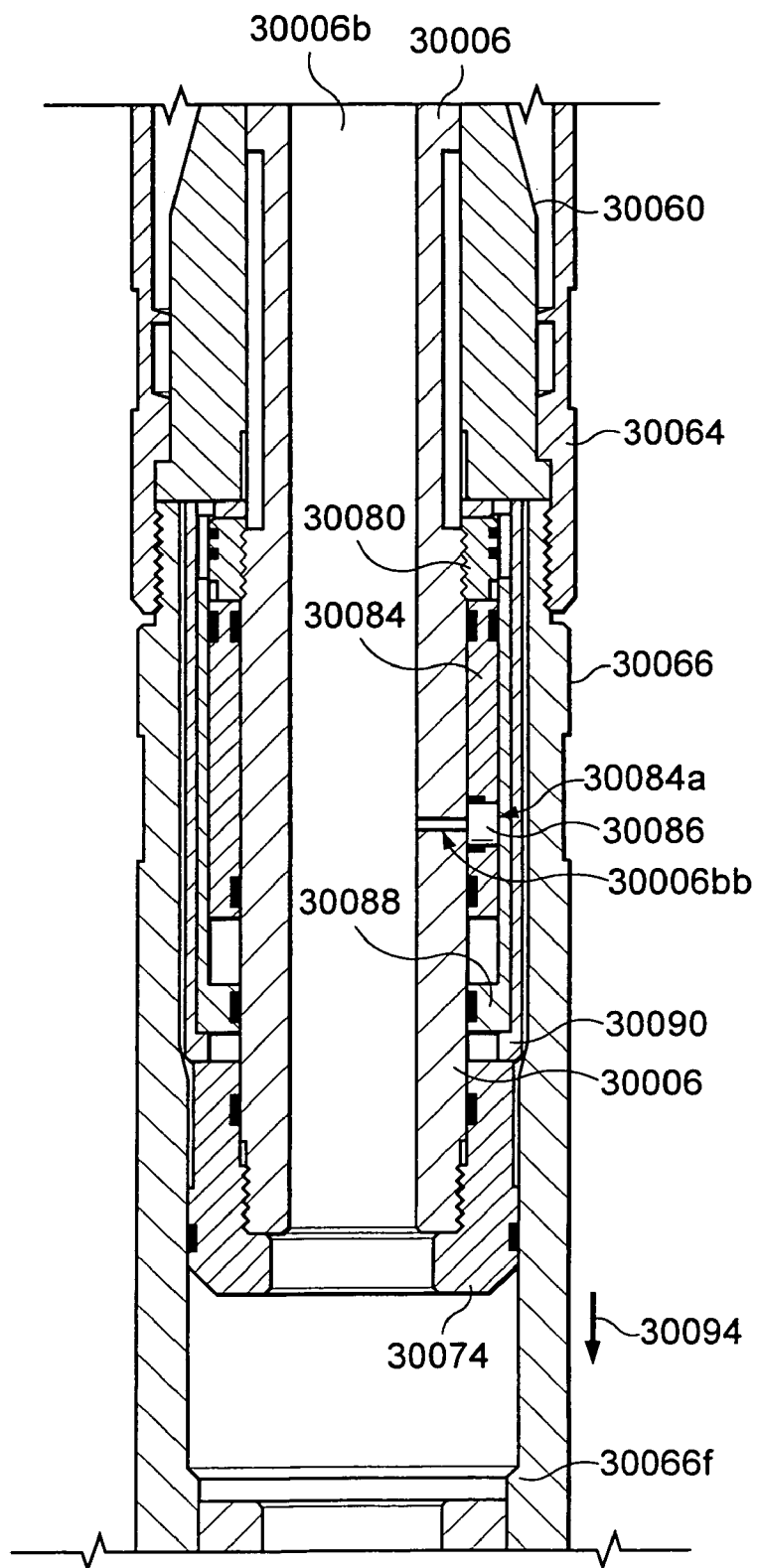


Fig. 16V

Fig. 16W

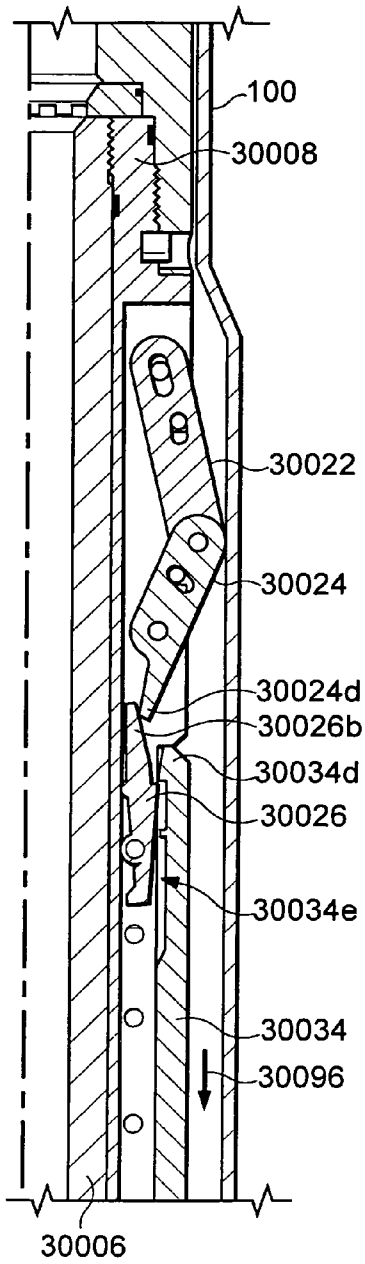


Fig. 16X

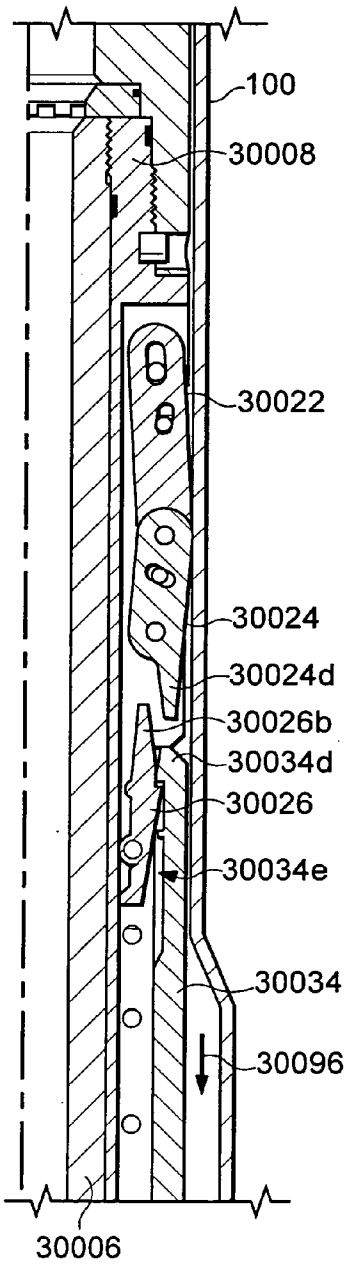
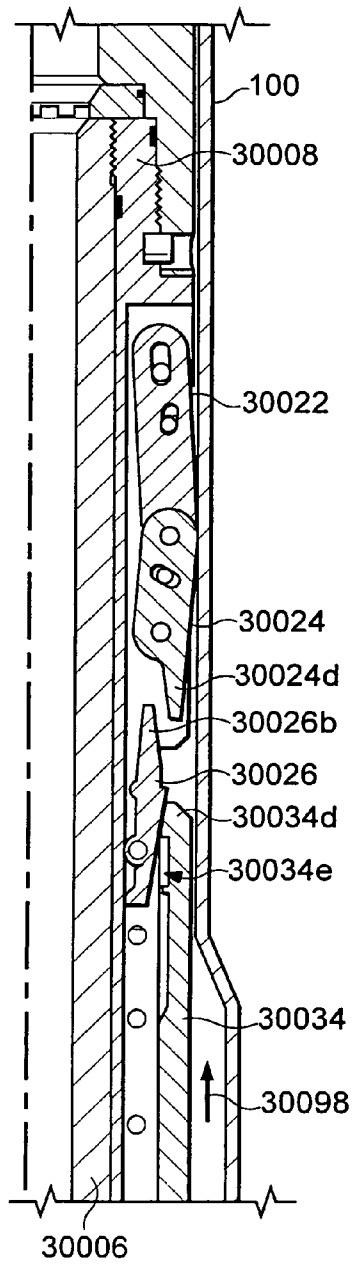
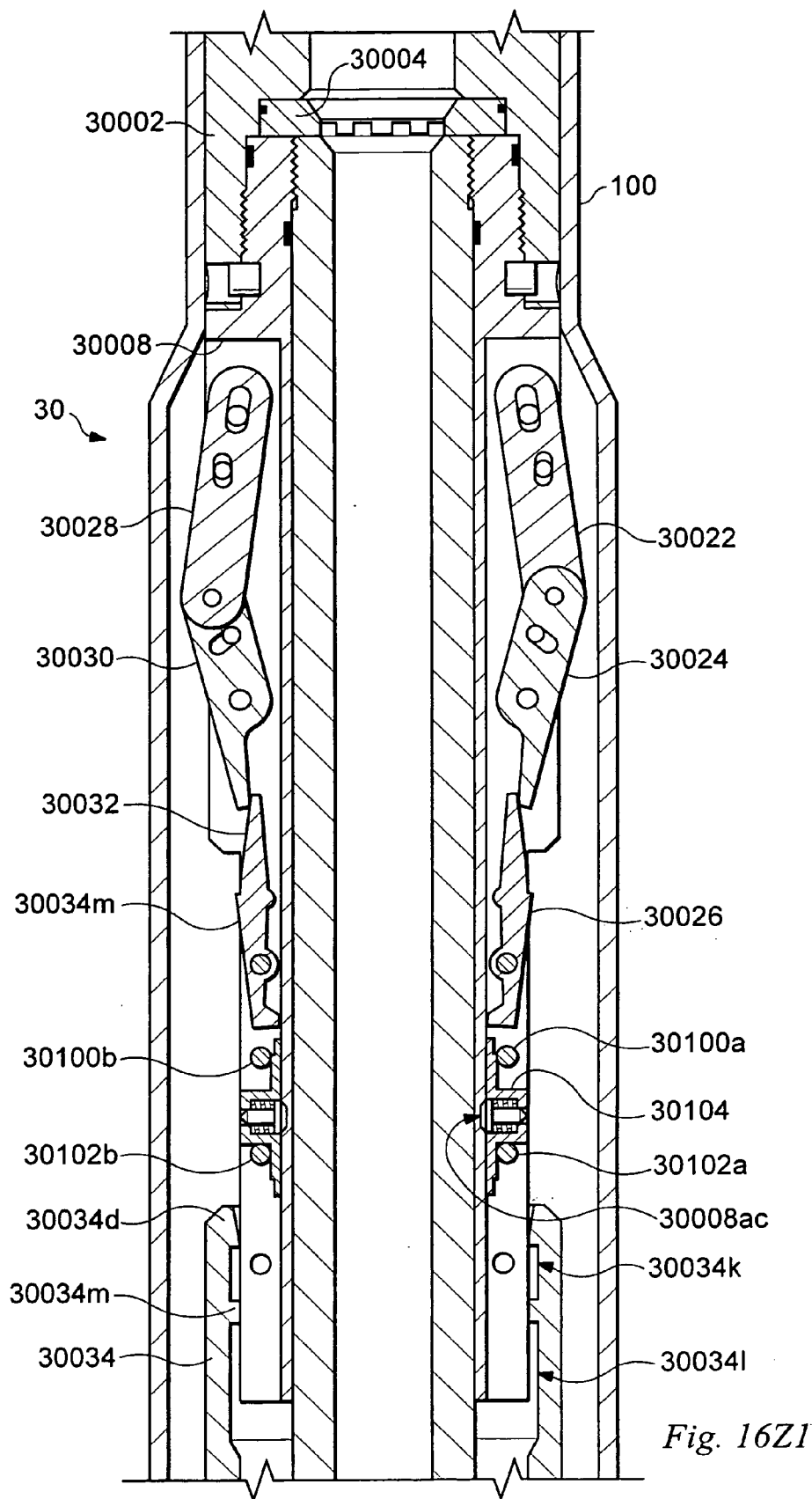


Fig. 16Y





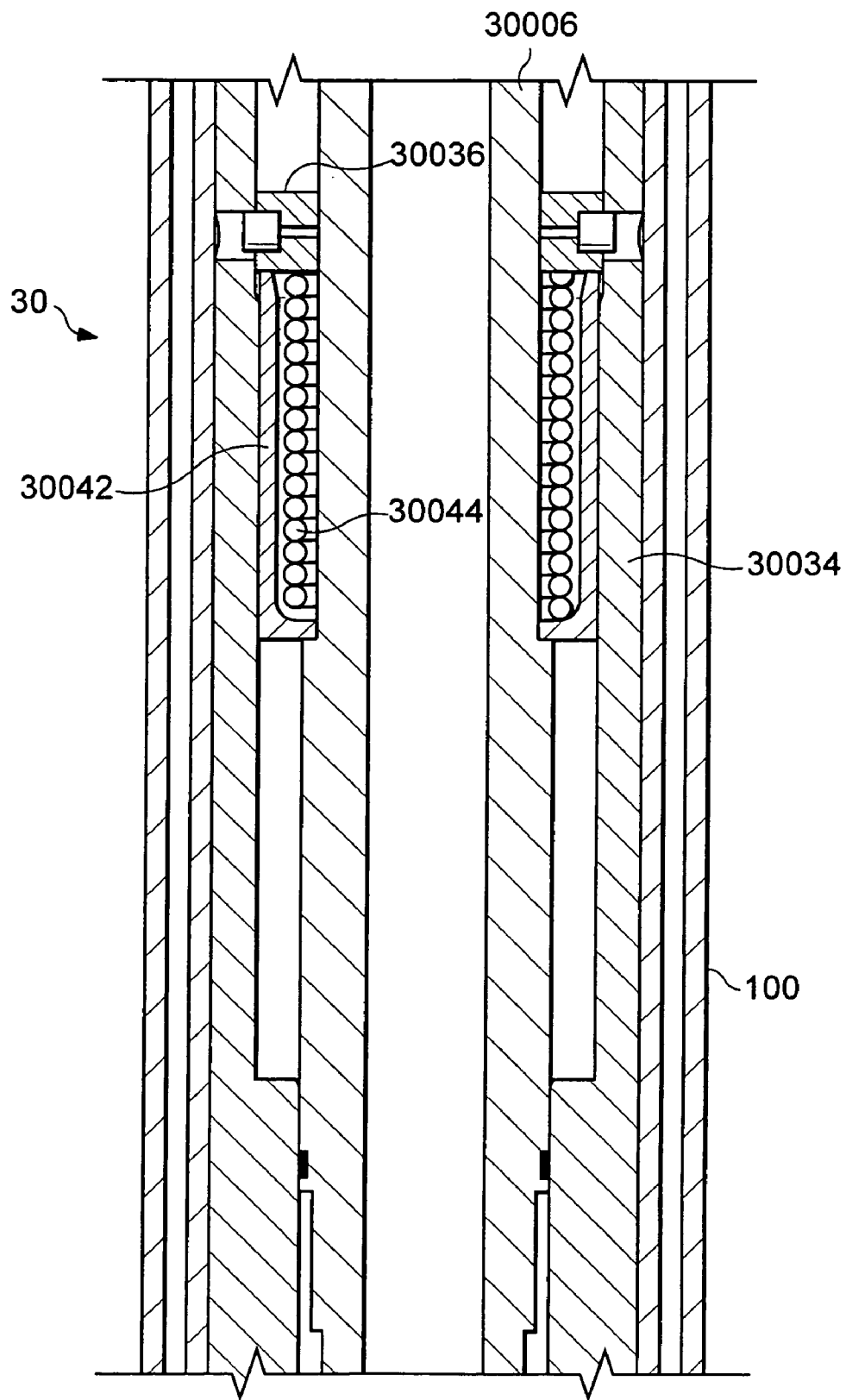


Fig. 16Z2



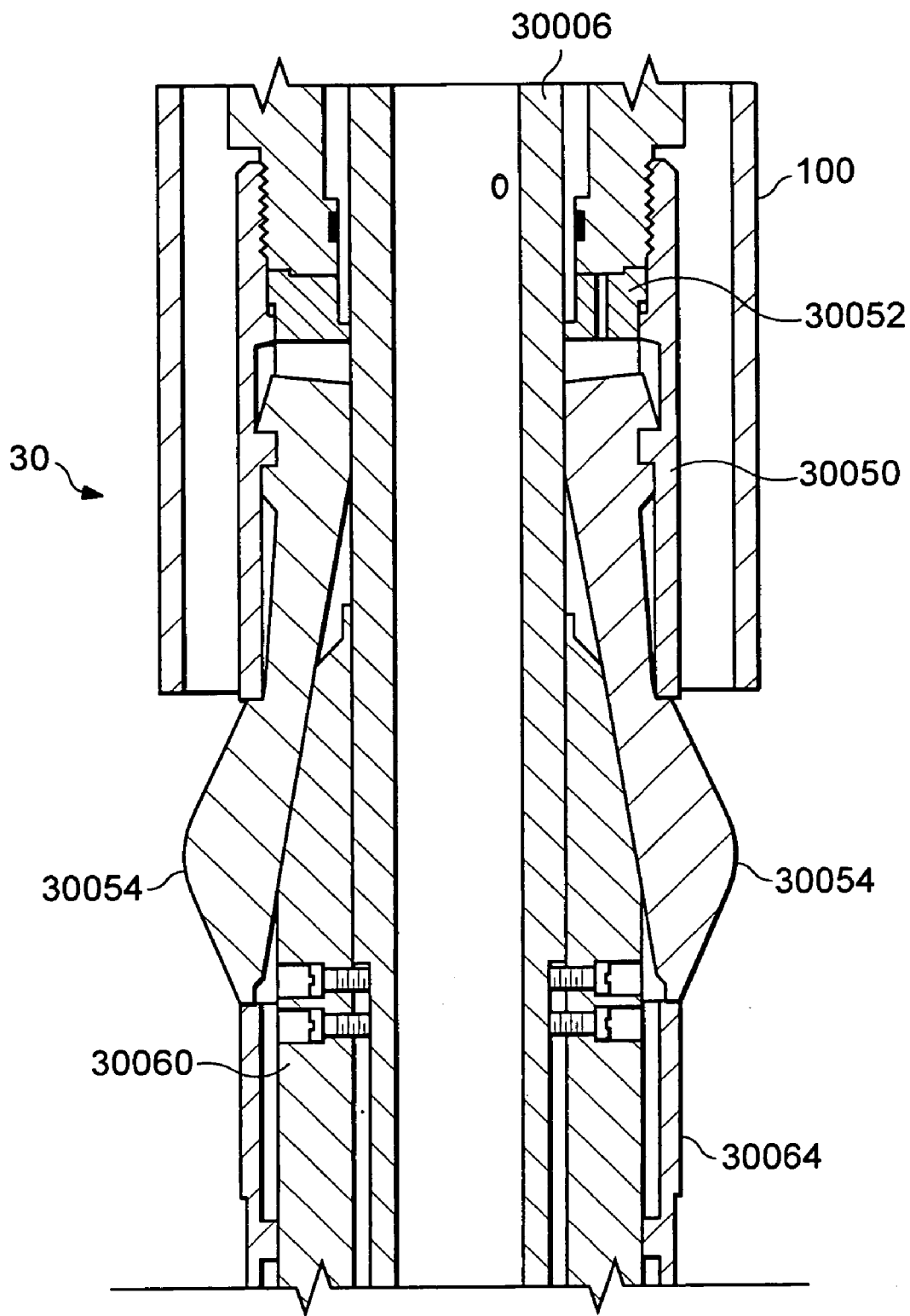


Fig. 16Z3

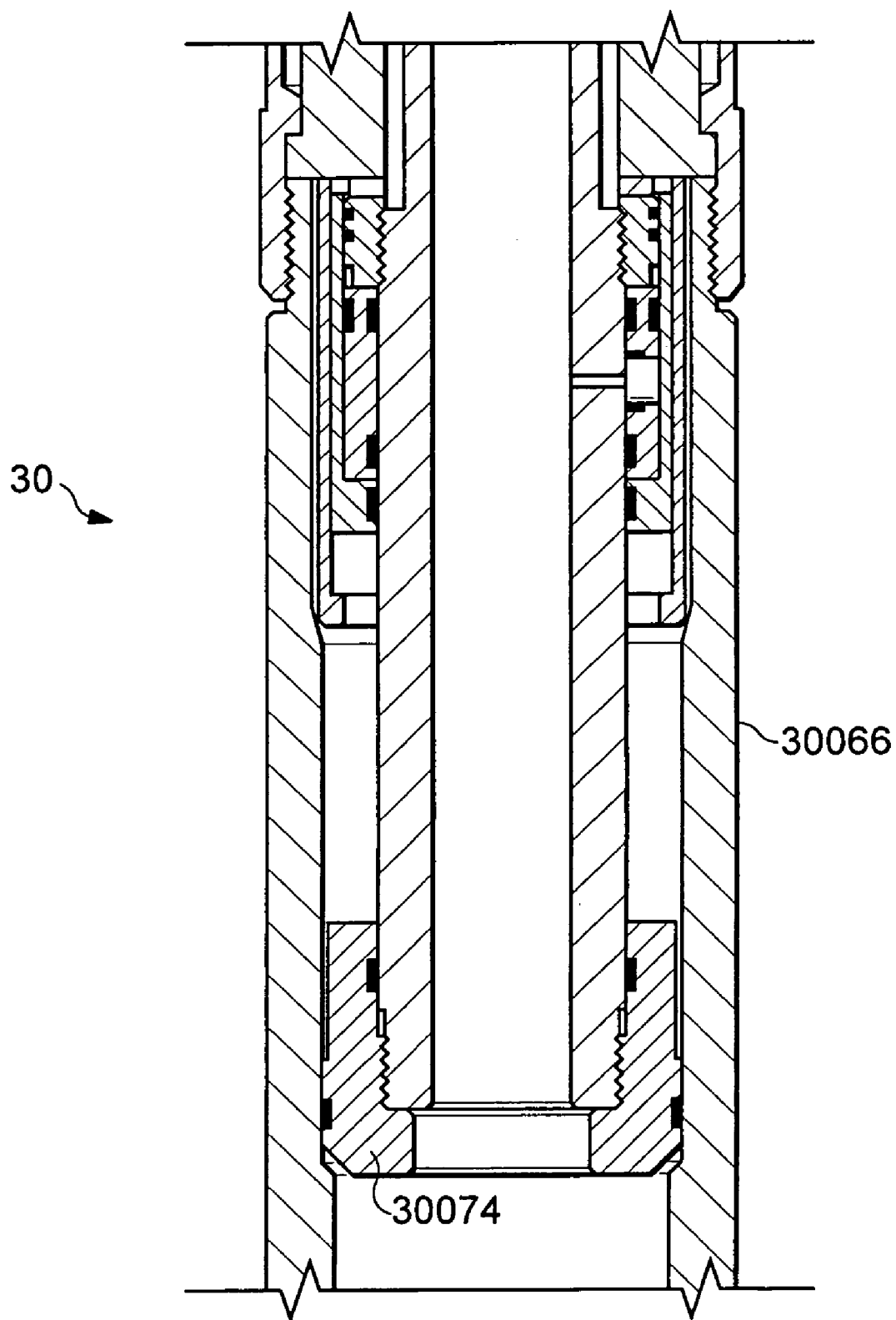


Fig. 16Z4

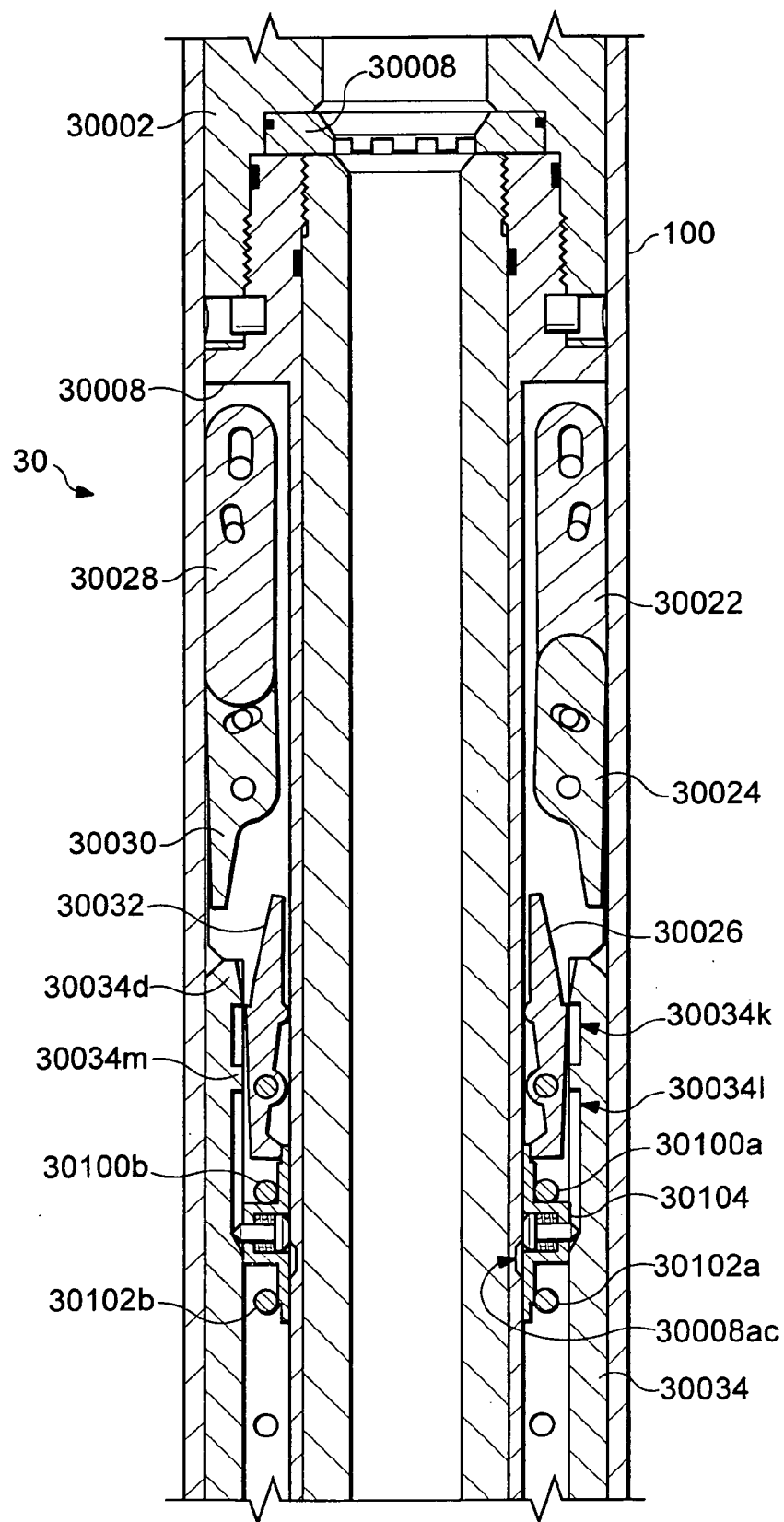


Fig. 16AA1

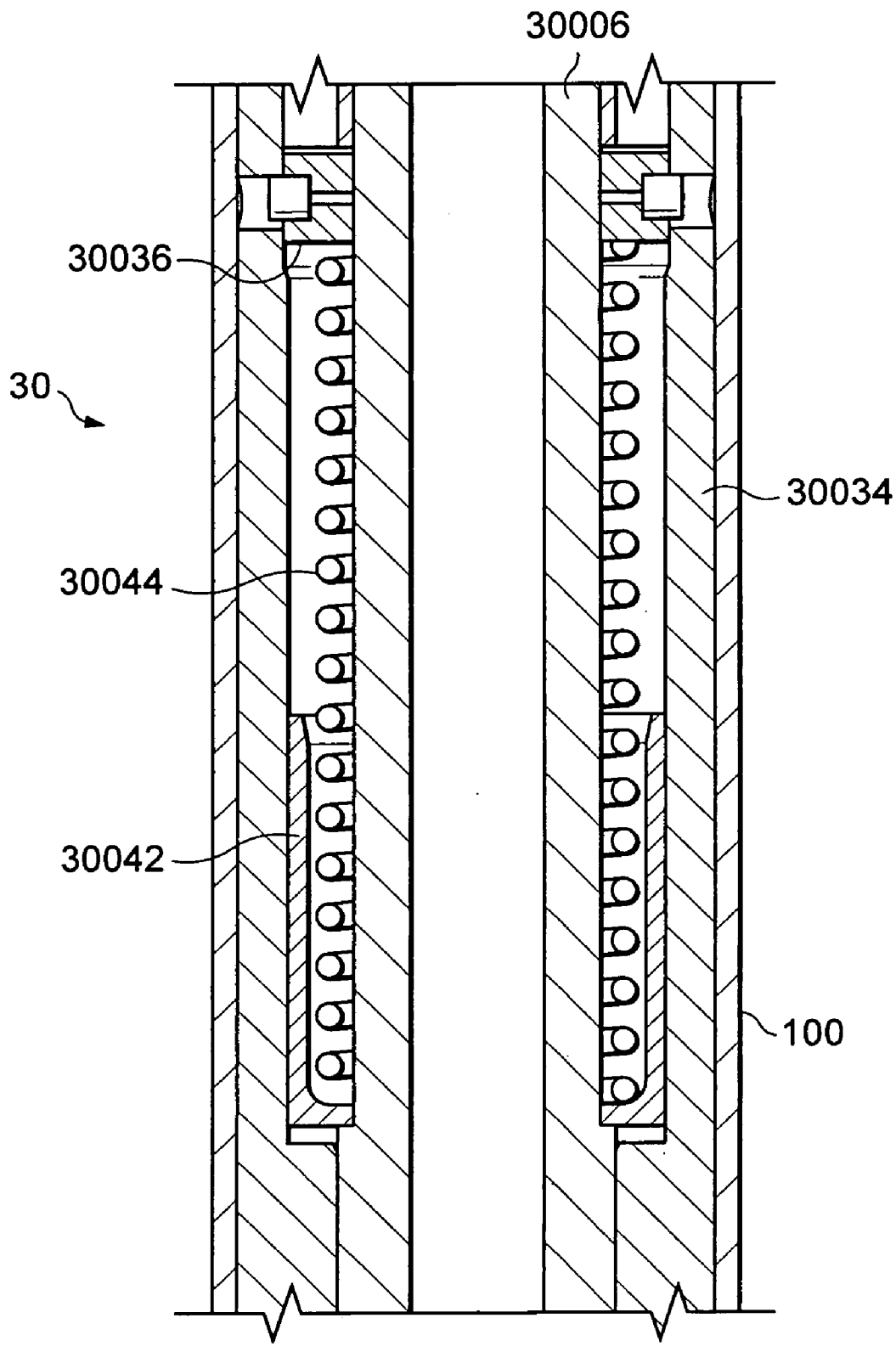


Fig. 16AA2

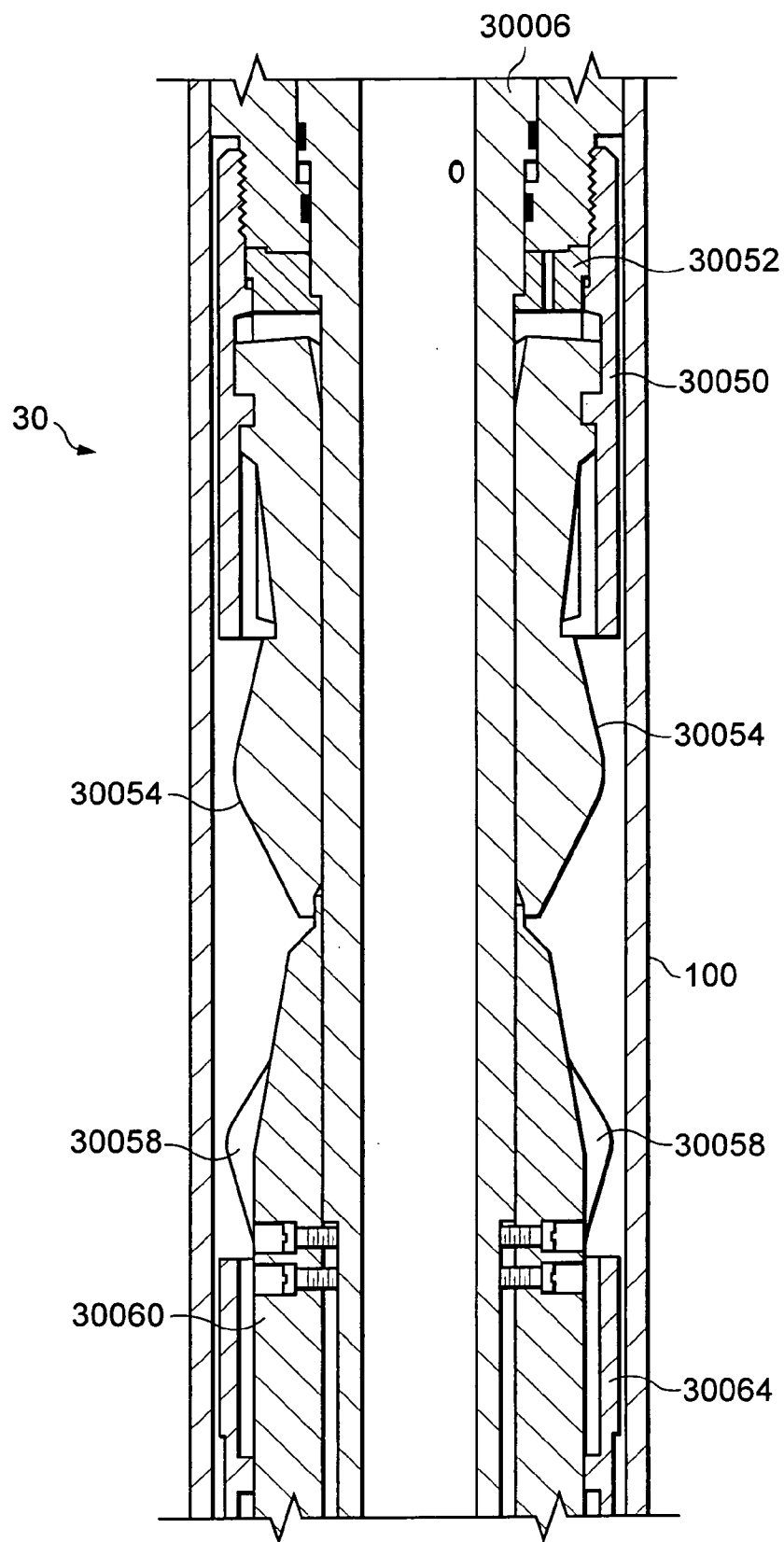


Fig. 16AA3

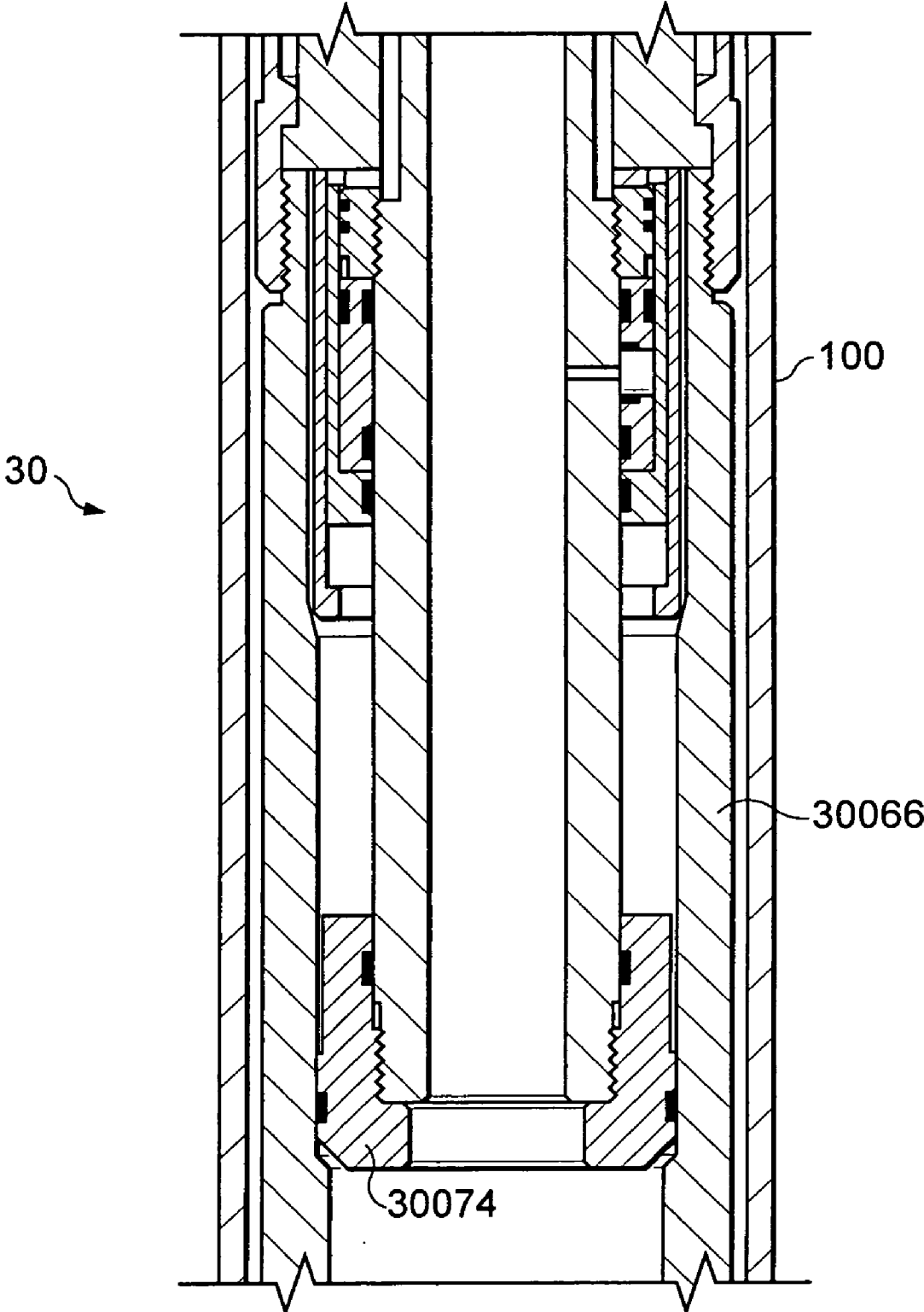


Fig. 16AA4

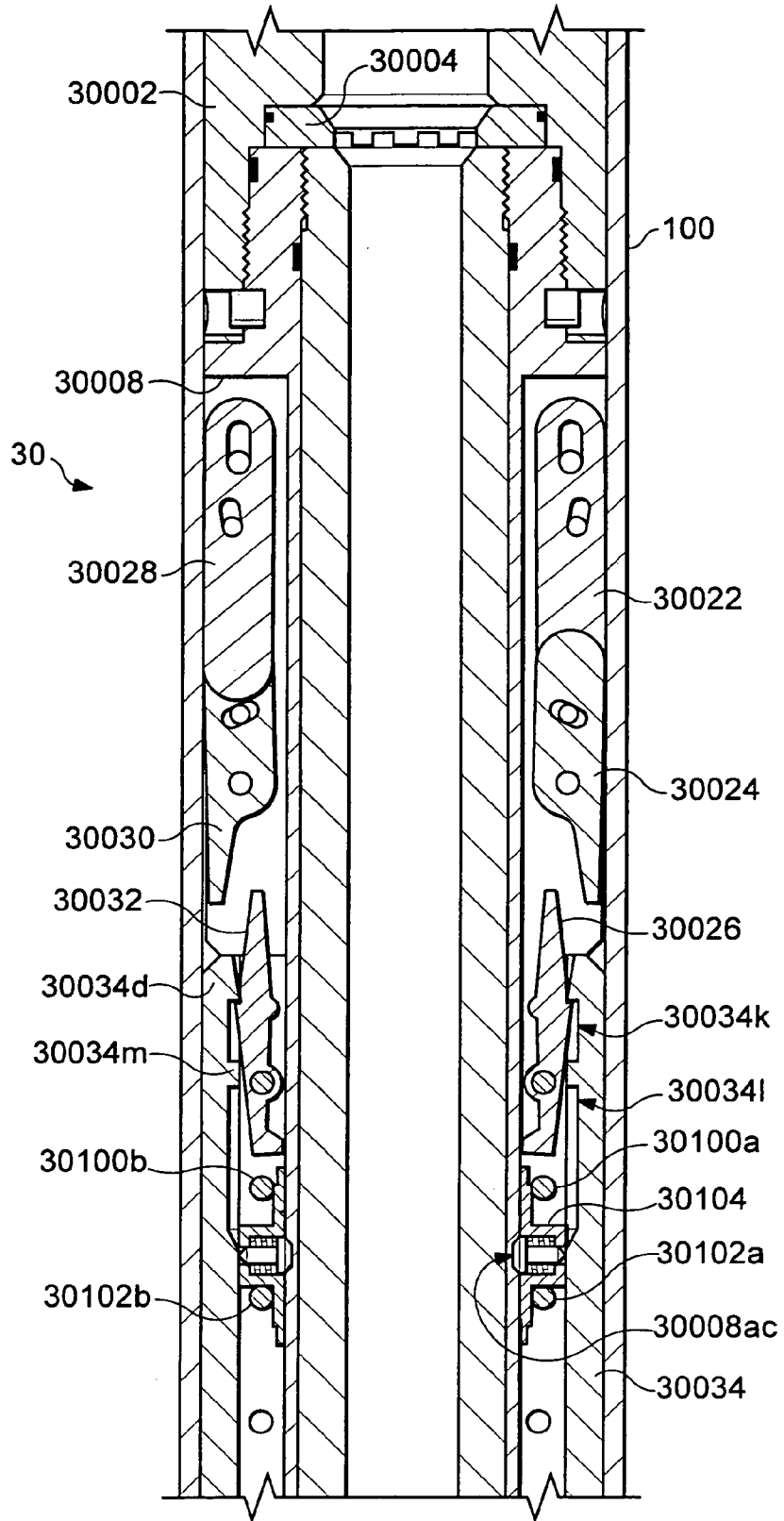


Fig. 16AB1

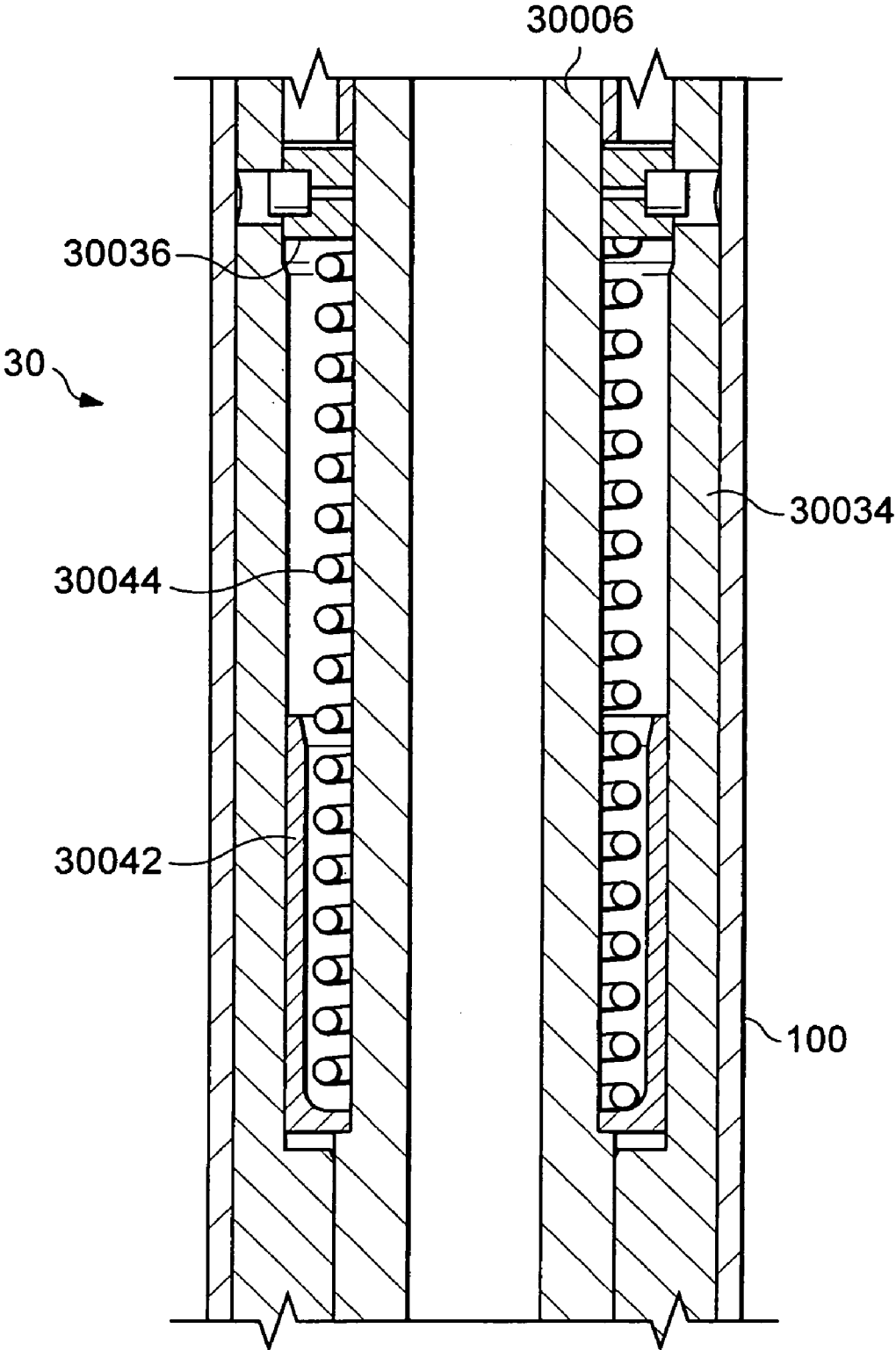


Fig. 16AB2



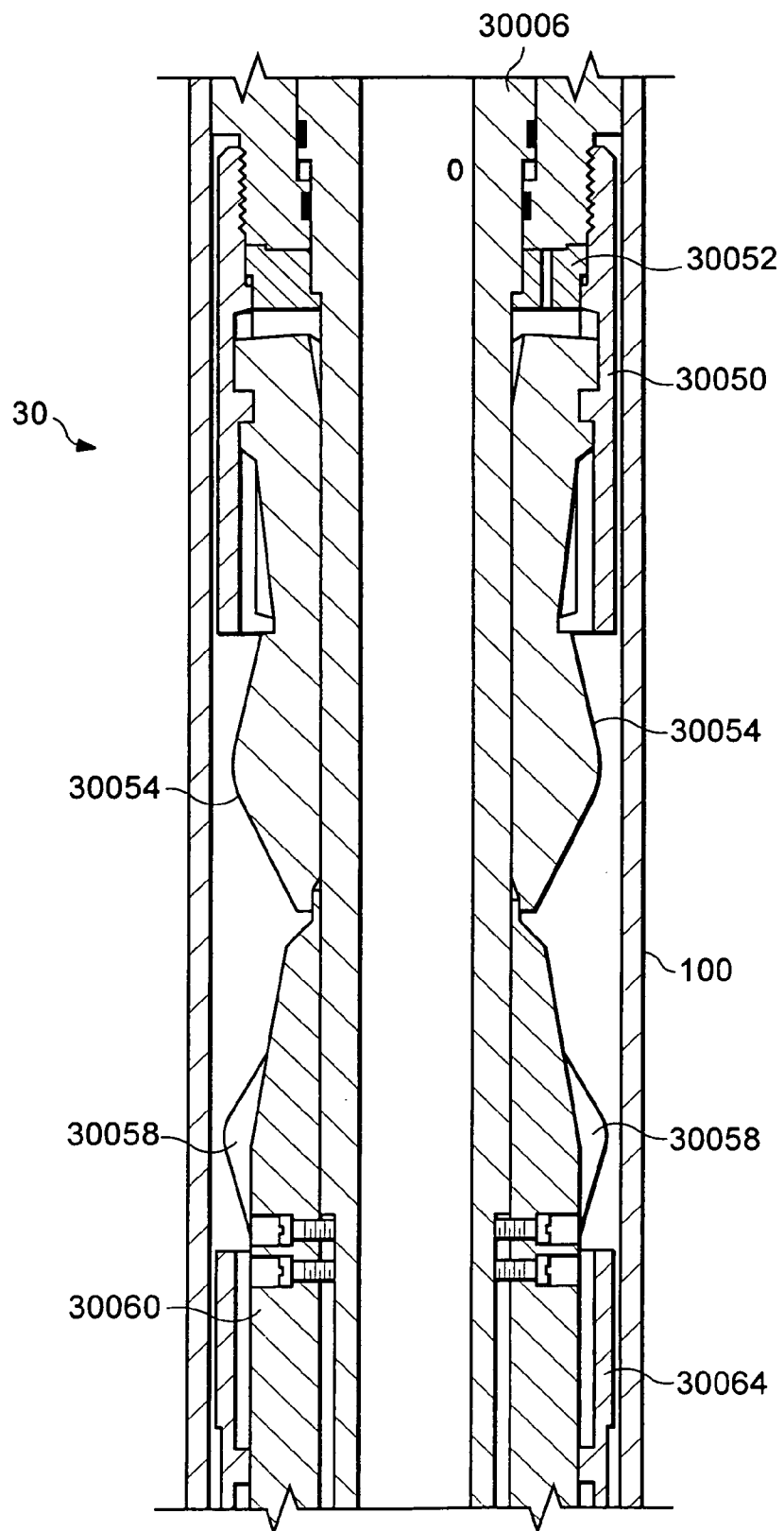
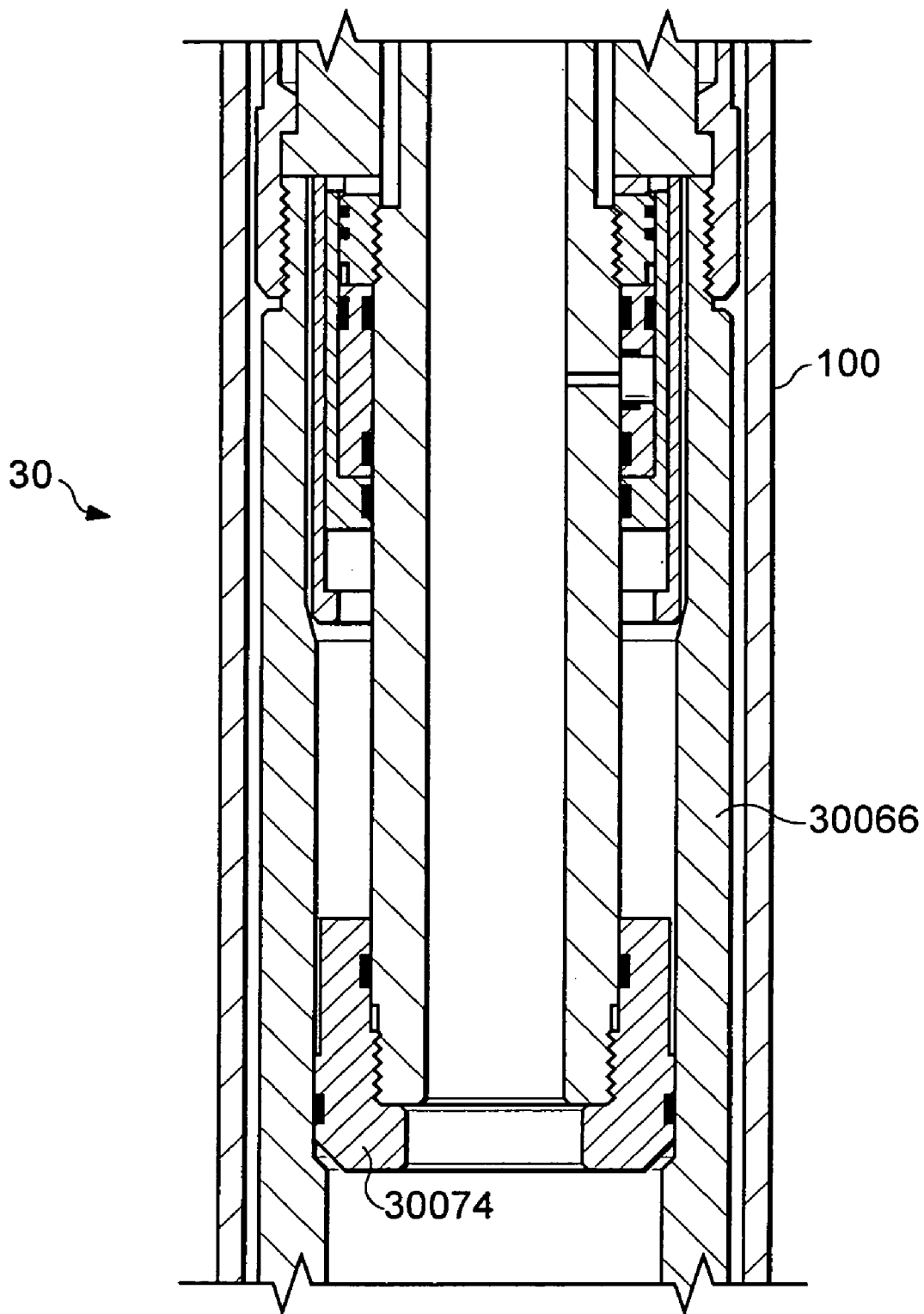


Fig. 16AB3



*Fig. 16AB4*

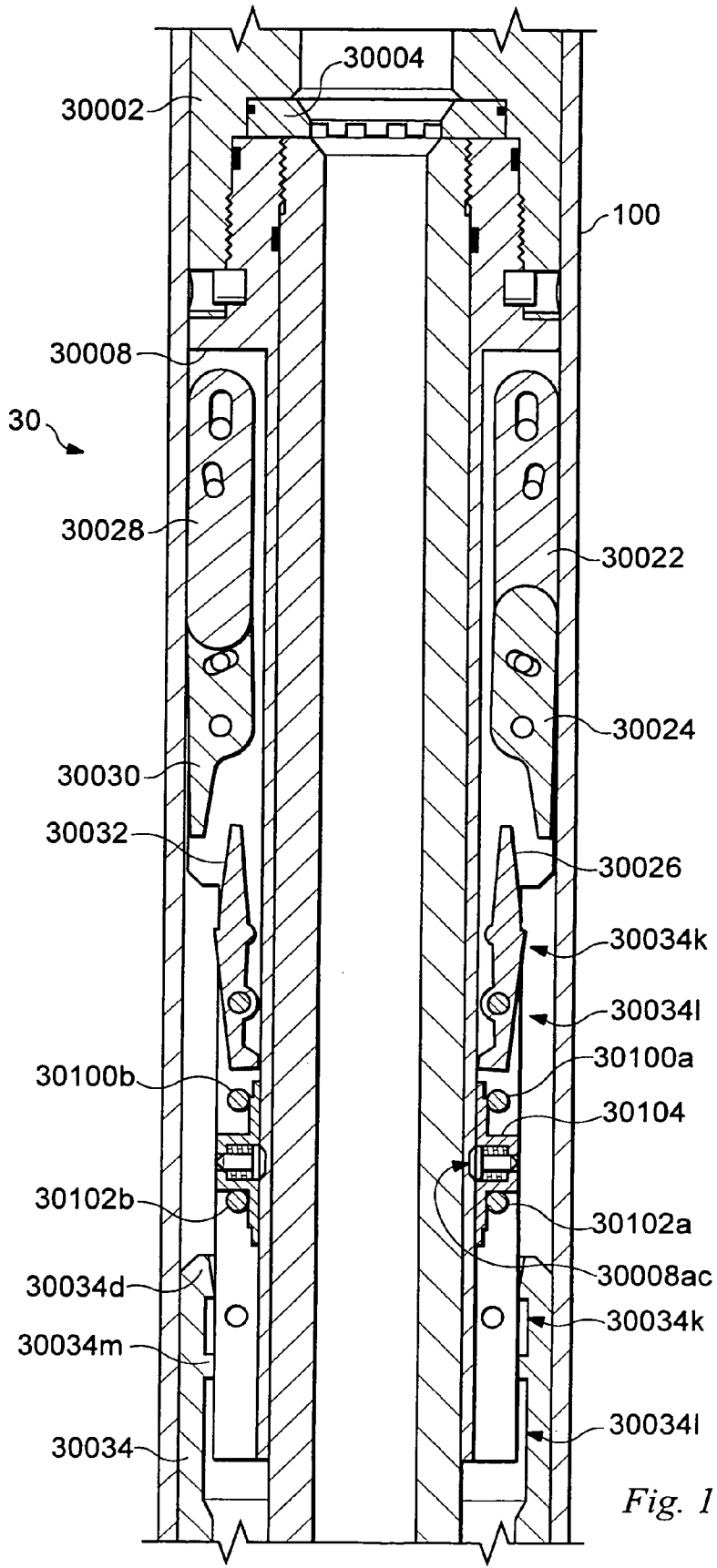


Fig. 16A1

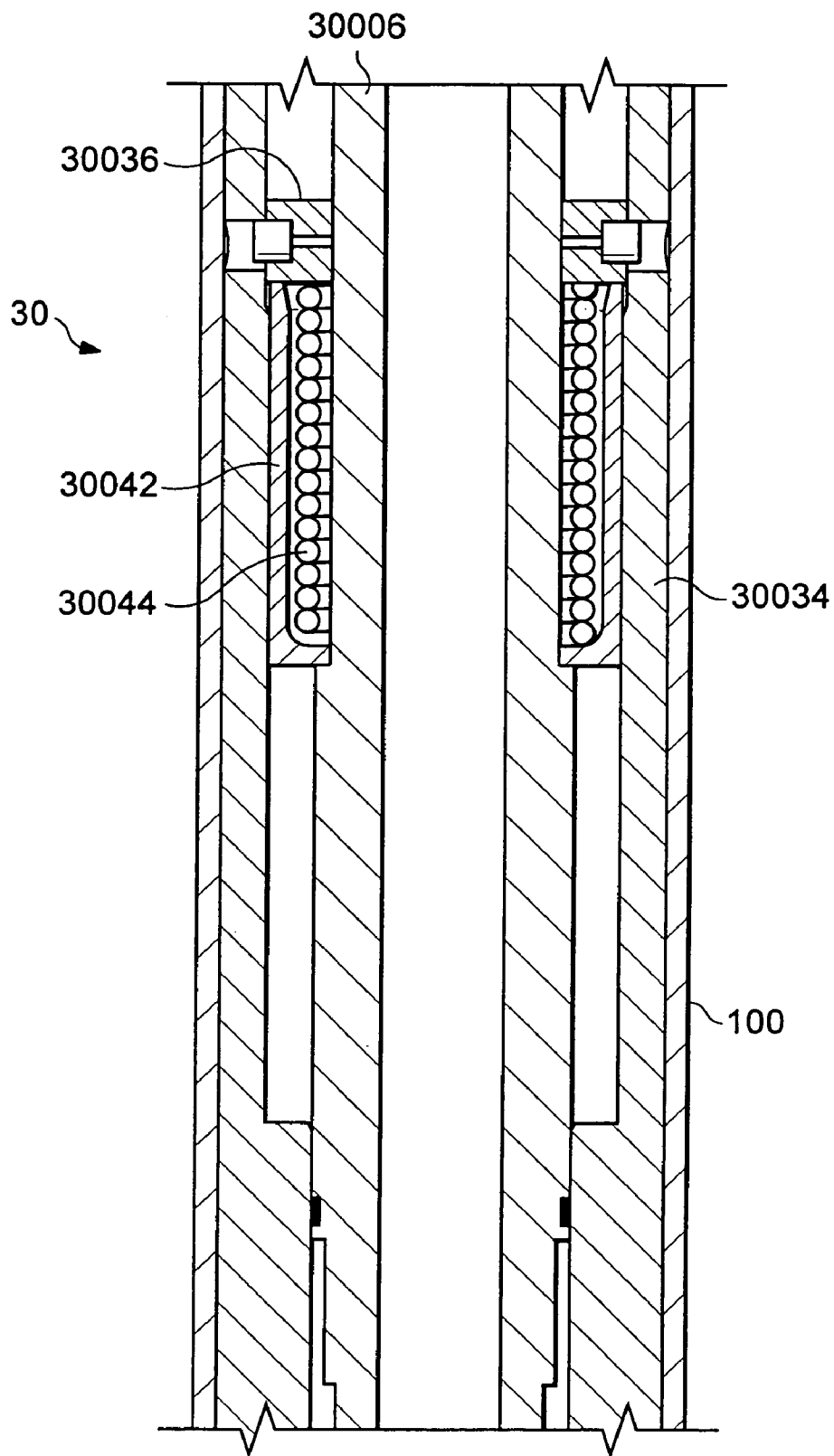


Fig. 16AC2

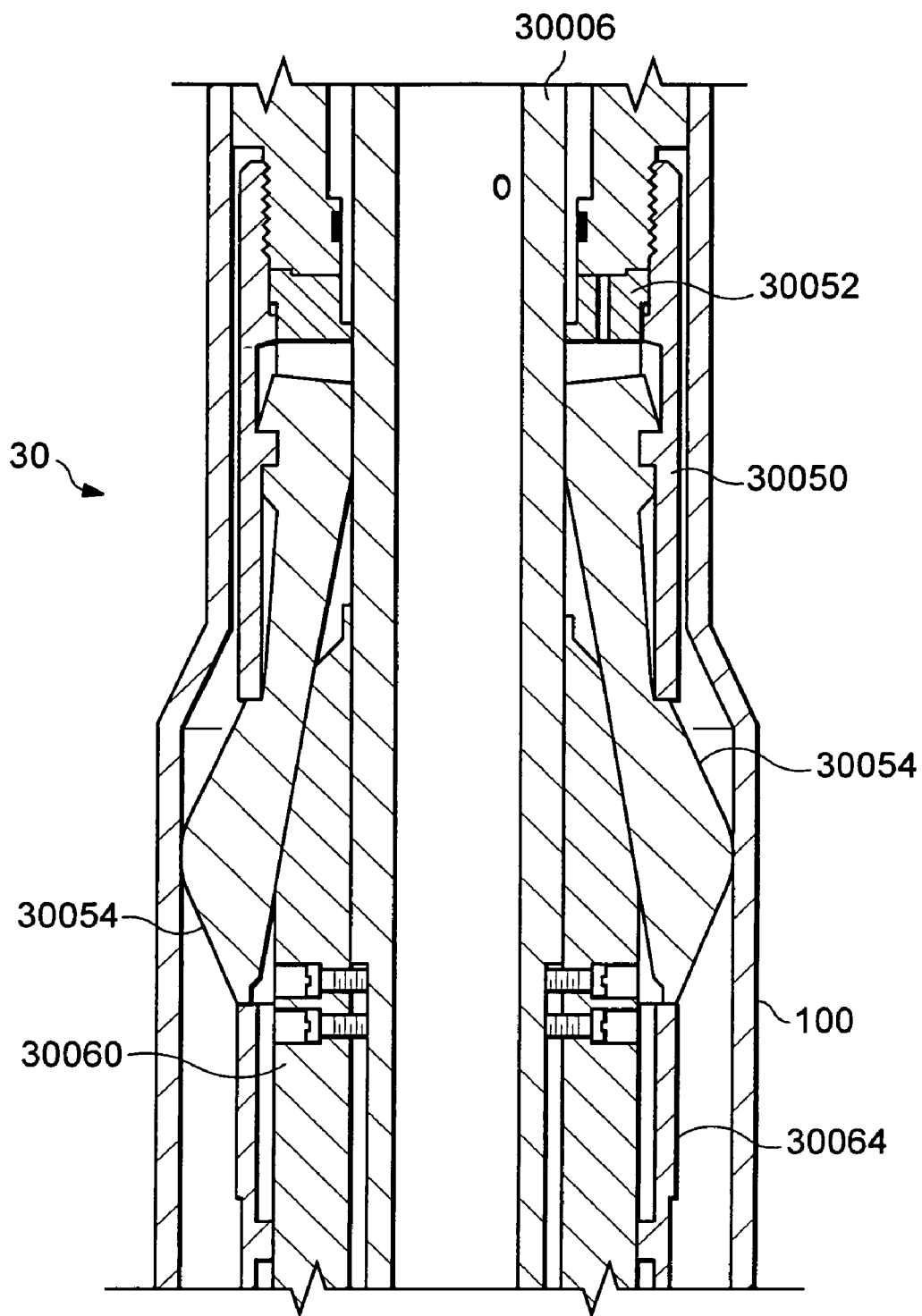


Fig. 16AC3

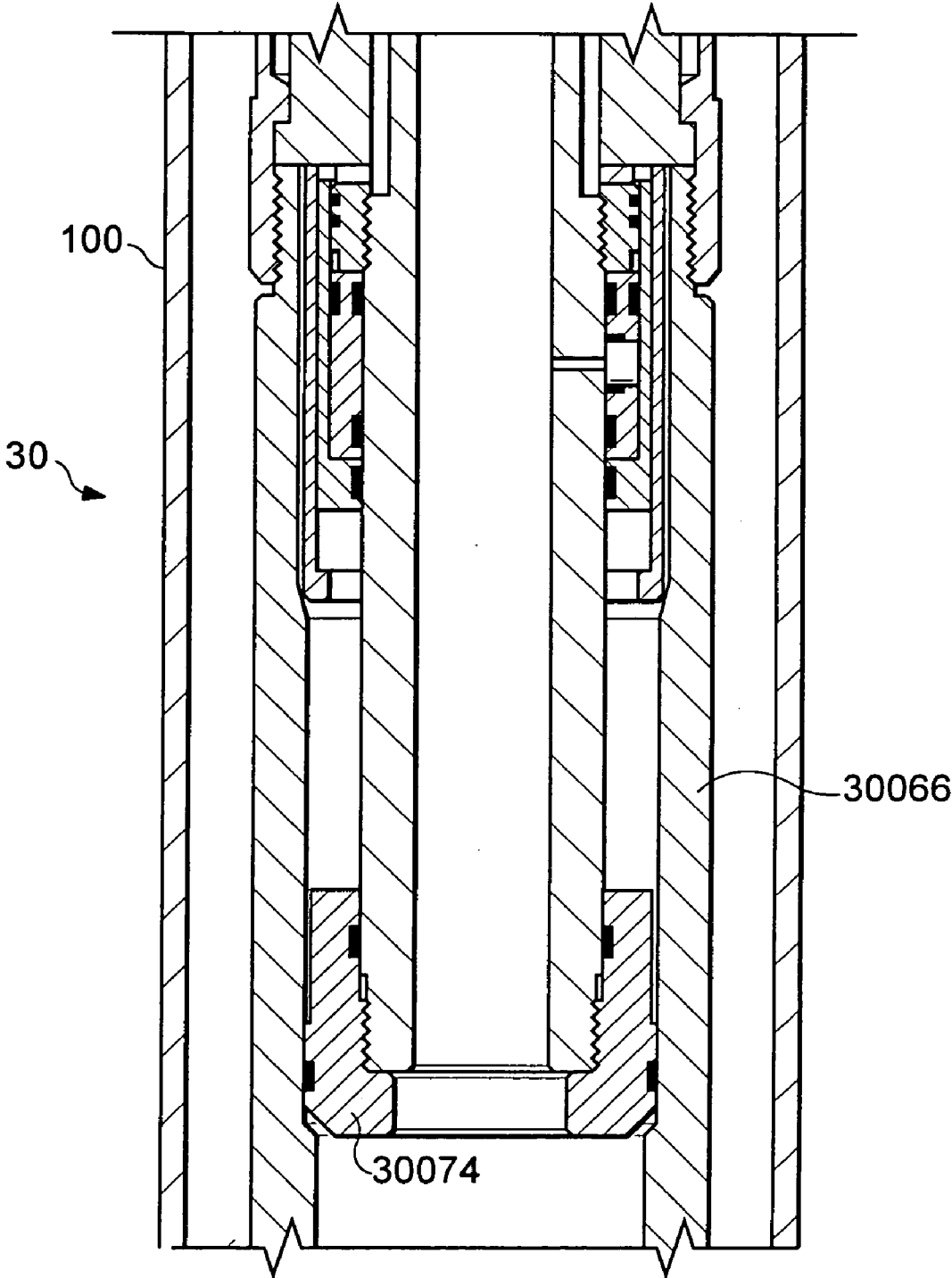


Fig. 16AC4

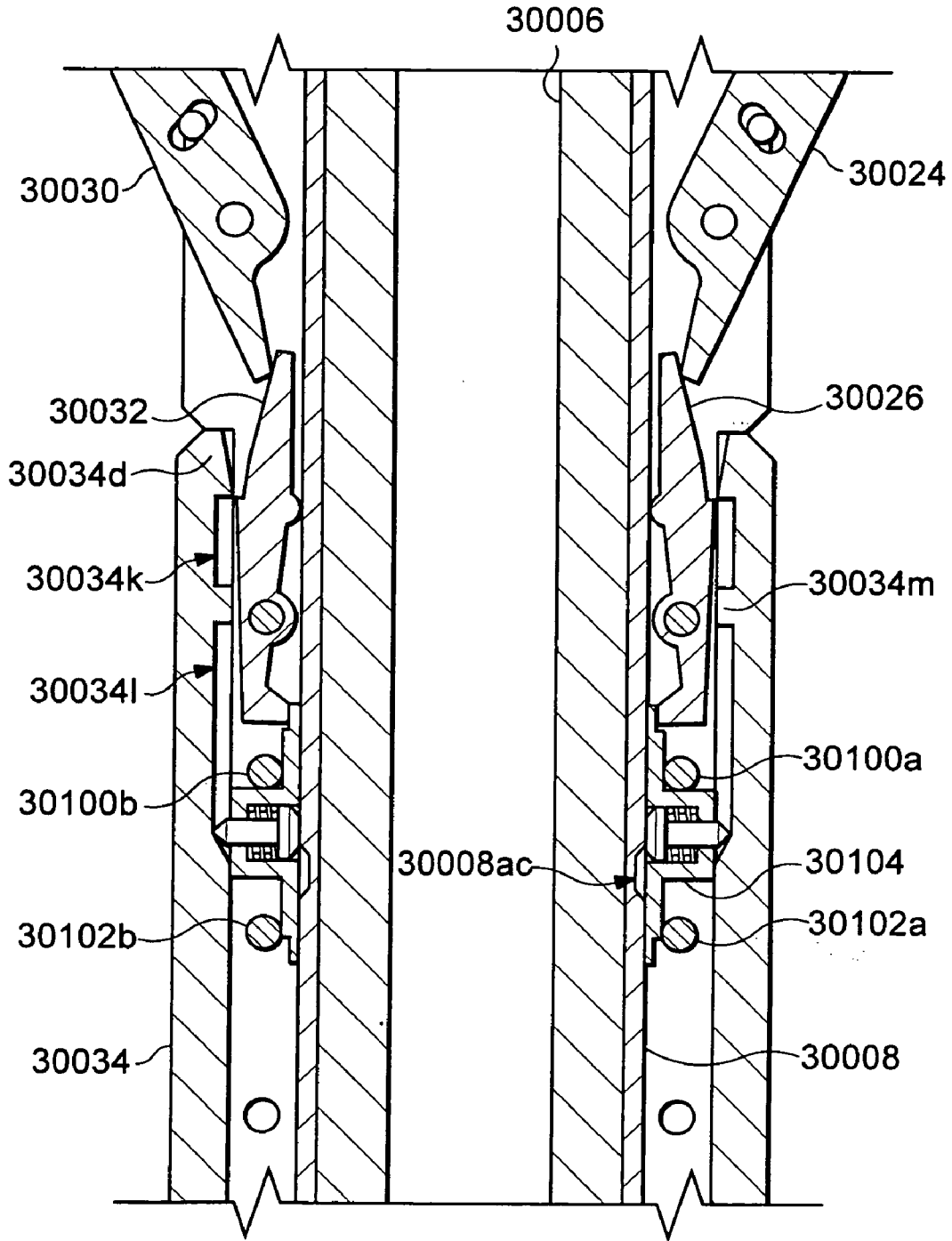


Fig. 16AD

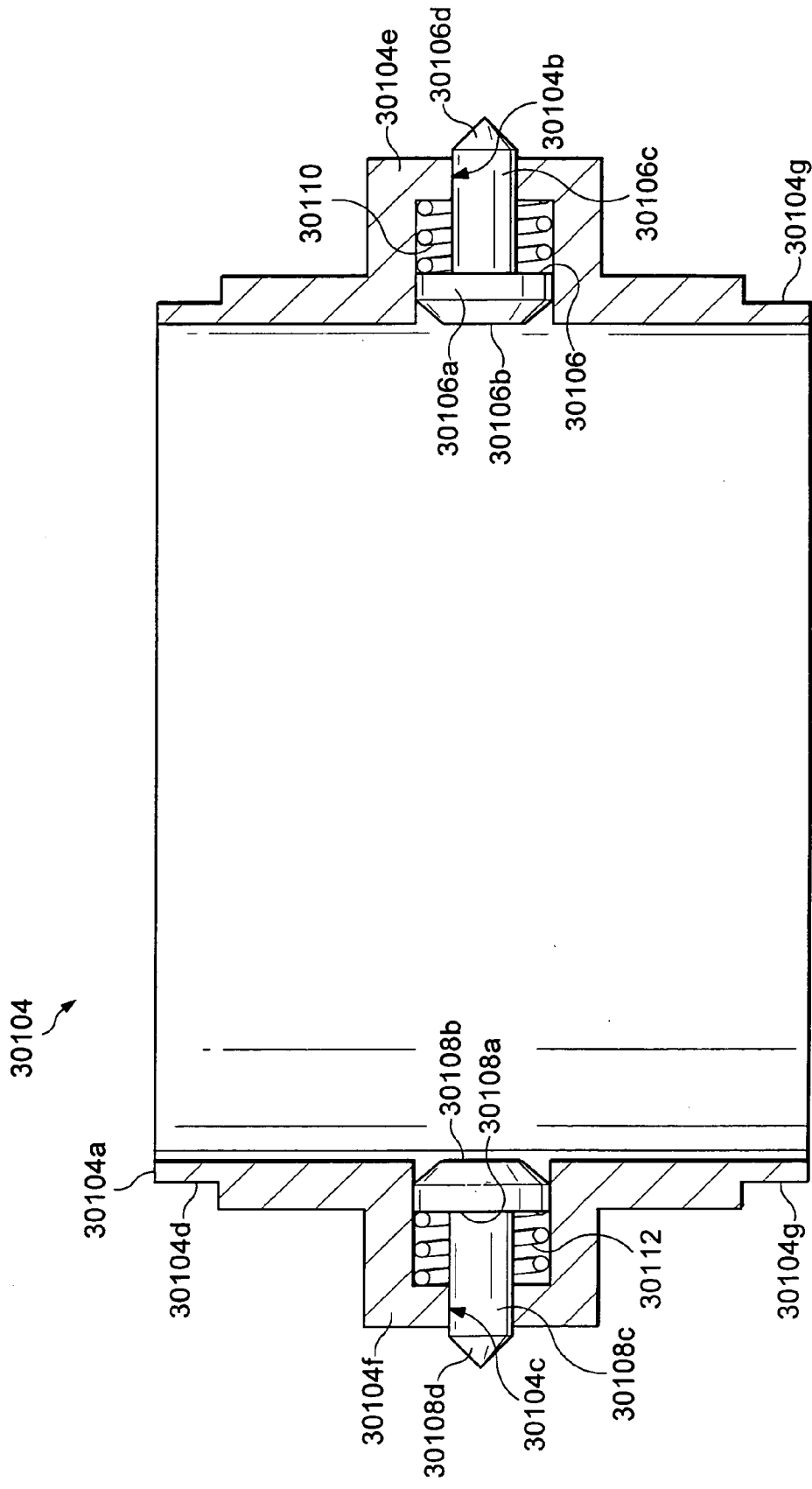


Fig. 16AE



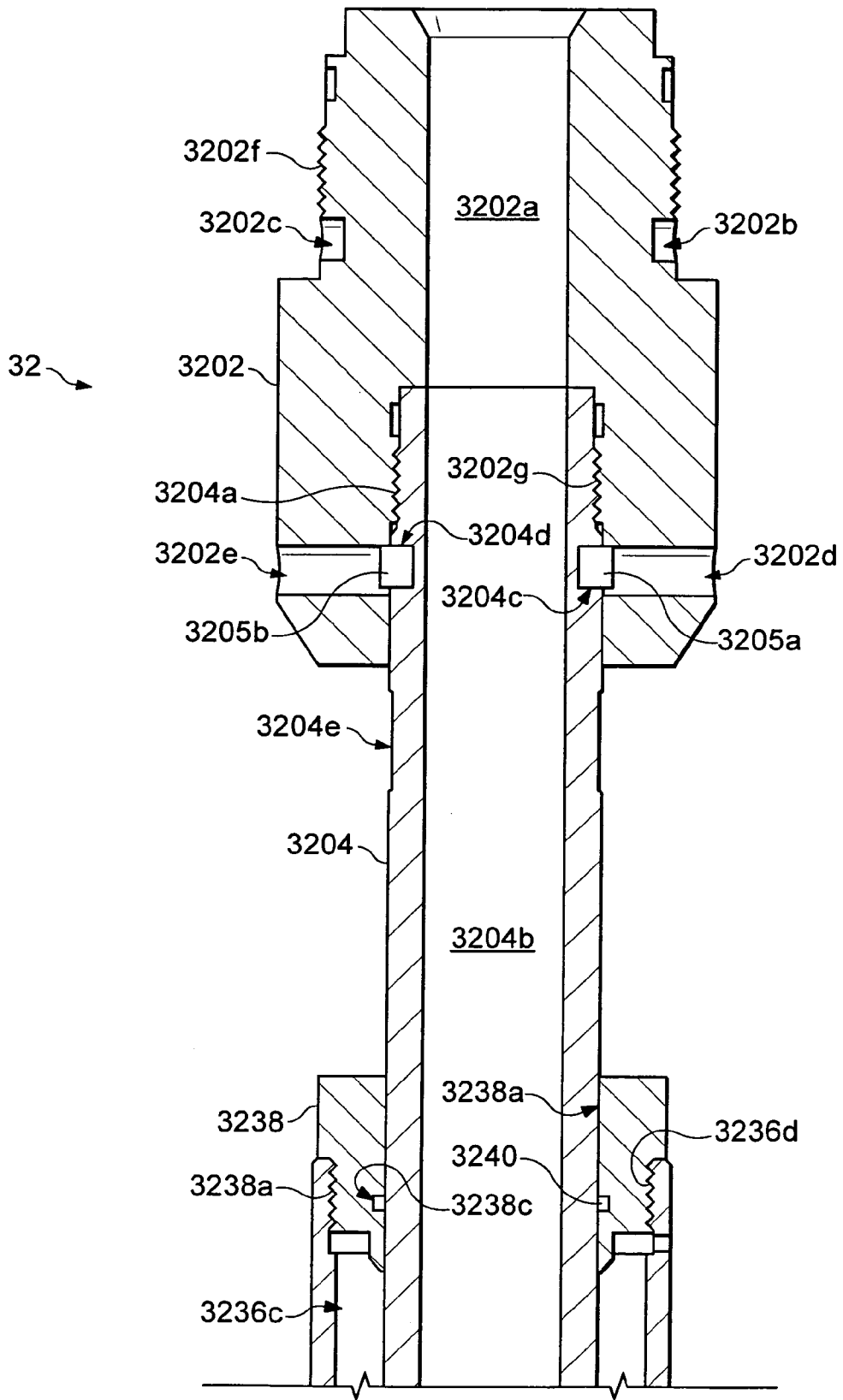


Fig. 17A

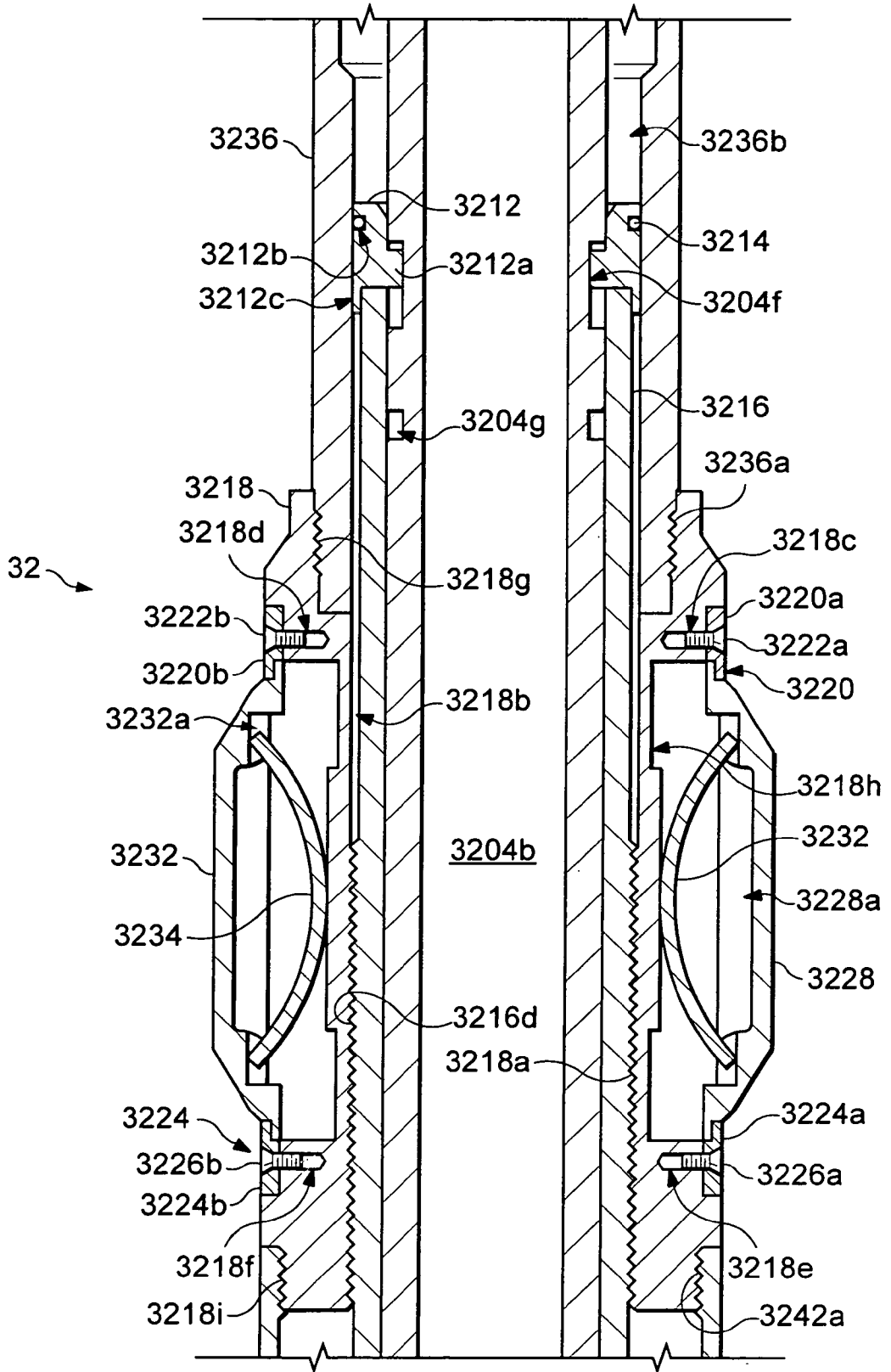
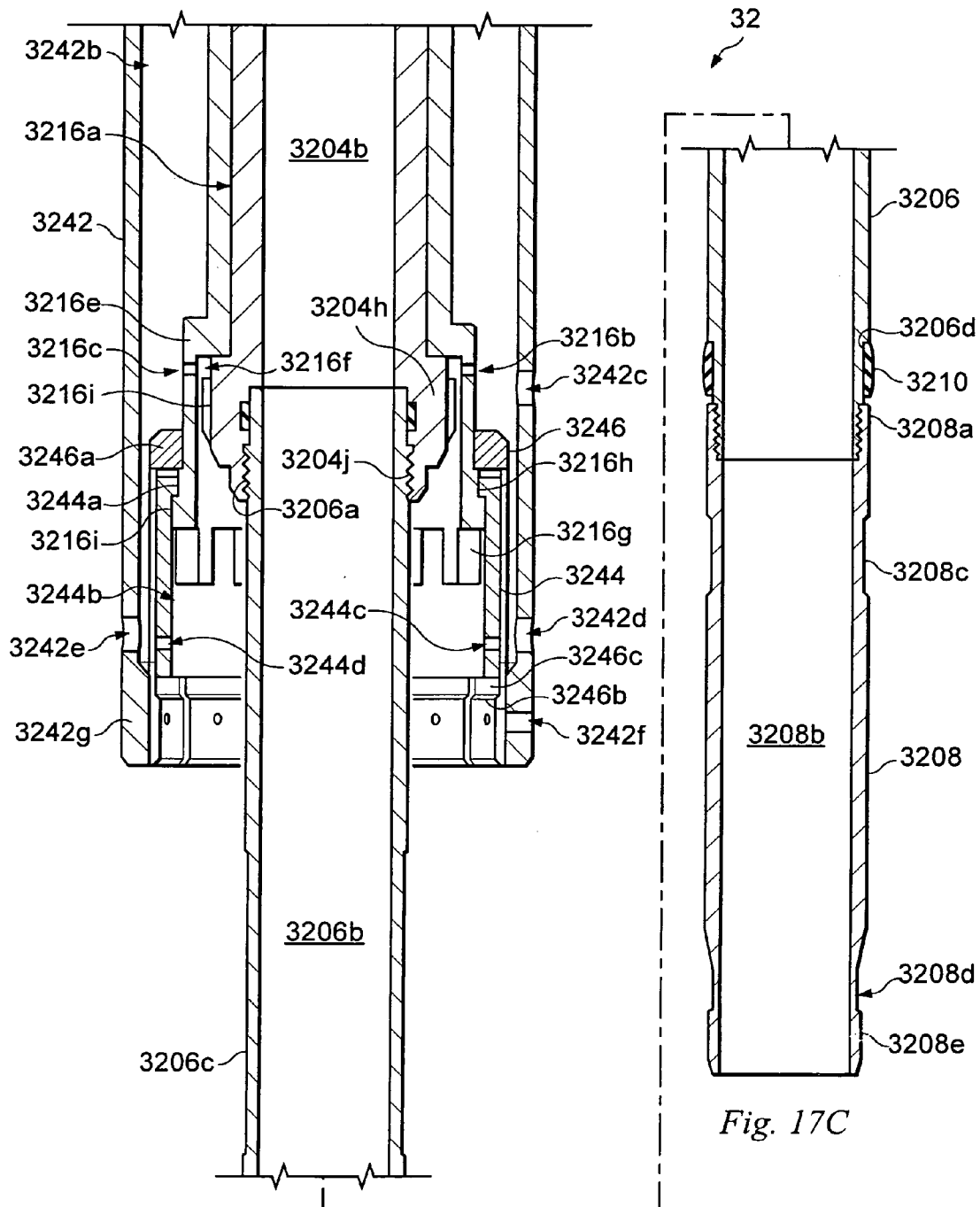


Fig. 17B



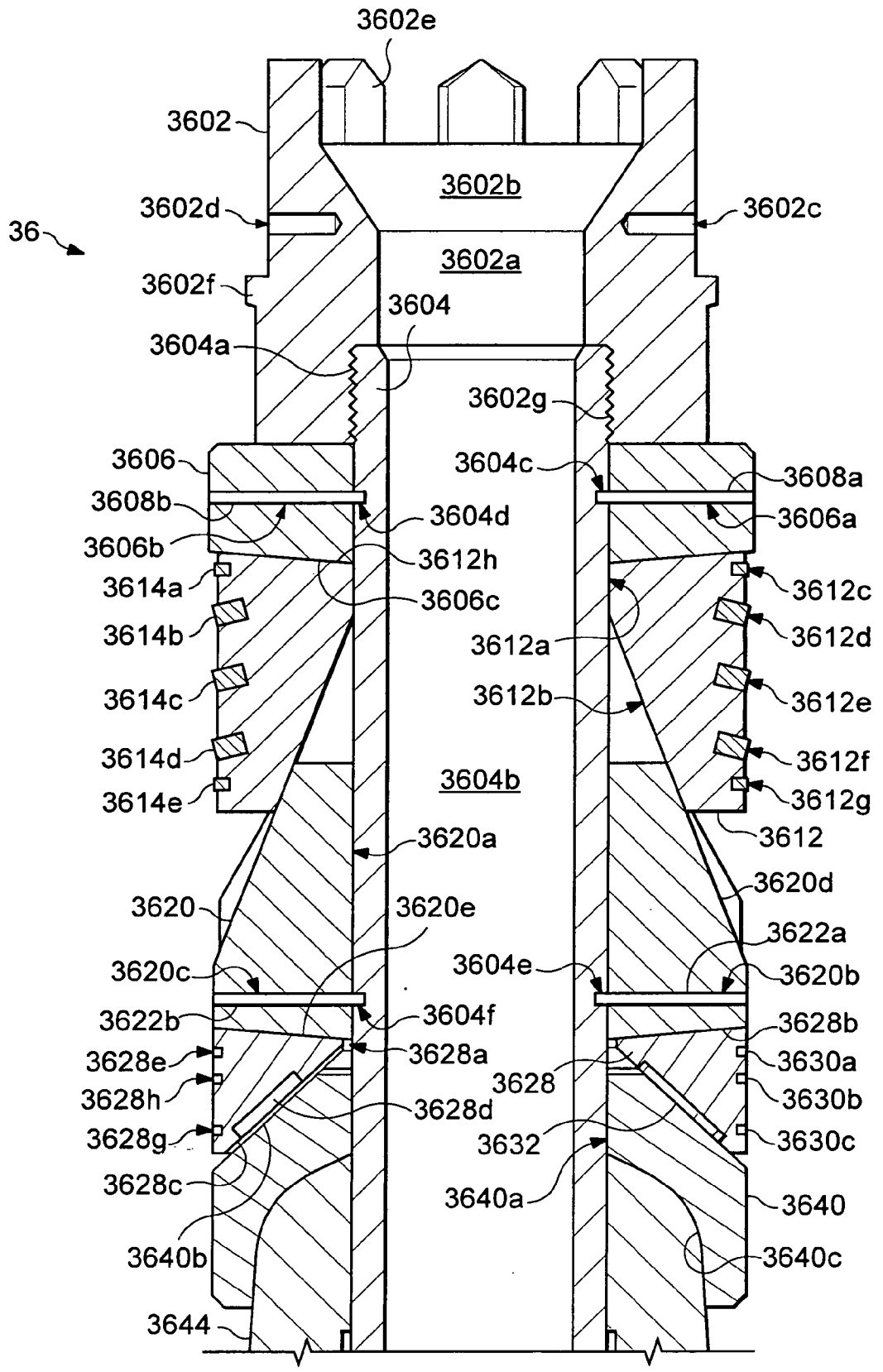


Fig. 18-1

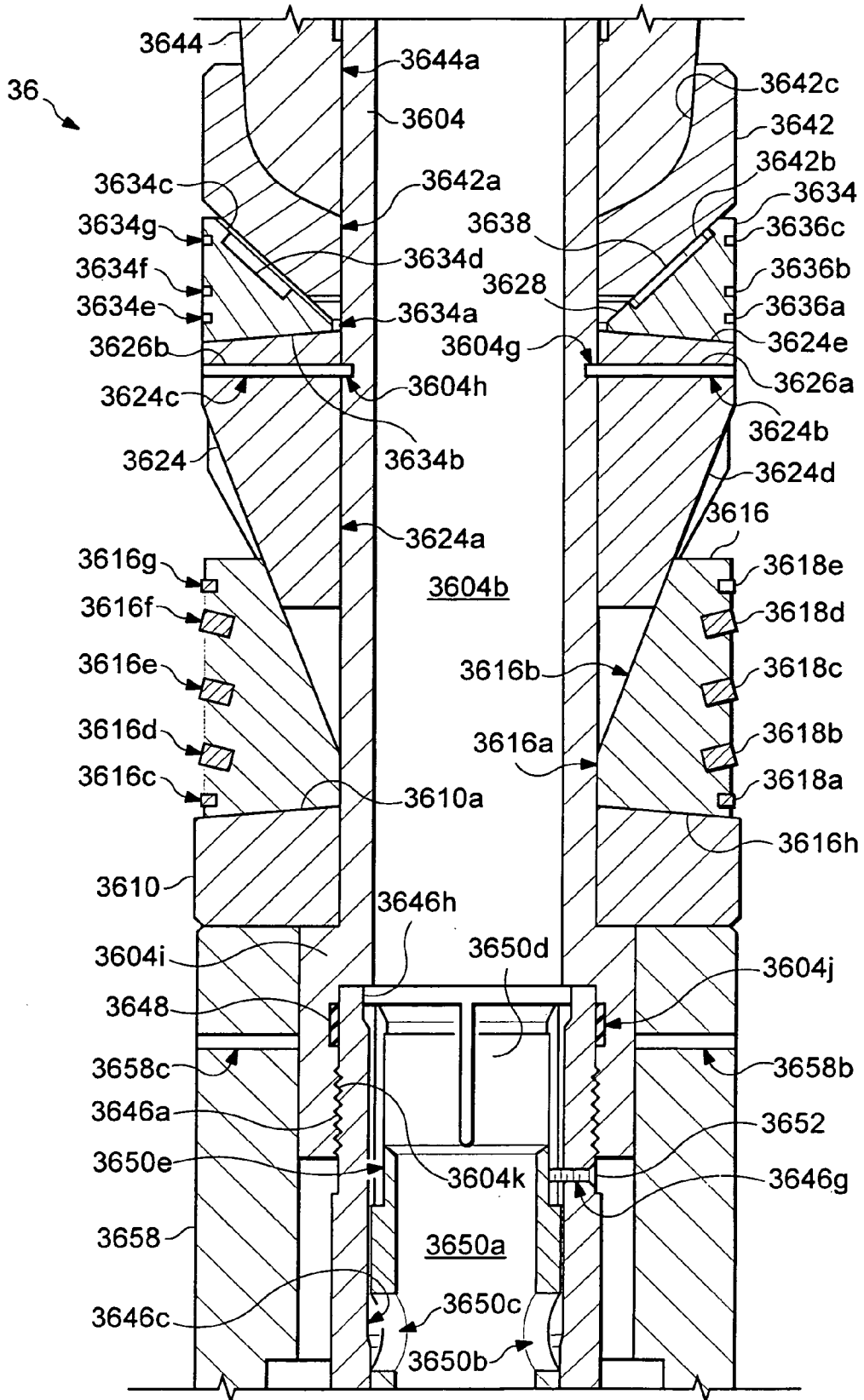


Fig. 18-2

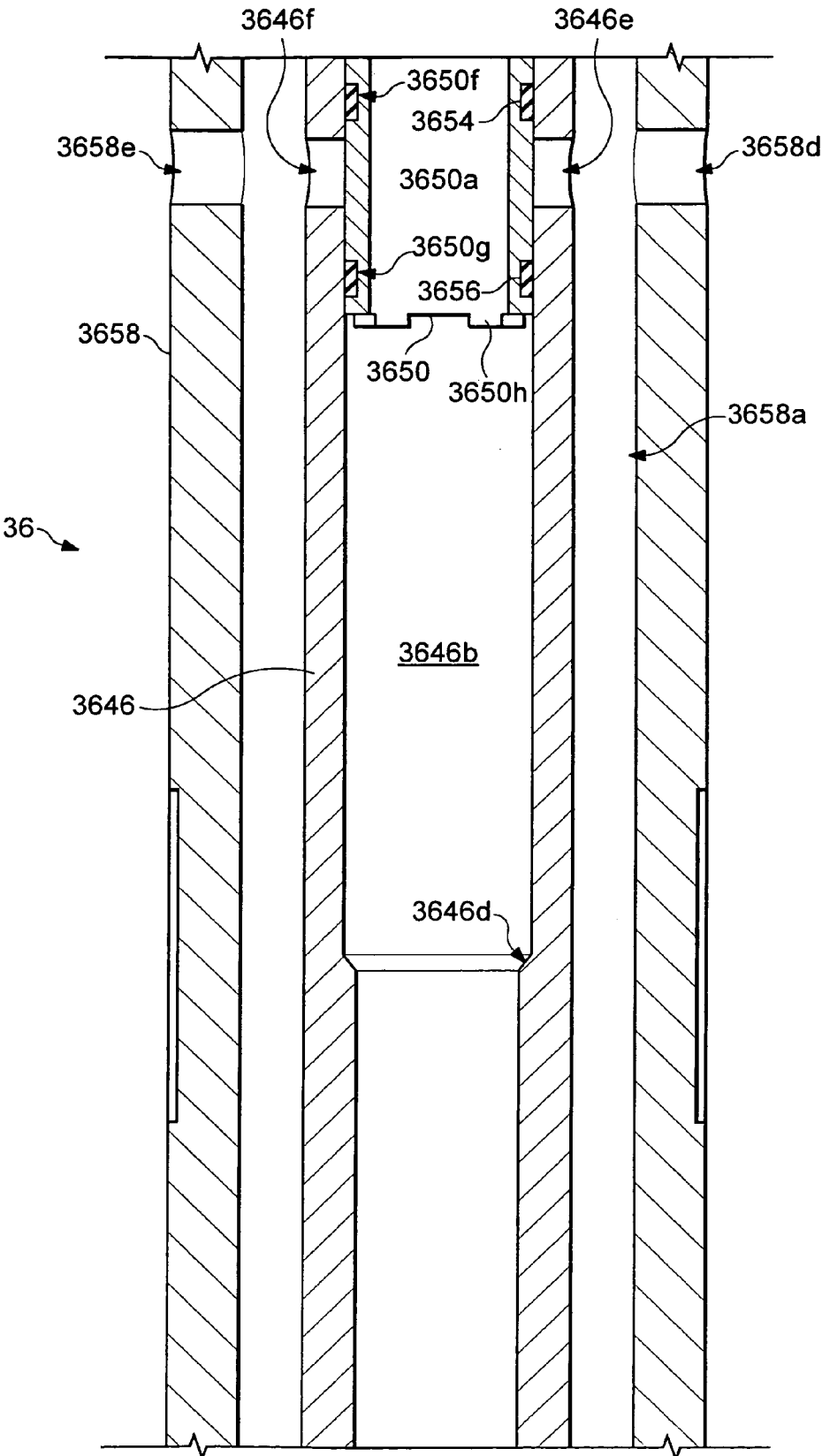


Fig. 18-3



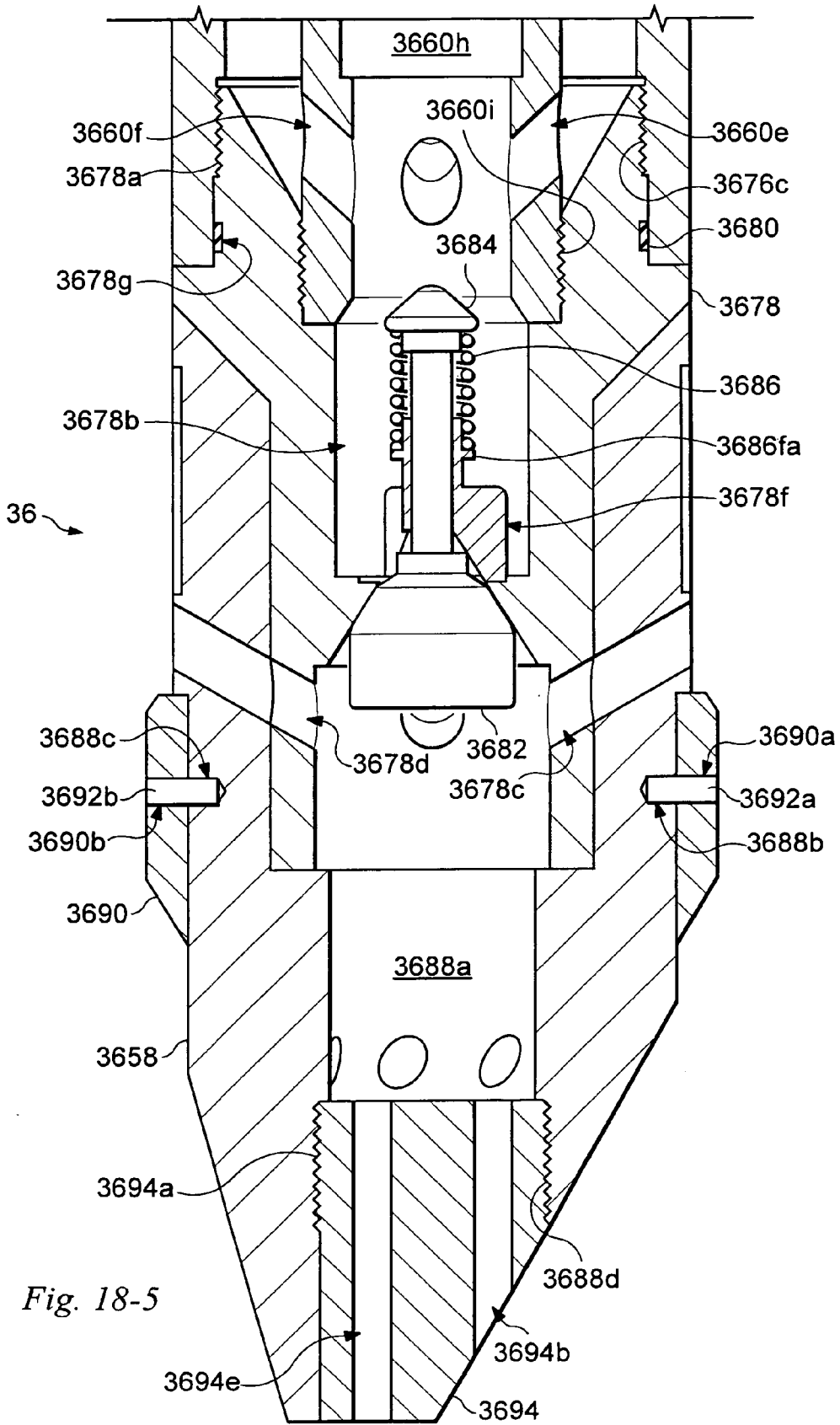


Fig. 18-5



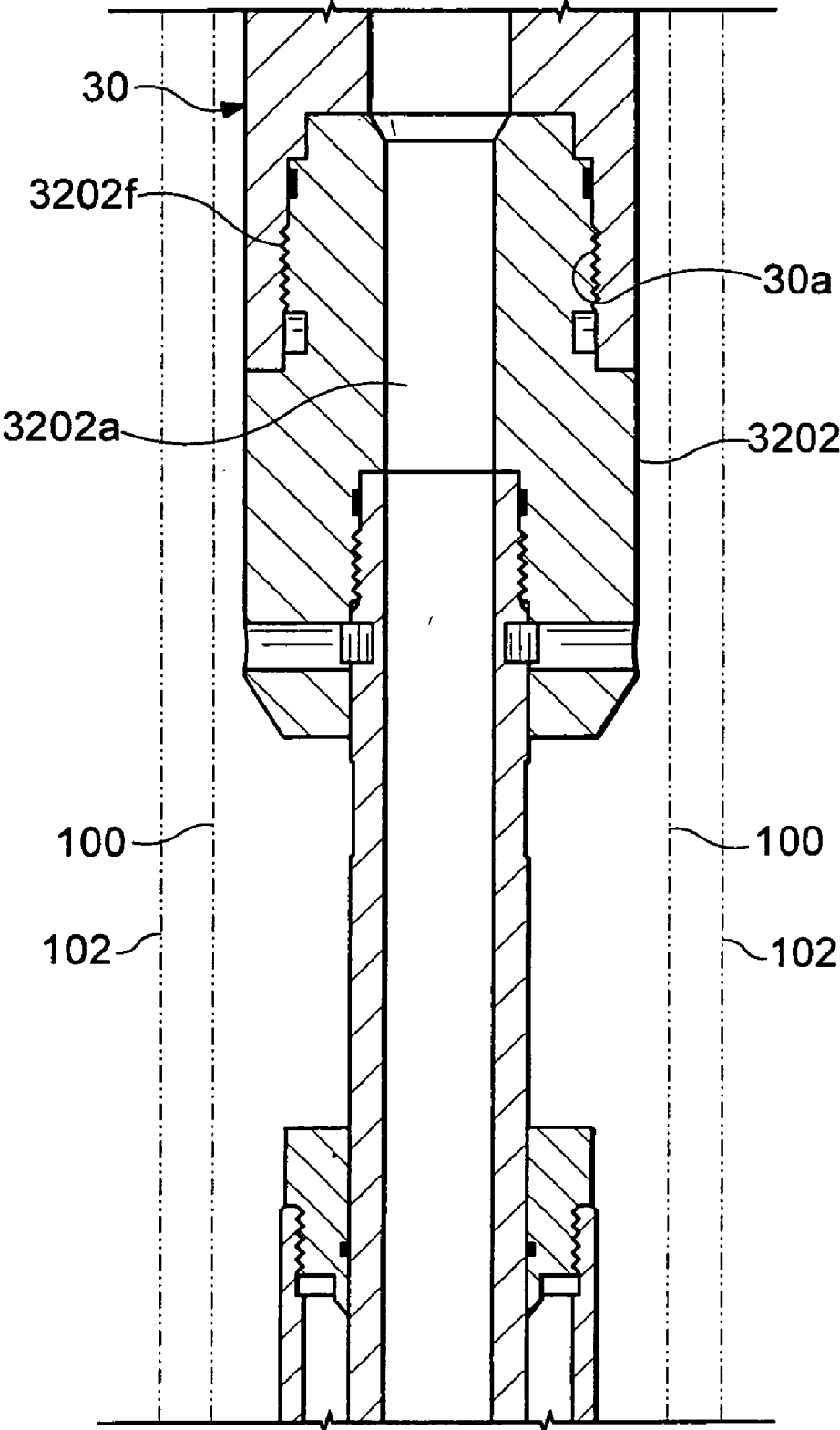


Fig. 19A1

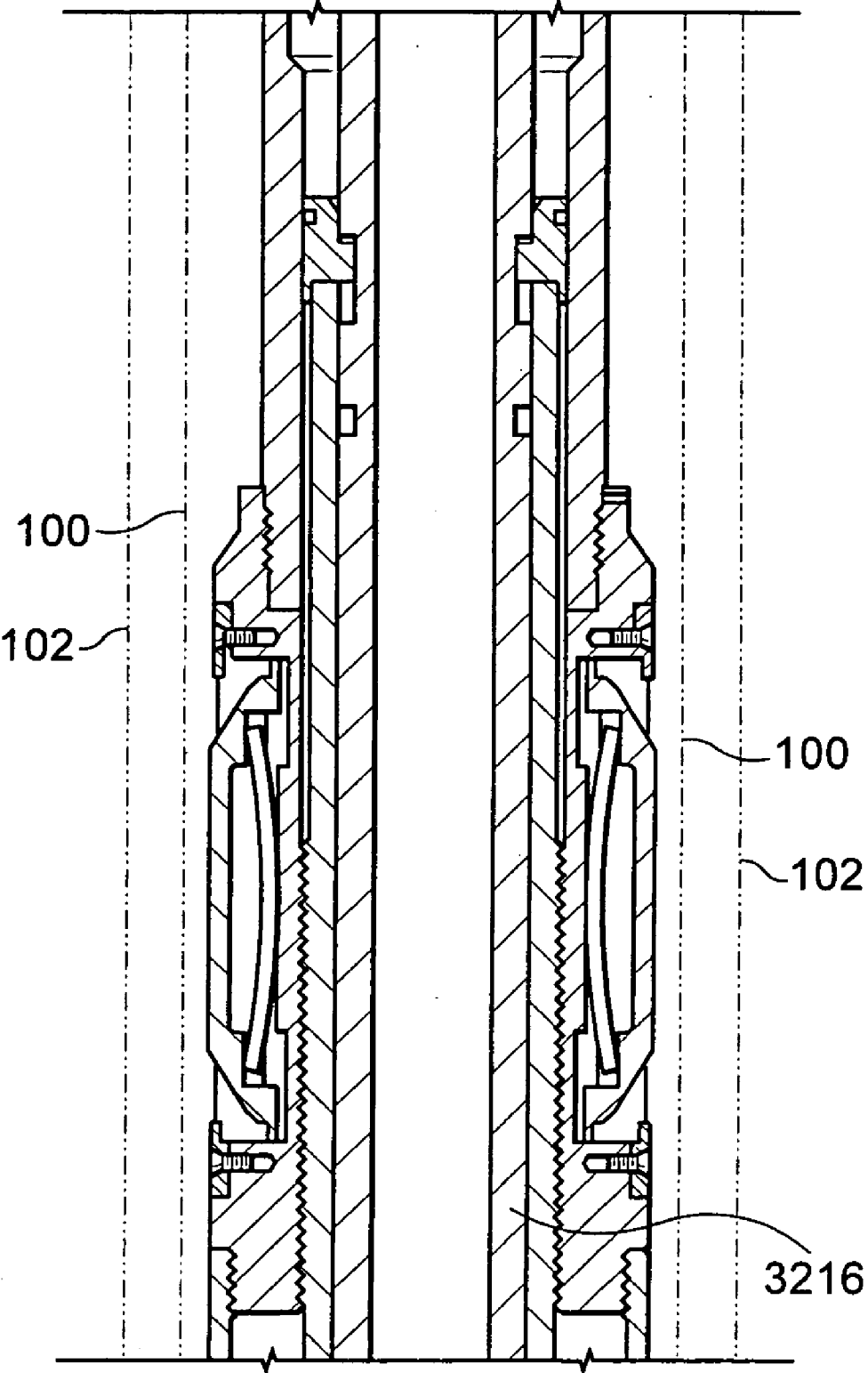


Fig. 19A2

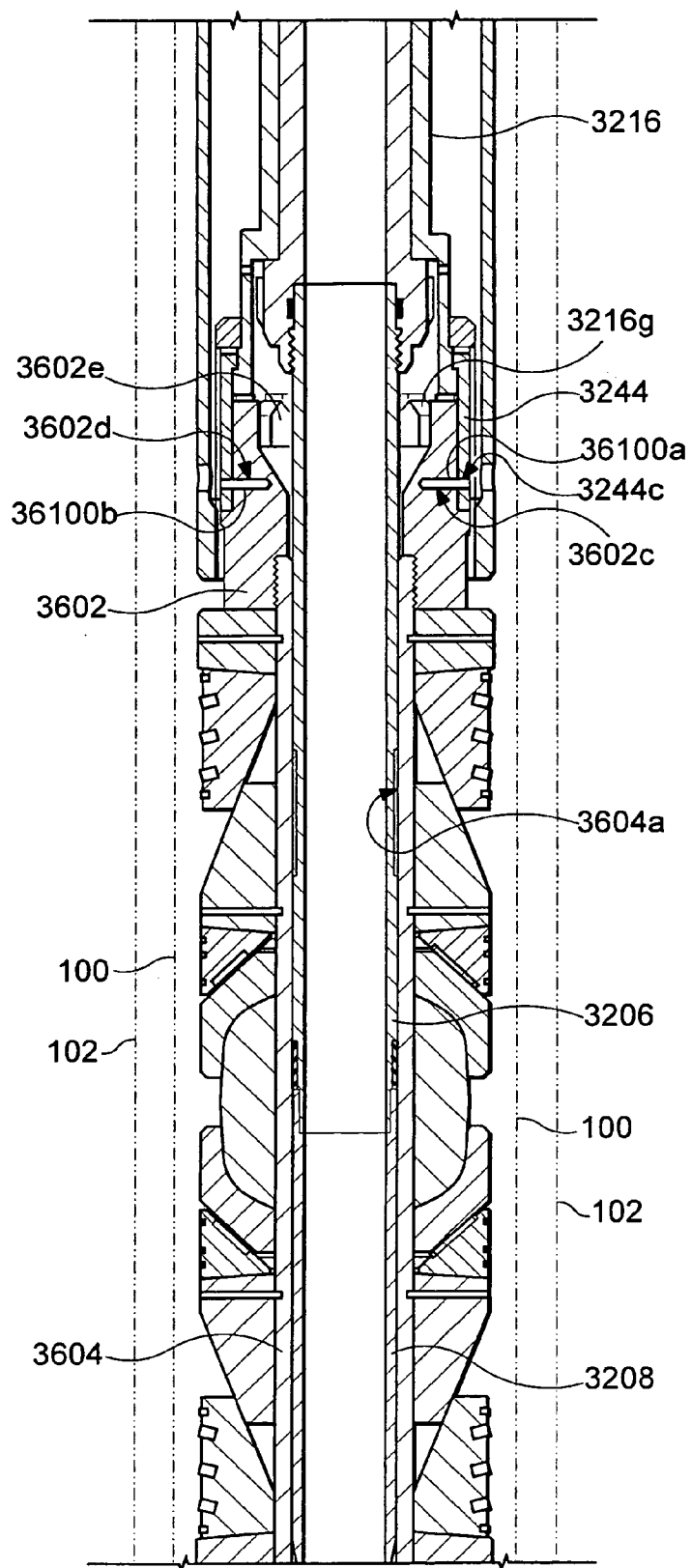


Fig. 19A3

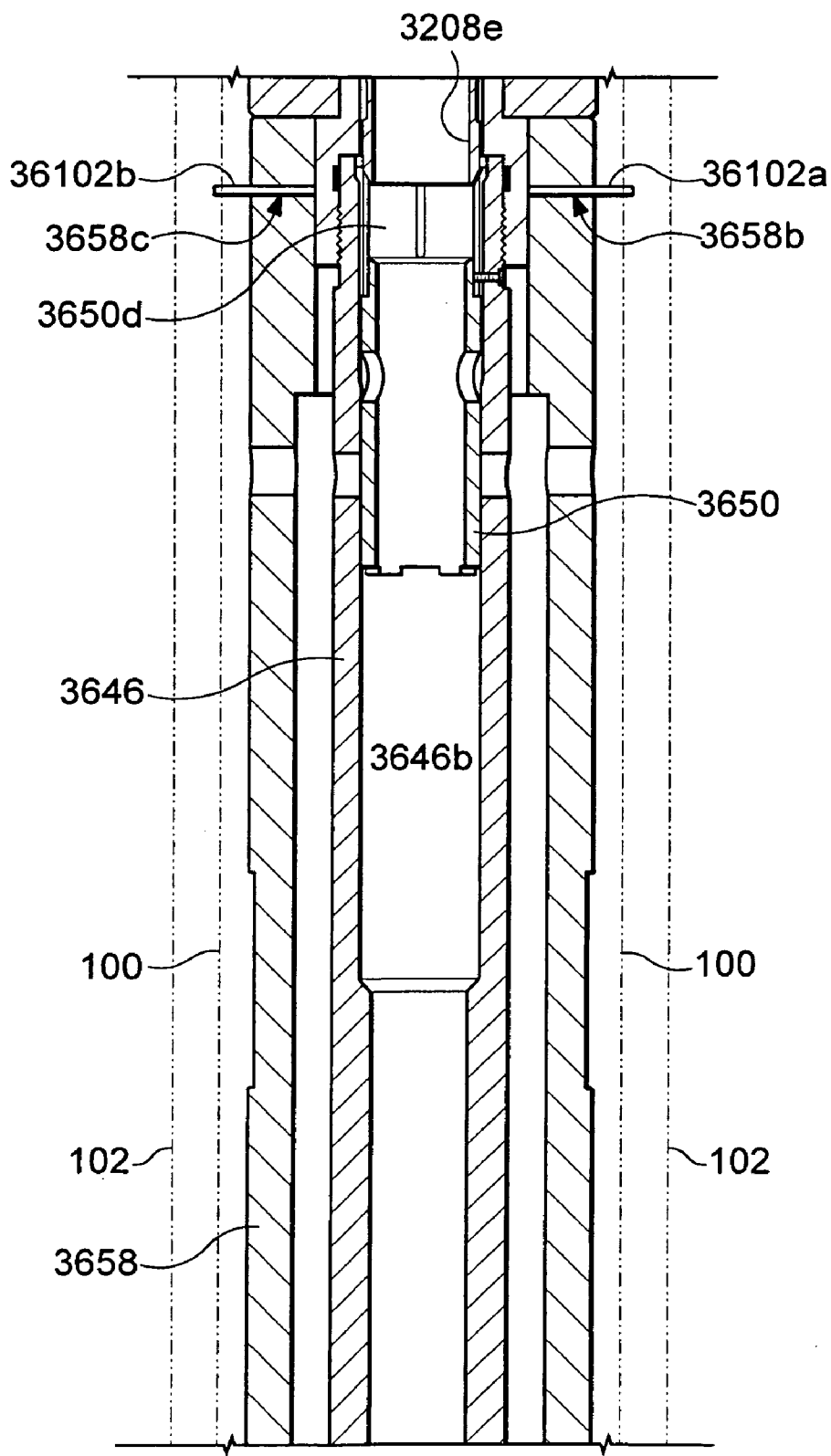


Fig. 19A4

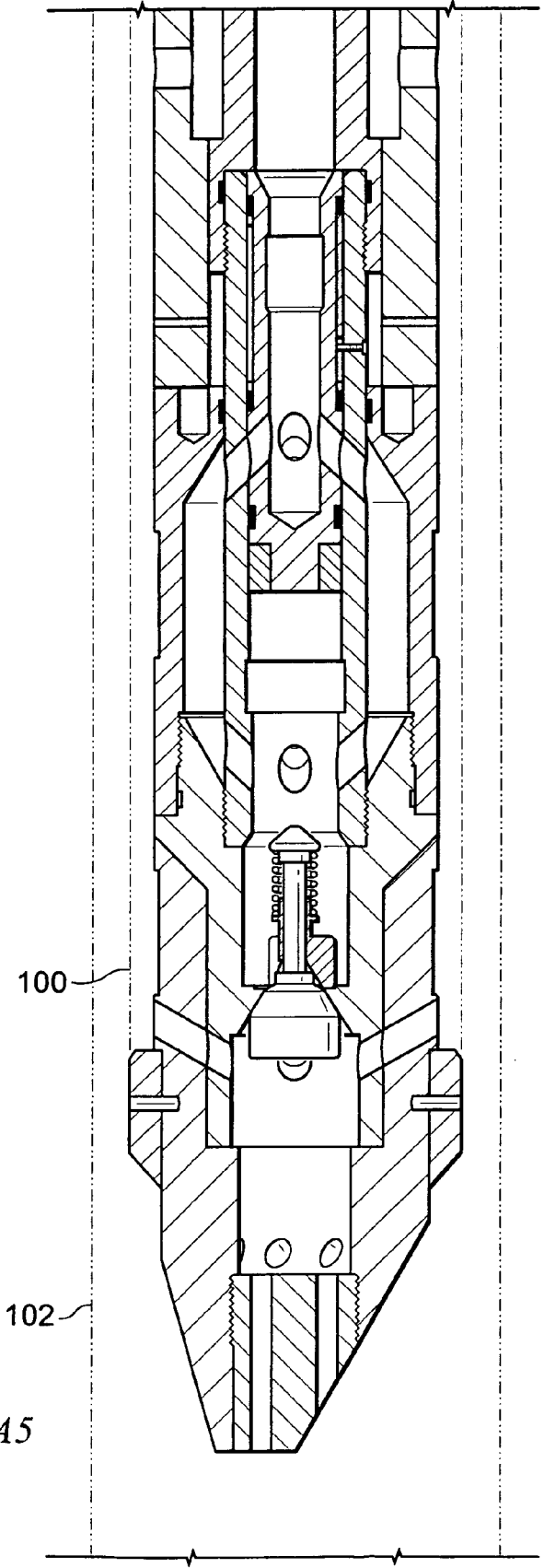


Fig. 19A5

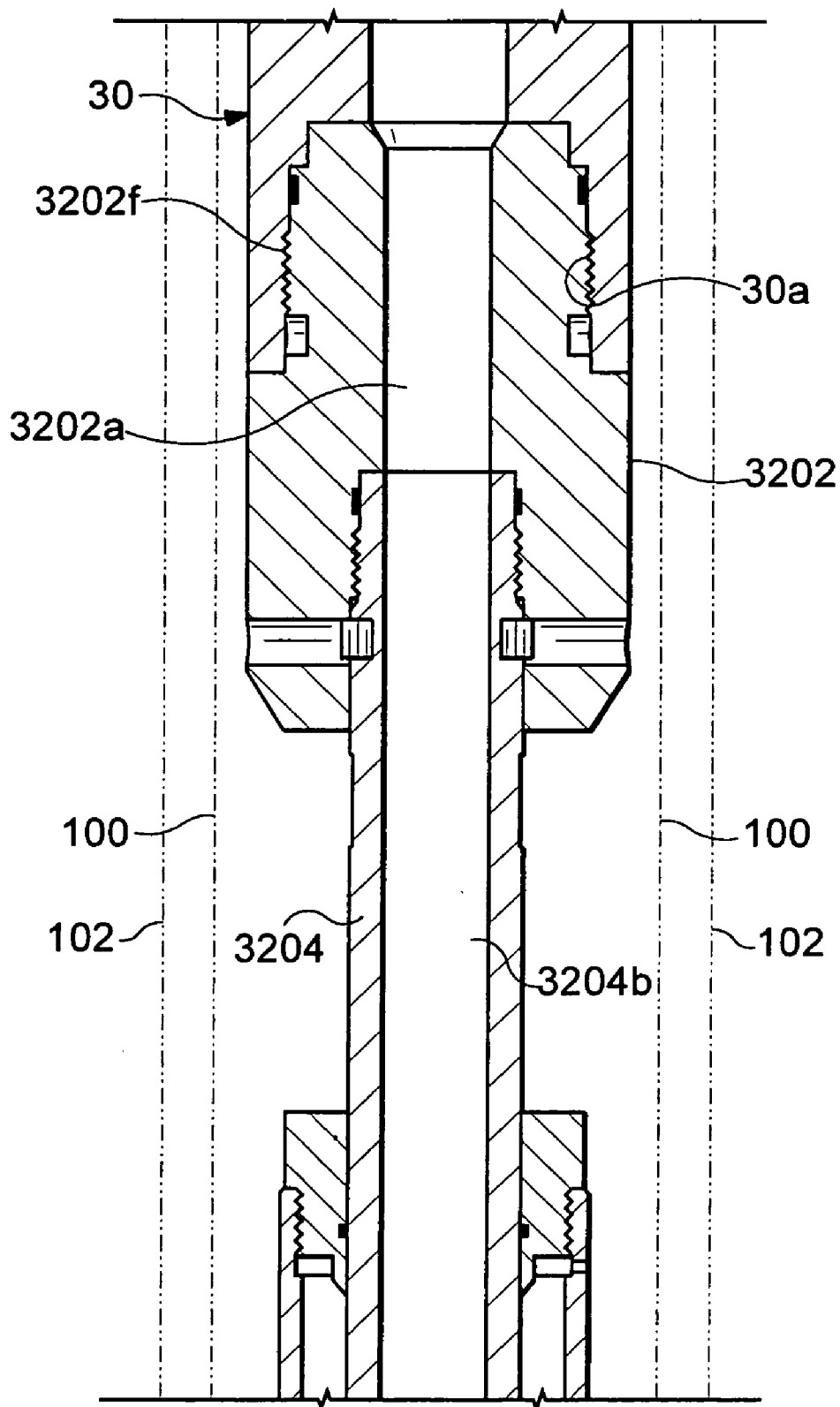


Fig. 19B1

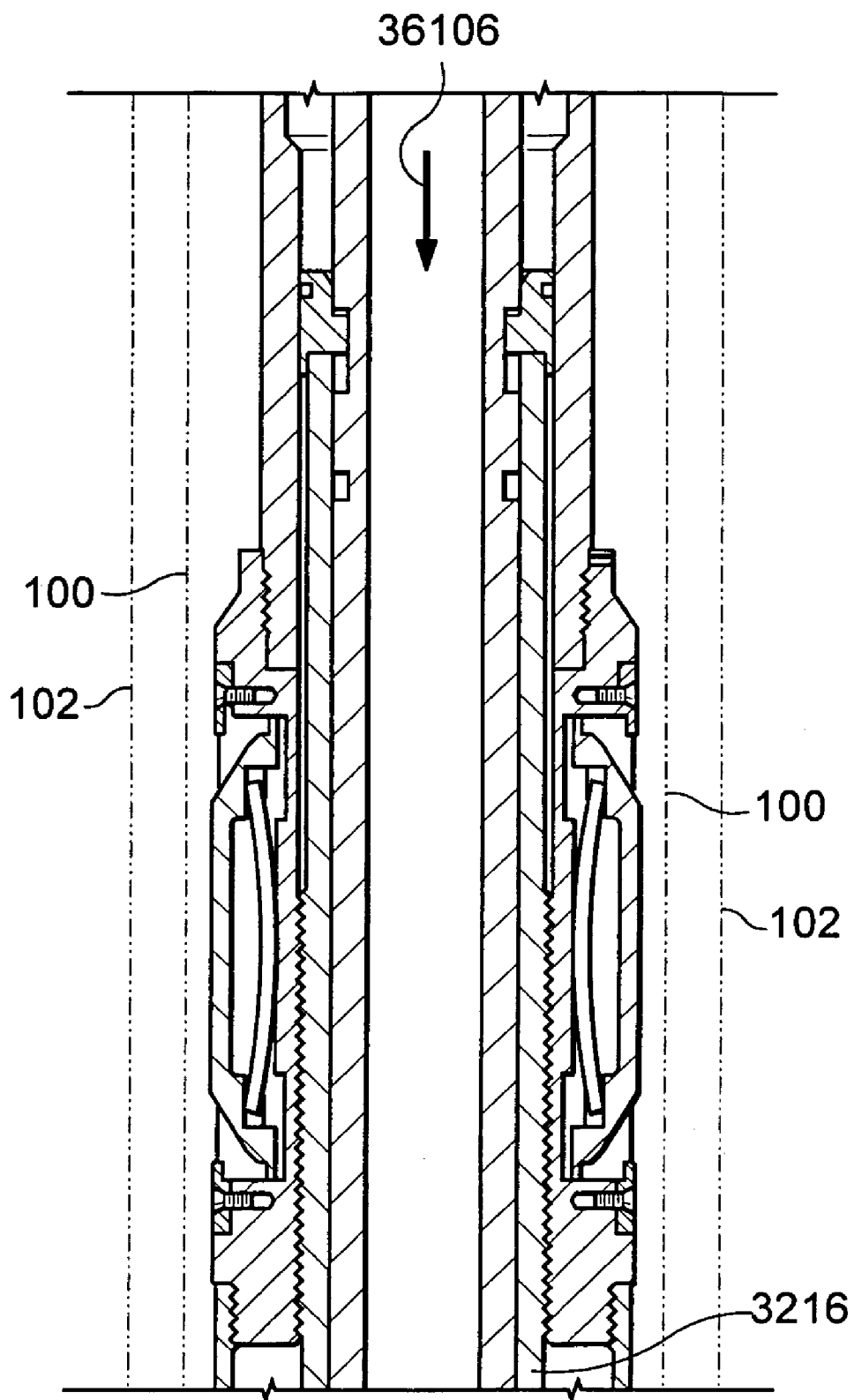


Fig. 19B2

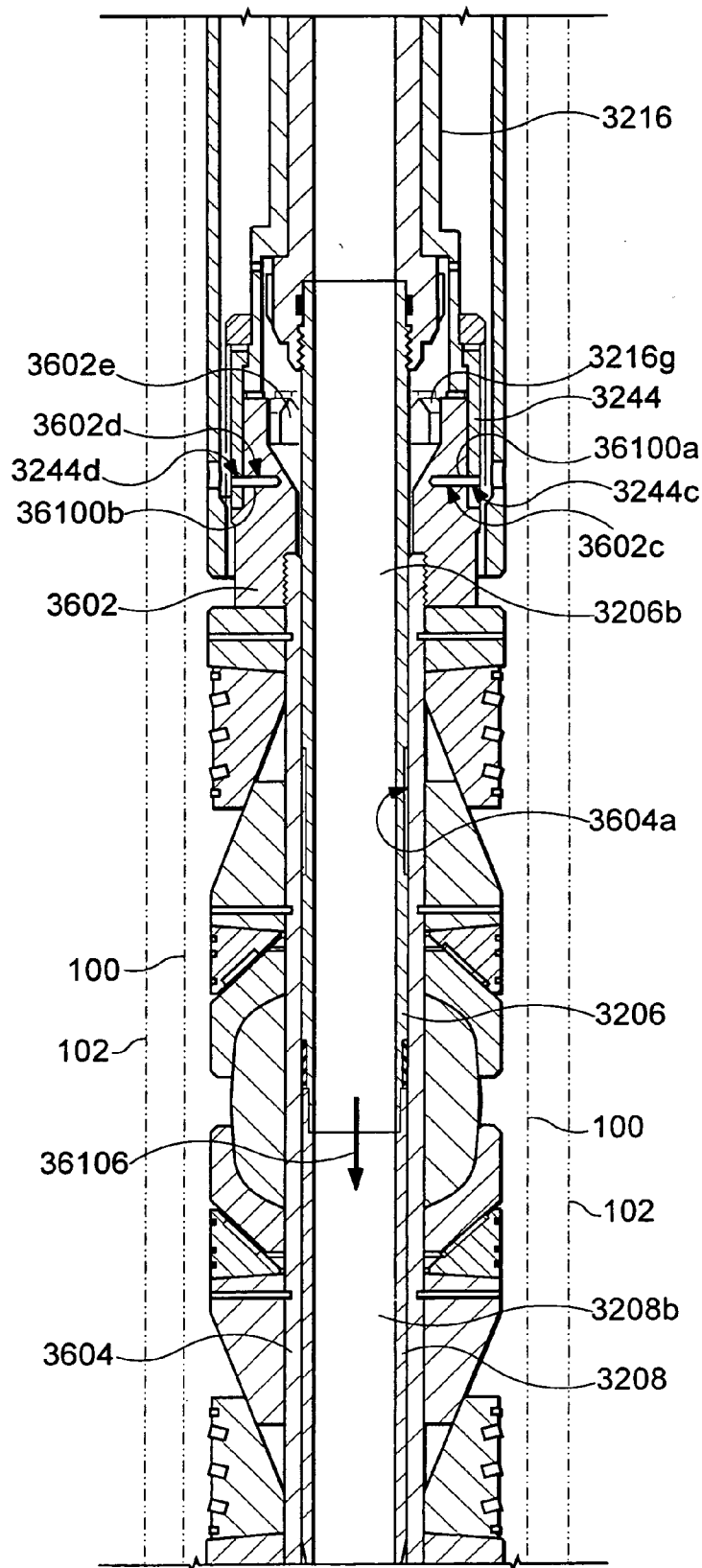


Fig. 19B3



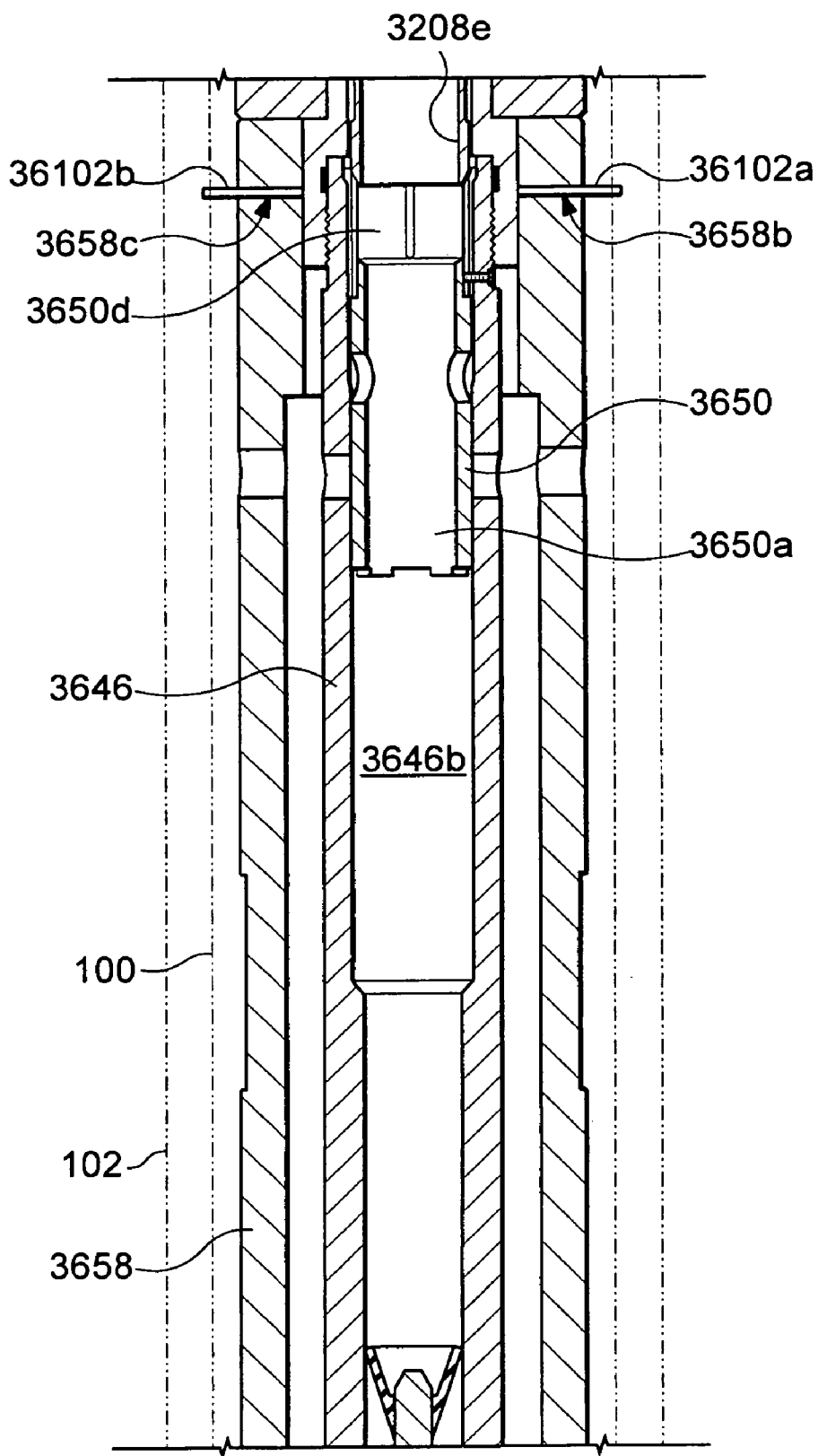


Fig. 19B4

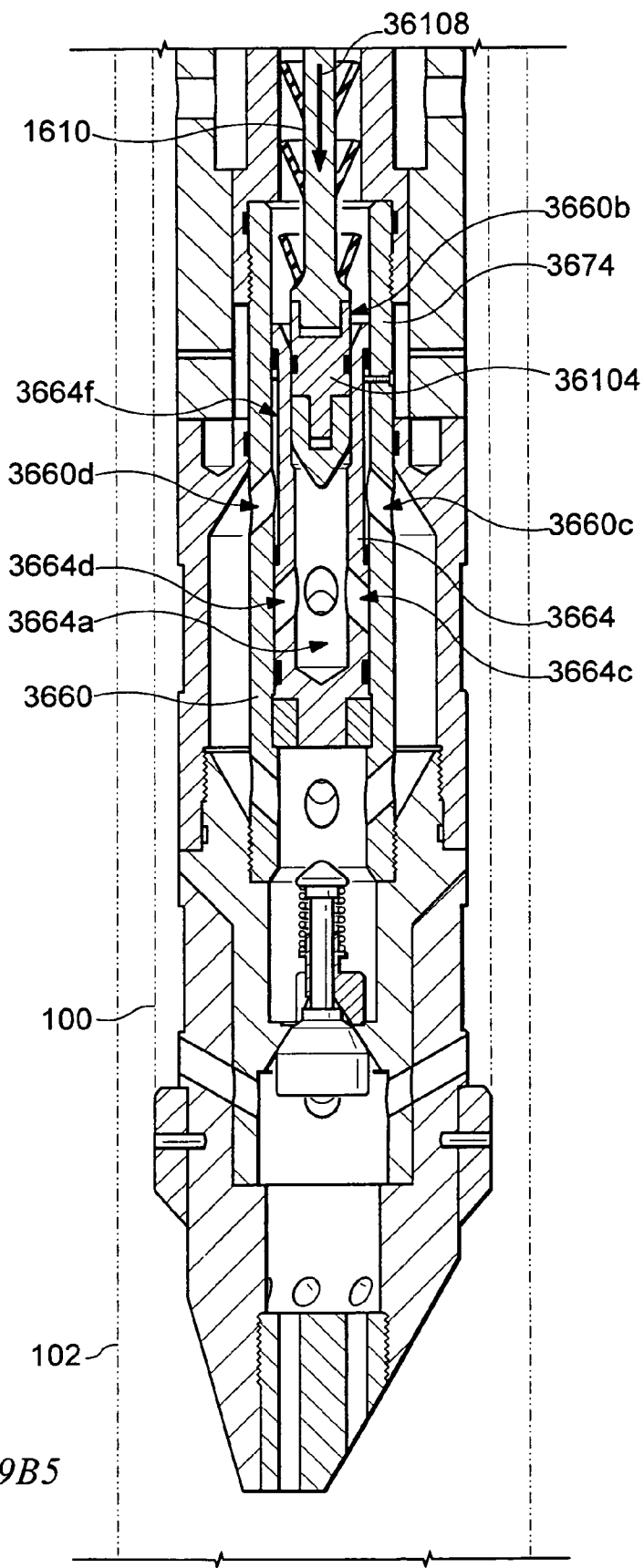


Fig. 19B5

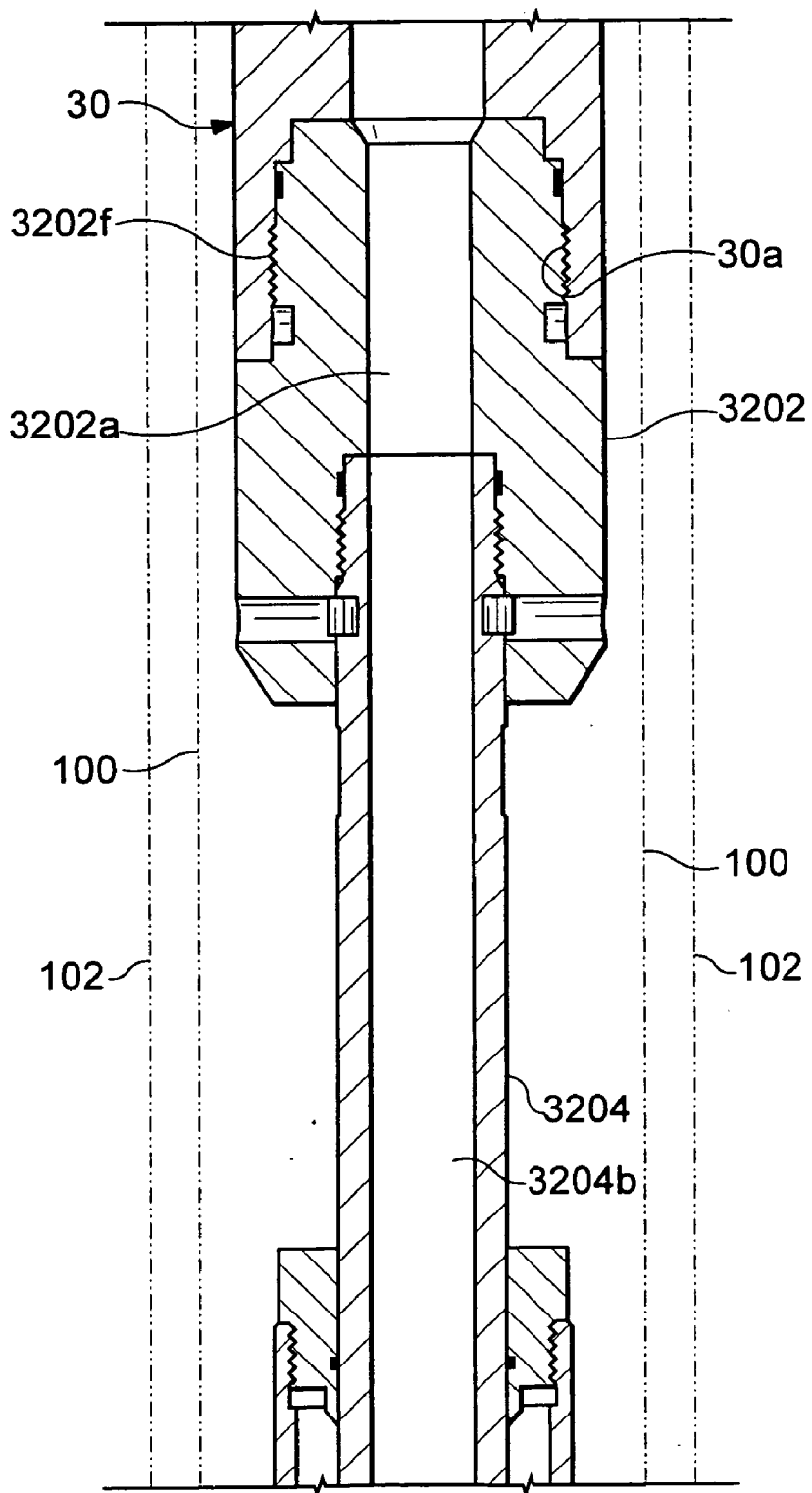


Fig. 19C1

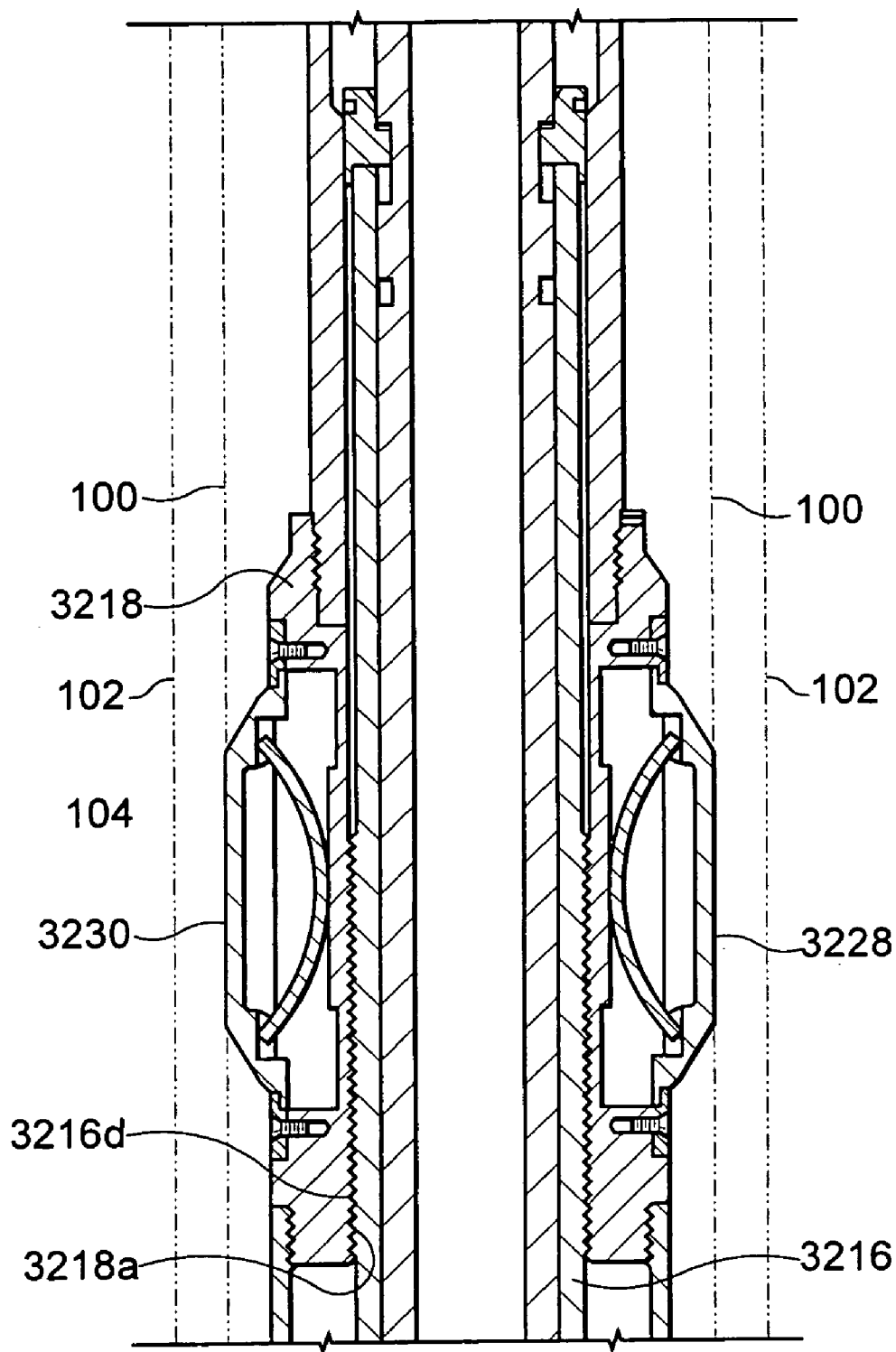


Fig. 19C2

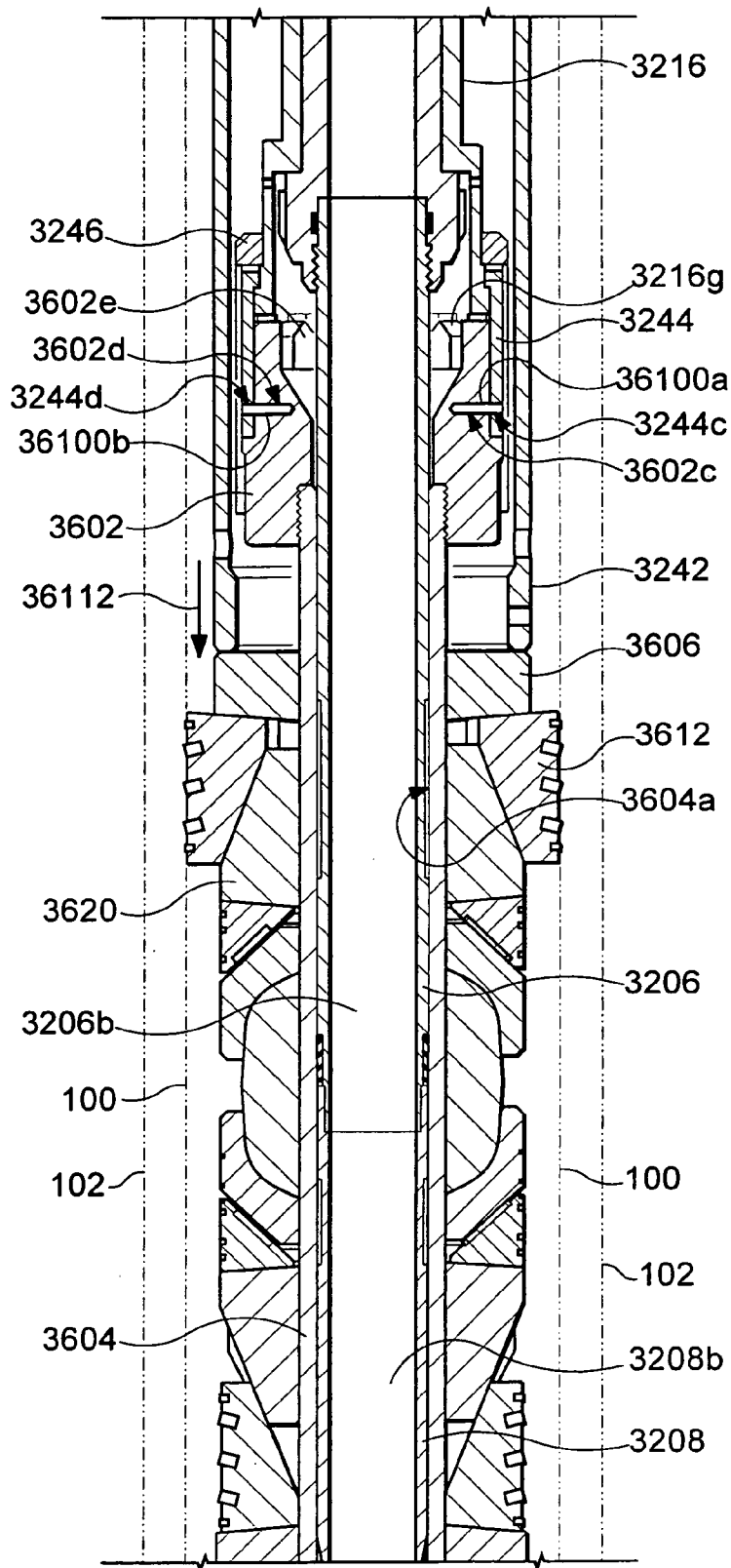


Fig. 19C3

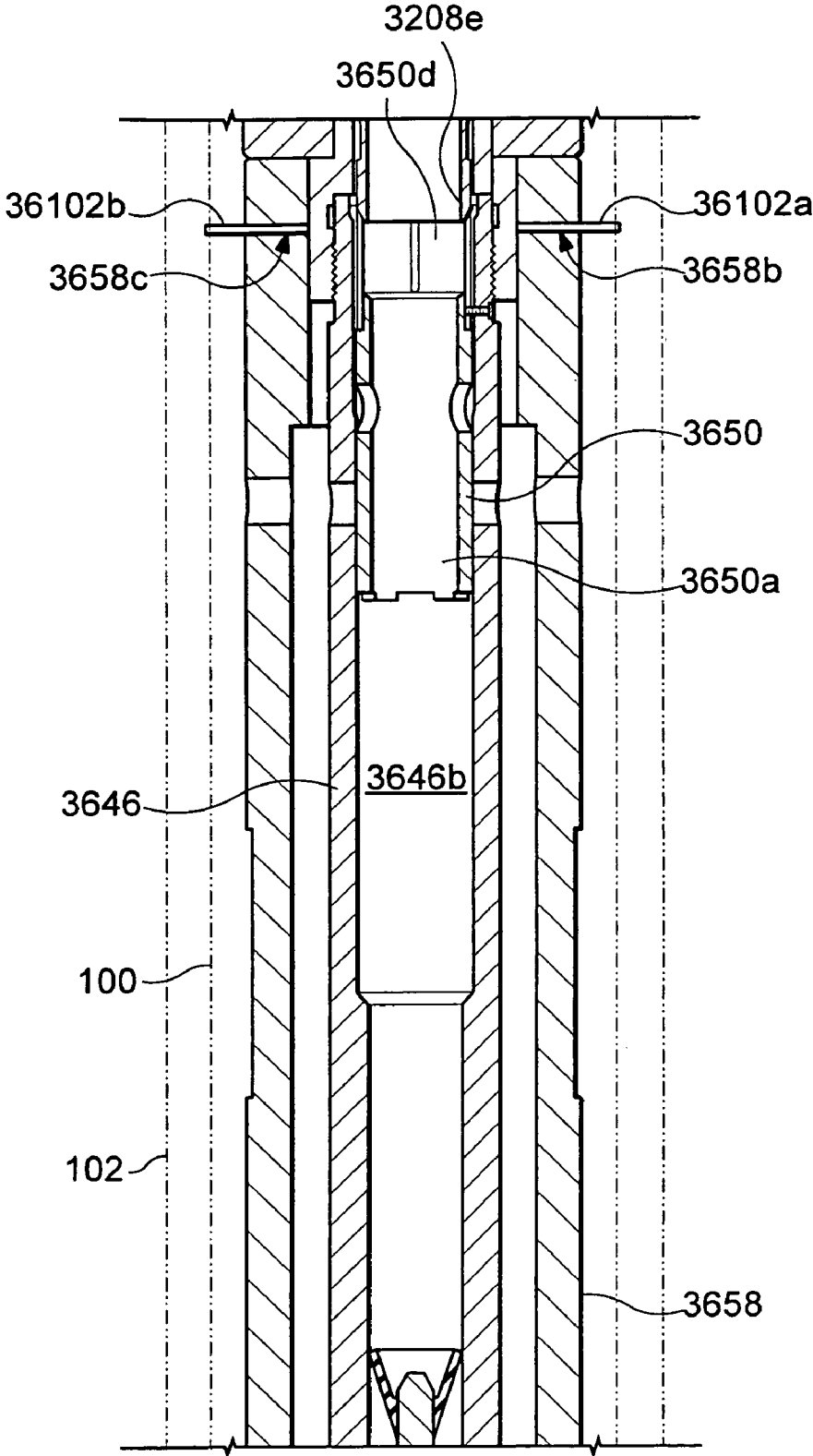


Fig. 19C4

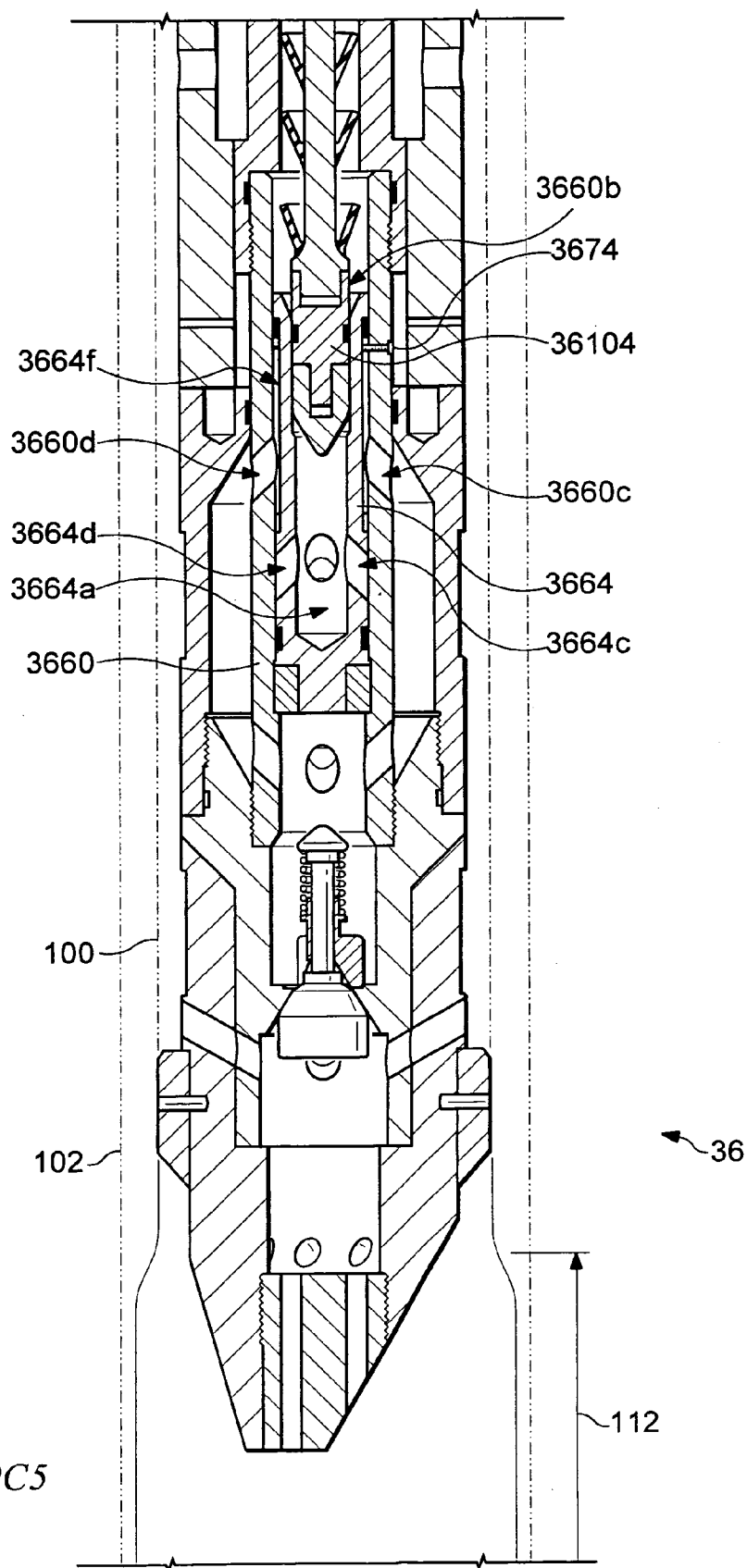


Fig. 19C5

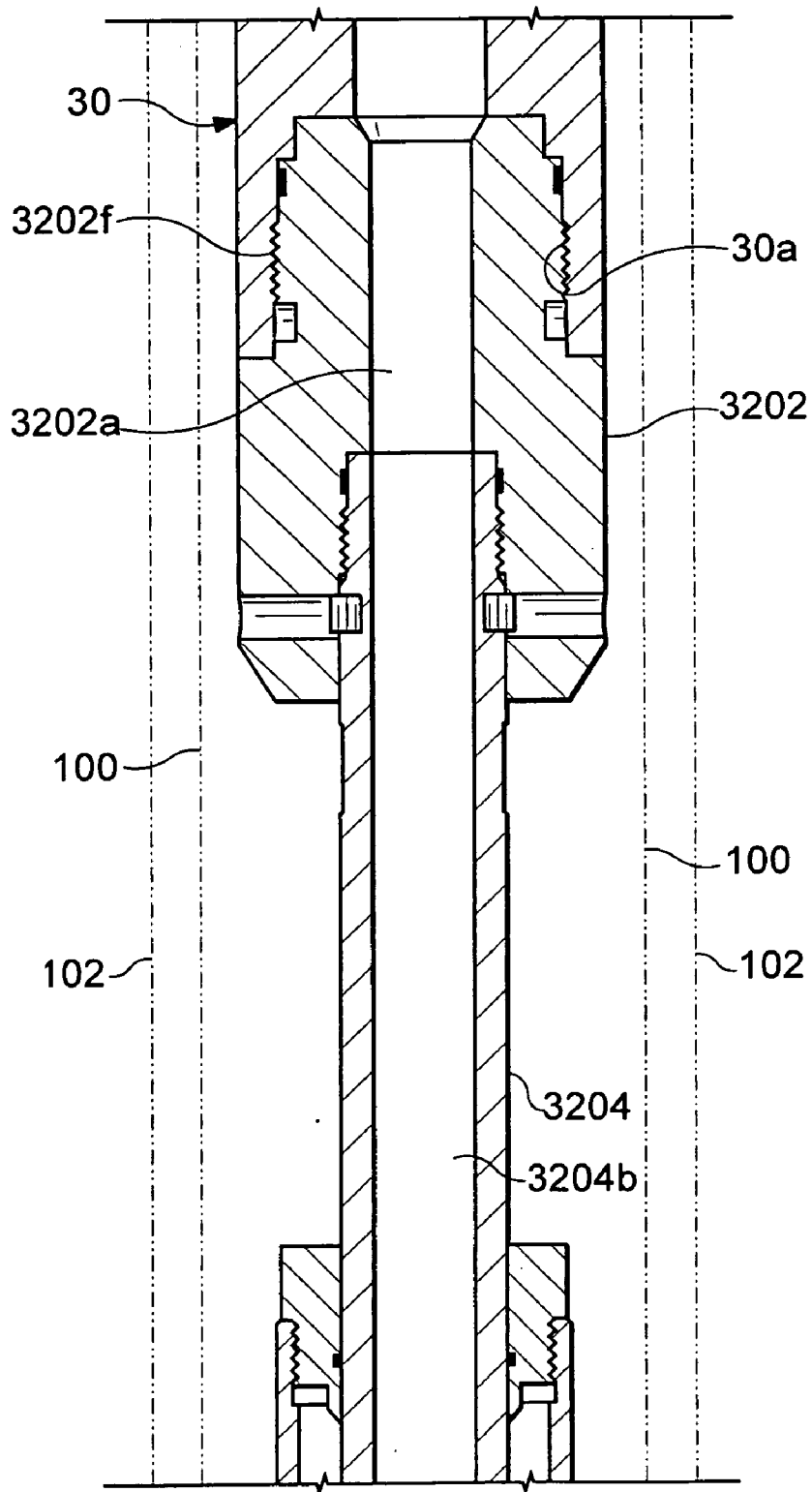


Fig. 19D1



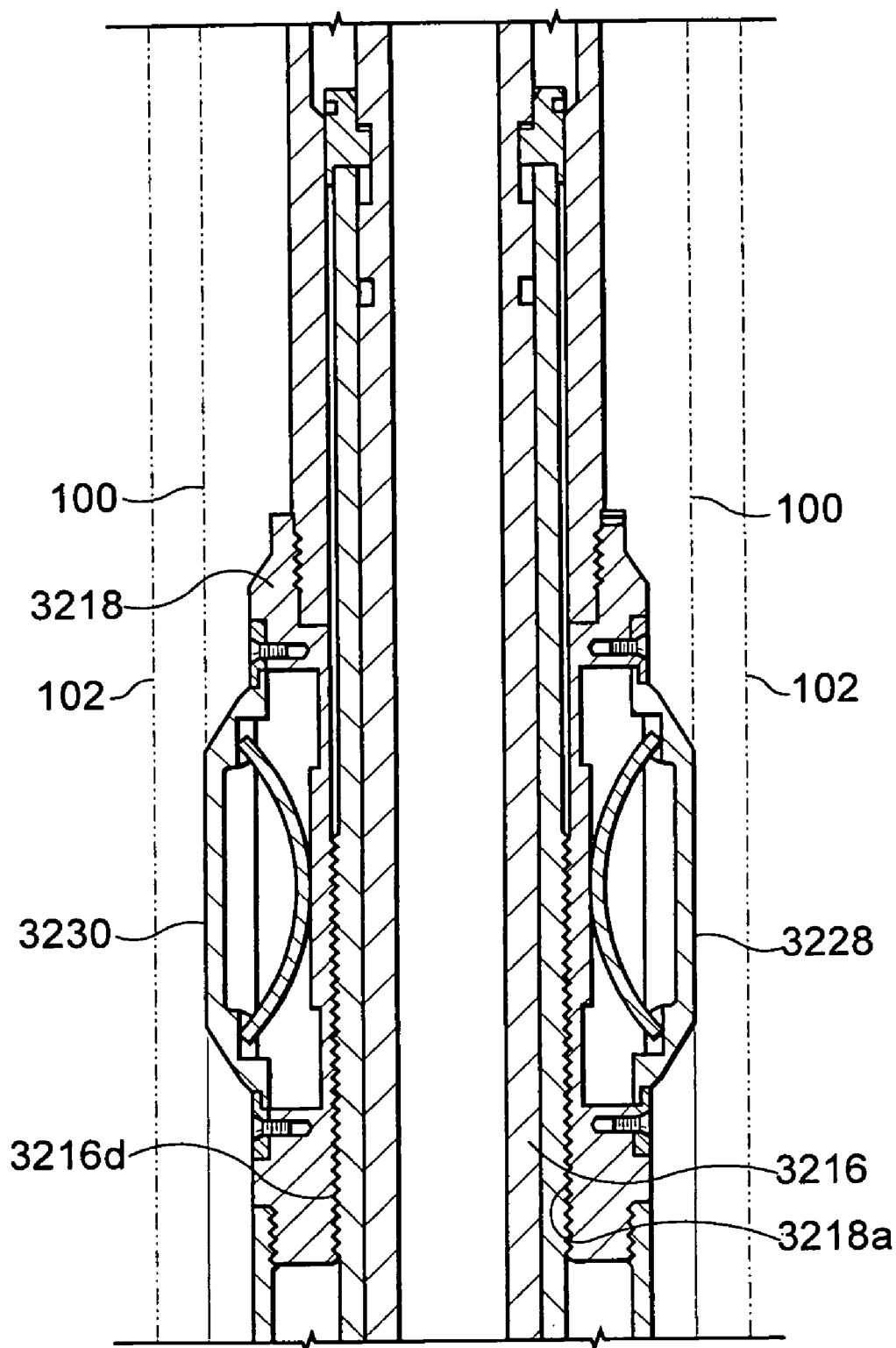


Fig. 19D2

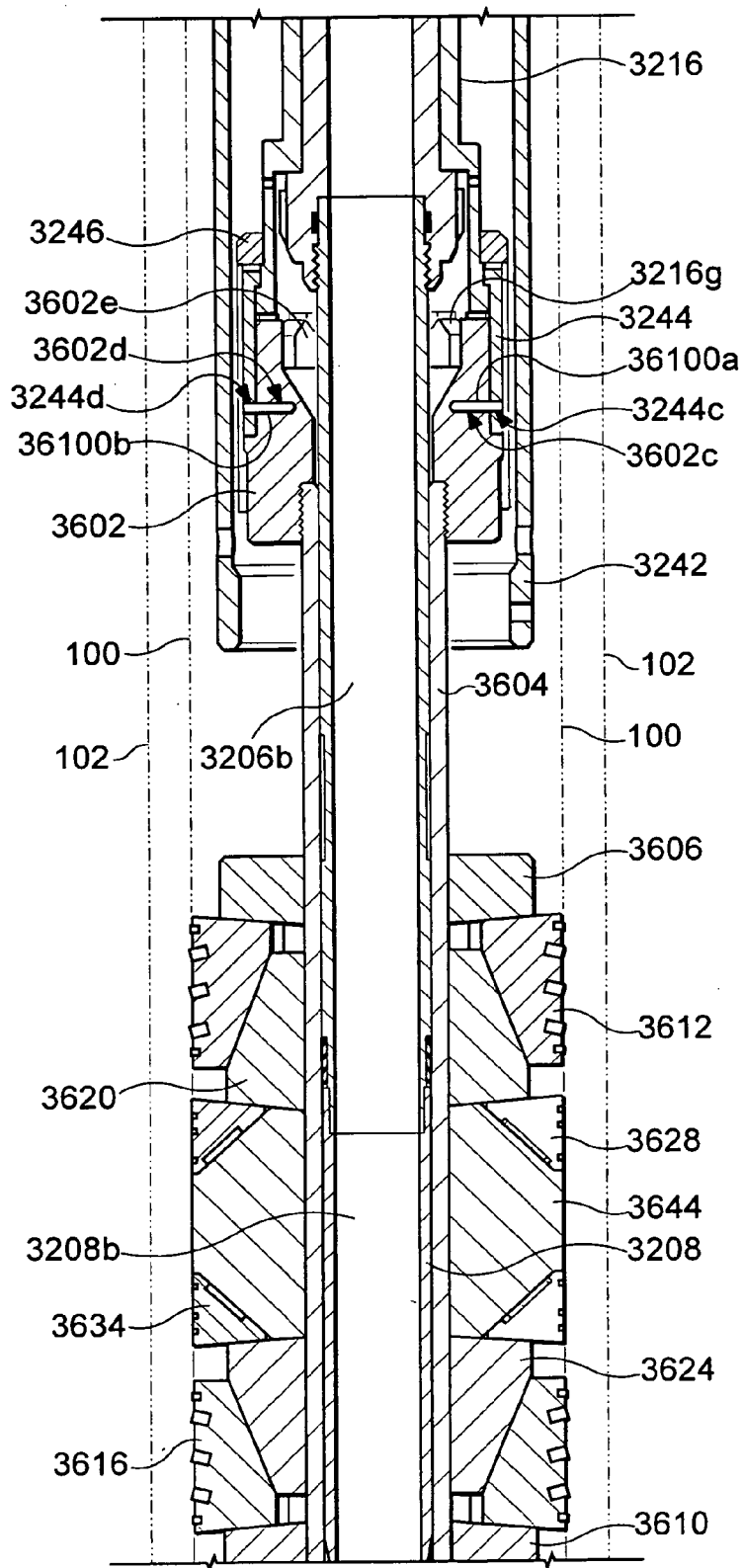
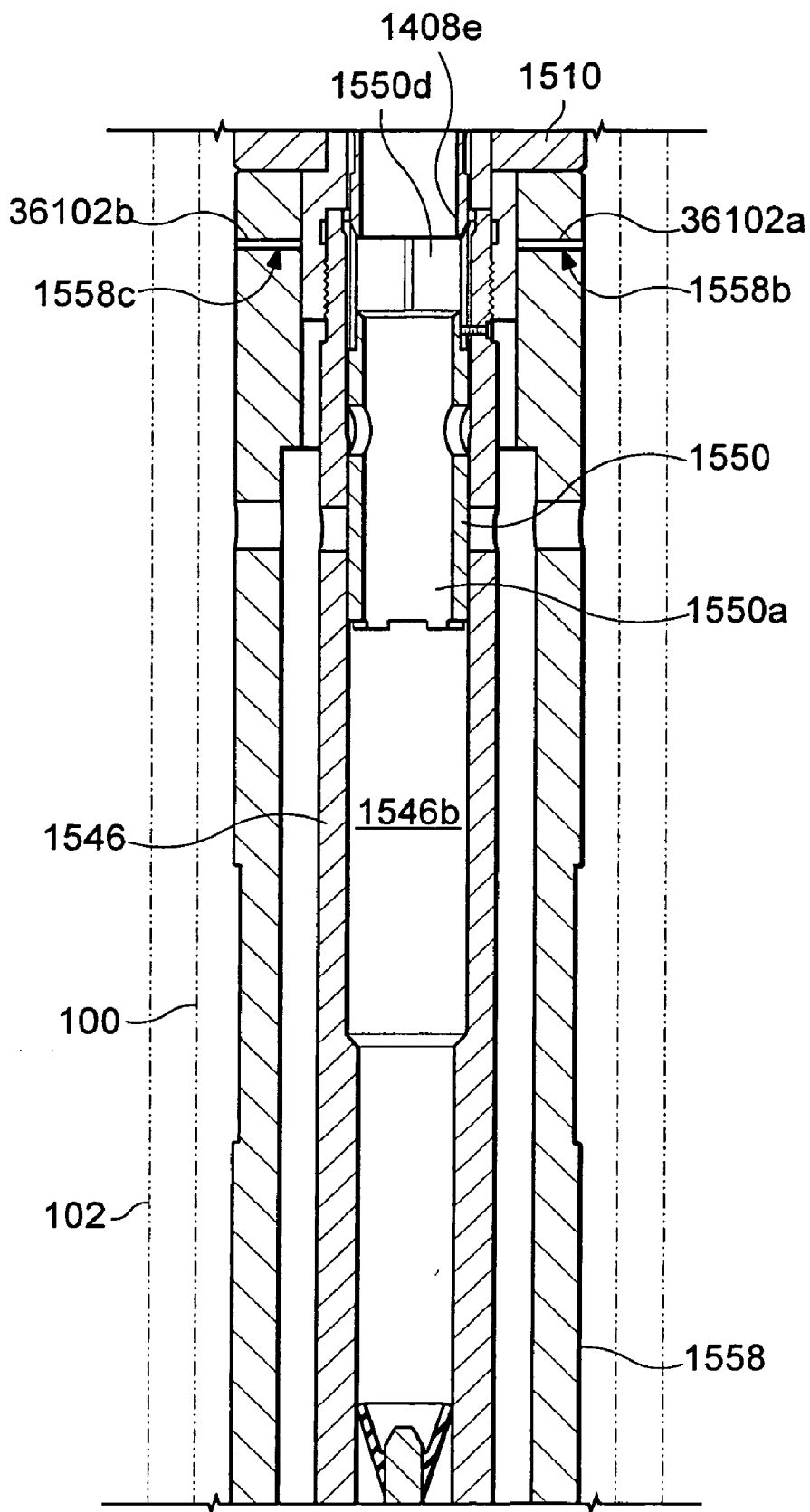


Fig. 19D3



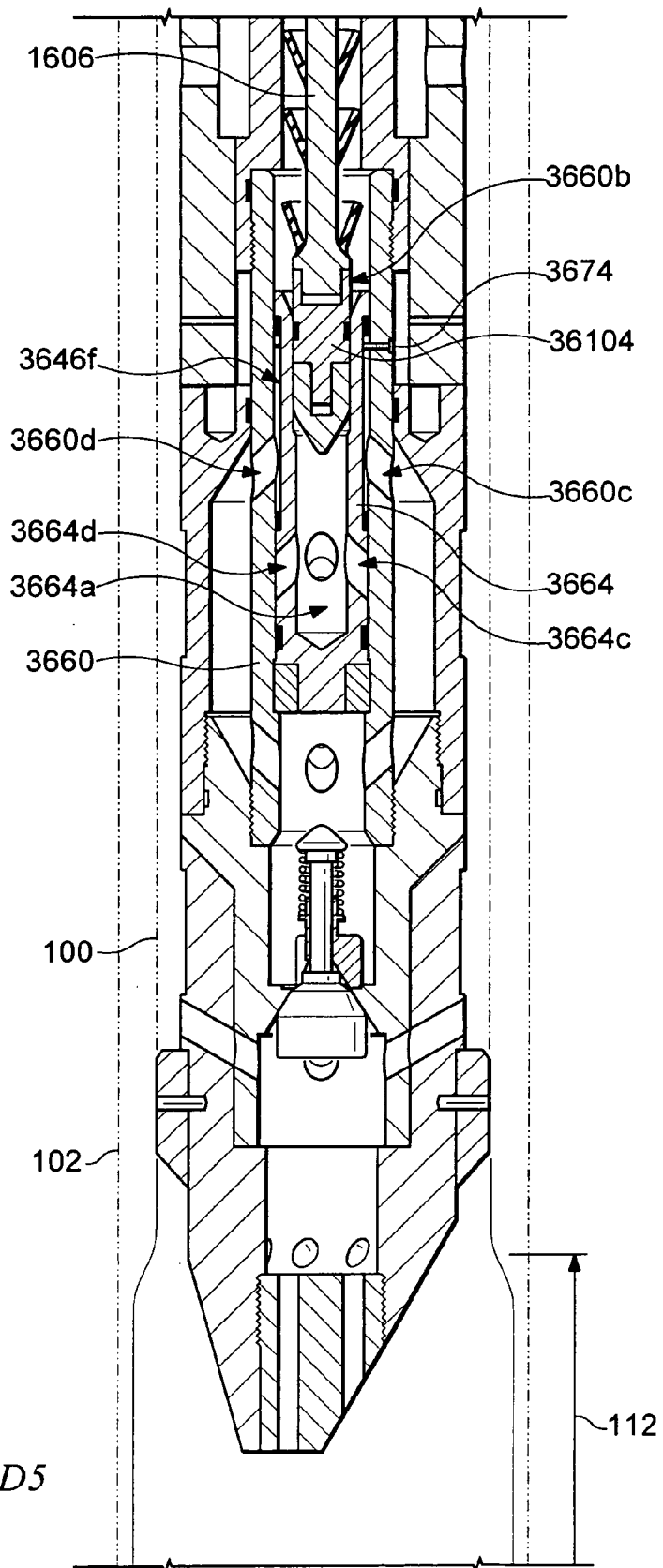


Fig. 19D5

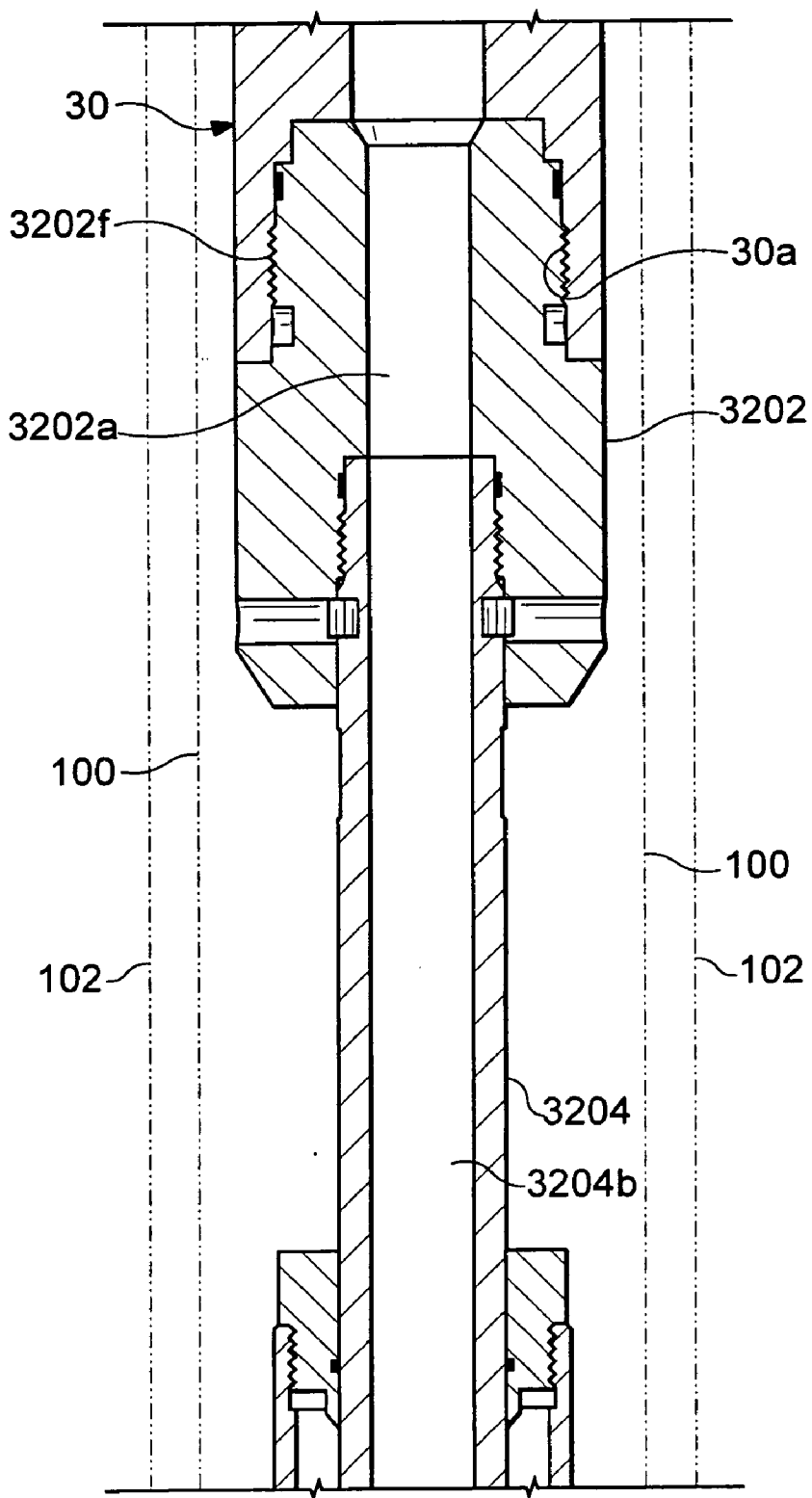


Fig. 19E1

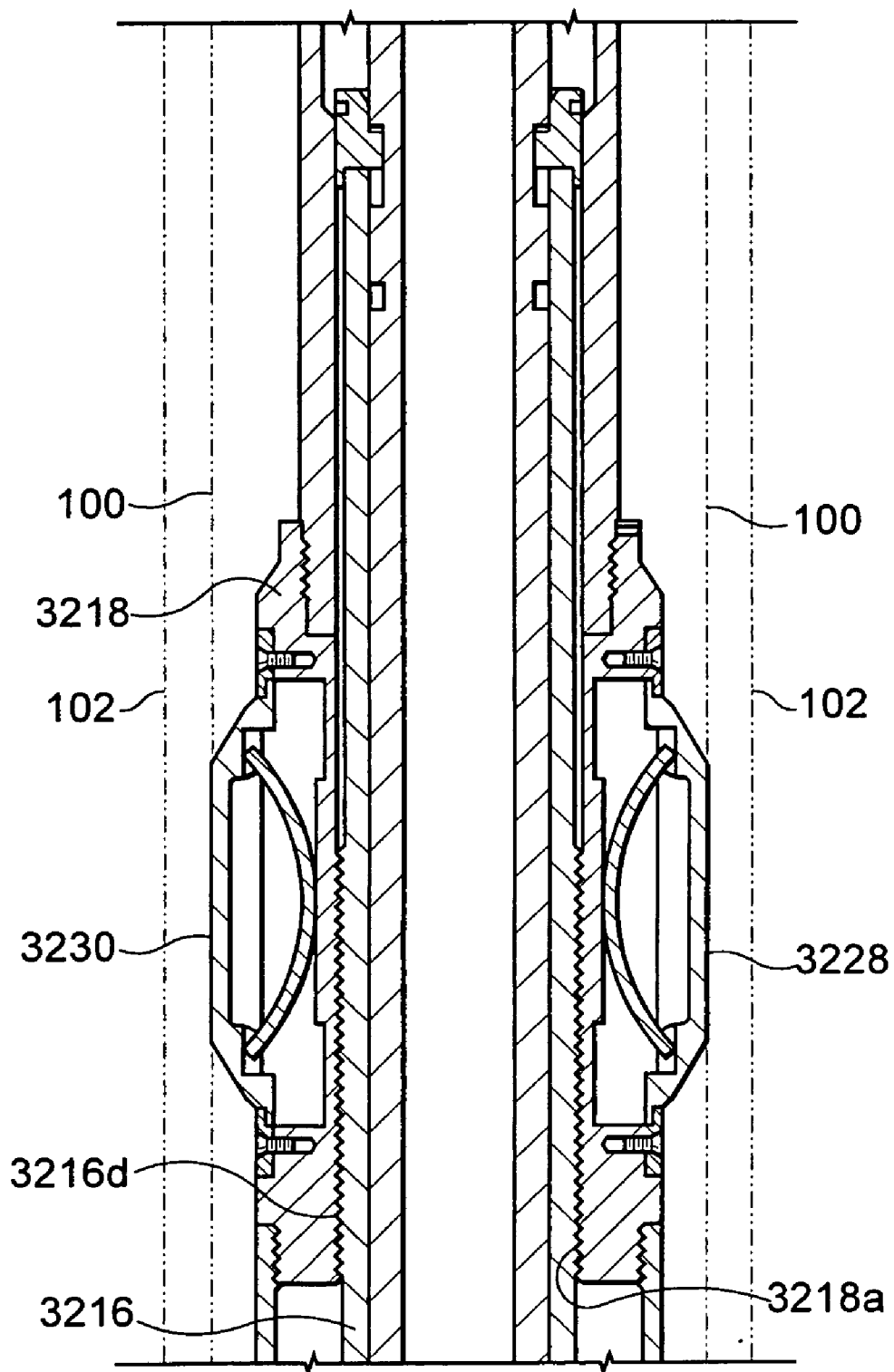


Fig. 19E2

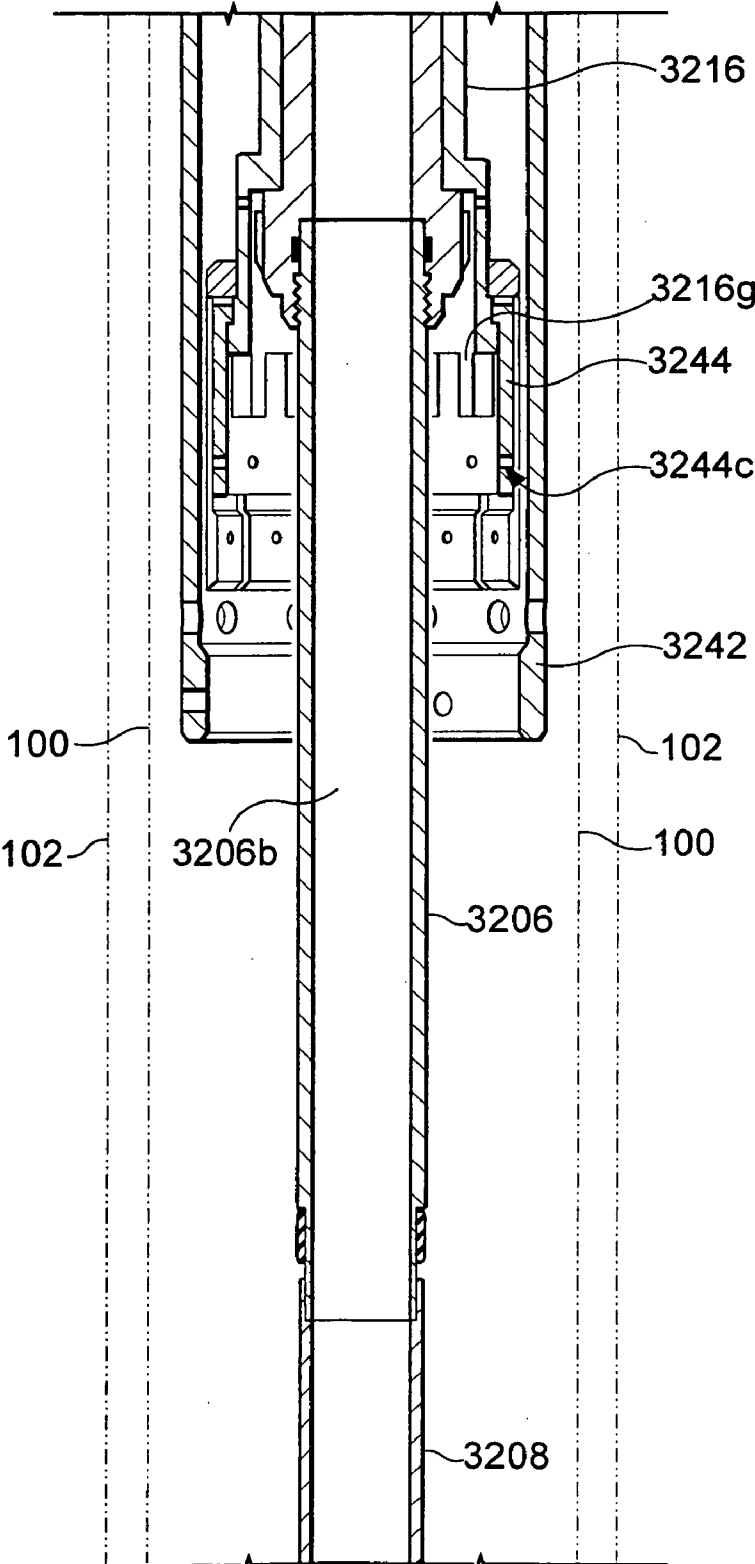


Fig. 19E3

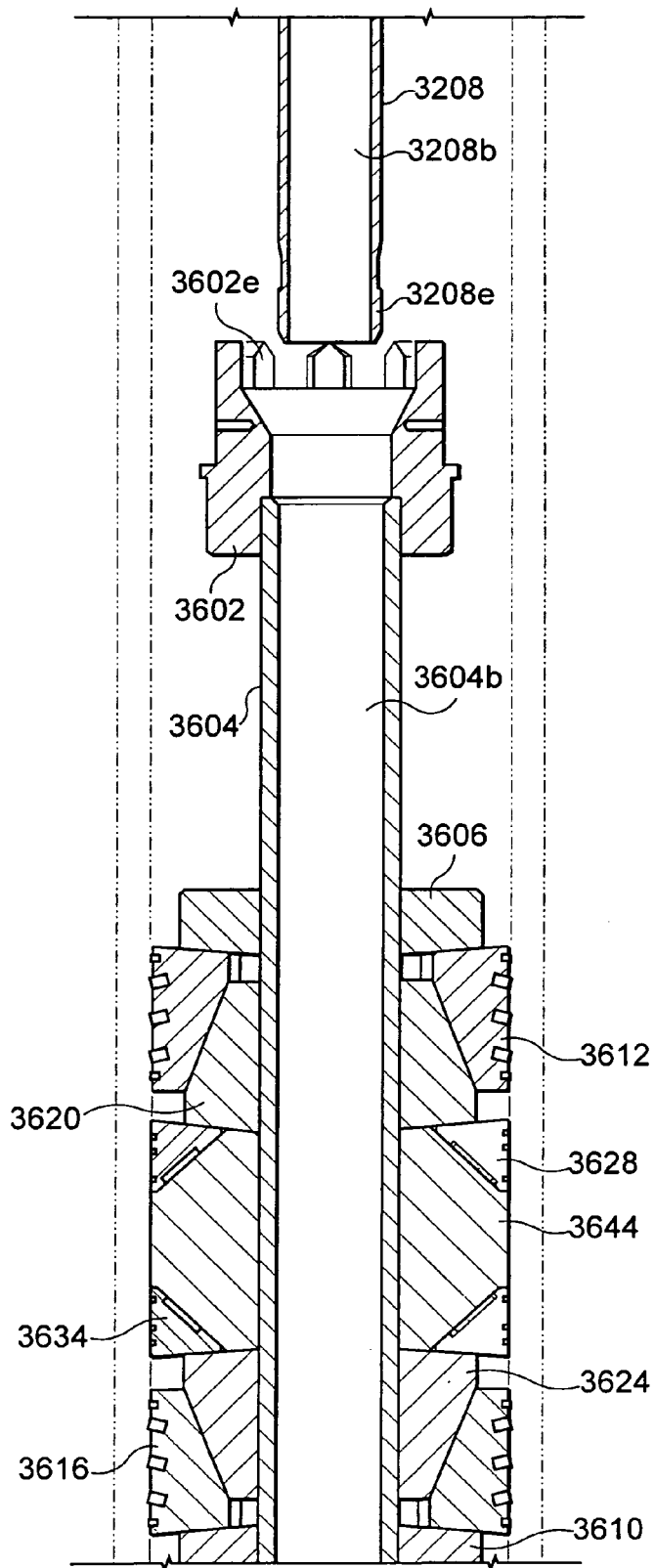


Fig. 19E4



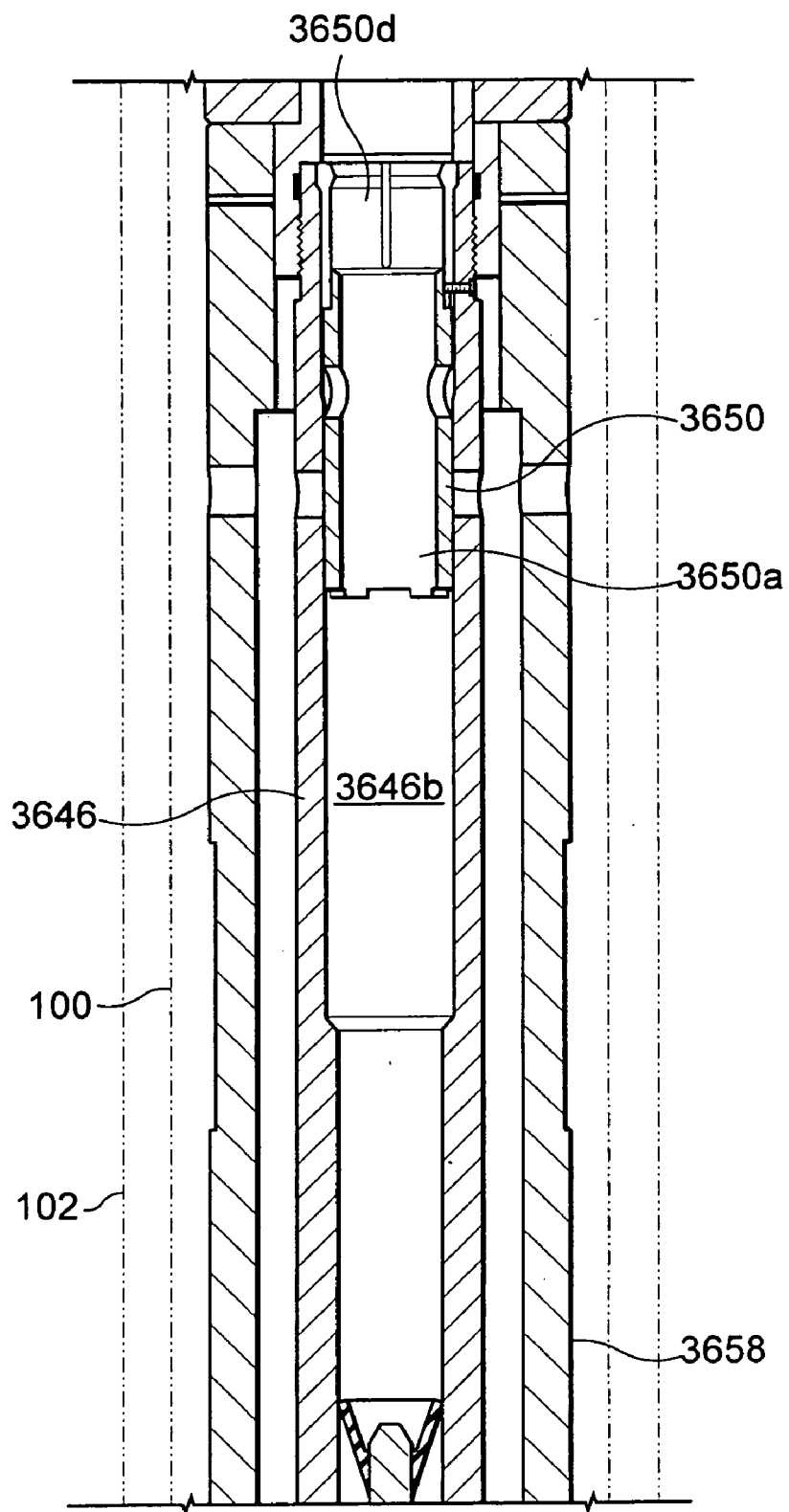


Fig. 19E5

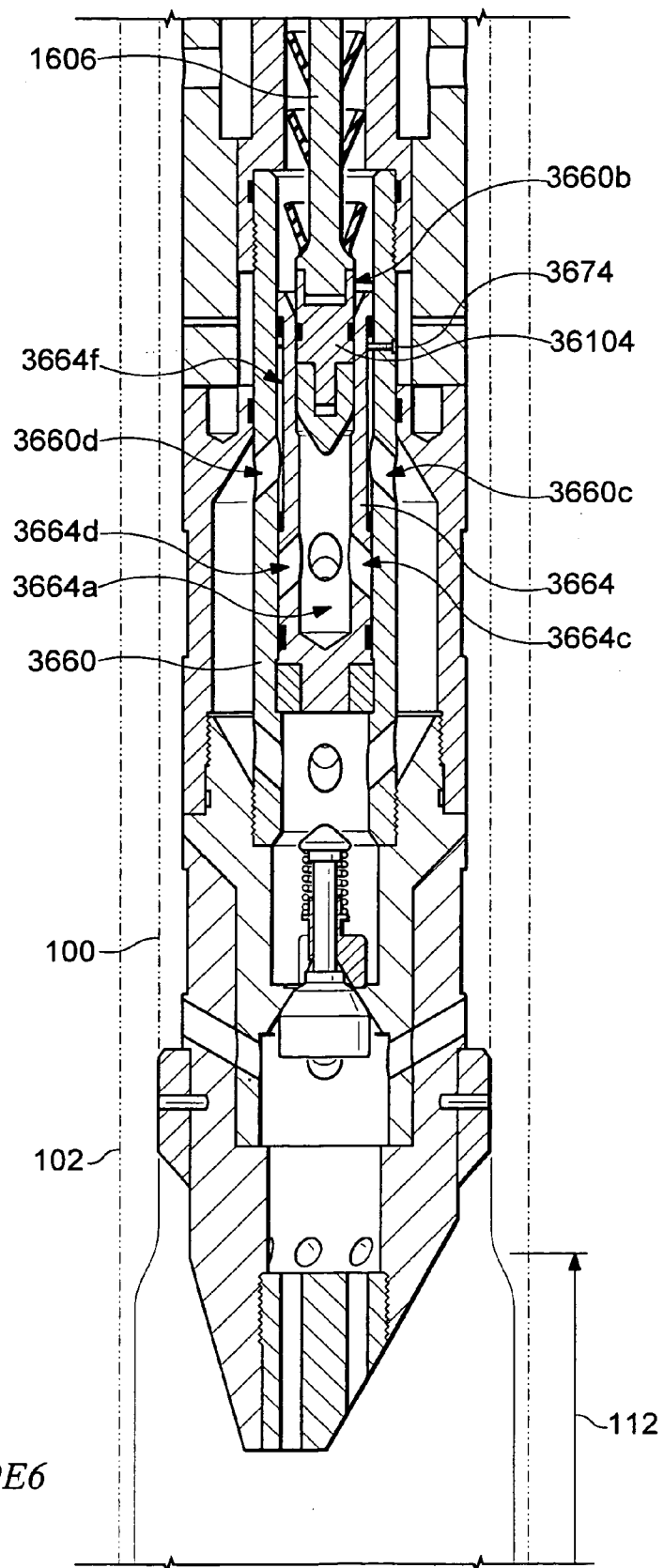


Fig. 19E6

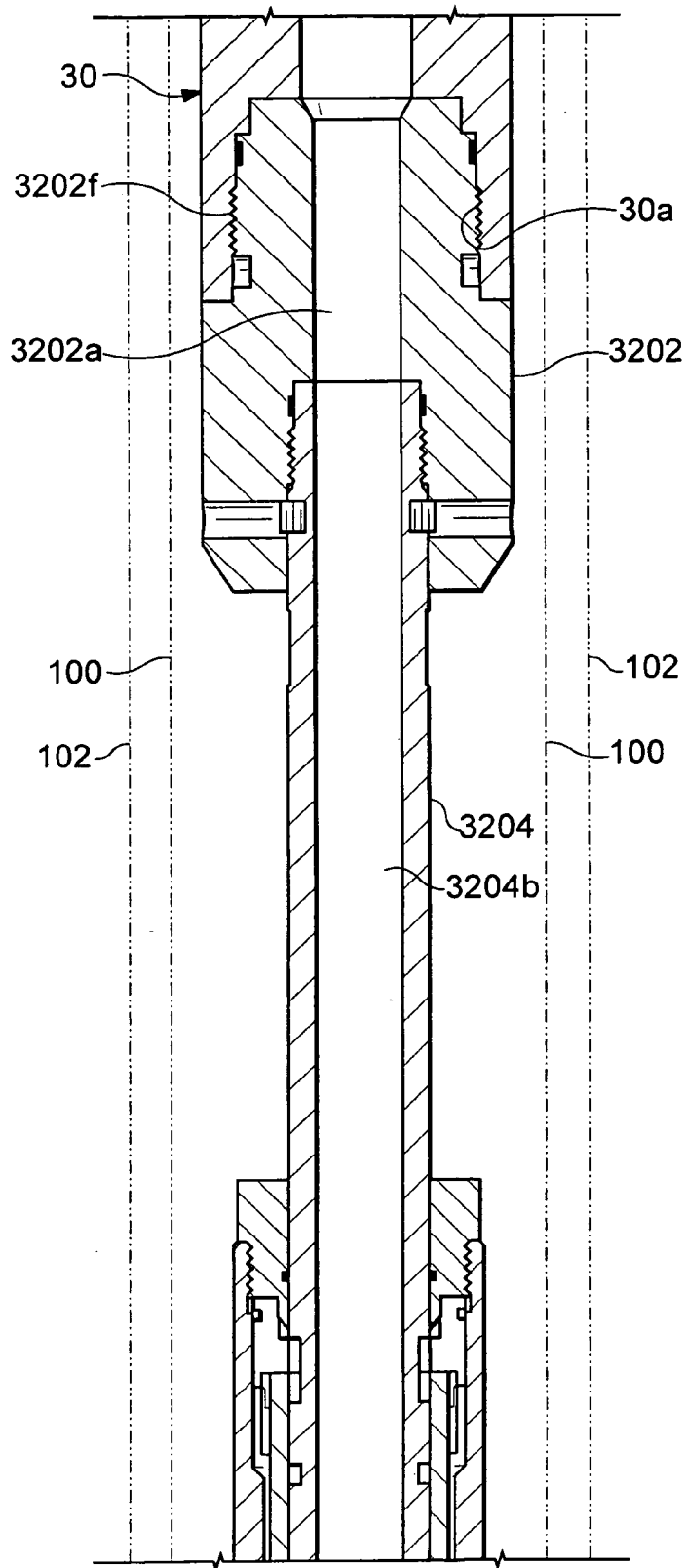


Fig. 19F1

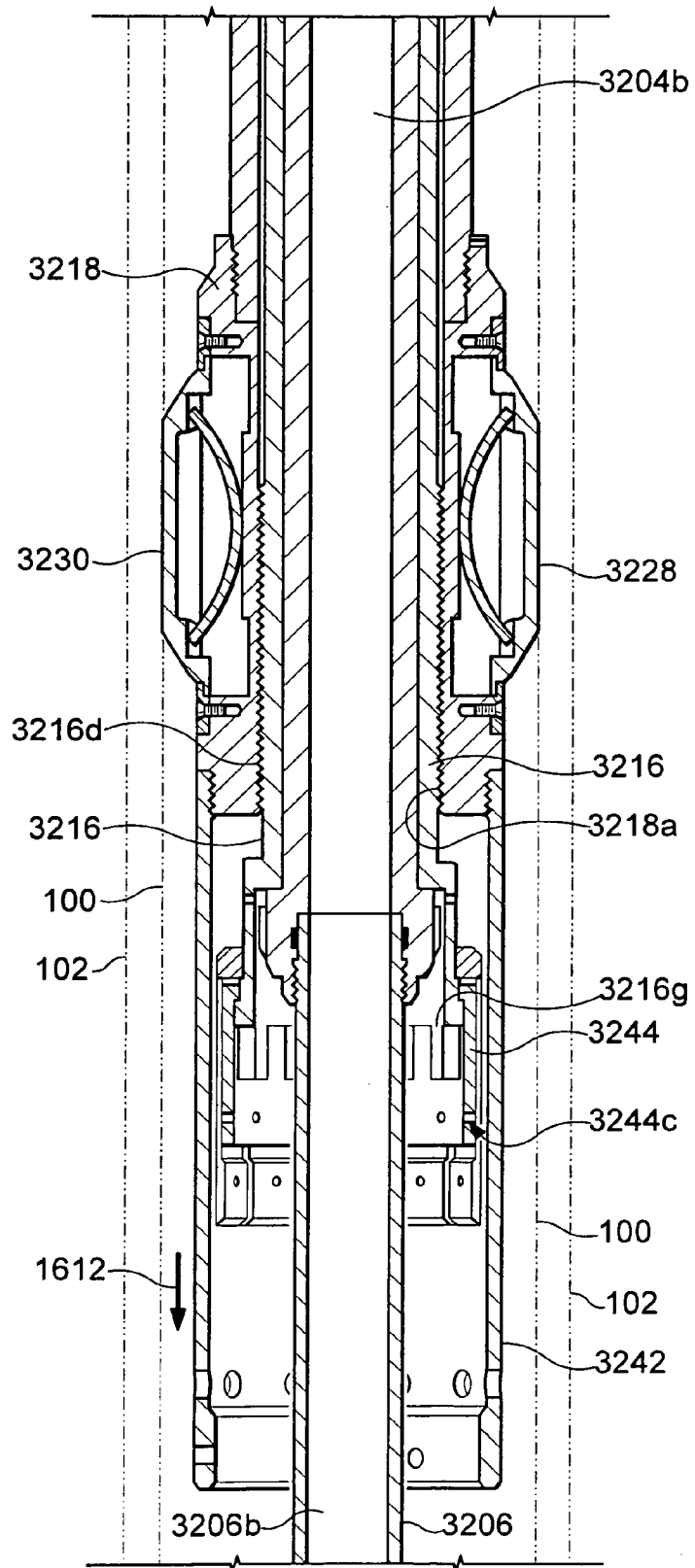
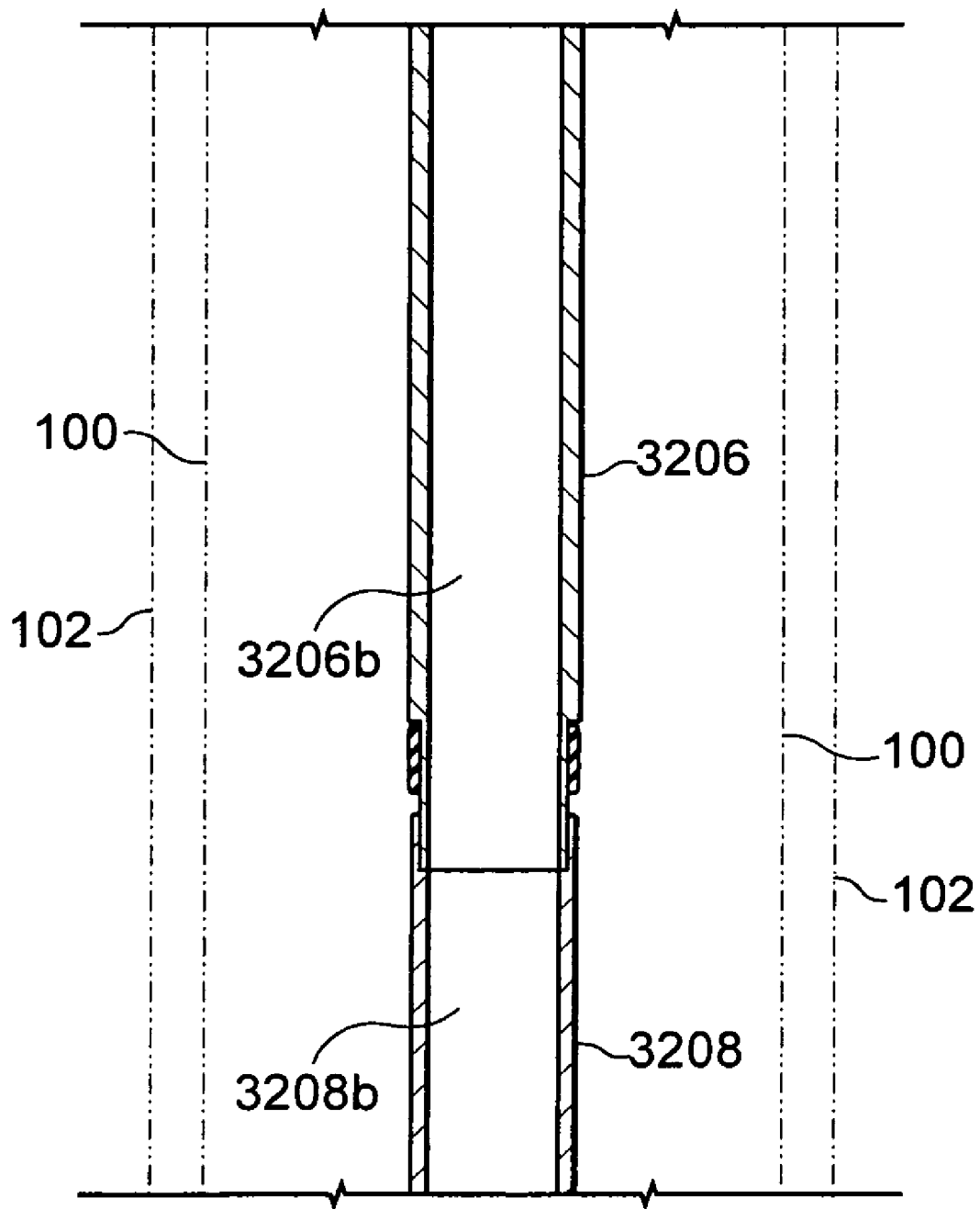


Fig. 19F2



*Fig. 19F3*

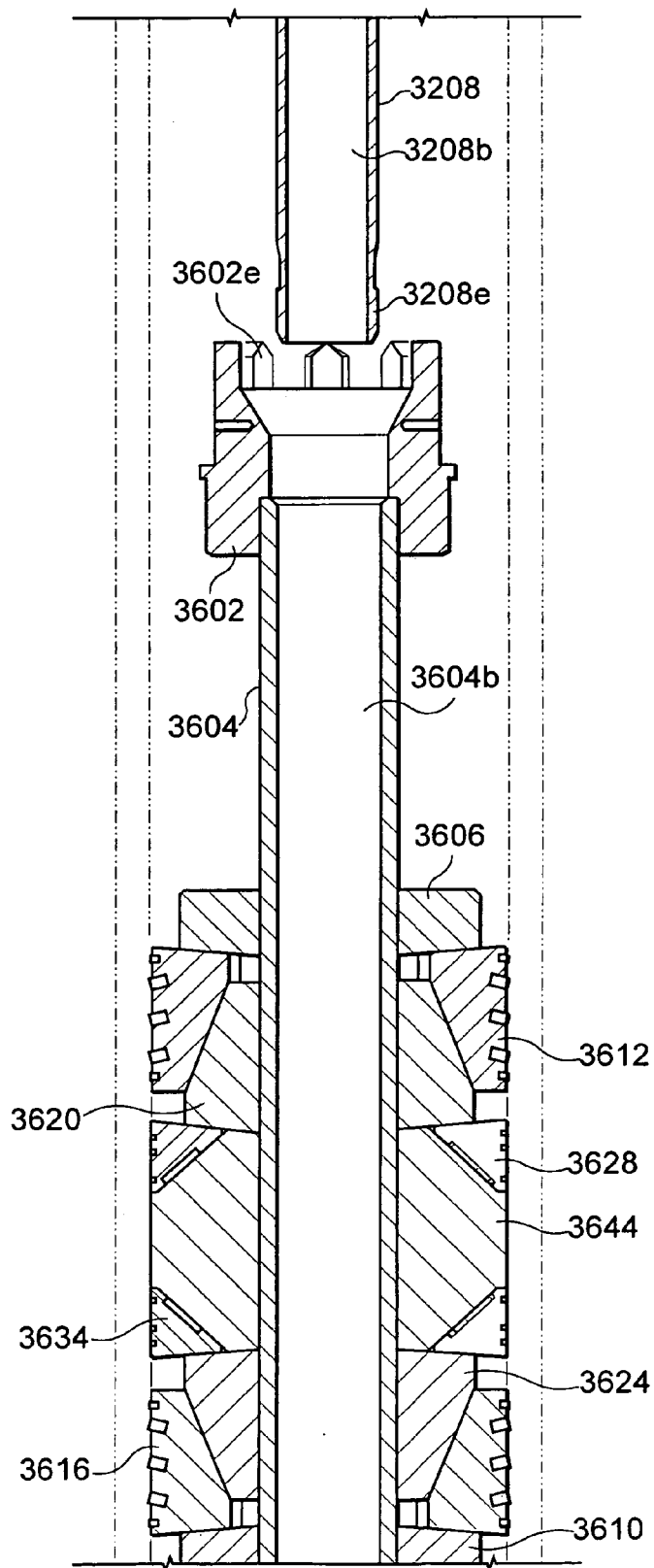


Fig. 19F4

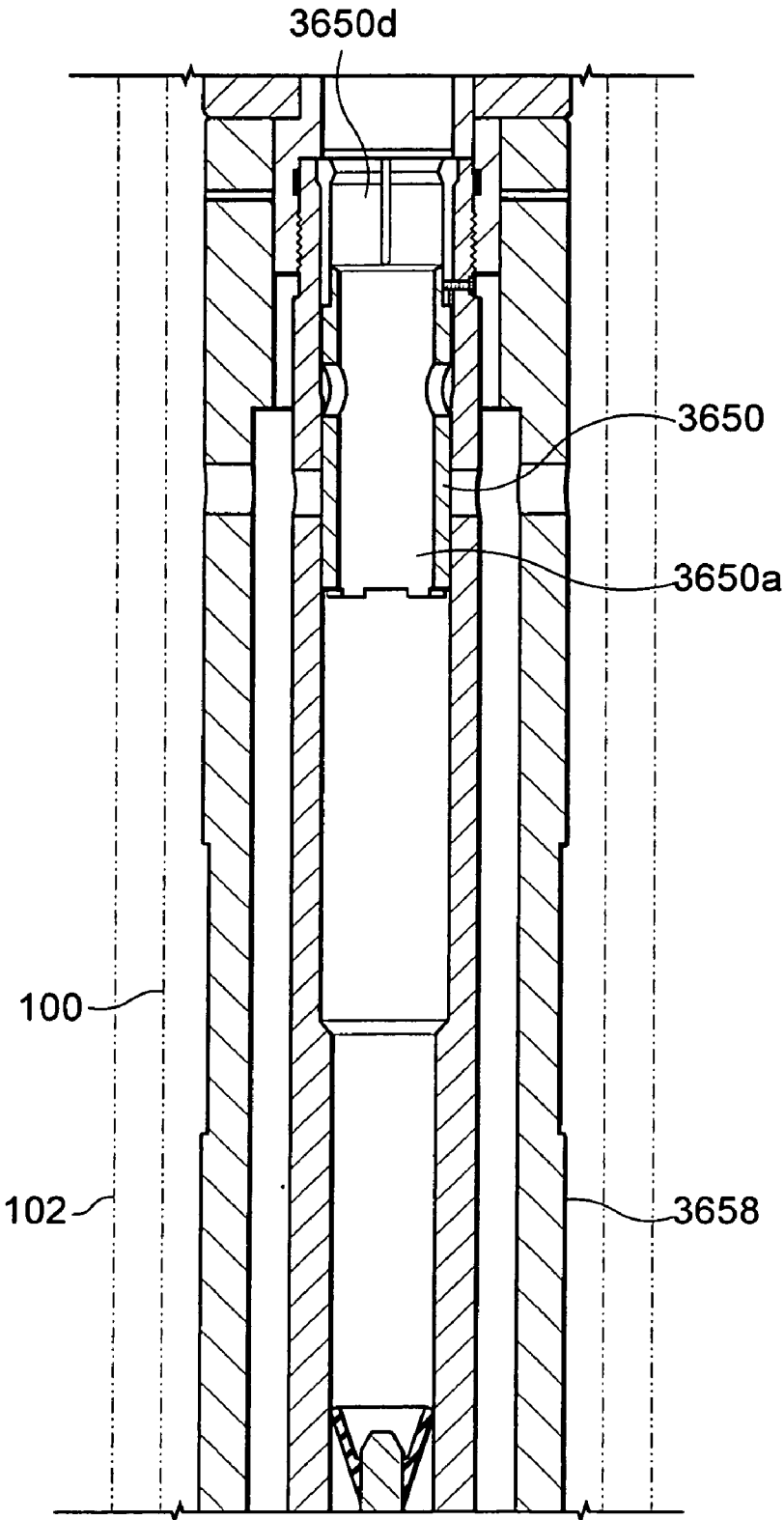


Fig. 19F5

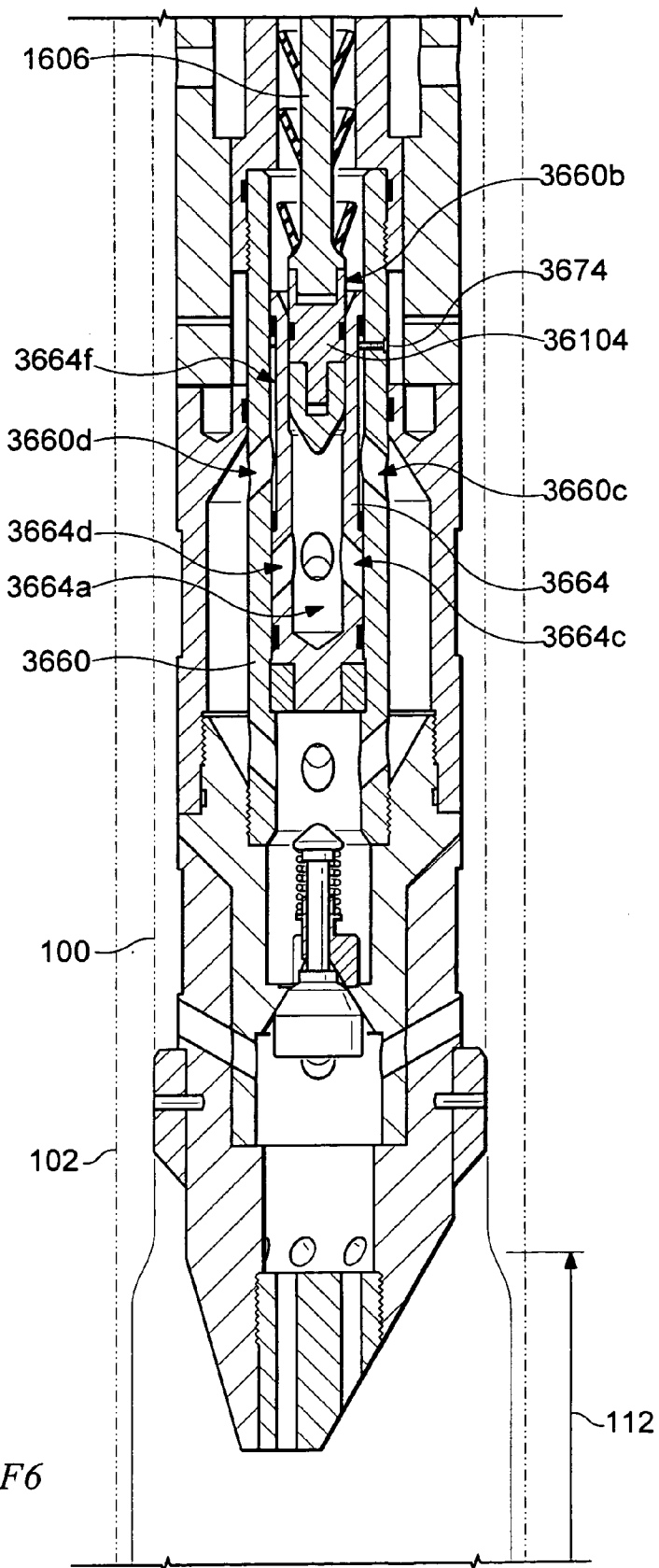


Fig. 19F6



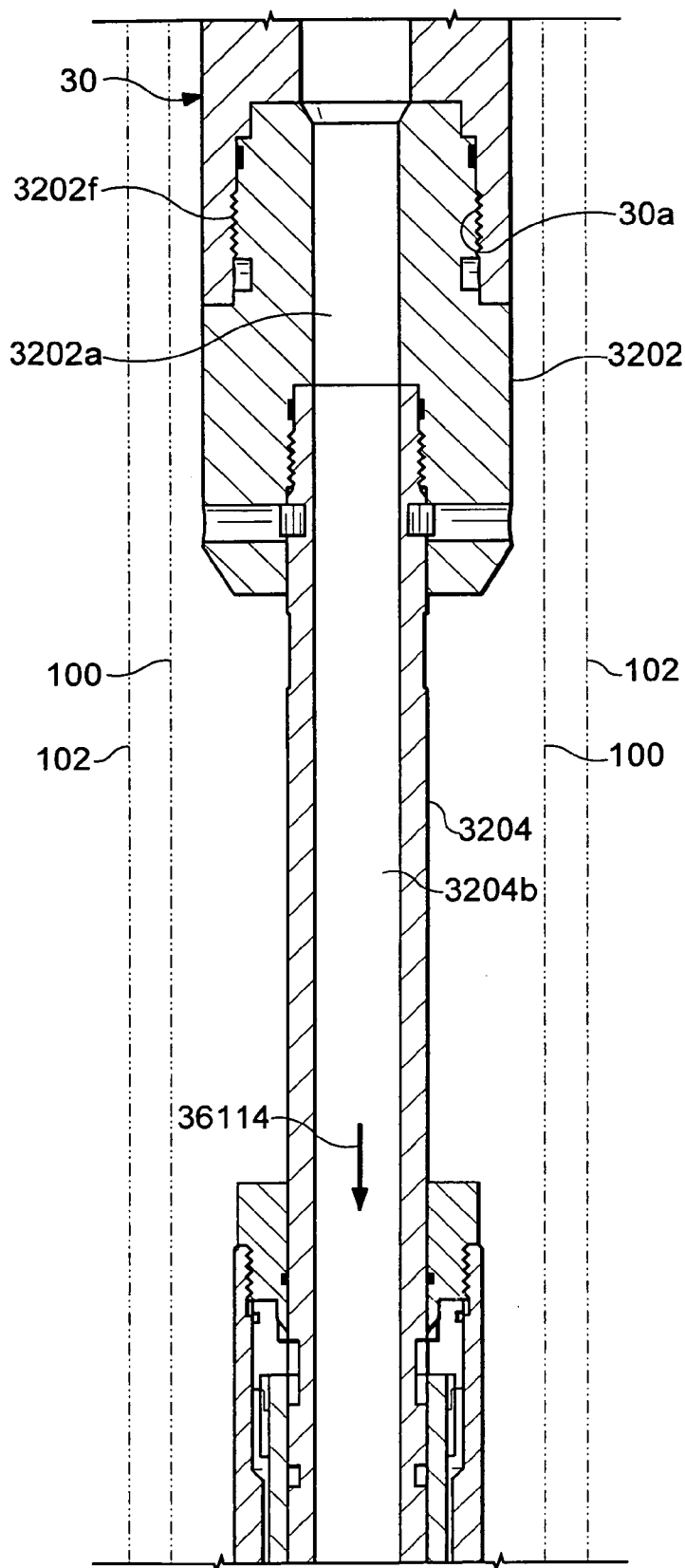


Fig. 19G1

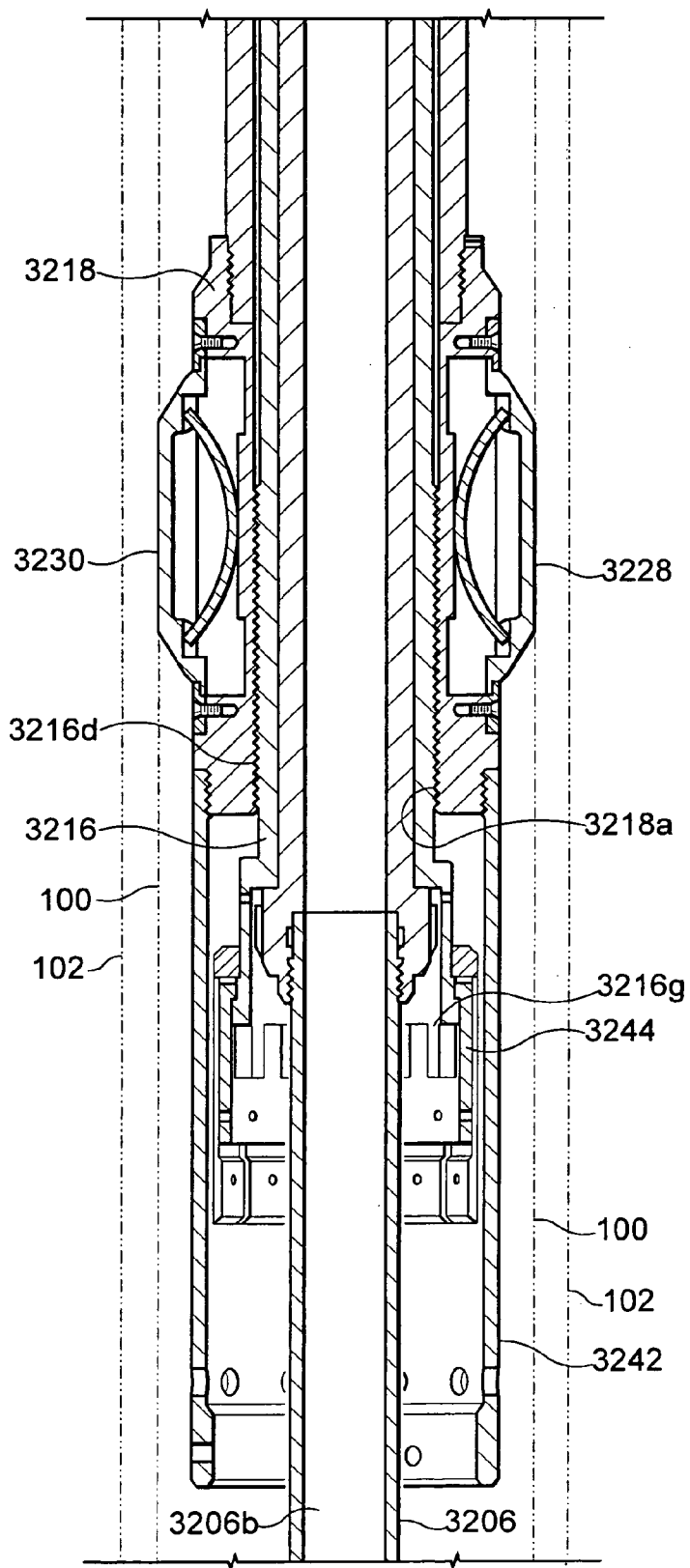
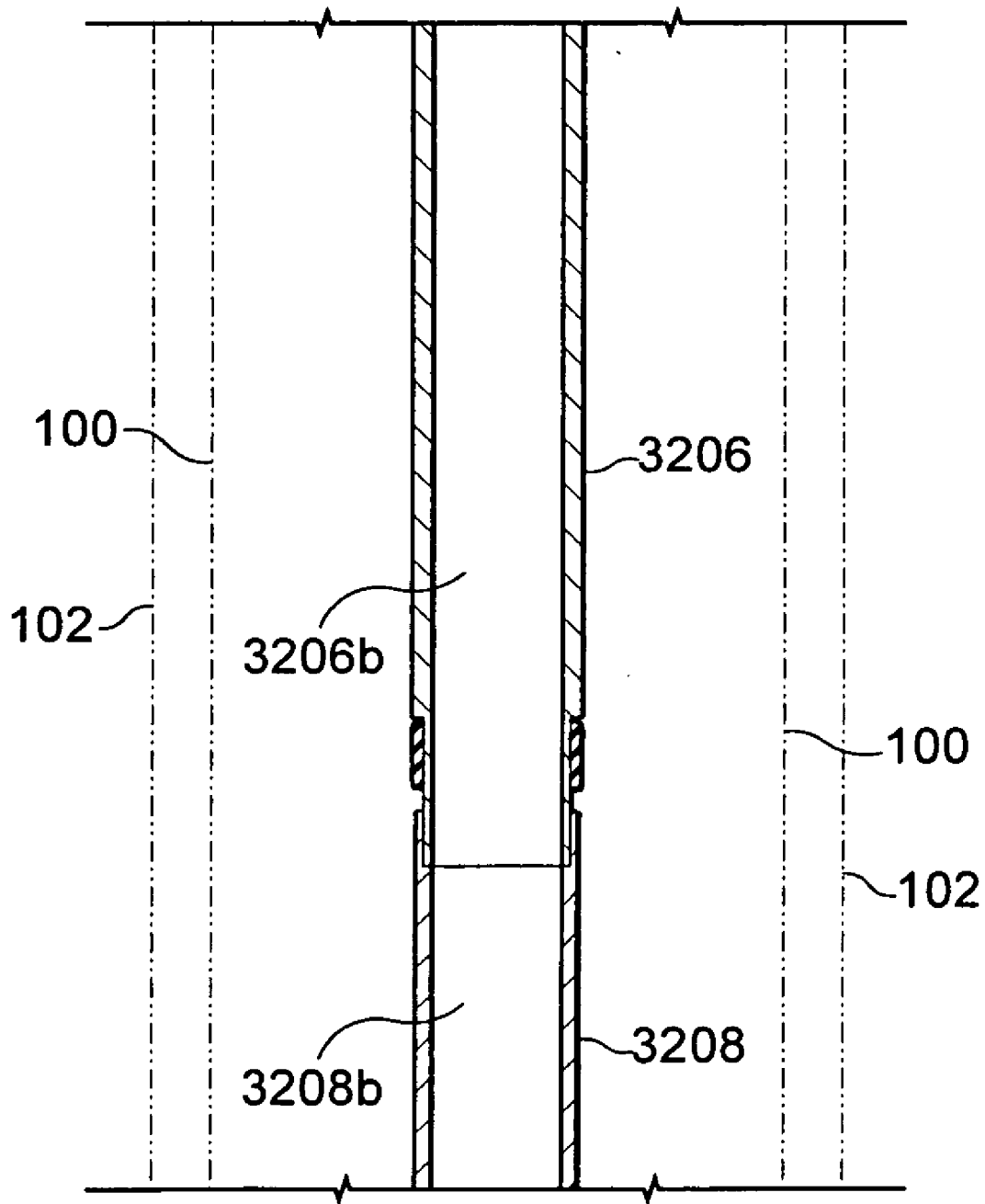


Fig. 19G2



*Fig. 19G3*

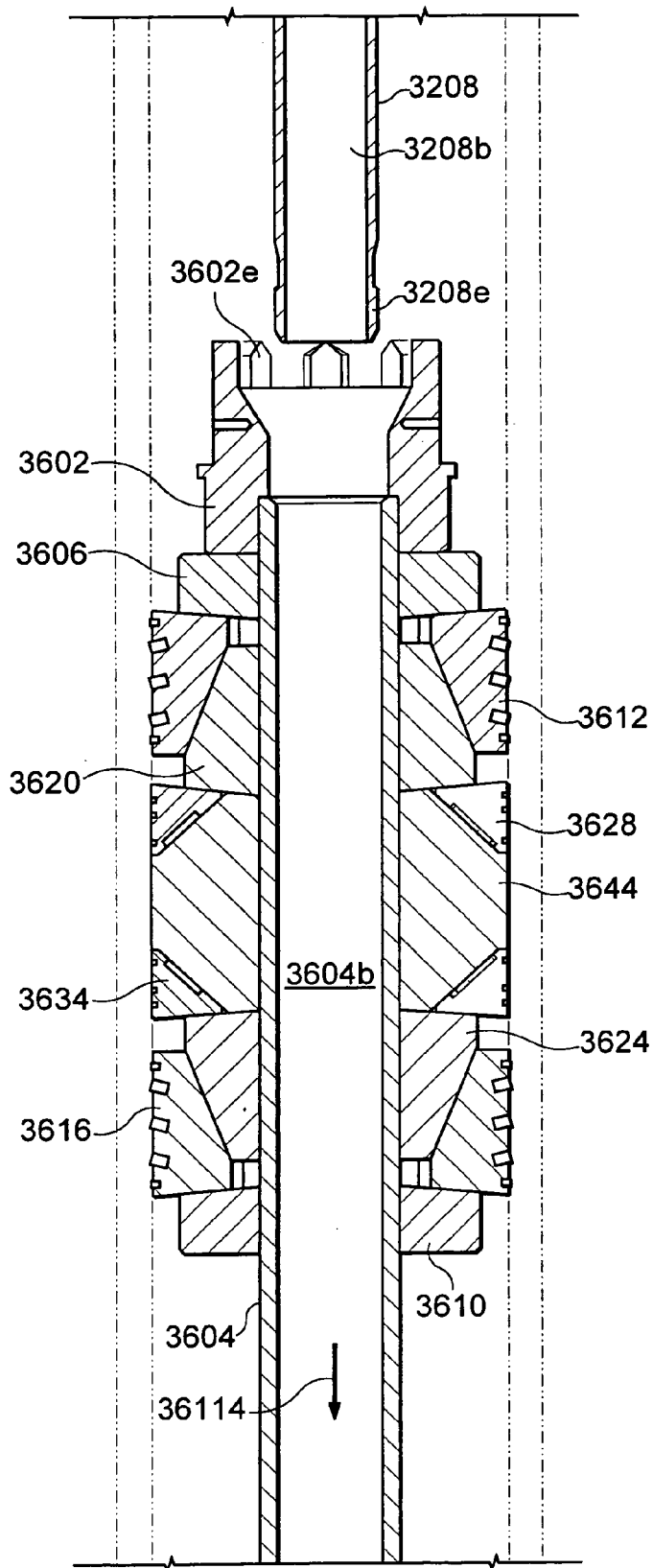


Fig. 19G4

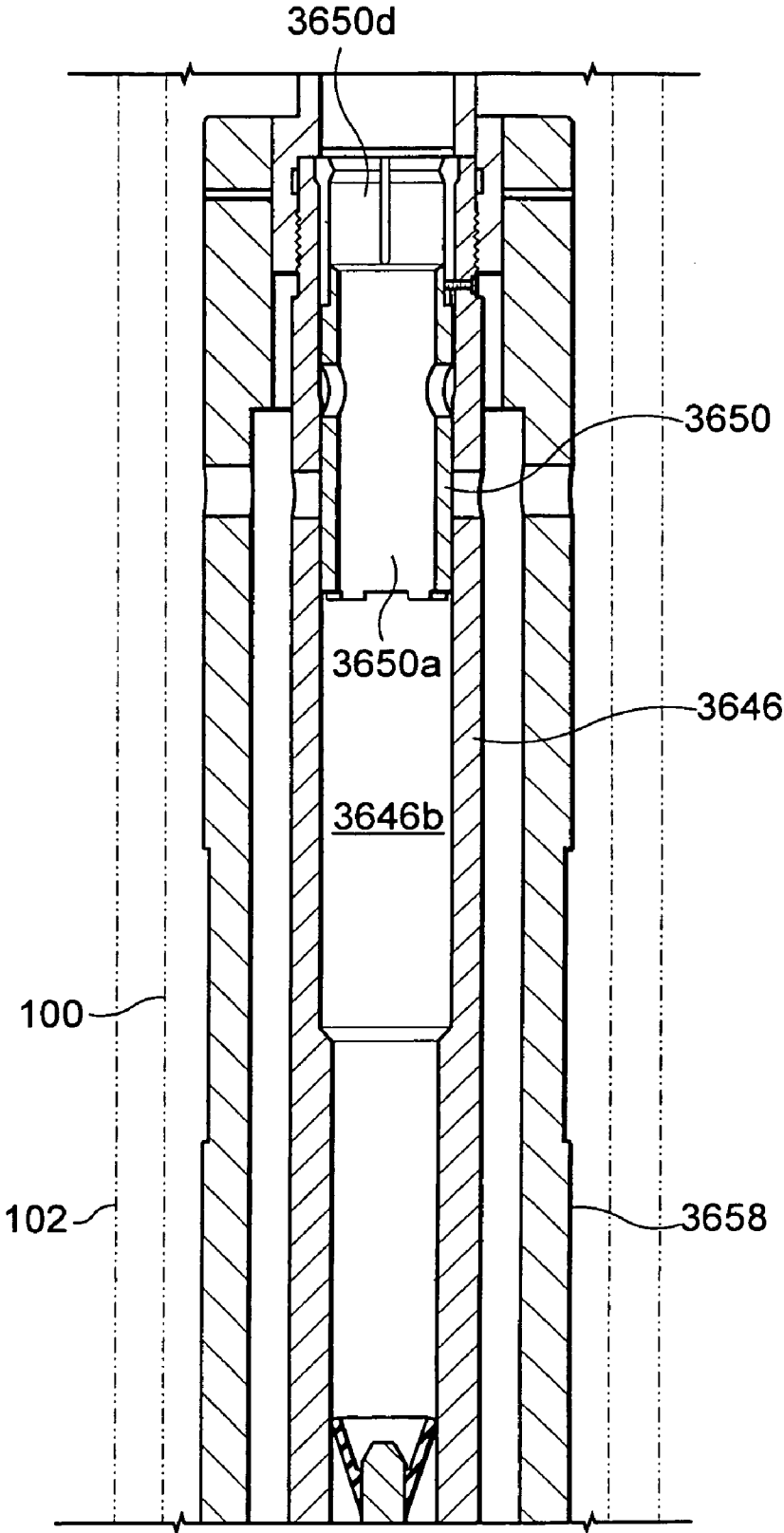


Fig. 19G5

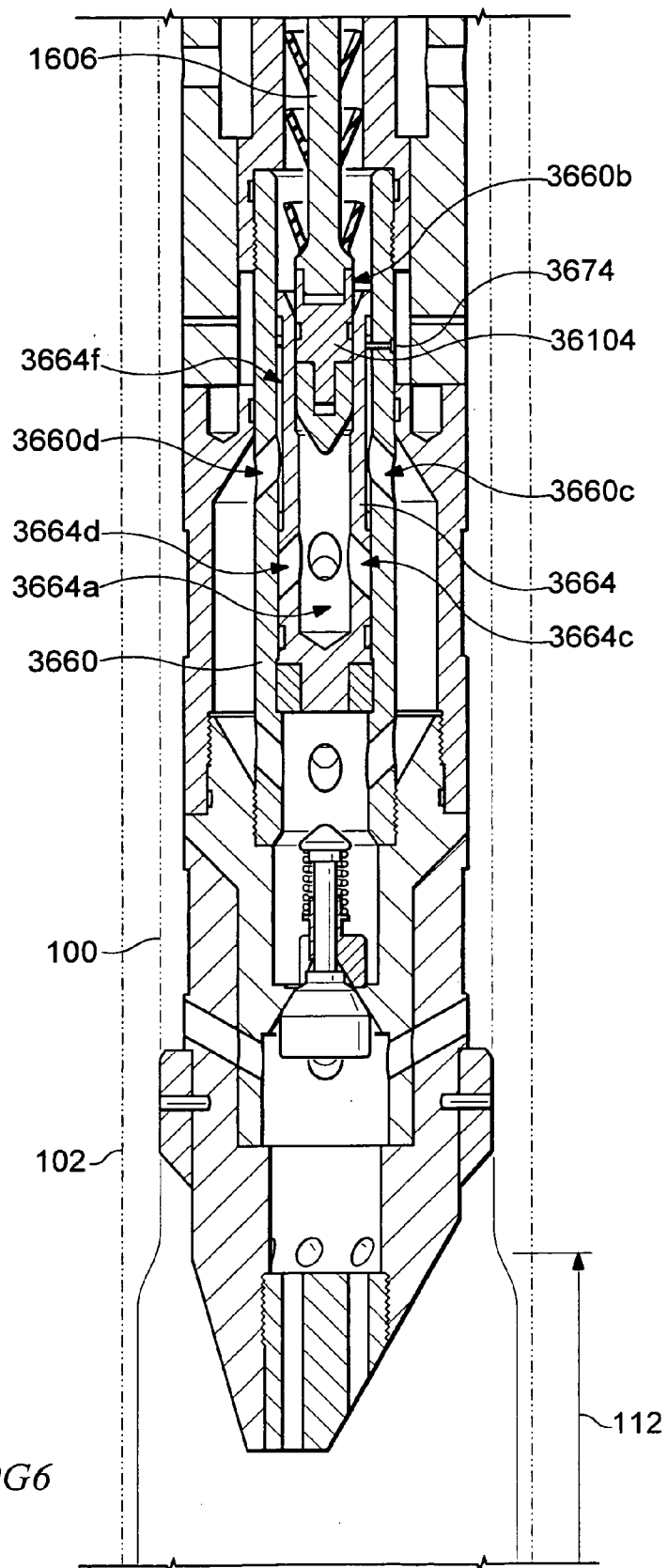


Fig. 19G6

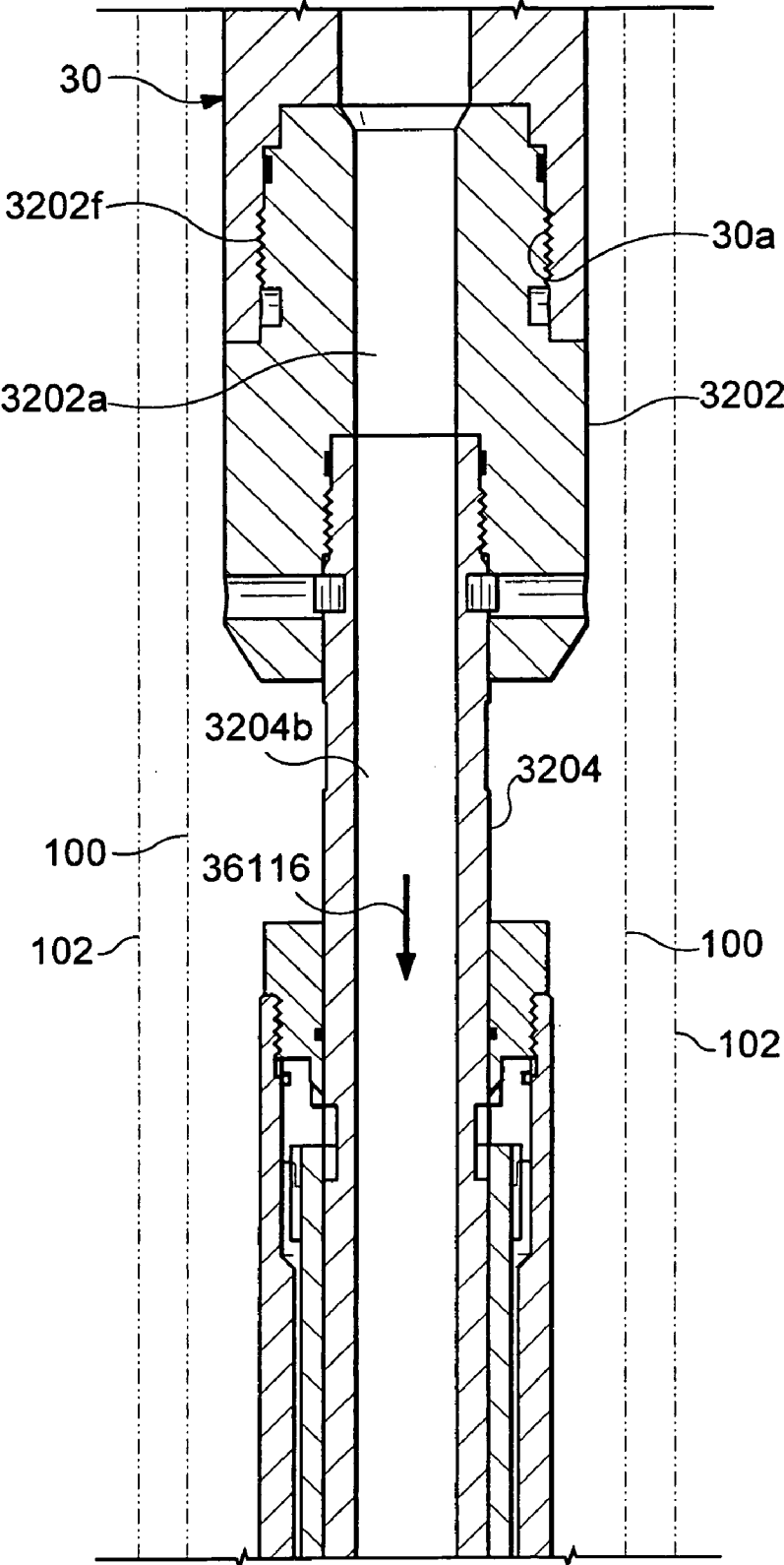


Fig. 19H1

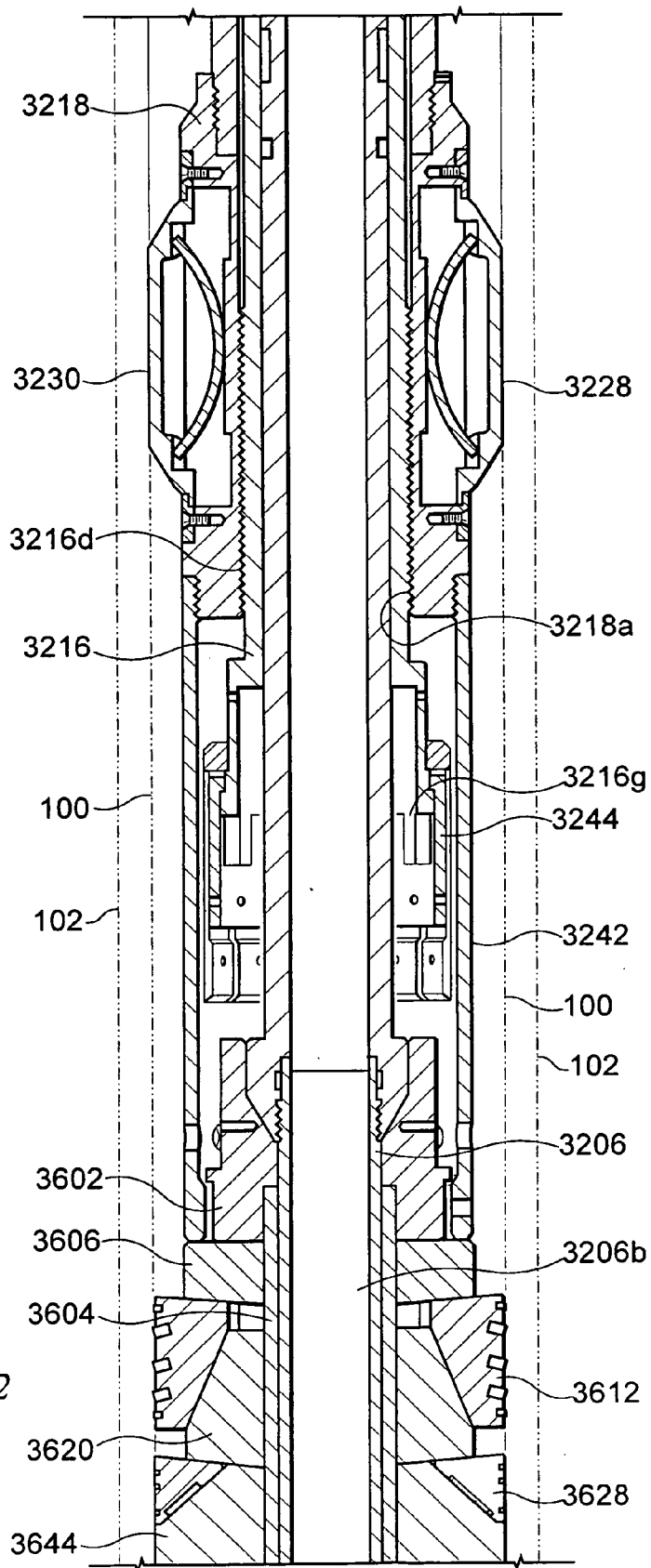
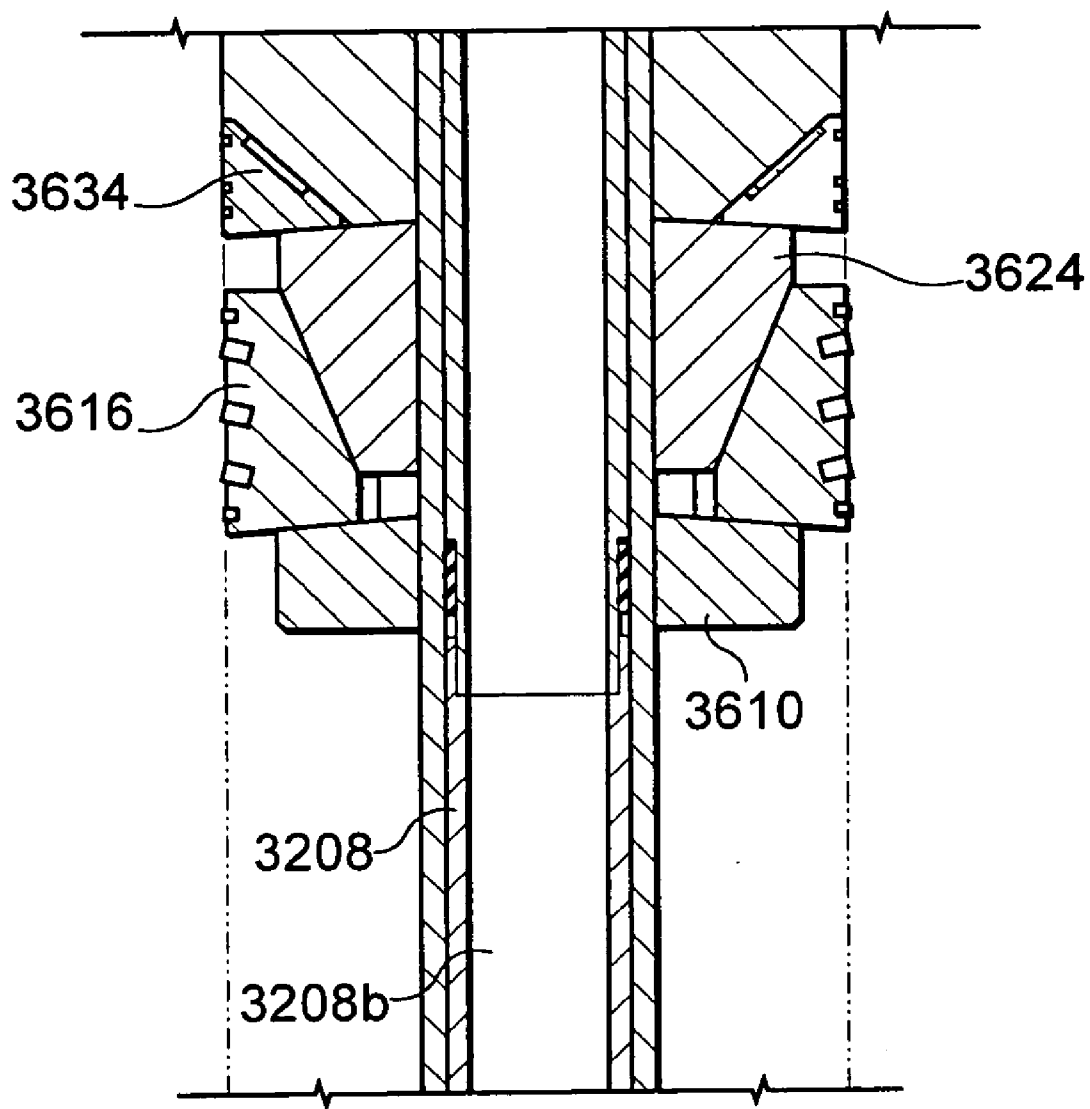


Fig. 19H2





*Fig. 19H3*

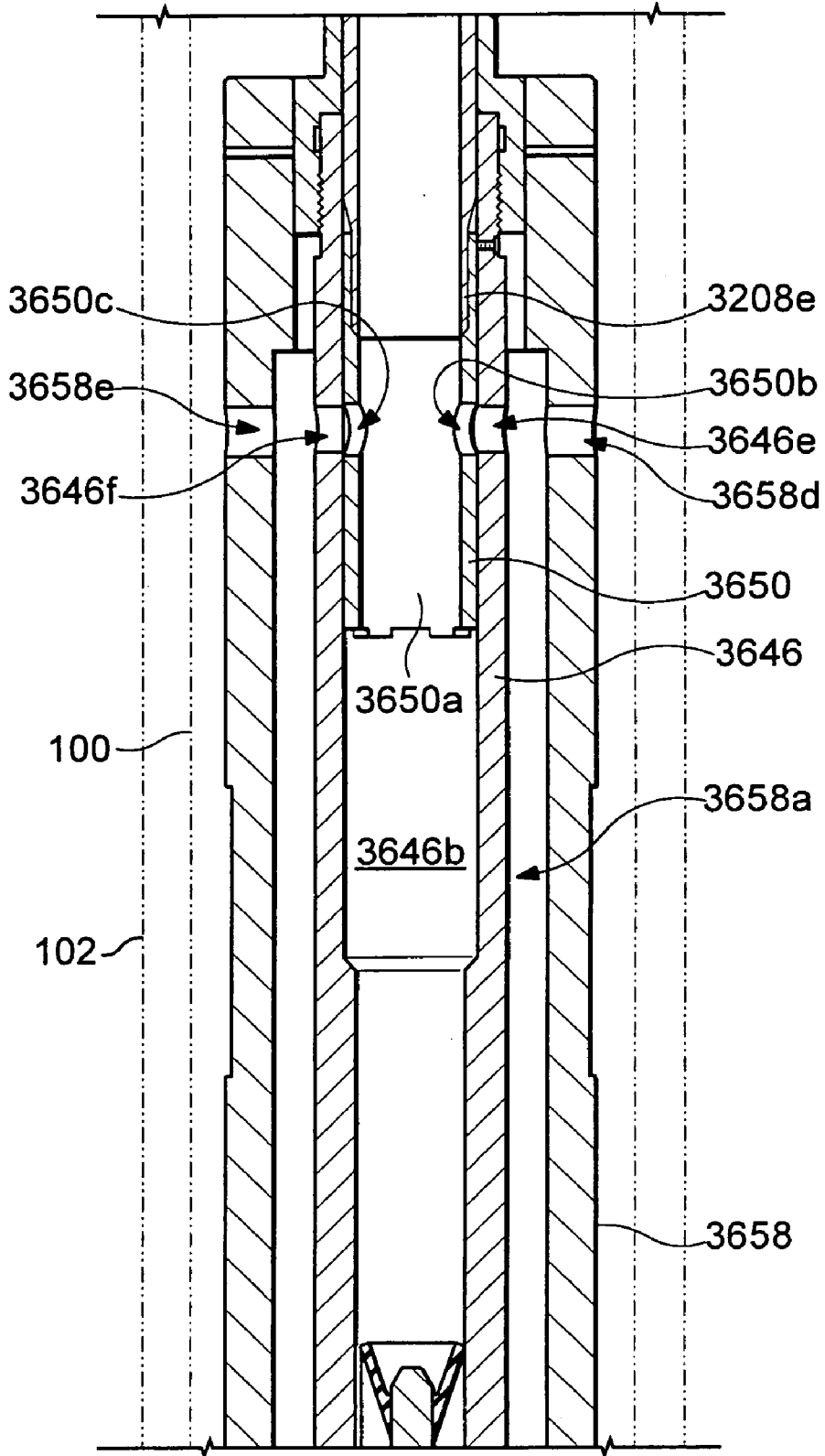


Fig. 19H4

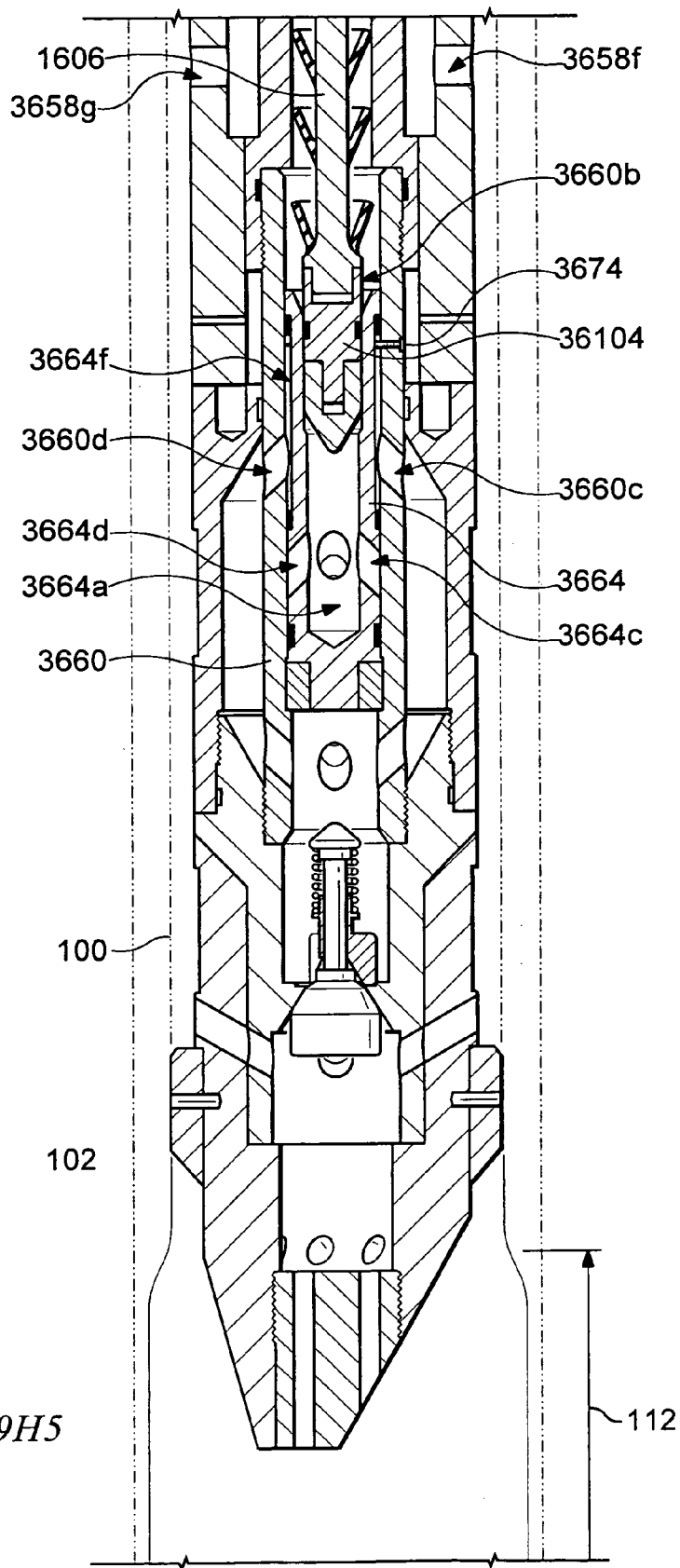


Fig. 19H5

**APPARATUS FOR RADially EXPANDING  
AND PLASTICALLY DEFORMING A  
TUBULAR MEMBER**

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED  
APPLICATIONS

**[0001]** The present application is the National Stage patent application for PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2004/009434, attorney docket number 25791.260.02, filed on Mar. 26, 2004, which claimed the benefit of the filing dates of U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/457,965, attorney docket no. 25791.260, filed on Mar. 17, 2003, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

**[0002]** The present application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. \_\_\_\_\_, attorney docket no. 25791.253.05, filed on Sep. 12, 2005, which was the National Stage application for PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2004/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, which claimed the benefit of the filing date of U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/453,678, attorney docket no. 25791.253, filed on Mar. 11, 2003, which was a continuation in part of U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 10/528,497, attorney docket no. 25791.114.08, filed on Mar. 18, 2005, which was the National Stage application for PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29460, attorney docket number 25791.114.02, filed on Sep. 23, 2003, filed on Sep. 22, 2003, which claimed the benefit of the filing date of U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,488, attorney docket no. 25791.114, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, which was a continuation in part of U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 10/513,614, attorney docket number 25791.104.05, filed on Nov. 5, 2004, which was the National Stage application for PCT application serial number PCT/US2003/014153, attorney docket number 25791.104.02, filed on May 6, 2003, which claimed the benefit of the filing date of U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/380,147, attorney docket number 25791.104, filed on May 6, 2002, which was a continuation-in-part of U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 10/507,567, attorney docket number 25791.95.03, filed on Sep. 13, 2004, which was the National Stage application for PCT application serial number PCT/US2003/004837, attorney docket number 25791.95.02, filed on Feb. 19, 2003, which claimed the benefit of the filing date of U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/363,829, attorney docket number 25791.95, filed on Mar. 13, 2002, which was a continuation-in-part of both of: (1) U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 10/495,347, attorney docket number 25791.87.05, filed on May 12, 2004, which was filed as the National Stage application for PCT application serial number PCT/US2002/036157, attorney docket number 25791.87.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, which claimed the benefit of the filing date of U.S. provisional application Ser. No. 60/338,996, attorney docket number 25791.87, filed on Nov. 12, 2001; and (2) U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 10/495,344, attorney docket number 25791.88.05, filed on May 12, 2004, which was filed as the National Stage application for PCT application serial number PCT/US2002/036267, attorney docket number 25791.88.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, which claimed the benefit of the filing date of U.S. provisional application Ser. No. 60/339,013, attorney docket number 25791.88, filed on Nov. 12, 2001, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

**[0003]** The present application is a continuation-in-part of the following: (1) PCT patent application serial number PCT/

US02/36157, attorney docket number 25791.87.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, (2) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US02/36267, attorney docket number 25791.88.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, (3) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/04837, attorney docket number 25791.95.02, filed on Feb. 29, 2003, (4) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29859, attorney docket no. 25791.102.02, filed on Sep. 22, 2003, (5) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/14153, attorney docket number 25791.104.02, filed on Nov. 13, 2003, (6) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/18530, attorney docket number 25791.108.02, filed on Jun. 11, 2003, (7) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29858, attorney docket number 25791.112.02, (8) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29460, attorney docket number 25791.114.02, filed on Sep. 23, 2003, filed on Sep. 22, 2003, and (9) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

**[0004]** The present application is related to the following:

(1) U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (2) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/510,913, attorney docket no. 25791.7.02, filed on Feb. 23, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,702, filed on Feb. 25, 1999, (3) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/502,350, attorney docket no. 25791.8.02, filed on Feb. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/119,611, filed on Feb. 11, 1999, (4) U.S. Pat. No. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on Nov. 15, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on Nov. 16, 1998, (5) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/169,434, attorney docket no. 25791.10.04, filed on Jul. 1, 2002, which claims priority from provisional application 60/183,546, filed on Feb. 18, 2000, (6) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on Mar. 11, 1999, (7) U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on 2/24/2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (8) U.S. Pat. No. 6,575,240, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/511,941, attorney docket no. 25791.16.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,907, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (9) U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (10) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/981,916, attorney docket no. 25791.18, filed on Oct. 18, 2001 as a continuation-in-part application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on Nov. 15, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on Nov. 16, 1998, (11) U.S. Pat. No. 6,604,763, which was filed as application Ser. No. 09/559,122, attorney docket no. 25791.23.02, filed on Apr. 26, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/131,106, filed on Apr. 26, 1999, (12) U.S. patent application Ser.

No. 10/030,593, attorney docket no. 25791.25.08, filed on Jan. 8, 2002, which claims priority from provisional application 60/146,203, filed on Jul. 29, 1999, (13) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/143,039, attorney docket no. 25791.26, filed on Jul. 9, 1999, (14) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/111,982, attorney docket no. 25791.27.08, filed on Apr. 30, 2002, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/162,671, attorney docket no. 25791.27, filed on Nov. 1, 1999, (15) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/154,047, attorney docket no. 25791.29, filed on Sep. 16, 1999, (16) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/438,828, attorney docket no. 25791.31, filed on Jan. 9, 2003, (17) U.S. Pat. No. 6,564,875, which was filed as application Ser. No. 09/679,907, attorney docket no. 25791.34.02, on Oct. 5, 2000, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/159,082, attorney docket no. 25791.34, filed on Oct. 12, 1999, (18) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/089,419, filed on Mar. 27, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.36.03, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/159,039, attorney docket no. 25791.36, filed on Oct. 12, 1999, (19) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/679,906, filed on Oct. 5, 2000, attorney docket no. 25791.37.02, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/159,033, attorney docket no. 25791.37, filed on Oct. 12, 1999, (20) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/303,992, filed on Nov. 22, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.38.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/212,359, attorney docket no. 25791.38, filed on Jun. 19, 2000, (21) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/165,228, attorney docket no. 25791.39, filed on Nov. 12, 1999, (22) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/455,051, attorney docket no. 25791.40, filed on Mar. 14, 2003, (23) PCT application US02/2477, filed on Jun. 26, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.44.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/303,711, attorney docket no. 25791.44, filed on Jul. 6, 2001, (24) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/311,412, filed on Dec. 12, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.45.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/221,443, attorney docket no. 25791.45, filed on Jul. 28, 2000, (25) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/\_\_\_\_\_, filed on Dec. 18, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.46.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/221,645, attorney docket no. 25791.46, filed on Jul. 28, 2000, (26) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/322,947, filed on Jan. 22, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.47.03, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/233,638, attorney docket no. 25791.47, filed on Sep. 18, 2000, (27) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/406,648, filed on Mar. 31, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.48.06, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/237,334, attorney docket no. 25791.48, filed on Oct. 2, 2000, (28) PCT application US02/04353, filed on Feb. 14, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.50.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/270,007, attorney docket no. 25791.50, filed on Feb. 20, 2001, (29) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/465,835, filed on Jun. 13, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.51.06, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/262,434, attorney docket no. 25791.51, filed on Jan. 17, 2001, (30) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/465,831, filed on Jun. 13, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.52.06, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/259,486, attorney docket no. 25791.52, filed

on Jan. 3, 2001, (31) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/452,303, filed on Mar. 5, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.53, (32) U.S. Pat. No. 6,470,966, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/850,093, filed on May 7, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.55, as a divisional application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (33) U.S. Pat. No. 6,561,227, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/852,026, filed on May 9, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.56, as a divisional application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (34) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/852,027, filed on May 9, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.57, as a divisional application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (35) PCT Application US02/25608, attorney docket no. 25791.58.02, filed on Aug. 13, 2002, which claims priority from provisional application 60/318,021, filed on Sep. 7, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.58, (36) PCT Application US02/24399, attorney docket no. 25791.59.02, filed on Aug. 1, 2002, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/313,453, attorney docket no. 25791.59, filed on Aug. 20, 2001, (37) PCT Application US02/29856, attorney docket no. 25791.60.02, filed on Sep. 19, 2002, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/326,886, attorney docket no. 25791.60, filed on Oct. 3, 2001, (38) PCT Application US02/20256, attorney docket no. 25791.61.02, filed on Jun. 26, 2002, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/303,740, attorney docket no. 25791.61, filed on Jul. 6, 2001, (39) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/962,469, filed on Sep. 25, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.62, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on Mar. 11, 1999, (40) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/962,470, filed on Sep. 25, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.63, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on Mar. 11, 1999, (41) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/962,471, filed on Sep. 25, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.64, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on Mar. 11, 1999, (42) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/962,467, filed on Sep. 25, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.65, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on Mar. 11, 1999, (43) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/962,468, filed on Sep. 25, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.66, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on Mar. 11, 1999, (44) PCT application US 02/25727, filed on Aug. 14, 2002,

attorney docket no. 25791.67.03, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/317,985, attorney docket no. 25791.67, filed on Sep. 6, 2001, and U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/318,386, attorney docket no. 25791.67.02, filed on Sep. 10, 2001, (45) PCT application US 02/39425, filed on Dec. 10, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.68.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/343,674, attorney docket no. 25791.68, filed on Dec. 27, 2001, (46) U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 09/969,922, attorney docket no. 25791.69, filed on Oct. 3, 2001, which is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on Nov. 15, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on Nov. 16, 1998, (47) U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 10/516,467, attorney docket no. 25791.70, filed on Dec. 10, 2001, which is a continuation application of U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 09/969,922, attorney docket no. 25791.69, filed on Oct. 3, 2001, which is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on Nov. 15, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on Nov. 16, 1998, (48) PCT application US 03/00609, filed on Jan. 9, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.71.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/357,372, attorney docket no. 25791.71, filed on Feb. 15, 2002, (49) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/074,703, attorney docket no. 25791.74, filed on Feb. 12, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (50) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/074,244, attorney docket no. 25791.75, filed on Feb. 12, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (51) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/076,660, attorney docket no. 25791.76, filed on Feb. 15, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (52) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/076,661, attorney docket no. 25791.77, filed on Feb. 15, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (53) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/076,659, attorney docket no. 25791.78, filed on Feb. 15, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (54) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/078,928, attorney docket no. 25791.79, filed on Feb. 20, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26,

1999, (55) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/078,922, attorney docket no. 25791.80, filed on Feb. 20, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (56) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/078,921, attorney docket no. 25791.81, filed on Feb. 20, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (57) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/261,928, attorney docket no. 25791.82, filed on Oct. 1, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (58) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/079,276, attorney docket no. 25791.83, filed on Feb. 20, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (59) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/262,009, attorney docket no. 25791.84, filed on Oct. 1, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (60) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/092,481, attorney docket no. 25791.85, filed on Mar. 7, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (61) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/261,926, attorney docket no. 25791.86, filed on Oct. 1, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (62) PCT application US 02/36157, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.87.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/338,996, attorney docket no. 25791.87, filed on Nov. 12, 2001, (63) PCT application US 02/36267, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.88.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/339,013, attorney docket no. 25791.88, filed on Nov. 12, 2001, (64) PCT application US 03/11765, filed on Apr. 16, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.89.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/383,917, attorney docket no. 25791.89, filed on May 29, 2002, (65) PCT application US 03/15020, filed on May 12, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.90.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/391,703, attorney docket no. 25791.90, filed on Jun. 26, 2002, (66) PCT application US 02/39418, filed on Dec. 10, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.92.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/346,309, attorney docket no. 25791.92, filed on Jan. 7, 2002, (67) PCT application US 03/06544, filed on Mar. 4, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.93.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application serial no.

60/372,048, attorney docket no. 25791.93, filed on Apr. 12, 2002, (68) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/331,718, attorney docket no. 25791.94, filed on Dec. 30, 2002, which is a divisional U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/679,906, filed on Oct. 5, 2000, attorney docket no. 25791.37.02, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/159,033, attorney docket no. 25791.37, filed on Oct. 12, 1999, (69) PCT application US 03/04837, filed on Feb. 29, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.95.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/363,829, attorney docket no. 25791.95, filed on Mar. 13, 2002, (70) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/261,927, attorney docket no. 25791.97, filed on Oct. 1, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (71) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/262,008, attorney docket no. 25791.98, filed on Oct. 1, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (72) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/261,925, attorney docket no. 25791.99, filed on Oct. 1, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (73) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/199,524, attorney docket no. 25791.100, filed on Jul. 19, 2002, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (74) PCT application US 03/10144, filed on Mar. 28, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.101.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/372,632, attorney docket no. 25791.101, filed on Apr. 15, 2002, (75) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,542, attorney docket no. 25791.102, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (76) PCT application US 03/14153, filed on May 6, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.104.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/380,147, attorney docket no. 25791.104, filed on May 6, 2002, (77) PCT application US 03/19993, filed on Jun. 24, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.106.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/397,284, attorney docket no. 25791.106, filed on Jul. 19, 2002, (78) PCT application US 03/13787, filed on May 5, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.107.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/387,486, attorney docket no. 25791.107, filed on Jun. 10, 2002, (79) PCT application US 03/18530, filed on Jun. 11, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.108.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/387,961, attorney docket no. 25791.108, filed on Jun. 12, 2002, (80) PCT application US 03/20694, filed on Jul. 1, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.110.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/398,061, attorney docket no. 25791.110, filed on Jul. 24, 2002, (81) PCT application US 03/20870, filed on Jul. 2, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.111.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/399,240, attorney docket no. 25791.111, filed on Jul. 29, 2002, (82) U.S. provisional patent appli-

cation Ser. No. 60/412,487, attorney docket no. 25791.112, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (83) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,488, attorney docket no. 25791.114, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (84) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/280,356, attorney docket no. 25791.115, filed on Oct. 25, 2002, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 6,470,966, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/850,093, filed on May 7, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.55, as a divisional application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (85) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,177, attorney docket no. 25791.117, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (86) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,653, attorney docket no. 25791.118, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (87) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/405,610, attorney docket no. 25791.119, filed on Aug. 23, 2002, (88) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/405,394, attorney docket no. 25791.120, filed on Aug. 23, 2002, (89) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,544, attorney docket no. 25791.121, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (90) PCT application US 03/24779, filed on Aug. 8, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.125.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/407,442, attorney docket no. 25791.125, filed on Aug. 30, 2002, (91) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/423,363, attorney docket no. 25791.126, filed on Dec. 10, 2002, (92) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,196, attorney docket no. 25791.127, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (93) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,187, attorney docket no. 25791.128, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (94) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,371, attorney docket no. 25791.129, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (95) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/382,325, attorney docket no. 25791.145, filed on Mar. 5, 2003, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (96) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/624,842, attorney docket no. 25791.151, filed on Jul. 22, 2003, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/502,350, attorney docket no. 25791.8.02, filed on Feb. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/119,611, filed on Feb. 11, 1999, (97) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/431,184, attorney docket no. 25791.157, filed on Dec. 5, 2002, (98) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/448,526, attorney docket no. 25791.185, filed on Feb. 18, 2003, (99) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/461,539, attorney docket no. 25791.186, filed on Apr. 9, 2003, (100) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/462,750, attorney docket no. 25791.193, filed on Apr. 14, 2003, (101) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/436,106, attorney docket no. 25791.200, filed on Dec. 23, 2002, (102) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/442,942, attorney docket no. 25791.213, filed on Jan. 27, 2003, (103) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/442,938, attorney docket no. 25791.225, filed on Jan. 27, 2003, (104) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/418,687, attorney docket no. 25791.228, filed on Apr. 18, 2003, (105) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/454,896, attorney docket no. 25791.236, filed on Mar. 14, 2003, (106) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/450,504,

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#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

**[0005]** This invention relates generally to oil and gas exploration, and in particular to forming and repairing wellbore casings to facilitate oil and gas exploration.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

**[0006]** According to one aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member is provided that includes a support member, a cutting device for cutting the tubular member coupled to the support member, and an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member.

**[0007]** According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member is provided that includes a support member, an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member, and an actuator coupled to the support member for displacing the expansion device relative to the support member.

**[0008]** According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member is provided that includes a support member; an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and a sealing assembly for sealing an annulus defined between the support member and the tubular member.

**[0009]** According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member is provided that



includes a support member; a first expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and a second expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member.

[0010] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member is provided that includes a support member; an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and a packer coupled to the support member.

[0011] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member is provided that includes a support member; a cutting device for cutting the tubular member coupled to the support member; a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member; a sealing device for sealing an interface with the tubular member coupled to the support member; a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member; a first adjustable expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; a second adjustable expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; a packer coupled to the support member; and an actuator for displacing one or more of the sealing assembly, first and second adjustable expansion devices, and packer relative to the support member.

[0012] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for cutting a tubular member is provided that includes a support member; and a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member.

[0013] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for engaging a tubular member is provided that includes a support member; and a plurality of movable elements coupled to the support member.

[0014] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for gripping a tubular member is provided that includes a plurality of movable gripping elements.

[0015] According to another aspect of the present invention, an actuator is provided that includes a tubular housing; a tubular piston rod movably coupled to and at least partially positioned within the housing; a plurality of annular piston chambers defined by the tubular housing and the tubular piston rod; and a plurality of tubular pistons coupled to the tubular piston rod, each tubular piston movably positioned within a corresponding annular piston chamber.

[0016] According to another aspect of the present invention, an apparatus for controlling a packer is provided that includes a tubular support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the tubular support member; and a tubular stinger coupled to the tubular support member for engaging the packer.

[0017] According to another aspect of the present invention, a packer is provided that includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member.

[0018] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of radially expanding and plastically deforming

an expandable tubular member within a borehole having a preexisting wellbore casing is provided that includes positioning the tubular member within the borehole in overlapping relation to the wellbore casing; radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprising a portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the wellbore casing; wherein the inside diameter of the bell section is greater than the inside diameter of the radially expanded and plastically deformed portion of the tubular member above the bell section.

[0019] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing is provided that includes positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole; lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member  $m$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $m$  portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; positioning the adjustable expansion device within a second expandable tubular member; supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

[0020] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole is provided that includes positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member; supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole; lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the expandable tubular member within the borehole; and pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable tubular member within the borehole.

[0021] According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing is provided that includes positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole; lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member  $m$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $m$  portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; pressurizing

an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; positioning the adjustable expansion mandrel within a second expandable tubular member; supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion mandrel within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; lowering the adjustable expansion mandrel out of the second expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion mandrel; displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole; and pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion mandrel during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**[0022]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole is provided that includes positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member; supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0023]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing is provided that includes positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the first expandable tubular member; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of

the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; and displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0024]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole is provided that includes positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member; supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member; pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; and pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0025]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing is provided that includes positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and

the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the first expandable tubular member; pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; and pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0026]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole is provided that includes supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion

device within the borehole; increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; and displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member.

**[0027]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing within a borehole that includes a preexisting wellbore casing is provided that includes supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole; increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member; and displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member and a portion of the preexisting wellbore casing that overlaps with an end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member.

**[0028]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member is provided that includes positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure; radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section.

**[0029]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member is provided that includes applying internal pressure to the inside surface of the tubular member at a plurality of discrete location separated from one another.

**[0030]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole having a preexisting wellbore casing is provided that includes means for positioning the tubular member within the borehole in overlapping relation to the wellbore casing; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprising a portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the wellbore casing; wherein the inside diameter of the bell section is greater than the inside diameter of the radially expanded and plastically deformed portion of the tubular member above the bell section.

**[0031]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing is provided that includes means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole; means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member m times to radially expand and plastically deform m portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; means for positioning the adjustable expansion device within a second expand-

able tubular member; means for supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**[0032]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole is provided that includes means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member; means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole; means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the expandable tubular member within the borehole; and means for pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**[0033]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing is provided that includes means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole; means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member m times to radially expand and plastically deform m portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; means for pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; means for positioning the adjustable expansion mandrel within a second expandable tubular member; means for supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion mandrel within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; means for lowering the adjustable expansion mandrel out of the second expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion mandrel; means for displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole; and means for pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion mandrel during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**[0034]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for radially expanding and plastically deforming

an expandable tubular member within a borehole is provided that includes means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member; means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0035]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing is provided that includes means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the first expandable tubular member; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable

expansion device; and means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0036]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole is provided that includes means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member; means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member; means for pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; and means for pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0037]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing is provided that includes means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the first expandable tubular member; means for pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member;

means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; means for pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; means for pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; and means for pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0038]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole is provided that includes means for supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole; means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member.

**[0039]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing within a borehole that includes a preexisting wellbore casing is provided that includes means for supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable

expansion device within the borehole; means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member and a portion of the preexisting wellbore casing that overlaps with an end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member.

**[0040]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member is provided that includes means for positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section.

**[0041]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member is provided that includes a support member; and means for applying internal pressure to the inside surface of the tubular member at a plurality of discrete location separated from one another coupled to the support member.

**[0042]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of cutting a tubular member is provided that includes positioning a plurality of cutting elements within the tubular member; and bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member.

**[0043]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of gripping a tubular member is provided that includes positioning a plurality of gripping elements within the tubular member; bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member includes displacing the gripping elements in an axial direction; and displacing the gripping elements in a radial direction.

**[0044]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of operating an actuator is provided that includes pressurizing a plurality of pressure chamber.

**[0045]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between a tubular member and a preexisting structure is provided that includes positioning the tubular member into the preexisting structure; sealing off an end of the tubular member; operating a valve within the end of the tubular member; and injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material through the valve into the annulus between the tubular member and the preexisting structure.

**[0046]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for cutting a tubular member is provided that includes means for positioning a plurality of cutting elements within the tubular member; and means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member.

**[0047]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for gripping a tubular member is provided that includes means for positioning a plurality of gripping elements within the tubular member; and means for bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member.

**[0048]** According to another aspect of the present invention, an actuator system is provided that includes a support

member; and means for pressurizing a plurality of pressure chambers coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for transmitting torsional loads.

**[0049]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between a tubular member and a preexisting structure is provided that includes means for positioning the tubular member into the preexisting structure; means for sealing off an end of the tubular member; means for operating a valve within the end of the tubular member; and means for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material through the valve into the annulus between the tubular member and the preexisting structure.

**[0050]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a method of engaging a tubular member is provided that includes positioning a plurality of elements within the tubular member; and bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member.

**[0051]** According to another aspect of the present invention, a system for engaging a tubular member is provided that includes means for positioning a plurality of elements within the tubular member; and means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the elements include a first group of elements; and a second group of elements; wherein the first group of elements are interleaved with the second group of elements.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0052]** FIG. 1 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of an embodiment of a system for radially expanding and plastically deforming wellbore casing, including a tubular support member, a casing cutter, a ball gripper for gripping a wellbore casing, a force multiplier tension actuator, a safety sub, a cup sub, a casing lock, an extension actuator, a bell section adjustable expansion cone assembly, a casing section adjustable expansion cone assembly, a packer setting tool, a packer, a stinger, and an expandable wellbore casing, during the placement of the system within a wellbore.

**[0053]** FIG. 2 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of the system of FIG. 1 during the subsequent displacement of the bell section adjustable expansion cone assembly, the casing section adjustable expansion cone assembly, the packer setting tool, the packer, and the stinger downwardly out of the end of the expandable wellbore casing and the expansion of the size of the bell section adjustable expansion cone assembly and the casing section adjustable expansion cone assembly.

**[0054]** FIG. 3 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of the system of FIG. 2 during the subsequent operation of the tension actuator to displace the bell section adjustable expansion cone assembly upwardly into the end of the expandable wellbore casing to form a bell section in the end of the expandable wellbore casing.

**[0055]** FIG. 4 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of the system of FIG. 3 during the subsequent reduction of the bell section adjustable expansion cone assembly.

**[0056]** FIG. 5 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of the system of FIG. 4 during the subsequent upward placement of the expanded casing section adjustable expansion cone assembly to radially expand the expandable wellbore casing.

**[0057]** FIG. 6 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of the system of FIG. 5 during the subsequent lowering of the

tubular support member, casing cutter, ball gripper, a force multiplier tension actuator, safety sub, cup sub, casing lock, extension actuator, bell section adjustable expansion cone assembly, casing section adjustable expansion cone assembly, packer setting tool, packer, and stinger and subsequent setting of the packer within the expandable wellbore casing above the bell section.

[0058] FIG. 7 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of the system of FIG. 6 during the subsequent injection of fluidic materials into the system to displace the expanded casing section adjustable expansion cone assembly upwardly through the expandable wellbore casing to radially expand and plastically deform the expandable wellbore casing.

[0059] FIG. 8 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of the system of FIG. 7 during the subsequent injection of fluidic materials into the system to displace the expanded casing section adjustable expansion cone assembly upwardly through the expandable wellbore casing and a surrounding preexisting wellbore casing to radially expand and plastically deform the overlapping expandable wellbore casing and the surrounding preexisting wellbore casing.

[0060] FIG. 9 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of the system of FIG. 8 during the subsequent operation of the casing cutter to cut off an end of the expandable wellbore casing.

[0061] FIG. 10 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of the system of FIG. 9 during the subsequent removal of the cut off end of the expandable wellbore casing.

[0062] FIGS. 11-1 and 11-2, 11A1 to 11A2, 11B1 to 11B2, 11C, 11D, 11E, 11F, 11G, 11H, 11I, 11j, 11K, 11L, 11M, 11N, 11O, 11P, 11Q, 11R, 11S, 11T, 11U, 11V, 11W, 11X, 11Y, 11Z to 11Z4, 11AA1 to 11AA4, 11AB1 to 11AB4, 11AC1 to 11AC4, 11AD, and 11AE are fragmentary cross-sectional and perspective illustrations of an exemplary embodiment of a casing cutter assembly.

[0063] FIGS. 12A1 to 12A4 and 12C1 to 12C4 are fragmentary cross-sectional illustrations of an exemplary embodiment of a ball gripper assembly.

[0064] FIG. 12B is a top view of a portion of the ball gripper assembly of FIGS. 12A1 to 12A4 and 12C1 to 12C4.

[0065] FIGS. 13A1 to 13A8 and 13B1 to 13B7 are fragmentary cross-sectional illustrations of an exemplary embodiment of a tension actuator assembly.

[0066] FIG. 14A is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustrations of an exemplary embodiment of a safety sub assembly.

[0067] FIGS. 14A, 14B and 14C are fragmentary cross-sectional and perspective illustrations of an exemplary embodiment of a cup seal assembly.

[0068] FIGS. 15-1 and 15-2, 15A1 to 15A2, 15B1 to 15B2, 15C, 15D, 15E, 15F, 15G, 15H, 15I, 15j, 15K, 15L, 15M, 15N, 15O, 15P, 15R, 15S, 15T, 15U, 15V, 15W, 15X, 15Y, 15Z1 to 15Z4, 15AA1 to 15AA4, 15AB1 to 15AB4, 15AC1 to 15AC4, 15AD, and 15AE are fragmentary cross-sectional and perspective illustrations of an exemplary embodiment of an adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly.

[0069] FIGS. 16-1 and 16-2, 16A1 to 16A2, 16B1 to 16B2, 16C, 16D, 16E, 16F, 16G, 16H, 16I, 16j, 16K, 16L, 16M, 16N, 16O, 16P, 16R, 16S, 16T, 16U, 16V, 16W, 16X, 16Y, 16Z1-16Z4, 16AA1 to 16AA4, 16AB1 to 16AB4, 16AC1 to 16AC4, 16AD, and 16AE are fragmentary cross-sectional and perspective illustrations of an exemplary embodiment of an adjustable casing expansion cone assembly.

[0070] FIGS. 17A to 17C is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of an exemplary embodiment of a packer setting tool assembly.

[0071] FIGS. 18-1 to 18-5 is a fragmentary cross-sectional illustration of an exemplary embodiment of a packer assembly.

[0072] FIGS. 19A1 to 19A5, 19B1 to 19B5, 19C1 to 19C5, 19D1 to 19D5, 19E1 to 19E6, 19F1 to 19F6, 19G1 to 19G6, and 19H1 to 19H5, are fragmentary cross-sectional illustrations of an exemplary embodiment of the operation of the packer setting tool and the packer assembly of FIGS. 17A to 17C and 18-1 to 18-5.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE ILLUSTRATIVE EMBODIMENTS

[0073] Referring initially to FIGS. 1-10, an exemplary embodiment of a system 10 for radially expanding and plastically deforming a wellbore casing includes a conventional tubular support 12 having an end that is coupled to an end of a casing cutter assembly 14. In an exemplary embodiment, the casing cutter assembly 14 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional commercially available casing cutters for cutting wellbore casing, or equivalents thereof.

[0074] An end of a ball gripper assembly 16 is coupled to another end of the casing cutter assembly 14. In an exemplary embodiment, the ball gripper assembly 14 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional commercially available ball grippers, or other types of gripping devices, for gripping wellbore casing, or equivalents thereof.

[0075] An end of a tension actuator assembly 18 is coupled to another end of the ball gripper assembly 16. In an exemplary embodiment, the tension actuator assembly 18 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional commercially available actuators, or equivalents thereof.

[0076] An end of a safety sub assembly 20 is coupled to another end of the tension actuator assembly 18. In an exemplary embodiment, the safety sub assembly 20 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional apparatus that provide quick connection and/or disconnection of tubular members, or equivalents thereof.

[0077] An end of a sealing cup assembly 22 is coupled to another end of the safety sub assembly 20. In an exemplary embodiment, the sealing cup assembly 22 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional sealing cup assemblies, or other types of sealing assemblies, that sealingly engage the interior surfaces of surrounding tubular members, or equivalents thereof.

[0078] An end of a casing lock assembly 24 is coupled to another end of the sealing cup assembly 22. In an exemplary embodiment, the casing lock assembly 24 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional casing lock assemblies that lock the position of wellbore casing, or equivalents thereof.

[0079] An end of an extension actuator assembly 26 is coupled to another end of the casing lock assembly 24. In an exemplary embodiment, the extension actuator assembly 26 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional actuators, or equivalents thereof.

[0080] An end of an adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28 is coupled to another end of the extension actuator assembly 26. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional adjustable

expansion devices for radially expanding and plastically deforming wellbore casing, or equivalents thereof.

[0081] An end of an adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 is coupled to another end of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional adjustable expansion devices for radially expanding and plastically deforming wellbore casing, or equivalents thereof.

[0082] An end of a packer setting tool assembly 32 is coupled to another end of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer setting tool assembly 32 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional adjustable expansion devices for controlling the operation of a conventional packer, or equivalents thereof.

[0083] An end of a stinger assembly 34 is coupled to another end of the packer setting tool assembly 32. In an exemplary embodiment, the stinger assembly 34 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional devices for engaging a conventional packer, or equivalents thereof.

[0084] An end of a packer assembly 36 is coupled to another end of the stinger assembly 34. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer assembly 36 may be, or may include elements, of one or more conventional packers.

[0085] As illustrated in FIG. 1, in an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the system 10, an expandable wellbore casing 100 is coupled to and supported by the casing lock assembly 24 of the system. The system 10 is then positioned within a wellbore 102 that traverses a subterranean formation 104 and includes a preexisting wellbore casing 106.

[0086] As illustrated in FIG. 2, in an exemplary embodiment, the extension actuator assembly 26 is then operated to move the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28, adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30, packer setting tool assembly 32, stinger assembly 34, packer assembly 36 downwardly in a direction 108 and out of an end of the expandable wellbore casing 100. After the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28 and adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 have been moved to a position out of the end of the expandable wellbore casing 100, the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly and adjustable casing expansion cone assembly are then operated to increase the outside diameters of the expansion cone assemblies. In an exemplary embodiment, the increased outside diameter of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28 is greater than the increased outside diameter of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30.

[0087] As illustrated in FIG. 3, in an exemplary embodiment, the ball gripper assembly 16 is then operated to engage and hold the position of the expandable tubular member 100 stationary relative to the tubular support member 12. The tension actuator assembly 18 is then operated to move the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28, adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30, packer setting tool assembly 32, stinger assembly 34, packer assembly 36 upwardly in a direction 110 into and through the end of the expandable wellbore casing 100. As a result, the end of the expandable wellbore casing 100 is radially expanded and plastically deformed by the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28 to form a bell section 112. In an exemplary embodiment, during the operation of the system 10 described

above with reference to FIG. 3, the casing lock assembly 24 may or may not be coupled to the expandable wellbore casing 100.

[0088] In an exemplary embodiment, the length of the end of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that is radially expanded and plastically deformed by the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28 is limited by the stroke length of the tension actuator assembly 18. In an exemplary embodiment, once the tension actuator assembly 18 completes a stroke, the ball gripper assembly 16 is operated to release the expandable tubular member 100, and the tubular support 12 is moved upwardly to permit the tension actuator assembly to be re-set. In this manner, the length of the bell section 112 can be further extended by continuing to stroke and then re-set the position of the tension actuator assembly 18. Note, that, during the upward movement of the tubular support 12 to re-set the position of the tension actuator assembly 18, the expandable tubular wellbore casing 100 is supported by the expansion surfaces of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28.

[0089] As illustrated in FIG. 4, in an exemplary embodiment, the casing lock assembly 24 is then operated to engage and maintain the position of the expandable wellbore casing 100 stationary relative to the tubular support 12. The adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28, adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30, packer setting tool assembly 32, stinger assembly 34, and packer assembly 36 are displaced downwardly into the bell section 112 in a direction 114 relative to the expandable wellbore casing 100 by operating the extension actuator 26 and/or by displacing the system 10 downwardly in the direction 114 relative to the expandable wellbore casing. After the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28 and adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 have been moved downwardly in the direction 114 into the bell section 112 of the expandable wellbore casing 100, the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly is then operated to decrease the outside diameter of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly. In an exemplary embodiment, the decreased outside diameter of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28 is less than the increased outside diameter of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30. In an exemplary embodiment, during the operation of the system illustrated and described above with reference to FIG. 4, the ball gripper 16 may or may not be operated to engage the expandable wellbore casing 100.

[0090] As illustrated in FIG. 5, in an exemplary embodiment, the casing lock assembly 24 is then disengaged from the expandable wellbore casing 100 and fluidic material 116 is then injected into the system 10 through the tubular support 12 to thereby pressurize an annulus 118 defined within the expandable wellbore casing below the cup sub assembly 22. As a result, a pressure differential is created across the cup seal assembly 22 that causes the cup seal assembly to apply a tensile force in the direction 120 to the system 10. As a result, the system 10 is displaced upwardly in the direction 120 relative to the expandable wellbore casing 100 thereby pulling the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 upwardly in the direction 120 through the expandable wellbore casing thereby radially expanding and plastically deforming the expandable wellbore casing.

[0091] In an exemplary embodiment, the tension actuator assembly 16 may also be operated during the injection of the fluidic material 116 to displace the adjustable casing expansion



sion cone assembly 30 upwardly relative to the tubular support 12. As a result, additional expansion forces may be applied to the expandable wellbore casing 100.

[0092] As illustrated in FIG. 6, in an exemplary embodiment, the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable wellbore casing using the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 continues until the packer assembly 36 is positioned within a portion of the expandable tubular member above the bell section 112. The packer assembly 36 may then be operated to engage the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing 100 above the bell section 112.

[0093] In an exemplary embodiment, after the packer assembly 36 is operated to engage the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing 100 above the bell section 112, a hardenable fluidic sealing material 122 may then be injected into the system 10 through the tubular support 12 and then out of the system through the packer assembly to thereby permit the annulus between the expandable wellbore casing and the wellbore 102 to be filled with the hardenable fluidic sealing material. The hardenable fluidic sealing material 122 may then be allowed to cure to form a fluid tight annulus between the expandable wellbore casing 100 and the wellbore 102, before, during, or after the completion of the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable wellbore casing.

[0094] As illustrated in FIG. 7, in an exemplary embodiment, the fluidic material 116 is then re-injected into the system 10 through the tubular support 12 to thereby re-pressurize the annulus 118 defined within the expandable wellbore casing below the cup sub assembly 22. As a result, a pressure differential is once again created across the cup seal assembly 22 that causes the cup seal assembly to once again apply a tensile force in the direction 120 to the system 10. As a result, the system 10 is displaced upwardly in the direction 120 relative to the expandable wellbore casing 100 thereby pulling the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 upwardly in the direction 120 through the expandable wellbore casing thereby radially expanding and plastically deforming the expandable wellbore casing and disengaging the stinger assembly 34 from the packer assembly 36. In an exemplary embodiment, during this operational mode, the packer assembly 36 prevents the flow of fluidic materials out of the expandable wellbore casing 100. As a result, the pressurization of the annulus 118 is rapid and efficient thereby enhancing the operational efficiency of the subsequent radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable wellbore casing 100.

[0095] In an exemplary embodiment, the tension actuator assembly 16 may also be operated during the re-injection of the fluidic material 116 to displace the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 upwardly relative to the tubular support 12. As a result, additional expansion forces may be applied to the expandable wellbore casing 100.

[0096] As illustrated in FIG. 8, in an exemplary embodiment, the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable wellbore casing using the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 continues until the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 reaches the portion 124 of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing 106. At which point, the system 10 may radially expand the portion 124 of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing 106 and the surrounding portion of the preexisting wellbore casing. Consequently, in an exemplary embodi-

ment, during the radial expansion of the portion 124 of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing 106, the tension actuator assembly 16 is also operated to displace the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly 30 upwardly relative to the tubular support 12. As a result, additional expansion forces may be applied to the expandable wellbore casing 100 and the preexisting wellbore casing 106 during the radial expansion of the portion 124 of the expandable wellbore casing that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing.

[0097] As illustrated in FIG. 9, in an exemplary embodiment, the entire length of the portion 124 of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing 106 is not radially expanded and plastically deformed. Rather, only part of the portion 124 of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing 106 is radially expanded and plastically deformed. The remaining part of the portion 124 of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing 106 is then cut away by operating the casing cutter assembly 14.

[0098] As illustrated in FIG. 10, the remaining part of the portion 124 of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing 106 that is cut away by operating the casing cutter assembly 14 is then also carried out of the wellbore 102 using the casing cutter assembly.

[0099] Furthermore, in an exemplary embodiment, the inside diameter of the expandable wellbore casing 100 above the bell section 112 is equal to the inside diameter of the portion of the preexisting wellbore casing 106 that does not overlap with the expandable wellbore casing 100. As a result, a wellbore casing is constructed that includes overlapping wellbore casings that together define an internal passage having a constant cross-sectional area.

[0100] In several exemplary embodiments, the system 10 includes one or more of the methods and apparatus disclosed in one or more of the following: The present application is related to the following: (1) U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (2) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/510,913, attorney docket no. 25791.7.02, filed on Feb. 23, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,702, filed on Feb. 25, 1999, (3) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/502,350, attorney docket no. 25791.8.02, filed on Feb. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/119,611, filed on Feb. 11, 1999, (4) U.S. Pat. No. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on Nov. 15, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on Nov. 16, 1998, (5) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/169,434, attorney docket no. 25791.10.04, filed on Jul. 1, 2002, which claims priority from provisional application 60/183,546, filed on Feb. 18, 2000, (6) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on Mar. 11, 1999, (7) U.S. Pat. No. 6,568,471, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/512,895, attorney docket no. 25791.12.02, filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,841, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (8) U.S. Pat. No. 6,575,240, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/511,941, attorney docket no. 25791.16.02,

filed on Feb. 24, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/121,907, filed on Feb. 26, 1999, (9) U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (10) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/981,916, attorney docket no. 25791.18, filed on Oct. 18, 2001 as a continuation-in-part application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on Nov. 15, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on Nov. 16, 1998, (11) U.S. Pat. No. 6,604,763, which was filed as application Ser. No. 09/559,122, attorney docket no. 25791.23.02, filed on Apr. 26, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/131,106, filed on Apr. 26, 1999, (12) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/030,593, attorney docket no. 25791.25.08, filed on Jan. 8, 2002, which claims priority from provisional application 60/146,203, filed on Jul. 29, 1999, (13) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/143,039, attorney docket no. 25791.26, filed on Jul. 9, 1999, (14) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/111,982, attorney docket no. 25791.27.08, filed on Apr. 30, 2002, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/162,671, attorney docket no. 25791.27, filed on Nov. 1, 1999, (15) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/154,047, attorney docket no. 25791.29, filed on Sep. 16, 1999, (16) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/438,828, attorney docket no. 25791.31, filed on Jan. 9, 2003, (17) U.S. Pat. No. 6,564,875, which was filed as application Ser. No. 09/679,907, attorney docket no. 25791.34.02, on Oct. 5, 2000, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/159,082, attorney docket no. 25791.34, filed on Oct. 12, 1999, (18) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/089,419, filed on Mar. 27, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.36.03, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/159,039, attorney docket no. 25791.36, filed on Oct. 12, 1999, (19) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/679,906, filed on Oct. 5, 2000, attorney docket no. 25791.37.02, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/159,033, attorney docket no. 25791.37, filed on Oct. 12, 1999, (20) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/303,992, filed on Nov. 22, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.38.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/212,359, attorney docket no. 25791.38, filed on Jun. 19, 2000, (21) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/165,228, attorney docket no. 25791.39, filed on Nov. 12, 1999, (22) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/455,051, attorney docket no. 25791.40, filed on Mar. 14, 2003, (23) PCT application US02/2477, filed on Jun. 26, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.44.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/303,711, attorney docket no. 25791.44, filed on Jul. 6, 2001, (24) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/311,412, filed on Dec. 12, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.45.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/221,443, attorney docket no. 25791.45, filed on Jul. 28, 2000, (25) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/\_\_\_\_\_, filed on Dec. 18, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.46.07, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/221,645, attorney docket no. 25791.46, filed on Jul. 28, 2000, (26) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/322,947, filed on Jan. 22, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.47.03, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/233,638, attorney

docket no. 25791.47, filed on Sep. 18, 2000, (27) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/406,648, filed on Mar. 31, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.48.06, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/237,334, attorney docket no. 25791.48, filed on Oct. 2, 2000, (28) PCT application US02/04353, filed on Feb. 14, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.50.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/270,007, attorney docket no. 25791.50, filed on Feb. 20, 2001, (29) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/465,835, filed on Jun. 13, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.51.06, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/262,434, attorney docket no. 25791.51, filed on Jan. 17, 2001, (30) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/465,831, filed on Jun. 13, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.52.06, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/259,486, attorney docket no. 25791.52, filed on Jan. 3, 2001, (31) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/452,303, filed on Mar. 5, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.53, (32) U.S. Pat. No. 6,470,966, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/850,093, filed on May 7, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.55, as a divisional application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (33) U.S. Pat. No. 6,561,227, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/852,026, filed on May 9, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.56, as a divisional application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (34) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/852,027, filed on May 9, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.57, as a divisional application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (35) PCT Application US02/25608, attorney docket no. 25791.58.02, filed on Aug. 13, 2002, which claims priority from provisional application 60/318,021, filed on Sep. 7, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.58, (36) PCT Application US02/24399, attorney docket no. 25791.59.02, filed on Aug. 1, 2002, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/313,453, attorney docket no. 25791.59, filed on Aug. 20, 2001, (37) PCT Application US02/29856, attorney docket no. 25791.60.02, filed on Sep. 19, 2002, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/326,886, attorney docket no. 25791.60, filed on Oct. 3, 2001, (38) PCT Application US02/20256, attorney docket no. 25791.61.02, filed on Jun. 26, 2002, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/303,740, attorney docket no. 25791.61, filed on Jul. 6, 2001, (39) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/962,469, filed on Sep. 25, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.62, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on Mar. 11, 1999, (40) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/962,470, filed on Sep. 25, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.63, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on Mar. 11, 1999, (41) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/962,



from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/339,013, attorney docket no. 25791.88, filed on Nov. 12, 2001, (64) PCT application US 03/11765, filed on Apr. 16, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.89.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/383,917, attorney docket no. 25791.89, filed on May 29, 2002, (65) PCT application US 03/15020, filed on May 12, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.90.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/391,703, attorney docket no. 25791.90, filed on Jun. 26, 2002, (66) PCT application US02/39418, filed on Dec. 10, 2002, attorney docket no. 25791.92.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/346,309, attorney docket no. 25791.92, filed on Jan. 7, 2002, (67) PCT application US 03/06544, filed on Mar. 4, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.93.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/372,048, attorney docket no. 25791.93, filed on Apr. 12, 2002, (68) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/331,718, attorney docket no. 25791.94, filed on Dec. 30, 2002, which is a divisional U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/679,906, filed on Oct. 5, 2000, attorney docket no. 25791.37.02, which claims priority from provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/159,033, attorney docket no. 25791.37, filed on Oct. 12, 1999, (69) PCT application US 03/04837, filed on Feb. 29, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.95.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/363,829, attorney docket no. 25791.95, filed on Mar. 13, 2002, (70) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/261,927, attorney docket no. 25791.97, filed on Oct. 1, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (71) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/262,008, attorney docket no. 25791.98, filed on Oct. 1, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (72) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/261,925, attorney docket no. 25791.99, filed on Oct. 1, 2002, which is a divisional of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (73) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/199,524, attorney docket no. 25791.100, filed on Jul. 19, 2002, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (74) PCT application US 03/10144, filed on Mar. 28, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.101.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/372,632, attorney docket no. 25791.101, filed on Apr. 15, 2002, (75) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,542, attorney docket no. 25791.102, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (76) PCT application US 03/14153, filed on May 6, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.104.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/380,147, attorney docket no. 25791.104, filed on May 6, 2002, (77) PCT application US 03/19993, filed on Jun. 24, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.106.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/397,284, attorney docket no. 25791.106, filed on Jul. 19, 2002, (78)

PCT application US 03/13787, filed on May 5, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.107.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/387,486, attorney docket no. 25791.107, filed on Jun. 10, 2002, (79) PCT application US 03/18530, filed on Jun. 11, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.108.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/387,961, attorney docket no. 25791.108, filed on Jun. 12, 2002, (80) PCT application US 03/20694, filed on Jul. 1, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.110.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/398,061, attorney docket no. 25791.110, filed on Jul. 24, 2002, (81) PCT application US 03/20870, filed on Jul. 2, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.111.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/399,240, attorney docket no. 25791.111, filed on Jul. 29, 2002, (82) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,487, attorney docket no. 25791.112, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (83) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,488, attorney docket no. 25791.114, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (84) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/280,356, attorney docket no. 25791.115, filed on Oct. 25, 2002, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 6,470,966, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/850,093, filed on May 7, 2001, attorney docket no. 25791.55, as a divisional application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,497,289, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/454,139, attorney docket no. 25791.03.02, filed on Dec. 3, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/111,293, filed on Dec. 7, 1998, (85) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,177, attorney docket no. 25791.117, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (86) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,653, attorney docket no. 25791.118, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (87) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/405,610, attorney docket no. 25791.119, filed on Aug. 23, 2002, (88) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/405,394, attorney docket no. 25791.120, filed on Aug. 23, 2002, (89) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,544, attorney docket no. 25791.121, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (90) PCT application US 03/24779, filed on Aug. 8, 2003, attorney docket no. 25791.125.02, which claims priority from U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/407,442, attorney docket no. 25791.125, filed on Aug. 30, 2002, (91) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/423,363, attorney docket no. 25791.126, filed on Dec. 10, 2002, (92) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,196, attorney docket no. 25791.127, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (93) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,187, attorney docket no. 25791.128, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (94) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/412,371, attorney docket no. 25791.129, filed on Sep. 20, 2002, (95) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/382,325, attorney docket no. 25791.145, filed on Mar. 5, 2003, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 6,557,640, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/588,946, attorney docket no. 25791.17.02, filed on Jun. 7, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/137,998, filed on Jun. 7, 1999, (96) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/624,842, attorney docket no. 25791.151, filed on Jul. 22, 2003, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/502,350, attorney docket no. 25791.8.02, filed on Feb. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/119,611, filed on Feb. 11, 1999, (97) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/431,184, attorney docket no. 25791.157, filed on Dec. 5, 2002, (98) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/448,526,

attorney docket no. 25791.185, filed on Feb. 18, 2003, (99) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/461,539, attorney docket no. 25791.186, filed on Apr. 9, 2003, (100) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/462,750, attorney docket no. 25791.193, filed on Apr. 14, 2003, (101) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/436,106, attorney docket no. 25791.200, filed on Dec. 23, 2002, (102) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/442,942, attorney docket no. 25791.213, filed on Jan. 27, 2003, (103) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/442,938, attorney docket no. 25791.225, filed on Jan. 27, 2003, (104) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/418,687, attorney docket no. 25791.228, filed on Apr. 18, 2003, (105) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/454,896, attorney docket no. 25791.236, filed on Mar. 14, 2003, (106) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/450,504, attorney docket no. 25791.238, filed on Feb. 26, 2003, (107) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/451,152, attorney docket no. 25791.239, filed on Mar. 9, 2003, (108) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/455,124, attorney docket no. 25791.241, filed on Mar. 17, 2003, (109) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/453,678, attorney docket no. 25791.253, filed on Mar. 11, 2003, (110) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/421,682, attorney docket no. 25791.256, filed on Apr. 23, 2003, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on Mar. 11, 1999, (111) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/457,965, attorney docket no. 25791.260, filed on Mar. 27, 2003, (112) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/455,718, attorney docket no. 25791.262, filed on Mar. 18, 2003, (113) U.S. Pat. No. 6,550,821, which was filed as patent application Ser. No. 09/811,734, filed on Mar. 19, 2001, (114) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/436,467, attorney docket no. 25791.268, filed on May 12, 2003, which is a continuation of U.S. Pat. No. 6,604,763, which was filed as application Ser. No. 09/559,122, attorney docket no. 25791.23.02, filed on Apr. 26, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/131,106, filed on Apr. 26, 1999, (115) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/459,776, attorney docket no. 25791.270, filed on Apr. 2, 2003, (116) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/461,094, attorney docket no. 25791.272, filed on Apr. 8, 2003, (117) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/461,038, attorney docket no. 25791.273, filed on Apr. 7, 2003, (118) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/463,586, attorney docket no. 25791.277, filed on Apr. 17, 2003, (119) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/472,240, attorney docket no. 25791.286, filed on May 20, 2003, (120) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/619,285, attorney docket no. 25791.292, filed on Jul. 14, 2003, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 09/969,922, attorney docket no. 25791.69, filed on Oct. 3, 2001, which is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. Pat. No. 6,328,113, which was filed as U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/440,338, attorney docket number 25791.9.02, filed on Nov. 15, 1999, which claims priority from provisional application 60/108,558, filed on Nov. 16, 1998, (121) U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 10/418,688, attorney docket no. 25791.257, which was filed on Apr. 18, 2003, as a division of U.S. utility patent application Ser. No. 09/523,468, attorney docket no. 25791.11.02, filed on Mar. 10, 2000, which claims priority from provisional application 60/124,042, filed on

Mar. 11, 1999, (122) PCT patent application serial no. PCT/US04/006246, attorney docket no. 25791.238.02, filed on Feb. 26, 2004, (123) PCT patent application serial no. PCT/US04/008170, attorney docket no. 25791.40.02, filed on Mar. 15, 2004, (124) PCT patent application serial no. PCT/US04/008171, attorney docket no. 25791.236.02, filed on Mar. 15, 2004, (125) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, (126) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2004/029025, attorney docket number 25791.260.02, filed on Mar. 26, 2004, (127) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2004/010317, attorney docket number 25791.270.02, filed on Apr. 2, 2004, (128) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2004/010712, attorney docket number 25791.272.02, filed on Apr. 6, 2004, (129) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2004/010762, attorney docket number 25791.273.02, filed on Apr. 6, 2004, (130) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2004/011973, attorney docket number 25791.277.02, filed on Apr. 15, 2004, (131) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/495,056, attorney docket number 25791.301, filed on Aug. 14, 2003, (132) U.S. provisional patent application Ser. No. 60/600,679, attorney docket number 25791.194, filed on Aug. 11, 2004, (133) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2005/027318, attorney docket number 25791.329.02, filed on Jul. 29, 2005, (134) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2005/028936, attorney docket number 25791.338.02, filed on Aug. 12, 2005, (135) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2005/028669, attorney docket number 25791.194.02, filed on Aug. 11, 2005, (136) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2005/028453, attorney docket number 25791.371, filed on Aug. 11, 2005, (137) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2005/028641, attorney docket number 25791.372, filed on Aug. 11, 2005, (138) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2005/028819, attorney docket number 25791.373, filed on Aug. 11, 2005, (139) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2005/028446, attorney docket number 25791.374, filed on Aug. 11, 2005, (140) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2005/028642, attorney docket number 25791.375, filed on Aug. 11, 2005, (141) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2005/028451, attorney docket number 25791.376, filed on Aug. 11, 2005, and (142) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2005/028473, attorney docket number 25791.377, filed on Jul. 29, 2005, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

**[0101]** In an exemplary embodiment, the casing cutter assembly **14** is provided and operates substantially, at least in part, as disclosed in one or more of the following: (1) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29858, attorney docket number 25791.112.02, filed on Sep. 22, 2003, and/or (2) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

**[0102]** In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **11-1** and **11-2**, **11A1** to **11A2**, **11B1** to **11B2**, **11C**, **11D**, **11E**, **11F**, **11G**, **11H**, **11I**, **11j**, **11K**, **11L**, **11M**, **11N**, **11O**, **11P**, **11Q**, **11R**, **11S**, **11T**, **11U**, **11V**, **11W**, **11X**, **11Y**, **11Z1** to **11Z4**, **11AA1** to **11AA4**, **11AB1** to **11AB4**, **11AC1** to **11AC4**, **11AD**, and **11AE**, the casing cutter assembly **14** includes an upper tubular tool joint **14002** that defines a longitudinal passage **14002a** and mounting holes, **14002b** and **14002c**, and includes an internal threaded connection

**14002d**, an inner annular recess **14002e**, an inner annular recess **14002f**, and an internal threaded connection **14002g**. A tubular torque plate **14004** that defines a longitudinal passage **14004a** and includes circumferentially spaced apart teeth **14004b** is received within, mates with, and is coupled to the internal annular recess **14002e** of the upper tubular tool joint **14002**.

[0103] Circumferentially spaced apart teeth **14006a** of an end of a tubular lower mandrel **14006** that defines a longitudinal passage **14006b**, a radial passage **14006ba**, and a radial passage **14006bb** and includes an external threaded connection **14006c**, an external flange **14006d**, an external annular recess **14006e** having a step **14006f** at one end, an external annular recess **14006g**, external teeth **14006h**, an external threaded connection **14006i**, and an external annular recess **14006j** engage the circumferentially spaced apart teeth **14004b** of the tubular torque plate **14004**. An internal threaded connection **14008a** of an end of a tubular toggle bushing **14008** that defines a longitudinal passage **14008b**, an upper longitudinal slot **14008c**, a lower longitudinal slot **14008d**, mounting holes, **14008e**, **14008f**, **14008g**, **14008h**, **14008i**, **14008j**, **14008k**, **14008l**, **14008m**, **14008n**, **14008o**, **14008p**, **14008q**, **14008r**, **14008s**, **14008t**, **14008u**, **14008v**, **14008w**, **14008x**, **14008xa**, and **14008xb**, and includes an external annular recess **14008y**, internal annular recess **14008z**, external annular recess **14008aa**, and an external annular recess **14008ab** receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection **14006c** of the tubular lower mandrel **14006**.

[0104] A sealing element **14010** is received within the external annular recess **14008y** of the tubular toggle bushing **14008** for sealing the interface between the tubular toggle bushing and the upper tubular tool joint **14002**. A sealing element **14012** is received within the internal annular recess **14008z** of the tubular toggle bushing **14008** for sealing the interface between the tubular toggle bushing and the tubular lower mandrel **14006**.

[0105] Mounting screws, **14014a** and **14014b**, mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, **14008w** and **14008x**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing **14008** are also received within the mounting holes, **14002b** and **14002c**, of the upper tubular tool joint **14002**. Mounting pins, **14016a**, **14016b**, **14016c**, **14016d**, and **14016e**, are mounted within the mounting holes, **14008e**, **14008f**, **14008g**, **14008h**, and **14008i**, respectively. Mounting pins, **14018a**, **14018b**, **14018c**, **14018d**, and **14018e**, are mounted within the mounting holes, **14008t**, **14008s**, **14008r**, **14008q**, and **14008p**, respectively. Mounting screws, **14020a** and **14020b**, are mounted within the mounting holes, **14008u** and **14008v**, respectively.

[0106] A first upper toggle link **14022** defines mounting holes, **14022a** and **14022b**, for receiving the mounting pins, **14016a** and **14016b**, and includes a mounting pin **14022c** at one end. A first lower toggle link **14024** defines mounting holes, **14024a**, **14024b**, and **14024c**, for receiving the mounting pins, **14022c**, **14016c**, and **14016d**, respectively and includes an engagement arm **14024d**. A first trigger **14026** defines a mounting hole **14026a** for receiving the mounting pin **14016e** and includes an engagement arm **14026b** at one end, an engagement member **14026c**, and an engagement arm **14026d** at another end.

[0107] A second upper toggle link **14028** defines mounting holes, **14028a** and **14028b**, for receiving the mounting pins, **14018a** and **14018b**, and includes a mounting pin **14028c** at

one end. A second lower toggle link **14030** defines mounting holes, **14030a**, **14030b**, and **14030c**, for receiving the mounting pins, **14028c**, **14018c**, and **14018d**, respectively and includes an engagement arm **14030d**. A second trigger **14032** defines a mounting hole **14032a** for receiving the mounting pin **14018e** and includes an engagement arm **14032b** at one end, an engagement member **14032c**, and an engagement arm **14032d** at another end.

[0108] An end of a tubular spring housing **14034** that defines a longitudinal passage **14034a**, mounting holes, **14034b** and **14034c**, and mounting holes, **14034ba** and **14034ca**, and includes an internal flange **14034d** and an internal annular recess **14034e** at one end, and an internal flange **14034f**, an internal annular recess **14034g**, an internal annular recess **14034h**, and an external threaded connection **14034i** at another end receives and mates with the end of the tubular toggle bushing **14008**. Mounting screws, **14035a** and **14035b**, are mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, **14008xb** and **14008xa**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing **14008** and are received within the mounting holes, **14034ba** and **14034ca**, respectively, of the tubular spring housing **14034**.

[0109] A tubular retracting spring ring **14036** that defines mounting holes, **14036a** and **14036b**, receives and mates with a portion of the tubular lower mandrel **14006** and is received within and mates with a portion of the tubular spring housing **14034**. Mounting screws, **14038a** and **14038b**, are mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, **14036a** and **14036b**, respectively, of the tubular retracting spring ring **14036** and extend into the mounting holes, **14034b** and **14034c**, respectively, of the tubular spring housing **14034**.

[0110] Casing diameter sensor springs, **14040a** and **14040b**, are positioned within the longitudinal slots, **14008c** and **1408d**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing **14008** that engage the engagement members, **14026c** and **14032c**, and engagement arms, **14026d** and **14032d**, of the first and second triggers, **14026** and **14032**, respectively. An inner flange **14042a** of an end of a tubular spring washer **14042** mates with and receives a portion of the tubular lower mandrel **14006** and an end face of the inner flange of the tubular spring washer is positioned proximate and end face of the external flange **14006d** of the tubular lower mandrel. The tubular spring washer **14042** is further received within the longitudinal passage **14034a** of the tubular spring housing **14034**.

[0111] An end of a retracting spring **14044** that receives the tubular lower mandrel **14006** is positioned within the tubular spring washer **14042** in contact with the internal flange **14042a** of the tubular spring washer and the other end of the retracting spring is positioned in contact with an end face of the tubular retracting spring ring **14036**.

[0112] A sealing element **14046** is received within the external annular recess **14006j** of the tubular lower mandrel **14006** for sealing the interface between the tubular lower mandrel and the tubular spring housing **14034**. A sealing element **14048** is received within the internal annular recess **14034h** of the tubular spring housing **14034** for sealing the interface between the tubular spring housing and the tubular lower mandrel **14006**.

[0113] An internal threaded connection **14050a** of an end of a tubular upper hinge sleeve **14050** that includes an internal flange **14050b** and an internal pivot **14050c** receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection **14034i** of the end of the tubular spring housing **14034**.

[0114] An external flange **14052a** of a base member **14052b** of an upper cam assembly **14052**, that is mounted upon and receives the lower tubular mandrel **14006**, that includes an internal flange **14052c** that is received within the external annular recess **14006e** of the lower tubular mandrel **14006** and a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **14052d** extending from the base member mates with and is received within the tubular upper hinge sleeve **14050**. The base member **14052b** of the upper cam assembly **14052** further includes a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart teeth **14052f** that mate with and are received within a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart teeth **14034j** provided on the end face of the tubular spring housing **14034** and an end face of the external flange **14052a** of the base member of the upper cam assembly is positioned in opposing relation to an end face of the internal flange **14050b** of the tubular upper hinge sleeve **14050**. Each of the cam arms **14052d** of the upper cam assembly **14052** include external cam surfaces **14052e**. In an exemplary embodiment, the teeth **14052f** of the base member **14052b** of the upper cam assembly **14052** and the teeth **14034j** provided on the end face of the tubular spring housing **14034** permit torsional loads to be transmitted between the tubular spring housing and the upper cam assembly.

[0115] A plurality of circumferentially spaced apart upper casing cutter segments **14054** are mounted upon and receive the lower tubular mandrel **14006** and each include an external pivot recess **14054a** for mating with and receiving the internal pivot **14050c** of the tubular upper hinge sleeve **14050** and an external flange **14054b** and are pivotally mounted within the tubular upper hinge sleeve and are interleaved with the circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **14052d** of the upper cam assembly **14052**. A casing cutter element **14056** is coupled to and supported by the upper surface of each upper casing cutter segments **14054** proximate the external flange **14054b**.

[0116] A plurality of circumferentially spaced apart lower casing cutter segments **14058** are mounted upon and receive the lower tubular mandrel **14006**, are interleaved among the upper casing cutter segments **14054**, are oriented in the opposite direction to the upper casing cutter segments **14054**, each include an external pivot recess **14058a**, and are positioned in opposing relation to corresponding circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **14052d** of the upper cam assembly **14052**.

[0117] A lower cam assembly **14060** is mounted upon and receives the lower tubular mandrel **14006** that includes a base member **14060a** having an external flange **14060b**, a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **14060d** that extend from the base member that each include external cam surfaces **14060e** and define mounting holes **14060f** and **14060g**. The base member **14060a** of the lower cam assembly **14060** further includes a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart teeth **14060h**. The circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **14060d** of the lower cam assembly **14060** are interleaved among the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **14052d** of the upper cam assembly **14052** and positioned in opposing relation to corresponding upper casing cutter segments **14054**.

[0118] Mounting screws, **14062a**, **14062b**, **14062c**, and **14062e**, are mounted within the corresponding mounting holes, **14060f** and **14060g**, of the lower cam assembly **14060** and are received within the external annular recess **14006g** of the lower cam assembly **14060**.

[0119] A tubular lower hinge sleeve **14064** that receives the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the lower cam assembly **14060** includes an internal flange **14064a** for engaging the external flange **14060b** of the base member of the lower cam assembly **14060**, an internal pivot **14064b** for engaging and receiving the external pivot recess **14058a** of the lower casing cutter segments **14058** thereby pivotally mounting the lower casing cutter segments within the tubular lower hinge sleeve, and an internal threaded connection **14064c**.

[0120] An external threaded connection **14066a** of an end of a tubular sleeve **14066** that defines mounting holes, **14066b** and **14066c**, and includes an internal annular recess **14066d** having a shoulder **14066e**, an internal flange **14066f**, and an internal threaded connection **14066g** at another end is received within and coupled to the internal threaded connection **14064c** of the tubular lower hinge sleeve **14064**. An external threaded connection **14068a** of an end of a tubular member **14068** that defines a longitudinal passage **14068b** and mounting holes, **14068c** and **14068d**, and includes an external annular recess **14068e**, and an external threaded connection **14068f** at another end is received within and is coupled to the internal threaded connection **14066g** of the tubular sleeve **14066**.

[0121] Mounting screws, **14070a** and **14070b**, are mounted in and coupled to the mounting holes, **14068c** and **14068d**, respectively, of the tubular member **14068** that also extend into the mounting holes, **14066b** and **14066c**, respectively, of the tubular sleeve **14066**. A sealing element **14072** is received within the external annular recess **14068e** of the tubular member **14068** for sealing the interface between the tubular member and the tubular sleeve **14066**.

[0122] An internal threaded connection **14074a** of a tubular retracting piston **14074** that defines a longitudinal passage **14074b** and includes an internal annular recess **14074c** and an external annular recess **14074d** receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection **14006i** of the tubular lower mandrel **14006**. A sealing element **14076** is received within the external annular recess **14074d** of the tubular retracting piston **14074** for sealing the interface between the tubular retracting piston and the tubular sleeve **14066**. A sealing element **14078** is received within the internal annular recess **14074c** of the tubular retracting piston **14074** for sealing the interface between the tubular retracting piston and the tubular lower mandrel **14006**.

[0123] Locking dogs **14080** mate with and receive the external teeth **14006h** of the tubular lower mandrel **14006**. A spacer ring **14082** is positioned between an end face of the locking dogs **14080** and an end face of the lower cam assembly **14060**. A release piston **14084** mounted upon the tubular lower mandrel **14006** defines a radial passage **14084a** for mounting a burst disk **14086** includes sealing elements, **14084b**, **14084c**, and **14084d**. The sealing elements, **14084b** and **14084d**, sealing the interface between the release piston **14084** and the tubular lower mandrel **14006**. An end face of the release piston **14084** is positioned in opposing relation to an end face of the locking dogs **14080**.

[0124] A release sleeve **14088** that receives and is mounted upon the locking dogs **14080** and the release piston **14084** includes an internal flange **14088a** at one end that sealingly engages the tubular lower mandrel **14006**. A bypass sleeve **14090** that receives and is mounted upon the release sleeve **14088** includes an internal flange **14090a** at one end.

[0125] In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the casing cutter assembly **14**, the retracting spring **14044** is

compressed and thereby applies a biasing spring force in a direction **14092** from the lower tubular mandrel **14006** to the tubular spring housing **14034** that, in the absence of other forces, moves and/or maintains the upper cam assembly **14052** and the upper casing cutter segments **14054** out of engagement with the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the lower cam assembly **14060**. In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the casing cutter assembly **14**, an external threaded connection **12a** of an end of the tubular support member **12** is coupled to the internal threaded connection **14002d** of the upper tubular tool joint **14002** and an internal threaded connection **16a** of an end of the ball gripper assembly **16** is coupled to the external threaded connection **14068f** of the tubular member **14068**.

[0126] The upper cam assembly **14052** and the upper casing cutter segments **14054** may be brought into engagement with the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the lower cam assembly **14060** by pressurizing an annulus **14094** defined between the lower tubular mandrel **14006** and the tubular spring housing **14034**. In particular, injection of fluidic materials into the cam cutter assembly **14** through the longitudinal passage **14006b** of the lower tubular mandrel **14006** and into the radial passage **14006ba** may pressurize the annulus **14094** thereby creating sufficient operating pressure to generate a force in a direction **14096** sufficient to overcome the biasing force of the retracting spring **14044**. As a result, the spring housing **14034** may be displaced in the direction **14096** relative to the lower tubular mandrel **14006** thereby displacing the tubular upper hinge sleeve **14050**, upper cam assembly **14052**, and upper casing cutter segments **14054** in the direction **14096**.

[0127] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **11P**, **11Q** and **11R**, the displacement of the upper cam assembly **14052** and upper casing cutter segments **14054** in the direction **14096** will cause the lower casing cutter segments **14058** to ride up the cam surfaces of the cam arms of the upper cam assembly **14052** while also pivoting about the lower tubular hinge segment **14064**, and will also cause the upper casing cutter segments **14054** to ride up the cam surfaces of the cam arms of the lower cam assembly **14060** while also pivoting about the upper tubular hinge segment **14050**.

[0128] In an exemplary embodiment, during the operation of the casing cutter assembly **14**, when the upper and lower casing cutter segments, **14054** and **14058**, brought into axial alignment in a radially expanded position, the casing cutter elements of the casing cutter segments are brought into intimate contact with the interior surface of a pre-selected portion of the expandable wellbore casing **100**. The casing cutter assembly **14** may then be rotated to thereby cause the casing cutter elements to cut through the expandable wellbore casing. The portion of the expandable wellbore casing **100** cut away from the remaining portion on the expandable wellbore casing may then be carried out of the wellbore **102** with the cut away portion of the expandable wellbore casing supported by the casing cutter elements.

[0129] In an exemplary embodiment, the upper cam assembly **14052** and the upper casing cutter segments **14054** may be moved out of engagement with the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the lower cam assembly **14060** by reducing the operating pressure within the annulus **14094**.

[0130] In an alternative embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **11S**, **11T**, **11U** and **11V**, during operation of the casing cutter assembly **14**, the upper cam assembly **14052** and the upper casing cutter segments **14054** may also be moved out of

engagement with the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the lower cam assembly **14060** by sensing the operating pressure within the longitudinal passage **14006b** of the lower tubular mandrel **14006**. In particular, as illustrated in FIG. **11T**, if the operating pressure within the longitudinal passage **14006b** and radial passage **14006bb** of the lower tubular mandrel **14006** exceeds a predetermined value, the burst disc **14086** will open the passage **14084a** thereby pressurizing the interior of the tubular release sleeve **14088** thereby displacing the tubular release sleeve **14088** downwardly in a direction **14092** away from engagement with the locking dogs **14080**.

[0131] As a result, as illustrated in FIG. **11U**, the locking dogs **14080** are displaced outwardly in the radial direction and thereby released from engagement with the lower tubular mandrel **14006** thereby permitting the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the lower cam assembly **14060** to be displaced downwardly relative to the lower tubular mandrel.

[0132] As a result, as illustrated in FIG. **11V**, the operating pressure within the lower tubular mandrel **14066** may then cause the lower tubular mandrel to be displaced downwardly in the direction **14094** relative to the tubular lower mandrel **14006** and the retracting piston **14074**. As a result, the lower tubular mandrel **14066**, the lower casing cutter segments **14058**, the lower cam assembly **14060**, and tubular lower hinge sleeve **14064** are displaced downwardly in the direction **14094** relative to the tubular spring housing **14034** thereby moving the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the lower cam assembly **14060** out of engagement with the upper cam assembly **14052** and the upper casing cutter segments **14054**.

[0133] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **11W**, **11X**, and **11Y**, during operation of the casing cutter assembly **14**, the casing cutter assembly **14** senses the diameter of the expandable wellbore casing **100** using the upper toggle links, **14022** and **14028**, lower toggle links, **14024** and **14030**, and triggers, **14026** and **14032**, and then prevents the engagement of the upper cam assembly **14052** and the upper casing cutter segments **14054** with the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the lower cam assembly **14060**.

[0134] In particular, as illustrated in FIG. **11W**, anytime the upper toggle links, **14022** and **14028**, and lower toggle links, **14024** and **14030**, are positioned within a portion of the expandable wellbore casing **100** that has been radially expanded and plastically deformed by the system **10**, the triggers, **14026** and **14032**, will be pivoted by the engagement arms, **14024d** and **14030d**, of the lower toggle links, **14024** and **14030**, to a position in which the triggers will no longer engage the internal flange **14034d** of the end of the tubular spring housing **14034** thereby permitting the displacement of the tubular spring housing in the direction **14096**. As a result, the upper cam assembly **14052** and the upper casing cutter segments **14054** can be brought into engagement with the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the lower cam assembly **14060**. In an exemplary embodiment, the upper toggle links, **14022** and **14028**, and the lower toggle links, **14024** and **14030**, are spring biased towards the position illustrated in FIG. **11W**.

[0135] Conversely, as illustrated in FIG. **11X**, anytime the upper toggle links, **14022** and **14028**, and lower toggle links, **14024** and **14030**, are positioned within a portion of the expandable wellbore casing **100** that has not been radially expanded and plastically deformed by the system **10**, the triggers, **14026** and **14032**, will be maintained in a position in which the triggers will engage the internal flange **14034d** of the end of the tubular spring housing **14034** thereby prevent-



ing the displacement of the tubular spring housing in the direction **14096**. As a result, the upper cam assembly **14052** and the upper casing cutter segments **14054** cannot be brought into engagement with the lower casing cutter segments **14058** and the lower cam assembly **14060**. In an exemplary embodiment, the triggers, **14026** and **14032**, are spring biased towards the position illustrated in FIG. **11X**.

[**0136**] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. **11Y**, the tubular spring housing **14034** may be displaced upwardly in the direction **14098** even if the upper toggle links, **14022** and **14028**, and lower toggle links, **14024** and **14030**, are positioned within a portion of the expandable wellbore casing **100** that has not been radially expanded and plastically deformed by the system **10**.

[**0137**] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **11Z1** to **11Z4**, **11AA1** to **11AA4**, **11AB1** to **11AB4**, **11AC1** to **11AC4**, **11AD**, and **11AE**, the tubular spring housing **14034** of the casing cutter assembly **14** defines internal annular recesses **14034k** and **14034l**, spaced apart by an internal flange **14034m**, the tubular toggle bushing **14008** defines an external annular recess **14008ac**, and the casing cutter assembly further includes pins, **14100a** and **14100b** and **14102a** and **14102b**, mounted in holes **14008j** and **14008o** and **14008k** and **14008n**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing, and a one-shot deactivation device **14104** mounted on the tubular toggle bushing between the pins, **14100a** and **14100b** and **14102a** and **14102b**.

[**0138**] The one-shot deactivation device **14104** includes a tubular body **14104a** that defines radial holes, **14104b** and **14104c**, and includes an external annular recess **14104d** at one end, a centrally positioned external flange **14104e**, a centrally positioned internal annular recess **14104f**, and an external annular recess **14104g** at another end. An engagement member **14106** that includes a base member **14106a** having a tapered end **14106b** and a key member **14106c** having a tapered end **14106d** is received within a portion of the internal annular recess **14104f** of the tubular body **14104a** and an engagement member **14108** that includes a base member **14108a** having a tapered end **14108b** and a key member **14108c** having a tapered end **14108d** is received within an opposite portion of the internal annular recess **14104f** of the tubular body **14104a**. Spring members, **14110** and **14112**, are received within the annular recess **14104f** of the tubular body **14104a** for biasing the base members, base member **14106a** and **14108a**, of the engagement members, **14106** and **14108**, respectively, radially inwardly relative to the tubular body **14104a**.

[**0139**] In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the casing cutter assembly **14**, as illustrated in FIGS. **11Z1** to **11Z4**, the one-shot deactivation device **14104** are positioned proximate and in intimate contact with the pins, **14102a** and **14102b**, with the tapered ends, **14106b** and **14108b**, of the base members, **14106a** and **14108a**, of the engagement members, **14106** and **14108**, received within the external annular recess **14008ac** of the tubular toggle bushing **14008**. When the one-shot deactivation device **14104** is positioned as illustrated in FIG. **11Z**, the external annular recess **14104d** of the tubular body **14104a** of the one-shot deactivation device is moved out of engagement with the engagement arms, **14026d** and **14032d**, of the triggers, **14026** and **14032**, respectively. As a result, the triggers, **14026** and **14032**, may operate normally as described above with reference to FIGS. **11W**, **11X**, and **11Y**.

[**0140**] Conversely, in an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the casing cutter assembly **14**, as illustrated in FIGS. **11AA1** to **11AA4**, the one-shot deactivation device **14104** are positioned proximate and in intimate contact with the pins, **14100a** and **14100b**, with the tapered ends, **14106b** and **14108b**, of the base members, **14106a** and **14108a**, of the engagement members, **14106** and **14108**, not received within the external annular recess **14008ac** of the tubular toggle bushing **14008**. When the one-shot deactivation device **14104** is positioned as illustrated in FIGS. **11AA1** to **11AA4**, the external annular recess **14104d** of the tubular body **14104a** of the one-shot deactivation device is moved into engagement with the engagement arms, **14026d** and **14032d**, of the triggers, **14026** and **14032**, respectively. As a result, the triggers, **14026** and **14032**, are deactivated and may not operate normally as described above with reference to FIGS. **11W**, **11X**, and **11Y**.

[**0141**] In an alternative embodiment, the elements of the casing cutter assembly **14** that sense the diameter of the expandable wellbore casing **100** may be disabled or omitted or adjusted to sense any pre-selected internal diameter of the expandable wellbore casing.

[**0142**] In an exemplary embodiment, the ball gripper assembly **16** is provided and operates substantially, at least in part, as disclosed in one or more of the following: (1) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29859, attorney docket no. 25791.102.02, filed on Sep. 22, 2003, (2) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/14153, attorney docket number 25791.104.02, filed on Nov. 13, 2003, and/or (3) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

[**0143**] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **12A1** to **12A4**, **12B** and **12C1** to **12C4**, the ball gripper assembly **16** includes an upper mandrel **1602** that defines a longitudinal passage **1602a** and a radial passage **1602b** and includes an internal threaded connection **1602c** at one end, an external flange **1602d** at an intermediate portion that includes an external annular recess **1602e** having a shoulder **1602f** and an external radial hole **1602g**, an external annular recess **1602h**, an external annular recess **1602i**, an external annular recess **1602j** having a tapered end **1602k** including an external annular recess **1602ka**, an external annular recess **1602l**, and an external annular recess **1602m**, and an external annular recess **1602n**, an external radial hole **1602o**, an external annular recess **1602p**, and an external annular recess **1602q** at another end.

[**0144**] An upper tubular bushing **1604** defines an internally threaded radial opening **1604a** and includes an external flange **1604b** having an external annular recess **1604c** and an internal annular recess **1604d** mates with and receives the external flange **1602d** of the upper mandrel **1602**. In particular, the internal annular recess **1604d** of the upper tubular bushing **1604** mates with the shoulder **1602f** of the external annular recess **1602e** of the upper mandrel **1602**. A screw **1606** that is threadably coupled to the internally threaded radial opening **1604a** of the upper tubular bushing **1604** extends into the external radial hole **1602g** of the external flange **1602d** of the upper mandrel **1602**.

[**0145**] A deactivation tubular sleeve **1608** defines a radial passage **1608a** and includes an internal annular recess **1608b** that mates with and receives an end of the external annular recess **1604c** of the external flange **1604b** of the upper tubular

bushing **1604**, an internal annular recess **1608c** that mates with and receives the external flange **1602d** of the upper mandrel **1602**, an internal annular recess **1608d**, an internal annular recess **1608e**, and an internal annular recess **1608f**. A deactivation spring **1610** is received within an annulus **1612** defined between the internal annular recess **1608b** of the deactivation tubular sleeve **1608**, an end face of the external annular recess **1604c** of the external flange **1604b** of the upper tubular bushing **1604**, and the external annular recess **1602h** of the external flange **1602d** of the upper mandrel **1602**.

[0146] A sealing member **1614** is received with the external annular recess **1602i** of the external flange **1602d** of the upper mandrel **1602** for sealing the interface between the upper mandrel and the deactivation tubular sleeve **1608**. An annular spacer element **1616** is received within the external annular recess **1602ka** of the tapered end **1602k** of the external annular recess **1602j** of the upper mandrel **1602**.

[0147] One or more inner engagement elements **1618a** of a tubular coglet **1618** engage and are received within the external annular recess **1602ka** of the tapered end **1602k** of the external annular recess **1602j** of the upper mandrel **1602** and one or more outer engagement elements **1618b** of the coglet engage and are received within the internal annular recess **1608d** of the deactivation tubular sleeve **1608**.

[0148] An external annular recess **1620a** of an end of a tubular coglet prop **1620** that includes an inner flange **1620b** receives and mates with the inner surfaces of the outer engagement elements **1618b** of the coglet **1618**. The end of the tubular coglet prop **1620** further receives and mates with the external annular recess **1602j** of the external flange **1602d** of the upper mandrel **1602**. A sealing element **1622** is received within the external annular recess **1602i** of the upper mandrel **1602** for sealing the interface between the upper mandrel and the tubular coglet prop **1620**.

[0149] An end of a tubular bumper sleeve **1624** that includes internal and external flanges, **1624a** and **1624b**, and a hole **1624c** at another end mates with and receives the external annular recess **1602m** of the external flange **1602d** of the upper mandrel **1602**. A coglet spring **1626** is received within an annulus **1628** defined between the external annular recess **1602m** of the external flange **1602d** of the upper mandrel **1602**, the tubular coglet prop **1620**, the inner flange **1620b** of the tubular coglet prop, an end face of the tubular bumper sleeve **1624**, and the internal annular recess **1608c** of the deactivation tubular sleeve **1608**.

[0150] A tubular ball race **1628** that defines a plurality of tapered annular recesses **1628a** and an internally threaded radial opening **1628b** and includes one or more axial engagement elements **1628c** at one end and one or more axial engagement elements **1628d** at another end receives and mates with the other end of the upper mandrel **1602**. In an exemplary embodiment, the axial engagement elements **1628c** of the tubular ball race **1628** are received within and are coupled to the hole **1624c** of the tubular bumper sleeve **1624**. An end of a tubular activation sleeve **1630** that defines a plurality of radial openings **1630a**, a radial opening **1630b**, a radial opening **1630c**, and includes an internal annular recess **1630d** receives and mates with the tubular ball race **1628**. In an exemplary embodiment, an end face of an end of the tubular activation sleeve **1630** is positioned proximate and in opposing relation to an end face of an end of the deactivation sleeve **1608**. In an exemplary embodiment, the radial openings **1630a** are aligned with and positioned in opposing relation to corresponding of tapered annular recesses **1628a** of

the tubular ball race **1628**, and the radial openings are also narrowed in cross section in the radial direction for reasons to be described.

[0151] Balls **1632** are received within each of the tapered annular recesses **1628a** and corresponding radial openings **1630a** of the tubular ball race **1628** and tubular activation sleeve **1630**, respectively. In an exemplary embodiment, the narrowed cross sections of the radial openings **1630a** of the tubular activation sleeve **1630** will permit the balls **1632** to be displaced outwardly in the radial direction until at least a portion of the balls extends beyond the outer perimeter of the tubular activation sleeve to thereby permit engagement of the balls with an outer structure such as, for example, a wellbore casing.

[0152] A lower mandrel **1634** that defines a longitudinal passage **1634a** and an internally threaded radial passage **1634b** at one end and includes internal annular recesses, **1634c** and **1634d**, for receiving and mating with the external annular recesses, **1602p** and **1602q**, of the upper mandrel **1602**, an internal annular recess **1634e**, an external flange **1634f**, and an externally threaded connection **1634g** at another end. In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. 12B, the end of the lower mandrel **1634** further includes longitudinal recesses **1634h** for receiving and mating with corresponding axial engagement elements **1628d** of the tubular ball race **1628**. A sealing element **1635** is received within the internal annular recess **1634d** of the lower mandrel **1634** for sealing an interface between the lower mandrel and the external annular recess **1602p** of the upper mandrel **1602**.

[0153] A tubular spring retainer **1636** that defines a radial passage **1636a** and includes an external annular recess **1636b** at one end mates with and receives the end of the lower mandrel **1634** and is positioned proximate an end face of the external flange **1634f** of the lower mandrel. A tubular spring retainer **1638** receives and mates with the end of the lower mandrel **1634** and is received and mates with the internal annular recess **1630d** of the tubular activation sleeve **1630**.

[0154] An activation spring **1640** is received within an annulus **1642** defined an end face of the tubular spring retainer **1638**, an end face of the spring retainer **1636**, the internal annular recess **1630d** of the tubular activation sleeve **1630**, and the end of the lower mandrel **1634**. A retainer screw **1642** is received within and is threadably coupled to the internally threaded radial opening **1634b** of the lower mandrel **1634** that also extends into the external radial hole **1602o** of the upper mandrel **1602**.

[0155] During operation of the ball gripper assembly **16**, in an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 12A1 to 12A4, the ball gripper assembly may be positioned within the expandable wellbore casing **100** and the internally threaded connection **1602c** of the upper mandrel **1602** may be coupled to an externally threaded connection **14a** of an end of the casing cutter assembly **14** and the externally threaded connection **1634g** of the lower mandrel **1634** may be coupled to an internally threaded connection **18a** of an end of the tension actuator assembly **18**.

[0156] In an alternative embodiment, the internally threaded connection **1602c** of the upper mandrel **1602** may be coupled to an externally threaded connection of an end of the tension actuator assembly **18** and the externally threaded connection **1634g** of the lower mandrel **1634** may be coupled to an internally threaded connection of an end of casing cutter assembly **14**.

[0157] In an exemplary embodiment, the deactivation spring 1610 has a greater spring rate than the activation spring 1640. As a result, in an initial operating mode, as illustrated in FIGS. 12A1 to 12A4, a biasing spring force is applied to the deactivation sleeve 1608 and activation sleeve 1630 in a direction 1644 that maintains the activation sleeve in a position relative to the tubular ball race 1628 that maintains the balls 1632 within the radially inward portions of the corresponding tapered annular recesses 1628a of the tubular ball race such that the balls do not extend beyond the perimeter of the activation sleeve to engage the expandable wellbore casing 100.

[0158] As illustrated in FIGS. 12C1 to 12C4, in an exemplary embodiment, the ball gripper 16 may be operated to engage the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing 100 by injecting a fluidic material 1650 into the ball gripper assembly through the longitudinal passages 1602a and 1634aa, of the upper and lower mandrels, 1602 and 1634, respectively.

[0159] In particular, when the longitudinal and radial passages, 1602a and 1602b, respectively, of the upper mandrel 1602 are pressurized by the injection of the fluidic material 1650, the internal annular recess 1608c of the deactivation tubular sleeve 1608 is pressurized. When the operating pressure of the fluidic material 1650 within the internal annular recess 1608c of the deactivation tubular sleeve 1608 is sufficient to overcome the biasing spring force of the deactivation spring 1610, the deactivation tubular sleeve is displaced in a direction 1652. As a result, the spring force provided by the activation spring 1640 then may displace the activation tubular sleeve 1630 in the direction 1652 thereby moving the balls 1632 on the corresponding tapered annular recesses 1628a of the tubular ball race 1628 outwardly in a radial direction into engagement with the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing 100. In an exemplary embodiment, the operating pressure of the fluidic material 1650 sufficient to overcome the biasing spring force of the deactivation spring 1610 was about 100 psi.

[0160] In an exemplary embodiment, when the operating pressure of the fluidic material 1650 is reduced, the operating pressure of the fluidic material 1650 within the internal annular recess 1608c of the deactivation tubular sleeve 1608 is no longer sufficient to overcome the biasing spring force of the deactivation spring 1610, and the deactivation tubular sleeve and the activation tubular sleeve 1630 are displaced in a direction opposite to the direction 1652 thereby moving the balls 1632 radially inwardly and out of engagement with the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing 100.

[0161] In an exemplary embodiment, the ball gripper assembly 16 is operated to engage the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing 100 in combination with the operation of the tension actuator assembly 18 to apply an upward tensile force to one or more elements of the system 10 coupled to and positioned below the tension actuator assembly. As a result, a reaction force comprising a downward tensile force is applied to the lower mandrel 1634 of the ball gripper assembly 16 in a direction opposite to the direction 1652 during the operation of the tension actuator assembly 18. Consequently, due to the geometry of the tapered 1628a of the tubular ball race 1628, the balls 1632 are driven up the tapered annular recesses 1628a of the tubular ball race 1628 with increased force and the contact force between the balls 1632 and the interior surface of the expandable wellbore

casing 100 is significantly increased thereby correspondingly increasing the gripping force and effect of the ball gripper assembly.

[0162] In an exemplary embodiment, the ball gripper assembly 16 may be operated to radially expand and plastically deform discrete portions of the expandable wellbore casing 100 by controlling the amount of contact force applied to the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing by the balls 1632 of the ball gripper assembly. In an experimental test of an exemplary embodiment of the ball gripper assembly 16, an expandable wellbore casing was radially expanded and plastically deformed. This was an unexpected result.

[0163] In an exemplary embodiment, the tension actuator assembly 18 operates and is provided substantially, at least in part, as disclosed in one or more of the following: (1) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US02/36267, attorney docket number 25791.88.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, (2) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29859, attorney docket no. 25791.102.02, filed on Sep. 22, 2003, (3) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/14153, attorney docket number 25791.104.02, filed on Nov. 13, 2003, (4) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29460, attorney docket number 25791.114.02, filed on Sep. 23, 2003, and/or (5) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US2004/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

[0164] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 13A1 to 13A8 and 13B1 to 13B7, the tension actuator assembly 18 includes an upper tubular support member 18002 that defines a longitudinal passage 18002a, and external internally threaded radial openings, 18002b and 18002c, and an external annular recess 18002d and includes an internally threaded connection 18002e at one end and an external flange 18002f, an external annular recess 18002g having an externally threaded connection, and an internal annular recess 18002h having an internally threaded connection at another end. An end of a tubular actuator barrel 18004 that defines radial passages, 18004a and 18004b, at one end and radial passages, 18004c and 18004d, includes an internally threaded connection 18004e at one end that mates with, receives, and is threadably coupled to the external annular recess 18002g of the upper tubular support member 18002 and abuts and end face of the external flange 18002f of the upper tubular support member and an internally threaded connection 18004f at another end.

[0165] Torsional locking pins, 18006a and 18006b, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, 18002b and 18002c, respectively, of the upper tubular support member and received within the radial passages, 18004a and 18004b, of the end of the tubular actuator barrel 18004. The other end of the tubular actuator barrel 18004 receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a tubular barrel connector 18008 that defines an internal annular recess 18008a, external radial mounting holes, 18008b and 18008c, radial passages, 18008d and 18008e, and external radial mounting holes, 18008f and 18008g and includes circumferentially spaced apart teeth 18008h at one end. A sealing cartridge 18010 is received within and coupled to the internal annular recess 18008a of the tubular barrel connector 18008 for fluidicly sealing the interface between the tubular barrel connector and the sealing cartridge. Torsional locking pins, 18012a and 18012b, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, 18008b and 18008c, respec-

tively, of the tubular barrel connector **18008** and received within the radial passages, **18004c** and **18004d**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18004**.

[0166] A tubular member **18014** that defines a longitudinal passage **18014a** having one or more internal splines **18014b** at one end and circumferentially spaced apart teeth **18014c** at another end for engaging the circumferentially spaced apart teeth **18008h** of the tubular barrel connector **18008** mates with and is received within the actuator barrel **18004** and the one end of the tubular member abuts an end face of the other end of the upper tubular support member **18002** and at another end abuts an end face of the tubular barrel connector **18008**. A tubular guide member **18016** that defines a longitudinal passage **18016a** having a tapered opening **18016aa**, and radial passages, **18016b** and **18016c**, includes an external flange **18016d** having an externally threaded connection at one end that is received within and coupled to the internal annular recess **18002h** of the upper tubular support member **18002**.

[0167] The other end of the tubular barrel connector **18008** is threadably coupled to and is received within an end of a tubular actuator barrel **18018** that defines a longitudinal passage **18018a**, radial passages, **18018b** and **18018c**, and radial passages, **18018d** and **18018e**. Torsional locking pins, **18020a** and **18020b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18008f** and **18008g**, respectively, of the tubular barrel connector **18008** and received within the radial passages, **18018b** and **18018c**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18018**. The other end of the tubular actuator barrel **18018** receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a tubular barrel connector **18022** that defines an internal annular recess **18022a**, external radial mounting holes, **18022b** and **18022c**, radial passages, **18022d** and **18022e**, and external radial mounting holes, **18022f** and **18022g**. A sealing cartridge **18024** is received within and coupled to the internal annular recess **18022a** of the tubular barrel connector **18022** for fluidically sealing the interface between the tubular barrel connector and the sealing cartridge. Torsional locking pins, **18024a** and **18024b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18022b** and **18022c**, respectively, of the barrel connector **18022** and received within the radial passages, **18018d** and **18018e**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18018**.

[0168] The other end of the tubular barrel connector **18022** is threadably coupled to and is received within an end of a tubular actuator barrel **18026** that defines a longitudinal passage **18026a**, radial passages, **18026b** and **18026c**, and radial passages, **18026d** and **18026e**. Torsional locking pins, **18028a** and **18028b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18022f** and **18022g**, respectively, of the tubular barrel connector **18022** and received within the radial passages, **18026b** and **18026c**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18026**. The other end of the tubular actuator barrel **18026** receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a tubular barrel connector **18030** that defines an internal annular recess **18030a**, external radial mounting holes, **18030b** and **18030c**, radial passages, **18030d** and **18030e**, and external radial mounting holes, **18030f** and **18030g**. A sealing cartridge **18032** is received within and coupled to the internal annular recess **18030a** of the tubular barrel connector **18030** for fluidically sealing the interface between the tubular barrel connector and the sealing cartridge. Torsional locking pins, **18034a** and **18034b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18030b** and **18030c**, respec-

tively, of the tubular barrel connector **18030** and received within the radial passages, **18026d** and **18026e**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18026**.

[0169] The other end of the tubular barrel connector **18030** is threadably coupled to and is received within an end of a tubular actuator barrel **18036** that defines a longitudinal passage **18036a**, radial passages, **18036b** and **18036c**, and radial passages, **18036d** and **18036e**. Torsional locking pins, **18038a** and **18038b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18030f** and **18030g**, respectively, of the tubular barrel connector **18030** and received within the radial passages, **18036b** and **18036c**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18036**. The other end of the tubular actuator barrel **18036** receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a tubular barrel connector **18040** that defines an internal annular recess **18040a**, external radial mounting holes, **18040b** and **18040c**, radial passages, **18040d** and **18040e**, and external radial mounting holes, **18040f** and **18040g**. A sealing cartridge **18042** is received within and coupled to the internal annular recess **18040a** of the tubular barrel connector **18040** for fluidically sealing the interface between the tubular barrel connector and the sealing cartridge. Torsional locking pins, **18044a** and **18044b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18040b** and **18040c**, respectively, of the tubular barrel connector **18040** and received within the radial passages, **18036d** and **18036e**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18036**.

[0170] The other end of the tubular barrel connector **18040** is threadably coupled to and is received within an end of a tubular actuator barrel **18046** that defines a longitudinal passage **18046a**, radial passages, **18046b** and **18046c**, and radial passages, **18046d** and **18046e**. Torsional locking pins, **18048a** and **18048b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18040f** and **18040g**, respectively, of the tubular barrel connector **18040** and received within the radial passages, **18046b** and **18046c**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18046**. The other end of the tubular actuator barrel **18046** receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a tubular barrel connector **18050** that defines an internal annular recess **18050a**, external radial mounting holes, **18050b** and **18050c**, radial passages, **18050d** and **18050e**, and external radial mounting holes, **18050f** and **18050g**. A sealing cartridge **18052** is received within and coupled to the internal annular recess **18050a** of the tubular barrel connector **18050** for fluidically sealing the interface between the tubular barrel connector and the sealing cartridge. Torsional locking pins, **18054a** and **18054b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18050b** and **18050c**, respectively, of the tubular barrel connector **18050** and received within the radial passages, **18046d** and **18046e**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18046**.

[0171] The other end of the tubular barrel connector **18050** is threadably coupled to and is received within an end of a tubular actuator barrel **18056** that defines a longitudinal passage **18056a**, radial passages, **18056b** and **18056c**, and radial passages, **18056d** and **18056e**. Torsional locking pins, **18058a** and **18058b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18050f** and **18050g**, respectively, of the tubular barrel connector **18050** and received within the radial passages, **18056b** and **18056c**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18056**. The other end of the tubular actuator barrel **18056** receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a tubular lower stop **18060** that defines an internal annular recess **18060a**, external radial mounting holes, **18060b** and

**18060c**, and an internal annular recess **18060d** that includes one or more circumferentially spaced apart locking teeth **18060e** at one end and one or more circumferentially spaced apart locking teeth **18060f** at the other end. A sealing cartridge **18062** is received within and coupled to the internal annular recess **18060a** of the tubular lower stop **18060** for fluidically sealing the interface between the tubular lower stop and the sealing cartridge. Torsional locking pins, **18064a** and **18064b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18060b** and **18060c**, respectively, of the tubular lower stop **18060** and received within the radial passages, **18056d** and **18056e**, of the tubular actuator barrel **18056**.

[0172] A connector tube **18066** that defines a longitudinal passage **18066a** and radial mounting holes, **18066b** and **18066c**, and includes external splines **18066d** at one end for engaging the internal splines **18014b** of the tubular member **18014** and radial mounting holes, **18066e** and **18066f**; at another end is received within and sealingly and movably engages the interior surface of the sealing cartridge **18010** mounted within the annular recess **18008a** of the tubular barrel connector **18008**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the connector tube **18066** relative to the tubular barrel connector **18008**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the connector tube and the interior surface of the tubular barrel connector. An end of the connector tube **18066** also receives and mates with the other end of the tubular guide member **18016**. Mounting screws, **18068a** and **18068b**, are coupled to and received within the radial mounting holes, **18066b** and **18066c**, respectively of the connector tube **18066**.

[0173] The other end of the connector tube **18066** is received within and threadably coupled to an end of a tubular piston **18070** that defines a longitudinal passage **18070a**, radial mounting holes, **18070b** and **18070c**, radial passages, **18070d** and **18070e**, and radial mounting holes, **18070f** and **18070g**, that includes a flange **18070h** at one end. A sealing cartridge **18072** is mounted onto and sealingly coupled to the exterior of the tubular piston **18070** proximate the flange **18070h**. The sealing cartridge **18072** also mates with and sealingly engages the interior surface of the tubular actuator barrel **18018**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the tubular piston **18070** relative to the actuator barrel **18018**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the piston and the interior surface of the actuator barrel. Mounting screws, **18074a** and **18074b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18070b** and **18070c**, respectively, of the tubular piston **18070** and received within the radial passages, **18066e** and **18066f**, of the connector tube **18066**.

[0174] The other end of the tubular piston **18070** receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a connector tube **18076** that defines a longitudinal passage **18076a**, radial mounting holes, **18076b** and **18076c**, at one end and radial mounting holes, **18076d** and **18076e**, at another end. The connector tube **18076** is received within and sealingly and movably engages the interior surface of the sealing cartridge **18024** mounted within the annular recess **18022a** of the tubular barrel connector **18022**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the connector tube **18076** relative to the tubular barrel connector **18022**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the connector tube and the interior surface of the barrel connector. Mounting screws, **18078a** and **18078b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial

mounting holes, **18070f** and **18070g**, respectively, of the tubular piston **18070** and received within the radial passages, **18076b** and **18076c**, of the connector tube **18076**.

[0175] The other end of the connector tube **18076** is received within and threadably coupled to an end of a tubular piston **18080** that defines a longitudinal passage **18080a**, radial mounting holes, **18080b** and **18080c**, radial passages, **18080d** and **18080e**, and radial mounting holes, **18080f** and **18080g**, that includes a flange **18080h** at one end. A sealing cartridge **18082** is mounted onto and sealingly coupled to the exterior of the tubular piston **18080** proximate the flange **18080h**. The sealing cartridge **18082** also mates with and sealingly engages the interior surface of the tubular actuator barrel **18026**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the tubular piston **18080** relative to the tubular actuator barrel **18026**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the piston and the interior surface of the actuator barrel. Mounting screws, **18084a** and **18084b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18080b** and **18080c**, respectively, of the tubular piston **18080** and received within the radial passages, **18076e** and **18076f**, of the connector tube **18076**.

[0176] The other end of the tubular piston **18080** receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a connector tube **18086** that defines a longitudinal passage **18086a**, radial mounting holes, **18086b** and **18086c**, at one end and radial mounting holes, **18086d** and **18086e**, at another end. The connector tube **18086** is received within and sealingly and movably engages the interior surface of the sealing cartridge **18032** mounted within the annular recess **18030a** of the tubular barrel connector **18030**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the connector tube **18086** relative to the tubular barrel connector **18030**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the connector tube and the interior surface of the barrel connector. Mounting screws, **18088a** and **18088b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18080f** and **18080g**, respectively, of the tubular piston **18080** and received within the radial passages, **18086b** and **18086c**, of the connector tube **18086**.

[0177] The other end of the connector tube **18086** is received within and threadably coupled to an end of a tubular piston **18090** that defines a longitudinal passage **18090a**, radial mounting holes, **18090b** and **18090c**, radial passages, **18090d** and **18090e**, and radial mounting holes, **18090f** and **18090g**, that includes a flange **18090h** at one end. A sealing cartridge **18092** is mounted onto and sealingly coupled to the exterior of the tubular piston **18090** proximate the flange **18090h**. The sealing cartridge **18092** also mates with and sealingly engages the interior surface of the tubular actuator barrel **18036**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the tubular piston **18090** relative to the tubular actuator barrel **18036**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the piston and the interior surface of the actuator barrel. Mounting screws, **18094a** and **18094b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18090b** and **18090c**, respectively, of the tubular piston **18090** and received within the radial passages, **18086e** and **18086f**, of the connector tube **18086**.

[0178] The other end of the tubular piston **18090** receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a connector tube **18096** that defines a longitudinal passage **18096a**, radial mounting holes, **18096b** and **18096c**, at one end and radial mounting holes, **18096d** and **18096e**, at another end. The connector tube **18096** is received within and sealingly and movably engages

the interior surface of the sealing cartridge **18042** mounted within the annular recess **18040a** of the tubular barrel connector **18040**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the connector tube **18096** relative to the tubular barrel connector **18040**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the connector tube and the interior surface of the barrel connector. Mounting screws, **18098a** and **18098b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18090f** and **18090g**, respectively, of the tubular piston **18090** and received within the radial passages, **18096b** and **18096c**, of the connector tube **18096**.

[0179] The other end of the connector tube **18096** is received within and threadably coupled to an end of a tubular piston **18100** that defines a longitudinal passage **18100a**, radial mounting holes, **18100b** and **18100c**, radial passages, **18100d** and **18100e**, and radial mounting holes, **18100f** and **18100g**, that includes a flange **18100h** at one end. A sealing cartridge **18102** is mounted onto and sealingly coupled to the exterior of the tubular piston **18100** proximate the flange **18100h**. The sealing cartridge **18102** also mates with and sealingly engages the interior surface of the tubular actuator barrel **18046**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the tubular piston **18100** relative to the tubular actuator barrel **18046**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the piston and the interior surface of the actuator barrel. Mounting screws, **18104a** and **18104b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18100b** and **18100c**, respectively, of the tubular piston **18100** and received within the radial passages, **18096e** and **18096f**, of the connector tube **18096**.

[0180] The other end of the tubular piston **18100** receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a connector tube **18106** that defines a longitudinal passage **18106a**, radial mounting holes, **18106b** and **18106c**, at one end and radial mounting holes, **18106d** and **18106e**, at another end. The connector tube **18106** is received within and sealingly and movably engages the interior surface of the sealing cartridge **18052** mounted within the annular recess **18050a** of the tubular barrel connector **18050**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the connector tube **18106** relative to the tubular barrel connector **18050**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the connector tube and the interior surface of the barrel connector. Mounting screws, **18108a** and **18108b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18100f** and **18100g**, respectively, of the tubular piston **18100** and received within the radial passages, **18106b** and **18106c**, of the connector tube **18106**.

[0181] The other end of the connector tube **18106** is received within and threadably coupled to an end of a tubular piston **18110** that defines a longitudinal passage **18110a**, radial mounting holes, **18110b** and **18110c**, radial passages, **18110d** and **18110e**, radial mounting holes, **18110f** and **18110g**, that includes a flange **18110h** at one end and circumferentially spaced teeth **18110i** at another end for engaging the one or more circumferentially spaced apart locking teeth **18060e** of the tubular lower stop **18060**. A sealing cartridge **18112** is mounted onto and sealingly coupled to the exterior of the tubular piston **18110** proximate the flange **18110h**. The sealing cartridge **18112** also mates with and sealingly engages the interior surface of the actuator barrel **18056**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the tubular piston **18110** relative to the actuator barrel **18056**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the piston and the interior surface of the actuator barrel. Mounting

screws, **18114a** and **18114b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18110b** and **18110c**, respectively, of the tubular piston **18110** and received within the radial passages, **18106d** and **18106e**, of the connector tube **18106**.

[0182] The other end of the tubular piston **18110** receives and is threadably coupled to an end of a connector tube **18116** that defines a longitudinal passage **18116a**, radial mounting holes, **18116b** and **18116c**, at one end and radial mounting holes, **18116d** and **18116e**, at another end that includes an external flange **18116f** that includes circumferentially spaced apart teeth **18116g** that extend from an end face of the external flange for engaging the teeth **18060f** of the tubular lower stop **18060**, and an externally threaded connection **18116h** at another end. The connector tube **18116** is received within and sealingly and movably engages the interior surface of the sealing cartridge **18062** mounted within the annular recess **18060a** of the lower tubular stop **18060**. In this manner, during longitudinal displacement of the connector tube **18116** relative to the lower tubular stop **18060**, a fluidic seal is maintained between the exterior surface of the connector tube and the interior surface of the lower tubular stop. Mounting screws, **18118a** and **18118b**, are coupled to and mounted within the external radial mounting holes, **18110f** and **18110g**, respectively, of the tubular piston **18110** and received within the radial passages, **18116b** and **18116c**, of the connector tube **18116**.

[0183] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 13A1 to 13A8, the internally threaded connection **18002e** of the upper tubular support member **18002** receives and is coupled to the externally threaded connection **1234g** of the lower mandrel **1234** of the ball grabber assembly **16** and the externally threaded connection **18116h** of the connector tube **18116** is received within and is coupled to an internally threaded connection **20a** of an end of the safety sub assembly **20**.

[0184] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 13A1 to 13A8, during operation of the tension actuator assembly **18**, the tension actuator assembly is positioned within the expandable wellbore casing **100** and fluidic material **13200** is injected into the tension actuator assembly through the passages **18002a**, **18016a**, **18066a**, **18070a**, **18076a**, **18080a**, **18086a**, **18090a**, **18096a**, **18100a**, **18106a**, **18110a**, and **18116a**. The injected fluidic material **13200** will also pass through the radial passages, **18070d** and **18070e**, **18080d** and **18080e**, **18090d** and **18090e**, **18100d** and **18100e**, **18110d** and **18110e**, of the tubular pistons, **18070**, **18080**, **18090**, **18100**, and **18110**, respectively, into annular piston chambers, **13202**, **13204**, **13206**, **13208**, **13208**, and **13210**.

[0185] As illustrated in FIGS. 13B1 to 13B7, the operating pressure of the fluidic material **13200** may then be increased by, for example, controllably blocking or limiting the flow of the fluidic material through the passage **18116a** and/or increasing the operating pressure of the outlet of a pumping device for injecting the fluidic material **13200** into the tension actuator assembly **18**. As a result, of the increased operating pressure of the fluidic material **13200** within the tension actuator assembly **18**, the operating pressures of the annular piston chambers, **13202**, **13204**, **13206**, **13208**, **13208**, and **13210**, will be increased sufficiently to displace the tubular pistons, **18070**, **18080**, **18090**, **18100**, and **18110**, upwardly in the direction **13212** thereby also displacing the connector tube **18116**. As a result, an upward tensile force is applied to all

elements of the system **10** coupled to and positioned below the connector tube **18116**. In an exemplary embodiment, during the upward displacement of the tubular pistons, **18070**, **18080**, **18090**, **18100**, and **18110**, fluidic materials displaced by the tubular pistons within discharge annular chambers, **13214**, **13216**, **13218**, **13220**, and **13222** are exhausted out of the tension actuator assembly **18** through the radial passages, **18008d** and **18008e**, **18022d** and **18022e**, **18030d** and **18030e**, **18040d** and **18040e**, **18050d** and **18050e**, respectively. Furthermore, in an exemplary embodiment, the upward displacement of the tubular pistons, **18070**, **18080**, **18090**, **18100**, and **18110**, further causes the external splines **18066d** of the connector tube **18066** to engage the internal splines **18014b** of the tubular member **18014** and the circumferentially spaced apart teeth **18116g** of the connector tube **18116** to engage the circumferentially spaced teeth **18060f** of the tubular lower stop **18060**. As a result of the interaction of the external splines **18066d** of the connector tube **18066** to engage the internal splines **18014b** of the tubular member **18014** and the circumferentially spaced apart teeth **18116g** of the connector tube **18116** to engage the circumferentially spaced teeth **18060f** of the tubular lower stop **18060**, torsional loads may be transmitted through the tension actuator assembly **18**.

[0186] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. 14A, the safety sub assembly **20** includes a tubular body **200a** that defines a longitudinal passage **200b** and includes an external flange **200c** and an internal annular recess **200d** at one end, and external annular recesses, **200e**, **200f**, **200g**, and **200h** at another end. A sealing member **202** is positioned within the external annular recess **200h** at the other end of the tubular body **200a**.

[0187] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 14A, 14B and 14C, the sealing cup assembly **22** includes an upper tubular mandrel **2202** that defines a longitudinal passage **2202a** and internally threaded radial mounting holes, **2202b** and **2202c**, and includes an internal annular recess **2202d** at one end, an internal annular recess **2202e**, an internal annular recess **2202f**, an internal annular recess **2202g**, and an internally threaded internal annular recess **2202h** and an external flange **2202i** at another end. The internal annular recesses, **2202d**, **2202e**, and **2202f**, of the upper tubular mandrel **2202** of the sealing cup assembly **22** receive, mate with, and are coupled to the other end of the tubular body **200a** of the safety sub assembly **20**.

[0188] An externally threaded end of a lower tubular mandrel **2204** that defines a longitudinal passage **2204a** and includes an external annular recess **2204b** at one end, an external annular recess **2204c**, an external flange **2204d**, an external annular recess **2204e**, an externally threaded external flange **2204f**, and an external annular recess **2204g** at another end mates with, is received within, and is coupled to the internal annular recesses, **2202g** and **2202h**, of the other end of the upper tubular mandrel **2202**.

[0189] Mounting screws, **2250a** and **2250b**, are received within and coupled to the mounting holes, **2202c** and **2202b**, respectively, of the tubular mandrel **2202** that extend into and engage the external annular recess **2204c** of the lower tubular mandrel **2204**.

[0190] A tubular cup seal spacer **2206** receives and is mounted upon the lower tubular mandrel **2204** proximate the external flange **2202i** of the upper tubular mandrel **2202**. A tubular cup seal retainer **2208** that includes an internal flange **2208a** at one end receives and is mounted upon the lower

tubular mandrel **2204** proximate the tubular cup seal spacer **2206**. A tubular cup seal retainer **2210** that includes an internal flange **2210a** at one end receives and is mounted upon the lower tubular mandrel **2204** proximate the other end of the tubular cup seal retainer **2208**. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular cup seal retainer **2210** is nested within the other end of the tubular cup seal retainer **2208**. A tubular cup seal **2212** that includes an internal flange **2212a** at one end receives and is mounted upon the lower tubular mandrel **2204** proximate the other end of the tubular cup seal retainer **2210**. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular cup seal **2212** is nested within the other end of the tubular cup seal retainer **2210**.

[0191] A sealing member **2211** is received within the external annular recess **2204b** of the lower tubular mandrel **2204** for sealing the interface between the lower tubular mandrel and the upper tubular mandrel **2202**.

[0192] A tubular spacer **2214** receives and is mounted upon the lower tubular mandrel **2204** proximate the other end of the tubular cup seal **2212**.

[0193] A tubular cup seal spacer **2216** receives and is mounted upon the lower tubular mandrel **2204** proximate the other end of the tubular spacer **2214**. A tubular cup seal retainer **2218** that includes an internal flange **2218a** at one end receives and is mounted upon the lower tubular mandrel **2204** proximate the other end of the tubular cup seal spacer **2216**. A tubular cup seal retainer **2220** that includes an internal flange **2220a** at one end receives and is mounted upon the lower tubular mandrel **2204** proximate the other end of the tubular cup seal retainer **2218**. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular cup seal retainer **2220** is nested within the other end of the tubular cup seal retainer **2218**. A tubular cup seal **2222** that includes an internal flange **2222a** at one end receives and is mounted upon the lower tubular mandrel **2204** proximate the other end of the tubular cup seal retainer **2220**. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular cup seal **2222** is nested within the other end of the tubular cup seal retainer **2220**.

[0194] A tubular spacer **2224** receives and is mounted upon the lower tubular mandrel **2204** proximate the other end of the tubular cup seal **2222** at one end and proximate the external flange **2204d** of the lower tubular mandrel at another end. A retaining ring **2226** receives and is mounted upon the other end of the tubular spacer **2224** proximate the external flange **2204d** of the lower tubular mandrel **2204**.

[0195] In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the system **10**, the end of the tubular body **200a** of the safety sub assembly **20** is coupled to and receives and is coupled to an end of the tension actuator assembly **18** and the other end of the lower tubular mandrel **2204** of the sealing cup assembly **22** is received within and is coupled to an end of the casing lock assembly **24**.

[0196] In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the system **10**, the tubular cup seals, **2212** and/or **2222**, sealingly engage the interior surface of the expandable tubular member **100**. In this manner, when an annulus defined between the system **10** and the expandable wellbore casing **10**, below the tubular cup seals, **2212** and/or **2222**, is pressurized, the resulting pressure differential across the tubular cup seals applies an upward tensile force to the system thereby pulling the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28** and/or the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30** through the expandable wellbore casing. In this manner, the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28** and/or the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30**, if either or

both are adjusted to an outside diameter suitable for a radial expansion operation, may radially expand and plastically deform the expandable wellbore casing **100**.

[0197] In an exemplary embodiment, the sealing cup assembly **22** operates and is provided substantially, at least in part, as disclosed in one or more of the following: (1) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US02/36157, attorney docket number 25791.87.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, (2) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US02/36267, attorney docket number 25791.88.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, (3) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/04837, attorney docket number 25791.95.02, filed on Feb. 29, 2003, (4) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29859, attorney docket no. 25791.102.02, filed on Sep. 22, 2003, (5) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/14153, attorney docket number 25791.104.02, filed on Nov. 13, 2003, (6) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/18530, attorney docket number 25791.108.02, filed on Jun. 11, 2003, and/or (7) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

[0198] In an exemplary embodiment, the casing lock assembly **24** operates and is provided substantially, at least in part, as disclosed in one or more of the following: (1) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US02/36267, attorney docket number 25791.88.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, (2) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29859, attorney docket no. 25791.102.02, filed on Sep. 22, 2003, (3) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/14153, attorney docket number 25791.104.02, filed on Nov. 13, 2003, and/or (4) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

[0199] In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28** operates and is provided substantially, at least in part, as disclosed in one or more of the following: (1) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US02/36157, attorney docket number 25791.87.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, (2) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US02/36267, attorney docket number 25791.88.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, (3) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/04837, attorney docket number 25791.95.02, filed on Feb. 29, 2003, (4) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29859, attorney docket no. 25791.102.02, filed on Sep. 22, 2003, (5) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/14153, attorney docket number 25791.104.02, filed on Nov. 13, 2003, (6) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/18530, attorney docket number 25791.108.02, filed on Jun. 11, 2003, and/or (7) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

[0200] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 15-1 and 15-2, 15A1 to 15A2, 15B1 to 15B2, 15C, 15D, 15E, 15F, 15G, 15H, 15I, 15j, 15K, 15L, 15M, 15N, 15O, 15P, 15R, 15S, 15T, 15U, 15V, 15W, 15X, 15Y, 15Z1 to 15Z4, 15AA1 to 15AA4, 15AB1 to 15AB4, 15AC1 to 15AC4, 15AD, and 15AE, the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28** includes an upper tubular tool joint **28002** that defines a longitudinal passage **28002a** and mounting holes, **28002b** and **28002c**, and includes an internal threaded connection **28002d**, an inner annular recess **28002e**, an inner annular

recess **28002f**, and an internal threaded connection **28002g**. A tubular torque plate **28004** that defines a longitudinal passage **28004a** and includes circumferentially spaced apart teeth **28004b** is received within, mates with, and is coupled to the internal annular recess **28002e** of the upper tubular tool joint **28002**.

[0201] Circumferentially spaced apart teeth **28006a** of an end of a tubular lower mandrel **28006** that defines a longitudinal passage **28006b**, a radial passage **28006ba**, and a radial passage **28006bb** and includes an external threaded connection **28006c**, an external flange **28006d**, an external annular recess **28006e** having a step **28006f** at one end, an external annular recess **28006g**, external teeth **28006h**, an external threaded connection **28006i**, and an external annular recess **28006j** engage the circumferentially spaced apart teeth **28004b** of the tubular torque plate **28004**. An internal threaded connection **28008a** of an end of a tubular toggle bushing **28008** that defines a longitudinal passage **28008b**, an upper longitudinal slot **28008c**, a lower longitudinal slot **28008d**, mounting holes, **28008e**, **28008f**, **28008g**, **28008h**, **28008i**, **28008j**, **28008k**, **28008l**, **28008m**, **28008n**, **28008o**, **28008p**, **28008q**, **28008r**, **28008s**, **28008t**, **28008u**, **28008v**, **28008w**, **28008x**, **28008xa**, and **28008xb**, and includes an external annular recess **28008y**, internal annular recess **28008z**, external annular recess **28008aa**, and an external annular recess **28008ab** receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection **28006c** of the tubular lower mandrel **28006**.

[0202] A sealing element **28010** is received within the external annular recess **28008y** of the tubular toggle bushing **28008** for sealing the interface between the tubular toggle bushing and the upper tubular tool joint **28002**. A sealing element **28012** is received within the internal annular recess **28008z** of the tubular toggle bushing **28008** for sealing the interface between the tubular toggle bushing and the tubular lower mandrel **28006**.

[0203] Mounting screws, **28014a** and **28014b**, mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, **28008w** and **28008x**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing **28008** are also received within the mounting holes, **28002b** and **28002c**, of the upper tubular tool joint **28002**. Mounting pins, **28016a**, **28016b**, **28016c**, **28016d**, and **28016e**, are mounted within the mounting holes, **28008e**, **28008f**, **28008g**, **28008h**, and **28008i**, respectively. Mounting pins, **28018a**, **28018b**, **28018c**, **28018d**, and **28018e**, are mounted within the mounting holes, **28008t**, **28008s**, **28008r**, **28008q**, and **28008p**, respectively. Mounting screws, **28020a** and **28020b**, are mounted within the mounting holes, **28008u** and **28008v**, respectively.

[0204] A first upper toggle link **28022** defines mounting holes, **28022a** and **28022b**, for receiving the mounting pins, **28016a** and **28016b**, and includes a mounting pin **28022c** at one end. A first lower toggle link **28024** defines mounting holes, **28024a**, **28024b**, and **28024c**, for receiving the mounting pins, **28022c**, **28016c**, and **28016d**, respectively and includes an engagement arm **28024d**. A first trigger **28026** defines a mounting hole **28026a** for receiving the mounting pin **28016e** and includes an engagement arm **28026b** at one end, an engagement member **28026c**, and an engagement arm **28026d** at another end.

[0205] A second upper toggle link **28028** defines mounting holes, **28028a** and **28028b**, for receiving the mounting pins, **28018a** and **28018b**, and includes a mounting pin **28028c** at one end. A second lower toggle link **28030** defines mounting



holes, **28030a**, **28030b**, and **28030c**, for receiving the mounting pins, **28028c**, **28018c**, and **28018d**, respectively and includes an engagement arm **28030d**. A second trigger **28032** defines a mounting hole **28032a** for receiving the mounting pin **28018e** and includes an engagement arm **28032b** at one end, an engagement member **28032c**, and an engagement arm **28032d** at another end.

[0206] An end of a tubular spring housing **28034** that defines a longitudinal passage **28034a**, mounting holes, **28034b** and **28034c**, and mounting holes, **28034ba** and **28034ca**, and includes an internal flange **28034d** and an internal annular recess **28034e** at one end, and an internal flange **28034f**, an internal annular recess **28034g**, an internal annular recess **28034h**, and an external threaded connection **28034i** at another end receives and mates with the end of the tubular toggle bushing **28008**. Mounting screws, **28035a** and **28035b**, are mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, **28008xb** and **28008xa**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing **28008** and are received within the mounting holes, **28034ba** and **28034ca**, respectively, of the tubular spring housing **28034**.

[0207] A tubular retracting spring ring **28036** that defines mounting holes, **28036a** and **28036b**, receives and mates with a portion of the tubular lower mandrel **28006** and is received within and mates with a portion of the tubular spring housing **28034**. Mounting screws, **28038a** and **28038b**, are mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, **28036a** and **28036b**, respectively, of the tubular retracting spring ring **28036** and extend into the mounting holes, **28034b** and **28034c**, respectively, of the tubular spring housing **28034**.

[0208] Casing diameter sensor springs, **28040a** and **28040b**, are positioned within the longitudinal slots, **28008c** and **28008d**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing **28008** that engage the engagement members, **28026c** and **28032c**, and engagement arms, **28026d** and **28032d**, of the first and second triggers, **28026** and **28032**, respectively. An inner flange **28042a** of an end of a tubular spring washer **28042** mates with and receives a portion of the tubular lower mandrel **28006** and an end face of the inner flange of the tubular spring washer is positioned proximate and end face of the external flange **28006d** of the tubular lower mandrel. The tubular spring washer **28042** is further received within the longitudinal passage **28034a** of the tubular spring housing **28034**.

[0209] An end of a retracting spring **28044** that receives the tubular lower mandrel **28006** is positioned within the tubular spring washer **28042** in contact with the internal flange **28042a** of the tubular spring washer and the other end of the retracting spring is positioned in contact with an end face of the tubular retracting spring ring **28036**.

[0210] A sealing element **28046** is received within the external annular recess **28006j** of the tubular lower mandrel **28006** for sealing the interface between the tubular lower mandrel and the tubular spring housing **28034**. A sealing element **28048** is received within the internal annular recess **28034h** of the tubular spring housing **28034** for sealing the interface between the tubular spring housing and the tubular lower mandrel **28006**.

[0211] An internal threaded connection **28050a** of an end of a tubular upper hinge sleeve **28050** that includes an internal flange **28050b** and an internal pivot **28050c** receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection **28034i** of the end of the tubular spring housing **28034**.

[0212] An external flange **28052a** of a base member **28052b** of an upper cam assembly **28052**, that is mounted upon and receives the lower tubular mandrel **28006**, that includes an internal flange **28052c** that is received within the external annular recess **28006e** of the lower tubular mandrel **28006** and a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart tapered cam arms **28052d** extending from the base member mates with and is received within the tubular upper hinge sleeve **28050**. The base member **28052b** of the upper cam assembly **28052** further includes a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart teeth **28052f** that mate with and are received within a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart teeth **28034j** provided on the end face of the tubular spring housing **28034** and an end face of the external flange **28052a** of the base member of the upper cam assembly is positioned in opposing relation to an end face of the internal flange **28050b** of the tubular upper hinge sleeve **28050**. Each of the cam arms **28052d** of the upper cam assembly **28052** include external cam surfaces **28052e**. In an exemplary embodiment, the teeth **28052f** of the base member **28052b** of the upper cam assembly **28052** and the teeth **28034j** provided on the end face of the tubular spring housing **28034** permit torsional loads to be transmitted between the tubular spring housing and the upper cam assembly.

[0213] A plurality of circumferentially spaced apart upper expansion segments **28054** are mounted upon and receive the lower tubular mandrel **28006** and each include an external pivot recess **28054a** at one end for mating with and receiving the internal pivot **28050c** of the tubular upper hinge sleeve **28050** and an external tapered expansion surface **28054b** at another end and are pivotally mounted within the tubular upper hinge sleeve and are interleaved with the circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **28052d** of the upper cam assembly **28052**. The upper expansion segments **28054** are interleaved among the cam arms **28052d** of the upper cam assembly **28052**.

[0214] A plurality of circumferentially spaced apart lower expansion segments **28058** are mounted upon and receive the lower tubular mandrel **28006**, are interleaved among the upper expansion segments **28054**, are oriented in the opposite direction to the upper expansion segments **28054**, each include an external pivot recess **28058a** at one end and an external tapered expansion surface **28054b** at another end and are positioned in opposing relation to corresponding circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **28052d** of the upper cam assembly **28052**.

[0215] A lower cam assembly **28060** is mounted upon and receives the lower tubular mandrel **28006** that includes a base member **28060a** having an external flange **28060b**, a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **28060d** that extend from the base member that each include external cam surfaces **28060e** and define mounting holes **28060f** and **28060g**. The base member **28060a** of the lower cam assembly **28060** further includes a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart teeth **28060h**. The circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **28060d** of the lower cam assembly **28060** are interleaved among the lower expansion segments **28058** and the circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **28052d** of the upper cam assembly **28052** and positioned in opposing relation to corresponding upper expansion segments **28054**.

[0216] Mounting screws, **28062a**, **28062b**, **28062c**, and **28062e**, are mounted within the corresponding mounting holes, **28060f** and **28060g**, of the lower cam assembly **28060**

and are received within the external annular recess **28006g** of the lower cam assembly **28060**.

[0217] A tubular lower hinge sleeve **28064** that receives the lower expansion segments **28058** and the lower cam assembly **28060** includes an internal flange **28064a** for engaging the external flange **28060b** of the base member of the lower cam assembly **28060**, an internal pivot **28064b** for engaging and receiving the external pivot recess **28058a** of the lower expansion segments **28058** thereby pivotally mounting the lower expansion segments within the tubular lower hinge sleeve, and an internal threaded connection **28064c**.

[0218] An external threaded connection **28066a** of an end of a tubular sleeve **28066** that defines mounting holes, **28066b** and **28066c**, and includes an internal annular recess **28066d** having a shoulder **28066e**, an internal flange **28066f**, and an internal threaded connection **28066g** at another end is received within and coupled to the internal threaded connection **28064c** of the tubular lower hinge sleeve **28064**. An external threaded connection **28068a** of an end of a tubular member **28068** that defines a longitudinal passage **28068b** and mounting holes, **28068c** and **28068d**, and includes an external annular recess **28068e**, and an external threaded connection **28068f** at another end is received within and is coupled to the internal threaded connection **28066g** of the tubular sleeve **28066**.

[0219] Mounting screws, **28070a** and **28070b**, are mounted in and coupled to the mounting holes, **28068c** and **28068d**, respectively, of the tubular member **28068** that also extend into the mounting holes, **28066b** and **28066c**, respectively, of the tubular sleeve **28066**. A sealing element **28072** is received within the external annular recess **28068e** of the tubular member **28068** for sealing the interface between the tubular member and the tubular sleeve **28066**.

[0220] An internal threaded connection **28074a** of a tubular retracting piston **28074** that defines a longitudinal passage **28074b** and includes an internal annular recess **28074c** and an external annular recess **28074d** receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection **28006i** of the tubular lower mandrel **28006**. A sealing element **28076** is received within the external annular recess **28074d** of the tubular retracting piston **28074** for sealing the interface between the tubular retracting piston and the tubular sleeve **28066**. A sealing element **28078** is received within the internal annular recess **28074c** of the tubular retracting piston **28074** for sealing the interface between the tubular retracting piston and the tubular lower mandrel **28006**.

[0221] Locking dogs **28080** mate with and receive the external teeth **28006h** of the tubular lower mandrel **28006**. A spacer ring **28082** is positioned between an end face of the locking dogs **28080** and an end face of the lower cam assembly **28060**. A release piston **28084** mounted upon the tubular lower mandrel **28006** defines a radial passage **28084a** for mounting a burst disk **28086** includes sealing elements, **28084b**, **28084c**, and **28084d**. The sealing elements, **28084b** and **28084d**, sealing the interface between the release piston **28084** and the tubular lower mandrel **28006**. An end face of the release piston **28084** is positioned in opposing relation to an end face of the locking dogs **28080**.

[0222] A release sleeve **28088** that receives and is mounted upon the locking dogs **28080** and the release piston **28084** includes an internal flange **28088a** at one end that sealingly engages the tubular lower mandrel **28006**. A bypass sleeve **28090** that receives and is mounted upon the release sleeve **28088** includes an internal flange **28090a** at one end.

[0223] In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28**, the retracting spring **28044** is compressed and thereby applies a biasing spring force in a direction **28092** from the lower tubular mandrel **28006** to the tubular spring housing **28034** that, in the absence of other forces, moves and/or maintains the upper cam assembly **28052** and the upper expansion segments **28054** out of engagement with the lower expansion segments **28058** and the lower cam assembly **28060**. In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28**, an external threaded connection **20a** of an end of the sealing cup assembly **20** is coupled to the internal threaded connection **28002d** of the upper tubular tool joint **28002** and an internal threaded connection **30a** of an end of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30** is coupled to the external threaded connection **28068f** of the tubular member **28068**.

[0224] The upper cam assembly **28052** and the upper expansion segments **28054** may be brought into engagement with the lower expansion segments **28058** and the lower cam assembly **28060** by pressurizing an annulus **28094** defined between the lower tubular mandrel **28006** and the tubular spring housing **28034**. In particular, injection of fluidic materials into the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28** through the longitudinal passage **28006b** of the lower tubular mandrel **28006** and into the radial passage **28006ba** may pressurize the annulus **28094** thereby creating sufficient operating pressure to generate a force in a direction **28096** sufficient to overcome the biasing force of the retracting spring **28044**. As a result, the spring housing **28034** may be displaced in the direction **28096** relative to the lower tubular mandrel **28006** thereby displacing the tubular upper hinge sleeve **28050**, upper cam assembly **28052**, and upper expansion segments **28054** in the direction **28096**.

[0225] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 15P and 15R, the displacement of the upper cam assembly **28052** and upper expansion segments **28054** in the direction **28096** will cause the lower expansion segments **28058** to ride up the cam surfaces **28052e** of the cam arms **28052d** of the upper cam assembly **28052** while also pivoting about the lower tubular hinge segment **28064**, and will also cause the upper expansion segments **28054** to ride up the cam surfaces **28060e** of the cam arms **28060d** of the lower cam assembly **28060** while also pivoting about the upper tubular hinge segment **28050**. In an exemplary embodiment, when the upper and lower expansion segments, **28054** and **28058**, are brought into axial alignment, they define an outer expansion surface that is approximately contiguous in a circumferential direction and which provides an outer expansion surface that at least approximates a conical surface.

[0226] In an exemplary embodiment, during the operation of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28**, when the upper and lower expansion segments, **28054** and **28058**, brought into axial alignment into a radially expanded position, the upper and lower expansion segments, **28054** and **28058**, are displaced relative to the expandable wellbore casing **100** to thereby radially expand and plastically deform at least a portion of the expandable wellbore casing. In an exemplary embodiment, during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable wellbore casing **100**, the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28** may then be rotated relative to the expandable wellbore casing to enhance and/or modify the rate at which the expandable wellbore casing is radially expanded and plastically deformed.

[0227] In an exemplary embodiment, the upper cam assembly 28052 and the upper expansion segments 28054 may be moved out of engagement with the lower expansion segments 28058 and the lower cam assembly 28060 by reducing the operating pressure within the annulus 28094.

[0228] In an alternative embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 15S, 15T, 15U and 15V, during operation of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28, the upper cam assembly 28052 and the upper expansion segments 28054 may also be moved out of engagement with the lower expansion segments 28058 and the lower cam assembly 28060 by sensing the operating pressure within the longitudinal passage 28006*b* of the lower tubular mandrel 28006. In particular, as illustrated in FIG. 15T, if the operating pressure within the longitudinal passage 28006*b* and radial passage 28006*bb* of the lower tubular mandrel 28006 exceeds a predetermined value, the burst disc 28086 will open the passage 28084*a* thereby pressurizing the interior of the tubular release sleeve 28088 thereby displacing the tubular release sleeve 28088 downwardly in a direction 28092 away from engagement with the locking dogs 28080.

[0229] As a result, as illustrated in FIG. 15U, the locking dogs 28080 are displaced outwardly in the radial directed and thereby released from engagement with the lower tubular mandrel 28006 thereby permitting the lower expansion segments 28058 and the lower cam assembly 28060 to be displaced downwardly relative to the lower tubular mandrel.

[0230] As a result, as illustrated in FIG. 15V, the operating pressure within the lower tubular mandrel 28066 may then cause the lower tubular mandrel to be displaced downwardly in the direction 28094 relative to the tubular lower mandrel 28006 and the retracting piston 28074. As a result, the lower tubular mandrel 28066, the lower expansion segments 28058, the lower cam assembly 28060, and tubular lower hinge sleeve 28064 are displaced downwardly in the direction 28094 relative to the tubular spring housing 28034 thereby moving the lower expansion segments 28058 and the lower cam assembly 28060 out of engagement with the upper cam assembly 28052 and the upper expansion segments 28054.

[0231] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 15W, 15X, and 15Y, during operation of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28, the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly senses the diameter of the expandable wellbore casing 100 using the upper toggle links, 28022 and 28028, lower toggle links, 28024 and 28030, and triggers, 28026 and 28032, and then prevents the engagement of the upper cam assembly 28052 and the upper expansion segments 28054 with the lower expansion segments 28058 and the lower cam assembly 28060.

[0232] In particular, as illustrated in FIG. 15W, anytime the upper toggle links, 28022 and 28028, and lower toggle links, 28024 and 28030, are positioned within a portion of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that has been radially expanded and plastically deformed by the system 10, the triggers, 28026 and 28032, will be pivoted by the engagement arms, 28024*d* and 28030*d*, of the lower toggle links, 28024 and 28030, to a position in which the triggers will no longer engage the internal flange 28034*d* of the end of the tubular spring housing 28034 thereby permitting the displacement of the tubular spring housing in the direction 28096. As a result, the upper cam assembly 28052 and the upper expansion segments 28054 can be brought into engagement with the lower expansion segments 28058 and the lower cam assembly 28060. In an exemplary embodiment, the upper toggle links,

28022 and 28028, and the lower toggle links, 28024 and 28030, are spring biased towards the position illustrated in FIG. 15W.

[0233] Conversely, as illustrated in FIG. 15X, anytime the upper toggle links, 28022 and 28028, and lower toggle links, 28024 and 28030, are positioned within a portion of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that has not been radially expanded and plastically deformed by the system 10, the triggers, 28026 and 28032, will be maintained in a position in which the triggers will engage the internal flange 28034*d* of the end of the tubular spring housing 28034 thereby preventing the displacement of the tubular spring housing in the direction 28096. As a result, the upper cam assembly 28052 and the upper expansion segments 28054 cannot be brought into engagement with the lower expansion segments 28058 and the lower cam assembly 28060. In an exemplary embodiment, the triggers, 28026 and 28032, are spring biased towards the position illustrated in FIG. 15X.

[0234] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. 15Y, the tubular spring housing 28034 may be displaced upwardly in the direction 28098 even if the upper toggle links, 28022 and 28028, and lower toggle links, 28024 and 28030, are positioned within a portion of the expandable wellbore casing 100 that has not been radially expanded and plastically deformed by the system 10.

[0235] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 15Z1 to 15Z4, 15AA1 to 15AA4, 15AB1 to 15AB4, 15AC1 to 15AC4, 15AD, and 15AE, the tubular spring housing 28034 of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28 defines internal annular recesses 28034*k* and 28034*l*, spaced apart by an internal flange 28034*m*, the tubular toggle bushing 28008 defines an external annular recess 28008*ac*, and the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly further includes pins, 28100*a* and 28100*b* and 28102*a* and 28102*b*, mounted in holes 28008*j* and 28008*o* and 28008*k* and 28008*n*, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing, and a one-shot deactivation device 28104 mounted on the tubular toggle bushing between the pins, 28100*a* and 28100*b* and 28102*a* and 28102*b*.

[0236] The one-shot deactivation device 28104 includes a tubular body 28104*a* that defines radial holes, 28104*b* and 28104*c*, and includes an external annular recess 28104*d* at one end, a centrally positioned external flange 28104*e*, a centrally positioned internal annular recess 28104*f*, and an external annular recess 28104*g* at another end. An engagement member 28106 that includes a base member 28106*a* having a tapered end 28106*b* and a key member 28106*c* having a tapered end 28106*d* is received within a portion of the internal annular recess 28104*f* of the tubular body 28104*a* and an engagement member 28108 that includes a base member 28108*a* having a tapered end 28108*b* and a key member 28108*c* having a tapered end 28108*d* is received within an opposite portion of the internal annular recess 28104*f* of the tubular body 28104*a*. Spring members, 28110 and 28112, are received within the annular recess 28104*f* of the tubular body 28104*a* for biasing the base members, base member 28106*a* and 28108*a*, of the engagement members, 28106 and 28108, respectively, radially inwardly relative to the tubular body 28104*a*.

[0237] In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly 28, as illustrated in FIGS. 15Z1 to 15Z4, the one-shot deactivation device 28104 are positioned proximate and in intimate contact with the pins, 28102*a* and 28102*b*, with the tapered ends,

**28106b** and **28108b**, of the base members, **28106a** and **28108a**, of the engagement members, **28106** and **28108**, received within the external annular recess **28008ac** of the tubular toggle bushing **28008**. When the one-shot deactivation device **28104** is positioned as illustrated in FIGS. **15Z1** to **15Z4**, the external annular recess **28104d** of the tubular body **28104a** of the one-shot deactivation device is moved out of engagement with the engagement arms, **28026d** and **28032d**, of the triggers, **28026** and **28032**, respectively. As a result, the triggers, **28026** and **28032**, may operate normally as described above with reference to FIGS. **15W**, **15X**, and **15Y**.

**[0238]** Conversely, in an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28**, as illustrated in FIGS. **15AA1** to **15AA4**, the one-shot deactivation device **28104** are positioned proximate and in intimate contact with the pins, **28100a** and **28100b**, with the tapered ends, **28106b** and **28108b**, of the base members, **28106a** and **28108a**, of the engagement members, **28106** and **28108**, not received within the external annular recess **28008ac** of the tubular toggle bushing **28008**. When the one-shot deactivation device **28104** is positioned as illustrated in FIG. **15AA**, the external annular recess **28104d** of the tubular body **28104a** of the one-shot deactivation device is moved into engagement with the engagement arms, **28026d** and **28032d**, of the triggers, **28026** and **28032**, respectively. As a result, the triggers, **28026** and **28032**, are deactivated and may not operate normally as described above with reference to FIGS. **15W**, **15X**, and **15Y**.

**[0239]** In an alternative embodiment, the elements of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28** that sense the diameter of the expandable wellbore casing **100** may be disabled or omitted or adjusted to sense any pre-selected internal diameter of the expandable wellbore casing.

**[0240]** In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30** operates and is provided substantially, at least in part, as disclosed in one or more of the following: (1) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US02/36157, attorney docket number 25791.87.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, (2) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US02/36267, attorney docket number 25791.88.02, filed on Nov. 12, 2002, (3) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/04837, attorney docket number 25791.95.02, filed on Feb. 29, 2003, (4) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29859, attorney docket no. 25791.102.02, filed on Sep. 22, 2003, (5) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/14153, attorney docket number 25791.104.02, filed on Nov. 13, 2003, (6) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/18530, attorney docket number 25791.108.02, filed on Jun. 11, 2003, and/or (7) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

**[0241]** In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **16-1** and **16-2**, **16A1** to **16A2**, **16B1** to **16B2**, **16C**, **16D**, **16E**, **16F**, **16G**, **16H**, **16I**, **16j**, **16K**, **16L**, **16M**, **16N**, **16O**, **16P**, **16R**, **16S**, **16T**, **16U**, **16V**, **16W**, **16x**, **16Y**, **16Z1-16Z4**, **16AA1** to **16AA4**, **16AB1** to **16AB4**, **16AC1** to **16AC4**, **16AD**, and **16AE**, the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30** includes an upper tubular tool joint **30002** that defines a longitudinal passage **30002a** and mounting holes, **30002b** and **30002c**, and includes an internal threaded connection **30002d**, an inner annular recess **30002e**, an inner annular recess **30002f**, and an internal threaded connection **30002g**. A tubular torque plate **30004** that defines a longitudinal passage

**30004a** and includes circumferentially spaced apart teeth **30004b** is received within, mates with, and is coupled to the internal annular recess **30002e** of the upper tubular tool joint **30002**.

**[0242]** Circumferentially spaced apart teeth **30006a** of an end of a tubular lower mandrel **30006** that defines a longitudinal passage **30006b**, a radial passage **30006ba**, and a radial passage **30006bb** and includes an external threaded connection **30006c**, an external flange **30006d**, an external annular recess **30006e** having a step **30006f** at one end, an external annular recess **30006g**, external teeth **30006h**, an external threaded connection **30006i**, and an external annular recess **30006j** engage the circumferentially spaced apart teeth **30004b** of the tubular torque plate **30004**. An internal threaded connection **30008a** of an end of a tubular toggle bushing **30008** that defines a longitudinal passage **30008b**, an upper longitudinal slot **30008c**, a lower longitudinal slot **30008d**, mounting holes, **30008e**, **30008f**, **30008g**, **30008h**, **30008i**, **30008j**, **30008k**, **30008l**, **30008m**, **30008n**, **30008o**, **30008p**, **30008q**, **30008r**, **30008s**, **30008t**, **30008u**, **30008v**, **30008w**, **30008x**, **30008xa**, and **30008xb**, and includes an external annular recess **30008y**, internal annular recess **30008z**, external annular recess **30008aa**, and an external annular recess **30008ab** receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection **30006c** of the tubular lower mandrel **30006**.

**[0243]** A sealing element **30010** is received within the external annular recess **30008y** of the tubular toggle bushing **30008** for sealing the interface between the tubular toggle bushing and the upper tubular tool joint **30002**. A sealing element **30012** is received within the internal annular recess **30008z** of the tubular toggle bushing **30008** for sealing the interface between the tubular toggle bushing and the tubular lower mandrel **30006**.

**[0244]** Mounting screws, **30014a** and **30014b**, mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, **30008w** and **30008x**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing **30008** are also received within the mounting holes, **30002b** and **30002c**, of the upper tubular tool joint **30002**. Mounting pins, **30016a**, **30016b**, **30016c**, **30016d**, and **30016e**, are mounted within the mounting holes, **30008e**, **30008f**, **30008g**, **30008h**, and **30008i**, respectively. Mounting pins, **30018a**, **30018b**, **30018c**, **30018d**, and **30018e**, are mounted within the mounting holes, **30008t**, **30008s**, **30008r**, **30008q**, and **30008p**, respectively. Mounting screws, **30020a** and **30020b**, are mounted within the mounting holes, **30008u** and **30008v**, respectively.

**[0245]** A first upper toggle link **30022** defines mounting holes, **30022a** and **30022b**, for receiving the mounting pins, **30016a** and **30016b**, and includes a mounting pin **30022c** at one end. A first lower toggle link **30024** defines mounting holes, **30024a**, **30024b**, and **30024c**, for receiving the mounting pins, **30022c**, **30016c**, and **30016d**, respectively and includes an engagement arm **30024d**. A first trigger **30026** defines a mounting hole **30026a** for receiving the mounting pin **30016e** and includes an engagement arm **30026b** at one end, an engagement member **30026c**, and an engagement arm **30026d** at another end.

**[0246]** A second upper toggle link **30028** defines mounting holes, **30028a** and **30028b**, for receiving the mounting pins, **30018a** and **30018b**, and includes a mounting pin **30028c** at one end. A second lower toggle link **30030** defines mounting holes, **30030a**, **30030b**, and **30030c**, for receiving the mounting pins, **30028c**, **30018c**, and **30018d**, respectively and

includes an engagement arm **30030d**. A second trigger **30032** defines a mounting hole **30032a** for receiving the mounting pin **30018e** and includes an engagement arm **30032b** at one end, an engagement member **30032c**, and an engagement arm **30032d** at another end.

[0247] An end of a tubular spring housing **30034** that defines a longitudinal passage **30034a**, mounting holes, **30034b** and **30034c**, and mounting holes, **30034ba** and **30034ca**, and includes an internal flange **30034d** and an internal annular recess **30034e** at one end, and an internal flange **30034f**, an internal annular recess **30034g**, an internal annular recess **30034h**, and an external threaded connection **30034i** at another end receives and mates with the end of the tubular toggle bushing **30008**. Mounting screws, **30035a** and **30035b**, are mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, **30008xb** and **30008xa**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing **30008** and are received within the mounting holes, **30034ba** and **30034ca**, respectively, of the tubular spring housing **30034**.

[0248] A tubular retracting spring ring **30036** that defines mounting holes, **30036a** and **30036b**, receives and mates with a portion of the tubular lower mandrel **30006** and is received within and mates with a portion of the tubular spring housing **30034**. Mounting screws, **30038a** and **30038b**, are mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, **30036a** and **30036b**, respectively, of the tubular retracting spring ring **30036** and extend into the mounting holes, **30034b** and **30034c**, respectively, of the tubular spring housing **30034**.

[0249] Casing diameter sensor springs, **30040a** and **30040b**, are positioned within the longitudinal slots, **30008c** and **30008d**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing **30008** that engage the engagement members, **30026c** and **30032c**, and engagement arms, **30026d** and **30032d**, of the first and second triggers, **30026** and **30032**, respectively. An inner flange **30042a** of an end of a tubular spring washer **30042** mates with and receives a portion of the tubular lower mandrel **30006** and an end face of the inner flange of the tubular spring washer is positioned proximate and end face of the external flange **30006d** of the tubular lower mandrel. The tubular spring washer **30042** is further received within the longitudinal passage **30034a** of the tubular spring housing **30034**.

[0250] An end of a retracting spring **30044** that receives the tubular lower mandrel **30006** is positioned within the tubular spring washer **30042** in contact with the internal flange **30042a** of the tubular spring washer and the other end of the retracting spring is positioned in contact with an end face of the tubular retracting spring ring **30036**.

[0251] A sealing element **30046** is received within the external annular recess **30006j** of the tubular lower mandrel **30006** for sealing the interface between the tubular lower mandrel and the tubular spring housing **30034**. A sealing element **30048** is received within the internal annular recess **30034h** of the tubular spring housing **30034** for sealing the interface between the tubular spring housing and the tubular lower mandrel **30006**.

[0252] An internal threaded connection **30050a** of an end of a tubular upper hinge sleeve **30050** that includes an internal flange **30050b** and an internal pivot **30050c** receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection **30034i** of the end of the tubular spring housing **30034**.

[0253] An external flange **30052a** of a base member **30052b** of an upper cam assembly **30052**, that is mounted upon and receives the lower tubular mandrel **30006**, that

includes an internal flange **30052c** that is received within the external annular recess **30006e** of the lower tubular mandrel **30006** and a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart tapered cam arms **30052d** extending from the base member mates with and is received within the tubular upper hinge sleeve **30050**. The base member **30052b** of the upper cam assembly **30052** further includes a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart teeth **30052f** that mate with and are received within a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart teeth **30034j** provided on the end face of the tubular spring housing **30034** and an end face of the external flange **30052a** of the base member of the upper cam assembly is positioned in opposing relation to an end face of the internal flange **30050b** of the tubular upper hinge sleeve **30050**. Each of the cam arms **30052d** of the upper cam assembly **30052** include external cam surfaces **30052e**. In an exemplary embodiment, the teeth **30052f** of the base member **30052b** of the upper cam assembly **30052** and the teeth **30034j** provided on the end face of the tubular spring housing **30034** permit torsional loads to be transmitted between the tubular spring housing and the upper cam assembly.

[0254] A plurality of circumferentially spaced apart upper expansion segments **30054** are mounted upon and receive the lower tubular mandrel **30006** and each include an external pivot recess **30054a** at one end for mating with and receiving the internal pivot **30050c** of the tubular upper hinge sleeve **30050** and an external tapered expansion surface **30054b** at another end and are pivotally mounted within the tubular upper hinge sleeve and are interleaved with the circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **30052d** of the upper cam assembly **30052**. The upper expansion segments **30054** are interleaved among the cam arms **30052d** of the upper cam assembly **30052**.

[0255] A plurality of circumferentially spaced apart lower expansion segments **30058** are mounted upon and receive the lower tubular mandrel **30006**, are interleaved among the upper expansion segments **30054**, are oriented in the opposite direction to the upper expansion segments **30054**, each include an external pivot recess **30058a** at one end and an external tapered expansion surface **30054b** at another end and are positioned in opposing relation to corresponding circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **30052d** of the upper cam assembly **30052**.

[0256] A lower cam assembly **30060** is mounted upon and receives the lower tubular mandrel **30006** that includes a base member **30060a** having an external flange **30060b**, a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **30060d** that extend from the base member that each include external cam surfaces **30060e** and define mounting holes **30060f** and **30060g**. The base member **30060a** of the lower cam assembly **30060** further includes a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart teeth **30060h**. The circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **30060d** of the lower cam assembly **30060** are interleaved among the lower expansion segments **30058** and the circumferentially spaced apart cam arms **30052d** of the upper cam assembly **30052** and positioned in opposing relation to corresponding upper expansion segments **30054**.

[0257] Mounting screws, **30062a**, **30062b**, **30062c**, and **30062e**, are mounted within the corresponding mounting holes, **30060f** and **30060g**, of the lower cam assembly **30060** and are received within the external annular recess **30006g** of the lower cam assembly **30060**.

[0258] A tubular lower hinge sleeve **30064** that receives the lower expansion segments **30058** and the lower cam assembly

**30060** includes an internal flange **30064a** for engaging the external flange **30060b** of the base member of the lower cam assembly **30060**, an internal pivot **30064b** for engaging and receiving the external pivot recess **30058a** of the lower expansion segments **30058** thereby pivotally mounting the lower expansion segments within the tubular lower hinge sleeve, and an internal threaded connection **30064c**.

[0259] An external threaded connection **30066a** of an end of a tubular sleeve **30066** that defines mounting holes, **30066b** and **30066c**, and includes an internal annular recess **30066d** having a shoulder **30066e**, an internal flange **30066f**, and an internal threaded connection **30066g** at another end is received within and coupled to the internal threaded connection **30064c** of the tubular lower hinge sleeve **30064**. An external threaded connection **30068a** of an end of a tubular member **30068** that defines a longitudinal passage **30068b** and mounting holes, **30068c** and **30068d**, and includes an external annular recess **30068e**, and an external threaded connection **30068f** at another end is received within and is coupled to the internal threaded connection **30066g** of the tubular sleeve **30066**.

[0260] Mounting screws, **30070a** and **30070b**, are mounted in and coupled to the mounting holes, **30068c** and **30068d**, respectively, of the tubular member **30068** that also extend into the mounting holes, **30066b** and **30066c**, respectively, of the tubular sleeve **30066**. A sealing element **30072** is received within the external annular recess **30068e** of the tubular member **30068** for sealing the interface between the tubular member and the tubular sleeve **30066**.

[0261] An internal threaded connection **30074a** of a tubular retracting piston **30074** that defines a longitudinal passage **30074b** and includes an internal annular recess **30074c** and an external annular recess **30074d** receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection **30066i** of the tubular lower mandrel **30006**. A sealing element **30076** is received within the external annular recess **30074d** of the tubular retracting piston **30074** for sealing the interface between the tubular retracting piston and the tubular sleeve **30066**. A sealing element **30078** is received within the internal annular recess **30074c** of the tubular retracting piston **30074** for sealing the interface between the tubular retracting piston and the tubular lower mandrel **30006**.

[0262] Locking dogs **30080** mate with and receive the external teeth **30006h** of the tubular lower mandrel **30006**. A spacer ring **30082** is positioned between an end face of the locking dogs **30080** and an end face of the lower cam assembly **30060**. A release piston **30084** mounted upon the tubular lower mandrel **30006** defines a radial passage **30084a** for mounting a burst disk **30086** includes sealing elements, **30084b**, **30084c**, and **30084d**. The sealing elements, **30084b** and **30084d**, sealing the interface between the release piston **30084** and the tubular lower mandrel **30006**. An end face of the release piston **30084** is positioned in opposing relation to an end face of the locking dogs **30080**.

[0263] A release sleeve **30088** that receives and is mounted upon the locking dogs **30080** and the release piston **30084** includes an internal flange **30088a** at one end that sealingly engages the tubular lower mandrel **30006**. A bypass sleeve **30090** that receives and is mounted upon the release sleeve **30088** includes an internal flange **30090a** at one end.

[0264] In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30**, the retracting spring **30044** is compressed and thereby applies a biasing spring force in a direction **30092** from the lower

tubular mandrel **30006** to the tubular spring housing **30034** that, in the absence of other forces, moves and/or maintains the upper cam assembly **30052** and the upper expansion segments **30054** out of engagement with the lower expansion segments **30058** and the lower cam assembly **30060**. In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28**, an external threaded connection **20a** of an end of the sealing cup assembly **20** is coupled to the internal threaded connection **30002d** of the upper tubular tool joint **30002** and an internal threaded connection **30a** of an end of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30** is coupled to the external threaded connection **30068f** of the tubular member **30068**.

[0265] The upper cam assembly **30052** and the upper expansion segments **30054** may be brought into engagement with the lower expansion segments **30058** and the lower cam assembly **30060** by pressurizing an annulus **30094** defined between the lower tubular mandrel **30006** and the tubular spring housing **30034**. In particular, injection of fluidic materials into the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30** through the longitudinal passage **30006b** of the lower tubular mandrel **30006** and into the radial passage **30006ba** may pressurize the annulus **30094** thereby creating sufficient operating pressure to generate a force in a direction **30096** sufficient to overcome the biasing force of the retracting spring **30044**. As a result, the spring housing **30034** may be displaced in the direction **30096** relative to the lower tubular mandrel **30006** thereby displacing the tubular upper hinge sleeve **30050**, upper cam assembly **30052**, and upper expansion segments **30054** in the direction **30096**.

[0266] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **16P**, **16Q**, and **16R**, the displacement of the upper cam assembly **30052** and upper expansion segments **30054** in the direction **30096** will cause the lower expansion segments **30058** to ride up the cam surfaces **30052e** of the cam arms **30052d** of the upper cam assembly **30052** while also pivoting about the lower tubular hinge segment **30064**, and will also cause the upper expansion segments **30054** to ride up the cam surfaces **30060e** of the cam arms **30060d** of the lower cam assembly **30060** while also pivoting about the upper tubular hinge segment **30050**. In an exemplary embodiment, when the upper and lower expansion segments, **30054** and **30058**, are brought into axial alignment, they define an outer expansion surface that is approximately contiguous in a circumferential direction and which provides an outer expansion surface that at least approximates a conical surface.

[0267] In an exemplary embodiment, during the operation of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30**, when the upper and lower expansion segments, **30054** and **30058**, brought into axial alignment into a radially expanded position, the upper and lower expansion segments, **30054** and **30058**, are displaced relative to the expandable wellbore casing **100** to thereby radially expand and plastically deform at least a portion of the expandable wellbore casing. In an exemplary embodiment, during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable wellbore casing **100**, the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30** may then be rotated relative to the expandable wellbore casing to enhance and/or modify the rate at which the expandable wellbore casing is radially expanded and plastically deformed.

[0268] In an exemplary embodiment, the upper cam assembly **30052** and the upper expansion segments **30054** may be moved out of engagement with the lower expansion segments

**30058** and the lower cam assembly **30060** by reducing the operating pressure within the annulus **30094**.

[0269] In an alternative embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **16S**, **16T**, **16U** and **16V**, during operation of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30**, the upper cam assembly **30052** and the upper expansion segments **30054** may also be moved out of engagement with the lower expansion segments **30058** and the lower cam assembly **30060** by sensing the operating pressure within the longitudinal passage **30006b** of the lower tubular mandrel **30006**. In particular, as illustrated in FIG. **16T**, if the operating pressure within the longitudinal passage **30006b** and radial passage **30006bb** of the lower tubular mandrel **30006** exceeds a predetermined value, the burst disc **30086** will open the passage **30084a** thereby pressurizing the interior of the tubular release sleeve **30088** thereby displacing the tubular release sleeve **30088** downwardly in a direction **30092** away from engagement with the locking dogs **30080**.

[0270] As a result, as illustrated in FIG. **16U**, the locking dogs **30080** are displaced outwardly in the radial direction and thereby released from engagement with the lower tubular mandrel **30006** thereby permitting the lower expansion segments **30058** and the lower cam assembly **30060** to be displaced downwardly relative to the lower tubular mandrel.

[0271] As a result, as illustrated in FIG. **16V**, the operating pressure within the lower tubular mandrel **30066** may then cause the lower tubular mandrel to be displaced downwardly in the direction **30094** relative to the tubular lower mandrel **30006** and the retracting piston **30074**. As a result, the lower tubular mandrel **30066**, the lower expansion segments **30058**, the lower cam assembly **30060**, and tubular lower hinge sleeve **30064** are displaced downwardly in the direction **30094** relative to the tubular spring housing **30034** thereby moving the lower expansion segments **30058** and the lower cam assembly **30060** out of engagement with the upper cam assembly **30052** and the upper expansion segments **30054**.

[0272] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **16W**, **16X**, and **16Y**, during operation of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30**, the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly senses the diameter of the expandable wellbore casing **100** using the upper toggle links, **30022** and **30028**, lower toggle links, **30024** and **30030**, and triggers, **30026** and **30032**, and then prevents the engagement of the upper cam assembly **30052** and the upper expansion segments **30054** with the lower expansion segments **30058** and the lower cam assembly **30060**.

[0273] In particular, as illustrated in FIG. **16W**, anytime the upper toggle links, **30022** and **30028**, and lower toggle links, **30024** and **30030**, are positioned within a portion of the expandable wellbore casing **100** that has been radially expanded and plastically deformed by the system **10**, the triggers, **30026** and **30032**, will be pivoted by the engagement arms, **30024d** and **30030d**, of the lower toggle links, **30024** and **30030**, to a position in which the triggers will no longer engage the internal flange **30034d** of the end of the tubular spring housing **30034** thereby permitting the displacement of the tubular spring housing in the direction **30096**. As a result, the upper cam assembly **30052** and the upper expansion segments **30054** can be brought into engagement with the lower expansion segments **30058** and the lower cam assembly **30060**. In an exemplary embodiment, the upper toggle links, **30022** and **30028**, and the lower toggle links, **30024** and **30030**, are spring biased towards the position illustrated in FIG. **16W**.

[0274] Conversely, as illustrated in FIG. **16X**, anytime the upper toggle links, **30022** and **30028**, and lower toggle links, **30024** and **30030**, are positioned within a portion of the expandable wellbore casing **100** that has not been radially expanded and plastically deformed by the system **10**, the triggers, **30026** and **30032**, will be maintained in a position in which the triggers will engage the internal flange **30034d** of the end of the tubular spring housing **30034** thereby preventing the displacement of the tubular spring housing in the direction **30096**. As a result, the upper cam assembly **30052** and the upper expansion segments **30054** cannot be brought into engagement with the lower expansion segments **30058** and the lower cam assembly **30060**. In an exemplary embodiment, the triggers, **30026** and **30032**, are spring biased towards the position illustrated in FIG. **16X**.

[0275] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIG. **16Y**, the tubular spring housing **30034** may be displaced upwardly in the direction **30098** even if the upper toggle links, **30022** and **30028**, and lower toggle links, **30024** and **30030**, are positioned within a portion of the expandable wellbore casing **100** that has not been radially expanded and plastically deformed by the system **10**.

[0276] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **16Z1** to **16Z4**, **16AA1** to **16AA4**, **16AB1** to **16AB4**, **16AC1** to **16AC4**, **16AD**, and **16AE**, the tubular spring housing **30034** of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30** defines internal annular recesses **30034k** and **30034l**, spaced apart by an internal flange **30034m**, the tubular toggle bushing **30008** defines an external annular recess **30008ac**, and the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly further includes pins, **30100a** and **30100b** and **30102a** and **30102b**, mounted in holes **30008j** and **30008o** and **30008k** and **30008n**, respectively, of the tubular toggle bushing, and a one-shot deactivation device **30104** mounted on the tubular toggle bushing between the pins, **30100a** and **30100b** and **30102a** and **30102b**.

[0277] The one-shot deactivation device **30104** includes a tubular body **30104a** that defines radial holes, **30104b** and **30104c**, and includes an external annular recess **30104d** at one end, a centrally positioned external flange **30104e**, a centrally positioned internal annular recess **30104f**, and an external annular recess **30104g** at another end. An engagement member **30106** that includes a base member **30106a** having a tapered end **30106b** and a key member **30106c** having a tapered end **30106d** is received within a portion of the internal annular recess **30104f** of the tubular body **30104a** and an engagement member **30108** that includes a base member **30108a** having a tapered end **30108b** and a key member **30108c** having a tapered end **30108d** is received within an opposite portion of the internal annular recess **30104f** of the tubular body **30104a**. Spring members, **30110** and **30112**, are received within the annular recess **30104f** of the tubular body **30104a** for biasing the base members, base member **30106a** and **30108a**, of the engagement members, **30106** and **30108**, respectively, radially inwardly relative to the tubular body **30104a**.

[0278] In an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the adjustable bell section expansion cone assembly **28**, as illustrated in FIG. **16Z**, the one-shot deactivation device **30104** are positioned proximate and in intimate contact with the pins, **30102a** and **30102b**, with the tapered ends, **30106b** and **30108b**, of the base members, **30106a** and **30108a**, of the engagement members, **30106** and **30108**, received within the external annular recess **30008ac** of the tubular toggle bushing

**30008.** When the one-shot deactivation device **30104** is positioned as illustrated in FIG. **16Z**, the external annular recess **30104d** of the tubular body **30104a** of the one-shot deactivation device is moved out of engagement with the engagement arms, **30026d** and **30032d**, of the triggers, **30026** and **30032**, respectively. As a result, the triggers, **30026** and **30032**, may operate normally as described above with reference to FIGS. **16W**, **16X**, and **16Y**.

[**0279**] Conversely, in an exemplary embodiment, during operation of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30**, as illustrated in FIGS. **16AA1** to **16AA4**, the one-shot deactivation device **30104** are positioned proximate and in intimate contact with the pins, **30100a** and **30100b**, with the tapered ends, **30106b** and **30108b**, of the base members, **30106a** and **30108a**, of the engagement members, **30106** and **30108**, not received within the external annular recess **30008ac** of the tubular toggle bushing **30008**. When the one-shot deactivation device **30104** is positioned as illustrated in FIGS. **16AA1** to **16AA4**, the external annular recess **30104d** of the tubular body **30104a** of the one-shot deactivation device is moved into engagement with the engagement arms, **30026d** and **30032d**, of the triggers, **30026** and **30032**, respectively. As a result, the triggers, **30026** and **30032**, are deactivated and may not operate normally as described above with reference to FIGS. **16W**, **16X**, and **16Y**.

[**0280**] In an alternative embodiment, the elements of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30** that sense the diameter of the expandable wellbore casing **100** may be disabled or omitted or adjusted to sense any pre-selected internal diameter of the expandable wellbore casing.

[**0281**] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in **17A** to **17C**, the packer setting tool assembly **32** includes a tubular adaptor **3202** that defines a longitudinal passage **3202a**, radial external mounting holes, **3202b** and **3202c**, radial passages, **3202d** and **3202e**, and includes an external threaded connection **3202f** at one end and an internal annular recess **3202g** having an internal threaded connection at another end. An external threaded connection **3204a** of an end of a tubular upper mandrel **3204** that defines a longitudinal passage **3204b**, internally threaded external mounting holes, **3204c** and **3204d**, and includes an external annular recess **3204e**, external annular recess **3204f**, external annular recess **3204g**, external flange **3204h**, external splines **3204i**, and an internal threaded connection **3204j** at another end is received within and is coupled to the internally threaded connection of the internal annular recess **3202g** of the other end of the tubular adaptor **3202**. Mounting screws, **3205a** and **3205b**, are received within and coupled to the mounting holes, **3204c** and **3204d**, of the tubular upper mandrel **3204** that also extend into the radial passages, **3202d** and **3202e**, of the tubular adaptor **3202**.

[**0282**] An external threaded connection **3206a** of an end of a mandrel **3206** that defines a longitudinal passage **3206b** and includes an external annular recess **3206c** and an external annular recess **3206d** having an external threaded connection is received within and is coupled to the internal threaded connection **3204j** of the tubular upper mandrel **3204**. An internal threaded connection **3208a** of a tubular stinger **3208** that defines a longitudinal passage **3208b** and includes an external annular recess **3208c**, and an external tapered annular recess **3208d** and an engagement shoulder **3208e** at another end receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection of the external annular recess **3206d** of the man-

drel **3206**. A sealing member **3210** is mounted upon and coupled to the external annular recess **3206d** of the mandrel **3206**.

[**0283**] An internal flange **3212a** of a tubular key **3212** that includes an external annular recess **3212b** at one end and an internal annular recess **3212c** at another end is movably received within and engages the external annular recess **3204f** of the tubular upper mandrel **3204**. A garter spring **3214** is received within and engages the external annular recess **3212b** of the tubular key **3212**.

[**0284**] An end of a tubular bushing **3216** that defines a longitudinal passage **3216a** for receiving and mating with the upper mandrel **3204**, and radial passages, **3216b** and **3216c**, and includes an external threaded connection **3216d** at an intermediate portion, and an external flange **3216e**, an internal annular recess **3216f**, circumferentially spaced apart teeth **3216g**, and external flanges, **3216h** and **3216i**, at another end is received within and mates with the internal annular recess **3212c** of the tubular key **3212**. An internal threaded connection **3218a** of a tubular drag block body **3218** that defines a longitudinal passage **3218b** for receiving the tubular bushing **3216**, mounting holes, **3218c** and **3218d**, mounting holes, **3218e** and **3218f**, and includes an internal threaded connection **3218g** at one end, a centrally positioned external annular recess **3218h**, and an external threaded connection **3218i** at another end is received within and coupled to the external threaded connection **3216d** of the tubular bushing **3216**.

[**0285**] A first tubular keeper **3220** that defines mounting holes, **3220a** and **3220b**, is coupled to an end of the tubular drag block body **3218** by mounting screws, **3222a** and **3222b**, that are received within and are coupled to the mounting holes, **3218c** and **3218d**, of the tubular drag block body. A second tubular keeper **3224** that defines mounting holes, **3224a** and **3224b**, is coupled to an end of the tubular drag block body **3218** by mounting screws, **3226a** and **3226b**, that are received within and are coupled to the mounting holes, **3218e** and **3218f**, of the tubular drag block body.

[**0286**] Drag blocks, **3228** and **3230**, that are received within the external annular recess **3218h** of the tubular drag block body **3218**, include ends that mate with and are received within the end of the first tubular keeper **3220**, and other ends that mate with and are received within the end of the second tubular keeper **3224**. The drag blocks, **3228** and **3230**, further include internal annular recesses, **3228a** and **3230a**, respectively, that receive and mate with ends of springs, **3232** and **3234**, respectively. The springs, **3232** and **3234**, also receive and mate with the external annular recess **3218h** of the tubular drag block body **3218**.

[**0287**] An external threaded connection **3236a** of an end of a tubular releasing cap extension **3236** that defines a longitudinal passage **3236b** and includes an internal annular recess **3236c** and an internal threaded connection **3236d** at another end is received within and is coupled to the internal threaded connection **3218g** of the tubular drag block body **3218**. An external threaded connection **3238a** of an end of a tubular releasing cap **3238** that defines a longitudinal passage **3238b** and includes an internal annular recess **3238c** is received within and coupled to the internal threaded connection **3236d** of the tubular releasing cap extension **3236**. A sealing element **3240** is received within the internal annular recess **3238c** of the tubular releasing cap **3238** for fluidically sealing the interface between the tubular releasing cap and the upper mandrel **3204**.



[0288] An internal threaded connection 3242a of an end of a tubular setting sleeve 3242 that defines a longitudinal passage 3242b, radial passage 3242c, radial passages, 3242d and 3242e, radial passage 3242f, and includes an internal flange 3242g at another end receives the external threaded connection 3218i of the tubular drag block body 3218. An internal flange 3244a of a tubular coupling ring 3244 that defines a longitudinal passage 3244b and radial passages, 3244c and 3244d, receives and mates with the external flange 3216h of the tubular bushing 3216 and an end face of the internal flange of the tubular coupling ring is positioned proximate and in opposing relation to an end face of the external flange 3216i of the tubular bushing.

[0289] An internal flange 3246a of a tubular retaining collet 3246 that includes a plurality of axially extending collet fingers 3246b, each having internal flanges 3246c at an end of each collet finger, for engaging and receiving the tubular coupling ring 3244 receives and mates with external flange 3216e of the tubular bushing 3216 and an end face of the internal flange of the tubular retaining collet is positioned proximate and in opposing relation to an end face of the external flange 3216h of the tubular bushing.

[0290] In an exemplary embodiment, the packer assembly 36 operates and is provided substantially, at least in part, as disclosed in one or more of the following: (1) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/14153, attorney docket number 25791.104.02, filed on Nov. 13, 2003, (2) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US03/29460, attorney docket number 25791.114.02, filed on Sep. 23, 2003, and/or (3) PCT patent application serial number PCT/US04/007711, attorney docket number 25791.253.02, filed on Mar. 11, 2004, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

[0291] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 18-1 to 18-5, the packer assembly 36 includes a tubular upper adaptor 3602 that defines a longitudinal passage 3602a having a tapered opening 3602b and mounting holes, 3602c and 3602d, that includes a plurality of circumferentially spaced apart teeth 3602e at one end, an external flange 3602f, and an internal threaded connection 3602g at another end. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular upper adaptor 3602 is fabricated from aluminum. An external threaded connection 3604a of an end of a tubular upper mandrel 3604 that defines a longitudinal passage 3604b, mounting holes, 3604c and 3604d, mounting holes, 3604e and 3604f, and mounting holes, 3604g and 3604h, and includes an external flange 3604i, an internal annular recess 3604j, and an internal threaded connection 3604k at another end is received within and coupled to the internal threaded connection 3602g of the tubular upper adaptor 3602. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular upper mandrel 3604 is fabricated from aluminum.

[0292] An upper tubular spacer ring 3606 that defines mounting holes, 3606a and 3606b, receives and mates with the end of the tubular upper mandrel 3604 and includes an angled end face 3606c and another end face that is positioned proximate to an end face of the tubular upper adaptor 3602 is coupled to the tubular upper mandrel by shear pins, 3608a and 3608b, that are mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, 3604c and 3606a, and, 3604d and 3606b, respectively, of the tubular upper mandrel and upper tubular spacer ring, respectively. A lower tubular spacer ring 3610 that includes an angled end face 3610a receives, mates, and is coupled to the other end of the tubular upper mandrel 3604 and includes another end face that is positioned proximate to an end face of the external flange 3604i of the tubular upper mandrel 3604.

In an exemplary embodiment, the upper and tubular spacer rings, 3606 and 3610, are fabricated from a composite material.

[0293] An upper tubular slip 3612 that receives and is movably mounted upon the tubular upper mandrel 3604 defines a longitudinal passage 3612a having a tapered opening 3612b and includes external annular recesses, 3612c, 3612d, 3612e, 3612f, and 3612g, and an angled end face 3612h that mates with and is positioned proximate the angled end face 3606c of the upper tubular spacer ring 3606. Slip retaining bands, 3614a, 3614b, 3614c, 3614d, and 3614e, are received within and coupled to the external annular recesses, 3612c, 3612d, 3612e, 3612f, and 3612g, of the upper tubular slip 3612. A lower tubular slip 3616 that receives and is movably mounted upon the tubular upper mandrel 3604 defines a longitudinal passage 3616a having a tapered opening 3616b and includes external annular recesses, 3616c, 3616d, 3616e, 3616f, and 3616g, and an angled end face 3616h that mates with and is positioned proximate the angled end face 3610a of the lower tubular spacer ring 3610. Slip retaining bands, 3618a, 3618b, 3618c, 3618d, and 3618e, are received within and coupled to the external annular recesses, 3616c, 3616d, 3616e, 3616f, and 3616g, of the lower tubular slip 3616. In an exemplary embodiment, the upper and lower tubular slips, 3612 and 3616, are fabricated from composite materials, and at least some of the slip retaining bands, 3614a, 3614b, 3614c, 3614d, 3614e, 3618a, 3618b, 3618c, 3618d, and 3618e are fabricated from carbide insert materials.

[0294] An upper tubular wedge 3620 that defines a longitudinal passage 3620a for receiving the tubular upper mandrel 3604 and mounting holes, 3620b and 3620c, and includes an angled end face 3620d at one end that is received within and mates with the tapered opening 3612b of the upper tubular slip 3612, and an angled end face 3620e at another end is coupled to the tubular upper mandrel by shear pins, 3622a and 3622b, mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, 3604e and 3620b, and, 3604f and 3620c, respectively, of the tubular upper mandrel and upper tubular wedge, respectively. A lower tubular wedge 3624 that defines a longitudinal passage 3624a for receiving the tubular upper mandrel 3604 and mounting holes, 3624b and 3624c, and includes an angled end face 3624d at one end that is received within and mates with the tapered opening 3616b of the lower tubular slip 3616, and an angled end face 3624e at another end is coupled to the tubular upper mandrel by shear pins, 3626a and 3626b, mounted within and coupled to the mounting holes, 3604g and 3624b, and, 3604h and 3624c, respectively, of the tubular upper mandrel and lower tubular wedge, respectively. In an exemplary embodiment, the upper and lower tubular wedges, 3620 and 3624, are fabricated from composite materials.

[0295] An upper tubular extrusion limiter 3628 that defines a longitudinal passage 3628a for receiving the tubular upper mandrel 3604 includes an angled end face 3628b at one end that mates with the angled end face 3620e of the upper tubular wedge 3620, an angled end face 3628c at another end having recesses 3628d, and external annular recesses, 3628e, 3628f and 3628g. Retaining bands, 3630a, 3630b, and 3630c, are mounted within and coupled to the external annular recesses, 3628e, 3628f and 3628g, respectively, of the upper tubular extrusion limiter 3628. Circular disc-shaped extrusion preventers 3632 are coupled and mounted within the recesses 3628d. A lower tubular extrusion limiter 3634 that defines a longitudinal passage 3634a for receiving the tubular upper

mandrel **3604** includes an angled end face **3634b** at one end that mates with the angled end face **3624e** of the lower tubular wedge **3624**, an angled end face **3634c** at another end having recesses **3634d**, and external annular recesses, **3634e**, **3634f** and **3634g**. Retaining bands, **3636a**, **3636b**, and **3636c**, are mounted within and coupled to the external annular recesses, **3634e**, **3634f** and **3634g**, respectively, of the lower tubular extrusion limiter **3634**. Circular disc-shaped extrusion preventers **3638** are coupled and mounted within the recesses **3634d**. In an exemplary embodiment, the upper and lower extrusion limiters, **3628** and **3634**, are fabricated from composite materials.

[0296] An upper tubular elastomeric packer element **3640** that defines a longitudinal passage **3640a** for receiving the tubular upper mandrel **3604** includes an angled end face **3640b** at one end that mates with and is positioned proximate the angled end face **3628c** of the upper tubular extrusion limiter **3628** and an curved end face **3640c** at another end. A lower tubular elastomeric packer element **3642** that defines a longitudinal passage **3642a** for receiving the tubular upper mandrel **3604** includes an angled end face **3642b** at one end that mates with and is positioned proximate the angled end face **3634c** of the lower tubular extrusion limiter **3634** and an curved end face **3642c** at another end.

[0297] A central tubular elastomeric packer element **3644** that defines a longitudinal passage **3644a** for receiving the tubular upper mandrel **3604** includes a curved outer surface **3644b** for mating with and engaging the curved end faces, **3640c** and **3642c**, of the upper and lower tubular elastomeric packer elements, **3640** and **3642**, respectively.

[0298] An external threaded connection **3646a** of a tubular lower mandrel **3646** that defines a longitudinal passage **3646b** having throat passages, **3646c** and **3646d**, and flow ports, **3646e** and **3646f**, and a mounting hole **3646g**, and includes an internal annular recess **3646h** at one end, and an external flange **3646i**, internal annular recess **3646j**, and internal threaded connection **3646k** at another end. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular lower mandrel **3646** is fabricated from aluminum. A sealing element **3648** is received within the inner annular recess **3604j** of the other end of the tubular upper mandrel **3604** for sealing an interface between the tubular upper mandrel and the tubular lower mandrel **3646**.

[0299] A tubular sliding sleeve valve **3650** that defines a longitudinal passage **3650a** and radial flow ports, **3650b** and **3650c**, and includes collet fingers **3650d** at one end for engaging the internal annular recess **3646h** of the lower tubular mandrel **3646**, an external annular recess **3650e**, an external annular recess **3650f**, an external annular recess **3650g**, and circumferentially spaced apart teeth **3650h** at another end is received within and is slidably coupled to the longitudinal passage **3646b** of the tubular lower mandrel **3646**. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular sliding sleeve valve **3650** is fabricated from aluminum. A set screw **3652** is mounted within and coupled to the mounting hole **3646g** of the tubular lower mandrel **3646** that is received within the external annular recess **3650e** of the tubular sliding sleeve **3650**. Sealing elements, **3654** and **3656**, are mounted within the external annular recesses, **3650f** and **3650g**, respectively, of the tubular sliding sleeve valve **3650** for sealing an interface between the tubular sliding sleeve valve and the tubular lower mandrel **3646**.

[0300] An end of a tubular outer sleeve **3658** that defines a longitudinal passage **3658a**, radial passages, **3658b** and **3658c**, upper flow ports, **3658d** and **3658e**, lower flow ports,

**3658f** and **3658g**, and radial passages, **3658h** and **3658i**, receives, mates with, and is coupled to the other end of the tubular upper mandrel **3604** and an end face of the end of the tubular outer sleeve is positioned proximate and end face of the lower tubular spacer ring **3610**. The other end of the tubular outer sleeve **3658** receives, mates with, and is coupled to the other end of the tubular lower mandrel **3646**.

[0301] An external threaded connection **3660a** of an end of a tubular bypass mandrel **3660** that defines a longitudinal passage **3660b**, upper flow ports, **3660c** and **3660d**, lower flow ports, **3660e** and **3660f**, and a mounting hole **3660g** and includes an internal annular recess **3660h** and an external threaded connection **3660i** at another end is received within and coupled to the internal threaded connection **3646k** of the tubular lower mandrel **3646**. A sealing element **3662** is received within the internal annular recess **3646j** of the tubular lower mandrel **3646** for sealing an interface between the tubular lower mandrel and the tubular bypass mandrel **3660**.

[0302] A tubular plug seat **3664** that defines a longitudinal passage **3664a** having a tapered opening **3664b** at one end, and flow ports, **3664c** and **3664d**, and includes an external annular recess **3664e**, an external annular recess **3664f**, an external annular recess **3664g**, an external annular recess **3664h**, and an external annular recess **3664i** having an external threaded connection at another end is received within and is movably coupled to the longitudinal passage **3660b** of the tubular bypass mandrel **3660**. A tubular nose **3666** is threadably coupled to and mounted upon the external annular recess **3664i** of the tubular plug seat **3664**. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular plug seat **3664** is fabricated from aluminum. Sealing elements, **3668**, **3670**, and **3672**, are received within the external annular recesses, **3664e**, **3664g**, and **3664h**, respectively, of the tubular plug seat **3664** for sealing an interface between the tubular plug seat and the tubular bypass mandrel **3660**. A set screw **3674** is mounted within and coupled to the mounting hole **3660g** of the tubular bypass mandrel **3660** that is received within the external annular recess **3664f** of the tubular plug seat **3664**.

[0303] An end of a tubular bypass sleeve **3676** that defines a longitudinal passage **3676a** and includes an internal annular recess **3676b** at one end and an internal threaded connection **3676c** at another end is coupled to the other end of the tubular outer sleeve **3658** and mates with and receives the tubular bypass mandrel **3660**. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular bypass sleeve **3676** is fabricated from aluminum.

[0304] An external threaded connection **3678a** of a tubular valve seat **3678** that defines a longitudinal passage **3678b** including a valve seat **3678c** and up-jet flow ports, **3678d** and **3678e**, and includes a spring retainer **3678f** and an external annular recess **3678g** is received within and is coupled to the internal threaded connection **3676c** of the tubular bypass sleeve **3676**. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular valve seat **3678** is fabricated from aluminum. A sealing element **3680** is received within the external annular recess **3678g** of the tubular valve seat **3678** for fluidically sealing an interface between the tubular valve seat and the tubular bypass sleeve **3676**.

[0305] A poppet valve **3682** mates with and is positioned within the valve seat **3678c** of the tubular valve seat **3678**. An end of the poppet valve **3682** is coupled to an end of a stem bolt **3684** that is slidingly supported for longitudinal displacement by the spring retainer **3678f**. A valve spring **3686** that surrounds a portion of the stem bolt **3684** is positioned in opposing relation to the head of the stem bolt and a support

**3678/a** of the spring retainer **3678/f** for biasing the poppet valve **3682** into engagement with the valve seat **3678/c** of the tubular valve seat **3678**.

[0306] An end of a composite nose **3688** that defines a longitudinal passage **3688a** and mounting holes, **3688b** and **3688c**, and includes an internal threaded connection **3688d** at another end receives, mates with, and is coupled to the other end of the tubular valve seat **3678**. A tubular nose sleeve **3690** that defines mounting holes, **3690a** and **3690b**, is coupled to the composite nose **3688** by shear pins, **3692a** and **3692b**, that are mounted in and coupled to the mounting holes, **3688b** and **3690a**, and, **3688c** and **3690b**, respectively, of the composite nose and tubular nose sleeve, respectively.

[0307] An external threaded connection **3694a** of a baffle nose **3694** that defines longitudinal passages, **3694b** and **3694c**, is received within and is coupled to the internal threaded connection internal threaded connection **3688d** of the composite nose **3688**.

[0308] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **19A1** to **19A5**, during the operation of the packer setting tool assembly **32** and packer assembly **36**, the packer setting tool and packer assembly are coupled to one another by inserting the end of the tubular upper adaptor **3602** into the other end of the tubular coupling ring **3244**, bringing the circumferentially spaced teeth **3216g** of the other end of the tubular bushing **3216** into engagement with the circumferentially spaced teeth **3602e** of the end of the tubular upper adaptor, and mounting shear pins, **36100a** and **36100b**, within the mounting holes, **3244c** and **3602c**, and, **3244d** and **3602d**, respectively, of the tubular coupling ring and tubular upper adaptor, respectively. As a result, the tubular mandrel **3206** and tubular stinger **3208** of the packer setting tool assembly **32** are thereby positioned within the longitudinal passage **3604a** of the tubular upper mandrel **3604** with the **3208e** of the tubular stinger positioned within the longitudinal passage **3646b** of the tubular lower mandrel **3646** proximate the collet fingers **3650d** of the tubular sliding sleeve valve **3650**.

[0309] Furthermore, in an exemplary embodiment, during the operation of the packer setting tool **32** and packer assembly **36**, as illustrated in FIGS. **19A1** to **19A5**, the packer setting tool and packer assembly are positioned within the expandable wellbore casing **100** and an internal threaded connection **30a** of an end of the adjustable casing expansion cone assembly **30** receives and is coupled to the external threaded connection **3202f** of the end of the tubular adaptor **3202** of the packer setting tool assembly. Furthermore, shear pins, **36102a** and **36102b**, mounted within the mounting holes, **3658b** and **3658c**, of the tubular outer sleeve **3658** couple the tubular outer sleeve to the expandable wellbore casing. As a result, torsion loads may transferred between the tubular outer sleeve **3658** and the expandable wellbore casing **100**.

[0310] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **19B1** to **19B5**, a conventional plug **36104** is then injected into the setting tool assembly **32** and packer assembly **36** by injecting a fluidic material **36106** into the setting tool assembly and packer assembly through the longitudinal passages, **3202a**, **3204b**, **3206b**, **3208b**, **3650a**, **3646a**, **3660b**, and **3664a** of the tubular adaptor **3202**, tubular upper mandrel **3204**, tubular mandrel **3206**, tubular stinger **3208**, tubular sliding sleeve valve **3650**, tubular lower mandrel **3646**, tubular bypass mandrel **3660**, and tubular plug seat **3664**, respectively. The plug **36104** is thereby positioned within the longitudinal passage **3664a** of the tubular plug seat **3664**.

Continued injection of the fluidic material **36106** following the seating of the plug **1606** within the longitudinal passage **3664a** of the tubular plug seat **3664** causes the plug and the tubular plug seat to be displaced downwardly in a direction **36108** until further movement of the tubular plug seat is prevented by interaction of the set screw **3674** with the external annular recess **3664f** of the tubular plug seat. As a result, the flow ports, **3664c** and **3664d**, of the tubular plug seat **3664** are moved out of alignment with the upper flow ports, **3660c** and **3660d**, of the tubular bypass mandrel **3660**.

[0311] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. **19C1** to **19C5**, after the expandable wellbore casing **100** has been radially expanded and plastically deformed to form at least the bell section **112** of the expandable wellbore casing **100** thereby shearing the shear pins, **36102a** and **36102b**, the setting tool assembly **32** and packer assembly **36** are then moved upwardly to a position within the expandable wellbore casing **100** above the bell section. The tubular adaptor **3202** is then rotated, by rotating the tool string of the system **10** above the setting tool assembly **32**, to displace and position the drag blocks, **3228** and **3230**, into engagement with the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing **100**.

[0312] As a result of the engagement of the drag blocks, **3228** and **3230**, with the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing **100**, further rotation of the drag blocks relative to the wellbore casing is prevented. Consequently, due to the operation and interaction of the threaded connections, **3216d** and **3218a**, of the tubular bushing **3216** and tubular drag block body **3218**, respectively, further rotation of the tubular adaptor **3202** causes the tubular drag block body and setting sleeve **3242** to be displaced downwardly in a direction **36112** relative to the remaining elements of the setting tool assembly **32** and packer assembly **36**. As a result, the setting sleeve **3242** engages and displaces the upper tubular spacer ring **3606** thereby shearing the shear pins, **3622a** and **3622b**, and driving the upper tubular slip **3612** onto and up the angled end face **3620d** of the upper tubular wedge **3620** and into engagement with the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing **100**. As a result, longitudinal displacement of the upper tubular slip **3612** relative to the expandable wellbore casing **100** is prevented. Furthermore, as a result, the **3246b** collet fingers of the tubular retaining collet **3246** are disengaged from the tubular upper adaptor **3602**.

[0313] In an alternative embodiment, after the drag blocks, **3228** and **3230**, engage the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing **100**, an upward tensile force is applied to the tubular support member **12**, and the ball gripper assembly **16** is then operate to engage the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing. The tension actuator assembly **18** is then operated to apply an upward tensile force to the tubular adaptor **3202** thereby pulling the upper tubular spacer ring **3606**, lower tubular spacer ring **3610**, upper tubular slip **3612**, lower tubular slip **3616**, upper tubular wedge **3620**, lower tubular wedge **3624**, upper tubular extrusion limiter **3628**, lower tubular extrusion limiter **3634**, and central tubular elastomeric element **3644** upwardly into contact with the **3242** thereby compressing the upper tubular spacer ring, lower tubular spacer ring, upper tubular slip, lower tubular slip, upper tubular wedge, lower tubular wedge, upper tubular extrusion limiter, lower tubular extrusion limiter, and central tubular elastomeric element. As a result, the upper tubular slip **3612**, lower tubular slip **3616**, and central tubular elastomeric element **3644** engage the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing **100**.

[0314] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 19D1 to 19D5, an upward tensile force is then applied to the tubular adaptor 3202 thereby compressing the lower tubular slip 3616, lower tubular wedge 3624, central elastomeric packer element 3644, upper tubular extrusion limiter 3628, and upper tubular wedge 3620 between the lower tubular spacer ring 3610 and the stationary upper tubular slip 3612. As a result, the lower tubular slip 3616 is driven onto and up the angled end face 3624d of the lower tubular wedge 3624 and into engagement with the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing 100, and the central elastomeric packer element 3644 is compressed radially outwardly into engagement with the interior surface of the expandable tubular member. As a result, further longitudinal displacement of the upper tubular slip 3612, lower tubular slip 3616, and central elastomeric packer element 3644 relative to the expandable wellbore casing 100 is prevented.

[0315] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 19E1 to 19E6, continued application of the upward tensile force to tubular adaptor 3202 will then shear the shear pins, 1602a and 1602b, thereby disengaging the setting tool assembly 32 from the packer assembly 36.

[0316] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 19F1 to 19F6, with the drag blocks, 3228 and 3230, in engagement with the interior surface of the expandable wellbore casing 100, the tubular adaptor 102 is further rotated thereby causing the tubular drag block body 3218 and setting sleeve 3242 to be displaced further downwardly in the direction 1612 until the tubular drag block body and setting sleeve are disengaged from the tubular stinger 3208. As a result, the tubular stinger 3208 of the setting tool assembly 32 may then be displaced downwardly into complete engagement with the tubular sliding sleeve valve 3650.

[0317] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 19G1 to 19G6, a fluidic material 36114 is then injected into the setting tool assembly 32 and the packer assembly 36 through the longitudinal passages 3202a, 3204b, 3206b, 3208b, 3604b, 3650a, and 3646b of the tubular adaptor 3202, tubular upper mandrel 3204, tubular mandrel 3206, tubular stinger 3208, tubular upper mandrel 3604, tubular sliding sleeve valve 3650, and tubular lower mandrel 3646, respectively. Because, the plug 36104 is seated within and blocks the longitudinal passage 3664a of the tubular plug seat 3664, the longitudinal passages 3604b, 3650a, and 3646b of the tubular upper mandrel 3604, tubular sliding sleeve valve 3650, and tubular lower mandrel 3646 are pressurized thereby displacing the tubular upper adaptor 3602 and tubular upper mandrel 3604 downwardly until the end face of the tubular upper mandrel impacts the end face of the upper tubular spacer ring 3606.

[0318] In an exemplary embodiment, as illustrated in FIGS. 19H1 to 19H5, the setting tool assembly 32 is brought back into engagement with the packer assembly 36 until the engagement shoulder 3208e of the other end of the tubular stinger 3208 engages the collet fingers 3650d of the end of the tubular sliding sleeve valve 3650. As a result, further downward displacement of the tubular stinger 3208 displaces the tubular sliding sleeve valve 3650 downwardly until the radial flow ports, 3650b and 3650c, of the tubular sliding sleeve valve are aligned with the flow ports, 3646e and 3646f, of the tubular lower mandrel 3646. A hardenable fluidic sealing material 36116 may then be injected into the setting tool assembly 32 and the packer assembly 36 through the longitudinal passages 3202a, 3204b, 3206b, 3208b, and 3650a of

the tubular adaptor 3202, tubular upper mandrel 3204, tubular mandrel 3206, tubular stinger 3208, and tubular sliding sleeve valve 3650, respectively. The hardenable fluidic sealing material may then flow out of the packer assembly 36 through the upper flow ports, 3658d and 3658e, into the annulus between the expandable wellbore casing 100 and the wellbore 102.

[0319] The tubular sliding sleeve valve 3650 may then be returned to its original position, with the radial flow ports, 3650b and 3650c, of the tubular sliding sleeve valve out of alignment with the flow ports, 3646e and 3646f, of the tubular lower mandrel 3646. The hardenable fluidic sealing material 36116 may then be allowed to cure before, during, or after the continued operation of the system 10 to further radially expand and plastically deform the expandable wellbore casing.

[0320] In an exemplary embodiment, the system 10 is provided as illustrated in Appendix A to the present application.

[0321] An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member has been described that includes a support member, a cutting device for cutting the tubular member coupled to the support member, and an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device comprises a plurality of movable gripping elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, if the tubular member is displaced in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and, if the tubular member is displaced in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping

ments do engage the tubular member; and wherein, the gripping elements are biased to remain in the first position. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device further includes an actuator for moving the gripping elements from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein the actuator is a fluid powered actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sealing device for sealing an interface with the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sealing device seals an annulus defines between the support member and the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a packer assembly coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer assembly includes a packer; and a packer control device for controlling the operation of the packer coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes: a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer control device includes a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the packer. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve positioned within the passage of the support member; and wherein the packer control device includes: a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the sliding sleeve valve. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator for displacing the expansion device relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a first actuator for pulling the expansion device; and a second actuator for pushing the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the first and second actuators include means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a plurality of pistons positioned within corresponding piston chambers. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being

moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting elements includes a first set of cutting elements; and a second set of cutting elements; wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the expansion devices includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

[0322] An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member has been described that includes a support member, an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member, and an actuator coupled to the support member for displacing the expansion device relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a cutting device coupled to the support member for cutting the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting elements include a first set of cutting elements; and a second set of cutting elements; wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device includes a plurality of movable gripping elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction relative to the sup-

port member. In an exemplary embodiment, if the tubular member is displaced in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, the gripping elements are biased to remain in the first position. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device further includes an actuator for moving the gripping elements from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein the actuator is a fluid powered actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sealing device for sealing an interface with the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sealing device seals an annulus defined between the support member and the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a packer assembly coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer assembly includes a packer; and a packer control device for controlling the operation of the packer coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer control device includes a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the packer. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve positioned within the passage of the support member; and wherein the packer control device comprises: a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the sliding sleeve valve. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a

first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the expansion devices includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

**[0323]** An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member has been described that includes a support member; an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and a sealing assembly for sealing an annulus defined between the support member and the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device includes a plurality of movable gripping elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping

elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the if the tubular member is displaced in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, the gripping elements are biased to remain in the first position. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device further includes an actuator for moving the gripping elements from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein the actuator is a fluid powered actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a packer assembly coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer assembly includes a packer; and a packer control device for controlling the operation of the packer coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer control device includes a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the packer. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve positioned within the passage of the support member; and wherein the packer control device includes a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the sliding sleeve valve. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator for displacing the expansion device relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a first actuator for pulling the expansion device; and a second actuator for pushing the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the first and second actuators comprise means

for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a plurality of pistons positioned within corresponding piston chambers. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting elements include a first set of cutting elements; and a second set of cutting elements; wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the expansion devices includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member.

In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

**[0324]** An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member has been described that includes a support member; a first expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and a second expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device includes a plurality of movable gripping elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, if the tubular member is displaced in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, the gripping ele-



ments are biased to remain in the first position. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device further includes an actuator for moving the gripping elements from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein the actuator is a fluid powered actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sealing device for sealing an interface with the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sealing device seals an annulus defines between the support member and the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a packer assembly coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer assembly includes a packer; and a packer control device for controlling the operation of the packer coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer control device includes a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the packer. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve positioned within the passage of the support member; and wherein the packer control device comprises: a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the sliding sleeve valve. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator for displacing the expansion device relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a first actuator for pulling the expansion device; and a second actuator for pushing the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the first and second actuators include means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a plurality of pistons positioned within corresponding piston chambers. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a cutting device for cutting the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an

exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting elements include a first set of cutting elements; and a second set of cutting elements; wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the first second expansion devices include a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the first and second expansion devices comprise a plurality of expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the first and second expansion device comprise an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

[0325] An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member has been described that includes a support member; an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and a packer coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device comprises a plurality of movable gripping elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, if the tubular member is displaced in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, the gripping elements are biased to remain in the first position. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device further includes an actuator for moving the gripping elements from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein the actuator is a fluid powered actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sealing device for sealing an interface with the tubular member coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sealing device seals an annulus defines between the support member and the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer assembly includes a packer; and a packer

control device for controlling the operation of the packer coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer control device includes a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the packer. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve positioned within the passage of the support member; and wherein the packer control device includes a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the sliding sleeve valve. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator for displacing the expansion device relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a first actuator for pulling the expansion device; and a second actuator for pushing the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the first and second actuators include means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a plurality of pistons positioned within corresponding piston chambers. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a cutting device coupled to the support member for cutting the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting elements include a first set of cutting elements; and a second set of cutting elements; wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position,

the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the expansion devices comprises an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

[0326] An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member has been described that includes a support member; a cutting device for cutting the tubular member coupled to the support member; a gripping device for gripping the tubular member coupled to the support member; a sealing device for sealing an interface with the tubular member coupled to the support member; a locking device for locking the position of the tubular member relative to the support member; a first adjustable expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; a second adjustable expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; a packer coupled to the support member; and an actuator for displacing one or more of the sealing assembly, first and second adjustable expansion devices, and packer relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the grip-

ping device includes a plurality of movable gripping elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction relative to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, if the tubular member is displaced in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and wherein, if the tubular member is displaced in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, the gripping elements are biased to remain in the first position. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping device further includes an actuator for moving the gripping elements from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein the actuator is a fluid powered actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the sealing device seals an annulus defines between the support member and the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer assembly includes a packer; and a packer control device for controlling the operation of the packer coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer control device includes a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the packer. In an exemplary embodiment, the packer includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements

movably coupled to the support member; and a sliding sleeve valve positioned within the passage of the support member; and wherein the packer control device includes a support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the support member; and a stinger coupled to the support member for engaging the sliding sleeve valve. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a first actuator for pulling the expansion device; and a second actuator for pushing the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the first and second actuators include means for transferring torsional loads between the support member and the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator includes a plurality of pistons positioned within corresponding piston chambers. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting device includes a support member; and a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting elements include a first set of cutting elements; and a second set of cutting elements; wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices include a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices comprise a plurality

of expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices include a support member; and a plurality of movable expansion elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the expansion elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the expansion elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the expansion elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the expansion elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion elements include a first set of expansion elements; and a second set of expansion elements; wherein the first set of expansion elements are interleaved with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of expansion elements are not axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of expansion elements are axially aligned with the second set of expansion elements.

**[0327]** An apparatus for cutting a tubular member has been described that includes a support member; and a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting elements include a first set of cutting elements; and a second set of cutting elements; wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.

**[0328]** An apparatus for engaging a tubular member has been described that includes a support member; and a plurality of movable elements coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the elements between a first position and a second position; wherein in the first position, the elements do not engage the tubular member; and wherein in the second position, the elements engage the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the sensor prevents the elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, the elements

include a first set of elements; and a second set of elements; wherein the first set of elements are interleaved with the second set of elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the first position, the first set of elements are not axially aligned with the second set of elements. In an exemplary embodiment, in the second position, the first set of elements are axially aligned with the second set of elements.

**[0329]** An apparatus for gripping a tubular member has been described that includes a plurality of movable gripping elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction. In an exemplary embodiment, in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and wherein, in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes an actuator for moving the gripping elements. In an exemplary embodiment, the gripping elements include a plurality of separate and distinct gripping elements.

**[0330]** An actuator has been described that includes a tubular housing; a tubular piston rod movably coupled to and at least partially positioned within the housing; a plurality of annular piston chambers defined by the tubular housing and the tubular piston rod; and a plurality of tubular pistons coupled to the tubular piston rod, each tubular piston movably positioned within a corresponding annular piston chamber. In an exemplary embodiment, the actuator further includes means for transmitting torsional loads between the tubular housing and the tubular piston rod.

**[0331]** An apparatus for controlling a packer has been described that includes a tubular support member; one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the tubular support member; and a tubular stinger coupled to the tubular support member for engaging the packer. In an exemplary embodiment, the apparatus further includes a tubular sleeve coupled to the drag blocks. In an exemplary embodiment, the tubular support member includes one or more axially aligned teeth for engaging the packer.

**[0332]** A packer has been described that includes a support member defining a passage; a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member; one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support

member; and a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member.

**[0333]** A method of radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole having a preexisting wellbore casing has been described that includes positioning the tubular member within the borehole in overlapping relation to the wellbore casing; radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprising a portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the wellbore casing; wherein the inside diameter of the bell section is greater than the inside diameter of the radially expanded and plastically deformed portion of the tubular member above the bell section. In an exemplary embodiment, radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section includes positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member; supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole; lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the expandable tubular member, wherein  $n$  is greater than or equal to 1.

**[0334]** A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing has been described that includes positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole; lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member  $m$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $m$  portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; positioning the adjustable expansion device within a second expandable tubular member; supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**[0335]** A method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole has been described that includes positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member; supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole; lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the expandable tubular member within the borehole; and pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member

above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**[0336]** A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing has been described that includes positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole; lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member  $m$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $m$  portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; positioning the adjustable expansion mandrel within a second expandable tubular member; supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion mandrel within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; lowering the adjustable expansion mandrel out of the second expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion mandrel; displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole; and pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion mandrel during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**[0337]** A method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole has been described that includes positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member; supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0338]** A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing has been described that includes positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; increasing

the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the first expandable tubular member; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; and displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0339]** A method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole has been described that includes positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member; supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member; pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; and pressurizing an interior region of the

expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0340]** A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing has been described that includes positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the first expandable tubular member; pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member; supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member; decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; and pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member

above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0341]** A method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole has been described that includes supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole; increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; and displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device after the portion of the expandable tubular member has been radially expanded and plastically deformed. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes fluidically sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member after reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator after fluidically sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the expandable tubular member and a preexisting structure after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform another portion of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes if the end of the other portion of the expandable tubular member overlaps with a preexisting structure, then not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator; and displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform the end of the other portion of the expandable tubular member that overlaps with the preexisting structure.

**[0342]** A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing within a borehole that includes a preexisting wellbore casing has been described that includes supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole; increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member; and displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member and a portion of the pre-

existing wellbore casing that overlaps with an end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device after the portion of the expandable tubular member has been radially expanded and plastically deformed. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes fluidically sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member after reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator after fluidically sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the expandable tubular member and the borehole after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator; and displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform the end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing after not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator.

**[0343]** A method of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member has been described that includes positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure; radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section. In an exemplary embodiment, positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure includes locking the tubular member to an expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the outside diameter of the expansion device is less than the inside diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is positioned within the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the expansion devices includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section includes lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member; and pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member includes lowering the expansion device out of the end of the tubular member; and adjusting the size of the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of adjustable expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes gripping the tubular member; and pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, gripping the tubular member includes permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure includes pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section includes fluidically sealing an end of the tubular member; and pulling the expansion device through the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is adjustable. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes gripping the tubular member; and pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular

member; and adjusting the size of the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of adjustable expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes gripping the tubular member; and pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, gripping the tubular member includes permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section includes lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member; and pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member includes lowering the expansion device out of the end of the tubular member; and adjusting the size of the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of adjustable expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes gripping the tubular member; and pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, gripping the tubular member includes permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure includes pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section includes fluidically sealing an end of the tubular member; and pulling the expansion device through the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is adjustable. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes gripping the tubular member; and pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular



member. In an exemplary embodiment, gripping the tubular member includes permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure includes pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section includes overlapping the portion of the tubular member above the bell section with an end of a preexisting tubular member; and pulling an expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is adjustable. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of adjustable expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member includes gripping the tubular member; and pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, gripping the tubular member includes permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member includes pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member using an actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member includes pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member using fluid pressure. In an exemplary embodiment, pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the preexisting tubular member using fluid pressure includes pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes cutting an end of the portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the preexisting tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes removing the cut off end of the expandable tubular member from the preexisting structure. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the expandable tubular member and the preexisting structure. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes cutting off an end of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes removing the cut off end of the expandable tubular member from the preexisting structure.

**[0344]** A method of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member has been described that includes applying internal pressure to the inside surface of the tubular member at a plurality of discrete location separated from one another.

**[0345]** A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole having a preexisting wellbore casing has been described that includes means for positioning the tubular member within the borehole in overlapping relation to the wellbore casing; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprising a portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the wellbore casing; wherein the inside diameter of the bell section is greater than the inside diameter of the radially expanded and plastically deformed portion of the tubular member above the bell section. In an exemplary embodiment, means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section includes means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member; means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole; means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the expandable tubular member, wherein  $n$  is greater than or equal to 1.

**[0346]** A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing has been described that includes means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole; means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member  $m$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $m$  portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; means for positioning the adjustable expansion device within a second expandable tubular member; means for supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**[0347]** A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole has been described that includes means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member; means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole; means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside

dimension of the adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the expandable tubular member within the borehole; and means for pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**[0348]** A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing has been described that includes means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole; means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member  $m$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $m$  portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; means for pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole; means for positioning the adjustable expansion mandrel within a second expandable tubular member; means for supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion mandrel within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; means for lowering the adjustable expansion mandrel out of the second expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion mandrel; means for displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole; and means for pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion mandrel during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**[0349]** A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole has been described that includes means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member; means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; wherein the outside dimension

of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0350]** A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing has been described that includes means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the first expandable tubular member; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; and means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0351]** A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole has been described that includes means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within the expandable tubular member; means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the expandable tubular member; means for pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device

during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; and means for pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0352]** A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing has been described that includes means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a first expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within a borehole; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the first expandable tubular member; means for pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the expandable tubular member; means for pressurizing an interior region of the first expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the first expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the first expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; means for positioning first and second adjustable expansion devices within a second expandable tubular member; means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the first and second adjustable expansion devices within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member; means for lowering the first adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member; means for increasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform a lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; means for

pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the first adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the first adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the first adjustable expansion device and the second adjustable expansion device downwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member; means for decreasing the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device and increasing the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the second adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member; and means for pressurizing an interior region of the second expandable tubular member above the second adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion of the portions of the second expandable tubular member above the lower portion of the second expandable tubular member by the second adjustable expansion device; wherein the outside dimension of the first adjustable expansion device is greater than the outside dimension of the second adjustable expansion device.

**[0353]** A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole has been described that includes means for supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole; means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device after the portion of the expandable tubular member has been radially expanded and plastically deformed. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for fluidically sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member after reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator after fluidically sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the expandable tubular member and a preexisting structure after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, system further includes means for displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform another portion of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes if the end of the other portion of the expandable tubular member overlaps with a preexisting structure, then means for not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator; and

means for displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform the end of the other portion of the expandable tubular member that overlaps with the preexisting structure.

[0354] A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing within a borehole that includes a preexisting wellbore casing has been described that includes means for supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole; means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member and a portion of the preexisting wellbore casing that overlaps with an end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device after the portion of the expandable tubular member has been radially expanded and plastically deformed. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for fluidically sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member after reducing the size of the adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator after fluidically sealing the radially expanded and plastically deformed end of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the expandable tubular member and the borehole after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device after permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator; and means for displacing the adjustable expansion cone upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform the end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member that overlaps with the preexisting wellbore casing after not permitting the position of the expandable tubular member to float relative to the position of the hydraulic actuator.

[0355] A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member has been described that includes means for positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure; means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell

section. In an exemplary embodiment, positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure includes means for locking the tubular member to an expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the outside diameter of the expansion device is less than the inside diameter of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is positioned within the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the expansion devices includes an adjustable expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section includes means for lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member; and means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, means for lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member includes means for lowering the expansion device out of the end of the tubular member; and means for adjusting the size of the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of adjustable expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes means for gripping the tubular member; and means for pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, means for gripping the tubular member includes means for permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and means for not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section includes means for lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member; and means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, means for lowering an expansion device out of an end of the tubular member includes means for lowering the expansion device out of the end of the tubular member; and means for adjusting the size of the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the adjustable expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device comprises a plurality of adjustable expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes means for gripping the tubular member; and means for pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, means for gripping the tubular member includes means for permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and means for not permit-

ting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure includes means for pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section includes means for fluidically sealing an end of the tubular member; and means for pulling the expansion device through the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is adjustable. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of adjustable expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes means for gripping the tubular member; and means for pulling an expansion device through an end of the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, means for gripping the tubular member includes means for permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a first direction; and means for not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using an actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member includes means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the end of the tubular member using fluid pressure includes means for pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section includes means for overlapping the portion of the tubular member above the bell section with an end of a pre-existing tubular member; and means for pulling an expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the pre-existing tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is adjustable. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, the expansion device includes a plurality of adjustable expansion devices. In an exemplary embodiment, at least one of the adjustable expansion devices is adjustable to a plurality of sizes. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the pre-existing tubular member includes means for gripping the tubular member; and means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the pre-existing tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, means for gripping the tubular member includes means for permitting axial displacement of the

tubular member in a first direction; and means for not permitting axial displacement of the tubular member in a second direction. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the pre-existing tubular member includes means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the pre-existing tubular member using an actuator. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the pre-existing tubular member includes means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the pre-existing tubular member using fluid pressure. In an exemplary embodiment, means for pulling the expansion device through the overlapping portions of the tubular member and the pre-existing tubular member using fluid pressure includes means for pressurizing an annulus within the tubular member above the expansion device. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for cutting an end of the portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the pre-existing tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for removing the cut off end of the expandable tubular member from the pre-existing structure. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between the expandable tubular member and the pre-existing structure. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for cutting off an end of the expandable tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for removing the cut off end of the expandable tubular member from the pre-existing structure.

**[0356]** A system of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member has been described that includes a support member; and means for applying internal pressure to the inside surface of the tubular member at a plurality of discrete location separated from one another coupled to the support member.

**[0357]** A method of cutting a tubular member has been described that includes positioning a plurality of cutting elements within the tubular member; and bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting elements include a first group of cutting elements; and a second group of cutting elements; wherein the first group of cutting elements are interleaved with the second group of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member includes bringing the cutting elements into axial alignment. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes pivoting the cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes translating the cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes pivoting the cutting elements; and translating the cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member includes rotating the cutting elements about a common axis. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member includes pivoting the cutting elements about corresponding axes; translating the cutting elements; and rotating the cutting elements about a common

axis. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes preventing the cutting elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, preventing the cutting elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value includes sensing the inside diameter of the tubular member.

**[0358]** A method of gripping a tubular member has been described that includes positioning a plurality of gripping elements within the tubular member; bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member includes displacing the gripping elements in an axial direction; and displacing the gripping elements in a radial direction. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes biasing the gripping elements against engagement with the tubular member.

**[0359]** A method of operating an actuator has been described that includes pressurizing a plurality of pressure chamber. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes transmitting torsional loads.

**[0360]** A method of injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between a tubular member and a preexisting structure has been described that includes positioning the tubular member into the preexisting structure; sealing off an end of the tubular member; operating a valve within the end of the tubular member; and injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material through the valve into the annulus between the tubular member and the preexisting structure.

**[0361]** A system for cutting a tubular member has been described that includes means for positioning a plurality of cutting elements within the tubular member; and means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the cutting elements include a first group of cutting elements; and a second group of cutting elements; wherein the first group of cutting elements are interleaved with the second group of cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member includes means for bringing the cutting elements into axial alignment. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes means for pivoting the cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes means for translating the cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes means for pivoting the cutting elements; and means for translating the cutting elements. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member includes means for pivoting the cutting elements about corresponding axes; means for translating the cutting elements; and means for rotating the cutting elements about a common axis. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member includes means for pivoting the cutting elements about corresponding axes; means for translating the cutting elements; and means for rotating the cutting elements about a common axis. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for preventing the cutting elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the

tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, means for preventing the cutting elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value includes means for sensing the inside diameter of the tubular member.

**[0362]** A system for gripping a tubular member has been described that includes means for positioning a plurality of gripping elements within the tubular member; and means for bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member includes means for displacing the gripping elements in an axial direction; and means for displacing the gripping elements in a radial direction. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for biasing the gripping elements against engagement with the tubular member.

**[0363]** An actuator system has been described that includes a support member; and means for pressurizing a plurality of pressure chambers coupled to the support member. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for transmitting torsional loads.

**[0364]** A system for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between a tubular member and a preexisting structure has been described that includes means for positioning the tubular member into the preexisting structure; means for sealing off an end of the tubular member; means for operating a valve within the end of the tubular member; and means for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material through the valve into the annulus between the tubular member and the preexisting structure.

**[0365]** A method of engaging a tubular member has been described that includes positioning a plurality of elements within the tubular member; and bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the elements include a first group of elements; and a second group of elements; wherein the first group of elements are interleaved with the second group of elements. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member includes bringing the elements into axial alignment. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes pivoting the elements. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes translating the elements. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes pivoting the elements; and translating the elements. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member includes rotating the elements about a common axis. In an exemplary embodiment, bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member includes pivoting the elements about corresponding axes; translating the elements; and rotating the elements about a common axis. In an exemplary embodiment, the method further includes preventing the elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, preventing the elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value includes sensing the inside diameter of the tubular member.

**[0366]** A system for engaging a tubular member has been described that includes means for positioning a plurality of elements within the tubular member; and means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member. In an exemplary embodiment, the elements include a first group of elements; and a second group of elements; wherein the first group of elements are interleaved with the second group of elements. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member includes means for bringing the elements into axial alignment. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes means for pivoting the elements. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes means for translating the elements. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member further includes means for pivoting the elements; and means for translating the elements. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member includes means for rotating the elements about a common axis. In an exemplary embodiment, means for bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular member includes means for pivoting the elements about corresponding axes; means for translating the elements; and means for rotating the elements about a common axis. In an exemplary embodiment, the system further includes means for preventing the elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value. In an exemplary embodiment, means for preventing the elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value includes means for sensing the inside diameter of the tubular member.

**[0367]** It is understood that variations may be made in the foregoing without departing from the scope of the invention. For example, the teachings of the present illustrative embodiments may be used to provide a wellbore casing, a pipeline, or a structural support. Furthermore, the elements and teachings of the various illustrative embodiments may be combined in whole or in part in some or all of the illustrative embodiments.

**[0368]** Although illustrative embodiments of the invention have been shown and described, a wide range of modification, changes and substitution is contemplated in the foregoing disclosure. In some instances, some features of the present invention may be employed without a corresponding use of the other features. Accordingly, it is appropriate that the appended claims be construed broadly and in a manner consistent with the scope of the invention.

**1.** An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member, comprising:

a support member;

a cutting device for cutting the tubular member coupled to the support member; and

an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member.

**2-49.** (canceled)

**50.** An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member, comprising:

a support member;

an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and

an actuator coupled to the support member for displacing the expansion device relative to the support member.

**51-94.** (canceled)

**95.** An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member, comprising:

a support member;

an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and

a sealing assembly for sealing an annulus defined between the support member and the tubular member.

**96-141.** (canceled)

**142.** An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member, comprising:

a support member;

a first expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and

a second expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member.

**143-190.** (canceled)

**191.** An apparatus for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member, comprising:

a support member;

an expansion device for radially expanding and plastically deforming the tubular member coupled to the support member; and

a packer coupled to the support member.

**192-283.** (canceled)

**284.** An apparatus for cutting a tubular member, comprising:

a support member; and

a plurality of movable cutting elements coupled to the support member.

**285.** The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:

an actuator coupled to the support member for moving the cutting elements between a first position and a second position;

wherein in the first position, the cutting elements do not engage the tubular member; and

wherein in the second position, the cutting elements engage the tubular member.

**286.** The apparatus of claim 2, further comprising:

a sensor coupled to the support member for sensing the internal diameter of the tubular member.

**287.** The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the sensor prevents the cutting elements from being moved to the second position if the internal diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.

**288.** The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the cutting elements comprise:

a first set of cutting elements; and

a second set of cutting elements;

wherein the first set of cutting elements are interleaved with the second set of cutting elements.

**289.** The apparatus of claim 5, wherein in the first position, the first set of cutting elements are not axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.

**290.** The apparatus of claim **5**, wherein in the second position, the first set of cutting elements are axially aligned with the second set of cutting elements.

**291-297.** (canceled)

**298.** An apparatus for gripping a tubular member, comprising:

a plurality of movable gripping elements.

**299.** The apparatus of claim **8**, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in a radial direction.

**300.** The apparatus of claim **8**, wherein the gripping elements are moveable in an axial direction.

**301.** The apparatus of claim **8**, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial and an axial direction.

**302.** The apparatus of claim **8**, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in a radial direction.

**303.** The apparatus of claim **8**, wherein the gripping elements are moveable from a first position to a second position; wherein in the first position, the gripping elements do not engage the tubular member; wherein in the second position, the gripping elements do engage the tubular member; and wherein, during the movement from the first position to the second position, the gripping elements move in an axial direction.

**304.** The apparatus of claim **8**, wherein, in a first axial direction, the gripping device grips the tubular member; and wherein, in a second axial direction, the gripping device does not grip the tubular member.

**305.** The apparatus of claim **8**, further comprising an actuator for moving the gripping elements.

**306.** The apparatus of claim **8**, wherein the gripping elements comprise:

a plurality of separate and distinct gripping elements.

**307.** An actuator, comprising:

a tubular housing;

a tubular piston rod movably coupled to and at least partially positioned within the housing;

a plurality of annular piston chambers defined by the tubular housing and the tubular piston rod; and

a plurality of tubular pistons coupled to the tubular piston rod, each tubular piston movably positioned within a corresponding annular piston chamber.

**308.** (canceled)

**309.** An apparatus for controlling a packer, comprising:

a tubular support member;

one or more drag blocks releasably coupled to the tubular support member; and

a tubular stinger coupled to the tubular support member for engaging the packer.

**310.** The apparatus of claim **17**, further comprising a tubular sleeve coupled to the drag blocks.

**311.** The apparatus of claim **17**, wherein the tubular support member comprises one or more axially aligned teeth for engaging the packer.

**312.** A packer comprising:

a support member defining a passage;

a shoe comprising a float valve coupled to an end of the support member;

one or more compressible packer elements movably coupled to the support member; and

a sliding sleeve valve movably positioned within the passage of the support member.

**313.** A method of radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole having a preexisting wellbore casing, comprising:

positioning the tubular member within the borehole in overlapping relation to the wellbore casing;

radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and

radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section comprising a portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the wellbore casing;

wherein the inside diameter of the bell section is greater than the inside diameter of the radially expanded and plastically deformed portion of the tubular member above the bell section.

**314.** (canceled)

**315.** A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing, comprising:

positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member;

supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole;

lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member;

increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device;

displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member  $m$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $m$  portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole;

positioning the adjustable expansion device within a second expandable tubular member;

supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member;

lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member;

increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and

displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member  $n$  times to radially expand and plastically deform  $n$  portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**316.** A method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:

positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member;

supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole;

lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member;



increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device;  
 displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the expandable tubular member within the borehole; and  
 pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**317-321.** (canceled)

**322.** A method for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:

supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole;

increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; and  
 displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member.

**323-329.** (canceled)

**330.** A method for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing within a borehole that includes a preexisting wellbore casing, comprising:

supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole;

increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device;  
 displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member; and  
 displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member and a portion of the preexisting wellbore casing that overlaps with an end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member.

**331-337.** (canceled)

**338.** A method of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member, comprising:

positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure;

radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and  
 radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section.

**339-389.** (canceled)

**390.** A method of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member, comprising:

applying internal pressure to the inside surface of the tubular member at a plurality of discrete location separated from one another.

**391.** A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole having a preexisting wellbore casing, comprising:

means for positioning the tubular member within the borehole in overlapping relation to the wellbore casing;

means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and  
 means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section

comprising a portion of the tubular member that overlaps with the wellbore casing;

wherein the inside diameter of the bell section is greater than the inside diameter of the radially expanded and plastically deformed portion of the tubular member above the bell section.

**392.** (canceled)

**393.** A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing, comprising:

means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within a first expandable tubular member;

means for supporting the first expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within a borehole;

means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the first expandable tubular member;

means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device;

means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the first expandable tubular member m times to radially expand and plastically deform m portions of the first expandable tubular member within the borehole;

means for positioning the adjustable expansion device within a second expandable tubular member;

means for supporting the second expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole in overlapping relation to the first expandable tubular member;

means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the second expandable tubular member;

means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device; and

means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the second expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the second expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**394.** A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:

means for positioning an adjustable expansion device within the expandable tubular member;

means for supporting the expandable tubular member and the adjustable expansion device within the borehole;

means for lowering the adjustable expansion device out of the expandable tubular member;

means for increasing the outside dimension of the adjustable expansion device;

means for displacing the adjustable expansion mandrel upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member n times to radially expand and plastically deform n portions of the expandable tubular member within the borehole; and

means for pressurizing an interior region of the expandable tubular member above the adjustable expansion device during the radial expansion and plastic deformation of the expandable tubular member within the borehole.

**395-399.** (canceled)

**400.** A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming an expandable tubular member within a borehole, comprising:

means for supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole;

means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device; and  
 means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member.

**401-407.** (canceled)

**408.** A system for forming a mono diameter wellbore casing within a borehole that includes a preexisting wellbore casing, comprising:

means for supporting the expandable tubular member, an hydraulic actuator, and an adjustable expansion device within the borehole;

means for increasing the size of the adjustable expansion device;

means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member using the hydraulic actuator to radially expand and plastically deform a portion of the expandable tubular member; and

means for displacing the adjustable expansion device upwardly relative to the expandable tubular member to radially expand and plastically deform the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member and a portion of the preexisting wellbore casing that overlaps with an end of the remaining portion of the expandable tubular member.

**409-415.** (canceled)

**416.** A system for radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member, comprising:

means for positioning the tubular member within a preexisting structure;

means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a lower portion of the tubular member to form a bell section; and

means for radially expanding and plastically deforming a portion of the tubular member above the bell section.

**417-467.** (canceled)

**468.** A system of radially expanding and plastically deforming a tubular member, comprising:

a support member; and

means for applying internal pressure to the inside surface of the tubular member at a plurality of discrete location separated from one another coupled to the support member.

**469.** A method of cutting a tubular member, comprising:

positioning a plurality of cutting elements within the tubular member; and

bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member.

**470.** The method of claim 21, wherein the cutting elements comprise:

a first group of cutting elements; and

a second group of cutting elements;

wherein the first group of cutting elements are interleaved with the second group of cutting elements.

**471.** The method of claim 21, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

bringing the cutting elements into axial alignment.

**472.** The method of claim 23, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

pivoting the cutting elements.

**473.** The method of claim 23, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

translating the cutting elements.

**474.** The method of claim 23, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member further comprises:

pivoting the cutting elements; and

translating the cutting elements.

**475.** The method of claim 21, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

rotating the cutting elements about a common axis.

**476.** The method of claim 21, wherein bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

pivoting the cutting elements about corresponding axes;

translating the cutting elements; and

rotating the cutting elements about a common axis.

**477.** The method of claim 21, further comprising:

preventing the cutting elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value.

**478.** The method of claim 29, wherein preventing the cutting elements from coming into engagement with the tubular member if the inside diameter of the tubular member is less than a predetermined value comprises:

sensing the inside diameter of the tubular member.

**479.** A method of gripping a tubular member, comprising:

positioning a plurality of gripping elements within the tubular member; and

bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member.

**480.** The method of claim 31, wherein bringing the gripping elements into engagement with the tubular member comprises:

displacing the gripping elements in an axial direction; and

displacing the gripping elements in a radial direction.

**481.** The method of claim 31, further comprising:

biasing the gripping elements against engagement with the tubular member.

**482-483.** (canceled)

**484.** A method of injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material into an annulus between a tubular member and a preexisting structure, comprising:

positioning the tubular member into the preexisting structure;

sealing off an end of the tubular member;

operating a valve within the end of the tubular member; and

injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material through the valve into the annulus between the tubular member and the preexisting structure.

**485.** A system for cutting a tubular member, comprising:

means for positioning a plurality of cutting elements within the tubular member; and

means for bringing the cutting elements into engagement with the tubular member.

**486-494.** (canceled)

**495.** A system for gripping a tubular member, comprising:  
means for positioning a plurality of gripping elements  
within the tubular member; and  
means for bringing the gripping elements into engagement  
with the tubular member.  
**496-497.** (canceled)  
**498.** An actuator system, comprising:  
a support member; and  
means for pressurizing a plurality of pressure chambers  
coupled to the support member.  
**499.** (canceled)  
**500.** A system for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing  
material into an annulus between a tubular member and a  
preexisting structure, comprising:  
means for positioning the tubular member into the preex-  
isting structure;  
means for sealing off an end of the tubular member;

means for operating a valve within the end of the tubular  
member; and  
means for injecting a hardenable fluidic sealing material  
through the valve into the annulus between the tubular  
member and the preexisting structure.  
**501.** A method of engaging a tubular member, comprising:  
positioning a plurality of elements within the tubular mem-  
ber; and  
bringing the elements into engagement with the tubular  
member.  
**502-510.** (canceled)  
**511.** A system for engaging a tubular member, comprising:  
means for positioning a plurality of elements within the  
tubular member; and  
means for bringing the elements into engagement with the  
tubular member.  
**512-520.** (canceled)

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