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#### (54) IDENTIFYING INDUSTRY SEGMENTS WITH HIGHEST POTENTIAL FOR NEW CUSTOMERS OR NEW SPENDING FOR CURRENT CUSTOMERS

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#### Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 13/092,837, filed on Apr. 22, 2011, now Pat. No. 8,229,783, which is a continuation of application No. 11/636,980, filed on Dec. 12, 2006, now Pat. No. 7,953,627.

#### Publication Classification

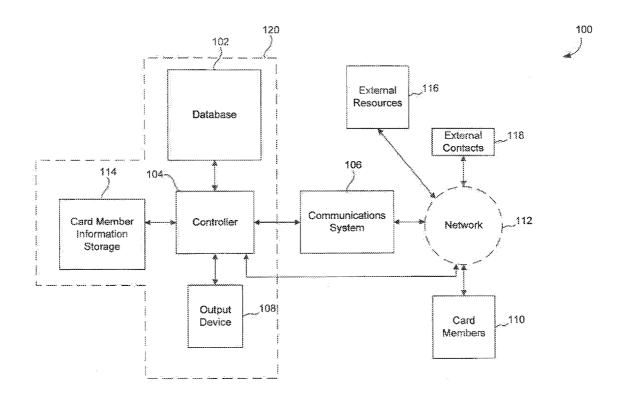
(51) **Int. Cl. G06Q 30/02** 

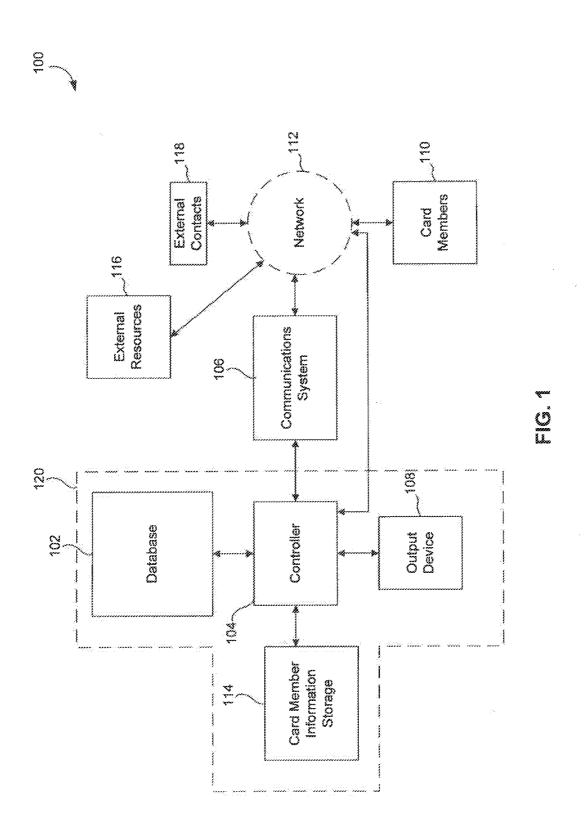
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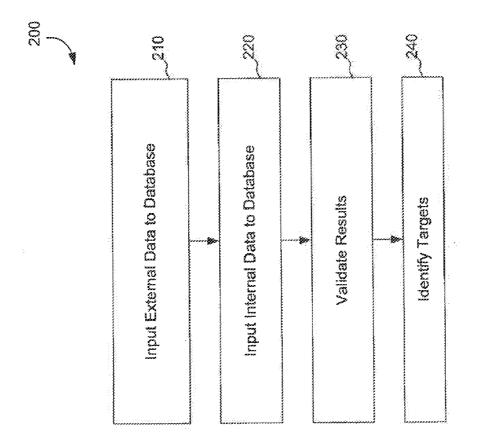
(52) U.S. Cl. ...... 705/7.31

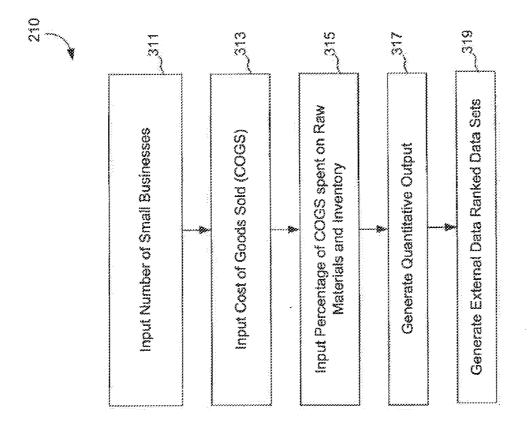
#### (57) ABSTRACT

A method and system are used to identify industry segments with highest potential for new customers or new spending for current customers. This includes receiving data, segregated into each of a plurality of industries, relating to a number of small businesses, cost of goods sold for each of the small businesses, and percentage of cost of goods sold that is spent on raw materials and inventory for each of the plurality of industries, relating to average amount charged per current card member, percentage of the current card members charging the raw materials and the inventory, percentage of card member penetration, and total estimated charging for the current card members. Determining which of the plurality of industries or segments are available for a highest potential for new card members.









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RANKS	CATEON	SEGMENT	SUB-SEGMENT	TRASH	သ္တ	DESCRIPTION	(D&B)	RANK	NAC.	RANK	\$ AMOUNT	RANK	RANK
	<b>~</b>		*********	0	1523	GENERAL CONTRACTORS	278,785	ליז	81.9%	ထ	\$76,015,566,900	 4	
-	<b>V</b>	CONSTRUCTION		o		PLUMBING, HEATING AND AR- CONDITIONING	138,711		67.1%	44	\$42,003,995,100	เว	107
		CONSTRUCTION	ļ <i>īī</i>	0		GENERAL CONTRACTORS. NONRESIDENTAL BUILDINGS, OTHER THAN INDUSTRIAL 81.IL.DINGS AND WAREHOUSES	41.084	జ్ఞ	81.5%	ಬ	\$43,391,439,000	2	3
		CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	0		ROOFING, SIDING, AND SHEET METAL WORK	49,693	8	82.1%	****	\$16,878,200,100	55	<u> </u>
	ą-	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	0	123	ELECTRICAL WORK	94,237		66.6%	13	\$32,178,168,000		53
	·	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	o.	1522	GENERAL CONTRACTORS. RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS, OTHER THAN SINGLE-FAMILY	43,824	88	81.9%	යා	\$17,304,241,500	57	8
		CONSTRUCTION	******	0	382	SPECIAL TRADE CONTRACTORS, NOT BLSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	88,087	ಹ	64.3%	ති	\$17,988,503,700		149
20000000		CONSTRUCTION		9	1742	PLASTERING, DRYWALL ACOLSTICAL, AND INSULATION WORK	28,799	<i>}</i>	70.5%	;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;	009'333'269'\$\$		236
		CONSTRUCTION		i.j	XX XX	ELECTRICAL APPARATUS AND EQUIPMENT WIRING SUPPLIES, AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	977/4 977/4	<b>8</b> 8	%8 <i>6</i> 2/	۲-	\$12,922,184,400		Ħ
	*	CONSTRUCTION	•	X	1723	PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING	7,998	8	್ಟ್	<b>8</b>		6	43)
	SUMMARY	CONSTRUCTION	1		<b>.</b>		850,647		75.16%		\$268,379,633,300	í !	çes
	m	GROCERY	GROCERY	×	: B	IGROCERY STORES	3,419	33	73.4%	£2	\$42,932,761,006	er.	නි
	כיי	<del>;</del>		×	5148	IGROCERIES AND RELATED PRODUCTS, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	13,837	7.1	85.1%	es)	\$9.919,035,800		Š
		ş	GROCERY	c	33 35	MASCELLANEOUS FOOD STORES	24.488	22	73.4%	0	53,934,827,200	R	Š
2	SUMMARY	GROCERY	GROCERY				151.89A		73.57%		\$56,786,674,000	1	~
	7	AUTOMOTIVE	5	<b></b>		MOTOR VEHICLE SUPPLIES AND NEW PARTS	20,162	<b>8</b> 8	82%	uo	\$13,387,734,000		<u> </u>
	ÇV.	AUTOMOTIVE	AUTOMOTIVE	×		REPAIR SHOPS AND RELATED SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	127,721	ti	49.5%	<b>%</b>	\$13,311,449,600		R
	2	AUTOMOTIVE	-	0	75.88	SENERAL AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SHOPS	120,384	হ -	50.4%	23	\$11,675,714,400		218
	2	AUTOMOTIVE		Φ	7532	TOP, BODY, AND UPHOLISTERY REPAIR SHOPS AND PAINT SHOPS	95,716	83	44.1%	88	\$5,934,845,700	39	315
54.3	SUMMARY	AUTOMOTIVE	MARKET				323,984		50.8%		\$44,319,743,700	300,000	က
	es.	RETAIL	SGGG MISCEL. (JANEOUS RETAIL STORES, NOT ELSEAMERE	O	5665 5665	MISCELLANECIJS RETAIL STORES. NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	133,514	22	62.1%	<del>5</del> 2	\$24,998,162,300	თ ე	<del>2</del>
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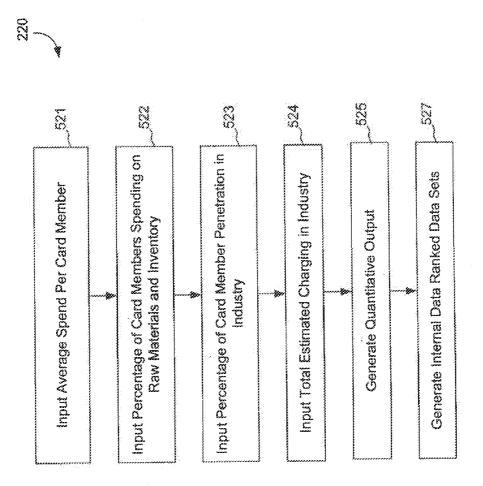
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COGS % (ALMANAC)	62.1%	88.3%	88.3%	76.3%	83.4%	77,08%	76.7%	76.7%	49.5%	49.5%	49.5%	48.5%	32.4%	49.5%	47.83%	<b>%010</b> %	40.0%	79.6%	79.6%	79.6%	36.63	%6:65	58.9%	
RANK		53		æ	75				12	37	22	38	8	72		2		98	<i>E</i> :		88	ফ		
TOTAL # OF BUSINESSES (D&B)	133,814	18,202	19,202	23,428	7,830	31,256	44,933	41,999	58,862	39,764	23,295	15,759	18,675	12.473	168,828	254,995	294,995	14,870	3,273	18,143	41,103	17,070	58,173	
DESCRIPTION		INOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS (NEW AND USED)		DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES	DRUGS, DRUG PROPRIETARIES, AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES		NONDUFABLE GOODS, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED		COMPUTER RELATED SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	COMPUTER PROGRAMMING SERVICES	COMPLITER PROCESSING AND DATA PREPAFATION AND PROCESSING SERVICES	PREPACKAGED SOFTWARE	COMPUTER INTEGRATED SYSTEMS DESIGN	COMPUTER MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR		EATING PLACES		ELECTRONIC PARTS AND EQUIPMENT NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES, TELEVISION AND RADIO SETS		FURNITURE STORES	MISCELLANEOUS HOME FURNISHINGS STORES		
BUYER SIC	: : : :	5511		5912	5122		5169		7373	7371	7374	7372	7373	7378		5812		5065	2005		5712	5719		2mg 20 , 5mg 2mg
SIB-SUB- SEGMENT (FILTER OUT TRASH)	:	0		O	0		Ü		0	c	Đ	0	0	0		٥		0	0		C	C)		5.
SUB-SEGMENT	5999 MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	AUTO DEALERS	AUTO DEALERS	PHARMACY	PHARMACY	PHARMACY	5199 NONDURABLE GOODS, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	5199 NONDURABLE GOODS, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	RESTAURANTS	RESTAURANTS	ELECTRONICS WHOLESALE	ELECTRONICS WHOLESALE	ELECTRONICS WHOLESALE	FURNITURE		FURNITURE	
	RETAIL		AUTOMOTIVE	PHARMACY	{	PHARMACY	OTHER	ОТНЕК	COMPUTERS	COMPUTERS	COMPUTERS	COMPUTERS	1	COMPUTERS	COMPUTERS	RESTAURANTS	RESTAURANTS	ELECTRONICS ELL	ELECTRONICS	100	FURNITURE		FURNITURE	
HIGH LEVEL CLASSIFF CATION	SUMMARY	2	SUMMARY	er3	***	SUMMARY	ന	SUMMARY	2	2	Č	2	2	7	SUMMARY	7	SUMMARY	7	2	SUMMARY	2	2	11 SUMMARY	
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<del></del>	\$28,680,420,000	\$28,580,420,000	\$8,428,088,400	\$4,163,922,200	\$12,592,010,600	M,516,288,	\$3,460,632,000	\$2,847,992	\$2,506,168,000	\$13,331,080,	\$8,308,624,500	\$4,205,125,800	\$4,411,889,100	\$16,925,639,	\$14,836,880,800	\$14,8%,880	\$16,040,996,400	\$3,074,174,600	\$19,115,171	\$19,055,877,00	\$13,065,871	\$10,018,425,600	\$10,018,425,600	
Ω.	£		24	ဏ္	ļ	23		7			Ĺ	8	23		5)		£5	<b></b>		R	.,,	RI.		,
	31.1%	31.7%	52.5%	84.6%	82.8%	56.0%	26.0%	86.0%	36.0%	26.0%	49.5%	49.4%	46.7%	48.7%	38.33	613%	28.6%	7.4%	20.0%	27.0%	27.0%	43.2%	43.2%	
RANK			િ	الا الا		\$	46	6	52		ÇŢ	S,	42		45		cn 	5		oc.		83		,
TOTAL # OF BUSI: NESSES (D&B)	446,659	445,559	45,626	836'S	54,594	38,432	28 <u>1</u> 884	14,927	10,717	19608	26,754	41,217	33,159	101,130	29.672	29,672	163,286	151,536	374,802	170,922	170,922	60,651	60,651	***************************************
DESCRIPTION	BUSINESS SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED		SPORTING GOODS STORES AND BICYCLE SHOPS	SPORTING AND RECREATIONAL GOODS AND SUPPLIES		WOMEN'S CLOTHING STORES	MISCELLAMEOUS APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	SHOE STORES	MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING AND ACCESSORY STORES		COMMERCIAL PRINTING, LITHOGRAPHIC	COMMERCIAL ART AND GRAPHIC DESIGN	MOTION PICTURE AND VIDEO TAPE PRODUCTION		TRAVEL AGENCIES		MANAGEMENT CONSULTING SERVICES	BUSINESS CONSULTING SERVICES, NOT ELSEVIHERE CLASSIFIED		ÎNSURANCE AGENTS, BROKERS, AND SERVICE		HOTELS AND MOTELS		
***	7389		5941	5091	£			1000			;	1	7812	F	47.24	300	į.	8748		6411		7117		
SEGMENT (FILTER OUT TRASH)	0		0	O		O	ඟ	0	O		D	Ö	O	-	**		o	C	***************************************	<del></del>		6		
SUB-SEGMENT	7369 BUSINESS SERVICES, NOTE EL SEWHERE CLASSIFIED	7389 BLISINESS SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	SPORTING GOODS	SPORTING GOODS	SPORTING GOODS	APPAREL	APPARE(.	APPAREL	APPAREL	APPAREL	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	PRODUCTION	4724 TRAVEL AGENCIES	4724 TRAVEL AGENCIES	CONSULTING	CONSULTING	CONSULTING	6411 INSURANCE AGENTS, BROKERS, AND SERVICE	6411 INSJRANCE AGENTS, BROKERS, AND SERVICE	7011 HOTELS AND MOTELS	2011 HOTELS AND MOTELS	MILLY I C.S. C.
SEGMENT		OTHER	SPORTING GOODS	SPORTING GOODS	2005			APPAREI :		APPAREL			₹.	ADVERTISING			Q	3	ŧ	OTHER			OTHER	~
CATION CATION	m	SUMMARY	2	+	SUMMARRY	2	C4	2	2	SIMMARKY	2	2	2	SUMMARKY	ന	SUMMARY	2	2	SUMMARY	Ø	SUMMARY	,	SUMMARY	٥.
GROUP		2		,,,,,,,,,,,,	13	**********				27				52	1	92			11		<del>2</del>		33	

	į			SUB-SUB- SECMENT	-A.I		TOTAL#		; ; ;			********	
Ι	GROUP CLASSIFI- RANKS CATION	SEGMENT	SUB-SEGMENT	RASH K	BUYER	DESCRIPTION	OF BUSH NESSES (DAB)	RANK		8 8 8 8 8 8	COGS	RANK	COMME
ļ	423		TRJOKING	0	1	LOCAL TRUCKING WITHOUT STORAGE	81,285	R	2	<b>35</b> 5	\$6,944,765,600	ĸ	338
ļ.,.	(7)	TRUCKING	TRUCKING	c:9	4213	3	39,55	88	30.30%	88	\$7,585,392,900	33	335
	ARY					1 3	120,974		29.03%		\$14,530,158,500		92
£	έN	ELECTRONICS	ELECTRONICS RETAIL	es:	E.	RADIO, TELEVISION, AND CONSUMER ELECTRONICS STORES	16,961	33	%05 50 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	\$2	\$4,468,915,700	A	<b>33</b>
X.	SUMMARY	ELECTRONICS.	ELECTRONICS RETAIL.				16,961		89.80%		\$4,468,916,700		2
ļi	m	OHER	7367 EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES	<b></b>	7367	EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES	26,546	R	52.70%	Ø	\$6,173,541,500	æ	324
	SUMMARY	OHER	7361 EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES				26,546		52.70%		\$6,173,541,500		ដ
ļ		THO THE	16531 REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND MANAGERS	8	6	REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND MANAGERS	274,339	ব	18.40%	47	\$12,550,529,600	22	Ŕ
1	2	OTHER	6531 REAL ESTATE AGENT. AND MANAGERS			;	274,339		18.40%		\$12,550,529,600		23
ļ	7	COMPUTERS	COMPLITER RETAILERS	0	57.34	COMPUTER AND COMPUTER SOFTWARE STORES	25,145	િ	49.50%	K	\$6,230,071,000	<i>\$</i>	338
	SUMMARY	COMPUTERS	COMPUTER RETAILERS				25,145		49.50%		\$6,239,079,600		24
		MEDICAL	MD OFFICES	ij	3011	OFFICES AND CLINICS OF DOCTORS OF MEDICINE	271,310	SC.	3.80%	Ş	\$4,828,652,400		382
ļ		MEDICAL	IMD OFFICES	5	3021		113,159	16	2.50%	S <del>3</del> 7	\$1,514,870,500	93	457
ļ		MEDICAL	ND OFFICES	×	3049		712.17	ន	12.30%	£	\$1,306,493,700	Æ	<del>8</del> 67
V;	SUMMARRY	MEDICAL	MD OFFICES				455,536		<b>*11</b> %		S7,850,016,608]		23
	رب ا	OTHER	8712 ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES	Đ	9712	ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES	33,732	₽	40.80%	ଞ	\$5,223,746,400	7.7	355
03	187	OTHER	8712 ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES		,,,,,,,		33,732		40.80%	,	\$5,223,746,400		88
ļ	7		COMPUTER WHOLESALE	0	5045 3045	COMPUTERS AND COMPUTER PERIPHERAL EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE	14,147	R.	49.50%	X	\$7,548,453,000	ž	387
٧,	TRANSPORT	27 SUBMINEY COMPUTERS	COMPUTER WHOLESALE				14,147		48.50%		\$7,548,453,000		23
	~	ADVERTISING.	AGENCIES	0	73.1	ADVERTISING AGENCIES :	28,33	¥,		'n	\$7,220,1855400	35	358
03	UMMARKY	ADVERTISING	AGENCIES				23,318		401.0%	لللا	\$7,220,165,400		28
	m	OTHER	7299 MISCELLANEOUS PERSONAL SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	×	725	MISCELLANEOUS PERSONAL SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	79,328	23	27.00%	හි	53,241,026,000	Z.	338
	SUMMARY	OTHER	7299 MISCELLANFOLIS PERSONAL SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			75,328		27.00%		\$3,241,026,000		58
ļ			***************************************		1.4.	T C C		-					

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82.5		R	4	33	422	23	§	23.3	458	3.4		35	\$	ಜ್ಞ	<del>(</del> 98	37	502	
RANK	얾		22		<b>3</b> 3		ਨੈ	ļ	67		B		િ		£		8	
COGS S AMOUNT	\$8,054,577,000	\$3,054,577,000	\$3,508,346,100	\$3,508,346,100	\$3,053,559,600	\$3,053,559,600	\$4,941,031,100	\$4,941,031,100	\$	£7	\$1,707,504,200	81,707,504,200	<i>67</i> 3	us	64		\$1,861,756,600	
Rank	41		47		<b>(</b>		x		43		x		<del>2</del>		£		3	
	23.30%	23.30%	5.10%	5.10%	23.90%	23.90%	36.70%	36.70%	%	%	36.70%	36.70%	%;	æ <sup>®</sup> ,	35	3°,	12.20%	
SA XX	(7) *3		1		ž.		8		9		Z.		<u>0</u>		83		Ŕ	
TOTAL # OF BUSE NESSES (D&B)	31,665 5	31,665	222,556	222,556	33.8	59,358	16,709	16,709	250 706	260,706	9,347	9,347	83.7.78 82.7.38	81,729	59,049	59,049	27,038	
DESCRPTION	INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT		LEGAL SERVICES		AMUSEMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES, NOT EL SEWHERE CLASSIFIED		WEDICAL, DENTAL, AND HOSPITAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES		BEAUTY SHOPS		MEDICAL LABORATORIES		BUILDING CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE		OPERATORS OF NONRESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS		LOAN BROKERS	u v
BLIVER SIC	5064		811.1		7389		3047		7231		8071		7348 8		6512		6163	1000
SUB-SUB- SEGMENT (FILTER OUT	O		5		×		<b>G</b>		×		0		×		c		ß	
SUB-SEGMENT	5084 INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	SUBA INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	LEGAI.	LEGAL.	7889 ANUSEMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	7999 ANUSEMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	BO47 MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND HOSPITAL, EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	5047 NEDICAL, DENTAL, AND HOSPITAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	7231 BEAUTY SHOPS	7231 BEAUTY SHOPS	8071 MEDICAL LABORATORIES	8071 MEDICAL LABORATORIES	7349 BUILDING CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE	7349 BUILDING CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE	BE12 OPERATORS OF NONKESIDENTAL BUILDINGS	SS320 NON BUILDING	161631, OAN BROKERS	
SEGMENT	i.	OTHER	LEGAI.	LEGAL	OIHER	{	MEDICAL	1 .	5	OTHER	:	MEDICAL	OTHER		OTHER	OTHER	OTHER	
HIGH LEVEL CLASSIFI- CATION	in	SUMMARY	coi	SLINKARRY	r.	SUMMARY		SUMMARY	3	SUMMARY		SUMMARY	ന	SUMMMARY	m	SUMMARY	~~. ~?	
CROUP RANKS		R		33	3	32		R		32		æ		IS				

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di Cas				SUB-SUB- SEGMENT (FILTER OUT	Sisyes		TOTAL # OF BUSE		COGS %		3900		COMMU.
RANKS		SEGMENT	SUB-SEGMENT	TRASHI	S	DESCRIPTION	(D&B)	RANK		RANK	\$ AMOUNT	RANK	
æ	SLIMBARRY	OHER	6163 LOAN BROKERS				27,038	····	12.20%		\$1,861,758,633		င္လေ
	<b>የ</b> ጎን	RETAIL	5532 USED MERCHANDISE STORES	×	5932	USED MERCHANDISE STORES	58,169	XI	કર	<u>6</u>	6.3	25	365 365
ස	SUMMARY	RETAIL	S932 USED MERCHANDISE STORES				58,169		ĕ <sup>₹</sup>		<b>€</b> ^		eg.
	(*)		5944 JEWELRY STORES	×	7	JEWELRY STORES	36,787	æ	88	63	69	67	25
æ	SUMMARY	OTHER	5944 JEWELRY STORES				36,787		èę		624		<b>S</b>
	ന	OTHER	7369 EQUIPMENT RENTAL AND LEASING, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	0	7353	EQUIPMENT RENTAL AND LEASING, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	30,921	4	s <sub>ć</sub>	್ಷ	<i></i>	<u>7</u> 6	<u> </u>
Ē	SUMMARY	SHEO SHEO	7359 EGUIPMENT RENTAL AND LEASING, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED				30,921		ъę		5 <del>7</del> 9		
	(T)	E E	4813 TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS, EXCEPT RADIOTELEPHONE	Œ.	683 833	TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS, EXCEPT RADIOTELEPHONE	22,483	£	**	Q.	6.63	20	60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6
42	SUMMARY	OTHER	4813 TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS, EXCEPT RAINOTELEPHONE				22,453		%;		ers		42
	m	OTHER	15099 DURABLE GCODS, NOT IELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	Ö	3000 3000	DURABLE GOODS, NOT BLSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	22,174	25	9 <sub>6</sub>	\$ <del>`</del>		2/9	233
<b>43</b>	SUMMARY	OTHER	SUNS DURABLE GOODS, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED				22,174		»š		<b>₩</b> Э		est Les
	m	OTHER	5087 SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	co	5087	SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	16,420	æ	å <sup>©</sup> ,	<u>දූ</u>	<i>-</i>	63	574
\$	SUMMARY	OTHE THE	5087 SERVICE ESTABLISHMETN EQLIPMENT AND SUPPLIES				16,420		9g <sup>r</sup>		49		ä
	ന	OTHER	5961 CATALOG AND MAIL- IORDER HOUSES	0	5961	CATALOG AND MAIL-ORDER HOUSES	16,223	88	% **	දිදි		67	575
2. 2.	SUMMARY	OTHER	5961 CATALOG AND MAIL- ORDER HOUSES				16,223		%.		ç <sub>i</sub> s		£
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EST. TOTAL PLASTIC OPPORTUNITY (PROSPECTS)	\$1923,831,A04	\$583,891,804	\$771,852,362	\$771,852,362	\$564,652,836	\$1,058,554,092	\$1,363,566,454	\$410,903,074	\$298,347,010 10,1347,010	\$496,845,373	\$4,254,940,838	\$4.95,055,252	\$128,819,370	\$625,485,752	\$594,394,160	***************************************
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% PENE. TRATEDN	23.10%	23.10%	21.86%	21.65%	19.79%	22,84%	% 35. }-	18.83%	14.03%	13.65%	18.03%	23.7 <b>%</b>	21.33%	23.28%	735. 1	
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PERCENT CUSTO- CUSTO- MERS SPENDING ON RM	21.86%	21.66%	19.226%	382.61	20.76%	%837.1	% <del>8</del> 061	16.35%	15.56%	17.51%	18,51%	16.91%	15.60%	16.67%	%.G.L.	
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ANNIJAL SPEND PER CUSTOMER F	\$30,000 900,000 900,000	\$56,628	3.5.245 24.5.346	\$47.980	\$4,378	\$35,830 1	ŠŽ ŠŽ	\$32,194	\$27,553	\$25,448	\$31,307	\$\$2 \$\$	\$27,439	150'935	\$4.   \$4.5.	
∂ مند ۔۔۔	14,147	14,147	25,319	23,319	18,675	4	1	15,735	L	3					8 <b>3</b>	≪
DESCRIPTION	COMPUTERS AND COMPUTER PERIPHERAL EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE		ADVERTISING AGENCIES		COMPUTER INTEGRATED SYSTEMS DESIGN	COMPUTER PROGRANIMING SERVICES	COMPUTER RELATED SERVICES. NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	PREPACKAGED SOFTWARE	COMPUTER MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR	COMPUTER PROCESSING AND DATA PREPARATION AND PROCESSING SERVICES		ELECTRONIC PARTS AND COUPMENT NOT ELSEWHERE OLASSIFIED	ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES TELEVISION AND RADIO SETS		TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS, EXCEPT RADIOTELEPHONE	3 0 1
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MENI	COMPUTER WHOLESALE	COMPUTER WHOLESALE	AGENCIES	AGENCIES	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	SERVICES & SOFTWARE	ELECTRONICS WHOLESALE	MHOLESA WHOLESA	ELECTRONICS WHOLESALE	4613 TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS, EXCEPT RADIO- TELEPHONE	
SEGMENT	COMPLITERS	COMPUTERS	ADVENTISING AGENCIES	ADVERTISMS	COMPUTERS SERVICES SOFTWARE	COMPUTERS SERVICES. SOFTWARE	COMPUTERS	COMPUTERS	COMPUTERS	COMPUTERS	COMPUTERS	ELECTRONICS RLECTRONIC MHOLESALE	ELECTRONICS ELECTRON WHOLESA	<u>.</u>	OTHER	
HGH LEVEL CLASSE FICATON		ARY		ARY		7	C4	2	2	2	ARY	67	~	SUMMARY	က	
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EST. TOTAL PLASTIC ODDODITIBILITY		\$1,017,873,554	\$1,017,873,634	\$1,041,571,523	\$1,041,571,523	\$7,908,044,086	\$3.157,629,951	\$1,126,371,026	\$12,192,045,043	\$780,521,292	\$780,521,292	070738,385	\$286,352,070	(C) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S)	\$424,207,3330	\$1,526,762,017	\$2,686,528,194	
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75% PENE.	recer	26.73%	26.79%	18,05%	18,05%	8.75%	10.42%	7.86%	8.02%	17.56%	17.56%	10.54%	10.54%	20.13%	% SG 02 %	11.55%	17.31%	
***************************************	ಹಿಲ	æ		R		<del>ά</del> υ	8	33				92		<b>3</b>	ĸ	ŧ	8	
PERCENT: CUSTO- MERS		10.75%	10,75%	13.71%	13.71%	18.35%	13.43%	13:30%	15,15%	18,73%	18.73%	%ZZ'3).	16.72%	Š.	15.60%	13.27%	1122%	-
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ANNUAL SPEND PER	SEE C	\$56,992	356,992	\$32,450	\$32,450	XX; (33)	<b>XX</b> 0,735	\$16,583	\$29,052	\$27,865	\$27,865	353,538	\$33,936	\$670 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$4	\$38,617	\$34,165	\$33,657	
TOTAL # OF BUSE	OSB	23,672	23,672	41,999			, ·	71,217		33,732	33,732	9,347	3,347	41,084	14,443	49,663	94,217	
		IRAVEL AGENCIES		NONDURABLE GOODS, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED		OFFICES AND CLINICS OF DOCTORS OF IMEDICINE	OFFICES AND CLINICS OF DENTISTS	OFFICES AND CUNICS OF HEALTH PRACT- TKONERS, NOT ELSE- WHERE CLASSIFIED		ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES		MEDICAL LABORATORIES		GENERAL CON- TRACTORS-MONRESI- DENTIAL BULDINGS, OTHER THAN INDUSTRAL BULDINGS AND WAREHOUSES	ELECTRICAL APPARA- TUS AND ECUIPMENT WIRNG SUPPLIES, AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	ROOFING, SIDING, AND SHEET METAL, WORK	ELECTRICAL WORK	С С
RIVER	န်ည ဗိုင်	47.24		5158				8049		8772	,	17(08		{·	88 88	1761	1731	
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	SUB-SEGMENT	4724 TRAVEL AGENCIES	4724 TRAVEL AGENCIES	5199 NONDURABLE GOODS, NOT ELSE- WHERE CLASSIFIED	5199 NONDURABLE GXXXX, NOT ELSE- WHERE CLASSIFIED	MD OFFICES	MD OFFICES	MD OFFICES	MD OFFICES	8712 ARCHITEC TURAL SERVICES	B/12 ARCHITEC. TURAL SERVICES	8071 WEDICAL LABORATORIES	MOTI MEDICAL LABORATORIES	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCT	CONSTRUCT	CONSTRUCTION	
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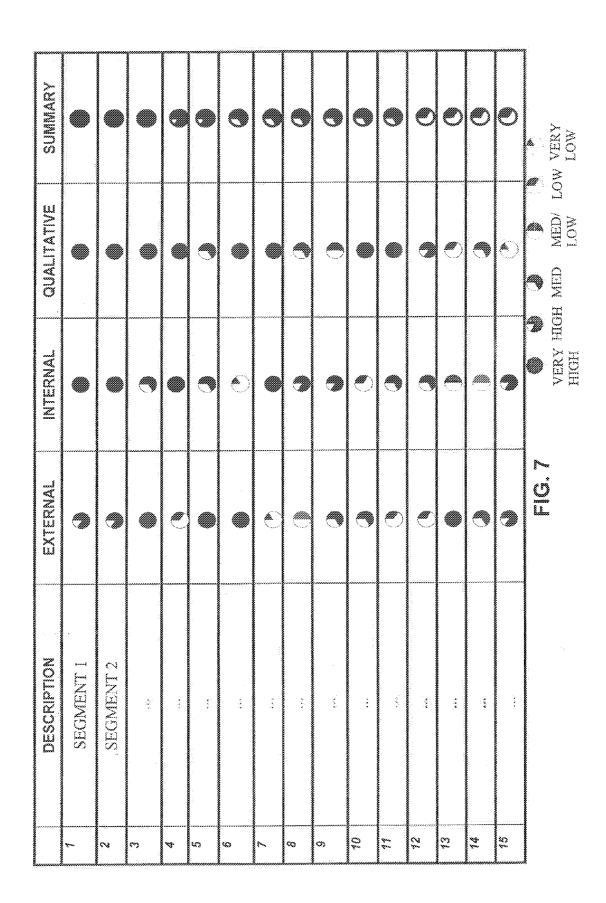
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EST. TOTAL PLASTIC OPPORTUNITY	\$320,644,262	\$2,492,198,098	\$1,284,687,922	\$6,994,140,582	\$1,796,365,607	\$3,409,541,272	\$22,821,749,551	\$678,271,886	\$678,271,886	\$491,648,130	\$491,648,130	\$465,282,350	\$465,282,366	\$464,461,032	\$464,461,032	\$272,466,748	\$456,696,432	\$729,163,180	\$4,880,137,044	¥,880,137,044
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754 174-174	7.4.4	7.28%	*101%	12.72%	4102%	14.02%	13.65%	15.65%	15.69%	32.01%	32.01%	14.78%	14.78%	14,38%	14.36%	13.19%	16.13%	3653	207%	1207%
X K & C	<b>5</b> (8)	23	ļ	8	1	88	ļ	S		ZŠ		: R	·	R		£	22			
PERCENT CUSTO- MERS SPENDING	11.33%	10.83%	11 88 84 84	10.07%	12.86%	3.60%	10.98%	15.01%	15.01%	12.06%	12.06%	14.78%	14.78%	13.65%	13.65%	16.63%	14.34%	15.29%	14.14%	14.14%
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SPEND SPEND PER CUSTO	₹	77. 28.65	<u> </u>	\$28,296	\$27,004	\$28,206	\$30,742	\$29,855	\$29,855	34 36 38	M. 190	8/3	\$31,747	52 1	534,714	28.82	223,154	S28632	\$2460	\$24,669
TOTAL # OF BUSH	28,78	58;087	43,824	278,785	72,958	138,711	850,647	35.55	26,546	19,202	18,332	18,961	16,961	16,223	16,223	7,830	23,426	33.236	222,536	222.556
Marcoons	PLASTERING DRYWALL ACCUSTICAL AND NSULTATION WORK	SPECIAL TRADE CON. TRACTORS, NOT ELSE. WHEYE CLASSIFIED	GENERAL CONTRAC- TORS RESIDENTAL BUILDINGS, OTHER THAN SINGLE FAMILY	GENERAL CONTRACTORS SINGLE FAMILY HOUSES	PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING	PLUMBING HEARING ND AIR-CONDITIONING		EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES		MOTOR VEHIOLE DEA- LERS (NEW AND USED)		RADIO, TELEVISION, AND CONSUMER ELECTRONICS STORES		CATALOG AND MAIL- ORDER HOUSES		DRUCS, DRUG PROPRIETARIES, AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES		LEGAL SERVICES	Q5 Q33
88.5 % %	1742	967-1 1	522	22	17.7	171	ti.	1361		5511		E E		G G		정도	3912		811	
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1	CONSTRUCTION	SONOTAL CHOS	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	7361 EMPLOYMENT ACENCIES	7361 EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES	AUTO DEALERS	SUMMARY AUTOMOTIVE ALTODEALERS	ELECTRONICS RETAIL	ELECTRONICS RETAIL	SUBLICATALOS AND MAIL-ORDER HOUSES	5961 CATALOG AND MAIL-ORDER HOUSES	PHARMACY	PHARMACY	PHARMACY	LEGA!	LEGAL
CECARENT				l i	CONSTRUC- TION	CONSTAUC	SUMMARY CONSTRUCTION			AUTOMOTIVE	AUTOMOTIVE	TRONICS			:			SUMMARY PHARMACY		LEGAL.
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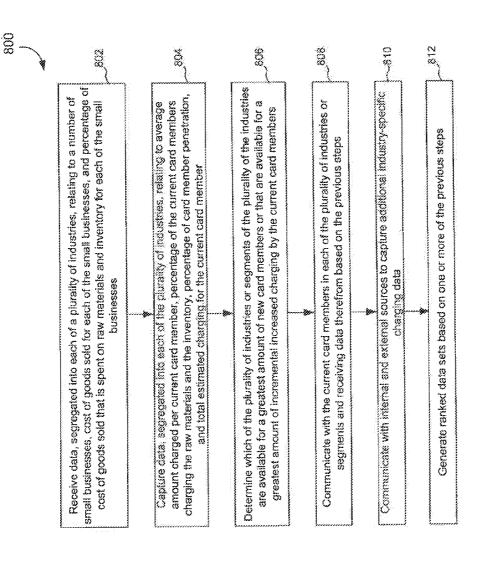
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COMMILE LATINE PANK	98	24	282	E.	58	<b>£</b> 2	422	423	<b>8</b>	<u> </u>	12	428	<b>99</b>	
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EST. TOTAL. PLASTIC OPPORTUNITY (PROSPECTS)	\$3,460,384,460	\$3,460,364,463	\$10,807,436,763	\$10,607,436,763	\$42,868,288	\$442,1966,258	\$794,533,572	\$403,956,245	\$229,441,627	\$516,972,104	\$1,944,903,543	\$876,325,954	\$826,325,964	
PANK	8	***********	ß		£		神	23	83	63		£8		,
% PENE. BANK TRATION	11.80%	1.60%	12.11%	12.11%	13.93%	13.85%	13.75%	11.78%	17.55%	12.19%	13.38%	72.01%	12.01%	***************************************
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PERCENT: CUSTO- MERS SPENDING ON RM	13.10%	13.10%	12.85%	12.85%	13.27%	13.27%	15.68.7%	14.86%	12.88%	13.25%	14.36%	1221%	12.27%	
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TOTAL # SPEND OF BUS- PER NESSES CUSTO- (D&B) MER	\$28,700	\$28,71XI	\$26,402	\$26,402	\$32,629	\$32,629	\$24,307	\$28,80S	\$25,457	\$20,108	\$23,857	\$20,465	\$30,465	
TOTAL # OF BUSE NESSES (DKS)	133,814	133,814		646,559	15.420 20.00	16,420	36,462	14,527		28,83 12	88.83	55 F8	30,921	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
DESCRIPTION	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED		BUSINESS SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED		SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES		WOMEN'S CLOTHING STORES	SHOE STORES	WEN'S AND BOYS SLOTHING AND SCCESSORY STORES	MISCELLANEOLIS APPARELAND ACCESSORY STORES		EQUIPMENT RENTAL AND LEASING, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED		
BUYER	98 88 88		85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 8		298		4 -		:8	88 88 88		55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	**************************************	
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SUB-SEGMENT	5699 MISCELLANEOUS RETALL STORES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIRIED	BBBB MISCELLANEOAJS RETALL STORES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	7789 BUSINESS BERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIREO	7589 BUSINESS SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	HER SOBY SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	SIBT SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES	APPAREI.	APPAREI.	APPARE.	APPAREL.	APPAREL	7.569 EQUIPMENT RENTAL AND LEASING, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	7355 EQUIPMENT RENTAL AND LEASING, NOT BLSEWHERE	
SEGMENT	RETAIL			OTHER	OTHER	OTHER	APPAREI.	APPAREL APPARE	APPAREL	APPARE.	APPAREL	OTHER	ODER	***************************************
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EST. TOTAL. PLASTIC OPPORTUNITY PROSPECTS	\$1,601,481,413	\$1,601,481,413	\$1,623,467,276	\$1,623,457,276	\$5,526,118,165	\$5,526,118,166	53,276,706,837	\$3,276,706,837	\$488,381,605	\$362,946,587	\$1,351,328,382	\$267,607,157	\$850,736,518	\$1,118,343,875	
RANK	75	:	R		63		<b>₽</b>		\$	ZF		77	R		3
% PENE- TRATION	%577	7.79%	8.22%	%77.6	11,49%	11,49%	12.97%	12.97%	14.07%	14.94%	14.33%	7.57%	12.30%	13.17%	
	25		g		47		R		9	55 55		R	43		
CUSTO- CUSTO- MERS SPENDING	12.17%	12.17%	13.22%	13.29%	12.57%	12.57%	13.27%	13.27%	%9011	11.97%	11.33%	14.65%	12.35%	12.73%	
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	59	\$23,172	Ā %	Lacronocaracteristics	******	\$23,699	\$22.092	S2Z/09Z	\$27.455	\$24.454	\$26,534	\$36.932	520,904 500,904	\$23,537	
TOTAL # OF BUSH NESSES (D&B)	89.048 84.048	26 D43	83,326	69,358	Z74,339	274,339	170,922	170,922			58,173	80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	45,626	54,594	
DESCRIPTION	OPERATORS OF NONRESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS		AMUSEMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFED		REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND MANAGERS		INSURANCE AGENTS, BROKERS, AND SERVICE		FURNITURE STORES	MISCELLANEOUS HOME FURNISHINGS STORES		SPORTING AND RECREATIONAL GOODS AND SUPPLIES	SPORTING GOODS STORES AND BICYCLE SHOPS		14 6 L
BUYER			7599		6531	3	5411	g	5712				286		
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SUB-SEGMENT	6512 OPERATORS OF NON- RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS	6512 OPERATORS OF NONRESIDENTAL BUILDINGS	7999 AMUSEMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	7899 AMUSEMENT AND RECREATION SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	6531 REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND MANAGERS	6531 REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND MANAGERS	6411 INSURANCE AGENTS, BROKERS, AND SERVICE	6411 INSURANCE AGENTS, BROKERS, AND SERVICE	FURNITURE	FORWATURE		SPORTING GOODS		SPORTING GOODS	
SECMENT					•	ş		ОТИЕВ	FUNNITURE #	FURNI TURE	F. IRMITLIRE	SPORTING SPORTING C	SPORTING GOODS	SPORTING	
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EST. TOTAL. PLASTIC OPPORTUNITY (PROSPECTS)	\$476,405,462	\$478,405,462	\$964,929,052	\$1,579,805,025	\$2,544,734,078	\$1,516,871,579	\$1,516,877,579	\$443,291,641	\$2,193,790,215	\$981.253,434	\$1,662,952,606	\$5,281,287,897	\$3,956,758,069	\$3,956,758,069	\$3,452,667,303	\$3,452,681,303	\$1,488,105,954	
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PENE. TRA.	14.35%	14.35%	14,08%	12.46%	13,00%	ය ට දැ	3.10% 	19.41%	%60.6	11.91%	11.00% %	19,93%	14.22%	14.22%	6.51%	6.51%	10.40%	
RANK	B			£		S		æ	8		ĸ		74		53	,	67	
PERCENT: CUSTO- MERS SPENDING ON RM	11.9% 2.0%	11.94%	6.51%	7.01%	757%	12.31%	12.31%	10,44%	9.54%	8.71%	6.58%	8,35%	8.20%	3.20%	12.13%	12.13%	9.71%	
×	45		<del>,</del>	22		99		3	17	66	Æ		27		77		යා ක	
SPEND CUSTO- MER C	\$27.795	\$27,795	\$28.333	\$22,117	\$24,157	\$20,224	\$20,224	\$28,053	\$19,323	\$19,735	<b>\$</b> 15,283	\$18,439	\$17.243	\$17,243	\$14,003	\$14,003	22 13 8	
TOTAL# OF BUSE NESSES (D&B)		22,174			120,974	79,326	79,328				120,384	323,994		294,995	260,708   \$14,003	260,708	81,729	
DESCRIPTION	DURABLE GOODS, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	:	TRUCKING, EXCEPTIONAL OCAL	LOCAL TRUCKING WITHOUT STORAGE	***************************************	MISCELLANEOUS PERSONAL SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	:	MOTOR VEHICLE SUPPLIES AND NEW PARTS	REPAIR SHOP'S AND RELATED SERVICES, NOT ELSPAHERE CLASSIFIED	TOP, BCDY, AND UPHOLSTERY REPAIR SHOPS AND PAINT SHOPS	GENERAL AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SHOPS		EATING PLACES		7231 BEAUTY SHOPS		BUILDING OLEANING AND MAINTENANCE SERVICES, NOT ELSEWHERE	
BIPER	500c			4272	_	88.			7835		7538		일 참		7231	****	7349	
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TOTAL # OF BUSH NESSES (D&B)	81,729	13.897	24,488	13.48	151,804		60,651	36,787		88 88	58,163	
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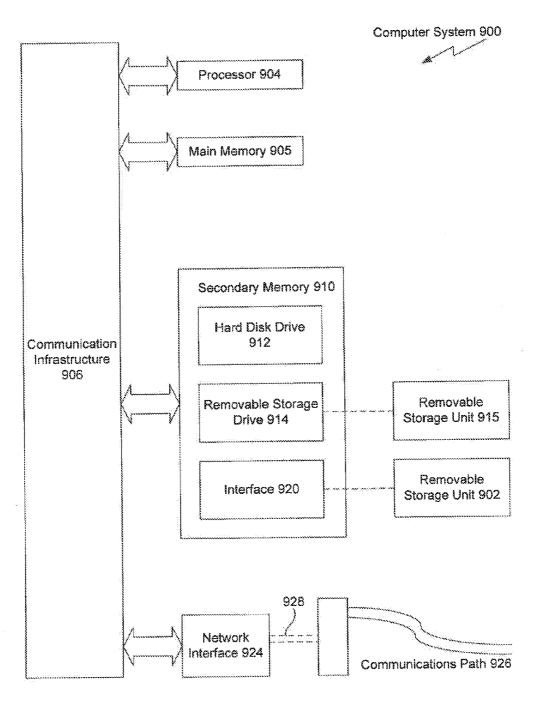


FIG. 9

#### IDENTIFYING INDUSTRY SEGMENTS WITH HIGHEST POTENTIAL FOR NEW CUSTOMERS OR NEW SPENDING FOR CURRENT CUSTOMERS

#### RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This patent application is a continuation of and claims priority to, and the benefit of, U.S. Ser. No. 13/092,837 filed on Apr. 22, 2011 and entitled "IDENTIFYING INDUSTRY SEGMENTS WITH HIGHEST POTENTIAL FOR NEW CUSTOMERS OR NEW SPENDING FOR CURRENT CUSTOMERS." The '837 is a continuation of and claims priority to, U.S. Pat. No. 7,953,627 issued on May 31, 2011 (aka U.S. Ser. No. 11/636,980 filed on Dec. 12, 2006) and entitled "IDENTIFYING INDUSTRY SEGMENTS WITH HIGHEST POTENTIAL FOR NEW CUSTOMERS OR NEW SPENDING FOR CURRENT CUSTOMERS." Both of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

#### BACKGROUND

[0002] 1. Field of the Invention

[0003] This invention generally relates to a system, method, and computer program product for identifying industry segments with highest potential for new customers or new spending for current customers.

[0004] 2. Related Art

[0005] Card issuing companies increase their revenues through acquisition of new card members or when card members increase their spending. Benefits from using the card, e.g., reward points and the like, are one way card issuing companies try to entice card members to increase their spending. However, in a slow economic market, it's harder to use rewards as an only motivation to entice a card member to increase their spending or gain new card members.

[0006] Currently, many card issuing companies perform only incoming customer service functions, including receiving of communications from card members. In some instances, data from these communications is compiled and stored in one or more databases or other storage systems. However, the card issuing companies cannot effectively compile enough data to determine if a card member is using their spending capacity and/or utilizing the benefits of being a card member through only doing data compilation of incoming communications. This is because with such limited data, many of the card issuing companies lack the tools and technology to perform adequate spend diagnostics regarding current card members. The card issuing companies also typically lack any tools that would allow effective and efficient management of their communications with the card members, e.g. historical and/or individual data on each card member. Thus, during communications with the card members, because of the lack of specific information the card issuing companies cannot know if they should or could entice the card members to increase their spending or change their spending habits. Thus, because of the lack of technology or tools, most of the card issuing companies do not adequately and efficiently communicate with their card members, allowing their card members to remain ignorant of the full optimization of their transaction cards and spend capacity.

[0007] Also, currently there are few if any methodologies to determine best potential growth industries in which to solicit new card members.

[0008] Given the foregoing, what is needed is a system and a method for identifying industry segments with highest potential for new customers or new spending for current customers.

#### **SUMMARY**

[0009] An embodiment of the present invention is directed to a method of identifying industry segments with the highest potential for new customers or new spending for current customers. This includes receiving data, segregated into each of a plurality of industries, relating to a number of small businesses, cost of goods sold for each of the small businesses, and percentage of cost of goods sold that is spent on raw materials and inventory. Capturing data, segregated into each of the plurality of industries, relating to average amount charged per current card member, percentage of the current card members charging the raw materials and the inventory, percentage of card member penetration, and total estimated charging for the current card members. Determining which of the plurality of industries or segments of the plurality of the industries are available for a highest potential for new card members or that are available for a greatest amount of incremental increased charging by the current card members. Communicating with the current card members in each of the plurality of industries or segments and receiving data therefrom based on one or more of the previous steps. Communicating with internal and external sources to capture additional industry-specific charging data. Generating ranked data sets based on the previous steps.

[0010] Another embodiment of the present invention is directed to a system of identifying industry segments with highest potential for new customers or new spending for current customers. The system includes a database, a communications device, and a controller. The database includes (a) a first set of data, segregated into each of a plurality of industries, relating to a number of small businesses, cost of goods sold, and percentage of cost of goods sold that is spent on raw materials and inventory and (b) a second set of data, segregated into each of the plurality of industries, relating to average amount charged per current card member, percentage of the current card members charging the raw materials and the inventory, percentage of card member penetration, and total estimated charging for the current card members. The communications device is configured to (a) communicate with the current card members in each of the plurality of industries or segments and receive data therefrom and (b) communicate with external sources to capture additional industry-specific charging data. The controller is configured to, based on the data in the database and the data captured by the communications device, (a) determine which of the plurality of industries or segments of the plurality of the industries are available for a highest potential for new card members or that are available for a greatest amount of incremental increased charging by the current card members based on the first and second set of data and (b) generate ranked data sets.

[0011] In a further embodiment of the present invention, there is provided a computer program product comprising a computer useable medium having a computer program logic recorded thereon for controlling at least one processor, the computer program logic comprising computer program code devices that perform operations similar to the devices and methods in the above embodiments.

[0012] Further features and advantages of the present invention as well as the structure and operation of various embodiments of the present invention are described in detail below with reference to the accompanying drawings.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0013] The features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the detailed description set forth below when taken in conjunction with the drawings. The left-most digit of a reference number may identify the drawing in which the reference number first appears. Similar reference numbers may indicate similar elements.

[0014] FIG. 1 shows a system.

[0015] FIG. 2 is an exemplary overall method.

[0016] FIG. 3 shows details of a step in the method of FIG. 2.

[0017] FIGS. 4A-4F show exemplary quantitative outputs from an external data analysis.

[0018] FIG. 5 shows details of another step in the method of FIG. 2.

[0019] FIGS. 6A-6H show exemplary quantitative outputs from an internal data analysis.

[0020] FIG. 7 shows an exemplary chart including final data rankings.

[0021] FIG. 8 shows a flowchart depicting another exemplary overall method.

[0022] FIG. 9 is a block diagram of an exemplary computer system for use with the system and method of this invention.

#### DESCRIPTION

[0023] While specific configurations and arrangements are discussed, it should be understood that this is done for illustrative purposes only. A person skilled in the pertinent art will recognize that other configurations and arrangements can be used without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention. It will be apparent to a person skilled in the pertinent art that this invention can also be employed in a variety of other applications.

[0024] This specification discloses one or more embodiments that incorporate the features of this invention. The disclosed embodiment(s) merely exemplify the invention. The scope of the invention is not limited to the disclosed embodiment(s). The invention is defined by the claims appended hereto.

[0025] The embodiment(s) described, and references in the specification to "one embodiment", "an embodiment", "an example embodiment", etc., indicate that the embodiment(s) described may include a particular feature, structure, or characteristic, but every embodiment may not necessarily include the particular feature, structure, or characteristic. Moreover, such phrases are not necessarily referring to the same embodiment. Further, when a particular feature, structure, or characteristic is described in connection with an embodiment, it is understood that it is within the knowledge of one skilled in the art to effect such feature, structure, or characteristic in connection with other embodiments whether or not explicitly described.

[0026] Embodiments of the invention may be implemented in hardware, firmware, software, or any combination thereof. Embodiments of the invention may also be implemented as instructions stored on a machine-readable medium, which may be read and executed by one or more processors. A machine-readable medium may include any mechanism for

storing or transmitting information in a form readable by a machine (e.g., a computing device). For example, a machine-readable medium may include read only memory (ROM); random access memory (RAM); magnetic disk storage media; optical storage media; flash memory devices; electrical, optical, acoustical or other forms of propagated signals (e.g., carrier waves, infrared signals, digital signals, etc.), and others. Further, firmware, software, routines, instructions may be described herein as performing certain actions. However, it should be appreciated that such descriptions are merely for convenience and that such actions in fact result from computing devices, processors, controllers, or other devices executing the firmware, software, routines, instructions, etc.

[0027] The term "merchant" as used herein means any person, entity, distributor system, software, and/or hardware that is a provider, broker, and/or any other entity in the distribution chain of goods or services. For example, a merchant may be a credit card issuer, a hotel chain, an airline, a grocery store, a retail store, a travel agency, a service provider, including, but not limited to, a medical service provider, an online merchant, or the like.

[0028] A "transaction account" as used herein refers to an account associated with an open account card or a closed account card system (as described below). The transaction account may exist in a physical or non-physical embodiment. For example, a transaction account may be distributed in non-physical embodiments such as an account number, frequent-flyer account, and telephone calling account or the like. Furthermore, a physical embodiment of a transaction account may be distributed as a financial instrument.

[0029] "Open cards" are financial transaction cards that are generally accepted at different merchants. Examples of open cards include the American Express®, Visa®, MasterCard® and Discover® cards, which may be used at many different retailers and other businesses. In contrast, "closed cards" are financial transaction cards that may be restricted to use in a particular store, a particular chain of stores or a collection of affiliated stores. One example of a closed card is a card that may only be accepted at a clothing retailer, such as a Saks Fifth Avenue® store.

[0030] The term "transaction instrument" as used herein may include any type of open or closed charge card, credit card, debit card, FSA card, stored value card, an RFID chip based card or token, and the like. For convenience, a transaction instrument may be referred to as a "card."

[0031] An "account," "account number" or "account code", as used herein, may include any device, code, number, letter, symbol, digital certificate, smart chip, digital signal, analog signal, biometric or other identifier/indicia suitably configured to allow a consumer to access, interact with or communicate with a financial transaction system. The account number may optionally be located on or associated with any financial transaction instrument (e.g., rewards, charge, credit, debit, prepaid, telephone, embossed, smart, magnetic stripe, bar code, transponder, and radio frequency card or payment statement).

[0032] An "issuer" or "card issuing company" issues transaction instruments, (e.g., credit cards, charge cards, debit cards, etc.). Examples of Issuers may be Bank of America, Citigroup, American Express, Capital One, etc.

[0033] Persons skilled in the relevant arts will understand the breadth of the terms used herein and that the exemplary descriptions provided are not intended to be limiting of the generally understood meanings attributed to the foregoing terms

[0034] The following embodiments describe a system and a method for identifying industry segments with highest potential for new customers or new spending for current customers according to various embodiments and examples of the present invention. The methodology is the first of its kind, allowing a charge and credit card issuer (such as American Express) to efficiently identify potentially profitable industry segments to pursue for acquisition and usage and/or increased spending by current card members.

[0035] Referring now to the drawings, FIG. 1 shows a system 100. System 100 includes a database 102, a controller 104, a communications system 106, an output device 108, and card member storage 114. Database 102, controller 104, output device 108, and card member information storage 114 can be considered a computer system 120 (shown inside the dashed lines) including one or more personal computers, servers, and the like. These elements can be associated with an issuer or card issuing company, i.e., they can be remotely or locally coupled to the company's systems. Communications system 106 and/or controller 104 are coupled to one or more card members 110, external sources 116, and/or external contacts 118, possibly via an optional network 112.

[0036] Output device 108 can be any device allowing for visual output, such as a monitor, a graphical user interface, a handheld device, a printer, or the like.

[0037] External resources 116 can be any commercial or governmental database or any website that allows purchasing, accessing, and/or downloading of information. This information can be related to what industries different companies are categorized in and/or spending habits of these industries or companies. For example, this information can be related to their revenues, expenses (cost of goods sold (COGS)), amount of spending on raw materials and inventory, or the like. Example external sources can be, but are not limited too, the U.S. Census, Dun and Bradstreet, and/or Almanac of Business and Industrial Financial Data. Similarly, external contacts 118 can be industry experts, small business organizations, Lexis-Nexis, Forrester, Mintel, Dun and Bradstreet, BizStats, and/or Almanac of Business and Industrial Financial Data, industry reports, census data, etc.

[0038] Network 112 can be a wired or wireless telecommunications or data network, such as a cellular network, a hardwired or optical telephone network, a satellite network, an Internet, Intranet, or Extranet network, or other similar networks, as would be apparent to a skilled artisan upon reading and understanding this description. Additionally, or alternatively, network 112 can be a domestic and/or international postal or courier network.

[0039] Database 102 can receive information from one or all of external sources 116, external contacts 118, and internal sources, e.g., card member storage 114, relating to card member and/or merchant information. For example, database 102 can include information from a purchased commercial database, e.g., Dun and Bradstreet financial information. Also, database 102 can include information relating to demographic, financial and other information submitted during enrollment of the card members 110, or information that has been collected from the card members 110 via communications system 106 or at other times. Database 102 can further

include information relating to merchants that accept the card issuing company's transaction card for transactions. Database 102 can be any one of a variety of different types of databases operating based on a variety of underlying applications. For example, database 102 can be a database associated with MICROSOFT ACCESS® or the like.

[0040] Controller 104 can be one or more microprocessors or operating systems with associated applications (software applications), such as one or more computer systems. The functions performed by controller 104 can be performed by hardware, software, firmware, or a combination thereof. For example, controller 104 can filter or process data from database 102 and/or from communications system 106.

[0041] Communications system 106 can be one of several types of devices, such as a computer system, a telephone, a facsimile machine, a handheld device, a system to generate and read direct mail, a transmitter/receiver system, or the like. In regards to direct mail, an individualized report for each card member can be generated and send out with their bill monthly, quarterly, annually, or any other time period designated by a customer or the card issuing company. Thus, communications system 106 can be any device that allows for communications (e.g., telephone calls, emails, instant messaging, facsimiles, direct mailings, etc.) between controller 104 and card members 110, possibly via network 112. Communication with card members 110 can be used to compile information regarding how card members 110 use or do not use their cards. Communications system 106 can also be used to access external resources 116 and external contacts 118. This can be used to determine how these resources believe potential card members (e.g., per industry or industry sector companies) do or will spend. Then, based on all this information, a best opportunity for spend growth can be determined by the card issuing company for each card member 110 or best opportunities for potential new businesses in various industry segments.

[0042] FIG. 2 shows a flowchart depicting a method 200. Method 200 is an overview of how to determine which existing or current card members 110 may have the greatest incremental increase in spend potential and/or for determining what industries, or segments of the industries, have the best opportunity to find potential new card members.

[0043] In step 210, external data is input into a database. External data can be data regarding industries and industry segments having spending profiles allowing for the best opportunities for potential new card members. This could also be thought of a general data gathering. External market scanning can be done through inputting data into a model to validate spend potential and segment alignment with design target. This can be considered a first data set.

[0044] In step 220, internal data is input into the database. Internal data can be data regarding current card members and current merchants. Internal market scanning can be done through data input into a model to evaluate potential charging opportunity for current card member spend behavior. This can be considered a second data set.

[0045] Thus, these first two steps may be thought of as external and internal market scans to generate the first and second data sets.

[0046] In step 230, results from steps 210 and 220 are validated. For example, this can be done through communicating with internal sources, e.g., current card members identified by the results, or communicating with external sources, e.g. external source and contacts, such as experts, consultants,

and external reporting companies and agencies. This can be done to actually determine which areas or companies have favorability of charging or the highest ability to adopt charging as a way to spend. For example, while some industries or segments may appear to have a high potential, the vendors may not allow discounts if the spending is done through charging and not cash. As another example, the expenses may just be too great for charging to be a viable option, for example when raw materials or inventory is in the tens of millions.

[0047] In step 240, targets for follow up communications are determined from the data gathered in the preceding steps. For example, output from steps 210, 220, and 230 is compiled and analyzed to focus on specific segment opportunities to pursue. Thus, after step 240 a card issuing company can pursue opportunities highlighted by methodology utilizing targeted marketing tactics.

[0048] FIG. 3 shows a flowchart depicting in detail steps occurring during step 210. In step 311, information regarding small businesses is input, for example a number of the small businesses. This can be done generally for all businesses, per industry, or per segment in different industries. An industry could be contracting or construction, with segments being painters, carpenters, electricians, plumbers, etc. or professionals, with segments being doctors, dentists, lawyers, accountants, etc. In step 313, information regarding specific or average cost of goods sold (COGS) for the small business, either generally, per industry, or per industry segment, is input. In step 315, information regarding a percentage of COGS spent on raw material and inventory for the small business, either generally, per industry, or per industry segment, is input. This may be because the companies having the highest amount of their expenses in this category are the most desirable companies to pursue as new card members. In step 317, quantitative output is generated from the data gathered in the previous steps. In step 319, external data ranked sets are generated. It is to be appreciated that other variables, either in addition to or in replace of these discussed variables, could also be used before step 317 is performed.

[0049] In one example, each of the input criteria also includes a weighted rank compared to the other input criteria. Thus, they are not all equal in determining what the best opportunities to pursue are. Also, certain minimum threshold amounts for one or more of these variables may have to be net for the company, industry, or industry segment to be included in the ranked data.

[0050] FIGS. 4A to 4F show an exemplary quantitative output for various industry segments generated for exemplary data from method 300 at step 317. For example, the groupings can be partially based on or segregated by standard industry codes established by the U.S. Census. This can be used to show what industries, segments of those industries, and companies within those segments that have the most desirable traits, so that they are pursued as new card members.

[0051] FIG. 5 shows a flowchart depicting in detail steps occurring during step 220. In step 521, an average amount charged per current card member is input. In step 522, a percentage current card members are spending on raw materials and inventory is input. In step 523, a percentage of penetration the card issuing company has regarding a number of card members in a given industry or industry segment is input. Percentage of penetration can mean the number card members of the card issuing company in an industry divided by the total number of companies in that industry. In step 524,

a total estimated amount charged for each company, industry or industry segment is input. This can be used to further segregate companies, for example a high value business may have \$30,000,00 of total spending, while a very high value business has \$100,000.00 of total spending. In step **525**, a quantitative output based on the previous steps is generated. In step **526**, internal data ranked data sets are generated. It is to be appreciated that other variables, either in addition to or in replace of these discussed variables, could also be used before step **525** is performed.

[0052] In one example, each of the input criteria also includes a weighted rank compared to the other input criteria. Thus, they are not all equal in determining what the best opportunities to pursue are. Also, certain minimum threshold amounts for one or more of these variables may have to be met for the company, industry, or industry segment to be included in the ranked data.

[0053] Similar to FIGS. 4A to 4F, FIGS. 6A to 6H show an exemplary quantitative output for various industry segments generated for exemplary data from method 500 at step 525.

[0054] FIG. 7 shows a chart 700 including a final ranking of data sets determined after step 230. Thus, chart 700 takes into account ranked data sets generated from steps 319 and 526. Chart 700 shows segments having the greatest opportunity for charge growth. For example, each of categories external, internal, and qualitative is assigned a symbolic, result of very high, high, medium, medium/low, low, or very low. The symbolic results for the three categories of each segment of each industry are averaged together to determine a summary symbolic result. Then, these summary symbolic results are ranked, as shown. Thus, the segments having the highest summary symbolic results are identified as haying a highest potential.

[0055] FIG. 8 shows a flowchart depicting a method 800. Method 800 is another exemplary method to determine which existing or current card members 110 may have the greatest incremental increase in spend potential and/or for determining what industries, or segments of the industries, have the best opportunity to find potential new card members. In step **802**, data is received that is segregated into each of a plurality of industries, relating to a number of small businesses, cost of goods sold for each of the small businesses, and percentage of cost of goods sold that is spent on raw materials and inventory for each of the small businesses. In step 804, data is captured that is segregated into each of the plurality of industries, relating to average amount charged per current card member, percentage of the current card members charging the raw materials and the inventory, percentage of card member penetration, and total estimated charging for the current card members. In step 806, which of the plurality of industries or segments of the plurality of the industries are available for a highest potential for new card members or that are available for a greatest amount of incremental increased charging by the current card members is determined. In step 808, the current card members in each of the plurality of industries or segments determined from the previous steps are communicated with, and data relating to their feedback is received therefrom. In step 810, internal and external sources are communicated with to capture additional industry-specific charging data. This can be used to validate whether for the focused on companies, industries, or segments, both current card holders and potential new card holders, would really be interested in increasing their charging for certain types of expenses. For example, data relating to industry reports and

census data is received. In step 812, ranked data sets, or final ranked data sets, are generated based on information gathered and analyzed in the previous steps.

[0056] Therefore, the embodiments discussed above elegantly and effectively highlight high-potential opportunities, while at the same time determining the behavior of purchasers making it infinitely easier to market to specific purchasing groups, highlighting their "pain" points, and how an issuer can help them. The issuer is able to efficiently (both cost and time) identify and prioritize segments in a holistic manner, accounting for internal and external factors, as well as qualitative insights. Previously, this process was completed in a one-off fashion, without the ability to compare opportunities across a number of dimensions. The above processes allow for a faster and more effective capability to search for, identify, and prioritize spend and acquisition opportunities in select industries and/or industry segments. This can save the issuer both time and resources given that fewer people will need to be devoted to the process and those who are will be able to complete the process more quickly.

[0057] In one embodiment, the invention is directed toward one or more computer systems capable of carrying out the functionality described herein. An example of a computer system 900 capable of carrying out the functions of this invention is shown in FIG. 9.

[0058] Computer system 900 includes one or more processors, such as processor 904. Processor 904 is connected to a communication infrastructure 906 (e.g., a communications bus, cross-over bar, or network). Various software embodiments are described in terms of this exemplary computer system. After reading this description, it will become apparent to a person skilled in the relevant art(s) how to implement the invention using other computer systems and/or architectures.

[0059] Computer system 900 can include a display interface 902 that forwards graphics, text, and other data from communication infrastructure 906 (or from a frame buffer not shown) for display on display unit 916.

[0060] Computer system 900 also includes a main memory 908, preferably random access memory (RAM), and may also include a secondary memory 910. Secondary memory 910 may include, for example, a hard disk drive 912 and/or a removable storage drive 914, representing a floppy disk drive, a magnetic tape drive, an optical disk drive, etc. Removable storage drive 914 reads from and/or writes to a removable storage unit 918 in a well known manner. Removable storage unit 918 represents a floppy disk, magnetic tape, optical disk, etc., which is read by and written to by removable storage drive 914. As will be appreciated, removable storage unit 918 includes a computer usable storage medium having stored therein computer software and/or data.

[0061] In alternative embodiments, secondary memory 910 may include other similar devices for allowing computer programs or other instructions to be loaded into computer system 900. Such devices may include, for example, a removable storage unit 922 and an interface 920. Examples of such may include a program cartridge and cartridge interface (such as that found in video game devices), a removable memory chip (such as an erasable programmable read only memory (EPROM), or programmable read only memory (PROM)) and associated socket, and other removable storage units 922 and interfaces 920, which allow software and data to be transferred from removable storage unit 922 to computer system 900.

[0062] Computer system 900 may also include a communications interface 924. Communications interface 924 allows software and data to be transferred between computer system 900 and external devices. Examples of communications interface 924 may include a modem, a network interface (such as an Ethernet card), a communications port, a Personal Computer Memory Card International Association (PCM-CIA) slot and card, etc. Software and data transferred via communications interface 924 are in the form of signals 928 which may be electronic, electromagnetic, optical or other signals capable of being received by communications interface 924. These signals 928 are provided to communications interface 924 via a communications path (e.g., channel) 926. This channel 926 carries signals 928 and may be implemented using wire or cable, fiber optics, a telephone line, a cellular link, an radio frequency (RF) link and other communications channels.

[0063] In this document, the terms "computer program medium" and "computer usable medium" are used to generally refer to media such as removable storage drive 914, a hard disk installed in hard disk drive 912, and signals 928. These computer program products provide software to computer system 900. The invention is directed to such computer program products.

[0064] Computer programs (also referred to as computer control logic) are stored in main memory 908 and/or secondary memory 910. Computer programs may also be received via communications interface 924. Such computer programs, when executed, enable computer system 900 to perform the features of the present invention, as discussed herein. In particular, the computer programs, when executed, enable processor 904 to perform the features of the present invention. Accordingly, such computer programs represent controllers of computer system 900.

[0065] In an embodiment where the invention is implemented using software, the software may be stored in a computer program product and loaded into computer system 900 using removable storage drive 914, hard drive 912 or communications interface 924. The control logic (software), when executed by processor 904, causes processor 904 to perform the functions of the invention as described herein.

[0066] In another embodiment, the invention is implemented primarily in hardware using, for example, hardware components such as application specific integrated circuits (ASICs). Implementation of the hardware state machine so as to perform the functions described herein will be apparent to persons skilled in the relevant art(s).

[0067] In yet another embodiment, the invention is implemented using a combination of both hardware and software.

[0068] While various embodiments of the present invention have been described above, it should be understood that they have been presented by way of example, and not limitation. It will be apparent to persons skilled in the relevant art(s) that various changes in form and detail can be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention (e.g., packaging and activation of other transaction cards and/or use of batch activation processes). Thus, the present invention should not be limited by any of the above described exemplary embodiments, but should be defined only in accordance with the following claims and their equivalents.

[0069] In addition, it should be understood that the figures illustrated in the attachments, which highlight the functionality and advantages of the present invention, are presented for example purposes only. The architecture of the present

invention is sufficiently flexible and configurable, such that it may be utilized (and navigated) in ways other than that shown in the accompanying figures.

[0070] Further, the purpose of the following Abstract is to enable the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office and the public generally, and especially the scientists, engineers and practitioners in the art who are not familiar with patent or legal terms or phraseology, to determine quickly from a cursory inspection the nature and essence of the technical disclosure of the application. The Abstract is not intended to be limiting as to the scope of the present invention in any way.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A method comprising:
- generating, by a computer-based system for determining desired industry segments and to create a combined ranking, a first ranking based on a first data set relating to a group of merchants in an industry segment, a second ranking based upon a second data set relating to a group of merchant account holders in the industry segment, and a third ranking based upon a third data set that validates that a merchant in the group of merchants in the industry segment is interested in increasing charging;
- determining, by the computer-based system and based upon the combined ranking, at least one of: that the industry segment is available for an increase in charging by the group of merchant account holders and a potential for new account holders in the industry segment; and
- targeting for follow up communications, by the computerbased system and in response to the determining, at least one of: a merchant in the group of merchants in the industry segment and a merchant account holder in the group of merchant account holders in the industry segment.
- 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising validating, by the computer-based system and based upon a third data set, that a merchant in the group of merchants in the industry segment is interested in increasing charging
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the third data set includes data acquired through at least one of interviews with industry experts, interviews with business owners, data associated with industry reports and census data;
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the first data set includes at least one of: a cost of goods sold associated with at least a subset of the merchants within the industry segment, a number of the merchants associated with the industry segment, and a raw materials and inventory cost of goods sold associated with at least the subset of the merchants within the industry segment.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the second data set includes at least one of: an average amount of spending for the merchant account holders within the industry segment, a percentage of merchant account holders actively spending on raw materials and inventory in the industry segment, a merchant account holder penetration in the industry segment, and a total estimated amount of spending for transaction accounts in the industry segment.
- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein each of the data in at least one of the first data set and the second data set is weighted.
- 7. The method of claim 1, further comprising repeating the method for groups of merchants and merchant account holders in a different industry segment, the method yielding a different combined ranking related to the different industry segment, the different combined ranking enabling evaluation

- of the different industry segment to determine at least one of: that the different industry segment is available for an increase in charging by the group of merchant account holders and a potential for new account holders in the different industry segment.
- **8**. The method of claim **7**, further comprising comparing the combined ranking and the different combined ranking to determine which of the industry segment and the different industry segment represents a more desirable marketing opportunity.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the number of merchants associated with the different industry segment receives a weighting of two (2), the cost of goods sold associated with at least a subset of the merchants within the different industry segment receives a weighting of five (5), and the raw materials and inventory cost of goods sold associated with at least the subset of the merchants within the different industry segment receives a weighting of three (3).
- 10. The method of claim 8, wherein the average amount of spending for the merchant account holders within the different industry segment receives a weighting of two (2), the percentage of merchant account holders actively spending on raw materials and inventory in the different industry segment receives a weighting of three (3), the merchant account holder penetration in the different industry segment receives a weighting of one (1), and the total estimated amount of spending for transaction accounts in the different industry segment receives a weighting of four (4).
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein each of the first ranking, the second ranking, the third ranking, and the combined ranking are one of: very high, high, medium, medium/low, low, and very low.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein the number of merchants associated with the industry segment receives a weighting of two (2), the cost of goods sold associated with at least a subset of the merchants within the industry segment receives a weighting of five (5), and the raw materials and inventory cost of goods sold associated with at least the subset of the merchants within the industry segment receives a weighting of three (3).
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the average amount of spending for the merchant account holders within the industry segment receives a weighting of two (2), the percentage of merchant account holders actively spending on raw materials and inventory in the industry segment receives a weighting of three (3), the merchant account holder penetration in the industry segment receives a weighting of one (1), and the total estimated amount of spending for transaction accounts in the industry segment receives a weighting of four (4).
- 14. The method of claim 1, wherein each of the first ranking, the second ranking, the third ranking, and the combined ranking are one of: very high, high, medium, medium/low, low, and very low.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein data acquired through interviews with industry experts and business owners is acquired through at least one of: instant messaging, emailing, telephoning, faxing, and direct mailing.
- 16. The method of claim 1, wherein the industry segment is classified using a Standard Industry Classification (SIC) code.
- 17. The method of claim 1, wherein the first data set is received from at least one of: Dun and Bradstreet, U.S. Census, or Almanac of Business and Industrial Financial Data.

- **18**. The method of claim **1**, wherein the second data set comprises proprietary merchant account holder data.
- 19. An article of manufacture including a non-transitory, tangible computer readable storage medium having instructions stored thereon that, in response to execution by a computer-based system for determining desired industry segments, cause the computer-based system to perform operations comprising:
  - generating, by the computer-based system and to create a combined ranking, a first ranking based on a first data set relating to a group of merchants in an industry segment, a second ranking based upon a second data set relating to a group of merchant account holders in the industry segment, and a third ranking based upon a third data set that validates that a merchant in the group of merchants in the industry segment is interested in increasing charging:
  - determining, by the computer-based system and based upon the combined ranking, at least one of: that the industry segment is available for an increase in charging by the group of merchant account holders and a potential for new account holders in the industry segment; and
  - targeting for follow up communications, by the computerbased system and in response to the determining, at least one of: a merchant in the group of merchants in the industry segment and a merchant account holder in the group of merchant account holders in the industry segment.

- 20. A system comprising:
- a processor for determining desired industry segments;
- a tangible, non-transitory memory configured to communicate with the processor,
- the tangible, non-transitory memory having instructions stored thereon that, in response to execution by the processor, cause the processor to perform operations comprising:
  - generating, by the processor and to create a combined ranking, a first ranking based on a first data set relating to a group of merchants in an industry segment, a second ranking based upon a second data set relating to a group of merchant account holders in the industry segment, and a third ranking based upon a third data set that validates that a merchant in the group of merchants in the industry segment is interested in increasing charging;
  - determining, by the processor and based upon the combined ranking, at least one of: that the industry segment is available for an increase in charging by the group of merchant account holders and a potential for new account holders in the industry segment; and
  - targeting for follow up communications, by the processor and in response to the determining, at least one of: a merchant in the group of merchants in the industry segment and a merchant account holder in the group of merchant account holders in the industry segment.

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