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(54) **MIDDLEWARE SERVICES LAYER FOR PLATFORM SYSTEM FOR MOBILE TERMINALS**

EBENE FÜR MIDDLEWARE-DIENSTE FÜR PLATTFORMSYSTEM FÜR MOBILE ENDGERÄTE

COUCHE D'ASSISTANCE INTERGICIELLE DE SYSTEME DE PLATE-FORME POUR TERMINAUX
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Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Technical Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates generally to the field of wireless telecommunications; and, more particularly, to an interface for a platform system for a mobile terminal for a wireless telecommunications system.

Description of Related Art

[0002] Since cellular telecommunications systems were first introduced in the 1980s, mobile terminals (Mobile Stations) utilized in the systems have become increasingly more complex. Initially, mobile terminals were designed primarily to provide voice telephony services; i.e., to receive and transmit voice communications. In later years, mobile terminals were developed that also included the ability to transfer user data not related to that of a voice telephone call. Such user data included, for example, data to be transferred over a dial-up networking connection initiated via a personal computer (PC).

[0003] Currently, so-called "third generation" (3G) systems are being developed for future mobile telecommunications systems. 3G systems will combine high-speed Internet access with traditional voice communication, and will provide a user with access to Internet browsing, streaming audio/video, positioning, video conferencing and many other capabilities in addition to voice communication.

[0004] The Third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) was established to ensure compatibility among the several 3G systems that are being developed around the world. The Universal Mobile Telephone System (UMTS) is being developed by 3GPP to provide a 3G system that includes terrestrial and satellite systems capable of delivering voice, data and multimedia anywhere in the world.

[0005] The drastically increased functionality that is being included in cellular telecommunications systems via the 3GPP standardization has placed substantial demands on the developers of mobile terminals to be used in the systems. This demand is exacerbated by the fact that a mobile terminal is a "resource scarce" environment that is limited in size, memory and power.

[0006] Traditionally, mobile terminal manufacturers have designed, fabricated and marketed substantially complete mobile terminal systems that include all the hardware and software needed for basic terminal operation as well as the hardware and software needed to provide the features and capabilities desired by the manufacturer or a particular user based on their perception of market needs. Such an approach does not provide the flexibility to quickly adapt to rapid changes in market demands or to satisfy the diverse requirements of multiple

users.

[0007] A method for upgrading software in a mobile telephone has been proposed in the published international application WO 97/169 38. According to WO 97/169 38, a mobile station is designed so that its software can be changed at least partly. A software database connected to a mobile communication network contains the most recent versions of the software of the mobile stations. A downloading unit checks the software of the mobile stations by means of the database and when necessary, loads the software into the mobile station.

[0008] Recognizing the inadequacies of traditional procedures for designing and fabricating mobile terminals, a mobile terminal platform assembly has been developed that includes a plurality of functionally complementary units of software and hardware that can be marketed as a unit to a plurality of users. Each user can then load, install and run his own application software into the assembly to provide a complete platform system for a mobile terminal that meets the user's own particular needs.

[0009] A platform system such as described above, wherein mobile terminal platform assembly software and application software are developed separately and then later combined by loading, installing and running the application software in the mobile terminal platform assembly, requires a well-defined interface between the platform assembly software and the application software. Such an interface does not exist in current mobile terminals wherein all the software for the mobile terminals is fabricated together.

[0010] There is, accordingly, a need for an interface for a platform system for a mobile terminal for a wireless telecommunications system that permits software of a mobile terminal platform assembly of the system and application software to be developed separately and then later combined via the interface to complete the platform system.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0011] The present invention provides an interface for a platform system for a mobile terminal for a wireless telecommunications system that permits software of a mobile terminal platform assembly of the platform system and application software to be developed separately and then later combined via the interface to complete the platform system.

[0012] According to the present invention, the interface comprises a middleware services layer that includes at least one application programming interface (API) for providing access to the mobile terminal platform assembly for loading, installing and running application software in the mobile terminal platform assembly (the term "loading" as used herein is intended to include any mechanism by which the application software can be combined with the software of the mobile terminal platform assembly via the interface, including, for example, downloading from the Internet or installing a hardware chip). The at

least one API may include standardized (non-native) interfaces, de facto standardized interfaces and/or open native interfaces. For example, a standardized interface might include the J2ME (JAVA 2 Micro Edition) environment according to MIDP/CLDC (Mobile Information Device Profile/Connected Limited Device Configuration) API.

[0013] According to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention, the middleware services layer comprises a middleware services layer component of the mobile terminal platform assembly of the platform system. The middleware services layer component provides a plurality of APIs for loading, installing and running application software in the assembly to be combined with software of the assembly to provide a complete platform system; and, in addition, functions to encapsulate the mobile terminal platform assembly and to isolate the platform assembly from the applications via the APIs. As a result, the middleware services layer component provides users (the term "users" as used herein includes manufacturers, end users or other customers or users) with the capability of fully utilizing the functionality of the mobile terminal platform assembly without permitting access to or knowledge of the details of the assembly.

[0014] Further advantages and specific details of the middleware services layer of the present invention will become apparent hereinafter from the detailed description given below in conjunction with the following drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0015]

FIGURE 1 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates a platform system for a mobile terminal for a wireless telecommunications system to assist in explaining the present invention;

FIGURE 2 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates a deployment view of the mobile terminal platform assembly of the platform system of FIGURE 1 to further assist in explaining the present invention; FIGURE 3 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates the software architecture of the mobile terminal platform assembly of FIGURES 1 and 2 to further assist in explaining the present invention;

FIGURE 4 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates details of the middleware services layer component of FIGURES 1-3 according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 5 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates details of the JAVA Execution Environment API domain of the middleware services layer component of FIGURE 4 according to another exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 6 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates details of the Open Application Framework API domain of the middleware services layer com-

ponent of FIGURE 4 according to another exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

FIGURE 7 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates details of the Open Platform API domain of the middleware services layer component of FIGURE 4 according to another exemplary embodiment of the invention;

FIGURE 8 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates the manner in which the UI Tool-kit API enables an application to use a UI-server of the platform assembly of FIGURES 1-3 directly through the Open Platform API domain according to another exemplary embodiment of the invention; and

FIGURE 9 is a flow chart that schematically illustrates steps of a method for enabling use of a mobile terminal platform assembly for a mobile terminal according to another exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EXEMPLARY EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

[0016] FIGURE 1 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates a platform system for a mobile terminal for a wireless telecommunications system to assist in explaining the present invention. The platform system is generally designated by reference number 10 and comprises a mobile terminal platform assembly 12 and one or more applications (i.e., application software) 14 that have been loaded, installed and run in the mobile terminal platform assembly. Platform system 10 is adapted to be incorporated in a mobile terminal generally designated by dotted line 16.

[0017] Mobile terminal platform assembly 12 includes a software services component 22, a hardware component 24 and an interface component 26.

[0018] Software services component 22 comprises a plurality of well-structured functional software units for providing services that are offered to users via the interface component 26. In the exemplary system illustrated in FIGURE 1, the plurality of software units comprise a plurality of vertically-oriented functional stacks including a UMTS access services software stack 30, a data communications services software stack 32, an MMI (Man-Machine Interface) services software stack 34, an application platform services software stack 36 and an operation and services software stack 38.

[0019] The hardware component 24 comprises a set of hardware units that are associated with and controlled by their respective functional software stacks. In the exemplary system illustrated in FIGURE 1, the hardware units include UMTS access services hardware 40, data communications services hardware 42, MMI services hardware 44, application platform services hardware 46 and operation and services hardware 48.

[0020] According to exemplary embodiments of the present invention, interface component 26 comprises a middleware services layer component that includes at

least one application programming interface (API) for loading, installing and running one or more applications 14 in mobile terminal platform assembly 12, that isolates the mobile terminal platform assembly from the applications using it, and that provides various other services for the applications. Specific details of the middleware services layer component 26 will be described hereinafter.

[0021] Mobile terminal platform assembly 12 of platform system 10 is adapted to be designed, implemented (assembled) and tested as a complete, enclosed unit separate from the application software 14 (the term "application software" as used herein can be any software that provides the functionality that users may wish to have available). Users can, accordingly, develop or otherwise acquire their own application software and add that software to the mobile terminal platform assembly 12 at a later time in order to complete platform system 10. Mobile terminal platform assembly 12 can, accordingly, be sold or otherwise transferred to a plurality of different users each of which can complete platform system 10 by loading, installing and running their own application software in the assembly in order to satisfy their own particular requirements for the platform system.

[0022] FIGURE 2 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates one example of a deployment view of mobile terminal platform system 12 of FIGURE 1 to further assist in understanding the present invention. As illustrated in FIGURE 2, mobile terminal platform assembly 12 is controlled via software executing in a main CPU 50. The main CPU may comprise one or more processors such as microprocessors, micro programmable processors or DSPs (Digital Signal Processors). A DSP for the MMI software services stack 34 is illustrated at 52. The software stacks 30-38 of software component 22 each include hardware driver software 60-68 to operate the hardware units associated with each stack. As shown in FIGURE 2, exemplary of the hardware units that are controlled by the functional software stacks include a receiver, a transmitter, a power and frequency controller, a GSM transceiver, a Bluetooth module, various communication and man-machine peripherals, power management and SIM interface, memories and security hardware.

[0023] The software incorporated in mobile terminal platform assembly 12 is preferably arranged in such a manner as to make the software organization easy to understand so that it can be more easily designed and more easily upgraded or otherwise modified. FIGURE 3 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates the software architecture of mobile terminal platform assembly 12 to further assist in explaining the present invention.

[0024] As shown in FIGURE 3, software services component 22, in addition to being organized into a plurality of vertical, functional software stacks as described above, is also arranged to define a plurality of horizontal layers such that the software of the middleware services layer 26 and the software of the software services com-

ponent 22 together define a layered architecture, generally designated by reference number 70, in which the layers are arranged in descending order from a higher level service layer to a lower level service layer.

[0025] The software architecture differs from the standard ISO/OSI (ISO Open Systems Interconnection) model in that it includes a plurality of horizontally partitioned functional software units that complement a plurality of vertically partitioned software layers. The horizontal partitioning contributes significantly to the creation of independent modular (service) components.

[0026] The highest layer of the layered architecture is the middleware services layer 26. The layers of the software services component 22 include an application server layer 80 to provide application services, a platform services layer 82 to provide platform specific services for applications, a platform protocol layer 84 to provide session protocols and application specific protocols, a transport layer 86 to provide audio access/control, datacom transport protocols, messaging transport protocols and the like, a data access layer 88 to provide external data IF access, structured storage services and other low level platform support services, a logical drivers layer 90 and a physical drivers layer 92 encapsulating hardware dependencies. In addition, software services component 22 includes basic system services layers 94 that provide general services that are needed by the platform assembly.

[0027] The bottom two layers 90 and 92 constitute Hardware Abstraction Layers (HAL) which isolate the dependencies between the software and the hardware. Only the physical drivers layer is concerned with the details of the hardware (i.e., which registers in the ASIC hardware are addressed). The logical drivers layer 90 provides a logical mapping to the hardware, i.e., this layer provides a bridge between the hardware and software parts of the mobile terminal platform assembly.

[0028] The software itself is organized into a plurality of software modules, e.g. modules 102, 104, 106. In software services component 22, a single module can reside in only one vertical functional stack and in only one horizontal layer within that stack. Each layer can contain from one to many modules, and all the modules in a particular layer in a particular stack have the same level of abstraction. Communication among the various modules is accomplished via a Software Back Plane (SwBP) 112 subject to a set of basic rules for software module-to-module access. These rules can be summarized as follows:

- A software module may invoke functionality in all layer interfaces below its own layer.
- There are no limitations for the direction of channel events or data streams.

[0029] They may go in any direction.

- A software module may never invoke functionality in

layer interfaces (in the SwBP) above its own layer, independent of to which module the layers belong.

- A software module may invoke functionality in the layer interface in its own layer in the same vertical stack.
- A software module may invoke functionality in a software module in the same layer in another vertical stack. (This capability is permitted to limit the number of layers in the vertical stacks.)

[0030] There is no hard coupling between the various modules and the interfaces in the SwBP. As a result, the modules and/or the implementation of the interfaces can be freely changed without any impact on the clients to the interfaces. This is an important capability as it permits individual modules to be added, removed or changed without affecting other modules in the platform assembly.

[0031] Middleware services layer component 26 functions to provide a well-defined interface between the software in the mobile terminal platform assembly 12 and the application software 14 to be loaded, installed and run in the platform assembly; and, in addition, encapsulates the mobile terminal platform assembly and isolates the assembly from applications via the middleware services layer component, and provides various other services for the applications.

[0032] FIGURE 4 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates details of middleware services layer component 26 according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. As shown in FIGURE 4, middleware services layer component 26 comprises a plurality of API domains including Java Execution (Java ExE) Environment API domain 202, Open Application Framework (OAF) API domain 204, Open Platform API (OPA) domain 206 and UI Tool-kit API domain 208.

[0033] Through the APIs in the middleware services layer component 26, the mobile terminal platform assembly 12 supports a plurality of application environments. In the exemplary embodiment of FIGURE 4, middleware services layer 26 supports environments for native applications (applications that are compiled to run with a particular processor and its set of instructions) and for non-native applications such as Java J2ME CLDC/MIDP (Java 2 Micro Edition Connected Limited Device Configuration/Mobile Information Device Profile) applications. Each application environment has its own characteristics and is defined as:

- The way applications are developed (programming language support, compilation and linkage).
- The way applications are executed (e.g., interpretation or native code execution).
- The functional services that are offered.
- Potential restrictions in use.

[0034] By providing multiple application environment alternatives, a wide range of products with varying demands such as cost, ease of use, time to market, func-

tionality set, size, portability, etc. is facilitated.

[0035] Each of the API domains comprises a plurality of software modules, and FIGURE 5 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates the major software modules in the Java ExE environment API domain 202 according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. As shown, Java ExE Environment API domain 202 includes a Java Environment Manager (JEM) module 210, a Java Application Environment (JAE) module 212 and a Java Support Layer (JSL) module 214. JEM module 210 controls the Java application environment and the Java applications. JAE module 212 defines the environment within which the Java applications execute, and also contains the Java Virtual Machine (JVM), the J2ME MIDP libraries and the J2ME CLDC runtime libraries. JSL module 214 comprises a layer between JAE implementation and the mobile terminal platform assembly 12. It supplies an interface that makes it easier to port third-party Java environments to the platform assembly. JSL module 214 also contains an adaptation layer between the JVM and the platform assembly, Java VM Support Layer (JVMSL); and the adaptation layer between the CLDC and MIDP API implementation and the platform assembly, Java Library Support Layer (JLSL).

[0036] FIGURE 6 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates the major software modules in the Open Application Framework (OAF) API domain 204 according to another exemplary embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the modules include a Secure Access Manager (SAM) module 220 and an Application Manager (AM) module 222. SAM module 220 is responsible for granting access to the Open Platform API domain 206 made by non-native applications such as Java in order to monitor Java applications according to their credentials. That is, SAM module 220 has the responsibility to decide whether or not a call from a non-native environment should be permitted. In this regard, access to platform services by Java Exe Environment may be more restrictive than for the native application environment. AM module 222 is responsible for controlling the applications running in the non-native (Java) and native execution environments. The AM module intercepts a non-native application between the EXE environment and the native platform services (at the border of the Java support layer in the case of a Java application), and calls on the SAM to grant access. If access is granted, the non-native application is forwarded to the OPA and treated the same as a native application. In general, AM module 222 handles the registration, installation, start, stop, uninstall and removal of all applications.

[0037] FIGURE 7 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates the major software modules of the Open Platform (OPA) domain 206 according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. As illustrated, The OPA domain 206 includes five modules: the Native Environment Management (NEM) module 230, the Native Application Core (NAC) module 232, the OPA Interface and Handlers module 234, the Middleware Support Serv-

ices module 236 and the Native Extension Plug-in module(s) 238.

[0038] The Native Environment Management module 230 has the responsibility of controlling native applications in platform system 10. It is the recipient of the control commands concerning native applications from the Application Manager 222 (FIGURE 6), and keeps track of native applications that are currently running in the system.

[0039] The Native Application Core module 232 administers and takes care of the threading and message handling complexities that the applications would otherwise have to handle themselves. It also serves the purpose of achieving OS independence by hiding the implementation details of the OS for relieving applications from runtime complexities including message routing/filtering and message-related resource handling. A major responsibility of the Native Application Core is to hide the details of the start-up and shutdown phase of an application and in the handling of messages.

[0040] The Middleware Support Services module 236 provides services to the OPA domain that are common for the different handlers or that need to be centralized, e.g., object management and resource supervision.

[0041] The Native Extension Plug-in module(s) 238 can be seen as an optional extension of the platform assembly functionality through the OPA Interface and Handlers module 234. These module(s) are subject to the same interface guidelines, paradigms and mechanisms that rule and apply to the OPA Interface and Handlers module 234. The OPA Native Extension Plug-ins 238 may only access the platform functionality through the OPA Interface and Handlers module 234. Several Extension Plug-in modules can simultaneously exist in the system.

[0042] The Native Extension Plug-in module(s) 238 is subject to the following characteristics:

1. Its purpose is to extend functionality in the platform assembly in terms of offering higher level services, which can be used by user applications.
2. It exports its services via a component-based OPA interface (ECM)
3. It imports its services via the component-based OPA interface (ECM).

[0043] The UI Tool-kit API domain 208 supplies a set of visual objects that can be used to build a user interface to an application. These objects are also allowed for use by the Java ExE environment. In addition, the UI Tool-kit API domain provides support for other UI-related functions such as text rendering, input methods and the handling of text resources.

[0044] A major function of UI Tool-kit API domain 208 is to enable faster development of applications by introducing higher level support for frequently needed functions. It also helps maintain common principles for the appearance and behavior of different applications, even

those developed independently of one another. Applications may or may not use Tool-kit API domain 208 to present graphics and to handle user input. FIGURE 8 is a block diagram that schematically illustrates the manner in which an application, e.g., a native application 240 or a Java (non-native) application 242 can use a UI-server 244 of the mobile terminal platform assembly 12 directly through the Open Platform API domain 206.

[0045] If desired, some parts of UI Tool-kit 208 can be replaced or modified by a user of mobile terminal platform assembly 12.

[0046] The middleware services layer component according to the present invention provides a number of advantages:

1. Application software can be loaded, installed and run in the mobile terminal platform assembly separately from the software of the platform assembly.
2. Backwards compatibility is provided, i.e., users are able to reuse existing application software notwithstanding upgrades or other modifications to the platform assembly software.
3. The access mechanism between the applications and the platform assembly is consistent for all functionality offered by the platform assembly. This will speed up application software development because all software developers are trained on the same mechanisms irrespective of the functionality. Memory consumption of the application software will also be reduced because all applications utilize the same support mechanisms of the platform assembly.

[0047] With the middleware services layer component of the present invention, it is also possible for users to add their own interfaces to the platform assembly. This is achieved by the user writing their own plug-ins which will be seen as part of the middleware services layer component from the application's viewpoint. This permits users to tailor the platform assembly to their own needs, and, at the same time, to be able to reuse their applications on new platform assembly configurations.

[0048] FIGURE 9 is a flow chart that schematically illustrates steps of a method for using a middleware services layer of a mobile terminal platform assembly for a mobile terminal according to another exemplary embodiment of the present invention. The method is generally designated by reference number 300 and begins with providing a mobile terminal platform assembly for a mobile terminal (step 302). The mobile terminal platform assembly includes a software services component and a middleware services layer containing at least one application programming interface (API) for providing access to the mobile terminal platform assembly. Application software is then loaded, installed and run in the mobile terminal platform assembly via the middleware services layer (step 304) for enabling use of the mobile terminal platform assembly.

[0049] While what has been described constitutes exemplary embodiments of the invention, it should be understood that the invention can be varied in many ways without departing from the scope thereof. For example, although in the exemplary embodiments described herein, the middleware services layer component supports two application environments, other environments can also be supported as needed or desired for particular user applications. Also, although the present invention has been described primarily as being used in a third generation cellular telecommunications system, the invention can also be used in second generation and other cellular telecommunications systems, and in other wireless telecommunications systems such as, for example, a Bluetooth system. Because the invention can be varied in many ways, it should be recognized that the invention should be limited only insofar as is required by the scope of the following claims.

Claims

1. A middleware services layer (26) for a platform system (10) adapted to be incorporated in a mobile terminal for a wireless telecommunications system, said platform system including a mobile terminal platform assembly (12) having a software services component (22), and application software (14) loaded, installed and run in said mobile terminal platform assembly (10), **characterized by** at least one application programming interface, API, adapted to provide access to the mobile terminal platform assembly (12) for loading, installing and running said application software (14) in a plurality of application environments in said mobile terminal platform assembly (12), wherein the plurality of application environments includes a native and a non-native application environment; and in that the at least one API comprises:
 - a native API domain (206) comprising a native environment management module (230) for controlling applications in the native application environment;
 - a non-native API domain (202) comprising a non-native environment manager module (210) for controlling applications in the non-native application environment;
 - a Secure Access Manager module (220) adapted to determine, based on credentials of a non-native application, whether said non-native application should be granted access to native services provided by the platform system; and
 - an Application Manager module (222) adapted to intercept non-native applications and call on the secure access manager module (220) to grant access for the non-native applications to native services provided by the platform system.
2. The middleware services layer (26) according to Claim 1, wherein said middleware services layer is a component of said mobile terminal platform assembly (12).
3. The middleware services layer (26) according to Claim 1, wherein each of said at least one API comprises at least one software module.
4. The middleware services layer (26) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the non-native API domain is a Java Execution Environment API domain (202).
5. The middleware services layer (26) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the native API domain is an Open Platform API domain (206).
6. The middleware services layer (26) according to any of the preceding claims comprising an Open Application Framework API domain (204) that comprises the Secure Access Manager module (220) and the Application Manager module (222).
7. The middleware services layer (26) according to Claim 4, wherein the non-native environment manager module is a Java Environment Manager module (210), and said Java Execution Environment API domain (202) includes a Java Application module (212) and a Java Support Layer module (214).
8. The middleware services layer (26) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the Application Manager module (222) is adapted to handle registration, installation, starting, stopping, uninstallation and removal of applications for the native application environment and the non-native application environment.
9. The middleware services layer (26) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein said native API domain (206) includes a Native Application Core module (232) adapted to hide operating system specific details of the mobile terminal platform assembly (12) and further adapted to relieve applications from runtime complexities including message routing/filtering and message-related resource handling.
10. The middleware services layer (26) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein said native API domain (206) includes a Native Extension Plug-in module(s) (238) adapted to extend functionality of the mobile terminal platform assembly (12) by providing higher level services which can be used by applications.
11. The middleware services layer (26) according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the at least one API

comprises a UI Tool-kit API domain (208).

12. The middleware services layer (26) according to Claim 11, wherein the UI Tool-kit API domain (208) is adapted to provide a set of visual objects that can be used to build a user interface in the middleware services layer for a user application. 5
13. The middleware services layer (26) according to Claim 1, wherein said wireless telecommunications system comprises a cellular telecommunications system. 10
14. The middleware services layer (26) according to Claim 13, wherein said cellular telecommunications system comprises a third generation cellular telecommunications system. 15
15. A mobile terminal platform assembly (12) for a platform system (10) for a wireless telecommunications system comprising: 20
 - a software services component (22); **characterized by**
 - a middleware services layer component (26) according to any of the claims 1-14. 25
16. Use of the middleware services layer (26) according to any of the claims 1-14 in a mobile terminal platform assembly for loading, installing and running application software in said mobile terminal platform assembly via said middleware services layer. 30

Patentansprüche 35

1. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) für ein Plattformsystem (10), ausgelegt, um in ein mobiles Endgerät für ein drahtloses Telekommunikationssystem integriert zu werden, wobei das Plattformsystem eine Mobilendgeräte-Plattformeinheit (12) mit einer Softwaredienstekomponente (22) und Anwendungssoftware (14) umfasst, die in die Mobilendgeräte-Plattformeinheit (12) geladen und darin installiert und ausgeführt wird, **gekennzeichnet durch** 40
mindestens eine Anwendungsprogrammierschnittstelle, API, die so ausgelegt ist, dass sie Zugriff auf die Mobilendgeräte-Plattformeinheit (12) zum Laden, Installieren und Ausführen der Anwendungssoftware (14) in einer Mehrzahl von Anwendungsumgebungen in der Mobilendgeräte-Plattformeinheit (12) bereitstellt, wobei die Mehrzahl von Anwendungsumgebungen eine native und einen nicht-nativen Anwendungsumgebung umfasst; 45
und **dadurch**, dass die mindestens eine API umfasst:
 - eine native API-Domäne (206), die ein natives 55

Umgebungsverwaltungsmodul (230) zum Steuern von Anwendungen in der nativen Anwendungsumgebung umfasst;

- eine nicht-native API-Domäne (202), die ein nicht-natives Umgebungsverwaltermodul (210) zum Steuern von Anwendungen in der nicht-nativen Anwendungsumgebung umfasst;
- ein Zugriffssicherungs-Verwaltermodul (220), das so ausgelegt ist, dass es basierend auf Berechtigungsnachweisen einer nicht-nativen Anwendung Zugriff auf native Dienste gewährt werden sollte, die **durch** das Plattformsystem bereitgestellt werden; und
- ein Anwendungsverwaltermodul (222), das so ausgelegt ist, dass es nicht-native Anwendungen abhört und das Zugriffssicherungs-Verwaltermodul (220) auffordert, für die nicht-nativen Anwendungen Zugriff auf native Dienste zu gewähren, die **durch** das Plattformsystem bereitgestellt werden.

2. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Middleware-Diensteschicht eine Komponente der Mobilendgeräte-Plattformeinheit (12) ist.
3. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach Anspruch 1, wobei jede der mindestens einen API mindestens ein Softwaremodul umfasst.
4. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, wobei die nicht-native API-Domäne eine API-Domäne (202) einer Java-Ausführungsumgebung ist.
5. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, wobei die native API-Domäne eine API-Domäne (206) einer offenen Plattform ist.
6. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, umfassend eine API-Domäne (204) eines offenen Anwendungsframeworks, die das Zugriffssicherungs-Verwaltermodul (220) und das Anwendungsverwaltermodul (222) umfasst.
7. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, wobei das nicht-native Umgebungsverwaltermodul ein Verwaltermodul (210) einer Java-Umgebung ist, und die API-Domäne (202) der Java-Ausführungsumgebung ein Java-Anwendungsmodul (212) und ein Java-Unterstützungsschichtmodul (214) umfasst.
8. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, wobei das Anwendungsverwaltermodul (222) so ausgelegt ist, dass es Registrierung, Installation, Start, Stopp, Deinstallation

und Entfernung von Anwendungen für die native Anwendungsumgebung und die nicht-native Anwendungsumgebung steuert.

9. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, wobei die native API-Domäne (206) ein natives Anwendungskernmodul (232) umfasst, das so ausgelegt ist, dass es betriebssystemspezifische Details der Mobilendgeräte-Plattformeinheit (12) verbirgt, und ferner so ausgelegt ist, dass es Anwendungen von Laufzeitkomplexitäten befreit, welche Nachrichtenlenkung/-filterung und nachrichtenbezogene Ressourcenhandhabung umfassen.
10. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, wobei die native API-Domäne (206) ein oder mehrere native Erweiterungssteckmodule (238) umfasst, das/die so ausgelegt ist/sind, dass es/sie Funktionalität der Mobilendgeräte-Plattformeinheit (12) durch Bereitstellen von Diensten der oberen Schichten erweitert/erweitern, die durch Anwendungen verwendet werden können.
11. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, wobei die mindestens eine API eine UI-Toolkit-API-Domäne (208) ist.
12. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach Anspruch 11, wobei die UI-Toolkit-API-Domäne (208) so ausgelegt ist, dass sie einen Satz von visuellen Objekten bereitstellt, die verwendet werden können, um eine Benutzerschnittstelle in der Middleware-Diensteschicht für eine Benutzeranwendung aufzubauen.
13. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach Anspruch 1, wobei das drahtlose Telekommunikationssystem ein zellulares Telekommunikationssystem umfasst.
14. Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach Anspruch 13, wobei das zellulare Telekommunikationssystem ein zellulares Telekommunikationssystem der dritten Generation umfasst.
15. Mobilendgeräte-Plattformeinheit (12) für ein Plattformsystem (10) für ein drahtloses Telekommunikationssystem, umfassend:
 - eine Softwaredienstekomponente (22); **gekennzeichnet durch**
 - Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 14.
16. Verwendung der Middleware-Diensteschicht (26) nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 14 in einer Mobilendgeräte-Plattformeinheit zum Laden, Installieren und Ausführen von Anwendungssoftware in der Mobilendgeräte-Plattformeinheit über die Middleware-

Diensteschicht.

Revendications

1. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) pour un système de plate-forme (10) adapté afin d'être incorporé dans un terminal mobile pour un système de télécommunications sans fil, ledit système de plate-forme incluant un ensemble de plate-forme de terminal mobile (12) ayant un composant de services logiciels (22) et un logiciel d'application (14) chargé, installé et exécuté dans ledit ensemble de plate-forme de terminal mobile (12), **caractérisé par**
 - au moins une interface de programmation d'application, API, adaptée afin de donner accès à l'ensemble de plate-forme de terminal mobile (12) pour charger, installer et exécuter ledit logiciel d'application (14) dans une pluralité d'environnements d'application dans ledit ensemble de plate-forme de terminal mobile (12), dans laquelle la pluralité d'environnements d'application inclut un environnement d'application natif et non natif ;
 - et en ce qu'au moins une API comprend :
 - un domaine API natif (206) comprenant un module de gestion d'environnement natif (230) pour commander des applications dans l'environnement d'application natif ;
 - un domaine API non natif (202) comprenant un module gestionnaire d'environnement non natif (210) pour commander des applications dans l'environnement d'application non natif ;
 - un module gestionnaire d'accès sécurisé (220) adapté afin de déterminer, sur la base des accréditations d'une application non native, si ladite application non native devrait se voir accorder l'accès aux services natifs fournis par le système de plateforme ; et
 - un module de gestionnaire d'application (222) adapté pour intercepter des applications non natives et demander au module gestionnaire d'accès sécurisé (220) d'accorder l'accès des applications non natives aux services natifs fournis par le système de plate-forme.
2. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon la revendication 1, dans laquelle ladite couche d'assistance intergicielle est un composant dudit ensemble de plate-forme de terminal mobile (12).
3. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon la revendication 1, dans laquelle chacune desdites au moins une API comprend au moins un module logiciel.
4. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans

- laquelle le domaine API non natif est un domaine API à environnement d'exécution Java (202).
5. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans laquelle le domaine API natif est un domaine API à plate-forme ouverte (206). 5
 6. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon une quelconque des revendications précédentes comprenant un domaine API à cadre d'application ouvert (204) qui comprend le module gestionnaire d'accès sécurisé (220) et le module de gestionnaire d'application (222). 10
 7. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon la revendication 4, dans laquelle le module gestionnaire d'environnement non natif est un module gestionnaire d'environnement Java (210) est ledit domaine API à environnement d'exécution Java (202) inclut un module d'application Java (212) et un module de couche de prise en charge Java (214). 15
 8. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans laquelle le module gestionnaire d'application (222) est adapté pour gérer l'enregistrement, l'installation, le démarrage, l'arrêt, la désinstallation et la suppression d'applications pour l'environnement d'application natif et l'environnement d'application non natif. 20
 9. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans laquelle ledit domaine API natif (206) inclut un module central d'application native (232) adapté afin de cacher des détails spécifiques de système d'exploitation de l'ensemble de plate-forme de terminal mobile (12) et adapté en outre afin de soulager les applications des complexités de temps d'exécution incluant le routage/filtrage de messages et la gestion des ressources relatives aux messages. 25
 10. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans laquelle ledit domaine API natif (206) inclut un(des) module(s) plug-in d'extension native (238) adaptés afin d'étendre la fonctionnalité de l'ensemble de plate-forme de terminal mobile (12) en fournissant des services de niveau supérieur qui peuvent être utilisés par les applications. 30
 11. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans laquelle au moins une API comprend un domaine API de kit d'outils UI (208). 35
 12. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon la revendication 11, dans laquelle le domaine API de kit d'outils UI (208) est adapté afin de fournir un ensemble d'objets visuels qui peuvent être utilisés pour construire une interface d'utilisateur dans la couche d'assistance intergicielle pour une application d'utilisateur. 40
 13. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon la revendication 1, dans laquelle ledit système de télécommunication sans fil comprend un système de télécommunication cellulaire. 45
 14. Couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon la revendication 13, dans laquelle ledit système de télécommunications cellulaire comprend un système de télécommunication cellulaire de troisième génération. 50
 15. Ensemble de plate-forme de terminal mobile (12) pour un système de plate-forme (10) pour un système de télécommunication sans fil comprenant :
 - un composant de services logiciels (22) ;
 - caractérisé par**
 - un composant de couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon une quelconque des revendications 1-14.
 16. Utilisation de couche d'assistance intergicielle (26) selon une quelconque des revendications 1-14 dans un ensemble de plate-forme de terminal mobile pour charger, installer et exécuter un logiciel d'application dans ledit ensemble de plate-forme de terminal mobile avec ladite couches d'assistance intergicielle. 55

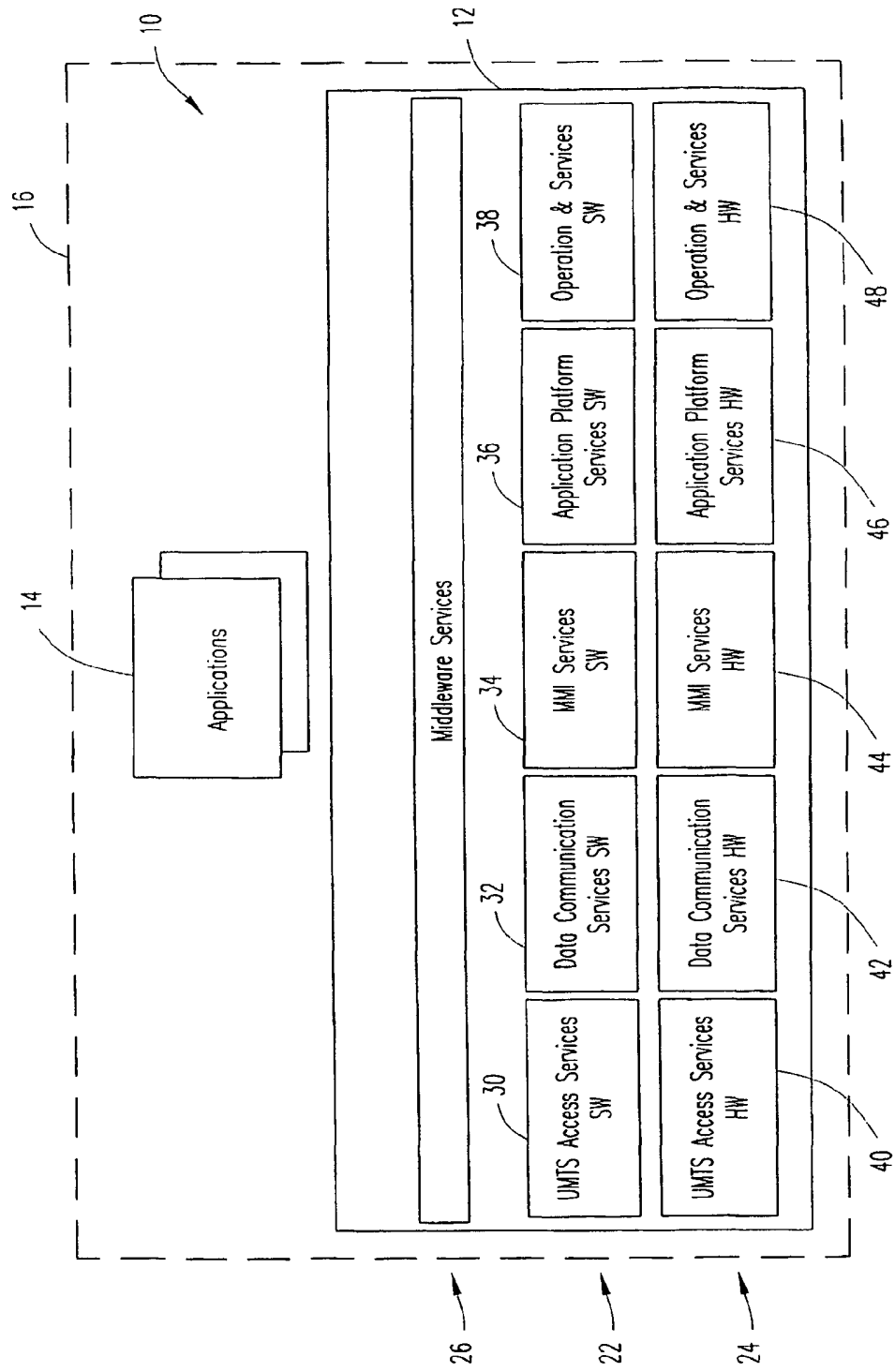


FIG. 1

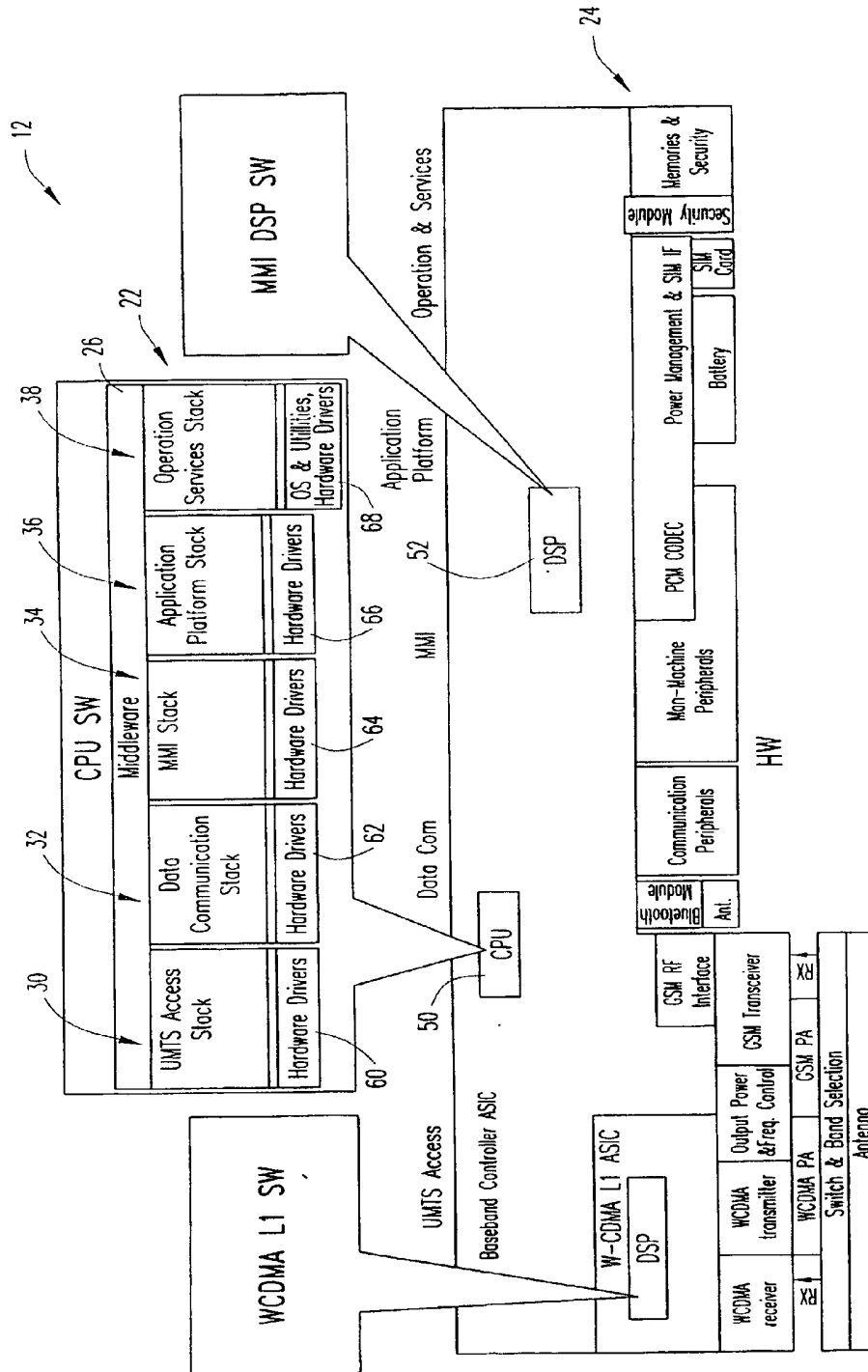


FIG. 2

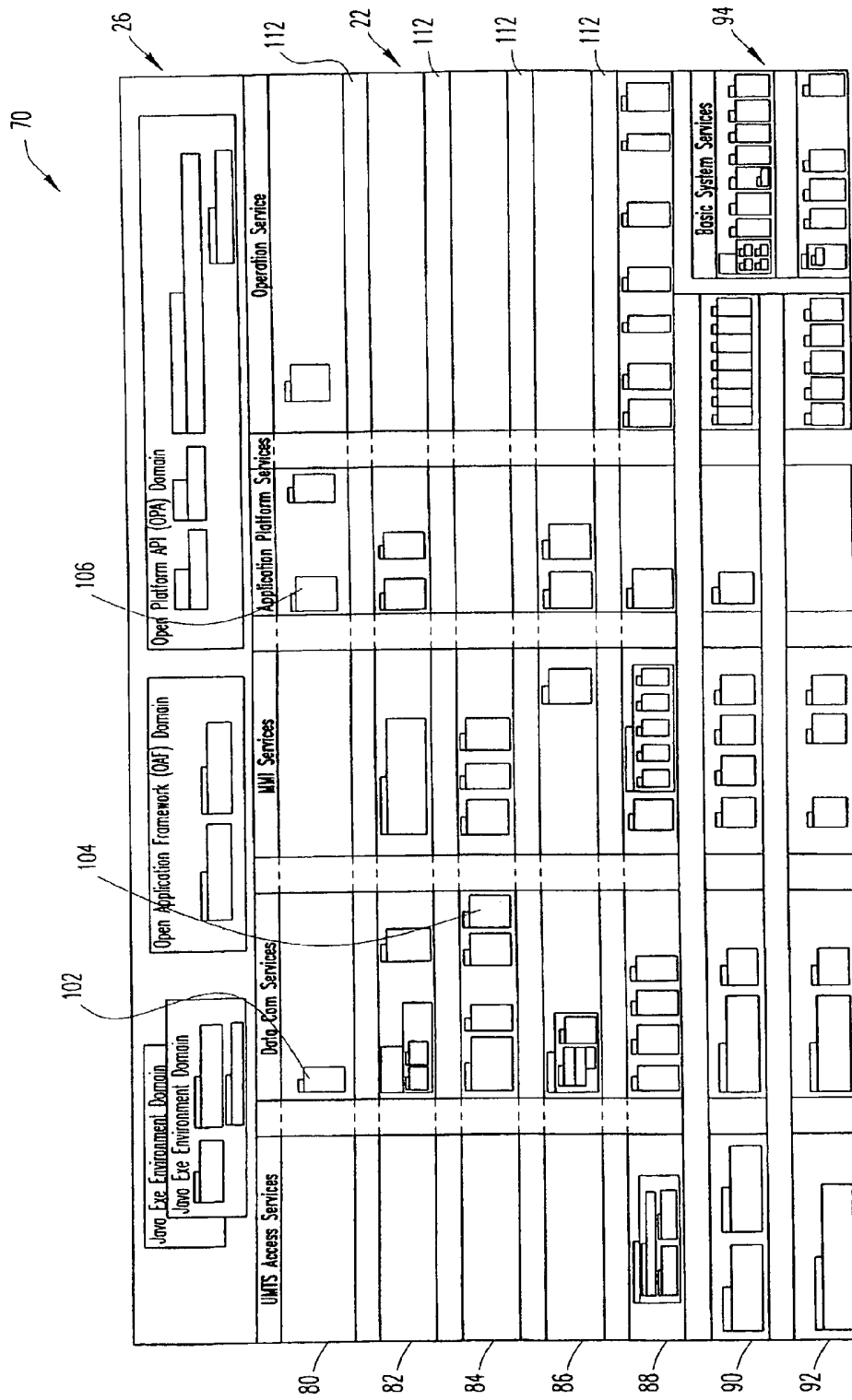


FIG. 3

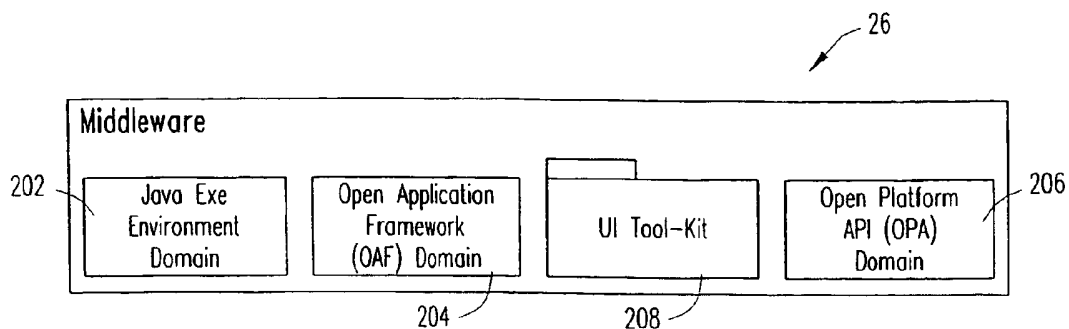


FIG. 4

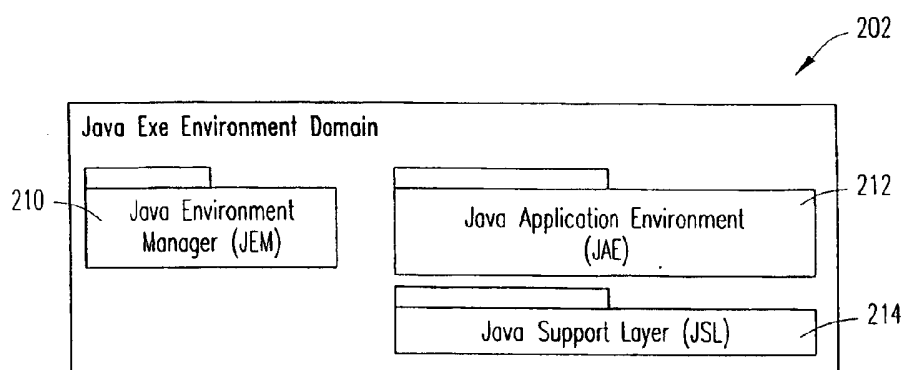


FIG. 5

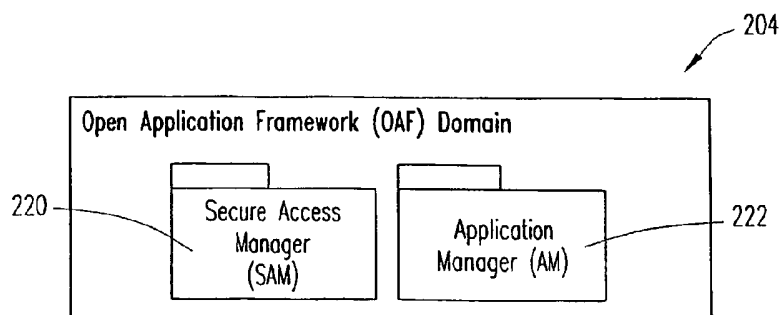


FIG. 6

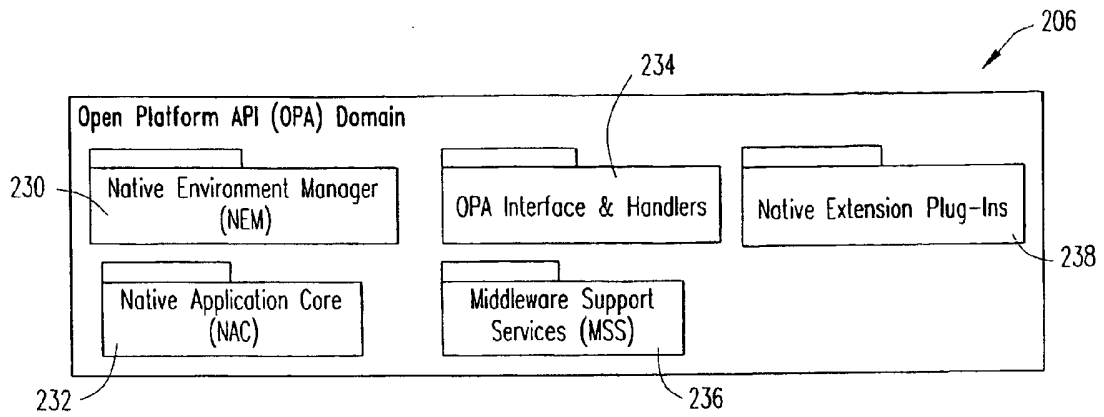


FIG. 7

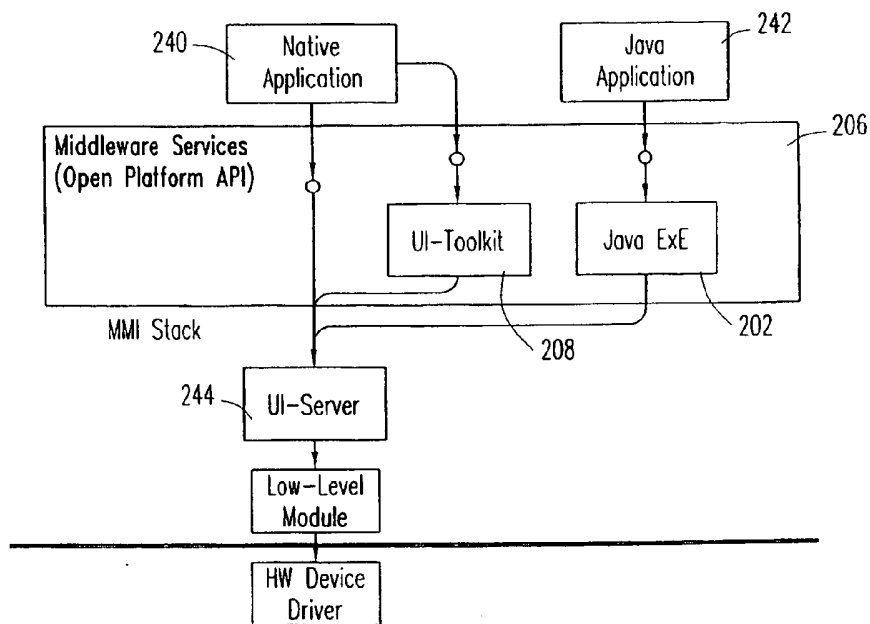


FIG. 8

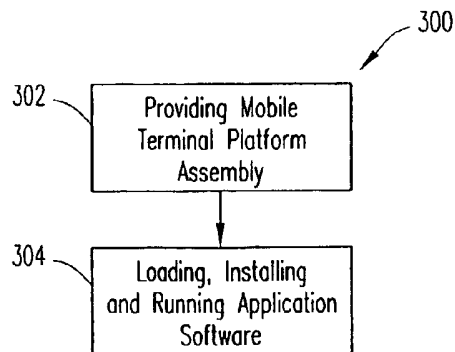


FIG. 9

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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Patent documents cited in the description

- WO 9716938 A [0007]

713872/KOT

KÖZTESSZOFTVER SZOLGÁLTATÁSI RÉTEG MOBIL VÉGBERENDEZÉSEKHEZ VALÓ PLATFORMRENDSZERHEZ

Szabadalmi igénypontok

1. Közteesszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26) platformrendszerhez (10), amely arra van kialakítva, hogy beépítsék mobil végberendezésbe vezetékek nélküli kommunikációs rendszerhez, az említett platformrendszer tartalmaz egy mobil végberendezés platformblokkot (12), amelynek van szoftverszolgáltatás összetevője (22), valamint betöltött alkalmazási szoftvert (14), amely telepítve van és a mobil végberendezés platformblokkon (10) fut, **azzal jellemezve, hogy** legalább egy API alkalmazási program interfész, amely úgy van kialakítva, hogy hozzáférést biztosítson a mobil végberendezés platformblokkhoz (12) az alkalmazási szoftver (14) betöltéséhez, telepítéséhez és futtatásához alkalmazási környezetek sokaságában a mobil végberendezés platformblokkban (12), ahol az alkalmazási környezetek sokasága eredeti és nem eredeti alkalmazási környezetet tartalmaz;
és abban a legalább egy API a következőket tartalmazza:

- eredeti API tartomány (206), amely eredeti környezetkezelő modult (230) tartalmaz alkalmazások vezérlésére az eredeti alkalmazási környezetben;
- nem eredeti API tartomány (202), amely nem eredeti környezetkezelő modult (210) tartalmaz alkalmazások vezérlésére a nem eredeti alkalmazási környezetben;
- biztonságos hozzáférést kezelő modul (220), amely arra van kialakítva, hogy egy nem eredeti alkalmazás tanúsítványa alapján meghatározza, hogy a nem eredeti alkalmazásnak kell-e biztosítani hozzáférést a platformrendszer által nyújtott eredeti szolgáltatásokhoz; és
- alkalmazáskezelő modul (222), amely arra van kialakítva, hogy elfogja a nem eredeti alkalmazásokat és hívja a biztonságos hozzáférést kezelő modult (220), hogy hozzáférést biztosítson a platformrendszer által nyújtott eredeti szolgáltatásokhoz a nem eredeti alkalmazások számára.

2. Az 1. igénypont szerinti közteszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol a közteszoftver szolgáltatási réteg a mobil végberendezés platformblokk (12) összetevője.
3. Az 1. igénypont szerinti közteszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol minden egyes, illetve legalább egy API legalább egy szoftver modult tartalmaz.
4. Az előző igénypontok egyike szerinti közteszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol a nem eredeti API tartomány egy Java végrehajtási környezeti API tartomány (202).
5. Az előző igénypontok egyike szerinti közteszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol a nem eredeti API tartomány nyílt platform API tartomány (206).
6. Az előző igénypontok egyike szerinti közteszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), amely magában foglal egy nyílt alkalmazási keret API tartományt (204), amely tartalmazza a biztonságos hozzáférést kezelő modult (220) és az alkalmazáskezelő modult (222).
7. A 4. igénypont szerinti közteszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol a nem eredeti környezetkezelő modul egy Java környezetkezelő modul (210), és a Java végrehajtási környezet API tartomány (202) tartalmaz egy Java alkalmazási modult (212) és egy Java támogatási réteg modult (214).
8. Az előző igénypontok egyike szerinti közteszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol az alkalmazáskezelő modul (222) arra van kialakítva, hogy kezelje az alkalmazások bejegyzését, telepítését, indítását, leállítását, eltávolítását és törlését az eredeti alkalmazási környezetre és a nem eredeti alkalmazási környezetre.
9. Az előző igénypontok egyike szerinti közteszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol az eredeti API tartomány (206) tartalmaz egy eredeti alkalmazási mag modult (232), amely arra van kialakítva, hogy elrejtse a mobil végberendezés plat-

formblokk (12) operációs rendszertől függő jellemző részleteit, továbbá tehermentesítse az alkalmazásokat a futás idejű összetettségektől, beleértve üzenet-útválasztást/szűrést és üzenettel kapcsolatos erőforrás-kezelést.

10. Az előző igénypontok egyike szerinti köztesszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol az API tartomány (206) tartalmaz eredeti bővítő modul(oka)t (238), amely(ek) arra van(nak) kialakítva, hogy kiterjesszék a mobil végberendezés platformblokk (12) funkcionalitását az alkalmazások által használható magasabb szintű szolgáltatások nyújtásával.
11. Az előző igénypontok egyike szerinti köztesszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol a legalább egy API tartalmaz egy felhasználói felület eszköztár API tartományt (208).
12. A 11. igénypont szerinti köztesszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol a felhasználói felület eszköztár API tartomány (208) arra van kialakítva, hogy biztosítsa vizuális objektumok készletét, amelyek felhasználói felület építésére használhatók a köztesszoftver szolgáltatási rétegben felhasználói alkalmazáshoz.
13. Az 1. igénypont szerinti közbenső szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol a vezetékek nélküli távközlési rendszer mobil távközlési rendszert tartalmaz.
14. A 13. igénypont szerinti közbenső szolgáltatási réteg (26), ahol a mobil távközlési rendszer harmadik generációs mobil távközlési rendszert tartalmaz.
15. Mobil végberendezés platformblokk (12) platformrendszerhez (10) vezetékek nélküli távközlési rendszerhez, amely a következőket tartalmazza:
 - szoftver szolgáltatások összetevő (22), **azzal jellemezve, hogy**
 - a köztesszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26) az 1 – 14. igénypontok egyike szerinti.

16. Az 1 – 14. igénypontok egyike szerinti közteszoftver szolgáltatási réteg (26) alkalmazása mobil végberendezés platformblokkban alkalmazási szoftver betöltéséhez, telepítéséhez és futtatásához a mobil végberendezés platformblokkban a közteszoftver szolgáltatások rétegen keresztül.