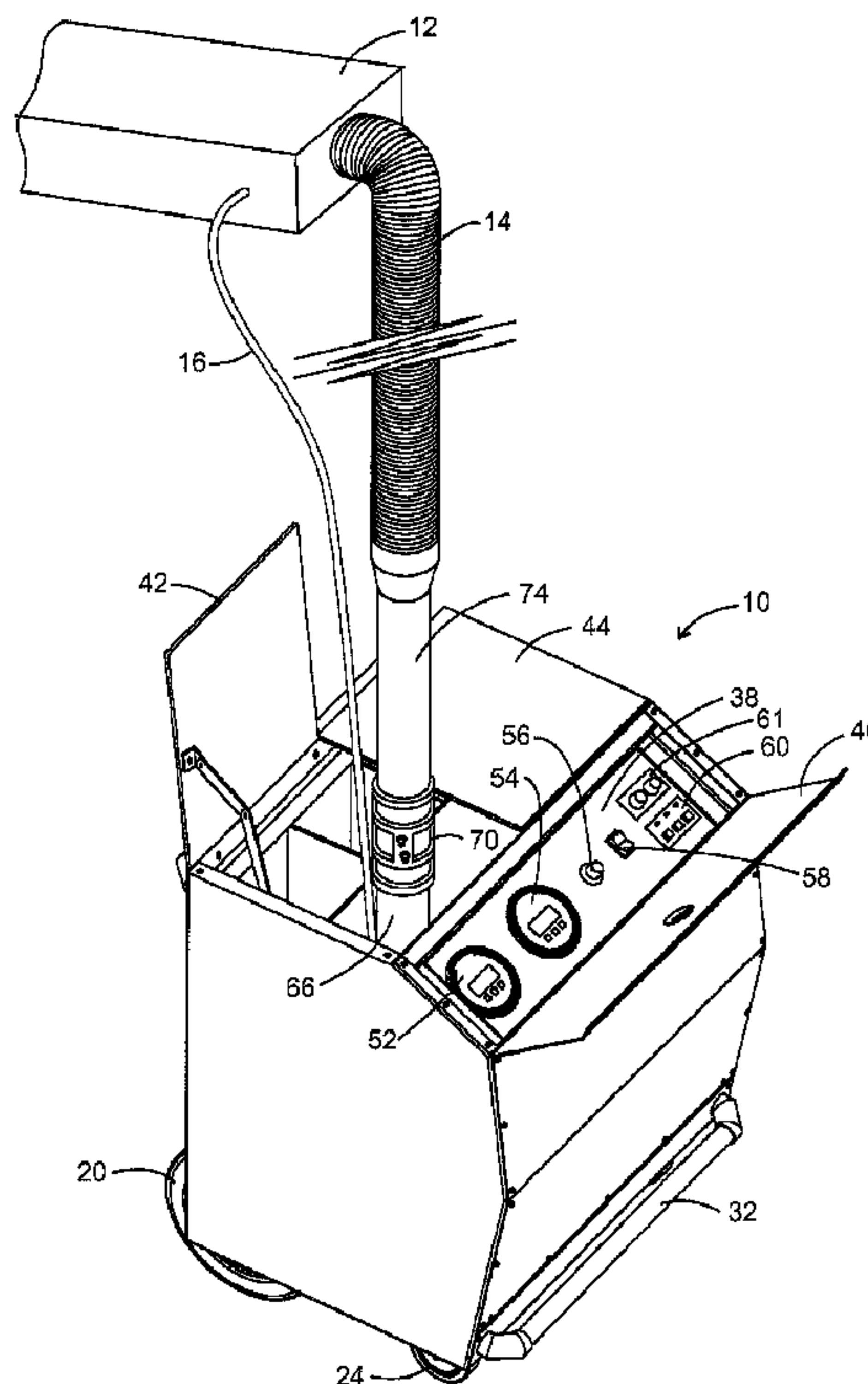




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(54) **Titre : APPAREIL PORTATIF POUR DECELER DES FUITES DANS DES CONDUITES D'AIR**  
(54) **Title: PORTABLE APPARATUS FOR DETERMINING LEAKS IN AIR DUCTS**



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

The disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts includes a wheeled cabinet having hand-graspable handles for transport. A front, covered equipment readout includes displays for air duct flow, air duct pressure, blower speed, and smoke



**(57) Abrégé(suite)/Abstract(continued):**

generator operation. An on-board variable speed blower control knob also is included on the front panel. Housed within the cart is a variable speed blower, a silencer, a smoke generator, power supply, and multiple Venturis of different diameter for different sized air ducts to be tested.

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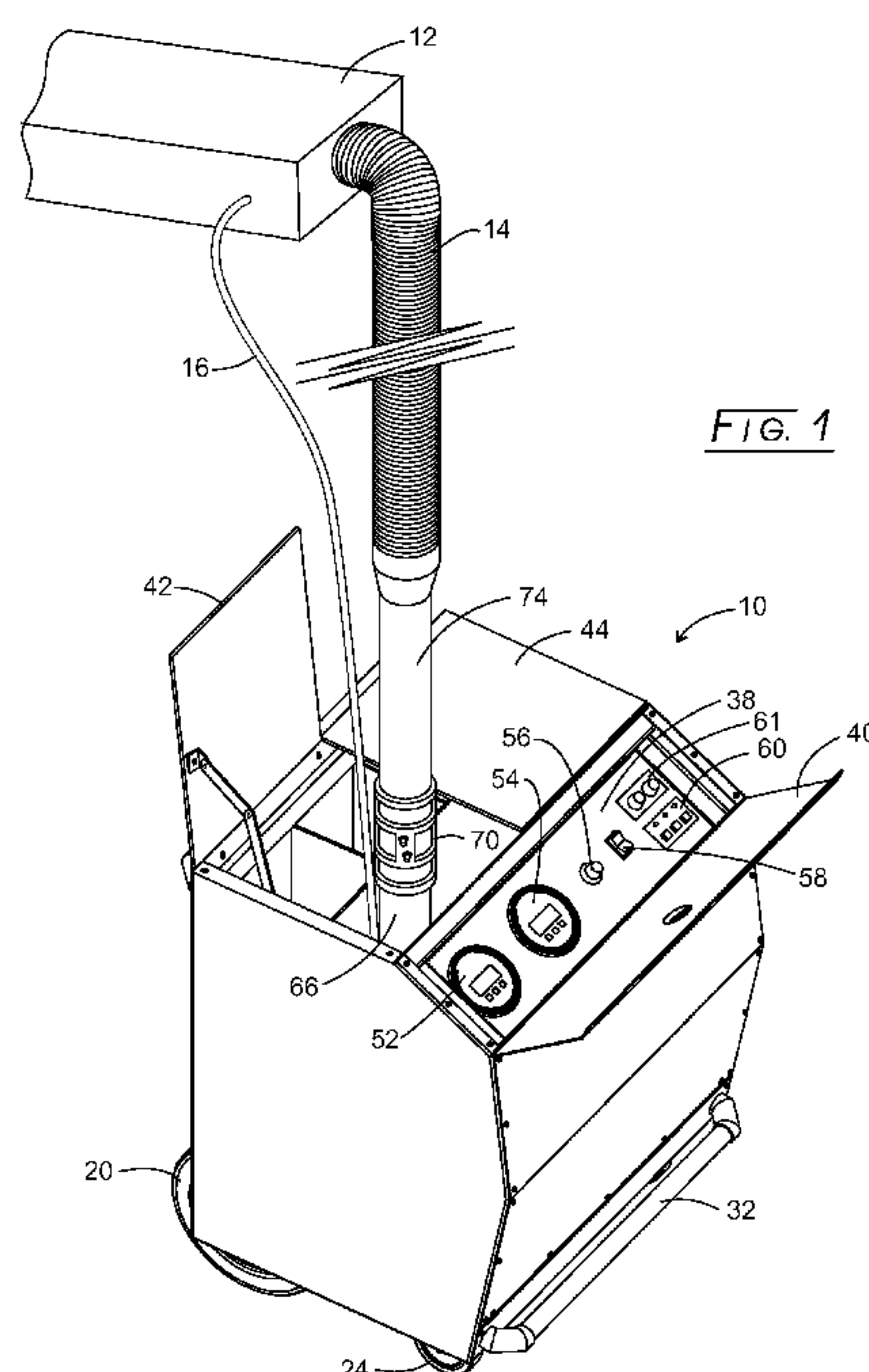
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(54) Title: PORTABLE APPARATUS FOR DETERMINING LEAKS IN AIR DUCTS



(57) Abstract: The disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts includes a wheeled cabinet having hand-graspable handles for transport. A front, covered equipment readout includes displays for air duct flow, air duct pressure, blower speed, and smoke generator operation. An on-board variable speed blower control knob also is included on the front panel. Housed within the cart is a variable speed blower, a silencer, a smoke generator, power supply, and multiple Venturis of different diameter for different sized air ducts to be tested.

## PORTABLE APPARATUS FOR DETERMINING LEAKS IN AIR DUCTS

### BACKGROUND

5           This disclosure relates to determining the presence of leaks in air ductwork, or simply ducts, and more particularly to a portable, self-contained apparatus therefor.

10           Air ducts carry conditioned air (one or more of heated, cooled, de-humidified, humidified, *etc.*) to locations, usually rooms, which require such conditioned air for comfort of people, proper operation of equipment, and the like. Such air ducts often are formed in multiple sections that are joined together for form a “continuous” duct transporting the conditioned air.

15           It is not unusual for the duct joints to lack sufficient integrity, resulting in leakage of air from the duct. Occasionally, the duct may have a hole in it or other defect that similar permits air to leak from the duct. Regardless of the reason for the air leak, loss of conditioned air may result in the blower or conditioning equipment to remain in a powered conditioned for longer periods of time, lack of personnel comfort in the room to receive the conditioned air, *etc.*, to occur. Besides the discomfort in the room to receive the conditioned air, waste of power  
20 also results.

          A variety of air leak detection equipment has been developed and is commercially available. Such equipment often is lacking is being portable and easily transported from job site to job site, lacks flexibility in hooking of to different size air ducts, lacks sufficient capacity to check different size air ducts,  
25 and the like. It is to such perceived need in the marketplace that the present disclosure is addressed.]

### BRIEF SUMMARY

The disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts includes a wheeled cabinet having hand-graspable handles for transport. A front, covered equipment readout includes displays for air duct flow, air duct pressure, blower speed, and smoke generator operation. An on-board variable speed blower control knob also is included on the front panel. Housed within the cart are a variable speed blower, a smoke generator, power supply, and multiple venturis of different diameter for different sized air ducts to be tested.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a fuller understanding of the nature and advantages of the present apparatus, reference should be had to the following detailed description taken in  
5 connection with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 an isometric view of the disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts hooked up to a duct being tested for air leaks.

Fig. 2 is an isometric view of the disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts showing its rear and top;

10 Fig. 3 is a top view of the disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts with the instrument panel cover open;

Fig. 4 is side view of one side of the disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts;

15 Fig. 5 is an isometric view of the disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts showing the rear and bottom thereof;

Fig. 6 is a top view showing the inside of the disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts;

20 Fig. 7 is an isometric view of the disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts with the front and top removed to display the inside of the apparatus;

Fig. 8 is a front view of the disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts with the front and top removed to display the inside of the apparatus; and

25 Fig. 9 is an isometric view like that in Fig. 7, but from a perspective of the opposite side from that in Fig. 7.

The drawings will be described in greater detail below.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Referring initially to Fig. 1, a disclosed portable apparatus for determining leaks in air duct, **10**, is shown in an active test mode for testing an air duct, **12**. A flexible hose, **14**, makes connection between portable apparatus **10** and duct **12**. A source of pressurized air can flow from portable apparatus **10** into duct **12** through flexible hose **14**. A smaller hose, **16**, runs from duct **12** to portable apparatus **10** and measures the static pressure inside duct **12**.

Referring also to Fig. 2, it will be observed that portable apparatus **10** also can be referred to as a portable "cart" and such term often will be used herein by way of illustration and not by way of limitation. Cart **10** has a pair of larger, rear wheels, **18** and **20**, and a pair of smaller, caster wheels, **22** and **24**. The rear of cart **10** has an upper, hand-graspable bar, **26**, for moving cart **10** in any direction. A pair of rear skids, **28** and **30**, permit cart **10** to be laid back and pushed/pulled up/down stairs. A lower, front, hand-graspable handle, **32**, can be used to lift cart **10** up into the bed of a truck, onto a loading dock, or other surface located above the then location of cart **10**.

An air intake, **34**, to a blower (to be described later) is seen disposed in a lower sidewall, **36**, in Fig. 2. An instrument panel, **38**, is revealed when a door, **40**, is opened, as illustrated in Figs. 1-3. The interior volume within cart **10** is accessed by a pair of top doors, **42** and **44**, which can be opened/closed separately of each other.

An electric outlet, **46**, is disposed on the rear wall, **48**, also. Power to cart **10** is supplied by a power cord (not shown), accessible by opening a door, **50**, disposed in rear wall **48**. The power cord can be plugged into a standard ac electrical outlet. The resulting power can be accessed by other electrical equipment located on cart **10** via electrical outlet **46**.

Instrument panel **38** has visible readouts for duct static pressure, **52**, and volumetric airflow, **54**. A rotatable knob, **56**, controls the variable speed blower housed within cart **10**. An on/off switch with power status light, **58**, turns power on/off to the various electrical equipment housed within cart **10** and a smoke generator on/off switch with power status light, **60**, are disposed on instrument panel **38**. Finally, smoke generator instrument controls, **61**, are on the right side of instrument panel **38** that control the interval and duration of smoke generation.

Referring now to Figs. 6-9, the interior volume of cart **10** is revealed along with the on-board equipment used to test for air leaks in air duct. Initially, a smoke generator, **62**, and a variable speed blower, **64**, are revealed. Blower **64** is in flow relationship with a standpipe, **66**. A series of different diameter venturi

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pipes, **68**, **70**, **72**, and **73**, (see Fig. 6) are stored above blower **64**. Such venturi pipes connect to standpipe **66** and coordinate with different leakage measurement ranges. Connectors, such as a connector, **74** (see Fig. 1) can be used to connect the different sized venturi pipes to flexible hose **14**. Such  
5 connectors can be stored in compartments, such as compartments, **76**, **78**, and **80**, as seen in Figs. 6, 7, and 9. Flexible hose **14** can be stored in such compartments also.

Carried within each venturi pipe is a volumetric flow sensor connectable to readout **54**. A silencer, **65**, is connected to blower **64** for quieting the blower  
10 when in operation. Smoke generated by smoke generator **62** exits a port, **82**, through a diverter tube, **84**, (see Figs. 2, 4 and 9) and is sucked into intake **34** where blower **64** blows such smoke into duct **12** so that the location of an air leak can be seen.

While the apparatus has been described with reference to various  
15 embodiments, those skilled in the art will understand that various changes may be made and equivalents may be substituted for elements thereof without departing from the scope and essence of the disclosure. In addition, many modifications may be made to adapt a particular situation or material to the teachings of the disclosure without departing from the essential scope thereof.  
20 Therefore, it is intended that the disclosure not be limited to the particular embodiments disclosed, but that the disclosure will include all embodiments falling within the scope of the appended claims. In this application all units are in the IP (inch-pound) system and all amounts and percentages are by weight, unless otherwise expressly indicated. Readouts of leakage are in standard cubic  
25 feet per minute (SCFM).

I claim:

1. A portable apparatus for determining leaks in air ducts, which comprises:
  - (a) a wheeled cabinet having an interior, said cabinet having a door for accessing said cabinet interior;
  - 5 (b) a variable speed blower located within said cabinet interior;
  - (c) a smoke generator located within said cabinet interior;
  - (d) a flexible hose having two ends and located within said cabinet interior, one end of the flexible hose end being adapted to mate in air flow relationship with an air duct to be determined;
  - 10 (e) one or more venturis each having two ends, being of different diameter, and located within said cabinet interior, one end of each venturi adapted to mate with a free end of said flexible hose and the other end adapted to be in air flow relationship with said variable speed blower; and
  - 15 (f) a readout and control panel readable by a user of said portable apparatus,

when using said portable apparatus to determine leaks within air ducts, said smoke generator generating smoke that is blown by said variable speed blower through at least one of said one or more venturis and into said flexible hose and

20 then into said air duct to be determined.
2. The portable apparatus of claim 1, wherein the one or more venturis have different sizes.
- 25 3. The portable apparatus of claim 1, wherein a standpipe is disposed between said flexible hose and said variable speed blower when using said portable apparatus to determine leaks within air ducts.
- 30 4. The portable apparatus of claim 1, wherein a hand-graspable handle is located on the outside of said cabinet for moving said portable apparatus.
- 35 5. The portable apparatus of claim 1, which additionally carries a hose connectable between said air duct to be determined and said readout and control panel to determine the pressure within said air duct.

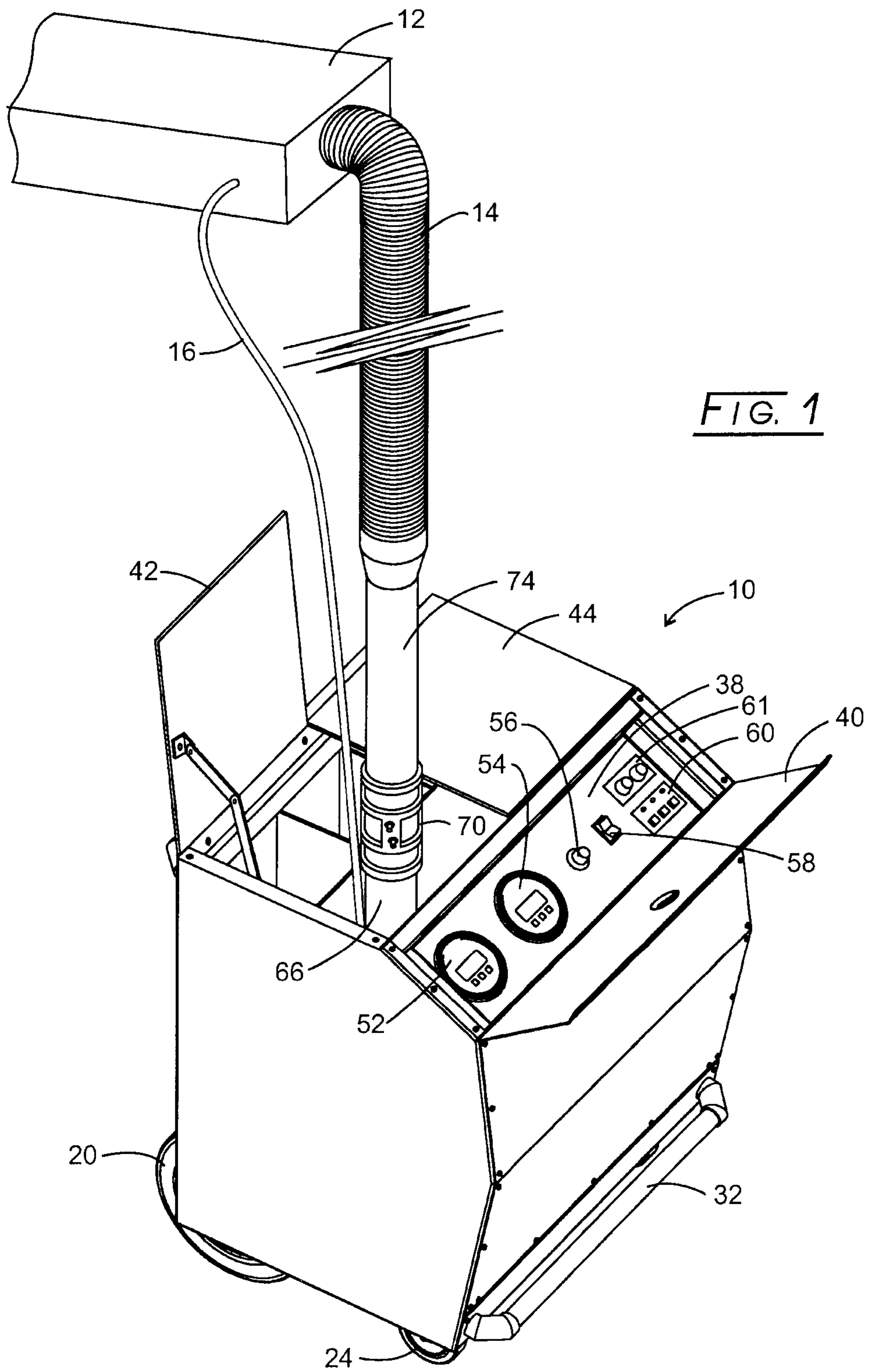
6. The portable apparatus of claim 1, wherein one or more compartments are located within said cabinet interior for storing said venturis and said flexible hose.

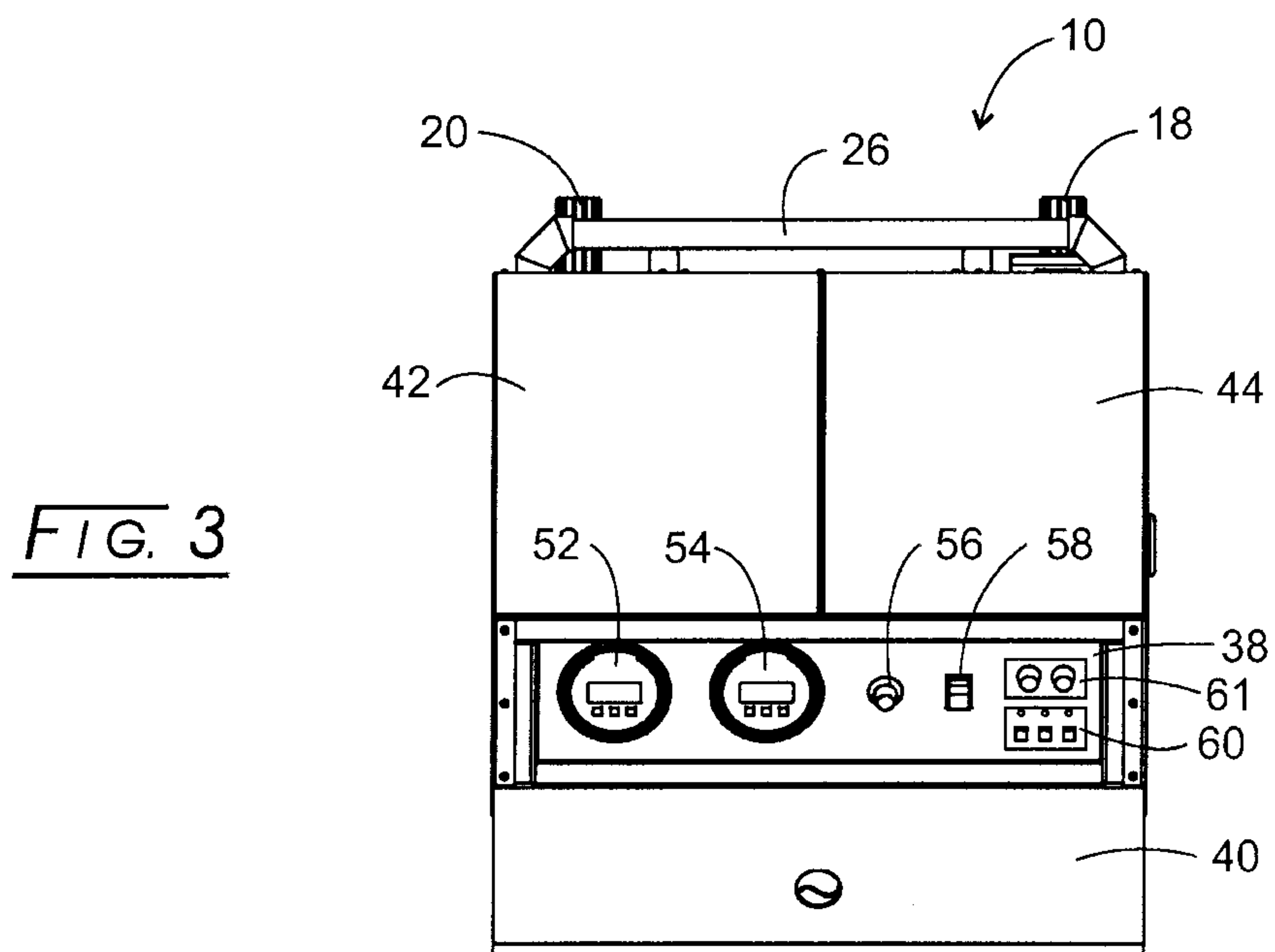
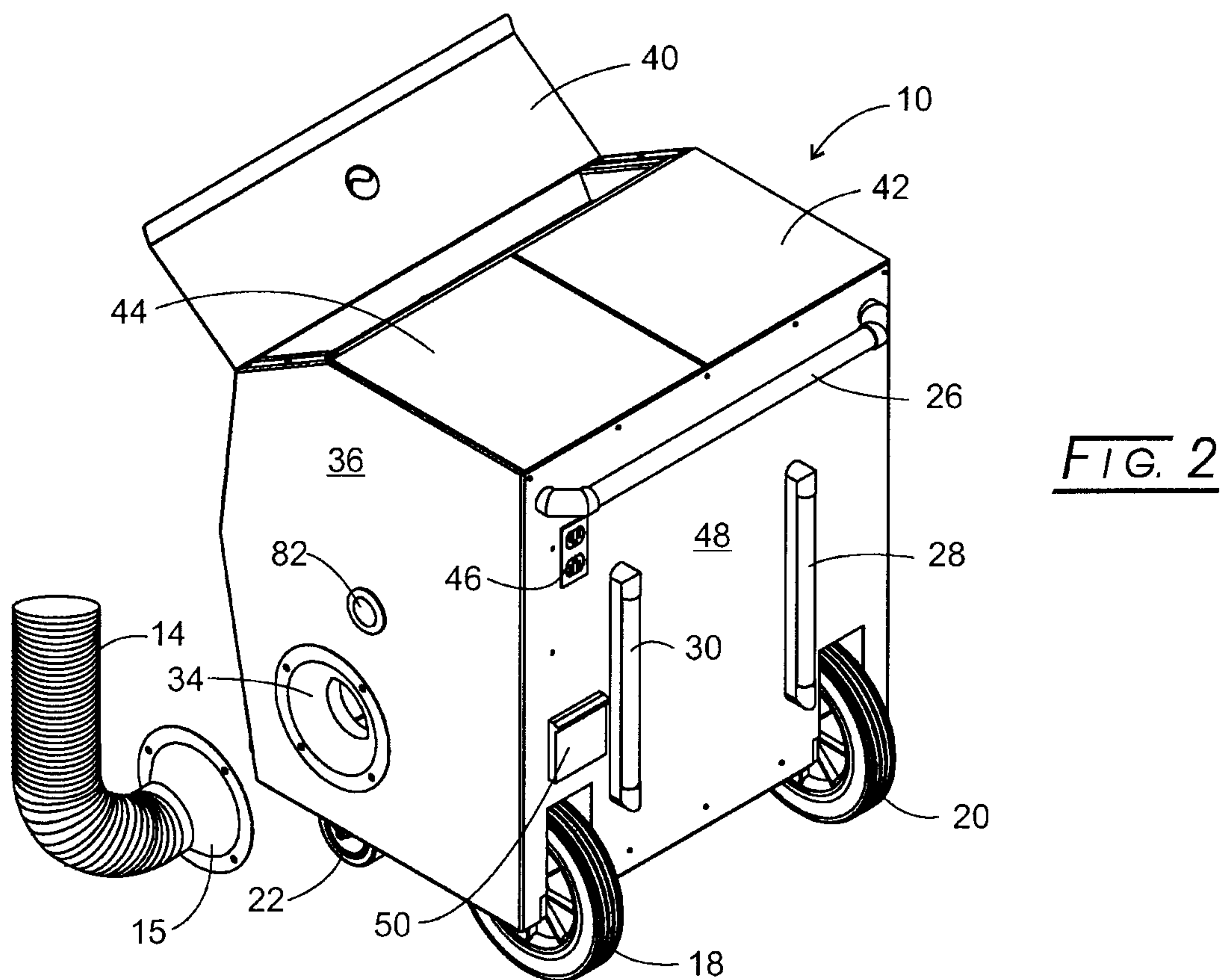
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7. The portable apparatus of claim 1, additionally comprising a pair of rear wheels and a pair of forward caster wheels carried by said cabinet.

10

8. The portable apparatus of claim 7, additionally comprising a second hand-graspable bar located adjacent to said forward caster wheels.





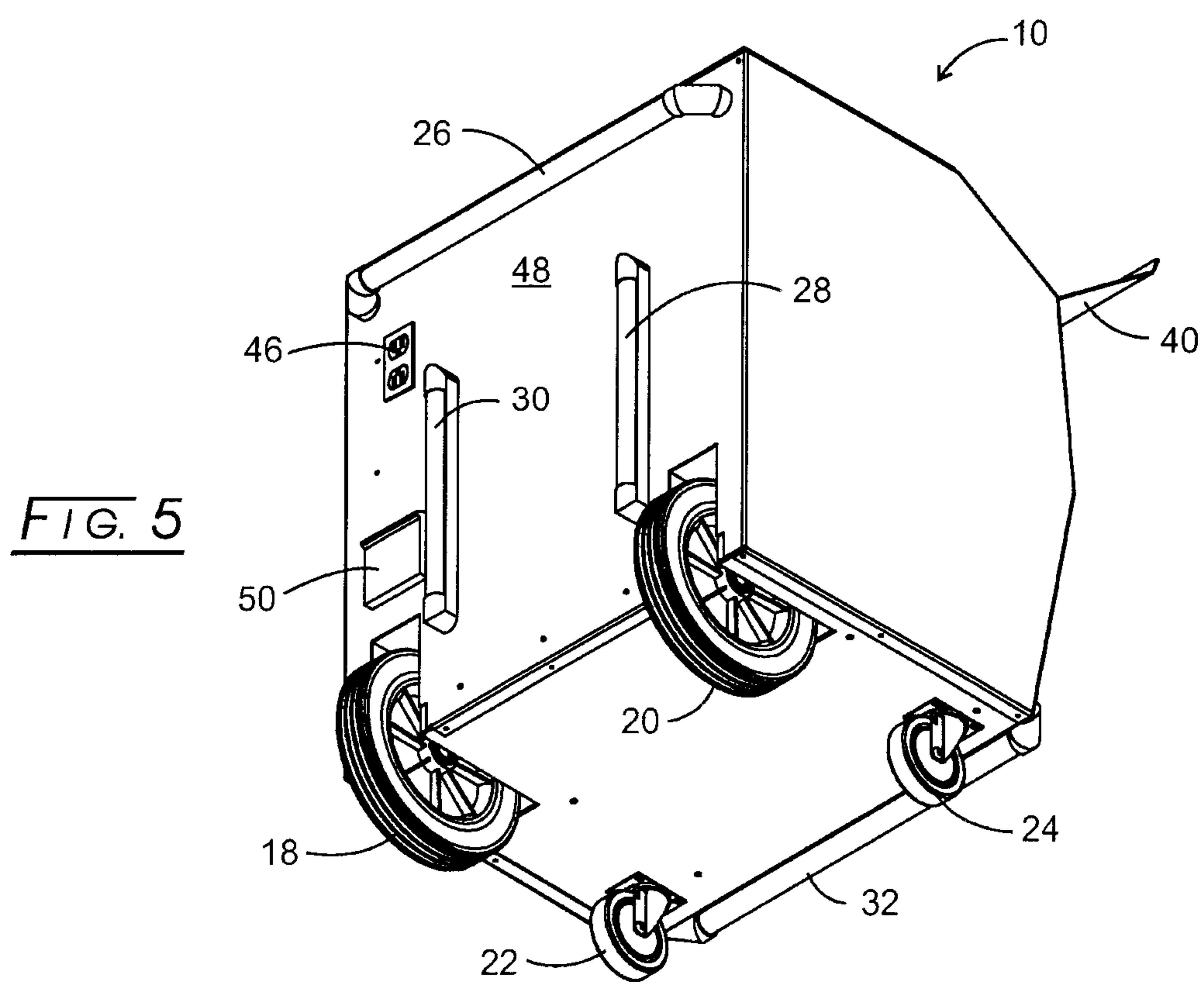
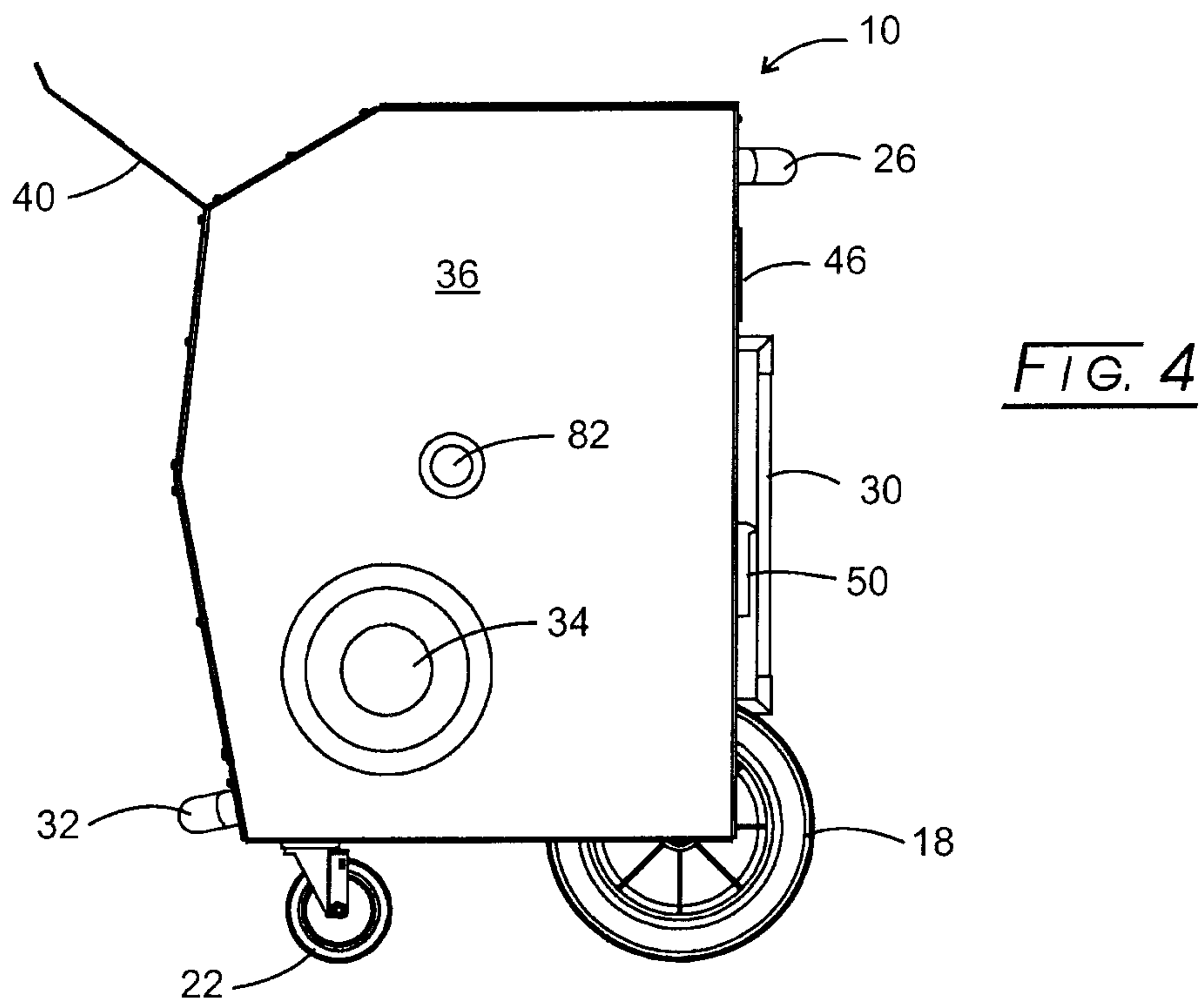
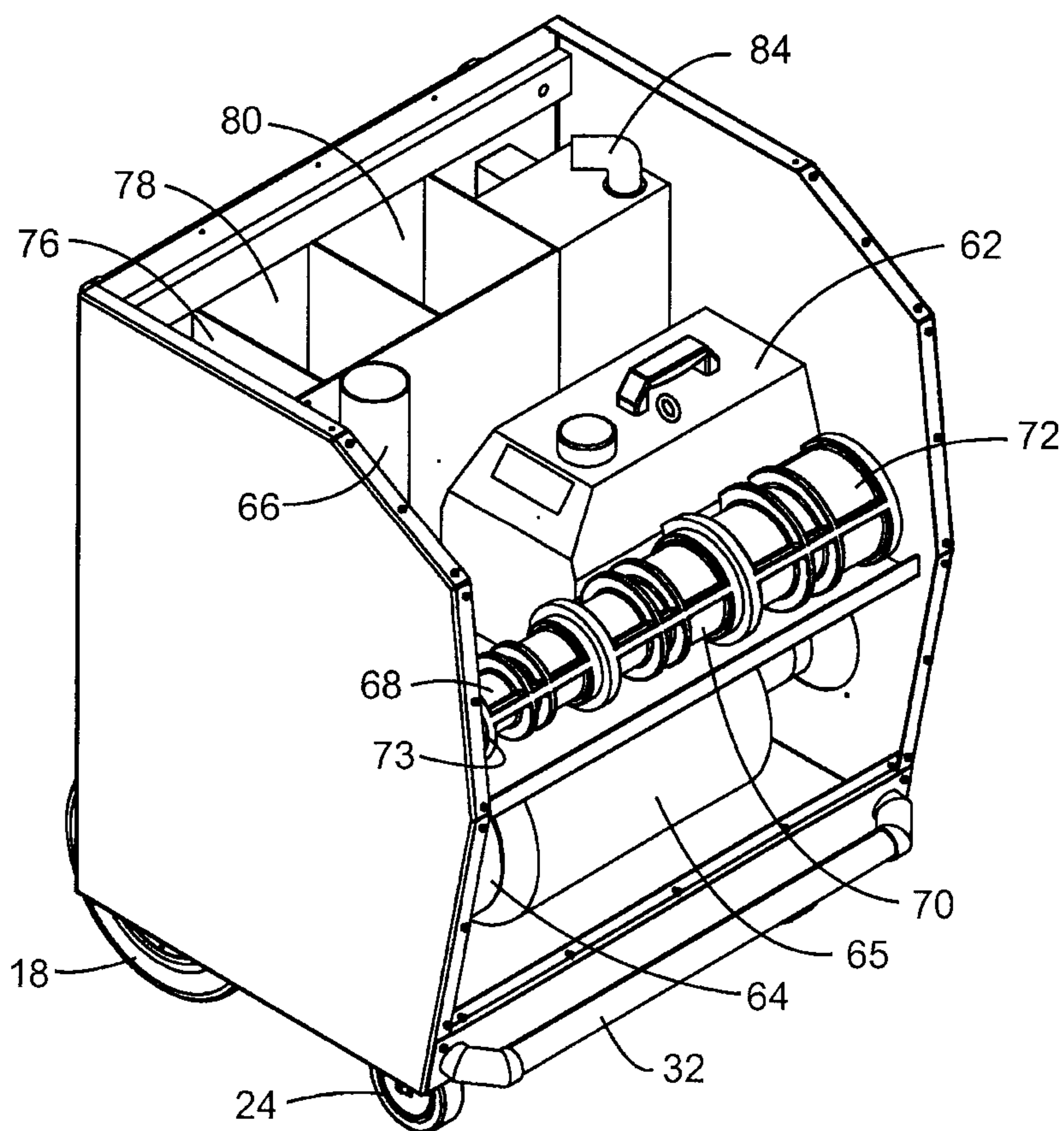
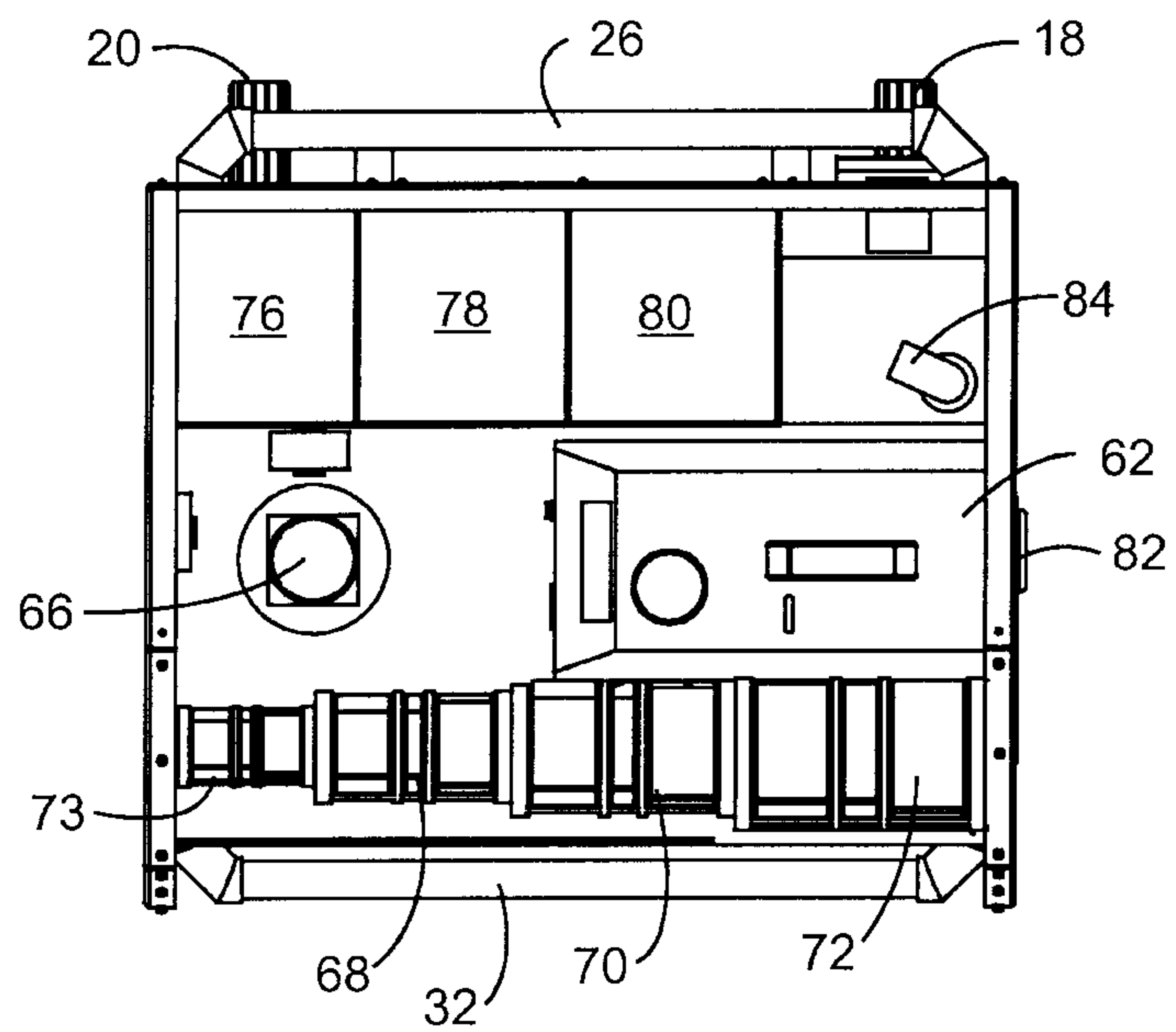


FIG. 6FIG. 7

