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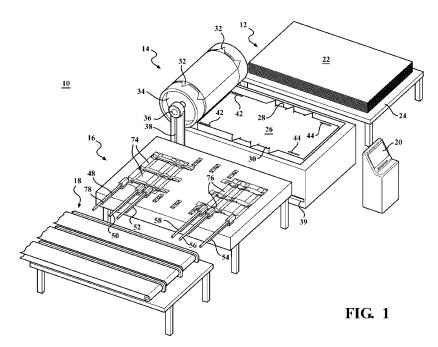
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(54) Title: PALLET CONSTRUCTION LINE AND ASSEMBLY



(57) **Abstract**: An assembly and associated method for constructing a three dimensional article, such as a pallet, including a first station for feeding a sheet material in blank form, a second a second station for receiving and incising the blank, a third station for receiving the incised blank and which successively creases and folds the blank into an assembled article, and a fourth operator station for controlling each of said first, second and third stations. Also disclosed is a conveyor for removing the assembled article from the third station and transferring to a plastic coating operation.



PALLET CONSTRUCTION LINE AND ASSEMBLY

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This Application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application 61/925,591 filed on January 9, 2014, the contents of which is incorporated in its entirety.

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates generally to an assembly line and process for constructing a pallet and, more particularly, to a multi-station assembly for successively cutting, bending, assembling (via inter-engaging tab and slot or other configurations) and coating a pallet. The invention also discloses a one piece assembled pallet produced by the assembly and process and which exhibits superior structural integrity as compared to previous multi-piece pallets which are assembled with the use of adhesives and the like.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] The prior art is documented with examples of packaging and other articles which can be assembled into a three dimensional article. A first example of this is set forth in Schmidtke, US 5,207,631 which teaches a method and apparatus for folding of sheet material into symmetrical and nonsymmetrical shapes, such as applied to making a pallet construction. A series of symmetrical stringer members are inserted into an equal plurality of non-symmetrically shaped cross-stringers, both of which have had adhesive applied while being folded to retain the shape into which they are made. A top sheet is applied and also glued in place to make the pallet.

[0004] A corresponding method includes supplying a sheet of material such as a fiberboard blank of appropriate composition and size, running the blank through crushing and scoring rollers to produce fold lines in the blank, and asymmetrically (making more folds from one side of the blank than from the other side) or symmetrically folding the blank into a predetermined shape while applying adhesive at predetermined points. The blank is folded by passing it through a multi-function folding means, including a lifting means which can slightly lift the outside edge of the blank until a belt-like folding and propelling means can then fold one panel of a blank over onto the other panel while adhesive is being applied. The folding operation can be repeated as many times as is needed to form the part.

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[0005] Zadjik, US 6,019,226, teaches a multi-component demountable palletized container including a pallet bottom, four sidewall components which may be readily assembled with rods and disassembled, and a top. Each of the sidewalls include a pair of horizontal and a pair of vertical members that are overlapped at their ends and are secured together. An inner cardboard panel is secured to the inside of the sidewalls and closes off the space between the members. The vertical members define grooves or channels which receive assembly straps or clips having hooked ends which align to define a corner axis and which receive elongate rods.

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[0006] EP 0 774 341 teaches a pallet lay-up system which utilizes a method in which spool-shaped paper supports wound with integral end flanges are processed in sequential linear arrays for adhesive attachment to first and second corrugated paperboard deck sheets applied in separate lay-up stations. The method further teaches modifications for the manufacture of a variety of pallet and pallet-like structures which include partial deck sheets, multi-layer deck sheets and the like.

[0007] WO 98/52829 teaches a pallet constructed of a flat blank of material formed of corrugated cardboard or plastics material. The blank forms, when assembled, a structural element including a number of wall forming panels delimited by a set of transverse fold lines and having at least two flaps which provide a diagonal cross brace. The structural element may be formed as a separate component or as an integral part of a larger structure such as a pallet or box.

[0008] WO 2007/134481 discloses an assembled paper pallet including paper grooves and cores made of paperboard. The grooves are "U" shaped and holes for expansion are provided in joints of the grooves and cores.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0009] The present invention discloses an assembly for constructing a three dimensional article, such as a pallet, and including a first station for feeding a sheet material in blank form, a second a second station for receiving and incising the blank, a third station for receiving the incised blank and which successively creases and folds the blank into an assembled article, and a fourth operator station for controlling each of said first, second and third stations. Also disclosed is a conveyor for removing the assembled article from the third station and transferring to a plastic coating operation.

[0010] Other features include the second incising station further including a generally rectangular shaped blank supporting and profiled surface including irregular configured side edges which co-act with an incising pattern formed into a drum shaped roller knife supported over said

profiled surface. The drum shaped roller knife is mounted about a rotary axis via support pins with a pair of length traversable side pedestals supporting the drum knife in elevated and top surface adhering fashion with the blank material supported over the support surface pedestals being traversed along tracks or guiding edge profiles, this as the roller knife is rolled across and over the blank with the incising pattern exhibited on the drum synchronized in a progressive contacting fashion with the support surface so that the incising pattern coacts with the irregular edges in order to section an outer frame portion from the blank.

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[0011] The third station further includes first and second pluralities of elongated rods which are channeled to extend through an equal number of base components secured atop a perimeter extending surface of a platform or table associated with a first creasing operation such that the individual pluralities of the rods extending over and across a pair of spaced apart recessed regions in the platform upon which the incised blank is initially positioned. Each of the recessed regions further exhibits a plurality of inter-angularly configured surfaces.

[0012] Additional features include each of the rods further having an underside projecting and fold-line forming blade edge creasing a width extending surface of the previously incised blank so that a plurality of crease lines are configured into the blank. A rectangular shaped reinforced insert placed upon a central surface of the blank corresponds to an eventual base interior of the assembled pallet. Other features include the reinforcing insert further exhibiting any type of honeycombed structure or other structurally reinforcing pattern for lending the eventual pallet construction with additional structural rigidity.

[0013] The third station includes opposite side located pluralities of actuating guides which are formed within recessed locations of the perimeter extending surface of the table and which pivot angularly upwardly in order to grasp and fold previously incised edge locations of the blank corresponding with a central support area. Other features associated with the third station also include first and second pluralities of opposite end extending arms configured such that they are pivotally secured at proximal ends to interior locations of said table and further so that they are servo activated or otherwise mechanically controlled to ascend through length extending and spaced apart slots formed in the recessed regions. The pluralities of end supported arms each further include length displaceable gripping portions both pivotally and displaceably associated with each of the elongated arms and which, collectively, configure a plurality of underside support profiles formed from a previously pair of deformed wings or end sections of the blank which are hingedly associated with a reinforced central portion of the blank.

[0014] A corresponding method for constructing a three dimensional article includes the steps of feeding a sheet material in blank form, incising the blank in order to create a desired cutout pattern, and successively creasing and folding the incised blank into an assembled article. Other steps include configuring each of tabs and slots in proximate side extending edges of the incised blank. The step of creasing the blank further includes forming first and second wings with multiple fold lines which extend from a central planar portion of the blank. The step of folding the blank into an assembled article further includes inserting the tabs into the slots.

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[0015] Other steps include placing a reinforcing planar shaped insert upon the central blank portion prior to folding the wings into a three dimensional shaped configuration and connveying the assembled article to a separate coating operation for applying a plasticized layer over the article. Other steps include applying bottom sealing strips for sealing recessed interior defining underside edge profiles associated with a plurality of underside supports created in the assembled article, as well as incorporating a reinforcing honeycomb pattern into the planar shaped insert.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

15 **[0016]** Reference will now be made to the attached drawings, when read in combination with the following detailed description, wherein like reference numerals refer to like parts throughout the several views, and in which:

[0017] Fig. 1 is an operational assembly view of a plurality of stations including a stacked cardboard blank supporting station, a roller knife supporting and cardboard incising station, a bending/assembling station and a removal station leading to a subsequent spray coating operation according to a non-limiting embodiment;

[0018] Fig. 2 is an enlarged operational view of the blank supporting, incising and bending/assembling stations and illustrating a first cardboard blank transferred over a generally rectangular perimeter defining support profile with irregular configured edges forming a portion of the incising station, with the roller knife in a pre-actuated position;

[0019] Fig. 3 is a succeeding illustration to Fig. 2 and in which the roller knife is translated across the pre-positioned cardboard blank in order to section edge portions therefrom which overhang the irregular configured edges of the perimeter support profile;

[0020] Fig. 4 is a succeeding illustration of the incised blank transferred to the bending/assembly station and illustrating a first creasing operation performed on the incised blank by a plurality of elongated rods extending across a recessed support profile of the bending station,

the rods each exhibiting a fold-line forming edge, a rectangular or square shaped reinforced insert subsequently being placed upon a central of the blank corresponding to an eventual base interior of the assembled pallet;

[0021] Fig. 5 is a succeeding illustrated stage of the bending/assembly station, in which the elongated rods are retracted from their previous extending positions over the blank and recessed support profile, following which pluralities of side located gripping supports and end extending pluralities of arms actuate in a combined upward angularly and displaceable fashion in an initial bending/pallet forming operation by grasping and manipulating previously incised side edge and width extending fold line locations previously formed into the blank;

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10 **[0022]** Fig. 6 is a successive bending step to Fig. 5 and in which the side arms and elongated end rotating arms overlay the top surface of the intermediately formed pallet body and in which additional length displaceable gripping portions associated with the elongated arms configure a plurality of underside support profiles formed from a previously pair of deformed wings or end sections of the blank which are hingedly associated with the reinforced central portion;

15 **[0023]** Fig. 7 is a succeeding illustration to Fig. 6 and in which a successive loading operation of an incised blank onto the bending station is depicted in similar fashion to Fig. 4, concurrent with a previously assembled and three dimensional pallet produced according to the afore-described bending protocol being transferred via the removal station to a subsequent spray coating operation;

[0024] Fig. 8 is an enlarged plan view illustration of an incised and initially creased blank as shown in Fig. 3;

[0025] Fig. 9 is a perspective rotated view of a three dimensionally and one piece constructed blank depicted in conveyed fashion upon the removal station of Fig. 7;

[0026] Fig. 10 is an enlarged and partial edge view of a folded edge profile of the pallet with edge covering flaps removed and better depicting the interior beams associated with the underside support profiles and further depicting optional bottom sealing strips for closing off the recessed interior defining underside edges of the support profiles;

[0027] Fig. 11 is a similar illustration to Fig. 10 and depicting a honeycomb or other supporting structure associated with the reinforcing insert which is encapsulated within the folded and three dimensionally constructed one piece pallet body;

30 **[0028]** Fig. 12 illustrates a perspective of the pallet in Fig. 9 with an overspray coating of plastic material;

[0029] Fig. 13 is a perspective illustration of an alternately constructed pallet including a different pattern of underside supporting profiles; and

[0030] Fig. 14 is a rotated underside perspective of the pallet of Fig. 13 and showing three dimensional profile of the plurality of spaced apart and individually configured underside support profiles.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0031] Referring to Figs. 1-14, the present invention discloses an assembly line and process for constructing a pallet and, more particularly, to a multi-station assembly for successively cutting, bending, assembling (via inter-engaging tab and slot or other configurations) and finish coating a pallet. The invention also discloses a one piece assembled pallet produced by the assembly and process and which exhibits superior structural integrity as compared to previous multi-piece pallets which are assembled with the use of adhesives and the like.

[0032] Referring to Fig. 1, an operational assembly view is generally depicted at 10 of a line assembly incorporating a plurality of stations, such as depicted as including a stacked cardboard blank supporting station 12, a roller knife supporting and cardboard incising station 14, a creasing and bending/three dimensional assembling station 16 and a removal station 18 leading to a subsequent spray coating operation (not shown) according to a non-limiting embodiment. As will be described, the line assembly shown is capable of incising/trimming and assembling/reconfiguring a blank material into a desired three dimensional shape which is not limited to the structurally supporting pallets depicted in the non-limiting embodiment.

[0033] Also depicted at 20 in Fig. 1 is an operator station for controlling the rate at which the line assembly operates. Not shown in Fig. 1 are any combination of belts, conveyors or other transfer mechanisms, such as robotic gripping arms, suction generating transfer arms and the like and which facilitate (preferably automated) transfer of the plurality of individual blanks (shown as stacked rectangular shaped pieces of cardboard at 22 initially supported upon a table 24 or other platform) between the various stations prior to delivery to the conveyor removal station 18 for transferring to the subsequent spray coat operation (not shown).

[0034] Additional features best depicted in Fig. 1 include a generally rectangular shaped blank supporting and profiled surface 26 at the incising station, this including irregular configured side edges 28 and 30 which co-act with a pair of incising patterns 32 formed into opposite and outwardly facing circumferentially patterns in the outer cylindrical profile surface of a drum

shaped roller knife 34. As is understood, the incising pattern corresponds to a cylindrical exterior profile with arcuate configured blade edges or the like which, upon rotating and concurrently translating the roller knife over the supported blank 22. The drum shaped roller knife 34 is in turn mounted about a rotary axis via support pins 36 with a pair of length traversable/displaceable side pedestals 38 supporting the drum 34 in elevated and top surface adhering fashion with a sheet of cardboard blank material 22 supported over the support surface 26 (see Fig. 2).

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[0035] Upon the side pedestals being traversed across the length of the incising station (Fig. 3), this typically resulting from the pedestals 38 being traversed along tracks or guiding edge profiles (see at 39 defined in the lower opposite side edges of the platform supporting body of the incising station 14), the roller knife 34 is rolled across and over the cardboard sheet 22 with the incising pattern 32 exhibited on the drum 34 synchronized in a progressive contacting fashion with the support surface 26 so that the incising pattern coacts with the irregular edges 28 and 30 in order to section an outer frame portion (see scrap perimeter as shown at 23 in Fig. 3) which falls into an interior cavity (at 40 in Fig. 3) of the incising station 14 prior to automated ejection as shown. At this point, and as again depicted in Fig. 3, the incised cardboard blank (now at 22') exhibits irregular configured edges (see at 45 and 47) which mate with that defined at 28 and 30 in the perimeter support profile of the support surface 26, and as caused to be incised by the traversing roller supported knife 34. Additional elongated and edge proximate incising locations are shown at 42 and 44 in Fig. 1 defined in the blank support surface 26 and which result in cutout slots 46 formed in the blank 22' upon the roller 34 compressing the cardboard blank 22 against the incising locations.

[0036] Proceeding to Fig. 4, a succeeding illustration is provided of the incised blank 22' transferred from the incising station 14 to the creasing/bending/assembly station 16, as further shown at 22", and illustrating a first creasing operation performed on the incised blank by first and second pluralities of elongated rods, see at 48, 50 and 52 and further at 54, 56 and 58. As also shown in Fig. 1, the rods are channeled to extend through an equal number of base components 60, 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 secured atop a perimeter extending upper surface 72 of a platform or table associated with the creasing/bending station and which surrounds a pair of spaced apart regions 74 and 76 each defined by a recessed profile. As best shown in Figs. 2-3, the regions 74 and 76 are each exhibited by a plurality of irregularly (including angularly) configured surfaces over which the incised insert blank 22" (Fig. 4) is placed and prior to the creasing rods 60-70 being displaced

from the laterally extended positions of Fig. 1 to the retracted and operative positions of Fig. 4 in which they extend over the blank 22'.

[0037] Each of the rods further exhibits an underside projecting and fold-line forming blade edge (see for example blade edge at 78 projecting along selected rod 48 with each of the additional rods 50, 52, 54, 56 and 58 likewise exhibiting a similar underside configured blade/creasing edge respectively shown), with the blade edge creasing a width extending surface of the previously incised blank in the manner depicted in Fig. 4 and so that a plurality of crease lines 80, 82, 84, 86, 88 and 90 (see Fig. 8) are configured into the blank. Although not shown, additional lateral edge extending and localized crease lines (see at 92, 94, 96 and 98 in Fig. 8) can be formed into opposite side edge locations associated with a planar and base defining middle section 100 of the blank, with the individual pluralities of crease lines 80-84 and 86-90 corresponding to wing sections, generally depicted at 102 and 104, of the blank which are hingedly connected to opposites sides of the middle section 100.

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[0038] At this stage, a rectangular or square shaped reinforced insert 106 is placed upon the central surface 100 of the blank (see again also Fig. 8), and which corresponds to an eventual base interior of the assembled pallet. The reinforcing insert 106 can include, without limitation, a corrugated paperboard or other like material and can encapsulate or otherwise exhibit any type of honeycombed or other structurally reinforcing pattern for lending the eventual pallet construction with additional structural rigidity. It is also envisioned that a suitable reinforcement, such as provided in a grid shape and including any other suitable material, can be integrated into the insert 106 to further structurally reinforce the assembled pallet.

[0039] Figure 5 is a succeeding illustrated stage of the creasing/bending and three dimensional assembly station 16, in which the separated pluralities of elongated rods 48-52 and 54-58 are once again retracted laterally outwardly from their previous extending positions over the blank and recessed support profiles (regions 74 and 76). As shown, this includes the channel defined and surface arranged supports 60-64 and 66-70 being pedestal mounted and incrementally elevate-able (compare Fig. 5 to Fig. 4) so that the rods and projecting blades disengage from the crease lines 80-84 and 86-90 formed into the blank. At this point, opposite side located pluralities of actuating guides (see at 108, 110 and 112 on a first side and at 114, 116 and 118 on a second side in Fig. 5) which are formed within recessed locations (see inwardly communicated recess profiles 109, 111 and 113 on a first side and additional profiles 115, 117 and 119 on a second side) of the table surface 72 which are in communication with its inner perimeter supporting profile for

seating and locating the blank 22" during the creasing and assembling operation. As further shown, the opposing pluralities of actuating guides 108/110/112 and 114/116/118 pivot angularly upwardly in order to grasp and fold the previously incised edge locations 45 and 47 (see also Fig. 4) of the blank 22" supported upon the station 16 and corresponding with the central support area 100.

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[0040] Concurrent with the lateral edge displacement of the tab forming guides 108-118, additional and opposite end extending pluralities of arms (see at 120, 122 and 124 and further at 126, 128 and 130) are configured such that they are pivotally secured at proximal or base ends to interior locations of the bending table and further so that they are servo activated or otherwise mechanically controlled (such as via additional components known in the art and which are located in communication with an underside of the table surface associated with the station 16) to ascend through length extending and spaced apart slots which are respectively shown at 132, 134 and 136 and at 138, 140 and 142 formed in the recessed regions 74 and 76 of the creasing/incising station 16). As further shown in Fig. 6, the end pivoting arms 120-124 and 126-130 are each supported at base ends to an upper displaceable portion, see further at 144, 146 and 148 for arms 120-124 and further at 150, 152 and 154 for arms 126-130, the base ends constituting pivotal supports which rotate from underside locations of the incising station (see pin location 151 for selected support 152 which mounts to the incising table so that the base supports can rotated upwardly through the various slots 132-136 and 138-142 and from stored/non-use positions to use positions). As further shown, the arms 120-130 can actuate in either a pivotable and/or displaceable fashion relative to the base supporting ends (this is further depicted by selected base end support 144 which illustrates a slot 156 through which a further pin 158 is supported which in turn engages the proximal end of the selected pivoting arm 120.

[0041] As initially shown in Fig. 5, the linear extending and end proximate situated subpluralities of pivotal/displaceable arms 120-124 and 126-130 initially upwardly fold the extending wing sections (see also at 102 and 104 in Fig. 8) of the blank in the manner shown. This is facilitated by the addition of length displaceable gripping portions both pivotally and displace-ably associated with each of the elongated arms 120-130 and which, collectively, configure a plurality of underside support profiles formed from a previously pair of deformed wings or end sections of the blank which are hingedly associated with the reinforced central portion.

[0042] For purposes of ease of illustration, the arm supported gripping portions are best depicted in Fig. 6 and include by simplified designation an individual plurality of gripping portions

160, 162, 164 and 166 associated with arm 120, with additional gripping portions 170, 172, 174 and 176 associated with opposite end located and closely overlapping arm 126. Additional and closely overlapping pairs of arms 122/128 and 124/130 are also shown in the arrangement of Fig. 6 with similar pluralities of individually actuating gripping portions (also both pivotally and displaceably supported along their respective arms), these not being separately identified for purposes of ease and clarity of illustration.

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[0043] As again shown in Fig. 5, the end displaceable pluralities of arms actuate in upwardly and angularly coordinating fashion in an initial bending/pallet forming operation by grasping and manipulating previously incised side edge (again at 45 and 47) and width extending fold line locations (again at 80-90) previously formed into the blank. As further provided for in Fig. 6, a successive bending step is employed in which the side extending guides 108-112 and 114-118 and elongated end pivoting/displacing arms 120-124 and 126-130 overlay the top surface of the intermediately formed pallet body and in which the additional sub-pluralities of length displaceable gripping portions associated with the elongated arms configure a plurality of underside support profiles formed from a previously pair of deformed wings or end sections 102 and 104 of the blank which are hingedly associated with the reinforced central portion 100.

[0044] As further shown in Fig. 6, the individual plurality of gripping portions 160, 162, 164 and 166 associated with the arm 120 and the additional gripping portions 170, 172, 174 and 176 associated with the opposite end located and closely overlapping arm 126 each further exhibit a relatively thin and elongated forming body with a narrowing bottom edge (see in particular for selected gripping portions 160 and 162). Each of the gripping portions is further pivotally supported by a further pin (see at 161 for selected gripping portion 160) which seats within an inner elongated slot associated with each overlapping arm (a further example of this best shown by selected slots 125 and 127 for elongated arm 126). The final assembly protocol at station 16 contemplates the pivotal gripping portions being either stationary or displaceable along the relative slots defined in their associated elongated arms, and such as which is necessary in order to provide the desirable support surfaces for completing the three dimensional assembly of the finished article.

[0045] Although not clearly shown, the arrangement of tabs (at 92-98) and slots 46 are such that the wings 102 and 104 of the pallet are folded and assembled around the reinforcing insert 106 in the manner shown in Figs. 6 and 7 so as to create a one-piece and structurally supporting article. The inter-folded configuration of the assembled pallet, generally depicted at 175 in the conveyor

transferred location of Fig. 7 as well as in individual fashion in Fig. 9, further complements the incised edge locations 45 and 47 of the central section which define overlapping end flaps for closing off the individual and underside support profiles shown at 176, 178 and 180.

[0046] As further shown in Fig. 7, the conveyor station, at 177, feeds the assembled articles 175 in a direction indicated by arrow 179 to a remote spray or coating operation for applying a desirable plastic based sealant (see as shown and described in Fig. 12). The pallet shaped article 175 as again depicted in Fig. 9 includes an upper load supporting surface 181 (corresponding to the central area 100 of the manipulated blank 22" which is wrapped around the reinforcing insert 106 as further shown in Fig. 11), and from which extend the underside support profiles 176, 178 and 180.

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[0047] While not depicted in separate detail, it is understood that each of the roller knife supported incising station 14 and creasing/bending/forming station 16 can incorporate a suitable arrangement of servo-controlled motors, cylinders and the like for manipulating the various componentry (including the side gripping portions and end pivotal/displaceable elongated arms) in order assemble the pallet (or other suitable) article in the manner described. The operator station 20 can also input variations to the assembly and can interface with various sensors positioned at the individual assembly stations for monitoring any sensed deviations from pre-programmed assembly protocols.

[0048] It is also understood that any suitable combination of engaging structure, including modifications to the design of the tabs, slots and other engaging structural indicia formed into the pallet defining blank, may be employed in order to create an integrated and structurally supporting article. Additional components such as hot melt adhesives or the like can be employed in combination with the tab and slot engaging locations to provide further structural integrity to the assembled article.

[0049] Figure 10 is an enlarged and partial edge view of a folded edge profile of the pallet with edge covering flaps removed and better depicting the interior beams associated with the underside support profiles (represented by underside support locations 176, 178 and 180 in Figs. 7 and 9) and further depicting optional bottom sealing strips, at 182 and 184 (Fig. 10), for closing off the recessed interior defining underside edges of the support profiles. The strips 182 and 184 can be provided as additional lengths of cardboard material which have been previously sized and which are applied by adhesives or the like to the open underside triangular profile provided by the creased, bent and assembled wings of the cardboard blank (see again crease lines in the modified

blank depicted in plan view in Fig. 8). As further previously described, the pallet can be constructed of any sheet stock material not limited to a paper, corrugated paperboard, a modified paper and polymeric composite material and the like.

[0050] Fig. 11 is a similar illustration to Fig. 10 and depicting a honeycomb or other supporting structure associated with the reinforcing insert 106, which is encapsulated within the folded and three dimensionally constructed one piece pallet body. Without limitation, the upper surface of the constructed pallet can be sandwiched with any honeycomb or other reinforcing structure up to several inches in thickness, it further being understood that the insert includes but is not necessarily limited to a heavy duty paperboard or other corrugated rigid and load supporting material.

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[0051] Figure 12 illustrates a perspective of the pallet in Fig. 9 with an overspray coating of a plastic material 186, applied in any thickness desired, and in order to create a completed pallet assembly 175'. Without limitation, the plastic material can incorporate any fluidic polymer based material, not limited to any type of urethane or other plastic incorporating both settable and environmentally sealing properties such as which is desirable for maintaining long term structural integrity of a paperboard structure associated with the pallet 175. The plastic coating 186 can further include any type of grit or abrading aggregate, this in order to establish a desired texturing or roughening of the exterior surfaces of the pallet, and to assist in supporting cargo supported thereupon.

[0052] It is also envisioned that the plastic can be sprayed, roller applied or otherwise coated (such as in a dipping process) to the exterior surfaces of the blank constructed pallet and in order to establish both environmental sealing and structural longevity. To this end, the ability to construct the underside support locations 176, 178 and 180 in the manner shown and as part of the integral one piece construction of the blank (and as opposed to gluing or otherwise adhesively or mechanically securing separate support pieces to the underside of the main support portion of the pallet) provides additional support to the completed pallet and prevent shearing detachment of the underside support in response to any unexpected lateral induced forces (e.g. being struck by the forks of a forklift or in response to being otherwise tilted or contacted in a lateral direction by other pallets or cargo).

30 **[0053]** Figures 13 and 14 are upper and rotated underside perspective illustrations, both generally at 188, of an alternately constructed pallet which is capable of being constructed by a similar assembly line process including the steps of feeding blank cardboard sheets upon an

incising/scribing machine, following which a multi-stage creasing/bending/forming machine assembles the blank into a three dimensional pallet structure. The pallet 188 is depicted uncoated however it is understood that a suitable spray coating, dipping process or the like can be applied to the pallet in the manner previously described.

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[0054] As with the previously described pallet construction 175, the variant 188 can exhibit a main deck or support, exhibiting a side thickness 190 and an upper surface 192, and which can be of any thickness and which can also optionally include the pre-placement of the honeycombed or otherwise structurally supporting insert 106. The variant 188 illustrated is further intended to depict the ability of the present assembly and assembly process to be modified, both structurally as well as in terms of operational protocol and method, to any degree necessary in order to produce a differently configured pallet or other structural article made from an initially incised blank material which is subsequently reformed to the completed three dimensional shape. Without elaboration, this can include reconfiguring the various roller knife/incising and bending/assembling operations (including reconfiguration such as the elongated support arms and positioned grippers), and as necessary in order to assemble an incised blank which is understood to be variable from that shown in order to achieve a different three dimensional assembled configuration.

[0055] As best shown in the rotated underside of Fig. 14, a different pattern of underside supporting profiles is depicted by a plurality of individual and spaced apart locations 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208 and 210 which are arranged in spatially separated fashion along the underside surface of the assembled pallet in the manner shown (in one non-limiting fashion these permit the inserting of lift forks for permitting transfer of the pallet and any materials supported thereupon).

[0056] The individual support profiles, referring by example to profile 194, can exhibit any pattern of straight vertical or, as shown, angled walls 212, 214, 216 and 218, with the underside either being open in a manner similar to as shown in Fig. 11 or, as also shown in Fig. 10, closed by the addition of individual strips of material which can be adhered or otherwise applied around the bottom facing inner perimeter associated with each individually constructed support profile. As also previously described, the material construction of the sheet stock blank material can include any cardboard, composite paperboard or other composite material including polymeric or other components to further provide structural integrity to the assembly.

[0057] The present invention also most broadly recites a method for constructing a three dimensional article, which most broadly includes the steps of feeding a sheet material in blank

form, incising the blank in order to create a desired cutout pattern; and successively creasing and folding the incised blank into an assembled article. Additional steps include configuring each of tabs and slots in proximate side extending edges of the incised blank.

[0058] Other steps include the creasing of the blank further including forming first and second wings with multiple fold lines which extend from a central planar portion of the blank. The step of folding the blank into an assembled article further includes inserting the tabs into the slots.

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[0059] Additional method steps include placing a reinforcing planar shaped insert upon the central blank portion prior to folding the wings into a three dimensional shaped configuration and conveying the assembled article to a separate coating operation for applying a plasticized layer over the article. Other steps include applying bottom sealing strips for sealing recessed interior defining underside edge profiles associated with a plurality of underside supports created in the assembled article, and incorporating a reinforcing honeycomb pattern into the planar shaped insert.

[0060] Having described my invention, other and additional preferred embodiments will become apparent to those skilled in the art to which it pertains, and without deviating from the scope of the appended claims.

CLAIMS

- 1. An assembly for constructing a three dimensional article, comprising:
- a first station for feeding a sheet shaped blank;

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- a second station for receiving and incising the blank;
- a third station for receiving the incised blank and which successively creases and folds the blank into an assembled article; and
 - an operator station for controlling each of said first, second and third stations.
- 2. The assembly as described in claim 1, further comprising a conveyor for removing the assembled article from the third station and transferring to a plastic coating operation.
 - 3. The assembly as described in claim 1, said second incising station further comprising the blank exhibiting a generally rectangular shape exhibiting a supporting and profiled surface including irregular configured side edges which co-act with an incising pattern formed into a drum shaped roller knife supported over said profiled surface.
 - 4. The assembly as described in claim 3, further comprising said drum shaped roller knife being mounted about a rotary axis via support pins with a pair of length traversable side pedestals supporting said drum knife in elevated and top surface adhering fashion with the blank material supported over said support surface pedestals being traversed along tracks or guiding edge profiles as said roller knife is rolled across and over the blank with the incising pattern exhibited on said drum shaped roller knife synchronized in a progressive contacting fashion with said support surface so that the incising pattern coacts with the irregular edges in order to section an outer frame portion from the blank.
 - 5. The assembly as described in claim 1, said third station further comprising first and second pluralities of elongated rods which are channeled to extend through an equal number of base components secured atop a perimeter extending surface of a platform or table associated with a first creasing operation such that said individual pluralities of said rods extending over and across

a pair of spaced apart recessed regions in said platform upon which the incised blank is initially positioned.

6. The assembly as described in claim 5, further comprising each of said recessed regions further exhibiting a plurality of inter-angularly configured surfaces.

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7. The assembly as described in claim 5, each of said rods further comprising an underside projecting and fold-line forming blade edge creasing a width extending surface of the previously incised blank so that a plurality of crease lines are configured into the blank.

8. The assembly as described in claim 5, further comprising a rectangular shaped reinforced insert placed upon a central surface of the blank which corresponds to an eventual base interior of the assembled pallet.

- 9. The assembly as described in claim 8, said reinforcing insert further comprising any type of honeycombed structure or other structurally reinforcing pattern for lending the eventual pallet construction with additional structural rigidity.
 - 10. The assembly as described in claim 5, said third station further comprising opposite side located pluralities of actuating guides which are formed within recessed locations of said perimeter extending surface of said table and which pivot angularly upwardly in order to grasp and fold previously incised edge locations of the blank corresponding with a central support area.
- 11. The assembly as described in claim 5, said third station further comprising first and second pluralities of opposite end extending arms configured such that they are pivotally secured at proximal ends to interior locations of said table and further so that they are mechanically controlled to ascend through length extending and spaced apart slots formed in said recessed regions.
- 12. The assembly as described in claim 11, said pluralities of opposite end extending arms each further comprising length displaceable gripping portions both pivotally and displaceably associated with each of said elongated arms and which, collectively, configure a plurality of

underside support profiles formed from a previously pair of deformed wings or end sections of the blank which are hingedly associated with a reinforced central portion of the blank.

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13. A method for constructing a three dimensional article, comprising the steps of: feeding a sheet shaped blank; incising the blank in order to create a desired cutout pattern; and successively creasing and folding the incised blank into an assembled article.

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- 14. The method as described in claim 13, further comprising the step of configuring each of tabs and slots in proximate side extending edges of the incised blank.
- 15. The method as described in claim 14, said step of creasing the blank further comprising forming first and second wings with multiple fold lines which extend from a central planar portion of the blank.
- 16. The method as described in claim 14, said step of folding the blank into an assembled article further comprising inserting said tabs into said slots.

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17. The method as described in claim 14, further comprising the step of placing a reinforcing planar shaped insert upon said central blank portion prior to folding the wings into a three dimensional shaped configuration.

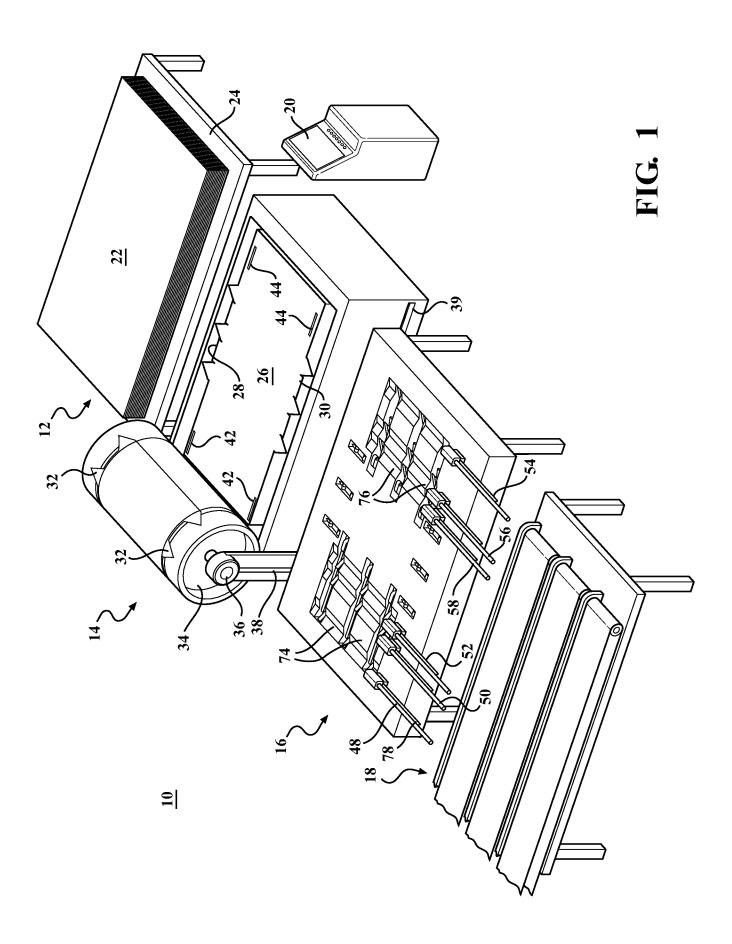
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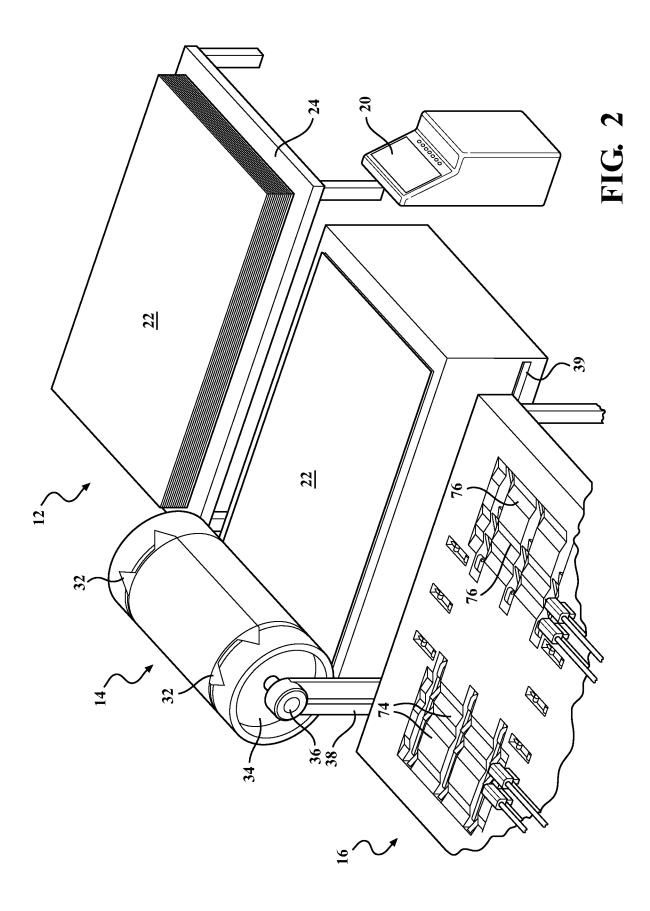
18. The method as described in claim 13, further comprising the step of conveying the assembled article to a separate coating operation for applying a plasticized layer over the article.

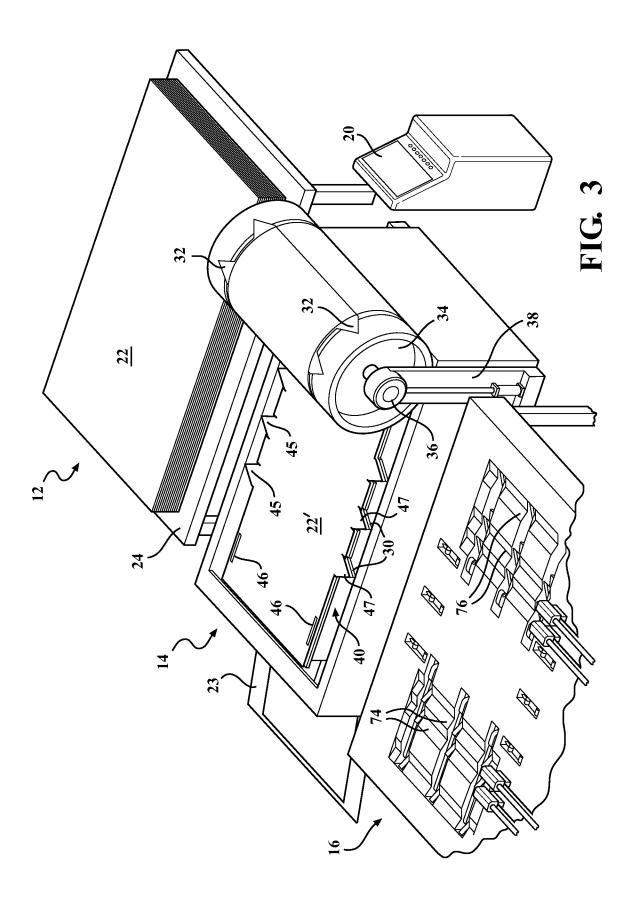
19. The method as described in claim 13, further comprising the step of applying bottom sealing strips for sealing recessed interior defining underside edge profiles associated with a plurality of underside supports created in the assembled article.

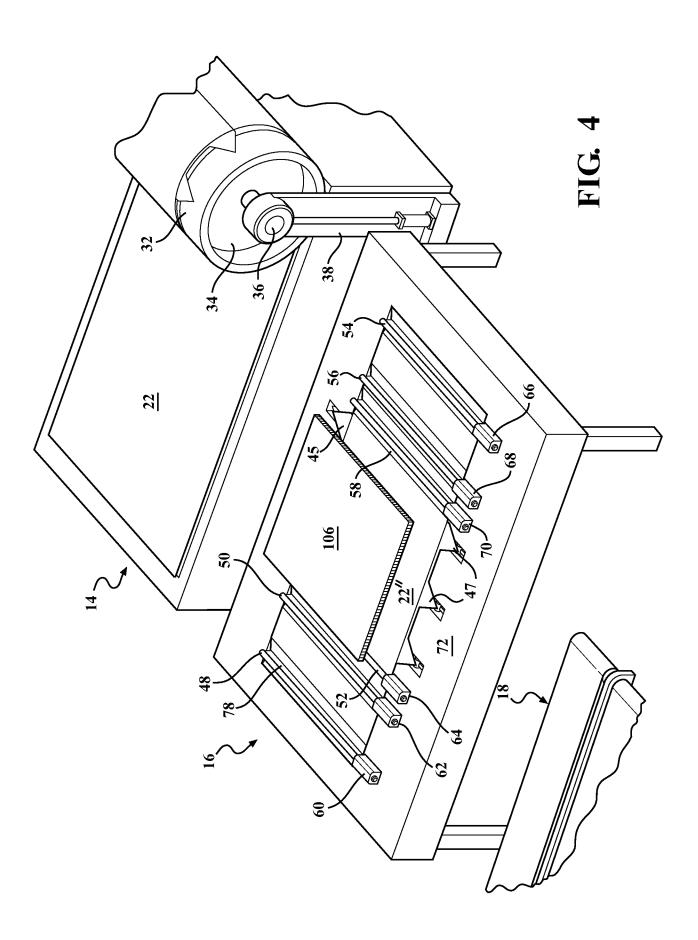
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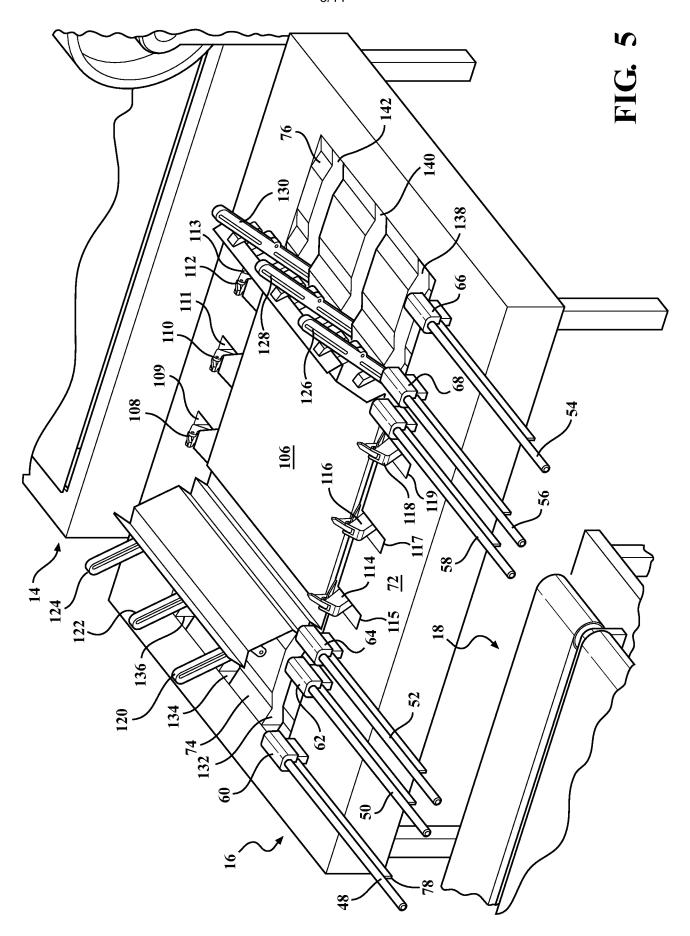
20. The method as described in claim 17, further comprising the step of incorporating a reinforcing honeycomb pattern into said planar shaped insert.

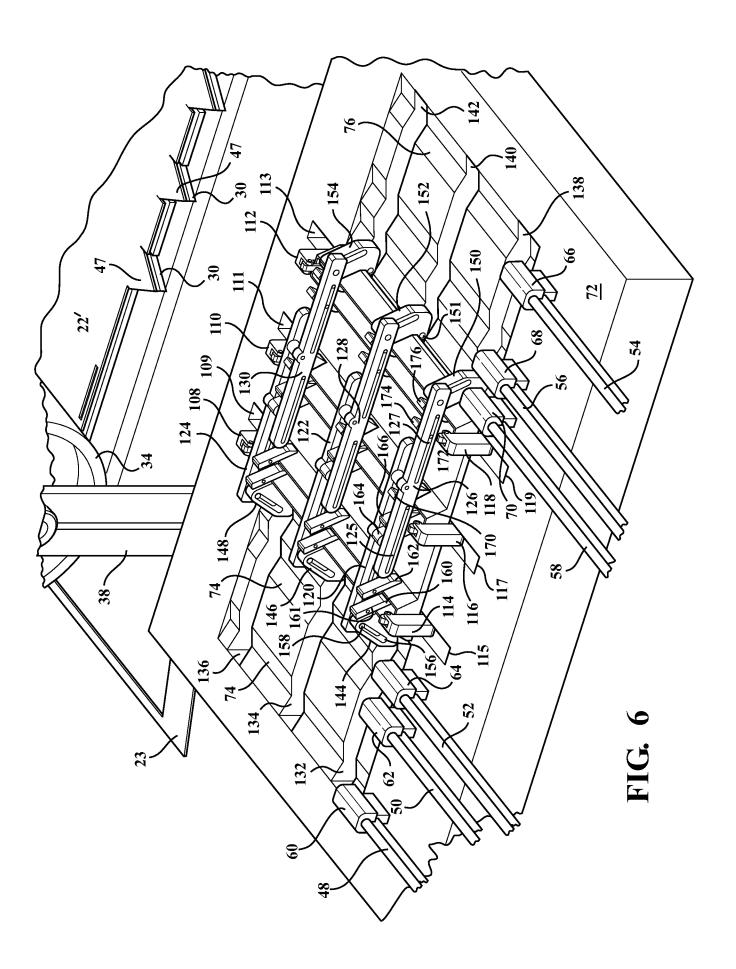


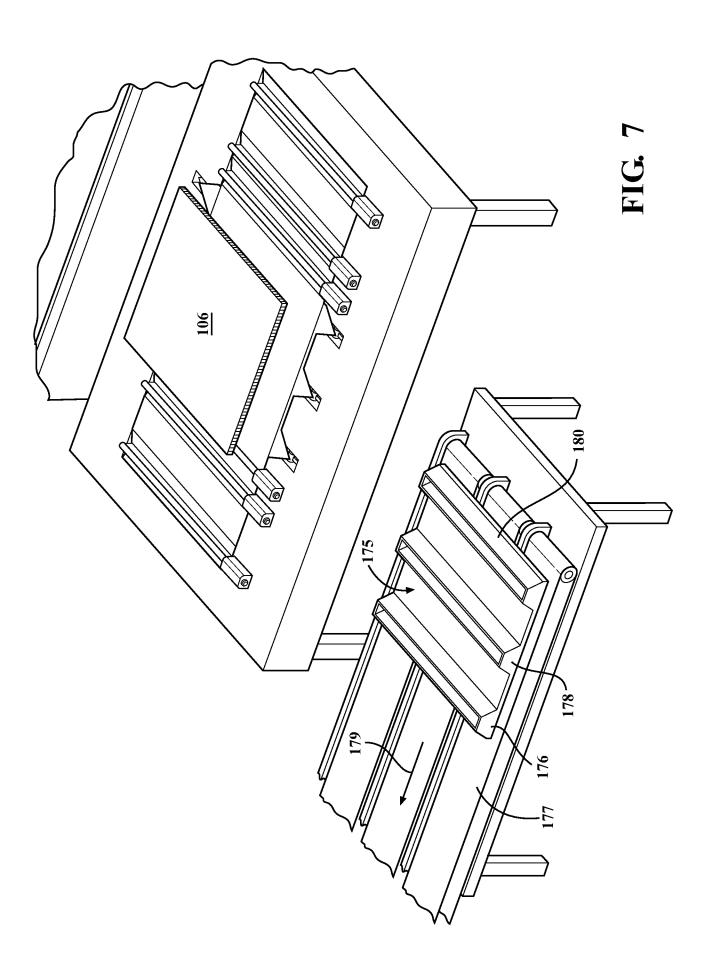


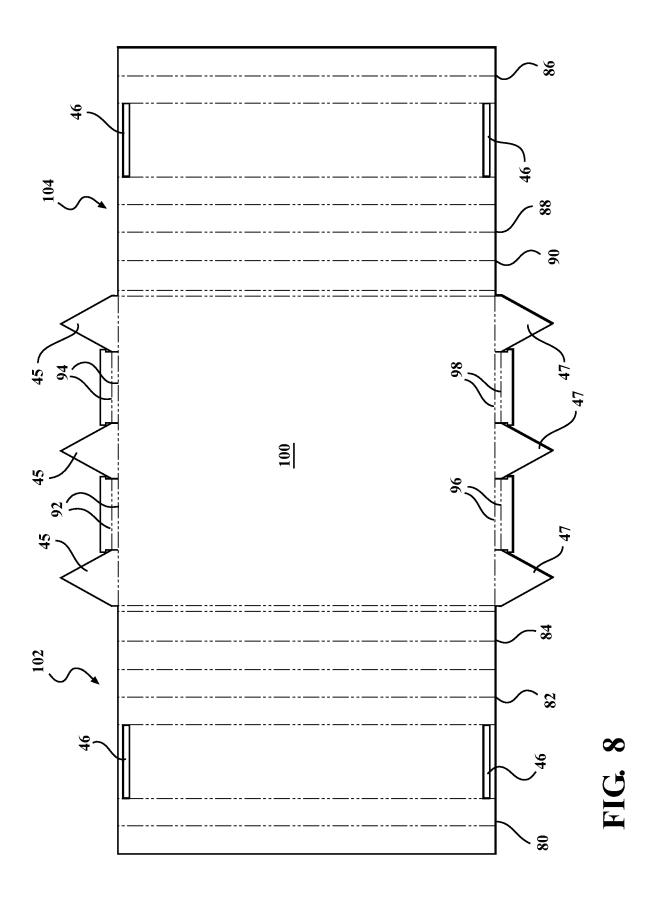


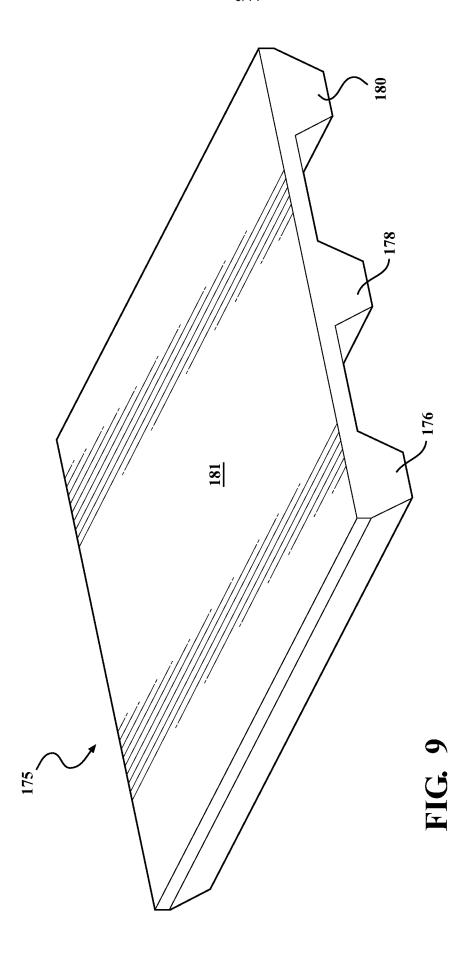


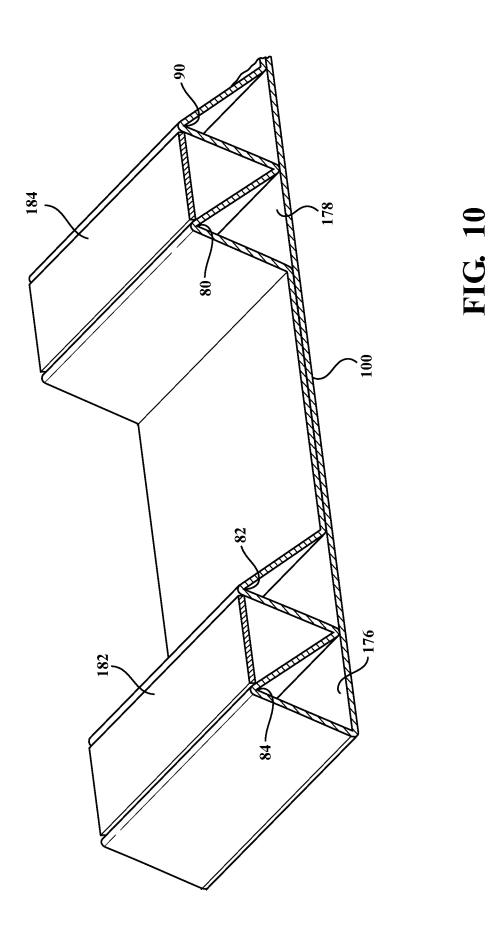


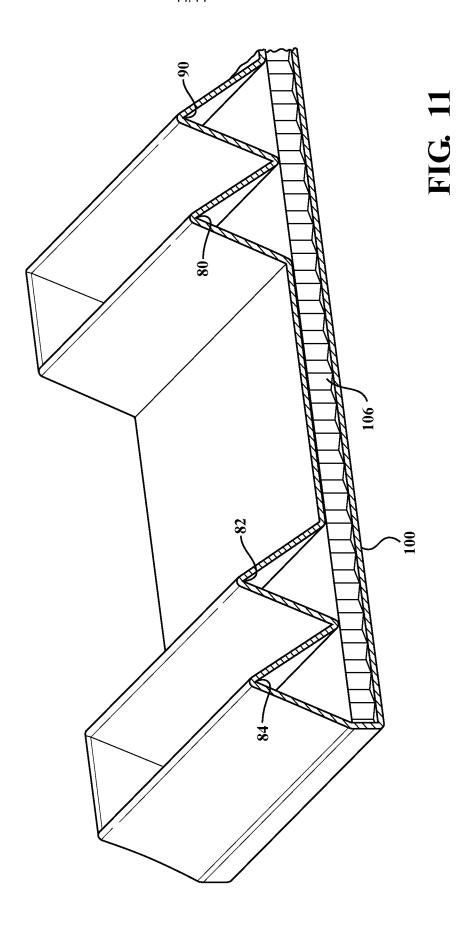


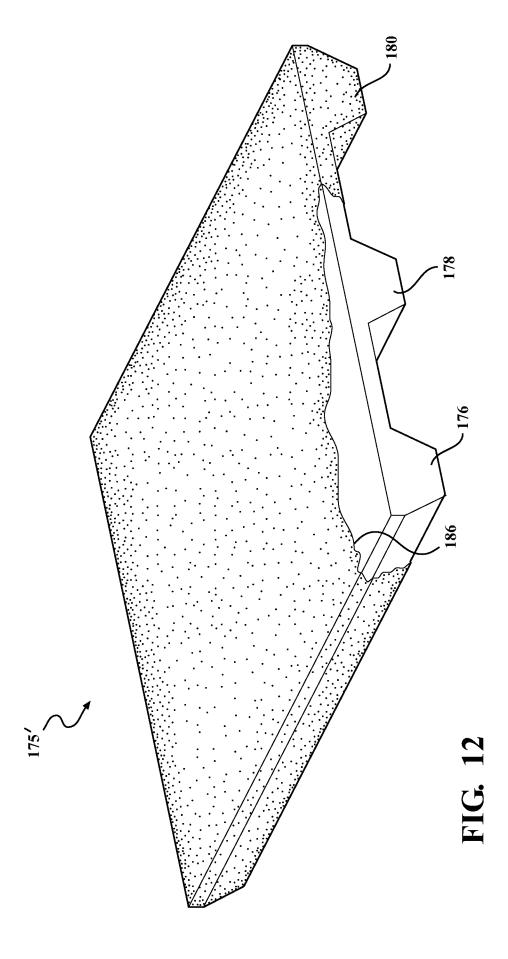


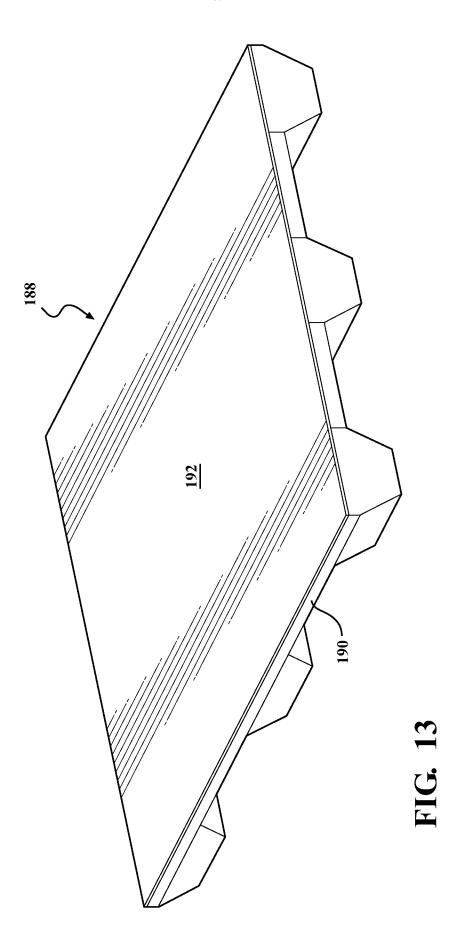


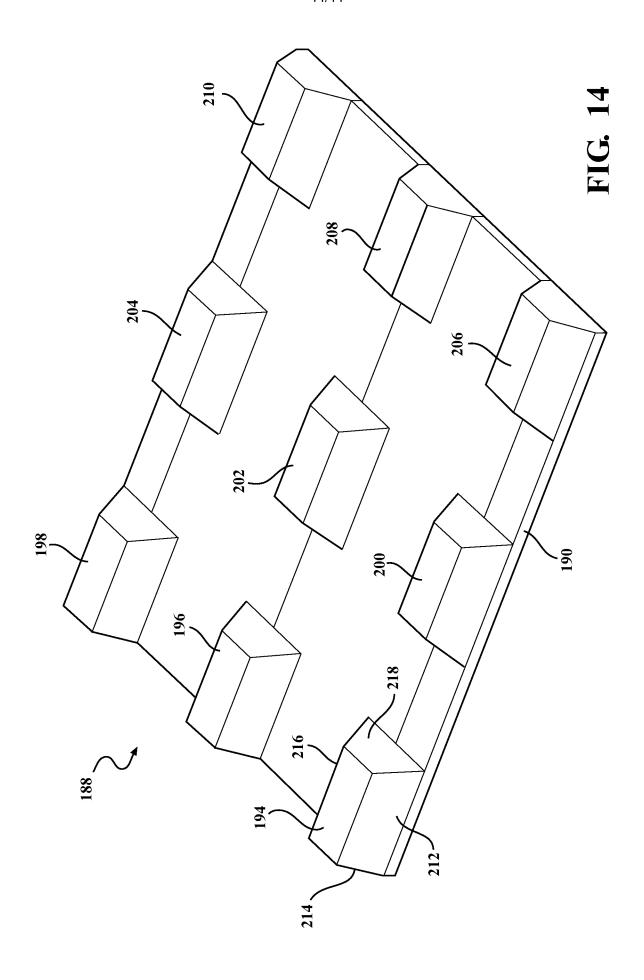












International application No. **PCT/US2015/010722**

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

B31D 5/00(2006.01)i, B65D 19/00(2006.01)i

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) B31D 5/00; B26D 7/18; B31B 1/20; B65D 19/34; B65D 19/00

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Korean utility models and applications for utility models

Japanese utility models and applications for utility models

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) eKOMPASS(KIPO internal) & Keywords: blank, incision, cut, crease, fold, pattern, assembly

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	US 2005-0247240 A1 (DUANE NELSON) 10 November 2005 See paragraphs [0005], [0021]-[0040]; and figures 1-2, 5-9.	1-20
Υ	US 5528994 A (FREDY ISELI) 25 June 1996 See column 2, line 47 – column 3, line 49; and figures 1-5.	1-20
Υ	US 3464371 A (SHELDON R. GIFFORD) 02 September 1969 See column 1, line 64 - column 2, line 15.	2,18
Υ	US 4305716 A (ROBERT H. NICKUM) 15 December 1981 See column 1, line 6 - column 2, line 53; and figures 1A-3.	3–4
Y	EP 1227986 B1 (OLV PALLEN AKTIEBOLAG) 06 June 2007 See paragraphs [0003]-[0045]; claims 1, 5, 14, 23-27; and figures 2-3, 5a-7.	5-12
Y	US 2007-0028814 A1 (DANIEL J. SWISTAK et al.) 08 February 2007 See paragraphs [0004]-[0011]; claim 1; and figure 1.	19

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



See patent family annex.

- * Special categories of cited documents:
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Date of the actual completion of the international search

Date of mailing of the international search report

29 April 2015 (29.04.2015)

Name and mailing address of the ISA/KR



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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No.

PCT/US2015/010722

Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
10/11/2005	US 7000549 B2	21/02/2006
25/06/1996	EP 0584303 A1 EP 0584303 B1 JP 3303298 B2 WO 93-16927 A1	02/03/1994 03/01/1996 15/07/2002 02/09/1993
02/09/1969	None	
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06/06/2007	EP 1227986 A1 US 6944928 B1 WO 01-26983 A1	07/08/2002 20/09/2005 19/04/2001
08/02/2007	None	
	date 10/11/2005 25/06/1996 02/09/1969 15/12/1981 06/06/2007	date member(s) 10/11/2005 US 7000549 B2 25/06/1996 EP 0584303 A1 EP 0584303 B1 JP 3303298 B2 WO 93-16927 A1 02/09/1969 None 15/12/1981 None 06/06/2007 EP 1227986 A1 US 6944928 B1 WO 01-26983 A1