



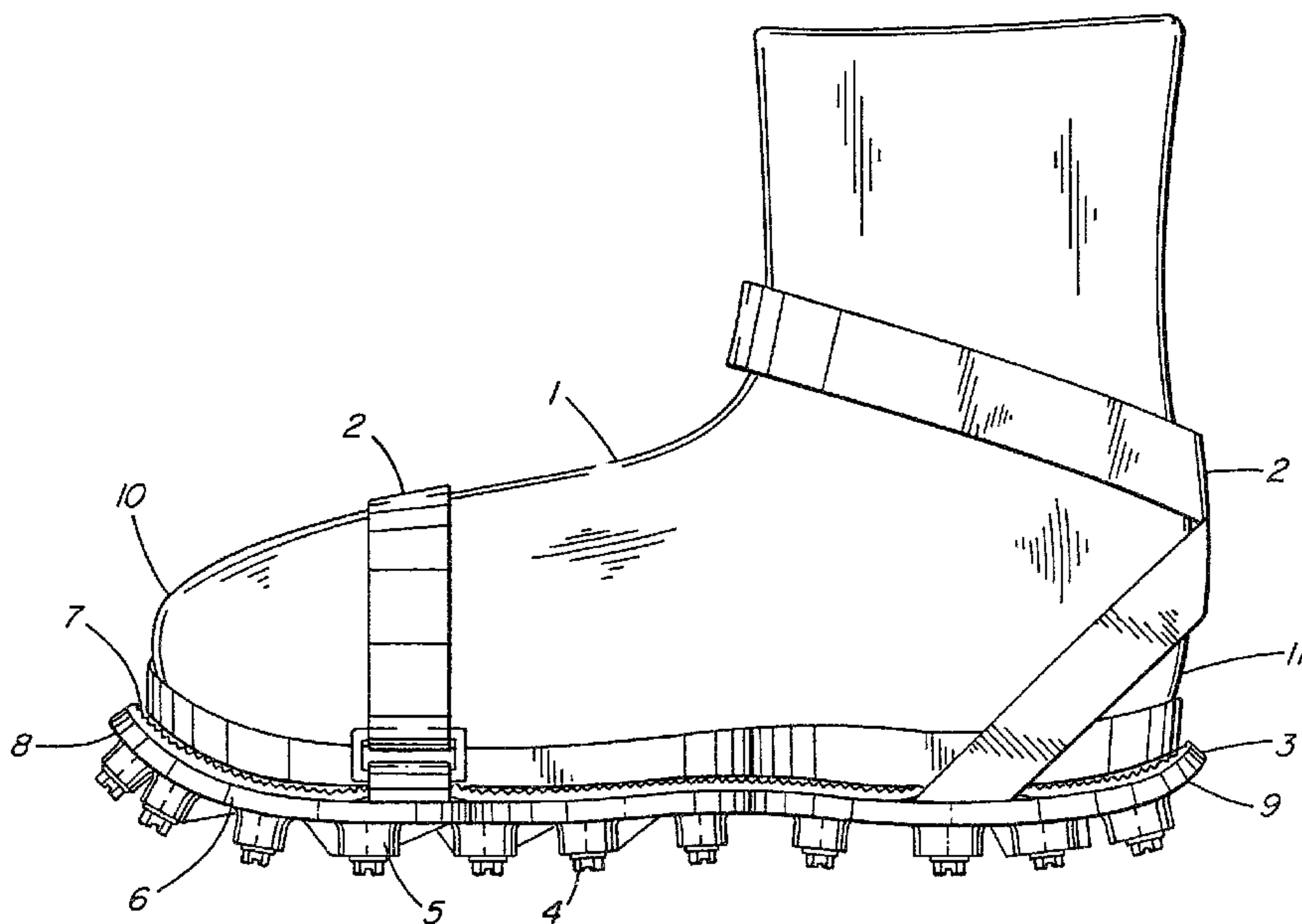
(72) Hansen, Ross, CA

(73) HANSEN, ROSS, CA

(51) Int.Cl.⁵ A43B 13/04

(54) **SEMELLE EXTERIEURE CLOUTEE**

(54) **CLEATED OUTER SOLE**



(57) An outer-sole to be worn over footwear is characterized by having a curled forward or toe portion, and optionally heel portion as well, that holds the front portion of the outer-sole in contact with the footwear to which it is attached.

Abstract

An outer-sole to be worn over footwear is characterized by having a curled forward or toe portion, and optionally heel portion as well, that holds the front portion of the outer-sole in contact with the footwear to which it is attached.

Title: Cleated Outer Sole

Field of the Invention

5 This invention relates to outer soles that are worn by persons over regular footwear. In one format it relates to an outer-sole for persons who wish to minimize the risks of slipping on ice and snow. More particularly, it relates to a method of manufacture and outer-sole product that performs the above function in a superior manner.

Background to the Invention

10 It has been known for sometime to design anti-slip outer soles that are provided with cleats. This has been generally been done in the form of sandals or some type of clip-on device that is attached beneath the sole portion of regular footwear.

15 Examples of such an item include the following Canadian patents:

20 CA: 175,047 to Kirkwood 19 Feb. 1917
223,887 to Roe 19 Sept. 1922
301,313 to Chase 17 June 1930
398,787 to Lawson 26 Aug. 1941
527,399 to Smith 10 July 1956
549,159 to Griffin 20 Nov. 1956
650,756 to Bailey 23 Oct. 1962
669,630 to Smith 3 Sept. 1963
25 781,673 to Vogt 2 April 1968

All of the foregoing references rely upon either full-sole outer soles, or partial-sole attachments, provided in either case with means for attachment to a regular boot or shoe.

30 Customarily such attachments are by means of straps. In other cases the attachment means employs toe and/or heel embracing hoods or caps. Where straps are employed, the outer soles are customarily of the sandal-type, wherein the sole is generally planar, and the toe and heel of the wearer's boot are exposed.

The present invention concerns a full-sole outer sole. Such an item of footwear should be light and durable. It should remain firmly in position during use, while being sufficiently pliable to permit a wearer to walk comfortably, in the normal way. These features are present in a sandal-type outer sole that is made from a flexible, resilient material such as rubber.

A problem arises, however, when a thin sandal-type format is adopted for such outer soles. Because the sandal-type sole is preferably thin (to enhance flexibility and reduce weight) and is not attached to the toe or heel of the principal boot by a hood or cap, the sandal-type sole does not readily lie against the wearer's boot. Instead small gaps open, both at the heel and toe while walking.

A problem associated with such gaps is that they tend to collect snow or dirt. This is particularly true at the toe, due to the forward motion of the foot, and the inclined angle of the foot just as it is being picked up to be swung forward.

The accumulation of snow between the outer sole and the boot is irritating for the wearer. Once snow has so accumulated, the foot no longer lies in its natural orientation during walking. Under pressure the accumulated snow may give-way, causing a momentary loss, or irregularity, of support for the wearer's foot. At minimum, this is an anxiety-creating event.

- 3 -

The present invention is directed to providing an outer sole of the sandal-type, for use over pre-existing footwear or boots, that is adapted to minimize the accumulation of snow or dirt between the toe of the boot and the front-end of the outer sole. Provision is also made for the accumulation of snow or dirt at the heel to be minimized. Optionally, such outer soles may be cleated to improve their traction on ice.

The invention in its general form will first be described, and then its implementation in the form of specific embodiments will be detailed with reference to the drawings following hereafter. These embodiments are intended to demonstrate the principle of the invention, and the manner of its implementation. The invention will then be further described, and defined, in each of the individual claims which conclude this specification.

Summary of the Invention

The invention according to one aspect consists of an outer sole for wearing over footwear having toe and heel portions, such outer-sole having toe and heel regions corresponding to the toe and heel portions of the footwear wherein the toe region of the outer sole is curled upwards in the absence of said footwear to press against the toe portion of the footwear when the outer sole is attached thereto.

-3A -

**This curl in the outer sole may be achieved by providing
a sole comprising:**

- (1) a generally planar flexible lower tread portion having corresponding toe and heel portions to said footwear;
- (2) an elastically extensible, generally planar, upper footwear-contacting portion bonded to the upper surface of the tread portion;

(3) attachment means, which may be in the form of straps, for attaching the outer sole to the lower surface of the aforesaid footwear,

wherein the said upper portion is elastically extended in the toe region of the tread portion of the outer sole to thereby cause the toe region of the tread portion to be curled upwards in the absence of said footwear, and to press against the toe portion of the footwear when the outer sole is attached thereto.

"Planar" as used above, and throughout this patent Specification, means that the tread and upper portions are relatively thin in comparison with their longitudinal and lateral dimensions, being predominantly two dimensional and capable of being aligned with a plane, although they need not always be so aligned.

By a further feature of the invention, the upper portion of the outer sole may be elastically extended in the heel region of the tread portion of the outer sole to thereby cause such heel region to be curled upwards in the absence of the footwear, and to press against the heel portion of the footwear when the outer sole is attached thereto.

To provide lateral bending rigidity to the outer sole in combination with lateral support, the lower surface of the lower portion may be provided with a series of transverse, protruding ridges, which may optionally rise in height as

proceeding from the lateral edges of the outer soles to a maximum height at about to the longitudinal center line of the outer soles. Such ridges should accommodate the ready flexing of the outer sole along lines transverse to its length. This is accomplished by separating such ridges by inter-ridge spacing that extend fully across the width of the outer sole.

These ridges may be provided in combination with a series of elevated posts, distributed along both sides of said outer sole proximate to its lateral edges, such posts protruding to a height which is substantially the same as the maximum height of the most proximate ridge. In this manner a tread may be provided to improve traction on soft surfaces; and provision made to receive metal studs on the ends of the elevated posts to improve traction on ice.

By a further feature of the invention, said posts may be provided with studs in the form of self-tapping metal screws that are affixed to the ends of such studs.

By reason of the curled feature of this outer-sole as described, a means is provided for avoiding the deficiencies recited above in the introduction.

The foregoing summarizes the principal features of the invention. The invention may be further understood by the description of the preferred embodiments, in conjunction with the drawings, which now follow.

Summary of the Figures

Figure 1 is a side view of a boot with an outer sole made in accordance with the invention attached thereto;

5 Figure 2 is a plan view of the outer sole, viewed from the tread side, and with the attachment straps spread out;

Figure 3 is an exploded side view of the lower tread portion of the outer sole with the upper portion above, shown before attachment without straps attached and with a single sample stud installed;

10 Figure 4 is a side view of the complete outer-sole standing alone, unattached to footwear and the straps removed; and

Description of the Preferred Embodiments

15 In Figure 1 a boot 1 is shown attached by straps 2 to an outer-sole 3. The outer sole 3 has metal studs 4 attached to posts 5 descending from the lower tread portion 6 of the outer sole. An upper tread portion 7 lies bonded to the tread portion, suitably by glue, sonic welding or the equivalent. Upwardly-curved toe 8 and heel 9 portions of the
20 outer-sole 3 lie in contact with the toe 10 and heel 11 regions of the boot.

25 In Figure 2 the tread portion 6 of the outer-sole 3 is shown to have transverse ridges 12 which are, in this example, chevron-shaped. Any other shapes adapted to provide traction on soft-soil will be suitable, the chevron format being known to release mud and snow readily. Such ridges 12 are separated by inter-ridge gaps 13 that extend across the entire width of the outer-soles 3 and allow the outer-sole 3 to flex.

Posts 5 carry metal studs 4 which may conveniently be self-tapping metal screws. The height of each post 5 is substantially the same as the maximum height of the most proximate ridge 12.

5 In Figure 3 the upper 7 and lower 6 portions of the outer-sole 3 are shown before assembly. The upper portion 7 may be made of a thin rubber sheet or equivalent, textured on its upper surface 13 to better engage the lower sole surface of the boot 1.

10 The upper portion 7, which may be of 3 mm thickness, is shown as being slightly shorter than the lower portion 6. This is to allow for stretching during the manufacturing process. On a sole of overall length of 23 cm, it has been found satisfactory for the upper portion 7 to be shortened by
15 about 1/2 cm at each end.

In assembling the upper and lower portions 7, 6 the central region 14 is first bonded to the tread portion, conveniently by contact cement. On a 23 cm sole this central region may extend over 10-14 cm.

20 After this initial bonding has set, the upper portion 7 is stretched in the toe and heel regions and then glued, as by contact cement, to the toe and heel portions 8, 9 of the outer sole 3. This causes the toe and heel portions 8, 9 to curl upwards, and this configuration is allowed to remain
25 until the bonding sets. The upper and lower portions 7, 6 are then stitched together by stitching 15, around their outer margins.

As can be seen in Figure 1, the effect of the curled portions is to press the toe and heel portions 8, 9 of the outer sole 3 against the lower sole of the boot 1, in the vicinity of its toe and heel regions 10, 11.

5 It has been found that the combined strengths of the materials and degree of stretching in the upper portion 6 should produce an up-turn, at the toe and heel, to an angle of about 55 degrees + 5 degrees.

10 The foregoing has constituted a description of specific embodiments showing how the invention may be applied and put into use. These embodiments are only exemplary, The invention in its broadest, and more specific aspects, is further described and defined in the claims which now follow.

- 9 -

THE EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION IN WHICH AN EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY OR PRIVILEGE IS CLAIMED ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:

1. A detachable outer sole for wearing over a footwear member having toe and heel portions, said outer sole comprising:

- (1) a generally planar, flexible lower tread portion having corresponding toe and heel portions to said footwear member;
- (2) an elastically extensible, generally planar, upper footwear-contacting portion bonded to the upper surface of the lower tread portion, said upper footwear-contacting portion, having toe and heel regions; and
- (3) attachment means, for attaching the outer sole to the lower surface of the aforesaid footwear member

wherein the toe region of said upper footwear-contacting portion has been bonded to said lower tread portion while such toe region is in an elastically extended state to thereby cause the toe region of the tread portion to be curled upwards in the absence of a footwear member, and to press preferentially against the toe portion of the lower surface of said footwear member when the outer sole is attached thereto.

2. An outer-sole as in claim 1 wherein the heel region of said upper footwear-contacting portion has been bonded to said lower tread portion while in an elastically extended state to thereby cause such heel region to be curled upwards in the absence of a footwear member, and to press preferentially against the heel

- 10 -

portion of the lower surface of said footwear member when the outer sole is attached thereto.

3. An outer sole as in claim 1 wherein the lower surface of the lower tread portion is provided with a series of transverse, protruding ridges which rise to a maximum height at about the longitudinal center line of the outer sole, and are separated by inter-ridge spacings that extend fully across the width of the outer-sole and accommodate the ready flexing of the outer sole along lines transverse to its length.

4. An outer-sole as in claim 3 comprising additionally a series of elevated posts, distributed along both sides of said outer sole proximate to its lateral edges, such posts enclosing the said ridges and protruding to a height which is substantially the same as the maximum height of the most proximate ridge.

5. An outer-sole as in claim 4 further comprising metal studs in the form of self-tapping metal screws, mounted on the ends of said elevated posts to improve traction on ice.

6. An outer-sole as in claim 2 wherein the lower surface of the lower tread portion is provided with a series of transverse, protruding ridges which rise to a maximum height at about the longitudinal center line of the outer sole, and are separated by inter-ridge spacings that extend fully across the width of the

- 11 -

outer-sole and accommodate the ready flexing of the outer sole along lines transverse to its length.

7. An outer-sole as in claim 6, comprising additionally a series of elevated posts, distributed along both sides of said outer sole proximate to its lateral edges, such posts enclosing said ridges and protruding to a height which is substantially the same as the maximum height of the most proximate ridge wherein metal studs, in the form of selftapping metal screws, are mounted on the ends of said elevated posts to improve traction on ice.

8. An outer sole as in claim 1 wherein the toe region is curled upwardly at a terminal angle of substantially between 50 and 60 degrees.

9. An outer sole as in claim 2 wherein the heel region is curled upwardly at a terminal angle of substantially between 50 and 60 degrees.

10. An outer sole as in claim 6 wherein the toe region is curled upwardly at a terminal angle of substantially between 50 and 60 degrees.

11. An outer sole as in claim 7 wherein the heel region of the tread portion is curled upwardly at a terminal angle of substantially between 50 and 60 degrees.

- 12 -

12. **AMENDED** An outer sole for wearing over footwear having a lower surface with toe and heel portions, such outer sole being flexible and having toe and heel regions corresponding to the toe and heel portions of the footwear and attachment means for fitting the outer sole to footwear, wherein the toe region of the outer sole is elastically curled upwards in the absence of the footwear, to press preferentially against the toe portion of the lower surface of the footwear when the outer sole is attached thereto to resist the entry and accumulation of snow or dirt between the footwear and the outer sole.

13. An outer-sole as in claim 12 wherein the heel region of the outer sole to of the outer sole is curled upwards in the absence of the footwear to press preferentially against the heel portion of the lower surface of said footwear when the outer sole is attached thereto to resist the entry and accumulation of snow or dirt between the footwear and the outer sole.

14. An outer-sole as in claim 12 wherein the outer sole has a lower surface and such lower surface is provided with a series of transverse, protruding ridges which rise to a maximum height at about the longitudinal center line of the outer sole, and are separated by inter-ridge spacings that extend fully across the width of the outer-sole and accommodate the ready flexing of the outer sole along lines transverse to its length.

- 13 -

15. An outer-sole as in claim 13 wherein the outer sole has a lower surface and such lower surface is provided with a series of transverse, protruding ridges which rise to a maximum height at about the longitudinal center line of the outer sole, and are separated by inter-ridge spacings that extend fully across the width of the outer-sole and accommodate the ready flexing of the outer sole along lines transverse to its length.

16. An outer-sole as in claim 14, comprising additionally a series of elevated posts, distributed along both sides of said outer sole proximate to its lateral edges, such posts protruding to a height which is substantially the same as the maximum height of the most proximate ridge.

17. An outer-sole as in claim 15, comprising additionally a series of elevated posts, distributed along both sides of said outer sole proximate to its lateral edges, such posts protruding to a height which is substantially the same as the maximum height of the most proximate ridge.

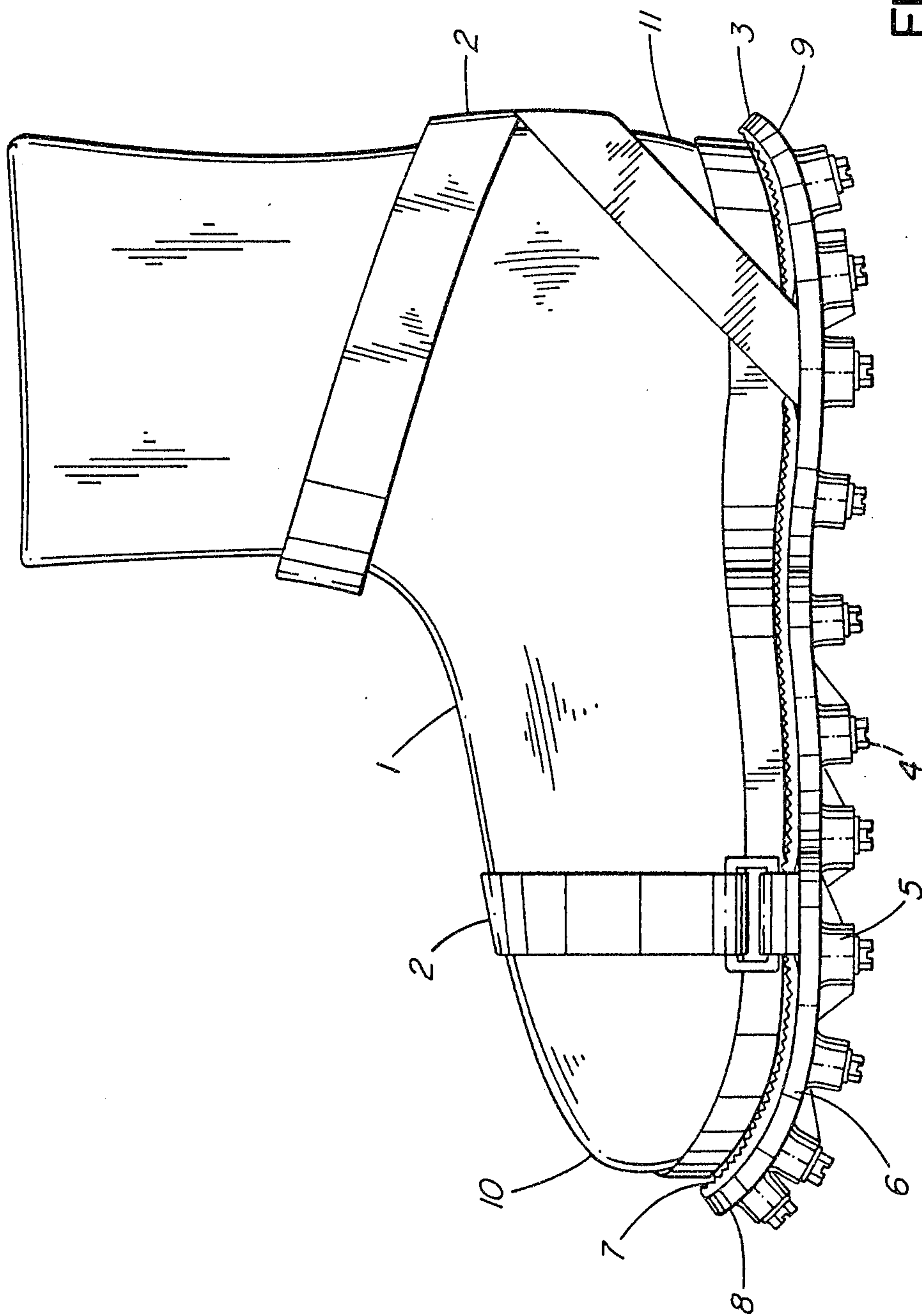
18. An outer-sole as in claim 16 wherein self-tapping metal screws are mounted in the ends of said elevated posts to provide traction on ice and snow.

- 14 -

19. An outer sole as in claims 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 or 19 wherein the toe region of the outer sole is curled upwardly to an angle of between 50 and 60 degrees.

20. An outer sole as in claims 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 wherein the heel region of the outer sole is curled upwardly to an angle of between 50 and 60 degrees.

FIG. 1



W. A. Friend
Patent Agent

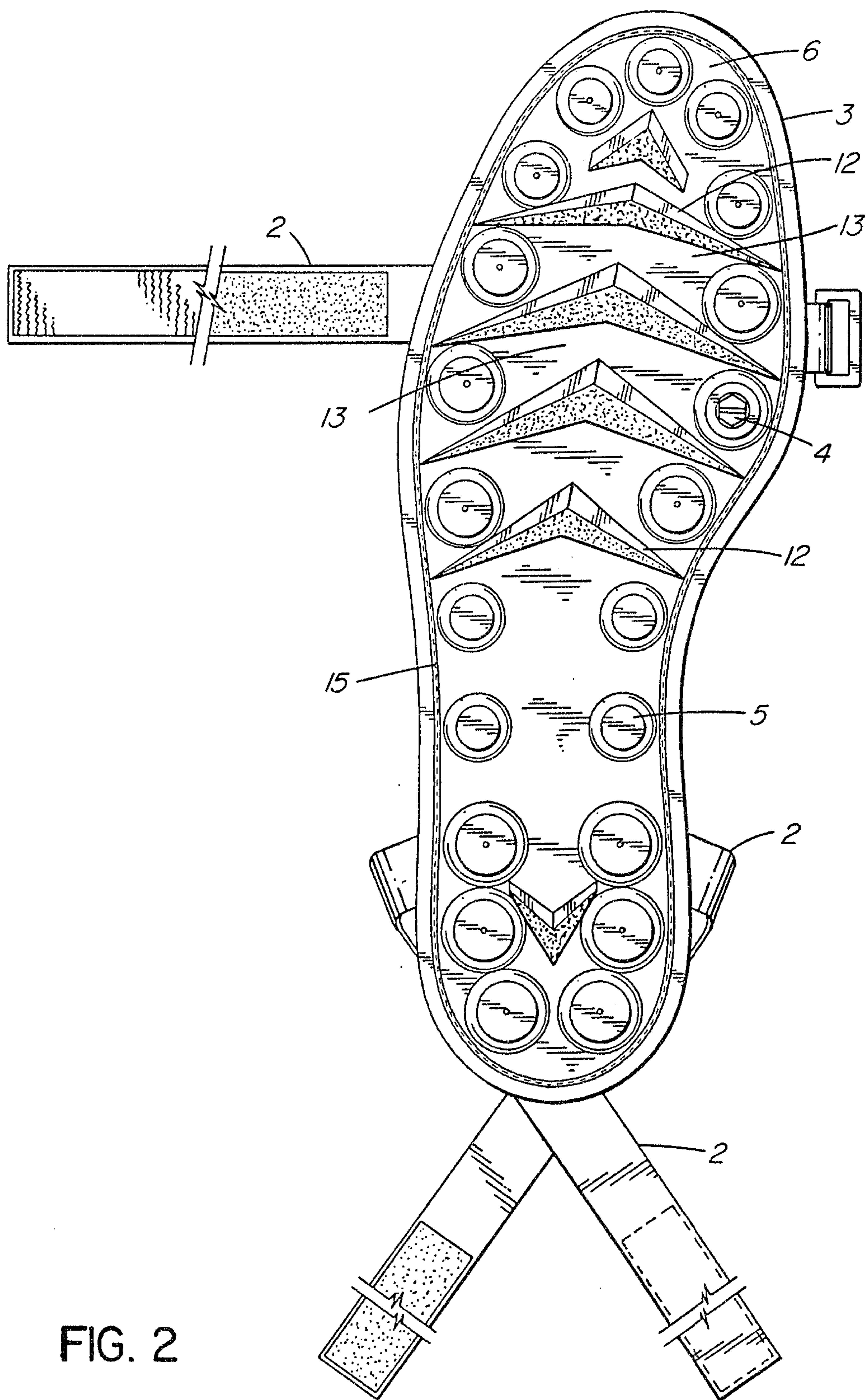


FIG. 2

David F. Trench
Patent Agent

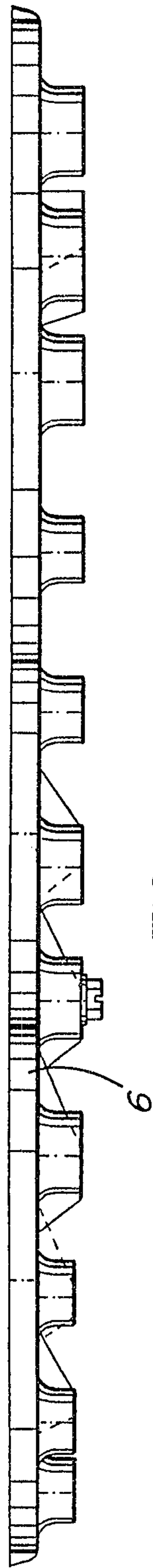
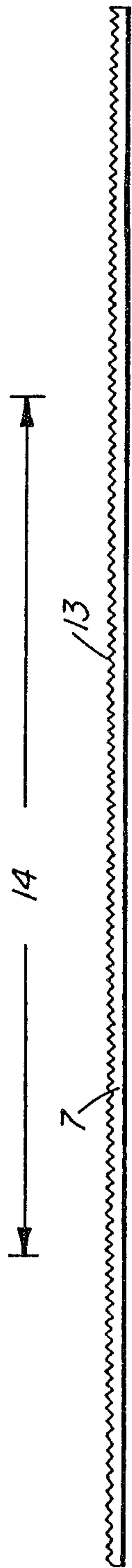


FIG. 3

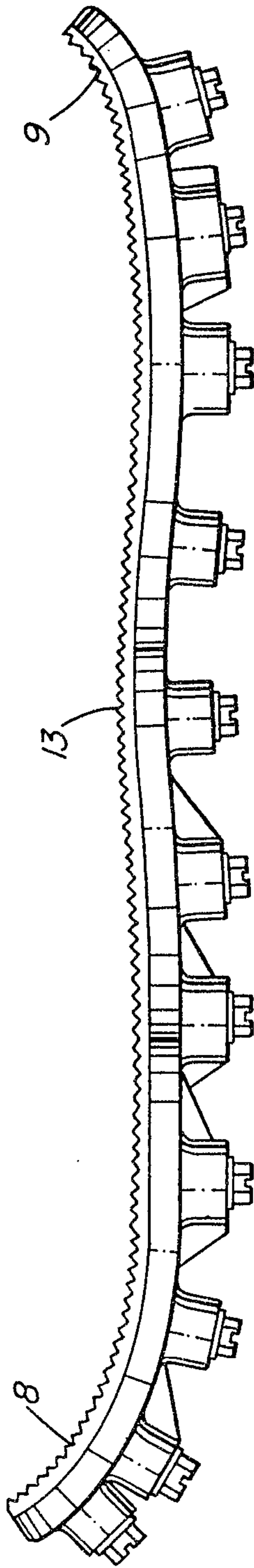


FIG. 4

David F. Fennel
Patent Agent

