

(51) International Patent Classification:
G06F 16/245 (2019.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US2020/019460

(22) International Filing Date:

24 February 2020 (24.02.2020)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

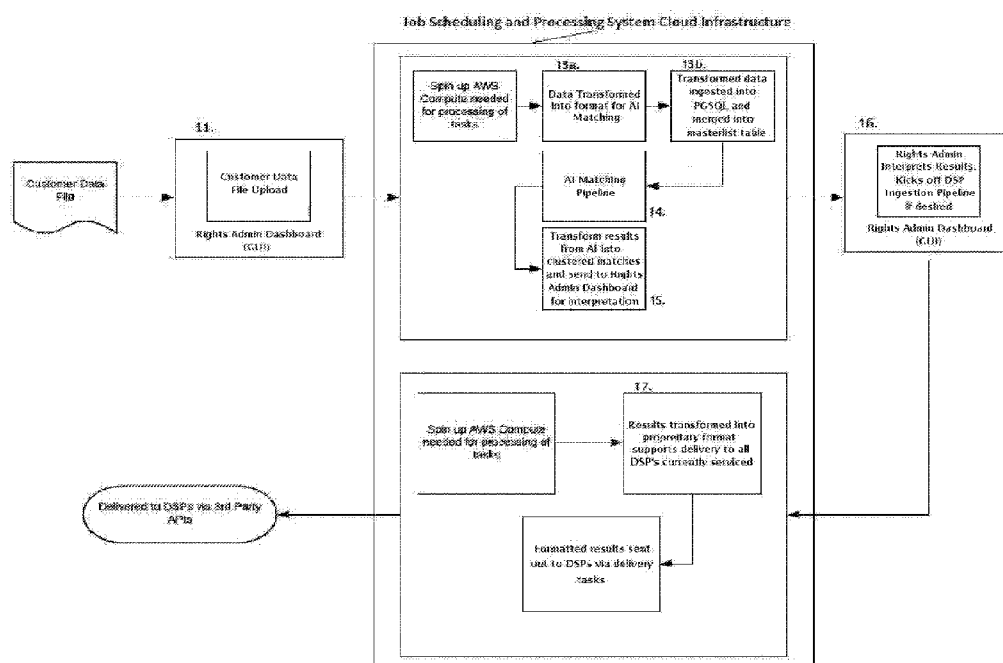
(30) Priority Data:

62/809,590

23 February 2019 (23.02.2019) US

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Square, 38th Floor, New York, NY 10036 (US).(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every
kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM,
AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ,
CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DJ, DK, DM, DO,
DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN,
HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JO, JP, KE, KG, KH, KN, KP,
KR, KW, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME,
MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ,
OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA,
SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR,
TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, WS, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(54) Title: MUSIC AND DIGITAL RIGHTS MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS AND METHODS

FIG. 2

(57) **Abstract:** A method and associated system for matching and delivering digital work metadata to one or more digital service providers, including modifying one or more digital work metadata files to remove non-critical data or segment erroneous data from the one or more digital work metadata files; reformatting the one or more digital work metadata files for compatibility with a digital service provider usage report table; performing a first matching operation, in which the one or more digital work metadata files are compared to the digital service provider usage report table on the basis of one or more data points; performing a second matching operation, the second matching operation being an artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation on one or more unmatched digital work metadata files of the one or more digital work metadata files; and transmitting output data from the matching operations to the one or more digital service providers.



(84) **Designated States** (*unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available*): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, ST, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

- *without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report (Rule 48.2(g))*

PCT INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION**FOR****5 MUSIC AND DIGITAL RIGHTS MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS AND METHODS****Cross-Reference to Related Applications**

The present application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/809,590, filed
10 February 23, 2019, the disclosures and teachings of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Technical Field

The present invention relates to systems and methods of
15 music and digital rights management. More specifically, the present invention relates to systems and methods of transforming, matching, and delivering music and digital works metadata to digital service providers' (DSPs') associated sound recording usage data.

20

Background of the Invention

Given the sprawling nature of today's Internet, it is a difficult task for music rights holders to positively identify and obtain all royalties owed to the holder.
25 Accordingly, there is a need for a system and associated method that assists music rights holders and other digital rights holders to seek out and obtain owed royalties.

Summary of the Invention

30 In general, in one aspect, the invention features a method for matching and delivering digital work metadata to one or more digital service providers, including, under control of one or more processors configured with executable instructions, modifying one or more digital work metadata

files to remove non-critical data or segment erroneous data from the one or more digital work metadata files; reformatting the one or more digital work metadata files for compatibility with a digital service provider usage report table; performing a first matching operation, in which the one or more digital work metadata files are compared to the digital service provider usage report table on the basis of one or more data points; performing a second matching operation, the second matching operation being an artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation on one or more unmatched digital work metadata files of the one or more digital work metadata files; and transmitting output data from the first and second matching operations to the one or more digital service providers.

Implementations of the invention may include one or more of the following features. The one or more digital work metadata files may be sound recording metadata files. The one or more data points may be International Standard Work Codes (ISWCs) or International Standard Recording Codes (ISRCs). The artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation may be based on a Dedupe Python library. The artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation may include matching on one or more underlying criteria, the one or more underlying criteria including composition title, composition writer, sound recording title, or sound recording artist.

The output data may be transmitted to the one or more digital service providers via one or more third party application programming interfaces (APIs). The method may further include transmitting the output data to a rights administration dashboard prior to transmitting to the one or more digital service providers. The method may further include converting the output data into a data standard format compatible with each of the one or more digital service providers prior to transmitting to the one or more

digital service providers. The first and second matching operations may be performed on a cloud infrastructure.

In general, in another aspect, the invention features a system configured to match and deliver digital work metadata to one or more digital service providers, including one or more processors, one or more computer-readable media, and one or more modules maintained on the one or more computer-readable media that, when executed by the one or more processors, cause the one or more processors to perform operations including: modifying one or more digital work metadata files to remove non-critical data or segment erroneous data from the one or more digital work metadata files; reformatting the one or more digital work metadata files for compatibility with a digital service provider usage report table; performing a first matching operation, in which the one or more digital work metadata files are compared to the digital service provider usage report table on the basis of one or more data points; performing a second matching operation, the second matching operation being an artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation on one or more unmatched digital work metadata files of the one or more digital work metadata files; and transmitting output data from the first and second matching operations to the one or more digital service providers.

Implementations of the invention may include one or more of the following features. The one or more digital work metadata files may be sound recording metadata files. The one or more data points may be International Standard Work Codes (ISWCs) or International Standard Recording Codes (ISRCs). The artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation may be based on a Dedupe Python library. The artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation may include matching on one or more underlying criteria, the one or more underlying

criteria including composition title, composition writer, sound recording title, or sound recording artist.

The output data may be transmitted to the one or more digital service providers via one or more third party application programming interfaces (APIs). The system may further include an additional operation of transmitting the output data to a rights administration dashboard prior to transmitting to the one or more digital service providers. The system may further include an additional operation of converting the output data into a data standard format compatible with each of the one or more digital service providers prior to transmitting to the one or more digital service providers. The first and second matching operations may be performed on a cloud infrastructure.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 illustrates an operational flowchart of a system and associated method of one embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 illustrates an operational flowchart of a system and associated method of another embodiment of the present invention, utilizing a job scheduling and processing system; and

Fig. 3 illustrates an operational flowchart of a job scheduling and processing system for utilization in the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Invention

The present invention is directed to a system and associated method for transforming, matching, and delivering music and digital works metadata to DSPs' associated sound recording usage data. The matching mechanism may include a

customer data transformation aspect followed by transmission to an artificial intelligence (AI) entity resolution library. This library may be configured for Python and may be based on an open source library, such as Dedupe. The
5 system may include a pre-matching analysis mechanism configured to extract positive matches from one or more datasets, such as 1:1 correlations of International Standard Work Codes (ISWCs), International Standard Recording Codes (ISRCs), and other authoritative data points, and transmit
10 unmatched data, if any, to an adapted Dedupe library. After AI processing of the data, the system may extract the results into a specific data standard or file format utilized to deliver ownership information to available DSPs in accordance with DSP submission requirements. The system may
15 take the form of an automated software pipeline.

The system of the present invention may include several aspects. A first aspect is a pre-analysis transformation. The system may process a metadata file, such as one provided by a customer, to remove any superfluous data and/or segment
20 any erroneous or potentially erroneous data. The system may then reformat the file for, e.g., merging capabilities with DSP Usage Reports into a database table.

A second aspect is a pre-analysis matching. The system may utilize the metadata file in performing a matching
25 analysis with the DSP Usage Report table. The matching may be performed on the basis of one or more data points, including ISWCs, ISRCs, and other authoritative data points. The resulting dataset may be parsed for determination of additional authoritative data points. In a non-limiting
30 example, new ISWCs may be discovered where only ISRCs had been available in a metadata file, and new ISRCs may be discovered where only ISWCs had been available in a metadata file. Newly discovered authoritative data points may be further matched, with results being added to, e.g., a table

of compositions and linked sound recordings. In one example of such a table, the table may represent data clusters that are updated through AI matching. Compositions and sound recordings that do not form part of a data cluster may be
5 subjected to AI processing for predictive matching.

A third aspect is the aforementioned AI matching, particularly via an adapted Dedupe library. The adapted Dedupe library may be capable of performing clustering and entity resolution on large datasets, such as over 25 million
10 rows, at scale. The AI matching mechanism may be executed on an entire dataset, including with a training predicate set that supports matching on one or more underlying criteria, e.g., Composition Title & Writers and Sound Recording Title & Artist. This Dedupe library may be configured with one or
15 more statistical analysis-based matching techniques as well as with the training predicate set to produce a confidence score for a clustered match. A generated result may include a table having one or more of cluster identifications, confidence scores, and additional data points appended to
20 the original database table. Clusters may be merged with those clusters created during the pre-analysis matching aspect, resulting in affinities of sound recordings linked to a single work. Such affinities may be updated as, e.g., new works data and DSP Usage Reports are processed by a
25 system of the present invention.

A fourth aspect is be a post-analysis transformation configured to transmit matching files to a rights administration dashboard. Upon approval by a rights administrator, this data may be converted into a specific
30 data standard, which may be a flat file, such as a comma separated values (CSV) file. This converted data may be ingested by an ingestion pipeline associated with the system for transforming the relevant metadata into a DSP-specific format.

Fig. 1 illustrates an operational flowchart of a system and associated method of an embodiment of the present invention. A data file ("Customer Data File") may be uploaded to a rights administration dashboard. The data file may be placed in a queue for pre-analysis transformation as well as for requesting that AMAZON WEB SERVICES (AWS) launch the AI matching mechanism, as this mechanism may be launched only on demand. The data file may be transformed and ingested into a PostgreSQL database and then merged into a DSP Usage Report table. Should the AI matching mechanism be launched, the data will be sent for commencing AI matching. Particularly, a Dedupe-based pipeline may be executed on the transformed/ingested dataset. The data file may then be transformed from a raw AI output to a readable format of predicted matches and delivered to the rights administration dashboard. Upon approval by a rights administrator, the data may be ingested by a DSP ingestion pipeline. This data is converted into a specific data standard format that supports transmission to all relevant DSPs, and subsequently transmitted to the DSPs, such as via third party application programming interfaces (APIs).

Fig. 2 illustrates an operational flowchart of a system and associated method of another embodiment of the present invention, similar to the embodiment of Fig. 1 and utilizing a job scheduling and processing system, such as but not limited to the job scheduling and processing system embodied in Fig. 3. Fig. 2 illustrates those operations that are performed in the cloud infrastructure associated with the job scheduling and processing system, including pre-analysis transformation, pre-analysis matching, AI matching, and post-analysis transformation, as well as DSP ingestion pipeline operations. Outside the cloud infrastructure is the rights administration dashboard, which may be configured as a graphical user interface (GUI).

Fig. 3 illustrates an operational flowchart of a job scheduling and processing system for utilization in the present invention. The job scheduling and processing system is configured to marshal, monitor, and report on one or more job or operational pipelines through a cloud infrastructure. Any type of computational job may be scheduled, picked up, and assigned for cloud computing by the job scheduling and processing system. The job scheduling and processing system is configured to maintain an active or available status, and is capable of scaling up the cloud infrastructure when required by, or necessary for, a requested computational job.

There are multiple job or operational pipelines depicted in Fig. 3, including those associated with data ingestion, data delivery, and content discovery, including in connection with an AI-based system. A pipeline may be composed of several computational tasks, as indicated by the subscript lettering, that result in the desired output upon completion of all relevant tasks. The job scheduling and processing system maintains awareness of the necessary computational tasks in a specific pipeline via database tables that define the tasks and associated steps required to complete the pipeline. These illustrated and described pipelines are exemplary and non-limiting.

As further illustrated in Fig. 3, aspects that may be controlled or operated by the job scheduling and processing system include ingestion of data into databases from a rights administration dashboard (e.g., triggered by an end user), transformation of data for feeding into an AI-based system, transformation and ingestion of resulting data from the AI-based system into databases, transformation of data (including rights administration interpretation of results) into a data format acceptable for delivery to all DSPs, and delivery of the data to the DSPs.

The embodiments and examples above are illustrative, and many variations can be introduced to them without departing from the spirit and scope of the disclosure or from the scope of the invention. For example, elements and/or
5 features of different illustrative and exemplary embodiments herein may be combined with each other and/or substituted with each other within the scope of this disclosure. For a better understanding of the invention, its operating advantages and the specific objects attained by its uses,
10 reference should be had to the drawings and descriptive matter, in which there is illustrated a preferred embodiment of the invention.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

5 1. A method for matching and delivering digital work metadata to one or more digital service providers, comprising:

under control of one or more processors configured with executable instructions,

10 modifying one or more digital work metadata files to remove non-critical data or segment erroneous data from the one or more digital work metadata files;

reformatting the one or more digital work metadata files for compatibility with a digital service provider usage report table;

15 performing a first matching operation, in which the one or more digital work metadata files are compared to the digital service provider usage report table on the basis of one or more data points;

20 performing a second matching operation, the second matching operation being an artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation on one or more unmatched digital work metadata files of the one or more digital work metadata files; and

25 transmitting output data from the first and second matching operations to the one or more digital service providers.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more digital work metadata files are sound recording metadata files.

3. The method of claim 2, wherein the one or more data points are International Standard Work Codes (ISWCs) or International Standard Recording Codes (ISRCs).

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation is based on a Dedupe Python library.

5

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation includes matching on one or more underlying criteria, the one or more underlying criteria including composition title, composition writer, sound recording title, or sound recording artist.

10

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the output data is transmitted to the one or more digital service providers via one or more third party application programming interfaces (APIs).

15

7. The method of claim 1, further comprising transmitting the output data to a rights administration dashboard prior to transmitting to the one or more digital service providers.

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8. The method of claim 1, further comprising converting the output data into a data standard format compatible with each of the one or more digital service providers prior to transmitting to the one or more digital service providers.

25

9. The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second matching operations are performed on a cloud infrastructure.

10. A system configured to match and deliver digital work metadata to one or more digital service providers, comprising:

30

one or more processors;

one or more computer-readable media; and

one or more modules maintained on the one or more computer-readable media that, when executed by the one or more processors, cause the one or more processors to perform operations including:

5 modifying one or more digital work metadata files to remove non-critical data or segment erroneous data from the one or more digital work metadata files;

 reformatting the one or more digital work metadata files for compatibility with a digital service provider usage
10 report table;

 performing a first matching operation, in which the one or more digital work metadata files are compared to the digital service provider usage report table on the basis of one or more data points;

15 performing a second matching operation, the second matching operation being an artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation on one or more unmatched digital work metadata files of the one or more digital work metadata files; and

20 transmitting output data from the first and second matching operations to the one or more digital service providers.

11. The system of claim 10, wherein the one or more digital
25 work metadata files are sound recording metadata files.

12. The system of claim 11, wherein the one or more data points are International Standard Work Codes (ISWCs) or International Standard Recording Codes (ISRCs).

30 13. The system of claim 10, wherein the artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation is based on a Dedupe Python library.

14. The system of claim 10, wherein the artificial intelligence (AI) matching operation includes matching on one or more underlying criteria, the one or more underlying criteria including composition title, composition writer,
5 sound recording title, or sound recording artist.

15. The system of claim 10, wherein the output data is transmitted to the one or more digital service providers via one or more third party application programming interfaces
10 (APIs).

16. The system of claim 10, further comprising an additional operation of transmitting the output data to a rights administration dashboard prior to transmitting to the one or
15 more digital service providers.

17. The system of claim 10, further comprising an additional operation of converting the output data into a data standard format compatible with each of the one or more digital
20 service providers prior to transmitting to the one or more digital service providers.

18. The system of claim 10, wherein the first and second matching operations are performed on a cloud infrastructure.
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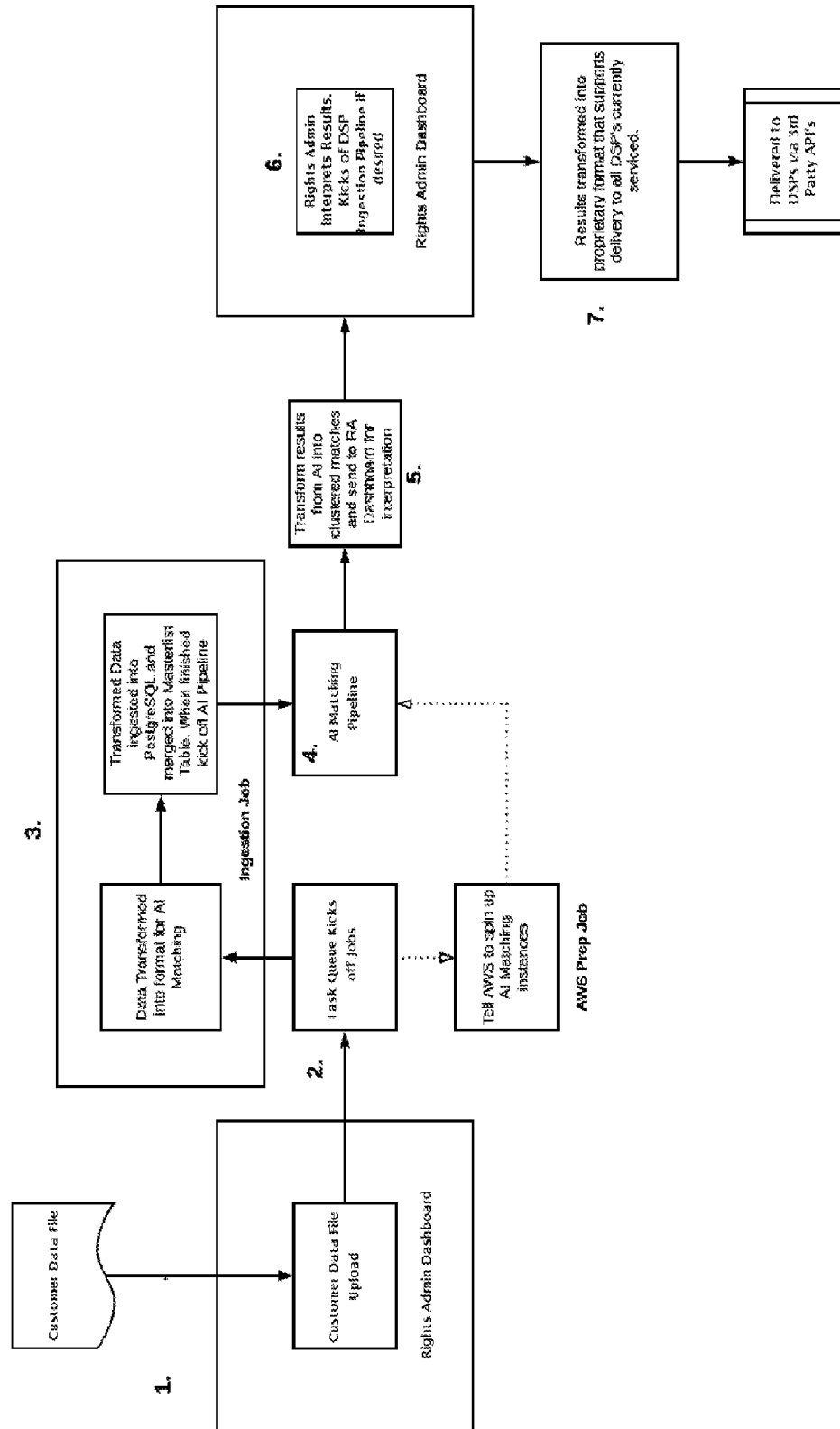
FIG. 1

FIG. 2

Job Scheduling and Processing System Cloud Infrastructure

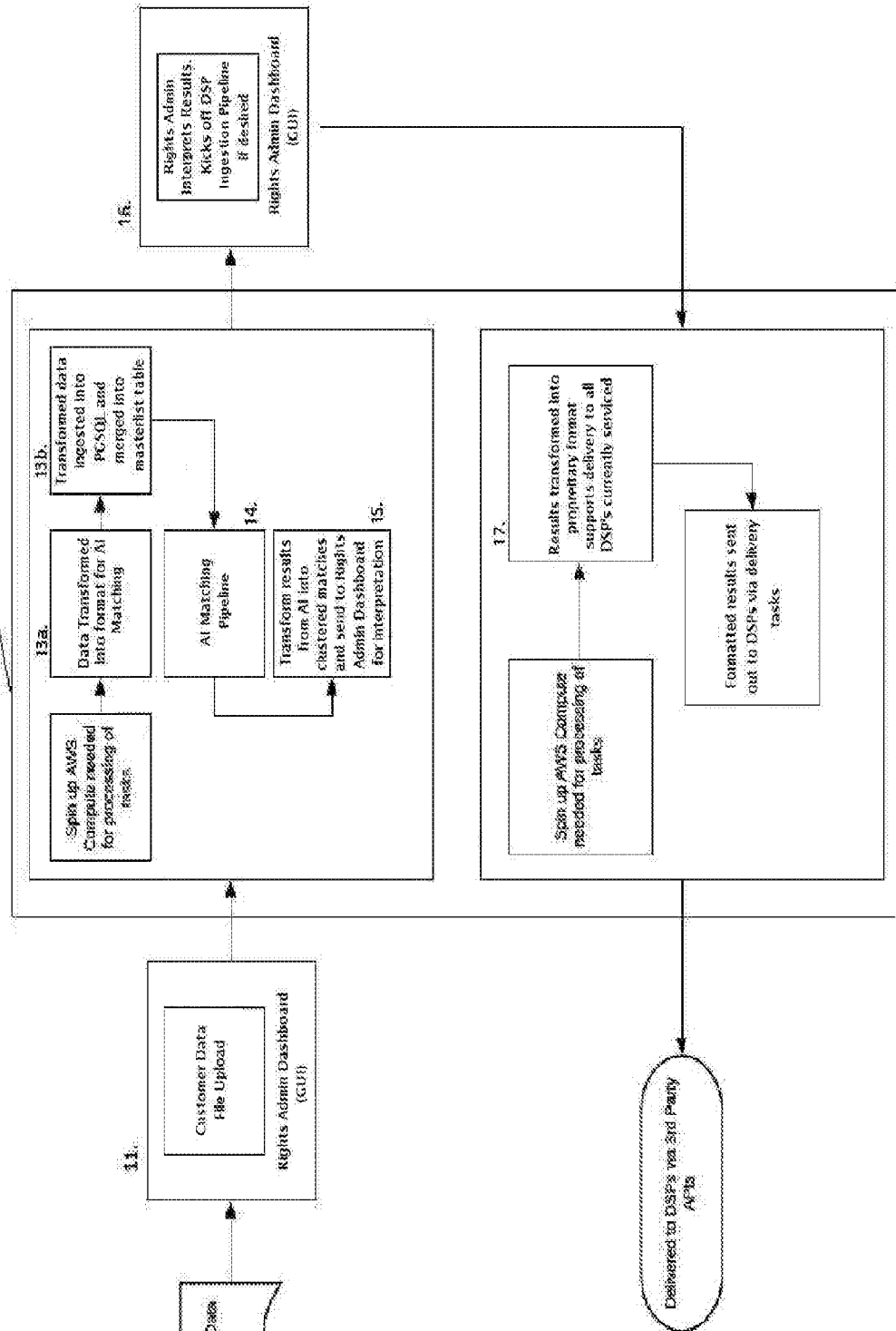


FIG. 3

